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THE SHELBY CHRONICLE

VOL. XVII. COLUMBIANA, SHELBY COUNTY, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 7 1904 NO 20

THE PANAMA TREATY

Only Issue Before Congress, Says the President.

The president's message to congress is a plea for the recognition and indorsement of arrangements made with the republic of Panama by which this country has secured the necessary strip of land and all other privileges required for the construction of an isthmian canal to be policed and guaranteed by the United States.

The United States has taken the position that no other government is to build the canal. In 1889, when France proposed to come to the aid of the French Panama company by guaranteeing their bonds, the senate of the United States, with only some three votes dissenting, resolved:

"That the government of the United States will look with serious concern and disapproval upon any connection of any European government with the construction or control of any ship canal across the isthmus of Darien or across Central America."

When this government submitted to Colombia the Hay-Herran treaty three things were already settled.

One was that the canal should be built.

Second. While it was settled that the canal should be built without unnecessary or improper delay, it was no less clearly shown to be our purpose to deal not merely in a spirit of justice, but in a spirit of generosity with the people through whose land we might build it.

During all the years of negotiation and discussion that preceded the conclusion of the Hay-Herran treaty, Colombia never intimated that the requirement by the United States of control over the canal strip would render unattainable the construction of a canal by way of the isthmus of Panama; nor were we advised, during the months when legislation of 1902 was pending before the congress, that the terms which it embodies would render negotiations with Colombia impracticable.

The president says Colombia is inconsistent in rejecting the treaty at one time and now trying to restore conditions as they were and adopt the same treaty.

Third. Finally the congress definitely settled where the canal was to be built. It was provided that a treaty should be made for building the canal across the isthmus of Panama; and if, after reasonable time, it proved impossible to secure such treaty, that then we should go to Nicaragua.

He says the Nicaragua route is no longer to be considered, that route being only an alternate proposition in case of failure to secure one by Panama. The latter having been obtained, the Nicaraguan route is out of the question.

He denies the right of any petty government to assume such sovereignty over possible canal routes as to estop the building of a canal.

He recites numerous extracts from newspapers, naval officers, and other sources which go to show that revolution in Panama was progressing for months before Colombia failed to accept the proposal of this country and conclude a canal treaty with it, the inhabitants of the canal strip being as anxious for the canal as this country and as impatient of the dilatory tactics of Colombia.

He would not deny insinuations that this government was privy to the revolution in Panama were it not for the fact that silence might be construed as admission of the charge. He then gives the revolution in detail and particularly points out the neutral position maintained by this government except in the protection of American citizens.

Next he says the revolution has been accomplished and that the new republic is recognized by many of the leading nations of the globe as an independent people, capable of making treaties and entering into contracts.

American vessels of war were disposed within easy reach of Panama and these orders issued to commanders on the spot:

"Maintain free and uninterrupted transit. If interruption is threatened by armed force, occupy the line of railroad. Prevent landing of any armed force with hostile intent, either government or insurgent, at any point within fifty miles of Panama. Government force reported approaching the isthmus in vessels. Prevent their landing if, in your judgment, the landing would precipitate a conflict."

A mass of department and official correspondence and messages is quoted.

In defending the administration he speaks of the fear that was expressed as to the possible intentions of the United States about Cuba and maintains that Cuba is free and independent today. Then he adds:

"Instead of using our forces, as we were invited by Colombia to do, for the twofold purpose of defeating our own rights and interests and the interests of the civilized world, and of compelling the submission of the people of the isthmus to those whom they regarded as oppressors, we shall, as in duty bound, keep the transit open and prevent its invasion. Meanwhile, the only question now before us is that of the ratification of the treaty. For it is to be remembered that a failure to ratify will not undo what has been done, will not restore Panama to Colombia, and will not alter our obligation to keep the transit open across the isthmus, and to prevent any outside power from menacing this transit."

A special argument is interjected to show that the Panama case is unique and must be considered from the high standpoint of the demands of civilization for the canal as well as from the usual international standpoint.

In conclusion he says: "Let me repeat that the one question actually before the government is not that of the recognition of Panama as an independent republic. That is already an accomplished fact. The question, and the only question, is whether or not we shall build an isthmian canal.

APPEAL TO CARNEGIE.

To Establish Rural Libraries All Over the Country.

A movement is on foot to ask Andrew Carnegie to donate a sum of money for the establishment of libraries in the rural districts of the United States. It is thought several thousand signatures will be secured to the petition in Alabama, when the list will be sent to Washington, where, with the petitions from other states, it will be prepared for presentation to Mr. Carnegie. The petition reads:

"Appreciating the great work that you have done and are doing for the cities of the United States, we most earnestly ask that you take steps at your earliest convenience, to investigate the crying need of more than sixty million people who are in rural districts and small towns, beyond the reach of city libraries.

"From these country communities have come most of the great men of our nation; the young people who live in such communities appreciate fully what is being done for them. They have time to read and build into their minds the contents of good books that are placed in their hands.

"We, the undersigned, believe that the result of an investigation along this line by you will demonstrate that in this field, the maximum return may be expected from the minimum investment."

Iowa Capitol Burned.

Fire cleaned out the northwest wing of the Iowa capitol, causing a loss of $500,000. The chamber of the house of representatives is a charred mass of debris and can not be repaired in time for the approaching session of the legislature. It originated presumably from an electric light wire.

The fire department was hindered in fighting the flames by the height of the building and the elevation of the capitol. A gallery of the house chamber fell, the debris injuring two firemen.

Governor Cummins, clad in rubber boots and rough coat, fought the fire, which finally burned itself out. The Iowa capitol cost $3,000,000 twenty years ago.

A Peculiar Catch.

In the Tennessee river near Sheffield, Ala., an old man in an elegant naphtha launch was captured by officers, charged with small thievery. He had plenty of money and paid his fine. There is much conjecture as to where he got all the money. On his boat, which was beautifully fitted up, a small table and packs of cards were found, and it is surmised that he gambles as well as steals along the river banks.

The statue of Vulcan, which will represent the iron district of Alabama at the St. Louis fair, will be the second largest statue in the world, the only larger one being that of Liberty in New York harbor.

At the annual meeting of the Alabama Bible Society B. M. Washburn, of Montgomery, was re-elected president. Reports showed more Bibles sold and distributed during the past year than ever before in the history of the society.

Beginning last Friday, January 1st, coal went back under the Dingley tariff rates to sixty-seven cents a ton. The duty was removed through democratic agitation, backed by public sentiment, during the great coal strike.

The president has sent to the senate the nominations of Wm. H. Taft for secretary of war and General Luke E. Wright as civil governor of the Philippines.

The torpedo boat Lawrence was injured at Key West, Fla., by the steamer Olivette. It will take some months to repair her.

New Decatur, Ala., has a daily known as the Evening Sentinel.

Tennessee's industrial record for the last quarter of 1903 shows twenty-two woodworking plants, fifteen mines, nine electric companies, six flour mills, six tobacco factories, four water works plants, four iron works, three compresses, three brick works and three telephone exchanges.

The depot of the Western railway of Alabama, located at Shehaw, Ala., four miles from Tuskegee was burned Thursday.

The Mississippi Historical society, of which General Stephen D. Lee, of Columbus, is president, and Dr. Franklin L. Riley, of University, secretary, will meet at the representatives' hall in the capital for its seventh annual session on the 7th and 8th of January. Thirty-six papers will be read during the meeting.

There were erected in Birmingham, Ala., last year $1,400,000 worth of new buildings.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

JANUARY 4TH.

The senate's first session following the holiday recess was devoted entirely to Panama. President Roosevelt sent a message on the subject. Discussion continued throughout the day, speeches being made both in defense of and against the policy which has been pursued. Mr. McComas defended the president and asserted that his action would stand if tried in court. He maintained that even without recognition the new republic of Panama would have been established and maintained indefinitely.

Mr. Morgan stated his preference for the Nicaragua route, and maintained that the present course of the administration was breaking down the established policy of the United States regarding neutrality. He said the president now desired the assistance of three democratic senators to maintain his policy. He predicted that even though the government of the United States should undertake the construction of the canal, a canal would be built over the Nicaragua route because of its superior feasibility.

He referred to President McKinley's attitude toward the canal routes, and declared that "Nicaragua has a better friend in the grave of William McKinley than Panama has in the present head of the American army and navy."

In the house a privileged resolution offered by Mr. Hay, democrat, reciting that certain statements contained in the Bristow postoffice report reflected on the membership of the house, provided for an investigation by a committee to be appointed by the speaker. The vote developed no quorum and the house adjourned.

The resignation of Mr. McClellan, of New York, was announced at the opening of the session.

The Sisters Have Met.

Mrs. C. W. Taylor, residing at Bluff Springs, Fla., was so badly burned Thursday night that death resulted.

The accident is a particularly sad one. Mrs. Taylor was in the room where lay the corpse of her sister, who had expired that day. During the night Mrs. Taylor, who was much affected by the death of her sister, went into the room where lay the corpse. She was standing near the fire, when her dress caught in some manner. She was not aware of this until she was nearly enveloped in flames. Before assistance arrived Mrs. Taylor was severely burned. The remains of the two sisters were placed side by side in the room where, the day previous, there had been but one to mourn.

John Alexander Dowie started on his trip around the world Saturday. Dowie will first go to New Orleans, where he will remain for a week. Then he will proceed to San Francisco. He will embark for Australia January 21, going by way of Honolulu.

Empress Eugenie is seriously ill, says a Paris dispatch. The cause is a deep accidental pucture in her neck from a hat pin. Her face has swollen and it is feared blood poisonig has set in. As she is 70 years old, fears are held for her recovery.

W. C. Zeigler shot and killed himself at his home in Georgiana, Ala. The only reason that can be given for the deed is that his business was not prospering and he became despondent.

The Sixteenth regiment, stationed at Fort McPherson, near Atlanta, has received orders to hold itself in readiness to go to Panama, and preparations to this end are in progress.

Florida has had established since October 1, 1903, sixteen woodworking plants, four ice and cold storage plants, two mines and two phosphate companies.

Fire at Moulton, Ala., Saturday night destroyed two grocery stores, postoffice and several other large frame buildings. A defective flue is thought to have been the cause.

A party of Boston scientists backed by Mr. Carnegie, has gone to Afghanistan and the Crimea to search among the buried cities in that part of the world.

During the last three months of 1903 Alabama has given the south twenty-two new woodworking plants, nine new mines and quarries, seven iron works, five development companies, four flour mills and three compresses.

With the beginning of the new year the Southern railway absorbed the Knoxville and Bristol, a road forty miles long, running from Corryton, Tenn., to Morristown, Tenn.

The L. and N. railroad is erecting new stations at Cullman and Mountain Creek, Ala., both old ones having been destroyed by fire.

The empress of Korea is dead.

T. J. Rutledge has filed his bond of $15,000 as Alabama state bank examiner with the secretary of state and is ready to take up his duties.

According to the new directory of the city of Birmingham, Ala., which has just been issued, the city's population is 83,271.

Several bankers condemn the system of vertical handwriting, saying it makes forgery easy.

SENATOR MORGAN

Says That He Will Continue to Fight Panama Canal,

Senator Morgan states in a letter to the public that he will not support a policy he knows to be unlawful, and declares that southern representatives will be committing such an offense if they shall cast their ballots for the Panama canal measure as it is now framed.

Speaking of the Panama route the letter says: I knew then, as I know now, that we were binding ourselves to dig a ditch that would be a receptacle for dead men and a waterway for none of the people, and that there is little chance of it ever being made a waterway for ships.

A FEW FIGURES

Concerning the Progress in Vrious Lines in the United States.

"The Progress of the United States in Its Material Industries" is the title of a statistical statement presented by the department of commerce and labor through the annual report of the chief of the bureau of statistics. The table pictures conditions in the great industries and material interests of the United States in 1903, where such figures are available, and compares those conditions with those of earlier years, running back, where possible, to the year 1800.

In area the total in 1903 is 3,025,600 square miles, against 2,980,959 square miles in 1850, and 827,844 square miles in 1800. These figures do not include Alaska or the islands belonging to the United States.

The population in 1903 is stated at 80,372,000 against 23,191,876 in 1850 and 5,803,483 in 1800. The wealth of the country is stated at 94 billions of dollars in 1900, and presumably 100 billions would not be an unreasonable estimate for 1903, while for 1850 the wealth of the country stood at 7 billion dollars, no estimate being given for any year earlier than 1850. The per capita wealth is set down at $1,235 in 1900 and $307 in 1850, having thus more than quadrupled meantime. The interest bearing debt in 1903 is 914 million dollars, against 1,724 millions in 1880 and 2,046 millions in 1870. The per capita indebtedness of the country in 1903 is $11.51, against $60.46 in 1870, and the interest per capita 32 cents in 1903, against $3.08 in 1870.

The per capita circulation in 1903 is $30.21. Deposits in savings banks in 1903 are 2,935 million dollars. The value of manufactures for the census year 1900 is given at 13 billions of dollars. Railways in operation in 1902 are 203,132 miles against 9,021 in 1850.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER

Has Submitted His Annual Report for 1903—An Increase.

The report of the Alabama state insurance commissioner for the calendar year 1903 shows an increase in receipts of $7,634 over the previous year, while there was a decrease in expenses of $497. The total receipts of the department for the year were $74,466.32, with an expense including salary of $2,816.32.

During the year sixty-two fire companies, thirty life companies, twenty-two accident and casualty companies and eight mutual aid associations were licensed by the deprtment. Three new fire companies and one new casualty company were licensed. A total of 3,209 agents were licensed.

Walter Trice, Robert Bridges,, Boss Stovall and Albert Thompson, all of Paint Rock, Ala., have been arrested for complicity in the shooting of Marshal Trisdale, of Gurley. All of the young men arrested belong to prominent families in the county and have made bond for their appearance at the spring term of court.

The Knoxville division of the Southern railroad has just received the first two of a large number of new one-hundred-ton engines. They were put in service on the Knoxville and Ohio branch, but can not be used on the main line to Asheville until the bridges are strengthened, about one month's time. The engines are the largest used in the south.

Money now in circulation in the United States is $2,449,168,000. There was a gain in the total during the year of something like $98,000,000. Secretary Shaw predicts that there will be a surplus of $14,000,000 by the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904. The surplus for the last fiscal year was $38,000,000. The cause for the shrinkage in the estimated surplus is found in the great falling off of customs receipts.

Servia's war department has asked for 10,000,000 francs and it is thought that preparations are making for war with Turkey.

It is said now that war between Russia and Japan is inevitable.

The weather conditions during the past week have been favorable for plowing and planting on the sugar plantations and this work is being actively pushed everywhere. The estimated tonnage for 1902-3 is 225,000.

The Keystone Lime Company is preparing to erect five new kilns at their plant at Hardyville. This is one of the largest plants of the kind and employs a large number of men.

ONLY ONE LEFT

Lieut. Gen. James Longstreet Died Last Saturday.

General James Longstreet, soldier, statesman and diplomat and the last lieutenant general of the confederate army, with the exception of General Gordon, died in Gainesville, Ga., Saturday from an attack of acute peumonia. He had been ill two days. He was nearly 83 years of age. He is survived by his wife ,two sons and a daughter.

General Longstreet was born in Edgefield district, S. C., January 8, 1821. His family removed to Alabama in 1831, and from that state he was appointed to the military academy at West Point, where he graduated in 1842.

He served in the Mexican war and for gallant conduct in that service he was breveted captain and major successively. He joined the confederate army in 1861 and was immediately made brigadier general and was considered the hardest fighter in the confederate service.

General Longstreet took up his residence in New Orleans after the war and established a commercial house, of which he was the head. He was appointed surveyor of the port of New Orleans by President Grant, and was afterwards supervisor of internal revenue in New Orleans and postmaster of that city. He was sent as United States minister to Turkey by President Hayes, and under President Garfield was United States marshal for the district of Georgia. A few years ago he was appointed United States commissioner of railroads, with headquarters at Washington, which position he held at the time of his death.

NO MORE SMALL BOARDS.

Civil Service Examinations Will Be Under Direct Charge of the Commission.

The civil service commission has decided on a change in the matter of holding examinations in various parts of the country, which is intended to simplify the work and avoid cause of complaint as to the character of the examinations. It is proposed to centralize the small examination boards in the large cities and have every examination superintended by an officer from the office of the commission.

The small boards will be abolished and a representative of the main office of the commission will have a place on every board. The new arrangement is expected to introduce into every examination much of the authority and regularity which mark the larger central examinations held under the auspices of the civil service commission.

A RETIRED OFFICER

Will Be Placed in Charge of the Alabama State Guard.

The war department has written Governor Jelks, of Alabama, asking if the governor has any personal preference in the selection of a retired army officer to be detailed in charge of the Alabama state guard under the provision of the Dick militia bill.

The governor has not yet responded to the secretary's letter. In case he has no one whom he personally prefers for the place the department will select an officer. Only retired officers will be detailed, as the department can not spare the services of those on the active list.

The new dispensary law of Walker county, Alabama, is to be tested, a suit having been filed Saturday. It is said that the regularity of the journals of the legislature will be attacked, it being alleged that the bill was not enacted as required by the state constitution.

John Leroy Robinson and John Vinson, two well known young men of East Gadsden, Ala., experimented during Christmas with a balloon of their own manufacture. The crowd was badly frightened when Mr. Robinson, the balloonist, came near breaking his neck in an attempt to ascend with the balloon and descend with an umbrella for a parachute.

Planters Prosperous.

The new year, as far as the treasury department figures may indicate, has opened auspiciously for the southern states. One of the most interesting features of the operations of the treasurer's office during the old year has been the enormous shipments of currency, particularly to the south. Up to date these shipments amount for the twelve months to something over $35,000,000, while for same period preceding the shipments were but $21,700,000. This is taken to mean that the cotton planters have been making a lot of money the past few months, for the greater part of the money went to pay for the cotton crop.

Back Tax Assessments.

Back tax assessments on packing houses, oil companies and refrigerator lines operating private rolling stock in Mississippi were filed in eight counties by the state revenue agent, the assessments amounting to $1,216,000. This is additional to the big batch of similar claims filed about ten days ago, and will make the total amount of taxes demanded about $2,500,000.

The Bread We Eat.

By Harry Snyder,

Chemist of the United States Experiment Station, University of Minnesota.

THE recent experiments by the United States Department of Agriculture have shown that the gluten and other nutrients in graham bread are less completely digested than the same nutrients in white bread, the bran and other wheat offals in the graham flour lessening its digestibility. This conclusion has been reached from a series of comparative digestion trials covering a period of six years. A number of men in sound health were experimented upon; some were working men; others were students; men of both sedentary and active habits being included in the trials. A teamster, a college athlete, a naturally lazy fellow, and both corpulent and lean men were subjects of experiment. In one set of tests, the men were fed for several days upon graham bread and milk. Then white bread was substituted for the graham, and for the same number of days the rations consisted of white bread and milk. All of the food consumed was weighed, and samples were analyzed, as were also all of the waste products from the body. The graham and the white flours were milled from the same lot of wheat. The conclusion reached is briefly stated as follows: "According to the chemical analysis of graham, entire-wheat, and standard patent flours milled from the same lot of hard Scotch Fife wheat, the graham flour contained the highest and the patent flour the lowest percentage of total protein (glutinous matter.) But according to the results of digestion experiments with these flours, the proportion of digestible or available protein and available energy on the patent flour were larger than in either the entire-wheat or the graham flour. The lower digestibility of the protein in the graham flours is due to the fact that in both of these a considerable portion of the protein is contained in the coarser particles (bran), and so resists the action of the digestive juices and escapes digestion. Thus while there actually may be more protein in a given amount of graham or entire-wheat flour than in the same weight of patent flour from the same wheat, the body obtains less of the protein and energy from the coarse flour than it does from the fine, because, although the including of the bran and germ increases the percentage of protein, it decreases the digestibility."

Those who really enjoy graham bread and find that it agrees with them should continue its use. The beneficial results arise not from increased nutrients secured from the food, but from the mechanical action of the food

Man, Irresistible Man

By a Woman Cynic

AND now for the man who feels that he is so irresistible that every woman is at his feet the moment she meets him. He isn't uncommon, alas; he is all too numerous. He is afraid to be more than half-way civil to a girl for fear she may misinterpret his attentions.

If a girl makes a pretty little complimentary remark to him he first swells up with conceit and then instantly collapses through fear that she is after him.

He keeps a guard on his every look and action for fear the girl will think he is in love with her. He does not, of course, know that in all probability the girl would not have him if he were to go on his bended knees and beseech her ever so hard.

And such is masculine contradictoriness that if he did know it he would very likely turn around and fall in love with her.

I remember once meeting a man of this class. He was showering his valuable (?) attentions upon a pretty little rose of a girl All went well until some teasing friend remarked on the friendship, taking it for granted that the gay Lothario's attentions were serious. At once his fears were aroused and he exclaimed: "I assure you there is nothing in it. She is a sweet girl and I am willing to do all I can for her to give her any pleasure I can, but this dear self—never."

The fact that the girl married another man a week later did not in the least disturb his colossal conceit. He simply thought she married through pique and blighted affection, and for some time spoke of her as "poor little Mary."

It is well for all men to bear in mind that a sensible girl does not look on every man she meets as a possible husband.—New York American.

THE GREATEST OFFER OF THE YEAR!

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By Hon. Thomas E. Watson, written for The Weekly Constitution as the first volume of WATSON'S HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES, the greatest of all of Watson's great Histories. The LIFE OF JEFFERSON was begun in The Weekly Constitution in July—being published weekly and to be completed between now and Christmas. All subscribers to The Weekly Constitution at *$1.00,* or to both The Weekly Constitution and The Sunny South at *$1.25* for the two, will be sent FREE, upon request made accompanying subscription, A COMPLETE PUBLICATION OF ALL THE BACK installments of THIS GREAT HISTORY, which should be in every household. You thus get TWO INVALUABLE WEEKLY PERIODICALS, one news, the other fiction and literature—and in addition, a publication of all back installments of THIS GREAT HISTORY, bringing you to the date of your subscription—all for the trifle of *$1.25.*

The $10,000.00 PORT RECEIPTS CONTEST

Is upon the TOTAL RECEIPTS OF COTTON at all U. S. Ports from 1 Sept., 1903, to 12 January, 1904, both inclusive. It is offered *only by the Constitution* and not in connection with any newspaper syndicate, and hence *is limited to the Constitution's Circulation.*

The prizes are *$3,000.00* for the exact or nearest to exact figures, *$1,500.00* for the next best, *$500.00* for the next, *$200.00* for next, and *$125.00* for the next best estimate, for five next nearest *$50.00* each, *50* next *$25.00* each, *20* next *$15.00* each, *50* next *$7.50* each and *100* next best estimates *$5.00* each. Total of set prizes *$7,000.00.* IN ADDITION *$1,000.00* in five *$200.00* prizes for the best estimates in five monthly sections of contest and *$2,000* in two great consolation offers for *500* bales and *1,000* bales each way from exact figures.

The Statistics covering the contest for last few years are:

Cotton Year.	Total port receipts September 1 to 12th of following January, both inclusive:
1897-1898	6,070,773
1898-1899	6,259,178
1899-1900	4,261,365
1900-1901	4,846,751
1901-1902	5,279,507
1902-1903	5,315,879

WRITE BY THE NEXT MAIL if additional particulars wanted, or, what is better, send subscription remittance, with estimates, direct by money order or registered mail to THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Ga.

Patronize our Advertisers, they are all reliable.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBose, - - - - Editor
Geo. D. Campbell, - - Manager

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

THURSDAY, JAN. 7, 1904

Entered in the postoffice at Columbiana Ala., as second class matter.

ANNOUCEMENTS.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county.

D. R. McMILLAN.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce E S. LYMAN as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, s bject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. O'HARA a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the primary to be held next year.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county.

WALTER E. LESTER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

W. A THOMPSON.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

The many friends of T. J. MARTIN in Beat 10, announce him a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk, subject to Democratic primary.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis, announces himself a cnadidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

J. M. Ray, of Wilsonville, announce himself a candidate for the office o Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of J. E. Adams in Beat Eleven, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to Democratic primary.

Vote against removal and save yourself from being doubled taxed

Better be a big peg in a little hole than a little peg in a b g hole.

Beat Four (Montevallo) will go solid against court house removal.

Beat Ten says "Our people are against removal of court house."

Pay your poll tax by the first of February next.

Don't forget that the court house election is on the first day February.

Beat Seven will give a large majority of votes against removal of court house.

The voters of the county are against removal of the court house from its present location to Calara

Many voters in the county who oppose court house removal don't know that the court house election in on the first day of February.

A point aimed at by those opposed to court house removal is not simply to win, but to bury the folly so deep that we will never again hear of it.

News comes from beat 14 and 15 that those beats will give a majority against removal at the court house election. Let the good work go on.

Calera says "We'll carry Vincent beat." Vincent says "Wait and see." Our information is that an overwhelming majority will be rolled up against removal on the 1st of February.

It is being told by those who are advocating the removal of the court house from Columbiana to Calera that the commissioners intend building a new court house and jail at Columbiana in the event that the result of the election is in favor of Columbiana. For the benefit of our readers we reproduce the resolutions passed by the commissioners last spring in regard to the report which has been used by the promoters of the removal of the court house.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
For Piles, Burns, Sores.

ELECTION MANAGERS AND CLERKS.

We, John E. Morriss, Chairman and J. H. Gunn, D. R. McMillan, composing the Board of Commissioners of County Seat Election, hereby appoint the following persons as Inspectors, Clerks and Returning officers to to hold and conduct election to be held in the various beats in Shelby county, on Monday, the 1st day of February, 1904, for the purpose of determining whether or not the county seat of Shelby county shall be removed from Columbiana to Calera, to-wit:

BEAT 1, BOX 1, (Columbiana)

Managers.—H. M. Millstead, J. T. Leeper, J. L. Peters. Clerks—Jno. E. Dyke, J. H. Mooney, returning officer, R. F. Cox, Shrff

BEAT 1, BOX 2 (Shelby.)

Managers.—Geo. H. Averyt, J C. Williams, Frank Finch. Clerks Elmer Carter, S. J. Harrell. Returning officer, E. T. Brasher.

BEAT 2 (Spring Creek.)

Managers.—Thos. R. Lovett, Hosea Pearson, G. E. Abbott. Clerks, Wm. Carden, Jr., J. M. Baldwin: returning officer, N. N. Mosteller.

BEAT 3 (Calera.)

Managers.—H. C. Moss, Robt. Long, C. A. Millstead. Clerks, L. G. Privett, I. W. Bailey; returning officer, C. H. Fields.

BEAT 4, BOX 1 (Montevallo.)

Managers—L. N. Bowden, Geo. Morgan, John McMath; clerks, J. Alex Moore, H. E. Whitaker; returning officer, Frank Harrison.

BEAT 5 (Bamford.)

Managers—LaFayette Bunn, Jno Harmon, J. A. Johnson; clerks, Jas. Harmon, Robt. Atchison; returning officer, John Waddell.

BEAT 6 (Helena.)

Managers—C. T. Davidson, J. G. Mitchell, L. N. Roy; clerks, M. T. Floyd, E. F. Lee; returning officer, Daniel Lambert.

BEAT 7 (Elliottsville.)

Managers—M. S. Wilson, J. F. McLane, Wesley Ozley; clerks, G. Thos. Fulton, L. B. Riddle; returning officer, R. C. Naish.

BEAT 8 (Yellow Leaf.)

Managers—Joel Thomas, N. M. Davis, G. W. Shaw; clerks, Geo. Stone J. B. Farrell; returning officer, T. B. Holcombe.

BEAT 9 (Wilsonville.)

Managers—Amos Daniels, W. E. Riddle, J. Seab Jackson; clerks, W. John Weldon, T. A. Huston; returning officer, Geo. W. Taylor.

BEAE 10, BOX 1 (Harpersville.)

Managers—E. V. Caldwell, J. R. Hatcher, T. G. Florey; clerks, T. H. Borum, D. W. Kidd; returning officer, R. B. Posey.

BEAT 10, BOX 2 (Cresswell.)

Managers—Isaac Chancellor, Geo. W. Green, J. T. Glaze; clerks, Charles Bates, A. J. Coleman; returning officer, C. A. Glaze.

BEAT 11 (Weldon.)

Managers—F. M. Baldwin, W. J. Sewell, O. S. Lybrand, clerks, J. E Adams, J. W. Moore; returning officer, J. M. Spearman.

BEAT 12 (Highland.)

Managers—Frank Miller, A. J. E Cross, G. L. Maske; clerks, W. L. Deshazo, W. N. Gilbert; returning officer Jas. M. Allen.

BEAT 13 (Bridgeton.)

Managers—D. N. Lee, J. W. Farley, B. F. Dawson; clerks, A. L. Deshazo, J. H. Lee; returning officer, W. P Cox.

BEAT 14 (Vandiver.)

Managers—W. J. Kendrick, J. B. Whitfield, John McMinn; clerks, Wesley Stone, H. M. Abercrombie; returning officer, W. A. Brasher.

BEAT 15 (Sterrett.)

Managers—W. A. Richie, R.M.Hollis, R. J. Byers, clerks, M. C. Vick, J. R. Dyke; returning officer, R. Jarrett

BEAT 16 (Vincent.)

Managers—A. J. Embry, W. H. Kidd, J. E. Elliott; clerks, W. Y. Rich W. T. Kidd; returning officer, Ed. W. Bell.

BEAT 17 (Pelham.)

Managers—Ollie Cost, T. J. Cross, M. P. Nabors; clerks, C. E. L. Leonard, Harmon Thomas; returning officer, R. G. Carter.

BEAT 18 (Dunnavant.)

Managers—J. H. Pack, W. G. King, J. H. Dorough, clerks, Lane Isbell, J. O. Dorough, returning officer, W. M. Lowry.

BEAT 19 (Dogwood.)

Managers—Geo. F. Peter, Jno. D. Stripling, W. D. Lacey; clerks, W. H. Reneau, Jas. Smith; returning officer, W. E. Harrison.

Done at Columbiana, Ala., on this the 4th day of January 1904.

J. E. MORRISS, Chair'n,
J. H. GUNN,
D. R. McMILLAN,
Board of Commissioners. Etc.

QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS IN THE COURT HOUSE ELECTION.

To the Voters of Shelby County:

In order that there may be no misunderstanding in regard to the qualificatians of the voters in the county seat election to be held on the first day of February, we deem it proper to give in a condensed form the law in reference to same.

A person to be entitled to vote in the court house election on the first of Feb. 1904, must possess all of the following qualifications:

1st. He must be over twenty-one years and must have resided continuously in the state two years in the county one and in the precinct in which he offers to vote three months, immediately preceding the election at which he offers to votes, provided that when he removes from one precinct to another within three months immediately preceding the election, he may vote in the precinct from which he removed, provided he could legally have voted in said precinct had he not removed.

2nd. He must have legally registered in Shelby county under the new constitution of 1901.

3rd. He must have paid his poll tax for 1901 and 1902 (if he was liable for the poll tax of said years or either of them) and he must have paid his poll tax on or before the first of February 1st, 1903. and he must show to the managers of the election his poll tax receipts for said years; or make oath before the managers that he has paid said poll tax. Any one falsely making said oath would be guilty of perjury and on conviction would be sentenced to the penitentiary.

4th. The following persons are disqualified from voting in said election; all idiots and insane persons, those who were by reason of conviction of crime disqualified from voting at the time of the ratification of the constitution on November 28th, 1901, those who have been since Nov. 28th, 1901, convicted of treason, murder, arson, embezzlement, malfeacance in office, larcency, receiving stolen property, obtaining money under false pretenses, perjury, subornation of perjury, robbery, assault with intent to rob, burglary, forgery, bribery, assault and battery on wife, bigamy, living in adultery, sodomy, incest, rape, miscegenation crime against nature, or any crime punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary; or for any infamous crime, or crimes involving moral turpitude, or convicted as a tramp. or vagrant, or of selling or offering to sell his vote, or the vote of another, or of making or offering to make false returns in any election by the people.

JOHN E. MORRISS, Ch'rmn
J. H. GUNN,
D. R. McMILLAN,
Board of Commissioners of County Seat Election.

The oldest and best equipped livery stable in this section of the state is located at Montevallo and is fitted up with the latest styles, and up-to-date rigs. This stable was established in 1882, and is opposite the St. George's Hotel, and is under the management of John Kroell. Team can be furnished on short notice. Hacks meet all trains. The proprietor has lately added new rubber tired rigs and keeps the best of stock, and employs none but polite and trusty drivers.

The Proper Treatment for Sprained Ankle.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or 3 months before he has fully recovered. This an unnecessary loss of time, for many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some case within three days. For sale by Williams Bros.

The Best Remedy for Croup.

This is the season when the woman who knows the best remedies for croup is in demand in every neighborhood. One of the most terrible things in the world is to be awakened in the night by a whoop from one of the children. The croup remedies are almost sure to be lost in case of croup, as a revolver in case of a burglar. There used to be an old fashioned remedy for croup known as hive syrup and tolu, but some modern mothers say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is better, and does not cost as much. It causes the patient to "throw up the phlegm" quicker, and gives relief in a shorter time. Give this remedy as soon as the croupy cough appears and it will prevent the attack. It never fails and is plasant and safe to take. For sale at Williams Bros.

Distress After Eating Cured.

Judge W. M. Holland, of Greensburg, L., who is well and favorably known says: "two years ago I suffered greatly from indigestion. After eating great distress would invariably result, lasting for an hour or so and my nights were restless. I concluded to try Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and it cured me entirely. Now my sleep is refreshing and digestion perfect. Sold by Williams Bros.

Good Advice.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects: such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Waterbrash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth, Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle of August Flower for 25 or 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Try it. For sale by Williams Brothers, Columbiana.

By special arrangements with the publishers of the Constitution and Sunny South we offer a years's subscription to our own paper in addition to the Contitution and Sunny South and will furnish all three for ONLY TWO DOLLARS. Such orders must come direct to The Chronicle.

NOTICE.

The pension vouchers have been received at this office and are now ready for distribution.

A. P. LONGSHORE,
Judge of Probate.

Cured of Piles After 40 Years.

C. Haney, of Geneva, O., had the piles for 40 years. Doctors and dollars could do him no good. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. Invaluable for cuss, burns, bruises, sprains, lacerations, eczema, tetter, salt rheum and all other skin diseases Look for the name DeWitt on package—all others are cheap, worthless counterfeits. Sold by Williams Bros.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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WANTED.—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county requir d) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $21 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash direct Wednesdy from head office. Horse and carriage furnished when necesary. References. Enclose sel-addressed envelope, COLONIAL, 332 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

PATENTS
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U.S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but it stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 25 and 75 cts. For sale by Williams Bros.

Stepped Against a Hot Stove.

A child of Mrs. G. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath stepped against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great pain and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remembering that she had a bottle of Chamberlains Pain Balm in the house she would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Pain Balm is an antseptic liniment and valuable for burns, breises. cuts and sprains. Sold by Williams Broe., Druggists.

DeWitt is the Name.

When you go to buy Witch Hazel Salve look for the name DeWitt on every box. The pure, unadulterated Witch Hazel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles The popularity of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, due to its many cures has caused numerous worthless counterfeits to be placed on market. The genuine bears the name of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. Sold by Williams Bros.

Teachers' Institute Examination Course.

Teachers wishing to prepare for examination should write at once, to Prof. J. L. Graham; L.L. D., 152 154 Randolph Building, Memphis, Tenn., for particulars concerning his special Teachers' Examination Course.

The course is taught by mail, and prepares teachers for examinations in every state in the Union. Leading educators pronounce it the best course ever offered to the teaching profession, and all teachers wishing to advance in their profession should immediately avail themselves of it. Enclose stamp for reply.

A Scientific Discovery.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure does for the stomach that which it is unable to do for itself, even when but slightly over loaded. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure supplies the natural juices of digestion and does the work of the stomach, relaxing the nervous tension, while the inflamed muscles of that organ are allowed to rest and heal. Kodol Dyspepsia Cur digests what you eat and enables the stomach and digestive organs to transform all food into rich, red blood. Sold by Williams Bros.

Patents
Guaranteed Under
$20,000 BOND.
THE KEYSTONE LAW AND PATENT CO., 207 Betz Building, Philadelphia, which is the only bonded Patent Agency in the world, offer to make a Guaranteed Search of the Patent Office Records (not merely their opinion) Free of charge to the readers of this JOURNAL who will send a sketch, model or description of their invention.
They will also give a certificate of patentability which will be of great assistance to an inventor in raising capital.
Valid Patents with the broadest claims secured on easy weekly payments. Write to-day.
S. S. WILLIAMSON,
President.

Dragging Pains
2825 Keeley St.,
CHICAGO, ILL., Oct., 2, 1902.
I suffered with falling and congestion of the womb, with severe pains through the groins. I suffered terribly at the time of menstruation, had blinding headaches and rushing of blood to the brain. What to try I knew not, for it seemed that I had tried all and failed, but I had never tried Wine of Cardui, that blessed remedy for sick women. I found it pleasant to take and soon knew that I had the right medicine. New blood seemed to course through my veins and after using eleven bottles I was a well woman.
Mrs. Bush
Mrs. Bush is now in perfect health because she took Wine of Cardui for menstrual disorders, bearing down pains and blinding headaches when all other remedies failed to bring her relief. Any sufferer may secure health by taking Wine of Cardui in her home. The first bottle convinces the patient she is on the road to health.
For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.
WINE-OF-CARDUI

Owes His Life to a Neighbor's Kindness.

Mr. D. P. Daugherty, well known throughout Mercer and Summer counties, W. Va., most likely to the kindness of a neighbor. He was almost hapely afflicted with diarrhoea; was attended by two physicians who gave him little, if any, relief, when a neighbor learning of his serious condition brought him a bottle of Chamberlains Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy which cured him in less than twenty four hours. Sold by Williams Bros.

Three Time the Value of Any Other.
One-Third Easier.
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Agents wanted in all Unoccupied Territory.
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PIANOS, ORGANS AND SEWING MACHINES ON FREE TRIAL!!!
ELEGANT CENTURY UPRIGHT PIANO, $125. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
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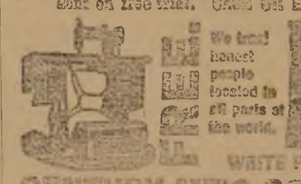
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LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA.

Williams Bros. Will Buy It Back.

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Williams Brothers will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant and reliable.

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.
Cures all stomach troubles
Prepared only by E. C. DeWITT & Co., Chicago
The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.
For sale by WILLIAMS BROS.

The Pleasure of Eating.

Persons suffering from indigestion dyspepsia or other stomach trouble will find that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. This remedy is a never failing cure for indigestion and dyspepsia and all complaints affecting glands or membranes of the stomach or digestive tract. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure everything you eat tastes good, and every bit of the nutriment that your food contains is assimilated and appropriated by the blood and tissues. Sold by Williams Brothers.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.
Condensed Schedule in Effect June 14, 1903.

No. 38	No. 12	STATIONS	No. 9	No. 35
7.45am	3.30pm	Lv. Meridian...ar	4.40pm	11.45pm
11.10am	6.55pm	Lv. ...Selma...Lv	1.20pm	8.00pm
1.05pm	8.30pm	ar Birmingham lv	11.45am	6.00pm
5.40pm	.....	ar Chattanooga lv	8.00pm	2.10pm
1.15pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	4.00pm	10.10pm
5.05pm	.....	ar Asheville lv	12.00m	6.10pm
1.15pm	.....	ar Lynchburg lv	8.00pm	2.10am
6.30pm	.....	ar Washington lv	2.40am	7.40am
12.05pm	.....	ar. N York..lv	8.15pm	1.30pm

Nos. 12 and 35 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville, Birmingham and New York. Cafe car service meals en route.

No. 38	No. 36	STATIONS	No. 35	No. 37
7.45am	3.30pm	Lv New Orl'ns.ar	4.30pm	.....
7.30am	7.30pm	Lv. Meridian..ar	4.40pm	.....
11.10am	9.25pm	Lv. ...Selma...lv	1.20pm	.....
1.05pm	12.20am	ar. Uniontn lv	9.45pm	.....
11.00am	.....	Marion Jct	8.10pm	.....
11.30am	.....	Selma / lv	4.40pm	.....
12.10pm	.....	/ ar	4.00pm	.....
2.05pm	.....	Montevallo	2.55pm	.....
2.30pm	.....	...Calera.....	2.30pm	.....
2.42pm	.....	Columbiana	1.49pm	.....
3.15pm	.....	Cyclopsburg	1.11pm	.....
3.30pm	.....	...Anniston	12.55pm	8.55pm
4.45pm	.....	...Anniston	11.30pm	7.40pm
5.15pm	.....	Jacksonville	11.00pm	7.10pm
6.00pm	.....	Blossburg	10.00pm	6.00pm
6.30pm	.....	Cave Springs	9.30pm	5.30pm
7.00pm	.....	ar. Rome	9.00pm	5.00pm
10.00pm	.....	ar. Atlanta..lv	6.00pm	2.00pm

STATIONS.	No. 7	No. 31	No. 9	No. 35
Lv Atlanta	8.15am	4.15pm	12.35pm	7.10pm
Lithia Springs	8.57am	5.00pm	12.50pm	7.27pm
Douglasville	9.15am	.....	1.05pm	7.45pm
Bremen	9.45am	5.45pm	1.35pm	8.15pm
Tallapoosa	10.15am	6.16pm	2.05pm	8.45pm
Fruithurst	10.34am	.....	2.24pm	9.04pm
Heflin	10.50am	6.52pm	2.40pm	9.20pm
Anniston	11.40am	7.39pm	3.30pm	10.10pm
Bell City	11.55am	.....	3.45pm	.....
Birmingham	12.45pm	8.45pm	4.35pm	11.00pm

STATIONS.	No. 29	No. 33
Lv Birmingham	4.10pm	4.30pm
Lv Anniston	8.55pm	8.30pm
Lv Atlanta	10.10pm	10.00pm
Ar Macon	2.30am	2.20pm
Ar Jesup	5.30am	.....
Ar Jacksonville	8.30am	.....
Ar Brunswick	6.45am	.....

No 29 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Brunswick and Atlanta to Jacksonville.
No. 33 carries Pullman Sleeping car and Dining car Birmingham to Atlanta.

STATIONS.	No. 1
Lv Rome	1.30pm
Ar Chattanooga	2.40pm
Ar Knoxville	1.00am
Ar Hot Springs	4.45pm
Ar Asheville (Eastern Time)	4.30pm
Ar Salisbury (East Time)	11.10pm
Ar Greensboro	1.30am
Ar Washington	6.15am
Ar New York	9.15am

No. 15 carries Pullman Sleeping car Rome to Lynchburg, Charlottesville and Washington, Salisbury and Asheville to New York without change.

STATIONS.	No. 1	No. 6
Lv Chattanooga	7.15am	3.00pm
Ar Louisville	1.15pm	8.10pm

No. 6 Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to Louisville and Cincinnati.
No. 1 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

STATIONS.	No. 42	No. 34	No. 37
Lv Birmingham	1.45pm	4.30pm	4.30pm
Lv Atlanta (East Time)	1.45pm	1.00pm	1.00pm
Ar Charlotte	10.05pm	8.15pm	8.15pm
Ar Danville	2.30am	11.45pm	11.45pm
Ar Lynchburg	4.30am	1.50am	1.50am
Ar Charlottesville	5.50am	3.07am	3.07am
Ar Washington	8.00am	6.00am	6.00am
Ar Baltimore	9.40am	7.50am	7.50am
Ar Philadelphia	12.04pm	10.15am	10.15am
Ar New York	2.05pm	12.05pm	12.05pm

No. 42 "Washington & Southwestern Limited" Solid Vestibule train Atlanta to New York, carries Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Club car Atlanta to Washington.
No. 34 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

J. C. LUCK, D. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
L. P. BRYSON, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
C. H. GATTIS, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.
W. A. TURK, T. P. A., Washington, D. C.
R. H. EDMONDSON, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.
C. A. BENSON, A. G. P. A., Charleston, S. C.

COTTON BELT ROUTE
HALF RATES TO TEXAS
BOTH ONE WAY AND ROUND TRIP
via the Cotton Belt, from St. Louis, Thebes, Cairo and Memphis, first and third Tuesdays of each month, beginning October 21st. For one-way tickets,
Half the One-Way Rate, plus $2.00;
round-trip tickets, one fare plus $2.00, to points in Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territories. Write for particulars and cost of ticket from your home town.
The Cotton Belt runs solid through trains to Texas, equipped with the most modern and comfortable cars. These trains make quick time and direct connections for all parts of the Great Southwest. If you propose going a longer piece to learn, write for a free copy of our handsome illustrated booklets, Homes in the Southwest and Through Texas With a Camera.
N. B. BAIRD, Traveling Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
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THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months..... 50

THURSDAY, JAN. 7, 1904.

Write it 1904.

Happy New Year to all.

Miss Carrie Rowe, of Cresswell, visited her parents last week.

J. W. Perry, of Beat 15, spent a few days in the city last week.

Mr. Lane visited relatives in Montevallo and Talladega last week.

The young people of our city had a good many parties during the holidays

Miss Ethel McMath, of Montevallo, was the the guest of Mrs. Davis last week.

Mrs. Patty Milner, of Montgomery, visited relatives in the city during the holidays.

The Union prayer meeting will be held at the Baptist church for the month of January.

I. W. Bailey, of Calera, spent several days in the city with relatives last week.

Rufus O'Hara, of the L. & N. Railroad, spent several days in the city with homefolks.

Miss Robbie Wallace, a charming lady of Klein, visited her sister, Mrs. W. A. Parker last week.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church have postponed the sale of the handsome quilt for some future day.

Miss Margaret Browne, who is attending shool in Montgomery, spent last week in the city with homefolks.

Miss Lallage Longshore, after a few days visit to homefolks, returned to school at Marion last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. O'Hara, of Beaumont Texas, spent several days in the city the guests of Rev. C. W. O'Hara during the holidays.

Christmas day passed off very quietly there being no rodyism and fusses on the streets, nor drunkenness to amount to anything.

T. H. Baxley, of Tyler, Texas., visited the family of J. W. Mason during the holidays, and also made us a pleasant call at The Chronicle office.

Mr. Burns, of Talladega, was a visitor to the city during the holidays. There is a beautiful pair of eyes that sparkles with delight at his coming.

In this issue will be found the announcement of J. M. Ray, of Wilsonville, as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church met at the residence of C. C. DuBose on last Monday and donated the handsome quilt to Mrs. E. C. Parker.

The piano advertised to be given away on the 24th of December by T. J. Weaver & Co., was won by Mrs. Ellie Christian, her guess being 1,071, the exact number in the jar.

The Weaver aggregation of fun making artists were here from last Wednesday till yesterday, and this company is about the cleanest on the road, and they give a show well worth double the admission fee.

The many friends of J. E. Adams, of Weldon, have announced him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county. In another column will be found the announcement.

In this issue will be found the announcement of J. W. Perry as a candidat for the nomination for Tax Collector of Shelby county. Mr. Perry was reared in the county, and is well known in the county, and if he is a successful candidate in the primary will give his opponent in she general election a defeat.

Hunters returning from a camp hunt at the Narrows on the Coosa river, saw a balloon fall in said river on the 29th ult., one mile below Wood's ferry, the balloon was a small paper one, and was seen by constable Garris and family who lives two or three miles of the river, when seen by them it contained a bright light and was at times entirely obscured by the clouds and traveling in an easterly direction. Just what was said and done by those lonely woodsmen is difficult to imagine, perhaps the whole truth will never be known, however, after mustering up sufficient courage they procured a boat, viewed the wreck as the balloon and quietly returned home.

How to Make Money.

Agents of either sex should today write Marsh Manufacturing Co., 538 Lake st., Chicago, for cuts and particulars of their handsome Aluminum Card Case with name engraved on it and filled with 100 calling or business cards. Everybody orders them. Sample case and 100 cards, postpaid 40 cts. This case and 100 cards retails at 75c. You have only to show sample to get an order. Send 40c at once for case and 100 cards or send 30c for 100 cards without case. Mention this paper

WILSONVILLE.

Rev. J. C. Jackson and wife, of Talladoosa, Ga., visited their sons here during the holidays.

Miss Georgia Thomas, of Columbiana, visithe relatives and friends here last week.

Press Bean and family, of Arkansas were the guests of Amos Daniel apart of last week.

The Misses Wilby returned to thier home in Atlanta, Sunday, after spending halidays with the family of Capt. J. W. Bolin.

Amos Daniel has resigned his position with R. G. Weldon & Co., and accepted a place with J. F. Pope and D. S. Wingard is filling his old place.

Married—At the residence of the bride's mother, at 10 o'clock Sunday morning Dec. 27, R. F. Lyon to Miss Lula Ray. The groom is a popular young school teacher, and the bride is one of our loveliest young ladies. May their troubles be few and their joys many.

Died at his residence in this place Monday morning, Dec. 28th, Geo W. McGowen, aged 69 years. He had been slightly ill on Sunday but didn't think his illness anything serious, but while up during the night fell [illegible] the floor without warning. He was reared at this place and was known by every one, both young and old. His smiling countenance, his affable manner, and his his genial disposition won him friends wherever he went. He was a good democrat, a model citizen and better than all a Christian. A wife, and daughter and two sons survive him. The funeral took place from the Methodist church, of which he was a member. Dr. L. C. Branscomb conducting the services. He was also a Free Mason and was buried with masonic honors. We realize that a great and good man has passed away one whose example is worthy of imitation, and Wilsonville feels his loss very keenly, so as evidence of his popularity, the procession which followed his remains to the cemetery was the largest that we have ever seen in this place. We extend to the bereaved loved ones our sympathy and commend them to Him who gave and who hath taken away.

HONEST JOHN.

Miss Edna Nelson, who has been visiting friends in South Alabma returned home last Monday.

WANTED—An energetice and reliable saleman for Shelby county, paying business. Boferences required. Apply at once, CHISLOM BROS., Birmingham, Ala.

The time for paying your poll tax expires the first of next February.

A Remarkable Case.

One of the most remarkable cases of of cold, deepseated on the lungs, causing pneumonia, is that of Mrs. G. E. Fenner, of Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says "the cough and straining so weakened me that I ran dow in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I tried One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength. Sold by Williams Bros.

For sick headache try Chamberlains Stomach and Liver Tablets; they will ward off the attack if taken in time. For sale by Williams Bros.

What to do Until the Doctor Arrives.

"One of my children was taken with cramp colic and suffered severely,' says S. B. Elzee, of Monette, Mo., "I telephoned for a doctor, then gave a dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and a few moments later a second dose. Before the doctor came the child was relieved. Sold by Williams Bros.

The removal of the house from Columbiana to Calera, would be the greatest folly which the people of Shelby county have ever been guilty of. It would be such a folly as they would never cease to regret. Even those who might be benefited from the standpoint of convenience, would see in a few years that they had made the mistake of their lives. Their increased taxes would hang over them as a hideous nightmare. If this be case with those who would be placed more convenient to the court house, how about those who would not? They would not only be burdened with high taxes through the remainder of their lives, and leave this heavy debt-legacy to their children, but would be forced, the majority of the people of the county to, travel double the distance and within one and a half miles of the line of Chilton county to reach the county seat. This is awful to contemplate. But when you add to this the fact that Columbiana is in a high, dry healthful town, and Calera is in a low, marshy, unhealthy location, and it is readily seen that every reason exists for the county seat to remain at Columbiana. The people of the county will express their sentiments in this way, and the force of this expression will be a complete settler to this annoying question.

JEWELRY NOVELTIES.

A full line of Colgate's Extracts,
A full line of Colgate's Soap.

TOILET ARTICLES.

Also complete line of DRUGS,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

CIGARS, TOBACCO AND STATIONERY. ETC

WE ARE HEADQUATERS

For Stationery, Silver Novelies, Watches, Rings, Pins, Etc. Also a complete line of Medallions, price from 25c to 90 cents. Nearly everything in the holiday line you wish. Call and inspect our line.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

PUBLIC INSTALLATION.

ON MONDAY EVENING NEXT THE

JANUARY 11TH,

There will be a Public instalation of Shelby Lodge No. 50 Knights of Pythias at the

COURT HOUSE

in this city, beginning promptly at 7:30 p. m. The public generally and members of sister lodges are cordially invited to be present.

HON. A. P. LONGSHORE

Will make an address on Pythyism, followed by the instalation of officers by

HON. JAMES I. ABERCROMBIH.

After which will be a Shadnw Supper, which will be highly entertaining an laughable. The Columbiana Orchestra will furnish splendid music for the occasion.

Order for County Seat Election.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
SHELBY COUNTY, }

Five hundred or more of the qualified electors of said county having petition the governor, praying that an election be held in said county on the question of removing the (court house) county seat from Columbiana to Calera in said county, and the governor having appointed the undersigned as a board of Commissioners of County Seat Election as provided by law. It is hereby ordered that an election be held at the usual voting places in said county by the qualified electors hereof on

Monday the 1st Day of February, 1904

between the hours of 8 a. m. and 5 p. m. on the question of such removal, at which election the electors who desires the county site shall remain at Columbiana shall have written or printed on his ballot the words, "against removal" and the elector who desires that the couty seat shall be removed to Calera, shall have written or printed on his ballot the words, "For removal to Calera."

Done this the 30th day of November, 1903,

JNO. E. MORRIS, Chair'n,
J. H. GUNN,
D. R. McMILLAN,
Board of Commissioners of County Seat Election.

"I have been troubled with my stomach for the past four years," says D. L. Beach, of Clover Nook Farm, Greenfield, Mass. "A few days ago I was induced to buy a box of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. I have taken part of them and feel a great deal better." If you have any trouble with your stomach try a box of these Tablets. You are certain to be pleased with the result. Price 25 cents, at Williams Bros.

STATE OF ALABAMA, } Probate Court,
SHELBY COUNTY. } Dec. 17, 1903.

Estate of Chas. M. Carden, deceased

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedant having been granted to the undersigned on the 4th day of December 1902 by the Hon. A. P. Longshore, Judge of the Probate court of said county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate are hereby requested to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be forever barred.

HOSEA PEARSON, Admr.

RESOLUTIONS AGAIN.

It is astonishing at the extent to which our ambitious Calera court house advocates are going in order to bluff the people of the county to vote for removal to Calera. They are still preaching to to the people that if Calera should fail to carry the election a new court house will be built at Columbiana any way, and that the people of the county will have to be taxed to build it. The resolutions passed by the county commissioners recently ought to be a satisfactory refutation of this statement. We reproduce these resolutions that they may answer for themselves?

"Whereas, It is currently reported that the county commissioners have perfected plans to build a new court house at Columbiana, if the election results in favor of that place; and

Whereas, Such reports are wholly without foundation; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the commissioner's court of Shelby county, that it is the sense of the court that no new court house be built at Columbiana or extensive improvements be made, and that we will vote against any motion or proposition to tax the people of Shelby county for the purpose of buiid ing a new court house or remodeling the old one.

I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of the above resolutions, as it appears upon the minutes of the commissioner's court.

A. P. LONGSHORE,
Judge of Probate."

JUST WHAT YOU NEED.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

When you fell dull after eating.
When you have no appetite.
When you have a bad taste in mouth.
When your liver is torpid.
When your bowels are constipated.
When you have a headache.
When you feel bilious.

They will improve your appetite and invigorate your stomach, and regulate your liver and bowels. Price 25c per box at Williams Bros.

$10,000 WORTH

OF

MERCHANDISE

TO BE

SOLD AT ONCE!

The stock of H. Fox has been bought by us at a great sacrifice. We want to sell this stock and such bargains as we propose to give, you have never been offered before. Goods will be sacrificed. Prices will be no object.

THE GREAT ASSINGEE SALE

now on hand. Save money, buy Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Capes Jackets, Sox and Hats.

PHOENIX AUCTION CO.,
From BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

A Purgative Pleasure.

If you ever took DeWitt's Little Early Risers for biliousness or costipation you know what a purgative pleasure is. These famous little pills cleanse the liver and rids the system of all the bile without producing unpleasant effects. They do not gripe or weaken, but give tone and strength to the tissues and organs involved. W. H. Howell of Houston, Texas, says: "No better pill can be used than Little Early Risers or constipation, sick headache Sold by Williams Bros.

When Thinking

ABOUT BUYING

A WATCH

it always pays to get a good one. If you want a Watch we can save you money on your order. Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Seth Thomas and New York Standard are good movements. Give us a trial order and you be convinced.

DO YOU want anything in musical instruments? We have Violins, Violin Cases, Bows, Bridges, Pegs, Mandolins, Mandolin Cases, Picks, Guitars, Guitar Cases, Tamborines, Banjos, Accordeons, Harps, Harmonicas, Fifes, Ocarines, Flagolets, Bones, Clappers, Graphaphones and Records, also all kinds of strings for Violins, Banjos, Mandolins and Guitars

Call and see us in our

REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.

Don,t forget us when you want photograph work or enlarging, our work will please you. We keep all all kinds of pictures, picture frames and are receiving new goods every week that will interest you. Give us a call when in the city.

T. J. WEAVER & COMPANY,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

Pay your poll tax and qualify yourself as a voter in the election next year.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION

-----OF-----

COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JUNE 30th, 1903.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$21,216.78	Capital Stock.....	$10,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	1,560.00	Deposits.....	18,783.90
Cash and with other Banks	13,964.87	Rediscounts.....	7,897.75
	$36,681.65		$36,681.65

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. J. N. ROBERTSON, Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this July 1st, 1903.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM

Title and Guaranty Company.

LAND TITLES;
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE;
TITLES GUARANTEED.
A GENERAL TITLE BUSINESS.

—INSURANCE—

Fire, Plate Glass, Boiler,
Employers Liability, Accident Insurance.

J. K. BROCKMAN,
General Manager,
Birmingham, Ala.

W. R. LAWLEY,
Local Manager,
Columbiana, Ala.

NORTH CAROLINA CORN WHISKEY

AT $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 AND $3.00 PER GALLON.

DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.

Saving Middlemen's Profits.
All express charges paid by me
on packages of 2 gallons or more.

TERMS--CASH WITH ORDER.

Write for descriptive circulars. Reference commercial agencies or any merchant here.

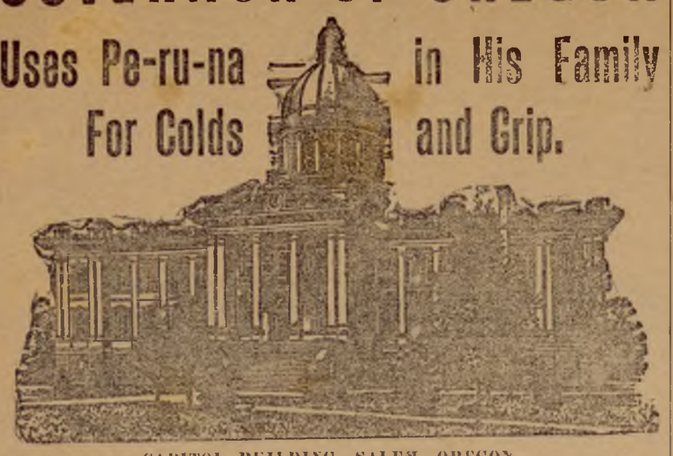
J. H. WOOLLEY

Cherryville, N. C.

CASH OR CREDIT
Cata-logue FREE.
PRICE
$33.50
IT WILL PAY YOU
to send for our Catalogue No. 6, quoting prices on Buggies, Harness, etc. We sell direct from our Factory to Consumers at Factory Prices. This guaranteed Buggy only $33.50; Cash or Easy Monthly Payments. We trust honest people located in all parts of the world.
Write for Free Catalogue.
CENTURY MFG. CO.
Mention this paper.
First St. Louis, Mo.
DEPT

GOVERNOR OF OREGON

Uses Pe-ru-na in His Family For Colds and Grip.



CAPITOL BUILDING, SALEM, OREGON.

A Letter From The Governor of Oregon.

Peruna is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Letters of congratulation and commendation testifying to the merits of Peruna as a catarrh remedy are pouring in from every State in the Union. Dr. Hartman is receiving hundreds of such letters daily. All classes write these letters, from the highest to the lowest.

The outdoor laborer, the indoor artisan, the clerk, the editor, the statesman, the preacher—all agree that Peruna is the catarrh remedy of the age. The stage and rostrum, recognizing catarrh as their greatest enemy, are especially enthusiastic in their praise and testimony.

Any man who wishes perfect health must be entirely free from catarrh. Catarrh is well nigh universal; almost omnipresent. Peruna is the only absolute safeguard known. A cold is the beginning of catarrh. To prevent colds, to cure colds, is to cheat catarrh out of its victims. Peruna not only cures catarrh, but prevents it. Every household should be supplied with this great remedy for coughs, colds and so forth.

The Governor of Oregon is an ardent admirer of Peruna. He keeps it continually in the house. In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman he says:

STATE OF OREGON, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Dear Sirs—I have had occasion to use your Peruna medicine in my family for colds, and it proved to be an excellent remedy. I have not had occasion to use it for other ailments.

Your very truly,
W. M. Lord.

It will be noticed that the Governor says he has not had occasion to use Peruna for other ailments. The reason for this is, most other ailments begin with a cold. Using Peruna to promptly cure colds, he protects his family against other ailments. This is exactly what every other family in the United States should do. Keep Peruna in the house. Use it for coughs, colds, la grippe, and other climatic affections of winter, and there will be no other ailments in the house. Such families should provide themselves with a copy of Dr. Hartman's free book, entitled "Winter Catarrh." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

Ask Your Druggist for a free Peruna Almanac for 1904.

WINCHESTER

RIFLE & PISTOL CARTRIDGES.

"It's the shots that hit that count." Winchester Rifle and Pistol Cartridges in all calibers hit, that is, they shoot accurately and strike a good, hard, penetrating blow. This is the kind of cartridges you will get, if you insist on having the time-tried Winchester make.

ALL DEALERS SELL WINCHESTER MAKE OF CARTRIDGES.

Popularity of Fencing.

Fencing among women promises to achieve a popularity this season never accorded the sport before by the fair devotees. Many competitions are scheduled which indicate women's appreciation of this excellent exercise, which can be indulged in by them without public displays, and without fear of acquiring "manny" characteristics. The Fencers' Club of New York offers to its female members advantages that tend to advance the game. The officers of the National Amateur Fencers' League of America contemplate a series of intercity team contests between the fencing clubs of New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Washington. The intercollegiate fencing championship will probably be held at the New York Athletic Club toward the end of the season. Little work has been done as yet in the college fencing clubs, but after Thanksgiving the series of college dual matches will begin. Columbia, Cornell, Yale, Harvard, University of Pennsylvania, West Point and Annapolis will all take an active part in the college fencing affairs this season.—H. P. Burchell, in Leslie's Weekly.

A cargo of 11,511 tons of Virginia coal is loading for Japan.

Miss Gannon, See'y Detroit Amateur Art Association, tells young women what to do to avoid pain and suffering caused by female troubles.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I can conscientiously recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to those of my sisters suffering with female weakness and the troubles which so often befall women. I suffered for months with general weakness, and felt so weary that I had hard work to keep up. I had shooting pains, and was utterly miserable. In my distress I was advised to use **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and it was a red letter day to me when I took the first dose, for at that time my restoration began. In six weeks I was a changed woman, perfectly well in every respect. I felt so elated and happy that I want all women who suffer to get well as I did." — MISS GUILA GANNON, 359 Jones St., Detroit, Mich., Secretary Amateur Art Association. — *$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

When one considers that Miss Gannon's letter is only one of the countless hundreds which we are continually publishing in the newspapers of this country, the great virtue of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine must be admitted by all.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box Atlanta, Ga.

BAD BREATH

"For months I had great trouble with my stomach and used all kinds of medicines. My tongue has been actually as green as grass, my breath having a bad odor. Two weeks ago a friend recommended Cascarets and after using them I can willingly and cheerfully say that they have entirely cured me. I therefore let you know that I shall recommend them to any one suffering from such troubles." Chas. H. Halpin, 109 Rivington St., New York, N.Y.

Best For The Bowels

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 506

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

A Boston physician's discovery which cleanses and heals all inflammation of the mucous membrane wherever located.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a douche it is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all disease germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

Thousands of letters from women prove that it is the greatest cure for leucorrhœa ever discovered.

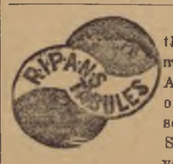
Paxtine never fails to cure pelvic catarrh, nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore mouth and sore eyes, because these diseases are all caused by inflammation of the mucous membrane.

For cleansing, whitening and preserving the teeth we challenge the world to produce its equal.

Physicians and specialists everywhere prescribe and endorse Paxtine, and thousands of testimonial letters prove its value.

At druggists, or sent postpaid 50 cts.

A large trial package and book of instructions absolutely free. Write The R. Paxton Co., Dept. 25 Boston, Mass.



Ripans Tabules are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Every illness arising from a disordered stomach is relieved or cured by their use. So common is it that diseases originate from the stomach it may be safely asserted there is no condition of ill health that will not be benefited or cured by the occasional use of Ripans Tabules. Physicians know them and speak highly of them. All druggists sell them. The five-cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion, and the Family Bottle, sixty cents, contains a household supply for a year. One generally gives relief within twenty minutes.

Keeley Cure Morphinism, Alcoholism, Tobacco Habit, and Neurasthenia readily yield to the Keeley treatment. Correspondence confidential. Write for pamphlet. Bell phone 493. Keeley Institute, 2720 Ave. D, Birmingham, Ala.

Am. 2, 1904.

CROUCH Marble and Granite Co.

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

MONUMENTS,

Vaults, Statuary, Headstones, etc., in any Granite or Marble.

Death Masks a Specialty.

(Mention this paper.) ATLANTA, GA.

UNKNOWN SO. AMERICA.

THERE ARE VAST REGIONS STILL UNEXPLORED BY WHITE MEN.

Mountains to Be Climbed and Forests to Be Penetrated—Interesting Discoveries Possible—Amazon Region Largely a Mystery—Hardships of Travel There.

Of all the continents, South America undoubtedly offers the greatest field to the adventurous traveler. "Explorers have gone up the rivers and come down again," a writer on the subject says, "but they have not penetrated any distance overland across the jungle-covered water sheds."

Never a month passes without an expedition leaving the confines of civilization and plunging into the heart of some unexplored region in South America. Little or nothing is heard of these expeditions, but each of them would furnish material for a thrilling book, if the adventurers cared to write about their experiences. Usually they do not.

They have other fish to fry. They are orchid hunters, gold prospectors, diamond seekers or government officials engaged in delimiting boundaries between the various republics and colonies of South America.

Three months, six months, a year, perhaps three years after they left the last settlement on the fringe of the unknown, half of them returned, tanned, haggard, half starved, fever stricken. The rest have been lost in the jungle, to perish of hunger and thirst; or drowned in the rapids of some mighty river, or killed by hostile Indians, jaguars, or sting rays.

The survivors always tell the same story:

"We have seen some wonderful things, but they were not even the thousandth part of that which lies beyond. We climbed such and such a mountain, ascended such and such a river, dwelt among such and such a tribe; but we heard of other mountains, other rivers, other tribes far stranger and more interesting in the remoter regions to which we could not pentrate.

Take, for example, the immense range of unknown mountains which runs along the hinterland of the three Guianas.

"The best known of these so-called inaccessible mountains is undoubtedly Roraima," said Eugene Andre of Trinidad, a well known explorer of Venezuela, Colombia and the Guianas. "Since the Spectator, in April, 1877, wrote, 'Will no one explore Roraima and bring us back the tidings which it has been waiting these thousands of years to give us?' the mountain has been ascended and the secrets of its summit laid bare. To the Quelch-McConnell expedition is due the honor of having performed the most valuable scientific work in the exploration of this interesting mountain.

"Considering that Roraima is only one of a whole series of such masses, the existence of some of which may not even be suspected, we can form some idea of what remains to be done in the exploration of this little known part of South America.

"When we consider, moreover, that the summits of these mountains are plateaus isolated from the surrounding country during countless ages, we cannot help thinking that each of them must be a field of absorbing interest to the naturalist and botanist."

Andre himself, in 1901, tried in vain to scale the mighty heights of Mount Ameha on the River Merevari, in Venezuela. This mountain has never been climbed, nor have its companions, Mount Arichi and Mount Arawa.

The country all around them is unknown, and so are the most distant Panama mountains, which are said to be the home of tribes of Indians utterly unlike any of those already known in South America.

In 1901 J. J. Quelch of Georgetown, British Guiana, one of the two Englishmen who climbed Mount Roraima, penetrated alone to the settlements of the Macusi Indians in the unexplored Kanaku mountains on the borderland between British Guiana and Brazil.

"I thought I was the first white man who had ever visited that region," said Mr. Quelch to his friends in Georgetown on his return, "but I found a couple of Germans settled on what is regarded as the British side of the frontier, although the Brazilians claim the territory as belonging to their republic.

"They told us that the Brazilian government had sent them, years before, to explore the country and introduce civilization among the Macusi Indians. But the Indians uncivilized them instead.

"They had taken native wives, renounced all their prospects of advancement under the Brazilian government, turned their backs forever on civilization, and were contentedly leading the peaceful, pastoral life of the Indians.

"These men spoke of some strange beasts which they called the Warakabra tigers. They said these tigers roamed about the country in large numbers, hunting in packs and attacking any animals, including human beings, that crossed their path. The Germans asserted that the only way to escape from these beasts was to get into running water, where they would not follow you."

Mr. Quelch's expedition was undertaken on behalf of the British Museum. He discovered several small mammals hitherto unknown to science. He also discovered a number of new orchids of wonderful beauty.

"But what I have found," he told his friends, "is nothing when compared with that which remains undiscovered in those regions. They are an inexhaustible mine for the botanist, the zoologist and the anthropologist."

The great republic of Brazil, with its area of nearly three and a quarter millions of square miles, is largely unexplored. The vast valley of the Amazon and its affluents, as well as those of many other great Brazilian rivers, are practically unknown.

In the Royal Geographical society's rooms in London there is a series of outline maps showing the unexplored and explored parts of the world. The former are black and the latter white. These maps represent the central part of South America as the least known section of any continent. A big black blotch indicates the Amazon river basin. Narrow white lines run through it here and there, showing where explorers have journeyed up the rivers. They have not been able to penetrate overland to any considerable distance and discover the mysteries of over a million square miles of jungle and mountain.

One of the best of all South American explorers, the Colombian General Rafael Reyes, speaking to an assembly of South American geographers in the city of of Mexico, recently said:

"In the extended forests in which cannibal savages were wandering when my brothers and I made our explorations only a few years ago, there exists today an important commerce of some tens of millions of dollars, and towns of thousands of inhabitants have been established."

His explorations extended over along period of years, and were made in conjunction with his brothers, Nestor and Henry Reyes. The three brothers succeeded in their main enterprise to discover a waterway navigable for steamers from Colombia to the Amazon—and they also found many unknown tribes of Indians. But they paid dearly for their heroism.

Henry died of malignant fever while exploring the Yabari river. Nestor, lost in the forest of Putumavo, was captured and devoured by cannibals; Rafael spent his fortune and ruined his health.

Rafael Reyes met President Roosevelt in Washington recently, and the latter said to him, speaking of central South America:

"That region is a new world, destined for the progress and the welfare of humanity."

There is much to be done before the country is even properly explored, to say nothing of its being commercially developed. The proposed intercontinental railway, which is to unite all the existing systems on the American continent, will doubtless have a powerful civilizing tendency. Already the surveyors for that road are throwing light on many dark corners of South America, and when their work is finished and every branch of the line is in working order, the unexplored section of the country will be much circumscribed.—Sun.

To Rule the Wave.

According to Lord Brassey, a Britisher who speaks with some knowledge of at least the rudiments of this big question, the United State will, at a day not distant, be the world's biggest naval power. Potentially, he says, it is already the greatest nation in sea strength. He means by this that the United States could in a few years, if it set out to do this, put a larger naval force on the sea than even Great Britain or France has, and could enlarge it and improve it to meet the changing conditions of naval worfare.

Of course, all this is true. The United State not only has more wealth than its two nearest competitors combined, the United Kingdom and France, but it is far better equipped than either or both in the way of coal and iron to build and maintain a vast navy on the modern lines. Its iron and steel manufactures are far ahead of those of any other country. In population, wealth and in the sum of its industrial activities the country is growing with much greater rapidity than is any other big state. We have no rivals in this vast field, and none is likely to appear.

This, however, does not mean that the United States is going to start out to surpass England in the size of its fighting force on the water. It has no such program in mind. Nevertheless, the work of building up an adequate navy will be pushed with vigor and intelligence until all our requirements in that direction are met. The navy of the United States is entirely a creation of the 20 years which have passed since President Arthur in 1883 put his signature to a measure which authorized the construction of the Boston, Chicago and Atlanta, which were the foundation of the country's new naval establishment. What the country has accomplished in this direction in the last two decades it can much more than duplicate in a single decade now if it tries. The possibilities in the way of naval expansion for the United States are virtually limitless.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Horse, Here's to Him.

Here's to that bundle of sentient nerves, with the heart of a woman, says the Rider and Driver, the eye of a gazelle, the courage of a gladiator, the docility of a slave, the proud carriage of a king, and the blind obedience of a soldier; the companion of the desert plain, that turns the moist furrows in the spring in order that all the world may have abundant harvest, that furnishes the sport of kings, that with blazing eyes and distended nostril fearlessly leads our greatest generals through carnage and renown, whose blood forms one of the ingredients that go to make the ink in which all history is written, and who finally, in black trappings, pulls the humblest of us to the newly sodded threshold of eternity.

A Thought for the Week.

Learning is acquired by reading books; but the much more necessary learning—the knowledge of the world—is to be acquired only by reading men and studying all their various editions. To know mankind requires fully as much attention and application as to know books, and perhaps more sagacity and discernment. I am at this time acquainted with many elderly people who have passed their whole lives in this great world, but with such levity and inatttention, that they know no more of it now than they did at 15. You must look into people, as well as look at them.—Lord Chesterfield's Letters to His Son.

Kindness.

Nothing upon earth is so singular as kindness; nothing so rare as sympathy; nothing so absolutely unique, wonderful and purely divine as ungrudging, unboastful, devoted, changeless love, that seeks nothing for itself, but freely gives up everything.—New York News.

The latest statistical estimates for the German Empire place the population at 58,549,000. From these figures it appears that the population has increased 1.46 percent in the last year.

COMMODORE NICHOLSON OF OUR NAVY

Recommends Pe-ru-na—Other Prominent Men Testify.

Commodore Somerville Nicholson, of the United States Navy, in a letter from 1837 R St., N. W., Washington, D. C., says:

"Your Peruna has been and is now used by so many of my friends and acquaintances as a sure cure for catarrh that I am convinced of its curative qualities, and I unhesitatingly recommend it to all persons suffering from that complaint."—S. Nicholson.

The highest men in our nation have given Peruna a strong endorsement. Men of all classes and stations are equally represented.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Ask Your Druggist for a free Peruna Almanac for 1904.

U.M.C.

New Club Shot Gun Shells

Are "Crow Killers."

Nitro Club and Arrow Shells are factory loaded with smokeless powder and reduce the amount of smoke, noise and recoil.

Catalogue Free.

THE UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE CO., BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

Agency, 313 Broadway, N. Y.

Our money winning books, written by men who know, tell you all about

Potash

They are needed by every man who owns a field and a plow, and who desires to get the most out of them.

They are *free*. Send postal card,

GERMAN KALI WORKS

New York—98 Nassau Street,

Atlanta, Ga.—22½ So. Broad St.

Avery & Company

SUCCESSORS TO AVERY & McMILLAN,

51-53 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

—ALL KINDS OF—

MACHINERY

Reliable Frick Engines. Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.

BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH.

Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors. Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.

CAPSICUM VASELINE

(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

A WONDERFUL INSECT.

Firefly Which Does Away With Need of Gas Light.

Have you ever heard of the cucujo? If you are one of those unfortunates who are in the habit of grumbling at gas bills you will wish that the place was swarming with cucujos, so that the gas companies might be circumvented. The cucujo is the firefly of the tropics, and is the most radiant of the whole tribe of light-giving insects or animals. Thirty-eight of them yield one candle-power.

Photographs have been printed by two minute exposure of bromide plates to their illumination. People in Cuba confine them in paper lanterns for going about the country at night or for indoor lighting. Sometimes they attach one of the insects to each foot for traveling in the dark to serve as a guide to the path. Also, they use them as ornaments for the dress and hair.

Cucujos are beetles beginning life as grubs. Skipjacks, or springtails, they are sometimes called, because when placed on their backs they jump over with a clicking sound.

A small species of the same family is found in Florida and Texas. They have two luminous spots on the thorax and another on the abdomen. Damp evenings are most favorable to the light-giving, the object of which is presumably to attract a mate. The young larvae feed largely on snails, to which their bite is poisonous. The luminous organs are developed before the insects leave the eggs.

Now, the theory formerly held was that these fireflies stored up light in the day time for emission at night, as is done by the so-called luminous paint of calcium sulphide. But it was found that they shone as brightly as ever after being confined for ten days in darkness. Some that were carried from Cuba to Havre in the pitch black hold of a vessel were brilliant on their arrival.

A more striking disproof, however, was afforded by a batch of larvae hatched in the dark from eggs laid in the dark in a piece of rotten wood, the young insects being kept in darkness for the first six months of their lives. They shone as brilliantly as any of the other fireflies.—Philadelphia Record.

Heart Disease and Mental Worry.

The influence of mental emotion on the heartbeat needs no special proof in our everyday experiences. When the organ is healthy the palpitation is the ordinary response to an extra stimulus and is necessarily transient in duration. In confirmed cardiac disease in which the valves are damaged or the heart walls dilated and weakened there is often great danger to life by over exertion, either physical or mental. It is the degree and continuousness of excitement which thus work so disastrously.—New York Herald.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Women laugh when they are in love for the same reason that cowards whistle—to keep up their courage.

No muss or failures made with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

A man never appreciates his insignificance until he attends his own wedding.

Teosinte and Billion Dollar Grass.

The two greatest fodder plants on earth, one good for 14 tons of hay and the other 80 tons green fodder per acre. Grows everywhere, so does Victoria Rape, yielding 60,000 lbs. sheep and swine food per acre. [A.C.L.]

JUST SEND 10C. IN STAMPS TO THE John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples.

Beware of the man who never did anything wrong. There's a first time for everything.

A Father's Worry.

Your poor wearied wife losing sleep night after night nursing the little one suffering from that night fiend for children and horror to parents, CROUP, should have a bottle of Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein, an undoubted croup preventive and cure for coughs, colds and consumption.

At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

It's impossible to convince a lazy man that there is such a thing as easy work.

Utah was the appropriate place for holding the recent irrigation congress. That is where the irrigation movement first began in this country. Sixty-six years ago Brigham Young dug a ditch and induced the clear waters of city creek to irrigate the alkaline soil of the Land of Desert, which now blooms and blossoms like the rose.

Coughing

"I was given up to die with quick consumption. I then began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I improved at once, and am now in perfect health."—Chas. E. Hartman, Gibbstown, N. Y.

It's too risky, playing with your cough.

The first thing you know it will be down deep in your lungs and the play will be over. Begin early with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and stop the cough.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

DO YOU STAMMER ?

If you do, write or come to see Dr. G. W. Randolph, who is the most successful voice teacher in the world. He cured hundreds of stammerers in Birmingham and Montgomery three years ago. He is indorsed by all leading papers. He will be at Belmont hotel, Birmingham, 19th street, until February 1st. He cures many by mail who cannot come in person.

COMPLETELY RESTORED.

Mrs. P. Brunzel, wife of P. Brunzel, stock dealer, residence 3111 Grand Ave., Everett, Wash., says: "For fifteen years I suffered with terrible pain in my back. I did not know what it was to enjoy a night's rest and arose in the morning feeling tired and unrefreshed. My suffering sometimes was simply indescribable. When I finished the first box of Doan's Kidney Pills I felt like a different woman. I continued until I had taken five boxes. Doan's Kidney Pills act very effectively, very promptly, relieve the aching pains and all other annoying difficulties."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

His Fears Realized.

A lad of Snid, Okla., in the geography class, was deeply interested in learning the points of the compass. Said the teacher: "You have in front of you the north, on your right the east and on your left the west. What have you behind you?"

After a few moments' reflection Charlie exclaimed: "A patch on my pants."

And to make the information more binding Charlie continued in a shamefaced manner: "I knew you'd see it; I told mamma you would."—New York Tribune.

May Build National Theatre.

A Breslau journal announces that Gerhart Hauptmann has a plan of building a national theatre, a la Baireuth, at Schreiberhau, in the Giant Mountains, where every summer about fifteen or twenty performances of German plays could be given.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Wealth of South Africa.

The numerous islands of Patagonia archipelago are covered with evergreen forests capable of supplying immense quantities of valuable timber, while the mountain ranges, being of the same geological formation as those of Chile and Peru are probably rich in mineral resources.

Want of Accuracy.

It is singular how much trouble is caused by the want of attention to detail. One day a man in Pittsburgh received a telegram from a friend who contemplated a visit to the city which read: "Meet me on the arrival of the train from Washington." It looks simple enough, but the man who received it swore. Funny, wasn't it? Why did he not go and meet his friend? "The train from Washington," said the man. "What train? What railroad? Day or night train? What day? What blooming idiots there are in the world."

An exceptional case? Possibly. Here is another: A woman was going from Pittsburgh to Memphis. She wrote to her sister in Memphis: "We will leave here Thursday morning and stay over night at Louisville with grandfather. Will leave there on Saturday morning and arrive at your home Friday evening." The sister at Memphis wrote back that the sister in Pittsburgh had things a little mixed. Luckily there was time to straighten out the snarl before the journey was undertaken, or the Pittsburgh woman would have arrived in a strange city with no one to meet her and direct her where to go.—Pittsburgh Times.

Army Remount Stations.

Members of the general staff of the army are considering the establishment of remount depots, where all horses and mules for use in the service may be received and trained before sent to various posts. The necessity for such depots has been urged by officers for some time, and Quartermaster-General Humphrey, and by other officers. Great breeding farms, where the government might carry on experiments in the raising of horses suited to the service, have been suggested, but this plan would require a large appropriation, and is not seriously considered. The general staff will doubtless agree on the location of several remount depots and give the proposed system for handling horses a trial. As most of the horses used by the army are supplied by the middle West, the depots will doubtless be in the Mississippi valley.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

A man seldom sees a perfect man without the aid of a mirror.

10,000 Plants For 10c.

This is a remarkable offer the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., makes. They will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine, solid Cabages,
2,000 delicious Carrots,
2,000 Blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

This great offer is made in order to induce you to try their warranted seeds—for when you once plant them you will grow no others, and

ALL FOR BUT 10C. POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c. in postage, they will add to the above a package of the famous Berliner Cauliflower. [A.C.L.]

Perhaps the time will come when the intelligence of the people will make politics unprofitable.

Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Nothing pleases the average woman so much as her ability to reverse a man's opinion.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE

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CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

JANUARY 7TH.

Mr. Morgan occupied the time of the senate in a reply to the speech of Mr. Lodge, delivered Tuesday. Mr. Morgan again criticised the president and the attitude of this government in connection with the Panama republic. He introduced numerous newspaper extracts to bear out his contention that the revolution was assisted by officers and citizens of the United States.

Mr. Morgan said that if the United States should withdraw from the isthmus Colombia would quickly drive out the few revolutionists and their supporters.

Mr. Morgan in opening said he proposed to have the ayes and nays on various propositons advanced in his resolution; that the debate on the resolution had not controverted any of these propositions, nor had the debate been directed to any question touching upon the merits of the resolution.

The senate in executive session ordered the printing of the testimonial introduced before the military affairs committee in the investigation of charges against the confirmation of Brigadier General Wood to be major general. The brief made by Senator Foraker, setting forth the views of the majority, also will be printed.

The senate decided not to make the documents public.

Representative Burnett, of Alabama, favorably reported from the public lands committee the bill turning over about 90,000 acres of the public lands of Alabama to the common school system of the state. The bill is amended so as to protect certain settlers who homesteaded through mistake.

A prominent democratic senator said: "Study on the engineering features of the Panama route have convinced me that no one now living will ever see a canal constructed by that route."

Senator Fairbanks presented to the senate the favorable report of the committee on foreign relatons on the extradition treaty between the United States and The Netherlands.

The house was in session but twenty minutes. Mr. Hemenway, chairman of the committee on appropriations, obtained unanimous consent that one hour be devoted at the opening of tomorrow's session to the consideration of a bill amending the act appropriating $500,000 for the eradication of foot and mouth disease among cattle, so as to make $250,000 of that amount available to meet the emergency caused by the Mexican boll weevil. The bill was favorably reported today.

JANUARY 8TH.

Alleged postoffice frauds were under discussion in the senate, the subject being opened by a set speech by Mr. Simmons, of North Carolina, who insisted there should be an investigation by the senate into the charges. Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, denied that the republicans were trying to cover up any wrong in the postoffice department.

The republican contention was that there had been a thorough investigation by the postoffice department, and that a senate investigation was now being pressed by the democrats for partisan purposes. The democrats insisted that there were facts and charges that the republicans were trying to smother.

The senate adjourned until Monday.

When the senate met Mr. Scott, of West Virginia, offered a joint resolution providing for an investigation of the Darien canal route. He made a brief speech in support of the proposition for a sea level canal, stating that such a waterway would be only thirty miles in length.

The house made available the sum of $250,000 to be used to meet the emergency caused by the ravages of the cotton boll weevil and other insects, and diseases affecting cotton. The measure was adopted without division, meeting general support. The sum is to be diverted from the half million dollars appropriated last year to eradicate the foot disease among cattle.

One hundred and fifteen bills were passed in twenty minutes.

JANUARY 11TH.

Senator Scott, of the senate committee on military affairs, has submitted in executive session of the senate a review of the evidence introduced by the committee in the hearing on the nomination of Brigadier General Wood to be a major general.

He prefaced his remarks with the statement that confirmation to so high a position as that of major general should be made with due deliberation, and the person to be confirmed should be highly qualified and in every way worthy and above suspicion.

The senate, in executive session, laid on the table the motion to reconsider the confirmation of the nomination of W. I. Buchanan to be minister to Panama. By this action Mr. Buchanan has now full powers to act for this government in all diplomatic exchanges between the United States and the new republic.

The house adjourned early out of respect to the memory of the late Representative Skiles, of Ohio.

The house unanimously adopted a resolution calling upon the attorney general for a full report on the disposition of the five hundred thousand dollars appropriation by congress for the enforcement of the Sherman anti-trust law.

The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, the great salary bill of the government, was reported and carries $28,258,395, which is $94,680 in excess of the appropriation for the current year and $1,452,805 less than the aggregate.

Banker Dead.

By the death of W. C. O'Neal, president of the American National bank of Pensacola, Fla., and of the Enterprise Banking company, of Enterprise, Ala., Florida loses a wealthy citizen and a great deal of litigation is ended.

A few months ago he became engaged in a difficulty with a man who held the position of referee in bankruptcy and struck him. On the claim that it was for the latter's official acts, he was imprisoned for contempt of court. He was active in pushing impeachment charges against Judge Swayne.

He died of heart trouble, and it is supposed that this was induced by worry over his imprisonment and the impeachment charges.

Mr. O'Neal was vice president of the National bank of Dothan, Ala., and director of the banks of Marion, Fla., and Greenville and Andalusia, Ala., and of the Montgomery, Ala., Street Railway company.

Lengthened the Hours.

A unanimous decision was reached by the cabinet Friday that the hours of labor for government employees shall be from 9 a. m. until 4:30 p. m., a half hour of that time being allowed for luncheon. The new regulation went into effect Monday.

The question was raised by the appropriations committees of the house and senate on applications made to them for additional clerks. It was pointed out by the committees that the law distinctly provides that employees should work seven hours a day, and that, under the present system, the government was getting only six and a half hours of labor. The committees urged that, as a matter of economy, the present employes ought to be required to work full seven hours.

The decision affects 100,000 employes, and adds 114 1-2 hours of labor annually to each employe's time.

FOUR RESIDENCES BURNED.

Early Tuesday morning in Birmingham, Ala., fire destroyed the residence of Dr. F. F. Snedecor, the adjoining house of C. B. Ratliff and the kindergarten of Miss Williams were totally destroyed, and the residence of John Lewis was badly damaged.

The total loss will amount to nearly $20,000, covered by about $12,000 insurance.

The fire originated in the Ratliff house, which was nearly complete. It is supposed to have started from a fire which was built on one of the hearths for the purpose of drying the plastering on the walls, although this is not positively known to be a fact.

Supposed Suicide.

The remains of the farmer, "Doc" Slaton, of Valley Head, who in a fit of mental hallucination some four months ago left home, declaring that he was going away to kill himself, were found in the woods Monday.

When found the body was horribly mutilated by hogs, and there was but little left save the skeleton. There was evidence of a bullet hole through the skull. The coat and overcoat were on the ground some little distance from the body. The pistol with all the chambers empty except one was lying on the ground not far from the body. The inference is that Slaton carried out his threat and shot himself.

Machen Case Called.

The cases of August W. Machen, former general superintendent of the free delivery service, Samuel A. and Diller B. Groff, of Washington city, and Mr. and Mrs. George E. Lorenz of Toledo, all of whom are charged with defrauding the government by conspiracy in connection with the sale of box fasteners to the postoffice, were called for trial Monday in Washington. Many witnesses are on hand and it is probable the trial will proceed without further delay.

Captain R. P. Hobson has announced that he will oppose J. H. Bankhead for congress from the sixth Alabama district.

A $90,000 bond issue for the construction of a court house upon the site of the building recently burned at Meridian, Miss., has been awarded to the First National bank of that city. The bonds run for twenty years and bear 5 per cent interest. They sold at a premium of $4,225.

The steamer Rees Pritchard struck a snag and sank in the Mississippi near Satartia. No lives were lost. **An effort will be made to raise the sunken steamer.**

The steamer Connasauga, Captain George Gould, struck a snag about 2 miles above Gadsden, Ala., and she is now resting on the bottom of the river. No lives were lost and all of the cargo was saved.

A Philadelphia physician is bleaching negroes by the use of the X-ray. He says the treatment is painless and the result permanant.

Kingston is seeking incorporation.

Five men are indicted in the Pineapple case.

NEW INDUSTRIES.

ALABAMA.

Birmingham—$100,000 stove and hardware company; land company.
Clayton—Cotton gin.
Guntersville—Onyx mine (near).
Huntsville—Barrel heading factory.
Montgomery—$50,000 paint factory.
Union Springs—Ice and cold storage plant.

GEORGIA.

Atlanta—$10,000 bottling works; $100,000 engineering company.
Fort Valley—Fertilizer factory.
Fort Valley—Machine shops to be rebuilt.
Lawrenceville—Broom factory.
Moultrie—$75,000 lumber company.

LOUISIANA.

Crowley—$100,000 rice mill.
New Orleans—$120,000 sugar mill and refinery.
Welsh—$30,000 oil company.

MISSISSIPPI.

Baker—Saw mill and spoke factory.
Marks—Saw mill.
New Albany—Cotton mill.
Poplarville—Canning factory.

MISOURI.

St. Louis—Foundry company; two furniture factories; carriage and wagon factory.

TENNESSEE.

Bradford—Saw mill; grist mill.
Chattanooga—$20,000 sash and door company.
Memphis—Sash and door factory.
Monterey—$100,000 coal mining company.
Newsom's Station—$20,000 quarrying company.
Paris—Telephone company.
Rogersville—Saw mill.

TEXAS.

Burton—Oil company.
Channing—$30,000 lumber company.
Corsicana—$100,000 lumber company.
Dallas—$30,000 mill and elevator company.
El Paso—Oil company; oil company.
Fort Worth—$10,000 hardware company.
Granbury—$20,000 hardware company.
Houston—Syrup refinery; $20,000 loan and investment company.
Marlin—$25,000 lumber company.
Midland—$10,000 telephone company.
Nacodoches—$10,000 development company.
Rockdale—$10,000 hardware company.
Saratoga—Electric light and power plant.
San Antonio—$15,000 oil company.
Waco—$100,000 manufacturing company.

Tom Armour Killed.

An attempt at arrest of both Tom and Harrison Armour was made in a house near Boaz, where the men were at breakfast. Tom jumped behind a chimney corner and opened fire on the officers, who riddled him with buckshot. During the melee Harrison escaped. He was tracked for three miles, but not overtaken.

Tom Armour, wanted on a charge of killing William Little at Morris, Ala., several months ago, was killed at Boaz Monday afternoon by a deputy sheriff who was attempting to arrest him. Warrants for Harrison and Tom Armour, charged with the murder of Little, have been out for some time and rewards of $250 for the capture of either of the men were offered.

The sale of the foundry plant of the Bates Metal company, of Birmingham, Ala., to the Ajax company of Philadelphia for $72,169 has resulted in a confusion of reports concerning an alleged leakage from the storekeeping department of the Southern railway. No such shortage exists, it is claimed.

Santos Dumont has arrived in the United States and will contest for the world's fair prize of $100,000 for an air ship.

Admiral Evans, who commands the Asiatic squadron, has been ordered from Guam to the Philippines. The official explanation is that the step is taken in order that the absence of the American war ships from northern Asiatic waters may serve as evidence of the strict neutrality of the United States in any conflict between Russia and Japan.

Cuban Senate.

On Monday the Cuban senate, after cleaning up legislative business and being in readiness to adjourn until spring, rushed the ratification of the so-called parliament treaty with the United States. There was no debate and the vote was taken by a show of hands.

The treaty includes all the provisions of the Platt amendment verbatim. This was the proposition of the Cuban government made because of the desire to eventually eliminate the amendment from the legislation and so remove the cause of the constant criticism of the makers of the constitution for accepting such an amendment from the United States.

Bids for the Philippine friar lands bonds were opened at the state department Monday. The highest bid for the purchase of the entire issue of $7,000,000 was from Harvey Fisk & Sons, 107.77. There were eighty bidders in all. This figure is lower than the bonds at first were expected to bring. However, it is stated that it is in excess of the estimates of some of the Wall street financiers.

JAPAN MOVES IN FAR EAST

Increasing Evidence in Tokio of Important Development.

RUSSIA GATHERS HER FLEET

Orders For Cruisers to Receive Their Armaments and Proceed East — Czar Sends Instructions Regarding Reply to Viceroy Alexieff—Said to Contain Terms Satisfactory to Japan.

London, England.—A special dispatch from Tokio says there is increasing evidence there of the imminence of some important development in the Far East.

The first authentic news of the date of the Russian reply to Japan reached Baron Hayashi, the Japanese Minister to Great Britain, through the Associated Press dispatch on the subject from St. Petersburg. The Minister said the reception of Russia's propositions would entirely depend on how nearly they assimilated with the Japanese terms, from which it would be extremely hard for Japan to recede.

He added that orders have been sent to Genoa to hoist the Japanese ensign over the new war ships Kasaga and Niasin, recently purchased by Japan from Argentina.

Mr. Balfour, the Prime Minister, passed a few hours in London on his way to Chatsworth to attend the meeting of the National Defense Committee, which, however, is said not to be connected with the Far Eastern situation.

Bizerta, Tunis.—The Russian cruiser Aurora has gone to Piraeus to salute Queen Olga on her return to Greece from St. Petersburg.

It is thought Admiral Wirenius and his entire Russian naval division will sail for Suez. The division comprises the armored cruisers Demitri Donskoi and Oslayba, the protected cruiser Aurora, a dispatch boat destined for Viceroy Alexieff and eleven torpedo boat destroyers of the latest model, having a speed of twenty-six knots. The personnel of the division consisted of 3500 officers and men. The orders to Admiral Wirenius were to conduct the division to the Far East and then to proceed by the trans-Siberian Railroad to St. Petersburg to assume the duties of under chief of the naval staff.

Moscow, Russia.—The Russian cruiser Saratoff has been ordered to Sebastopol to receive her armament and proceed with all haste to Port Arthur. The cruiser Oral has been ordered to remain at Odessa until she receives her armament.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—Russia's reply to Japan is now in the hands of the Viceroy, Admiral Alexieff, for him to deliver when he considers the fitting moment has arrived.

Russia has not at all given up the idea of a peaceful issue, all depending upon whether Japan is in earnest in her declarations to the government regarding her desire for peace, which is beginning here to be much doubted in view of her extensive war preparations. These are daily being announced.

As to whether Russia's reply will be acceptable to Japan no one can tell. It has been calmly and carefully considered, and from Russia's point of view frames terms which Japan can accept with honor, and she must take the very gravest responsibility by refusing them. The next word lies with Japan, and accordingly the question of peace or war rests in her hands.

Tokio, Japan.—War preparations continue, but the government seems determined to avoid the opening of a conflict, and for this purpose the note sent to the powers was intended to show that the responsibility rested on Russia.

The government is proceeding very cautiously, and unless Russia gives undue provocation it is possible that peace may continue for some time. The preparations made by the government are, however, sufficient to convince the populace of a determination to fight if necessary. The popular clamor has somewhat subsided, although many support the proposition to seize and declare a protectorate over Korea.

GENERAL LONGSTREET DEAD.

Leaves But One Great Confederate Leader Living.

Atlanta, Ga.—General Longstreet, soldier, statesman and diplomat, and the last Lieutenant-General of the Confederate Army, with the exception of General Gordon, died in Gainesville, Ga., from an attack of acute pneumonia. He had been ill two days.

General Longstreet was a sufferer from cancer of one eye, but his general health had been good until recently, when he was seized with a sudden cold, developing later into pneumonia of violent nature. He was eighty-four years old. He is survived by his wife, two sons and a daughter.

BOODLE INDICTMENTS.

Bench Warrants in Milwaukee For Arrest of the Accused.

Milwaukee, Wis.—The Grand Jury which is investigating alleged corruption in Milwaukee city and county governments returned indictments against the following:

Fred Heiden, Jr., former inspector of House of Correction, two indictments; ex-Alderman Charles H. Havenor, Charles J. Jungman and Charles Cooke; Aldermen George Meridith, William Zimmerman and Valentine Jesion and Supervisor Albert G. Dade. Bench warrants have been issued.

Firemen Save 600 Girls.

Panic and possible loss of life was averted by the activity of the Fire Department at the textile mills of William T. Smith & Sons, at Philadelphia, Pa., where 500 to 600 girls are employed. All were rescued from the fire escapes.

Montreal Club Burns.

Fire destroyed the house of the Mt. Royal Club, a leading social organization of Montreal, Can. Frank Hutt, a fireman, twenty-one years old, was killed, and six persons were injured.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

President Roosevelt has pardoned Robert F. Ashley, serving a two-year sentence in the Southern Illinois penitentiary for passing counterfeit money.

The District Criminal Court has overruled the demurrers to two of the three indictments against former Assistant Attorney-General James N Tyner and Harrison J. Barrett, growing out of the postal investigation.

Minister Allen, at Seoul, has advised the State Department that the Empress Dowager of Korea died on the morning of January 2.

The War Department has decided to mount the great sixteen-inch breech-loading rifle now at Sandy Hook on a disappearing carriage of the same type as that now used in the service.

A cable message to the Navy Department announces the arrival of the gunboat Vicksburg at Chemulpo, Korea.

The Department of Agriculture announces that commercial estimates indicate that the orange crops now coming on the market will be the largest ever produced in the United States.

The Navy Department received a telegram from Rear-Admiral Sands, at Key West saying that the torpedo boat destroyer Lawrence, while at anchor at Key West, was rammed by the passenger steamboat Olivette. He says that a report will follow later.

President Roosevelt sent a message of sympathy on the recent fire catastrophe to people of Chicago through Mayor Harrison.

Associate Justice Brown, of the Supreme Court, will probably be retired by special act of Congress if he does not regain his sight.

Secretary Moody will remain at the head of the Navy Department until the end of the present Administration, according to his present intentions.

Secretary Root will give a reception and dinner on January 29 in honor of Governor Taft, who is now on his way from the Philippines.

The German Ambassador and the Baroness von Sternburg, accompanied by the latter's sister, Miss Ivy Langham, will attend the German-American ball in Philadelphia, which takes place on February 8.

Two mountain batteries, one at Fort Leavenworth and the other at Fort Riley, have been ordered by the War Department to be in readiness to proceed to Panama immediately.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

General Ricarte, the recently returned exile from Guam, now in hiding in the Philippines, has written a letter outlining a new revolution.

Perez, a former Secret Service man, who saved the life of General Smith in an attack from ambush, has been garroted with two companions for murder.

Governor Hunt, of Porto Rico, has received advices from Washington countermanding the order to dismount the remaining mounted Porto Rican troops.

Lieutenant Elmer B. Melton, of the Philippine constabulary, has committed suicide.

The transport Zafiro, with Captain Matthews' company of marines, has left Manila on its way to Seoul, Korea.

Fire in the Pueblo of Calumpit destroyed 250 homes. Several lives were lost and 1000 persons were rendered homeless.

The Philippines Commission has appropriated $75,000 for the expenses of an honorary board of commissioners, composed of fifty Filipinos, to visit the St. Louis Exposition and the principal cities.

The Supreme Court of the Philippines has confirmed the sentence of death imposed on four natives who butchered three marines in September, 1902.

The vessels of the Asiatic squadron, under command of Rear-Admiral Evans, sailed from Honolulu for Manila by way of Guam.

DOMESTIC.

The Amalgamated Association's contract with the Carnegie Company at Mingo Junction, O., has been cancelled and the men will make individual contracts.

The strike of chandelier makers, brass molders and polishers in the General Fixture Company's plant at Chicago, Ill., has spread until 1500 men are now out.

Arrested on a charge of defrauding the United States out of thousands of acres of land, John A. Benson was released in $10,000 bail in New York City.

After eighteen hours' deliberation the jury hearing the $50,000 personal damage suit of Miss Inga Hanson against the City Railway Company, at Chicago, Ill., returned a verdict for the company.

Convicted of sending threatening letters to the Northern Pacific Railway Company, Isaac Gravell was sentenced at Helena, Mont., to ten years in jail and to pay a $5000 fine.

With bullet holes through their heads Alford and Hayden Johnson, brothers, were found dead in Inez, Ky., the result of a drunken row on the highway.

FOREIGN.

John Redmond has announced the intention of the Irish members of Parliament to open an active fight for home rule.

The National Directorate of the United Irish League at Dublin, Ireland, has passed resolutions in favor of home rule and the maintenance of the national organization in full power.

A treaty of commerce and navigation has been completed between Cuba and Italy.

The natives of Parrhaven, German New Guina, November 14 massacred two Europeans, two Chinese and ten friendly natives. Twenty-five of the hostiles were killed subsequently.

At a secret session of the Peruvian Congress the treaty of arbitration for a settlement of the boundary dispute between Peru and Bolivia was approved.

A dispatch from Urmia, Persia, reports that an attack on the Jews, which had been planned by the Persian population, was frustrated by the energetic intervention of the Russian Vice-Consul.

As a result of the American mission to Abyssinia, a treaty with the United States has been signed by Emperor Menelik.

SOUTHERN FARM NOTES.

TOPICS OF INTEREST TO THE PLANTER, STOCKMAN AND TRUCK GROWER.

The Strawberry Crop.

There is no market garden crop about which I get more letters of inquiry than the strawberry. The great extension of the culture of the strawberry along the South Atlantic coast and the general profitableness of the crop has led to the planting of wide areas. Strawberries are rarely profitable on high and dry soil. Moisture in the soil seems to be of more importance than even the amount of plant food it may contain, and a moist soil can be more heavily fertilized than a dry one, because of the immediate solution of the food contained in the application. Hence in the South the culture has centred in those sections where the soil is naturally black and filled with humus, and the permanent water table is not far down in the land. Few realize how deep a strawberry root will permeate in a mellow subsoil in search of moisture. Having the proper soil, and such soil abounds in the coast country from Maryland and southward, the grower can afford to treat it liberally. Size, firmness and showy color are what he is after, and the fertilization of the soil has a great deal to do with these. An excess of nitrogen will produce a rank growth and large berries, but is apt to result in berries too soft for shipment, hence great care must be taken in the compounding of a fertilizer for the strawberry. As a preparation for the planting of the crop there is nothing superior to a heavy growth of cowpeas during the summer. In order to get this heavy growth and the fixation of organic nitrogen before the planting it will pay well to use some mineral fertilizers on the pea crop. Four hundred pounds per acre of acid phosphate and muriate of potash mixed in proportion of five parts of the first to one of the last named will give a heavy crop of peas. In ordinary farming we consider it a matter of economy to mow the peas for hay and feed them to stock. But as a preparatory crop to a fine growth of strawberries it pays to be a little more lavish with the peas and let them die on the land and then turn them under in preparing the land for the berry crop. The best time to set the plants after the peas is in November or December. The soil is then moist and droughts are over and they get the advantage of the buried peas which could not be had earlier. Planted at this time we cannot of course expect much in the way of crop the first spring. In fact it would be better if all the blossoms be taken off and the plants not allowed to fruit at all. In planting I make furrows four feet apart, and in these furrows scatter 500 pounds per acre of the following mixture. Acid phosphate, 1000 pounds; dried blood or fish scrap, 700 pounds; muriate of potash, 300 pounds. Two furrows are lapped over these, making sharp ridges. These are rolled down nearly flat, and the plants are set fifteen inches apart on the flattened ridges. In the spring I add 500 pounds more of the following: Acid phosphate, 900 pounds; dried blood or fish scrap, 600 pounds; nitrate of soda, 100 pounds, and muriate of potash, 400 pounds. A similar dressing is given in the fall, and during the season of cultivation the runners are treated in along the rows to make a matted row the following spring when they bear their heaviest crop. During the winter a plenty of pine leaves are gathered, and in the early spring these are placed between the rows for the double purpose of keeping the fruit clean and having them at hand to pull over the plants in case frost threatens when they are in bloom. In the South Atlantic coast no winter mulching is necessary. In fact it would be harmful by delaying the starting of the plants. Some growers would use the nitrate of soda more heavily in the spring, but I have found that while it makes larger berries it is apt to make them soft. After the field has made one heavy crop it is best to plow it down after the fruit is off and plant in other crops, in the meantime having another plantation coming on. In fact the planting every year is the only way to keep up the production of the finest fruit to the top notch, and the planting of a new plantation is cheaper than to attempt to keep an old field clean of grass. Some growers set the plants in August and September and grow them strongly so as to get a fair crop the following season. But this necessitates heavier fertilization and does away with the getting of the pea crop to help out. I prefer to use the peas and to plant in December.—W. F. Massey, Editor of Practical Farmer.

Packing and Shipping Peaches.

[The following article was prepared and read by Mr. J. E. List, of Cohutta, Ga., at the recent meeting of the East Tennessee Horticulturists.]

The subject assigned me to-day is one rather hard to put into words, because practical plans and directions must be varied to suit the many conditions. The one thing to keep in mind always, however, is to make the fruit look as attractive as possible, because on that depends the chances of sales, especially if the market happens to be crowded with fruit. Really the work begins away back before the orchard is set in choosing varieties that will do well with the conditions you propose and attention you are able to give them, varieties which are popular in the markets you propose to enter.

If we go into any of the different shipping sections we find that the growers use and the markets seem to demand different styles of packages and packing. For instance, we find all California, Oregon and Idaho peaches and plums put up in boxes. I think these boxes are intended to hold ten pounds of fruit. In Michigan they use small baskets of various sizes holding from twelve to twenty-five pounds of fruit, and they will also load a large quantity of bushel and half-bushel baskets. This last style and the five-eighths baskets used in Maryland and Delaware have the merit of being very easy to pack. In fact, I think they are mostly filled up direct from the trees by the pickers and hauled to the cars without going to the peach shed at all.

In this section and with our markets it is probable that the common six-basket crate is the most satisfactory package we can use, but in Mississippi and Texas they prefer a flat crate with four baskets.

But the packing and the handling of them is very much the same.

You will need a packing shed as well located as you can get it with regard to your roads, outlets, etc., and should be as large and convenient as you can get it, if you have any considerable acreage in orchard. This is best on account of having plenty of room on the ground for working and setting the baskets of fruit; as it sometimes happens that we have several hundred baskets of fruit rushed in under cover to avoid rain, or if the packing gets behind for any reason. Then, again, it is very handy to have several days' supply of crates at hand and made up beforehand if possible. These can be stored overhead and brought down as needed. Also order a good supply of picking baskets and then double the order, as you will sometimes need them to keep things from being checked by complaints of "no baskets."

As for the actual packing, can only say that the idea is to get the baskets nicely rounded up so that they will just be right when the lid is nailed down on them. Always try to have all the peaches on the top of the crate so that they will not shake about and thereby bruise both themselves and the fruit they touch. Also get an average peach in color and appearance on top of the crate, and in practice we soon get in the habit of using fruit of finest color and appearance for this purpose. Handle the fruit carefully; have all wagons with springs, also with covers to keep off sunshine and dust in fair weather and rain when we have showers.

As to shipping, we do not do what we want to do generally, but what we can do. In small quantities, unless you can load with some one and thus make up a car load, you will have to use express and such service as they choose to give you, as local freights are too slow. If you can load cars the refrigerator people will likely be on hand to arrange the placing of the fruit in the cars.

As to the selling, can only give the general advice to sell as quick as you can and be as sure as you can to get your money. Get it, if possible, before the fruit leaves your possession, unless you know you are dealing with reliable and honest people.

Hog Eating Chickens.

In reply to a reader's inquiry in regard to a remedy for hogs eating chickens, Dr. Tait Butler writes The Progressive Farmer as follows:

"In reply to inclosed inquiry, I am compelled to state that I know of no way of breaking hogs of the habit of eating chickens when once formed. Good feeding, with variety of food, forming a properly balanced ration, may lessen the desire for "chicken," and would no doubt have a tendency to prevent the formation of the bad habit, but when the taste for chickens is once well established, hogs are likely to continue to gratify it whenever the opportunity is offered, despite all efforts to restrain them."

Brains on the Farm.

One thing is sure: never will the resources of North Carolina be thoroughly developed until cultivated brain takes it in charge. There is a wide scope—the minerals, the vast forest timbers, and the farming interest; the diversity of crops and the manner of their cultivation at half the cost of the present day. The idea of a man failing at all other professions and thinking himself an expert on the farm is a mistake.—R. R. Moore, Guilford County, N. C.

Mrs. Hobson Dying.

A special from Boulder Colo., says:

"The mother of Captain Richmond P. Hobson is dying at the home of Shirley Davis, of Boulder, and her son has been telegraphed to come.

"Mrs. Hobson is 60 years of age and has been an invalid for twenty years."

Clanton, Ala., held its municipal election Monday and J. Osmond Middleton was elected mayor and the following were elected councilmen: W. I. Mullins and J. M. Potts from the east side, and W. M. Wilson and F. G. Rollins from the west side.

On a plea of guilty of peonage, Samuel M. Tyson, of Coffee county, was fined $1,000 by Federal Judge Thomas G. Jones.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBose, - - - - Editor
Geo. D. Campbell, - - Manager

COLUMBIANA, ALA.
Thursday, Jan. 14, 1904

Entered in the post-office at Columbiana Ala., as second class matter.

ANNOUCEMENTS.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county.

D. R. McMILLAN.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce E. S. Lyman as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, s bject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. O'Hara a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the primary to be held next year.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county.

WALTER E. LESTER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

W. A. THOMPSON.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

The many friends of T. J. Martin in Beat 10, announce him a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk, subject to Democratic primary.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis, announces himself a cnadidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

J. M. Ray, of Wilsonville, announce himself a cand ate for the office of Tax Collector o Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of J. E. Adams in Beat Eleven, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

W. R. WEAVER.

R. J. Griffin, of Maylene, is a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county subject to the action of the democratic primary.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR

W. C. Benton, of Silura, announces himself a candidate for Taz Assessor of Shelby county subject tothe action of the democtatic party.

CALERA'S DESPERATION.

Calera, in her desperate efforts to meet and do away with the knock out arguments that are being made against removal of the county seat from columbiana to calera, is resorting to all kinds of misrepresentations and frauds. One of these is in reference to the court house at Dadeville, Tallapoosa county. The Calera News calera's court house organ, the sheet that is published out and out in Sylacauga, has a cut, a pic ture of the court house in Dadeville. Under this picture is a statement that this court house only cost $12,000. A rather lengthy editorial is written up concerning it. In this editorial and all the references to it, it is called a new court house. The argument is made that this Dadeville court house is good enough for Shelby county, and if Tallapoosa county can have such a court house built for $12,000 Shelby county can.

J. R. White, chairman of the Columbiana court house committee wrote to Hon. J. J. Harlan, Judge of Probate, Tallapoosa county for all facts in the case pertaining to the court house in Dadeville. The following is Judge Harlan's letter in answer to Mr. White:

Dadeville, Ala., Jan. 8, 1904.
Mr. J. R. White,
Columbiana, Ala.

Dear Sir:—I take pleasure in answering yours of the 6th inst. Yes, we have built a courthouse not entire ly new, for we had one that was well built some years ago, and the business had grown until we did not have room enough. We saved a part of the old one, viz., the end walls were torn out almost to the ground, (on account of changing windows, etc.) The side walls were preserved, only they were cut out below and above to get halls. The frame work of the roof was left, only it is covered with slate as all the building is. We made good room on each side the building, have fire proof vaults for probate office, register in chancery, and clerk. Have large grand jury room, two jury rooms, witness room, room for ladies, these are all in the upper story level with the court room. There was in the contract furniture for court room ($1,000) tower 98 feet high, clock in tower $800 water works on simple plan, by wind mill in well to supply water to tank for two urinals in building. We paid $20,000. Very truly,

J. J. Harlan,

Now, voters of Shelby county, the above is an illustration of the plans and schemes being resorted to by the calera court house workers to carry their point. They unequivocally have misrepresented the facts in relation to the Dadeville court house, and they have been caught up with most beautifully. The great expense of building the court house and jail is influencing and very naturally and properly should influence a great many to vote against removal. They, Calera, must meet this. The many ways she is trying to do it, are both amuseing and disgusting. She undertakes to make you believe that the building of the court house and jail is a mere matter of moon shine, and to prove this, brings in this exaggerated miserably misrepresented statement as to the Dadeville court house. Think of it voters, to make the picture of this fine court house calling it new out and out, and then tell you that it cost $12,000, when Judge Harlan, the probate judge of the county and the presiding officer of the commissioners court tells you that they have not built a new court house; that they have only built an addition to the old court house—in other words, improved and repaired the old one—and that this addition cost the county $20,000 instead of $12,000! We were in hopes that this election would run on smoothly, and that it would be determined on the real merits entering into the matter. But calera knows they cannot win by fair methods, and they are trying the frauds again, and these fraudulent methods have never won in Shelby county---not even when they stole a bill through the legislature removing the court house without letting the people of the county have even a say so in it.

CAPS THE CLIMAX.

Ha! ha! Calera has posted her hired men throughout the county to tell the voters that they need not be afraid of having to pay any taxes for building a court house and jail in Calera; that if they will vote the court house to calera, calera will pay $30,000 towards building and equipping a court house and jail. One statement says $30,000 and one $10,000. This is too ludricrous for anything Why Calera could not, if she wouid pay the tenth part of either of these amounts, and as there is not, and would not be any legal obligation on her to pay a cent, don't you know that she will not pay it. In the first place she could not pay these, or any amounts towards the erection of these county buildings, if she were diposed, and, in the second place, she would not do it if she could. This will not make her a single vote either.

FRAUD AGAIN!

Calera is industriously circulating the report among the voters and tax payers of the county that Columbiana is taking money out of the county treasury to pay the poll tax of voters in order to qual ify them to vote in the court house election, and to secure their votes for columbiana. This is not only a black falsehood of the deepest die, but is an insult to the intelligence of the voters of the county. Every sensible man knows that to pay the poll tax for a man now will not qualify him to vote in the court house election; that under the law in order to vote in the court house election he must have paid the poll tax of 1901 and 1902. and must have paid it on or before February 1st 1903. This steal would be an absolutely useless one, and we apprehend that there are not many in this county but recognize this as but a repetition of calera's old methods. When their methods reach to the extent that they actually steal court houses, it is not to be wondered at that they should resort to gross falsehoods. These methods will not go down with the voters of Shelby county.

ELECTION MANAGERS AND CLERKS.

We, John E. Morriss, Chairman and J. H. Gunn, D. R. McMillan, composing the Board of Commissioners of County Seat Election, hereby appoint the following persons as Inspectors, Clerks and Returning officers to to hold and conduct election to be held in the various beats in Shelby county, on Monday, the 1st day of February, 1904, for the purpose of determining whether or not the county seat of Shelby county shall be removed from Columbiana to Calera, to-wit:

BEAT 1, BOX 1, (Columbiana)

Managers.—H. M. Millstead, J. T. Leeper, J. L. Peters. Clerks—Jno. E. Dyke, J. H. Mooney, returning officer, R. F. Cox, Shrff

BEAT 1, BOX 2 (Shelby.)

Managers.—Geo. H. Averyt, J C. Williams, Frank Finch. Clerks Elmer Carter, S. J. Harrell. Returning officer, E. T. Brasher.

BEAT 2 (Spring Creek.)

Managers.—Thos. R. Lovett, Hosea Pearson, G. E. Abbott. Clerks, Wm. Carden, Jr., J. M. Baldwin: returning officer, N. N. Mosteller.

BEAT 3 (Calera.)

Managers.—H. C. Moss, Robt. Long, C. A. Millstead. Clerks, L. G. Privett, I. W. Bailey; returning officer, C. H. Fields.

BEAT 4, BOX 1 (Montevallo.)

Managers—L. N. Bowden, Geo. Morgan, John McMath; clerks, J. Alex Moore, H. E. Whitaker; returning officer, Frank Harrison.

BEAT 5 (Bamford.)

Managers—LaFayette Bunn, Jno Harmon, J. A. Johnson; clerks, Jas. Harmon, Robt. Atchison; returning officer, John Waddell.

BEAT 6 (Helena.)

Managers—C. T. Davidson, J. G. Mitchell, L. N. Roy; clerks, M. T. Floyd, E. F. Lee; returning officer, Daniel Lambert.

BEAT 7 (Elliottsville.)

Managers–M. S. Wilson, J. F. McLane, Wesley Ozley; clerks, G. Thos. Fulton, L. B. Riddle; returning officer, R. C. Naish.

BEAT 8 (Yellow Leaf.)

Managers—Joel Thomas, N. M. Davis, G. W. Shaw; clerks, Geo. Stone J. B. Farrell; returning officer, T. B. Holcombe.

BEAT 9 (Wilsonville.)

Managers—Amos Daniels, W. E. Riddle, J. Seab Jackson; clerks, W. John Weldon, T. A. Huston; returning officer, Geo. W. Taylor.

BEAT 10, BOX 1 (Harpersville.)

Managers—E. V. Caldwell, J. R. Hatcher, T. G. Florey; clerks, T. H. Borum, D. W Kidd; returning officer, R. B. Posey.

BEAT 10, BOX 2 (Cresswell.)

Managers—Isaac Chancellor, Geo. W. Green, J. T. Glaze; clerks, Charles Bates, A. J. Coleman; returning officer, C. A. Glaze.

BEAT 11 (Weldon.)

Managers—F M. Baldwin, W. J Sewell, O. S. Lybrand, clerks, J. E. Adams, J. W. Moore; returning officer, J. M. Spearman.

BEAT 12 (Highland.)

Managers—Frank Miller, A. J. E. Cross, G. L. Maske; clerks, W. L. Desnazo, W. N. Gilbert; returning officer, Jas. M. Allen.

BEAT 13 (Bridgeton.)

Managers—D. N. Lee, J. W. Farley, B. F. Dawson; clerks, A. L. Deshazo, J. H. Lee; returning officer, W. P. Cox.

BEAT 14 (Vandiver.)

Managers—W. J. Kendrick, J. B. Whitfield, John McMinn; clerks, Wesley Stone, H. M. Abercrombie; returning officer, W. A. Brasher.

BEAT 15 (Sterrett.)

Managers—W. A. Richie, R M. Hollis, R. J. Byers. clerks, M. C. Vick, J. R. Dyke; returning officer, R. Jarrett.

BEAT 16 (Vincent.)

Managers—A. J. Embry, W. H. Kidd, J. E. Elliott; clerks, W. Y. Rich W. T. Kidd; returning officer, Ed. W. Bell.

BEAT 17 (Pelham.)

Managers—Ollie Cost, T. J. Cross, M. P. Nabors; clerks, C. E. L. Leonard, Harmon Thomas; returning officer, R. G. Carter.

BEAT 18 (Dunnavant.)

Managers—J. H. Pack, W. G. King, J. H. Dorough, clerks, Lane Isbell. J O. Dorough, returning officer, W. M. Lowry.

BEAT 19 (Dogwood.)

Managers—Geo. F. Peter, Jno. D. Stripling, W. D. Lucey; clerks, W. H. Reneau, Jas. Smith; returning officer, W. E. Harrison.

Done at Columbiana, Ala., on this the 4th day of January 1904.

J. E. Morriss, Chair'n,
J. H. Gunn,
D. R. McMillan,
Board of Commissioners. Etc.

QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS IN THE COURT HOUSE ELECTION.

To the Voters of Shelby County:

In order that there may be no misunderstanding in regard to the qualificatians of the voters in the county seat election to be held on the first day of February, we deem it proper to give in a condensed form the law in reference to same.

A person to be entitled to vote in the court house election on the first of Feb. 1904. must possess all of the following qualifications:

1st. He must be over twenty-one years and must have resided continuously in the state two years in the county one and in the precinct in which he offers to vote three months, immediately preceding the election at which he offers to votes, provided that when he removes from one precinct to another within three months immediately preceding the election, he may vote in the precinct from which he removed, provided he could legally have voted in said precinct had he not removed.

2nd. He must have legally registered in Shelby county under the new constitution of 1901.

3rd. He must have paid his poll tax for 1901 and 1902 (if he was liable for the poll tax of said years or either of them) and he must have paid his poll tax on or before the first of February 1st, 1903. and he must show to the managers of the election his poll tax receipts for said years; or make oath before the managers that he has paid said poll tax. Any one falsely making said oath would be guilty of perjury and on conviction would be sentenced to the penitentiary.

4th. The following persons are disqualified from voting in said election; all idiots and insane persons, those who were by reason of conviction of crime disqualified from voting at the time of the ratification of the constitution on November 28th, 1901, those who have been since Nov. 28th, 1901, convicted of treason, murder, arson, embezzlement, malfeacance in office, larcency, receiving stolen property, obtaining money under false pretenses, perjury, subornation of perjury, robbery, assault with intent to rob, burglary, forgery, bribery, assault and battery on wife, bigamy, living in adultery, sodomy, incest, rape, miscegenation crime against nature, or any crime punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary; or for any infamous crime, or crimes involving moral turpitude, or convicted as a tramp, or vagrant, or of selling or offering to sell his vote, or the vote of another, or of making or offering to make false returns in any election by the people.

John E. Morriss, Ch'rmn
J. H. Gunn,
D. R. McMillan,
Board of Commissioners of County Seat Election.

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A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowed to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature; removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but it stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 25 and 75 cts. For sale by Williams Bros.

Stepped Against a Hot Stove.

A child of Mrs. G. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath stepped against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great pain and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remembering that she had a bottle of Chamberlains Pain Balm in the house she would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Pain Balm is an antseptic liniment and valuable for burns, breises, cuts and spains. Sold by Williams Broe., Druggists.

DeWitt is the Name.

When you go to buy Witch Hazel Salve look for the name DeWitt on every box. The pure, unadulterated Witch Hozel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles The popularity of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, due to its many cures, has caused numerous worthless counterfeits to be placed on market. The genuine bears the name of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. Sold by Williams Bros.

Teachers' Institute Examination Course.

Teachers wishing to prepare for examination should write at once, to Prof. J. L. Graham; L.L. D, 152 154 Randolph Building, Memphis, Tenn., for particulars concerning his specia Teachers' Examination Course.

The course is taught by mail, and prepares teachers for examinations in every state in the Union. Leading educators pronounce it the best course ever offered to the teaching profession, and all teachers wishing to advance in their profession should immediately avail themselves of it. Enclose stamp for reply.

A Scientific Discovery.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure does for the stomach that which it is unable to do for itself, even when but slightly over loaded. Kodol Dypepsia Cure supplies the natural juices of digestion and does the work os the stomach, relaxing the nervous tension, while the inflamed muscles of that organ are allowed to rrst and heal. Kocol Dyspepsia Cur digests what you eat and enables the stomach and digestive organs to transform all food into rich, red blood. Sold by Williams Bros.

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THE KEYSTONE LAW AND PATENT CO., 207 Betz Building, Philadelphia, which is the only bonded Patent Agency in the world, offer to make a Guaranteed Search of the Patent Office Records (not merely their opinion) Free of charge to the readers of this Journal who will send a sketch, model or description of their invention.

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Valid Patents with the broadest claims secured on easy weekly payments. Write to-day.

S. S. WILLIAMSON,
President.

Dragging Pains

2825 Keeley St.,
Chicago, Ill., Oct., 2, 1902.

I suffered with falling and congestion of the womb, with severe pains through the groins. I suffered terribly at the time of menstruation, had blinding headaches and rushing of blood to the brain. What to try I knew not, for it seemed that I had tried all and failed, but I had never tried Wine of Cardui, that blessed remedy for sick women. I found it pleasant to take and soon knew that I had the right medicine. New blood seemed to course through my veins and after using eleven bottles I was a well woman.

Mrs. Bush is now in perfect health because she took Wine of Cardui for menstrual disorders, bearing down pains and blinding headaches when all other remedies failed to bring her relief. Any sufferer may secure health by taking Wine of Cardui in her home. The first bottle convinces the patient she is on the road to health.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE of CARDUI

Owes His Life to a Neighbor's Kindness.

Mr. D. P. Daugherty, well known throughout Mercer and Sumner counties, W. Va., most likely to the kindness of a neighbor. He was almost hapely afflicted with diarrhoea; was attended by two physicians who gave him little, if any, relief, when a neigh bor learning of his serious condition brought him a bottle of Chamberlains Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy which cured him in less than twenty-four heurs. Sold by Williams Bros.

Three Time the Value of Any Other.

One-Third Easier.
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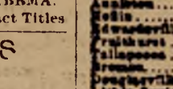

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Williams Bros. Will Buy It Back.

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Williams Brothers will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant and reliable.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles

Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

For sale by Williams Bros.

The Pleasure of Eating.

Persons suffering from indigestion dyspepsia or other stomach trouble will find that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digets what you eat ond makes the stomach sweet. This remedy is a never failing cure for indigestion and dyspepsia and all complaints affecting glands or membranes of the stomach or digestive tract. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure everything you eat tastes good, and every bit of the nutriment that your food contains is assimilated and appropriated by the blood and tissues. Sold by Williams Brothers.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

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BOTH ONE WAY AND ROUND TRIP

via the Cotton Belt, from St. Louis, Thebes, Cairo and Memphis, first and third Tuesdays of each month, beginning October 21st. For one-way tickets,

Half the One-Way Rate, plus $2.00;

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THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

THURSDAY, JAN. 14, 1904.

1904.

This is leap year.

Did you ever get left?

Vote against removal.

It is only one month till Valentine Day.

Capt. J. W. Bolin, of Wilsonville, transacted business her Tuesday.

Will Page, of Montevallo, visited homefolks the first of the week.

F. E. Mason, of Wilsonville, spent a couple of days in the city this week.

John H. Robertsen who has been sick for the past week is able to be out again.

The Weaver Carnival Co., after a week's engagement here, disbanded for the season.

If you wish to avoid being taxed to build a new court house and jail vote against removal.

Mrs. Clem Waterworth, of Asheville, N. C., is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Cromwell.

Rev. G. T. Harris, filled his regular appointment at the Methodist church last Sunday morning and night.

If you wish to vote in the next genaral election you must pay your poll tax by the 1st day of February.

Hick Bice, of Shelby, was a visitor to the city last Sunday, and a pretty face wore a sweet smile at his coming.

Leo Friedberger bought out the Shelby Supply Co., and will in the future conduct a general merchandise business at the old stand

Mr. Burton, of Shelby, made a visit to the city Sunday, and a pretty black haired young lady wore a sweet smile for him.

There will be services at the Baptist church on Sunday morning and at night, it being their sunday in the month.

E. Williamson, of Wilsonville, attended the Public Installation of officers of Shelby Lodge, No. 50 K. of P., last Monday night.

Don't forget that the 1st day of February is to settle the vexed question. Let every voter come out and cast his vote against removal.

Alvarado the "up-side-down Man." give a very pleasing exhibiton at the corner of Main and Hill Streets. He is truely a wonder.

Every registered voter ought to interest himself enough to see that every one entitled to vote come out and cast his vote against removal on the first of February.

In another column will be found the announcement of W. R. Weaver as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector, subject to the action of the democratic party.

The Phoenix Auction Co., are still offering bargains in clothing, shoes and notions, if you want to secure some of these bargains you had better come and get some of them.

A call have been made for a meeting of the Republican party of Shelby county, known as the Lilly Whites, to meet in Calera, Ala., on Saturday, January 16th, 1904, for the purpose of perfecting an organization and the tansaction of such business as may come before it. All persons in sympathy with the movement are cordially invited to attend.

The National Hotel, under the management of J.T. McMillan, is one of the most pleasant hostelries in the state, and it is a pleasant treat for the traveling men to rest in its portals. The rooms are cool, the linen sweet and clean and the bill of fare most appetizing. The rates are moderate and parties visiting Columbiana should make it a special point to stop at The National Hotel.

We have been to several to a good may shadow suppers but the one at court-house last Monday night was the only one were the shadows that were sold and the purchaser did not even get the pleasure of seeing the manner in which the lunch the said shadow had brought with her, but he (the purchaser) paid his bid and with the best wishes for the Knights of Pythias retired from the court room.

The Calera News in an editorial says that Columbiana is not a fit place for the county seat and "that it is no longer entitled to the consideration of any person with common self respect." We would advise our brother to look around and see the low dives in which the young men of his town visit nightly and revel in debauchery. There has been more case recorded on court dockets than any other town in the county, but still the News says that Calera is the place for the county seat, and that Columbiana is not entitled to a single consideration of any person with common sense and self respect. Columbiana has never yet brought such a charge against her sister city as Editor Hunter has upon Columbiana.

On last Monday night Sheldy Lodge No. 50 K. of P., installed the following officers for the ensuing semi-annual term: W. F. Davis, C. C.: W. A. Parker. V. C.; C. C. DuBose, Prelate; J. H. Mason, K. R. and S.; Philip Erlick, M. E; J. N. Robertson, M. A. J. B. Pitts O. G.; Ben Johnson, I. G. The installation was public and was conducted by Deputy Grand Chancellor Jas. I Abercrombie. Before the ceremony Hon. A. P. Longshore made short talk on Pythianism. The Columbiana Orchestra furnished music for the occasion.

OBITUARY.

Whereas, It has pleased the Grand Master of the universe to call from labor to refreshment in the celestial lodge above where the Grand Master of the universe presides, and

Whereas, The Wilsonville Lodge No. 50 A. F. & A. M. are caused to mourn over the death of our worthy brother Geo. W. McGowen, who will be missed in the lodge and greatly in his church and community, while we sorrow, we should emulate his character to the full length of our cable-toe, and ever be true to the giver of all good gifts and graces.

Resolved, That we bow to the will of the Grand Master of the universe who rules and governs things to his glory and our good.

Second, That the lodge be draped in mourning and the brethren wear the badge of mourning for 30 days, and these resloutions bespread on the minutes of the lodge, and a copy be sent to the bereaved family.

Respectfully submitted,
W. S. SMITH,
E. W. HOLLAND,
E. DERAMUS,
Committee.

AN OPEN LETTER.

HELENA, ALA., Jan. 11, 1904.

EDITOR CHRONICLE.

DEAR SIR—I have been reading a great deal about moving the court house from Columbiana down to Calera near the Chilton line. What is this for? Who are they that started this racket? Property owners of Calera. Who are the ones to come to their assistance? A few above Calera on the railroad. What reason do they give? They say Calera is a railroad crossing and they say if we don't move it to Calera Columbiana will build a new court house and jail. That would be awful. They say the old one is not safe and is dangerous. Oh my, what a bug! Well, if that is a fact, won't it be cheaper to the tax payers to build it than to go and build a new court house, jail, poor house, waterworks and all that it will take to put everything in as good shape as it is in now? They say they are tired of that ring o er there. Don't you think it probable that some of the Columbiana folks would move down? Or are they (Calera) going to quarantine against them? Well, to come down to facts, I understand we have money enough to pay the county out of debt, but what about money to run on another year. Just borrow it. You can get it somewhere. Then issue $75,000 in bonds, and sell them at 20 per cent. discount, then let our children pay interest on them for the next thirty or forty years. That is a wise conclusion! Oh, but they say, it won't take more than $15.000 to build at Calera, so says Mr. Church, but who wants such a capital? If it won't take any more than that to build a new one, why do they howl so about a jail. But gentlemen if you want move, go at it right, say move and then say where to. Oh no, that would not do. We must keep Columbiana voting for itself; for we know if the fight is between Calera and some other place Silura. the cotton factory for instance we would get licked; for Columbiana will always go against us, and with its aid Cahaba valley would win.

ANGLO-SAXON.

The oldest and best equipped livery stable in this section of the state is located at Montevallo and is fitted up with the latest styles, and up-to-date rigs. This stable was established in 1882, and is opposite the St. George's Hotel, and is under the management of John Kroell. Team can be furnished on short notice. Bus meet all trains. The proprietor has lately added new rubber tired rigs and keeps the best of stock, and employs none but polite and trusty drivers.

The Proper Treatment for Sprained Ankle.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or 3 months before he has fully recovered. This an unnecegsary loss of time, for many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some case within three days. For sale by Williams Bros.

Good Advice.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects: such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Waterbrash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth. Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle of August Flower for 25 or 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Try it. For sale by Williams Brothers, Columbiana.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have this day sold their interest in The Columbiana Mercantile Co. to Max Lefkovits and Philip Erlick, and they have assumed all indebtedness of said firm. We desire to extend to the people of Columbiana and surrounding country our hearty thanks for their generous patronage for the past nine years, which contributed to the success of said business.

We again solicit your hearty co-operation with our successors. as they will serve you in the future with courtesies as in the past.

Thanking yau again, we remain

Your friends,

ERLICK & LEFKOVITS.

By special arrangements with the publishers of the Constitution and Sunny South we offer a years's subscription to our own paper in addition to the Contitution and Sunny South and will furnish all three for ONLY TWO DOLLARS. Such orders must come direct to The Chronicle.

Cured of Piles After 40 Years.

C. Haney, of Geneva, O., had the piles for 40 years. Doctors and dollars could do him no good. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. Invaluable for cuss, burns, bruises, sprains, lacerations, eczema, tetter, salt rheum, and all other skin diseases Look for the name DeWitt on package—all others are cheap, worthless counterfeits. Sold by Williams Bros.

Should Columbiana be Torn Down to Build Up Calera.

Our level-headed brother of the Montevallo Sentinel, in an article in his paper some time since on the subject of removing the court house from its present location to Calera, very plainly and sensbly presents this side of the removal heresy to the people of the county and the absolute truth of his contention should appeal to the sense of justice of every one of fair mind and honorable instinct in the county. He says:

"There is still another side to this serious question—one that should appeal to all who believe in fair dealing with their neighbors, and one which, we believe, will be a large factor in this contest. Calera has nothing to lose in this contest—has nothing at stake except all to gain at the expense of a neighbor. Can any good come in success that is reached only by tearing down and destroying others? Do the taxpayers of Shelby believe in tearing down one town to build up another? Do they believe in tearing down county property that they have been taxed to build, and which is paid for, just for an opportunity to dig a little deeper into their pockets to build buildings that are not needed, so that a few may prosper and the many suffer? We do not believe they do. columbiana on the other hand, has all to lose in this contest—business, their homes all that goes to make up a happy, peaceful community. It is only the vandal who believes in the willful and promeditated destruction of property. The remaval of the county seat to calera will have a devastating effect on the fair town of Montevallo and its vioinity. It means the destruction of the best market in Shelby county, one in this section of ths country—and that hurts the farmer in a direct manner. for a good market to them is everything; court house removal will destroy the business of Montevallo, and, because of this fact, property in Montevallo will depreciate in value fifty per cent."

The Best Remedy for Croup.

This is the season when the woman who knows the best remedies for croup is in demand in every neighborhood. One of the most terrible things in the world is to be awakened in the night by a whoop from one of the children. The croup remedies are almost sure to be lost in case of croup, as a revolver in case of a burglar. There used to be an old fashioned remedy for croup known as hive syrup and tolu, but some modern mothers say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is better, and does not cost as much. It causes the patient to "throw up the phlegm" quicker, and gives relief in a shorter time. Give this remedy as soon as the croupy cough appears and it will prevent the attack. It never fails and is plasant and safe to take. For sale at Williams Bros.

Calera says, "We'll carry Vincent Beat." Vincent says, "Wait and see." Our information is that that beat will vote against removal by a large majority on the 1st of February.

Order for County Seat Election.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
SHELBY COUNTY, }

Five hundred or more of the qualified electors of said county having petition the governor, praying that an election be held in said county on the question of removing the (court house) county seat from Columbiana to Calera in said county, and the governor having appointed the undersigned as a board of Commissioners of County Seat Election as provided by law. It is hereby ordered that an election be held at the usual voting places in said county by the qualified electors hereof on

Monday the 1st Day of February, 1904

between the hours of 8 a. m. and 5 p. m. on the question of such removal, at which election the electors who desires the county site shall remain at Columbiana shall have written or printed on his ballot the words, "against removal" and the elector who desires that the county seat shall be removed to Calera, shall have written or printed on his ballot the words, "For removal to Calera."

Done this the 30th day of November, 1903,

JNO. E. MORRIS, Chair'n,
J. H. GUNN,
D. R. McMILLAN,
Board of Commissioners of County Seat Election.

LET US BE FAIR AND SQUARE.

Calera's fraudulent methods can never win in Shelby county. What are some of them.

First, They say Tallapoosa county built a fine court house new out and out, for $12,000 and they show you the picture. The judge of probate of Tallapoosa county says that the county simply spent $20,000 in improving and repairing the the old court house they had, and that they have not built a new one at all.

Second, They say that Columbiana is taking money out of the county treasury to pay the poll tax of voters in the court house election. When paying their poll tax now would not and could not qualify them to vote in the court house election.

Third, They say that Calera will furnish from ten to thirty thousaud dollars to asssst in the building of the court house if voted to that town, when the facts are that calera could not do it if she would, and would not if she could.

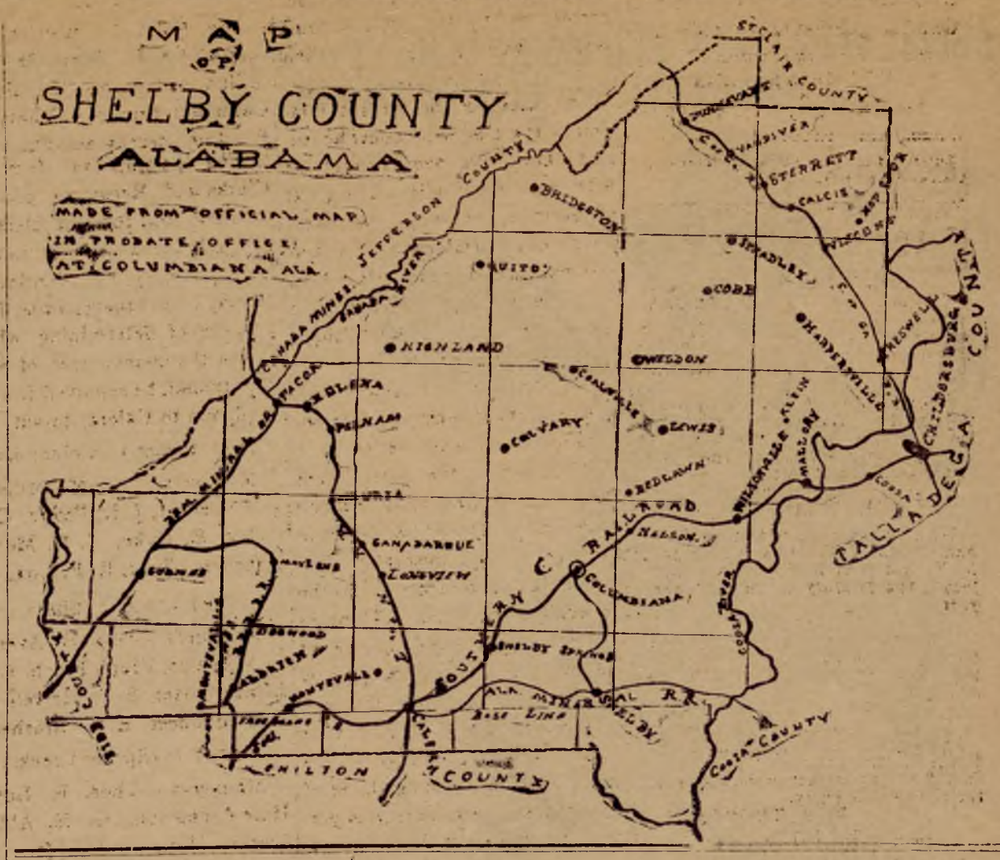
How to Make Money.

Agents of either sex should today write Marsh Manufacturing Co., 538 Lake st., Chicago, for cuts and particulars of their handsome Aluminum Card Case with name engraved on it and filled with 100 calling or business cards. Everybody orders them. Sample case and 100 cards, postpaid 40 cts. This case and 100 cards retails at 75c. You have only to show sample to get an order. Send 40c at once for case and 100 cards or send 30c for 100 cards without case. Mention this paper

JUST WHAT YOU NEED.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

When you fell dull after eating.
When you have no appetite.
When you have a bad taste in mouth.
When your liver is torpid.
When your bowels are constipated.
When you have a headache.
When you feel bilious.
They will improve your appetite and invigorate your stomach, and regulate your liver and bowels. Price 25c per box at Williams Bros.



A Remarkable Case.

One of the most remarkable cases of of cold, deepseated on the lungs, causing pneumonia, is that of Mrs. G. E. Fenner, of Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says "the cough and straining so weakened me that I ran dow in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I tried One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength. Sold by Williams Bros.

WANTED—An energetic and reliable saleman for Shelby county, paying business. Baferences required. Apply at once, CHISLOM BROS., Birmingham, Ala.

The time for paying your poll tax expires the first of next February.

For sick headache try Chamberlains Stomach and Liver Tablets; they will ward off the attack if taken in time. For sale by Williams Bros.

A Purgative Pleasure.

If you ever took DeWitt's Little Early Risers for billousness or costipation you know what a purgative pleasure is. These famous little pills cleanse the liver and rids the system of all the bile without producing unpleasant effects. They do not gripe or weaken, but give tone and strength to the tissues and organs involved. W.H. Howell of Houston, Texas, says: "No better pill can be used than Little Early Risers or constipation, sick headache Sold by Williams Bros.

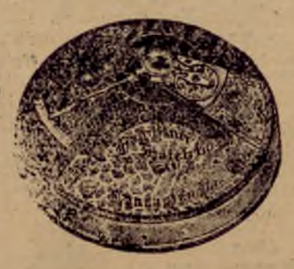
When Thinking

ABOUT BUYING

A WATCH

it always pays to get a good one. If you want a Watch we can save you money on your order. Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Seth Thomas and New York Standard are good movements. Give us a trial order and you be convinced.

DO YOU want anything in musical instruments? We have Violins, Violin Cases, Bows, Bridges, Pegs, Mandolins, Mandolin Cases, Picks, Guitars, Guitar Cases, Tamborines, Banjos, Accordeons, Harps, Harmonicas, Fifes, Ocarines, Flagolets, Bones, Clappers, Graphaphones and Records, also all kinds of strings for Violins, Banjos, Mandolins and Guitars



Call and see us in our

REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.

Don,t forget us when you want photograph work or enlarging, our work will please you. We keep ull all kinds of pictures, picture frames and are receiving new goods every week that will interest you. Give us a call when in the city.

T. J. WEAVER & COMPANY,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

Pay your poll tax and qualify yourself as a voter in the election next year.

JEWELRY NOVELTIES.

A full line of Colgate's Extracts,
A full line of Colgate's Soap.

TOILET ARTICLES.

Also complete line of DRUGS.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
CIGARS, TOBACCO AND STATIONERY. ETC
WE ARE HEADQUATERS
For Stationery, Silver Novelics, Watches, Rings, Pins, Etc. Also a complete line of Medallions, price from 25c to 90 cents. Nearly everything in the holiday line you wish. Call and inspect our line.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st. 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$16.782 77	Capital Stock	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures	7,000.00	Deposits	52,639.61
Other Real Estate	3,000.00	Rediscounts	2,263 00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1903.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Company.

LAND TITLES:
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE;
TITLES GUARANTEED.
A GENERAL TITLE BUSINESS.

—INSURANCE—

Fire, Plate Glass, Boiler,
Employers Liability, Accident Insurance.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Ala.

W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

NORTH CAROLINA CORN WHISKEY

AT $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 AND $2.25 PER GALLON.

DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.

Saving Middlemen's Profits.
All express charges paid by me on packages of 2 gallons or more.
TERMS--CASH WITH ORDER.

Write for descriptive circulars. Reference commercial agencies or any merchant here.

J. H. WOOLLEY
Cherryville, N. C.

CASH OR CREDIT
Catalogue FREE.
PRICE $33.50
IT WILL PAY YOU
to send for our Catalogue No. 6, quoting prices on Buggies, Harness, etc. We sell direct from our Factory to Consumers at Factory Prices. This guaranteed Buggy only $33.50; Cash or Easy Monthly Payments. We trust honest people located in all parts of the world.
Write for Free Catalogue.
CENTURY MFG. CO.
Mention this paper.
East St. Louis, Ills.
DEP'T

THE OLDEST MAN IN AMERICA

Tells How He Escaped the Terrors of Many Winters by Using Pe-ru-na.

MR. ISAAC BROCK, BORN IN BUNCOMBE CO., N. C., MARCH 1, 1788

His age is 115 years, vouched for by authentic record. He says: "I attribute my extreme age to the use of Peruna."

Born before the United States was formed.
Saw 22 Presidents elected.
Pe-ru-na has protected him from all sudden changes.
Veteran of four wars.
Shod a horse when 99 years old.
Always conquered the grip with Pe-ru-na.
Witness in a land suit at the age of 110 years.
Believes Peruna the greatest remedy of the age for catarrhal diseases.

ISAAC BROCK, a citizen of McLennan County, Texas, has lived for 115 years. For many years he resided at Rosque Falls, eighteen miles west of Waco, but now lives with his son-in-law at Valley Mills, Texas.

A short time ago, by request, Uncle Isaac came to Waco and sat for his picture. In his hand he held a stick cut from the grave of General Andrew Jackson, which has been carried by him ever since. Mr. Brock is a dignified old gentleman, showing few signs of decreptitude. His family Bible is still preserved, and it shows that the date of his birth was written 115 years ago.

Surely a few words from this remarkable old gentleman, who has had 115 years of experience to draw from, would be interesting as well as profitable. A lengthy biographical sketch is given of this remarkable old man in the Waco Times-Herald, December 4, 1898. A still more pretentious biography of this, the oldest living man, illustrated with a double column portrait, was given the readers of the Dallas Morning News, dated December 11, 1898, and also the Chicago Times-Herald of same date. This centenarian is an ardent friend of Peruna, having used it many years.

In speaking of his good health and extreme old age Mr. Brock says:

"After a man has lived in the world as long as I have he ought to have found out a great many things by experience. I think I have done so.

"One of the things I have found out to my entire satisfaction is the proper thing for ailments that are due directly to the effects of the climate. For 115 years I have withstood the changeable climate of the United States.

"I have always been a very healthy man, but of course subject to the little affections which are due to sudden changes in the climate and temperature. During my long life I have known a great many remedies for coughs, colds and diarrhoea.

"As for Dr. Hartman's remedy, Peruna, I have found it to be the best, if not the only, reliable remedy for these affections. It has been my standby for many years, and I attribute my good health and extreme old age to this remedy.

"It exactly meets all my requirements. It protects me from the evil effects of sudden changes; it keeps me in good appetite; it gives me strength; it keeps my blood in good circulation. I have come to rely upon it almost entirely for the many little things for which I need medicine.

"When epidemics of la grippe first began to make their appearance in this country I was a sufferer from this disease.

"I had several long sieges with the grip. At first I did not know that Peruna was a remedy for this disease. When I heard that la grippe was epidemic catarrh, I tried Peruna for la grippe and found it to be just the thing."

In a letter dated January 31, 1903, Mr. Brock writes:

"I am well and feeling as well as I have for years. The only thing that bothers me is my sight. If I could see better I could walk all over the farm and it would do me good. I would not be without Peruna."

Yours truly,

Isaac Brock.

For a free book on catarrh, address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

A NERVOUS CHILD'S TRAINING.

By Injudicious Treatment Such an One May Be Wrecked.

A child born with a nervous constitution is to be pitied or envied, according as he has parents who do or do not know how to treat him. Character is made or marred, even more than we are wont to believe, by the training which the child receives, and the future of no child is more absolutely in the keeping of its father and mother than that of the nervous child. By injudicious treatment such a child may be made to grow up a physical and moral wreck, at odds with all the world, while under wise management it may develop into one of the highest types of lovable man or woman—gentle, affectionate, sensitive intellectual and dependable.

The nervous child is often difficult to manage, especially if the mother is impatient with its despondency or its irritability. Scoldings only increase the tension of its nervous system, and more severe punishment, which the phlegmatic child takes with scarce a whimper and to its betterment, is often cruel in the extreme.

There are two types of nervous children—the active child, always on the go, inquisitive and acquisitive, but delicate as the mimosa leaf, shrinking back into itself at the first repulse or harsh word; and the pale, quiet, sensitive child, intelligent and thoughtful, but retiring. The child of the first type develops into the inventor, the active philanthropist, the promoter, the schemer, the adventurer, or the leader of criminals, according as his training has been wise and foolish. The child of the second type becomes the philosopher, the thinker, the man of letters, the poet, or the misanthrope, the sour recluse, and the plotter against society and government.

One great mistake in training a nervous child is to try to strengthen the nerves by opposition. A nervous child must be guided, not driven; if afraid of the dark it must not be forced to sleep in a closed room without a glimmer of light. It should not be laughed at for natural timidity, but should be gently convinced by argument of the groundlessness of its fears. At the same time its physical constitution should receive careful attention. Tonics, good, digestible food, an open-air life, avoiding long hours of study, frequent change of air and scene are all not only serviceable, but, one might say, indispensable in the transformation of the child of nervous disposition into the well-poised man or woman.—Youth's Companion.

Stones That Are Alive.

The most curious specimens of vegetable or plant life in existence are the so-called "living stones" of the Falkland Islands. Those islands are among the most cheerless spots in the world, being constantly subjected to a strong polar wind.

In such a climate it is impossible for trees to grow erect, as they do in other countries, but nature has made amends by furnishing a supply of wood in the most curious shape imaginable. The visitor to the Falklands sees scattered here and there singular shaped blocks of what appear to be weather-beaten and moss-covered boulders of various sizes.

Attempt to turn one of these boulders over and you will meet with an actual surprise, because the stone is actually anchored by roots of great strength; in fact, you will find that you are fooling with one of the native trees.

No other country in the world has such a peculiar "forest" growth, and it is said to be next to impossible to work the odd shaped blocks into fuel, because the wood is perfectly devoid of grain and appears to be a twisted mass of woody fibres.—Chicago Post.

The U. S. Dept. of Agriculture

Gives to Salzer's Oats its heartiest endorsement. Salzer's New National Oats yielded in 1903 from 150 to 320 bu. per acre in 30 different States, and you, Mr. Farmer, can beat this in 1904, if you will. Salzer's seeds are pedigree seeds, bred up through careful selection to big yields.

	Per Acre.
Salzer's Beardless Barley yielded	121 bu.
Salzer's Home Builder Corn....	300 bu.
Speltz and Macaroni Wheat....	80 bu.
Salzer's Victoria Rape.....	60,000 lbs.
Salzer's Teosinte, the fodder wonder	160,000 lbs.
Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass....	50,000 lbs.
Salzer's Pedigree Potatoes.....	1,000 bu.

Now such yields pay and you can have them, Mr. Farmer, in 1904.

SEND 10c. IN STAMPS

and this notice to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and you will get their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples free. [A.C.L.]

A man robs himself if he does not make the best of his time.

The Fifth Commandment.

The lesson teaches the commandments, and Theodore holds his breath until the second and fourth are passed. John and Alex got those, and it falls to his happy lot to rattle out the fifth.

"What does it mean?" asks his mother.

"Not to listen to Mose sing on Sunday, or fight Alex, or be cross to Mammy, and to clean your teeth and wash behind your ears every morning, and not say 'Dog on!'"

"Not say 'dog on!' is the third commandment," objected John.

"Then it's in both, 'cause mother told us not to, so it's in the mind-your-mother commandment. 'Most everything is in that."

"So it is," approved father from his chair. "You observe that, boys, and everything will come out right."—From Memories, in Leslie's Monthly.

Useful Apple Seed.

Probably a comparatively small proportion of people know of the remedial action of the common apple seed in cases where one get a foreign substance in the eye. Almost everybody has used or heard of "eye stones." The seed of the apple acts in precisely the same way. Introduce it under the lid and it will travel around until it has found the offending cinder or other harmful object. It gives no discomfort and will sometimes stay in the eye twenty-four hours before it has fully done its work.

The imports in hosiery from England have fallen in ten years from $1,500,000 a year to $200,000.

Mother

"My mother was troubled with consumption for many years. At last she was given up to die. Then she tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was speedily cured."
D. P. Jolly, Avoca, N. Y.

No matter how hard your cough or how long you have had it, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best thing you can take. It's too risky to wait until you have consumption. If you are coughing today, get a bottle of Cherry Pectoral at once.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Moorish Women's Age.

Feminine Moors are generally absolutely ignorant of their age. Among Moorish women this is a point of honor, but it is really no affectation, for as their birthdays are never celebrated in any manner the passage of the years is far less noticed than it is with us.

Economy is the road to wealth. PUTNAM FADELESS DYES is the road to economy.

Jealousy makes a woman think she can secure a monopoly on a man's love by acting up.

Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Too many people only know by hearsay that it is more blessed to give than to receive.

The Wonderful Cream Separator.

Does its work in thirty minutes and leaves less than 1 per cent. butter fat. The price is ridiculously low, according to size, $2.75 to $6.00 each, and when you have one you would not part therewith for fifty times its cost.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE

with 5c. stamps for postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and get their big catalogue, fully describing this remarkable Cream Separator, and hundreds of other tools and farm seeds used by the farmer. [A.C.L.]

When a dude turns a woman's head it is usually in the other direction.

The Sweet Gum.

The exudation you see clinging to the sweet gum tree in the summer contains a stimulating expectorant that will loosen the phlegm in the throat. Taylor's Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein cures coughs and croup.
At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

Were it not for clouds people would be unable to appreciate sunshine.

The French Government employs 1550 workmen and 15,000 women in the State tobacco manufactories,, and makes a yearly profit of 400,000,000 francs.

The English language is much in use in Panama, especially on the Atlantic side.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY make oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

SEAL.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Sunday Island, in the Pacific, is really the tallest mountain in the world. It rises 2000 feet of five miles of water, and is thus nearly 30,000 feet from base to summit.

The average number of visitors in New York City is estimated at 250,000, and their stay is ten days.

Color Perception.

During the Cambridge Anthropological Expedition to Torres Straits a series of careful psychometric observations of the inhabitants of Murray Island was carried out, and these studies of a primitive people are regarded as of much importance in the science of mankind. One striking result appears to be a confirmation of the view, formerly entertained, but of late generally rejected, that the limited variety of color names found in classical literature indicates that the range of definite color sensations among the ancients, in the days of Homer, for instance, was less than with us. The observations on the Murray islanders show that they also have no definite descriptive words for color sensations in which they are defective.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Don't make the mistake of giving a man advice which doesn't confirm his own opinion.

Earliest Green Onions.

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., always have something new, something valuable. This year they offer among their new money making vegetables an Earliest Green Eating Onion. It is a winner, Mr. Farmer and Gardener!

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 16c.

and they will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine, solid Cabbages,
2,000 delicious Carrots,
2,000 Blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

In all over 10,000 plants—this great offer is made to get you to test their warranted vegetable seeds and

ALL FOR BUT 16c. POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c. in postage, they will add to the above a package of the famous Berliner Cauliflower. [A.C.L.]

A man usually gets the last word in an argument with his wife because she gives it to him.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. THOMAS ROBBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

If poets are born their ancestors should be held responsible.

Buying an Exposition.

When the exposition held a few years ago at Omaha had closed it disappeared as a mirage might. One week a town of spectacular architecture stood on the fair grounds. So it appeared the Saturday the exposition closed. On Monday a swarm of 500 workmen poured in through the gates—and in a twinkling the wonder city vanished. Not even the lagoon was left.

Months before, a wrecking company had bought the whole exposition for about $20,000. As soon as the fair closed they hurried steam derricks, special cars, and workmen to the grounds and forthwith began demolition.

The bricks that lined the lagoon and paved the sidewalks were taken up and shipped to Chicago. The buildings were torn down; all the lumber was sent away, and the plaster was thrown into the lagoon. Whole sections of the roofs were lifted bodily upon the cars. The miles and miles of fence were taken down. Train load after train load of lumber, building materials, furniture, including thousands of chairs—in fact, everything that makes up the plant of an exposition, were sent to the company's great Chicago depot.

Nothing was wasted. The hinges and locks on the doors were removed, sorted and shipped. All the thousands of trees, shrubs and plants that dotted the exposition grounds were scientifically loaded on the cars and sent east. Flagpoles, flags and typewriters by the hundreds shared a like fate. Even the great panorama of the battle of Gettysburg was taken. Two weeks from the close of the exposition the grounds were bare and level. There was no water. These things were put into shape and sold. The company has an immense store in which goods are for sale, "from a needle to an anchor"—furniture, builders' supplies, lumber, flags, hinges and all the objects and materials used at expositions—and not only these, but many more, for this same company buys dismantled theatres, great wooden bridges and old hotels. It buys in bulk and sells piecemeal. There is nothing that suggests the traditional white elephant so strongly as a group of exposition buildings, but this company skilfully puts the unpromising material to very practical use.—World's Work.

In a polling of popular American poems Thanatopsis leads all the rest. Its sonorous lines are unquestionably as good for purposes of youthful mouthing as any ever penned in any land; and if the content is a bit trite those who admire the poem most admire it probably the more on that account.

COMMODORE NICHOLSON OF OUR NAVY

Recommends Pe-ru-na--Other Prominent Men Testify.

Commodore Somerville Nicholson, of the United States Navy, in a letter from 1837 R St., N. W., Washington, D. C., says:

"Your Peruna has been and is now used by so many of my friends and acquaintances as a sure cure for catarrh that I am convinced of its curative qualities, and I unhesitatingly recommend it to all persons suffering from that complaint."—S. Nicholson.

The highest men in our nation have given Peruna a strong endorsement. Men of all classes and stations are equally represented.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Ask Your Druggist for a free Peruna Almanac for 1904.

Spain has buried the hatchet and will appear at the St. Louis Exposition with the best show she can get together, observes the Boston Transcript. She will be as welcome in our midst as the most favored of nations. We remember San Juan, but with regrets that it was ever necessary. As to the Maine, we may say as much.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

A Boston physician's discovery which cleanses and heals all inflammation of the mucous membrane wherever located.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a douche it is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all disease germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

Thousands of letters from women prove that it is the greatest cure for leucorrhœa ever discovered.

Paxtine never fails to cure pelvic catarrh, nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore mouth and sore eyes, because these diseases are all caused by inflammation of the mucous membrane.

For cleansing, whitening and preserving the teeth we challenge the world to produce its equal.

Physicians and specialists everywhere prescribe and endorse Paxtine, and thousands of testimonial letters prove its value.

At druggists, or sent postpaid 50 cts.

A large trial package and book of instructions absolutely free. Write

The R. Paxton Co., Dept. 25 Boston, Mass.

Small Potatoes

result from a lack of

Potash

in the soil. Potash produces size and quality.

We have valuable books which explain more fully the fertilizing value of Potash. We will send them free to any farmer who writes for them.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
New York—95 Nassau Street, or
Atlanta, Ga.—22½ So. Broad St.

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.,
17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

Keeley Cure Morphinism, Alcoholism,

Tobacco Habit, and Neurasthenia readily yield to the Keeley treatment. Correspondence confidential. Write for pamphlet. Bell phone 493. Keeley Institute, 2720 Ave. D, Birmingham, Ala.

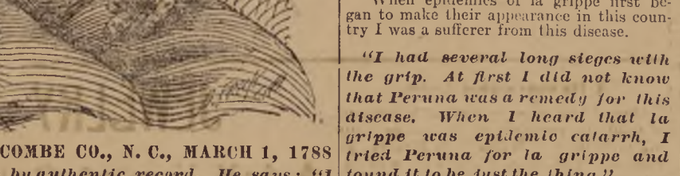
CROUCH
Marble and Granite Co.
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
MONUMENTS,
Vaults, Statuary, Headstones, etc., in any Granite or Marble.
Death Masks a Specialty.
(Mention this paper.) ATLANTA, GA.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC



GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

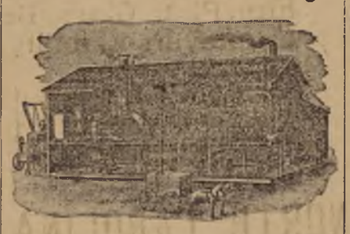
THE MILNER & KETTIG CO. BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

Machinery, Engines and Boilers, Saw Mills, "Porcupine" Dry Kilns.

Engine Lathes, Milling Machines, Upright Drills Steam Pumps, Boilers, Etc.

In Trebinje and Bilek, in Hungary, a serious revolt broke out among the troops whose terms of service expired, but who were retained owing to the failure of the Hungarian Parliament to pass the annual recruiting bill.

Cotton Gin Machinery



PRATT. MUNGER.
WINSHIP.
EAGLE. SMITH.

We make the most most complete line of any concern in the world. We also make

ENGINES and BOILERS, LINTERS for OIL MILLS.

We sell everything needed about a Cotton Gin.

Write for Illustrated Catalogue.

Continental Gin Co.,
Birmingham, Ala.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box Atlanta, Ga.

Am. 3, 1904.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

If we must be afflicted with sore, weak and inflamed eyes, it is consoling to know

MITCHELL'S EYE SALVE

is always within reach and ready to cure us if we follow the directions implicitly.
CURES ALL EYE AFFECTIONS.

Springs' Devious Ways to Ocean.

Plowville, Berks County, Pa., is situated exactly on the dividing line between the Delaware and the Susquehanna Rivers, according to a United States geological survey, and is 715 feet above the level of the sea. Near Plowville are two springs of water, not 100 feet apart, that reach the ocean through these widely separated rivers.

The Russian squadron destined for the Far East sailed for Alexandria.

THREE YEARS AFTER.

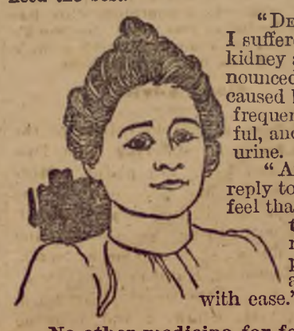
Eugene E. Lario, of 751 Twentieth avenue, ticket seller in the Union Station, Denver, Col., says: "You are at liberty to repeat what I first stated through our Denver papers about Doan's Kidney Pills in the summer of 1899, for I have had no reason in the interim to change my opinion of the remedy. I was subject to severe attacks of backache, always aggravated if I sat long at a desk. Doan's Kidney Pills absolutely stopped my backache. I have never had a pain or a twinge since."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

Mrs. Fairbanks tells how neglect of warning symptoms will soon prostrate a woman. She thinks woman's safeguard is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Ignorance and neglect are the cause of untold female suffering, not only with the laws of health but with the chance of a cure. I did not heed the warnings of headaches, organic pains, and general weariness, until I was well nigh prostrated. I knew I had to do something. Happily I did the right thing. I took **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** faithfully, according to directions, and was rewarded in a few weeks to find that my aches and pains disappeared, and I again felt the glow of health through my body. Since I have been well I have been more careful, I have also advised a number of my sick friends to take **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and they have never had reason to be sorry. Yours very truly, MRS. MAY FAIRBANKS, 216 South 7th St., Minneapolis, Minn." (Mrs. Fairbanks is one of the most successful and highest salaried travelling saleswomen in the West.)

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.



"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For over two years I suffered more than tongue can express with kidney and bladder trouble. My physician pronounced my trouble catarrh of the bladder, caused by displacement of the womb. I had a frequent desire to urinate, and it was very painful, and lumps of blood would pass with the urine. Also had backache very often.

"After writing to you, and receiving your reply to my letter, I followed your advice, and feel that you and **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** have cured me. The medicine drew my womb into its proper place, and then I was well. I never feel any pain now, and can do my housework with ease."—MRS. ALICE LAMON, Kincaid, Miss.

No other medicine for female ills in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE

VOL. XVII. COLUMBIANA, SHELBY COUNTY, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 21 1904 NO 22

THE DEMOCRATS

Call Convention to Meet in St. Louis, July 6th.

The official call was issued Monday for the assembling of the democratic national convention at St. Louis July 6th next:

"The democratic national committee having met in the city of Washington on the 11th of January, 1904, has appointed Wednesday, the 6th day of July, 1904, as the time and chosen St. Louis, Mo., as the place for holding the democratic national convention.

"Each state is entitled to representation therein equal to double the number of its senators and representatives in the congress of the United States, and each territory, Alaska, Indian Territory and the District of Columbia, shall have six delegates.

"All democratic citizens of the United States who can unite with us in the effort for a pure, economical and constitutional government are cordially invited to join us in sending delegates to the convention.

"JAMES K. JONES.
"Chairman.
"C. A. WALSH, Secretary."

Three Amendments.

The senate committee on foreign relations directed Senator Cullom to report the Panama treaty with three amendments. The republican members voted for the treaty, but only two democrats, Morgan and Money, were present. The former voted against the treaty and Mr. Money stated that he had not yet had time to consider it, as it was the first meeting of the committee he had been able to attend.

The three amendments related to sanitation, limitation of cities and control of harbors. The United States by the amendment relating to sanitation is granted more direct power in all sanitary regulations. The amendment concerning the limitation of the cities more specifically defines the limits of Panama and Colon in relation to the canal zone. The harbor amendment gives the United States control of the harbors for the purpose of improvements.

Mississippi's New Officers.

All of the Mississippi state officials who were elected last November, except the governor, took the oath of office and entered upon the discharge of their duties Monday at noon and will serve four years. They are as follows:

Lieutenant Governor—J. P. Carter, of Perry.

Secretary of State—J. W. Powers, of Hinds.

Auditor—T. M. Henry, of Hinds.

Treasurer—W. J. Miller, of Penola.

Superintendent of Education—H. L. Whitfield, of Rankin.

Land Commissioner—N. N. Hall, of Holmes.

Revenue Agent—Wirt Adams, of Hinds.

Attorney General—William Williams, of Simpson.

Clerk Supreme Court—George C. Myers, of Marshall.

Insurance Commissioner—W. Q. Cole, of Yallobusha.

Railroad Commissioners—J. C. Kincannon, of Lee; R. L. Bradley, of Hinds, and S. D. McNair, of Jefferson.

The inauguration of Governor Jas K. Vardaman takes place Tuesday at noon, and will be the most unostentatious affair ever experienced in the state. This is according to the expressed desire of the new governor. He simply takes the oath of office before Chief Justice Whitfield, delivers his address and goes to work.

Ensley, Ala., has sold $60,000 worth of sewerage bonds at par.

At a largely attended mass meeting of Nashville citizens resolutions were passed requesting the Tennessee senators to vote for the adoption of the Panama canal treaty.

The New York Central railroad is negotiating with the American Locomotive company for the purchase of 112 locomotives. The contract will amount to $1,750,000.

BROTHERS ARRESTED

Harry and Frank Walden, sons of a farmer who lives near Hartselle, Ala., are accused of numerous crimes.

Robbery after robbery has occurred recently in Hartselle and the Decaturs and all are charged to them.

When arrested there was found on their persons an overcoat stolen from New Decatur, a quantity of tickets which had been stolen from the New Decatur depot, several neckties and some underclothing stolen from Hartselle & Co.'s store, several pieces of jewelry stolen from Britnells' drug store, Hartselle, and various other articles.

MAY I TELL YOU

I want to tell every stammerer how I cured myself at home. You can do the same in three days. I am sorry for you is why I do this. I have told many, who are now cured and happy. They write me grateful letters. Write me at once, for I leave here soon.

Address Rev. G. W. Randolph, Belmont hotel, Birmingham, Ala.

The southern baseball season will begin April 21.

NEW INDUSTRIES.

ALABAMA.

Tuscaloosa—Foundry and machine shop.

Opelika—$50,000 electric light and power plant.

Tuscumbia—Barrel heading factory.

Mobile—Canning factory; saw mill (near).

Anniston—$30,000 brick and tile works.

Heflin—Water works; electric light plant.

FLORIDA.

Arcadia—Water works.

Tampa—$100,000 electric power plant.

Green Cove Springs—Barrel and crate factory.

GEORGIA.

Senoia—$25,000 cotton mill.

Cartersville—$100,000 lumber company.

Athens—$50,000 leather belting factory.

Atlanta—Company to manufacture bridge material; $12,000 hosiery mill.

Savannah—$100,000 investment company.

Lafayette—Saw mill.

LOUISIANA.

Alexandria—Saw mill.

New Orleans—$250,000 sign manufacturing company; $10,000 packing plant.

MISSISSIPPI.

Meridian—$250,000 cotton mill.

TENNESSEE.

Memphis—Clothing factory.

Mt. Pleasant—$15,000 ice factory.

Pulaski—Roller flouring mill.

Watertown—Hardware company.

Ripley—Brick works.

Cornersville—Telephone system.

Cumberland Gap—$10,000 telephone company.

Nashville—$20,000 lime works.

Whitesburg—Saw mill.

Gleason—Cotton gin.

Knoxville—$10,000 manufacturing company.

Daisy—Cooperage plant.

Bristol—$50,000 bottling works and soap factory.

TEXAS.

Austin—$50,000 land company.

Corsicana—Oil company.

San Antonio—Ice factory; $15,000 oil company.

El Paso—Machine shops.

Ft. Worth—$20,000 hardware company.

Hillsboro—$10,000 gas and electrical company.

Beaumont—Building and loan company; $5,000 development company.

Dallas—$30,000 land comjany.

Jasper—Gold mining company.

Houston—Rice mill.

Midlothian—$10,000 lumber mill.

Sour Lake—$30,000 oil company.

Ballinger—$10,000 electric light and ice plant.

Wills Point—$10,000 buggy and implement company.

Daingerfield—$10,000 hardware company.

Iron of the Birmingham District.

While the pig iron market in Alabama is not so active, as far as demand goes, since the first of the year, at it was the last two months of the past year, there is a decided improvement in the entire tone. The tendency, too, is upward, as far as the quotations go, and furnacemen believe that a fairly good price is going to prevail through the year and the demand is going to be quite satisfactory. There is a painful dullness on as to steel and finished iron and steel. There is but little demand for bar iron.

The surplus of pig iron in the yards has been working off slowly. It is announced by some of the companies that they will not be compelled to sell every bit of their surplus iron, but instead intend to hold a considerable amount for advances in price. During the past few days it was announced that No. 2 foundry iron had sold at $10.50 per ton.

More Armament.

Japan has placed orders for battleships of 16,400 tons. The vessels are to be the most powerful armed in the world. The contracts call for delivery within eighteen months.

Tuesday at Gainesville, Fla., the new monument to confederate soldiers was unveiled.

Deeper Channel Wanted.

A six-foot channel in the Mississippi river at low water from St. Poland, Minn., to Cairo, a distance of 1,000 miles, to be completed by the time the Panama canal is put into operation is the project advocated before the house committee on rivers and harbors Monday by a delegation headed by Governor Van Sant of Minn

The total cost of the improvement is estimated at $15,000,000. An association known as the Upper Mississippi Improvement company, representing five states bordering on the upper Mississippi, has been organized for the purpose of advancing the project.

The dredgeboat Jumbo, which sank on the outer bar of Mobile harbor during dredging operations, and resisted all attempts to dislodge it, was blown to pieces Sunday by a diver employed by the United States engineering department. Dynamite was found necessary in order to clear the channel.

The coke market remains about the same, the railroads having less difficulty to handle it than during any January for several years.

COTTON WAS KING.

The Great Record in the Year that Has Just Passed.

"King Cotton" made his greatest record in the export figures of the calendar year 1903. From 1883 to 1903 cotton exports averaged a little more than three-fourths of a million dollars a day. In 1903 they averaged more than one million per day, and in the closing months of the year nearly two and a half million dollars per day. Exports of cotton in December, 1903, shows a greater value than in any preceding month in the history of cotton exportation, the total being over $72,000,000, and thus averaging two and one-half million dollars for every day of the month.

The United Kingdom was in 1903 the largest customer for our cotton. The total value of cotton exported from the United States to the United Kingdom in the calendar year 1903 was, in round terms, $147,000,000, and this forms 39 per cent of our total cotton exports in that year. Germany stood second in the list of our cotton customers, the total value of our cotton exported to Germany during the year being 111 million dollars.

The United Kingdom in the year 1903 aggregated but about five million dollars in excess of the total for 1900, while that to Germany exceeded by twenty-three millions the total for 1900, the former record year.

During the past twenty years exports of cotton reached low ebb in 1895, when $184,432,322 worth was shipped. In 1903 the value was $378,518,718.

FT. BARRANCAS

Will Be Enlarged—More Soldiers Coming.

Two more companies of artillery are expected to arrive at Fort Barrancas, near Pensacola, Fla., about February 4th. The companies have been serving in Cuba for the past two or three years and will be brought on a transport, which is due to arrive on that date.

Tents are being set up and other preparations made for the troops. It was the first intention to send the troops through Pensacola to another point, but from what can now be learned the two companies will be stationed at the local post.

The companies will occupy tents, it is stated, until new barracks can be constructed, which will be quite soon. The new barracks, which have been authorized, will cost about $200,000, and contracts will be awarded in a few months.

Miners' Convention.

President Mitchell and Vice President Lewis made reports. The treasurer's report contains this:

"There has been received from the anthracite strike assessment and in donations listed as the defense fund $57,646, and from the 10 per cent assessment $258,351. There has been paid in donations to assist various district and other unions needing help $308,780.

"The receipts for strike purposes have exceeded the expenditures by $7,218, while the net increase in the funds of the national organization for eleven months ending November 30 is $79,078. On that date there was in Indianapolis banks belonging to the organization $1,129,137. The paid-up membership is 289,836. The total membership is approximately 330,000."

To avoid the loss of revenue from these 40,000 members not paid up, which would amount to $96,000 annually, the stamp system is advocated.

The fifteenth annual convention of the United Mine Workers of America opened in Tomlinson hall, Indianapolis, Ind., Monday morning. Approximately 1,000 delegates from the various districts of the country are in attendance, Canada being also represented.

The convention will continue for ten days and will be followed by the annual joint conference between the miners and coal operators of the states of Indiana, Illinois, Ohio and western Pennsylvania. It is at the joint conference that the wage scale for the ensuing year is fixed. It involves 300 operators and 150,000 miners.

The right of the city of Natchez, Miss., to convert a cemetery into a public park is questioned. The ground was donated to the city for burial purposes in 1817 by two merchants. One of the conditions was that it be forever used as a burial ground.

In 1890 the dead were unearthed and moved together with coffins and tombstones to another part of the city and the cemetery was turned into a park. In order to maintain its identity as a burial ground the authorities made a hole in one corner of the park, put the bones of many of the dead into it and erected a mound over them. The heirs now claim the city has lost the title to the property.

John Simpson, one of the best known young men of Montgomery, Ala., has disappeared. He left the city about ten days ago, and nothing has since been heard of him. He was bookkeeper for the Snow-Tullis Hardware company, and is reported to be short over $2,000.

Charters of four new banks in Mississippi have been approved: Hickory, $30,000; Tebuna, $30,000; Hoxie, $25,000, and Bay Springs, $50,000.

HANNA ISSUES CALL

For Republican National Convention, Chicago June 21

Senator Hanna, as chairman of the national republican committee, late Saturday evening issued the call for the national republican convention. In part it reads:

"To the republican electors of the United States:

"In accordance with established customs and in obedience to instructions of the national convention of 1900, the national republican committee directs that a national convention of delegate representatives of the republican party be held at the city of Chicago in the state of Illinois, for the purpose of nominating candidates for president and vice president to be voted for at the presidential election, Tuesday, November 8, 1904, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it, and that said convention shall assemble at 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, the 21st day of June 1904.

"Said national convention shall consist of a number of delegates-at-large from each state, equal to double the number of United States senators to which each state is entitled and for each representative-at-large in congress, two delegates-at-large; form each congressional district and the District of Columbia, two delegates; from each of the territories of Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Hawaii and Indian Territory, six delegates; from Alaska, four delegates.

"All delegates must be elected not less than thirty days before the meeting of the national convention.

"All notices of contest shall be submitted in writing accompanied by a printed statement setting forth the grounds of contest, which shall be filed with the secretary of the national committee twenty days prior to the meeting of the national committee, and will be acted on by the national convention in the order of the date of filing notice and statement with the secretary.

"PERRY HEATH, Secretary.
"M. A. HANNA, Chairman."

TO FIGHT THE BOLL WEEVIL.

Department of Agriculture Has Formulated Plans for the Campaign.

It is expected that the president will sign the bill appropriating $250,000 to fight the cotton boll weevil at once.

The agricultural department is already formulating plans of procedure to minimize the ravages of the pest. The department does not contemplate a war of extermination on the weevil. The plan is to establish small farms here and there in Texas, and parts of Arkansas and Louisiana.

On these farms experiments will be made by so fertilizing cotton as to make it mature before September, when the weevil gets in its work. The farmers will be given the benefits of these demonstrations. Various kinds of cotton will be planted to ascertain the best variety for early maturity. North Carolina cotton will be especially used.

The agricultural department, about the 1st of next month, will issue a series of instructions to farmers on the subject. The boll weevil is traveling at the estimated rate of 125 miles a year.

Bryan's Plans.

Mr. Bryan telegraphs as follows from Hannibal, Mo.:

"Have not heard of Hearst's St. Louis paper. I shall publish daily edition of The Commoner in St. Louis during the convention.

"W. J. BRYAN."

The big Florida winter resort hotels are opening.

Making Records.

All the mines in the Pratt City district of Alabama are running on full time. The new machine that was installed during the suspension last summer is proving successful. The output of No. 1 mine during the past week has broken all former records. The daily output averages nearly 1,000 tons. Other mines also report gains.

Two Chambers County Residents Run Over by Train.

Tom Turnham and Jesse Edge were killed by a south-bound Central of Georgia train from Roanoke at a crossing a half mile north of Lafayette, Ala., Friday afternoon. They were on their way home.

Two mules were killed and the wagon and load of supplies were a total wreck. Edge was killed instantly. Turnham lived half an hour, but was unconscious.

The heads and bodies of both were terribly mangled.

Each leaves a large family with meager means.

Advices received from Winston county are to the effect that ex-Sheriff B. M. O'Rear, formerly of Walker county, Alabama, who shot and killed John Wilson on December 23d last, was admitted to bail in the sum of $1,500 in a preliminary hearing.

Bessemer and Ensley, Ala., rolling mills are getting ready for business. It is reported that they have a large number of orders on hand, enough to run the entire plants for a long time.

TRAIN ROBBERS

Driven Off After Effort to Hold up the Seaboard Passenger.

A passenger train on the Seaboard Air Line was held up one mile east of Sanderson, Fla., Saturday night by four white men.

The engine was stopped by a volley of shots. The fireman and engineer were taken off the engine and carried to the second-class coach and the robbers ran the train ahead about a half-mile, where they blew open the baggage car, mistaking it for the express. The train conductor went forward, but was fired on and driven back to the coaches.

Conductor L. S. Peck, who was in charge of the train, called for firearms and volunteers. N. H. Harrison, claim agent of the road; B. B. McCaa, traveling auditor, and J. C. Williamson, foreign agent, responded and the four went forward, opened fire and drove the robbers away.

The robbers secured nothing and made no attempt to rob the passengers. The sheriffs of Duval and Baker counties are on the trail of the robbers with bloodhounds.

JAMES L. BLAIR DEAD.

Was Counsel General for the St. Louis World's Fair.

James L. Blair of St. Louis died at Enstis, Fla., Saturday morning. Mr. Blair went there about five weeks ago in search of health, and it was thought he was improving until last week when his condition changed alarmingly for the worst.

Mr. Blair held the position of general counsel for the St. Louis exposition, and Mrs. Blair, that of president of the board of lady managers, which positions were resigned owing to certain charges of official misconduct of the deceased.

The cause of the death as stated in the physician's certificate is congestion of the brain.

A SEWERAGE SYSTEM

To Be Installed in the City of Athens, Alabama.

Athens, Ala., has let the contract for a sewerage system for the town. The successful bidder was the Nashville Plumbing company and they took the contract for laying four miles of sewer for $11,063.85.

Work is to begin the first of February and is to be completed by the first of June.

The work is to be paid in cash as the town has nearly enough cash on hand to pay the bill when the work is done.

Caught in New Orleans.

Fred W. Peterson, formerly a bank clerk of Montgomery, Ala., has been captured in New Orleans.

Until last August Peterson had for five years been in the employ of the Merchants' and Planters' Farley National bank, working as a collection clerk. He was considered a very sober young man, free of bad habits.

In August he asked for a leave of absence of two weeks, under the guise of spending the vacation in North Carolina. Soon after his departure an examination of his accounts showed that he was short $4,965. Detectives followed him to Chicago and New York. No further trace was secured and a report was received that he died in a western town.

Several weeks ago, however, it was ascertained by friends of Peterson that he was in New Orleans and he was apparently making no effort to conceal his identity. The bonding company soon located him and he was arrested.

The Citizens' Savings Bank and Trust company, capitalized at $50,000, has been organized in Birmingham, Ala., and will begin business about March 1st.

James E. Butler, of New Hope, Ala., sold 1,400 bales of cotton Saturday at the uniform rate of 13 1-4 cents a pound. The money consideration was nearly $100,000, making this the largest sale of cotton ever made in Madison county.

The West Pratt Coal company has doubled its capital.

Docked a Dock.

The small wooden floating dock at the Pensacola, Fla., navy yard was taken out on the Spanish steel dock, the work being done successfully. Two holes were found in the bottom of the dock, which will be repaired. Some weeks ago, when an effort was made to dock this structure, the blocks slipped and both were badly damaged, the pontoons of the steel dock being crushed.

It is announced that the czarina is suffering from pleurisy. The first court ball of the season, which was set for January 25th, has been postponed in consequence.

Boilermakers Strike.

Two hundred boilermakers in the shops of the Walsh & Weidner Company, the Sherman company, the Lookout Boiler works of Chattanooga, Tenn., and the works at Battaille, Ala., which is in the Chattanooga territory, went on a strike Monday. The union demand was eight hours per day to which the employers refused to concede. Employers announce that shops will be filled with non-union men if union men hold out.

FLORIDA'S FINANCES

State Comptroller Issues His Annual Report.

In his annual report State Comptroller Croom has this to say:

The rate of taxation levied in 1902 for general revenue to pay the appropriations for the current expenses of the state and for interest on the bonded debt was two and one-half (2 1-2) mills, and the tax rate levied for the same purpose for 1903 was one and one-half (1 1-2) mills, a reduction of one mill.

The state tax rate for all purposes as authorized by the legislature is six and one-half (6 1-2) mills, as follows:

General revenue to pay the appropriations for the current expenses of the state and for interest on the bonded debt	3 mills
State school tax	1 mill
Pension tax	2 mills
Board of health tax	1-2 mill
Total	6 1-2 mills

The tax rate levied for each of the different state purposes for 1902 and 1903, was 5 mills.

It will be seen that the general revenue tax, in connection with which the governor was vested with discretion, was reduced in 1903 one mill below the rate to which it was reduced for 1902. The fact that the total taxation for 1903 is the same as that levied for 1902 is due to an increase by the legislature of one mill on account of the pension tax, which was rendered necessary by the additions to the roll of pensioners.

The state school tax is fixed by the constitution and is not subject to change by legislative or executive action.

It was possible to reduce the tax rate for general revenue purposes in spite of the fact that the legislature of 1901 appropriated about $328,000 for extraordinary purposes (enlarging capitol, educational institutions, etc.), and the legislature of 1903 appropriated for like extraordinary purposes about $444,000 (educational institutions, uniform system of county high schools, etc.), payable from the money derived from taxation for the general revenue fund, from which the regular current expenses and interest on the state debt are paid.

The bonded debt has been reduced until the indebtedness amounts to $601,567 in 3 per cent bonds, issued under the act of 1901, and they are all held by the educational funds of the state.

No other indebtedness of any kind exists and all legal claims are promptly paid upon presentation. There is an aggregate balance of $507,661.40 in the state treasury, of which $269,068.58 is to the credit of general revenue fund to meet current expenses. The tax rate for this purpose is the lowest, with perhaps one or two exceptions, of any of the states in the union.

The number of pensioners has increased from 1,675 in 1902 to 2,700 in 1903. Warrants in payment of pensions are issued quarterly.

In 1898 the assessed valuation of all taxable property was $93,900,823.75, and 1903 the assessed valuation $111,333,735.

During the past year four new banks were authorized to commence business and four more filed applications for charters.

State property is insured for a total of $490,393.

The state of Florida issued bonds in the years 1871 and 1873 amounting in the aggregate to one million two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars, drawing interest at the rate of seven and six per cent per annum, respectively. All of these bonds have been retired and destroyed by fire, except one bond of the denomination of one hundred dollars, which was presented for payment too late to be included in manuscript bond and destroyed with the other bonds, and is now being held by the state treasurer.

The amount distributed to the several counties from the proceeds of the hire of state convicts for nine months of 1903 was $120,57185; the amount apportioned for distribution to the several counties for the last quarter of 1903 is $40,000; total, $160,571.85.

This is an income to the counties that is not derived from taxation and in many instances is more than sufficient to pay all the costs of criminal prosecution chargeable against the counties, thus avoiding the levy of any taxes for that purpose.

In the case of Rogers vs. the state of Alabama the supreme court of the United States sustained the right of the negro to serve as juror in criminal cases. Rogers was tried for murder and negroes were not allowed to sit on the jury for no other reason, it is alleged, than that of their race and color. The supreme court holds this to be a denial of equal rights under the fourteenth amendment to the federal constitution.

A statement of the grievance on the part of Colombia was presented to the state department by General Reyes on December 23. General Reyes says that the course of the United States had worked deep injury to Colombia, and he cited the treaty of 1846 as showing that the independence intact between the two governments.

St. Paul's Catholic church in Birmingham, Ala., is to have a $6,000 white Italian marble altar.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

JANUARY 14TH.

Immediately after the senate was called to order Mr. Pettus, from the committee on military affairs, reported the bill extending till 1906 the time for the settlement of claims of states for the equipment of troops for the Spanish-American war. The bill was passed.

At the request of Mr. Hale the consideration of resolutions touching the postoffice department was postponed until Monday morning next.

The senate on Thursday listened to speeches by Mr. Newlands and Mr. Depew on the Panama canal question, and to a speech by Mr. Latimer in advocacy of the adoption of a plan for the improvement of the public wagon roads of the country.

When the house convened the senate resolution authorizing the erection of a monument in memory of the late President Benjamin Harrison on land owned by the United States in the city of Indianapolis was passed.

Representative Underwood, of Alabama, has introduced in the house a bill to exclude certain aliens from admission to the United States under the immigration laws. The bill provides that admission to the United States shall be denied to persons over fifteen years of age who cannot read the English language or some other language; but an admissible immigrant now in or hereafter admitted into the United States may bring in or send for his wife, his children under eighteen years of age, and his parents or grandparents over fifty years of age, if they are otherwise admissible, whether they are so able to write or not.

Representative Robinson introduced a bill providing for the admission of Oklahoma and Indian Territory into the union as the state of Oklahoma.

JANUARY 15TH.

Today's session of the senate began and closed with the passage of a number of bills on the calendar.

The intervening time was given over to a speech by Mr. Teller on the Panama canal question, Mr. Teller contending that the course of the president in connection with the recent revolt of Panama had been contrary to precedent, and in contravention of international law.

The senate adjourned until Monday.

The Gorman Panama resolution was laid before the senate. Before any one was recognized to speak on the resolution Mr. Gorman offered a number of amendments, striking out the word "intervention" wherever it appears, thus modifying the resolution so as to make it an inquiry of the president concerning the use of American military forces in the isthmus of Panama.

The house held no session Saturday.

JANUARY 18TH.

The postoffice inquiry resolution and the Panama canal question divided the attention of the senate. The first half of the session was given up to the inquiry, Messrs. Hale and Gorman being the speakers. The question went over until tomorrow.

The discussion of the Panama canal question was confined to the continuation of Mr. Teller's argument that the course of the United States in the recent revolt of Panama was contrary to international law and sound morals.

Resolutions looking to an investigation by congress of the postoffice department was laid before the senate before the opening of the session.

The house devoted a brief session to the District of Columbia business. While in committee of the whole on one of the bills the postoffice scandal was discussed.

When the house convened the speaker announced the resignation of Mr. Griggs, democrat, of Georgia, from the committee on coinage, weights and measures, and Mr. Hardwick, democrat, of Georgia, from the committee on revision of the laws and the appointment of Mr. Hardwick to the committee on coinage, weights and measures; Mr. Garber, democrat, of Ohio, to the committee on revision of the laws, and Mr. Currier, republican, of New Hampshire, as chairman of the committee on patents.

Some irregularities in the postoffice department were discussed, the discussion being precipitated by a letter from M. W. Lewis to Representative Bartlett, of Georgia.

Orders have been sent to the commodore in command of the German West Indian squadron to send the ships now at Havana to United States ports. During the next ten days the Vinetta with the commodore on board will go to New Orleans, the Falke to Mobile, and the Gazelle to Galveston, Tex.

YOUR UNCLE SAMUEL BUYS ALABAMA IRON.

The Tennessee company has received an order from Washington for one hundred tons of No. 1 soft iron to be used in the navy yard. This grade of the metal is the most difficult to make. The use of this material had been under consideration for some time and now that the order is given it is not an experiment but the actual beginning of the use of the Alabama product.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBose, - - - - Editor
Geo. D. Campbell, - - Manager

COLUMBIANA, ALA.
THURSDAY, JAN. 21, 1904

Entered in the post-office at Columbiana Ala., as second class matter.

ANNOUCEMENTS.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county.

D. R. McMILLAN.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce E. S. LYMAN as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. O'HARA a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the primary to be held next year.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county.

WALTER E. LESTER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

W. A. THOMPSON.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

The many friends of T. J. MARTIN in Beat 10, announce him a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk, subject to Democratic primary.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis, announces himself a cnadidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

J. M. Ray, of Wilsonville, announces himself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of J. E. Adams in Beat Eleven, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

W. B. WEAVER.

R. J. Griffin, of Maylene, is a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county subject to the action of the democratic primary.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR

W. C. Brannon, of Silura, announces himself a candidate for Tax Assessor of Shelby county subject to the action of the democratic party.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John N. Wyatt as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District of Shelby county, subject to the Democratic primary.

FOR SOLICITOR.

I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the office of Soliciter of the Seventh Judicial Circuit.

BORDEN H. BURR.

REMEMBER FEBRUARY 1ST.

COURT HOUSE ELECTION ON MONDAY FEBRUARY 1ST.

ONLY TEN MORE DAYS LEFT FOR YOU TO PAY YOUR POLL TAX. PAY IT OR YOU CANNOT VOTE IN NOVEMBER ELECTION! PAY BEFORE FEBRUARY FIRST.

GALERA HOPES TO

Win Alone By Exciting the Prejudice of the Voters.

The so-called "Calera News" published out and out in Sylacauga, has spurted and spurted in its last issue! It is a wonderful issue and passing strange. We don't see what it will be able to say next week. It has said so much this week, we fear it has said out. It has not made a single argument in all its vampings. Its desperate efforts to simply work on prejudices of the people are so apparent as to be disgusting in the extreme. This will be the effect of it too on the voters instead of accomplishing the purpose of the writer of the sheet. They go back into politics, and while their little sheet poses as a democratic paper, these astute writers for the foreign sheet assume to sign some of their deliverances "Populite." "Populite Number 2," thinking thereby to arouse populites animosity against Columbiana to the extent of causing them to vote for removal. This must appear disgusting alike to populists and democrats all over the county. These flexible, erudite writers go back to 1892 and notwithstanding it is a democratic paper, writes scathing articles on the outrage perpetrated on the populists in 1892. signing the said articles "Populite" and "Populite Number 2." Every intelligent populite in the county knows that these same articles were doubtless never seen by a populite until they saw them published in this so-called democratic sheet, and that it is presumable men wrote these same articles who pose in their own party as democrats—especially when they want offices at the hands of their party. They know also that the matters contained in these articles have nothing in the wide, wide world to do with the court house question, and were only written to arouse prejudice against Columbiana. Then they take up the action and conduct of certain individuals in Columbiana pertaining to other matters, and wholly foreign to the question involved in the county seat election, and they verily exceed themselves in in their efforts to present these foreign matters in a strong light to the voters of Shelby county. What has the action of Judge Longshore and the commissioners court got to do with the question of removal of the court house from Columbiana to Calera? Can they satisfy the tax payers of the county that Judge Longshore and the commissioners court would not do the same things which they complain of had the court house been at Calera? Or that they will not do just as objectionable things in the eyes of our democratic voters who sign themselves Populite, if the court house is voted to Calera? Have they any assurance that Judge Longshore and Mr. Browne will not be seen talking together privately in Calera if the if county seat is removed to that town?

Then for absolute abscence of argument to support the removal folly, they drag before the people of the county one of the official acts of Judge D. R. McMillan in 1894 in releasing on habeas corpus H. C. Moss who was put in jail on a charge made by some of the citizens of Calera. The action of Judge McMillan in this case we presume was just like the action of any judge on the bench in any other case. The case was brought before him. One of Shelby county's best citizens was in jail deprived of his liberty. He exercised his rights an American citizen to apply for a writ of habeas corpus. He did this. The petition was heard, witnesses examined, both side being represented by attorneys. On this hearing Judge McMillan set the prisoner free. His action was never reversed by the supreme court, on the contrary we are reliably informed that one of the distinguished judges of the supreme court of Alabama, after hearing all the facts in the case, stated in a private conversation that Judge McMillan could not have done otherwise than release the prisoner.

But suppose he did make a mistake in his ruling as a judge, yea, we will go further and say, suppose he had released the prisoner in a spirit of corruption, what has this got to do with the question involved in the present county seat election? Again we will ask, had the same county official been presiding in the same office in a court house in Calera will these shrewd writers undertake to say that his ruling would have been different, and that he would have refused to release the prisoner.

Calera's methods!

That little trick of the shrewd Calerites that they will pay $5000 toward building the court house and jail in Calera is too thin. The voters see clear through it. They know that if the county seat should be removed by this election that all the powers in Alabama could not make Calera pay this $5,000, for there is no legal liability on her to pay it.

Calera tells the voters of the county that the commissioners's court can not levy a tax rate over and above the rate now levied. This is all bosh, and is in keeping with all of Calera's methods. It is too well known to admit of discussion that in addition to the regular or general taxes, the commissioner's court may levy an extra special tax to build or repair court houses, jails, public roads, etc., and besides the general taxes levied by the State the State may levy certain taxes for educational purposes and for other purposes. We know that the taxes are now heavier than the poor farmers can well bear.

ELECTION MANAGERS AND CLERKS

We, John E. Morriss, Chairman and J. H. Gunn, D. R. McMillan, composing the Board of Commissioners of county Seat Election, hereby appoint the following persons as Inspectors, clerks and Returning officers to to hold and conduct election to be held in the various beats in Shelby county, on Monday, the 1st day of February, 1904, for the purpose of determining whether or not the county seat of Shelby county shall be removed from Columbiana to calera, to-wit:

BEAT 1, BOX 1, (columbiana)

Managers.—H. M. Millstead, J. T. Leeper, J. L. Peters. clerks—Jno. E. Dyke, J. H. Mooney, returning officer, R. F. Cox. Shrff

BEAT 1, BOX 2 (Shelby.)

Managers.—Geo. H. Averyt, J C. Williams, Frank Finch. clerks Elmer Carter, S. J. Harrell. Returning officer, E. T. Brasher.

BEAT 2 (Spring creek.)

Managers.—Thos. R. Lovett, Hosea Pearson, G. E. Abbott. clerks, Wm. Carden, Jr., J. M. Baldwin: returning officer, N. N. Mosteller.

BEAT 3 (calera.)

Managers.—H. C. Moss, Robt. Long, C. A. Millstead. Clerks, L. G. Privett, I. W. Bailey; returning officer, C. H. Fields.

BEAT 4, BOX 1 (Montevallo.)

Managers—L. N. Bowden, Geo. Morgan, John McMath; clerks, J. Alex Moore, H. E. Whitaker; returning officer, Frank Harrison.

BEAT 5 (Bamford.)

Managers—LaFayette Bunn, Jno Harmon, J. A. Johnson; clerks, Jas. Harmon, Robt. Atchison; returning officer, John Waddell.

BEAT 6 (Helena.)

Managers—C. T. Davidson, J. G. Mitchell, L. N. Roy; clerks, M. T. Floyd, E. F. Lee; returning officer, Daniel Lambert.

BEAT 7 (Elliottsville.)

Managers—M. S. Wilson, J. F. McLane, Wesley Ozley; clerks, G. Thos. Fulton, L. B. Riddle; returning officer, R. C. Naish.

BEAT 8 (Yellow Leaf.)

Managers—Joel Thomas, N. M. Davis, G. W. Shaw; clerks, Geo. Stone J. B. Farrell; returning officer, T. B. Holcombe.

BEAT 9 (Wilsonville.)

Managers—Amos Daniels, W. E. Riddle, J. Seab Jackson; clerks, W. John Weldon, T. A. Huston; returning officer, Geo. W. Taylor.

BEAE 10, BOX 1 (Harpersville.)

Managers—E. V. Caldwell, J. R. Hatcher, T. G. Florey; clerks, T. H. Borum. D. W Kidd; returning officer, R. B. Posey.

BEAT 10, BOX 2 (Cresswell.)

Managers—Isaac Chancellor, Geo. W. Green, J. T. Glaze; clerks, Charles Bates, A. J. Coleman; returning officer, C. A. Glaze.

BEAT 11 (Weldon.)

Managers—F. M. Baldwin, W. J. Sewell, O. S. Lybrand, clerks, J. E. Adams, J. W. Moore; returning officer, J. M. Spearman.

BEAT 12 (Highland.)

Managers—Frank Miller, A. J. F. Cross, G. L. Maske; clerks, W. L. Deshazo, W. N. Gilbert; returning officer, Jas. M. Allen.

BEAT 13 (Bridgeton.)

Managers—D. N. Lee, J. W. Farley, B. F. Dawson; clerks, A. L. Deshazo, J. H. Lee; returning officer, W. P. Cox.

BEAT 14 (Vandiver.)

Managers—W. J. Kendrick, J. B Whitfield, John McMinn; clerks, Wesley Stone, H. M. Abercrombie; returning officer, W. A. Brasher.

BEAT 15 (Sterrett.)

Managers—W. A. Richie, R.M.Hollis, R. J. Byers. clerks, M. C. Vick, J R. Dyke; returning officer, R. Jarrett.

BEAT 16 (Vincent.)

Managers—J. J. Embry, W. H. Kidd, J. E. Elliott; clerks, W. Y. Rich W. T. Kidd; returning officer, Ed. W. Bell.

BEAT 17 (Pelham.)

Managers—Ollie Cost, T. J. Cross. M. P. Nabors; clerks, C. E. L. Leonard, Harmon Thomas; returning officer, R. G. Carter.

BEAT 18 (Dunnavant.)

Managers—J. H. Pack, W. G. King J. H. Dorough, clerks, Lane Isbell, J. O. Dorough, returning officer, W. M. Lowry.

BEAT 19 (Dogwood.)

Managers—Geo. F. Peter. Jno. D. Stripling, W. D. Lacey; clerks, W. H. Reneau, Jas. Smith; returning officer, W. E. Harrison.

Done at Columbiana, Ala., on this the 4th day of January 1904.

J. E. MORRISS, Chair'n,
J. H. GUNN,
D. R. McMILLAN,
Board of Commissioners. Etc.

QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS IN THE COURT HOUSE ELECTION.

To the Voters of Shelby County:

In order that there may be no misunderstanding in regard to the qualificatians of the voters in the county seat election to be held on the first day of February, we deem it proper to give in a condensed form the law in reference to same.

A person to be entitled to vote in the court house election on the first of Feb. 1904, must possess all of the following qualifications:

1st. He must be over twenty-one years and must have resided continuously in the state two years in the county one and in the precinct in which he offers to vote three months, immediately preceding the election at which he offers to votes, provided that when he removes from one precinct to another within three months immediately preceding the election, he may vote in the precinct from which he removed, provided he could legally have voted in said precinct had he not removed.

2nd. He must have legally registered in Shelby county under the new constitution of 1901.

3rd. He must have paid his poll tax for 1901 and 1902 (if he was liable for the poll tax of said years or either of them) and he must have paid his poll tax on or before the first of February 1st, 1903, and he must show to the managers of the election his poll tax receipts for said years; or make oath before the managers that he has paid said poll tax. Any one falsely making said oath would be guilty of perjury and on conviction would be sentenced to the penitentiary.

4th. The following persons are disqualified from voting in said election; all idiots and insane persons, those who were by reason of conviction of crime disqualified from voting at the time of the ratification of the constitution on November 28th, 1901, those who have been since Nov. 28th, 1901, convicted of treason, murder, arson, embezzlement, malfeacance in office, larcency, receiving stolen property, obtaining money under false pretenses, perjury, subornation of perjury, robbery, assault with intent to rob, burglary, forgery, bribery, assault and battery on wife, bigamy, living in adultery, sodomy, incest, rape, miscegenation crime against nature, or any crime punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary; or for any infamous crime, or crimes involving moral turpitude, or convicted as a tramp. or vagrant, or of selling or offering to sell his vote, or the vote of another, or of making or offering to make false returns in any election by the people.

JOHN E. MORRISS, ch'rmn
J. H. GUNN,
D. R. McMILLAN,
Board of Commissioners of county Seat Election.

DeWitt is the Name.

When you go to buy Witch Hazel Salve look for the name DeWitt on every box. The pure, unadulterated Witch Hazel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles The popularity of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, due to its many cures, has caused numerous worthless counterfeits to be placed on market. The genuine bears the name of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. Sold by Williams Bros.

Teachers' Institute Examination Course.

Teachers wishing to prepare for examination should write at once, to Prof. J. L. Graham; L.L. D, 152 154 Randolph Building, Memphis, Tenn., for particulars concerning his special Teachers' Examination Course.

The course is taught by mail, and prepares teachers for examinations in every state in the Union. Leading educators pronounce it the best course ever offered to the teaching profession, and all teachers wishing to advance in their profession should immediately avail themselves of it. Enclose stamp for reply.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but it stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 25 and 75 cts. For sale by Williams Bros.

HEAVY DEBT.

Saginaw, Ala., Jan. 18, 1904.

The time is not for distant when the people of Shelby County will vote on the question of removal of the Court House from Columbiana to Calera. Much has been said for, and against removal, this is a very important question to the people of the County. I don't see any good reason for moving the Court House from its present location. It would be more convenient for us who live along the line of the L. & N. R. R. between the line of Jefferson & Chilton Counties, but what about that large territory lying in the North Eastern part of the County? Shall we saddle a heavy burden on the tax payers of Shelby County for our convenience? That would be selfish removal of the court house to Calera would benefit the citizens of that place, and especially those who own property there. It would be an accomodation and a convenience to a few who attend Shelby County courts from Birmingham and Montgomery, Shall we tear down one town in order to build up another? Shall we tax our people for the accomodadion of a few who live in Jefferson and Montgomery counties? (Who I understand are using their influence for removal) this is all folly. What about location, healthfulness, water supply. These are important questions and ought to be duly considered, Columbiana has the advantage of Calera in these respects; it is high and dry, while Calera is low and marshy, and has the appearance of being unhealthy. Columbiana has a bountiful supply of good water which Calera has not, nor cannot get without considerble expense. Shelby county has a reasonably good court house and jail located at Columbiana and all paid for. It has been reported as an argument in favor of removal, that a new court house would be built any way. I think the resolutions passed by the commissioners, a certified copy which was published in the Chronicle last week ought to set aside that argument.

J. F. M.

Non-Residence Notice.

L. M. Dyke, Vs. Henry Walthall.
State of Alabama, } Circuit Court.
Shelby County. } Whereas, L. M. Dyke as plaintiff in said cause has obtained an attachment out of this court issued the 19th day of January, 1904, against the estate of the said Henry Walthall as defendant, which attachment has been levied by R. F. Cox, sheriff of Shelby county, Ala., on the following described real estate of the said defendant, to-wit: Island "A" in Coosa river of sections 17 and 8, and all of Island "B" in Coosa river, of section 8. all in township 21, range 2 east. All of which is situated in the the county of Shelby and and state of Alabama and, whereas, it appears that the said Henry Walthal defendant as aforesaid is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in the State of New York, therefore the said Henry Walthal wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the said attachment and the [illegible] as aforesaid.

Witness my hand this the 21st day of January 1904.

J. P. PEARSON, Clerk.

Dragging Pains

2825 Keeley St.,
CHICAGO, ILL., Oct., 2, 1902.

I suffered with falling and congestion of the womb, with severe pains through the groins. I suffered terribly at the time of menstruation, had blinding headaches and rushing of blood to the brain. What to try I knew not, for it seemed that I had tried all and failed, but I had never tried Wine of Cardui, that blessed remedy for sick women. I found it pleasant to take and soon knew that I had the right medicine. New blood seemed to course through my veins and after using eleven bottles I was a well woman.

Mrs. Bush is now in perfect health because she took Wine of Cardui for menstrual disorders, bearing down pains and blinding headaches when all other remedies failed to bring her relief. Any sufferer may secure health by taking Wine of Cardui in her home. The first bottle convinces the patient she is on the road to health.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE of CARDUI

While shyly accepting the encomiums showered upon their patriotism, those Panama revolutionists who rose "as one man" are neglecting to keep a sharp lookout for the arrival of that little consignment of ten million American dollars.

Three Time the Value of Any Other.

One-Third Easier.
One-Third Faster.

Agents wanted in all Unoccupied Territory.

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MANUFACTURING CO.
ATLANTA, - - - - - GA.

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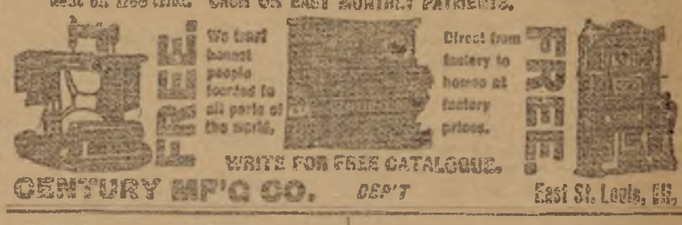
ELEGANT CENTURY UPRIGHT PIANO, $125. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT PARLOR ORGANS, $25 UP. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT CENTURY SEWING MACHINES, BALL-BEARING, $13. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial. CASH OR EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.



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DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effect June 14, 1903.

No. 25	No. 14	STATIONS.	No. 12	No. 21
7.35am	4.50pm	lv. Mobile..ar	4.35pm	2.05pm
1.10pm	4.50pm	lv...Selma...lv	4.35pm	2.05pm
4.10pm	9.00pm	ar Birmingham lv	1.00pm	10.00pm
5.40am	.....	ar Chatt'n'ga lv	.....	6.10pm
1.1?pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	.....	2.10pm
5.45pm	.....	ar...Bristol...lv	.....	5.30am
8.05pm	.....	ar Asheville lv	.....	8.55am
1.25am	.....	ar Lynchb'rg lv	.....	3.06am
8.55am	.....	ar Wash'gt'n lv	.....	10.01pm
11.45pm	.....	ar...N York...lv	.....	8.25pm

Nos. 22 and 21 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville, Birmingham and New York. Cafe car serves meals en route

No. 18	STATIONS.	No. 24
7.2 am	lv.....Tuscaloosa.....ar	9.22pm
9.18am	lv.....Akron.....ar	7.26pm
9.38am	.....Greensboro.....	6.40pm
10.52am	.....Marion.....	5.40pm
11.56am	ar.....Selma.....lv	4.40pm

No. 34	No. 16	STATIONS.	No. 36	No. 32
.....	7.30pm	lv New O'l'ns ar	8.30am	.....
.....	7.30am	lv...Meridian ar	8.05pm	.....
.....	9.37am	...Demopolis...	6.30pm	.....
.....	10.25am	ar...Uniont'n lv	5.42pm	.....
.....	11 0?am	...Marion Jct...	5.10pm	.....
.....	11.06am	ar (	4.40pm	.....
.....	12.05pm	lv (Selma (ar	4.40pm	.....
.....	2 08pm	...Montevallo...	2.42pm	.....
.....	2.2?pm	.....Calera.....	2.20pm	.....
.....	2.42pm	...Columbiana...	1.46pm	.....
*8.45am	3.15pm	...Childersburg...	1.11pm	*3.25pm
7.22am	3.38pm	...Talladega...	12.3?pm	2.46pm
8.25am	4.49pm	.....Anniston.....	11.35am	1.46pm
8.48am	5.1 pm	...Jacksonville...	11.04am	1.04pm
9.03am	5.35pm	...Piedmont...	10.49am	0.49pm
9.35am	6.25pm	...Cave Springs...	9.?3am	8.50pm
†10 3 P	7 05pm	ar.....Rome.....	9.20am	8.?5pm
11.30am	10.40pm	ar...Atlanta...lv	5.5 am	*4.15pm

STATIONS.	No. *	No. *	No. *	No. *
Lv Birm'gham	.....	6.10am	4.10pm	11.3 pm
Pell City	.....	7.20am	5.25pm	12.45am
Anniston	4.15am	8.20am	8.31pm	1.55am
Heflin	5.02..m	9.10am	7.20pm	2.?0am
Edwardsville	5.12am	.....	7.40pm	2.40 m
Fruithurst	5.2?am	.....	7.42pm	2.58am
Tallapoosa	5.45am	9.37am	8.06pm	3.16 m
Rome	8 0?am	.....	8....	8 3?am
Douglasville	7.10am	10.?3am	9 2?am	4 24am
Lithia Springs	7.?5am	.....	9 ?5am	4.?5am
Atlanta	8.... m	11.5? m	10.?5am	5.20am

STATIONS.	No. *	No. *	No. *	No. *
Lv Atlanta	6.10am	2.15pm	11.35pm	6.15am
Lithia Springs	6.57am	5.00pm	12.20am	7.00am
Douglasville	7.10am	.....	12.32am	7.30 m
Ferman	7.56a	5.55pm	1.24am	8.25pm
Tallapoosa	8.15am	6.10pm	1.42am	8.50 m
Fruithurst	8.36am	.....	1.58am	9.10pm
Edwardsville	8.46am	6.32 m	2.06am	9.27am
Heflin	9 0?am	6.42pm	2.16am	9.40pm
Anniston	9.?3am	7.25pm	2.56am	10.30pm
Pell City	10.38am	8.36pm	4.07am	.....
Birmingham	11.45am	9.55pm	5.20 m	.....

STATIONS.	No. 36	No. 38
Lv Birmingham	4.10pm	6.10am
Lv Anniston	6.3?pm	8.20am
Lv Atlanta	10.55pm	12.0 nm
Ar Macon	1.05am	2.25pm
Ar Jesup	5.20am	.....
Ar Jacksonville	8.30am	.....
Ar Brunswick	6.55am	.....

No 36 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Brunswick and Atlanta to Jacksonville.

No. 38 carries Pullman Sleeping car and Dining car Birmingham to Atlanta.

STATIONS.	No. 15
Lv Rome	7.10pm
Ar Chattanooga	9.50pm
Ar Knoxville	1.40am
Ar Hot Springs	4.?5am
Ar Asheville...(Cent Time)	5.55am
Ar Salisbury...(East Time)	11.35am
Ar Greensboro	12.5?pm
Ar Washington	5.5?pm
Ar New York	8.15am

No. 15 carries Pullman Sleeping car Rome to Chattanooga. Chattanooga to Salisbury and Salisbury to New York without change.

STATIONS.	No. 2	No. 4.
Lv Chattanooga	10 ?0am	10.40pm
Ar Cincinnati	7 3?pm	8.15am
Ar Louisville	8.15pm	10.35am

No. 4 Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to Louisville and Cincinnati.

No. 2 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

STATIONS.	No. 40	No. 38	No. 36
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	4.10pm
Lv Atlanta	1.45pm	1.00pm	1.00am
Ar Charlotte	10.05pm	8.13pm	9.30am
Ar Danville	2.5?am	11.53am	.....
Ar Lynchburg	4.3?am	1.55am	3.?2pm
Ar Charlottesville	6 20am	3.37am	5.?0pm
Ar Washington	9.45am	6.42am	9.15pm
Ar Baltimore	†10.35am	7.58am	11.35pm
Ar Philadelphia	12.54a'm	10.15am	2.56am
Ar New York	3.?5pm	12.43pm	6.13am

No. 38 "Washington & Southwestern Limited" Solid Westbound train Atlanta to New York, carrying Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Club car Atlanta to Washington.

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

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H. F. LATIMER, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
C. H. ACKERT, G. M., Washington, D. C.
W. A. TURK, P. T. M., Washington, D. C.
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McMILLAN & HAYNES.
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Special facilities for making Abstract Titles.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
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Williams Bros. Will Buy It Back.

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Williams Brothers will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant and reliable.

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles
Prepared only by E. O. DeWITT & Co., Chicago
The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

For sale by WILLIAMS BROS.

The Pleasure of Eating.

Persons suffering from indigestion dyspepsia or other stomach trouble will find that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. This remedy is a never failing cure for indigestion and dyspepsia and all complaints affecting glands or membranes of the stomach or digestive tract. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure everything you eat tastes good, and every bit of the nutriment that your food contains is assimilated and appropriated by the blood and tissues. Sold by Williams Brothers.

COTTON BELT ROUTE

HALF RATES TO TEXAS
BOTH ONE WAY AND ROUND TRIP

via the Cotton Belt, from St. Louis, Thebes, Cairo and Memphis, first and third Tuesdays of each month, beginning October 21st. For one-way tickets,

Half the One-Way Rate, plus $2.00;

round-trip tickets, one fare plus $2.00, to points in Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territories. Write for particulars and cost of ticket from your home town.

The Cotton Belt runs solid through trains to Texas, equipped with the most modern and comfortable cars. These trains make quick time and direct connections for all parts of the Great Southwest.

If you are seeking a better place to locate, write for a free copy of our handsome illustrated booklets, Homes in the Southwest and Through Texas With a Camera.

N. D. BAIRD, Traveling Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
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THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year..... $1.00
One copy six months..... 50

THURSDAY, JAN. 21, 1904.

The girls don't seem to understand
Like us boys that this is Leap year.
Eight years since one was in our land,
Eight more we'd go crazy I fear.

Though we boys are timid and young
We'll address you soon that is true,
Most of us boys ought to be hung
You know we're bashfull around you.

What if you knew without a doubt
You'd have no chance after this year
Wedding bell would ring as of old,
We'd court you noteaving a fear.

Leap year comes once in every four
So be calm and don't be a.raid
Just talk to us boys as ne'er before,
Or you'll get left to be an old maid.

"Old G. P"

Hello Central!

Vote against removal.

A warm rain fell Saturday.

There are several cases of measle in the city.

A telephone exchange is being put in our city.

Only a few more days in which to pay your poll tax.

H. E. Whitaker, of Montevallo, was in the city Wednesday.

County court will convene on the third Monday in February.

The merry-go-round has been in operation at Shelby this week.

John Walthall, of Birmingham, is on a visit to friends in the city.

Capt. J. W. Bolin, of Wilsonville, visited to the city last Saturday.

Let every voter come out to the polls on Monday Februry the 1st.

Miss Onzelle Verchot visited a sick friend near Montevallo last week.

L. B. Riddle, of Longview, transacted business in the city last Saturday.

Next Monday week will settle the annoying question of court house removal.

Look out young men this is leap year. The girls have not had a chance in eight years.

Mrs. Eva Brown, of Birmingham, is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Barnett.

If you wish to avoid being taxed to build a new court house and jail vote against removal.

Shelly Glazener who has been laid up with a case of measles for the past two weeks is improving.

Don't forget the Dunbar Hand Bell Ringers at the school house on Saturday night, January 30th.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott will hold services at the Presbyt rian church on the fifth Sunday in this month.

Up to the present time there has been poll taxes for 1901, 15; 1902, 67, 1903, 964, making a total of 1,046.

Rev. J. D. W. Upshaw filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church last Sunday morning and at night.

Mrs. Belle Wooddall, of Shelby, has been confined to her room with pneumonia for the past two weeks is improving.

Joe P. Roberts sold out his interest in the grocery business to J. R. White who in the future will continue the business.

Misses Myra Browne and Dinnie Rowe spent Monday and Tuesday at Cresswell, the guests of Miss Carrie Rowe.

W. W. Albright, the up-todate blacksmith and carriage workman is now among the readers of The Chronicle. Thanks to you.

The Dunbar Bell Ringers and Male Quartette Company gave one of the most cultured and refined entertainment ever given in this city.—The Democrat, Bethany, Mo.

Miss Emma Hana, one of Greensboro's charming young ladies, and Miss Lillian Hnna, a belle of Marion, are the guests of Miss Edna Nelson.

J. P. Pearson killed a 10½ months old pig Friday which tipped the scales at the 410 pound notch. Mr. Pearson bought the pig from J. B. Pitts last March.

Every registered voter ought to interest himself enough to see that every one entitled to vote come out and cast his vote against removal on the first of February.

The Phoenix Auction Co., are still offering bargains in clothing, shoes and notions, if you want to secure some of these bargains you had better come and get some of them.

The mass meeting which was called to meet in Calera on the 16th of January was postponed, and the Republican (Lilly Whites) are requested to meet in Columbiana on February 6th. All in sympathy with the movement are cordially invite to attend.

J. S. Farrell, a well known citizen of the county, died at his home a few miles north of this city. He was 74 years old, and had been sick for a long time. He was a good citizen and the father of Supt. J. B. Farrell. He expired on last Sunday morning.

The Dunbar Bell Ringers appeared before a large audience at the Christian Church last night. Each one of the performers is an artist and entire program captivated the audience as was plainly shown by enthusiastic encores, which received cheerful response.—Bedford (Iowa) Republican.

The Proper Treatment for Sprained Ankle.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or 3 months before he has fully recovered. This an unnecessary loss of time, for many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some case within three days. For sale by Williams Bros.

We take great pleasure in calling attention of our readers to the announcement of Borden H. Burr, of Talladega, for the Democratic nomination to the office of Solicitor from this circuit. Mr. Burr is a prominent lawyer of Talladega, being a member of the law firm of Knox, Dixon & Burr, and is known throughout the district as being a man well qualified for the position he aspires. His friends are legions, and we predict for him a strong following in old Shelby.

By special arrangements with the publishers of the Constitution and Sunny South we offer a years's subscription to our own paper in addition to the Constitution and Sunny South and will furnish all three for ONLY TWO DOLLARS. Such orders must come direct to The Chronicle.

In this issue will be found the announcement of John N. Wyatt, of beat four as a candidate for the office of commissioner of Shelby county. We have known Mr, Wyatt since his boyhood days, he being one of our schoolmates, and we take pleasure in commending him to the people. He is a successful farmer, lives out of his own crib and smokehouse, is highly esteemed by his neighbors among whom he was raised, and is safe conservative man in whom the confidence and money can safely repose.

Cured of Piles After 40 Years.

C. Haney, of Geneva, O., had the piles for 40 years. Doctors and dollars could do him no good. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. Invaluable for cuss, burns, bruises, sprains, lacerations, eczema, tetter, salt rheum, and all other skin diseases Look for the name DeWitt on package—all others are cheay, worthless counterfeits. Sold by Williams Bros.

Let every voter who is opposed to oppressively high taxes for the balance of his days, come to the polls on Monday, February 1st, and vote the ticket which has on it AGAINST REMOVAL!

Good Advice.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects: such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Waterbrash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth, Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle of August Flower for 25 or 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Try it. For sale by Williams Brothers, Columbiana.

Mrs. Olive Millstead wife of Rev. H. M. Millstead died Wednesday at 11:30 a. m., after an illness of several months. Mrs. Millstead leave a husband and children to mourn her death. The Chronicle extends sympathy to the bereaved family.

The Best Remedy for Croup.

This is the season when the woman who knows the best remedies for croup is in demand in every neighborhood. One of the most terrible things in the world is to be awakened in the night by a whoop from one of the children. The croup remedies are almost sure to be lost in case of croup, as a revolver in case of a burglar. There used to be an old fashioned remedy for croup known as hive syrup and tolu, but some modern mothers say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is better, and does not cost as much. It causes the patient to "throw up the phlegm" quicker, and gives relief in a shorter time. Give this remedy as soon as the croupy cough appears and it will prevent the attack. It never fails and is plasant and safe to take. For sale at Williams Bros.

How to Make Money.

Agents of either sex should today write Marsh Manufacturing Co., 538 Lake st., Chicago, for cuts and particulars of their handsome Aluminum Card Case with name engraved on it and filled with 100 calling or business cards. Everybody orders them. Sample case and 100 cards, postpaid 40 cts. This case and 100 cards retails at 75c. You have only to show sample to get an order. Send 40c at once for case and 100 cards or send 30c for 100 cards without case. Mention this paper

JUST WHAT YOU NEED.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

When you fell dull after eating.
When you have no appetite.
When you have a bad taste in mouth.
When your liver is torpid.
When your bowels are constipated.
When you have a headache.
When you feel bilious.
They will improve your appetite and invigorate your stomach, and regulate your liver and bowels. Price 25c per box at Williams Bros.

Calera says, "We'll carry Vincent Beat." Vincent says, "Wait and see." Our information is that that beat will vote against removal by a large majority on the 1st of February.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have this day sold their interest in The Columbiana Mercantile Co. to Max Lefkovits and Philip Erlick, and they have assumed all indebtedness of said firm. We desire to extend to the people of Columbiana and surrounding country our hearty thanks for their generous patronage for the past nine years, which contributed to the success of said business.

We again solicit your hearty co-operation with our successors. as they will serve you in the future with courtesies as in the past.

Thanking yau again, we remain

Your friends,

ERLICK & LEFKOVITS.

Statement of the Condition of

The Columbiana Savings Bank

Located at Columbiana, Ala.,

At the close of business on January 11th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILTIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$47,897 05	Capital stock paid in	$15,000 00
Banking House	5,000 00	Individual deposits subject to checks	39,480 80
Furniture and Fixtures	2,000 00		
Other Real Estate	3,000 00		
Due from Banks and Bankers in this states	6,609 01		
Due from Banks and Bankers in other states	2,687 89		
Currency	9,765 00		
Gold	215 00		
Silver, Nickels and Pennies	2,237 85		
Checks and Cash Items	5,068 30		
Total	$54,480 80	Total	$54,480 80

STATE OF ALABAMA, } Before me came W. L. Farley Cashier, of the
COUNTY OF SHELBY. } Columbiana Savings Bank, who being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is a true condition of said Bank, as shown by the books on file in said Bank. W. L. FARLEY, Cashier, Columbiana Savings Bank.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 16th day of January, 1904.
A. P. LONGSHORE, Judge of Probate.

KNOCKED OUT ON FIRST ROUND.

For three weeks the Calera News had, hoisted at its mast head, a picture of the Dadeville court house, and the sheet published in Sylacauga, fairly bristled with the facts pertaining to that court house. It was printed in large type that this fine, magnificent modern court house was built, out and out, at only a cost of $12,000 to the people of Tallapoosa county. Then would follow the argument that if Tallapoasa county can build such a court house for this money, Shelby county can. Mr. J. R. White, chairman of the Columbiana court house committee, wrote to the Probate Judge of that county for all the facts in the case. The judge's letter was published in the county papers. His letter stated that Tallapoosa had not built a new court house at all, but had only repaired and added to the old one, and that this was done at a cost of $20 000 instead of $12,000. The foreign sheet, in its issue following this expose of their fraud, while it retains the picture, makes no attempt to explain or clear away its awkward position. Probably it is bracing up for next week, and that we will get an entirely new version. But we wait.

THAT $5,900.

Calera still has the gall to try to make the people of the county believe that she has $5,000 in a bank in Birmingham to pay towards the building of the court house in case it is voted to that town. No voter in the county of even ordinary intelligence, will believe this story for a moment. In the first place, the Calera people are people of very moderate means. We have it from good authority that her best and most prosperous business men have never been enthusiastic over the removal scheme, and it is hardly to be presumed that they would hazza d much money in a scheme in which they did not have confidence. Leave out the best business men in the town and the rest would hardly tax themselves as they would have to do to raise $5,000 for this purpose. Then who, if any one, has that sum on deposit? Will it be paid towards the erection of a court house and jail? No, a thousand times, no. Why? Because there is no legal obligation on any one to pay a cent. The law says that if the people vote to remove, the people must foot the bill. It must be paid for by the already tax burdened tax payers of the county. But suppose per chance that these land boomers can see that by paying $5,000 they enhance the value of land in Calera to the extent that they can make five times the amount expended, why it might be a good investment. But how far would the $5,000 go towards paying the necessary expenses incident to removal?

Anniston, during the court house campaign between that town and Jacksonville, we are informed, secured an architect who guaranteed that he could erect a court house or remove the old one for $7.000 and presented his plans. The people of Anniston put up the money. The court house and jail was moved to Anniston. But Calhoun county was heavily taxed to build a $75,000 court house. Let Shelby county profit by this experience The people of Shelby county will not be HOO DOOED in this manner.

The most novel and versatile Company before the public

THE DUNBAR

HAND BELL RINGERS AND

MALE QUARTETTE COMPANY,

The Dunbar Hand Bell Ringers, with their magnificent peal of more than one hundred musical hand bells, cast by England's greatest bell founder, specially for this Company.

The Dunbar Male Quartette, a complete concert organization in itself, whose excellence has been recognized and popularity established wherever it has appeared, in an extensive repertoire of of classic, popular and humorous. Will be appear at the

SCHOOL HOUSE

SATURDAY,

NIGHT JANUARY 30

ANOTHER LETTER.

MONTEVALLO, ALA., Jan. 18.
Court House Committee,
Columbiana, Ala.

Gentlemen:—As I am opposed to the court house being moved to Calera I deem it my duty as a citizen of the county to ask you some questions. Has court house and jail been condemned by the grand jury? Also is it a fact that two prisoners have been sent to Birmingham on account of deficiency of jail? I hear some people talking such stuff, I do not believe it. I want you to know what was going on. Also some people say that it is not necessary to move the poor house, if the court house is moved? I ask you to give the many reasons why it should be moved if the court house is moved? You see the trick. They know it will follow. I do not know what to think of a man, a farmer in our county who would pull his team over such roads as we have, and then vote to put the county thousands of dollars in debt?

I remember having read grand jury reports, but don't recollect anything about the court house and jail being condemned. It seems that it was reported to be well kept and in good condition, and no complaint, except some of the prisoners complained of needing medicine.

Respectfully,
J. P. GARRETT.

The above letter explains itself. The grand jury's report did not condemn the court house and jail. The law requires the court of commissioners to exercise a general supervision over the inmates of the poor house, the manner the poor house is kept by the keeper, the attention given the inmates, etc. This court in order to do their duty in regard to this important matter at every session of their court, go in a body to visit he poor house. Any short comings of the keeper can be looked after and corrected, and any changes necessary to make in anything could be made.

They could not do this if the poor house was located 12 miles from the county seat. Then the grand jury must examine and report on the condition of the court house. They could not do this if the poor house were located 12 miles from the court house.

Then persons making application for admission to the poor house make this application to the probate judge, and on his cetificate are granted admission. This requirement of the law could not be complied with conveniently with the poor house 12 miles from the court house.

If you wish to vote in the next genaral election you must pay your poll tax by the 1st day of February.

A Remarkable Case.

One of the most remarkable cases of of cold, deepseated on the lungs, causing pneumonia, is that of Mrs. G. E. Fenner, of Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says "the cough and straining so weakened me that I ran dow in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I tried One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength. Sold by Williams Bros.

WANTED—An energetic and reliable saleman for Shelby county, paying business. Baferences required. Apply at once, CHISLOM BROS., Birmingham, Ala.

The time for paying your poll tax expires the first of next February.

For sick headache try Chamberlains Stomach and Liver Tablets; they will ward off the attack if taken in time. For sale by Williams Bros.

A Purgative Pleasure.

If you ever took DeWitt's Little Early Risers for billousness or costipation you know what a purgative pleasure is. These famous little pills cleanse the liver and rids the system of all the bile without producing unpleasant effects. They do not gripe or weaken, but give tone and strength to the tissues and organs involved. W. H. Howell of Houston, Texas, says: "No better pill can be used than Little Early Risers or constipation, sick headache Sold by Williams Bros.

When Thinking

ABOUT BUYING

A WATCH

it always pays to get a good one. If you want a Watch we can save you money on your order. Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Seth Thomas and New York Standard are good movements. Give us a trial order and you be convinced

DO YOU want anything in musical instruments? We have Violins, Violin Cases, Bows, Bridges, Pegs, Mandolins, Mandolin Cases, Picks, Guitars, Guitar Cases, Tamborines, Banjos, Accordeons, Harps, Harmonicas, Fifes, Ocarines, Flagolets, Bones, Clappers, Graphaphones and Records, also all kinds of strings for Violins, Banjos, Mandolins and Guitars

Call and see us in our

REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.

Don,t forget us when you want photograph work or enlarging, our work will please you. We keep all all kinds of pictures, picture frames and are receiving new goods every week that will interest you. Give us a call when in the city.

T. J. WEAVER & COMPANY,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

Pay your poll tax and qualify yourself as a voter in the election next year.

JEWELRY NOVELTIES,

A full line of Colgate's Extracts,
A full line of Colgate's Soap.

TOILET ARTICLES.

Also complete line of DRUGS.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
CIGARS, TOBACCO AND STATIONERY. ETC
WE ARE HEADQUATERS

For Stationery, Silver Novelies, Watches, Rings, Pins, Etc. Also a complete line of Medallions, price from 25c to 90 cents. Nearly everything in the holiday line you wish. Call and inspect our line.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$16,782.77	Capital Stock	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures	7,000.00	Deposits	52,689.61
Other Real Estate	3,000 00	Rediscounts	2,263,00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902 61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. FARLEY Cashier

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM

Title and Guaranty Company.

LAND TITLES;
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE;
TITLES GUARANTEED.
A GENERAL TITLE BUSINESS.

—INSURANCE—

Fire, Plate Glass, Boiler,
Employers Liability, Accident Insurance.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Ala.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

NORTH CAROLINA CORN WHISKEY

AT $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 AND $3.00 PER GALLON.

DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.

Saving Middlemen's Profits.
All express charges paid by me
on packages of 2 gallons or more.

TERMS--CASH WITH ORDER.

Write for descriptive circulars. Reference commercial agencies or any merchant here.

J. H. WOOLLEY

Cherryville, N. C.

CASH OR CREDIT
Catalogue FREE.
PRICE
$33.50
IT WILL PAY YOU
to send for our Catalogue No. 9, quoting prices on Buggies, Harness, etc. We sell direct from our Factory to Consumers at Factory Prices. This guaranteed Buggy only $33.50; Cash or Easy Monthly Payments. We trust honest people located in all parts of the world.
Write for Free Catalogue.
CENTURY MFG. CO.
Mention this paper.
East St. Louis, Ills.
DEPT

MRS. COL. GRESHAM **Was Given Up** BY THE DOCTORS.

Pe-ru-na Saved Her Life

It was catarrh of the lungs so common in the winter months.]

MISS JENNIE DRISCOLL

MRS. COL. E. J. GRESHAM

Miss Jennie Driscoll, 870 Putnam Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"If people knew how efficient Peruna was in the cure of catarrh, they would not hesitate to try it. I have all the faith in the world in it as it cured me, and I have never known of a case when the person was not cured in a short time."---Jennie Driscoll.

Mrs. Col. E. J. Gresham, Treasurer Daughters of the Confederacy and President Hernden Village Improvement Society, writes the following letter from Hernden, Fairfax Co., Va.:

Hernden, Va.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio:

Gentlemen---"I cannot speak too highly of the value of Peruna. I believe that I owe my life to its wonderful merits. I suffered with catarrh of the head and lungs in its worst form, until the doctors fairly gave me up, and I despaired of ever getting well again.

"I noticed your advertisement and the splendid testimonials given by the people who had been cured by Peruna, and determined to try a bottle. I felt but little better, but used a second and third bottle and kept on improving slowly.

"It took six bottles to cure me, but they were worth a King's ransom to me. I talk Peruna to all my friends and am a true believer in its worth."---Mrs. Col. E. J. Gresham.

A PLAIN TALK

On a Plain Subject in Plain Language.

The coming winter will cause at least one-half of the women to have catarrh, colds, coughs, pneumonia or consumption. Thousands of women will lose their lives and tens of thousands will acquire some chronic ailment from which they will never recover.

KEEP PERUNA IN THE HOUSE.

Unless you take the necessary precautions, the chances are that you (who read this) will be one of the unfortunate ones. Little or no risk need be run if Peruna is kept in the house, and at the first appearance of any symptom of catarrh taken as directed on the bottle.

Peruna is a safeguard, is a preventative, a specific, is a cure for all cases of catarrh, acute and chronic, coughs, colds, consumption, etc.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

WINCHESTER

REPEATING RIFLES

No matter what your preferences are about a rifle, some one of the eight different Winchester models will suit you. Winchester Rifles are made in calibers suitable for shooting any game, from rabbits to grizzly bears, and in many styles and weights. Whichever model you select, you can count on its being well made and finished, reliable in action and a strong, accurate shooter.

FREE: Our 160-page illustrated catalogue.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. NEW HAVEN, CONN.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

A Boston physician's discovery which cleanses and heals all inflammation of the mucous membrane wherever located.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a douche it is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all disease germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

Thousands of letters from women prove that it is the greatest cure for leucorrhœa ever discovered.

Paxtine never fails to cure pelvic catarrh, nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore mouth and sore eyes, because these diseases are all caused by inflammation of the mucous membrane.

For cleansing, whitening and preserving the teeth we challenge the world to produce its equal.

Physicians and specialists everywhere prescribe and endorse Paxtine, and thousands of testimonial letters prove its value.

At druggists, or sent postpaid 50 cts.

A large trial package and book of instructions absolutely free. Write The R. Paxton Co., Dept. 25 Boston, Mass.

Am. 4, 1904.

Avery & Company

SUCCESSORS TO

AVERY & McMILLAN,

51-53 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

—ALL KINDS OF—

MACHINERY

Reliable Frick Engines, Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.

BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH.

Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors, Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.

U.M.C.

SHOT GUN SHELLS

are found on every American farm where there is a live boy. New Club loaded with black powder. Nitro Club and Arrow loaded with any smokeless powder. They are "Duck Killers."

Catalogue free.

The Union Metallic Cartridge Co.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

Agency, 313 Broadway, New York.

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Marble and Granite Co.

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

MONUMENTS,

Vaults, Statuary, Headstones, etc., in any Granite or Marble.

Death Masks a Specialty.

(☞ Mention this paper.) ATLANTA, GA.

Saw Mills

The DeLoach Patent Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill with 4 h. p. cuts 2,000 feet per day. All sizes and prices to suit. DeLoach Shingle Mills, Edgers, Trimmers, Planers; Corn and Buhr Mills, Water Wheels, Lath Mills, Wood Saws. Our handsome new Catalog will interest you. DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co., Box 834, Atlanta, Ga.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

ART OF MOOSE TRACKING

THE CRAFT OF THE BEAST IN ELUDING HIS PURSUERS.

One of the Marvels of the Woods Is How Indian Guides Know When to Make the Detour to the Windward.

The Hull (Canada) correspondent of the New York Sun writes as follows:

The last fall of snow was a blessing to hunters able to take advantage of it in tracking moose and red deer.

Two men from this locality who were in the deer country at the time were also taught that they had still much to learn about stalking moose. They found the great single tracks left by the creature, whose hind foot just reaches and fits in the print of its forefoot, and easily followed them.

As they noted the prodigious length—over five feet—of the stride, they congratulated themselves upon being on the trail of an immense specimen of its kind, and pushed on hastily. The fact was that the long reach showed they had somehow frightened the timid brute, which was using all its trotting power to get away from them.

After some hours hard travel they heard a disturbance in the woods to the left of their path, and just got a peep at a bull moose dashing away. Making sure that the woods were full of moose, they determined not to be turned aside from the one they were following.

About a hundred yards further on they found that the tracks wheeled about suddenly. Tracing them along, they were soon driven to the uncomfortable idea that the moose they had seen was the one they had been following, and that it had doubled like a hare and raced away at their approach.

A few miles further on they again caught sight of a swiftly retreating moose to their left side. Then the hunters remembered a few of the tales they had heard about the craftiness of moose, and also awoke to the fact that the wily old bull always doubled down the wind, so that it might be informed by both scent and hearing of the approach of its enemies.

Proceeding now with the greatest caution, and keeping to the right, merely within sight of the tracks, but always endeavoring to keep trunks of branches of trees to screen their progress upon their left flank, they were, after a whole day's work, at last rewarded by a sight of the big body of their quarry reclining in the snow, the antlered head against its side toward is former track, resting, but decidedly on guard.

Both of the men were good quick shots, and the chance was too good to lose. At a range of 40 yards rifles instantly rang out, but without any apparent result upon the reclining moose Again they fired, without much thought in their excitement of what they did, when one exclaimed as he ejected the spent cartridge:

"What fools we are! The first shot much have killed him, or he would have jumped."

Sure enough, both balls had entered its brain, inflicting instant death.

The habit of doubling about before stopping, so that it may have a good view of its former path, to ascertain if it is being tracked, is one of the invariable tricks of the moose. How the Indian and half breed guides acquire the judgment which enables them to decide where to leave the tracks of the moose, and make sufficient detour to get to windward of their halting place, is one of the marvels of the woods.

A green hunter, travelling along with Joe Beaudouin on snowshoes, was greatly surprised when the guide stepped aside from the deep tracks he was following and struck out rapidly in a direction at almost right angles to them. About ten minutes afterward he motioned his companion to his side and pointed out a fine moose standing at a little distance in the deep snow, intently gazing away from them toward its former path.

When the rifle had been levelled through the sheltering branches, and carefully sighted, the trigger fell upon a bad cartridge with a click, which appeared to the excited young man to be as noisy as a thunder bolt in the intense stillness of the frosty air. The moose swung about hastily, tossed its great head, pivoted the long asinine ears, stamped impatiently and actually started as though to investigate the meaning of the sound, giving ample time to turn out the faulty cartridge, to take a fresh aim and fire.

Badly hurt though it was this time, the moose persisted in its course until the guide's weapon spoke, when it fell face to the foe, with a broken shoulder.

Beaudouin laughed immoderately as he carefully slipped in a second cartridge before approaching him.

"He's jus' as mad as everything to find out we fool him," he said in explanation of his mirth.

Sometimes, when the state of the bush allows of its moving noiselessly, the moose makes sure of the passing of its enemy, and then takes up its own track, going in the opposite direction and, if the snow is deep, artfully stepping in its own footmarks. Thus one of a camping party of hunters, who was "tumping" along provisions, a long way behind his companions, was staggering along with bowed neck and eyes, when he almost ran into a moose coming toward him. As the moose caught sight of him the big fellow turned tail and the man, slinging off his burden and swinging round his rifle with one movement, took a snap shot at it.

Fortunately he missed, for the moose instantly stopped and turned to see what all the noise was about. The second shot, fired as the moose presented its quarters, took effect in the lungs, and the wounded animal, wheeling again, ran along its old track at full speed until it very nearly charged into the other members of the party, who were returning to seek their friend, and who gave it its quietus in a fusillade of bullets.

Just at this time of year a dog is very useful to the experienced moose hunter. It must be small, and ought to be trained to keep silence until at the very heels of the moose.

Often, though not always, the lordly brute refuses to be chased by a mere cur, like one of the Indian dogs generally used in this business. Turning around, it tries to crush the yelping beast with its great forefoot.

The dog, with the perversity of its breeding, sticks to the rear of the moose, and a curicus teetotum movement is the result. The hunter immediately gets to the windward when he hears the barking of the dog and with the greatest caution endeavors to get to the seat of action as quickly as possible.

The moose is well known to be of an irascible temperament, and soon works itself into a rage if unsuccessful in its attempts upon the life of the dog. But though a very demon of bad temper at such a time, its senses are generally on the alert against other dangers.

If the wind should bring to its ears or scent any sign of the presence of men, no mere cur will hinder its flight toward safety. The hunter generally has to take long chances at such times, and nearly always has to make long shots at the rapidly whirling moose. As a rule, none but the most experienced woodsmen ever kills moose with the help of a setter.

NO ITALIAN THERE A PAUPER.

That is What King Emmanuel Hears of Louisiana.

Some surprising facts concerning the Italians of Louisiana have been brought out by the visit to New Orleans of the Italian cruiser Liguria, under the command of the Duke of the Abruzzi, cousin to the king of Italy. The Duke of the Abruzzi is visiting those ports to which there has been a large emigration of Italians, and his mission is to report as to their industrial and moral condition. These ports include New Orleans, Havana, Bahia, Montevideo, Buenos Ayres, Valparaiso and San Francisco.

A prejudice was supposed to exist in New Orleans against Italians on account of the Parish Prison lynching and other events growing out of the operations of the Mafia. So strongly was this notion entertained that no Italian man-of-war or official has been to the port since the Parish Prison affair.

To his own surprise and that of the Americans, the Duke of the Abruzzi has reported that the condition of the Italian colony of Louisiana could not be better; that he could not find an Italian out of work there, or one in all Louisiana who needed assistance, and that as a consequence the fund raised for charity by the Italian societies, to which he contributed $500, was given, not to the Italian poor, because there were none, but to educational and philanthropic institutions.

The Duke further reported that he found the moral improvement as great as the industrial advance, and the spirit of patriotism strong. He recommended, therefore, that an Italian man-of-war be sent to New Orleans at least once a year, to keep alive the friendly relations between the Italian emigrants and their mother country.

This state of affairs in a city where the Mafia flourished only a few years ago, where the profession of bravo was carried on, where popular prejudice more than once broke out in anti-Italian riots, was regarded as evidence of the extraordinary progress made by the Italians.

After the Parish Prison lynchings there was a decrease in the Italian population of New Orleans. Today the Italian population is twice as great as it was when the mob outbreak occurred.

The Italians have already crowded the creoles out of the old city of New Orleans, the veiux carre of Bienville, and are scattered throughout the city. In the parishes they are rapidly crowding the negroes out of the sugar districts of southern Louisiana.

There are perhaps 25,000 Italians in New Orleans and 60,000 in the state, including their children, and that there should not be a pauper among them is to their credit. Nor do they crowd into the towns like the other immigrants. Alone among the foreigners landing at New Orleans they go to the country first and work on farms.

In a few years the more enterprising have saved up enough from their wages to move to New Orleans and open a fruit shop, or cobbler's shop, or go into some other business.

On the whole, the most striking feature of the Italian in Louisiana is the fact that he has so taken to agriculture. From New Orleans to Baton Rouge the Italians are rapidly becoming the most numerous race. The negro is easily ousted from the sugar plantations, the Sicilian peasants saving money from wages the negroes can barely live on.

The net result of the Duke's visit is to improve the morals of the Louisiana Italians, to strengthen their ties with Italy and to improve their schools, although the great majority of them send their children to the public schools. It is understood that the Italian government views with favor emigration to the south, and that the belief formerly entertained that the Italian immigrants were treated badly in this section has been completely removed.—New York Sun.

Lake Michigan's Sea Lions.

Lincoln Park's fugitive sea lion attempted to board the tug Mentor yesterday two miles off South Chicago. Startled by the sudden appearance of the lion's head over the rail, Charles Kimball, fireman on the tug, who was standing in the door of the fire room, fell seven feet into the stokehold, suffering severe bruises about the head and shoulders. The sea lion stuck its flippers over the tug rail and hung on for a few seconds before it dropped back into the lake.

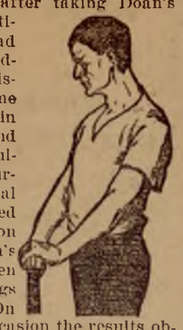
The missing animal escaped from Lincoln park several days ago, and no trace of it was found until it followed the steamer W. H. Gilbert into South Chicago harbor yesterday. The sea lion just escaped is the second of the Lincoln Park herd to reach Lake Michigan. The other got away seven years ago. It was last seen from the tug Morford near Milwaukee, a year ago.

Man Wants but Little.

She—Oh, you're not such a desirable party. Very few nice girls would marry you.

He—Very few would be enough.—Life.

ALL DONE OUT.



Veteran Joshua Heller, of 706 South Walnut street, Urbana, Ill., says: "In the fall of 1899 after taking Doan's Kidney Pills I testified that they had relieved me of kidney trouble, disposed of a lame back with pain across my loins and beneath the shoulder blades. During the interval which has elapsed I have had occasion to resort to Doan's Kidney Pills when I noticed warnings of an attack. On each and every occasion the results obtained were just as satisfactory as when the pills were first brought to my notice. I just as emphatically endorse the preparation to-day as I did over two years ago."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., proprietors. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

The use of federal power to compel the Texan railroads to employ automatic car couplers is just and humane. Many lives are still sacrificed every year in coupling cars by hand, a process which is as unnecessary as it is hazardous.

2,000,000 Italians in France.

There are 2,000,000 Italians in France, chiefly engaged in artistic, educative or laboring pursuits. Most of them are found in the eastern, especially in the southeastern departments, but they are scattered all through the country. On the other hand, there are only 10,000 French in Italy.—London Globe.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, price, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Wreath of Human Bones.

On a grave in a cemetery at Chichester, England, there is a wreath which at first glance appears to be a coral. In reality it is composed of human bones. The bones were collected during his travels by the deceased, who carved them with a penknife, and formed them into the wreath which now adorns his grave.

THE ENGLISH BRICK MYTH.

Colonial Houses Built of the Native Article.

At a recent meeting of the Columbia Historical Society in Washington George Alfred Townsend ("Gath") read a paper on the prevalent belief that many of the houses of Colonial times were built of brick imported from England.

Throughout the Atlantic seaboard this myth has held sway for many years past, and nothing is commoner than the assertion that such and such a house "is very old; built in Colonial times of brick from England." The facts that brick were not extensively manufactured in England until the reign of William the First; that the ships of those days were small and carried only such things as were absolutely necessary for the colonists, and that the latter made their own bricks, just as they cut their own wood and cured their winter's supply of bacon, should be sufficient proof, said the speaker, of the unlikelihood of the colonists importing their building material from abroad.

These facts were brought out in the strongest possible light in Mr. Townsend's paper. He showed that such was the scarcity of brick in the England of the days from the Tudors to the House of Orange that the word occurs only once in Shakespeare. He further cited abundant proofs from the history of early America to justify his conclusion that there is not a single building in Virginia, Maryland or Pennsylvania built of English brick, and that the only structure of English brick in the District is that part of the Library of Congress which is known as the court and which was built of cream colored porcelain brick from Leeds, England.

In New England, he stated, there are one or two buildings of English bricks, the proof of which is indisputable, but it is doubtful if there are any buildings in New York made of brick imported from Holland.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

The world will forgive a man almost anything except failure.

In Emmons County, Dakota.

We can sell you 160 acres of fine land. You can break 100 acres this spring, sow it to Salzer's Flax and reap enough to pay for your land, etc., having a fine farm free the first year. Have 10 such pieces for sale. John A. Salzer Seed Co., [A.C.L.] La Crosse, Wis.

The secret of popularity is always to remember what to forget.

JUNE TINT BUTTER COLOR makes top of the market butter.

All things come to those who stop waiting and go after them.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

The lazy man would rather sit down and hope than go after a certainty.

Quit Coughing.

Why cough, when for 25c. and this notice you get 25 doses of an absolutely guaranteed cough cure in tablet form, postpaid. Dr. Skirvin Co., La Crosse, Wis. [A.C.L.]

A woman will forgive a man anything except his refusal to ask forgiveness.

Wonderful Statistics.

When it is considered that the percentage of deaths from consumption is 91 per thousand against 63 per thousand of any other malady, how important to guard against a slight cold. Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein is the great medicine for coughs, colds and consumption.

At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

A woman's idea of a compliment is to name her baby after a rich relation.

Slaughter on American Railroads.

"The British Parliament would not stand for a day the slaughter that goes on upon the railroads of America," said John Burns, the famous labor member of Parliament, in a recent London speech. His words are emphasized by the fact that last Saturday thirty-two people were killed on our railroads by accidents that might have been prevented.,

"The slaughter on our own railroads is bad enough," said Burns, "but it is child's play to what goes on in America. The casualty list of the American railways equals that of a first class war.

"I have been accused of calling industrial America a slaughter house, and if you ask me for proof I point you to the death roll of the brave men who lose their lives in the hoarding up of millions for the railroad magnates."

Last year there were 3,600 people killed by the railroads—nearly ten a day. The law says that the railroads shall make the work of their employes "reasonably safe." At what point does the work of a railroad man become unreasonably dangerous?—New York Journal.

Race Suicide Again.

The other day when Dr. Benjamin Andrews warned society that culture was becoming obscured and that there were dark ages ahead, he declared, among other things, that there was no fear that our population was too small, but much that it was losing virility. He said he hoped that President Roosevelt would take early occasion to amend his plea for swelling the census, by urging quality of population as more to be desired than number, "thus undoing a little of the incalculable evil his recent words on this subject have wrought among the poor and thoughtless. Dr. Andrews seems somewhat over-confident about this evil that has been done. Exhortation is not a lasting means of producing a rapid increase of population. Hard facts, like the cost of maintenance, may be trusted to check any such tendency before it has become an evil, calculabe or otherwise.—Harper's

Kansas harvests more wheat than any other State in the Union. In its wheat belt of thirty counties not one county raises less than 1,000,000 bushels. Sumner County has a record of 6,812,102 bushels.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

It is easier for a woman to conceal her love than it is to hide her indifference.

Salzer's Home Builder Corn.

So named because 50 acres produced so heavily, that its proceeds built a lovely home. See Salzer's catalog. Yielded in 1903 in Ind. 157 bu., Ohio 160 bu., Tenn. 98 bu., and in Mich. 220 bu. per acre. You can beat this record in 1904.

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THESE YIELDS PER ACRE?

120 bu. Beardless Barley per acre.
310 bu. Salzer's New National Oats per A.
80 bu. Salzer Speltz and Macaroni Wheat.
1,000 bu. Pedigree Potatoes per acre.
14 tons of rich Billion Dollar Grass Hay.
60,000 lbs. Victoria Rape for sheep—per A.
160,000 lbs. Teosinte, the fodder wonder.
54,000 lbs. Salzer's Superior Fodder Corn—rich, juicy fodder, per A.

Now, such yields you can have, Mr. Farmer, in 1904, if you will plant Salzer's seeds. [A.C.L.]

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c. in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their great catalog and lots of farm seed samples.

When a man thinks he knows it all he is happy until he wakes up.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

A failure to start often saves a miscrable finish.

New U. S. Artillery.

The field artillery of the United States army is soon to be equipped with new rapid fire recoil guns, and the five batteries at Fort Riley will be the first to be supplied with the new armament. The guns are now being manufactured in Dusseldorf, Germany, by the Earhardt Company. This German pattern was tested at Fort Riley a little more than a year ago with six other guns of modern type. It was also tested at Sandy Hook, N. Y. The guns will be equipped with cylinders, the air pressure in which will dispose of the recoil in firing.

Mrs. Elizabeth H. Thompson, of Lillydale, N.Y., Grand Worthy Wise Templar, and Member of W.C.T.U., tells how she recovered by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am one of the many of your grateful friends who have been cured through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and who can to-day thank you for the fine health I enjoy. When I was thirty-five years old, I suffered severe backache and frequent bearing-down pains; in fact, I had womb trouble. I was very anxious to get well, and reading of the cures your Compound had made, I decided to try it. I took only six bottles, but it built me up and cured me entirely of my troubles.

"My family and relatives were naturally as gratified as I was. My niece had heart trouble and nervous prostration, and was considered incurable. She took your Vegetable Compound and it cured her in a short time, and she became well and strong, and her home to her great joy and her husband's delight was blessed with a baby. I know of a number of others who have been cured of different kinds of female trouble, and am satisfied that your Compound is the best medicine for sick women."—Mrs. ELIZABETH H. THOMPSON, Box 105, Lillydale, N.Y.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

COMMODORE NICHOLSON OF OUR NAVY

Recommends Pe-ru-na---Other Prominent Men Testify.

Commodore Somerville Nicholson, of the United States Navy, in a letter from 1837 R St., N. W., Washington, D. C., says:

"Your Peruna has been and is now used by so many of my friends and acquaintances as a sure cure for catarrh that I am convinced of its curative qualities, and I unhesitatingly recommend it to all persons suffering from that complaint."—S. Nicholson.

The highest men in our nation have given Peruna a strong endorsement. Men of all classes and stations are equally represented.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

As't Your Druggist for a free Peruna Almanac for 1904.

INSOMNIA

"I have been using Cascarets for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented."

Thos. Gillard, Elgin, Ill.

Best For The Bowels

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU REST

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 597

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

Cotton Must Have

Potash

Potash is an essential plant food which must be added as a fertilizer or the soil will become exhausted, as is true of so many cotton fields.

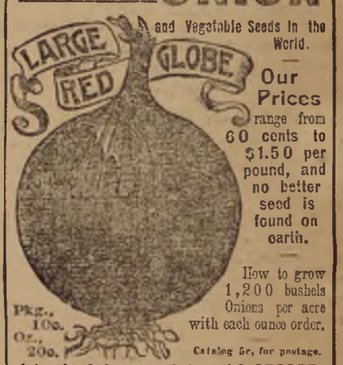
We have books giving valuable details about fertilizers. We will send them free to any farmer who asks us for them.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,

New York—93 Nassau Street, or Atlanta, Ga.—22½ So. Broad St.

The average Italian immigrant has $11 in his pocket; the average German $14.

Largest growers of **ONION** and Vegetable Seeds in the World.



Our Prices range from 60 cents to $1.50 per pound, and no better seed is found on earth.

How to grow 1,200 bushels Onions per acre with each ounce order.

Pkg., 10c. Oz., 20c. Catalog 5c, for postage.

John A. Salzer Seed Co., LA CROSSE, WIS.

CAPSICUM VASELINE

(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

Keeley Cure for Morphinism, Alcoholism,

Tobacco Habit, and Nen asthenia readily yield to the Keeley treatment. Correspondence confidential. Write for pamphlet. Tell phone 433. Keeley Institute, 2720 Ave. D, Birmingham, Ala.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE

VOL. XVII. COLUMBIANA, SHELBY COUNTY, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 28 1904 NO 23

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

JANUARY 21ST.

Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, concluded his speech on Panama. He defended the course of the president throughout the Panama revolt. During the morning hour Mr. Morgan spoke in explanation of his bill for the annexation of Panama to the United States, basing his argument on the ground that the pending canal treaty is contemplating that result.

Mr. Morgan made an appeal to the newspapers to use their utmost endeavors to secure information concerning the situation, saying there was no probability that any resolution would elicit new information from the executive department.

He stated that he had inserted in his bill the provision for the payment of $15,000,000 for the pacification of Colombia because he had heard the president had entered into an agreement for the payment of that sum for that purpose. He had inserted this provision, as well as the others, in the interest of peace and of good will, and of all accrued rights. It was intended in the interest of a Panama canal and to meet the emergency, and he hoped it would be so accepted by all persons concerned.

When the house convened a resolution called up by Mr. Gardner, of New Jersey, chairman of the committee on labor, asking the secretary of commerce and labor for a statement showing the number of horses and carriages maintained at the expense of the government for officials in his department and the names of the officials using them, was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Hull, of Iowa, chairman of the committee on military affairs, the house went into committee of the whole to consider the army appropriation bill. Five hours' debate was agreed upon.

Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, discussed for an hour the "stand pat" policy of the majority party and talked at length on his pending bill repealing the duty on coal. He read from the testimony before the house committee on investigation of the last session of congress on the coal question to show that coal was 67 cents less a ton during the year than before the tariff was repealed.

Mr. Payne, of New York, asserted the price of coal was not less to the consumer during this period. Mr. Williams combatted this statement and asked Mr. Payne why his party did not "stand pat" for free coal.

Mr. Lind, of Minnesota, spoke for reciprocity with Canada and pleaded for freer trade relations with that country.

Mr. Baker, of New York, opposed the army bill on the ground that he was opposed to war and would not vote to appropriate money for preparations for war.

JANUARY 22D.

The senate adopted the resolution of inquiry concerning affairs in Panama, introduced on the 5th inst by Mr. Gorman, and in addition listened to a speech on the Panama question by Mr. Dolliver, and another on the subject of the recess appointments to office by Mr. Tillman. Mr. Tillman's address had especial reference to the nomination of Collector Crum, of Charleston, but it bore also upon the nomination of Brigadier General Wood.

The house passed 209 pension bills and also resolutions calling on the secretary of war and the attorney general for information as to the number of horses and carriages maintained at government expense for officers of the respective departments.

A bill permitting the withdrawal duty-free from the St. Louis exposition of articles donated to religious, scientific, educational or literary institutions also passed.

JANUARY 23D.

The house devoted the entire day to consideration of the army appropriation in committee of the whole.

Mr. Robinson, democrat, of Indiana, took occasion to criticise the war department for expenditures made by the bureau of ordnance and fortifications in the Langley airship, declaring that such expenditures were without the sanction of congress, and that the airship was without utility. Only twelve of the forty-one pages of the bill had been read for amendment when the house adjourned. The provision in the bill for the construction of a canal from Sitka to Fort Liscum, Alaska, went out on a point of order.

The paragraph providing for the contingent expenses of the army, on motion of Mr. Hemenway, of Indiana, was amended so as to restrict the sum appropriated for the office of the chief of staff to purely military purposes. Mr. Hemenway precipitated a discussion in which the Dreyfus case and French novels received attention by proposing to limit to $100 the amount available for the purchase of periodicals and newspapers.

JANUARY 25TH.

In the senate Mr. Culberson introduced a resolution drawn by a committee appointed at a recent democratic conference for the purpose of getting additional information concerning the Panama situation. The members of the committee were Senators Gorman, Culberson, Carmack and Cockrell.

When the house convened Mr. Adams, of Pennsylvania, from the committee on expenditures in the state department, reported a privileged resolution requesting the secretary of state for information as to the number of horses, carriages and automobiles maintained at the expense of the government for officials of the state department.

Mr. Hitchcock, of Nebraska, sought to amend the resolutions so as to make it read "during the calendar year," saying that the omission of these words would leave a loop hole, but Mr. Adams demanded the previous question.

The senate heard further discussion on the questions of appointments to office made during congressional recess, listened to a speech on the isthmian canal question by Mr Morgan and passed a number of bills of a semi-public character. As a result of the debate on the appointment question, a resolution asking for specific information concerning the nomination of W. D. Crum, as collector of customs at the port of Charleston, S. C., was passed. A resolution asking for similar information concerning the nomination of Brigadier General Wood and other omcers went over until tomorrow.

Among the bills passed were:

Authorizing the erection of a monument to the memory of John Paul Jones.

Authorizing the erection of a statue of Commodore John D. Sloate at Monterey, Cal.

Providing for the appropriate marking of the graves of confederate soldiers who died in northern prisons during the civil war and appropriating $2[illegible],000 for this purpose.

Appropriating $225,000 for a revenue cutter service at Honolulu.

Authorizing the construction of a lightship off the outer bar at Brunswick, Ga., and appropriating $90,000 for the purpose.

Mr. Tillman read a letter from Secretary of the Treasury Shaw reciting the various appointments of Crum to the Charleston, S. C., collectorship and giving the version that the last appointment was made precisely at 12 o'clock noon on the first Monday in December, when one session ended and the other began.

Mr. Hale said that the matter was not of specific significance, that the appointment is not a new one, and that Crum is still serving on his first appointment.

Mr. Tillman said that Crum is holding office just the same, and said:

"I notice, too, that Leonard Wood is sending out dispatches signing himself major general and he is not a major general."

The house passed the army appropriation bill carrying approximately $75,000,000, after adopting a number of amendments.

Representative Wiley, of Alabama, has introduced a bill providing that the sum of $50,000 be appropriated for the erection in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, of a monument to the memory of Jeremiah O'Brien, upon which shall be inscribed the words:

"Erected to the memory of the heroic Irish-American, Jeremiah O'Brien, who captured and sank in the first sea fight of the revolutionary war the British schooner Margaretta."

Said sum shall be expended under the direction of the secretary of the navy or such officer as he may designate.

From the Mayor Down.

The Iroquois jury, which for three weeks has been listening to evidence to the fire in the Iroquois theater, returned a verdict by which 7 persons are held to await the action of a grand jury.

The list includes Mayor Carter Harrison, the building inspector and commissioner, the owner of the theater and the man whose light caused the fire.

The jury uses strong language in reference to the mayor and characterizes his administration as weak.

The six-year-old boy of Dr. and Mrs. John Patton, of Deerbrook, Miss., was found dead in the cistern in the rear of their house. The child had been playing in the yard, and when he was called failed to answer. A search was begun for him and he was found in the cistern dead.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., has given to the Moundville sufferers $1.460.

Held to Grand Jury.

A St. Stephens special says: The preliminary hearing before Judge J. Brawles of Turner Moseley, a white man, charged with arson and assault to murder, ended Saturday and he was bound over.

It is proposed to erect a factory at Pensacola, Fla., for the manufacture of cassava starch, the plant to have a daily capacity of 150 tons, to cost $100,000 and to employ 100 men.

Leslie Tharp, whose father is yardmaster at Jasper, Ala., for the Northern Alabama railway, met with a serious accident Saturday afternoon while playing among some cars in the yards. It seems that the boy was between two cars, standing on the couplings, when an engine, which was switching, struck a row of cars to which these were coupled. The sudden jar caused the boy's foot to slip and his leg was caught between the bumpers and horribly crushed.

High Official Indicted.

The federal grand jury returned an indictment against Joseph Ralph Burton, United States senator from Kansas, charging him, while a United States senator, on nine counts with accepting five checks of $500 each from the Rialto Grain and Securities company for his alleged services in interceding with the postoffice department to render a favorable decision in matters affecting the permission of the Rialto company to use the mails.

The penalty provided upon conviction of the offense of which Senator Burton is charged is a penitentiary sentence of not more than two years and a fine of not more than $10,000, and one so convicted shall be rendered incapable of holding office of trust, honor or emolument under the government.

United States senators are immune from arrest except for certain specified crimes while the senate is in session. Senator Burton says he will go at once to St. Louis and defend the case and that he will be able to make it perfectly clear that there was no reason for bringing the indictment.

Caused by a Cow.

Illinois Central passenger fast mail train from New Orleans to Chicago was wrecked at Gates, Tenn.

The wreck was caused by the pilot striking a cow which was crossing the track. The animal was thrown against a switch and in some manner opened it, derailing the train and overturning it entirely, with the exception of the engine and mail car. John Harris, the only person killed, was a resident of Gates and was standing beside the track.

Vegetation Injured.

Attorney General Hart, of Georgia, has filed in the United States supreme court on behalf of the state of Georgia a bill for an injunction against the state of Tennessee, the Ducktown Sulphur, Copper and Iron Company and the Pittsburg and Tennessee Copper Company.

The defendant companies are engaged in mining and treating copper ore at Ducktown, Tenn., near the Georgia border, and the bill complains that the fumes from the smelters has had a disastrous effect on vegetation for a radius of thirty miles, covering much territory in Georgia.

It Is Denied.

Edmond Bennett, of Trinity church at Mobile, has telegraphed Senator Pettus saying that Colonel Harvey Jones authorizes the statement that he does not and never did charge that W. H. Armbrecht, recently appointed United States attorney for the Alabama southern district, embezzled church funds.

Armbrecht writes that his father is seriously ill and he can not come to Washington to answer the charges in person. His case will probably be postponed.

Bristow's Guillotine.

Representative Thompson, of Alabama, says that democratic fourth class postmasters in Alabama appointed under the McKinley administration are continuing to be turned out of office by Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow on flimsy charges.

It is presumed this is being done to strengthen the Roosevelt fences in Alabama, as republicans are being appointed to the offices.

Mr. Thompson contemplates introducing a resolution in congress asking for a congressional investigation.

New York is to have a real Chinese newspaper of its own. It will be started as a weekly on February 16th, which is the Chinese New Year's day. Seven Chinese compositors are en route to the city, the editor is just out of a Japanese college—the "ad." hunters number four, and they are Americans.

The two-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Sweeny Sibley, of Lawrence county, Miss., toddled to the bed, caught a gun which was lying on it by the muzzle and pulled it to himself. The hammer caught in the cover, was discharged and the little one's brains were scattered in every direction.

What Germany Produced.

Germany's pig iron production for 1903 was 10,085,634 tons, an increase of 1,682,974 tons, thus outstripping Great Britain for the first time in history.

The coal production of Germany for 1903 was 116,664,376 tons, an increase of 9,215,842 tons.

Information is received that the postmaster at Goodwater, Coosa county, will be removed.

In May, in the city of Mobile, Ala., the general assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church convenes. About 300 delegates are expected.

But It Was.

An accident is reported from Zeiglersville, Miss. Three boys aged about eight and ten years, named Anderson, Sea and Jordan, were "playing deer hunting." Jordan took the "stand" and his companions acted deer. As they came running through the bushes Jordan let go both barrels of his gun and down came both the deer, one of them perhaps fatally shot and the other badly wounded. Jordan "didn't know the gun was loaded."

FOR GOOD ROADS.

National Convention in Session in Washington.

A meeting of the National Good Roads Association has been called to meet in Washington January 25th, 26th and 27th. The arrangements for this meeting were left in the hands of Mr. R. W. Richardson, of Iowa, secretary of the association, by the association at its meeting in St. Louis last April. The principal object of the coming meeting will be to attend hearings before the house and senate committees on agriculture and this will be done during the three days of the meeting. A large number of prominent men from all over the country are expected to be in attendance.

There are two bills now pending before congress extending government aid to the construction of good roads. The legislatures of a number of states have indorsed the movement and instructed their senators and members to support whichever bill they consider the best. While the bills differ somewhat in detail, the principle is the same—that where a county or state appropriates money to be expended in improving its roads the government shall allot an equal sum for such improvements on condition that the roads shall be constructed under the supervision of the government, and shall thereafter be maintained by the state or county constructing the same. A number of states already make appropriations to assist the counties and townships in constructing their roads, the cost being variously apportioned. A popular plan is for the states to bear one-half the expense the county one-quarter and the township one-quarter, while in some instances the towns are assessed 10 per cent or more. Thus the burden is distributed.

Alabama's delegates are: Governor William D. Jelks, Montgomery; W. M. Drennen, mayor, Birmingham; Hon. George W. Taylor, Demopolis; Hon. William Richardson, Huntsville; R. R. Poole, commissioner department of agriculture and industries, Montgomery; Captain J. M. Falkner, attorney Louisville and Nashville railway, Montgomery; Charles P. Lane, president Alabama Commercial and Industrial association, Huntsville.

Mississippi delegates to the national good roads convention at Washington are: R. B. Fulton, president university of Mississippi, Oxford; J. C. Hardy, president Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical college; Major T. B. Dabney, chief engineer, Yazoo, Miss., delta levee district, Clarksdale; Captain J. W. Lambert, proprietor Natchez Democrat, Natchez; J. T. Senter, editor Columbus Commercial, Columbus; K. G. W. Bynum, Corinth; T. W. James, McComb City bank, McComb City; Colonel A. E. Jennings, Water Valley, and Captain W. W. Stone, Greenville.

Florida has sent the following named delegates to the national good roads convention at Washington: Governor W. S. Jennings, Tallahassee; H. W. Long, president state good roads association, Martel; Hon. W. B. Lamar, Monticello, and C. E. Garner, president board of trade, Jacksonville.

At Tokio, Japan, the Japanese interpreter at the Russian embassay has been arrested on suspicion of being in the employ of Russian officials. It has long been suspected that Russia was getting valuable inside information and it is now claimed that their official interpreter was the head of an elaborate spy system which extended even into the mikado's palace.

There is a story that President Roosevelt had a hand in the securing of the release.

Little Girl Burned.

The little four-year-old daughter of Joe Hackworth, of Stevenson, Ala., was so badly burned that her life is despaired of. She was standing near an open fire and her dress caught, burning her badly.

July cotton reached 16c at New Orleans Monday.

Russia's general committee has decided to augment the personnel of the navy by twenty-two vice admirals, thirty-six rear admirals, 102 captains, 349 commandants, 900 lieutenants, 777 midshipmen and 124 engineers. The move is made to meet the contemplated expenditure of $50,000,000 on the navy, thereby adding twenty-four battleships and fifty other warships to the fleet. High officials bitterly lamented the apparent necessity of making concessions to Japan because of Russia's inadequate seaport defenses.

Quite a colony of farmers from near Florence, Ala., will settle in Oklahoma in a few weeks.

Talladega's New President.

The Rev. Benjamin M. Nyce, pastor of the First Presbyterian church at Lockport, N. Y., since 1896, resigned, announcing to his congregation that he had accepted the presidency of a negro college at Talladega, Ala. Nyce is 35 years of age and a graduate of Princeton. He and his wife are both wealthy and he is reported to be a trained athlete. He takes charge of the school April 1st.

NEWSY NOTES.

In a mine explosion at Chenwick, Pa., 180 miners lost their lives.

Inspection of Gadsden, Ala., for free delivery is going on.

General Miles has announced as a candidate for president on the democratic ticket.

It is reported that a large car wheel plant, which employs 2,000 men, is looking for a location at Birmingham.

The first paper to report legislative debates was the Pennsylvania Gazette. It made its appearance January 25, 1785.

A. B. Taylor and Fred Davis, injured at Moundville, are dead. This brings the death record up to thirty-nine.

A schooner smashed into the Pearl river bridge over the Louisville and Nashville railroad during a blow, and the structure was wrecked.

Charlie Hicks, about twenty years old, was working around a saw mill near Gadsden, Ala., when in some manner his arm was caught in the machinery and cut off below the elbow.

The brain of George Francis Train weighed 53.8 ounces, and ranks, according to medical records, twenty-seventh in the list of brain weights of one hundred and six world-famous men. This is six ounces more than the average.

Two hundred and five years ago Monday Sieur Lemoyne d'Iberville having been sent by the king of France with an expedition to attempt the colonization of the Mississippi valley arrived near Pensacola. This was the practical beginning of French settlement on the gulf coast.

Chairman Mallory, of the Alabama democratic executive committee, has announced the appointment of the committee as follows: Chairman, H. S. D. Mallory, of Dallas; J. F. Proctor, of Jackson; George A. Searcy, of Tuscaloosa; Jones G. Moore, of Jefferson; John J. King, of Marengo; R. A. Mitchell, of Etowah; H. D. Merrill, of Calhoun; David M. White, of Coosa; George W. Jones, of Montgomery, and R. H. Arrington, of Coffee.

The movement for the organization of new banks in Mississippi goes on, and a large percentage of the charters being approved at the governor's office are for institutions of this kind. Up to date twelve new banks have been launched in the state since the first of the year, not including the formative steps being taken at Tupelo for a bank with $100,000 capital stock.

The New York Tribune Paris correspondent points out a case now before the Seine tribunal showing the danger not infrequently incurred by respectable but thoughtless American women in the course of their visits to Paris. The facts are as follows: In the summer the wife of a rich Paris banker became acquainted at a watering place with a young man named Mayer, with whom she made a sentimental but innocent moonlight journey through a local park. The pair were suddenly approached by a park keeper, who intimated that he must prosecute them. Ultimately he agreed to accept a bribe of 150,000 francs. In the moonlight thereupon the banker's wife signed a bill for 150,000 francs, and also handed to the park keeper her jewels, worth 40,000 francs. The next day she found that she had been the victim of a plot laid by Mayer and the pseudo park keeper, who was merely Mayer's accomplice. Mayer was arrested on a charge of blackmailing, and will be tried in Paris. His accomplice is still at large.

The early settlers of New England did not know what a mistake they made when they called the mountains of New Hampshire White, and those of Vermont Green, says the New York Tribune. It is true the beautiful color of the verdure which covers the Vermont peaks seems to give them an appropriate name, but in places where the top has been scraped off masses of marble have been found which are almost equal to the famed products of Italy. The story goes that one of these deposits, worth literally millions of dollars, was traded by the man who owned it in the early days of the State for a mule, so that he could move his household goods into a country where the soil was richer. From this "stone farm" have come monuments and statuary which can be seen in all parts of the United States.

Public Buildings.

Secretary Shaw transmitted to the house an estimate for an appropriation of $944,300 desired by the war department for the erection of buildings on the recently acquired military reservation near Indianapolis, Ind.

Major Sherman Dies.

Major Hoyt Sherman, brother of General W. T. Sherman and of Secretary John Sherman, died Monday.

Poll tax must be paid this week.

THE WINDS DIE DOWN

And the Facts of Moundville Disaster Develop.

Last Friday's cyclone at Moundville, Ala., is the third to have visited the town, the first one coming in 1887. No deaths resulted in either, but a number were hurt and property damaged. R. L. Griffin was the main sufferer in 1887 and this time he sustained a heavy loss.

At Sumter, Ala., the tornado played havoc. It demolished the engine room, boiler shed, fan house and one other building at the Belle Sumter mines, and one man was slightly injured. Work will be suspended for about sixty days in the mines.

While there are no fatalities reported in that immediate section, one has been reported about seventeen miles from Bessemer. David Houton, three miles from Sumter, and two children were killed.

The little daughter of James Gilbert, of Sumter, was also killed.

The storm of Thursday night did considerable damage at Athens, tearing down several buildings and one church.

The storm struck heavily near Bulard Shoals and blew down everything near the old jug factory except the dwelling of H. M. Morrison. The stable of Lil Morrison was blown away and he had to cut his horses out of the debris.

Another Cruiser.

The protected cruiser Charleston, the largest and most powerful vessel of its type in the American navy, was launched Saturday. The new cruiser continues the name of the 3,700-ton vessel wrecked several years ago in the Philippines. There will be but two other vessels in the United States navy of the Charleston class. They are the Milwaukee and the St. Louis, now under construction. While designed primarily for speed, they will be at the same time formidable fighting machines. Her coal capacity with the bunkers full is 1,500 tons, which would enable her to cross the Atlantic several times without recoaling. She cost $1,740,000.

Fair Nearing Completion.

The Louisiana Purchase Exposition company now stands ready and is waiting for the full and general installation of exhibits. The point has been reached where the management of the exposition is no longer occupied with the rapid advancement toward completion of the buildings, but instead lays particular stress upon the importance of the speedy shipment of exhibits, especially those assembled by domestic exhibitors. It is estimated that from 25,000 to 30,000 cars of domestic exhibits alone will reach St. Louis during the last of March and the fore part of April.

Galveston, Tex., is celebrating this week because of the completion of the sea wall, erected at a cost of millions of dollars and which is expected to insure the city against any recurrence of the disaster of four years ago. The United States navy is represented at the festivities by several warships, and the German cruiser Gazelle is there.

Advices from the north are to the effect that the Ohio river is again open to navigation and that the Susquehanna is closed by an ice gorge at Wilkesbarre. Coal shipment down the Ohio will begin at once.

Sour Lake, Texas, lost its main business portion by fire Sunday. Loss $200,000.

Secretary Root has signed an order changing the name of Fort Columbus, on Governor's Island, to Fort Jay, its original name.

Representative Spaulding, of North Dakota, has introduced bills to provide for the erection of monuments to the late President McKinley and Alexander Hamilton. The cost of each is not to exceed $100,000.

The "auto" is taking complete possession of east Florida.

A new $5 counterfeit silver certificate has appeared.

A Pretty Present.

I will send a pretty present to the one who sends me the full address of the most stammerers or stutterers by the 1st of February. I want to tell every stammerer in the world how I cured myself at home. They can do the same with ease in one week, or in three days if they come to me in person. Any mother can read instructions sent by mail and cure her child at home. Now, if you are kind and good you will send these poor stammerers' names. Remember the golden rule and God will remember you. I will send the present after I hear from each name. Address Rev. G. W. Randolph, Belmont Hotel, Birmingham, Ala.

Fort Sam Houston, Texas, was injured by fire Friday morning. The total loss is about $17,000.

A citizen of Greensboro, Ala., has planted a pecan grove, with the end in view of providing for his little daughter's future. He has put out a hundred and fifty trees and expects them to be yielding a handsome income by the time his small daughter has attained her majority.

Bishop Thomas U. Dudley, of Louisville, Ky., died in New York Friday.

Newsy Gleanings.

Senator Quay is in Florida for his health.

There will be 335 delegates in the republican state convention.

Montgomery, Ala., has a new $100,000 brewery and ice company.

United States consus general in Mexico have been directed to act as representatives of Panama.

Senator Foraker presented the credentials of Senator Hanna for the term of six years beginning March 4, 1905.

A sale of 126 bales of cotton was effected in Anniston, Ala., last week for $8,654, or 14c a pound.

Another mile of electric car line is building as an addition to the street railway system of Anniston, Ala.

The blame for the Iroquois theater horror has been formally placed by the fire department on the managers and builders of the structure and seven violations of the building ordinances are cited.

At Jackson, Miss., Joseph Messine, Jr., a young Italian who shot and killed an old man named C. E. Croft some time ago, has been tried and acquitted. Croft went to Messine's home at night and the young man claimed he insulted his mother.

Safe blowers blew open the safe in the Titusville, Fla., postoffice, securing $400 in cash. The men also robbed the safe of Kline's dry goods store. Two men charged with the robbery have been placed in jail.

The Louisville and Nashville railroad is receiving on the St. Louis division, preparatory to handling the heavy world's fair passenger traffic, a number of large ten-wheel passenger engines.

President Mitchell and Secretary Dodd, of the Pittsburg district, United Mine Workers of America, have been selected as delegates to attend the international mining congress at Paris in May. H. C. Barry, of Illinois, and T. D. Nichols were chosen as alternates.

A steel suspension bridge is to be erected at Gaylesville, Ala., across the Chattooga river. Work has already begun and much of the foundation has been finished. As soon as the bridge is complete the work on the new depot will begin.

Reports received here are to the effect that an uncontrollable prairie fire is raging in Texas. Over 100,000 acres of fine grazing land has already been burned over.

A contract has been closed with the Lookout inn on Lookout mountain to deliver an acetylene generator to supply seven hundred jets. This will be one of the largest generators of the kind in use anywhere in the south.

What is claimed to be the richest radium-bearing earth in the world has been discovered in the Llano gold and coal fields, Texas. Rumors of the discovery of earth bearing a large per cent of radium in the Llano district have been persistent.

The Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad reports an unusually heavy movement of grain. The fertilizer movement and the live stock movement continues heavy.

Saturday an explosion caused a $20,000 fire in the big Masonic temple in Chicago. A fatal panic was threatened, but the 4,000 inmates of the structure were gotten out safely by the bravery of the elevator men, who stuck to their cars through heat and smoke.

The Texas railroad commission has issued orders reducing the passenger fare for children on railroads in that state from 2 cents per mile to 1 1-2 cents per mile. The excess baggage rate has been reduced by the commission from 15 per cent of the ticket rate to 12 per cent. It is said the reduction will cause a decrease of revenue to the passenger departments of the Texas roads aggregating $200,000 each year.

Hon. S. S. Calhoon, justice of the Mississippi supreme court, received a private telegram from Little Rock, Ark., stating that the body of his nephew, John Calhoun, formerly of Holly Springs, had been found at the bottom of the Arkansas river, and that from marks on same it was certain that the young man had been murdered. He was a soldier of the United States army.

The democratic senators were in conference for almost three hours on the Panama question and when they adjourned it was announced by Senator Gorman, chairman of the caucus, that the conference had agreed upon a resolution to be presented to the senate asking for all the correspondence between the United States and Colombia since the negotiations of the Hay-Herran treaty.

A measure which seeks to make embezzlement of sums not exceeding $25 a misdemeanor, instead of a felony, and in this way save the circuit courts of handling a large and constantly increasing class of petty crimes, passed the Mississippi house by a vote of 98 to 11.

Plans are nearly ready for another four-story building at Meridian, Miss.

The national prohibition convention is called for June 29th in Indianapolis.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBose, - - - - Editor
Geo. D. Campbell, - - Manager

COLUMBIANA, ALA.
Thursday, Jan. 28, 1904

Entered in the post-office at Columbiana Ala., as second class matter.

ANNOUCEMENTS.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county.

D. R. McMILLAN.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce E. S. Lyman as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. O'Hara a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the primary to be held next year.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county.

WALTER E. LESTER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

W. A. THOMPSON.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

The many friends of T. J. Martin in Beat 10, announce him a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk, subject to Democratic primary.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis, announces himself a cnadidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

J. M. Ray, of Wilsonville, announces himself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of J. E. Adams in Beat Eleven, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

W. R. WEAVER.

R. J. Griffin, of Maylene, is a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county subject to the action of the democratic primary.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR

W. C. Benton, of Silura, announces himself a candidate for Taz Assessor of Shelby county subject tothe action of the democtatic party.

J. M. DYE announces himself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to action of the Democratic primary.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John N. Wyatt as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District of Shelby county, subject to the Democratic primary.

Commissioner 1st District.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for office Commissioners from the First District, subject to the action the Democratic primary to be held April 11th, 1904.

Walter E. Riddle.

FOR SOLICITOR.

I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the office of Soliciter of the Seventh Judicial Circuit.

BORDEN H. BURR.

FOR CHANCELLOR.

We are authorized to announce R. A.D. Dunlap a candidate for Chancellor of this district.

REMEMBER FEBRUARY 1ST.

COURT HOUSE ELECTION ON MONDAY FEBRUARY 1ST.

JUST A FEW MORE DAYS LEFT FOR YOU TO PAY YOUR POLL TAX. PAY IT OR YOU CANNOT VOTE IN NOVEMBER ELECTION! PAY BEFORE FEBRUARY FIRST.

Court House Election!

Court House Election Monday February 1st.

Let everybody, opposed, to taxes, heavy and everlasting, go to the polls on next Monday and vote against removal of county seat.

Pay your poll tax before Monday February 1st, or you cannot vote in any election held between February 1st, 1904 snd February 1st 1905.

The Calera land boomers are planning this week to trick the honest voters of Shelby county. Reports says they are in Montgomery gettiug up some circulars to strow broadcast over the county. They will be held back untill the very last of the week. In fact will be distrbuted many of them on Sunday and Monday. There is simply no telling just what these circulars will contain, All that Calera hopes or expects to win is by trickery and misrepresentations, these circulars will be full of them.

Let every voter in Shebly county who is opposed to court house removal give much of his time from now until the polls close on next Monday in helping to stamp out the unreasonable scheme.

No one who votes on next monday against removal of county seat will ever have occasion to regret it. Many voters who vote for removal to Calera will regret it the balance of their lives if the county seat is removed.

Will the Sylacauga-Calera-News tell the people about the deal made by the Calera land Co., and a Cincinnati capitalist about the option that has been made. We have from reliable information that the land that the land boomers have is only worth about $5,000 and if they can get the county seat they can sell the land for $50000, a net gain of $40,000, at the expense of the tax payers of the cnunty.

The land boomers of Calera know as well as they know any thing that if the honest voters of Shelby county are allowed to vote their honest convictions from a consideration of the qeustion of removal on its merits. Calera will not be in it, consequently they are geting up all kinds of false statements, and circulating them for the truth. The circulars which will be ground out in Montgomery this week, and sent round by them Saturday and Sunday throughout Shelby county will be such as have not been seen. But our Shelby county voters are expecting them. And will not be influenced in the least by them.

Sylacauga–Calera–News gave Columbiana the go-by last week. There are quite a number in Columbiana who have been receiving the foreign sheet ever since its birth, upon inquiry we find that not one of them has received this last issue. This is a part of the land boomers scheme. Its columns have been full to overflowing for the last one or two issues with all kinds of misstatements and misrepresentations. The papers in this town and in Montevallo exposed these false statement, showed them up in good style, hence the go-by. The land boomers evidently had something in this last issue which they did not wish the other papers to see untill they had gone to press. But we got one from a neighboring town, and have paid our respects elsewhere in this issue.

The Sylacauga-Calera News in its last issue does not show the picture of the Dadeville court house. Jndge Harlan's letter knocked it out as clear as a whistle. It had been sporting the picture of the court house on its first page claiming that it was a brand new court house, and only cost $12,000 and then following with arguments that if Tallapoosa county have such a court house built for $12,000 Shelby county could. But Probate Judge Harlan, stated in his letter which was published in these columns, that Tallapoosa county had not built a new court house, but had only repaired the old one, and that it cost the county $20,000 Hence, in the last issue of the paper the foreign sheet appears to have taken the picture of the court house down, and says that it did not state the facts very far wrong. But this apology is not sufficient. We should know what we are publishing when we are seeking to inform the people through the columns of our paper.

Stepped Against a Hot Stove.

A child of Mrs. G. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath stepped against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great pain and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remembering that she had a bottle of Chamberlains Pain Balm in the house she would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Pain Balm is an antseptic liniment and valuable for burns, breises, cuts and spains. Sold by Williams Broe., Druggists.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
For Piles, Burns, Sores.

ELECTION MANAGERS AND CLERKS.

We, John E. Morriss, Chairman and J. H. Gunn, D. R. McMillan, composing the Board of Commissioners of county Seat Election, hereby appoint the following persons as Inspectors, clerks and Returning officers to to hold and conduct election to be held in the various beats in Shelby county, on Monday, the 1st day of February, 1904, for the purpose of determining whether or not the county seat of Shelby county shall be removed from Columbiana to calera, to-wit:

BEAT 1, BOX 1, (columbiana)

Managers.—H. M. Millstead, J. T. Leeper, J. L. Peters. clerks—Jno. E. Dyke, J. H. Mooney, returning officer, R. F. Cox, Shrff

BEAT 1, BOX 2 (Shelby.)

Managers.—Geo. H. Averyt, J C. Williams, Frank Finch. clerks Elmer Carter, S. J. Harrell. Returning officer, E. T. Brasher.

BEAT 2 (Spring creek.)

Managers.—Thos. R. Lovett, Hosea Pearson, G. E. Abbott. clerks, Wm. Carden, Jr., J. M. Baldwin: returning officer, N. N. Mosteller.

BEAT 3 (calera.)

Managers.—H. C. Moss, Robt. Long, C. A. Millstead. Clerks, L. G. Privett, I. W. Bailey; returning officer, C. H. Fields.

BEAT 4, BOX 1 (Montevallo.)

Managers—L. N. Bowden, Geo. Morgan, John McMath; clerks, J. Alex Moore, H. E. Whitaker; returning officer, Frank Harrison.

BEAT 5 (Bamford.)

Managers—LaFayette Bunn, Jno Harmon, J. A. Johnson; clerks, Jas. Harmon, Robt. Atchison; returning officer, John Waddell.

BEAT 6 (Helena.)

Managers—C. T. Davidson, J. G. Mitchell, L. N. Roy; clerks, M. T. Floyd, E. F. Lee; returning officer, Daniel Lambert.

BEAT 7 (Elliottsville.)

Managers–M. S. Wilson, J. F. McLane, Wesley Ozley; clerks, G. Thos. Fulton, L. B. Riddle; returning officer, R. C. Naish.

BEAT 8 (Yellow Leaf.)

Managers—Joel Thomas, N. M. Davis, G. W. Shaw; clerks, Geo. Stone J. B. Farrell; returning officer, T. B. Holcombe.

BEAT 9 (Wilsonville.)

Managers—Amos Daniels, W. E. Riddle, J. Seab Jackson; clerks, W. John Weldon, T. A. Huston; returning officer, Geo. W. Taylor.

BEAE 10, BOX 1 (Harpersville.)

Managers—E. V. Caldwell, J. R. Hatcher, T. G. Florey; clerks, T. H. Borum. D. W. Kidd; returning officer, R. B. Posey.

BEAT 10, BOX 2 (Cresswell.)

Managers—Isaac Chancellor, Geo. W. Green, J. T. Glaze; clerks, Charles Bates, A. J. Coleman; returning officer, C. A. Glaze.

BEAT 11 (Weldon.)

Managers—F. M. Baldwin, W. J. Sewell, O. S. Lybrand, clerks, J. E. Adams, J. W. Moore; returning officer, J. M. Spearman.

BEAT 12 (Highland.)

Managers—Frank Miller, A. J. E. Cross, G. L. Maske; clerks, W. L. Debazo. W. N. Gilbert; returning officer, Jas. M. Allen.

BEAT 13 (Bridgeton.)

Managers—D. N. Lee, J. W. Farley, B. F. Dawson; clerks, A. L. Deshazo, J. H. Lee; returning officer, W. P. Cox.

BEAT 14 (Vandiver.)

Managers—W. J. Kendrick, J. B. Whitfield, John McMinn; clerks, Wesley Stone, H. M. Abercrombie; returning officer, W. A. Brasher.

BEAT 15 (Sterrett.)

Managers—W. A. Richie, R. M. Hollis, R. J. Byers. clerks, M. C. Vick. J. R. Duke; returning officer, R. Jarrett.

BEAT 16 (Vincent.)

Managers— .. J. Embry, W. H. Kidd. J. E. Elliott; clerks, W. Y. Rich W. T. Kidd: returning officer, Ed. W. Bell.

BEAT 17 (Pelham.)

Managers—Ollie Cost, T. J. Cross. M. P. Nabors; clerks, C. E. L. Leonard, Harmon Thomas; returning officer, R. G. Carter.

BEAT 18 (Dunnavant.)

Managers—J. H. Pack, W. G. King. J. H. Dorough, clerks, Lane Isbell, J. O. Dorough, returning officer, W. M Lowry.

BEAT 19 (Dogwood.)

Managers—Geo. F. Peter, Jno. D. Stripling, W. D Lacey; clerks, W. H. Reneau, Jas. Smith; returning officer, W. E. Harrison.

Done at Columbiana, Ala., on this the 4th day of January 1904.

J. E. Morriss, Chair'n,
J. H. Gunn.
D. R. McMillan,
Board of Commissioners, Etc.

QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS IN THE COURT HOUSE ELECTION.

To the Voters of Shelby County:

In order that there may be no misunderstanding in regard to the qualificatians of the voters in the county seat election to be held on the first day of February, we deem it proper to give in a condensed form the law in reference to same.

A person to be entitled to vote in the court house election on the first of Feb. 1904, must possess all of the following qualifications:

1st. He must be over twenty-one years and must have resided continuously in the state two years in the county one and in the precinct in which he offers to vote three months, immediately preceding the election at which he offers to votes, provided that when he removes from one precinct to another within three months immediately preceding the election, he may vote in the precinct from which he removed, provided he could legally have voted in said precinct had he not removed.

2nd. He must have legally registered in Shelby county under the new constitution of 1901.

3rd. He must have paid his poll tax for 1901 and 1902 (if he was liable for the poll tax of said years or either of them) and he must have paid his poll tax on or before the first of February 1st, 1903. and he must show to the managers of the election his poll tax receipts for said years; or make oath before the managers that he has paid said poll tax. Any one falsely making said oath would be guilty of perjury and on conviction would be sentenced to the penitentiary.

4th. The following persons are disqualified from voting in said election; all idiots and insane persons, those who were by reason of conviction of crime disqualified from voting at the time of the ratification of the constitution on November 28th, 1901, those who have been since Nov. 28th, 1901, convicted of treason, murder, arson, embezzlement, malfeacance in office, larcency, receiving stolen property, obtaining money under false pretenses, perjury, subornation of perjury, robbery, assault with intent to rob, burglary, forgery, bribery, assault and battery on wife, bigamy, living in adultery, sodomy, incest, rape, miscegenation crime against nature, or any crime punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary; or for any infamous crime, or crimes involving moral turpitude, or convicted as a tramp. or vagrant, or of selling or offering to sell his vote, or the vote of another, or of making or offering to make false returns in any election by the people.

John E. Morriss, ch'rmn
J. H. Gunn,
D. R. McMillan,
Board of Commissioners of county Seat Election.

DeWitt is the Name.

When you go to buy Witch Hazel Salve look for the name DeWitt on every box. The pure. unadulterated Witch Hozel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles The popularity of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, due to its many cures. has caused numerous worthless counterfeits to be placed on market. The genuine bears the name of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. Sold by Williams Bros.

Teachers' Institute Examination Course.

Teachers wishing to prepare for examination should write at once, to Prof. J. L. Graham; L.L. D, 152 154 Randolph Building, Memphis, Tenn., for particulars concerning his special Teachers' Examination Course.

The course is taught by mail, and prepares teachers for examinations in every state in the Union. Leading educators pronounce it the best course ever offered to the teaching profession, and all teachers wishing to advance in their profession should immediately avail themselves of it. Enclose stamp for reply.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowed to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but it stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 25 and 75 cts. For sale by Williams Bros.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

When you fell dull after eating.
When you have no appetite.
When you have a bad taste in mouth.
When your liver is torpid.
When your bowels are constipated.
When you have a headache.
When you feel bilious.
They will improve your appetite and invigorate your stomach, and regulate your liver and bowels. Price 25c per box at Williams Bros.

Non-Residence Notice.

L. M. Dyke, Vs. Henry Walthall. In the State of Alabama, } Circuit Court.
Shelby County. } Whereas, L. M. Dyke as plaintiff in said cause has obtained an attachment out of this court issued the 19th day of January, 1904, against the estate of the said Henry Walthall as defendant, which attachment has been levied by R. F. Cox, sheriff of Shelby county, Ala., on the following described real estate of the said defendant, to-wit: Island "A" in Coosa river of sections 17 and 8, and all of Island "B" in Coosa river, of section 8. all in township 21, range 2 east. All of which is situated in the the county of Shelby and and state of Alabama. and, whereas, it appears that the said Henry Walthal defendant as aforesaid is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in the State of New York, therefore the said Henry Walthal wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the said attachment and the levy thereof as aforesaid.

Witness my hand this the 21st day of January 1904.

J. P. PEARSON, Clerk.

The Court House Steal.

The people of Shelby county will never forget the attempt by Calera's agents to steal the court house by slyly passing a bill through the legislature locating the county seat at the town of Calera. This dark and sinister fraud perpetrated on the honest yoemanry of Shelby county received, and justly so, the condemnation of all good people—while not a proper matter to come before a constitutional convention assembled for the purpose of framing a fundamental law, yet the fraud was so glaring and unprecedented that that body did not hesitate in declaring it a fraud on Shelby county and therefore void?

The Land Boomers and Their Agents Still Managing.

We are informed that the same characters who had much to do in stealing the court house bill through the legislature are now managing the Calera court house campaign. They have their headquarters in Birmingham, where they are. now, we are realiably informed, preparing some circulars to send over the county to deceive the voters. These circulars will contain statements that are as false as the court house steal was corrupt nnd fraudulent. All kinds of reports are going the ronnds, and the voters of the county are certalnly prepared for seeing almost anything about Sunday or Monday.

The Dunbar Bell Ringers and Male Quartette Company gave one of the most cultured and refined entertainment ever given in this city.—The Democrat, Bethany, Mo.

Dragging Pains

2825 Keeley St.,
Chicago, Ill., Oct,, 2, 1902.

I suffered with falling and congestion of the womb, with severe pains through the groins. I suffered terribly at the time of menstruation, had blinding headaches and rushing of blood to the brain. What to try I knew not, for it seemed that I had tried all and failed, but I had never tried Wine of Cardui, that blessed remedy for sick women. I found it pleasant to take and soon knew that I had the right medicine. New blood seemed to course through my veins and after using eleven bottles I was a well woman.

Mrs. Bush is now in perfect health because she took Wine of Cardui for menstrual disorders, bearing down pains and blinding headaches when all other remedies failed to bring her relief. Any sufferer may secure health by taking Wine of Cardui in her home. The first bottle convinces the patient she is on the road to health.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE of CARDUI

While shyly accepting the enconimums showered upon their patriotism, those Panama reaolutionists who rose "as one man" are neglecting to keep a sharj lookout for the arrival ol that little consignment of ten million American dollars.

Three Time the Value of Any Other.

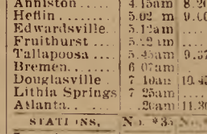
One-Third Easier.
One-Third Faster.

Agents wanted in all Unoccupied Territory.

WHEELER & WILSON
MANUFACTURING CO.
ATLANTA, - - - - - GA.

PIANOS, ORGANS AND SEWING MACHINES ON FREE TRIAL!!!

ELEGANT CENTURY UPRIGHT PIANO, $125. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT PARLOR ORGANS, $25 UP. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT CENTURY SEWING MACHINES, BALL-BEARING, $13. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial. CASH OR EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.



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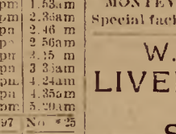

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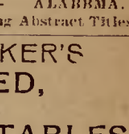

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CENTURY MF'G CO. DEPT East St. Louis, Ill.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effect June 14, 1903.

*No. 22	*No. 16	STATIONS.	*No. 15	*No. 21.
7.00pm	5.55am	lv. Mobile..ar	10.55pm	8.10am
1.10am	4.30pm	lv...Selma..lv	4.35pm	2.00pm
5.30am	9.00pm	ar Birm'ham lv	6.20am	10.35pm
9.40am	.....	ar Chat'n'ga lv	.....	6.15pm
1.1 pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	.....	2.10pm
5.4 pm	.....	ar..Bristol..lv	.....	9.30am
6.00pm	.....	ar. Asheville lv	.....	9.20am
1.50am	.....	ar Lynchb'rg lv	.....	8.00am
6.52am	.....	ar W'sh'gt'n lv	.....	10.01pm
12.48pm	.....	ar...N York..lv	.....	3.25pm

Nos. 22 and 21 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville. Birmingham and New York. Cafe car serves meals en route

No. *18	STATIONS.	No. *17
7.2 am	v.....Tuscaloosa.....ar	9.2pm
9.10am	lv.....Akron.....ar	7.31pm
9.55am	.....Greensboro.....	6.44pm
10.52am	.....Marion.....	5.46pm
11.59am	ar.....Selma.....lv	4.45pm

No. *24	No. *16	STATIONS.	No. *15	No. *23
.....	7.30pm	v New O'l's..ar	8.30am	.....
.....	7.50am	v. Meridian..ar	8.08pm	.....
.....	9.37am	..Demopolis..	6.30pm	.....
.....	10.23am	ar..Uniont n..lv	5.42pm	.....
.....	11 0am	..Marion Jct..	5.1pm	.....
.....	11..0am	ar ( ) lv	4.45pm	.....
.....	12.05pm	lv (Selma) ar	4.30pm	.....
.....	2.03pm	...Montevallo..	2.32pm	.....
.....	2 2 pm	.....Calera.....	2.20pm	.....
.....	2.42pm	...Columbiana..	1.49pm	.....
*6.45am	3.18pm	..Childersburg..	1.11pm	*9.28pm
7.22am	3.53pm	...Talladega...	12.3 pm	8.3 pm
8.25am	4.45pm	....Anniston..	11.35am	7.40 m
8.48am	5.1 pm	..Jacksonville..	11.08am	7.04pm
9.04am	5.37pm	..Pleasant....	10.43am	6.40pm
9.58am	6.28pm	..Cave Springs..	9.58am	5.50pm
*10.3 pm	7 05pm	ar....Rome..	9.20am	5.2 pm
11 30am	10 40pm	ar..Atlanta..lv	5.3 am	*4.15pm

STATIONS.	No. *26	No. *38	No. *36	No. *98
Lv Birm'gham	.....	6.10am	4.10pm	11.3 pm
Pell City	.....	7.2am	5.25pm	12.45am
Anniston	4.15am	8.20am	6.3 pm	1.53am
Heflin	5.02 m	9.00am	6.50pm	2.38am
Edwardsville	5.12am	.....	7.30pm	2.46 m
Fruithurst	5.22 am	.....	7.42p	2.56am
Tallapoosa	5.43am	9.37am	8.03pm	3.15 m
Bremen	6.07am	.....	8. 5pm	3 33am
Douglasville	7 10am	10.45am	9.15pm	4.24am
Lithia Springs	7 25am	.....	9.27pm	4.35pm
Atlanta	8.2am	11.30am	10.55pm	5.20am

STATIONS.	No. *35	No. *37	No. *97	No. *25
Lv Atlanta	6.10am	4.15p	11.35pm	6 10pm
Lithia Springs	6 57am	5.00pm	12 20am	7 17pm
Douglasville	7.10am	.....	12.32am	7.30 m
Bremen	7.56a	5.55pm	1 24 m	8 25pm
Tallapoosa	8.15am	6.10pm	1.42 m	8 57pm
Fruithurst	8 34am	.....	1 58am	9.16pm
Edwardsville	8 42am	6.33 m	2.05am	9.27pm
Heflin	9 0am	6.42pm	2.16am	9.40pm
Anniston	9 4 am	7.25pm	2.55am	10 30pm
Pell City	10.38am	8.35p	4.07am	.....
Birmingham	11.45am	9.55pm	5.20 m	.....

STATIONS.	No. 36	No. 38
Lv Birmingham	4.10pm	6.10am
Lv Anniston	6.3 pm	8.20am
Lv Atlanta	10.55pm	12.0 pm
Ar Macon	1.05am	2.25pm
Ar Jesup	5.20am	.....
Ar Jacksonville	8.30am	.....
Ar Brunswick	6.55am	.....

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Brunswick and Atlanta to Jacksonville.

No. 38 carries Pullman Sleeping car and Dining car Birmingham to Atlanta.

STATIONS.	No. 15
Lv Rome	7.10pm
Ar Chattanooga	9.50pm
Ar Knoxville	1 4 am
Ar Hot Springs	4.38am
Ar Asheville (Cent Time)	5.55am
Ar Salisbury (East Time)	11.25am
Ar Greensboro	1.1 pm
Ar W	4.1 pm
Ar New	8.1 pm

STATIONS.	No. 2	No. 4.
Lv Chattanooga	10.00am	10.4 pm
Ar Cincinnati	7.30pm	8.15am
Ar Louisville	8.15pm	10.35am

No. 4 Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to Louisville and Cincinnati.

No. 2 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

STATIONS.	No. 40	No. 38	No. 36
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	4.10pm
Lv Atlanta (East. t me)	1.45pm	1.00 m	1.00am
Ar Charlotte	10.05pm	8.12pm	9.20am
Ar Danville	2.05am	11.53pm	1.2 pm
Ar Lynchburg	4 3am	1.55am	3.2pm
Ar Charlottesville	6 20am	3.37am	5.50pm
Ar Washington	9.45am	6.42am	9.15pm
Ar Baltimore	†10.55am	7.56am	11.35pm
Ar Philadelphia	12.54n'n	10.15am	2.56am
Ar New York	3 03pm	12.43pm	6.13am

No. 38 "Washington&Southwestern Limited" Solid Vestibule train Atlanta to New York, carrying Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Club car Atlanta to Washington

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

J. C. LUSK D. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
H. F. LATIMER, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
C. H. ACKERT, G. M., Washington, D. C.
W. A. TURK, P. T. M., Washington, D. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, G.P.A., Washington, D. C.
C.A. BENSCOTER, A.G.P.A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles

Prepared only by E. O. DeWitt & Co., Chicago The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

For sale by Williams Bros.

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DENTIST.
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Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

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Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
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MONTEVALLO. - - ALABAMA.
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles.

W. A. PARKER'S LIVERY, FEED, —AND— SALE STABLES.
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Williams Bros. Will Buy It Back.

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Williams Brothers will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant and reliable.

The Pleasure of Eating.

Persons suffering from indigestion dyspepsia or other stomach trouble will find that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digets what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. This remedy is a never failing cure for indigestion and dyspepsia and all complaints affecting glands or membranes of the stomach or digestive tract. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure everything you eat tastes good, and every bit of the nutriment that your food contains is assimilated and appropriated by the blood and tissues. Sold by Williams Brothers.

COTTON BELT ROUTE

HALF RATES TO TEXAS
BOTH ONE WAY AND ROUND TRIP

via the Cotton Belt, from St. Louis, Thebes, Cairo and Memphis, first and third Tuesdays of each month, beginning October 21st. For one-way tickets,

Half the One-Way Rate, plus $2.00;

round-trip tickets, one fare plus $2.00, to points in Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territories. Write for particulars and cost of ticket from your home town.

The Cotton Belt runs solid through trains to Texas, equipped with the most modern and comfortable cars. These trains make quick time and direct connections for all parts of the Great Southwest.

If you are seeking a better place to locate, write for a free copy of our handsome illustrated booklets, Homes in the Southwest and Through Texas With a Camera.

N. B. BAIRD, Traveling Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
E. W. La BEAUME, General Pass. and Ticket Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months..... 50

THURSDAY, JAN. 28, 1904.

Calera is old, but young in her ways,
Thinks she'll have half of "coon town in a few days,
She's badly mistake as far as we see,
Trying to catch a bird even in a tree
Calera must go away back and sit down,
Or you must go and boom some other town.
You don't cut any figure with us,
So sober down and stop such a fuss,
Five thousand dollars you have I read
Five thousand foes would be better,
Calera is certainly on a tare,
Just trying to give us a scare,
Everybody vote for the C. H. to stay,
Lest you be taxed the rest of your days

OLD G. P.

Hello Central!

Vote against removal Monday.

Only few more days till the election

It is not very long to Valentine day.

Only a few days before the county seat election.

Ed Strickland, of Wilton, visited homefolks last week.

Clarence Abbott, of Shelby, was a visitor to the city Sunday afternoon.

Rev. T. K. Roberts and wife, of Anniston visited relatives here last week

On last Thursday night we had one of he heaviest rain fall of the season.

Hick Rice, one of Shelby's promising young men spent Sunday afternoon in the city.

Jesse Brown, of Birmingham, visited the family of J. T. Barnet last and a part of this week.

Mrs. F. M. Johnson, nee Miss G. O. Cromwell, visited her parents here Saturday and Sunday.

F. E. Mason, the popular postmaster at Wilsonville, spent Snuday in the city with his brother.

J. W. Bandy and wife, of Montevallo, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city the guests of J. P. Lane.

There will be services at the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning at 11 a. m., and at night at 7 p. m.

Rev. G. T. Harris filled his regular appointment at the Methodist church on last Sunday morning and at night.

Remember the Dunbar Hand Bell Ringers and Quartette Company at the School House Saturday night January 30th.

FOR SALE.—One black mare five years old, weighs about 1,000 pounds, sound and good worker. Apply to A. H. AVERY, Shelby, Ala.

Beginning with next Wednesday night the Union prayermeeting will be held at the Presbyterian church for the month of February.

There was an oyster supper at the National Hotel on last Friday night. The supper was well attended and the young folks enjoyed themselves hugely.

The Dunbar Hand Bell Ringers, with their magnificent peal of more than one hundred musical hand bells, cast by England's greatest bell founder, specially for this Company.

The telephone system have a very good list of subscribers, and it would be well for every residence in the city should have one put in as the price is reasonable,

The time for settling the question of county seat removal will come off next Monday. Every one interested in the election come out and cast his vote against removal.

Let every voter who is opposed to oppressively high taxes for the balance of his days, come to the polls on Monday, February 1st, and vote the ticket which has on it AGAINST REMOVAL!

Siah Hall, principal of the Shelby High School, was a visitor to the city Sunday afternoon. We suppose that a certain pretty face was the magnet that drew him to the city.

Mrs. Maroney Howell wife of Mr. Zack Howell past away last Thursday night. She was a Christian woman, and loved by all that knew her. Her remains were laid to rest in the Moore cemetery. She leaves a host of friends and relatives to mourn her death.

Simmon Friedberger have decided to make Columbiana his future home and will be found at the store of Leo Friedberger. These two young men will make a strong team in the mercantile business of our town, and we predict for them success.

The Dunbar Bell Ringers appeared before a large audience at the Christian Church last night. Each one of the performers is an artist and entire program captivated the audience as was plainly shown by enthusiastic encores, which received cheerful response.—Bedford (Iowa) Republican.

On last Sunday afternoon the young people of the Methodist church met and organized an Epworth League. The following officers were elected: Miss Esther Mason, President; Grover Liles, Vice President; Miss Lula Wilson, Second Vice President; Miss Rossie Christian, Third Vice President; Clarice White, Secretary and Treasurer; Miss Mildred White, Organist. Committees were appointed by the different departments to assist in the work. The League begins its life with bright prospects.

The Proper Treatment for Sprained Ankle.

As a rule s man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or 3 months before he has fully recovered. This an unnecegsary loss of time, for many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some case within three days. For sale by Williams Bros.

Calera is a town miles away,
She is working for a court house night and day
And is sure she will have it they say.
O Calera? there's another town Columbiana is her name,
If she's like a bed bug she'll get there just the same,
She has the C. H. and voters will say let it remain.
The people in this county are poor so we read,
And to move the court house it would be a foolish deed,
Now men think forward, vote right and take heed.
Calera you are a good old town,
But you are not the very best,
Columbiana has the court house.
And there is where it shall rest.
Calera is where the Southern and the L. & N. cross,
Columbiana is between the two,
When Columbiana gets a hundred votes,
Shall Calera get a few.

OLD JAKE.

Good Advice.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects: such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Waterbrash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth. Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle of August Flower for 25 or 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Try it. For sale by Williams Brothers, Columbiana.

Judge Pelham is a candidate for reelection as Judge of the Circuit Court of this district. Judge Pelham has been presiding over the court of this Circuit for a long time. Judge Pelham has made an ideal circuit judge and expressions of satisfaction and commendation by the bar and the people of his reign as judge are common, especially during the terms of court over which he has presided." In every way qualified for the position, Judge Pelham in his candidacy for re-election has so many things in his favor—ability fitness for the position, fairness and impartiality in all things and the high esteem of his fellowmen—that his nomination and election will doubtless come without opposition as a natural sequence of faithful service."

The Best Remedy for Croup.

This is the season when the woman who knows the best remedies for croup is in demand in every neighborhood. One of the most terrible things in the world is to be awakened in the night by a whoop from one of the children. The croup remedies are almost sure to be lost in case of croup, as a revolver in case of a burglar. There used to be an old fashioned remedy for croup known as hive syrup and tolu, but some modern mothers say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is better, and does not cost as much. It causes the patient to "throw up the phlegm" quicker, and gives relief in a shorter time. Give this remedy as soon as the croupy cough appears and it will prevent the attack. It never fails and is plasant and safe to take. For sale at Williams Bros.

Land Boomers Slyly Working.

News comes this week that the land boomers have sure enounh put money into the court house campaign, and that they are sending men slyly over th county using and offering to use this money in an illegitimate manner. We don't know that this true, and trust it is not, but we should not be much surprised at anything done by these shrewd manipulators. We would, however, be much surprised if anything they do, or could do, will alter materially the sentiment against removal. The people are against the land company's project, and will bury it out of sight next Monday.

That Certified Check and $5,000.

Calera is making much ado over the $5,000 certified check that J. W. Dimmick, Calera Land Company's man of Montgomery, has deposited. This will fool no one. As has been stated in these columns, there is no legal obligation on Calera to pay a cent. The Sylacauga-Calera-News in its last issue says that at a meeting of the city council of Calera a bond issue of $7,000 was authorized. It does not say that any bonds have been issued. The money said to be deposited by Mr. Dimmick, the Calera Land Co.'s man, in a Montgomery bank is only to be turned over to the authorities of Calera on the delivery by them of $5,000 of gold bearing bonds. Calera will never delivered. The $5,000 will not be turned over to the Calera authorities, and if it were, what assurance have we that one cent of it go to help build a court house and jail? None in the world!

Calera says, "We'll carry Vincent Beat." Vincent says, "Wait and see." Our information is that that beat will vote against removal by a large majority on the 1st of February.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have this day sold their interest in The Columbiana Mercantile Co. to Max Lefkovits and Philip Erlick, and they have assumed all indebtedness of said firm. We desire to extend to the people of Columbiana and surrounding country our hearty thanks for their generous patronage for the past nine years, whlch contributed to the success of said business.

We again solicit your hearty co-operation with our successors. as they will serve you in the future with courtesies as in the past.

Thanking yau again, we remain

Your friends,

ERLICK & LEFKOVITS.

Statement of the Condition of

The Columbiana Savings Bank

Located at Columbiana, Ala.,

At the close of business on January 11th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILTIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$17.897 05	Capital stock paid in	$15.000 00
Banking House	5,000 00	Individual deposits snbject to checks	39,480 80
Funiture and Fixtures	2.000 00		
Other Real Estate	3,000 00		
Due from Banks and Bankers in this states	6,809 91		
Due from Banks and Bankers in other states	2.687 89		
Currency	9.765 00		
Gold	215 00		
Silver, Nickels and Pennies	2.237 85		
Checks and Cash Items	5.068 30		
Total	$54,480 80	Total	$54.480 80

STATE OF ALABAMA, } Before me came W. L. Farley Cashier, of the
COUNTY OF SHELBY. } Columbiana Savings Bank, who being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is a true condition of said Bank, as shown by the books on file in said Bank. W. L. FARLEY, Cashier, Columbiana Savings Bank.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 16th day of January, 1904.

A. P. LONGSHORE, Judge of Probate.

NOTICE.

Mr. S. M. Pickler has bought all the lands in this county that were sold by the state for taxes. I should be glad to have all persons whose lands were sold to the state for taxes to call on me at the court house, or the White House, if they care to redeem their lands, or if the sale of their land was erroneous.

F. A. GAMBLE, Agent.

An Effort to Hoodwink the Voters.

Much stress is laid by our Calera friends on the fact that the corporations pay the greater part of the taxes in Shelby county. This is very poor comfort to a poor man who is now paying all the tax he can afford to pay. If a corporation which pays one thousand dollars as taxes in Shelby county is made to pay $500 more by a levy of a special tax, how does this fact help the poor farmer who pays $20 tax when he is required by the same special levy to pay $30. And 99 times out of a 100 the additional tax of $500 on the corporation is not felt by it half so much as the $10 additional on the farmer. This argument is too thin, aed will not go down with Shelby county voters.

Another Falsehood Refuted.

Now another story is that Columbiana is going to building a court house and jail any way, and even they are trying to make it appear that Judge Longshore is in communication with architects in reference to said proposed court house. The following sworn statement ought to be a sufficient refutation of this charge:

State of Alabama, } Before me, J. R
Shelby county. } White, Register in Chancery for said county and state, personally appeared Judge A. P. Longshore, who being duly sworn deposes and says that it has been circulated that he had negotiated with an architect to build a court house at Columbian if that place won the election, and that he had told parties that if the county seat remained at Columbiana a new court house would be built at Columbiana, also that he had written a letter to that effect to an architect.

Now the said A. P. Longshore deposes and swears that all such reports are absolutly false and malicious lies, and if any such letter should be exhibited, it is a forgery, that he has never negotiated and such contract, or written any such letter, and that he is opposed to building a new court house at Columbiana, because it would be an extravagant expenditure of the people's money, as we already have a good courthouse at Columbiana

A. P. LONGSHORE.

Sworn to and subscribed before me on this 27th day of January, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

The most novel and versatile Company before the public

THE DUNBAR

HAND BELL RINGERS AND

MALE QUARTETTE COMPANY,

The Dunbar Male Quartette, a complete concert organization in itself, whose excellence has been recognized and popularity established wherever it has appeared, in an extensive repertoire of of classic, popular and humorous. Will be appear at the

SCHOOL HOUSE

SATURDAY,

NIGHT JANUARY 30

THE FADED FLOWER.

Calera has a little man,
His eyes are filled with suds,
And when "old Coon town" shouts,
He simply takes the studs.

He heard the ring of court house fight
And hoped his pond would win,
But knowing wrong could not prevail,
His eyes grew sad and dim.

Another scheme, I'll try my hand,
This court house to remove,
And if our money fails to win,
Then we'll simply kill old boze.

Coon town, you've got us beat,
Our boze and money would not stand,
We did our best to win the fight,
But found that Coon town was a man.

Now let us join your victory sweet,
And shout old towns with our might,
And though we did our best to win,
We know, that truth has made right.

Coon town, Monday next we give you,
Our fight has reached its end,
The battle fought, the victory won,
And our eyes are sad and dim.

But like the wayward child of old,
When life has been misspent,
We come and humble every one,
And in our tears repent.

A CONVERT.

We'll Vote for Columbiana.

Revised version by J. M. Dye.

Come march along, ye voters strong,
And vote against removal every time,
Banners bright, with conscience right
We'll vote against removal every time

We're in the fight, we know are right,
We'll vote against removal every time
We come to stay, we'll win the day,
We'll vote against removal every time

Clear the track, don't hold us back,
We'll vote against removal every time
That "Calcis" cry, why that's a——
We'll vote against removal every time

Say Democrats, where are you at?
"We will vote against removal."
Republicans, what is your plans?
"We will vote against removal."

Populite, how goes the fight?
"We will vote against removal."
Calera near the Chilton line,
We'll vote against removal.

The News may swear, we don't care,
We'll vote against removal every time
Just let it scowl, growl and howl,
We'll vote against removal.

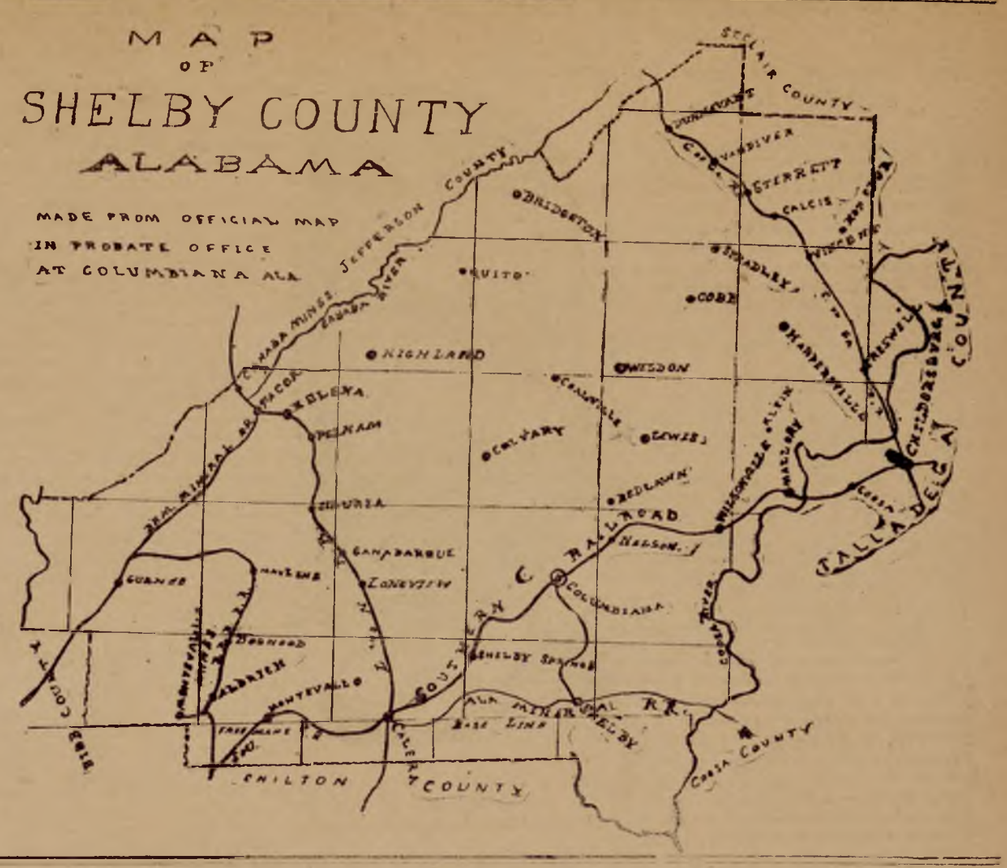
O come along and join our song,
And vote against removal every time.
Take up the tune gainst the saloon,
And vote against removal every time.

YES! O yes we'll vote for Columbiana
We will vote for Columbiana,
And its yes, O YES
We'll vote for Columbiana every time

Cured of Piles After 40 Years.

C. Haney, of Geneva, O., had the piles for 40 years. Doctors and dollars could do him no good. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. Invaluable for cuss, burns, bruises, sprains, lacerations, eczema, tetter, salt rheum, and all other skin diseases Look for the name DeWitt on package—all others are cheay, worthless counterfeits. Sold by Williams Bros.

By special arrangements with the publishers of the Constitution and Sunny South we offer a years's subscription to our own paper in addition to the Contitution and Sunny South and will furnish all three for ONLY TWO DOLLARS. Such orders must come direct to The Chronicle.



A Remarkable Case.

One of the most remarkable cases of of cold, deepseated on the lungs, causing pneumonia, is that of Mrs. G. E. Fenner, of Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says "the cough and straining so weakened me that I ran dow in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I tried One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength. Sold by Williams Bros.

WANTED—An energetic and reliable saleman for Shelby county, paying business. Boferences required. Apply at once, CHISLOM BROS., Birmingham, Ala.

The time for paying your poll tax expires the first of next February.

For sick headache try Chambertains Stomach and Liver Tablets; they will ward off the attack if taken in time. For sale by Williams Bros.

A Purgative Pleasure.

If you ever took DeWitt's Little Early Risers for biliousness or costipation you know what a purgative pleasure is. These famous little pills cleanse the liver and rids the system of all the bile without producing unpleasant effects. They do not gripe or weaken, but give tone and strength to the tissues and organs involved. W. H. Howell of Houston, Texas, says: "No better pill can be used than Little Early Risers for constipation, sick headache Sold by Williams Bros.

When Thinking

ABOUT BUYING

A WATCH

it always pays to get a good one. If you want a Watch we can save you money on your order. Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Seth Thomas and New York Standard are good movements. Give us a trial order and you be convinced

DO YOU want anything in musical instruments? We have Violins, Violin Cases, Bows, Bridges, Pegs, Mandolins, Mandolin Cases, Picks, Guitars, Guitar Cases, Tamborines, Banjos, Accordeons, Harps, Harmonicas, Fifes, Ocarines, Flagolets, Bones, Clappers, Graphaphones and Records, also all kinds of strings for Violins, Banjos, Mandolins and Guitars

Call and see us in our

REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.

Don,t forget us when you want photograph work or enlarging, our work will please you. We keep all all kinds of pictures, picture frames and are receiving new goods every week that will interest you. Give us a call when in the city.

T. J. WEAVER & COMPANY,

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

Pay your poll tax and qualify yourself as a voter in the election next year.

JEWELRY NOVELTIES.

A full line of Colgate's Extracts,

A full line of Colgate's Soap.

TOILET ARTICLES.

Also complete line of DRUGS,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

CIGARS, TOBACCO AND STATIONERY. ETC

WE ARE HEADQUATERS

For Stationery, Silver Novelies, Watches, Rings, Pins, Etc. Also a complete line of Medallions, price from 25c to 90 cents. Nearly everything in the holiday line you wish. Call and inspect our line.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION

.....OF.....

COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$16,782 77	Capital Stock	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures	7,000.00	Deposits	52,639.61
Other Real Estate	3,000.00	Rediscounts	2,263,00
Cash and with other Banks	43.119.84		
	$69.902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM

Title and Guaranty Company.

LAND TITLES;
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE;
TITLES GUARANTEED.
A GENERAL TITLE BUSINESS.

——INSURANCE——

Fire, Plate Glass, Boiler,
Employers Liability, Accident Insurance.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Ala.

W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

NORTH CAROLINA CORN WHISKEY

AT $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 AND $3.00 PER GALLON.

DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.

Saving Middlemen's Profits.
All express charges paid by me on packages of 2 gallons or more.

TERMS--CASH WITH ORDER.

Write for descriptive circulars. Reference commercial agencies or any merchant here.

J. H. WOOLLEY

Cherryville, N. C.

CASH OR CREDIT
Catalogue FREE.
PRICE
$33.50
IT WILL PAY YOU
to send for our Catalogue No. 6, quoting prices on Buggies, Harness, etc. We sell direct from our Factory to Consumers at Factory Prices. This guaranteed Buggy only $33.50; Cash or Easy Monthly Payments. We trust honest people located in all parts of the world.
Write for Free Catalogue.
CENTURY MFG. CO.
Mention this paper.
East St. Louis, Ills.
DEP'T

MEDICAL EXAMINER

Of the United States Treasury Recommends Pe-ru-na.

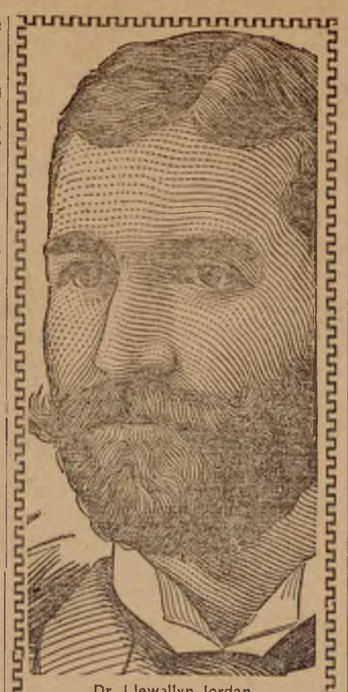
Other Prominent Physicians Use and Endorse Pe-ru-na.

DR. LLEWELLYN JORDAN, Medical Examiner of the U. S. Treasury Department, graduate of Columbia College, and who served three years at West Point, has the following to say of Peruna:

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from your wonderful remedy. One short month has brought forth a vast change and I now consider myself a well man after months of suffering. Fellow sufferers, Peruna will cure you."

A constantly increasing number of physicians prescribe Peruna in their practice. It has proven its merits so thoroughly that even the doctors have overcome their prejudice against so-called patent medicines and recommend it to their patients.

Peruna occupies a unique position in medical science. It is the only internal systemic catarrh remedy known to the medical profession to-day. Catarrh, as every one will admit, is the cause of one-half the disease which afflicts mankind. Catarrh and catarrhal diseases afflict one-half of the people of United States.



Dr. Llewellyn Jordan.
Medical Examiner United States Treasury.

Robert R. Roberts, M. D., Washington, D. C., writes:

"Through my own experience as well as that of many of my friends and acquaintances who have been cured or relieved of catarrh by the use of Hartman's Peruna, I can confidently recommend it to those suffering from such disorders, and have no hesitation in prescribing it to my patients." -Robert R. Roberts.

Dr. R. Robbins, Muskogee, I. T., writes: "Peruna is the best medicine I know of for coughs and to strengthen a weak stomach and to give appetite. Besides prescribing it for catarrh, I have ordered it for weak and debilitated people, and have not had a patient but said it helped him. It is an excellent medicine and it fits so many cases.

"I have a large practice, and have a chance to prescribe your Peruna. I hope you may live long to do good to the sick and the suffering."

Dr. M. C. Gee writes from 513 Jones St., San Francisco, Cal.:

"Peruna has performed so many wonderful cures in San Francisco that I am convinced that it is a valuable remedy. I have frequently advised its use for women, as I find it insures regular and painless menstruation, cures leucorrhoea and ovarian troubles, and builds up the entire system. I also consider it one of the finest catarrh remedies I know of."—M. C. Gee, M. D.

Catarrh is a systemic disease curable only by systemic treatment. A remedy that cures catarrh must aim directly at the depressed nerve centres. This is what Peruna does.

Peruna immediately invigorates the nerve centres which give vitality to the mucous membranes. Then catarrh disappears. Then catarrh is permanently cured.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

A Boston physician's discovery which cleanses and heals all inflammation of the mucous membrane wherever located.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a douche it is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all disease germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

Thousands of letters from women prove that it is the greatest cure for leucorrhœa ever discovered.

Paxtine never fails to cure pelvic catarrh, nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore mouth and sore eyes, because these diseases are all caused by inflammation of the mucous membrane.

For cleansing, whitening and preserving the teeth we challenge the world to produce its equal.

Physicians and specialists everywhere prescribe and endorse Paxtine, and thousands of testimonial letters prove its value.

At druggists, or sent postpaid 50 cts.

A large trial package and book of instructions absolutely free. Write

The R. Paxton Co., Dept. 25 Boston, Mass.

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Prices 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

TOBACCO CURE

Anti-Baccoline

We guarantee to cure the tobacco habit in any form. Treatment EASY, SAFE, SURE AND AGREEABLE. You take no chances. No Cure No Pay. All correspondence strictly confidential. Address The Dr. J. S. Hill Anti-Baccoline Co., Greenville Ill., Box 337.

CROUCH
Marble and Granite Co.
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
MONUMENTS,
Vaults, Statuary, Headstones, etc., in any Granite or Marble.
Death Masks a Specialty.
(Mention this paper.) ATLANTA, GA.

Saw Mills

The DeLoach Patent Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill with 4 h. p. cuts 2,000 feet per day. All sizes and prices to suit. DeLoach Shingle Mills, Edgers, Trimmers, Planers; Corn and Buhr Mills, Water Wheels, Lath Mills, Wood Saws. Our handsome new Catalog will interest you. DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co., Box 834, Atlanta, Ga.

Dropsy CURED
Gives Quick Relief.
Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box Atlanta, Ga.

Cotton Gin Machinery

PRATT. MUNGER.
WINSHIP.
EAGLE. SMITH.

We make the most most complete line of any concern in the world. We also make

ENGINES and BOILERS,
LINTERS for OIL MILLS.

We sell everything needed about a Cotton Gin.

Write for Illustrated Catalogue.

Continental Gin Co.,
Birmingham, Ala.

The flavor of TOBACCO may be injured by the use of stable and rank organic manures.

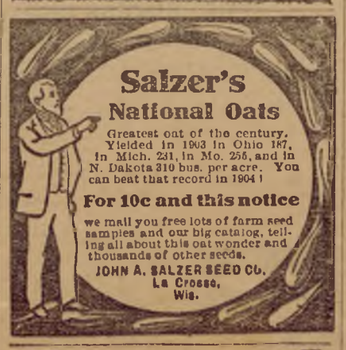
Potash

in the form of sulphate produces an improved flavor and a good yield.

Tobacco must have *Potash*.

Our little book, "Tobacco Culture," contains much valuable information, and every tobacco grower can obtain a copy free of charge by writing for it.

GERMAN KALI WORKS
New York—93 Nassau Street, or
Atlanta, Ga.—22½ So. Broad St.



Salzer's National Oats

Greatest oat of the century. Yielded in 1903 in Ohio 187, in Mich. 231, in Mo. 256, and in N. Dakota 310 bus. per acre. You can beat that record in 1904!

For 10c and this notice

we mail you free lots of farm seed samples and our big catalog, telling all about this oat wonder and thousands of other seeds.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.
La Crosse, Wis.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Bird Tries to Feed Its Shadow.

A gentleman whose home is in a grove on the North Side relates a remarkable incident which has come under his observation within the past few weeks. A Kentucky cardinal is interfering with his comfort to such an extent that he threatens to shoot it.

Every morning shortly after daylight, for a period of a month, the gentleman has been awakened by a tapping and fluttering at his window, which each time continued for half an hour or longer. After several repetitions of the disturbance he cautiously opened the shutters and investigated. He found the redbird waging a fight with its reflection in the window pane. He frightened it away and hoped that this would break up the practice. However, the next morning the visit was repeated, and despite his efforts to discourage the visitor, every morning since it has broken his rest about 5.30 o'clock. Yesterday morning he was roused by the usual fluttering, and, securing a window stick, he started to enter the fight between Mr. Redbird and its reflection. Peeping out, his heart was softened. The bird had a piece of bread in its mouth and was trying to feed its shadow.—Lexington (Ky.) Herald.

Why Poles Are Not Germanized.

The official mind in Prussia seems to be gradually coming to the recognition that the policy pursued hitherto with regard to the Germanization of the Polish provinces has been as futile as it is costly. What happens in Polish Silesia is seemingly somewhat as follows: With the liberal sums received from the Prussian government as the price of their estates, the Polish proprietors liquidate their debts and devote the balance to founding banking establishments in the towns, in which they carry on a lucrative business by advancing money at reasonable rates of interest to the tradesmen and artisans, who in turn have laid out the loans so advantageously that a large and comparatively prosperous middle class have been created, who have actually been economically strong enough to push the German traders to the wall. Hence the fact that the German population in the Polish provinces is weaker in almost every respect at the present moment than was the case ten years ago.—Speaker.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

A bent pin is the easiest thing imaginable to find when you are not looking for it.

10,000 Plants For 10c.

This is a remarkable offer the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., makes. They will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine, solid Cabages,
2,000 delicious Carrots,
2,000 Blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

This great offer is made in order to induce you to try their warranted seeds—for when you once plant them you will grow no others, and

ALL FOR BUT 10C. POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c. in postage, they will add to the above a package of the famous Berliner Cauliflower. [A.C.L.]

What a grand and glorious world this would be if every man would follow the advice he gives to others!

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

The only persons who don't break good resolutions are those who never make them.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to light and washing.

Chronic complaining doesn't make a hard lot any softer.

"Don't you find it tiresome," said Marc Antony, "to devote so much time to literature in addition to your various ways?" "Yes," replied Caesar, "but it pays. There is nothing like being your own military critic."—Washington Star.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"We will never give up," said the South American military leader. "Give up what?" asked the coldly practical man. And after a moment of reflection the military leader candidly replied: "Anything we can get our hands on."—Washington Star.

During each of the last five years the United States has purchased more of the products of Japan than any other country, and more than all Europe, yet British India and Great Britain each sell more to Japan than does the United States.

The first torpedo boat destroyers to enter Pensacola harbor are there for repairs.

LASTING RELIEF.

J. W. Walls, Superintendent of Streets of Lebanon, Ky., says:

"My nightly rest was broken, owing to irregular action of the kidneys. I was suffering intensely from severe pains in the small of my back and through the kidneys and annoyed by painful passages of abnormal secretions. No amount of doctoring relieved this condition. I took Doan's Kidney Pills and experienced quick and lasting relief. Doan's Kidney Pills will prove a blessing to all sufferers from kidney disorders who will give them a fair trial."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., proprietors. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

IN A KERNEL OF CORN.

SOME BY-PRODUCTS SECURED FROM THIS SOURCE.

When It Begins Going Through Its Transforming Process One of the First Results Is a Separation of the Germ—Starch and Grape Sugar.

Although health foods for humanity are much more widely advertised, there are also what might be called, without any great stretch of the imagination, health foods for animals, says the New York Times. Some of the most important are by-products in the series of chemical operations that is constantly turning millions of kernels of corn into starch and glucose—the first product serving humanity, to the tune of many thousand tons yearly, in the preparation of its cotton goods, and the second eventually reaching the human stomach, in even larger quantities, through the pleasant medium of confectionery or soda water. An ordinary ear of corn contains many industrial possibilities—even including corn cob pipes, and vulcanized rubber mats for libraries and public buildings—many of which have been developed only during the last two decades. On their commercial side the total value of these products has been recently illustrated by the formation of a highly capitalized combination of the corn product interests, while, on the theoretical side, the subject forms an important field of study in theoretical laboratories, as, for example, in the starch and sugar laboratories of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, where it was first made a matter of student investigation.

Important as are the by-products obtained from corn, the ultimate products of the corn kernel, starch and glucose, are by far the most important. Glucose, a thick, colorless syrup, is indeed very generally known, and has a very ill-deserved popular reputation as an adulterant. As a matter of fact it is not, broadly speaking, an adulterant at all, but a valuable commercial agent which accomplishes certain ends in candy making and in the preparation of soda fountain syrups without being in the least injurious. Vast quantities of it are used yearly in making confectionery, preserves and fruit syrups, partly because it is more economical than ordinary sugar, but quite as much because it is better adapted to the purpose. As a foundation material it takes any flavor successfully; but unlike sugar it doesn't crystallize out afterward, and the confectionery will, therefore, keep longer in its original condition. The ojection most commonly brought against glucose, that a mineral acid is used in producing it, is altogether irrational. The actual amount of acid is not more than one pound in a thousand, and even this small amount must be quite neutralized, and so got rid of, by the very process of refining, before the glucose has reached the stage of perfection that makes it a marketable commodity.

An ordinary kernel of corn, as it comes to the laboratory, contains a germ, or embryo plant, surrounded by a mass of cells containing albuminous matter and separate grains of starch. These elements, which practically nourish the little plant germ somewhat as a chicken is nourished in an egg are really the elements of a perfect food, proteine—of which the white of an egg is a familiar example—containing sugar, starch and fats. Their presence is what gives the kernel of corn so many commercial possibilities. And without going into the technicalities of production—steep tubs, rolls, shakers, filter presses, starch runs, of what not—the gradual evolution of these different products is an interesting example of the power of modern chemical mechanism to extract a long list of unexpected utilities out of a single natural substance. Sun wind, rain, air and soil store up these various utilities, and modern humanity is always making new, quicker and better ways of extracting and applying them.

When the kernel of corn begins going through its transforming process one of the first results is a separation of the germ. The germs, separated and ground, are reduced to a pasty mass which is subjected to pressure and so divided into a clear, yellowish oil on the one hand and dry compact cakes on the other. The oil is used in the manufacture of soaps or is vulcanized, mixed with bits of cork, and so transformed into rubber mats or bicycle handles. The dry cakes are largely exported as cattle feed, the amount of proteine which they contain making them both healthful and nutritious. What is left after the germ of the corn has been extracted continues on its way to the final and vastly more important products, starch and glucose.

But before the corn becomes starch two other by-products are produced, the first being corn bran, or "wet feed," as it is called in factory practice, and the second gluten meal. Both of these products are cattle foods, the giuten being particularly rich in albuminous substances, and used, for example, for mixing with the regular food of a dairy farm in order to improve the quality and quantity of the milk. Gluten, indeed, which in dried form becomes gluten meal, and so goes to the cows, is derived from the corn during the extraction of the starch that goes to the big textile mills, and there plays an important part in the weaving and dyeing of cotton fabrics, or else to the confectioners, where thousands of tons are used yearly as molds in which to cast the candy animals, that we see so commonly at Christmas. The grape sugar, so called, which goes to the distilleries and becomes an important factor in the brewing industry, and the concentrated, liquid glucose, that goes to the confectioners and becomes an item in the manufacture of confectionery, syrups, and jellies, are both derived from starch by an elaborate chemical and refining treatment.

All these products are made by chemical reactions first carefully studied on a small scale in such theoretical laboratories as that of the institute and then applied on a large one in big manufacturing plants. Grape sugar, so called from its general resemblance to the sugar sometimes found on the exterior of dried grapes, is an ideal fermenting sugar, and is therefore much used in the manufacture of sparkling ales, the gases which it gives off during fermentation producing the necessary sparkle better than any other agency. And corn is also largely used in the production of malt food and liquors, which owe their valuable properties to maltose, or malt sugar, derived by chemical transformations from the starch in grains.

UNMARRYING LAWS ABROAD.

In France the Wedding Presents Go With the Divorce.

"There are many curious and interesting facts regarding the marriage and divorce laws of foreign countries," said R. J. Brown, who recently returned from a trip abroad, where he made a study of the question.

"Breaches of promise are averted in Hungary by an express declaration of the civil marriage act (1895) that the relations created by a betrothal do not give the right to command the conclusion of a marriage, but if either party withdraws from an engagement without just reasons he or she is bound to grant compensation to the extent of the outlay incurred. Divorce in the English sense does not exist, but the courts can decree the personal separation of a married couple without dissolving the bonds of matrimony.

"A curious law prevailing in France provides that, before being married, children of a family, although over age, shall seek in respectful and formal terms, the advice of their father and mother. It makes no difference, however, whether the consent of parents is given, for the couple can be married a month after under any circumstances. This is also the case in the Netherlands.

"A divorce further entitles the innocent party to recover all the presents he or she may have made.

"According to the constitution of the Netherlands, the civil marriage must always precede the religious ceremony. The latter, indeed, is left entirely to the conscience of the parties concerned. There is also a law providing that no man or woman under 30 can marry without the consent of parents. If the consent be refused, the ccuple have to appear before a judge, who advises them as he thinks best.

"Many countries have now abolished all marriage fees. This is the case in Norway, while in the Netherlands certain days in the week are set apart when persons may be married without payment."—Indianapolis News.

Each Color to Itself.

The race problem in the Cherokee nation is solved to the general satisfaction of the three races concerned, and the intermediary mixed bloods. In the location of homes the Cherokee full-bloods and negroes are mostly in settlements. The intermarried whites largely are in towns and territory contiguous to each other. The Cherokee speaking citizens much prefer to associate together.

In the nation there are 30 schools attended by full-blood Cherokee children and 17 by negro children. The negro blood schools are not so by legal requirement, but as a corollary of their preference to live near each other. The Cherokee and negro do not intermarry or socially mingle. Two seminaries and an orphan asylum are attended by full-bloods and mixed bloods only, the colored high school by negroes only.

In the incorporated school districts whites and Indians attend the same schools, and race prejudice and undue feeling on either side are being lost in fellowship and friendship, cultivated in the class room and on the playground. Both sides are better satisfied in the combined school than they were when they were kept separate. Full-bloods seem to mingle as freely with white renters and their families of good character as they do with mixed bloods.

Of the 38,500 citizens of the Cherokee nation the best statistical information gives about 8500 full-bloods, 3200 intermarried whites, 22,800 mixed bloods and 4000 freedmen.—Kansas City Journal.

A Study of the Sultan.

The sovereign was a frail, worn, pale-faced man of between 55 and 60 years, with thin, rather fine features except for his prominent nose. A well kept but grizzled beard covered the lower part of his face. He had a slight forward sinking of the head and shoulders, as though the years had weighed too heavily upon him. Yet he showed kingly dignity as he drew himself up to salute the throng pressing to the windows of the rooms assigned to the comfort of European visitors. I had stood wedged in a mass of Turks within five feet of him 22 years before, on the day when he was formally girded with the sword of Osman. He was then a slender, erect young man of 35 years, pale-faced and smooth-shaven but for a black mustache. His bearing produced no particular impression of power, and it was a matter of somewhat surprised interest to see this immature prince now a king in fact.—World's Work.

A Prince Edward Island Legend.

There is a delightful legend among the people of Point Prim to the effect, that when the English attacked the French fort at that place, a chain-ball from one of the attacking vessels cut the steeple from the old church located on the very point. In falling, it toppled over the promontory and carried the bell which it contained into the sea. Dwellers along the point affirm that, from time to time, the sound of that bell comes over the waters at eventide; and that its phantom tone is ever a warning of a fierce storm or some imminent danger to those who make their living by the spoils of the ocean.—Donahoe's.

Never Saw Her Father.

Princess Alice, daughter of the deposed Sultan, Maurad V., and niece of the present sultan, Abdul Hamid, has just died of consumption in the sultan's palace (Yildiz Kiosk). She was 19 years old, and the tragedy of this gentle life is little felt by the outside world. Her name does not figure in the Almanach de Gotha, for she was born after her father's fall from power. The reigning sultan had never permitted her to see her father.

WOMEN IN SPORT.

Should Ride Astride for Safety and Comfort.

Where one woman shoots, fishes or sales, a thousand ride on horseback, and these are exposed under present conditions to dangers which should be avoided. A woman should bestride a horse precisely as a man rides.

We have often called attention to the danger of the ordinary side-saddle—to the fact that the woman is wholly dependent upon her saddle girth, and in case of accident is absolutely without control over her own motions. She can cling firmly to the saddle, but that is all she can do. If anything goes wrong with the saddle, if a girth bursts, a strap breaks, a buckle tongue pulls out, and so the saddle becomes loose, it is impossible for the woman either to remedy the mischief or jump free and clear of the saddle and take her chance of a fall. On the other hand, the man or the woman who rides astride is free. If the accident to the saddle is slight, the rider is still able to cling to the horse from thigh to ankle, or if the horse cannot be ridden, then the rider is free to roll off or jump off, with an even chance of striking the ground feet first; while the woman who falls from, or with, the side-saddle, is almost certain to strike the ground on her head.

These arguments have been so frequently insisted on that they have become familiar, and it is well that they have become so, for they have appealed strongly to the hard common sense of many American women. In a certain Western State, an editorial in Forest and Stream on this subject converted all the young women of a county from riders of side-saddles to riders of men's saddles. Two or three young women, standing high in the social life of the community, grasped the force of the reasoning, adopted the cross saddle and were followed in the fashion which they set by practically all the woman riders in the county. Riding in this fashion, they used to chase coyotes with greyhounds and had many fine races.

Within the last few years the practice of riding a man's saddle has been extensively taken up in cities like Boston, New York and Chicago. Some women had the courage to adopt this fashion long ago, and more and more of them are doing it. It is not making a rash prediction to say that the numbers will constantly increase. practically all the little girls now seen riding in New York ride astride as their brothers do, and as they grow up many of them will still cling to this sensible fashion. One of the best women cross-country riders in the United States has adopted it wholly on the ground of its greater safety and comfort. The fashion is especially to be recommended to those who by necessity or by choice ride in rough countries, or fast.—Forest and Stream.

The Oat Wonder.

The Editor must tell its readers of this marvel. It originated with the largest farm seed growers in the world, the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis. It has stiff straw, stands up like a stone wall, is white, heavy, and has long ears, filled to the tip with fat, plump kernels. It is a great stooler, 80 stocks from one kernel.

IF YOU WILL SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10C. IN STAMPS

to above address, you will get a sample of this Oat Wonder, which yielded in 1903, in 40 States from 250 to 310 bu. per acre, together with other farm seed samples and their big catalog. [A.C.L.]

It takes heroism to be a good husband when he has ceased to be a loving one.

A Strange Custom.

In Denmark there is a strange but wise custom. Parents will exchange their children during the summer holidays. The little ones from the villages go to town and are all the better and brighter for their little knowledge of city life and what the world is doing. The little city folk are sent to be refreshed by the country air and come back with rosy cheeks and robust constitutions. It is dealt with, too, from an educational standpoint. At Zurich an agency has been established for the exchange of children of France, Germany and Switzerland, so that they may learn to speak the different languages.

Love can neither be bought nor sold, but it may be exchanged.

Money Saved is Money Made.

Dr. Wm. Self, of Webster, N. C., an old practitioner of medicine, tells us that after many years experience in medicine he finds it money saved to his patients to use Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein for coughs, colds and consumption.

At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

Some men who won't trust themselves wonder why others won't trust them.

A curious memorial of the Boer war is recorded from Surrey. At Burstaw, in that county, a drinking trough and fountain have been erected in memory of 4000 horses killed and wounded during the South African war from 1899 to 1902, "in a cause of which they knew nothing."

80 Bushels Macaroni Wheat Per Acre.

Introduced by the U. S. Dept. of Agr. It is a tremendous cropper, yielding in good land 80 bu. per acre, and on dry, arid lands, such as are found in Mont., Idaho, the Dakotas, Colo., etc., it will yield from 40 to 60 bu. This Wheat and Speltz and Hanna Barley and Bromus Inermis and Billion Dollar Grass, makes it possible to grow and fatten hogs and cattle wherever soil is found.

JUST SEND 10C. AND THIS NOTICE

to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and they will send you free a sample of this Wheat and other farm seeds, together with their great catalog, alone $100.00 to any wide-awake farmer. [A.C.L.]

A mean man often has a powerful influence over a good woman.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Any man is liable to make mistakes, but it is the other fellow who blunders.

Teosinte and Billion Dollar Grass.

The two greatest fodder plants on earth, one good for 14 tons of hay and the other 80 tons green fodder per acre. Grows everywhere, so does Victoria Rape, yielding 80,000 lbs. sheep and swine food per acre. [A.C.L.]

JUST SEND 10C. IN STAMPS TO THE

John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples.

Truth is a stranger that a good many people don't care to meet.

COMMODORE NICHOLSON OF OUR NAVY

Recommends Pe-ru-na---Other Prominent Men Testify.

Commodore Somerville Nicholson, of the United States Navy, in a letter from 1837 R St., N. W., Washington, D. C., says:

"Your Peruna has been and is now used by so many of my friends and acquaintances as a sure cure for catarrh that I am convinced of its curative qualities, and I unhesitatingly recommend it to all persons suffering from that complaint."—S. Nicholson.

The highest men in our nation have given Peruna a strong endorsement. Men of all classes and stations are equally represented.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Ask Your Druggist for a free Peruna Almanac for 1904.

Indications of Footsteps.

Tiptoe walking indicates surprise, curiosity, dicretion or mystery.

The miser's walk is indicated in short, nervous steps, noiseless and anxious, and with stooped shoulders.

Energy or agitation is indicated in the quick step.

Preoccupied or absent-minded people will be found with toes turned in.

The proud step is slow and measured, the toes conspicuously turned out and legs straightened.

Uncertainty, hesitation and indecision are indicated by the wavering steps which follow every changing impulse of the mind.

Slow steps, whether long or short, suggest a gentle or reflective state of mind.

Obstinate people who, in argument, rely more on muscular power than on intellectual power, rest the feet flatly and firmly on the ground, walking heavily and slowly, and stand with legs firmly planted far apart.—Detroit Tribune.

Germany may dress her soldiers in a uniform similar to that of the United States soldiers.

Miss Alice M. Smith, of Minneapolis, Minn., tells how woman's monthly suffering may be permanently relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have never before given my endorsement for any medicine, but **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has added so much to my life and happiness that I feel like making an exception in this case. For two years every month I would have two days of severe pain, and could find no relief, but one day when visiting a friend I ran across **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,**—she had used it with the best results and advised me to try it. I found that it worked wonders with me; I now experience no pain, and only had to use a few bottles to bring about this wonderful change. I use it occasionally now when I am exceptionally tired or worn out."—MISS ALICE M. SMITH, 804 Third Ave., South Minneapolis, Minn., Chairman Executive Committee, Minneapolis Study Club.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound carries women safely through the various natural crises and is the safe-guard of woman's health.

The truth about this great medicine is told in the letters from women being published in this paper constantly.

None who have suffered the tortures accompanying diseases of the eye can realize that

MITCHELL'S EYE SALVE

will do what is claimed for it, but a trial soon convinces one of the extraordinary curative powers of this little remedy.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE

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CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

JANUARY 29.

The senate adopted the resolution introduced by Mr. Culberson for the democratic caucus which calls on the president to state all facts bearing on the controversy of Panama.

The vote on the resolution was unanimous, but there was a roll call on the amendments suggested by Mr. Cullom for the republican side of the chamber, calling for the information only in case the president should consider it not incompatible with the public interest to supply it. This amendment was adopted.

Mr. Tillman introduced a resolution asking for more specific information from the secretary of the treasury concerning the nomination of W. D. Crum as collector of customs for the port of Charleston, S. C., than was contained in the letter from the secretary.

The house considered whether members of congress are entitled to be paid mileage a second time. The controversy arose on an item in the urgent deficiency bill providing for two payments of mileage for senators and members of the house on account of the extra session which merged into the regular session.

A point of order was raised by Mr. Maddox, democrat, of Georgia, against the payment of mileage a second time.

The interest manifested in the question was shown by the fact that there were few empty seats on either side of the chamber when the mileage item was reported.

An adjournment was taken before a conclusion was reached.

The house went into committee of the whole with Mr. Tawney, of Minnesota, in the chair, and resumed consideration of the urgent deficiency bill. The reading of the bill under the five-minute rule was begun when Mr. Hill, of Connecticut, made a point of order against the paragraph appropriating $100,000 for the expenses of the commission on international exchange, appointed to bring about a fixed relationship between gold standard and silver-using countries. He contended that it was new legislation.

The point of order was sustained and the item was struck out.

FEBRUARY 1ST.

The president sent to the senate the annual report of the Philippine commission, including the report of the civil governor of the Philippine islands, and the reports of the heads of executive departments for the period ended December 23, 1903. The report of the commission contains a detailed statement by the auditor for the islands of expenditures under the appropriation of $3,000,000 for the relief of distress in the Philippine islands.

Governor Taft says the year was one of considerable suffering among the people of the Philippine islands on account of a short food supply, but that the worst is passed. While he does not consider the future as bright as it might be, he believes we are beginning an era in the history of the islands which, with the assistance of tariff reduction in the United States and navigation laws for the islands, will be one of decided material development.

One of the causes of the food famine, he says, was a "corner" in rice formed in November, 1902, which he met by having passed an act appropriating $2,000,000 in Mexican money to buy rice in foreign markets and distributing it among the natives. It was necessary to go to Siam and Calcutta to get sufficient supplies.

Governor Taft reviews at length the negotiations leading up to the present status of the friars' land settlement. He says he is officially informed that the number of friars now in the islands is 246, as compared with 1,013 in the figures given by the apostolic delegations in 1898.

The value of the exports from the islands for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1903, increased $1,194,396 over the previous year.

The revenues of the islands for the year ended June 30, 1903, exceeded those of the previous year, but Governor Taft says that by reason of the necessary extraordinary expenditures a considerable deficit will be made should they continue to the end of the present fiscal year.

Mr. Dietrich, of Nebraska, rose to a question of personal privilege and demanded an investigation by the senate of the charges made against him in Nebraska. He read a statement of the case showing what had been done. The senate then unanimously passed a resolution offered by him providing that a committee of five should be appointed to investigate the charges in conection with the Nebraskan senator.

Since the Mississippi legislature convened nearly five hundred bills have been introduced in the two houses.

The Southern railway has begun work on its new mail line to do away with the curves in its track in Huntsville, Ala.

An extension of three miles is to be added by the Southern railroad near Mobile Junction.

The proceedings in the house were enlivened by a discussion of the Panama question. Mr. Bayon, democrat, of Massachusetts, declared the course of this government in Panama to have been contrary to the provisions of the treaty with New Granada. Mr. Grosvenor, republican, of Ohio, made a vigorous defense of the administration.

The bill to prevent the docking of horses' tails in the District of Columbia was passed after a discussion as to whether the practice constitutes cruelties to animals.

The house passed the bil which had been formally reported from the judiciary committee by Representative Clayton, changing the time of holding the term of the circuit court of appeals for the fifth circuit at Montgomery from the first Monday in September to the third Monday in October.

The house then took up the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. Mr. Thayer, of Massachusetts, addressed the house on the Panama question.

Appropriation Exhausted.

When Representative Haddox claimed that there was unfair discrimination against southern democratic districts in the distribution of establishments of rural free delivery routes, Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, who has taken charge of the system since the ousting of Machen as superintendent, promised that there would be a change of which there would be no occasion to complain.

Mr. Bristow has exhausted the appropriation of $12,000,000 for the current year, and has served notice on congress that he must have an additional $300,000 to last until June 30 next. The department will have to suspend the authorization of new routes within the next two weeks if congress fails to pass an emergency bill in the meantime extending the appropriation.

New Secretary of War.

William H. Taft took the oath of office as secretary of war Monday and at once entered upon his new duties.

Congressman John Sharp Williams, of the Eighth Mississippi district, announces that on the 25th, 26th and 27th of February examinations for United States revenue service cadetships will be held in the cities of Vicksburg, Greenville and Meridian.

Naval Movements.

The European squadron, composed of the Brooklyn, at Alexandria, the San Francisco at Beirut, the Machias on her way to Port Said and the collier Alexander at Alexandria, have been ordered to sail for Culebra to join in the combined naval maneuvers about to ensue. It is stated in official circles that this withdrawal of the fleet from Turkish waters is but temporary, and at the conclusion of the maneuvers it will return strongly reinforced and prepared to make a more vigorous demonstration.

National Finances.

The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business January 30, 1904, the total debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to $915,062,543, which is an increase of $911,663 as compared with the preceding month. This increase is accounted for by a corresponding decrease in the cash on hand.

The total debt was $1,413,110,668, against which there were demand liabilities outstsanding amounting to $1,134,365,583, leaving a cash balance on hand amounting to $378,745,084.

The monthly circulation statement, issued by the comptroller of the currency, shows that at the close of business January 30, 1904, the total circulation of national bank notes was $426,857,627, an increase for the year of $42,884,081; and an increase for the month of $1,694,609.

The monthly report of the director of the mint shows that the total coinage during January was $7,518,789. In addition 500,000 silver pieces were coined for the government of Venezuela.

GOING TO MONTGOMERY.

Frisco System Extending Its Line in Alabama to the Capital.

A new railroad line is projected by the Frisco System. The line proposed is from Birmingham via Pratt, Ensley and Bessemer by the existing road of the Frisco system, and a new line from Bessemer to be built down the west side of Red mountain to a favorable gap, where the line will cross the east side and continue to Belle Ellen and Blocton, whence it will go down Hills creek, Shultzers creek and Cahaba river valleys to Scottsville, Billingsley and Grand View to Montgomery, and another will run from Centerville via Greensboro and Demopolis to Meridian.

A new semi-monthly passenger service has been inaugurated between New Orleans and Panama.

The Republic Iron and Steel Company will blow in their No. 3 furnace at Thomas in ten or twelve days from now, and by the end of the month expect to have their No. 1 furnace ready for the torch. Their No. 2 furnace is now making iron.

Theodore Peterciff, the dog-faced man, known by the sobriquet of "Jo Jo," exhibited in most countries of the world, is dead.

THE NEW GOVERNOR

Outlines His Policy and Asks for Cooperation.

Luke E. Wright and Vice Governor Henry C. Ide, of the Philippines, were inaugurated Monday. There was an imposing demonstration, including a brilliant military pageant, about 3,000 troops being in line.

After taking the oath of office Governor Wright delivered his inaugural address. Governor Wright invited attention to the improvements that had been accomplished in the Philippines under American rule, and declared his intention of adhering to the principles of the Taft administration. He urged Americans to establish cordial personal and business relations with the Filipinos, who must constitute their chief customers. In conclusion Governor Wright asked for the sympathetic cooperation of all classes to whom, he said, were assured equal opportunities for advancement.

Site Purchased.

Ten acres of land has been purchased between Ensley and Pratt City by the Southern Street Car Manufac-Ala., by the Southern Street Car Manufacturing company. The work of erecting the plant, it is stated on reliable authority, will begin in thirty days. It is stated that the original plant will cost $100,000, being a two-story building 300 by 300 feet. The capital stock of the company, which is now $50,000, will be increased at an early date to $500,000. The company will employ 1,000 men at the outset, and this force will be increased. W. G. Pilkington, of Virginia, is president of the company, while J. W. Gilliam, also of Virginia, is secretary and treasurer. This company owns a number of patents on street car devices.

MYSTERIOUS DEATH

Leads to One More and Three Children Are Orphans.

The remains of Ernest A. Penick, a well known citizen of Yazoo City, Miss., who disappeared from his home several days since, have been found in Panther creek swamp and the body bears signs that he was assassinated.

When the news of the death of her husband was conveyed to Mrs. Penick, who was then in bed with an attack of pneumonia, she steadily grew worse and died a few hours later. Three little children are left orphans by this double tragedy, one of whom is a mute.

South Dakota Wins.

The case of the state of South Dakota vs the state of North Carolina was decided by the United States supreme court favorable to South Dakota. The case involved the validity of a mortgage on stock of the North Carolina railroad company, given by the state of North Carolina to secure the payment of state bonds given in aid of the road in 1867.

The state of South Dakota holds ten bonds of $1,000 each under a gift, the amount due "on coupons attached" being $27,000.

A YOUNG WIDOW

Is Left by a Fatal Mine Accident to Paul Long.

Paul Long, who married only two months ago, was run over by a trip of cars on the slope loading at Pratt Mines, Ala., Thursday morning and met a horrible death. He was employed as motorman on one of the electrical motor cars in this mine, but not feeling well started to leave the mine and instead of going out of the manway started up the slope. He was struck by a trip of cars and was horribly crushed.

It is stated that the body of the operator killed at Moundville is not that of Clarence P. Seymour. His wife refused the remains.

Dr. J. M. Lindley, president of the National Public Health association, who has just returned from Havana, where he made an investigation of the method of quarantine, has been arrested, charged with libeling the members of the Mobile, Ala., quarantine board. He gave bond and was released. It is believed a trial of the case will be had in February.

Word has been received of the death of "Pig" Melton, which occurred a few days ago at Pineapple, his home. Young Melton was the young man who, while playing in a game of craps with some negroes the day before Christmas, became engaged in a fight with them and was shot in the leg. The outcome of the fight was a lynching and the burning of half the town.

The report of Mrs. Maybrick's release is now denied, although she has been removed from prison.

William C. Whitney, former secretary of the navy, has undergone an operation for appendicitis and is considered a very sick man.

A guy rope attached to the gear of a derrick being used in hoisting one of the monitor Arkansas' big guns aboard broke and sent the gun crashing on the deck of the monitor. In its descent it damaged the ship slightly.

The Macon and Birmingham railroad and the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad were brought under one management Monday.

Seizure Was Illegal.

Twelve Spanish fishing smacks were seized near Key West by the United States government about the beginning of the Spanish war and the vessels were sold as prizes. The owners appealed and the supreme court decided the seizures were illegal, and on a second trial the district court awarded damages. From this action of the district court the government appealed, and the supreme court sustained the action of the lower court. The claimants will be paid at Key West, and their claims aggregate $55,855.

$100,000 FIRE.

Clarksville, Tenn., Business Section Suffers Heavy Loss.

At Clarksville, Tenn., fire Monday night caused damage estimated at nearly $100,000. It destroyed Weaver & McCauley's liquor house, W. S. Russell's grocery store and Gerhart & Son's drug establishment, while the furniture stock of C. F. Couts suffered from water. Wires and cables of the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph company were also destroyed. The estimated losses are:

Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph company, $200,000; Weaver & McCauley, stock $3,500, building $6,000; Gerhart & Sons, stock $35,000, building $15,000; W. S. Russell, stock $6,000, building $7,500; C. F. Couts, stock $5,000. Insurance figures are not obtainable.

Mail Contracts Awarded.

The postoffice department has awarded contracts for carrying the mails on 3,968 star and steamboat routes in the states of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, Kentucky and the island of Porto Rico for a term of four years, beginning July 1 next. The total annual compensation to the contractors for the service under these contracts amount to $1,216,576.

Columbiana the Choice.

Election in Shelby county to select a permanent site for the court house passed off quietly Monday.

There was a landslide for Columbiana. Reports from seventeen beats out of nineteen give Columbiana 854 majority over Calera. There are two beats to hear from.

This settles the Shelby county court house question, which has acquired state notoriety.

The case of the United States against Mrs. Helen Wilmans Post and others, charged with fraudulent use of the mails, is on trial in the United States court at Jacksonville, Fla.

Mail advices from Nassau, Bahamas, announce the drowning there last week of Rt. Rev. H. N. Churton, D. D., bishop of Nassau.

The supreme court of the United States granted leave to the state of Georgia to file an original bill in that court against the state of Tennessee to secure an injunction against the copper smelters located at Ducktown, Tenn., near the Georgia boundary, on the ground that the fumes of the smelters is destroying vegetation across the line of the vicinity of the works.

The International Association of Chiefs of Police will hold its 1904 annual meeting in St. Louis, beginning June 3d. The sessions will be held at the hall of congresses on the world's fair grounds.

Spain's cabinet has decided to send warm thanks to the American government for the reception tendered the Spanish cruiser Rio Plate by the American marines upon the cruiser's arrival at New Orleans to participate in the ceremonies attending the celebration of the anniversary of the purchase of Louisiana by the United States.

Nearly 50,000 pieces of odd and rare money, representing millions of dollars, are stored in vaults of a St. Louis trust company preparatory to being placed on exhibition at the world's fair. The collection contains both metal and paper money and embraces parts of some of the most valuable coin collections in the country.

January 28, 1904, forty-nine years ago Thursday, the first train passed over the Panama railroad. An American company built this road at a cost of $7,500,000. Its length is 47 1-2 miles. It was to protect this road that American marines have frequently been landed, the latest in 1903, when Panama seceded from Colombia and set up a republic.

The comparative statement of the government's receipts and expenditures show that for the month of January, 1904, the total receipts were $41,558,370, and the expenditures $48,672,553, leaving a deficit for the month of $6,784,183.

A sky-scraper is promised for Mobile, Ala.

The veneering factory at Elba, Ala., has received five automatic basket making machines, and they are being set up. The factory is now rushed with orders.

A new bank, the American National, has been approved in charter and will soon open its doors in Montgomery, Ala.

Twenty-one flouring mills in Minneapolis, Minn., have shut down. Shortage of wheat the cause.

New Industries

ALABAMA.

New Decatur—Saw mill.

Huntsville — 75,000-spindle cotton mill.

Talladega—Pyrites mines (near).

ARKANSAS.

Clarksville—$15,000 mill and elevator company.

Hamburg—$15,000 lumber company.

Camden—$30,000 ice factory.

Fort Smith—Oil company.

FLORIDA.

Brooksville—Electric light plant; ice factory.

Pensacola—$100,000 starch factory; $30,000 brick company.

Tallahassee—$75,000 naval stores company.

GEORGIA.

Atlanta—$30,000 asphalt paving company; $200,000 oil mill; construction company; $150,000 oil, ice and fertilizer company.

Columbus—Yarn mill.

Blakely—$25,000 naval stores company.

Savannah—Planing mill.

LOUISIANA.

New Orleans—Coffee roasting and packing plant.

MISSISSIPPI.

Willing—$5,000 lumber company.

Clinton—Electric light and power plant; water works.

Meridian—Telephone system.

TENNESSEE.

Maryville—Spoke and handle factory.

Knoxville—$100,000 mining and manufacturing company.

Martin—Cotton gin.

Chattanooga—Plant for manufacturing telegraph and telephone crossarms.

South Pittsburg—Bottling works laundry.

Nashville—Builders' supply works.

Pulaski—$30,000 medicine factory.

Collierville—Brick works; saw mill.

Nashville—Builders' supply works.

Pulaski—$30,000 medicine factory.

Watertown—Dry kilns; saw mill; planing mill.

Memphis—Brewery; $10,000 manufacturing company.

Rockwood—$10,000 ice and bottling company.

Dandridge—$25,000 lumber company.

LARGEST IN THE COUNTRY.

An Immense Steel Plant to be Erected Near Birmingham.

Pittsburg capitalists recently purchased property in the vicinity of Five Mile creek, near Birmingham, Ala. Their representatives have been locating a site for a new steel mill to be superior to anything in the south, the furnaces being constructed on the same identical plan as those at the great plant at Homestead, admitted the most successful steel making plant in the world.

The steel mill will be the largest and most modern in the country, and will be located at Boyles, five miles from Birmingham. In addition to the steel plant furnaces are expected to soon follow the announced determination of the purchasers some time ago being now about to be materialized. Several millions of dollars will probably be expended in developing this property.

Filling the Order.

The Ensley, Ala., steel plant is now working upon an order of 5000 tons of steel rail for the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company, being the first consignment of the order for 30,000 tons of rail placed some time ago. The 5,000 tons will make about 200 car loads.

The rail now being turned out is of the heaviest variety, weighing eighty pounds to the yard. It will be sent to various points along the system as completed.

The Cane Crop.

Some cold weather has prevailed during the past week, and in portions of the sugar district a heavy fall of sleet is reported. The general situation concerning the coming crop is favorable, and the outlook is good everywhere.

Shut Down.

The South Chicago steel rail mills, which were scheduled to open this week, will not do so. Instead the plate mill has been shut down, throwing 800 men out of employment.

The shut-down is said to be due to the demand of officers of the Machinists' union for a conference with the officials of the company today relative to the reduction of wages of the machinists. The machinists accepted the cut under protest, and a strike was threatened unless a conference was granted and the wages restored. In answer the company announced the closing of the plate mill.

Killed by the Cars.

The body of Robert C. Farriss, one of the best known young men in Montgomery, was found in a swamp sixteen miles from the city Saturday morning, on the track of the Western railroad.

Mr. Farriss for the past week or two had been mentally unbalanced. He had been ill for several months having suffered strokes of paralysis in the past year. His brain became affected.

JAPAN IMPOSES WAR TAX

Expect to Raise $25,000,000 by Doubling Land and Income Values.

Popular Feeling Aroused in Russia in Belief That National Honor Is at Stake — Situation in Korea.

Tokyo, Japan.—It is understood that the Cabinet, assisted by the Elder statesmen, has completed a financial program which is said to include the issuance of exchequer bonds to the amount of $50,000,000, increasing taxes to the extent of $25,000,000.

In the issuing of the loan the Japanese Government will not be obliged to go outside the realm, as patriotic Japanese bankers, it is believed, will advance any amount which may be called for.

The Government has resolved to impose a war tax by doubling the land tax and the income tax, thereby obtaining additional revenue of 44,000,000 yen ($22,000,000).

St. Petersburg, Russia.—The exchanges regarding the Russian response to the Japanese note are still progressing. The Foreign Office here announces that there is no change in the situation. The Japanese Legation does not credit the report from Tokyo that Japan has requested Russia to hasten her reply. M. Kurino, the Japanese Minister, has received no instructions on the subject. On the contrary, he apparently realizes that the delay is consequent upon exchanges between St. Petersburg, Viceroy Alexieff and Baron de Rosen, the Russian Minister at Tokyo. M. Kurino reiterates his opinion that Japan will not press Russia for a reply.

The Admiralty insist that the movements of Russian ships in the neighborhood of Port Arthur are entirely without significance, saying in explanation that they are probably merely routine changes of station and certainly made without the expectation of a collision. A prominent Admiral said in an interview:

"The Admiralty believes in the peaceful termination of the negotiations. Some of our ships in the Far East are still in reserve. The steps now being taken should be described as precautionary, rather than warlike preparations."

Seoul, Korea.—The peddlers, with the permission of the Government, are levying blackmail on all wealthy houses in Seoul, except those of the high officials, on the pretext of guarding the houses. If a riot should occur 1000 soldiers will be sent south to quell the insurrection.

MINERS HURLED TO DEATH.

Cable Parts, Letting Cage Load Shoot to Bottom of Shaft.

Victor, Col.—By the falling of a cage in the Stratton Independence mine, near the centre of this city, fifteen men are dead and one other severely injured.

In the main shaft sixteen men were being hoisted in a cage from the sixth, seventh and eighth levels. When the cage reached the surface the engineer, for some unexplained reason, was unable to stop the engine and the cage with its load of human freight was drawn up into the gallows frame, where it became lodged temporarily. The strain on the cable finally caused it to part, and the cage, released, shot down the shaft with terrific speed. Two of the occupants had become entangled in the timber rods near the top of the gallows frame and were crushed to death. The other fourteen men were hurled to death down the 1500 foot shaft.

WRIGHT COMMITTED SUICIDE.

Promoter Swallowed Poison While Receiving His Sentence.

London, England.—A post-mortem examination has shown that Whitaker Wright, who died suddenly after being sentenced to seven years' penal servitude for fraud, committed suicide by taking cyanide of potassium.

Investigation indicates that Wright must have swallowed the poison tabloids while standing before Justic Bigham, after receiving his sentence.

A revolver was found on his person, of American make, heavy calibre and fully loaded. It was concealed in his hip pocket, and is an evidence of his strong determination to end his life.

Express Derailed.

The Pittsfield express on the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, plunged down the bank of the Housatonic River, near Housatonic, Mass., and the passengers were saved by the thick ice from drowning.

Burn Prisoners Alive.

The bushmen with the rebels in German Southwest Africa are committing terrible atrocities. The limbs of the dead are chopped off and the prisoners are said to have been burned alive.

Negro Murderer Lynched.

Lewis Radford, a negro, was lynched at Guthrie, Ky., by a mob of from thirty to forty negroes. He had been arrested on the charge of killing Priscilla Frozell, also a negro.

German Settlers Slain.

Official intelligence from Swakopmund, South Africa, says Okahandja reports that sixteen German settlers have been murdered in that district, and that seventy people are missing.

Four Killed at a Crossing.

Four persons have been killed by a Chicago and Northwestern passenger train at Carry, near Crystal Lake, Wis. The train struck a sleigh containing a minister, his wife and four children, instantly killing the father, mother and two children.

Charles F. Dodge Arrested.

Charles F. Dodge was arrested in Houston, Texas, on a charge of perjury committed in his suit to upset his wife's divorce.

SCARED BY SMALLPOX

Eighty Families in Niagara Falls Exposed to Disease.

Mrs. Thornley, a Bride of Two Months, Stricken the Day After She Attended a Party.

Niagara Falls, N. Y.—The intensest excitement prevails on the frontier over the possibility of a great spread of smallpox. More than a hundred of the most prominent families of the city of Niagara Falls, Ont., as well as many on the American side of the river, have been exposed. The particulars are sensational in the extreme. Mrs. Julian Thornley, a bride of less than two months and a social favorite, is ill with the disease.

One evening recently she attended a social affair in the home of a prominent society leader, where the amusement was progressive euchre. A noticeable erruption had appeared on Mrs. Thornley's face, and general comment was made at the appearance of her complexion, but no one thought that she was stricken with the dread disease.

The announcement was made by Dr. W. H. Hodge, of the American side of the river, who was called into consultation. Women who were associated with Mrs. Thornley at cards, and particularly those whose wraps were left in the same room and in conjunction with hers, are wild with terror that they will contract the disease. There was a general rush for doctors and telephone calls were continuous. Fully eighty families were exposed.

What adds additional seriousness to the situation is the fact that Mrs. Thornley attended a dancing reception at the City Hall some days ago, where the wealthiest persons in the Canadian city were represented. Prominent men from both sides of the river danced with her and were exposed to the disease. Vaccination has been general and the fumigation of clothes and wraps has been conducted in more than 150 households.

The subject has been reported to Health Officer Dr. J. H. McGarry. He placed Mr. and Mrs. Thornley under the strictest quarantine and has communicated with Dr. Brice, of Toronto, the provincial health officer, who is expected to quarantine every person who was exposed to the disease.

If this is done it will practically paralyze business, for among the people present at the card party and the dance were representative lawyers, merchants, bank clerks, engineers and others, which will cause a great deal of inconvenience and discomfort.

Mrs. Thornley was married less than two months ago and only recently returned from her bridal tour. She either contracted the disease while abroad or while attending the military dance on the American side of the river on January 8. There is a story abroad that a young man from Tonawanda, N. Y., attended the dance and was taken down with the disease next day, and he is said to have danced with Mrs. Thornley. She is the wife of Julian Thornley, a young civil engineer employed in the power works on the Canadian side.

EX-MAYOR AMES GOES FREE.

Supreme Court Upsets Conviction of St. Paul's "Grafter."

St. Paul, Minn.—The Supreme Court quashed the indictment under which Dr. Albert Alonzo Ames, former Mayor of Minneapolis, was convicted and sentenced to six years in State prison for graft. The action of the court makes Ames a free man.

It came as a surprise. A new trial or even confirmation of the lower court's sentence was expected. In virtually a similar case the Mayor's brother, Fred W. Ames, formerly Chief of Police of Minneapolis, appealed to the Supreme Court after he had been convicted and sentenced to prison, but the court denied him a new trial, and he is now serving a six years' sentence in the penitentiary.

BESIEGED GERMANS IN PERIL.

Kaffirs Reinforce Hereros Attacking Germans in Southwest Africa.

Berlin, Germany.—The commander of the German gunboat Fabicht, lying at Swakopmund, German Southwest Africa, cables that he has received news from Lieutenant Zuelow, in command of the German forces at Okahandja, that the Kaffirs have effected a junction with the Hereros, who are besieging that post. As Okahandja was already hard pressed, the announcement has caused concern at the Colonial Office here.

DODGE A PRISONER AND ILL.

Man Held in Matrimonial Tangle Said to Have Bright's Disease.

Houston, Texas.—Charles F. Dodge, held here pending the outcome of an application for his extradition to New York on a charge of perjury, is seriously ill at the police station, where he is under guard. His trouble is reported to be Bright's disease, and it is said that he was ill in a New Orleans hotel prior to his starting for Mexico. Thus far he has declined the services of a physician.

Freed of Murder Charge.

Mrs. Lulu Prince Kennedy Kramer, on trial at Kansas City, Mo., a second time for the murder in January, 1901, of her first husband, Philip H. Kennedy, was found not guilty by a jury. At her first trial she was convicted and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

Duellist to Stand Trial.

As a result of a judicial inquiry into a duel between Charles Ebelot and Henry Lautder, at Paris, France, which was fought on December 16 last, Ebelot, who killed his antagonist, will be charged with voluntary homicide and will have to stand trial.

The London Money Market.

The supplies of money in the market at London, England, were increased by the repayment of £10,000,000 of Treasury bills.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBose, - - - - Editor
Geo. D. Campbell, - - Manager

COLUMBIANA, ALA.
Thursday, Feb. 4, 1904

Entered in the post-office at Columbiana Ala., as second class matter.

ANNOUCEMENTS.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county.

D. R. McMILLAN.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce E. S. Lyman as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. O'Hara a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the primary to be held next year.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county.

WALTER E. LESTER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

W. A. THOMPSON.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

The many friends of T. J. Martin in Beat 10, announce him a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk, subject to Democratic primary.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis, announces himself a cnadidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

J. M. Ray, of Wilsonville, announces himself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of J. E. Adams in Beat Eleven, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

W. R. WEAVER.

R. J. Griffin, of Maylene, is a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county subject to the action of the democratic primary.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR

W. C. Benton, of Silura, announces himself a candidate for Taz Assessor of Shelby county subject tothe action of the democtatic party.

J. M. DYE announces himself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to action of the Democratic primary.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John N. Wyatt as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District of Shelby county, subject to the Democratic primary.

Commissioner 1st District.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Commissioner from the First District, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

Walter E. Riddle.

FOR SOLICITOR.

I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the office of Soliciter of the Seventh Judicial Circuit.

BORDEN H. BURR.

FOR CHANCELLOR.

We are authorized to announce R. A.D. Dunlap a candidate for Chancellor of this district.

The administration stokers are experiencing great difficulty in keeping up steam in the Roosevelt boom's boilers.

The president has given his old hat to a friend, doubtless because its accaustic properties were becoming out of date.

The statute of limitations and the technicality should be unanimously indorsed by the republican national convention.

The attorney general's fund of $500,000 looks almost as big as ever, but it looks very small by the side of the big defense funds the trusts keep on hand.

Those who deny the theory of future punishment should come forward and tell us what is to become of the miscreants who have organized a corner in anti-toxin.

The republicans are divided at Washington, divided in New York, divided in Ohio, divided in Indiana and even divided in Alabama. A house divided agaiust itself cannot stand.

A majority of Southern newspapers seem to advocate the Panama route for the canal. How long is it, or how short is it, since they were shouting in chorus for the Nicaragua route affirming that it offered unequalled advantages and declaring on the authority of all the civil engineers that it was the only place where a ship canal could be constructed.

BATTLE FOUGHT VICTORY WON.

The County Seat Election which has Stirred the County from center to circumference for the past two months is now a thing of the past.

Court House removal has been a disturbing element in the county for twenty years or more. While this election was dreaded by the people of the county as county seat elections always are, yet it is evident now, in view of conditions that existed and opinion which were entertained, that it is a fortunate thing, not alone for Columbiana, but for Calera and the whole of Shelby county that it was held. It settled beyond question the fact, as nothing hereto fore had, the people of Shelby county are largely opposed to the removal of the county seat from Columbiana to Calera or any other point. This election has been warmly waged and hotly contested. The friends of Calera so much desired the court house removal to Calera for their convenience and benefit that they argued themselves into the honest belief we admit that Calera was the proper place for the county seat of Shelby. Columbiana and a greater part of the county while they recognized the fact that Calera and that portion ot the county along L. & N. railroad would be benefitted by removal, could not see how the great body of the county would be benefitted.

On the contrary, they could see that removal would greatly inconvenience a great majority of the people of the county, besides heaping a needless debt upon the tax payers. Consequently, removal was resisted with an earnestness that is unusual in elections of any character. Calera forces worked with an energy worthy of a more reasonable aim. Columbiana and her advocates resisted with that zeal and determination which only those can evince whose homes and firesides have been invaded, threatened with devastation. Calera's campaign committee with J. E. Ruffin, as Chairman, had its headquarters in Birmingham. This was a good scheme, as they were accessible to printing establishments and could get out their literature as they might need it. Then could run it out on the Central of Georgia to the northern and northeastern portion of the county, and on the L. & N. to the western and southern portion, from which two railroads it was not much trouble to get it circulated into the interior of the county.

Columbiana's campaign committee with Hon. J. R. White as chairman, had headquarters in Columbiana. This committee labored under the disadvantages of not have printing facilities. But what they lacked in this respect was made up for by the number willing workers and their wonderful energy. The thing which has been the most remarkable of all for a court house election is the kindly feelings which prevailed throughout the campaign between the friends of the two places. No enmities have been created. So far as we have observed or heard the friends and advocates of Calera take their defeat gracefully. We have heard no charge of fraud in the election, and it is the unanimous verdict of all that this was an absolutely fair election. The matter of the poll tax qualification creat complication, and demoralization, but the managers and voters were pretty thoroughly informed, and dealt with the question in an intelligent manner.

Now that this question has been settled, we do believe that every good man in the county, every business man, who desires the growth and prosperity of the county, will say Amen! to the proposition, to allow it to remain settled. The people of Columbiana have the kindest feeling for the people of Calera, and will ever rejoice at the prosperity and growth of he sister town. We would, however, drop out the gentle and kindly admonition to our sister town that she never again allow the land companies make her a cats paw with which rake out their chestnuts.

THE VOTE.

The following is a tabulated statement of the vote by beats, polled in the court house election:

Beats.	Col.	Cal
Columbiana, Beat 1..	210	3
Shelby, Beat 1	80	3
Spring Creek, Beat 2	79	4
Calera, Beat 3	4	128
Montevallo, Beat 4	83	44
Tyler's, Beat 5	4	10
Helena, Beat 6	4	59
Longview, Beat 7	51	53
Yellow Leaf, Beat 8	125	2
Wilsonville, Beat 9	181	4
Harpersville, Beat 10	57	14
Cresswell, Beat 10	43	0
Weldon, Beat 11	72	0
Highland, Beat 12	21	13
Bridgeton, Beat 13	25	6
Vandiver, Beat 14	47	4
Sterrett, Beat 15	71	11
Vincent, Beat 10	93	43
Pelham, Beat 17	8	41
Dunnavant, Beat 18	20	1
Maylene, Beat 19	26	17
Total	1,304	456

Columbiana's majority 848

The State of Alabama, } We, John
Shelby County. } E. Morriss, chairman and J. H. Gunn and D. R McMillan, composing the Board of Commissioners of County Seat Election in and for said county, hereby certify that, in the election held in said Shelby county on Monday the 1st day of February, 1904, to determine the question as to whether the county seat should be removed from Columbiana to Calera or not, on a canvass of the returns of the several precincts and wards of the county, we ascertained that there was a total number of 1,760 legal votes cast at the said election in the county; that of number 456 were cast for "Removal to Calera," and 1.304 were cast Against Removal," giving a majority of 848 votes were cast against removal. A majority of said votes cast being against removal, we hereby declare; as the result of said election, that the removal of the said county from Columbiana to Calera was defeated in said election by a majority of 848 votes.

Witness our hands on this the 3rd day of February, 1804.

John E. Morriss, chrm'n
J. H. Gunn,
D. R. McMillan,
Board of Commissioners of county Seat Election.

Dr. J. H. Gunn, of Calera, a member of Board of Election Commissioners, was with the Board in this city Tuesday receiving the returns of election, and on Wednesday counting the vote and declaring the results. The Doctor was one of the most active leaders and workers in the election for removal, and to all appearances was sanguine to the last of success for Caler However when the real truth dawned upon him, and he saw beyond donbt that removal was defeated, he bowed submissively and gracfully to the inevitable. The Doctor is a man of wonderful energy and powers of endurance. We are informed that he also as a member of the Board co-operated with Mr. Morriss in his efforts to insure a fair election We may be pardoned for saying that now, the Doctor having seen how the people stand on courthouse removal, we sincerly trust that his efforts in the future may be directed to preventing any other attempt to disturb Columbiana or to annoy the people of the county with a county seaty electian

Four thousand people were killed in railway accidents in the United States last year. And the death roll will grow as long as human life is cheaper than safety appliances.

The railroads of the country seem to have found out that it is cheaper to work upon the principle to settle with an estate than to adopt safety appliances like the block system.

The price of cotton has gone to a remarkably high point but if all the farmers in the South go into the business of making cotton the main crop this year the price may go down agaiu.

Fining a man $2,000 for stealing $2,029 and sending a boy to the penitentiary for stealing $9.30 worth of postage stamps is not kind of justice that is calculated to increase respect for the courts.

A Houston cotton firm the other day received an order from Japan for 5,000 bales of cotton. With the completion of an isthmian canal such orders will be common from the Orient.

It is perfectly proper for the government to assist in the experiments with air ships. They are so near to successful construction that they will soon be developed into practical use.

THE SENTINEL.

The balance of Columbiana's good friends in the county who fought removal so bravely, will pardon us if we doff our hat to our esteemed friend, the Sentinel, for the maginificent work it has done to defeat county seat removal. From the time when the question of removal was first agitated The Sentinel has been fighting the foolish scheme. To it, perhaps, more than to any other agency, is due the grand victory. It took high ground, never making statements which could not be fully sustained, and presenting at all times the questions involved in such a clear and intelligent manner as served not only to inform but to convince. Its location, also, seven miles beyond Calera from Columbiana, made its influence more potent through out the county. The papers in Calumbiana were expected to fight removal, and their position and arguments very naturally would be considered with their interests in view; but not so with a paper clear away from Columbiana. We desire brother Whitaker to kuow how much we appreciate his work for us, and trust he will come up and see us and rejoice with us.

A Card of Thanks.

Editor Chronicle.—Will you allow us space in yonr paper to thank the good people of this and adjoining communities who so liberally contribute to us after oursad misfortunes by fire Jan. 15th, 1904 which enables us to get back in a new house on last Friday. May the Lord ever bless and prosper them, will ever be our prayers through life

B. C. Hughes and Wife.

DeWitt is the Name.

When you go to buy Witch Hazel Salve look for the name DeWitt on every box. The pure, unadulterated Witch Hozel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles The popularity of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, due to its many cures, has caused numerous worthless counterfeits to be placed on market. The genuine bears the name of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. Sold by Williams Bros.

Teachers' Institute Examination Course.

Teachers wishing to prepare for examination should write at once, to Prof. J. L. Graham; L.L. D, 152 154 Randolph Building, Memphis, Tenn., for particulars concerning his special Teachers' Examination Course.

The course is taught by mail, and prepares teachers for examinations in every state in the Union. Leading educators pronounce it the best course ever offered to the teaching profession, and all teachers wishing to advance in their profession should immediately avail themselves of it. Enclose stamp for reply.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowed to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but it stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 25 and 75 cts. For sale by Williams Bros.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

When you fell dull after eating.
When you have no appetite.
When you have a bad taste in mouth.
When your liver is torpid.
When your bowels are constipated.
When you have a headache.
When you feel bilious.
They will improve your appetite and invigorate your stomach, and regulate your liver and bowels. Price 25c per box at Williams Bros.

Non-Residence Notice.

L. M. Dyke, Vs. Henry Walthall, State of Alabama, / Circuit Court.
Shelby County. } Whereas, L. M. Dyke as plaintiff in said cause has obtained an attachment out of this court issued the 19th day of January, 1904, against the estate of the said Henry Walthall as defendant, which attachment has been levied by R. F. Cox, sheriff of Shelby county, Ala., on the following described real estate of the said defendant, to-wit: Island "A" in Coosa river of sections 17 and 8, and all of Island "B" in Coosa river, of section 8, all in township 21, range 2 east. All of which is situated in the the county of Shelby and and state of Alabama, and, whereas, it appears that the said Henry Walthal defendant as aforesaid is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in the State of New York, therefore the said Henry Walthal wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the said attachment and the levy thereof as aforesaid.

Witness my hand this the 21st day of January 1904.

J. P. PEARSON, Clerk.

The court house election is over and the county seat is to remain at Columbiana, where our fathers located it. The voice of the people say it is the proper place. Now we desire in behalf of the city of Columbiana, to thank the good friends throughont the county who stood by us in this fight. While it was a fight in common, all of us together fighting against an extreme folly—a great wrong, Columbiana in addition was fighting for her homes and firesides. Our friends took this into consideration and not only gave us their sympathies in our anxiety for our homes but stood shoulder to shoulder with us in the hottest of the conflict. Columbiana can never forget them. We would like to mention names and give special notice to all. we would be glad to pay tribute to gallant and faithful work performed by all, but the space in our paper and the time we have at our command will not permit us to do justice to the subject. So we will throw out one sweeping THANK YOU! Which we utter from a heart ful of gratitude for one and all. Come to see us. Our latch string is on the outside of our gate.

Dragging Pains

2825 Keeley St.,
Chicago, Ill., Oct., 3, 1902.

I suffered with falling and congestion of the womb, with severe pains through the groins. I suffered terribly at the time of menstruation, had blinding headaches and rushing of blood to the brain. What to try I knew not, for it seemed that I had tried all and failed, but I had never tried Wine of Cardui, that blessed remedy for sick women. I found it pleasant to take and soon knew that I had the right medicine. New blood seemed to course through my veins and after using eleven bottles I was a well woman.

Maude Bush

Mrs. Bush is now in perfect health because she took Wine of Cardui for menstrual disorders, bearing down pains and blinding headaches when all other remedies failed to bring her relief. Any sufferer may secure health by taking Wine of Cardui in her home. The first bottle convinces the patient she is on the road to health.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE-CARDUI

While shyly accepting the encomiums showered upon their patriotism, those Panama revolutionists who rose "as one man" are neglecting to keep a sharp lookout for the arrival of that little consignment of ten million American dollars.

Three Time the Value of Any Other.

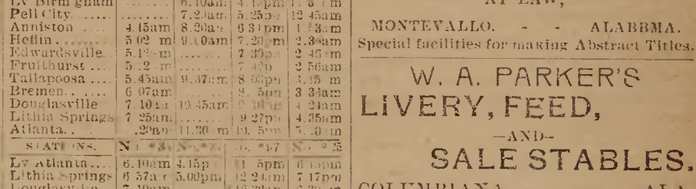
One-Third Easier.
One-Third Faster.

Agents wanted in all Unoccupied Territory.

WHEELER & WILSON
MANUFACTURING CO.
ATLANTA, - - - - - GA.

PIANOS, ORGANS AND SEWING MACHINES ON FREE TRIAL!!!

ELEGANT CENTURY UPRIGHT PIANO, $125. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial;
ELEGANT PARLOR ORGANS, $25 UP. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT CENTURY SEWING MACHINES, BALL-BEARING, $13. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial. CASH OR EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.



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CENTURY MF'G CO. DEPT East St. Louis, Ill.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effec June 14, 1903.

*No. 22	No. 16	Stations.	*No. 15	*No. 21.
7.00 m	5.55am	lv. Mobile ar	6.55pm	8 10.m
1.10am	4 00pm	lv . Selma . lv	4.3 pm	2.00am
5.30 m	8.00 m	ar Birmingham lv	0.20am	6.35 m
9.40am	.....	ar Chattanooga lv	.....	2.15m
1.1 pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	.....	2.10pm
5.4 m	.....	ar . Bristol . lv	.....	6.50am
6.00 m	.....	ar. Asheville lv	.....	9. 0.m
1.30m	.....	ar Lynchb'rg lv	.....	3.00am
6.55am	.....	ar Washington lv	.....	10. 15m
12.35pm	.....	ar. N York . lv	.....	5.25pm

Nos. 22 and 21 carry Pullman's sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville Birmingham and New York. Cafe car serves meals en route

No *18	Stations.	No. *15	No. *23
7.2 am	lv . . . . Tuscaloosa . . . . ar	9.2 pm	
9.10am	lv . . . . . Akron . . . . . ar	7 3.m	
9.55am	. . . . . Greensboro	6.44pm	
10.52am	. . . . . Marion	5.46pm	
11.9am	ar . . . . . Selma lv	4.48pm	
No. *24	No. *16 Stations.	No. *15	No. *23
.....	7.30pm v New O'l's ar	8.30am	.....
.....	7.30am v. Meridian ar	8.05pm	.....
.....	9.37am . . D mopolis . .	6.39pm	.....
.....	10.23am ar . . Union t n lv	5.52pm	.....
.....	11 0 am . . . Marion Jct . .	5.1 pm	.....
.....	11 0am ar (Selma (lv	4.45pm	.....
.....	12.05pm lv (Time) ar	4.30pm	.....
.....	2.38pm . . . Montevallo . . .	2.32pm	.....
.....	2 2 pm . . . . Calera	2.2.5m	.....
.....	2.42 m . . . Columbiana . .	1.48pm	.....
*8.45 m	3.18pm . . Childersburg . .	1.1 pm	*9.25pm
7.2am	3.34pm . . . Talladega . . .	12.3 m	8.8 pm
8.25am	4.55pm . . . . Anniston	11.5.m	7.40 m
8.48 m	5.1 pm . . . Jacksonville . .	11.0.m	7.04pm
9.05am	5.3.pm . . . Piedmont . . .	10.50am	6.50pm
9.58am	6.25pm . . Cave Springs . .	9.58am	5.50pm
10.3 am	7.03pm ar . . . Rome	9.20am	5.0 pm
11.30am	10 4 pm ar . . Atlanta . . lv	5.3 am	*4.15 m

Stations.	No *20	No. *38	No. *36	No. *48
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	4.10pm	4.10pm
Pell City	.....	7.20am	5.25pm	12 45am
Anniston	4.15am	8.20am	6.30pm	1.35.m
Heflin	5.02 m	9.00am	7.20pm	2.30am
Edwardsville	5.15 m	.....	7.30pm	2.45 m
Fruithurst	5.2 m	.....	7.45p	2.58am
Tallapoosa	5.45am	9.37am	8.05pm	3.38 m
Bremen	6.07am	.....	8.50m	3.33am
Douglasville	7.10am	10.45am	9.30 m	4.24m
Lithia Springs	7.25am	.....	9.27pm	4.35am
Atlanta	.20pm	11.30 m	10.5pm	5.0 m

Stations.	No *3	No *5	No. *7	No. *25
Lv Atlanta	6.10am	4.15p	11.5pm	6.10pm
Lithia Springs	6.57a m	5.00pm	12.2pm	7.17pm
Douglasville	7.10am	.....	12.32am	7.30 m
Fr men	7.56a m	5.55 m	1.21 m	8.25pm
Tallapoosa	8.15 m	6.10pm	1.42 m	8.52 m
Fruithurst	8.28am	.....	1.58 m	9.6pm
Edwardsville	8.46am	6.33 m	2.03am	9.25pm
Perlin	9.0 am	6.42pm	2.16am	9 0pm
Anniston	9.45am	7.25pm	2.55am	10.30pm
Pell City	10.38am	8.35p	4.7am	.....
Birmingham	11.45am	9.55pm	5.20 m	.....

Stations.	No. 35	No. 38
Lv Birmingham	4.10pm	6.10am
Lv Anniston	6.3 pm	8.2 am
Lv Atlanta	10.50m	12.0 pm
Ar Macon	1.05am	2.25pm
Ar Jesup	5.20am	.....
Ar Jacksonville	8.30am	.....
Ar Brunswick	6.55am	.....

No 36 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Brunswick and Atlanta to Jacksonville.

No. 38 carries Pullman Sleeping car and Dining car Birmingham to Atlanta.

Stations.	No. 13
Lv Rome	7.1 0m
Ar Chattanooga	9.10pm
Ar Knoxville	1 4 am
Ar Hot Springs	4.30am
Ar Asheville . . (Cent Time)	8.55am
Ar Salisbury . . (East Time)	11.0 m
Ar Greensboro	1 pm
Ar [illegible]	4 pm
Ar New York	6 AM

No. 13 carries Pullman Sleeping car Rome to Chattanooga to Salisbury and Salisbury to New York without change.

Stations.	No. 2	No. 4.
Lv Chattanooga	10.05am	10.45pm
Ar Cincinnati	7.2 pm	8.15am
Ar Louisville	8.15pm	10.35am

No. 4 Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to Louisville and Cincinnati.

No. 2 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

Stations.	No. 40	No. 38	No. 36
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	4.10pm
Lv Atlanta (east'n)	1.45pm	1.00 m	1.00am
Ar Charlotte	10.05pm	8.38pm	9.20am
Ar Danville	2.5 am	11.53pm	1.2 pm
Ar Lynchburg	4 3.am	1.55am	3.52pm
Ar Charlottesville	6.20am	3.37am	5.30pm
Ar Washington	9.45am	6.42am	9.15am
Ar Baltimore	10.55am	7.50am	11.35pm
Ar Philadelphia	12.5am	10.15am	2.55am
Ar New York	3 05pm	12.43pm	6.15am

No. 38 "Washington & Southwestern Limited" Solid Vestibule train Atlanta to New York, carrying Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Club car Atlanta to Washington.

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

J. C. LUSK, D. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
H. F. LATIMER, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
C. H. ACKERT, G. M., Washington, D. C.
W. A. TURK, D. P. M., Washington, D. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.
C. A. BENSCOTER, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

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COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
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D. R. McMillan. J. J. Haynes
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
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Office upstiars in Bank Building.

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Special facilities for making Abstract Titles.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
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Williams Bros. Will Buy It Back.

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Williams Brothers will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant and reliable.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles

Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

For sale by Williams Bros.

The Pleasure of Eating.

Persons suffering from indigestion dyspepsia or other stomach trouble will find that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. This remedy is a never failing cure for indigestion and dyspepsia and all complaints affecting glands or membranes of the stomach or digestive tract. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure everything you eat tastes good, and every bit of the nutriment that your food contains is assimilated and appropriated by the blood and tissues. Sold by Williams Brothers.

COTTON BELT ROUTE

HALF RATES TO TEXAS

BOTH ONE WAY AND ROUND TRIP

via the Cotton Belt, from St. Louis, Thebes, Cairo and Memphis, first and third Tuesdays of each month, beginning October 21st. For one-way tickets,

Half the One-Way Rate, plus $2.00;

round-trip tickets, one fare plus $2.00, to points in Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territories. Write for particulars and cost of ticket from your home town.

The Cotton Belt runs solid through trains to Texas, equipped with the most modern and comfortable cars. These trains make quick time and direct connections for all parts of the Great Southwest.

If you are seeking a better place to locate, write for a free copy of our handsome illustrated booklets, Homes in the Southwest and Through Texas With a Camera.

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THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

THURSDAY, FEB. 4, 1904.

Hello Central!

Subscribe for a phone.

Connty court on the 15th.

Election came off Monday.

Subscribe for the Chronicle.

Valentine day will be here.

The time for the primary is set for April.

W. H. Farr, of Redlawn, was in the city Tuesday.

R. B. Posey, of Harpersville, spent Tuesday in the city.

Walter E. Riddle, of Wilsonville, was in the city Tuesday.

Robert McEwen, of Wilsonville, was a visitor to the city Tuesday.

G. E. Abbott, of Shelby, spent a few hours in the city Monday night.

H. C. DuBose, of Pine Apple visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Tom Norris, night operator at Randolph, visited his parents here this week.

Dr. Williams and wife, of Shelby, visted relatives in the city Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. W. I. Sinnit preached at the Presbyterian church on last Sunday morning and night.

There will be services at the Presbyterian church on next Sunday in the morning and at night.

Let us begin to build up our town, start industries and by so doing create a pay roll in our midst.

Miss Lillian Hana, after a couple of weeks visit in the city, returned to her home in Marion last week,

Court house election is over and it will still remain in the same old place where it has been lo, these many years.

Jesse M. Brown and wife, of Birmingham, after a visit to the family of J. T. Barnett, retuned to their home last week.

Mrs. Goldberg and little danghter; after a few days visit to relatives in the city, returned to their home in Talladega last Sunday.

Again I opened a repair shop at the blacksmith shop of J. T. Barnett, in the rear of J. W. Johnrton's store.

NOLAN BARNETT.

Clarence Abbott, of Shelby, was a caller in the city Monday night. We are of the opinion that a pretty face is the attraction for him.

Quite a number of Shelby's young people attended the performance of the Dunbar Hand Bell Ringers and Male Quartette lart Saturday night.

The Dunbar Hand Bell Riegers and Male Quartette appeared at the school house on last Saturday night and gave one of the best entertainments of the season.

Miss Emma Hana, one of the belles of Greensboro, who has been a visitor to the city for several weeks the guest of Miss Edna Nelson, will leave Saturday en route home.

Chester Browne, a student at Auburn, and son of W. B. Br wne, of this this city, is laid up with a case of pneumonia, but we are glad to state that he is improving.

The young ladies of our town tried their hands in modeling figures in the soft snow last week. They made some very nice specimens which was spaped by their nimble fingers.

Rip Van Winkle, America's greatest play, and made so by Joe Jefferson was played at the school house Wednesday night to a large and appreciative audiene. The company will play Shelby Saturday night and at Calera Monday night.

On last Wednesday night about 11:40 the beautiful white snow began to fall and in about thirty minutes about two inches of snow lay upon old mother earth, and Thursday morning it was on an average of 11 inches. The young people of onr town enjoyed the sport of snow balling one another during the day. In the afternoon the buggies and carriages were fitted with runners and sleigh rides were enjoyed by our citizens.

Now that the court house election is over and we, suppose the people of the county are satisfied that Old Coon Town is the proper place for the court house, and we hope that the busted land boomers will never again try to unload their poor land upon Shelby county at an enormous price. This is the final disposition of the annoying question which has been before the people for a number of years. We hope that the good people of Calera will bury the hatchet and let the past be forgotten.

A child of Mrs. G. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath stepped against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great pain and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remen bering that she had a bottle of Chamberlains Pain Balm in the house sho would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Pain Balm is an antseptic liniment and valuable for burns, breises, cuts and spains. Sold by Williams Broe., Druggists.

This week a petition was circulated in the city in the interest of Judge Pelham's candidacy for circuit judge. All of the bar signed it and others. Judge Pelham's term on the Bench has made for him many friends and admirers not only in Shelby county, but throughout the circuit. He is regarded as a growing man, and his many friends and admirers confidently believe that better and greater things await him in the future in the service of his state and people. He is a good and capable man, and we sincerely commend him to the hearty support of all good people in the county. While he has not as yet any opposition for the nomination before the democratic primaries, and most probably will not have, yet it will be gratifying to Judge Pelham to receive a good vote which will be regarded as an endorsement of his course and work on the bench. We trust Shelby county will give him a hearty endorsement.

A WONDERFUL MACHINE

The Cotton Picker a Success. Picks FOur Thousand Pounds a Day.

A Memphis man, who has for some years been at work on a pneumatic cotton picker, has been granted patents on several improvements on his machine.

The invention of a machine that will pick cotton, one that can do the work that the negroes are called upon to do, has been the goal of many inventors for a half a century. Many thousands of dollars have been spent in trying to give to the Cotton States a picker that would pick cotton. This machine was tried last season, minus several of the improvements for which the inventor has just been granted a patent, and did good work. The picker tried during the present season had most of these improvements, and did work highly satisfactory to the inventor and the capitalists who are backing him.

The machine is called a pneumatic cotton picker. It is mounted on a high arched frame, somewhat like a wagon. This wagon covers one row. Hose attached to different parts of the machine allow the men operating it to pick two rows on each side of the machine, which, with the row under the picker machinery, gives a total of five rows that can be picked at one trip. The speed in which the cotton can be gathered depends largely upon the skill of the men who have the handling of the hose. There are four lines of this hose directly connected with a 26 inch blower, which pulls the cotton from the bolls, through blower and dumps it in a large bag attached to the bed of the machine. Power to run the blower is obtained from a six horse power gasoline engine at the front of the picker frame. When the end of a set of rows is reached all that is necessary is for the driver of the two mules to turn around and go back over a set of rows.

One of the operators, or man who drives the team, is supposed to watch the bag, and when it is full unlock it and attack another, which takes but a few minutes. These bags, owing to the force with which the cotton can be sent into them by the powerful blower are packed tighter than they can be tramped by the old method. Five men are required to operate the picker. It has a capacity of 4,000 pounds of cotton a day of 10 hours or about 1,000 pounds per man—more than four times the amount that picked by hand.

The expense of operating is not greater and thus it will be cheaper in the long run to pick cotton by machinery. All of the cotton handled is much cleaner than the product picked by hand. The ends of the house are so constructed as to catch nearly all of the leaves attached to the open bolls, but will not pull the boll to pieces

A company has been organized under the law of this state for the manufacture of the pickers. If the machine is as much of a success as it has proved during the numerons trails it has been given it will revolutionize the cotton picking industry of the South.—New York Hearld.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
For Piles, Burns, Sores.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have this day sold their interest in The Columbiana Mercantile Co. to Max Lefkovits and Philip Erlick, and they have assumed all indebtedness of said firm. We desire to extend to the people of Columbiana and surrounding country our hearty thanks for their generous patronage for the past nine years, which contributed to the success of said business.

We again solicit your hearty co-operation with our successors. as they will serve you in the future with courtesies as in the past.

Thanking yau again, we remain

Your friends,

ERLICK & LEFKOVITS.

Statement of the Condition of

The Columbiana Savings Bank

Located at Columbiana, Ala.,

At the close of business on January 11th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$17,897 05	Capital stock paid in	$15,000 00
Banking House	5,000 00	Individual deposits subject to checks	39,480 80
Furniture and Fixtures	2,000 00		
Other Real Estate	3,000 00		
Due from Banks and Bankers in this states	6,609 91		
Due from Banks and Bankers in other states	2,687 69		
Currency	9,765 00		
Gold	215 00		
Silver, Nickels and Pennies	2,237 85		
Checks and Cash Items	5,068 30		
Total	$54,480 80	Total	$54,480 80

STATE OF ALABAMA, } Before me came W. L. Farley Cashier, of the
COUNTY OF SHELBY. } Columbiana Savings Bank, who being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is a true condition of said Bank, as shown by the books on file in said Bank. W. L FARLEY, Cashier, Columbiana Savings Bank.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 16th day of January, 1904.
A. P. LONGSHORE. Judge of Probate.

Mr. John E. Morriss, of Saginaw, was in the city Tuesday and Wednesday attending to his duties as chairman of Board of County Seat Election Commissioners. The returns were received Tuesday and the vote counted Wednesday. Mr. Morriss, as is well known throughout the county, was agreed upon by Columbiana and Calera as Chairman of the Board of County Seat Election Commission for Shelby county. The position was a very important one, as in this position he sa as umpire, or arbiter of all questions that might arise, both of the other gentlemen on the board being partisans of their respective towns. Mr. Morriss realizing the importance and responsibility of the position took from the beginning, every precaution to insure an absolutely fair election, an election which would forever settle the annoying question; and to his painstaking care as chairman, more perhaps than to any other one thing, is to be attributed the perfect fairness which characterized the election. He is proving himself a most useful citizen and will doubtless be called upon at no distant day to serve his county and state in a different sphere.

How to Make Money.

Agents of either sex should today write Marsh Manufacturing Co., 538 Lake st, Chicago, for cuts and particulars of their handsome Aluminum Card Case with name engraved on it and filled with 100 calling or business cards. Everybody orders them. Sample case and 100 cards, postpaid 40 cts. This case and 100 cards retails at 75c. You have only to show sample to get an order. Send 40c at once for case and 100 cards or send 30c for 100 cards without case. Mention this paper

Patents

Guaranteed Under

$20,000 BOND.

THE KEYSTONE LAW AND PATENT CO., 207 Betz Building, Philadelphia, which is the only bonded Patent Agency in the world, offer to make a Guaranteed Search of the Patent Office Records (not merely their opinion) Free of charge to the readers of this JOURNAL who will send a sketch, model or description of their invention.

They will also give a certificate of patentability which will be of great assistance to an inventor in raising capital.

Valid Patents with the broadest claims secured on easy weekly payments. Write to-day.

S. S. WILLIAMSON,
President.

The oldest and best equipped livery stable in this section of the state is located at Montevallo and is fitted up with the latest styles, and up-to-date rigs. This stable was established in 1882, and is opposite the St. George's Hotel, and is under the management of John Kroell. Team can be furnished on short notice. Bus meet all trains. The proprietor has lately added new rubber tired rigs and keeps the best of stock, and employs none but polite and trusty drivers.

A Remarkable Case.

One of the most remarkable cases of of cold, deepseated on the lungs, causing pneumonia, is that of Mrs. G. E. Fenner, of Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says "the cough and straining so weakened me that I ran dow in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I tried One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength. Sold by Williams Bros.

WANTED—An energetic and reliable saleman for Shelby county, paying business. Boferences required. Apply at once, CHISLOM BROS., Birmingham, Ala.

The time for paying your poll tax expires the first of next February.

For sick headache try Chambertains Stomach and Liver Tablets; they will ward off the attack if taken in time. For sale by Williams Bros.

A Purgative Pleasure.

If you ever took DeWitt's Little Early Risers for biliousness or costipation you know what a purgative pleasure is. These famous little pills cleanse the liver and rids the system of all the bile without producing unpleasant effects. They do not gripe or weaken, but give tone and strength to the tissues and organs involved. W.H. Howell of Houston, Texas, says: "No better pill can be used than Little Early Risers for constipation, sick headache Sold by Williams Bros.

When Thinking

ABOUT BUYING

A WATCH

it always pays to get a good one. If you want a Watch we can save you money on your order. Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Seth Thomas and New York Standard are good movements. Give us a trial order and you be convinced

DO YOU want anything in musical instruments? We have Violins, Violin Cases, Bows, Bridges, Pegs, Mandolins, Mandolin Cases, Picks, Guitars, Guitar Cases, Tamborines, Banjos, Accordeons, Harps, Harmonicas, Fifes, Ocarines, Flagolets, Bones, Clappers, Graphaphones and Records, also all kinds of strings for Violins, Banjos, Mandolins and Guitars

Call and see us in our

REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.

Don,t forget us when you want photograph work or enlarging, our work will please you. We keep all all kinds of pictures, picture frames and are receiving new goods every week that will interest you. Give us a call when in the city.

T. J. WEAVER & COMPANY.
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

Pay your poll tax and qualify yourself as a voter in the election next year.

The Proper Treatment for Sprained Ankle.

As a rule s man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or 3 months before he has fully recovered. This an unnecegsary loss of time, for many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some case within three days. For sale by Williams Bros.

NOTICE.

Mr. S. M. Pickler has bought all the lands in this county that were sold by the state for taxes. I should be glad to have all persons whose lands were sold to the state for taxes to call on me at the court house, or the White House, if they care to redeem their lands, or if the sale of their land was erroneous.

F. A. GAMBLE, Agent.

Cured of Piles After 40 Years.

C. Haney, of Geneva, O., had the piles for 40 years. Doctors and dollars could do him no good, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. Invaluable for cuss, burns, bruises, sprains, lacerations, eczema, tetter, salt rheum, and all other skin diseases Look for the name DeWitt on package—all others are cheay, worthless counterfeits. Sold by Williams Bros.

By special arrangements with the publishers of the Constitution and Sunny South we offer a years's subscription to our own paper in addition to the Contitution and Sunny South and will furnish all three for ONLY TWO DOLLARS. Such orders must come direct to The Chronicle.

Good Advice.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects: such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Waterbrash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth, Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle of August Flower for 25 or 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Try it. For sale by Williams Brothers, Columbiana.

FOR SALE.—One black mare five years old, weighs about 1,000 pounds, sound and good worker. Apply to A. H. AVERY, Shelby, Ala.

The Best Remedy for Croup.

This is the season when the woman who knows the best remedies for croup is in demand in every neighborhood. One of the most terrible things in the world is to be awakened in the night by a whoop from one of the children. The croup remedies are almost sure to be lost in case of croup, as a revolver in case of a burglar. There used to be an old fashioned remedy for croup known as hive syrup and tolu, but some modern mothers say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is better, and does not cost as much. It causes the patient to "throw up the phlegm" quicker, and gives relief in a shorter time. Give this remedy as soon as the croupy cough appears and it will prevent the attack. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale at Williams Bros.

JEWELRY NOVELTIES.

A full line of Colgate's Extracts,
A full line of Colgate's Soap.

TOILET ARTICLES.

Also complete line of DRUGS,

HEADQUARTERS FOR
CIGARS, TOBACCO AND STATIONERY. ETC
WE ARE HEADQUATERS

For Stationery, Silver Novelies, Watches, Rings, Pins, Etc. Also a complete line of Medallions, price from 25c to 90 cents. Nearly everything in the holiday line you wish. Call and inspect our line.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
.....OF.....
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st. 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$10,782 77	Capital Stock	$15,000.00
Bank bldg and Fixtures	7,000.00	Deposits	52,639.61
Other Real Estate	3,000.00	Rediscounts	2,263,00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM

Title and Guaranty Company.

LAND TITLES;
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE;
TITLES GUARANTEED.
A GENERAL TITLE BUSINESS.

—INSURANCE—

Fire, Plate Glass, Boiler,
Employers Liability, Accident Insurance.

J. K. BROCKMAN,
General Manager,
Birmingham, Ala.

W. R. LAWLEY,
Local Manager,
Columbiana, Ala.

NORTH CARLINA CORN WHISKEY

AT $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 AND $3.00 PER GALLON.

DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.

Saving Middlemen's Profits.
All express charges paid by me
on packages of 2 gallons or more.

TERMS--CASH WITH ORDER.

Write for descriptive circulars. Reference commercial agencies or any merchant here.

J. H. WOOLLEY
Cherryville, N. C.

CASH OR CREDIT
Catalogue FREE.
PRICE
$33.50
IT WILL PAY YOU
to send for our Catalogue No. 6, quoting prices on Buggies, Harness, etc. We sell direct from our Factory to Consumers at Factory Prices. This guaranteed Buggy only $33.50; Cash or Easy Monthly Payments. We trust honest people located in all parts of the world.
Write for Free Catalogue.
CENTURY MFG. CO.
Mention this paper.
DEPT
East St. Louis, Ills.

WOMEN ARE ESPECIALLY LIABLE TO COLDS

Colds Invariably Result in Catarrh, Which Sets Up a Host of Distressing Diseases.

PE-RU-NA Both Protects and Cures a Cold---Read Proof.

Miss Rose Gordon, 2102 Oakland av., Oakland Heights, Madison, Wis., writes:

"A few years ago I caught a severe cold, which resulted in chronic bronchitis and catarrh. Our family physician prescribed medicines which gave temporary relief only. I began taking Peruna and improved at once. Two bottles cured me. I recommend Peruna to all sufferers, and am most grateful to you for your valuable medicine."—Miss Rose Gordon.

Washington, D.C., 609 H street, N. W. Dear Dr. Hartman: "I used to think that the doctors know all about our aches and pains and were the proper ones to consult when sick, but since I have been sick myself I certainly had good reason to change my mind. During the winter I caught a heavy cold, which developed into catarrh of the bronchial tubes and an inflamed condition of the respiratory organs. The doctors were afraid that pneumonia would set in and prescribed pills, powders and packs until I sickened of the whole thing, as I did not improve. One of the ladies in the Home had a bottle of Peruna and she advised me to try that. Shortly after I began using it I felt that I had found the right medicine. I used two bottles and they restored me easily and pleasantly to perfect health. While my stomach was very delicate, Peruna did not nauseate me in the least, but gave me a good appetite, and I wish to express my gratitude to you for restored health."—Miss Rosalie Von Struenning.

CATCHING COLD

Is the Beginning of Most Winter Ailments—Pe-ru-na Protects Against and Cures Colds.

There is no fact of medical science better established than that a teaspoonful of Peruna before each meal during the winter season will absolutely protect a person from catching cold. Now, if this is true (and there is no doubt of it), thousands of lives would be saved, and tens of thousands of cases of chronic catarrh prevented, by this simple precaution within reach of every one.

After a cold has been contracted a teaspoonful of Peruna every hour will shortly cure it, leaving no trace of it behind. After chronic catarrh has become established, or the first stages of chronic bronchitis or consumption have been reached, it will take much longer to effect a cure.

It seems strange that as well known and well established as these facts are any one should neglect to profit by them, and yet no doubt there are many who pay little or no attention to them and go on catching cold, acquiring chronic catarrh, bronchitis and consumption.

Catarrh May Permeate the Whole System.

Mrs. Mary E. Sampson, West Derry, Rockingham County, N. H., writes:

"I had terrible headaches, both ears run and I was nervous all the time, also had trouble each month; was deaf in one ear for thirty years. I took six bottles of Peruna and one of Manalin, and am happy to say that it is the best medicine that I ever used. I am not so nervous, my appetite is good, everything I eat agrees with me, and I am feeling better in every way. I think Peruna is a godsend to women and a blessing to suffering humanity." — Mary E. Sampson.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR A FREE PE-RU-NA ALMANAC. EVERY DRUGGIST HAS THEM

Cotton Gin Machinery

PRATT. MUNGER. WINSHIP. EAGLE. SMITH.

We make the most most complete line of any concern in the world. We also make

ENGINES and BOILERS, LINTERS for OIL MILLS.

We sell everything needed about a Cotton Gin.

Write for Illustrated Catalogue.

Continental Gin Co., Birmingham, Ala.

Corn

must have a sufficient supply of

Potash

in order to develop into a crop. No amount of Phosphoric Acid or Nitrogen can compensate for a lack of potash in fertilizers [for grain and all other crops].

We shall be glad to send free to any farmer our little book which contains valuable information about soil culture.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
New York—93 Nassau Street, or Atlanta, Ga.—22½ So. Broad St.

SEED POTATOES 500,000 BUSHELS FOR SALE CHEAP

Largest seed potato growers in the world!

Elegant stock. Tremendous yields. From 400 to 1000 bushels per acre.

FOR 10 CENTS

and this notice we send you lots of farm seed samples and big catalogue, telling all about Teosinte, Speltz, Peanut, Acrild Land Barley, Macaroni Wheat, Bromus, Earliest Cane, etc. Send for same today.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

Saw Mills

The DeLoach Patent Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill with 4 h. p. cuts 2000 feet per day. All sizes and prices to suit. DeLoach Shingle Mills, Edgers, Trimmers, Planers; Corn and Buhr Mills, Water Wheels, Lath Mills, Wood Saws. Our handsome new Catalog will interest you. **DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co.**, Box 834, Atlanta, Ga.

Am. 6, 1904.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

Japan Naval Programme.

A notable naval event which slipped by without notice was the launching in Japan on Nov. 1 of the 3,000-ton cruiser Ottawa. Her completion will signalize the fulfilment of Japan's scheme of naval construction devised at the end of the Chinese war, which has raised the island empire into one of the great naval powers of the world. Most of the fleet was built in England, but Germany and the United States contributed certain ships, and Japan herself has built some. Henceforth, Japan will probably be able to handle all of her own naval construction.

The football element is sure to protest against the shortening of the college course to three years. It is all they can do to train a first-class player in four.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

It is impossible for a woman to preserve a secret so it will keep.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes color Silk, Wool and Cotton at one boiling.

A female optimist is a woman who smiles when she meets a masculine bore.

Millions of Vegetables.

When the Editor read 10,000 Plants for 16c. he could hardly believe it, but upon second reading finds that the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., than whom there are no more reliable and extensive seed growers in the world, makes this offer. This great offer is made to get you to test Salzer's Warranted Vegetable Seeds.

They will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine, solid Cabages,
2,000 delicious Carrots,
2,000 Blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers,

ALL FOR BUT 10C. POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c. in postage, they will add to the above a package of the famous Berliner Cauliflower. [A.C.L.]

The man who goes to the bad never thinks of providing himself with a return ticket.

Avery & Company

SUCCESSORS TO AVERY & McMILLAN,
51-53 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.
—ALL KINDS OF—

MACHINERY

Reliable Frick Engines, Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.

BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH.

Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors, Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.

CROUCH Marble and Granite Co.
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
MONUMENTS,
Vaults, Statuary, Headstones, etc., in any Granite or Marble.
Death Masks a Specialty.
(Mention this paper.) ATLANTA, GA.

HORSE SHOW IN A MUSEUM.

A Three-Toed Horse, a Texas Ancient, a Shetland Mite.

A collection of horse fossils and skeletons which is expected, when finished, to be one of the most representative of its sort, was put on exhibition at the American Museum of Natural History for the first public view of the work done with a fund contributed by William C. Whitney. A year or two ago Mr. Whitney gave the museum authorities $5000 a year for three years to be expended in gathering a collection of horse skeletons.

In the collection exhibited there is the skeleton of one of the smallest Shetland ponies to be found anywhere. Another skeleton is the fossil skeleton of a splendid horse, as Director Bumpus, of the museum, calls it, which is the immediate ancestor of the American horse as we know it to-day. This was found in Texas, and Mr. Bumpus says that the original bones belonged to an animal which lived before Europeans saw America. It is very much like the American horse of to-day; in fact, Mr. Bumpus says that it would take an expert to find the difference.

Another of the fossils is of a three-toed horse slightly larger than a fallow deer.

The largest of the collection is the skeleton of a magnificent Percheron draught horse which was owned by George Ehret, the brewer. The horse's leg was broken by a mishap, and the animal was shot. Mr. Ehret gladly gave the skeleton to the collection, when he learned that it would be one of the most desirable features of the group. Special care was used in mounting this specimen.

"It is comparatively easy to mount a skeleton," said Mr. Bumpus, "but it is hard to do it just right. Months and months were spent on this one. The bones of the animal show with great clearness the lines of force."

It was said that Mr. Whitney hoped to add the skeleton of Lou Dillon, the world's trotting champion, to the collection when the great mare died.

Mr. Bumpus said that Mr. Whitney might have such a wish, but that the subject was too delicate to be discussed while Lou Dillon was alive.—New York Sun.

Minister Buys Space.

A minister named Cook, of Concordia., Kansas, has closed a contract for a year with a local newspaper to take sufficient advertising space in which to print his weekly sermons.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Island of Cypress, in the Mediterranean, will soon have a railroad from coast to coast. The amount of 8,500,000 francs has been appropriated for its construction.

Too Literal Obedience.

The city editor summoned the photographer of his staff. "Col. Wellgan's house is burning," he said, "and I want a picture of the fire. Get out there as quick as you can with your camera, and take a view of what's left of the building, from the inside of the fence corner."

"But," said the photographer, "if—"

"That's the point I want it taken from—right in the corner."

"But I think there's——"

"I don't care whether there's a better point or not. You know what I want. Hurry up! You are losing time.'

The photographer took his camera and departed. A few hours later he came in with the proof of a picture he had taken from the desired point of view.

"What is this?" asked the city editor.

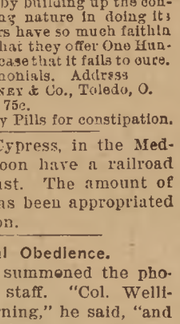
"That is a photograph of the ruins of Col. Wellgan's house, from the inside corner of the fence near the street."

"I can't see anything of the house."

"I couldn't, either," responded the photographer. "I tried to tell you there was a big tree standing between that corner and the house, but you wouldn't let me."—Youth's Companion.

CONSTANT ACHING.

Back aches all the time. Spoils your appetite, wearies the body, worries the mind. Kidneys cause it all and Doan's Kidney Pills relieve and cure it.



H. B. McCarver, of 201 Cherry St., Portland, Ore., inspector of freight for the Trans-Continental Co., says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills for back ache and other symptoms of kidney trouble which had annoyed me for months. I think a cold was responsible for the whole trouble. It seemed to settle in my kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills rooted it out. It is several months since I used them, and up to date there has been no recurrence of the trouble."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

WORDS OF WISDOM.

Few people are injured by honest criticism.

A laugh is worth a hundred groans in any market.—Charles Lamb.

It is fortunate for the most of us that we are not immensely rich.

Is it possible for us to be happy without being helpful to others? Think of it.

We gain much or lose much by our associations with the virtuous or the vicious.

There is no bird so swift on its wing as riches. There is no beast so dreaded as poverty.

Is the life of a man a comedy or a tragedy? It is often a comedy, but always ends in a tragedy.

Do not be harsh in your judgments. If we knew all we would be generous in our opinions of others.

Had it been with the beard that wisdom dwelt, men would have taken counsel with the goat.—Turkish Proverb.

Why is it a blessing to exist? It is that we may simply enjoy ourselves, or that we may be of some use in the world?

Pierre Loti's Kitten.

Off the shores of the Bosphurus M. Pierre Loti, novelist and academician, has had baptized, with mock pomp and ceremony, his ship's kitten. The affair took place on December 8 on board the French guardship Vautour, which the novelist commands as Captain Viaud. In honor of the event, the ship was bright with bunting. Flowers covered guns and gun rooms. The captain's quarters were gayly ornamented, and a crowd of guests was on board, among them being the commanders of the English and Russian guardships, the French Consul-General, the Russian naval attache, M. Coquelin, the actor, and ladies. The cat's sponsors were Mme. Roux, wife of the commander of the Mouette, and the Vicomte de Salignac-Fenelon. Aft of the ship was erected an altar to the great Scandinavian deity Odin. The ceremony was opened by a burlesque symphony of Romberg, executed anyhow by Pierre Loti and his officers, an embassy attache acting as conductor. The newly-born kitten was in a dainty basket well wrapped up in warm wadding. The grand priest of Odin, all robed in white, handed Mme. Roux a mysterious horn, at the sound whereof the head of the kitten emerged from the basket. Then the trio from Reyer's opera "Sigurd" was heard, and, after an invocation addressed to Odin, the grand priest baptized the kitten "Belkis," which, being interpreted, means "pretty girl." A short poem was next recited, and then M. Loti entertained his guests at lunch on board the Vautour.—London Daily Telegraph.

Japanese Wives.

The position of the Japanese wife is not that of equality with her husband, says a writer in the Smart Set. He is the liege lord, to be obeyed by her in the most servile manner. He exacts from her the little attentions that an American woman expects, and usually gets, from her husband. Without so much as a murmur of complaint from his spouse, who must always receive him with bows and smiles and ever have her mind and eyes on his comfort, he goes and comes when he pleases. When he fares forth socially, he does not take her with him; when he receives gentlemen in his own house—a rare thing, by the way—madame seldom presents herself, unless in some menial capacity. And while such a thing as conjugal love must exist in Japan, it usually escapes the notice of the foreign sojourner, the people considering it vulgar to exhibit emotion of any kind in public. The wife as a social unit being completely submerged it follows that others of her sex must take her place socially, and in this office the geisha girls play an important role.

The Blue Jay's Philosophy.

"The line between business and robbery has never yet been clearly defined," said the blue jay as he swallowed the egg of the robin, who was off hunting for worms.—Ernest Thompson Seton, in Century Magazine.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Love and hate have good memories; only indifference forgets.

Salzer's Earliest Cane.

Another new thing. Can be cut six times during a season and sprouts again with lightning rapidity. Next to Salzer's Teosinte it will make more green fodder than anything else, cheap as dirt and grows everywhere.

Of Salzer's Renovator Grass Mixture, just the thing for dying out pastures and meadows, Mr. E. Rappold, East Park, Ga., writes, "I sowed Salzer's Grass Mixture on soil 'so poor two men could not raise a fuss on it,' and in forty-one days after sowing I had the grandest stand of grass in the county. Salzer's Grass Mixtures sprout quickly and produce enormously." 100,000 barrels choice Seed Potatoes.

SALZER'S NEW NATIONAL OATS.

Here is a winner, a prodigy, a marvel, enormously prolific, strong, healthy, vigorous, producing in thirty States from 150 to 300 bu. per acre. You had best sow a lot of it, Mr. Farmer, in 1904, and in the fall sell it to your neighbors at $1 a bu. for seed. [A.C.L.]

JUST SEND 10C. IN STAMPS

to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples free.

A sensible woman seldom wastes her time on a handsome man.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

It isn't an easy matter to see happiness through another man's eyes.

IN MONEY VAULTS.

How Visitors to Washington View the Treasure.

"Handling Uncle Sam's cash is in itself no easy task, but handling the vast number of people who desire to view that portion of it stored in the Treasury vaults in Washington is not by any means the least of the troubles of the Treasurer," said Mr. Ellis H. Roberts, Treasurer of the United States, a day or so ago.

No one can visit the underground storage vaults without a permit from Mr. Roberts, and the Treasurer holds that every citizen has an interest in the money, and if he gets any satisfaction in looking at it or examining the vaults in which it is kept, he is entitled to that satisfaction. Consequently, none is turned from his office without the necessary permit, unless there is some special reason for withholding it.

The welcome given visitors, together with the sordid delight Americans take in seeing vast stores of money, makes the Treasury one of the best show houses in Washington. Were an admission charged to the silver vaults the revenues of the Government would be appreciably increased.

Sightseers come from all over the world. One day when it was particularly gloomy and disagreeable on the outside, so that there was not much doing in the tourist line, Treasurer Roberts took the trouble to keep track of his callers. Exactly seven hundred persons entered his office. They represented thirty-five States, seven foreign countries and nearly forty different nationalities. The foreigners came from Great Britain, France, China, India, Germany, Africa and Australia.

Matters are so arranged that the visit will impress itself upon the minds of the strangers. There is a corps of well drilled guides mantained, who, after Mr. Roberts has passed on the permit, sees that the stranger registers his name in a little book kept for the purpose. This is for the purpose of assisting the Government a little later on in case a silver or gold certificate is missed. They first go to the vault in which the money is kept which is used in the current business of the Treasury. After the necessary signing and countersigning of the permit they are admitted. The cashier in charge hands around a small frame which incloses two well-worn $10,000 bills and one of $5,000.

"There!" he says, triumphantly; "you've had $25,000 in your hand."

Bigger things come later on in the trip, when they are permitted to handle millions in gold bonds in the National Bank Division, or to look at the doors behind which are stored tons of precious gold and silver which have been stamped into coin. Because of the electrical appliances they cannot see the bags of coin. Any attempt to move the magnetized doors, the guide impressively relates, would result in calling heavily armed guards, who are constantly kept at the Treasury to protect the money.

"If we were as money mad as some foreigners would make us out," observed Treasurer Roberts, "visitors at the department would not conduct themselves as well as they do. Many thousands persons have gone through the vaults during my term of office, but, so far as I know, not one has made an attempt to get hold of any of the money. Of course, we keep a close watch on them, but if the American people were insane on the question of money this would be a good place to note interesting symptoms. We like money, but we are not so crazy about it, as our foreign friends profess to believe. At least, the presence of the cause of alleged madness does not seem to aggravate the disease."—Washington Star.

Laborer Wedded Italian Heiress.

One of the greatest heiresses of all Italy, Signora Colo, in Verona, Italy, disappointed her many rich suitors by marrying a horny-handed son of toil, lately advanced to the position of railway guard, by the bride's influence.

The young millionairess changed her name for that of Beretti, and tho bridegroom is the good-looking brother of her maid. All Verona attended the wedding, which was celebrated with great pomp and circumstance.

The happy couple rode to church in a four-horse coach. The church was gayly decorated with flowers and rugs, and the archbishop himself blessed bride and groom.

A review of the performances of thoroughbred horses and of trotters and pacers in 1903 presents a wonderful list of broken records at various distances and in a wide range of conditions. Nevertheless, it is not at all certain that the animals were finer, nobler and greater than the best of ten years earlier. Cool, shrewd critics of experience are inclined to think that the horses are no fleeter, but that ingenuity, skill and lavish expenditure have made the tracks faster.

Miss Rose Hennessy, well known as a poetess and elocutionist, of Lexington, Ky., tells how she was cured of uterine inflammation and ovaritis by the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I have been so blessedly helped through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** that I feel it but just to acknowledge it, hoping that it may help some other woman suffering as I did.

"For years I enjoyed the best of health and thought that I would always do so. I attended parties and receptions thinly clad, and would be suddenly chilled, but I did not think of the results. I caught a bad cold eighteen months ago while menstruating, and this caused inflammation of the womb and congested ovaries. I suffered excruciating pains and kept getting worse. My attention was called to your **Vegetable Compound** and the wonderful cures it had performed, and I made up my mind to try it for two months and see what it would do for me. Within one month I felt much better, and at the close of the second I was entirely well.

"I have advised a number of my lady friends to use it, and all express themselves as well satisfied with the results as I was."—Miss Rose Nora Hennessy, 410 S. Broadway, Lexington, Ky.

The experience and testimony of some of the most noted women of America go to prove beyond a question that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will correct all such trouble and at once, by removing the cause, and restoring the organs to a normal and healthy condition.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—About two years ago I consulted a physician about my health which had become so wretched that I was no longer able to be about. I had severe backache, bearing-down pains, pains across the abdomen, was very nervous and irritable, and this trouble grew worse each month. The physician prescribed for me, but I soon discovered that he was unable to help me, and I then decided to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and soon found that it was doing me good. My appetite was returning, the pains disappearing, and the general benefits were well marked.

"You cannot realize how pleased I was, and after taking the medicine for only three months, I found that I was completely cured of my trouble, and have been well and hearty ever since, and no more fear the monthly period, as it now passes without pain to me. Yours very truly, Miss Pearl Ackers, 327 North Summer St., Nashville, Tenn."

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health more than a million women, you cannot well say without trying it "I do not believe it will help me." If you are ill, do not hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and write Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for special advice. Her advice is free and helpful. Write to-day. Delay may be fatal.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

WINCHESTER

'NEW RIVAL" BLACK POWDER SHELLS.

It's the thoroughly modern and scientific system of loading and the use of only the best materials which make Winchester Factory Loaded "New Rival" Shells give better pattern, penetration and more uniform results generally than any other shells. The special paper and the Winchester patent corrugated head used in making "New Rival" shells give them strength to withstand reloading.

BE SURE TO GET WINCHESTER MAKE OF SHELLS.

At least one university president is not anxious for numbers. Dr. Schurman's declaration that every college student should be expected to study eleven hours a day will not tend to increase the registration at Cornell. Eleven minutes a day is closer to the average in some institutions.

The army general staff commends an appropriation of $5,000 for gymnasium and post exchange building for Fort Morgan, Ala.

Don't think because a man is an expert mathematician that he always counts with the fair sex.

Rheumatism's Killing Pain.

Left in quick order after taking 10 doses of Dr. Skirvin's Rheumatic Cure, in tablet form. 25 doses for 25c., postpaid. Dr. Skirvin Co., La Crosse, Wis. [A.C.L.]

When ignorance is bliss it is folly to discover that you are a fool.

Knowledge From Experience.

Is what we understand when Dr. Spalding, an eminent Baptist divine, of Galveston, Texas, writes "send me two bottles of Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein. It is for a friend suffering from consumption. It is a preparation I know from experience to be good."

At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

We can all find reasons why other people shouldn't make mistakes.

HEADACHE

"My father had been a sufferer from sick headache for the last twenty-five years and never found any relief until he began taking your Cascarets. Since he has begun taking Cascarets he has never had the headache. They have entirely cured him. Cascarets do what you recommend them to do. I will give you the privilege of using his name." E.M. Dickson, 1120 Resinor St., W. Indianapolis, Ind.

Best For The Bowels

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 598

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

A newly published volume contains 400 speeches delivered by the Kaiser during the last fourteen years.

Free delivery has been recommended for Gadsden, Ala.

EVERY SHOOTER WHO SHOOTS U.M.C. AMMUNITION

has a feeling of confidence in his cartridges. They don't misfire and always shoot where you aim.

Tell your dealer U. M. C. when he asks "What kind?"

Send for catalog.

The Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
Bridgeport, Conn.

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, New York City.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box Atlanta, Ga.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE

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GREAT FIRE IN BALTIMORE!

Wholesale District of City is Wiped Out in Mammoth Conflagration.

A LOSS OF MILLIONS

Sunday Blaze Starts in Heart of Maryland's Metropolis and Cuts a Wide Swath of Destruction.

The most destructive conflagration in the history of Baltimore occurred Sunday and Sunday night, raging practically unchecked during many hours, completely destroying scores of the largest houses in the wholesale district, involving losses which cannot yet be accurately estimated.

The fire broke out shortly before 11 o'clock Sunday morning in the wholesale dry goods store of John E. Hurst & Co., on Hopkins place, in the heart of the business district, with a series of loud explosions, which were heard in remote parts of the city and spread with fearful rapidity.

In a half hour there were a dozen big warehouses in the wholesale dry goods and notions district burning fiercely.

The entire vity fire department was called out, but was utterly powerless to check the spread of the flames, which were aided by high winds, and by noon there were roaring fires in at least thirty big warehouses and the conflagration was steadily eating its way into successive blocks east, north, west and south.

Building after building fell a prey to the flames, and apparently there was no check to the frightful sweep of destruction.

On Baltimore street, the block east to Hanover, and after that the block on the south side to Charles street, broke out in flames, the Consolidated Gas Company's building and Oehm's Acme hall burning fiercely.

Meanwhile there were stores north of Baltimore street being similarly consumed. Mullin's hotel caught and other buildings near it. West of Liberty street, on the south side of Baltimore, the block was doomed, and the big Baltimore Bargain House also caught. Down in Hopkins place, where the conflagration started, Hurst's building and other wholesale houses on both sides of the street, crumbled and fell.

Spectacle of Ruin Appalling.

The big dry goods house of Daniel Miller & Sons and R. M. Sutton & Co. were seen aflame and along German street, east and west from the Hurst building, there were a dozen buildings burning and scores more threatened. The spectacle of ruin and destruction from any point in these doomed blocks were something appalling.

Mass & Kemper's big wholesale store, on Baltimore stret, quickly succumbed to the flames and the walls fell with a crash that was heard for squares. The Hurst building was utterly destroyed.

On Hopkins place the Hopkins Savings bank and the National Exchange bank were gutted by flames, while across the street were the ruins of John E. Hurst & Co., and next to it S. Hecht, Jr., & Sons, in flames. Adjoining was the large building owned by the William Hoch Importing Company, which was also destroyed.

Across the street the Stanley & Brown Drug Company was quickly in ruins, while fronting on the Baltimore street side of this block were the Roxbury Rye Distilling Company, the building occupied by Silberman & Todes, the house of Allen Sons & Co., which had hardly been completed, while next to it was the establishment of M. Moses & Co. On the corner was the building occupied by the Messrs. Sugar & Shear, and several other smaller concerns. All of these were swallowed up in the flames, and, in fact, the whole block was nothing but a cauldron of fire.

At 1:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon Mullens' hotel, a seven-story structure, was in flames from garret to cellar and its great height and narrowness, which acted as a sort of flue, converted the doomed building into a huge and dreadful torch.

Other Cities Send Aid.

Though every bit of fire fighting apparatuus in the city was called into requisition as the flames continued to spread the firemen realized that they had a task before them which was too great for them to combat. Telegrams for fire engines were sent to Washington and Philadelphia and about 1 o'clock six engines arrived from Washington and four from Philadelphia and joined in the battle with the flames.

Engines from stations in Baltimore, Howard, Anne, Arundel and Hartford counties arrived as soon as possible. Water plugs in every section within a radius of half a mile from the fire were in use, and it is roughly estimated that there were 350 hose lines all playing at one time upon different parts of the conflagration.

Owing to the great congestion of fire apparatus, the crowds of people and the general confusion, many engines from out of town were unable to find a place where they would be of any service.

At 7 o'clock Sunday night the situation was so desperate that Chief Hoston decided that the only thing left to do was to dynamite buildings at threatened points and thus prevent, as far as possible, a further spread of the flames.

At 3 o'clock Monday morning the fire still raged. So far as known no serious casualties were reported. Telegraph, telephone and electric wires of all kinds were prostrated.

The fire covered an area of three-quarters of a mile in length by nearly a quarter of a mile in width, taking in many of the most important buildings in the city. The loss, it is believed, will reach $100,000,000.

RUSSIANS PUNISHED BY KOREANS.

Czar's Troops Do an Overt Act in Seoul and are Promptly Squelched.

cause of a disorderly incident in Seoul, capital of Korea. One of the Russians seized a woman and an angry crowd gathered. A body of Korean gendarmes soon arrived at the scene and an encounter with the Russians followed.

The gendarmes fought well, overpowering the Russians.

An insurrection has broken out sixty miles north of Seoul and the prefect's house has been destroyed by the people.

IS MORE FAVORABLE TO EUROPE.

America Gets Decidedly the Worst End in New Cuban Customs Duties.

President Palma's decree increasing the rates of Cuban customs duties in accordance with the authority given him by congress has been promulgated.

The rates are considered more favorable to Europe than America. The latter hoped that a 30 per cent increase, which is the maximum rate allowed by congress, would have been placed on goods which the United States cannot manufacture in competition with Europe.

WAR NEWS IN WASHINGTON.

Associated Press Advised of Diplomatic Rupture Between Russ and Jap.

The Associated Press at Washington was informed Sunday at the Russian embassy that the Russian government has received a note from Japan announcing the discontinuance of negotiations and the interruption of diplomatic relations.

Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, upon receipt of the cablegram from St. Petersburg, called upon Acting Secretary of State Loomis and informed him of the interruption of relations.

FATAL RIOT AT COAL CREEK.

Non-Union and Union Miners Instigate Scrimmage and Four are Killed.

A bloody tragedy was enacted Sunday in the litte mining town of Coal Creek, Tenn., forty miles northwest of Knoxville, as the result of which four lives were snuffed out and three persons wounded, one perhaps fatally. The clash was the culmination of trouble between union and non-union labor.

Three of the dead men were killed by guards employed by the Coal-Creek Coal Company, while the fourth victim, a deputy sheriff, was killed by a guard he had gone to arrest.

CZAR MAY RESORT TO PRAYER.

Will Go Through Ancient Custom of Appealing to Trietz Monastery.

A dispatch received from St. Petersburg states that the czar in the event of war, may go to Moscow to submit his cause and fate to the Almighty before the altar of the Treitz monastery, as his fathers had done in the past before drawing the sword.

CROKER WINS LONG FIGHT.

Fired from Office of New York Chief of Police, Court Reinstates Him.

The reinstatement of Edward Croker as chief of the fire department of New York has been ordered by the appellate division of the supreme court. Mr. Croker was removed from office early in the Low administration. He is a nephew of Richard Croker.

Montgomery Wins.

Montgomery county won its case in full against the Fidelity and Deposit company of Maryland in the United States court. Judge Jones' decision gives the county judgment for $101,017.90, which amount, less the interest, was lost by the county in the failure of the Josiah Morris bank on January 8, 1901. The attorneys for the fidelity company give notice of appeal to the court of appeals.

The case is one of the most interesting that has been in the local courts for years. It has been twice before the court of appeals at New Orleans and in both instances the decisions have been favorable to the county.

Railroad Man Hurt.

The second section of a freight train on the Southern railroad ran into the rear of the first section at Brookside, Ala. The engine, three cars and caboose were damaged and two white men injured, one of them seriously. The injured men are S. D. Day, flagman, and G. J. White, brakeman.

The investigation into the accident has not been completed, but it is stated that the switch was open and the rear section dashed into the other while it was standing at the station. There is a curve just before reaching the station and the engineer was unable to see the conditions as he approached.

A Marconi wireless station is to be established at Mobile, Ala.

William J. Bryan speaks in Birmingham, Ala., Wednesday, February 17.

Six thousand dollars has been left to the Tuskegee, Ala., colored school by a school teacher in Altoona, Pa.

The Iowa has been ordered to New York for examination and repairs. Two of the 8-inch guns blew off their muzzles Friday at practice.

Jack Counter, mine foreman of the Little Warrior Coal and Coke company at Littleton, Ala., cougned himself to death Thursday afternoon.

The cabinet decided on the selection of a person for the Philippine commission, but his name is withheld until it is known whether he will accept.

It has developed that Mrs. Post, on trial for fraud in Florida, agreed for $4 per month to get a man out of prison by mental treatment.

It is now thought that a 33 per cent dividend will be declared by the receiver of the defunct Bessemer, Ala., savings bank.

Two arrests in Birmingham, Ala., were made under the new anti-boycott law. The law will be tested when this case comes up for trial.

Henderson, Murphree & Henderson Spoke company has made arrangements to increase the capacity of their plant in West Huntsville, Ala., and will in the future engage in the manufacture of hickory handles. Several branch establishments will be located in Madison county.

The house judiciary committee, which has been investigating charges against Federal Judge Swaln, of Florida, has decided that the charges are of sufficient weight to justify the committee's sending a sub-committee to Florida. This sub-committee, of which Representative Clayton, of Alabama, is a member, will leave for Florida Wednesday.

Governor Vardaman has tendered the appointment of major general commanding the Mississippi national guard to Major S. R. Keesler, of Greenwood, commanding the Third battalion of the First regiment, the rank having been made vacant by the resignation of Major General J. S. Billups, who retires after a service of several years.

Campaign Against Yellow Jack.

The health commission representing the four states of Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas and Alabama has arrived at Mexico. It was met by a deputation of Mexican medical men. The purpose of the commission is to bring about co-operative arrangements between those states and the Mexican government to prevent a recurrence of yellow fever epidemics, and to promote sanitary conditions on both sides of the boundary.

Burned to Death.

Ross Beard, who lives with his parents near Attalla, Ala., while standing beside the fire, ignited his clothing and he was burned to death. The flames were inhaled, causing death in a few hours.

Mrs. Maybrick is serving out the last few months of her life sentence for the killing of her husband in the quiet country home of the Sisters of the Epiphany at Truro Cornwall under an assumed name.

Labor World.

Barbers at East Liverpool, O., are on strike for shorter hours.

London's threatened cab strike seems to have been abandoned.

During 1903 there were less strikes in Indiana than for many years.

The Musicians' Union, of Toronto, Canada, claims the distinction of having one of the largest memberships in America.

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association, after careful inquiry among the members, find that there are places for 4105 women in Canadian factories.

FRIENDLY TIES ARE SEVERED

Diplomatic Relations Between Japan and Russia are Broken Off.

INITIAL STEP TO WAR

apanese Minister and Staff Leaves St. Petersburg and Russia's Representative at Tokio is Called Home.

A special from St. Petersburg, under Sunday's date, says: It is officially announced that Count Lamsdorff, the Russian foreign minister, has informed Russian representatives abroad that Japan has decided to break off negotiations with Russia and to withdraw her minister and the entire legation staff from St. Petersburg, and that upon the receipt of a note to this effect from the Japanese minister Russia had ordered her minister, Baron de Rosen, and the legation staff to leave Tokio.

In notifying Russia's representatives abroad of Japan's action in breaking off negotiations, Count Lamsdorff says, in concluding his telegram:

"Such attitude on the part of the Tokio government, which has not even awaited the arrival of the answer of the imperial government, which was sent off during the last few days, throws the whole responsibility for the consequences which may arise from a rupture of diplomatic negotiations between the two empires on Japan."

In a general way the Russian position is understood to be that Russia, while making concessions, declined to yield on the four following points:

First—Japan's right to ask for a treaty covering the sovereignty of Manchuria.

Second—She insisted upon mutual recognition of the independence of Korea.

Third—That there should be no fortification of southern Korea which might threaten Russian Communications with Port Arthur and Vladivostock; and

Fourth—She declined to meet Japan's wishes with regard to neutral zone on both sides of the Yalu river.

The news of the breaking off of diplomatic relations between Russia and Japan was spread far and wide throughout the capital by extra bulletins of the papers. Much excitement was created, and this resulted in patriotic demonstrations.

A Step Toward War.

A special from Tokio, Japan, says: The severance of diplomatic relations between Russia and Japan appears to be only a step toward war, although when the ministers of Russia and Japan withdraw from their respective posts quick and decisive action is expected.

When Minister of Foreign Affairs Komura, on Saturday notified Baron De Rosen, the Russian minister, of Japan's determination to sever diplomatic relations, he is reported to have declared to him that "Japan' is tired of Russia's delays, evasions and insincerity, and has decided to take independent action for the conservation of Japan's Oriental interests."

DOWIE FOLLOWERS AT CHATTANOOGA.

Mempers of Colony Make House to House Visits Proclaiming "Peace" to Inmates.

The Dowie hosts are very active in Chattanooga and the various representatives have visited hundreds of homes and greeted the residents with the salvo: "Peace be to this house."

They have secured the aid of several local people, there being a small Dowieite colony in the city.

STATE AID WANTED FOR SCHOOLS.

Longer Term Sought for Children of Many North Carolina Counties.

A special from Raleigh, N. C., says: Fifty-eight counties have asked the state for aid in order to keep their public schools open four months in the year. The amounts allowed these range all the way from three hundred to four thousand dollars.

Negroes on Jury.

The jury commission of Dallas county, Alabama, having put the names of some thirty negroes in the jury box in violation of a custom that has prevailed for nearly a quarter of a century are coming in for considerable criticism. The commission acted on advice from those high in authority and learned in the law, the recent decision of the supreme court in the Rogers case having led up to the action.

The National Association of Letter Carriers is undertaking a rather large enterprise in its scheme to provide pensions for its superannuated or disabled members, but this is a day of large things, and if it can successfully carry out the project it is better than depending on the Government for such assistance.

The petrified man that was dug up in the neighborhood of Asheville, N. C., and sold to a company for $3500, now turns out to be a neat bit of modeling in Portland cement; but still it is not thought that this unfortunate affair will seriously depress the gold brick market.

THE COOSA'S POWER

To Be Utilized This Summer by New Company.

Arrangements have been made to organize a company to be known as the Coosa Water Power Development company with a capital of $250,000. It is said that northern men of prominence in financial circles will be interested.

The lands and water power privileges in Calhoun county have been purchased, and the right to build the dam across the abandoned portion of the river secured from the secretary of war, and the probate judge has had a jury make report and assessment of damages, all of which are of record in Calhoun county.

The company will build the dam this summer, and erect power plant and lay off manufacturing sites. Negotiations are being made with eastern parties to build a cotton duck mill, and with western parties for a large reduction plant.

The large lake formed by the dam will be used for boating and fishing, and a park will be arranged there.

West End Progress.

The city council and citizens of West End, Ala., are contemplating the institution of municipal ownership, and their first move in this direction will be the erection of an electric light plant and installing of a water works system. It is proposed that these two moves will be made by the city alone, and that no company will be given stock in the enterprises. If the plans that the council of the city have on foot are realized, in the near future bonds amounting to $100,000 will be floated and work on the propositions will be immediately undertaken.

The Cane Crop.

Correspondents record in their letters the successful prosecution of field work and spring planting, and in a number of instances the work of putting down the seed for the coming crop has been completed, this being in strong contrast to the situation at this time last year, when in a number of cases not a stalk of spring plant cane was yet in the ground, the extremely wet and disagreeable weather having prevented the inauguration of this work.

Oldest Mason Dead.

Judge Green D. Campbell died at his residence in Scottsboro, Ala., Friday morning. He had been an invalid for a year, being totally blind. Judge Campbell was one of the most prominent citizens in the county. He filled some of the highest offices and represented Jackson county in the legislature.

Judge Campbell was the oldest living Mason in Alabama.

Fatal Wreck.

While running at the rate of fifty miles an hour and twenty minutes late, a Southern passenger train from Demopolis, Ala., collided, head on, with an extra freight train from Meridian, Miss., near York, Ala., Monday. The engineer and fireman on the passenger train were instantly killed, the express messenger and postal clerks, Eastman and Watson, and several passengers were seriously injured. The engineer's head was completely severed from his body.

Hand Mangled.

Lawrence Ezell, an employe of the Gulf Red Cedar mills at Paint Rock, Ala., had the misfortune to get his hand caught by a belt and drawn into some machinery, which mangled it to such an extent that amputation was necessary.

W. Cameron Forbes, of Boston, has been offered the place on Philippine commission made vacant by the promotion of Governor Taft.

At Lakeland, Fla., an entire block was burned Monday morning. The loss is estimated at $75,000 with insurance of about one-third. The cause of the fire is unknown. The entire burned district will at once be rebuilt.

One person has purchased $12,000 worth of property in Pensacola, Fla., which he proposes to sub-divide.

Tore House Down Over Their Heads.

The entire family of A. A. Willbanks, of Pinckney City, had a narrow escape from death Sunday at noon.

While the family were seated at the dinner table lightning struck the house and tore out the whole front side, destroying one chimney and doing other slight damage. The lightning skirted the entire house, but the damage was confined to the front side. Fortunately no one was hurt.

Despondency over poor health caused Reese McCurdy, son of Captain W. D. McCurdy, of Lowndesboro, Ala., to shoot himself through the head Monday morning.

A new issue of stamps for the Louisiana Purchase exposition will be on sale May 1st.

The senate committee on commerce gave a hearing Wednesday to a delegation appointed by the levee convention held in New Orleans last October to present a series of resolutions looking to the perfection of a Mississippi river levee system from the mouth of that river to the mouth of the Ohio.

ON THE STATE LINE.

Old Controversy Between Alabama and Florida.

Special Agent G. W. Lee has filed in the office of the secretary of state the field notes of the strip of land on the Florida border, and they become a matter of record.

The filing of these notes recalls an old struggle between Alabama and Florida for a strip of several thousand acres of valuable timber lands. Many years ago two surveyors named Coffee and Whitney ran border lines between Alabama and Florida, and each of these lines has since taken the name of the surveyor. The Coffee line runs parallel to the Whitney line from the Chattahoochee river, about two miles north for a distance of about seventy miles. Florida claimed the Coffee line to be correct, but when the dispute was finally settled Alabama was victorious and the Whitney line declared the proper one.

While the dispute over the wedge was being waged, the Alabama field notes were compiled and filed according to the Coffee line, and consequently since the settlement of the dispute persons desiring the use of the field notes of the "wedge" have been forced to go to Florida for them.

Attention was directed to this matter by former Secretary of State McDavid, which resulted in the last legislature making an appropriation of $200 to have the field notes made.

NOT YET APPREHENDED.

Assault and Arson at Phoenix City, Ala.

The person or persons who burglarized the house of Sam Waller, west of Phoenix City, Ala., Friday night, set fire to the residence and then shot repeatedly at various members of the family, are still at large.

It is now believed that one burglar was responsible for the reign of terror. Mr. Waller is an old man and went to town for help. After his departure the two ladies there, his wife and a Mrs. McCroan, had a perilous experience. As they left the house a man met them in the yard and cursed them. They finally took refuge in a servant's house, turning out the lights. The burglar broke the door down and entering, set fire to a bed there. Mrs. McCroan was badly cut and Mrs. Waller thought her husband dead until his return at the head of the rescuing party.

FORGOT THE DYNAMITE.

Both Hands Blown Off and One Eye Gone.

D. C. Wolf, a miner employed at the Bradford mines in Jefferson county, Ala., is in the hospital in a critical condition, the result of an accident. It appears that Wolf was preparing a "shot" in the coal, and after putting in his explosive lighted a stick of dynamite. Forgetting that he had lighted the dynamite, so it is stated, he started to get out of his room in the mine to escape injury from the "shot" in the coal. The dynamite which he carried in his hands exploded. Wolf was knocked down and rendered unconscious. When men in the mines heard the two explosions, one from the "shot" and the other from the dynamite, they ran to the place and found Wolf in a horrible condition. Both of his hands were blown off, one of his eyes entirely destroyed and the other seriously injured. In addition to this he was horribly bruised. The man's condition is such that there is not much hope for his final recovery.

On Friday, February 19, the property of the defunct Bessemer, Ala., Savings bank will be sold at public auction. As early as practicable the first dividend will be paid to the late institution's creditors, which, it is expected, will be between 30 and 35 per cent of the total claims filed. The receiver has on hand $32,000 and $4,500 of county script.

Mrs. Betsy Allen, who lives in Paint Rock, Ala., celebrated her 104th birthday last week. Those who know her say that she is really that old.

Jackson county, Alabama, farmers are preparing to plant most of their land in cotton.

In 1903 there were 116 miles of new railroad track built in Alabama.

A One-Legged Marshal.

Thomas Crow was elected marshal of Courtland, Ala. Crow has been marshal of the town for a number of years and held the office up to October last, when in an attempt to arrest a negro he was shot so seriously in the leg that amputation was necessary.

While Mr. Crow now has only one leg, he insists that he can discharge all of the duties of marshal, and a majority of the people of the town seem to agree with him, as he was elected by a handsome majority. Courtland now, so far as known, has the only one-legged marshal in the state.

Rear Admiral Wise, in command of the training squadron now at Guantanamo, Cuba, has been ordered to San Domingo to protect American interests.

Bessemer, Ala., rolling mills are experimenting in rail conversion. The re-rolling of heated 80-pound rails into 16-pound rails is the work in hand.

A jail delivery at Gadsden, Ala., was prevented Sunday. A diamond saw was discovered after a bar was almost entirely severed.

New Industries

ALABAMA.

Alabama City—Bottling works.
Birmingham—$50,000 medicine factory; $40,000 extract company; $10,000 trunk factory.
Huntsville—Hoop mill.
Jasper—$5,000 telephone company.

FLORIDA.

Gainesville—Saw mill.
Jacksonville—$125,000 lumber and naval stores company.
Live Oak—Turpentine plant.

GEORGIA.

Cedartown—Telephone system.
Graves—Saw mill.
Moultrie—Planing mill; dry kiln.
Quitman—Yarn mill.
Tifton—Saw and planing mill.
Waycross—Planing mill.

LOUISIANA.

Baton Rouge—Electric light plant.
Bunkie—$25,000 ice factory.
New Orleans—$50,000 bedstead factory; canning factory.

MISSISSIPPI.

Corinth—$50,000 engine and boiler works.
Laurel—Oil company.
Mt. Olive—Canning factory.
Trinity—Table factory.

TENNESSEE.

Ashland City—Telephone system.
Chattanooga—$50,000 engineering company.
Columbia—$15,000 electric light and power plant.
Dixon Springs—Tobacco factory.
Lewisburg—Flouring mill; buggy factory.
Memphis—Telephone system; $14,000 land company.
Murfreesboro—Cotton gin.
Nashville—$20,000 lumber company.
Sweetwater—$10,000 electric light plant; $10,000 water works.
Vonore—Saw mill.

BURNED AT THE STAKE.

Negro and His Wife Meet Terrible Fate in Mississippi.

A special from Doddville, Miss., says:

Luther Holbert and his wife, negroes, were burned at the stake Sunday by a mob of over 1,000 persons for the killing of James Eastland, a prominent white planter, and John Carr, a negro, on Wednesday morning at the Eastland plantation.

The burning of Holbert and his wife closes a tragedy which has cost eight lives, has engaged two hundred men and two packs of bloodhounds in a four days' chase across four counties.

The dead are:

Luther Holbert and wife, negroes, burned at the stake by mob; James Eastland, white planter, killed by Holbert; John Carr, negro, killed by Holbert; John Winters, negro, killed by Eastland; three unknown negroes killed by posses.

The killing of Eastland, Carr and Winters occurred Wednesday morning at Eastland's plantation. Holbert and Winters were in Carr's cabin when Eastland entered and ordered Holbert to leave the plantation. A difficulty ensued, in which it is alleged that Holbert opened fire on Eastland, fatally wounding him and killing Carr. Eastland returned the fire and killed Winters.

When news of the tragedy reached Doddsville, a posse was formed and left immediately for Eastland's plantation. Arriving there, further shooting occurred, and an unknown negro was killed. Holbert and his wife, who had donned men's clothing, both heavily armed, had fled.

The 16-year-old son of Holbert, who was held on suspicion of complicity in the killing of Eastland, was given his freedom, his innocence being established.

It is reported that the sight of the pope is failing.

Sunday will be St. Valentine's day.

GROUND BROKEN

For New Street Car Manufacturing Plant at Ensley.

Near Ensley, Ala., ground was broken Saturday for the plant of the Southern Street Car Manufacturing Company's plant. The site of the proposed industry is between Ensley and Pratt City. The main structure of the plant will be two stories, 300 by 300 feet, and will be used as the shops proper. The management of the company has decided not to erect a commissary building. The cost of the original plant is estimated at $100,000.

The company was organized with a capital of $50,000, but it is soon to be increased to $500,000. The product will be street cars. The plant will give employment to 300 skilled workmen to begin with. Later on the number will be increased to 1,000, and after everything gets in full running order it is the intention of the management to employ 2,000 men.

Senator Hanna is down with typhoid fever. The case is not as yet considered serious.

Mississippi's lower house, after debate, passed a bill providing the death penalty on convictions of attempted criminal assault, the fixing of the penalty being optional with the jury. Heretofore attempted criminal assault has been punished by a maximum sentence of ten years in prison.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBose, - - - - Editor
Geo. D. Campbell, - - Manager

COLUMBIANA, ALA.
Thursday, Feb. 11, 1904

Entered in the post-office at Columbiana Ala., as second class matter.

ANNOUCEMENTS.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county.

D. R. McMILLAN.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce E. S. Lyman as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. O'Hara a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the primary to be held next year.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county.

WALTER E. LESTER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

W. A. THOMPSON.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

The many friends of T. J. Martin in Beat 10, announce him a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk, subject to Democratic primary.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis, announces himself a cnadidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

J. M. Ray, of Wilsonville, announces himself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of J. E. Adams in Beat Eleven, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

W. R. WEAVER.

R. J. Griffin, of Maylene, is a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county subject to the action of the democratic primary.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR

W. C. Benton, of Silura, announces himself a candidate for Taz Assessor of Shelby county subject tothe action of the democtatic party.

J. M. DYE announces himself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to action of the Democratic primary.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John N. Wyatt as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District of Shelby county, subject to the Democratic primary.

Commissioner 1st District.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Commissioner from the First District, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

Walter E. Riddle.

FOR SOLICITOR.

I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the office of Soliciter of the Seventh Judicial Circuit.

BORDEN H. BURR.

FOR CHANCELLOR.

We are authorized to announce R. A.D. Dunlap a candidate for Chancellor of this district.

FOR SUPT. OF EDUCATION.

I hereby announce for re-election to the office of County Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of Democratic primary.

JOHN B. FARRELL.

The farmers in this part of the country are happy over the good price for cotton.

The trusts feel amply able to make the rest of that $500,000 fund look like 30 cents.

Senator Morgan has given up the Nicaragua Canal scheme and now favors the annexation of Panama.

There is much improvement in the way building fences, tenant houses and such other farm improvements.

Mr. Hanna says he does not know where the phrase "stand pat" came from. Perhaps he was to excited to notice who said it.

Foraker says the fight in Ohio is to the finish, which is not news to those who are acquainted with the situation. They can see Foraker's finish.

Is it possible that the Roosevelt boom has reached the stage where it is necessary for its owner to jump out and made another spectacular play against the trusts?

W. C. Whitney, secretary ofthe Navy under Cleveland's administration, died at his home in New York last Tuesday, Mr. Whitney was one of the foremost business men of the North.

MORGAN ON CANAL QUESTION.

The people of the south will pity and forgive, but will not forget such as can find excuse in their upstart despotism for the acceptance of gifts that are stained with fraud, are gathered from the wreck of the constitution, the statutes enacted by congress, and the laws of nations.

"We cannot if we would convince those who live or those who will live that it is honorable or just or reasonable to assist any man who may be present in the violation of the consittution or the lewe of the land. We cannot mark down the people of the south to the figure, in commercial politics, that accepts a favor of any party or any man, as the price of its support of men who disregard laws and trample the rights of the weak under foot, or of measures that are wrong dishonorable. "We have never been robbers or faithbreakers and we will not lend our assistance to those who are."

Call Meeting.

The Democratic Executive committee of Shelby County is hereby called to meet in the court house on Tuesday February, 16th 1904 at 1 o'clock, p m. It is important for every member of the committee to be present, as business of importance will be transacted.

J. R. White,
Chairman Dem. Ex. Com.

WHITE LABOR IN THE SOUTH.

The Washington Post calls attention to the fact that a cotton crops valued at $750,000,000 and the certainty that the annual product of the staple will equal that sum for years to come, the South is making a bid for white labors that will not be long resisted, because, as the Post puts it, "labor goes where reward for honest toil is assured, and the conditions in the South are now such that the white man may rely upon profitable employment with abundant opportunities for bettering his condition, without which there is no incentive to labor."

There has been a wonderful development of the South's cotton industry, but it has not reached the limit. Statistcs show that in the ten years following the civil war the South produced about 2,500,000 bales of cotton annually and the demand was so much greater than the supply that the staple commanded high prices This was followed by an increase of production and a decrease in price until cotton was sold so low that the farmers came out in debt to their merchants at the end of every planting season. Within the last five or six years the production of cotton has increased at a very rapid price and the crop now average about 10,000,000 annually, with a value of $700,000,000. In the meantime there has been a marvelous growth of cotton factories, and the center of the cotton manufacturing business has been removed from the New England States to the South.

Those who have made a study of the labor conditions in the South, especially the managers of the great railway systems, are now doing everything in their power to encourage white immigration to this section of the country, and their efforts are meeting with success. Our Washington contemporary remarks that the results of the last few years have shown the white men not only excel negroes in the mills and factories, but they raise more and better cotton than the negro, are better paid, have higher standards of living, and add greatly to the prosperity of the community in which they are located. The statistics of the Census Bureau show that of the 24,000,000 acres of cotton raised last year white labor worked 14,000,000 acres of it, and nearly 5,000,000 additional acres were worked by white managers who rented small tracts of land hired negroes to do a part of the work. The Post is quite right saying that these facts are sufficient to explode the old arguments used by immigration agents interested in booming Western lands that the white man cannot work cotton profitable and cannot stand the semi-tropic climate in the South—States.

G, D. Wyatt, of Cora Hill, Williamson county, Texas, gives his experience in Texas Farmer with the Mexican boll weevil and other pets as follows: "Last year I planted 115 acres and got 7 bales. This year I planted 70 acres I had 6 lamps made with pans and kept them on 40 acres, from which I gatherd 17½ bales. On the remaining 30 acres I did not use the lamps and got ouly 1½ bales. The boll weevil mother is easily caught in pans. She is a pale, red insect and looks very much like the large flying red ants, and she is a very swift flyer. She comes very early in the cotton season and deposits her egg in the early squares, and in 8 or 10 days the squares fall off, and from 12 to 15 days more boll weevils will hatch out; then you have the boll weevil in your cotton. The weevil has a shell protecting its body, but you can take most of that shell off and it will still live and fly. If you put the weevil under a magnifying glass without the shell on it you will see that it is nothing but the mother boll weevil. My opinion is that the boll weevil only winters in a hard shell. And in the spring shed just like the locust. I have twenty weevils put up in a jar, and I have had them there at least fifty days. I feed them and they look well so far. I don't think they increase until they shed in the spring. I want to keep them alive until May if I can. The lamps also catch the little bloom fly that does even more damage than the boll weevil. The bloom fly is smaller than a gnat and about the color of the white cotton bloom, and they are very herd to see without a pocket lens. They get right into bloom as soon as it begins to come out of the square and cut the bud of the bloom into fine dust. If that square makes anything at all the boll won't be much larger than a bird's egg, sometimes one or two locks may open. The lamps also catch the brown miller that makes the boll worm, and the large miller that makes the corn tassel worm, and the white miller that makes the leaf worm, and many other insects that do great damage to cotton, corn and garden."

The prospects for securing the World's Fair loan of $4,500,000 appear to be favorable—in fact, it is believed by those best posted that Congress is certain to grant the request of the Exposition management. This being the case, the quicker matters are arranged the better it will be for all concerned. Only three months remain untill the gates will be thrown open. and it will keep everybody hustling to get ready.

The farmer who has confined his efforts to two or three staple crops does not know how his farm would respond to some one or more special crops. This is a day of specialties, and many men can make a success growing some special crop who are not now making a good living growing some of the stable crops. The way to start on some special crops is to start with a small area and gradually branch ont to larger proportions. Ihav in my mind a farmer who made a failure of growing staple crops and after-wards mad pronounced success growing broom corn. Another di the sam thing with pop corn—Practic Farmer.

The oldest and best equipped livery stable in this section of the state is located at Montevallo and is fitted up with the latest styles, and up-to-date rigs This stable was established in 1882, and is opposite the St. George's Hotel, and is under the management of Wm Kroell. Team can be furnished on short notice. Bus meets all trains. The proprietor has lately added new rubber tired rigs and keeps the best of stock, and employs none but polite and trusty drivers.

QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS IN THE COURT HOUSE ELECTION.

To the Voters of Shelby County:

In order that there may be no misunderstanding in regard to the qualificatians of the voters in the primary election to be held on the 11th day of April we deem it proper to give in a condensed form the law in reference to same.

A person to be entitled to vote in the primary election on the 11th of April 1904, must possess all of the following qualifications:

1st. He must be over twenty-one years and must have resided continuously in the state two years in the county one and in the precinct in which he offers to vote three months, immediately preceding the election at which he offers to votes, provided that when he removes from one precinct to another within three months immediately preceding the election, he may vote in the precinct from which he removed, provided he could legally have voted in said precinct had he not removed.

2nd. He must have legally registered in Shelby county under the new constitution of 1901.

3rd. He must have paid his poll tax for 1901 and 1902 (if he was liable for the poll tax of said years or either of them) and he must have paid his poll tax on or before the first of February 1st, 1903. and he must show to the managers of the election his poll tax receipts for said years; or make oath before the managers that he has paid said poll tax. Any one falsely making said oath would be guilty of perjury and on conviction would be sentenced to the penitentiary.

4th. The following persons are disqualified from voting in said election; all idiots and insane persons, those who were by reason of conviction of crime disqualified from voting at the time of the ratification of the constitution on November 28th, 1901, those who have been since Nov. 28th, 1901, convicted of treason, murder, arson, embezzlement, malfeacance in office, larcency, receiving stolen property, obtaining money under false pretenses, perjury, subornation of perjury, robbery, assault with intent to rob, burglary, forgery, bribery, assault and battery on wife, bigamy, living in adultery, sodomy, incest, rape, miscegenation, crime against nature, or any crime punishable by imprisonment in the peuitentiary; or for any infamous crimes, or crimes involving moral turpitude, or convicted as a tramp, or vagrant, or of selling or offering fo sell his vote or the vote of another, or of making or offering to make false returns in any election by the poople.

Patents

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$20,000 BOND.

THE KEYSTONE LAW AND PATENT CO., 207 Betz Building, Philadelphia, which is the only bonded Patent Agency in the world, offer to make a Guaranteed Search of the Patent Office Records (not merely their opinion) Free of charge to the readers of this JOURNAL who will send a sketch, model or description of their invention.

They will also give a certificate of patentability which will be of great assistance to an inventor in raising capital.

Valid Patents with the broadest claims secured on easy weekly payments. Write to-day.

S. S. WILLIAMSON,
President.

ONE MINUTE

One Minute Cough Cure does not pass immediately into the stomach, but lingers in the throat, chest and lungs, producing the following results:

(1) Relieves the cough.
(2) Makes the breathing easy.
(3) Cuts out the phlegm.
(4) Draws out the inflammation.
(5) Kills the germs (microbes) of disease.
(6) Strengthens the mucous membranes.
(7) Clears the head.
(8) Relieves the feverish conditions.
(9) Removes every cause of the cough and the strain on the lungs.
(10) Enables the lungs to contribute pure life-giving and life-sustaining oxygen to the blood. Cures Croup and all Cough, Lung and Bronchial Affections.

COUGH CURE

Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
For Piles, Burns, Sores.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowed to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but it stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 25 and 75 cts. For sale by Williams Bros.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

When you fell dull after eating.
When you have no appetite.
When you have a bad taste in mouth.
When your liver is torpid.
When your bowels are constipated.
When you have a headache.
When you feel bilious.
They will improve your appetite and invigorate your stomach, and regulate your liver and bowels. Price 25c per box at Williams Bros.

Non-Residence Notice.

L. M. Dyke, Vs. Henry Walthall. State of Alabama, } Circuit Court.
Shelby County. } Whereas, L. M. Dyke as plaintiff in said cause has obtained an attachment out of this court issued the 19th day of January, 1904. against the estate of the said Henry Walthall as defendant, which attachment has been levied by R. F. Cox, sheriff of Shelby county, Ala., on the following described real estate of the said defendant, to-wit: Island "A" in Coosa river of sections 17 and 8, and all of Island "B" in Coosa river, of section 8. all in township 21, range 2 east. All of which is situated in the the county of Shelby and and state of Alabama, and, whereas, it appears that the said Henry Walthal defendant as aforesaid is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in the State of New York, therefore the said Henry Walthal wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the said attachment and the levy thereof as aforesaid.

Witness my hand this the 21st day of January 1904.

J. P. PEARSON, Clerk.

DeWitt is the Name.

When you go to buy Witch Hazel Salve look for the name on every box. The pure, unadulterated Witch Hozel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles The popularity of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, due to its many cures, has caused numerous worthless counterfeits to be placed on market. The genuine bears the name of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. Sold by Williams Bros.

Teachers' Institute Examination Course.

Teachers wishing to prepare for examination should write at once, to Prof. J. L. Graham; L.L. D, 152 154 Randolph Building, Memphis, Tenn., for particulars concerning his specia Teachers' Examination Course.

The course is taught by mail, and prepares teachers for examinations in every state in the Union. Leading educators pronounce it the best course ever offered to the teaching profession, and all teachers wishing to advance in their profession should immediately avail themselves of it. Enclose stamp for reply.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

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MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

Dragging Pains

2825 Keeley St.,
Chicago, Ill., Oct., 2, 1902.

I suffered with falling and congestion of the womb, with severe pains through the groins. I suffered terribly at the time of menstruation, had blinding headaches and rushing of blood to the brain. What to try I knew not, for it seemed that I had tried all and failed, but I had never tried Wine of Cardui, that blessed remedy for sick women. I found it pleasant to take and soon knew that I had the right medicine. New blood seemed to course through my veins and after using eleven bottles I was a well woman.

Mrs. Bush is now in perfect health because she took Wine of Cardui for menstrual disorders, bearing down pains and blinding headaches when all other remedies failed to bring her relief. Any sufferer may secure health by taking Wine of Cardui in her home. The first bottle convinces the patient she is on the road to health.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE of CARDUI

While shyly accepting the encominums showered upon their patriotism, those Panama revolutionists who rose "as one man" are neglecting to keep a sharp lookout for the arrival of that little consignment of ten million American dollars.

Three Time the Value of Any Other.

One-Third Easier.
One-Third Faster.

Agents wanted in all Unoccupied Territory.

WHEELER & WILSON
MANUFACTURING CO.
ATLANTA, - - - - - GA.

PIANOS, ORGANS AND SEWING MACHINES ON FREE TRIAL!!

ELEGANT CENTURY UPRIGHT PIANO, $125. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT PARLOR ORGANS, $25 UP. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT CENTURY SEWING MACHINES, BALL-BEARING, $13. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial. CASH OR EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

We trust honest people located in all parts of the world.

Direct from factory to homes at factory prices.

WRITE FOR FREE CATALOGUE.

CENTURY MF'G CO. DEP'T East St. Louis, Ill.

DeWitt's Little **Early Risers**
The famous little pills.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effect June 14, 1903.

*No. 22	*No. 16	STATIONS.	*No. 15	*No. 21.
7.00pm	9.55am	lv. Mobile..ar	10.35pm	8 10am
1.10am	4.10pm	lv..Selma..lv	4.30pm	2.05am
5.30 m	9.00 m	ar Birm'ham lv	6.20am	0.35 m
9.40am	.....	ar Chat'n'ga lv	.....	6.15pm
1.1 pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	.....	2.10pm
5.4 m	.....	ar..Bristol..lv	.....	6.50am
6.00 m	.....	ar.Asheville lv	.....	9.20 m
1.50am	.....	ar Lynchb'rg lv	.....	3.00am
6.55am	.....	ar W'sh'g'n lv	.....	10. 0pm
12.43pm	.....	ar..N York..lv	.....	3.25pm

Nos. 22 and 21 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville. Birmingham and New York. Cafe car serves meals en route

No. *18	STATIONS.	No. *17
7.2 am	lv..... Asheville ..... ar	7.45pm
9.10am	lv..... Akron ..... ar	7 3 m
2.55am	..... Greensboro	m
11.52	.....	

.....	11 0am	..Marion Jct..	5.1 pm	.....
.....	11 6am	ar { Selma { lv	4.45pm	.....
.....	12.05pm	lv { Selma { ar	4.30pm	.....
.....	2.35m	Montevallo	2.1 m	.....
.....	2.2 pm	....Calera....	2.20pm	.....
.....	2.42 m	..Columbiana..	1.49 m	.....
*6.45 m	3.18 m	..Childersburg	1.11pm	*9.23pm
7.25am	3.55pm	...Talladega...	12.3 m	8.3 pm
8.25am	4.45pm	....Anniston....	11.35am	7.40 m
8.48am	5.1 pm	..Jacksonville..	11.0 am	7.40pm
9.08am	5.3 pm	...Piedmont...	10.48am	6.10pm
9.58am	6.2 pm	..Cave Springs..	9.58am	5.50pm
*10.3 m	7.05pm	ar....Rome....	9.20am	5.0 pm
11.30am	10.4 pm	ar..Atlanta..lv	8.3 am	*4.15 m

STATIONS.	No. *3	No. *5	No. *34	No. *38
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	4.10pm	3.5 m
Pell City	.....	7.2 am	5.25pm	12.45am
Anniston	4.15am	8.20a	6.3 pm	1.38.m
Heflin	5.0 m	9.0 m	7.25m	2.33am
Edwardsville	5.1 m	.....	7.39p	2.46 m
Fruithurst	5.2 m	.....	7.42p	2.56a m
Tallapoosa	5.43am	9.37am	8.05p	3.15 m
Bremen	6.07am	.....	8.30p	3.3 am
Douglasville	7.10am	10.45am	9.15p m	4.23a m
Lithia Springs	7.25a m	.....	9.27p	4.35a m
Atlanta	8.0am	11.30 m	10.5pm	5.10a m

STATIONS.	No. *3	No. *5	No. *34	No. *38
Lv Atlanta	6.10am	4.15p	11 5pm	6 10pm
Lithia Springs	6 57a m	5.00pm	12 2 m	7 17pm
Douglasville	7.16am	.....	12 32a m	7.30 m
Bremen	7.56a	5.35p m	1 21 m	8 25pm
Tallapoosa	8.15 m	6.10pm	1.42 m	8 53 m
Fruithurst	8 34a m	.....	1.58 m	9.10pm
Edwardsville	8 40am	6.33 m	2 05 m	9 27pm
Heflin	9 0am	6.52pm	2 15am	9 50pm
Anniston	9 4 am	7.25p m	2 55a m	10 33pm
Pell City	10.38am	8.35p	4.07a m	.....
Birmingham	11.45am	9.55pm	5.20 m	.....

STATIONS.	No. 36	No. 38
Lv Birmingham	4.10pm	6.10am
Lv Anniston	6.3 pm	8.23am
Lv Atlanta	10.5pm	12.0 m
Ar Macon	1.05am	2.25pm
Ar Jesup	5.25m	.....
Ar Jacksonville	8.30am	.....
Ar Brunswick	6.55am	.....

No 36 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Brunswick and Atlanta to Jacksonville.

No. 38 carries Pullman Sleeping car and Dining car Birmingham to Atlanta.

STATIONS.	No. 15
Lv Rome	7.10pm
Ar Chattanooga	9.50pm
Ar Knoxville	1 4 am
Ar Hot Springs	4.55am
Ar Asheville....(Cent Time)	5.55am
Ar Salisbury....(East Time)	11.35am
Ar Greensboro	12.50pm
Ar Washington	6.5 pm
Ar New York	6.13am

No. 15 carries Pullman Sleeping car Rome to Chattanooga, Chattanooga to Salisbury and Salisbury to New York without change.

STATIONS.	No. 2	No 4.
Lv Chattanooga	10.08am	10.4 pm
Ar Cincinnati	7.30 m	8.15am
Ar Louisville	8.15pm	10.35am

No. 4 Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to Louisville and Cincinnati.

No. 2 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

STATIONS.	No. 40	No. 38	No. 36
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	4 10pm
Lv Atlanta (Cent Time)	1.45pm	1.00 m	1.00am
Ar Charlotte	10.05 m	8.13pm	9.20am
Ar Danville	2.5am	11.55 m	1.2 pm
Ar Lynchburg	4 3am	1.55am	3.2pm
Ar Charlottesville	4.20am	3.37am	5.0pm
Ar Washington	7.45 m	6.42am	9.15m
Ar Baltimore	10.55am	7.5am	11.35pm
Ar Philadelphia	12.54n'n	10.15am	2.55am
Ar New York	3.03pm	12.43pm	6.13am

No. 38 "Washington & Southwestern Limited" Solid Vestibule train Atlanta to New York, carrying Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Club car Atlanta to Washington.

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

J. C. [illegible]

C. A. [illegible]

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles

Prepared only by E. C. DeWITT & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

For sale by Williaml Bros.

The Pleasure of Eating.

Persons suffering from indigestion dyspepsia or other stomach trouble will find that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digets what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. This remedy is a never failing cure for indigestion and dyspepsia and all complaints affecting glands or membranes of the stomach or digestive tract. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure everything you eat and every bit of the nourishment that your food contains is taken up and appropriated by the various tissues. Sold by Williams Brothers.

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Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM, : : : : : : : : ALA

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.
Upstairs in Bank Building.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.

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Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO, - - ALABAMA.
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA.

Williams Bros. Will Buy It Back.

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Williams Brothers will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant and reliable.

HALF RATES TO TEXAS

Cotton Belt Route

BOTH ONE WAY AND ROUND TRIP

via the Cotton Belt, from St. Louis, Thebes, Cairo and Memphis, first and third Tuesdays of each month, beginning October 21st. For one-way tickets,

Half the One-Way Rate, plus $2.00;

round-trip tickets, one fare plus $2.00, to points in Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territories. Write for particulars and cost of ticket from your home town.

The Cotton Belt runs solid through trains to Texas, equipped with the most modern and comfortable cars. These trains make quick time and direct connections for all parts of the Great Southwest.

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THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

THURSDAY, FEB. 11, 1904.

Valentine day 14th.

County court Monday.

Cotton is still selling for a good price

One of the heaviest rains of the year fell Sunday.

Cotton went down about one hundred and fifty points.

A movement is on foot to build a bicycle track in our town.

A. H. Avery, of Shelby, was in the city last week on business.

W. J. Sewell, of Weldon, transacted business here Saturday.

J. H. Weldon, of Wilsonville, was a visitor to the city last Friday.

J. W. Bandy Drug Co., have received a handsome line of stationery.

Miss Carrie Rowe, of Cresswell, visited her parents Saturday and Sunday.

The colored people will have a grand rally at Hardyville on the 21st of this month.

So far there is only two candidates out for Tax Assessor, W. C. Benton and John M. Dye.

H. E. Whitaker, editor of the Montevallo Sentinel, was in the city Saturday and Sunday.

Hon. James I. Abercrombie returned from a trip to Washington, D. C., Monday.

The baseball season is approaching, can't our city get up a good team for the season?

Rufus O'Hara left Sunday for Montgomery, where he goes to seek a railroad situation.

Rev. John Milner filled the pulpit at the Presbyterian church on last Sunday morning.

J. W. Bandy, the popular druggist of Montevallo, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city.

Bordon H. Burr, of Talladega, was in the city last week shaking hands with his many friends.

"That was the second she has said, no," and I am awful sorry that two negatives not make an affirmative."

"Have you any oysters;" was asked a sable porter the other day. "No, sah, we have no shellfish 'cept eggs, sah."

I am agent for the White Swan Laundry, and would be glad to have you give me your laundy. AMOS COX.

A shadow party will be given at the National Hotel on Friday night by the Sunbeam Society of the Baptist church.

Again I opened a repair shop at the blacksmith shop of J. T. Barnett, in the rear of J. W. Johnston's store.
NOLAN BARNETT.

Osce Bird, the clever clerk in the Probate Judge's office had the misfortune to have one of his fingers mashed on Monday.

A call for a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee has been called for the 16th of February at the court house.

Walter E. Lester, a prominent candidate far county treasurer, was in the city Tuesday shaking hands with his many friends.

There are only two candidates for Commissioners, John N. Wyatt from the Third district, and Walter E. Riddle from the First district.

W. B. Browne returned home from Auburn last Saturday, where he was called to see his sick son. We are glad to state that he is improving.

Don't forget that W. W. Albright's blacksmith shop is situated on East College street, where you can get your blacksmith work done on short notice

There are three good men in the field for Tax Collector, R. J. Griffin, Wm. R. Weaver and J. W. Perry. All three are able and competent men for the office.

In this issue will be found resolutions passed by the Gadsden Bar endorsing Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap as a suitable candidate for Chancellor of the Northern Division.

In another place in this issue will fo found a tice of mortgage-sale of valuable property which will be sold on the 12th of March to the highst bidder for cash.

It is only about sixty days until the primary election, and the candidates will have a short time in which to let the voters know who you are. Send in your announcements now.

J. F. Pope, of Wilsonville, has rented the store house of Mrs. L. C. Armstrong, recently vacated by E. D. Hall, and will in the near future open up a mercantile business.

Perfect Confidence.

Where there used to be a feeling of uneasiness and worry in the household when a child showed symptoms of croup, there is now perfect confidence. This is owing to the uniform success of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the treatment of that disease. Mrs. M. I. Basford, of Polesville, Md., in speaking of her experience in the use of that remedy says: "I have a world of confidence in Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for I have used it with persuccess. My child Garland is subject to severe attacks of croup and it always gives him prompt relief." For sale at J. W. Bandy Drug Co's store.

J. F. Roberts can be found at the Columbiana Mercantile Co. store where he will be glad see old friends and customers when in need of anything in their line.

WHAT ARE THEY?—Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. A new remedy for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation, and a good one. Price 25 cents. For sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

There are two good men out for the office of Probate Judge, and both men will make a probate judge that the county will feel proud of. These two men are both competent for the position they ask for.

There are several more officers to be voted for in the primary which candidates have not yet announced, these are Superintendent of Education, Commissioners, Coroner, Justice of the Peace and Congressman.

John B. Farrell is in the field for re-election for County Superintendent of Education. He has filled the office one term as superintendent and have given satisfaction. He is a competent and if lected will make a good and faithful county superintendent.

The best physic. "Once tried and you will always use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets," says W. A. Girard, Pease, Vt. These are the most prompt, most pleasant and most reliable cathartic in use. For sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

A Case of Rheumatism Cured by Chamberlain's Pain Balm.

The efficiency of Chamberlain's Pain Balm in the relief of rheumatism is being demonstrated daily. Parker Triplett, of Grigsby, Va., says that Chamberlain's Pain Balm gave him relief from rheumatism in the back when everything else failed, and he would not be without it. For sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

Miss Helen Boyer, one of Wilsonville's pretty and charming young ladies has accepted a position with the Hammond Millinery Co. The acquisition of such a young lady to the society of our city is a catch for some young man. Miss Boyer is from the Blue Grass state.

When You Have a Cold.

The first action when you have a cold should be to relieve the lungs. This is best accomplished by the free use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This remedy liquifies the tough mucus and causes its expulsion from the air cells of the lungs, produces a free expectoration, and opens the secretions. A complete cure soon follows. This remedy will cure a severe cold in less time than any other treatment and it leaves the system in a natural and healthy condition. It counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia. For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

We notice that the services of J. P. Roberts have been secured by the Columbiana Mercantile Co. We congratulate this firm on securing such a man. His genial spirit and keen business ability will add greatly to the firm. When we need anything, we expect to call on Joseph for it. Joe it is said, surpasses all expert tailors in taking measures for clothing.

Talk about paying a good round sum for a meal. A Birmingham boy says he washed 200 dishes in Galveston for a ham sandwich, and not a very good one at that.—Sentinel.

Brother, that is nothing, a Columbiana boy says he washed dishes in a Decatur Hotel for three hours to pay for his breakfast, and from the number of dishes it seemed that they had not washed dishes for a month.

The Columbiana Mercantile Co. has started, for the benefit of the people of this county, and also to make room for their heavy stock of goods now on the way from New York, one of the largest Removal and Clearance Sales that ever occurred in this section. Everything, in all lines is going to be closed out at the enormots saving to every purchaser of not less than 35 to 40 per cent. Every person in the town and county should avail themselves of this wonderful opportunity. Watch for the BIG CIRCULARS.

Among the candidates for county treasurer there is C. W. O'Hara, who solicits your support in the primary election in April. Mr. O'Hara has in the past served his county as tax collector for one term and is well known in the county. Another candidate soliciting the votes of the people of the county for treasurer is W. A. Thompson. He is a competent gentleman and should he be the fortunate on will fill the office with credit to the county and to himself.

Nothing Equals Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Dr. P. B. Spears, of Pinchard, Ala., has become acquainted with the good qualities of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and uses it in his own family and in his practice He says: "It beats any preparation I have ever seen for bowel complaints. I do not think of recommending any other, and also use it with my own children." This remedy is for sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

In the selection of the county commissioners the people cannot be too careful, for in the commissioners' court is vested the management of the county's affairs. Walter E, Riddle announces his candidacy for this important position from the 1st district and solicits your support. He lives at Wilsonville, about the middle of the district, and is familiar with its entire territory and is posted as to its needs. He is known as a gentleman of excellent morals, the strictest honor and integrity, good sense, fine judgment and correct business principles. We do not know a man in the county better qualified for commissioner than Mr. Riddle.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.

How to Make Money.

Agents of either sex should today write Marsh Manufacturing Co., 538 Lake st, Chicago, for cuts and particulars of their handsome Aluminum Card Case with name engraved on it and filled with 100 calling or business cards. Everybody orders them. Sample case and 100 cards, postpaid 40 cts. This case and 100 cards retails at 75c. You have only to show sample to get an order. Send 40c at once for case and 100 cards or send 30c for 100 cards without case. Mention this paper

A return engagement of the pleasure giving Merry-Go-Round is announced for Shelby, Ala., one week beginning February 15th. It is the same flyer that visited Columbiana and Shelby a few weeks since, only it is now under the management of the May Bros., of Shelby, who purchased the machine while at Calera, Ala. The Merry Go Round will remain in Shelby for one week only as the new proprietors have a contract to join a Carnival Company playing northward and their return to Shelby is by request. This will give to the people of Shelby and vicinity, one more opportunity to enjoy themselves on the Prince of amusement provides—The Fying Jenny.

Dunlap for Ceancellor.

Gadsden, Ala., Jan. 8, 1904.

The members of the Gadsden Bar met in the office of Boykin & Brindley Monday evening, Jan. 4. Upon motion the chairman appointed a committee consisting of W. J. Boykin, J. B. Martin and Judge J. A. Bilbro to prepare suitable resolutions regarding the candidacy of Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap for Chancellor of the Northern Division. The committee reported the following resolutions:

Whereas, We are advised that the Hon. R. B. Kelley, chancellor of the northeaster chancery division will not by reason of his candidacy for associate justice of our supreme court, aspire to succeed himself as chancellor; and

Whereas, our fellow townsman and leading member of our local bar, Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap, has kindly yielded to the earnest solicitation of the members of the Gadsden bar as well as of leading lawyers, democrats throughout the northeastern division, and will enter the field as a candidate for chancellor. Therefore, be it

Resolved, 1st, That we take great pleasure in commending the Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap to the democracy of the northeastern chancery division, as a suitable man for chancellor; he is democrat true and tried, a lawyer of learning and great research, capable, worthy and well qualified to discharge with credit to himself and honor to the people the responsible duties of the office to which he aspires.

2nd. That it gives us, the members of the Gadsden bar, great pleasure to unanimously and enthusiastically endorse the candidacy of Col. R. A. D. Dunlap; pledging our united and individual efforts in his behalf, and we earnestly solicit the aid of friends and acquaintances and brother lawyers and democrats throughout the division to secure the nomination of this worthy gentleman, for we assure those who help us that Col. Dunlap is a hard working, painstaking, sober, honest, upright Christian gentleman, and if nominated and elected chancellor, he will bring to the office his best efforts and we feel safe in assuring all who honor him with their support they will never have cause to regret their action.

W. J. BOYKIN,
J. B. MARTIN,
J. A. BILBRO.

These resolutions were unanimously adopted and, after transacting other business, the meeting adjourned.
A. R. Brindley, Sec. O. R. Hood, Chairman.

The Cherokee County Bar also endorses the candidacy of Colonel R. A. D. Dunlap. adv.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgaged executed by the Northern Coal Company to the Alabama and Missis ippi Coal Company on November 30th, 1901, and recorded it mortgage book No. 56 page 496 in the Probate office of Shelby county, Ala,, and which mortgage and indebtedness therein was transferred to W. M. Spencer, trustee, the said W. M. Spencer, trustee, owner of said mortgage and indebtedness, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door at Columbiana, Shelby county Ala., during the legal hours of sale, on Saturday, March 12th, 1904, the following described property, lying in said Shelby county, Ala., to-wit: the south east quarter of south west quarter, and west half of south west quarter, all in section 32, township 26, range 3 west; also the south west quarter of the north west quarter of section 32, township 20, range 3 west; except the right of way conveyed to the Echols Coal Co., also except the land conveyed by Columbus Benton and wife to one Rutlin and Echols Coal Company, being about one acre said forty on which the slope of said Echols Coal Co. mines is situated, the south west corner of said acre being about three hundred feet east of the south west corner of said forty acre tract, and also it conveys the right of way and privileges to cross the right of way above referred to with wagon and tram road, and which said right and privilege was conveyed to Columbus Benton by the said Echols Coal Co Co. and the same conveyed by C. Benton and wife to Lula E. Cook, together with all improvements, buildings and appertenances hereto belonging, including engines, boilers, pumps, ram cars, rails and all other property, whether fixtures or not, used in and about the operation of said mines, all the above property lying in Shelby county, Ala. This sale is made to satisfy the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, default having been made in the payment of the indebteness secured, and the cost of this sale, including reasonable attorney's fee. This February 5th, 1904.

W. M. SPENCER.
By Transferee and Owner.
R. H. PEARSON, W. M. SPENCER, } Attorneys.

A child of Mrs. G. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath stepped against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great pain and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remembering that she had a bottle of Chamberlains Pain Balm in the house she would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Pain Balm is an antiseptic liniment and valuable for burns, bruises, cuts and sprains. Sold by Williams Bros., Druggists.

The Proper Treatment for Sprained Ankle.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or 3 months before he has fully recovered. This an unnecessary loss of time, for many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some case within three days. For sale by Williams Bros.

NOTICE.

Mr. S. M. Pickler has bought all the lands in this county that were sold by the state for taxes. I should be glad to have all persons whose lands were sold to the state for taxes to call on me at the court house, or the White House, if they care to redeem their lands, or if the sale of their land was erroneous.

F. A. GAMBLE, Agent.

Cured of Piles After 40 Years.

C. Haney, of Geneva, O., had the piles for 40 years. Doctors and dollars could do him no good, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. Invaluable for cuss, burns, bruises, sprains, lacerations, eczema, tetter, salt rheum, and all other skin diseases Look for the name DeWitt on package—all others are cheay, worthless counterfeits. Sold by Williams Bros.

By special arrangements with the publishers of the Constitution and Sunny South we offer a years's subscription to our own paper in addition to the Contitution and Sunny South and will furnish all three for ONLY TWO DOLLARS. Such orders must come direct to The Chronicle.

Good Advice.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects; such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Waterbrash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth, Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle of August Flower for 25 or 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Try it. For sale by Williams Brothers, Columbiana.

FOR SALE.—One black mare five years old, weighs about 1,000 pounds, sound and good worker. Apply to A. H. AVERY, Shelby, Ala.

The Best Remedy for Croup.

This is the season when the woman who knows the best remedies for croup is in demand in every neighborhood. One of the most terrible things in the world is to be awakened in the night by a whoop from one of the children. The croup remedies are almost sure to be lost in case of croup, as a revolver in case of a burglar. There used to be an old fashioned remedy for croup known as hive syrup and tolu, but some modern mothers say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is better, and does not cost as much. It causes the patient to "throw up the phlegm" quicker, and gives relief in a shorter time. Give this remedy as soon as the croupy cough appears and it will prevent the attack. It never fails and is plasant and safe to take. For sale at Williams Bros.

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A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe today, or, send 4c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

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ABSOLUTELY CURED.
DEWITT'S SALVE,
25 AND 50 CENTS A BOX.
Sold by all druggists. Take no other.
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures.

A Remarkable Case.

One of the most remarkable cases of of cold, deepseated on the lungs, causing pneumonia, is that of Mrs. G. E. Fenner, of Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says "the cough and straining so weakened me that I ran dow in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I tried One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength. Sold by Williams Bros.

WANTED—An energetic and reliable saleman for Shelby county, paying business. Boferences required. Apply at once, CHISLOM BROS., Birmingham, Ala.

For sick headache try Chambertains Stomach and Liver Tablets; they will ward off the attack if taken in time. For sale by Williams Bros.

A Purgative Pleasure.

If you ever took DeWitt's Little Early Risers for biliousness or costipation you know what a purgative pleasure is. These famous little pills cleanse the liver and rids the system of all the bile without producing unpleasant effects. They do not gripe or weaken, but give tone and strength to the tissues and organs involved. W. H. Howell of Houston, Texas, says: "No better pill can be used than Little Early Risers for constipation, sick headache Sold by Williams Bros.

When Thinking

ABOUT BUYING

A WATCH

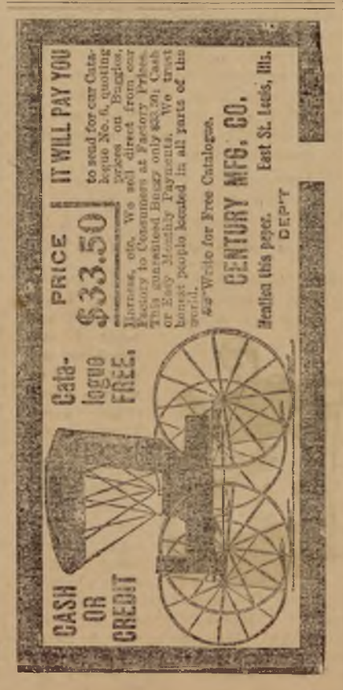
it always pays to get a good one. If you want a Watch we can save you money on your order. Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Seth Thomas and New York Standard are good movements. Give us a trial order and you be convinced

DO YOU want anything in musical instruments? We have Violins, Violin Cases, Bows, Bridges, Pegs, Mandolins, Mandolin Cases, Picks, Guitars, Guitar Cases, Tamborines, Banjos, Accordeons, Harps, Harmonicas, Fifes, Ocarines, Flagolets, Bones, Clappers, Graphaphones and Records, also all kinds of strings for Violins, Banjos, Mandolins and Guitars

Call and see us in our
REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.

Don,t forget us when you want photograph work or enlarging, our work will please you. We keep all all kinds of pictures, picture frames and are receiving new goods every week that will interest you. Give us a call when in the city.

T. J. WEAVER & COMPANY,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.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A full line of Colgate's Extracts,
A full line of Colgate's Soap.

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WE ARE HEADQUATERS

For Stationery, Silver Novelies, Watches, Rings, Pins, Etc. Also a complete line of Medallions, price from 25c to 90 cents. Nearly everything in the holiday line you wish. Call and inspect our line.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$16,782 77	Capital Stock	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures	7,000.00	Deposits	52,639.61
Other Real Estate	3,000.00	Rediscounts	2,263.00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. FARLEY Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Company.

LAND TITLES;
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE;
TITLES GUARANTEED.
A GENERAL TITLE BUSINESS.

—INSURANCE—

Fire, Plate Glass, Boiler,
Employers Liability, Accident Insurance.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Ala.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

NORTH CAROLINA CORN WHISKEY

AT $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 AND $3.00 PER GALLON.

DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.

Saving Middlemen's Profits.
All express charges paid by me on packages of 2 gallons or more.
TERMS--CASH WITH ORDER.
Write for descriptive circulars. Reference commercial agencies or any merchant here.

J. H. WOOLLEY
Cherryville, N. C.

ON A WHEEL the rider frequently meets with disaster. A very handy and efficient doctor to have with you when an accident happens is a bottle of Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Ulcers or Running Sores

need not become a fixture upon your body. If they do it is your fault, for

MEXICAN
MUSTANG LINIMENT

will thoroughly, quickly and permanently cure these afflictions. There is no guess work about it; if this liniment is used a cure will follow.

YOU DON'T KNOW how quickly a burn or scald can be cured until you have treated it with Mexican Mustang Liniment. As a wound healer it stands at the very top.

CAUGHT BY THE GRIP. RELEASED BY PE-RU-NA.

MRS. FRED WEINBERGER.
MR. SILAS S. LINCOLN
HON. JAMES R. GUILL.
MISS ALICE DRESSLER
MISS JEAN COWGILL
JUDGE HORATIO J. GOSS
"The world of medicine recognizes Grip as epidemic catarrh."—Medical Talk.

LA GRIPPE is epidemic catarrh. It spares no class or nationality. The cultured and the ignorant, the aristocrat and the pauper, the masses and the classes are alike subject to la grippe. None are exempt—all are liable.

Have you the grip? Or, rather, has the grip got you? Grip is well named. The original French term, la grippe, has been shortened by the busy American to read "grip." Without intending to do so a new word has been coined that exactly describes the case. As if some hideous giant with awful Grip had clutched us in its fatal clasp. Men, women, children, whole towns and cities are caught in the baneful grip of a terrible monster.

The following letters speak for themselves as to the efficacy of Peruna in cases of la grippe or its after effects.

After Effects of La Grippe Eradicated by Pe-ru-na.

Mrs. Fred Weinberger, Westerlo, Albany County, N. Y., writes:

"Several years ago I had an attack of la grippe which left my nerves in a prostrated condition. Then I had another attack of la grippe which left me worse. I had tried three good physicians, but all in vain. I gave Peruna a trial. In a short time I was feeling better, and now I am as well as any one."—Mrs. Fred Weinberger.

Hon. James R. Guill, of Omaha.

Hon. James R. Guill is one of the oldest and most esteemed men of Omaha, Neb. He has done much to make it what it is, serving on public boards a number of times. He endorses Peruna in the following words:

"I am 68 years old, am hale and hearty, and Peruna has helped me attain it. Two years ago I had la grippe—my life was despaired of. Peruna saved me."—J. R. Guill.

A Relative of Abraham Lincoln.

Mr. Silas S. Lincoln, who resides at 913 I Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., has the honor of being third cousin to Abraham Lincoln. He writes:

"I had la grippe five times before using your medicine. Four years ago I began the use of Peruna, since which time I have not been troubled with that disease. I can now do as much work at my desk as I ever could in my life. I have gained more than ten pounds in weight."—S. S. Lincoln.

Pe-ru-na Not Only Cured La Grippe But Benefited the Whole System.

Miss Alice M. Dressler, 1313 N. Bryant Ave., Minneapolis, Minn., writes:

"Last spring I suffered from la grippe and was partially cured, but the bad after effects remained through the summer, and somehow I did not get strong as I was before. One of my college friends who was visiting me asked me to try Peruna and I did so, and found it all and more than I had expected. It not only cured me of the catarrh, but restored me to perfect health, built up the entire system and brought a happy feeling of buoyancy which I had not known for years."—Alice M. Dressler.

An Actress' Testimonial.

Miss Jean Cowgill, Griswold Opera House, Troy, N. Y., is the leading lady with the Aubrey Stock Co. She writes the following:

"During the past winter of 1901 I suffered for several weeks from a severe attack of grippe, which left a serious catarrhal condition of the throat and head.

"Some one suggested Peruna. As a last resort, after wasting much time and money on physicians, I tried the remedy faithfully, and in a few weeks was as well as ever."—Jean Cowgill.

A Southern Judge Cured.

Judge Horatio J. Goss, Hartwell, Ga., writes:

"Some five or six years ago I had a very severe spell of grippe, which left me with systemic catarrh. A friend advised me to try your Peruna, which I did, and was immediately benefited and cured. The third bottle completed the cure."—H. J. Goss.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

A Few Things You Ought to Know About Manchuria

Area, Square Miles,	362,310
Population,	17,000,000
Exports in Value,	$20,000,000
Size of Army,	60,000
Population of Blagoveschensk, (Largest City),	33,000

In the balance hangs the fate of Manchuria, the rich prize of the East. The world is waiting to behold the snapping of the diplomatic thread that shall settle the question of the power of the Russian in the land of the Mongolian and the Manchurian.

By an agreement, executed April 8, 1902, Russia promised to withdraw from Manchuria in three distinct movements the troops which were sent into that territory at the time of the Boxer troubles, in 1900, for the purpose of protecting the Russian interests in the disturbed territory.

The mooted country embraces an area of 362,310 square miles. It is more than six times the size of England and Wales, about twice the size of all the New England and the Middle States together, and nearly one-fifth the area of the whole kingdom of China. A journey across this country would be equal in length to a trip half way across the United States. It is known as the strategical key of Eastern Asia. It is within easy marching distance of the principal Chinese cities, and commands the entrance to Korea and Northern China by land. The ports of Siberia are frozen for eight months in the year, while those of Manchuria are closed but four months. The winter temperature ranges from ten degrees below zero to about fifty above, and while this closes the inland navigation it seldom affects the seaports.

The present population is 17,000,000 people, composed principally of Chinese, the pure blooded Manchus having nearly disappeared, only about ten per cent. of them remaining.

The northern portion, little known until recently, has been thoroughly explored by the Russians, and is now traversed by the great trans-Manchurian railway. This portion of the country is composed of mountains and highlands, and is dotted with the conic crests of scores of extinct volcanoes.

The great rivers of the country, the Yalu and the Sungari, are navigable for many hundred miles, and along their banks lie throughout the open season fleets of Chinese and Japanese junks, which ply between cities of the two countries.

It is in Manchuria that the larger part of the tobacco used in China is produced. The people of the country also use this product in great quantities, the men and women smoking almost from infancy to old age. Here, too, the wonderful ginseng is produced, which is believed by the Chinese to prolong life and to possess many magical virtues.

The gold deposits of this country are said to be so rich that when developed they will far outstrip the fame of the gold fields of California and Alaska. Silver, lead, copper, iron and coal are also abundant in the mountainous regions of the country, but owing to the non-progressive methods of the Chinese little has been done as yet toward developing the production of these minerals.

In spite of its enormous population Manchuria possesses few large cities, the greater part of the thickly settled districts being little more than a collection of mud huts, in which the people pass a commonplace and oftentimes wretched existence.

The Manchus have already given three Emperors to China. When they conquered the Chinese the great mass of these people remained in China, where they were required to garrison their newly acquired territory.

The descendants of those who stayed at home are scattered from one end of the land to the other. These people are, in appearance, much like the Chinese, though intellectually they are far inferior to the Mongolians.

Every village of the country and every city and town contains among its officials several headsmen, elected by their fellow-villagers and townsmen. The duties of these officials are many and varied. They are, at the same time, the justices of the peace, the coroners, the lawyers and the men who chop off the heads of offenders.

The army of the country consists of about 60,000 drilled troops, over one-half of whom are foreign Chinese soldiers.

Primeval indeed are many parts of this country where the wolves prowl among the forests and the mountain fastnesses are inhabited by bands of prowling bandits, who make their living by preying upon the people of the plains and villages. Even the great trade highways of the provinces are infested with them. Officials are sometimes carried off and held for ransom. These robbers have agents in the principal towns and cities, who keep watch upon the movements of all treasure and rich travelers.

In the construction of the trans-Manchurian railway the Russians have often experienced the greatest difficulty in transporting their silver for the pay of the workmen. As an ostensible protection against these outrages insurance offices have been established throughout the country, where agents for a commission undertake the safe conduct of goods and treasure. Each office supplies the trader with its own distinctive flag, which is planted on each cart in the caravan, and a few armed men are sent as a nominal guard. It is known that these insurance officers have to pay blackmail to the robbers, as the guards are far too weak to resist any determined attack. In some parts of the country brigandage has become a profession, and parents are often heard discussing the feasibility of fitting their sons for the robbers' profession.

When a girl in Manchuria marries she receives a dowry of six dogs, which in a few years by production give an enormous total. In no other part of the world are dog skins to be compared with those of this land either in size, length of hair or quality. Sometimes the flesh of the dog is used by the farmers for food, and the market value of this product enters largely into the profit and loss account of the farm. The animals are to be killed before spring sets in, when their hair is long and warm. Their death is effected not by means of a knife, which might injure the fur, but by strangulation.

The skins are dried and frozen, after which they are sent to market, there to be cured and made into mats and robes.

When the country has been opened up to the proper production of its minerals it is said that Manchuria will have been found to be a second Klondike. Only a short time ago several farmers discovered gold in a certain valley where they quietly dug without informing the authorities. Soon more men were seen to join this little company, and in a short time so great was the rush to this rich alluvial deposit that the officers became suspicious and instituted an investigation, with the result that the discovery of a vast territory of gold became known. Men, poor farmers and laborers, had become rich in a few weeks that they had worked undisturbed. Some of the more lucky had taken $1000 per day.

By an agreement with China and Russia the first sod of the Manchurian railway was cut August 28, 1897. Now through the country runs this modern institution which, it is said, will in the future, make Manchuria one of the foremost strategic and productive countries of the East.

INDIANS' ESTIMATE ON MONEY.

Few Know Its Value and They Do Not Learn by Experience.

Very few of the Indians, particularly those of the Far West, have any idea of the true value of money, nor do they seem to learn by experience, that dearest, though best, of all teachers. A. B. Moore, a live stock dealer of Kansas City, who was at the Raleigh last night, told a story to illustrate the truth of this statement.

In 1897 Mr. Moore said he grazed 10,000 sheep in the Ponca Indian country. The latter part of the summer the water gave out on his range, and his only show was to buy a right of way to the river over lands owned by an old Ponca Indian. He took one of his herders, who had had some experience with the Indians, along with him and went to see the old Indian.

When Mr. Moore made his business known as best he could he grunted and pointed to his squaw. She very promptly placed the price of water privileges over their land at $1 a head for all stock. That would be $10,000, and Mr. Moore was ready to drop dead, when the herder said: "Show her some money and keep on talking." Mr. Moore expected to be scalped right there, but he took four big silver dollars from down deep in his trousers pockets and offered the Indian woman that amount for the privilege to water his sheep. There was a smile that started at the corner of her mouth and passed all over her face. She pointed to the river and said: "Sheep drink in Indian's river." The squaw told the old Indian to get the ponies and they rode over to the agency and signed the lease in the presence of the agent, or rather made their mark. The Indian woman got the $4, and the sheep enjoyed the clear water of the river the remainder of the summer.—Washington Star.

Mountain Railway to Simla.

After this year Mr. Rudyard Kipling's Simla will hardly know itself any more, for the rattle of "the tinkling tonga bar" will no longer be heard on the winding mountain road that leads from Kalka to Simla. A mountain railway has now been constructed to Simla, and the first train has already performed the journey, though on his departure for the Punjab States and the Persian Gulf, Lord Curzon went down for the last time by tonga. The rate of the speed is still restricted to ten miles an hour, as the engine is liable to leave the metals, and at that rate of progress the vacuum brakes bring it to a stop immediately. This is only the second mountain railway in India, the other being at Darjeeling; but the Simla line is on a broader gauge and on a more ambitious scale in the matter of cuttings and tunnels. Another mountain line, however, has been proposed for some years past through the Dehra Dun Calley up to the hill station at Mussoorie, and it is likely soon to be carried into effect.—London Chronicle.

A Few Homely Children.

It does not require any genius or talent to abuse a man; but it does to give him credit for what he actually is worth.

The man who is proof against temptation is the only one who is safe—but who is the man?

Thanks are cheap and yet we can pay more than half our debts with them.

There are a hundred different ways to tell a lie—but there is only one way to tell the truth.

There is perhaps only one excuse for telling our sorrow; it makes others satisfied with their own.

There is always a penalty for being successful. You must be hated by some, feared by many, at best envied by all.—Kansas City Journal.

Machines That Think.

The sewing of buttons on shoes and on garments is no longer done by hand in modern factories. There is a machine that sews 5300 buttons on garments in nine hours—or more than eight expert sewers could do in the same time. This machine requires no expert operator. A boy or a girl runs it.

And in one insurance office, where it was formerly necessary for a force of clerks to copy names on reference cards to be filed in various places one clerk now writes the name on a single card with metallic ink, clamps it in a holder with a number of blank cards and flashes an X-ray through the packet. Thus, by a single motion one man writes, or rather prints, all the cards.—World's Work.

Mrs. Hughson, of Chicago, whose letter follows, is another woman in high position who owes her health to the use of

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered for several years with general weakness and bearing-down pains, caused by womb trouble. My appetite was fitful, and I would lie awake for hours, and could not sleep, until I seemed more weary in the morning than when I retired. After reading one of your advertisements I decided to try the merits of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and I am so glad I did. No one can describe the good it did me. I took three bottles faithfully, and besides building up my general health, it drove all disease and poison out of my body, and made me feel as spry and active as a young girl. Mrs. Pinkham's medicines are certainly all they are claimed to be."—MRS. M. E. HUGHSON, 347 East Ohio St., Chicago, Ill.

Mrs. Pinkham Tells How Ordinary Tasks Produce Displacements.

Apparently trifling incidents in woman's daily life frequently produce displacements of the womb. A slip on the stairs, lifting during menstruation, standing at a counter, running a sewing machine, or attending to the most ordinary tasks may result in displacement, and a train of serious evils is started.

The first indication of such trouble should be the signal for quick action. Don't let the condition become chronic through neglect or a mistaken idea that you can overcome it by exercise or leaving it alone.

More than a million women have regained health by the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

If the slightest trouble appears which you do not understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for her advice, and a few timely words from her will show you the right thing to do. This advice costs you nothing, but it may mean life or happiness or both.

Mrs. Lelah Stowell, 177 Wellington St., Kingston, Ont., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—You are indeed a godsend to women, and if they all knew what you could do for them, there would be no need of their dragging out miserable lives in agony.

"I suffered for years with bearing-down pains, womb trouble, nervousness, and excruciating headache, but a few bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** made life look new and promising to me. I am light and happy, and I do not know what sickness is, and I now enjoy the best of health."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound can always be relied upon to restore health to women who thus suffer. It is a sovereign cure for the worst forms of female complaints,—that bearing-down feeling, weak back, falling and displacement of the womb, inflammation of the ovaries, and all troubles of the uterus or womb. It dissolves and expels tumors from the uterus in the early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. It subdues excitability, nervous prostration, and tones up the entire female system. Its record of cures is the greatest in the world, and should be relied upon with confidence.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

German Hearts.

Diseases of the heart have been on the increase in Germany in recent years, one person in every seven being afflicted. Influenza, alcoholism and excessive addiction to bicycling and other sports are named by Dr. Steckel as the chief causes.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY make oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The United States now has three cities of more than a million inhabitants, but the fourth, St. Louis, has about 600,000.

Savings deposits in Chicago banks have passed the $100,000,000 mark. In the past year they have increased more than $22,000,000.

Better Salaries for Teachers.

Perhaps no more satisfactory Christmas present could have been devised than that which was enjoyed by the 3,800 school teachers of Philadelphia, who have just reached the successful climax of their brief and spirited campaign for higher salaries. A substantial increase will shortly be made all along the line from high school to kindergarten, not omitting the janitors of school buildings, who, it appears, get an additional ten per cent. While the new schedule just passed by the Philadelphia Councils places the nomination of Philadelphia teachers on a considerably higher plane than before, it is to be noted that it is still behind the standard of wages awarded in Boston and other cities. But the prompt and cordial response of the Councils, impelled by public sentiment, may be looked on as an indication that better things are in store for the teachers in Philadelphia public schools whenever they shall arise in their might and demand adequate pecuniary recognition for good work done.

Extension of Montgomery's city limits has been declared constitutional by the supreme court.

A WOMAN'S MISERY.

Mrs. John LaRue, of 115 Paterson Avenue, Paterson, N. J., says: "I was troubled for about nine years, and what I suffered no one will ever know. I used about every known remedy that is said to be good for kidney complaint, but without deriving permanent relief. Often when alone in the house the back ache has been so bad that it brought tears to my eyes. The pain at times was so intense that I was compelled to give up my household duties and lie down. There were headaches, dizziness and blood rushing to my head to cause bleeding at the nose. The first box of Doan's Kidney Pills benefited me so much that I continued the treatment. The stinging pain in the small of my back, the rushes of blood to the head and other symptoms disappeared."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

SALZER'S FARM SEED NOVELTIES

Salzer's National Oats.
Most prolific Oats on earth. The U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, says: "Salzer's Oats are the best out of over four hundred sorts tested by us." This grand Oat yielded in Wisconsin 156 bu., Ohio 187 bu., Michigan 231 bu., Missouri 255 bu., and North Dakota 310 bu. per acre, and will positively do as well by you. Try it, sir, and be convinced.

A Few Sworn to Yields.
Salzer's Beardless Barley, 121 bu. per A.
Salzer's Homebuilder Corn, 804 bu. per A.
Salzer's Big Four Oats, 260 bu. per A.
Salzer's New National Oats, 310 bu. per A.
Salzer's Potatoes, 726 bu. per A.
Salzer's Onions, 1,000 bu. per A.
All of our Farm and Vegetable Seeds are pedigree stock, bred right up to big yields.

Salzer's Speltz (Emmer).
Greatest cereal wonder of the age. It is not corn nor wheat, nor rye, nor barley, nor oats, but a golden combination of them all, yielding 60 bu. of grain and 4 tons of rich straw hay per acre. Greatest stock food on earth. Does well everywhere.

Salzer's Million Dollar Grass.
Most talked of grass on earth. Editors and College Professors and Agricultural Lecturers praise it without stint; yields 14 tons of rich hay and lots of pasture besides, per acre.

Salzer's Teosinte.
Salzer's Teosinte produces 113 rich, juicy, sweet, leafy stocks from one kernel of seed. 14 feet high in 90 days; yielding fully 80 tons of green fodder per acre, doing well everywhere, East, West, South or North.

Grasses and Clovers.
Only large growers of grasses and clovers for seed in America. Operate over 5,000 acres. Our seeds are warranted. We make a great specialty of Grasses and Clovers, Fodder Plants, Corn, Potatoes, Onions, Cabbage, and all sorts of Vegetable Seeds.

For 10c in Stamps
and the name of this paper, we will send you a lot of farm seed samples, including some of above, together with our mammoth 140 page illustrated catalogue, for but 10c in postage stamps.
Send for same to-day.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.
LA CROSSE, WIS.

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

Am. 7, 1904.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Mrs. Maybrick will be released next June.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES color more goods, per package, than others.

People seldom appreciate anything they can afford.

For $1.65 Money Order.

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., mail postpaid 15 trees, consisting of Apricots, Apples, Crabs, Cherries, Plums, Peaches and Pears, just the thing for a city or country garden, including the great Bismark Apple, all hardy Wisconsin stock, are sent you free upon receipt of $1.65.

AND FOR 16C. AND THIS NOTICE

you get sufficient seed of Celery, Carrot, Cabbage, Onion, Lettuce, Radish and Flower Seeds to furnish bushels of choice flowers and lots of vegetables for a big family, together with our great plant and seed catalog. [A.C.L.]

The patience of those who sit down and wait for a dead man's shoes is not a virtue.

Engineering in Montana.

Henry I. McDaniel, ex-City Engineer of Atlanta, now in charge of Government engineering in Montana, says that he contracted a terrible cough which no physician could relieve, but was cured by Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein.

At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

When we speak without thinking we usually excuse our breaks by saying that we always say just what we think.

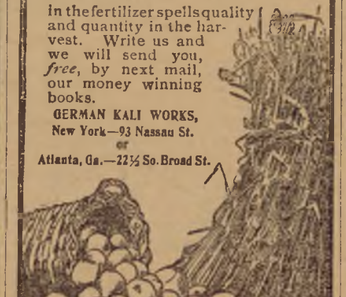
A Golden Rule of Agriculture:

Be good to your land and your crop will be good. Plenty of

Potash

in the fertilizer spells quality and quantity in the harvest. Write us and we will send you, *free*, by next mail, our money winning books.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
New York—93 Nassau St.
or
Atlanta, Ga.—22½ So. Broad St.



Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Ruskin as a Gardener.

Fond as Ruskin was of flowers, especially wild ones, he had his own ideas as to what a garden ought to be, and in his practical gardening was quite a landscapist. He liked making paths and contriving pretty nooks. When he first came to Brantwood he would have his coppice cut no more. It spindled up to great tall steps, slender and sinuous, promising no timber, and past the age for all commercial use or time honored wont. Neighbors shook their heads, but they did not know the pictures of Botticelli, and Ruskin had made his coppice into an early Italian altar piece. Then he had the espalier of apples and a little goosberry patch and a few standard fruit trees and some strawberries mixed with flowers. In one corner there were beehives in the old fashioned pent house trailed over with creepers. Here and there were little hummocks, each with its special interest of fern or flowers.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Sometimes painstaking people give you more pain than they take.

Hand Power Hay Press $28.00.

Greatest, simplest, best invention of the age. A boy can make regular sized 14x18x48 in. bales like fun, and two boys can bale three tons per day easily.

SEND THIS NOTICE TO-DAY

to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 5c. stamps for mailing, and get their big catalog, fully describing this great Hay Press, so also hundreds of tools and thousands of varieties of Farm and Vegetable Seeds. [A.C.L.]

Love may laugh at locksmiths, but he who laughs last laughs best.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

The average man wastes a lot of wind airing his views.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

A successful man sees things as they are, not as others tell him they are.

A man can't get out of buying his wife a new bonnet by referring to her hair as her crowning glory.

Calientes, a Nevada town of 2,000 inhabitants, has just moved itself bodily a distance of seventy miles so as to remain on a railroad. Certainly a typical case of Western "git up and git!"

Saw Mills

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(Mention this paper.) ATLANTA, GA.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE

VOL. XVII. COLUMBIANA, SHELBY COUNTY, ALA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18 1904 NO 26

RUSSIA PROCLAIMS WAR

The Variag and Korietz Destroyed After an Hour's Fight.

ENGAGEMENT OFF CHEMULPO

In a Manifesto to His People the Czar Declares He Used Every Endeavor to Preserve Peace—The Poltava and the Novik Aground at Port Arthur—The Mikado Directing the War.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—The Czar has issued a manifesto making an official declaration of war. The text follows:

"To all my dear subjects: I declare that we were anxious to preserve peace, so dear to all hearts, and made the utmost efforts to preserve peace in the Far East. We expressed our willingness to revise the existing treaty between the two empires regarding Korean affairs. The negotiations, however, were not carried to a conclusion, for Japan, without awaiting the receipt of our last reply and the proposals which we had forwarded to Tokio, informed us of her intention to discontinue the negotiations and to break off diplomatic relations with us, without considering that such rupture means the commencement of war. After the receipt of a report from our Governor of the attack on Port Arthur we immediately ordered him to reply to the Japanese challenge with our arms, and we hereby make known our decision."

The Czar's manifesto concludes with an expression of trust in the help of the Almighty and a prayer for success in the conflict.

Japan's Ships Sweep the Sea.

London, England.—Baron Hayashi, the Japanese Minister here, has received official confirmation from Tokio of the destruction at Chemulpo of the Russian first class cruiser Variag and the third class cruiser Korietz.

The text of the official dispatch received by Baron Hayashi is as follows:

"A Japanese squadron escorting transports met on the way to Chemulpo, Korea, the Russian gunboat Korietz as the latter was coming out of port. The Korietz took up an offensive attitude toward the Japanese vessels, and fired on the Japanese torpedo boats. The latter discharged two torpedoes ineffectively, and then the Korietz returned to her anchorage in the port.

"The following day Admiral Urik, commanding the Japanese squadron, formally called on the Russian warships to leave Chemulpo before noon. The Admiral added that if his demand was not complied with he would be compelled to attack them in the harbor.

"The two Russian warships left the port at about 11.30 a. m., and a battle ensued outside the Polynesian Islands. After about an hour's engagement the Russian warships sought refuge among the islands.

"Toward the evening the Russian cruiser Variag sank, and about 4 a. m., February 10, the Korietz was reported also sunk, having been blown up.

"The officers and men of the two sunken vessels sought refuge on the French cruiser Pascal."

The Russian cruiser Diana was injured by a shot from the Russian shore battery at Port Arthur, and the cruiser Novik and the battleship Poltava have also been beached at Port Arthur.

Five large Russian steamers, among them the Ekaterinoslav, fitted up as an auxiliary cruiser, and the Argun, belonging to the Chinese Eastern Railways Company, were captured by Japanese warships and taken into Saseho. Several whalers were also taken.

Outburst of Patriotism.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—There was a great patriotic demonstration here. An immense procession of all classes, headed by choristers, and carrying National flags, paraded the streets to the Winter Palace, where the National anthem and other patriotic songs were sung.

There the procession moved to the barracks of the Pavlosky Regiment, and afterward to the French Embassy, where in response to the demonstration Mme. Bombard, wife of the French Ambassador, and General Kouropatkin, Russian Minister of War, who happened to be visiting the Embassy, went on a balcony and were enthusiastically cheered.

Later the procession went to the Anitchkoff Palace to serenade and cheer the Dowager Czarina.

A Russian version of "The Geisha," which was being performed here, has been withdrawn owing to the hostile demonstrations against it.

In consequence of rumors based on doubtful statements by foreign news agencies and newspapers, concerning a naval battle at Chemulpo, the landing of Japanese troops in Korea, incidents on the Manchurian railway and similar reports, the general staff declared that no news confirmatory of such reports had reached St. Petersburg.

Japan Lost No Ships.

Washington, D. C. — The Japanese Minister gave out the following telegram, which is the substance of Admiral Togo's official report to the Government at Tokio of the attack on Port Arthur:

"Japanese combined squadron left Sasebo in command of Admiral Togo on February 6, and on midnight of the 8th Japanese torpedo flotilla attacked with success the Russian fleet at Port Arthur, and again at 10 o'clock the following morning for forty minutes. The Russian fleet fled into the harbor. Two Russian battleships and one cruiser were damaged by torpedoes. The firing was ceased at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

"Japanese ships were but slightly damaged and none has lost its fighting power.

"Casualties were fifty-eight, four of which were killed and others wounded.

"Imperial princes are all safe. After battle the Japanese officers and men are high spirited and behaved with great calmness as if they were in ordinary manoeuvres."

The number of the imperial princes on board the Japanese ships is not known here, but the naval attache of the legation is of the opinion that three of them were with the squadron.

Russians Made Brave Fight.

London.—Later accounts of the engagement with the Variag and Korietz at Chemulpo indicate that the Russians made a brave fight against an immensely superior force. The engagement was watched by thousands of persons on shore, who had gathered in anticipation of a collision.

The Korietz was utterly overmatched. The broadsides from the Japanese vessels raked her continuously until she sank. Many of her crew were killed by shells or drowned. Those of the survivors who swam ashore were captured by Japanese soldiers.

As the cruiser Variag was steaming out of the harbor she was met by a hail of shells and her mast speedily fell. Her crew fought with desperate energy for several hours.

According to one report after she had taken refuge among the Polynesian Islands her captain ordered the crew to save themselves and then himself blew up his ship.

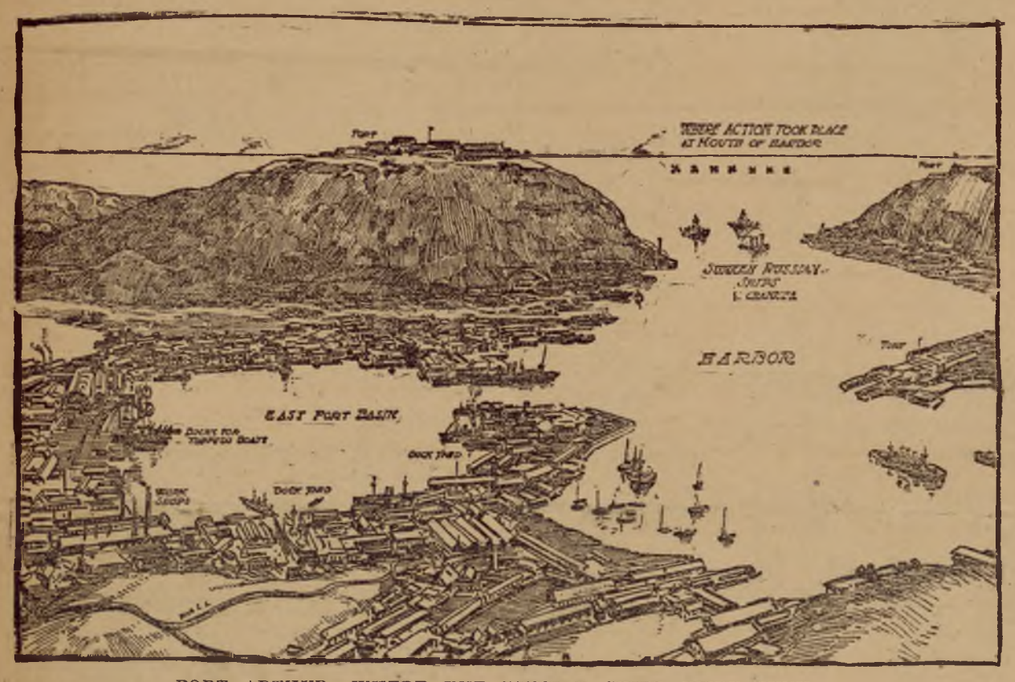
Mikado Directing the War.

Tokio, Japan.—The Emperor is taking an energetic part in the direction of the campaign. He is in constant communication with the Ministers. He is at his desk from sunrise until far into the night.

All the Provincial Governors have been summoned here to receive instructions. It is stated unofficially that a large Japanese force has reached Seoul.

Destroyed By a Mine.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—A report has been received from Viceroy Alexieff, saying that the Russian torpedo transport Yenisei has been blown up as the result of accidentally striking a mine at Port Arthur. The Yenisei sank and Captain Stepanoff, three officers and ninety-one men were lost.



PORT ARTHUR, WHERE THE RUSSIAN SHIPS WERE SUNK.

Former Mayor of Chicago Dead.

John A. Roche, formerly Mayor of Chicago, Ill., died suddenly from an attack of vertigo, with which he was seized while in the office of R. W. Patterson, editor-in-chief of the Chicago Tribune.

Former Representative Convicted.

John M. Glover, a former Missouri Representative, charged with assault with intent to kill when resisting arrest by the militia, was found guilty at Cripple Creek, Col.

Big Bank Failure.

The banking firm of Stephan, Lauerman & Sohn, of Bremen, Germany, has failed. The assets are estimated at $250,000, and the liabilities at $1,500,000. Besides Bremen, the principal places affected are New York, London and Paris.

Four Killed by Locomotive.

Four persons were killed at the Southern Railway crossing at Waterloo postoffice, three miles from Washington, in Alexandria County, Virginia.

Wealthy Negro Shot.

During a gambling quarrel, "Jim" Ray, a leading negro politician and reputed to have been the wealthiest negro in St. Louis, was shot and killed in a pistol battle in which thirty shots were fired.

Thirteen Killed in Wreck.

Thirteen persons were killed and many score injured in a collision between two passenger trains on the Canadian Pacific, near Sand Point, Ont.

PLAN A NEW BALTIMORE

Plucky Maryland City Starts Rebuilding Her Burned District.

MANY MERCHANTS RESUME

Modern and Up-to-Date Structures Will Arise on the Sites of the Destroyed Houses—Total Loss is Now Estimated at $125,000,000—State to Lend City $21,000,000.

Baltimore, Md.—Out of the ashes which cover the 140 acres of burned business houses, a new and better Baltimore will arise, modern and up-to-date in every respect. The whole city has been roused to the necessity of pushing forward the resurrection of the revived district. The undertaking will be one of the most prodigious in the whole range of municipal history. The magnitude of this work may be realized when it is estimated that the mere cleaning away of the debris will cost about $2,000,000.

While the ruins of Baltimore's financial districts are still smoking, bankers and merchants and all other business men are laying their plans for building new offices and stores. Construction companies of this and other cities have scores of agents at work soliciting contracts for replacing the buildings razed by the great fire, and in the temporary quarters of all the homeless mercantile institutions arrangements are being perfected for reviving the blackened centre of the city's business.

Incidental to the plans for rebuilding the burned district is a scheme for widening some of the city's streets. It is planned by the city officials to urge widening Baltimore street, turning Market place into a public square, and widening Light street. The matter will be taken up by the authorities very soon, and it may be that the plan will include condemning several blocks for park purposes.

The insurance men have conferred and place the damages at $125,000,000. The insurance losses are reckoned at from $50,000,000 to $90,000,000.

Street improvements are contemplated in the burned district, and H. C. Timanus, President of the second branch of the City Council, is authority for the statement that the State Legislature will be asked to lend $21,000,000 for that purpose.

Definite plans for rehabilitation and relief are expected in a few days. Governor Edwin Warfield, who is President of the Fidelity and Deposit Company, one of the few financial institutions to escape the fire, said:

"I have appointed a committee of five financiers and lawyers to draft such relief legislation in the way of extending credit as may be thought desirable. All apprehension of any great financial distress in Baltimore is absolutely unfounded."

Commission men and grocers say that their supplies are entirely adequate for immediate needs and that no reputable house in town will take advantage of the situation by raising prices. Numerous offers of financial aid have been received from out of town by members of the National Association of Commission Merchants, and their help will enable them to start their business anew in a very short time.

Meanwhile the merchants say they are in a position to take all orders that come to them. Many of the larger houses, especially those with a big Southern clientele, already have secured offices and are doing their shipping on a large scale, although under difficulties.

Vegetables, eggs and butter are coming in just as usual, according to the produce dealers, and the local tradesmen say they have overcome the first uneasiness on the part of small shippers outside of the city, who were a little timid about sending their shipments here just after the fire. Fresh and salted meats, it is announced, will continue at the same prices, and sugar and coffee have undergone no change.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

FEBRUARY 11TH.

The senate was in executive session more than four hours, and after the agreement to vote on the treaty had been reached, nearly the entire time was devoted to general discussion of the encroachment of the senate and the president on each others' prerogatives under the constitution.

The house, by a vote of 172 to 103, concurred in the senate amendment to the urgent deficiency appropriation bill authorizing a loan of $4,600,000 by the government to the Louisiana Purchase exposition, after amending it with respect to the manner in which the money shall be paid.

When the house convened Mr. Foss, of Illinois, chairman of the naval affairs committee, reported the naval appropriation bill. In part, it reads:

"The committee recommends the construction of more than the usual number of cruisers, in view of the fact that last year we provided for five large battle ships. This will give a better proportion to our navy.

"If we judge public sentiment rightly, it is in favor of the continued policy of building up our navy. If we stopped now, we would be left behind the leading countries of the world.

"To complete all the ships authorized up to the present time, including their constructions and machinery, armor, armament and equipment, will cost $82,718,659."

The following bills were passed:

Relating to applications, declaratory statements, entries and final proofs under the homestead and other land laws, and to confirm the same in certain cases.

FEBRUARY 12TH.

The senate listened to the reading by Mr. Carmack of a speech prepared by Mr. Morgan in opposition to the president's policy with reference to an isthmian canal, and also considered the bill appropriating $200,000 to ex-Queen Liliuokalani of Hawaii. Speeches in support of the bill were made by Mr. Blackburn and Mr. Mitchell, and in opposition by Mr. Spooner and Mr. Platt, of Connecticut.

Mr. Spooner moved to recommit the measure, but the vote on this motion failed to display a quorum, and the senate was forced to adjourn.

Senator Martin presented the credentials of his colleague, Mr. Daniel, as senator from Virginia for the term beginning March 4, 1905.

Adjourned till Monday.

Speaker Cannon broke all previous records in the dispatch of private pension bills. Under his guidance 320 of these measures of relief were passed by the house in 155 minutes. Nearly the whole of this time was consumed in committee of the whole.

The house passed the bills "en bloc" under unanimous consent, which the speaker himself asked for. About half of the bills were disposed of under this request without amendment.

FEBRUARY 15TH.

The suspense concerning the condition of Senator Hanna had appreciable effect on the senate and the proceedings were marked by an unusual listlessness and depression.

There were no speeches on any subject and more attention was given to the frequent bulletins announcing the condition of the senator than to matters of legislation. The entire time ofthe legislative session was devoted to routine business.

The senate in executive session agreed to vote on the Panama treaty and all its amendments on February 23d.

The bill to pay $150,000 to ex-Queen Lilioukalani failed to pass the senate, the vote being 26 to 26.

The conference report on the urgent deficiency appropriation bill was presented and agreed to. The following bills passed:

Providing for the payment of $8000 to Jean Louis Legaire on account of his service in returning Sitting Bull and his followers from Canada to the United States after the Custer battle in Montana.

Providing for the compensation of officers and men of the army who lost effects in a cyclone at Galveston and a hurricane in Porto Rico in 1900.

Amending the laws relating to the sale of detached lots of the public lands.

The Tennessee River Improvement association, through a large delegation from northern Alabama, Kentucky and Tennessee was given a hearing Monday morning by the rivers and harbors committee. Among the speakers were Representatives Richardson and Burnett, of Alabama and Judge Thomas R. Roulhac. Governor McMillin, of Tennessee, concluded the hearing with an eloquent plea for the policy of improving the Tennessee river.

Several parties of American citizens commemorated the sixth anniversary of the destruction of the United States battleship Maine at Havana. The wreck was decorated with red, white and blue and draped with black. There was a brief memorial address. The flag on the American shipping in the harbor was at half-mast.

Superintendent Kline, of the Central of Georgia railroad, left an estate of $17,000.

M. A. HANNA DEAD

His Passing Away is Universally Regretted.

Senator Marcus Alonzo Hanna died at 6:40 Monday evening at the family apartment in the Arlington hotel, Washington, after an illness extending over nearly two months, filled with apparent recoveries, followed by relapses and finally drifting into typhoid fever, which he was unable to withstand. When the end came all the members of the senator's family were in the room except Mrs. Hanna, the senator's wife, and Mr. and Mrs. Dan Hanna.

For the last two days Senator Hanna had not been conscious except at intervals, and then only to obey mechanically some instruction given him by the physicians. Fourteen hours before the end was announced life had practically suspended, the flickering spark being kept aglow by the most powerful scientific agencies.

The courage which had been displayed by Mrs. Hanna was the subject of the greatest surprise. She had been in almost constant attendance on her husband, though realizing fully there was no hope for recovery.

His Last Words.

The last intelligible words spoken by the senator were pathetic in his attempt to maintain to the last the humor which was characteristic of his life. The nurse, anticipating a want, asked if he was looking for his handkerchief.

"I think my wife has my handkerchief," the senator whispered.

Members of the family eager for any sign of consciousness or recognition which the senator might display, were told of the remark, and they recognized it as one of his favorite rejoinders in good-natured plaguing in which Mr. and Mrs. Hanna often indulged. It was the senator's custom when he missed any article, especially his handkerchief, to say: "I expect my wife has it."

The Funeral.

There will be an official funeral in the senate chamber at noon Wednesday, the body lying in state in the senate marble room in the morning. After the services special trains over the Pennsylvania railroad will carry the body, the family and friends to Cleveland, where services will be held at either the home of Senator Hanna or his son Dan Hanna, Friday. It is likely Bishop Leonard, of the northern diocese of Ohio, of the Episcopal church, will conduct the services.

Both houses of congress will adjourn immediately upon the announcement of the death of Senator Hanna. No business will be transacted in either house. As soon as the senate meets, Senator Foraker will announce the death of his colleague, Senator Hanna, and will offer resolutions of regret and for a committee to take charge of the funeral arrangements. A committee consisting of twenty senators will be named by President Pro Tem Frye and the sergeant at arms will be directed to make the necessary arrangements for the funeral services, both in Washington and at Cleveland.

President Roosevelt called at the Arlington personally to express his condolence to the members of the late Senator Hanna's family. He saw Mrs. Hanna, H. M. Hanna, the senator's brother, and Dan R. Hanna, his son, and remained with them for some time.

When it was known there was no chance for recovery arrangements were made to have a death mask taken by Sculptor U. S. J. Dunbar. The cast will be perfect and show the face in its usual fullness. The senator's face shows little emaciation, and owing to the constant use of oxygen, had taken on what appeared to be a coat of tan, which gave it almost a lifelike appearance.

Representative Maynard, of Virginia, introduced a bill appropriating $3,000,000 for an exposition to be held near Jamestown, Va., in celebration of the first permanent settlement of English-speaking people made at Jamestown May 13, 1607.

Senator Hanna's last public appearance was at the annual Gridiron club dinner.

Stepped Down and Out.

Representative Shafroth, democrat, of Colorado, whose seat is being contested by Robert Boyne, of Denver, voluntarily withdrew all claim to the seat and asked the house to unseat him. He alleged that the frauds in voting were not by his connivance, but he was convinced that he would not have been elected without them. He was warmly applauded on both sides of the chamber.

At the first meeting of the new Mississippi state board of health Dr. B. F. Ward, of Winona, was elected president, and Dr. J. Hunter, of Jackson, re-elected secretary.

Veteran Killed by the Cars.

John Reed, a confederate veteran about 70 years old, was run over and killed at the union station at Anniston, Ala., Monday morning by a train. Mr. Reed was waiting for the train which backs into the station. He was deaf and never heard its approach until too late. He lived an hour and a half after the accident. His death was due to internal injuries.

Denmark Will Defend Herself.

The British government has inquired if the Danish government is prepared to defend Denmark's neutrality, especially the important sea routes. Denmark replied in effect:

"We will defend ourselves."

The construction placed on this inquiry is that Great Britain appreciates the danger of Russia occupying Danish fortresses in the event of complications with Great Britain and Russia over the far eastern question.

In consequence of the possibility of such an outcome the Danish war department has ordered the army reserves to be ready for mobilization throughout Denmark within twelve hours.

In a Cave.

In a cave in an out of the way ravine north of Phoenix City, Ala., Marshal Campbell, of that town, found a burglar for whom he has been searching for several days.

He is Sam Carter, a negro who burglarized a Phoenix City home several days ago. The burglar had installed himself comfortably in the cave, where were stored the stolen articles.

A telegram from Birmingham asked the officer to hold the negro, as he is thought to be a person wanted in that city for burglary.

$1,000,000 for Improvements.

The board of directors of the Birmingham Railway, Light and Power company at a special meeting decided to call a meeting of the stockholders of the company for March 21st for the purpose of considering the proposition of negotiating a loan of $1,000,000 for the purpose of improving the system.

Students Fight.

James Wise, of Choctaw county, and Howard Hendricks, of Arkansas, both students in the Millsaps college, Miss., had a difficulty in the dormitory Sunday afternoon. Wise was knocked in the head and Hendricks seriously stabbed in the stomach.

One Company Gone Under.

Richard F. Post was appointed a receiver for the Peabody Fire Insurance company, of Baltimore. The company lost $700,000 by reason of the fire and it had assets of only $300,000.

It is officially announced that Lord Roberts has retired from the war office, but that at the special request of Premier Balfour he has consented to place his services at the disposal of the legislative session was devoted The duke of Connaught has been appointed inspector general under the new army reform scheme.

The death of Marcus A. Hanna has brought out a number of long obituary articles in the London papers and in the editorial comment on his death tribute is paid to his marvelous power as a political organizer.

Up to date 503 bills have been introduced in the Mississippi house and only forty have received enrollment and the signature of the speaker. In the senate the number of bills introduced is 268.

Representative Richardson has secured the appointment of assistant in the chemical laboratory of the agricultural department for Professor Percy H. Walker, formerly of Huntsville, Ala.

A Dallas county, Alabama, grand juror has just voted against himself in the finding of a true bill.

The marquis of Queensberry died Monday.

The St. James Budget, an English magazine, prints a new government report, which is creating a great stir in England. This report shows that, while American trade is steadily going up, British trade is going down. In the last twelve years the value of the goods we send to England has increased $148,641,000, and the value of the goods England sends to us has decreased $48,105,000. American products, it seems, are so attractive to the English people that they cannot resist buying them, even though they believe that the preference should be given to goods "made in England." At the end of the report is a fact that goes far to explain the commercial supremacy of the United States. After making an investigation with regard to the wages paid in fifteen skilled trades in both countries, it has been found that the average weekly wage in England is only $10.08, while in America it is $18. What could prove better than this report that a high wage country can always beat a low-wage country in the race for trade? A ten-dolar-a-week nation can never compete with an eighteen-dollar-a-week nation, and England will never level up her foreign trade until she levels up her wages. The highly paid worker is the cheapest in the end. "The work done by slaves is the dearest of any," said Adam Smith. Commercial supremacy is won by high grade goods, and high grade goods can only be made by high grade, well paid workers. It is costing England billions to teach the world this lesson in economics.

NEW INDUSTRIES.

ALABAMA.

Birmingham — $5,000 construction company.

Gadsden—Barrel stave mill.

Selma—$20,000 stove foundry.

FLORIDA.

Manatee—$30,000 ice and cold storage plant.

Tampa—$25,000 hardware company.

GEORGIA.

Augusta—Paper mill.

Jonesboro—Electric light plant.

Sandersville—$10,000 ice factory.

Savannah—$100,000 ice factory.

Vidalia—Electric light plant; ice factory.

LOUISIANA.

Baton Rouge—Brick works.

Whitecastle — $25,000 lumber and shingle company.

MISSISSIPPI.

Dayton—Saw mill.

Jackson—Hardwood mill; $10,000 coffin factory.

New Albany—$100,000 cotton mill.

Perkinston—$10,000 caning factory.

TENNESSEE.

Memphis—$10,000 candy factory.

Murfreesboro—$25,000 land company.

Nashville—$15,000 hardware company.

Iron Manufacture.

The Republic Iron and Steel Company have completed the repairing of their No. 3 furnace at Thomas, the work of relining and other improving being done in exactly fifty days, a record. The torch will be applied in the next few days.. Their No. 1 furnace is also nearing completion, this iron-maker being practically rebuilt. It is intended to start up this furnace about March 1 or a little later. The No. 2 furnace, which has been in blast right along, has been making from 240 to 255 tons of iron daily. The new furnace of the Alabama Steel and Wire Company at Gadsden, which was blown in a few weeks ago, is doing well. The Sloss-Sheeld Steel and Iron Company has six of its seven furnaces in operation. Their make for the month of January footed up 33,550 tons of iron.

All rail freight rates to the east were recently adjudicated and an advance of 25 cents is reported in some circles, though there is no general complaint made.

Thompson Objects.

Representative C. W. Thompson, of Alabama, called at the postoffice department to enter further protest against the establishment of a postoffice at the Tuskegee school of Booker T. Washington. The postoffice at Tuskegee is a few hundred yards from the school, where a sub-station has been established, and it is declared by Representative Thompson that the mail facilities are already sufficient for the needs of the school, and the establishment of a new office is entirely unnecessary. The Tuskegee office is now of the second class and the establishment of a new office cutting into the receipts would reduce the compensation of the postmaster. The postmaster general is inclined to agree with Mr. Thompson, but the pressure is pretty strong for a new office, with a relation of Washington's at its head.

For Relief of the College.

Congressman Richardson has introduced a bill in congress for appropriating $60,000 for the relief of LaGrange college, which was destroyed in 1863 by the federal troops, the building, a fine library and laboratory being burned. Captain P. N. G. Rand, of Leighton, Ala., is the only surviving trustee of the college. Professor A. A. McGregor, of Town creek, Ala., is now writing a series of articles treating of the college prior to its destruction. The college was never rebuilt.

It is announced on what is claimed to be good authority that the Cahaba Valley railroad will be constructed within the next eighteen months and that preparations are now being completed looking to this end. The road will connect all the mines and plants in the mineral district adjacent to Selma, Ala.

New Colony in Alabama.

The land and industrial department of the Southern railway and Mobile and Ohio railroad announce land purchase in Alabama for development and colonization purposes.

A syndicate of Iowa, Illinois and Arkansas capitalists have purchased at Yellow Pine, Ala., mills forty miles of railroad and 60,000 acres of land. The lands are valuable for fruit raising and agriculture and the syndicate has perfected plans to settle them with northwestern farmers as fast as the timber is cut. Several thousand acres are now available and colonization will start at once.

What For?

Somewhat extraordinary orders received at the Brooklyn navy yard led to the rumor that the department is preparing to send the battleship Iowa to the far east. The rumors were caused by the receipt of orders to replace the guns on the Iowa that were damaged during recent tests by two guns of a similar size from the battleship Indiana, which is at present out of commission.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBose, - - - - Editor
Geo. D. Campbell, - - Manager

COLUMBIANA, ALA.
Thursday, Feb. 18, 1904

Entered in the post-office at Columbiana Ala., as second class matter.

ANNOUCEMENTS.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county.

D. B. McMILLAN.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce E. S. Lyman as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. O'Hara a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the primary to be held next year.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county.

WALTER E. LESTER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

W. A. THOMPSON.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

The many friends of T. J. Martin in Beat 10, announce him a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk, subject to Democratic primary.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis, announces himself a cnadidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

J. M. Ray, of Wilsonville, announces himself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of J. E. Adams in Beat Eleven, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

W. R. WEAVER.

R. J. Griffin, of Maylene, is a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county subject to the action of the democratic primary.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR

W. C. Benton, of Silura, announces himself a candidate for Taz Assessor of Shelby county subject tothe action of the democtatic party.

J. M. DYE announces himself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to action of the Democratic primary.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John W. Moore, of Weldon, as a candidate for the office of tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the democratic primary.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John N. Wyatt as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District of Shelby county, subject to the Democratic primary.

Commissioner 1st District.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Commissioner from the First District, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

Walter E. Riddle.

FOR SOLICITOR.

I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the office of Soliciter of the Seventh Judicial Circuit.

BORDEN H. BURR.

FOR CHANCELLOR.

We are authorized to announce R. A.D. Dunlap a candidate for Chancellor of this district.

FOR SUPT. OF EDUCATION,

I hereby announce for re-election to the office of County Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of Democratic primary.

JOHN B. FARRELL.

Mr. Knox might take advantage of his victory over that little salt trust and use some of its product upon the tails of bigger trusts.

Perhaps some members of congress would find no opposition to their collection of mileage if they did their traveling away from Washington.

The Kentucky legislature at its January session voted an world's Fair appropriation of $75,000. This is in addition to a fund of $100,000 raised by the Kentucky

A white man has been appointed postmaster at Indianola, Miss., which reminds us of the eminent king of France who marched up the hill and then marched down again.

Teachers' Institute Examination Course.

Teachers wishing to prepare for examination should write at once, to Prof. J. L. Graham; L.L. D, 152 154 Randolph Building, Memphis, Tenn., for particulars concerning his specia Teachers' Examination Course.

The course is taught by mail, and prepares teachers for examinations in every state in the Union. Leading educators pronounce it the best course ever offered to the teaching profession, and all teachers wishing to advance in their profession should immediately avail themselves of it. Enclose stamp for reply.

WE ARE MAKING A

BIG Clearing Sale

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR

IMMENSE SPRING STOCK OF GOODS!

Which our buyer, is now buying in New York. And we must MAKE ROOM NOW' therefore we are placing our entire stock, consisting of Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Notions, Millinery, Buggies, Wagons, Furniture, Harness, Hardware, Groceries and all kinds of farming Supplies, to the saving to ycu, in this big clearing sale, of not less than 25 to 35 per cent. Below we quote you a few of our clearing sale prices:

In Our Dry Goods Department,

Which is the prettiest and most up-to-date in this section, we quote you:

40 inch all wool Z bolene dress goods, the 75c and $1.00 yard kind, at	41c
Double width cashmere goods in all colors, 20 and 25c kind at	12½c
All wool cashmeres, all shades, 40 and 50 cent kind, at	24c
Our yard wide Teffeta Silk, every yard guaranteed, $1.50 quality at	88c
500 yards, Silk, all colors, and kinds, ranging from 60c, 75c, $1.25 per yard, closing out at,	50, 65 & 70c
1,500 yds. Apron ginghams, all colors, standard qualities, clearing sale	05c
4 cases best standard calico in fast colors, clearing sale per yard	05c
Good soft finished bleeching, clearing sale price per yard	4½c
8c and 10c bleeching yard wide, clearing sale per yard.	7c
10 pieces, yard wide white lawn, worth 15 and 20c, our price	10c

Clothing Department.

Mens' all wool cheviot suits in all colors, good values for $6, our price	$ 3 98
Good black clay worsted suits, all sizes, to close out at	2 99
All wool suits in the latest patterns, sell eveywhere, at $10 our price	7 48
Boys' knee suits at 68c as long as they last.	
Big lot of boys's suit all sizes and colors to close out at a saving of 25 to 35 p c	
Boys' knee suits. sizes 4 to 14 at	92c
Boys' heavy knee pants size 3 to 16, clearing sale price	19c
Mens' $4 and $5 pants, to go at	$2 98
Big lot of mens' pants odds and ends $2.00, 2.50, 3.00 kind, our price	1 49
Big lot of overalls, 50 and 75c kind, at	44c

Shirts. Shirts, Shirts Mens' and Boys'.

250 mens' shirts, was 75c and $1 00, clearing sale price	59c
120 mens' shirts, 40 and 50c kind at	24c
Better qualities in same proportion.	

Mens' and Boys' Hats.

150 mens' railroad hats in black 1.25 to 1.75 kind at	98c
68 mens' hats railroad shapes, light colors 1 50 and 2.00 kind at	88c
3 dozen boys' hats 30 and 40 cent kind to go at	24c
Have too big a stock of hats of all kinds on hand to mention clearing sale will save you from 30 to 40 per cent.	

We are sole agents for the John B. Stetson Hats. We have a big line of the latest styles.

Embroideries and Laces!

Embroideries, 1,000 yards, the 10c and 20c kind in this clearing sale. The 10c kind at 5c. and the 20c kind at 10c, as long as it last.
100 dozen Torchon laces 10c, 15 and 20c quality at 5c per yard.
BIG lot of all kinds Swiss embroideries in all widths. We put this in the clearing sale to you at a saving of 25 to 35 per cent. Don't Miss this Sale!

Groceries! Groceries!!

We are and have always been the LEADERS in staple and heavy groceries and take pleasure in quating you the following:

Arbuckles' or Columbiana Mercatile Co.'s best coffee, 8lbs for Only $1.00 to each customer.	$ 1 00
Arm and Hammer Brand soda, lb package	3½c
Good Luck Baking Powder, per box	4c
22 lbs good Y. C. Sugar for	1 00
Standard granulated 18 pounds for	1 00
Hot Scotch Snuff 5c seller tin and paper boxes at	3c
Bruton Snuff 15c Box at 10c; 10 kind at	7½c
Good chewing tobacco at 26c Kite tobacco, per pound	34c
Octagon, Big Deal and Gee Whiz Soap, also fine Coceanut soap	4c

Mens' Underwear and working Shirts.

Heavy fleeced 50c kind our price	24c	Childreas hose from 10c up.	
Next best exta heavy, 75c kind @	44c	Childrens heavy ribbed hose 20c and 30c kind, big lot to close @	14
Heavy working top shirt 40c kind	22c	10c and 15c kind	08
75c values at	44	Ladies hose 20 and 30 kind at	14
Ladies Ribbed Vest 25 & 35 kind	16c	10c and 15 kind to close out at	08
40c and 50c kind at	24c		

Millinery! Millinery! Millinery!

60 ladies walking hats, $1, 1.50 and 2 00 kind to close out @	69c	Trimmed hats from $2.50 to $5.00 to close them out at	1 98
40 street hats, 50c, 75, $1 kind	39c	100 Ladies Corsets 35 and 40c kind	20
Big lot of ladies black straw hats 50c kind, close out at	29	150 W. B. & R. G. corsets, 75c & 1.25 to close them out at	69 @ 88
Big lot of satin sailors in black, 50 cent kind at	18		

Saddles, Harness, Wagons and Buggies.

SHOES! SHOES!

If Better Shoes were made we would buy them.

We have many stylos in extra heavy weight that are just suited for late Winter and Soring; that we have to cut close. They are the following brands; The Hamilton-Brown, Clover Brand, Hannan & Sons, Battle Axe and numerous other Brands carried in every shape and style, to close them out we quote you a few prices:

Cildrens & Misses.		Ladies Shoes.	
$1.50	for 1.10	4 00	for 3 00
1.25	" 98	3.50	" 2.75
1.00	" 78	2.50	" 1.75
75	" 69	2 00	" 1.25
50	" 35	1.25	" 98

Mens' and Boys' Shoes.

$5.00	for 3.50	2.00	for 1.25
3.50	" 2.50	1.25	for 98
3.00	" 2.00		
2.50	" 1.75		

We have an immense stock of pants on hand to be closed out at half price. If you want a bargain you had better come at once.

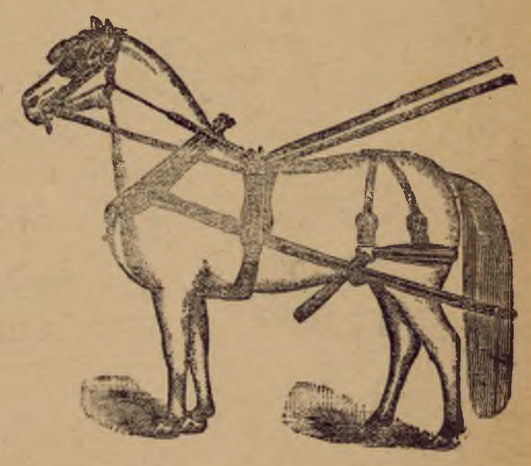
WHY DON'T YOU MARRY!

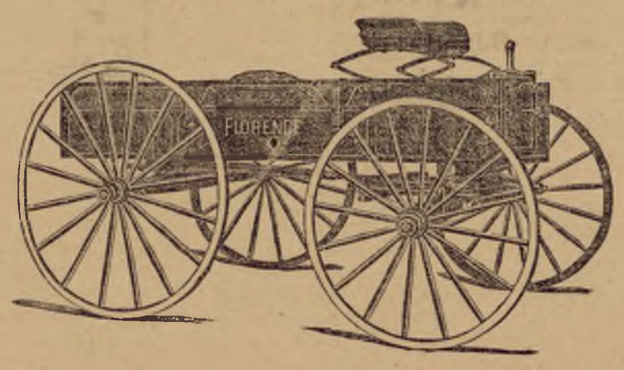
We'll Help You!

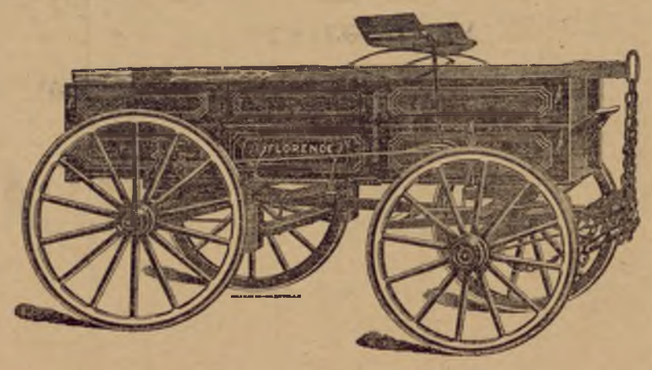
As we have a beautiful line of all kinds of Furniture, Stoves, Matting and Rugs, and we will sell them to you to close out at the helping price which is as follows:

$18.00 Oak suit for $14.88 — $25 Oak suit for $17.89
30.00 Oak suit for 19.98 — Solid oak bedstead 3.50 for 2.68
Solid oak bedstead 5.00 at 3.48 — " " 7.00 for 5.99
Lots of othe furniture too numerous to mention. We will sell you now our folding bed springs for which you have to pay others $2.25 at 1.75

We also have on hand a big line of Studebakers, Florence one and two horse wagons in all sizes, also big line of buggies and harness, which we also place in this Clearing Sale at the saving to you of 25 to 35 per cent.







STRICT TERMS:

1. All goods sold for cash. 2. Nothing on approval.
3. No alterations made. 4. Not responsible for lost [bundles.
5. Be patient, wait your turn.

REMEMBER NOT A THING RESERVED!

STOREKEEPERS and out of town merchants will do well to take advantage of this great clearing sale of merchandise which is now going on.

YOURS TO SERVE,

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE COMPANY,

Wholesale and Retail | Double Stores | Columbiana, Ala.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

THURSDAY, FEB. 18, 1904.

Subscribe for a phone.

Sunday was valentine day.

County court convened Monday.

J. F. Averyt, of Shelby, spent Tuesday in the city.

N. N. Mosteller, of Farmer, was in town this week.

Miss Rosie Christian is visiting relative in Birmingham.

Geo. Shaw, of Yellow Leaf, transacted business here this week.

Hon. W. R. Oliver, of Calera, is in the city attendiag county court.

Miss Helen Boyer spent Sunday in Wilsonville with her parents.

Oscar Lybrand, of Weldon, was in the city the first of the week.

The young people are wearing badges in honor of two companies which will give a drill in the near future.

Little Eva Thompson is quite sick with fever. We hope to see her up again.

Irwin Wingard and W. T. Taylor, of Wilsonville, were visitors here this week.

Mrs. Philip Erlick is spending the week with relatives and friends in Bessemer.

W. T. Kidd and R. P. Tucker, of Vincent were visitors to the city this week.

Melvin Dyke, after a few days visit to relative in Ensley returned home last Thursday.

R. M. Hollis, a prominent citizen of Sterrett, spent a couple of days in the city this week.

Walter E. Riddle, the candidate of the first district, was in the city Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. T. Wood, left on last Sunday for Atlanta, Ga, where she will buy a line of spring goods.

Miss Carrie Rowe who has been at home sick is able to resume her duties in the school room.

C. L. Meroney and A. M. Cross, of Montevallo, were visitors to the city the first of the week.

A social was given at the residence of Mr. Grimes near the Southern Depot on last Friday night.

John M. Wyatt, of Montevallo, was in the city Tuesday shakidg hands with his many friends.

J. F. Pope, the leading merchant of Wilsonville, is opening up a millinery and ladies furnishing store.

Master Wilds DuBose, of Ensley, visited his grand father Dr. W. S. DuBose the latter part of last week.

I am agent for the White Swan Laundry, and would be glad to have you give me your laundy. AMOS COX.

J. E. Adams, a prominent candidate for tax collector from Weldon, was in the city the first of the week.

Again I opened a repair shop at the blacksmith shop of J. T. Barnett, in the rear of J. W. Johnrton's store.
NOLAN BARNETT.

Don't forget that W. W. Albright's blacksmith shop is situated on East College street, where you can get your blacksmith work done on short notice

J. H. Mason has bought out the drug business of E. D. Hall, and will in the future conduct the business at the old stand near the court house.

A shadow party was given by the Sunbeam Society of the Baptist church last Friday night at the National hotel, which netted them a neat little sum.

Hon. Thomas J. Martin, G. W. Thompson and W. E. Millender, of Harpersville, were in the city Tuesday attending the meeting of the committee.

R. E. Bowden, a prominent lime manufacturer from Hardyville, was in the city Tuesday in attendance on the meeting of the county executive committee. He acted as secretary of the meeting.

Let everybody come to the recital Monday night at the school house and enjoy a fine time. Miss Roberts, the elecution teacher, has been working day and night for this occasion, and we predict for all that go, a rare treat.

Joe P. Roberts who has been in correspoddence with Richard Pearson Hobson and the Alkahest Lyceum Co. trying to secure Mr. Hobson for an evening in our city, has received a letter from said company, stating that Mr. Hobson would be sent to us right shortly. This will be a grand treat for our city and sister towns in having "Our Southern Hero Boy" describe the wonderful power and ring of shell and musketry.

Perfect Confidence.

Where there used to be a feeling of uneasiness and worry in the household when a child showed symptoms of croup, there is now perfect confidence. This is owing to the uniform success of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the treatment of that disease. Mrs. M. I. Bastord, of Polesville, Md., in speaking of her experience in the use of that semedy says: "I have a world of confidence in Chambertain's Cough Remedy for I have used it with persuccess. My child Garland is subject to severe attacks of croup and it always gives him prompt reliefr" For sale at J. W. Bandy Drug Co's store.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The County Executive Committee Meet and Order a Primary for April 11. The Bars Let Down to the Ground.

The County Democratic Executive Committee met at the court house on Tuesday at one o'clock p. m. The following beats were represented, 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 15, 16, 17, and 19. Hon. J. R White tendered his resignation as chairman of the committee stating as a reason for the same that his health was such as to not admit of his taking upon himself the duties of the primary and the responsiblities of the campaign which would follow. J. T. Leeper Esq., was unanimously selected to succeed Mr. White.

A resolution calling a primary election for April 11 1904 was adopted. All white qualified electors of the county who believe in the principle of the Democratic Party are cordially invited to participate in the primary, and they are not required to pledge themselves to support the nominees of the party, but their participation in the primary will be taken as a sufficient guarantee that they will support the nominees.

A sub-committee of five was appointed to prepare a plan, rules and regulations under which the primary shall be held, the same to be in harmony with the plan adopted by the State Executive Committee. To this sub-committee is entrusted all the details of the work pertaining to the primary, including the arranging of the ballots, having them distributed, getting up the election supplies etc., the expenses of the same to be paid for by the sub-committee out of money to be raised by an assessment of the candidates.

The members of the committee reported a good feeling existing between all classes of the citizens of the county, regardless of party. The meeting was characterized so by a spirit of harmony, and evidently all were imbued with the idea that a grand and glorious victory will be achieved in Novem ber next.

THE OLIVE BRANCH EXTENDED.

The action of the committee in cordially inviting all white qualified voters who believes in the principles of the democratic party to participate the Democratic primary on April 11, was a wise and broad action, and we believe will be productive of good and lasting results to the party in the county.

There are a great many people in the county who have for several years been voting the pop ulist ticket who are, at heart, good democrats. In other words, they believe in the principles of the democratic party. They were cut off from the regular party in split which occurred from the party in the days of Kobism. They have never renounced their innate democratic principles.

Several things have conspired to keep them from voting with the democratic party. First and foremost, the populist leaders in the county have used their every effort, from the beginning, to keep their prejudices excited against the democratic party. They go back for near a quarter of a century, and bring up old matters that have been buried for years, and ought to be allowed to remain buried. All of this is for the purpose of keeping themselves in office. The masses of people who have been following these leaders, we believe, have because disgusted, and will no longer be influenced by them.

They are tired out at it—surfeited. We believe many of these will come into the democratic primary and vote the democratic ticket, and then in November will join hands with victors in putting out of office those who have proven themselves so unworthy of the trust that have been reposed in them. Good men have announced for the various offices and we feel that many populist will take pleasure in assisting to nominating them, then still greater pleasure in assisting to elect them in November next

A Card of Thanks.

Editor Chronicle we wish to thank the people through the columns of your valuable paper, for their contribution to the cemetery fund that the undersigned collected. The wire is "bought" and is here ready to be put up, the cost of the wire was thirty dollars all paid. We thank the people heartily for their aid.

Respectfully,
Miss Letia Moore,
" Sallie Farr,
" Rilla Dickerson.

TIP TOP.

Health of county not very good. The cry is measles.

W. J. Sewell was around in our camps Saturday.

Dickson Grant and Ben Dickerson will have their new shingle mill complete and ready for work Monday, the mill is situated in Johnson's bottom below Sterrett.

We notice in our social circle Clem Elder, of Yorkville, S. C. He will in the fnture reside in Alabama,

Rev. Albert Messer will preach at Cobb's school house on the 4th Sunday

R. J. Moore's family have all had a seige of measles, also Miss Willie Keen, of Vincent, who was visiting at that time.

Willie Dickerson, of Union, S.C., was visiting W. S. Dickerson and G. W. Moore's family some days ago.

The people had better be careful in way of shooting. They mought hit a "candydate."

Mrs J. J. Moore has been restored to her mental powers and is home.

Jim Armstrong has a camera and is taking shadows over in Happy Hollo.

D. G. Grant and L. W. Hartsfield made a business trip to Birmingham last week.

Wm. Falkner and wife, of Sterrett, were at Mt. Tabor Sunday.

GYPSY.

WELDON.

Weldon is soon to have another shingle mill with Wm. F. Ray as prop.

The R. F. D. from Wilsonville is giving satisfaction.

W. A. Wilder is having some fine lumber hauled by here to Jackson's.

Miss Annie Blackerby is visiting relatives is the city to the delight of A

Rev. Mr. Davis filled Rev. T. M. Nelson's appointment at New Prospert Saturday and Sunday.

The class meeting at Union Sunday was a success. We hope much good will be done by these meetings.

J. T. Bozeman and family after a fortnight's visit to Mrs. Bozeman's parents returned ta their home at East Lake Sunday.

I heard that Wild Bill was the escort of Miss—— Sunday though he denied it to me.

We saw several valentines floating around Sunday, but up to this writing we haven't been so fortunate as to get any.

Several of the boys with Wild Bill throwed in for good measure are now candidates subject to the action of the fair sex.

Our clever merchant, J. E. Adams is a candidate fortax collector subject to the action of the democratic primary to be held April 11. We have known Mr. Adams for a number of years and have found him to be an upright, energetic, honest and above all a Christian man. In business we have found him not wanting in anything. He is a gentleman who has the affairs of the county county at heart. If he so fortunate to win the office which he seeks he will serve the people to the best of his ability, and for their interest. Mr. Adams has been in the mercantile business here for years and therefore we know from what we talk and take pleasure in tesifying to his competency and fitness to fill the office of tax collector. We hope the voters will take pleasure in casting their votes for him.

BILLY BOY.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.

How to Make Money.

Agents of either sex should today write Marsh Manufacturing Co., 538 Lake st, Chicago, for cuts and particulars of their handsome Aluminum Card Case with name engraved on it and filled with 100 calling or business cards. Everybody orders them. Sample case and 100 cards, postpaid 40 cts. This case and 100 cards retails at 75c. You have only to show sample to get an order. Send 40c at once for case and 100 cards or send 30c for 100 cards without case. Mention this paper

A return engagement of the pleasure giving Merry-Go-Round is announced for Shelby, Ala., one week beginning February 15th. It is the same flyer that visited Columbiana and Shelby a few weeks since, only it is now under the management of the May Bros., of Shelby, who purchased the machine while at Calera, Ala. The Merry Go Round will remain in Shelby for one week only, as the new proprietors have a contract to join a Carnival Company playing northward and their return to Shelby is by request. This will give to the people of Shelby and vicinity, one more opportunity to enjoy themselves on the Prince of amusement provides—The Fying Jenny.

Dunlap for Ceancellor.

Gadsden, Ala., Jan. 8, 1904.

The members of the Gadsden bar met in the office of Boykin & Brindley Monday evening, Jan. 4. Upon motion the chairman appointed a committee consisting of W. J. Boykin, J. B. Martin and Judge J. A. Bilbro to prepare suitable resolutions regarding the candidacy of Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap for Chancellor of the Northern Division. The committee reported the following resolutions:

Whereas, We are advised that the Hon. R. B. Kelley, chancellor of the northeaster chancery division will not by reason of his candidacy for associate justice of our supreme court, aspire to succeed himself as chancellor; and

Whereas, our fellow townsman and leading member of our local bar, Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap, has kindly yielded to the earnest solicitation of the members of the Gadsden bar as well as of leading lawyers, democrats throughout the northeastern division, and will enter the field as a candidate for chancellor. Therefore, be it

Resolved, 1st, That we take great pleasure in commending the Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap to the democracy of the northeastern chancery division, as a suitable man for chancellor; he is democrat true and tried, a lawyer of learning and great research, capable, worthy and well qualified to discharge with credit to himself and honor to the people the responsible duties of the office to which he aspires.

2nd. That it gives us, the members of the Gadsden bar, great pleasure to unanimously and enthusiastically endorse the candidacy of Col. R. A. D. Dunlap; pledging our united and individual efforts in his behalf, and we earnestly solicit the aid of friends and acquaintances and brother lawyers and democrats throughout the division to secure the nomination of this worthy gentleman, for we assure those who help us that Col. Dunlap is a hard working, painstaking, sober, honest, upright Christian gentleman, and if nominated and elected chancellor, he will bring to the office his best efforts and we feel safe in assuring all who honor him with their support they will never have cause to regret their action.

W. J. BOYKIN,
J. B. MARTIN,
J. A. BILBRO.

These resolutions were unanimously adopted and, after transacting other business, the meeting adjourned.
A. R. Brindley, Sec. O. R. Hood, Chairman.

The Cherokee County Bar also endorses the candidacy of Colonel R. A. D. Dunlap. adv.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgaged executed by the Northern Coal Company to the Alabama and Missis ippi Coal Company on November 30th, 1901, and recorded it mortgage book No. 56 page 496 in the Probate office of Shelby county, Ala,, and which mortgage and indebtedness therein was transferred to W. M. Spencer, trustee, the said W. M. Spencer, trustee, owner of said mortgage and indebtedness, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door at Columbiana, Shelby county Ala., during the legal hours of sale, on Saturday, March 12th, 1904, the following described property, lying in said Shelby county, Ala., to-wit: the south east quarter of south west quarter, and west half of south west quarter, all in section 32, township 26, range 3 west; also the south west quarter of the north west quarter of section 32, township 20, range 3 west; except the right of way conveyed to the Echols Coal Co., also except the land conveyed by Columbus Benton and wife to one Ruffin and Echols Coal Company, being about one acre said forty on which the slope of said Echols Coal Co. mines is situated, the south west corner of said acre being about three hundred feet east of the south west corner of said forty acre tract, and also it conveys the right of way and privileges to cross the right of way above referred to with wagon and tram road, and which said right and privilege was conveyed to Columbus Benton by the said Echols Coal Co and the same conveyed by C. Benton and wife to Lula E. Cook, together with all improvements, buildings and appertenances hereto belonging, including engines, boilers, pumps, tram cars, rails and all other property, whether fixtures or not, used in and about the operation of said mines, all the above property lying in Shelby county, Ala. This sale is made to satisfy the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, default having been made in the payment of the indebteness secured, and the cost of this sale, including reasonable attorney's fee. This February 5th, 1904.

W. M. SPENCER.
BY Trustee Transferee and Owner.
R. H. PEARSON, W. M. SPENCER, } Attorneys.

A child of Mrs. G. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath stepped against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great pain and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remembering that she had a bottle of Chamberlains Pain Balm in the house sho would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Pain Balm is an antseptic liniment and valuable for burns, breises, cuts and spains. Sold by Williams Broc., Druggists.

A Remarkable Case.

One of the most remarkable cases of of cold, deepseated on the lungs, causing pneumonia, is that of Mrs. G. E. Fenner, of Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says "the cough and straining so weakened me that I ran dow in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I tried One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength. Sold by Williams Bros.

WANTED—An energetic and reliable saleman for Shelby county, paying business. Baferences required. Apply at once, CHISLOM BROS., Birmingham, Ala.

For sick headache try Chambertains Stomach and Liver Tablets; they will ward off the attack if taken in time. For sale by Williams Bros.

A Purgative Pleasure.

If you ever took DeWitt's Little Early Risers for biliousness or costipation you know what a purgative pleasure is. These famous little pills cleanse the liver and rids the system of all the bile without producing unpleasant effects. They do not gripe or weaken, but give tone and strength to the tissues and organs involved. W. H. Howell of Houston, Texas, says: "No better pill can be used than Little Early Risers for constipation, sick headache Sold by Williams Bros.

Among our announcements this week will be found that of John W. Moore, of Weldon, as a candidate for tax assessor. Mr. Moore is well and favorably known to a large number of citizens, has taught school for several years, and is fully competent to fill the position he aspires to.

The Columbiana Millinery Shop will open up next week with a handsome, stylish up-to-date selection of the prettiest designs and patterns in spring millinery our ladies ever saw outside of a large city. J. F. Pope, Wilsonville's hustling, enterprising merchant is the proprietor. Miss Flor nce Fallaw, a milliner of experience and rare taste, will be the manager, and she will have ample assistance. A lot of the goods have arrived and the balance will reach here this week. By the middle of next week the estab ished will be opened to the public and our lady friends can feast their eyes on style and beauty surpassing description. The Columbiana Millinery Shop will occupy the store room recently vacated by Hall Drug Co., next to the Columbiana Mercantile Co.'s establishment. Remember the shop will open next week and inspect handsome array of millinery of every description. In addition to millinery will be found a pretty line of white goods, laces, embraces, embroideres, shirt waist patterns, the very newest.

Nothing Equals Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Dr. P. B. Spears, of Pinchard, Ala., has become acquainted with the good qualities of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholora and Diarrhoea Remedy and uses it in his own family and in his practice He says: "It beats any preparation I have ever seen for bowel complaints. I do not think of recommending any other, and also use it with my own children." This remedy is for sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

When Thinking
ABOUT BUYING
A WATCH

it always pays to get a good one. If you want a Watch we can save you money on your order. Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Seth Thomas and New York Standard are good movements. Give us a trial order and you be convinced

DO YOU want anything in musical instruments? We have Violins, Violin Cases, Bows, Bridges, Pegs, Mandolins, Mandolin Cases, Picks, Guitars, Guitar Cases, Tamborines, Banjos, Accordeons, Harps, Harmonicas, Fifes, Ocarines, Flagolets, Bones, Clappers, Graphaphones and Records, also all kinds of strings for Violins, Banjos, Mandolins and Guitars

Call and see us in our
REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.

Don't forget as when you want photograph work or enlarging, our work will please you. We keep on all kinds of pictures, picture frames and are receiving new goods every week that will interest you. Give us a call when in the city.

T. J. WEAVER & COMPANY,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

JEWELRY NOVELTIES.

A full line of Colgate's Extracts,
A full line of Colgate's Soap.
TOILET ARTICLES.

Also complete line of DRUGS,
HEADQUARTERS FOR
CIGARS, TOBACCO AND STATIONERY. ETC
WE ARE HEADQUATERS

For Stationery, Silver Novelies, Watches, Rings, Pins, Etc. Also a complete line of Medallions, price from 25c to 90 cents. Nearly everything in the holiday line you wish. Call and inspect our line.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
.....OF.....
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782 77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3,000.00	Rediscounts.....	2,263.00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. FARLEY Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Company.

LAND TITLES;
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE;
TITLES GUARANTEED.
A GENERAL TITLE BUSINESS.

—INSURANCE—

Fire, Plate Glass, Boiler,
Employers Liability, Accident Insurance.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Ala.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

NORTH CAROLINA CORN WHISKEY

AT $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 AND $3.00 PER GALLON.

DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.

Saving Middlemen's Profits.
All express charges paid by me
on packages of 2 gallons or more.
TERMS--CASH WITH ORDER.

Write for descriptive circulars. Reference commercial agencies or any merchant here.

J. H. WOOLLEY
Cherryville, N. C.

When You Have a Cold.

The first action when you have a cold should be to relieve the lungs. This is best accomplished by the free use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This remedy liquiffes the tough mucus and causes its expulsion from the air cells of the lungs, produces a free expectoration, and opens the secretions. A complete cure soon follows. This remedy will cure a severe cold in less time than any other treatment and it leaves the system in a natural and healthy condition. It counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia. For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

WHAT ARE THEY?—Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. A new remedy for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation, and a good one. Price 25 cents. For sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

The best physic. "Once tried and you will always use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets," says W. A. Girard, Pease, Vt. These are the most prompt, most pleasant and most reliable cathartic in use. For sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

A Case of Rheumatism Cured by Chamberlain's Pain Balm.

The efficiency of Chamberlain's Pain Balm in the relief of rheumatism is being demonstrated daily. Parker Triplett, of Grigsby, Va., says that Chamberlain's Pain Balm gave him relief from rheumatism in the back when everything else failed, and he would not be without it. For sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

The Proper Treatment for Sprained Ankle.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or 3 months before he has fully recovered. This an unnecessary loss of time, for many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some case within three days. For sale by Williams Bros.

NOTICE.

Mr. S. M. Pickler has bought all the lands in this county that were sold by the state for taxes. I should be glad to have all persons whose lands were sold to the state for taxes to call on me at the court house, or the White House, if they care to redeem their lands, or if the sale of their land was erroneous.

F. A. GAMBLE, Agent.

FOR SALE.—one black mare five years old, weighs about 1,000 pounds, sound and good worker. Apply to A. H. AVERY, Shelby, Ala.

Cured of Piles After 40 Years.

C. Haney, of Geneva, O., had the piles for 40 years. Doctors and dollars could do him no good, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. Invaluable for cuss, burns, bruises, sprains, lacerations, eczema, tetter, salt rheum, and all other skin diseases Look for the name DeWitt on package—all others are cheay, worthless counterfeits. Sold by Williams Bros.

Good Advice.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects: such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Waterbrash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth. Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle of August Flower for 25 or 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Try it. For sale by Williams Brothers, Columbiana.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
For Piles, Burns, Sores.

FOR THIRTY YEARS

Congressman Meekison Suffered With Catarrh--Read His Endorsement of Pe-ru-na.

CONGRESSMAN MEEKISON, OF OHIO.

Hon. David Meekison is well known, not only in his own State but throughout America. He began his political career by serving four consecutive terms as Mayor of the town in which he lives, during which time he became widely known as the founder of the Meekison Bank of Napoleon, Ohio. He was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress by a very large majority, and is the acknowledged leader of his party in his section of the State.

Only one flaw marred the otherwise complete success of this rising statesman. Catarrh, with its insidious approach and tenacious grasp, was his only unconquered foe. For thirty years he waged unsuccessful warfare against this personal enemy. At last Peruna came to the rescue, and he dictated the following letter to Dr. Hartman as the result:

"I have used several bottles of Peruna and I feel greatly benefited thereby from my catarrh of the head. I feel encouraged to believe that if I use it a short time longer I will be fully able to eradicate the disease of thirty years' standing."--David Meekison, ex-Member of Congress.

THE season of catching cold is upon us. The cough and the sneeze and nasal twang are to be heard on every hand. The origin of chronic catarrh, the most common and dreadful of diseases, is a cold.

This is the way the chronic catarrh generally begins. A person catches cold, which hangs on longer than usual. The cold generally starts in the head and throat. Then follows sensitiveness of the air passages which incline one to catch cold very easily. At last the person has a cold all the while seemingly, more or less discharge from the nose, hawking, spitting, frequent clearing of the throat, nostrils stopped up, full feeling in the head and sore, inflamed throat.

The best time to treat catarrh is at the very beginning. A bottle of Peruna properly used never fails to cure a common cold, thus preventing chronic catarrh.

While many people have been cured of chronic catarrh by a single bottle of Peruna, yet, as a rule, when the catarrh becomes thoroughly fixed, more than one bottle is necessary to complete a cure. Peruna has cured cases innumerable of catarrh of twenty years' standing. It is the best, if not the only internal remedy for chronic catarrh in existence.

But prevention is far better than cure. Every person subject to catching cold should take Peruna at once at the slightest symptom of cold or sore throat at this season of the year and thus prevent what is almost certain to end in chronic catarrh.

Mrs. A. Snedeker, Cartersville, Ga., writes:

"I saw that your catarrh remedy, Peruna, was doing others so much good that I thought I would try it and see what it would do for me. My case is an old one, and I have none of the acute symptoms now, because I have had the disease so long that I had none of the aches and pains, but a general run-down condition of the whole body—sore nose and throat and stomach. I had a good appetite, but my food did not nourish my system. I had come down from 140 to about 75 pounds in weight. I now feel that I am well of all my troubles."—Mrs. A. Snedeker.

Mrs. A. Snedeker.

Send for free book on catarrh, entitled "Winter Catarrh," by Dr. Hartman. "Health and Beauty" sent free to women only.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

.22 CALIBER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES.

Winchester .22 Caliber Cartridges shoot when you want them to and where you point your gun. Buy the time-tried Winchester make, having the trade-mark "H" stamped on the head. They cost only a few cents more a box than the unreliable kind, but they are dollars better.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

Largest growers of ONION and Vegetable Seeds in the World.

Our Prices range from 60 cents to $1.50 per pound, and no better seed is found on earth.

How to grow 1,200 bushels Onions per acre with each ounce order.

Pkg., 10c. Oz., 20c. Catalog 5c, for postage.

John A. Salzer Seed Co., LA CROSSE, WIS.

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

U.M.C.

AMMUNITION

Is extensively used everywhere in the world wherever the muzzle loader has given way to the breech loader.

It is made in the largest and best equipped cartridge factory in existence.

This accounts for the uniformity of its products.

Tell your dealer "U. M. C." when he asks: "What kind?"

Catalog free.

The Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
BRIDGEPORT, CONN.
Agency, 313 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

3 CENTS BUYS A SHARE

and positive ownership in Gold Mill Concentrating Plant and Group of Gold Mines. Mill now grinding out gold continually. Looks like speedy and continuous dividends. New company just starting Pictures, prospectus, GOLD ORE free.

SUNSET GOLD COMPANY,
500 Mack Block. DENVER, COLO.

Am. 8, 1904.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box Atlanta.

HAS NO STOMACH.

William Noss Suffers No Inconvenience from the Removal of His.

A dispatch from Sioux City, Iowa, says: William Noss, a farmer, left the Samaritan hospital to return to his home without a stomach, feeling well and strong and weighing fifteen pounds more than he did three weeks ago.

The remarkable operation of removing the stomach was performed at the Samaritan hospital a little more than three weeks ago by a surgeon of Sioux City. This is the first time the operation has been performed in this city, and the medical records show that in the history of surgery men's stomachs have been removed only in about 25 instances.

William Noss is a man 58 years old and had always been well until a few months ago. He began to have trouble with his stomach, and, finally, the physicians told him he was suffering with cancer. He grew worse, and when he started for Sioux City he had lost 45 pounds from his ordinary weight. The cancer had grown so large that the outlet of the stomach into the intestines was obstructed, and food was vomited up as rapidly as swallowed. In fact, the man was rapidly dying of starvation when he arrived at the Sioux City hospital.

The surgeon found that the man was apparently in good physical condition, with the exception of the cancer and determined to resort to the rare operation if necessary. He made a long incision from the diaphragm to the navel, so as to be unhampered in his work. On examination it was found that the cancer filled the entire stomach, except a small part of the cardiac end, and that the only possible way to save the patient would be to remove the stomach.

The stomach was cut out so as to leave a flaring end of the gullet or esophagus, and at the lower end was cut off where it narrows to merge into the intestines. When the stomach had been removed the flaring, funnel-shaped part attached to the esophagus was gathered and stitched so as to form a small sack with a small orifice. Then came the difficult part of the operation. This orifice and the open end of the intestine had to be joined together in such a way as to make an airtight and water-tight passage. By the most delicate stitching this was accomplished and the intestinal tract was once more intact. The wound was closed and after a few days, in which the point in the intestine was allowed to heal, the man was given food. Gradually the amount of food was increased until now Noss eats as much as he desires.

Protecting California Game.

Under the laws of California it is at all times unlawful to buy, sell, offer for sale, barter or trade, at any time, any quail, pheasant, grouse, sage hen, ibis, plover, or any deer meat or deer skins; also to have in possession doe or fawn skins; to take or kill at any time does, fawns, elk or antelope; to take or kill pheasants or bobwhite quail; to run deer with dogs during the closed season; to shoot half hour before sunrise or half hour after sunset; to trap game of any kind without written permission from the Board of Fish Commissioners; to take or destroy nests or eggs of game birds; to ship game in concealed packages or without the name and address of the shipper being distinctly marked thereon; to buy or sell trout less than one-half pound in weight; to take at any time sturgeon or female crabs; to take abalones less than fifteen inches in circumference; to take trout or black bass except with hook and line; to take salmon, shad or striped bass with a net less than seven and a half inch mesh; to fish with boat and net without a license; to fish for salmon with nets Saturday and Sunday; to at any time use a set net; to take fish at any time or in any manner within fifty feet of a fish way; to take, buy or sell striped bass less than three pounds in weight; to at any time shoot meadow larks or to shoot on enclosed land without permission of the owner.—Sunset Magazine.

Czar Arrested for a Minute.

Motorists will be amused to hear of an adventure which befell the czar when he was staying at Darmstadt a short time ago. The czar was driving in a motor car with Prince and Princess Henry of Prussia and the Grand Duke of Hesse, and when passing through Bockenheim, a suburb of Frankfort, the car slipped on the greasy cobblestones and came in contact with the wall of a house. Happily no harm was done, but the car had hardly been backed into the road again when a policeman stopped it and demanded the name of the owner. The czar replied, "I am the emperor of Russia," and the policeman was so taken aback that he let the car go on without taking any further steps. The czarina was much amused at the incident, and it is said that she has made the momentary arrest of the czar the subject of one of her caricatures.—London Sketch.

World's Fair Golf.

In connection with the St. Louis fair next year there is to be held in September a golf contest for the amateur championship of the world. The winner will be known as the champion amateur golfer of the world. A gold medal will be awarded to the first, a silver medal to the second and bronze medals to each of the unsuccessful players in the semi-finals. An innovation will be a putting contest over a nine-hole putting course at night, illuminated by electric lights, for which a gold medal will be offered to the winner. Teams of ten men each, representing any golf association in the world, will compete for a handsome trophy, each member of the winning team receiving a gold medal and members of the second team a silver medal. —Utica Press.

Marriage Age.

The average marriage age for men does not differ materially in those countries where they keep accurate marriage records. It is highest, 31 years, in Sweden and lowest in the United States, 26 and a half years. Among women it is also highest in Sweden, 28 years, and lowest in Russia, 22 years.

A Professional Nurse Tells Her Experience With Doan's Kidney Pills.

Montague, Mass.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.:

Gentlemen—I heartily wish those who are suffering from backache and disturbed action of the kidneys would try Doan's Kidney Pills. As was the case with me, they will be more than surprised with the results. I had been troubled for years with my spine. I could not lie on either side. Spinal cramps would follow, and words could not explain the agony which I would endure. While in these cramps I could not speak or move, but by making a great effort after the cramp had left me I could begin to speak and move a little, but my whole back was so sore and lame that I could not even have the back bathed for some time. My nerves were in a terrible state. I would rather sit up at night than go to bed, dreading the cramps and the terrible backaches. I consulted physicians, but got only a little relief for the time being. Seeing your advertisement, my mother urged me to try Doan's Kidney Pills. After using one box I was better, and have ever since been on the gain. I have no backache and no cramps now, and I feel like a new person. My nerves are better and I know my blood is purer. Words cannot express my thanks to you for what Doan's Kidney Pills have done for me. In my work as professional nurse I have a chance to recommend them, and they did me so much good that I will do so on every possible occasion.

HATTIE BRIGHAM, Nurse.

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold at 50 cents per box. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., for a free trial box.

The new Grain Exchange, at Omaha, Neb., started business with 100 brokers on the floor and every indication of good business.

There are 29,000 Indian children in school, 62,616 Indians who can speak English and 143,974 Indians who wear civilized dress.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists; price, 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The erection of galvanized iron houses in Bloemfontein, the capital of the Orange River colony, has been prohibited.

Twenty-five thousand people have been driven out of their homes in Allegheny City, Pa., by fierce floods.

More poisonous snakes are found in Arizona than in any other part of the United States.

To Wash China Silk Dresses.

China silk dresses may be quite successfully washed. Remove all spots with benzine, then wash in warm soapsuds, rubbing between the hands, rinse through several waters. Use Ivory Soap and do not rub the soap on the dress. Wring as dry as possible, wrap in a sheet or clean cotton cloth, and, when partially dry, iron.

ELEANOR R. PARKER.

The priests and monks of Italy live longer than any other professional men in that country.

Teosinte and Billion Dollar Grass.

The two greatest fodder plants on earth, one good for 14 tons of hay and the other 80 tons green fodder per acre. Grows everywhere, so does Victoria Rape, yielding 60,000 lbs. sheep and swine food per acre. [A.C.L.]

JUST SEND 10c. IN STAMPS TO THE John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples.

China's population, according to recent estimates, numbers 426,000,000 of souls.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

On the West Indian Island of Nevis there is a population of over 13,000, with only one doctor.

A Father's Protection.

Father, it is as essential for you to provide a safeguard against that night-fiend to your children, croup, as to their hunger. Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein will cure cough, croup and colds.

At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

Only twenty-four per cent. of doctors attain the age of seventy years.

The hospitals of New York City are overflowing with patients.

Alfalfa Clover.

For years the editor has been urging farmers to sow Alfalfa Clover, and glad he is that thousands of wide-awake farmers, scattered all over America, are doing this now, to their great benefit and satisfaction.

A. Walford, Westlore Farms, Pa., writes: "I have 60 acres in Salzer's Alfalfa Clover. It is immense. I cut three crops this season and have lots of pasture besides."

Hon. H. F. Hunter, S. D., says, "Salzer's Northern Grown Alfalfa clover cannot be beat. I have solved the question of stock raising here. Salzer's Alfalfa is good for 3 rousing crops of hay, Salzer's Speltz for 60 bu. of grain and 3 tons hay, Salzer's Macaroni Wheat for 65 bu. best hog fattening wheat, and Salzer's Hanna Barley, for arid, dry land, is good for 70 bu. per acre. These are all great hog, sheep and cattle fatteners, and last but not least, Salzer's Victoria Rape for sheep, and Salzer's Teosinte, good for 80 tons of green food for cattle, and Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass and Bromus Inermis for lots and lots of good hay. These things make it possible for me to grow live stock by the thousands.

Have you heard of Earliest cane? Gives six mowings a year, and Teosinte, the 80 ton per acre fodder wonder?

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c. IN STAMPS to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples free. [A.C.L.]

Forty millions of calendars are gratuitously distributed in the United States during the first month of every year.

PRODUCTION OF COAL

Over 1,000,000 Tons Greater Than in 1902.

The official figures on the production of coal in Alabama for the year 1903 have been announced by State Mine Inspector J. M. Gray, being 11,700,753 tons, with 19,356 men employed in and about the mines. There were fifty-seven men killed in and about the mines, making the production for the year 205,276.36 tons of coal for each man killed, and one man killed in every 339.57 employed.

The figures show an appreciable increase over production last year. The inspector saw fit not to make any estimate for the coal consumed in boilers around the mines or sold to miners and other employes at the different mining camps in the coal bearing section of the state. Had he done so, as is done in other states, the production would have gone over the 12,000,000 tons mark.

During 1902 the production amounted to 10,329,479 tons, with 17,509 men employed in and around the mines. There were fifty men killed in and around the mines. The production in that year was 206,589.58 tons to the man killed out of 358.18 employed.

The leading counties produced as follows:

Bibb	1,659,402
Cullman	136,191
Etowah	111,680
Jefferson	6,261,048
Shelby	121,676
St. Clair	151,100
Tuscaloosa	618,524
Walker	2,377,919

The accidents were divided by counties as follows: Jefferson, 32; Walker, 12; Bibb, 7; Blount, 1; St. Clair, 3; Tuscaloosa, 2.

Assistant State Mine Inspector Jas. Hillhouse is just back from a trip of inspection and reports about fifty new mines opening.

COOSA TO BE HARNESSED.

And Furnish Power to Anniston and for Manufacturing.

Papers have been filed in the office of the judge of probate of Calhoun county, Ala., whereby the Coosa Water Power Development Company has purchased the land and water right at lock 3.

This concern proposes to harness the abandoned portion of the Coosa river at lock 3 and utilize it as power. The right to build a dam has been granted by the secretary of war, and the company will build the dam this summer. The company proposes to erect a power plant and lay off a number of manufacturing sites.

The Seaboard Air Line crosses the river at this point, giving good railroad facilities.

The company is to be backed by northern capitalists and will have a capital of $250,000. It is also reported that power will be furnished for Anniston, which is only twenty miles from the lock.

Boll Weevil Campaign.

The department of agriculture has issued a circular detailing the work which already has begun in Texas under the emergency appropriation made by congress to fight the ravages of the cotton boll weevil.

There will be thirteen experimental farms of 100 acres each in different parts of Texas.

The search for parasites will continue in Central and South America and the West Indies. A number of sections will be established to demonstrate the value of diversification of crops to indicate to planters what crops can be grown with profit in place of cotton. In co-operation with the federal government Professor Sanderson, the entomologist of the Texas state agricultural experimental station, will investigate regarding other insects which affect the cotton plant, and experimental and demonstrative work will be carried on in different parts of the cotton belt against root rot and rust and other cotton plant diseases.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., is to bore artesian wells for a water supply.

In 1903 over 1,300,000 barrels of flour were sent abroad from New Orleans, as against 600,000 barrels in 1902. The shipments of wheat and corn were correspondingly increased. Not only is Kansas and the other states west of the Mississippi seeking an outlet at the mouth of the great river, but Indiana and the other states east of the river are doing likewise.

The contract for making the iron casts of Vulcan has been let to the Birmingham Steel and Iron company, the new organization which recently bought the plant of the Hood Machine and Foundry company.

Monday was the Chinese New Year's day

The Western railway cut-off from the Selma line of the Louisville and Nashville's Pineapple branch has been completed.

Parties from Birmingham and the Decaturs are making arrangements to build an artificial stone works at Decatur, Ala.

It is reported that the plant of the Southern Car and Foundry company in Gadsden, Ala., will shut down this week.

Bessemer, Ala., business men are considering the construction of a trolley line from there to Blue Creek.

It is reported that the officials of the railroads entering Mobile can not agree on a site for a new union depot and will erect their own stations in the best locations they can secure.

It is reported that the Nicaragua and United States Shipping company may transfer headquarters from New Orleans to Mobile.

Selma, Ala., has a new $20,000 stove manufacturing company. A free site is offered and a factory will be erected at once.

SOURCES OF THE PEERAGE.

Ancient Lineage? Pooh! Pooh! Look Here, Says Labouchere.

"Progress is revolution in disguise and by degrees," a well known tory has recently said, "it is destined to make the peers powerless and the poor prosperous." The description will remind many of the phrase uttered by Cromwell: "There will never be a good time in England till we have done with the lords."

What is the value of our peerage of today? Lord Beaconsfield answered the question in "Coningsby" many years ago:

"'Ancient lienage,' said Mr. Millbank; 'I never heard of a peer with an ancient lineage. The real old families of this country are to be found among the peasantry; the gentry, too, may lay some claim to old blood. I can point you out Saxon families in this country who can trace their pedigrees beyond the conquest; I know of some Norman gentlemen whos fathers undoubtedly came over with the conqueror. But a peer with an ancient lienage is to me quite a novelty. No, no; the thirty years' war of the roses freed us from those gentlemen. I take it after the battle of Tewkesbury, a Norman baron was almost as rare a being in England as a wolf is now.'

"'I have always understood,' said Coningsby, 'that our peerage was the finest in Europe.'

"'From themselves,' said Millbank; 'and the heralds they pay to paint their carriages. But I go to facts. When Henry VII. called his first parliament there were only 29 temporal peers to be found, and even some of them took their seats illegally, for they had been attained. Of those 29 not five remain; and, as the Howards, for instance, are not Norman nobility. We owe the English peerage to three sources—the spoilation of the church, the open and flagrant sale of honors by the elder Stuarts and the boroughmongering of our own times. Those are the three main sources of the existing peerage of England, and, in my opinion, disgraceful ones.'"

Lord Beaconsfield might have added a fourth origin of the existing peerage, to wit, the bestowal of honors upon the mistresses of the kings and their illegitimate children. This decorous nation, therefore, delights to honor those who have inherited titles from such shameful sources.—London Truth.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

The cheapest telephone service in the world is in Grand Rapids, Wis.

Millions in Oats.

Salzer's New National Oats yielded in 1903 in Mich. 240 bu.; in Mo., 255 bu.; in N. D., 310 bu., and in 30 other States from 150 to 300 bu. per acre. Now this Oat if generally grown in 1904 will add millions of bushels to the yield and millions of dollars to the farmer's purse. Try it for 1904. Largest Seed Potato and Alfalfa Clover growers in America. [A.C.L.]

Salzer's Speltz, Beardless Barley, Home Builder Corn, Macaroni Wheat, Pea Oat, Billion Dollar Grass and Earliest Canes are money makers for you, Mr. Farmer.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c. in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples.

A marked increase is noted in the number of triplets and twins born in Berlin of late years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

The flounder is an industrious fish and lays 7,000,000 eggs in a year.

Money refunded for each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYES if unsatisfactory.

There is one peculiarity about camels. They are the only animals that cannot swim.

Through the death of General John B. Gordon, the South loses one of her foremost leaders--a gallant soldier, a trusted counselor, a broadminded and useful public man.

FRAUDS IN A BALE OF HAY.

Frauds in Watch Cases.

According to an article in the Cincinnati Commercial, a fifty-one pound stone was recently found in that city secreted in a bale of hay of eighty pounds.

This is not as bad as finding a lump of lead of nearly one-half the weight of the solid gold watch case secreted in the centre of the case.

Gold watch cases are sold by weight, and no one can see where this lead is secreted until the springs of the case are taken out and the lead will be found secreted behind them.

These cases are made by companies who profess to be honest, but furnish the means to the dishonest to rob the public. It is not pleasant for anyone to find that he has lugged a lump of lead in his watch case.

Another trick of the makers of spurious solid gold watch cases is to stamp the case "U. S. Assay." The United States does not stamp any article made out of gold and silver except coin, and the fakir, by using this stamp, wants to make the public believe that the Government had something to do with the stamping or guaranteeing the fineness of watch cases.

Another trick of the watch fakir is to advertise a watch described as a solid gold filled watch with a twenty or twenty-five-year guarantee. These watches are generally sent C. O. D., and if the purchaser has paid for the watch he finds that the company which guaranteed the watch to wear is not in existence.

The Dueber-Hampden Watch Company, of Canton, Ohio, who are constantly exposing these frauds, will furnish the names of the manufacturers who are in this questionable business.

About forty-two per cent. of clergymen reach the age of seventy.

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE,
Florence, Alabama.

OFFERS opportunity to teachers to review for the State Examinations to be held here in July. Whole expenses for the remainder of the session less than $50.

M. C. WILSON, President.

CROUCH Marble and Granite Co.
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
MONUMENTS,
Vaults, Statuary, Headstones, etc., in any Granite or Marble.
Death Masks a Specialty.
(Mention this paper.) ATLANTA, GA.

Saw Mills

The DeLoach Patent Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill with a 35 h. p. cuts 2,000 feet per day. All sizes and prices to suit. DeLoach Shingle Mills, Edgers, Trimmers, Planers, Corn and Buhr Mills, Water Wheels, Lath Mills, Wood Saws. Our handsome new Catalog will interest you. DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co., Box 834, Atlanta, Ga.

Young women may avoid much sickness and pain, says Miss Alma Pratt, if they will only have faith in the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

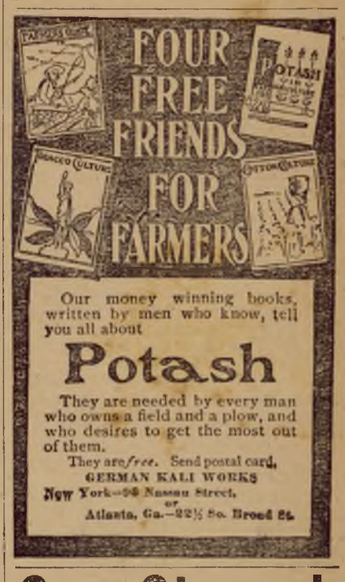
Judging from the letters she is receiving from so many young girls, Mrs. Pinkham believes that our girls are often pushed altogether too near the limit of their endurance nowadays in our public schools and seminaries.

Nothing is allowed to interfere with studies, the girl must be pushed to the front and graduated with honor; often physical collapse follows, and it takes years to recover the lost vitality,—often it is never recovered. Miss Pratt says,—

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to tell all young women how much Lydia E. Pinkham's wonderful Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was completely run-down, unable to attend school, and did not care for any kind of society, but now I feel like a new person, and have gained seven pounds of flesh in three months.

"I recommend it to all young women who suffer from female weakness."—MISS ALMA PRATT, Holly, Mich.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Four Hungarian deputies, including the present Prime Minister, Count Tisza, who had been sentenced to various short terms of imprisonment for dueling, have just been pardoned by imperial decree.



Our money winning books, written by men who know, tell you all about

Potash

They are needed by every man who owns a field and a plow, and who desires to get the most out of them.

They are *free*. Send postal card,
GERMAN KALI WORKS
New York—56 Nassau Street,
or
Atlanta, Ga.—22½ So. Broad St.

Sour Stomach

"I used Cascarets and feel like a new man. I have been a sufferer from dyspepsia and sour stomach for the last two years. I have been taking medicine and other drugs, but could find no relief only for a short time. I will recommend Cascarets to my friends as the only thing for indigestion and sour stomach and to keep the bowels in good condition. They are very nice to eat."
Harry Stuckley, Munch Chunk, Pa.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 599

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

Cotton Gin Machinery

PRATT. MUNGER.
WINSHIP.
EAGLE. SMITH.

We make the most most complete line of any concern in the world. We also make

ENGINES and BOILERS,
LINTERS for OIL MILLS.

We sell everything needed about a Cotton Gin.

Write for Illustrated Catalogue.

Continental Gin Co.,
Birmingham, Ala.

Avery & Company
SUCCESSORS TO
AVERY & McMILLAN,
51-53 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.
—ALL KINDS OF—
MACHINERY
Reliable Frick Engines. Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.

BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH.

Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors. Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE

VOL. XVII. COLUMBIANA, SHELBY COUNTY, ALA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25 1904 NO 27

FAMINE FOLLOWS COLD

Greatest Suffering For the Poor in Ten Years.

DESTITUTION IN NEW YORK

More Calls on the Charity Organization Society For Aid Than in a Decade Past — Misery Due to the Cumulative Effects of Long Continued Cold —Many People Perish.

New York City.—Not in ten years has there been such suffering among the poor as now, according to the officials of the Charity Organization Society. Since the severe cold weather began applications for assistance have been pouring in from all parts of the city, and many of the visitors connected with the organization are compelled to work far into the night to get through with the day's work.

While the destitution cases have been numerous all winter, they have greatly increased during the last few weeks. This is ascribed to the cumulative effects of long continued cold, which has broken down once able-bodied men, who, a few weeks ago, were hopeful of obtaining employment, but who, ill-nourished, have succumbed to the various diseases more or less directly due to zero temperature. A few instances will show in clearer light the terrors of the cold to the poor.

A year ago a young boiler fireman was in such comfortable circumstances that he could send his wife to Europe. Now he is compelled to ask aid to keep himself and his family. After the wife returned from abroad in the fall the young man lost the position he had owing to a strike. On the money he had saved he managed to support her and his three children, all of whom are under five years of age, for some weeks, while he sought another position. In the meanwhile the cold came and the young fellow contracted bronchitis. He found employment, but owing to the disease was unable to hold it longer than a week. When the case was reported it was found that the family was entirely without food and behind in their rent.

On the upper east side the visitors of the society found a mother and two daughters who had been getting along for some months very comfortably, all three working. The younger daughter contracted rheumatism while going to and from her work, and the income of the family was decreased, while the expenditure was added to by the care and drugs necessary for the patient. The family were people of considerable education and felt their position keenly. The sick girl has been placed in a sanitarium.

A peculiar case was discovered on the east side, not far from Fourteenth street. A factory hand, out of work, and having a young wife and one child dependent on him, pawned his overcoat while the weather was still mild. In consequence he has been greatly hindered in his search for employment. The visitors of the organization found him suffering from a severe attack of grip incidental to searching for work during the zero temperature.

Farmer Frozen to Death.

Saratoga, N. Y.—James Winney, eighty-seven years old, a farmer living near Grangerville, Saratoga County, was found frozen to death.

Unconscious From Cold.

Paterson, N. J.—In rooms of frigid temperature and bare of furniture, Mrs. Grace Hartley was found on a heap of rags, at 429 Straight street. The woman was unconscious. She was removed to St. Joseph's Hospital. Mrs. Hartley said she had been in the house for several days without food.

LIFE SAVED BY TELEPHONE.

House Afire, Grandmother Helpless, Alarm Spread by Child.

Toledo, Ohio.—Walter S. Bunce, of Sandusky, has been living at his country residence, two miles above Waterville, on the Naumee, this winter. One night recently the family went to prayer meeting, leaving the house in charge of Mr. Bunce's mother, who is paralyzed, and of his little son.

Fire started in the kitchen and was well under way before the child discovered it. The grandmother was unable to help herself, and the boy could not move her. Finally the grandmother instructed the child to go to the telephone and call "Central" at Waterville.

The child succeeded in making the operator understand, and every telephone in the neighborhood was utilized to spread the alarm. Neighbors reached the house in time to save the grandmother and her grandson, but the house, barn and other farm buildings were destroyed.

JAGGERS CONFESSES TO ARSON.

Convicted Murderer Admits Having Destroyed a Grocery Store.

Port Jervis, N. Y.—George Jaggers, who has been convicted of the murder of Mrs. Victor E. Bevins, confessed in Newton jail that he destroyed Van Aken's grocery store, at Dingman's, Pa., a few months ago. He said that he first robbed the place and then poured kerosene about it and set it afire.

Jaggers shot Mr. and Mrs. Bevins through a kitchen window on October 23. The former recovered from his wounds. Jaggers still denies the shooting.

Manufacturer Shot.

George R. Jennings, a manufacturer, was shot to death in his office, at Brooklyn, N. Y. Frank McNamara, of Elgin, Ill., an old enemy of his, was arrested immediately after the shooting.

Buchanan No Longer Minister.

The State Department, at Washington, D. C., has received and accepted the resignation of W. I. Buchanan, the American Minister to Panama. No successor has yet been selected.

APPEAL FROM THE CZAR

Proclamation to the People Assails the Action of Japan.

Explains the Unpreparedness of Russia For War, and the Necessity For Patience.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—An official proclamation explaining the unpreparedness of Russia for war and the necessity for the exercise of patience by her people has been issued here. It is as follows:

"Some days have now elapsed since all Russia was shaken with profound indignation against an enemy who suddenly broke off negotiations, and by a treacherous attack endeavored to obtain an easy success in a war long desired. The Russian nation, with natural impatience, desires prompt vengeance and awaits feverishly news from the Far East.

"The unity and strength of the Russian people leave no room for doubt that Japan will receive the chastisement she deserves for her treachery and provocation to war at a time when our beloved sovereign desired to maintain peace among the nations. The conditions under which hostilities are being carried on compel us to wait with patience news of the success of our troops, which cannot occur before decisive actions are fought by the Russian army.

"The distance of the territory and the desire of the Emperor to maintain peace were the causes of the impossibility of more complete and earlier preparations for war. Much time is now necessary in order to strike at Japan blows worthy of the dignity and might of Russia, and, while sparing as much as possible the shedding of blood of her children, to inflict just chastisement upon the nation which has provoked the struggle. Russia must await the event in patience, being sure that our army will avenge an hundredfold that provocation.

"Operations on land must not be expected for some time yet, and we cannot obtain early news from the theatre of war. The useless shedding of blood is unworthy the greatness and power of Russia.

"Our country displays such unity and desire for self-sacrifice on behalf of the national cause that all true news from the scene of hostilities will be immediately due to the entire nation."

The general staff announced that the War Office was willing to accept volunteers for service in the Far East. They must be under forty years old, and have had military training. These volunteers will be enrolled in the reserve battalions under Viceroy Alexieff.

M. Pleske has been relieved from his temporary post of Minister of Finance, and transferred to the Council of the Empire.

LINER AFIRE IN MIDOCEAN.

Officers of Pallanza Prevent Panic While Flames Rage in Hold.

Halifax, N. S.—After nearly foundering on one side of the Atlantic, the Hamburg-American liner Pallanza, which arrived from Hamburg, was seriously threatened by a fire which broke out when the steamer was within 500 miles of the American coast. For five hours the crew worked to subdue the flames, which raged in the cargo, and finally conquered them by the injection of steam into the hold. Though there was intense excitement among the 138 passengers, there was no panic, the officers of the ship acting with great coolness and repeatedly assuring every one that there was no danger.

Find Woman Guilty.

The jury in the case of Pearl Scott, Florence Leftwich and Clay Hillman, white, charged with the murder of an engine driver named Scully, at the home of Pearl Scott, at Selma, Ala., brought in a verdict at noon. Pearl Scott was convicted of murder in the second degree and given twelve years in the Penitentiary. The Leftwich and Hillman women were discharged.

Mine Owners Warned.

Governor Peabody has strongly advised the mine owners in the Cripple Creek (Colo.) district to make terms with the union miners, who have been on strike since last August. "I think I have done my duty in bringing about law and order," says the Governor, "and now I will place the burden on your shoulders."

Convicts Kill a Governor.

About 200 laborers and convicts, at Chatham, Galapagos Islands, belonging to Ecuador, recently mutined and killed Leonardo Reina, the Governor of the islands, and several others. The mutineers also committed robberies and destroyed valuable property.

Cape Colony Premier Resigns.

Sir John Gordon Sprigg, the Premier of Cape Colony, who was defeated in the Parliamentary election recently held in East London, which he had represented for nearly thirty years, has resigned the Premiership.

Twelve Hurt in Wreck.

The Florida Limited, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, was wrecked near Atlanta, Ga. The cars were overturned and twelve persons were injured.

Arrested For Murder.

For the terribly brutal murder of John Drake, colored, John Jones was arrested at Baltimore, Md.

Colonel Bruback Killed.

Colonel Theodore Bruback, a prominent railroad promoter and mining man, met his death by falling into the anchor tunnel of the Daly-Judge mine, in Park City, Utah, in which he was heavily interested as a stockholder.

Fireman Killed in Wreck.

Fireman Francis P. Egan was killed and Engineer Porter Kenny was seriously injured by the wreck of a freight train at Piedmont, W. Va.

MYSTERY IN TWO DEATHS

Bridgeport Man and a Maid Servant Killed in His House.

News of the Tragedy Telephoned to a Neighbor by Mrs. Canfield, Wife of One of the Victims.

Bridgeport, Conn.—Joseph B. Canfield, superintendent of the Canfield Rubber Company, and his Swedish maid servant, Vinda Andersen, were found dead in their bedrooms in the Canfield residence, 840 Colorado avenue.

Mrs. Canfield was found in another bedroom of the house too dazed to make a coherent statement.

When the case was first reported to the police they began work on the theory that Mr. Canfield and the maid had been poisoned. A hasty investigation, however, convinced them that the double tragedy was the result of asphyxiation by coal gas from a hot air furnace.

Further inquiry seemed to weaken that theory. It was learned, for instance, that a window in the bedroom where Mr. Canfield's body lay in bed was open about eight inches, and that the air must have blown directly across the bed. That Mr. Canfield, who was an athlete of considerable local fame, should have been killed by the gas, while his wife, whose health is poor, was not completely overcome by it, is regarded by the police as remarkable.

Mrs. Canfield explains that she and her husband occupied separate bedrooms that night.

The police have established the fact that Mr. and Mrs. Canfield returned here from New York City at midnight on Wednesday. They went directly to their home. Before retiring Mr. Canfield banked a hot air furnace in his house with coal.

In a statement to the police Mr. Hammond said that at about 12 o'clock one night Mrs. Canfield called him up on the telephone saying she was ill and was afraid her husband was dead. Mr. Hammond telephoned to A. H. Canfield, a brother of the dead Mr. Canfield, and then responded to Mrs. Canfield's appeal for help.

On entering the house, he says, he smelled coal gas. Canfield was dead in bed, the maid, who occupied a room on the floor above, was also dead, and two bull terriers were found prostrate on the floor, semi-conscious. Newspapers bearing a recent date and several bottles of milk, most of which was sour, were found upon the porches of the house.

The police, after a systematic search of the house, found that the drafts in the furnace were closed. The furnace fire was burned in the centre of the fire pit, and the conditions were favorable to a circulation of coal gas through the house.

Canfield was about thirty years old, and his marriage about two years ago to Mae Kathryn Donnell, a girl employed in his factory, incurred the displeasure of his parents. To all appearances, however, the pair lived happily after overcoming the objections raised by Canfield's parents.

INSURANCE LOSS, $31,095,132.

Many Baltimore Wholesale Houses in Pool Will Get Nothing.

Baltimore, Md.—The Baltimore Underwriter prints the losses of all fire insurance companies in the Baltimore fire. The total gross loss is $32,864,894, of which $6,000,000 falls upon the local companies. The estimated total of salvage is $1,769,762, which leaves a net loss to the insurance companies of $31,095,152. Many of the large wholesale dry goods houses formed an insurance pool among themselves, which amounted to about $5,000,000, from which practically nothing will be realized.

Another development is that very few tenants of the so-called fireproof buildings carried insurance.

INDICTED ON 42 COUNTS.

But Defendant's Bail in Land Frauds Case Is Reduced $8000.

Washington, D. C.—Joost H. Schneider, of Tucson, Ariz., who recently was indicted on forty-two counts, and arrested here for alleged complicity in public land frauds in the West, was released from custody under $12,000 bonds. He was brought up in the Criminal Court on a petition for a writ of habeas corpus, which alleged illegal arrest and excessive bail. The former point was waived to avoid delay, and Justice Pritchard sustained the contention of excessive bail by reducing the amount from $20,000 to $12,000.

British Guiana's Duties.

At the opening of the Legislature, at British Guiana, the Governor, Sir James Alexander Swettenham, announced that a preference of ten per cent. in duties would be given to imports from the United Kingdom and Canada.

Six Men Shot in Poolroom Raid.

In an effort to close up a poolroom that had been run for a long time in the outskirts of Madison, Ill., three constables, augmented by a posse of citizens, and bearing warrants for the arrest of six men connected with the poolroom, precipitated a riot, which resulted in the shooting of six men.

Fire Destroys Paint Works.

Fire destroyed the F. W. Devoe & Reynolds paint works, in Brooklyn, N. Y., doing about $400,000 damages.

Fire Imperils Insane.

One hundred and twenty insane men and women from the county hospital were brought into Racine, Wis., from the hospital as a result of a fire which destroyed the structure valued at $100,000.

Negro Burned at the Stake.

Glenco Bays, a negro hunted down by a mob, was burned at a stake near Crossett, Ark. He was charged with the murder of J. D. Stephens, of Ashley County.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

President Roosevelt has signed the Urgent Deficiency bill.

The Indian Appropriation bill has been completed. It will carry an expenditure of $7,610,831, as against $8,521,306 appropriated last year. Of the sum named, $3,551,868 is for Indian schools.

Miss Alice Roosevelt has gone to Boston to visit her grandmother, Mrs George C. Lee.

The House Committee on Postoffices and Postroads agreed to the report of a sub-committee raising the salaries of rural free delivery carriers to a maximum of $720 a year.

Lieutenant-General Chaffee has returned from Albany, N. Y., where he delivered an address before the New York National Guard Association.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

One hundred delegates of the Federal party, in session at San Juan, Porto Rico, have unanimously voted to dissolve the party.

Lieutenant McRae and six privates, of the constabulary, have been killed by a bolo rush of 500 fanatics while patrolling the east coast of the Island of Samar.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, arrived at San Juan, Porto Rico, from the United States and received a cordial welcome from labor representatives.

Commander William Elbridge, United States Navy, Governor of the Island of Guam, arrived at Honolulu on a supply ship on his way to his home in the United States.

DOMESTIC.

The Government has started suits against the Western Express Company in North Dakota for selling liquor.

As a result of losses, aggregating $200,000, sustained in the Baltimore fire, the Greenwich Insurance Company, which has never missed a dividend since its organization in 1834, will retire from business and its affairs will be liquidated.

Joseph Sinclair, Justice of the Peace at Princeton, N. J., while walking in his sleep, fell down the steps of his boarding house and died instantly from a broken neck.

In mass meeting at Aiken, S. C., citizens determined "to build and set aside a city park to be named 'Whitney Park,' and to erect thereon a monument in commemoration of our esteemed fellow citizen, W. C. Whitney, now deceased."

In the hearing of the Fair case at San Francisco, Cal., Dr. John Gallwey, who performed the autopsy, testified that in his opinion the death of Charles L. Fair occurred at least a few seconds after that of Mrs. Fair.

FOREIGN.

The rumor that Foreign Minister Delcasse, of France, has resigned is untrue.

In consequence of the war between Russia and Japan the Federal Council, of Switzerland, has postponed indefinitely the international conference to meet at Geneva May 16.

A company of Korean soldiers attacked an electric carriage belonging to an American citizen, of Seoul, damaging the carriage and injuring the operator. American seamen quieted the disturbance.

President Candamo, of Peru, in the presence of 3000 spectators, formally opened the electric railway between Lima and Chorilles.

Albanian Catholics are hastening in large numbers to join their brethren in fighting at Diakova, Province of Ipek, Albania, against Shemsi Pasha.

Replying in the English House of Commons, Chancellor of the Exchequer Austen Chamberlain said the Government had no intention at present of reimposing the tax on grain, which was abolished last year.

The young woman known as Mina Alix, who was injured at the Parish Circus at Madrid, Spain, January 24, while attempting to loop the loop in an automobile, has died from her injuries.

Max H. Meyer, a well-known broker on the Boerse, in Germany, shot and killed himself with a revolver. His mind had become disordered owing to the loss of $100,000 by the fall in Russian securities.

The Russian Government has abolished the censorship in the case of all telegrams going abroad.

Ashtabula on Fire.

A fire which started in the dry goods store of N. L. Morrison's Sons, at Ashtabula, Ohio, and which destroyed the drygoods stock of that firm, caused a total loss of $125,000.

Uses Head in a Trial.

The body of John Lewis was exhumed at Fremont, Iowa, and the head taken to Sigourney to be used as an exhibit in the trial of his wife, charged with his murder.

Panama Bars Chinese.

The constitutional convention of Panama passed in its second reading a resolution prohibiting the further entry of Chinese into the republic, to become effective in January, 1905.

Dynamite Car Blown Up.

A carload of dynamite exploded at Jackson, Utah, on the Southern Pacific, eighty-five miles from Ogden. Between twenty and twenty-five persons were killed outright and about thirty injured, many women and children being among the number.

Protests to Egyptian Government.

The Austro-Hungarian and Russian Consuls-General, at Port Said, Egypt, have protested to the Egyptian Foreign Office regarding the treatment at Port Said of the Austrian collier Java and the disabled Russian torpedo boat No. 222.

Petticoat Girls Form a Union.

Girls to the number of 2000, employed in the manufacture of petticoats, in New York City, have formed a union and demand a general increase in wages.

FURTHER EXPANSION

San Domingo May Become a United States Colony

The turn affairs have taken in San Domingo gives credence to a rumor that has been prevalent around the war department and white house for several days to the effect that San Domingo is to be made part of the United States in a few weeks.

The president has made all arrangements for this, and it is boldly announced in administration circles that the strife ridden country would have been seized two weeks ago had it not been feared that such action would have jeopardized the ratification of the Panama canal treaty.

Francis B. Loomis, assistant secretary of state, has gone to the West Indies. Ostensibly Mr. Loomis is going with Admiral Dewey to witness the maneuvers, but it is understood that he is sent by the president to investigate the situation in San Domingo, where he will be on the spot ready to act when the administration's policy is unfolded.

Mississippi Money.

Mississippi's superintendent of education is figuring out the amount of school fund money that is to go to each of the seventy-five counties of the state, and in a few days the teachers will get their money. The sum to be distributed at this time on account of the January distribution is $833,333.33, and that will make a great hole in the state's strong box. The expenses of the legislature will be nearly another hundred thousand dollars, and when the running expenses for the month of March are paid there will be little or nothing left in the state treasury.

Car Report.

The report of the Alabama Car Service Association, issued last week, shows by detail the number of cars handled from each point last year. It credits Birmingham, 95,442 cars; Bessemer 69,772 cars; Ensley 56,748 cars, Anniston 27,308 cars, Mobile 44,662 cars, Montgomery 28,647 cars, North Birmingham 37,945 cars, Sheffield 38,266 cars.

The total for 1903 is 733,816, an increase over the previous year of 117,879.

Another Iron Maker.

The probabilities are that the work that has been suspended for the past few weeks on the construction of No. 6 furnace of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway company at Ensley, Ala., will be resumed in a few days. It is understood that a large number of workmen will be put at work on the furnace, and it will be pushed rapidly to completion

Not So Much Gold.

The production of gold for the year 1903 fell below that of 1902 to the extent of $5,500,000. The total, with the gold from Alaska included, is a little less than $74,500,000. In 1902 the total was more than $80,000,000. The miners' strike in Colorado is the principal cause of the decrease.

Big Stove Order.

The Sheffield, Ala., stove works has received from a wholesale firm in South Carolina the largest order for stoves ever given to an Alabama factory. The order calls for $25,000 worth of stoves, to be delivered at the earliest possible date.

The verdict of the arbitration court relative to the claims against Venezuela are made known. It recognizes the preference of England, Germany and Italy on 30 per cent of the import duties at La Guyra and Porto Cabello. The United States is charged with the execution of the sentence within three months.

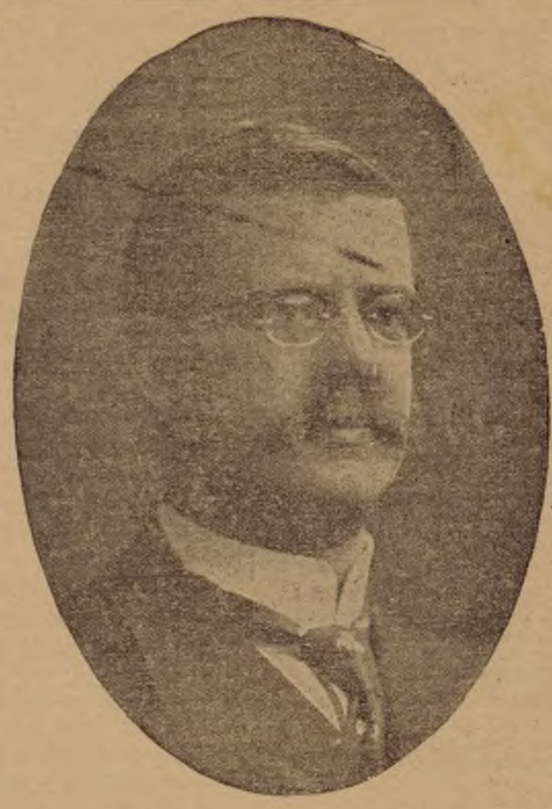
Naval officials are considering earnestly the strengthening of the American Asiatic fleet in view of the vast interests of this country in the Philippines and China and in Korea. At the same time that the fleet is regarded as too small there is a desire to avoid exciting the suspicion of the old world powers, lest this government may be put in a false light.

The Japanese squadron has captured four Russian torpedo boats at Port Arthur by using Russian signals. This dispatch confirms reports from various quarters of a fresh attack on Port Arthur by the Japanese. The report adds that the Russian crews of the four torpedo boats have been transferred.

In the postoffice appropriation bill the fast mail subsidies amounting to $142,000, between Washington and New Orleans, and $25,000 between Kansas City and Newton, Kas., are continued. The item for railway transportation amounts to $45,000,000, which is an increase of about 3 per cent.

Evans Wants to Stay.

Rear Admiral Evans has cabled the navy department expressing a wish to remain in the far east for the present in the event that the Kentucky is not to be brought home when repaired. He feels that the situation is extremely important out there, and for this reason offers to remain, although his time of real duty is up next month. The department has cabled him, leaving the matter entirely to his own judgment.



HENRY CLAY SELHEIMER.

Honorable Henry Clay Selheimer, who is a candidate for the democratic nomination for associate justice of the supreme court of Alabama, was born in Lewiston, Mifflin county, Pa., on September 3d, 1858. His father, Hon. John B. Selheimer, was a life long democrat, and in 1884 was elected to the state senate of Pennsylvania on the democratic ticket from a strongly republican district. John B. Selheimer's paternal ancestor came to this country from Germany in 1765, and his maternal ancestor, whose name was Beale, came with William Penn in 1682. The ancestors of Mrs. John B. Selheimer, the Mathews, came to this country from Scotland in 1735. Both the Selheimers and the Mathews have for many years been closely identified with affairs of church and state in Pennsylvania and have contributed largely to her business prosperity.

Henry C. Selheimer has been a citizen of Alabama eighteen years. After graduating from Princeton university he located in Birmingham, and began the practice of law. Of studious habits and retiring nature he has applied himself diligently to the acquirement of legal knowledge. His associates commend him for these traits and also for soberness and truth.

The late Chief Justice Brickell said after an intimate acquaintance with Mr. Selheimer: "In my opinion, he has no superior at the bar in Alabama."

His private life has been blameless. His public life has gained for him the unanimous indorsement not only of all the members of his profession in Birmingham, but of many able lawyers throughout the state of Alabama, particularly his associates of the late constitutional convention. In this convention he filled with marked ability a position on the committee on harmony.

The large amount of litigation coming before the supreme court from the Birmingham district, its distinctive character, requires the selection of a member equipped to facilitate its disposition. The voluntary retirement of Judge Sharpe leaves the district a place to fill.

If Mr. Selheimer is placed on the supreme bench his official utterances will be those of a learned lawyer, a broad-minded and just man and a ripe scholar.

It is rare that one aspiring to such an exalted position receives such unqualified indorsements as to his eminent fitness therefor.

The following paragraphs have been culled from many indorsements received by him:

Hon. John B. Knox: "I am well acquainted with Hon. Henry C. Selheimer, who is a candidate for associate justice of the supreme court of Alabama. He is a lawyer of first class ability, and was an active and efficient member of one of our most important committees in the constitutional convention. His friends are strongly urging his claims to the position of associate justice of the supreme court, and I feel sure that he would discharge the responsible duties of this position with credit to himself and to those who support him."

Hon. Frank S. White: "There is no better judicial timber in Alabama than Henry C. Selheimer. If elected, he will be one of the greatest judges the state ever had."

Hon. Oscar W. Underwood, M. C.: "His high character, even temperament, clear reasoning powers and learning in the law, in my judgment, make him most eminently qualified to fill a position on our supreme court bench."

Hon. John W. Tomlinson: "Mr. Selheimer has the character, ability and temperament which eminently fit him for one of the judges of our highest court."

Hon. A. O. Lane: "He has a legal mind, and his powers of analysis and discrimination are unusually great. He is painstaking, but he quickly grasps the vital points in a case, and I regard him as exceptionally qualified for supreme court work."

Hon. Alex T. London: "A learned lawyer and laborious student; just and fair and patient and painstaking; he is at all times courteous and polite and possesses what I have always regarded as one of the greatest traits a judge can have—the judical temperament."

Captain William C. Ward: "He is well equipped for the bench, and in my opinion the supreme bench would be strengthened by Mr. Selheimer's accession to the court. He is young and of vigorous health, and has a great capacity for protracted and continuous work."

Hon. S. D. Weakley: "He has the judicial temperament and faculty to a marked degree. He is a deep student of the law, familiar with all the departments of jurisprudence. As a constitutional lawyer, I give him high rank."

Hon. Augustus Benners: "An intimate acquaintance with H. C. Selheimer convinces me that he has no superior at our bar in legal learning and in the correct application of legal principles to concrete cases.

Hon. John P. Tillman: "I know of no lawyer in Alabama better suited by temperament or better equipped by learning and study for the bench than Mr. Selheimer; and I only wish that the people of Alabama knew him as well as I know him."

NEWSPAPERS OF THE WORLD.

The United States Furnishes Nearly One-half the Total.

It appears from a recent census, which is necessarily only approximate, that the newspapers of the world number no fewer than 43,000, of which 5410 are dailies, and more than one-half of all are published in the United States.

To gain some tangible conception of this enormous output of news it is interesting to know that to devote five minutes to each of the world's newspapers would occupy nearly one year and eight months, reading for six hours each day; while, at the same rate, to skim the daily papers alone would take eleven weeks.

An annual subscriber to the daily papers alone would have to pay $40,000, independent of postage or carriage to his news agent.

Each thousand newspapers is distributed among the different countries in the following ratio: United States, 462; Great Britain, 141; German, 127; France, 95; Italy, 35; Austria-Hungary, 28; Russia, 19; Spain, 20.

It will be seen from this list that the output of the United States is nearly equal to the combined publications of Great Britain, Germany, France, Italy, Austria, Canada and Russia, and is only three-eighths per cent. less than half the total output of the world.

These newspapers are published in eighty-one different languages, fifteen of which are represented by one paper only, while many of the papers are published in two or even more tongues. The credit of the largest circulation belongs to a half-penny paper, Le Petit Journal, of Paris, which has a circulation rarely falling below a million copies.

The Austrian Imperial Review has a circulation of three copies only. The smallest paper is the Mexican Telegraph, which measures eight inches by half an inch.

Business and Advertising.

That the monthly business of an establishment bears a direct ratio to the amount of the monthly advertising bill is a statement which has been made recently by three different business men in communications to Printers' Ink. When experience has taught this fact to a man, advertising appears to him to be the life of the trade.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBose, - - - - Editor
Geo. D. Campbell, - - Manager

COLUMBIANA, ALA.
Thursday, Feb. 25, 1904

Entered in the post-office at Columbiana Ala., as second class matter.

ANNOUCEMENTS.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county.

D. R. McMILLAN.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce E. S. Lyman as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. O'Hara a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the primary to be held next year.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county.

WALTER E. LESTER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

W. A. THOMPSON.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

The many friends of T. J. Martin in Beat 10, announce him a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk, subject to Democratic primary.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis, announces himself a cnadidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

J. M. Ray, of Wilsonville, announces himself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of J. E. Adams in Beat Eleven, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

W. R. WEAVER.

R. J. Griffin, of Maylene, is a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county subject to the action of the democratic primary.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR

By the urgent solicitation of many friend the name of J. S Falkner, of Vincent, a candidate for the office Tax Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

W. C. Benton, of Silura, announces himself a candidate for Taz Assessor of Shelby county subject tothe action of the democratic party.

J. M. DYE announces himself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to action of the Democratic primary.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John W. Moore, of Weldon, as a candidate for the office of tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the democratic primary.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John N. Wyatt as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District of Shelby county, subject to the Democratic primary.

Commissioner 1st District.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Commissioner from the First District, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

Walter E. Riddle.

FOR SOLICITOR.

I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the office of Soliciter of the Seventh Judicial Circuit.

BORDEN H. BURR.

FOR CHANCELLOR.

We are authorized to announce R. A.D. Dunlap a candidate for Chancellor of this district.

FOR SUPT. OF EDUCATION.

I hereby announce for re-election to the office of County Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of Democratic primary.

JOHN B. FARRELL.

The recent slump in cotton should be a warning to the farmers who believe in the one crop policy.

Politics is at its worst when it gets into the schools and churches, and unfortunately it gets into those places sometimes.

Nominate any good man at St-Louis that can defeat Roosevelt. The slaughter of Roosevelt would be a blessing to the country.

All this interest in the integrity of China shows up in marked contrast to the indifference exhibited towards the integrity of Columbia.

The news from the far East is still in favor of the Japanese. The Japs have about destroyed and put out of business the entire Russian fleet.

Mr. Root resigned from the cabinet to become attorney for one of the biggest trusts in the world. He should have called upon Attorney General Knox before resigning and learn a thing or two.

BRUNSWICK AND BIRMINGHAM.

The Brunswick and Birmingham railroad has been completed and is in operation to Nicholls, a distance of eighty four miles. The Atlantic and Birmingham railroad extends from Waycross to Montezuma, a distance of 139 miles. Nicholls is a station on the way, twenty-nine miles out from Waycross. The two railroads are to be consolidated in less than a month, thus forming a direct line westward from Brunswick to Montezuma, a distauce of 194 miles, every mile of which distance lies in a direct line between Brnnswick and Birmingham.

Montezuma is an important station in the peach-growin district of Georgia, lying directly south of Macon, and forty-nine miles from it. It is twenty-two miles north of Americus. It is fifteen miles from Fort Valley, where the Birmingham branch of the Central railroad of Georgia meets the other line of the system.

Montzuma is 70 miles from Columbus, and Columbus is 157 from Birmingham. The new line is in position to build either to Columbus or else to cross the Chattahoochie at some point south of Columbus, and continuing then to Birmingham south of the Central Railroad of Georgia, passing through a section not well-equipped with railroads facilities. Its plans for construction west of Montezuma are not well developed, but a road that has 194 miles of trunk line built will assuredly push on to Birmingham. As Chairman Hyde recently said, the consolidation of the Atlantic and Birmingham practically assures the completion of the line as originally planed between Birmingham and the sea. The Brunswick line may in fact be built into this district before the Illinois Central is, a line that seems to be hesitating over choice of routes to the heart of this district.—Ex.

Judge John G. Winter, judge of the newly created circuit of Alabama, died suddenly on Monday night. He was writing a will for a friend who had called at his office when he expired.

Secretary Shaw has decided that the frog is a bird when imported for gastronomic purposes. The secretary did not jump at this conclusion, but arrived at it by a flight of logic.

T. J. Cornwall, the defalting president of the Bessemer saving Bank, who fled to Honduras a year ago, will return to Bessemer and stand his trial. A Bond has been agreed upon by the Sheriff and his friends.

Cartoonist Louis Gregg, of the Atlanta Constitution is making the whole country laugh and to put on their thinking caps with his cartoons of the Japanese-Russian war. Louis Gregg is a fine artist and his cartoons are always to the point.

That Beeswax Bridge letter, published in the Advocate of last week, was too thin. That letter never saw Beeswax Bridge, unless the paper with the printed letter was carried across it. That letter notwithstanding it was signed "One of the Boys" was written, we venture to say, considerably within the incorporate limits of the court house town, and it was written by one who is extremely anxious right at this time, to stir up, not only "one of the boys" but all of the boys. The people will understand it.

Shelby county is getting ready for a good year. With the court house squabble out of the way Shelby should be one of the most prosperous counties in the state It has mineral wealth and farm wealth and timber wealth, and every advantageous railroad transportation, giving every part of the county excellent facilities. Three lines of the roads reach to Birmingham and Montgomery and Selma are near at hand. Shelby can be a very rich and populous county, and the farm land is ought to be very valuable there.—Birmingham Ledger.

W. W. Whiteside, of Anniston Endorsed for Chancellor.

We, the undersigned members of the Bar of Calhoun county hereby endores the candidacy of Hon. W. W, Whiteside for Chancellor of the North Eastern Chancerp Division; and we take pleasure in bearing testimony to his eminment fitness and qualifications for the office. He is a man of fine moral character, and a lawyer of ability and ripe experience: John Pelham, Circuit Judge; Thos. W. Coleman Jr. Judge City Court; Jno. B. Knox, W. P. Acker, A. P. Agee, Chas. D. Kline, A. B. Sawyer, J. F. Green, S. W. Tate, Hugh Walker, Hugh D. Merrill, Henry D. McCarty, W. F. Johnson, A. F. McGhee, James T. Green, J. J. Willett, E. H. Hanna, A.H. Shepperd, T.C. Sensabaugh, J. H. King, D. C. Blackwell, W. C. Tunstall, Jr. Fred L. Blackmon, T. R. Matthews, Chas. S. Moore, Wm. M. Hames, J. T. Martin, Jos. J. Arnold, T. Ben-Kerr, Harvey A. Emerson, Ross Blackmon.

We the unpersigned members of the Bar of Cleburne County take pleasure in endorsing the candidacy of Hon. W. W. Whiteside for Chancellor of the North-Eastern Chancery Division of Alabama; and in so doing we desire to state that he is well qualified and fitted, in every respect, for the high position to which he aspires.

J. B. Stepheus, R. L. Evans, T. J. Burton, W. C. McMahan, J. R. Barker.

The Constitution of the State says: "The property of private corporations, associations and individuals of this State shall forever be taxed at the same rate." The Democratic administration, in its twenty year of power in this county, levied the same rate upon all alike, and the railroads paid he same rate as the people, because they could not do otherwise. Under Populist administration the common people have, complainingly paid the special road and bridge taxes, because they could not afford to contest them, while the railroads legally evade them in the courts. The result is the same as if the tax was levied against the common people and not against the railroads. The plain English, was well as constitutional denunciation of such an action is, that it is "usurpation and oppression." All this from the Populist administration which at all times poses as the champion of the cummon people; an administration that is traitorous in that it would have the common people believe it is their defender and yet mulches them of their honest dollars through an unlawful tax levy. But, speaking through the Advocate, the Populist administration is actually proud of all this. Hole up the people for a tax that was levied through illegal methods! Shades of the departed!—Ex.

Perfect Confidence.

Where there used to be a feeling of uneasiness and worry in the household when a child showed symptoms of roup, there is now perfect confidence. This is owing to the uniform success of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the treatment of that disease. Mrs. M. I. Basford, of Polesville, Md., in speaking of her experience in the use of that remedy says: "I have a world of confidence in Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for I have used it with perfect success. My child Garland is subject to severe attacks of croup and it always gives him prompt relief." For sale at J. W. Bandy Drug Co's store.

Patents

Guaranteed Under
$20,000 BOND.

THE KEYSTONE LAW AND PATENT CO., 207 Betz Building, Philadelphia, which is the only bonded Patent Agency in the world, offer to make a Guaranteed Search of the Patent Office Records (not merely their opinion) Free of charge to the readers of this Journal who will send a sketch, model or description of their invention.

They will also give a certificate of patentability which will be of great assistance to an inventor in raising capital.

Valid Patents with the broadest claims secured on easy weekly payments. Write to-day.

S. S. WILLIAMSON,
President.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.

"SUPERB, LOVELY, CHARMING!"

Are the exclamations that greet your ears upon entering the

COLUMBIANA MILLINERY SHOP.

The markets of the country have been ransacked for the newest and latest designs in

MILLINERY GOODS.

And all attest that we have them in abundance. No need to send to a city and pay two prices when you can find just the very thing you want *AT HOME* and at *VERY MODERATE PRICE.* It is our purpose to keep in stock a great many articles used by the ladies. among which are

WHITE GOODS,
LACES, EMBROIDERIES,
AND SHIRT WAISTS.

The very latest in every line. Miss Florence Fallaws, of Louisville, Ky., our accomplished milliner, will cheerfully show you through the stock, and your order will be appreciated. We came here to stay, and to stay means to please you in STYLE and PRICES. Please give us a call.

Columbiana Millinery Shop.

TO MY FRIENDS
AND
THE TRADE,

I have bought out the Drug Store of E. D. Hall, and will conduct an

UP-TO-DATE DROG BUSINESS.

Our Perscription Department is conducted by Dr, A. T. Rowe, one of the county's best phyicians. Our Patent Medicine and Staple Drugs are best that can be bought in the market of which we expect to keep a good supply.

Call on us for what you want. Satisfaction guaranteed. Yours to serve,

J. H. MASON,
Dealer in pure Drugs and Medicines.

DeWitt is the Name.

When you go to buy Witch Hazel Salve look for the name DeWitt on every box. The pure, unadulterated Witch Hozel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles The popularity of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, due to its many cures has caused numerous worthless counterfeits to be placed on market. The genuine bears the name of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. Sold by Williams Bros.

How to Make Money.

Agents of either sex should today write Marsh Manufacturing Co., 535 Lake st., Chicago, for cuts and particulars of their handsome Aluminum Card Case with name engraved on it and filled with 100 calling or business cards. Everybody orders them. Sample case and 100 cards, postpaid 40 cts. This case and 100 cards retails at 75c. You have only to show sample to get an order. Send 40c at once for case and 100 cards or send 30c for 100 cards without case. Mention this paper

A Purgative Pleasure.

If you ever took DeWitt's Little Early Risers for biliousness or costipation you know what a purgative pleasure is. These famous little pills cleanse the liver and rids the system of all the bile without producing unpleasant effects. They do not gripe or weaken, but give tone and strength to the tissues and organs involved. W.H. Howell of Houston, Texas, says: "No better pill can be used than Little Early Risers for constipation, sick headache Sold by Williams Bros.

Dragging Pains

2825 Keeley St.,
Chicago, Ill., Oct., 2, 1902.

I suffered with falling and congestion of the womb, with severe pains through the groins. I suffered terribly at the time of menstruation, had blinding headaches and rushing of blood to the brain. What to try I knew not, for it seemed that I had tried all and failed, but I had never tried Wine of Cardui, that blessed remedy for sick women. I found it pleasant to take and soon knew that I had the right medicine. New blood seemed to course through my veins and after using eleven bottles I was a well woman.

Maude Bush

Mrs. Bush is now in perfect health because she took Wine of Cardui for menstrual disorders, bearing down pains and blinding headaches when all other remedies failed to bring her relief. Any sufferer may secure health by taking Wine of Cardui in her home. The first bottle convinces the patient she is on the road to health.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE of CARDUI

Three Time the Value of Any Other.

One-Third Easier.
One-Third Faster.

Agents wanted in all Unoccupied Territory

WHEELER & WILSON
MANUFACTURING CO.
ATLANTA, - - - - - GA.

PIANOS, ORGANS AND SEWING MACHINES ON FREE TRIAL!!!
ELEGANT CENTURY UPRIGHT PIANO, $125. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT PARLOR ORGANS, $25 UP. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT CENTURY SEWING MACHINES, BALL-BEARING, $13. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial. CASH OR EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

We trust honest people located in all parts of the world.

Direct from factory to homes at factory prices.

WRITE FOR FREE CATALOGUE.
CENTURY MF'G CO. DEP'T East St. Louis, Ill.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effect June 14, 1903.

*No. 22	*No. 16	STATIONS.	*No. 15	*No. 21.
7.00pm	9.55am	lv. Mobile...ar	10.35pm	8.10am
1.10pm	4.05pm	lv. Selma...lv	4.35pm	2.05am
5.30pm	9.06pm	ar Birmingham lv	9.50am	6.35pm
9.45pm	.....	ar Chatt'ga lv	.....	1.30pm
1.1 pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	.....	2.10pm
5.4 pm	.....	ar...Bristol...lv	.....	6.00am
8.50 pm	.....	ar. Asheville lv	.....	9.10am
1.30am	.....	ar Lynchb'rg lv	.....	3.00pm
6.35am	.....	ar Wash'gt'n lv	.....	10.40pm
12.42pm	.....	ar. N York...lv	.....	2.2pm

Nos. 22 and 21 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville, Birmingham and New York. Cafe car serves meals en route

No. *18	STATIONS.	No. *17
7.2 am	lv...Calera...ar	7.2pm
9.10am	lv.....Akron.....ar	5.1pm
9.45am	.....Greensboro.....	4.30pm
10.15am	.....Marion.....	3.45pm
11.10am	ar.....Selma.....lv	2.45pm

No. *24	No. *20	STATIONS.	No. *15	No. *23
.....	7.30pm	lv New Orl'ns ar	8.30am	.....
.....	7.30am	lv. Meridian ar	8.05pm	.....
.....	6.32am	...Demopolis...	6.52pm	.....
.....	10.25am	ar...Uniont'n lv	5.00pm	.....
.....	11.0am	...Marion Jct...	4.40pm	.....
.....	11.40am	lv	4.10pm	.....
.....	1.0pm	lv Selma ar	3.10pm	.....
.....	2.0pm	...Montevallo...	2.10pm	.....
.....	2.0pm	...Calera...	2.0pm	.....
6.45am	3.10pm	...Columbiana...	1.0pm	8.15pm
8.10am	5.10pm	...Talladega...	11.5pm	6.3pm
8.20am	4.45pm	...Anniston...	11.30am	7.30pm
8.48am	5.1 pm	...Jacksonville...	11.0am	7.45pm
9.08am	5.30pm	...Piedmont...	10.40am	8.00pm
9.38am	6.20pm	...Cave Springs...	9.50am	8.50pm
10.3 pm	7.00pm	ar...Rome...	9.20am	9.2 pm
11.30am	9.1 pm	ar...Atlanta...lv	8.3 am	10.15 pm

STATIONS.	No. *2	No. *8	No. *	No. *28
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	4.1 pm	1.3 am
Pell City	.....	7.2am	5.5pm	12.45am
Anniston	4.15am	8.20am	6.3 pm	1.18am
Heflin	5.05 m	9.0am	7.20am	2.30am
Edwardsville	5.1 >m	.....	7.30>m	2.46 m
Cruithurst	5.2 am	.....	7.42p	2.56am
Tallapoosa	5.4 am	9.37am	8.0p m	3.15 m
Bremen	6.0 am	.....	8.50p	3.33am
Douglasville	7.10am	10.45am	9.10p	4.23am
Lithia Springs	7.25am	.....	9.27pm	4.35am
Atlanta	8.0am	11.30am	10.0pm	5.20am

STATIONS.	No. *3	No. *	No. *27	No. *25
Lv Atlanta	6.10am	4.15p	11.5am	6.15pm
Lithia Springs	6.57am	5.03p m	11.51am	7.17pm
Douglasville	7.0am	.....	12.0pm	7.7 m
Bremen	7.36a	5.55pm	1.24 m	8.25pm
Tallapoosa	8.15>m	6.16p	1.42 m	8.55 m
Cruithurst	8.24am	.....	1.55 m	9.10pm
Edwardsville	8.46am	6.33 m	2.05pm	9.27pm
Heflin	9.0 am	6.42pm	2.15pm	9.40pm
Anniston	9.4 am	7.25pm	2.50p	10.30pm
Pell City	10.38am	8.35p	4.07pm	.....
Birmingham	11.45am	9.55pm	5.20 m	.....

STATIONS.	No. 35	No. 28
Lv Birmingham	4.15pm	6.15am
Lv Anniston	6.3 pm	8.2 am
Lv Atlanta	10.45pm	12.0 pm
Ar Macon	1.05am	2.2 pm
Ar Jesup	5.25am	.....
Ar Jacksonville	8.5 am	.....
Ar Brunswick	6.55am	.....

No. 35 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Brunswick and Atlanta to Jacksonville.

No. 28 carries Pullman Sleeping car and Dining car Birmingham to Atlanta.

STATIONS.	No. 13
Lv Rome	7.10am
Ar Chattanooga	8.0 am
Ar Knoxville	1.4 pm
Ar Hot Springs	4.35am
Ar Asheville...(Cent Time)	8.50am
Ar Salisbury...(East Time)	11.5am
Ar Greensboro	1.0pm
Ar Washington	7.5 pm
Ar New York	6.15am

No. 13 carries Pullman Sleeping car Rome to Chattanooga, Chattanooga to Salisbury and Salisbury to New York without change.

STATIONS.	No. 2	No. 4.
Lv Chattanooga	10.45am	9.4 pm
Ar Cincinnati	7.35pm	8.15am
Ar Louisville	8.15pm	10.30am

No. 4 Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to Louisville and Cincinnati.

No. 2 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

STATIONS.	No. 40	No. 38	No. 36
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	4.10pm
Lv Atlanta...(East)	1.47pm	1.50 pm	1.00am
Ar Charlotte	10.05pm	8.12pm	5.30am
Ar Danville	2.5 m	11.53 m	1.2 pm
Ar Lynchburg	4.35am	1.55am	3.2pm
Ar Charlottesville	8.20am	5.27am	8.00am
Ar Washington	6.45am	6.55am	9.10pm
Ar Baltimore	10.32am	7.50am	11.30pm
Ar Philadelphia	12.34pm	9.42am	2.30am
Ar New York	3.05pm	12.43pm	6.15am

No. 38 "Washington & Southwestern Limited" Solid Vestibule train Atlanta to New York, carrying Pullman Sleeping cars Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Car Atlanta to Washington.

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

J. C. LUSK, D. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
H. F. LATIMER, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
C. H. ACKERT, G. M., Washington, D. C.
W. A. TURK, P. T. M., Washington, D. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, G.P.A., Washington, D. C.
C.A. BENSCOTER, A.G.P.A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

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LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM, : : : : : : : : ALA

D. R. McMillan. J. J. Haynes
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
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Office upstairs in Bank Building.

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BROWNE & LEEPER
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COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO. - - ALABAMA.
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - ALA.

Williams Bros. Will Buy It Back.

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Williams Brothers will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant and reliable.

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles
Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago
The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.
For sale by Williams Bros.

The Pleasure of Eating.

Persons suffering from indigestion dyspepsia or other stomach trouble will find that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. This remedy is a never failing cure for indigestion and dyspepsia and all complaints affecting glands or membranes of the stomach or digestive tract. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure everything you eat tastes good, and every bit of the nutriment that your food contains is assimilated and appropriated by the blood and tissues. Sold by Williams Brothers.

HALF RATES TO TEXAS
COTTON BELT ROUTE
BOTH ONE WAY AND ROUND TRIP

via the Cotton Belt, from St. Louis, Thebes, Cairo and Memphis, first and third Tuesdays of each month, beginning October 21st. For one-way tickets,

Half the One-Way Rate, plus $2.00;

round-trip tickets, one fare plus $2.00, to points in Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territories. Write for particulars and cost of ticket from your home town.

The Cotton Belt runs solid through trains to Texas, equipped with the most modern and comfortable cars. These trains make quick time and direct connections for all parts of the Great Southwest.

If you are seeking a better place to locate, write for a free copy of our handsome illustrated booklets, Homes in the Southwest and Through Texas With a Camera.

N. B. BAIRD, Traveling Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
E. W. La BEAUME, General Pass. and Ticket Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

THURSDAY, FEB. 25, 1904.

Circuit court next month.

Wednesday was a spring day.

County court adjourned on last Saturday.

Mrs. W. B. Morgan is on the sick list.

The primary election is only a little over a month off.

James Evans, of Wilsonville, was in the city Monday.

W. W. Wingard, of Wilsonville, was a visitor to the city Monday.

Miss Stella Powell spent Saturday and Sunday in Childursburg.

There will be services at the Methodist church on next Sunday.

Walter E. Lester, of Beat 8, was in the city Monday and Tuesday.

Capt. J. W. Bolin, of Wilsonville, transacted business here Monday.

Remember Tuesday niget the ladies military band at the school house.

Go to the school house on next Tuesday night and enjoy an evening of fun and amusment!

W. H. Page, who has been in Montevallo for the past two weeks returned home Saturday.

W. F. Thetford, of Montgomery, is in the city. Mr. Thetford resided here for a number of years.

J. T. Cromwell and W. W. Albright attended the Republican convention at Talladega Monday.

We regret very much to Chronicle the sad news of the serious illness of little Eva Thompson.

J. J. Haynes, the prominent lawyer has bought the risidence of J. H. Mason on East College street.

Justice court will be held on the 1st and 3d Saturdays in each month at Shelby, Ala., by L. N. Curlee, J. P.

We are prepared to do fine dressmaking. Satisfaction guaranteed.
HAMMOND MILLINERY CO.

We call attention of our readers to the advertisement of the Columbiana Millinery Shop in this issue.

Rev. Mr. Upshaw filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church on last Sunday morning and at night.

Prof. Spright Dowell has rented Geo. Mason house on West College steet where he will in the future reside

We all the attention of our readers to the change of the advertisement of Bandy Drug Co. in this issue.

Mrs. M. T. Wood, manager of The Hammond Millinery Co., returned from a trip to the Gate City last Friday.

Miss Rosie Christian who has been visiting relatives in Birmingham, for the past few weeks, returned home last Friday.

In another place in this issue will be found the ad of J. H. Mason. When in need of drugs or anything in his line give him a call.

Beginning with last Wednesday night the Union prayer meeting will be held at the Baptist church for the month of March.

Hon. W. W. Whitesides, of Calhoun was in the city last week. He is a prominent candidate for chancellor from this district.

The Lenten season began last Wednesday. It is the penitential period and extending forty days from Ash Wednesday to Easter Sunday.

Harry J. Gillam, of Wetumpka, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city. He is candidate for the office of chancellor from this district.

Hon. A. M. Garber, Grand chancellor of K. of P. of Alabama, delivered an address on Pythianism at the court hovse Wednesday night.

It now behooves some Leap Year poet to amend the old song to read: "Why Don't the Girls Propose, Papa, Why don't the girls propose."

Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Erlick are entertaining Miss Hannah Winkler, a beautiful and charming society young lady of Cincinnati, Onio. Miss Winkler is not only known in the social circle but is a gifted writer.

Dr. Charles T. Acker, of Alpine, has decided to make Columbiana his future home, and will have his headquarters at the drug store of J. W. Bandy Drug Co. Dr. Acker comes highly recommended. We welcome him in our midst.

Helen May Butler's ladies military band will appear for the second time in our town at the school house Tuesday night. Our theatre going people will remember them, and we nope the house will be crowded to greet them on their return engagement Tuesday night.

The continuous cold weather this winter has of uusual duration. Old people say it has been one of the most severe that they have ever seen in the South. There seems to be no let up and a vast deal of coal and wood have been used this year more than usual.

T. J. Weaver left Columbiana last Sunday to attend Mardi Gras at Mobile. He arrived in Montevallo last night on his return home, his pleasure trip having been curtailed by a threat ened of pneumonia. J. S. Harris carried him to Calera to the home of his sister, Mrs. I. W. Bailey.—Sentinel

When some of our farmers and cotton buyers were offered 10 cents for cotton they said they would hold it for 12, when it went to 12 they held it for 15, and when it reached that figure they held it for a higher price. When it reached 16 cents they concluded it would go to 20 cents and are still holding it. Is there no limit as to how much one wants for his cotton? The man who holds it when the price is 15 cents is doing so at a great risk.

The people of Montevallo learn with regret and sorrow of the death of the little two year old boy of Mr. and Mrs T. P. Lane, which occurred in Talladega Tuesday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs Lane had recently located in Columbiana. A few days ago their little boy contracted a severe cold, and Mrs Lane carried him to the home of Mr. Lane's mother in Talladega. Pneumonia developed, and Tuesday death gave him relief that human skill could not. The funeral occurred yesterday in Talladega. In their grief because of the death of the little one who had only been loaned to them, they have the deep sympathy of a large circle of Montevallo friends.—Sentinel.

Hammond Millinery Co.,

have and are receiving the most exquisite line of millinery goods ever brought to Columbiana. Mrs. T. Wood has the management of the firm, and will be pleased to give each of her customers her personal attentention. Come in to see us at the old millinery store, the place to get your hats.

HAMMOND MILLINERY CO.

In the selection of the county commissioners the people cannot be too careful, for in the commissioners' court is vested the management of the county's affairs. Walter E, Riddle announces his candidacy for this important position from the 1st district and solicits your support. He lives at Wilsonville, about the middle of the district, and is familiar with its entire territory and is posted as to its needs. He is known as a gentleman of excellent morals, the strictest honor and integrity, good sense, fine judgment and correct business principies. We do not know a man in the county better qualified for commissioner than Mr. Riddle.

Among the announcements this week will be found that of J. S. Falkner, of Vincent, who asks the votes of his legion of friends in the county for the office of Tax Assessor. Mr. Falkner is well known here, having been clerk in the post office here for a number of years, and is a model young man of exceptional ability, and is well qualified to fill the office which he asks the suffrage of the people at the primary election in April. Mr. Falkner is a polished gentlemen and above all a Christian. Mr. Falkner has friends all over the county, and is quite popular with the people. We have know him for a number of years and we wish him success in his race for tax assessor.

WOMAN DEPARTMENT.

Beginning with this issue we shall endeavor to have something especial interest to our lady readers, and we will be pleased to answer many and all queries to this department to the best of our ability.

It is with great pleasure that we chronicle the organization of an Epworth League at this place. It is the duty of every woman and girl to do everything that will uplift humanity. Women should realize the fact that their power is not in the ballot but in their influence for good, so let every girl, young and old lady attend the League meetings, and make our town one of the foremost for Christ and the right.

Miss Rosie Christian has returned from an extended visit to relatives in Birmingham.

One of the smartest things for neck wear, now that the balmy spring days have come, is the new maline stiff boa.

We have been especially struck with the beautiful line of goods carried by our merchants, the line of mercerized goods here cannot be excelled in style and quality anywhere.

Columbiana has the court house won, let us make it a model town, do away with bickering and backbitings, and a long pull all together for the advancement of our town and county.

It will be agreeable to Mrs. Jno. H. Robertson's many friends to learn that she is again convalescent.

Miss Ouzelle Verchot has been quite sick for the past week.

W. T.

WILSONVILLE.

Miss Fannie Wilkins, of Lauiers, visited friends here apart of Saturday and Sunday.

G. P. Kytle and wife have moved to town and now are occupying Mrs. F. McGowen's residence.

Mr. Robertson and family are occupying the Pennington's house.

Two first class drug stores are now open in our town.

Misses Ada O'Hara and Samie Taylor have gone to Atlanta to take millinery lessons.

The first quarterly conference of this circuit was held here the 13th and 14th of this month.

James Evans and Irwin Wingard were down at Columbiana last week.

Died at the residence of his father near here, Robt. E. Lee. He had been sick for quite awhile with that fatal disease, consumption. His remains were interred at Harpersville Tuesday of last week. He leaves a wife and four small children, besides numerous relatives and friends to mourn his loss. HONEST JOHN.

A Rare Treat;

Washington's birthday was duly celebrated by the young people of the Elocution and Physical Culture classes of which Miss Gertrude Roberts is the efficient teacher.

It was a gala day for our aspiring city. The stars and stripes were quite in evidence upon the streets during the day, as well as upon the stage at night.

A large audience awaited the unveiling of the beautifully decorated stage. Columbiana's beauty and chivalry had gathered there, and waited with bated breath for the first strains of the orchestra's music.

Presently, the mellow music poured forth from the rear of the stage, hushing the din of muttering lips and stamping feet. Our hearts were high with intense enthusiasm when the curtains opened again and "Daughters of the Regiment," decked in patriotic colors, filed out upon the stage. Their military evolutions softened and subdued the boisterous audience into a gentle silence, eloquent with unspoken admiration for the drill. Their exit occasioned the loudest applause.

Then a painful silence ensued, which was relieved by Percy Pitts reading, "Ole Mistis." His darkey dialect revealed the fact that he was a son of the South, while his easy manner suggested careful training on the part of his teacher.

Then followed "The Conquered Banner" by Misses Myra Browne, Dinnie Rowe and Annie Longshore, which was both pathetic and entertaining. The ease and grace of the young ladies movement stamped them unmistakable Delsartain pupils.

Then Miss Erma Elliott in her own sweet way told us "The Blacksmith's Story" The time arrived for the "Tea Party." A special feature of the program. Miss Mary McMillan with her long train appeared as hostess. Misses Vin Pitts, Elna Elliott, Clarice White and Celia McMillan, dressed a la mode of Martha Washington. Their evening dresses, no doubt suggested the minute dance, which, in the course of human events, developed into a graceful competitive bowing drill. Their naturalness could not have been surpassed by the most experienced actresses. Then appeared Braddie Browne, who seemed to have a monopoly of the fair sex. Presently a Washington Tea Party was proposed by his ardent admirers, Miss McMillan and guests, to which Mr. Browne very reluctantly consented. After the completion of the plans for the tea party the absent of cherries caused wild excitement, but on inspection of the cherry stained lips and cheeks of George, disclosed the cherry mystery, which excited great indignation. The veracity of the original George was brought out by a remarkable confession to the "something awful." suggested by the ladies.

The illustratrious young George added lustre to the light of the tuminous character of the first George; while Miss McMillan shone in her orbit and added effulgence to her satelites, so they all shone in the theatrical firmaments with resplendent glory.

The next number was a monologue by Miss Annie Longshore, whose change of opinion respecting the true flag, In the discarded days of the civil war, now the heart of a loyal lover. Her fragmentary northern ideas were pulled into line by the craft and cunning of a brave Rebel; and the disturbed condition of her own mind was relieved by cupid's panacea.

Can we forget the vivid manner in which Miss Mildred White told the story of a rescued whig. The peculiar charm of his American voice reached the eager ear of his devoted finance. The deed was done, and India's conquerer surrendered prize in response to the potent appeal of a determined lover. Thus the honeymoon began to shine and out of chaos came the order of a well organized home.

But the crowning effort of the entire performance was the competitive gun drill. The military boys displayed surprising skill in the use of the muskets, and exhibited considerable dexterity in the manual of arms. The regularity and uniformity of their drill will challange comparison with the distinguished of ancient heroes. Their field movements were characterized by grace of form and dignity of carriage, so that with equal step they passed in review before the admiring audience. In them all, we saw almost infinate possibilities. Their eyes flashed with military genius, their cheeks glowed with genuine courage, their steady step showed determination that dreaded no defeat.

Charmed! delighted! our patriotic enthusiasm fired our zeal with new aspirations to excel in every seige and occupy every stragetic point fate should bring within our reach, because in the hands of such soldiers the American flag can never be dishonored.

The capable judges, Messrs. John Milner, Max Lefkovits and Leo Friedberger pronounced them all prize men but after much debating, pronounced the crimson and white victorious Although company A holds the battalion banner, company B marches in close order in her wake; and we hope no star shall ever be erased, and not a single star obscured, but all shall in glorious unity ever [illegible] A are sure, with such equipped men, full of enthusiasm and military prowess, they will serve their country in that trying hour when the drum tap is futile and the barracks exhausted

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.

WHAT ARE THEY?—Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. A new remedy for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation, and a good one. Price 25 cents. For sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

A Case of Rheumatism Cured by Chamberlain's Pain Balm.

The efficiency of Chamberlain's Pain Balm in the relief of rheumatism is being demonstrated daily. Parker Triplett, of Grigsby, Va., says that Chamberlain's Pain Balm gave him relief from rheumatism in the back when everything else failed, and he would not be without it. For sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF GEO. W. MCGOWEN, Deceased. } Probate Court

Letters of administration upon the estate of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 19 day of February 1904, by the Hon. A. P. Longshore Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, notice is here by given that all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred. E. W. HOLLAND.

Dunlap for Cancellor.

Gadsden, Ala., Jan. 8, 1904.

The members of the Gadsden Bar met in the office of Boykin & Brindley Monday evening, Jan. 4. Upon motion the chairman appointed a committee consisting of W. J. Boykin, J. B. Martin and Judge J. A. Bilbro to prepare suitable resolutions regarding the candidacy of Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap for Chancellor of the Northern Division. The committee reported the following resolutions:

Whereas, We are advised that the Hon. R. B. Kelley, chancellor of the northeaster chancery division will not by reason of his candidacy for associate justice of our supreme court, aspire to succeed himself as chancelior; and

Whereas, our fellow townsman and leading member of our local bar, Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap, has kindly yielded to the earnest solicitation of the members of the Gadsden bar as well as of leading lawyers, democrats throughout the northeastern division, and will enter the field as a candidate for chancellor. Therefore, be it

Resolved, 1st, That we take great pleasure in commending the Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap to the democracy of the northeastern chancery division, as a suitable man for chancellor; he is democrat true and tried, a lawyer of learning and great research, capable, worthy and well qualified to discharge with credit to himself and honor to the people the responsible duties of the office to which he aspires.

2nd. That it gives us, the members of the Gadsden bar, great pleasure to unanimously and enthusiastically endorse the candidacy of Col. R. A. D. Dunlap; pledging our united and individual efforts in his behalf, and we earnestly solicit the aid of friends and acquaintances and brother lawyers and democrats throughout the division to secure the nomination of this worthy gentleman, for we assure those who help us that Col. Dunlap is a hard working, painstaking, sober, honest, upright Christian gentleman, and if nominated and elected chancellor, he will bring to the office his best efforts and we feel safe in assuring all who honor him with their support they will never have cause to regret their action.

W. J. BOYKIN,
J. B. MARTIN.
J. A. BILBRO.

These resolutions were unanimously adopted and, after transacting other business, the meeting adjourned.
A. R. Brindley, Sec. O. R. Hood. Chairman.

The Cherokee County Bar also endorses the candidacy of Colonel R. A. D. Dunlap. adv.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgaged executed by the Northern Coal Company to the Alabama and Missis ippi Coal Company on November 30th, 1901, and recorded it mortgage book No. 56 page 496 in the Probate office of Shelby county, Ala., and which mortgage and indebtedness therein was transferred to W. M. Spencer, trustee, the said W. M. Spencer, trustee, owner of said mortgage and indebtedness, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door at Columbiana, Shelby county Ala., during the legal hours of sale, on Saturday, March 12th, 1904, the following described property, lying in said Shelby county, Ala., to-wit: the south east quarter of south west quarter, and west half of south west quarter, all in section 32, township 26, range 3 west; also the south west quarter of the north west quarter of section 32, township 20, range 3 west; except the right of way conveyed to the Echols Coal Co., also except the land conveyed by Columbus Benton and wife to one Ruffin and Echols Coal Company, being about one acre said forty on which the slope of said Echols Coal Co. mines is situated, the south west corner of said acre being about three hundred feet east of the south west corner of said forty acre tract, and also it conveys the right of way and privileges to cross the right of way above referred to with wagon and tram road, and which said right and privilege was conveyed to Columbus Benton by the said Echols Coal Co Co. and the same conveyed by C. Benton and wife to Lula E. Cook, together with all improvements, buildings and appertenances hereto belonging, including engines, boilers, pumps, tram cars, rails and all other property, whether fixtures or not, used in and about the operation of said mines, all the above property lying in Shelby county, Ala. This sale is made to satisfy the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, default having been made in the payment of the indebteness secured, and the cost of this sale, including reasonable attorney's fee. This February 5th, 1904.

W. M. SPENCER,
By Trustee Transferee and Owner.
R. H. PEARSON, W. M. SPENCER, } Attorneys.

A child of Mrs. G. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath stepped against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great pain and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remembering that she had a bottle of Chamberlains Pain Balm in the house she would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Pain Balm is an antseptic liniment and valuable for burns, breises, cuts and spains. Sold by Williams Broc., Druggists.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

A Remarkable Case

One of the most remarkable cases of cold, deepseated on the lungs, ending pneumonia, is that of Mrs. G. E. Fenner, of Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says "the cough and straining so weakened me that I ran down in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I tried One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength. Sold by Williams Bros.

WANTED—An energetic and reliable saleman for Shelby county, paying business. Reference required Apply at once, CHISLOM BROS., Birmingham, Ala.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowed to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but it stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 25 and 75 cts. For sale by Williams Bros.

Nothing Equals Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Dr. P. B. Spears, of Pinchard, Ala., has become acquainted with the good qualities of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholora and Diarrhoea Remedy and uses it in his own family and in his practice He says: "It beats any preparation I have ever seen for bowel complaints I do not think of recommending any other, and also use it with my own children." This remedy is for sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

For sick headache try Chambertains Stomach and Liver Tablets; they will ward off the attack if taken in time For sale by Williams Bros.

The best physic. "Once tried and you will always use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets," says W A. Girard, Pease, Vt. These are the most prompt, most pleasant and most reliable cathartic in use. For sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

When Thinking
ABOUT BUYING
A WATCH
it always pays to get a good one. If you want a Watch we can save you money on your order. Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Seth Thomas and New York Standard are good movements. Give us a trial order and you be convinced

DO YOU want anything in musical instruments? We have Violins, Violin Cases, Bows, Bridges, Pegs, Mandolins, Mandolin Cases, Picks, Guitars, Guitar Cases, Tamborines, Banjos, Accordeons, Harps, Harmonicas, Fifes, Ocarines, Flagolets, Bones, Clappers, Graphaphones and Records, also all kinds of strings for Violins, Banjos, Mandolins and Guitars

Call and see us in our
REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.
Don,t forget us when you want photograph work or enlarging, our work will please you. We keep all all kinds of pictures, picture frames and are receiving new goods every week that will interest you. Give us a call when in the city.
T. J. WEAVER & COMPANY,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

FOR SALE—One black mare five years old, weighs about 1,000 pounds, sound and good worker. Apply to A H. AVERY, Shelby, Ala.

When You Have a Cold.

The first action when you have a cold should be to relieve the lungs This is best accomplished by the free use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This remedy liquifies the tough mucus and causes its expulsion from the air cells of the lungs, produces a free expectoration, and opens the secretions. A complete cure soon follows. This remedy will cure a severe cold in less time than any other treatment and it leaves the system in a natural and healthy condition. It counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia. For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

A MODEL DRUG STORE
Conducted on a modern sytem.
We carry all Patent Medicines Sold in this Section.
Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins.
Colgate's Soaps, Extracts, Toilet Articles.
Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco.
Fine line of Stationery, in fact everything tha goes to make up
A FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE.
Our Prescription Department is always in charge of a pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of pharmacy and years of experience.
J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$16,782 77	Capital Stock	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures	7,000.00	Deposits	52,639 61
Other Real Estate	3,000.00	Rediscoults	2,263,00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. FARLEY Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Company.
LAND TITLES;
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE;
TITLES GUARANTEED.
A GENERAL TITLE BUSINESS.
—INSURANCE—
Fire, Plate Glass, Boiler,
Employers Liability, Accident Insurance.
J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Ala.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

NORTH CAROLINA CORN WHISKEY
AT $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 AND $3.00 PER GALLON.
DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.
Saving Middlemen's Profits.
All express charges paid by me on packages of 2 gallons or more.
TERMS--CASH WITH ORDER.
Write for descriptive circulars. Reference commercial agencies or any merchant here.
J. H. WOOLLEY
Cherryville, N. C.

PATENTS
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U.S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,
beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address
MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

The Proper Treatment for Sprained Ankle.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or three months before he has fully recovered. This is unnecessary loss of time, for in cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and thoroughly applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some case within three days. For sale by Williams Bros.

NOTICE.

Mr. S. M. Pickler has bought all the lands in this county that were sold by the state for taxes. I should be glad to have all persons whose lands were sold to the state for taxes to call on me at the court house, or the White House, if they care to redeem their lands, or if the sale of their land was erroneous.

F. A. GAMBLE, Agent.

Cured of Piles After 40 Years.

C. Haney, of Geneva, O., had the piles for 40 years. Doctors and dollars could do him no good. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. Invaluable for cuss, burns, bruises, sprains, lacerations, eczema, tetter, salt rheum, and all other skin diseases Look for the name DeWitt on package—all others are cheap, worthless counterfeits. Sold by Williams Bros.

Good Advice.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects; such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Waterbrash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth. Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle of August Flower for 25 or 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Try it. For sale by Williams Brothers, Columbiana.

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF

SISTERS OF ST. JOSEPH

RELY ON PE-RU-NA TO FIGHT

CATARRH, COUGHS, COLDS, GRIP

SISTERS OF ST. JOSEPH

Use Pe-ru-na for La Grippe and Winter Catarrh.

IN EVERY country of the civilized world the Sisters of Charity are known. Not only do they minister to the spiritual and intellectual needs of the charges committed to their care, but they also minister to their bodily needs.

Whenever coughs or colds, la grippe or pneumonia make their appearance among the children these Sisters are not disconcerted, but know exactly the remedies to apply.

With so many children to take care of and to protect from climate and disease these wise and prudent Sisters have found Peruna a never-failing safeguard.

Sisters of St. Joseph, of the Deaf Mute Institute, 1849 Cass Ave., St. Louis, Mo., writes:

"We appreciate Peruna very much. It certainly does good work with catarrh and also with colds and la grippe. We have faith in Peruna and have inspired many others with same. We do not like to be without it. It has certainly kept us from being very sick. It did a world of good last winter for our little ones. Thanking you for your kindness to us and our afflicted ones, we remain, yours gratefully,

"SISTERS OF ST. JOSEPH."

Dr. Hartman receives many letters from Catholic Sisters from all over the United States. A recommend recently received from a Catholic institution in Detroit, Mich., reads as follows:

Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio: Dear Sir:--"The young girl who used the Peruna was suffering from laryngitis, and loss of voice. The result of the treatment was most satisfactory. She found great relief, and after further use of the medicine we hope to be able to say she is entirely cured." Sisters of Charity.

This young girl was under the care of the Sisters of Charity and used Peruna for catarrh of the throat, with good results as the above letter testifies.

From a Catholic institution in Central Ohio comes the following recommend from the Sister Superior:

"Some years ago a friend of our institution recommended to us Dr. Hartman's Peruna as an excellent remedy for the influenza, of which we then had several cases which threatened to be of a serious character.

"We began to use it and experienced such wonderful results that since then Peruna has become our favorite medicine for influenza, catarrh, cold, cough and bronchitis."

Another recommend from a Catholic institution of one of the Central States written by the Sister Superior reads as follows:

"A number of years ago our attention was called to Dr. Hartman's Peruna, and since then we have used it with wonderful results for grip, coughs, colds and catarrhal diseases of the head and stomach.

"For grip and winter catarrh especially it has been of great service to the inmates of this institution."

SISTERS OF CHARITY

All Over the United States Use Peru-na for Catarrh.

A recommend recently received from a Catholic institution in the Southwest reads as follows:

A Prominent Mother Superior Says:

"I can testify from experience to the efficiency of Peruna as one of the very best medicines, and it gives me pleasure to add my praise to that of thousands who have used it. For years I suffered with catarrh of the stomach, all remedies proving valueless for relief. Last spring I went to Colorado, hoping to be benefited by a change of climate, and while there a friend advised me to try Peruna. After using two bottles I found myself very much improved. The remains of my old disease being now so slight, I consider myself cured, yet for a while I intend to continue the use of Peruna. I am now treating another patient with your medicine. She has been sick with malaria and troubled with leucorrhaea. I have no doubt that a cure will be speedily effected."

These are samples of letters received by Dr. Hartman from the various orders of Catholic Sisters throughout the United States.

The names and addresses to these letters have been withheld from respect to the Sisters, but will be furnished on request.

One-half of the diseases which afflict mankind are due to some catarrhal derangement of the mucous membrane lining some organ or passage of the body.

A remedy that would act immediately upon the congested mucous membrane, restoring it to its normal state, would consequently cure all these diseases. Catarrh is catarrh wherever located, whether it be in the head, throat, lungs, stomach, kidneys or pelvic organs. A remedy that will cure it in one location will cure it in all locations. Peruna cures catarrh wherever located.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

If Pills Were Poison.

If Detroit's crop of pills for a single year was made of any deadly poison one-half of them would be sufficient to depopulate the entire globe.

If the annual pill harvest of Detroit was strung on thread, like Christmas popcorn, the rope of pills would reach twice around the earth, with enough over to tie in a bowknot.

If this string of pills was cut in pieces each of the 26,000,000 women and girls in America could have a different necklace of pills for every day in the year, with an extra long one for each Sunday.

Detroit produces 4,000,000,000 pills each year.—Leslie's Monthly.

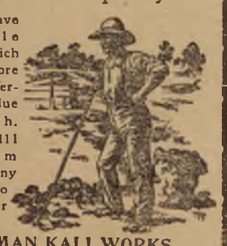
An oil-propelled motor railroad coach is in course of construction for the Great Northern Railroad of Great Britain.

Small Potatoes

result from a lack of

Potash

in the soil. Potash produces size and quality.



We have valuable books which explain more fully the fertilizing value of Potash. We will send them free to any farmer who writes for them.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
New York—98 Nassau Street, or
Atlanta, Ga.—22½ So. Broad St.

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.,
17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

CROUCH
Marble and Granite Co.
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
MONUMENTS,
Vaults, Statuary, Headstones, etc., in any Granite or Marble.
Death Masks a Specialty.
(Mention this paper.) ATLANTA, GA.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

It doesn't take very much of a philosopher to draw moral deductions from the misfortunes of others.

10,000 Plants For 10c.

This is a remarkable offer the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., makes. They will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine solid Cabbages.
2,000 delicious Carrots,
2,000 Blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

This great offer is made in order to induce you to try their warranted seeds—for when you once plant them you will grow no others, and

ALL FOR BUT 10C. POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c. in postage, they will add to the above a package of the famous Berliner Cauliflower. [A.C.L.]

The most costly chair in existence belongs to the Pope. It is of silver—worth $90,000.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Strong is the man who knows his weakness.

Mexico's Chief Harbor.

Tampico expects to be the chief Mexican harbor before long. It is twelve hours distant from the capital by train, and its waters are deep enough for the largest vessels and fully protected against storms.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O,
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Mexico, D. F.

"Mexico, D. F.," as the postmark on all Mexican postal matter reads, means "District Federal," or Federal District, and corresponds to our Washington, D. C.

Saved from Disaster.

The Chinese, if superstitious, are adroit. It was in a naval battle when a Chinese vessel was threatened with disaster. Suddenly a spirit appeared and the enemy was destroyed. "To whom am I indebted for this supreme favor?" asked the polite captain. "I am the Spirit of the Target," replied the savior, "and when you were young you often fired at me, but you never hit me. Hence the favor I bestowed."

An Egg Tester Free,

Together with an incubator and brooder catalogue, containing among much other valuable and interesting information a colored plate, showing by eighteen views the development of the chick in the shell, free, by sending to Geo. A. Stahl, Quincy, Ill., four cents to pay for postage and packing.

Reforming the Dyspeptics.

The Dyspeptic Club, recently formed in Jersey City, aims evidently to create a new "department of the interior" and to manage it on advanced and economic theories. So far there are only fifty-seven members in the organization, although a very much greater number, mostly Americans, are plainly eligible.

Each member must make quarterly written reports of experiences. The diversity of these should certainly give due variety to the sessions. But this is the only way to get facts. But actions of different foods must be duly estimated. Pie and pain, buckwheat and bloat, sausage and suffering, pickle and pang, cabbage and colic, ham and heartburn, must show their proper relations. The humiliating part of the business is that each culprit must confess his weak will and his misplaced confidences, while pork, pie and pudding will still hold their own against odds. Thus, no member should be trusted to give absolute impartial testimony unless he can prove that he was free from cramp, hyperacidity, headache or borborygmus when his report was written. Gastralgia is as apt, in a reflex way, to affect the higher moral sense of truth as is a colic to warp sound judgment on the ordinary relation of cause and effect. The only time for good resolution is when the paroxysm is on.—Medical Record.

Number on Paper Money.

"If any one comes up to you and wants to bet you they can tell whether the number on any of Uncle Sam's paper money is odd or even by looking at that part of the bill on which the number does not appear, shun him as you would the plague," said a guest at a local hotel, recently.

"Why? What is the joke?" asked another guest.

"Only this," replied the first. "I was out this afternoon with a number of men with whom I have business dealings. We ate lunch, and then one man wanted to bet me that he could tell the even or odd on the number of any bill I had, the loser to pay for the lunch. I took a bill from my pocket, folded it so that the number did not show, and after he had looked at it he said 'even.'

"Soon afterward I got stuck for the cigars in the same way. After I had been done four or five times they explained to me that all of the bills marked 'A' and 'C' were odd, while those marked 'B' and 'D' were even. It cost about $6 to find it out, but I guess it was a good investment at that. It is the same on all bills. Be careful when attempting to do the work not to take the series letter in front of the number, but hunt for a small letter on the left-hand side of the bill."

Washington's Hand.

George Washington's hand was described as that of a giant. On the last occasion of General Lafayette's visit to this country he remarked to Mr. Custis, when referring to a former visit:

"You were holding to a single finger of the good general's remarkable hand—the greatest feat you could perform at that time."

Washington was the champion jumper of his day. In one match he covered twenty-one feet three inches, easily beating all competitors.

THINGS WORTH KNOWING

Safety pins are peculiarly American. The United States uses 144,000,000 of them each year.

A Chinese hospital has been established in New York where Chinese patients are treated according to the methods followed in their own country.

Dr. Arthur McDonald, the criminologist in Washington, now says that unless a person wants to become a criminal he should never eat meat or potatoes.

The Russian Government gives a golden medal to every couple that celebrate their golden or diamond wedding. Last year six hundred and fourteen couples received medals.

Salt water tanks are to be attached to the sides of some of the German railroad cars, for the purpose of conveying live fish from the seaboard to the inland cities and towns.

The Metropolitan Art Museum of New York has just purchased an old chariot for $50,000. It was unearthed near Rome some time ago, and is 2600 years old and splendidly preserved.

The palm tree, as is well known, puts forth a branch every month, so the ancient Egyptian used a spring of palm having twelve shoots upon it as their Christmas tree, as a symbol of the completed year.

There is a man in Warsaw, Poland, who has the long distance record for bigamy, bar Utah, Turkey and a few such places. He has seventeen living wives and each and every one of them is glad that he is in jail.

THE SOLDIERY OF JAPAN

Subjects of the Mikado Have Never Been Conquered in Battle.

It should be remembered that Japan has never been conquered. It should also be remembered that a foot of her soil has never been held by an enemy for an appreciable time. It should also be remembered that the very hordes that Genghis Khan and his predecessors and successors led in triumph against Russia and Central Europe, and which overthrew Persia and India and Afghanistan and Russia and Hungary, were easily beaten by the Japanese. It has been said that the Japanese have never fought a serious war with a white nation, and are an unknown quantity. It may be said with equal truth that Russia has never faced the Japanese in war, and that therefore the Russians in a conflict with the Japanese are an unknown quantity. But there is abundant material for estimating the strength on sea and land of these two peoples. The Japanese in their conflict with China in 1894 proved themselves superior to the Chinese in a greater degree than the Russians or any other European soldiery have ever proved themselves to the Chinese. Again in the international extravaganza, known as the marching on Pekin, the Japanese soldiers marched and fought side by side with the picked soldiery of Europe and America. In that experience they showed themselves superior to the American and European troops in every respect, and almost every western commander engaged in the expedition against the Chinese Boxers admitted that they were at least the equal, if not the superior, of all other soldiers engaged in the expeditiou.—Gunton's Magazine.

A Rare Disease.

Mrs. Juniper entered the doctor's office, dragging by the hand an overgrown boy of fourteen. She was excited and impatient; he was dogged and glum. "O, doctor, he has lost his voice! He hasn't spoken a word for two days," she said.

The boy looked at her sullenly, and suffered the doctor to hold his face up to the light.

"Open your mouth. H'm! Tongue all right?"

"Ya-ah."

"Hold your head up and let me look at your throat. Seems to be nothing the trouble there. Push your tongue out. Now pull it back. Feel all right?"

"Ya-ah."

"Why, Mrs. Juniper, there is nothing the matter with him," said the doctor, impatiently. "Boy, why don't you talk?"

"How can I when I ain't got anything to say?"

Cool.

"Glad to meet you, old chap," he said, as he linked arms with a friend whom he had met in the street. "Just lend me a sovereign for to-day."

"Would be delighted," the friend rejoined, "but I have not got it; see!" He opened his purse—its whole contents was a half sovereign.

"Must do, I suppose, for the present," said the prince of borrowers, as he picked the coin out daintily with thumb and forefinger. "Ta, ta; take care of yourself," and walked away. But he returned hastily. "Mind, don't forget you owe me a half sovereign."

"I owe you!" gasped the automatic lender.

"Of course. I meant to borrow a sovereign from you—I only got a half. You owe me the other half. See? There's no hurry, of course, but I like punctuality. Name your own day and pay up punctually."

Nitrate and a Nation's Life.

Three-quarters of the export trade of Chile are furnished by its great deposits of nitrate of soda, which is used as a fertilizer in nearly all agricultural countries. But these deposits, like those of coal, are limited, and once removed cannot be replaced. Mr. Vergara, a Chilean authority, has recently estimated the probable future life of the nitrate deposits as indicated by the increasing demand, and he predicts that at the end of twenty years exhaustion will be near at hand. "Our national life," he says, "is based upon an uncertain foundation, which weakens with the course of years, and which will be permanently destroyed within a period, the duration of which is measured by the growth in the exportation of nitrate."

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

Many a well informed woman has her servant girl to thank for it.

The Editor of the Rural New Yorker, Than whom there is no better Potato Expert in the Country, says, "Salzer's Earliest Potato is the earliest of 38 earliest sorts, tried by me, yielding 464 bu. per acre." Salzer's Early Wisconsin yielded for the Rural New Yorker 736 bu. per acre. Now Salzer has heavier yielding varieties than above. See Salzer's catalog.

JUST SEND 10C. IN STAMPS

and this notice to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive lots of farm seed samples and their big catalog, which is brim full of rare things for the gardener and farmer, easily worth $100.00 to every wide-awake farmer. [A.C.L.]

It describes Salzer's Teosinte, yielding 160,000 lbs. per acre of rich green fodder, Salzer's Victoria Rape, yielding 60,000 lbs. of sheep and hog food per acre, together with Salzer's New National Oats, which has a record of 300 bu. per acre, in 30 States, so also full description of Alfalfa Clover, Giant Incarnat Clover, Alsike, Timothy and thousands of other fodder plants, Grasses, Wheat, Speltz, Barley, etc.

It's a pity that a miser who has money to burn can't take it with him when he dies.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

A woman would rather be idolized than understood.

A Badge of Statehood.

There were two women standing side by side at a stall in the Terminal Market yesterday awaiting their turn to be served. Each carried a big willow basket on her arm, and as the proprietor finished with one customer one of the women lifted the cover from her basket and said:

"Two quarts of those white onions, please."

The man looked at her somewhat stupidly for a moment and then said: "Oh, you mean a quarter peck."

The woman assented and the other woman with the basket looked at her curiously for a moment and then asked: "You're from New York or the Eastern States, aren't you?"

"Yes, from New York State," said the other woman.

"I knew it. They always figure by quarts in those States until they get up to a full peck, and here and in New Jersey and Ohio I know it is all 'quarter peck' or 'half peck.'"

"Isn't it funny," said the other woman. "But were you ever South or in the Washington markets?"

"No," said the other, "I never have been."

"Well," said the New York State woman, "that's the most curious of all. Everything goes by small measure and large measure. It has such a delightfully indefinite sound, like a prize package or a lottery in which you may draw something big or nothing at all."—Philadelphia Press.

Danced With Sixty-Seven.

Miss Margaret Costello and John Polinski of Jersey City were married at the Polish Roman Catholic Church at Bayonne. A reception followed at their home at Pine street and Communipaw avenue.

The bridegroom told his wife that it was a custom of his country for the bride to dance with every male guest at the wedding. There were sixty-seven men guests, and Mrs. Polinski waltzed with every one of them, concluding the final waltz by falling unconscious.

His Mother—"When that little boy threw stones at you, why did you not come to me?"

Little George Washington—"Well, I guess I can throw them back better'n you can."

Billion Dollar Grass and Alfalfa.

When we introduced Billion Dollar Grass three years ago, little did we dream it would be the most talked of grass in America, the biggest, quick, hay producer on earth, but this has come to pass.

Agr. Editors wrote about it, Agr. College Professors lectured about it, Agr. Institute Orators talked about it, while in the farm home by the quiet fireside, in the corner grocery, in the village postoffice, at the creamery, at the depot, in fact wherever farmers gathered, Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass, that wonderful grass, good for 5 to 14 tons per acre, and lots of pasture besides, is always a theme worthy of the farmer's voice.

A. Walford, Westlore Farms, Pa., writes: "I have 60 acres in Salzer's Alfalfa Clover. It is immense. I cut three crops this season and have lots of pasture besides."

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10C. IN STAMPS

to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples free. [A.C.L.]

In Finland reindeer are worth $7.50 a head. A reindeer can travel about 130 miles a day.

JUNE TINT BUTTER COLOR makes top of the market butter.

Planets revolve, but shooting stars are not necessarily revolvers.

Why Do We Die?

Vital statistics classified show the respiratory organs to be the feeble point in man. Diseases of the lungs are out of all proportion in fatality. Take Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein for coughs, colds and consumption.

At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

Follies of life are the amusements we don't care for.

Russia has fifty-seven warships at Port Arthur.

The New York Evening Post says that only two hotels in New York City refuse to keep their register of guests open and publicly accessible. These are the Fifth Avenue and the Waldorf-Astoria. The Fifth Avenue is a favorite resort of politicians, and its guests sometimes prefer not to have it known that they are there. The Waldorf-Astoria has made its way with social leaders, captains of industry, and with important and unimportant persons. The books there are not accessible to the public; lists of guests can not be transcribed. This is not only intended as a protection to the guests, but as a protection to the office staff. Many business houses send circulars to "hotel arrivals" when they can get the names, and at the Waldorf this would mean each morning the sorting of some fifteen hundred additional pieces of mail. The law only requires that a register be accurately kept, so that the police or authorized officers of government may consult it.

Mrs. Haskell, Worthy Vice Templar, Independent Order Good Templars, of Silver Lake, Mass., tells of her cure by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: Four years ago I was nearly dead with inflammation and ulceration. I endured daily untold agony, and life was a burden to me. I had used medicines and washes internally and externally until I made up my mind that there was no relief for me. Calling at the home of a friend, I noticed a bottle of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** My friend endorsed it highly and I decided to give it a trial to see if it would help me. It took patience and perseverence for I was in bad condition, and I used **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** for nearly five months before I was cured, but what a change, from despair to happiness, from misery to the delightful exhilarating feeling health always brings. I would not change back for a thousand dollars, and your Vegetable Compound is a grand medicine.

"I wish every sick woman would try it and be convinced."—MRS. IDA HASKELL, Silver Lake, Mass. Worthy Vice Templar, Independent Order of Good Templars.

When a medicine has been successful in more than a million cases, is it justice to yourself to say, without trying it, "I do not believe it would help me"?

Surely you cannot wish to remain weak, and sick and discouraged, exhausted with each day's work. You have some derangement of the feminine organism, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you just as surely as it has others.

Mrs. Tillie Hart, of Larimore, N. D., says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: I might have been spared many months of suffering and pain if I had known of the efficacy of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** a few months sooner, for I tried many remedies without finding anything which helped me before I tried the Vegetable Compound. I dreaded the approach of the menstrual period every month, as it meant much suffering and pain. Some months the flow was very scanty and others it was profuse, but after I had used the Compound for two months I became regular and natural, and so I continued until I felt perfectly well, and the parts were strengthened to perform the work without assistance and pain. I am like a different woman now, where before I did not care to live, and I am pleased to testify as to the good your Vegetable Compound has done for me." Sincerely yours, MRS. TILLIE HART, Larimore, N.D.

Be it, therefore, believed by all women who are ill that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the medicine they should take. It has stood the test of time, and it has hundreds of thousands of cures to its credit. Women should consider it unwise to use any other medicine.

Mrs. Pinkham, whose address is Lynn, Mass, will answer cheerfully and without cost all letters addressed to her by sick women. Perhaps she has just the knowledge that will help your case—try her to-day—it costs nothing.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

FARQUHAR MACHINERY

Send for handsome new 1904 Catalogue.

AJAX PORTABLE AND TRACTION ENGINES All sizes.
THRESHING MACHINES All kinds—20 to 40 inch.
PENNSYLVANIA GRAIN DRILLS Disc and Hoe. Improved for 1904.
PORTABLE SAW MILLS with friction feed and log turner.
A. B. Farquhar Co., Ltd. York, Pa.

When the eye is in trouble use a reliable remedy.

MITCHELL'S EYE SALVE

is a wonderful reliever of sore, weak and inflamed eyes. One bottle usually effects a complete cure.

CURES ALL EYE AFFECTIONS.

$96.00 Worth of Watkins' Liniment FREE! Address

The J. R. WATKINS MEDICAL CO.,
WINONA, MINNESOTA, U. S. A,
500 PEOPLE NOW WORKING.

A good living and a pocket full of money for an Agent in every County in the United States. Team and wagon all that is required. Ample Credit given after Account is guaranteed by two responsible Freeholders.

Saw Mills

The DeLoach Patent Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill with 4 h. p. cuts 2,000 feet per day. All sizes and prices to suit. DeLoach Shingle Mills, Edgers, Trimmers, Planers; Corn and Buhr Mills, Water Wheels, Lath Mills, Wood Saws. Our handsome new Catalog will interest you. DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co., Box 834, Atlanta, Ga.

Am. 9, 1904.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

Cotton Gin Machinery

PRATT. MUNGER. WINSHIP. EAGLE. SMITH.

We make the most most complete line of any concern in the world. We also make

ENGINES and BOILERS, LINTERS for OIL MILLS.

We sell everything needed about a Cotton Gin.

Write for Illustrated Catalogue.

Continental Gin Co., Birmingham, Ala.

TOBACCO CURE

Anti-Baccoline

We guarantee to cure the tobacco habit in any form. Treatment EASY, SAFE, SURE AND AGREEABLE. You take no chances. No Cure No Pay. All correspondence strictly confidential. Address The Dr. J. L. Hill Anti-Baccoline Co., Greenville, Ill., Box 387.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE

VOL. XVII. COLUMBIANA, SHELBY COUNTY, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 3 1904 NO 28

BIG BOND ISSUE

Sought for Improvements in the Philippines

Representative Cooper, of Wisconsin, introduced a bill amending in several important ways the act providing a civil form of government for the Philippines. The bill was prepared by Secretary Taft. Its first provision is that all bonds issued by the government of the Philippines shall be exempt from taxation, either by the government of the United States or the government of the Philippines. Five per cent bonds to the amount of $10,000,000 are authorized for public improvements in the Philippines. These bonds are to be approved by the president and secretary of war, and are to be used to provide for port and harbor works, roads, bridges, provincial and municipal schools, court houses and penal institutions.

Five per cent municipal bonds also are authorized to carry on municipal improvements.

Extensive work of internal improvement has been going on in the islands for the past four years. All of these works, building the breakwaters and docks, the construction of roads, the erection of school houses and bridges, in fact all sorts of necessary work to develop the islands permanently, have been paid for by the Philippine government out of the cash receipts; not one cent of indebtedness has been incurred.

In fact, the islands have no bonded debt in the actual sense of debt, for the certificates that have been sold in reality were to create reserve funds in the case of the currency, and where issued to pay for the friar lands, they are based on the value of the lands themselves, which are held as security for their redemption.

Cornwell is Home.

Captain Cornwell arrived in New Orleans Sunday morning from Honduras. Captain Cornwell is under surveillance but not under arrest. When he landed in New Orleans he was met at the wharf by a special deputy sheriff sworn in for this purpose, and this deputy, who is a friend of Captain Cornwell, will escort him to Birmingham. The bonds are already signed and only await his signature to make them effective.

Captain Cornwell comes back to settle up the trouble and face a trial, if there is one. It is very doubtful if a case will be prosecuted, as it is thought he will be able to settle, and that the depositors of the bank will receive back every cent they thought they had lost when the bank was wrecked.

In the United States court of claims the chief justice announced the case of the state of South Carolina versus the United States to recover various sums paid by the state of South Carolina as special taxes for the sale of liquors in the state at the various dispensaries by the officials in charge of these dispensaries, that the petition of the state of South Carolina was dismissed. South Carolina made claim for the refund of these taxes on the ground that the state dispensary law was constitutional, as decided by the supreme court of the United States, and that the collection of these taxes was in reality a tax levied upon the exercise of a governmental function and power. The commissioner rejected the claims and suit was then brought in the court of claims.

The president sent the following nominations to the senate: Chairman of the isthmian canal commission, Rear Admiral John G. Walker, United States navy, retired, District of Columbia; members of the isthmian canal commission, Major General Geo. W. Davis, United States army, retired, District of Columbia; William Barr, New York; Benjamin M. Harrod, of Louisiana; Carl Ewald, Grunsky, Cal.; Frank J. Becker, of Michigan.

The senate committee on pensions authorized a favorable report on the pension appropriation bill with an amendment increasing to $100 a month the pensions of veterans who are totally blind as a result of service in the civil war. This amendment will increase the total appropriation under the bill by $201,600.

Ill Health the Cause.

T. H. Sledge, a young white man, was found in his room at a boarding house in Montgomery with his throat cut from ear to ear and a bloody razor grasped in his hand.

Despondency because of continued ill health is given as the cause of his suicide. Sledge was employed as a collector. His employers say that he was efficient in his work and that all his accounts are correct. He was about 25 years of age and unmarried.

Fort Deposit, Ala., is to have a bank at once.

A small fight occurred on the island of St. Thomas last week between American and Spanish sailors, in which the Americans were victorious, although those on both sides were badly hurt.

Milwaukee, Wis., was chosen as the next place of meeting by the National Educational Association at its convention in Atlanta last week.

News of a land battle is expected from Korea.

ROCHESTER SWEPT BY FIRE

Buffalo and Syracuse Send Engines to the Scene.

LOSS WILL BE OVER $4,000,000

Business District Destroyed by Conflagration Caused by Defective Electric Wires—Several of the Largest Buildings in the City in Ruins—Three City Blocks Wiped Out.

Rochester, N. Y.—The most disastrous fire in the history of Rochester raged here for seven hours. Before the Fire Department, assisted by reinforcements from Syracuse and Buffalo, had checked the flames they had swept the retail clothing and dry goods district for a space of three blocks, and had inflicted a loss which is estimated by insurance experts at over $4,000,000. Of this amount, $750,000 represents the loss on buildings and the rest is on stocks and office furnishings. In addition, about 2500 persons are, for the time being, thrown out of employment.

Three out of the five big department stores of the city were consumed by the flames, one of them, the Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, being by far the largest establishment of the kind in the city. This firm alone suffered a loss estimated at $1,250,000, a large portion of which is covered by insurance.

The fire was discovered by the night watchman in the employ of the Rochester Dry Goods Company, who says it started from a fuse which blew out in the electric elevator connection. Almost simultaneously an explosion occurred in the basement of Beadle & Sherburne's store, next door. Smoke and flames poured through the elevator grating in the sidewalk, and in an incredibly short time the buildings were a mass of flame.

The burned district lies on the north side of Main street, between St. Paul street and Clinton avenue, running from St. Paul street almost the entire length of the block. The fire started on the eastern end of the block, in the store of the Rochester Dry Goods Company, and worked west, taking but one store east of this establishment, that of the Walkover Shoe Company, before its progress was checked in that direction. Next west was the store of the Beadle, Sherburne Company, which was destroyed. Then the flames ate up the marble block occupied by the Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, and finally the thirteen-story granite building, a so-called fireproof structure, and the finest commercial building in the city.

The fire completely gutted the inside of the building, the flames going from story to story and from room to room, licking up every article of inflammable matter that could be found, but leaving practically unharmed the granite, the brick in the walls and the steel and iron that bound them together.

There is nothing left of any of the other buildings. They have been razed to the ground. The blow is one that will affect Rochester business men seriously, but it is one that they will be able quickly to rally from, and the prospects are that inside of six months new buildings will be ready for occupancy and the trade of the city will go on without interruption.

JAIL FOR UNION MEN.

Chicago Judge Sentences Five For Violating His Injunction.

Chicago, Ill.—Judge Holdom has again held Franklin Union, No. 4, of Press Feeders, guilty of violating the injunction of the court, and has sentenced five of its members, including the President, to jail. The action, which was brought by the Chicago Typothetae, charged the Franklin Union and its members with violating the injunction restraining interference with non-union employes.

The union was fined $1000. J. M. Shea, its Secretary, was fined $100 and sentenced to six months in the county jail. President Werner was fined $250 and sent to jail for three months. Jerome Collins got two months; Harry Brown was ordered imprisoned for forty days, and Michael Flannery was sentenced to thirty days in jail.

In his finding Judge Holdom declared that the members of the union had been proved to have intimidated other workers who were employed at plants which had come under the ban of the union.

CHARITY MONEY MISSING.

American Surety's Boston Agent is Accused of Taking It.

Boston, Mass. — Wallace H. Ham, manager of the Boston branch of the American Surety Company, of New York, Treasurer of St. Luke's Home for Convalescents, Roxbury, and until recently Treasurer of St. Paul's Episcopal Church in this city, was arrested, charged with the larceny of $104,000 from the American Surety Company.

In court, George N. Perry, counsel for the surety company, stated that although the warrant alleged the appropriation of $104,000, he was ready to prove that as much as $170,000 had been taken by Ham while manager for the company.

Mr. Perry said that Ham also was responsible for a loss of from $40,000 to $50,000 in the hands of St. Luke's Home.

Mr. Hanna Left $7,000,000.

The inventory of the estate of Senator Hanna, which has just been taken by the family, shows that the dead statesman left more than $7,000,000 instead of $3,000,000, as reported to the probate Judge at Cleveland, Ohio.

Colored Murderer Hanged.

Protesting his innocence to the last, Will Boggan, colored, met death calmly, on the scaffold at Wadesboro, N. C., for the murder of John Sullivan.

JAPANESE SHIPS SUNK

Daring Attempt to Blockade Entrance to Port Arthur.

Admiral Alexieff Issues Proclamation in Manchuria Ordering All Inhabitants to Aid Russia.

Port Arthur.—The Japanese made an attempt to block the entrance of the inner harbor and dock. With this object four merchant steamers, accompanied by torpedo vessels, were sent from two sides toward the entrance of the channel. The movement was perceived by the battleship Retvizan, which was lying in the channel, and which opened fire immediately. At the same time the guns of the forts on the Tiger Peninsula, Golden Hill, and Electric Cliff were turned upon the enemy and a furious cannonade ensued, lasting until five in the morning. Then the firing slackened and became desultory.

The Japanese failed to effect their purpose. All four steamers were sunk. They are lying in the following positions:

One behind Golden Hill. One near the Retvizan. Two between the entrance of the channel and Lao-thie-shan peninsula.

Two of the vessels were set on fire.

The cruisers Bayan and Novik pursued the Japanese torpedo flotilla.

Ying-Kau.—Viceroy Alexieff has caused a proclamation to be issued through Manchuria, notifying the Chinese that Russia is at war with Japan on account of Japan's treacherous attack on the Russian fleet.

The proclamation is in six sections, as follows:

First—The inhabitants are warned that they must prevent the encroachment of Chinese on Russian territory.

Second—Russian and Chinese interests are declared to be identical, but as China says she wishes to maintain neutrality, all officials in Manchuria, instead of hindering, must assist the Russian Army.

Third—The people shall continue their occupations, and shall treat the Russian troops with confidence.

Fourth—The railway telegraphs are left to the protection of the people, who will be held responsible in case they are injured.

Fifth—The people are warned not to obey the threats of the chunchus (bandits), who are the curse of Manchuria, but must assist the troops to exterminate them. If they do not aid in this they also will be treated as robbers.

Sixth—If the people antagonize the troops or show them hatred they will be exterminated without mercy. The government is taking all steps, in any event, to protect its interests.

Nagasaki.—The Japanese Government has seized 670 tons of mess beef which was shipped from San Francisco on the steamer Korea, and which was consigned to the Russian Government at Vladivostok.

FRANCE AND SPAIN ARBITRATE.

French Foreign Office Announces a Treaty Has Been Signed.

Paris, France.—The Foreign Office announced that a treaty of arbitration between France and Spain had been signed. The terms are identical with the recent arbitration treaties concluded between France and Great Britain and Italy and Great Britain.

The consummation of the treaty gives the officials here great satisfaction. They say it shows the falsity of the reports recently in circulation in regard to the relations between France and Spain. The treaty is considered also as disposing of the reports of friction over Spain's North African possessions.

PANAMA TREATY INTO EFFECT.

President Signs Proclamation as Last Formality.

Washington, D. C.—President Roosevelt signed the proclamation putting into effect the treaty with Panama regarding the isthmian canal. As soon as the proclamation was signed it was returned to the State Department, where the exchange of ratifications already had taken place between Secretary of State Hay and Minister Bunau-Varilla, of Panama. The Cabinet was in session when the proclamation reached the White House from the State Department. Secretary Loeb took the document to the President, and he signed it immediately.

Coal Production For 1902.

The Census Bureau has issued a report on the mining of coal in the United States for the year ended December 31, 1902. It shows a total production of 301,590,439 short tons, valued at $367,052,069. Of this total, 260,216,844 short tons, valued at $290,858,483, were bituminous, and 41,373,595 short tons, valued at $76,173,586 were anthracite.

Buffalo Lawyer Shot.

Henry L. Schwartz, of the law firm of Baker & Schwartz, was shot and wounded at Buffalo, N. Y., by H. A. Knowles, a well-known business man, of Buffalo, who, ten minutes later, shot himself dead in the presence of Chief of Detectives Taylor and Detective Sergeant O'Connor.

Two Women Crushed to Death.

Mrs. C. B. Fountain and her mother, Mrs. A. Hogue, of Valley Junction, Ia., were crushed to death by an elevator at the State House. They were caught between the elevator and an upper floor of the building. Mrs. Fountain lost her life in an attempt to save her mother.

Colonel M. R. Roblee Killed.

Colonel Miller R. Roblee, formerly of Warren County, N. Y., has been killed at El Paso, Texas, by being thrown from his buggy. His horse was frightened by an automobile.

Suicide Ran in Family.

R. P. Colcord, a member of a wealthy St. Louis (Mo.) family, was found dead in a rooming house on North State street. He had committed suicide by turning on two gas valves.

RUSSIA MAKES PROTEST

Declares to Powers That Japan Acted in Bad Faith.

NAVAL ORDERS INTERCEPTED

Count Lamsdorff's Circular Charges That Attack on Ships at Chemulpo Was Made by Perfidy—Admiral Alexieff Superseded—Kaiser Orders His Fleet to Watch War Moves.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—Count Lamsdorff, the Foreign Minister, has sent a circular to the Russian representatives abroad, embodying the following protest:

"Since the rupture of negotiations the action of the Japanese Government has constituted an open violation of all laws governing the relations of civilized Powers. Without specifying every such violation Russia desires to call the most serious attention of the Powers to Japan's violent acts respecting Korea."

It recalls the circumstances of the recognition by the Powers of the independence and integrity of Korea and the confirmation thereof by the treaty of Shimonoseki, by the Anglo-Japanese agreement of January, 1902, and the Franco-Russian declaration of March, 1902. The circular continues:

"The Emperor of Korea, foreseeing a possible Russo-Japanese conflict, addressed the Powers in January, 1904, affirming his resolution to maintain neutrality.

"This was received with satisfaction by the Powers, including Russia, while, according to M. Pavloff, then Russian Minister at Seoul, Great Britain instructed Mr. Jordan, the British Minister there, to present an official note to the Korean Emperor thanking him.

"In disregard of all these facts and despite all treaties and obligations and in violation of the fundamental rules of international law Japan, before beginning hostilities against Russia, landed troops in independent and neutral Korea, and on February 8, three days before a declaration of war, suddenly attacked in the neutral port of Chemulpo two Russian warships, whose commanders had not been notified of the rupture of relations, as the Japanese maliciously stopped the delivery of Russian telegrams by the Danish cable and destroyed Korea's telegraphic communication. The details of this dastardly attack are contained in the published official telegram from M. Pavloff."

The note concludes by asserting that Russia feels it to be her duty to submit this protest to the Powers, firmly convinced that they, valuing the principles guaranteeing their relations, will agree with Russia's attitude. At the same time the note announces that owing to Japan's illegal assumption of power in the Korean peninsula Russia regards all orders and declarations which may be issued by Korea as invalid.

London, England.—The Chinese are maintaining order well. They have covered the province with proclamations enjoining the preservation of tranquillity.

Well disciplined troops numbering about 6000 have been drafted in Shan-Tung Province, and General Chan Chi Tung's foreign drilled forces are coming to assist in the maintenance of order and the protection of Chinese neutrality.

The appointment of Vice-Admiral Makharoff as commander of the Russian Far Eastern fleet is officially announced. He will control the entire naval movements in Far Eastern waters. General Kouropatkin will have supreme military command. Admiral Alexieff, as Viceroy, will remain the nominal Commander-in-Chief, but he will have no practical authority over Admiral Makharoff and General Kouropatkin.

Berlin, Germany.—The commanders of the German warships in the Far East have been instructed to send to the home government full reports regarding matters which may come under their observation. Hence, the warships will visit, according to the Admiral's assignments, all ports where there is anything worthy of observation or inquiry. As these reports go to Emperor William, each commander will be keenly alive to the desirability of making clear-cut and comprehensive observations.

VICTORY FOR SAVINGS BANKS.

Court Holds Securities Must Be Assessed at Market Value.

Albany, N. Y.—The Court of Appeals has decided that the State Controller, in imposing a one per cent. tax on the surplus and undivided profits of savings banks under the law of 1901, must assess at the market value of the securities constituting the surplus, when the same is quoted on the market below their par value.

The opinion of the court is written by Judge Haight, and is rendered in the case of the Bank of Savings of the city of New York. The court reverses the decision of the courts below in this interpretation, and orders that the sum of $296,500 be deducted from the value of the surplus and undivided earnings of this bank. The State will lose a large amount of money in consequence of this decision upon assessments already made by the Controller.

Forger Captured.

Wanted at Toronto, Ont., for forgery, John Thamer was captured at Spokane, Wash.

College Notes.

Dr. T. A. McWhinney, President of Palmer University, has announced its dissolution.

A department of Celtic language is soon to be founded at the University of California.

In the printing plant of the University of Michigan the larger part of the typesetting and presswork is done by students.

Newton Talbot, treasurer of Tufts College since 1887, died in Boston, Mass., of heart failure, aged eighty-nine years.

PANAMA TREATY RATIFIED

United States Senate Passes Measure by a Vote of 66 to 14.

Senator Bacon's Amendment Providing For Arrangement of Compensation to Colombia Rejected.

Washington, D. C.—By a vote of 66 to 14 the Senate ratified the Panama Treaty without amendment. This was an unusually large vote, only nine members being absent and not voting. Of these nine six were paired in the affirmative with three in the negative. Had every Senator voted the result would have been yeas, 72, nays, 17. The negative was made up entirely of Democrats, but the vote on ratification cannot be said to have been partisan, as fourteen Democrats voted in the affirmative and two were paired on that side. This made 16 Democratic Senators for and 17 against ratification.

The only other vote was on the amendment offered by Senator Bacon providing for an arrangement for compensating Colombia for loss of the territory of Panama. This was rejected by a vote of 49 to 24.

The debate in executive session was generally on the merits of the treaty, with reference to the secret papers, which were sent to the Senate by the President. Senator Morgan made a set speech which occupied the greater part of the time. Senator Culberson made comments on the secret correspondence and asserted that it showed that the "reasonable time" referred to in the Spooner act was known to have expired, both for negotiating the Hay-Herran treaty and its ratification.

REBELS FIRE ON GERMAN SHIP.

Dominican Gunboat Attempts to Hold Up Steamer in Vain.

Kingston, Jamaica.—The German steamer Altenburg, Captain Kuhls, from Hamburg and West Indian points, arrived here and reported that between San Domingo and Sanchez, Santo Domingo, the Dominican gunboat Presidente hove in sight and fired a blank shot across her bows.

Captain Kuhls, however, refused to stop, and no further interfence with the Altenburg was attempted.

At Puerto Platta, Santo Domingo, President Morales warned Captain Kuhls against proceeding to Monte Cristi; but the Altenburg went there and landed cargo. Because of the revolution the steamer did not land anything at San Domingo City.

DODGE IS FREED.

Out on $10,000 Bail, as Appeal is Granted.

Houston, Texas.—The culmination of the Charles F. Dodge controversy apparently was reached, so far as all Texas tribunals are concerned, in a victory for Dodge and those interested in keeping him away from New York.

Judge Burns, in the Federal Court, granted an appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States on the constitutional points involved. He also ordered that Dodge be released under the $10,000 cash bond he previously had given for an appeal. The freedom of Dodge is limited, however, to territory in the jurisdiction of the Federal Court for the Southern District of Texas. This will permit Dodge to go as far south as the Rio Grande.

BARON AND BEAR DIE.

Body of Wealthy Von Schlosser Found on Pacific Coast.

Port Angeles, Wash.—The body of Baron Martin von Schlosser, formerly an officer in the German Army, and for many years a resident of this city, has been found on the range south of the Hot Springs, near the body of a dead bear. The Baron undoubtedly had been killed by the bear while hunting.

On his body were receipts from banks in Portland, Ore.; Chicago and New York for more than $100,000.

A letter found on the body directed that Judge Hatch should administer his affairs. Baron von Schlosser had been a resident of Port Angeles for several years, and only recently had taken out naturalization papers.

GERMANS KILL 70 NATIVES.

Forces in Southwest Africa Repulse Two Attacks.

Berlin, Germany.—Colonel Leutwein, Governor of German Southwest Africa, cables that Ovambos, under Captain Nechale, attacked the police post at Amatoni and were repulsed with a loss of sixty men killed. A division under Lieutenant Schultze had a fight with the Hereros at South Tsumana, in which the enemy lost ten men killed. The Germans sustained no casualties and Lieutenant Schultze captured large herds of cattle.

EXPLOSION KILLS FOUR.

Powdered Starch Becomes Ignited—Damage to Factory About $200,000.

Waukegan, Ill.—The starch plant of the Warner Sugar Refining Company was destroyed by fire following an explosion. Four men were killed and several others injured.

The property loss is estimated at about $200,000. The explosion was caused by the igniting of a fine dust or powder that arises from the ground starch. The force of the explosion was felt five miles away.

Kills Woman and Babes.

Mrs. Benjamin Ramsey, her daughter, Myrtle, aged four, and her son, Albert, aged two, were murdered by Jerry Dugan, of Terre Haute, Ind., with a razor. Dugan gave himself up and confessed.

Six Miners Buried in a Snowslide.

Six miners employed at the Augusta mine, nine miles northwest of Crested Butte, Col., were caught in a snowslide while coming to town and swept to death.

REBELS BROKE THEIR WORD

Dominicans Treacherously Attacked Our Ships.

AMERICAN FLAG PLAINLY VISIBLE

Captain Wainwright Reports on the Shelling of the Rebel Camp and the Landing of United States Marines at San Domingo—Insurgents Offered No Resistance to Our Men.

Washington, D. C.—From Captain Richard Wainwright, of the cruiser Newark, the Navy Department has received by mail a report of the incident near Santo Domingo City in which an insurgent camp was shelled by the Newark and a force of bluejackets and marines from that vessel and the cruiser Columbia landed to drive them from the coast. Captain Wainwright's account differs in some respects from the reports telegraphed by Charge d'Affaires Powell and Captain Miller, of the Columbia. He says:

"Upon arriving off Santo Domingo City I found the U. S. S. Columbia, and at once reported to Captain Miller. The steamship New York arrived shortly after us, and at noon went alongside the dock in the river to unload her cargo, about 1900 barrels. Captain Miller had made a written agreement with the commanding Generals of both forces that there would be no firing on that side of the city while the New York was at the dock.

"The Columbia's steam launch, with a large United States flag at the bow, went into the dock, preceding the New York, also flying an American flag. The insurgents from the east bank of the river fired upon the New York, and upon the Columbia's steam launch. After consultation with Captain Miller, and by his direction, I moved to a position directly opposite the river and shelled the east bank of the river in order to drive back into the interior all insurgents in that neighborhood, preparing the way for landing a battalion composed of the landing force of the Columbia and Newark.

"The battalion, under command of Lieutenant Commander Parker, equipped in light marching order, landed. At a small town about half a mile in the interior the insurgents were found in some force under the command of General Jose Tiburzier. The General was warned to remove his forces back into the interior at once, away from the east bank of the river, and that he should not fire on the town again from that side. He signed another written agreement to that effect, and at once collected his forces and marched his men into the interior.

"The railroad from Puerto Plata to Santiago is controlled throughout by General Morales. The only town in the interior in that neighborhood remaining in the hands of the insurgents is La Vega, the interior end of the British railroad from Sanchez. The telegraph and train service between La Vega and Sanchez are interrupted. There is no communication between Sanchez and any other port at present.

"The whole southeastern peninsula is in the hands of the insurgents, and Santo Domingo City is surrounded and closely invested by about 1200 men of the insurgent force."

SPANIARD STABS YANKEE TAR.

Cruiser's Sailors Draw Knives on the Columbia's Men at St. Thomas.

St. Thomas, D. W. I.—A fight occurred here between sailors from a Spanish and an American warship, which resulted in the wounding of several men and a victory for the Americans.

The fight began when a seaman from the cruiser Columbia jostled a sailor from the Spanish cruiser Rio de la Plata as he passed him in the street. The Spaniard was with a companion from his ship, as was the American sailor, and all the men were on shore liberty. The Spanish sailor drew a stiletto and seriously wounded the American who had brushed against him. Other men from the Columbia who were on shore gathered around their companions and attacked the two Spaniards, who defended themselves with their knives and succeeded in wounding several other Americans.

They finally escaped, ran to the wharf and jumped into the water. They were picked up by a harbor boat and taken on board their ship. The wounded American sailor is in a hospital here in a critical condition.

TOWNS TAKEN IN SAN DOMINGO.

Government Forces Rout Rebels at San Cristobal and Bani.

San Domingo.—The towns of San Cristobal and Bani have been recaptured by forces from the Government gunboat Presidente. Another Government force has been sent to attack the insurgents at San Pedro de Macoris.

United States Minister Powell has informed the Government that Washington does not recognize the closing of ports not at present in possession of the Government. The blockade is ineffective.

The insurgents inflicted great damage to property in the vicinity of this city. The town of San Carlos has been almost completely destroyed.

Superintendent Maxwell Re-Elected.

The Board of Education of the Borough of Manhattan re-elected Superintendent Maxwell.

Butte Slayer Hanged in Dark.

James Martin was hanged at Butte, Mont., for the murder of J. R. Williams at Silver Bow Junction in May, 1902. The hanging took place in utter darkness. Martin refused to tell his real name.

French Educational Bill Wins.

The French Government bill regulating secondary education passed the Senate by a big majority. It excludes members of all religious orders from teaching.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Rear-Admiral Charles O'Neil, Chief of the Naval Bureau of Ordnance, will be retired for age on March 15.

The first week in October will witness the dedication of the statue of Frederick the Great, the gift of Emperor William to the United States, which is to be placed on the terrace within 100 feet of the walls of the War College.

The House Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads has completed the Postoffice Appropriation bill, which carries $169,997,588.

The report of Charles J. Bonaparte, who was appointed to investigate affairs in Indian Territory, has been received at the Interior Department, and was forwarded to the President.

President Roosevelt has signed the Urgent Deficiency bill.

The Indian Appropriation bill has been completed. It will carry an expenditure of $7,619,831, as against $8,521,306 appropriated last year. Of the sum named, $3,551,868 is for Indian schools.

Miss Alice Roosevelt has gone to Boston to visit her grandmother, Mrs. George C. Lee.

The House Committee on Postoffices and Postroads agreed to the report of a sub-committee raising the salaries of rural free delivery carriers to a maximum of $720 a year.

Lieutenant-General Chaffee has returned from Albany, N. Y., where he delivered an address before the New York National Guard Association.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

The Federal Assembly at San Juan, by a vote of sixty to fifteen, demanded that Porto Rico be admitted to Statehood or that the island be granted independence.

Corporal Ayala, ringleader of the members of the constabulary force in the Philippines who recently revolted at Vigan, Luzon, has since been tried, convicted and sentenced by the court at Vigan to be hanged.

One hundred delegates of the Federal party, in session at San Juan, Porto Rico, have unanimously voted to dissolve the party.

Lieutenant McRae and six privates, of the constabulary, have been killed by a bolo rush of 500 fanatics while patrolling the east coast of the Island of Samar.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, arrived at San Juan, Porto Rico, from the United States and received a cordial welcome from labor representatives.

Commander William Elbridge, United States Navy, Governor of the Island of Guam, arrived at Honolulu on a supply ship on his way to his home in the United States.

DOMESTIC.

Convicted of bigamy, Samuel C. Hazzard, alias Hargreave, a former army officer, was sentenced to two years in jail at Minneapolis, Minn.

The Grand Jury, at Chicago, Ill., returned several bills against persons held responsible for the Iroquois Theatre fire.

One trainman was killed and several were hurt by the collision of a Pennsylvania Railroad passenger train near Hobart, Ind., with a freight train.

A fugitive from Oneida, N. Y., where he is under eleven indictments for forgery, Thomas F. McGovern was arrested at Chicago, Ill.

In less than a week the Japanese of Portland, Ore., have raised $10,260 to send to the assistance of their country in her trouble in the Far East.

Both mildly insane and occupying a room together at the State Hospital, Columbus, Ohio, S. A. Kirshmeyer strangled Hugh A. Huntington.

The Government has started suits against the Western Express Company in North Dakota for selling liquor.

As a result of losses, aggregating $200,000, sustained in the Baltimore fire, the Greenwich Insurance Company, which has never missed a dividend since its organization in 1834, will retire from business and its affairs will be liquidated.

Joseph Sinclair, Justice of the Peace at Princeton, N. J., while walking in his sleep, fell down the steps of his boarding house and died instantly from a broken neck.

In mass meeting at Aiken, S. C., citizens determined "to build and set aside a city park to be named 'Whitney Park,' and to erect thereon a monument in commemoration of our esteemed fellow citizen, W. C. Whitney, now deceased."

In the hearing of the Fair case at San Francisco, Cal., Dr. John Gallwey, who performed the autopsy, testified that in his opinion the death of Charles L. Fair occurred at least a few seconds after that of Mrs. Fair.

FOREIGN.

The French torpedo boat destroyers Pistolet and Javeline have left Brest on their way to Algiers.

It is understood that the Diet will meet about the middle of March, when the war budget will be introduced. It purposes taxes of 60,000,000 yen yearly to meet the cost of the war and the service of the loans.

The Empress of Germany is suffering from inflammation of the veins of the ankle. The malady is painful but not dangerous.

The Albanian insurgents were defeated near Liuma, Bulgaria, losing 500 killed and wounded. The Turkish loss also was heavy.

Viscount Yoshikawa, formerly Minister of Finance, has been appointed Minister of the Interior.

Dr. Jameson, the new Premier of South Africa, has succeeded in completing a Cabinet.

The Turkish Embassy is authorized to state categorically that the Ottoman Government has not given any orders for the mobilization of troops.

In the English House of Commons Home Secretary Akers-Douglass, in behalf of the Government, moved the closure of the debate on the address in reply to the speech from the throne, which was carried. The address as a whole was then agreed to without a division.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBose, - - - - Editor
Geo. D. Campbell, - - Manager

COLUMBIANA, ALA.
Thursday, Maech 3, 1904.

Entered in the post-office at Columbiana Ala., as second class matter.

ANNOUCEMENTS.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county.

D. R. McMILLAN.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce E. S. Lyman as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. O'Hara a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the primary to be held next year.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county.

WALTER E. LESTER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

W. A. THOMPSON.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

The many friends of T. J. Martin in Beat 10, announce him a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk, subject to Democratic primary.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis, announces himself a cnadidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

J. M. Ray, of Wilsonville, announces himself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of J. E. Adams in Beat Eleven, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

W. R. WEAVER.

R. J. Griffin, of Maylene, is a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county subject to the action of the democratic primary.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR

By the urgent solicitation of many friend the name of J. S. Falkner, of Vincent, as a candidate for the office Tax Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

W. C. Benton, of Silura, announces himself a candidate for Taz Assessor of Shelby county subject tothe action of the democtatic party.

J. M. DYE announces himself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to action of the Democratic primary.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John W. Moore, of Weldon, as a candidate for the office of tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the democratic primary.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John N. Wyatt as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District of Shelby county, subject to the Democratic primary.

COMMISSIONER 1ST DISTRICT.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Commissioner from the First District, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

WALTER E. RIDDLE.

FOR SOLICITOR.

I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the office of Soliciter of the Seventh Judicial Circuit.

BORDEN H. BURR.

FOR CHANCELLOR.

We are authorized to announce R. A.D. Dunlap a candidate for Chancellor of this district.

FOR SUPT. OF EDUCATION.

I hereby announce for re-election to the office of County Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of Democratic primary.

JOHN B. FARRELL.

It seems that China is destined to get bumped if the door is open, and badly jammed if the door is closed.

It is worthy of note that the only congressman who ever resigned a seat after learning that he was not honestly elected is a democrat.

Where is Coxey, once famous as a paripatetic, semi-military advocate of good roads bonds? Can't he reappear in behalf of the Brownlow bill by another march on Washington.

Ohio will have to have two new Senators in place of Mr. Hanna, or one for two terms. His present term will not expire till March 6, 1905, and he was recently elected for the next term, ending March 6, 1911. Ohio politics are quite effervescent at present and it is possible that Governor Herrick may be elected for the short term leaving the long term to General Dick.

STAND UNITED.

Since 1890 there have been many rifts in the democratic party. In many campaigns there have been splits of more or less importance, and there is now a division of feeling that causes fear of split. It may be that the mere fact that there are now three distinct factions, the straight party wing, the Bryan wing and the Cleveland wing. may tend to prevent a real split, as the expected does not always happen,

It has been admited by high republican authorities that Mr. Roosevelt cannot carry New York against any good democrat. It is stated that Indiana does not want to vote for Mr. Roosevelt. The split in the republican party is as wide and deep as that in the democratic party, but the republicans have a better way of getting together than we. It is true that a republican split led by Mr. Roosevelt, now the republican candidate did help us elect Mr Cleveland, but since then Mr. Clevland elected Mr. McKinley. We owe the republicans nothing.

This is the year for democratic success, and nothing but a split at St. Louis or a bad platform can prevent a victory this year. A good candidate and a new platform and party discipline and all promises well.—Ex

The Japanese of New York city have inaugurated a plan to raise $5,000,000 as a loan to their country ane will ask their countrymen in other large cities to contribute as they can for the same purpose.

Thrashing cotton is a new industry in Texas. So profitable has it become that machinery has been brought into use to do the work. The process consists in utilizing the unmatured bolls that are left in the fields after the pickers have abandoned them.

Best Remedy for Constipation.

"The finest remedy for constipation I ever used is Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets," says Eli Butler of Frankville, N. Y. "They act gently and without any unpleasant effect, the bowels in a perfectly natural condition." Sold by Bandy Drug Co.

The Supreme court decided a case last week that a railroad passenger riding on a free pass who loses his life or limb on account of carelessness on the part of the company has waived his right to exact compensation in in case of accident.

The Name Witch Hazel.

The name Witch Hazel is much abused. E. C. DeWiit & Co, Chicago, is the inventors of the original and genuine Witch Hazel Salve. A certain cure for cuts, bruises eczema tetter, piles, etc. There are many counterfeits of this salve, some of which are dangerous, while they are worthless. In buying Witch Hazel salve see tha E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, is on the box and a cure is certain. Sold by Bandy Drug Company

The opinion that either the farmer is not getting enough for his beef, or the the consumer is paying too much, is shared by many prominent specialists, includeing the secretary of agriculture. When asked recently as to the relation of the packing houses to an increase or a decrease in the price of meat, Mr, Wilson summarized his views: "Fat cattle are not so dear as they were a few years ago, and there are good reason why they should not be. But there are no very good reasons why the consumer should pay as much for his beefsteak as he paid a few years ago. Whether the packer or the retailer is to blame, I can not tell you, but my impression is that the retailer has absorbed most of the difference. The margin between those prices—what farmer pays—is much greater than it should be."

Treatment of Pneumonia.

Pneumonia is too dangerous a disease for any one to attempt to doctor himself, althorg he may have the proper remedies at hand. A physician should always be called. It should be borne in mind, however, that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of the grip, and by the proper treatment these diseases a threatened attack of pneumonia may be warded off. There is no question whatever about this, as during the 30 years and more that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used we have yet to learn of a single case of cold or attack of grip having resulted in pneumonia when this remedy was used. Dr. W. J. Smith, of Sanders, Ala., a druggist says of it: "I have been selling Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and prescribe it in my practice for the past 6 years. Use it, in cases of pneumonia and have always gotten good results." For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

W. W. Whiteside, of Anniston Endorsed for Chancellor.

We, the undersigned members of the Bar of Calhoun county hereby endores the candidacy of Hon. W. W. Whiteside for Chancellor of the North Eastern Chancerp Division; and we take pleasure in bearing testimony to his emiment fitness and qualifications for the office. He is a man of fine moral character, and a lawyer of ability and ripe experience: John Pelham, Circuit Judge; Thos. W. Coleman Jr. Judge City Court; Jno. B. Knox, W. P. Acker, A. P. Agee, Chas. D. Kline, A. B. Sawyer, J. F. Green, S. W. Tate, Hugh Walker, Hugh D. Merrill, Henry D. McCarty, W. F. Johnson, A. F. McGhee, James T. Green, J. J. Willett, E. H. Hanna, A.H. Shepperd, T.C. Sensabaugh, J. H. King, D. C. Blackwell, W. C. Tunstall, Jr. Fred L. Blackmon, T. R. Matthews, Chas. S. Moore, Wm. M. Hames, J. T. Martin, Jos. J. Arnold, T. Ben-Kerr, Harvey A. Emerson, Ross Blackmon.

We the unpersigned members of the Bar of Cleburne County take pleasure in endorsing the candidacy of Hon. W. W. Whiteside for Chancellor of the North-Eastern Chancery Division of Alabama; and in so doing we desire to state that he is well qualified and fitted, in every respect, for the high position to which he aspires.

J. B. Stepheus, R. L. Evans, T. J. Burton, W. C. McMahan, J. R. Barker.

The undersigned members of the Bar at Talladega endorse the candidacy of Hon. W. W. Whitesides for the Democratic nomination for chancellor of the Northeastern Chancery Division of Alabama, and take pleasure in commending him to the favorable consideration of the democrats of this county. Mr. Whitesides is an able lawyer and his character as a man is unimpeachable. In our opinion he is eminently qualified to discharge the duties of the office to which he aspires in a manner wholly acceptable to the people of this division. W. B. Castleberry, G. K. Miller, W. B. Harrison, Cecil Browne, Borden H. Burr, E. H. Dryer, J. K. Dixon, W. C. McMillan, J. J. Pierce, W. B. Newman, James C Burt, Alex M. Garber.

RAILROAD OFFICIAL

Address a Letter to the People Relative to Presidency of the Railroad Commission.

DISFAVORS B. B. COMER.

To the People of Alabama:

Would you think it fair and just if the lawyer who appeared in court and argued a case against you in favor of your opponent should be called to sit as the judge in that same case at the next term of court?

Last June B. B. Comer appeared before the railroad commission of Alabam and arged vigorously that all rail road rates in the state should be reduced. As a candidate for president of the railroad commission he is now promising to decide all those matters against the railroad companies. His various lines of business give him a direct and very large interest in a great many of the most important of these matters. Do you think it fair and just to make him one of the judges to hear and decide the very controversy in which he has already appeared as an advocate or attorney, in which he has a large personal interest, and which he has completely prejudged in advance of trial or hearing?

The people of Alabama would not elect any man as president of the railroad commission who had appeared before the railroad commission in that controversy in behalf of the railroads. If they would not elect a man representing the railroads, should they in justice elect a man who appeared against the railroads, and who is adversely interested to them?

The law of Alabama declares that a judge must not act in a case which he has been attorney or in which he is interested. Does not the same spirit of fairness require that a man should not be elected president of the railroad commission for the express purpose of deciding matters in which he is interested both personally and as attorney?

We do not, of course, deny or question the right of the state to decide what is just and fair as between the shippers and the railroads, that the railroad commission has ample power to render such decisions and make them effective.

We do not feel, however, that we have the right to ask you to select some fair minded and disinterested man as president of the railroad commission, before whom the railroads, as well as the shippers, can appear in the confident belief that a fair and impartial hearing will be accorded.

Very respectfully,
WALKER D. HINES,
First Vice President L. & N. R. R.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.

"SUPERB, LOVELY, CHARMING!"

Are the exclamations that greet your ears upon entering the

COLUMBIANA MILLINERY SHOP.

The markets of the country have been ransacked for the newest and latest designs in

MILLINERY GOODS.

And all attest that we have them in abundance. No need to send to a city and pay two prices when you can find just the very thing you want *AT HOME* and at *VERY MODERATE PRICE.* It is our purpose to keep in stock a great many articles used by the ladies. among which are

WHITE GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, AND SHIRT WAISTS.

The very latest in every line. Miss Florence Fallaws, of Louisville, Ky., our accomplished milliner, will cheerfully show you through the stock, and your order will be appreciated. We came here to stay, and to stay means to please you in STYLE and PRICES. Please give us a call.

Columbiana Millinery Shop.

TO MY FRIENDS AND THE TRADE,

I have bought out the Drug Store of E. D. Hall, and will conduct an UP-TO-DATE DROG BUSINESS.

Our Perscription Department is conducted by Dr, A. T. Rowe, one of the county's best phyicians. Our Patent Medicine and Staple Drugs are best that can be bought in the market of which we expect to keep a good supply.

Call on us for what you want. Satisfaction guaranteed. Yours to serve,

J. H. MASON,

Dealer in pure Drugs and Medicines.

CASH OR CREDIT
Catalogue FREE.
PRICE $33.50
IT WILL PAY YOU
to send for our Catalogue No. 6, quoting prices on Buggies, Harness, etc. We sell direct from our Factory to Consumer at Factory Prices. Thirty Days Trial Given. Monthly Payments Accepted. We ship to any honest people located in all parts of the world. Write for Free Catalogue.
Mention this paper.
DEP'T
CENTURY MFG. CO.
East St. Louis, Ills.

Do You Want Strength.

If you want to increase your strength you must add to and not take from the physical In other words, the food you eat must be digested, assimilated and appropriated by the nerves, blood and tissues before being expelled from the intestines· Kodol Dyspepsia Cure adds to the physical. It gives strength to and builds up the human system. It is pleasant to the taste and palalable, and the only combination of digestants that will digest food and enable the system to appropriate all of its health and strength giving qualities, Sold by Bandy Drug Company.

Dragging Pains

2825 Keeley St.,
Chicago, Ill., Oct,, 2, 1902.

I suffered with falling and congestion of the womb, with severe pains through the groins. I suffered terribly at the time of menstruation, had blinding headaches and rushing of blood to the brain. What to try I knew not, for it seemed that I had tried all and failed, but I had never tried Wine of Cardui, that blessed remedy for sick women. I found it pleasant to take and soon knew that I had the right medicine. New blood seemed to course through my veins and after using eleven bottles I was a well woman.

Mrs. Bush

Mrs. Bush is now in perfect health because she took Wine of Cardui for menstrual disorders, bearing down pains and blinding headaches when all other remedies failed to bring her relief. Any sufferer may secure health by taking Wine of Cardui in her home. The first bottle convinces the patient she is on the road to health.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE of CARDUI

Three Time the Value of Any Other.

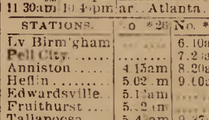
One-Third Easier.
One-Third Faster.

Agents wanted in all Unoccupied Territory.

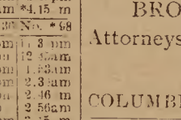
WHEELER & WILSON
MANUFACTURING CO.
ATLANTA, - - - - - GA.

PIANOS, ORGANS AND SEWING MACHINES ON FREE TRIAL!!!

ELEGANT CENTURY UPRIGHT PIANO, $125. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT PARLOR ORGANS, $25 UP. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT CENTURY SEWING MACHINES, BALL-BEARING, $13. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial. CASH OR EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.



We trust honest people located in all parts of the world.



Direct from factory to homes at factory prices.

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WRITE FOR FREE CATALOGUE.

CENTURY MF'G CO. DEP'T East St. Louis, Ill.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effect June 14, 1903.

*No. 22	*No. 16	STATIONS.	*No. 15	*No. 21.
7.00pm	5.55am	lv. Mobile..ar	10.55pm	8.10am
1.10am	4.30pm	lv...Selma ..lv	4.35pm	2.05am
5.30am	9.06pm	ar Birm'ham lv	6.20am	10.35am
9.40am	.....	ar Chat'n'ga lv	.....	6.15pm
1.1 pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	.....	2.10pm
5.45pm	.....	ar...Bristol ..lv	.....	6.30am
6.00pm	.....	ar..Asheville lv	.....	9.20am
1.45am	.....	ar Greensboro lv	.....	3.05am
6.55am	.....	ar Washington lv	.....	10.10pm
12.43pm	.....	ar...N York ..lv	.....	3.2 pm

Nos. 22 and 21 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville, Birmingham and New York. Cafe car serves meals en route

No *18	STATIONS.	No. *17
7.2 am	lv.....Tuscaloosa.....ar	9.2 pm
9.10am	lv.....Akron.....ar	7.3 pm
9.55am	.....Greensboro.....	6.44pm
10.52am	.....Marion.....	5.46pm
11.59am	ar.....Selma.....lv	4.45pm

No. *24	No. *16	STATIONS.	No. *15	No. *23
.....	7.30pm	lv New Orl's..ar	8.30am	.....
.....	7.50am	lv. Meridian..ar	8.05pm	.....
.....	9.37am	..Demopolis..	6.30pm	.....
.....	10.23am	ar..Union't'n lv	5.42pm	.....
.....	11.05am	...Marion Jct..	5.1 pm	.....
.....	11.0am	ar Selma lv	4.45pm	.....
.....	12.05pm	lv Selma ar	4.3 pm	.....
.....	2.03pm	...Montevallo..	2.22pm	.....
.....	2.2 pm	.....Calera.....	2.20pm	.....
.....	2.42pm	..Columbiana..	1.49pm	.....
*6.45pm	3.18pm	..Childersburg..	1.1 pm	*2.25pm
7.2am	3.53pm	...Talladega...	12.3 pm	8.3 pm
8.2am	4.45pm	...Anniston...	11.35pm	7.40 pm
8.48am	5.1 pm	..Jacksonville..	11.0 am	7.04pm
9.08am	5.3 pm	...Piedmont...	10.45am	6.40pm
9.58am	6.28pm	..Cave Springs..	9.58am	5.50pm
*10.3 am	7.00pm	ar.....Rome.....	9.20am	5.2 pm
11.30am	10.40pm	ar...Atlanta..lv	5.3 am	*4.15 pm

STATIONS.	No *26	No. *38	No. *35	No. *58
Lv Birm'gham	.....	6.10am	4 10pm	1.3 pm
Pell City	.....	7.2 am	5.25pm	2.35am
Anniston	4.15am	8.20am	6.3 pm	1.53am
Heflin	5.02 am	9.10am	7.20pm	2.3 am
Edwardsville	5.17am	.....	7.30pm	2.46 pm
Fruithurst	5.2 pm	.....	7.42p	2.56am
Tallapoosa	5.4 am	9.37am	8.05pm	3.15 pm
Bremen	6.07am	.....	8. 5pm	3.33am
Douglasville	7.10am	10.45am	9.10pm	4.24am
Lithia Springs	7.25am	.....	9.27pm	4.35am
Atlanta	8.20am	11.30am	10.15pm	5.20am

STATIONS.	No. *35	No. *37	No. *57	No *25
Lv Atlanta	6.10am	4.15pm	11 5pm	6.15pm
Lithia Springs	6 57am	5.00pm	12 20am	7 17pm
Douglasville	7.10am	.....	12.32am	7.30 m
Bremen	7.56a	5.58pm	1.24.m	8.25pm
Tallapoosa	8.15am	6.10pm	1.42am	8.52 m
Fruithurst	8.34am	.....	1.58am	9.10pm
Edwardsville	8.46am	6.33 m	2.06am	9.27pm
Heflin	9.0 am	6.42pm	2.16am	9 upm
Anniston	9.4 am	7.25pm	2.55am	10.30pm
Pell City	10.38am	8.35pm	4.07am	.....
Birmingham	11.45am	9.55pm	5.20 m	.....

STATIONS.	No. 36	No. 38
Lv Birmingham	4.10pm	6.10am
Lv Anniston	6.3 pm	8.20am
Lv Atlanta	10.5pm	12.0pm
Ar Macon	1.05am	2.20pm
Ar Jesup	5.20am	.....
Ar Jacksonville	8.30am	.....
Ar Brunswick	6.55am	.....

No 36 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Brunswick and Atlanta to Jacksonville.

No. 38 carries Pullman Sleeping car and Dining car Birmingham to Atlanta.

STATIONS.	No. 15
Lv Rome	7.10pm
Ar Chattanooga	9.50pm
Ar Knoxville	1.4 am
Ar Hot Springs	4.38am
Ar Asheville (Cent Time)	5.55am
Ar Salisbury (East Time)	11.05am
Ar Greensboro	12.50pm
Ar Washington	6.5 pm
Ar New York	6.13am

No. 15 carries Pullman Sleeping car Rome to Chattanooga, Chattanooga to Salisbury and Salisbury to New York without change.

STATIONS.	No. 2	No 4.
Lv Chattanooga	10.00am	10.40pm
Ar Cincinnati	7.30 m	8.15am
Ar Louisville	8.15pm	10.35am

No. 4 Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to Louisville and Cincinnati.

No. 2 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

STATIONS.	No. 40	No. 38	No. 36
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	4 10pm
Lv Atlanta (cent. time)	1.45pm	1.00 m	1.00am
Ar Charlotte	10.05pm	8.13pm	9.20am
Ar Danville	4.5 m	11.58pm	1.2 pm
Ar Lynchburg	4.3 am	1.55am	3.32pm
Ar Charlottesville	8.20am	3.37am	5.50pm
Ar Washington	9.45am	6.42am	9.15pm
Ar Baltimore	10.55am	7.59am	11.35pm
Ar Philadelphia	12.54n'n	10.15am	2.56am
Ar New York	3.02pm	12.48pm	6.13am

No. 38 "Washington & Southwestern Limited" Solid Vestibule train Atlanta to New York, carrying Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Club car Atlanta to Washington

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

•Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

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H. F. LATIMER, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
C. H. ACKERT, G. M., Washington, D. C.
W. A. TURK, P. T. M., Washington, D C.
S. H. HARDWICK, G.P.A., Washington, D. C.
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Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

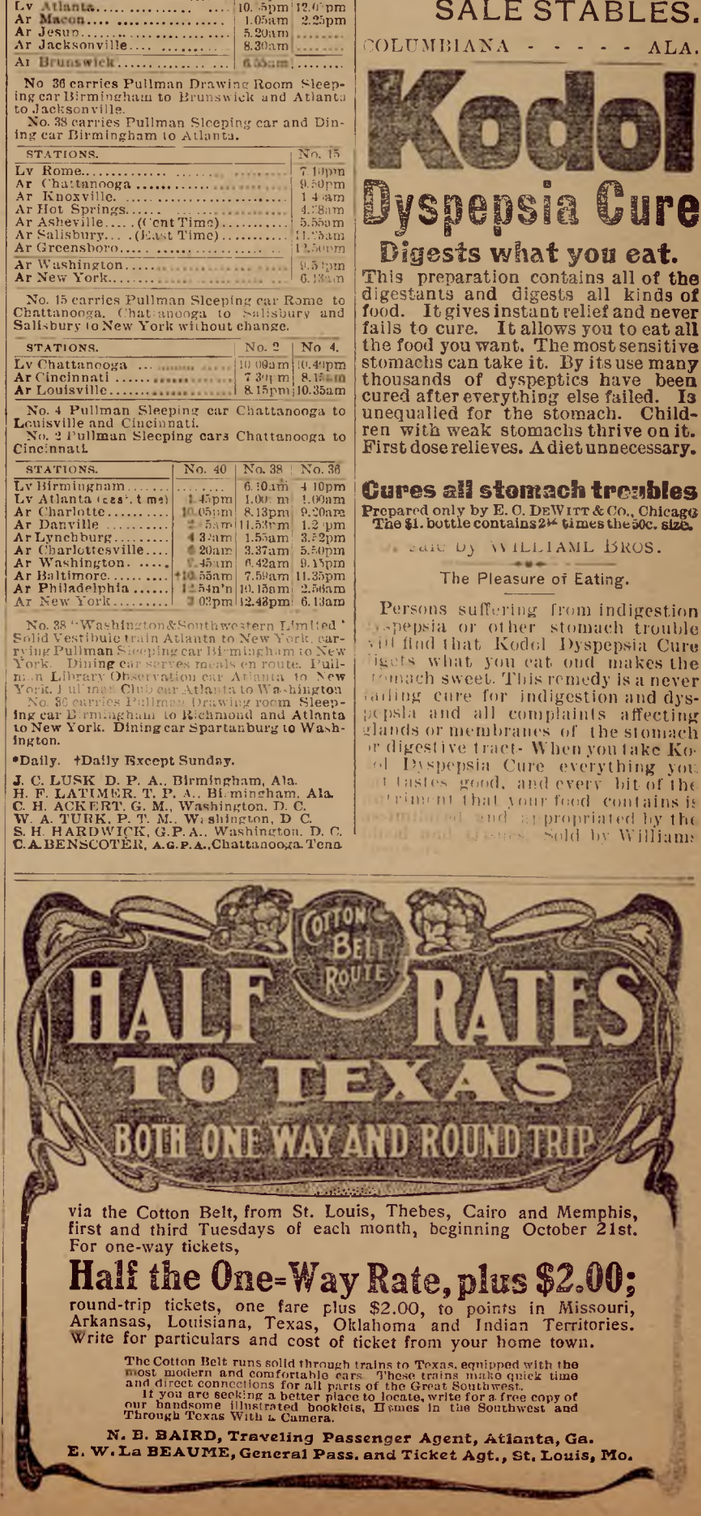
Cures all stomach troubles

Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago
The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

Sold by WILLIAMS BROS.

The Pleasure of Eating.

Persons suffering from indigestion dyspepsia or other stomach trouble will find that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. This remedy is a never failing cure for indigestion and dyspepsia and all complaints affecting glands or membranes of the stomach or digestive tract. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure everything you eat tastes good, and every bit of the nutriment that your food contains is assimilated and appropriated by the blood and tissues. Sold by Williams



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Half the One-Way Rate, plus $2.00;

round-trip tickets, one fare plus $2.00, to points in Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territories. Write for particulars and cost of ticket from your home town.

The Cotton Belt runs solid through trains to Texas, equipped with the most modern and comfortable cars. These trains make quick time and direct connections for all parts of the Great Southwest.

If you are seeking a better place to locate, write for a free copy of our handsome illustrated booklets, Homes in the Southwest and Through Texas With a Camera.

N. B. BAIRD, Traveling Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
E. W. La BEAUME, General Pass. and Ticket Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months..... 50

THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1904.

Spring has come.

March came in calmly.

John M. Dye, of Lynch, was in the city Tuesday.

W. H. Farr, of Redlawn, transacted business here Tuesday.

W. W. Wallace spent Sunday and a part of Monday at Klien.

Miss Lizzie Hill spent Saturday and Sunday with homefolks.

Chester Browne, who has been sick for some time is up again.

E. D. Hall returned home from a trip to Clay county Monday.

Jas. H. Martin, of Wilsonville, was a visitor to the city one day last week.

Claude Glenn has moved his family to the residence of Rev. H. M. Millstead.

For Branierd & Armstrong's embroidery silk go to Hammond Millinery Co.

White suits embroideries in the white and colors will be worn a great deal this summer.

Misses Kate and Mary Kroell, two of Montevallo's fair daughters were visitors here this week.

Pierce Mason, a Columbiana boy who is in school a Greensboro, sends home exellent reports.

W. J. Sewell, of Weldon, attended the meeting of the Populist Executive Committee last Saturday.

Dressmaking parlors have been fitted up in the Liles building by Misses Morgan and Robertson.

W. E. Harrison, of Montevallo, attended the meeting of the Populist Executive committee Saturday.

Mrs. T. Wood and Miss Helen Boyer spent Monday night with the family of J. B. Boyer at Wilsonville.

Walter E. Riddle was in town one day last week en route to the towns in the southern part of the county.

Rev. G T. Harris filled his regular appointment at the Methodist church last Sunday morning and night.

The young people had an enjoyable social at the residece of Mr. Vardaman near the Southern depot last Friday night.

Hammond Millinery Co. have the most exquisite line of ladies neckwear, combs and purses and they are selling them too.

Quite a number of Shelby's people attended the Helen May Butler's Ladies Military Band's concert here last Tuesday night.

There will services at the Presbyterian church Sunday morning and at night at 7:30. It being the first Sunday in the month.

It is only a short while in whic the sportsmen can have the pleasure of hunting game, as the time expires on the 15th of this month.

It is only eighteen days in which to let the people know that you are a candidate for office. See election notice elsewhere in this issue.

If troubled with weak digestion, belching or sour stomach, use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and you will get quick relief. For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

On Wednesday night, February 24, about 10 o'clock a meteor shot across the heavens lighting up mother earth as bright as day. The fiery ball fell near Columbus, Ga.

In this issue will be found the professional card of Drs. DuBose and Acker. Dr. Acker is a new comer to our city and has formed a partnership with Dr. W. S. DuBose of our city. They have an office in the Liles building.

Misses Zemma and Clara Pitts who are students at Shorter College, have from the first month up to the present time sent home excellent reports. In all of their studies they have made an average of 97.

A very delightful little social was given Thursday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Erlick in honor of their guest, Miss. Hannah Winkler, of Cincinnati, Ohio. Games and music were the features of the evening, after which the guest sat down to a dainty repast. Miss Winkler leaves for her northern home next Wednesday, and takes this means of bidding her friends goodbye.

As the twilight faded away in the west a large concourse o: our people were wending their way to the school house on Tuesday evening to greet the return engagement of Helen May Butler's ladies military band which was billed for that night. At the hour for the curtains to rise a large audience had assembled in the school to greet them. The event will long be remembered by our people as a rare treat. The concert from the beginning to the end was splendid, but the features of the evening was the solos of little Miss Vashti Smith with the horn, she is the youngest artist in the world on this instrument, being only ten years of age. Last but not least to catch the audience was the Xylophone and bell solos by Miss Clara Bahr, who handles them to perfection as well as the drum sticks.

CANDIDATES MUST FILE DECLARATION

OF THEIR CANDIDACY NOT LATER THAN MARCH 21.

The Election Law is Explicit on This Subject. Candidates Remember The Date.

The following section from the primary law will be of interest to the candidates. The last day on which the declaration set forth below can be made is the 21st day of March:

"Each candidate for office shall at least 20 days prior to the election provided for, file with the chairman or secretary of the committee or committeemen having charge and control of the territory in which such candidate is to be voted for, a declaration in writing of his candidacy in the form hereinafter prescribed, and such declaration shall, before being filed as aforesaid, be sworn to before an officer authorized to administer oaths.

DECLARATION.

State of Alabama, } I, ... the
County of ..... } undersigned who being duly sworn do, depose and say that I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the office of..... that I am a duly qualified registered elector, and have paid all poll tax due and payable, and that I possess the qualifications herein prescribed for a voter in said primary.

(Signed) .....

Sworn to and subscribed before me this....day of.....1904.

.....

A Favorite Remedy for Babies.

Its pleasant taste and prompt cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a favorite with the mothers of small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds and prevents any danger of pneumonia or other serious consequences, It not only cures croup but whe given as soon as the croupy cough appears will prevent the attack For sale at Bandy Erug Co.

WOMAN DEPARTMENT.

Misses Cora Morgan and Bessie Robertson are opening up dressmaking parlors in the Liles building.

While we are now hearing so much of gilt effects, still we predict that the summer months will bring the softer and dainter effects.

Our churches here should organize either choir or choirs. We have plenty of talent and a choir to lead our songs would certainty be a benefit.

Among the ladies: Misses Olive Densler, of Wilsonville, Maggie Powell, of Childersburg, and Misses Kate and Mary Kroell of Montevallo, have been charming visitors to friends here.

Hammond Millinery Co. will have their opening on the 16th and 17th of March. Everybody cordially invited to come and inspect their line of millinery which is decidedly the most correct line ever brought here.

Happy, Healthy Children.

Any child can take Little Early Risers with perfect safety. They are harmless never grip or sicken, and yet they are so certain in results that robust constitutions requiring drastic means never disappoint. They can't fail to perform their mission and every one who uses DeWitts Little Early Risers prefer them to all other pills. Sold by Bandy Drug Co.

The Winning Man.

VINCENT, ALA., March 2, 1904.

It is with pleasure that the majority of the voters of Vincent (and I trust of the county) to read the announcement of J. S. FALKNER for Tax Assessor. A man who is qualified for the place. A man of good business tact. A man of sobriety and last but not least a high toned Christian gentleman, and at this critical time of the Democratic party, I feel that he is the man and should be the choice of the Democrats of Shelby county for Assessor. He is a Shelby bred boy known all over the county, is worthy of any trust that the people of Shelby county should place in his HANDS. Since his announcement, I have felt sure that he would meet with the endorsement of leading democrats of the county, and should he get the nomination, I feel confident that his election is sure.

So when we have an opportunity to cast a vote for a worthy man and a man who has naught against his character, and who is in every way qualified to fill the position for which he has asked Let us do so by all means. I write this short piece holding nofeelings against other candidate. But I certainly hope that Mr. J. S. Falkner will be the winner and after the voters have weighed other candidates, I am confident that the majority will take side with ME and Mr. Falkner will be the winning sign.

B. T. NORE.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale granted by Hon. A. P. Longshore Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., on February 22, 1904, I, as administrator of the estate of Charles J. Christian deceased, will sell to the highest bidder for one third cash, one third in one year, and one third in two years, in the town of Columbiana, Ala., in front of the court house door on Monday, the 28th day of March 1904, the following described property, to-wit: southeast quarter of section 31, townsdip 21, range 1 east, southwest quarter and south half of southeast quarter of section 32, township 21, range 1 east, east half of northeast quarter of section 6, township 22, range 1 east, north half of section 5, township 22, range 1 east, situated in Shelby county Alabama.

HENRY MILNER,
Administrator.

It Never Disappoints.

F. J. Williams, proprietor of the Hamilton Drug Co, Hamilton, Iowa, says Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is practically the only remedy he sells for cramps, diarrhoea and colic, for the reason that it never disappoints. For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

WELDON.

Some of our people have their garden seeds planted.

The singing Sunday night at C. W. Walton's was a success.

Dr. A. W. Horton has been quite busy for the past few weeks.

I think from the way somebody goes up to the camps, there'll be another wedding soon, haw about it Billy?

Rev. A. C. Messer preached at Cobb's school house Sunday last.

Our friund and candidate J. E. Adams, Esq., would make a good tax chllector for the county, lets try him.

Mex L. Sharbutt attended the wedding at Mr. Gill's Sunday.

Prof. J. W. Moore and wife attended class meeting at James Spearman Sunday evening. Prof. Moore is a candidate for tax assessor of Shelby county. He is an upright Christian gentleman and is competent to fill the office.

Married at the residenbe of C. Rays George Moore, of Fourmile settlement and Miss Anna Martin. We wish for them a long and happy life.

Wild Bill says just wait a few more Sundays and he will know by then whether to send out cards or not. Wild Bill don't say yes next time unless it is your marrying sure enough.

The death angel visited our community last week and taken for its victim, little Flora Walton, daughter of J. H. and F. L. Walton. Flora was about 6 years old, a bright intelligent little giri, she was in school at Union and I am sure I voihe the sentiment of the entire school when I say they have lost one of the brighest students It is with deepest sympathy with the bereaved relatives of the deceased that we expressed our hope that even so great and unexpected loss to us may be over ruled for good by him who doeth all thing well. This is little Flora's speech she recited a few days before her death, it teaches us a beautiful lesson:

If you are ever going to love me,
Love me now while I can know,
All the sweet and tender feeling,
Which from real affection flow.

Love me now while I'm living,
Don't wait till I am gone,
And then chisel it in marble,
Or on ice hard stone.

If you know some one thirsting,
For a few drops of water sweet,
Would you be so slow to bring it,
Would you step with laggard feet.

There are tender hearts around us,
That are thirsting for our love,
Why with hold it from them,
Nature makes them crave all above.

If you have sweet thought of me,
Why not whisper the to me,
For they would make me so happy,
And as glad as glad as I can be.

I'll not need your kind caresses,
When the grass grows over my face,
I'll not crave your love and kisses,
In my low resting place.

If you wait till I am sleeping,
Never to awake again,
There'll be walls of earth between us,
And I cannot hear you then.

So if you love me any,
If its just a little bit,
Let me know while I'm living,
So I can own and treasure it.

Farevell Flora, it will not be long before the old ship will sail from our door bearing our souls to meet you on that blissful shore where we will pact no more. J. W. S.

Colds Cause Pneumonia.

One of the most remarkable cases of colds, deepseated on the luugs, causing pneumonia is that of Gertrude E Fenner, Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says: "The coughing and straining so weakened me so that I ran down in weight from 148 to 92. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this, wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength. Sold by Bandy Drug Company.

Dr. A. W. Horton, our efficient doctor recently moved to the Johnson place one half mile north of the city.

Rev. J. E. Samply preached a very interesting sermon at Union church last Sunday. He always hews to the line and and let the chips fall where they may.

Rev. A. C. Messer filled his regular appointment at Cobb's school house Sunday the 28th.

Mex Sharbutt and Squire Adams were seen wending their way northward Sunday morning, the Squire had a large envelope in his outside coat pocket, finally arriving at the home of R. S. Gill where they were cordialy welcomed, and there they found a host of friends had gathered, and in a few minutes everything was announced ready, when A. B. Holcombe and Miss Sarah E. Gill, a charming young lady were joined in holy bonds of matrimony. Squire Adams officiating and a short time afterwards those present partook of the marriage feast which bountiful and fine. The Squire says if it was not for his Sunday school he would be glad some one would get married every Sunday.

Say boys, I have been in favor of nominating and electing Squire J. E. Adams for tax collector, but what would us boys do for some one to say the ceremony for us, for he can't be squire and tax collector at the same time. He says the ceremony in such a genial and dignifid manner. We would hate to give him up. O yes, he is a Sabbath school superintendent and I think that would entitle him to this right, if not, we have Squire Lybrand who can fill his plaee, so let us nominate and elect the squire for tax collector for Shelby county.

Mex Sharbutt has returned from a business trip to Vincent and Cresswell and report having a nice time.

Austin Brasher was seen going towards Lester's chapel Sunday.

W. A. Wilder at this place is cutting a nice lot of lumber and nice shingles.

HONEST ABE.

Inflamatory Rheumatism Cured

Wm. Shaffer, a brakeman of Dennison, Ohio, was confined to his bed for week with inflammatory rheumatism. "I used many remidies," he says: "Finally I sent to the drug store for a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, at which time I was unable to use hand or foot, and in a week's time was able to go to work as happy as a clam. For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

How to Make Money.

Agents of either sex should today write Marsh Manufacturing Co., 538 Lake st., Chicago, for cuts and particulars of their handsome Aluminum Card Case with name engraved on it and filled with 100 calling or business cards. Everybody orders them. Sample case and 100 cards, postpaid 40 cts. This case and 100 cards retails at 75c. You have only to show sample to get an order. Send 40c at once for case and 100 cards or send 30c for 100 cards without case. Mention this paper

Hammond Millinery Co.,

have and are receiving the most exquisite line of millinery goods ever brought to Columbiana. Mrs. T. Wood has the management of the firm, and will be pleased to give each of her customers her personal attention. Come in to see us at the old millinery store, the place to get your hats.

HAMMOND MILLINERY CO.

Dunlap for Ceancellor.

Gadsden, Ala., Jan. 8, 1904.

The members of the Gadsden Bar met in the office of Boykin & Brindley Monday evening, Jan. 4. Upon motion the chairman appointed a committee consisting of W. J. Boykin, J. B. Martin and Judge J. A. Bilbro to prepare suitable resolutions regarding the candidacy of Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap for Chancellor of the Northern Division. The committee reported the following resolutions:

Whereas, We are advised that the Hon. R. B. Kelley, chancellor of the northeaster chancery division will not by reason of his candidacy for associate justice of our supreme court, aspire to succeed himself as chancellor; and

Whereas, our fellow townsman and leading member of our local bar, Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap, has kindly yielded to the earnest solicitation of the members of the Gadsden bar as well as of leading lawyers, democrats throughout the northeastern division, and will enter the field as a candidate for chancellor. Therefore, be it

Resolved, 1st, That we take great pleasure in commending the Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap to the democracy of the northeastern chancery division, as a suitable man for chancellor; he is democrat true and tried, a lawyer of learning and great research, capable, worthy and well qualified to discharge with credit to himself and honor to the people the responsible duties of the office to which he aspires.

2nd. That it gives us, the members of the Gadsden bar, great pleasure to unanimously and enthusiastically endorse the candidacy of Col. R. A. D. Dunlap; pledging our united and individual efforts in his behalf, and we earnestly solicit the aid of friends and acquaintances and brother lawyers and democrats throughout the division to secure the nomination of this worthy gentleman, for we assure those who help us that Col. Dunlap is a hard working, painstaking, sober, honest, upright Christian gentleman, and if nominated and elected chancellor, he will bring to the office his best efforts and we feel safe in assuring all who honor him with their support they will never have cause to regret their action.

W. J. BOYKIN,
J. B. MARTIN,
J. A. BILBRO.

These resolutions were unanimously adopted and, after transacting other business, the meeting adjourned.

A. R. Brindley, Sec. O. R. Hood, Chairman.

The Cherokee County Bar also endorses the candidacy of Colonel R. A. D. Dunlap. adv.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgaged executed by the Northern Coal Company to the Alabama and Missis ippi Coal Company on November 30th, 1901, and recorded it mortgage book No. 56 page 496 in the Probate office of Shelby county, Ala,, and which mortgage and indebtedness therein was transferred to W. M. Spencer, trustee, the said W. M. Spencer, trustee, owner of said mortgage and indebtedness, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door at Columbiana, Shelby county Ala., during the legal hours of sale, on Saturday, March 12th, 1904, the following described property, lying in said Shelby county, Ala., to-wit: the south east quarter of south west quarter, and west half of south west quarter, all in section 32, township 26, range 3 west; also the south west quarter of the north west quarter of section 32, township 20, range 3 west; except the right of way conveyed to the Echols Coal Co., also except the land conveyed by Columbus Benton and wife to one Ruffin and Echols Coal Company, being about one acre said forty on which the slope of said Echols Coal Co. mines is situated, the south west corner of said acre being about three hundred feet east of the south west corner of said forty acre tract, and also it conveys the right of way and privileges to cross the right of way above referred to with wagon and tram road, and which said right and privilege was conveyed to Columbus Benton by the said Echols Coal Co Co. and the same conveyed by C. Benton and wife to Lula E. Cook. together with all improvements, buildings and appertenances hereto belonging, including engines, boilers, pumps, tram cars, rails and all other property, whether fixtures or not, used in and about the operation of said mines, all the above property lying in Shelby county, Ala. This sale is made to satisfy the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, default having been made in the payment of the indebteness secured, and the cost of this sale, including reasonable attorney's fee. This February 5th, 1904.

W. M. SPENCER,
By Trustee Transferee and Owner.
R. H. Pearson, }
W. M. Spencer, } Attorneys.

A child of Mrs. G. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath stepped against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great pain and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remembering that she had a bottle of Chamberlains Pain Balm in the house sho would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Pain Balm is an antseptic liniment and valuable for burns, breises, cuts and spains. Sold by Williams Broc., Druggists.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowed to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but it stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 25 and 75 cts. For sale by Williams Bros.

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF GEO. W. MCGOWAN, Deceased. } Probate Court

Letters of administration upon the estate of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 19 day of February 1904, by the Hon. A. P. Longshore Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, notice is here by given that all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred. E. W. HOLLAND.

Non-Residence Notice.

L. M. Dyke, Vs. Henry Walthall.
State of Alabama, } Circuit Court.
Shelby County. }

Whereas, L. M. Dyke as plaintiff in said cause has obtained an attachment out of this court issued the 19th day of January, 1904, against the estate of the said Henry Walthall as defendant, which attachment has been levied by R. F. Cox, sheriff of Shelby county, Ala., on the following described real estate of the said defendant, to-wit: Island "A" in Coosa river of sections 17 and 8, and all of Island "B" in Coosa river, of section 8. all in township 21, range 2 east. All of which is situated in the the county of Shelby and and state of Alabama, and, whereas, it appears that the said Henry Walthal defendant as aforesaid is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in the State of New York, therefore the said Henry Walthal wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the said attachment and the levy thereof as aforesaid.

Witness my hand this the 21st day of January 1904.

J. P. PEARSON, Clerk.

When Thinking
ABOUT BUYING
A WATCH

it always pays to get a good one. If you want a Watch we can save you money on your order. Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Seth Thomas and New York Standard are good movements. Give us a trial order and you be convinced

DO YOU want anything in musical instruments? We have Violins, Violin Cases, Bows, Bridges, Pegs, Mandolins. Mandolin Cases, Picks, Guitars, Guitar Cases, Tamborines, Banjos. Accordeons, Harps, Harmonicas, Fifes, Ocarines, Flagolets, Bones, Clappers, Graphaphones and Records, also all kinds of strings for Violins, Banjos, Mandolins and Guitars

Call and see us in our

REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.

Don,t forget us when you want photograph work or enlarging, our work will please you. We keep ull all kinds of pictures, picture frames and are receiving new goods every week that will interest you. Give us a call when in the city.

T. J. WEAVER & COMPANY,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

The oldest and best equipped livery stable in this section of the state is located at Montevallo and is fitted up with the latest styles, and up-to-date rigs. This stable was established in 1882, and is opposite the St. George's Hotel, and is under the management of John Kroell. Team can be furnished on short notice. Bus meet all trains. The proprietor has lately added new rubber tired rigs and keeps the best of stock, and employs none but polite and trusty drivers.

Justice court will be held on the 1st and 3d Saturdays in each month at Shelby, Ala., by L. N. Curlee, J. P.

We are prepared to do fine dressmaking. Satisfaction guaranteed.

HAMMOND MILLINERY CO.

A MODEL DRUG STORE

Conducted on a modern sytem.

We carry all Patent Medicines Sold in this Section.

Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins.

Colgate's Soaps, Extracts, Toilet Articles.

Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco.

Fine line of Stationery, in fact everything that goes to makeup

A FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE.

Our Prescription Deparment is always in charge of a pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of pharmacy and years of experience.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
.....OF.....
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782 77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3,000.00	Rediscounts.....	2,263.60
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Company.

LAND TITLES;
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE;
TITLES GUARANTEED.
A GENERAL TITLE BUSINESS.

—INSURANCE—

Fire, Plate Glass, Boiler,
Employers Liability, Accident Insurance.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Ala.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

NORTH CAROLINA CORN WHISKEY

AT $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 AND $3.00 PER GALLON.

DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.

Saving Middlemen's Profits.
All express charges paid by me on packages of 2 gallons or more.

TERMS--CASH WITH ORDER.

Write for descriptive circulars. Reference commercial agencies or any merchant here.

J. H. WOOLLEY
Cherryville, N. C.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U.S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U.S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C.A.SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

The Proper Treatment for Sprained Ankle.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or 3 months before he has fully recovered. This an unneccesary loss of time, for many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some case within three days. For sale by Williams Bros.

Good Advice.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects: such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Waterbrash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth. Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle of August Flower for 25 or 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Try it. For sale by Williams Brothers, Columbiana.

Patents

Guaranteed Under
$20,000 BOND.

THE KEYSTONE LAW AND PATENT CO., 207 Betz Building, Philadelphia, which is the only bonded Patent Agency in the world, offer to make a Guaranteed Search of the Patent Office Records (not merely their opinion) Free of charge to the readers of this JOURNAL who will send a sketch, model or description of their invention.

They will also give a certificate of patentability which will be of great assistance to an inventor in raising capital.

Valid Patents with the broadest claims secured on easy weekly payments. Write to-day.

S. S. WILLIAMSON,
President

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE

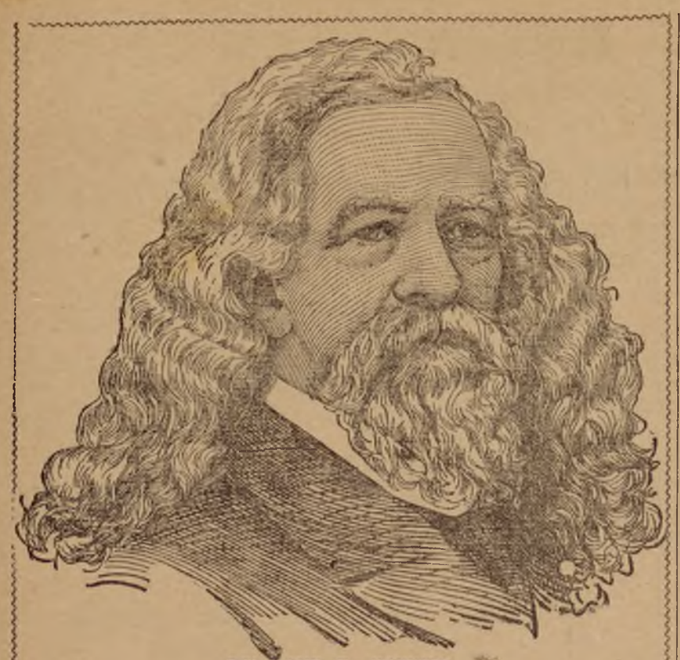
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT

The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.

PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

A COMRADE OF GENERAL GRANT

Says: "I Do Not Believe Pe-ru-na Has a Superior for Catarrh."



BENJAMIN F. HAWKES.

Benjamin F. Hawkes, of Washington, D. C., is One of the Three Living Comrades of General Grant in His Cadet Days at West Point.

In a recent letter from 611 G street, S. W., Washington, D. C., this venerable gentleman says of Peruna:

"I have tried Peruna after having tried in vain other remedies for catarrh, and I can say without reservation that I never felt a symptom of relief until I had given Peruna the simple trial that its advocates advise. I do not believe it as a superior, either as a remedy for catarrh or as a tonic for the depressed and exhausted condition which is one of the effects of the disease."—Benjamin F. Hawkes.

ISAAC BROCK, a citizen of McLennan County, Texas, has lived for 114 years. In speaking of his good health and extreme old age, Mr. Brock says:

"Peruna exactly meets all my requirements. It protects me from the evil effects of sudden changes; it keeps me in good appetite; it gives me strength; it keeps my blood in good circulation. I have come to rely upon it almost entirely for the many little things for which I need medicine.

"When epidemics of la grippe first began to make their appearance in this country I was a sufferer from this disease.

"I had several long sieges with the grip. At first I did not know that Peruna was a remedy for this disease. When I heard that la grippe was epidemic catarrh, I tried Peruna for la grippe, and found it to be just the thing."—Isaac Brock.

Pe-ru-na Used in the Family for Years.

Mrs. E. West, 137 Main street, Menasha, Wis., writes: "We have used Peruna in our family for a number of years and when I say that it is a fine medicine for catarrh and colds, I know what I am talking about. I have taken it every spring and fall for four years and I find that it keeps me robust, strong, with splendid appetite, and free from any illness. A few years ago it cured me of catarrh of the stomach, which the doctors had pronounced incurable. I am very much pleased with Peruna. I am 87 years old."—Mrs. E. West.

Pe-ru-na Is a Catarrhal Tonic Especially Adapted to the Declining Powers of Old Age.

In old age the mucous membranes become thickened and partly lose their function.

This leads to partial loss of hearing, smell and taste, as well as digestive disturbances.

Peruna corrects all this by its specific operation on all the mucous membranes of the body.

One bottle will convince anyone. Once used and Peruna becomes a life-long stand-by with old and young.

Mrs. F. E. Little, Tolona, Ill., writes: "I can recommend Peruna as a good medicine for chronic catarrh of the stomach and bowels. I have been troubled severely with it for over a year, and also a cough. Now my cough is all gone, and all the distressing symptoms of catarrh of the stomach and bowels have disappeared. I will recommend it to all as a rare remedy. I am so well I am contemplating a trip to Yellowstone Park this coming season. How is that for one 71 years old?"

A TRAVELER AT SEVENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE.

In a later letter she says: "I am only too thankful to you for your kind advice and for the good health that I am enjoying wholly from the use of your Peruna. Have been out to the Yellowstone National Park and many other places of the West, and shall always thank you for your generosity."—Mrs. F. E. Little.

Strong and Vigorous at the Age of Eighty-eight.

Rev. J. N. Parker, Utica, N. Y., writes: "In June, 1901, I lost my sense of hearing entirely. My hearing had been somewhat impaired for several years, but not so much affected but that I could hold converse with my friends; but in June, 1901, my sense of hearing left me so that I could hear no sound whatever. I was also troubled with severe rheumatic pains in my limbs. I commenced taking Peruna and now my hearing is restored as good as it was prior to June, 1901. My rheumatic pains are all gone. I cannot speak too highly of Peruna, and now when eighty-eight years old can say it has invigorated my whole system."—Rev. J. N. Parker.

Mr. W. B. Schnader, of Terre Hill, Pa., writes:

"I got sick every winter and had a spell of cold in February, 1899; I could not do anything for almost two months. In December, 1899, I saw one of your books about your remedies. Then I wrote to Dr. Hartman for advice, and he wrote that I should commence the use of Peruna, and how to take care of myself.

"I did not lose one day last winter that I could not tend to my stock. I am sixty-three years old, and I cannot thank you too much for what you have done for me."

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Avery & Company

SUCCESSORS TO

AVERY & McMILLAN,

51-53 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

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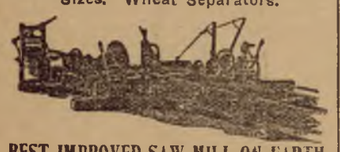
MACHINERY

Reliable Frick Engines. Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.



BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH.

Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors. Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3 SHOES UNION MADE

W. L. Douglas shoes have by their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any shoes in the world.

They are just as good as those that cost you $4 to $5—the only difference is the price.

Sold Everywhere.

Look for name and price on bottom.

Douglas uses Corona Colt skin, which is everywhere conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced. *Fast Color Eyelets used.* Shoes by mail, 25c. extra. Write for Catalog. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

CAPSICUM VASELINE

(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 25 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

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—MANUFACTURERS OF—

MONUMENTS,

Vaults, Statuary, Headstones, etc., in any Granite or Marble.

Death Masks a Specialty.

(Mention this paper.) ATLANTA, GA.

Saw Mills

The DeLoach Patent Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill with 4 h. p. cuts 2,000 feet per day. All sizes and prices to suit. DeLoach Shingle Mills, Edgers, Trimmers, Planers; Corn and Buhr Mills, Water Wheels, Lath Mills, Wood Saws. Our handsome new Catalog will interest you. DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co., Box 834, Atlanta, Ga.

$96.00 Worth of Watkins' Liniment **FREE!**

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The J. R. WATKINS MEDICAL CO., WINONA, MINNESOTA, U. S. A.

500 PEOPLE NOW WORKING.

A good living and a pocket full of money for an Agent in every County in the United States. Team and wagon all that is required. Ample Credit given after Account is guaranteed by two responsible freeholders.

WINCHESTER

Take-Down Repeating Shotguns

Don't spend from $50 to $200 for a gun, when for so much less money you can buy a Winchester Take-Down Repeating Shotgun, which will outshoot and outlast the highest-priced double-barreled gun, besides being as safe, reliable and handy. Your dealer can show you one. They are sold everywhere.

FREE: Our 160-Page Illustrated Catalogue.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. NEW HAVEN, CONN.

ALABASTINE

the Durable Wall Coating, Won't Rub Off;

WHY?

Because it cements to, and is not stuck on the wall with decaying, animal glue, as are the various so-called "wall finishes," which are kalsomines sold under fanciful names.

You can apply Alabastine.

ALABASTINE

The Only Sanitary and Permanent Wall Coating

ALABASTINE is not a disease-breeding, hot water glue wall finish, furnishing a lodgment and harbor-ground for disease germs; it is a natural, rock-base composition, in white and many exquisitely beautiful tints; in powder form, ready for use by simply mixing with cold water. Anyone can brush it on.

ALABASTINE cements to walls, distroys disease germs and vermin, and never rubs off or scales. Other wall coatings, under fanciful names, and usually mixed with hot water, are unhealthful kalsomines, stuck on the wall with glue, which soon rots, nourishes germs of deadly disease, rubs and scales, spoiling walls, clothing and furniture. When it is necessary to refinish, the old coats must be washed off—an expensive, nasty, disagreeable job, making the rooms damp and unfit to live in.

When walls are once coated with Alabastine, succeeding coats may be applied, year after year, without washing the walls, thus saving great expense and annoyance.

Hot and Cold Water Kalsomines Have No Merit

Some dealers try to sell them, buying them cheap, and trying to sell on Alabastine's demand until such time as their customers learn of the imposition.

THEY ARE WORTHLESS PREPARATIONS

If you cannot buy Alabastine of your hardware, paint or drug dealer, refuse all imitations, and write us. We will tell you where you can get Alabastine without delay, or sell it to you direct. $500.00 GIVEN AWAY. Write for particulars.

Leaflet of dainty tints, hints on decorating, and our artists' up-to-date ideas on beautifying the home, Free. Buy Alabastine only in packages, properly labeled.

Alabastine Company GRAND RAPIDS, MICH. and 105 Water St., New York City.

Governor Bates, of Massachusetts, in his annual message, recommends granting to women the right to vote for municipal officers. If, after trial, the results are not satisfactory, he suggests, the Legislature can repeal the law.

For 30c. and This Notice

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., will send free

1 pkg. May 1st Carrot.....10c.
1 pkg. Earliest Green Eating Onion.....10c.
1 pkg. Peep Of Day Tomato.....20c.
1 pkg. Salzer's Flash Light Radish.....10c.
1 pkg. Long Quick, Quick Radish.....10c.
1 pkg. Salzer's Queen of All Radish..10c.

Above six rare novelties, the choicest and finest of their kind, have a retail value of 70c., but they are mailed to you free, together with Salzer's big catalog, well worth $100.00 to every wide-awake gardener, all upon receipt of but 30c. in postage and this notice. [A.C.L.]

A locomotive, when going at express speed, gives 1056 puffs per mile.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES produce the brightest and fastest colors.

In a cubic foot of honeycomb there are about 9000 cells.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The first ruler honored with the title of "His Majesty" was Louis XI. of France.

The Sturdy Camel.

A camel has twice the carrying power of an ox. With an ordinary load of 400 pounds he can travel twelve or fourteen days without water, going forty miles a day. Camels are fit to work at five years old, but their strength begins to decline at twenty-five, although they usually live to forty. The Tartars have herds of these animals, often 1,000, belonging to one family. They were numerous in antiquity, for the patriarch Job had 3,000. The Timbuktu or Meharri breed is remarkable for speed and used only for couriers, going 800 miles in eight days with a meal of dates or grain at nightfall.

A Dallas woman has just died at the age of eighty-six, who was the mother of seventeen children, the grandmother of sixty-eight and the great grandmother of 165. Here's a chance for the President to show his appreciation by something neat in the way of a contribution toward a monument.

HOUSEHOLD MATTERS

Dusting.

It is no use whatever to dust with a feather duster if the object in view is really the removal of dust. The feathers merely scatter fine particles abroad, which would be much less injurious if permitted to remain on the original articles. Always employ a soft cloth, shaking it at frequent intervals. If something else is really needed to relieve the monotony of continual stooping a lamb's wool duster is the best possible substitute.—Western Watchman.

Cleaning a Sheepskin Rug.

A couple of weeks ago a correspondent wrote us, asking how a sheepskin rug could be cleaned. We were about to refer the matter to our readers when we came upon the "how to do it" in an exchange, illustrating the truth of the old saying, "All things come to him who waits"—if he can wait long enough.

First, shake and beat the rug free from dust, and mend any broken or ripped places. Choose a mild, drying day. Tack the rug, wool side out, securely on the side of a barrel. Dissolve a package of washing powder in a pail of warm water, and with a stiff scrubbing brush go over the rug thoroughly. After this pour on three or four pailfuls of warm water, using the brush, till the wool is thoroughly rinsed. By using a clean curry comb on the wool while drying it is made fluffy. Keep the skin side dry; that is why the barrel is used, its convex surface shedding the water.

Household Hints.

Carpets should always have the paper lining underneath. It is pleasanter to walk on, and saves much wear on the carpet.

Borders on a carpet are largely a matter of taste. They should, however, be avoided on small or narrow rooms. They contract the space, making it in appearance smaller than it is, by unpleasantly defining the size and shape, says The Household Ledger.

If the boards of a floor are not in too bad condition, there are several ways of making it look quite well, and after the first laborious work is bestowed, if well done, the subsequent work of keeping it nice will not be such hard manual labor. First, have it thoroughly well scraped and cleaned, and if possible have a carpenter smooth uneven surfaces and chinks between the boards, have them filled with putty or plaster of paris. Newspapers wet and worked to a pulp have been used for the same purpose and given satisfaction.

The next step is to stain it, rather than paint it. The paint is opaque and the stain is transparent, does not obliterate the grain of the wood, but simply dyes it, giving it the appearance of hard wood finish.

Stains come ready for use in any desired color. In applying let the brush follow the direction of the grain. If one application is insufficient to produce a satisfactory result, when perfectly dry go over it again.

After thoroughly drying a stained floor may be varnished, and two coats will last a year.

Varnish darkens the floor, and sometimes it is added to the stain before it is applied.

A tin can of wax polish will last a long time after the floor is once in good condition.

. RECIPES . .

Bread Griddle Cakes—Add one and one-half cupfuls of grated bread crumbs to one and one-half cupfuls of scalded milk; let soak half an hour, then add one egg well beaten, half a cupful of flour, half a teaspoonful of salt, four level teaspoonfuls of baking powder; beat well and bake on a hot griddle.

Nasturtium Pickle—Pick the nasturtium seeds green; leave a short stem on them; make a weak brine with salt and water; put the seeds in the brine for two days; then put them into fresh water for one day; pack them into jars and pour over them boiling vinegar and add several cloves to each jar; serve and let stand one month before using them.

Corn Muffins—Sift one cup of yellow Indian meal, one cupful of flour and one teaspoonful of cream of tartar; dissolve half a teaspoonful of soda in a little boiling water, stir this with one cupful of milk; cream two tablespoonfuls of butter, add three tablespoonfuls of sugar, then add two beaten eggs, and the flour and milk alternately; butter muffin pans, fill each half full and bake in a quick oven twenty minutes.

Cheese Souffle—Put four level tablespoonfuls of butter in a saucepan; add two tablespoonfuls of flour; when smooth add one-third of a cup of milk, one-fourth teaspoonful of salt, a little cayenne pepper, yolks of two eggs, well beaten, and two-thirds of a cup of grated cheese; let cool; then add the whites of the eggs, beaten to a stiff froth; turn into a buttered mold or dish and bake twenty minutes in a moderate oven.

Cream Pie—Beat the yolks of three eggs with one cupful of sugar; sift two level teaspoonfuls of baking powder with one cupful of sifted flour; add it to the sugar and yolks of eggs, then add the beaten whites; butter two layer cake pans, fill them with the mixture, place in a rather quick oven and bake ten minutes; remove from the oven and let stand in the tins five minutes, then turn out; just before serving spread with whipped cream, sweetened and flavored; spread with icing.

Water Bread—Put two quarts of sifted flour in a bowl, add two level tablespoonfuls of salt; dissolve half a cake of compressed yeast in half a cup of tepid water; make a hollow in the flour; add the yeast, then add gradually three cupfuls of tepid water, mixing the flour with a spoon; turn out on the board and knead fifteen minutes; lift the dough into the bowl, cover it closely with a cloth and a tin cover or the bread board; let rise over night; in the morning again put it on the board and knead five minutes; cut in half and put in greased bread pans; cover and let rise two hours; put in a hot oven and bake forty-five minutes.

STRIPPED HIM OF CLOTHES.

Lightning Played a Queer Prank With a Colorado Victim.

A blinding flash, a loud and sudden crack of thunder, a sensation as of someone striking you in the face and then darkness and unconsciousness!

That is how it feels to be struck by lightning. It is the way Art Bruer, a conductor for the Manitou and Pike's Peak road, who had his clothing torn from his body by lightning last week, describes the sensation.

Although Bruer's clothing was torn to shreds, his conductor cap removed from his head, the fleece lining of his underwear set on fire and a blue streak burned across his chest from shoulder to shoulder, he recovered consciousness a few minutes later and was able to bring his train from the summit of Pike's Peak to the cog road station at Manitou.

The incident was one of the most peculiar freaks of lightning on record. It has been known to perform strange antics, but never before has it stripped a man completely of his outer clothing, tossed his hat into the air, left an indelible stamp on his body, rendered him unconscious for a few minutes and then left him almost unhurt, with no burns except a long thin line of blue on his chest and set fire to the fleece lining of the underwear without burning or scorching any other article of his wearing apparel.

Bruer believes he was born lucky. In the present instance this was better than to have been born rich. The chances of a man's life being spared in such a case are so small as to be almost infinitesmal. At the time he was struck by the lightning he was standing on the steps of the coach, holding the brass railing with both hands, preparing to start on its journey down the peak. The passengers were all aboard and everything was in readiness for the downward start.

Suddenly there was a blinding flash and a deafening crash of thunder. A blue streak of forked lightning shot across the peak on its way from one cloud to another. En route it encountered the form of Bruer and his body formed the circuit which shot the bolt into the top of Pike's Peak. After the passengers had recovered from their momentary fright they saw the insensible form of Bruer lying on the ground.

They hastened to him to pick him up, as they supposed, dead, when, to their astonishment he sat upright and looked bewildering about him. To inquiries he replied that he was not hurt, "only stunned," but one man discovered that his fleece lined underwear was burning. The fire was extinguished and the Navajo blanket borrowed. The clothing which had been torn by the electricity was picked up and brought to Manitou.—Colorado Springs Gazette.

A Shocking Crime.

The daughter of a widow living at Potsdam has just been tried for inciting soldiers against an officer in the following circumstances: One Sunday last year she was walking with her sweetheart, a soldier, when she met a young cadet. He stopped the soldier on the ground that he had not saluted him. The soldier and the girl maintained that the salute had been given, whereupon the cadet ordered the man to follow him to the barracks. The girl upon this called to a number of artillerymen, bidding them not to allow such a young officer to arrest an honest man. The soldier who followed the cadet as ordered, was sentenced to five months' imprisonment in a fortress. The charge against the girl was dismissed, but she was fined 30 marks for insulting the cadet.

During the last century war caused the death of more than thirty millions civilized men.

Fish are unusually scarce in Lake Erie.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

Gamblers on ocean steamers operate in groups of two or three.

The U. S. Dept. of Agriculture

Gives to Salzer's Oats its heartiest endorsement. Salzer's New National Oats yielded in 1903 from 150 to 300 bu. per acre in 30 different States, and you, Mr. Farmer, can beat this in 1904, if you will. Salzer's seeds are pedigree seeds, bred up through careful selection to big yields.

	Per Acre.
Salzer's Beardless Barley yielded	121 bu.
Salzer's Home Builder Corn....	300 bu.
Speltz and Macaroni Wheat....	80 bu.
Salzer's Victoria Rape.....	60,000 lbs.
Salzer's Teosinte, the fodder wonder	100,000 lbs.
Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass....	50,000 lbs.
Salzer's Pedigree Potatoes.....	1,000 bu.

Now such yields pay and you can have them, Mr. Farmer, in 1904.

SEND 10c. IN STAMPS

and this notice to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and you will get their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples free. [A.C.L.]

The most valuable feathers are those of the mirasol, a bird of Argentina.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Copenhagen has the largest inclosed deer park in the world. Its area is 4200 acres.

Not So Bad.

On an average five editors a week are sent to prison in Germany for the crime of lese majeste. Taking corn, cord wood and potatoes for subscriptions, in the United States, isn't so bad, after all.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

An Astonishing Comparison.

If the newspapers circulated in the United States in a year were printed in book form they would make 4,000,000,000 12 mo. volumes

DOCTORS FALL IN LINE.

Practicing Physicians recognize the unfailing reliability of Doan's Kidney Pills by prescribing them for Backache, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Disorders—a tribute won by no other Proprietary Medicine. Four cases cited from "Notes of His Practice," by Dr. Leland Williamson, of Yorktown, Ark.

YORKTOWN, ARK., Mar. 1, 1904.

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I have been engaged in the practice of medicine in this section for ten years. This is a very sickly climate, on the Bayou Bartholomew, near the Arkansas River. It is particularly malarious and miasmatic; we meet with many and various abnormal conditions of the human family; prominent among the cases in which I have been called upon to prescribe is kidney disease. Many of these disorders manifest themselves by pains in the back, often extending to other parts of the body; sometimes headache is present, caused by uraemic or chronic uric acid poisoning, soreness in region of kidneys, cloudy, thickened and foul-smelling urine, discharges of pus or corruption; inflammation of the kidneys, extending to the bladder, is caused by excess of uric acid and decomposition of the urine. Hemorrhage is sometimes met with, caused by high state of inflammation or congestion.

There is no class of diseases a doctor is called oftener to treat than the variety of kidney diseases, in many of which the patient will have chills or rigors, followed by fever, a result of the kidneys failing to eliminate the uric acid poison from the system. Such cases require the kidneys restored to their natural functions, then the poison and foreign substances are removed—shock to the nervous system averted and natural health restored.

I have, for some time, been using Doan's Kidney Pills in these many manifestations and with uniform success, curing most cases. I can further say that even in hopeless cases where they have waited too long, Doan's Kidney Pills afford much relief and prolong life. I can recommend the pills in conditions of excessive or deficient secretion of urine, as also in convalescence from swamp-fever and malarial attacks, as verified by the following cases in my practice.

CASE 1.

THOS. ORELL, Bear, Ark., age 60. Pain in back for several weeks, then chills, irregular sometimes, severe rigors followed by fever. Gave good purgative of calomel and padoph, and Doan's Kidney Pills. After taking four boxes of the pills, patient up and enjoying good health for one of his age.

CASE 2.

MRS. SMITH, Tarry, Ark., age 29, mother of four children. Had female complaint and kidney trouble, manifest by pain in back and urine irregular; sometimes very clear, changing to cloudy, and with much sediment on standing in chamber. Gave local treatment for female complaint and prescribed Doan's Pills; after using six boxes she regards herself as cured.

CASE 3.

BROWN EAKS, Wynne, Ark., age 21. Had severe case of malarial hoematuria or swamp fever. Gave necessary liver medicine, calomel and padoph, and morph.-sulph., to relieve pain, and ordered Doan's Pills for the high state of congestion and inflammation of the kidneys. Recovery resulted in two weeks. Prescribed Doan's Kidney Pills, to be continued until the kidneys were thoroughly strengthened and all pain in back subsided.

CASE 4.

ELIJAH ELLIOTT, Tarry., Ark., age 34. Pain in back and legs and headache. Uric-acid poisoning. Prescribed Doan's Kidney Pills. After taking several boxes pain subsided—urine became normal, or natural, and patient able to resume his work.

These are a few of the typical cases in which I have used Doan's Kidney Pills. In a great many instances I use them alone with curative results, while with some others indicated remedies are associated.

I believe that by the judicious use of Doan's Pills many serious complications are arrested and many hopeless and incurable cases of Bright's disease prevented.

I have often found that one box of the pills is all that is required to effect a cure, but in some cases I continue their use until all symptoms are entirely absent and the cure effectual and permanent. Yours truly,

Dr. Leland Williamson.

YORKTOWN, ARK.

A free trial of this great Kidney and Bladder Specific can be obtained by addressing Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. The regular size is 50 cents per box. If not for sale by your druggist or dealer, will be sent by mail, charges prepaid, on receipt of price.

The only maritime country in Europe without a navy is Belgium.

The Call for Blank Cartridges.

"Blank cartridges are manufactured all the year round," said a manufacturer on Broadway. "About the only difference between the cost of them and cartridges with bullets is the value of the lead in the bullet. Blank cartridges are constantly in demand by the theatrical profession for 'thrillers,' and for so-called exhibition shooting, in which devices are used to deceive the public. They are also sold to timid persons who keep a revolver around the house to scare away burglars if any should happen to call, but who would not keep a bullet-loaded pistol in the house for the world. We should soon run short of blank cartridges if we depended on the extra stock manufactured for the Fourth of July and similar occasions."

In Germany one man in 213 goes to college; in Scotland, one in 520.

Not Posted.

"This is not much of a farming country around here is it?" said the owner of a farm of several thousand acres in the Great West to an old resident on Long Island.

"It ain't, hey?" was the contemptuous reply. "I reckon you ain't very well posted about the country round here, mister. Talk about it not being no great of a farmin' country! Well, sir, I kin tell you that Job Hawkins' sold more'n forty dollars' wuth o' caulyflower an' nineteen dollars' wuth o' potatoes last season, an' I know o' folks clearin' a clean fifty dollars a year on their hens. An' yet some folks thinks this ain't no farmin' country!"

Miss M. Cartledge gives some helpful advice to young girls. Her letter is but one of thousands which prove that nothing is so helpful to young girls who are just arriving at the period of womanhood as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot praise **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** too highly, for it is the only medicine I ever tried which cured me. I suffered much from my first menstrual period, I felt so weak and dizzy at times I could not pursue my studies with the usual interest. My thoughts became sluggish, I had headaches, backaches and sinking spells, also pains in the back and lower limbs. In fact, I was sick all over.

"Finally, after many other remedies had been tried, we were advised to get **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and I am pleased to say that after taking it only two weeks, a wonderful change for the better took place, and in a short time I was in perfect health. I felt buoyant, full of life, and found all work a pastime. I am indeed glad to tell my experience with **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** for it made a different girl of me. Yours very truly, MISS M. CARTLEDGE, 533 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga." — *$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Now that railway ties are being made of leather, the stranded actor will find the highway back to dear old Broadway improved for walking purposes because of the increase in resiliency.

Teosinte and Billion Dollar Grass.

The two greatest fodder plants on earth, one good for 14 tons of hay and the other 80 tons green fodder per acre. Grows everywhere, so does Victoria Rape, yielding 60,000 lbs. sheep and swine food per acre. [A.C.L.]

JUST SEND 10c. IN STAMPS TO THE John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples.

A weekly paper published in Athens, Greece, is written entirely in verse.

An Old Field Weed.

Many seeing that old field weed, the mullein stalk, never consider the good it is accomplishing in curing lung troubles. It presents in Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein the finest known remedy for coughs, croup, colds and consumption.

At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

A carrier pigeon, flying with a strong wind, covers 1600 yards in a minute.

Corn
We challenge the world to produce a more prolific, early, big eared corn variety than Salzer's Home Builder, as named because 50 acres of this corn yielded so heavily in 1903, that its new proprietor built a beautiful home for the lucky possessor. Some rating. Here are some of the yields our customers had of this corn in 1903:
157 bu. per acre.
By John Pfaadt, La Porte Co., Ind.
160 bu. per acre.
By O. F. Michael, Kent. Co., O.
198 bu. per acre.
By Richard Smith, Lake Co., Ind.
198 bu. per acre.
By J. D. Walker, Hamilton Co., Texas
220 bu. per acre.
By Lawrence Schriebel, Ogemaw Co., Mich.
225 bu. per acre.
By J. W. Massey, Crockett Co., Texas.
304 bu. per acre.
Ray Sowers, Kidder Co., N. D. says: "Planted in 129 days. Yielded 304 bu. per acre. Next year I will grow 400 bu. per acre from it."
National Oats.
Enormously prolific. Does well everywhere. It won't let your acre produce less than 100 bu. Try it.
Billion Dollar Grass.
Most talked of grass in America. Would be ashamed of itself if it yielded less than 24 tons of splendid hay per acre.
For 10c. in Stamps
and the name of this paper, we will gladly send you a lot of farm seed samples, well worth $10.00 to get a start with, together with our mammoth 148 page Illustrated catalog, describing with marvelous Artistic Land Paints Lunenard Wheat, Two Foot Oats, Pea Oat, Teosinte, Victoria Rape. Send the 10c. to-day.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE WIS.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

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THE SHELBY CHRONICLE

VOL. XVII. COLUMBIANA, SHELBY COUNTY, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 10 1904 NO 29

WAR NEWS UP TO DATE

Epitome of Progress of Momentous Struggle Now On in the Far East

VLADIVOSTOCK BOMBARDED

Japs Tackle Second Stronghold of Russian Bear But Lydite Shells Fail to Do Any Great Damage.

An Associated Press dispatch from Vladivostock says: A fleet of five Japanese battle ships and two cruisers appeared off this place at 1:25 o'clock this (Sunday) afternoon and bombarded the town and shore batteries for fifty-five minutes.

The fleet approached from the direction of Askold island at the east entrance of Ussuri bay, and about 32 miles southeast of Vladivostock. Entering Ussuri bay the enemy formed in line of battle, but did not approach a closer range than 5 1-3 miles. They directed their fire against the shore batteries and the town, but no damage resulted, as most of their 200 lyddite shells failed to burst.

The Russian battery, commanded by Generals Veronetz and Artamoff, did not reply, awaiting a closer approach of the enemy.

The Japanese fire ceased at 2:20 p. m., and the enemy retired in the direction of Askold island. Simultaneously the torpedo boat destroyers appeared near Askold island, and two more near Cape Miadel.

The Japanese ships were covered with ice.

The attack resulted in no loss to the Russians, but cost the enemy 200,000 roubles ($100,000) in ammunition. Most of the projectiles were six and twelve-inch shells.

The population of Vladivostock was warned in the early morning of the presence on the horizon of a hostile fleet and the prospect of an attack during the day, but it remained tranquil.

Interest now centers on the probable encounter between the Russian Vladivostock fleet, comprised of the czar's four finest cruisers and several torpedo boats and destroyers, and the Japanese squadron which has just bombarded Vladivostock. A cable received Saturday night states that the report that the Russian squadron was not in Vladivostock March 1 is correct. When last seen it was off Usulie bay.

VICEROY WIRES REPORT.

A communication from Viveroy Alexieff to the czar from Ukden, bearing Sunday's date, says:

"I most humbly inform your majesty that the commandant at the fortress at Vladivostock reports at 8:50 this morning seven vessels were sighted south of Askold Island. At 9:45 they were seen to be warships making for Askold island. About noon the enemy's squadron was midway between the coast and Askold island, making for Ussuri bay. They were out of reach of the shore batteries. At 1:30 the enemy opened fire. Two vessels in the squadron were probably the first-class cruisers Idzum and Yakumo, but the names of the other vessels are unknown."

RUSSIAN FLANK MENACED.

News has reached St. Petersburg that the 2,500 Japanese troops who landed at Plaksin bay are advancing towards Musan with the intention of reaching Hunchun, and threatening the Russian flank. To checkmate this move a Russian outpost, 1,500 strong, is advancing to occupy Koyryoung, on the Tumen river.

ANSWER RUSSIAN CHARGES

Japan Addresses Note to the Powers Setting Forth Her Grievances and Explaining Her Actions.

Japan addressed a note to the powers Friday in response to the recent communication from Russia. The note has not been published in Tokio and its contents are unknown.

Russia's various communications to the powers attacking Japan for its conduct of diplomatic negotiations before their rupture, for its attack upon Russia without declaration of war and for its alleged violation of the neutrality of Korea have been received in Japan largely in the spirit of amusement.

The Japanese resent what is alleged to be a deliberate attempt to place them in a false position regarding certain incidents, but in the main do not take the correspondence seriously. Responding to the charge of violating the neutrality of Korea they point to the action of Russia in Manchuria, where thousands of troops were assembled long before a diplomatic rupture occurred. They say that they are fully prepared to accept the judgment of the powers on a comparison of their course in Korea, where they landed troops only after a state of war existed, and upon the written permission of the emperor of Korea.

They deny that Chemulpo was a neutral port after the Japanese landed on February 8, but whether it was neutral or belligerent, Russia began hostilities there. When the Russian gunboat Korietz steamed out of the harbor of Chemulpo on the afternoon of February 8, she opened fire on the Japanese squadron, making the opening shot of the war. The Japanese guns did not respond, but the Japanese torpedo boat destroyers answered the fire and discharged two torpedoes before the Korietz retired.

The Japanese are confident of the justice and strength of their original position in the integrity of China, and the fairness of their proposal during the negotiations. They feel fully justified in commencing hostilities after breaking off diplomatic relations and serving notice of their intention to take independent action. They are sure their recent assurances that they had no intention of taking possession of Chinese territory and would guarantee the integrity and independence of Korea will be accepted by the powers.

FIVE KILLED IN BOMBARDMENT.

Official dispatches received at St. Petersburg concerning the bombardment of Vladivostock by a Japanese fleet Sunday afternoon do not mention any Russian losses, but private advices say that five were killed—four sailors and the wife of an engineer. It is apparent the Japanese were afraid to risk exposing their ships to the plunging fire of the land batteries, and it is considered probable that the attack was really for the purpose of drawing the fire of the Russian forts, compelling the Russians to discose the position and calibre of their guns and also for the purpose of ascertaining whether the Russian squadron was in port.

LEFT TO ITS OWN DEFENSES.

The greatest consternation was caused in St. Petersburg Saturday night by the publication of a proclamation issued by the admiral in command at Vladivostok, the terms of which made it clear that Vladivostok, like Port Arthur, is to be left to its own defenses.

BATTLES OF CRAP SHOOTERS.

Five Negroes Killed and Two Fatally Wounded in Gambling Rows.

Five negroes were killed and two mortally wounded in the Doddsville neighborhood, in Sunflower county, Miss., Saturday night, as the result of quarrels growing out of crap games.

The killings occurred in two different localities and the county authorities are unable to find clews to the parties responsible for the carnival of crime, as ofer fifty negroes participated in the fights and fully one hundred shots were fired.

WHITNEY LEFT ELEVEN MILLION

Son Files a Provisional Estimate of Millionaire's Property for Taxation.

At Mineola, Long Island, Harry Payne Whitney, executor of the late William C. Whitney, has filed with the surrogate of Nassau county, a provisional estimate of the value of his father's estate liable to taxation, fixing the value of real estate at $1,000,000 and that of the personal estate at $10,000,000.

MEANS STRIKE, SAYS MITCHELL.

Joint Conference of Operators and Miners Was Absolute Failure.

The joint conference of the operators and coal miners adjourned at Indianapolis without reaching an agreement. President Mitchell said: "This means a strike."

This is the second time there has been a failure to agree.

The final disagreement and adjournment came after a day devoted to consideration of the ultimatum of the operators, which was that a two-year scale be signed at a reduction of 5 1-2 per cent from the present scale.

FINAL VICTORY WITH DREYFUS.

Court of Cassation at Paris Decides on Revision of Celebrated Case.

The criminal branch of the court of cassation at Paris has granted the appeal of Alfred Dreyfus for a revision of his trial at Rennes.

The court hold that a sufficient showing had been made to warrant a reopening of the case and ordered a supplementary investigation to establish all the doubtful points

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

MARCH 5TH.

The naval bill again occupied practically all the time of the senate, but while the amendment concerning a navy training station on the great lakes was technically the pending question, it was scarcely mentioned. The discussion was entirely on political lines, Consideration of the naval bill was not completed when the senate adjourned.

Mr. Cullom presented the report of the conference committee on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill and was agreed to.

The house today passed the Indian appropriation bill after some controversy relative to provisions affecting tribes in the Indian Territory. An unsuccessful effort was made by Mr. Stephens, of Texas, to elliminate the provision for continuing the Dawes commission another year.

MARCH 7TH.

The senate passed the naval appropriation bill, which has been before it for the past four or five days, and then took up the army bill. The principal question in connection with the naval bill related to the price and method of supplying armor plate for battleships, and it grew out of an amendment suggested by Mr. Patterson, providing for a government armor plant. He ultimately withdrew the amendment, but offered several others, all of which were laid on the table.

The reading of the army appropriation bill had not been concluded when the senate adjourned.

Postal affairs engrossed the attention of the house practically to the exclusion of all else. The subject was introduced by Mr. Overstreet, chairman of the committee on postoffices and post roads, who submitted the report of that committee on the Hay resolution calling for certain information regarding the use of "influence" by members of the house to secure increases in salary for postmasters.

The postoffice appropriation bill was then taken up, and Mr. Moon, of Tennessee, the ranking minority member of the postoffice committee, arraigned the present system employed in the postoffice department, and made an appeal for a general investigation of the affairs of the department.

Mr. Pinkney, of Texas, was appointed a member of the committee on expenditures in the interior department in place of Mr. Candler, of Mississippi, who resigned from that committee.

LINOTYPE MACHINES

Under Consideration for the Government Printing Office.

The house committee on appropriations received application from the Mergenthaler Linotype Company to equip the government printing office with typesetting machines. The specific proposition was for the committee to place in the sundry civil appropriation bill now being prepared an item of $154,000, which will supply forty machines, the price of each machine being $3,600.

The statement was made to the committee that the work of the composing room could be done from 30 to 40 per cent cheaper by the use of machines.

A New Gun.

On formally introducing the army estimates for the coming year in the house of commons War Secretary Forester announced that a new field and horse artillery gun had been adopted. The secretary added that it would be unrivaled in Europe and said its manufacture would commence in April.

President Smith, of the Mormons, claims forty-one children.

Rear Admiral P. M. Rixey, surgeon general of the navy, is going to Panama to make an inspection of the sanitary conditions on the isthmus. It is felt to be expedient that the surgeon general of the navy shall have an intimate knowledge of the situation there, as the marines are to be left there for some time to guard the isthmus.

It is stated that the committee of prominent citizens of Natchez, who recently visited Washington for the purpose of appearing before the house committee on rivers and harbors and urging some speedy and early action for the protection of the harbor at their town, returned home gratified and encouraged to believe that they are going to get what they went after.

The white house improvements have been the subject for much sarcastic criticism from public men and private citizens since it was determined to remodel the structure.

Canada's export trade per capita is just two and one-half times as much as ours.

There seems to be a popular misapprehension regarding the sales of popular novels. It is stated on good authority that "David Harum" still leads the list with 727,000 copies sold. Five books are credited with sales of 400,000 copies, six with 300,000, and thirteen others with more than 100,000 Within the past five years it is estimated that 7,500 novels have been issued in the United States and yet the percentage of books which command a sale of more than 10,000 copies is painfully small.

REPORT ON CLERKS

Submitted by Assistant Postmaster General Bristow

The long expected report of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow on the relations of members of congress with the postoffice department in connection with the leasing of premises to the department and the procurement of additional clerks in the various postoffices throughout the country, and of the increased rentals was made public Monday.

The names of more than a hundred and fifty members of congress whose requests for additional clerk hire in various postoffices were granted by George W. Beavers, late superintendent of salaries and allowances, although in excess of the amounts to which the offices were entitled under the rules of the department and mentioned in the exhibits.

The fault is almost entirely with the postoffice department, which is shown to have allowed clerk hire wherever enough influence was brought to bear. In not a few instances the report shows that members have been refused the clerk hire by the department once, twice and often three times. These members would try again and the department would then reverse itself and finally accede to the member's demands.

No reference is made to any of the members of the Alabama delegation in requests and importunities for clerk hire. With regard to leases and rent for buildings several of them made requests.

A 30-Day February.

During February voyagers upon the Pacific were treated to a calendrical monstrosity without parallel in the century. While to some the month contained but 28 days it exceeded all previous efforts and recorded thirty complete days.

To the former the interval between Februaries of twenty-nine days has been twelve years. To the last 1904 will go down in history with the record of 367 days.

This confusion is all due to the topsy-turvy tendencies of the 180th meridian, that mystic line on the earth's surface that is ever a point of deepest interest to the traveler—that point where it is found necessary to pick up or drop a day as the case may be, in order to make the ship's calendar conform to those of the continents between which she is sailing.

The Cane Crop.

The weather throughout the sugar districts has continued fine, engendering considerable confidence in the outlook for the coming crop. Cane planting is everywhere reported finished, seed cane in good condition and the fields in very fine tilth.

The news comes from Egypt that quite a revolution in the cane sugar industry is occurring there. The famous Daira Sanieh, practically a branch of the government there, which possessed nine sugar factories, and has been a conspicuous feature in the Egyptian sugar industry for several decades, will now cease to operate for account of the state and will pass into the hands of a private corporation. The total sugar crop of Egypt is about 100,000 tons, the bulk of which has been manufactured in these nine sugar factories. A new syndicate has been made up to take over the nine sugar factories and their dependencies, some 300 miles of railway, with the necessary rolling stock, some 55 locomotives and 2,100 cars. The purchase price is placed at nearly five millions of dollars, about $850,000 of which is to be paid in cash and the rest in four per cent bonds.

The Montgomery is at Pensacola. Virginia's capitol is to be enlarged.

There is considerable talk of a line of railroad from Sallis, Miss., on the line of the Aberdeen branch of the Illinois Central, near Durant, to Carthage, by way of Thomastown, Leake county, where great deposits of coal and other minerals have recently been discovered. This line would be nearly forty miles long and through Leake county, where there is no railroad.

The citizens of Charleston, Tallahatchie county, Miss., have gone to work in earnest and announce that they have already raised $10,000 of the $15,000 demanded of them by the parties who propose to construct thirty miles of railroad to connect their town with Oakland.

The treasury of the state of Mississippi paid out more than $800,000 Saturday on account of the distribution of the school fund, or rather two-thirds of it, which is $833,336.33 for January.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, is in Porto Rico, for the purpose of studying labor conditions on the islands.

Dr. P. H. Brothers was found dead in his field at Lula, Friday afternoon. He had come to his home from a visit to a patient, rested for a while and informed his wife that he would go out into the field and cut a few sprouts for physical exercise. He went out and remained away longer than the appointed time for his return, and his wife sent a servant to look for him. He was found in the field dead.

Boas and pythons have 320 pairs of ribs.

FIERCE PRAIRIE FIRES

Thousands of Square Miles in Oklahoma Burned Over.

HUNDREDS ARE NOW HOMELESS

Flames Swept Over Comanche and Kiowa Counties, Devastating 75,000 Acres of Government, Military and Timber Reserve—Loss About $500,000—Kansas Towns Suffer.

Lawton, Oklahoma. -- Reports received here indicate that five persons have been burned to death and three thousand square miles of territory in Kiowa and Comanche Counties swept by prairie fires. Hundreds of people are homeless, and it is impossible to estimate accurately the financial loss owing to the wide extent of country affected.

At Hobart, the county seat of Kiowa County, the fire approached from the east, destroying the stables and fifteen race horses, fifteen residences, two business houses, and various small buildings. Spreading to the southwest, the fire swept 75,000 acres of Government, military and timber reserve and Indian school reserve, destroying several Indian houses and forty head of Government cattle.

Spreading westward, the flames covered miles of homestead district, destroying houses, barns and stock. It was in this district that five persons are reported to have perished in attempting to protect their property. Among the dead are "Dock" and John Harmon, brothers; A. N. Crawford, and Mrs. Henderson, a widow. Mrs. Henderson's two daughters are badly burned and one may die.

A report has been received at Fort Sill that an entire Apache Indian village was swept clean.

The soldiers at Fort Sill were ordered out to fight the flames, and rendered great assistance.

At Anadarko many farm buildings were burned. No lives are reported lost, but there were numerous narrow escapes. Women and children, scantily clad, fled to plowed ground, while the men remained to fight the flames, in an endeavor to save property.

The damage by wind extends over seven counties in the southwest. The total losses from fire and storm are estimated at about $500,000. Hastings, Olustee, Leger, Walter, Granite, Elk City, Cache, Temple, Snyder, Willow, Bloomington, Sayre and Mountain Park all report damage both in town and the surrounding country by wind. Scores of people are suffering from burns and broken legs or arms.

Salina, Kansas.—Reports are being received of many serious prairie fires, fanned by the high wind in this section and west of here. At Hill City, in the northwestern part of the State, the court house, jail, a lumber yard and fifty residences are reported destroyed, and one woman is said to have been burned to death. Wires to Hill City are down, and details are lacking.

Instances of farmers being caught with their teams in the prairie fires and of many persons being seriously burned are numerous.

BALTIMORE GROWS IMPATIENT.

Legislature and Mayor Blamed for Tardiness in Rebuilding Operations.

Baltimore, Md.—The tardiness of the Legislature in acting upon the burned district Commission bill has aroused intense indignation here. The bill to repeal the tax upon mortgages is assured of passage. This relief will encourage many business men to rebuild. The consensus of public sentiment is that there has been too much talk and too little action.

Many citizens hold the Mayor responsible for not adopting a vigorous policy in the beginning and pushing it regardless of the protests made by various parties. Property owners and business men are impatiently awaiting the signal to begin rebuilding in the burned out section. Millions of dollars that will be expended among the people of Baltimore, and will help relieve whatever distress may develop, are lying idle in banks.

MACEDONIANS AGAINST SERVIA.

Mean to Avenge Arrest of Leaders—New Albanian Rising.

Vienna, Austria.—It is reported from Belgrade, Servia, that the Government has ordered the arrest of several Macedonian revolutionists in consequence of an insurgent attempt to cross the frontier. The revolutionary leaders, incensed, held a secret meeting, and decided to retaliate on the Servian population in Macedonia.

In a dispatch from Salonica, European Turkey, a correspondent says a fresh insurrection has broken out in Albania. The districts of Mitrovitza and Ipek are in open revolt, and the Turkish authorities appear to be paralyzed.

CUT HIS THROAT TO TEACH HIM.

Man Nearly Beheads Boy in Instructing Lad in Manners.

Stamford, Conn. — Pasquale Russo tried to cut the head off Antonio Bombardiero here "just to teach him manners." Russo is forty, Bombardiero fifteen, and they live in the same lodging house. The man sprang upon the boy without warning and slashed him fearfully with a stiletto.

Uruguay Defeats Rebels.

It is officially announced that General Muniz, commander of the Uruguayan forces, has routed the troops of the revolutionary leader Saraiva at Puntas de Quequaychico. The rebels fled, abandoning many killed and wounded.

Boiler Explosion Kills Three.

By the explosion of the boiler of a sawmill at Greenwood, Pa., T. L. Brown, the proprietor, and his two helpers, Wallace Tice and Robert Compton, were instantly killed.

CALL FOR FEDERAL MONEY

Secretary Shaw Makes Request on Banks For Government Deposits.

Funds to Be Used For the Payment of the $40,000,000 Purchase of Canal Property From Panama Company.

Washington, D. C.—Secretary Shaw issued the expected call on the Federal depository banks in New York City for a percentage of their deposits of Government moneys to enable the United States to pay over to the Republic of Panama $10,000,000 on account of the Panama Canal.

The New York national banks which are Government depositories are to be called on for twenty per cent. of the Federal moneys in their possession on or before March 25.

The Secretary also issued a call for the depository banks in other parts of the country to turn over to certain intermediary banks in New York for the use of the Government twenty per cent. of the Federal moneys which they have on deposit. These funds are to be used, with current funds in the Treasury, for the payment of the $40,000,000 purchase of canal property rights from the new Panama Canal Company of France. The moneys are to be turned in by these outside banks on or before March 25.

The Panama Government asked several days ago that payment be made at once of the $10,000,000 to which the republic was entitled under the treaty, as the money was needed very badly.

About $5,000,000 of the $40,000,000 to be paid to the canal company will remain in this country. It is said that half of it will cover legal fees. The Panama Republic has contracted obligations in New York amounting to about a million dollars, and this will be paid out of the bonus. Eight million dollars approximately is to be invested by the Panama Republic in Government bonds in this country, so that only $1,000,000 of the $10,000,000 is likely to leave the United States.

SIGHT DROVE HER INSANE.

School Teacher Raving Maniac From Seeing Pupils Whipped.

Indianapolis, Ind. — Miss Bertha Montgomery, nineteen years old, a popular teacher in the public schools at Owensville, is hopelessly insane on account of having stood by and watched the principal of the school whip thirty of her pupils.

Miss Montgomery's pupils have been unmanageable, and the principal whipped them one at a time. Being of an extremely nervous disposition, Miss Montgomery was much wrought up by the sight, and when the principal had finished his job, she was walking the floor pulling her hair. Within a few moments she was a raving maniac.

The principal called three of the other men teachers and it was all they could do to get her home. Later she was sent to the Evansville Insane Asylum.

$75,000 FOR LIQUOR SELLING.

Texas Man May Have Cumulative Sentence of Sixty-three Years.

Dallas, Texas.—The Grand Jury of Bell County is making a fierce crusade against violation of the State option law, which is in operation in that county. More than 2300 indictments have been returned against illicit liquor sellers, and of the total number 1147 bills are against one man, Plimpton Morgan.

In each conviction he is being assessed money penalties amounting to $65, making the total penalties approximate $75,000. In addition to the fines, his cumulative sentences reach a total of more than sixty-thre years' imprisonment. Unless the Governor shall pardon him, Morgan will be in prison for life.

BANDED TO BURN PROPERTY.

Five Men Arrested in Utah Charged With Arson.

Salt Lake, Utah.—Charged with arson and being members of a gang organized to burn business property to secure insurance money, the police have taken into custody August Willmer, Alexander Jennings, John H. Holliman and Frank Wilson.

J. E. Colter, a prominent merchant of Lehi, Utah, is under arrest there on a similar charge. He is accused of being the financial backer of the gang having instigated plots.

Missing Rich Woman Ends Life.

The body of Mrs. C. C. Holmes, the wealthy Boston widow who so mysteriously disappeared from her hotel in Boston, Mass., is probably beneath the waters of Marblehead Harbor, under the great ice cakes now grinding each other where the yacht squadrons anchor in summer. On a snowbank on the shore was found a black velvet bag of the telescope variety. In the latter were several cards marked Mrs. C. C. Holmes.

Bank Cashier Sentenced.

John P. Cooper, former cashier of the Citizens' National Bank, of McGregor, Texas, recently closed by the national bank examiner, was convicted of embezzlement. He got the minimum penalty, five years in the penitentiary.

C. C. Whitney Dies in Coach.

Charles Carroll Whitney, Secretary of the New York Life Insurance Company, died in a coach on the way to his home in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Shortage Now $138,000.

Wallace H. Ham, who was arrested recently, charged with embezzlement of $104,000 from the American Surety Company, has been arrested again on complaint of St. Luke's Home, charged with also embezzling $34,0000 of their funds.

Bank President a Suicide.

Frank L. La Rue, President of the Corning (Iowa) State Savings Bank, now in the hands of a receiver, shot and killed himself.

BIG HOTEL COLLAPSES

Many Men Crushed to Death Under Wreckage.

ROAR HEARD FOR BLOCKS AWAY

The Unfinished Darlington Building Falls Under Its Own Weight—Huge Mass of Steel Smashes Into Dining Room of Adjoining House and Kills Mrs. Storrs, a Guest, at Luncheon.

New York City.—The giant steel skeleton of the Darlington Apartment Hotel, which for several months has been in process of erection on the north side of Forty-six street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, collapsed suddenly without warning, carrying with it nearly every one of the workmen engaged on the ten stories that had been raised.

Emergency Contractor Dunn said his men had discovered seven bodies in the sub-cellar on the west side of the building, and that two more were known to be pinned under the wreckage on the east side.

The crash came with the suddenness of an explosion, but the mighty roar of the hundreds of tons of falling metal lasted for several seconds. Shrieks and groans rose through the swirling dust that enveloped the wreckage. As the cloud slowly settled it was seen that the buildings on all sides had been greatly damage, most of all the Patterson, a ten-story apartment hotel at 58 and 60 West Forty-seventh street, immediately in the rear, where the dining room had been wrecked by the crashing steel, and Mrs. Frank L. Storrs, of Rye, N. Y., a transient guest, had been killed as she sat at luncheon in an alcove.

For many blocks in all directions the appalling roar of the building's fall drowned the noises of the city streets, and people rushed headlong from their homes, thinking their own walls were tumbling about their ears.

There were no explosions to jar the structure. The steel skeleton, 149 feet in height, fell of its own weight and telescoped into a heap of broken and twisted steel girders and fragments of crumbled masonry in the cellar. It went down so straight that hardly a brick fell into the street, and there was very little of the debris on the sidewalk. But from the bottom of the cellar the rubbish was piled up to the level of the second-story windows of the adjoining houses.

FEDERAL BANK LOANS.

Favorable Report on the Measure to Take Real Estate as Security.

Washington, D. C.—The House Committee on Banking and Currency authorized a favorable report upon the bill introduced by Representative Lewis (Dem., Ga.) to empower national banks to make loans upon real estate to the amount of twenty-five per cent. of their capital stock and fifty per cent. of a fair assessed valuation of property, exclusive of improvements.

The vote of the committee to report the bill favorably was unanimous. The measure is a marked departure from the powers now conferred upon banking corporations, and is one which Mr. Lewis, who is a member of the committee, has been advocating for many years.

MAN HELD FOR RANSOM.

Brother of Railroad Official Kidnaped in Mexico.

Houston, Texas.—Mexican brigands kidnaped Dan Cushing, brother of E. B. Cushing, engineer of maintenance on the Southern Pacific Railroad. They forced him to write a note saying that a ransom of $10,000 was demanded for his life. It is said that the money must be placed on the steps of the Mexican schoolhouse in Del Rio.

The note was found tacked to the door of Cushing's cabin at Devil's River. His cabin is two miles from the Mexican and three miles from any other habitation. He is thirty-two years old and married.

NEW ISLE OF PINES TREATY.

Confirms Cuba in Her Title to the Disputed Territory.

Washington, D. C.—Secretary Hay and Senor Quesada, the Cuban Minister, signed a treaty confirming Cuba in the title to the Isle of Pines.

To guard against a lapse in the Senate, as was the case with a previous convention, the treaty signed was framed purposely by the State Department without the designation of any special period of time within which ratification must be exchanged. The new treaty will be sent immediately to the Senate. It must go also to Havana to be acted upon by the Cuban Senate.

World's Merchant Marine.

The Bureau of Commerce and Labor has published a table showing the division of the world's merchant marine among the several nations. Great Britain has 5929 steamers of 100 tons and over, Germany 1193 and the United States 846. The gross tonnage of these vessels are: Great Britain, 13,966,972 tons; Germany, 2,767,463 and the United States 1,610,466.

Strikers Arrested.

Aided by a detachment of militia, Sheriff Rutan, at Telluride, Col., arrested thirty-seven striking miners.

Women Burned to Death.

In the fire that destroyed the Sherman House, at Prairie du Chien, Wis., a mother and daughter from Richland Centre were burned alive. The family of Edward Rodgers, proprietor of the hotel, escaped with difficulty. The loss is $5000.

J. M. Fitzsimons Dead.

James M. Fitzsimons, Chief Justice of the City Court of New York, and for fourteen years a City Court Justice, died at his home from pneumonia

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBOSE, - - - - Editor
GEO. D. CAMPBELL, - - Manager

COLUMBIANA, ALA.
THURSDAY, MAECH 10, 1904.

Entered in the post-office at Columbiana Ala., as second class matter.

ANNOUCEMENTS.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county.

D. R. McMILLAN.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce E. S. LYMAN as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. O'HARA a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the primary to be held next year.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county.

WALTER E. LESTER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

W. A. THOMPSON.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

WE. R. A. MILNER.

The many friends of H. W. NELSON announce him as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis, announces himself a cnadidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

J. M. Ray, of Wilsonville, announces himself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of J. E. Adams in Beat Eleven, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

W. R. WEAVER.

R. J. Griffin, of Maylene, is a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county subject to the action of the democratic primary.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR

By the urgent solicitation of many friend the name of J. S. Falkner, of Vincent, as a candidate for the office Tax Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

W. C. Benton, of Silura, announces himself a candidate for Taz Assessor of Shelby county subject tothe action of the democratic party.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John W. Moore, of Weldon, as a candidate for the office of tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the democratic primary.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John N. Wyatt as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District of Shelby county, subject to the Democratic primary.

COMMISSIONER 1ST DISTRICT.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Commissioner from the First District, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

WALTER E. RIDDLE.

FOR SOLICITOR.

I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the office of Solicitor of the Seventh Judicial Circuit.

BORDEN H. BURR.

FOR CHANCELLOR.

We are authorized to announce R A. D. Dunlap a candidate for Chancellor of this district.

FOR SUPT. OF EDUCATION.

I hereby announce for re-election to the office of County Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of Democratic primary.

JOHN B. FARRELL.

Eleven days left in which have your name put on the ballot for primary election.

Between the boll weevil in the cotton growing sections and the graft microbe in the official sections, the country is being held up at a lively rate.

Will the Advocate tell the dear people what benefit the $750.00 freight on the good roads machinery did them? Also tell them who voted in the commissioners court to pay this freight bill, and who paid the expenses of the experiments in showing what the machinery could do?

The United States supreme court in an Alabama case involving the right of negroes to regis- the declined to take the case under consideration on the ground that no federal question was involved. As a result of this decision the Alabama constitution with its provision against the negro stands undisputed.

Call Meeting.

A meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee is hereby called to meet at the court house on Monday, March 14th, 1904.

Business of very great importance will come up before this meeting, and I earnestly request every member of the committee to be present at three o'clock on that day..

J. T. LEEPER,
Chairman.

"LITTLE BEESWAX BRIDGE."

Two letters have peen published in the Advocate recently purporting to have been written from Little Beeswax Bridge. One last week and one the week before. One signed "One of the Boys" the other "Old Scew Bald." The deception is so plain that the wayfaring man though an idiot cannot fail to see it. It is so plain that the so called letters were written by one of the bosses in Columbiana that one can almost see him as he sits at his desk where he has been sitting so long, and which seat he so much hates to yield up, and writes up "the honest John sort." How adroit this so-called Little Beeswax man brings in the names of Alf Merrell, Tom Huston and a dozen others scattered over the county, not forgetting either to name his own sweet self. Well, we hardly think this "taffy" plan is going to win this time. These so-called leaders have dictated long enough; they have fed the people who have been voting for them on "taffy" long enough; they want something substantial. And the people are now well acquainted with their tactics that they are not going to be held in line by any letters that these pie-eaters may write or dictate, it matters not where they may make the said letters appear to come from. When they name Alf Merrell, Tom Huston, John Hill and others, do they propose to give them anything? No, but simply feed them on "taffy." Mention their names in the paper, "O," they say "this is glory enough for such sellows as they are." The "Little Beeswax" letters don't go down.

POP GOES THE WEASEL.

"Pop will go the weasel at the next election in Shelby county," said a gray-haired old veteran to the writer one day last week, "pop will go the weasel when the other party raises its banner against the King Emanuel of true democracy!

The old man was right when he uttered these remarkable words, for never before has the political situation of the county been in better shape for the democrats to come and never has been more in need of a democratic administration than now. The county is very badly in debt "the old man said, and needs an entire corps of democratic officers to get it out."

The citizens are tired of living in a county that is all the time in debt and they are aware of the fact that under the present administration, or a like one at any time to come, they cannot even hope to be free from debt with regard to the county affairs.

This is why the voters are going to vote to change the administration. This is why the voters are going to cast their votes for democratic nominees, democrats sound from start to finish, with judgment like men should have and a willingness to exercise it to the interest of the people in general and not to their individual individualinterest, save that which honest duty grants them.

Truly this is what we need and this is what we are going to have. There is no use to hopefor this at all, there is no use to be longer in need of it than the coming election; we have only to put our best foot forward and lay the other party in the shade right in the beginning. And this will we do, if the people will only put their best efforts to the cause and push like men.

The next election is going to be something not to be grinned at by the populist party. Their little political ball will be wound-wound up so tight that the office seekers cannot unwind it—and then the seized bat of true democracy will knock it so far out into the sea of political disaster that it can never be found and resurrected.

TOBIAS.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee of Shelby county held on February 16th, 1904, a primary election was called to be held in the various beats of Shelby county for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various State, Circuit, Division, Congressional and County officers to be elected in the November election; therefore, in pursuance of said call a primary election will be held in the various beats of Shelby county for the nomination of said officers on APRIL the 11th, 1904. In said election, all white qualified electors, who believes in in the principles of the Democratic party are entitled and cordially invited to paricipate.

J. T. LEEPER,
Chairman Dem. Ex. Com

The Chronicle of week before last seem to be alarmed for fear somebody will tell of the rascality of the Democratic party in the past; you need not begin to hollow so soon, for we are sure to expose the fraud and rascality of the Democratic party, and don't you forget it. It is only a few years back when the Populist party could not get a competent manager in many of the beats except through the influence of a shot gun, and do you suppose that the Populist have forgotten these things to such an extent as to go into a primary with the men who opposed them representation at the ballot box.—Advocate.

We wonder if the editor of the Advocate has the idea that the people don't know that his editorial all comes from the court house, and we believe that Populist instead of the Democrats are beginning to howl so soon. The Advocate ought to pluck the mote out of his eye first and clean his skirts before trying to show others their faults.

Under tne Populist or Fusion administration the county is deep in debt and the roads of which the Advocate speaks of are in a deplorable condition, and in some place the roads are so bad that is almost impossible to get over them without going through mud hub deep. This is the result of the fusion administration.

Did you ever think of it, that we never made any improvements in our public roads, never built a half dozen bridges nor made any advancement along this line for ten years during the time of Democratic administration? Did it ever occur to you that the highest ambition of these old Democratic tricksters were to hold the offices, use the money and the people bedamned.—Advocate.

Did it ever occur to the Advocate that in the past with his boasting and braggadocio of the way he had pulled the wool over eyes of the commissioners court would ever see the light of day. As the old saying, that a man always plays his hand one time too many. Why don't the Advocate in its prating tell the people what benefit the machinery have been to the county, and why the company allows the said machinery stand exposed to the weather, and not being cared for. Why don't it tell who voted the money out of the treasury to pay the freight and expenses of the experimental work on the roads.

Treatment of Pneumonia.

Pneumonia is too dangerous a disease for any one to attempt to doctor himself, although he may have the proper remedies at hand. A physician should always be called. It should be borne in mind, however, that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of the grip, and by the proper treatment these diseases a threatened attack of pneumonia may be warded off. There is no question whatever about this, as during the 30 years and more that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used we have yet to learn of a single case of cold or attack of grip having resulted in pneumonia when this remedy was used. Dr. W. J. Smith, of Sanders, Ala., a druggist says of it: "I have been selling Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and prescribe it in my practice for the past 6 years. Use it, in cases of pneumonia and have always gotten good results." For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

"SUPERB, LOVELY, CHARMING!"

Are the exclamations that greet your ears upon entering the

COLUMBIANA MILLINERY SHOP.

The markets of the country have been ransacked for the newest and latest designs in

MILLINERY GOODS.

And all attest that we have them in abundance. No need to send to a city and pay two prices when you can find just the very thing you want *AT HOME* and at *VERY MODERATE PRICE.* It is our purpose to keep in stock a great many articles used by the ladies. among which are

WHITE GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, AND SHIRT WAISTS.

The very latest in every line. Miss Florence Fallaws, of Louisville, Ky., our accomplished milliner, will cheerfully show you through the stock, and your order will be appreciated. We came here to stay, and to stay means to please you in STYLE and PRICES. Please give us a call.

Columbiana Millinery Shop.

TO MY FRIENDS AND THE TRADE,

I have bought out the Drug Store of E. D. Hall, and will conduct an UP-TO-DATE DROG BUSINESS.

Our Perscription Department is conducted by Dr, A. T. Rowe, one of the county's best phyicians. Our Patent Medicine and Staple Drugs are best that can be bought in the market of which we expect to keep a good supply.

Call on us for what you want. Satisfaction guaranteed. Yours to serve,

J. H. MASON,
Dealer in pure Drugs and Medicines.

Happy, Healthy Children.

Any child can take Little Early Risers with perfect safety. They are harmless never grip or sicken, and yet they are so certain in results that robust constitutions requiring drastic means never disappoint. They can't fail to perform their mission and every one who uses DeWitts Little Early Risers prefer them to all other pills. Sold by Bandy Drug Co.

It Never Disappoints.

F. J. Williams, proprietor of the Hamilton Drug Co, Hamilton, Iowa says Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is practically the only remedy he sells for cramps, diarrhoea and colic, for the reason that it never disappoints. For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

A Favorite Remedy for Babies.

Its pleasant taste and prompt cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a favorite with the mothers of small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds and prevents any danger of pneumonia or other serious consequences. It not only cures croup but whe given as soon as the croupy cough appears will prevent the attack For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

Do You Want Strength.

If you want to increase your strength you must add to and not take from the physical In other words, the food you eat must be digested, assimilated and appropriated by the nerves, blood and tissues before being expelled from the intestines. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure adds to the physical. It gives strength to and builds up the human system. It is pleasant to the taste and palatable, and the only combination of digestants that will digest food and enable the system to appropriate all of its health and strength giving qualities, Sold by Bandy Drug Company.

Justice court will be held on the 1st and 3d Saturdays in each month at Shelby, Ala., by L. N. Curlee, J. P.

HEALTH

"I don't think we could keep house without Thedford's Black-Draught. We have used it in the family for over two years with the best of results. I have not had a doctor in the house for that length of time. It is a doctor in itself and always ready to make a person well and happy."—JAMES HALL, Jacksonville, Ill.

Because this great medicine relieves stomach pains, frees the constipated bowels and invigorates the torpid liver and weakened kidneys

NO DOCTOR

is necessary in the home where Thedford's Black-Draught is kept. Families living in the country, miles from any physician, have been kept in health for years with this medicine as their only doctor. Thedford's Black-Draught cures biliousness, dyspepsia, colds, chills and fever, bad blood, headaches, diarrhœa, constipation, colic and almost every other ailment because the stomach, bowels liver and kidneys so nearly control the health.

THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

Three Time the Value of Any Other.

One-Third Easier.
One-Third Faster.

Agents wanted in all Unoccupied Territory.

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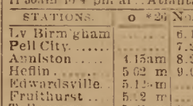
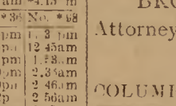
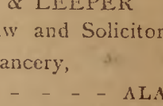
ATLANTA, - - - - - GA.

PIANOS, ORGANS AND SEWING MACHINES ON FREE TRIAL!!

ELEGANT CENTURY UPRIGHT PIANO, $125. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT PARLOR ORGANS, $25 UP. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT CENTURY SEWING MACHINES, BALL-BEARING, $13. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial. CASH OR EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

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DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effect June 14, 1903.

*No. 22	*No. 16	STATIONS.	*No. 15	*No. 21.
7.00pm	5.55am	lv.. Mobile..ar	10.55pm	8 10am
1.10am	4.00pm	lv...Selma..lv	4.35pm	2.05am
5.30am	9.00pm	ar Birm'ham lv	6.20pm	10.35pm
9.40am	.....	ar Chat'n'ga lv	.....	6.15pm
1.1 pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	.....	2.10pm
5 4 .m	.....	ar..Bristol..lv	.....	9.50am
6.00 m	.....	ar.Asheville lv	.....	9..0am
1.50am	.....	ar Lynchb'rg lv	.....	3.00am
6.52am	.....	ar W'sh'gt'n lv	.....	10.10pm
12.43pm	.....	ar..N York..lv	.....	3.25pm

Nos. 22 and 21 carry Pullman's sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville, Birmingham and New York. Cafe car serves meals en route

No *18	STATIONS.	No. *17
7.2 am	v.....Tuscaloosa.....ar	9.2pm
9.10am	lv.....Akron.....ar	7.3)pm
9.5am	.....Greensboro.....	6.44pm
10.22am	.....Marion.....	5.46pm
11.59am	ar.....Selma.....lv	4.45pm

No. *24	No. *15	STATIONS.	No *15	No. *23
.....	7.30pm	v New Orl'ns ar	8.30am	.....
.....	7.50am	v. Meridian.ar	8.05pm	.....
.....	9.37am	..Dempolls..	6.30pm	.....
.....	10.23am	ar..Union't'n.lv	5.32pm	.....
.....	11 0am	...Marion Jct...	5.1)pm	.....
.....	11..0am	ar Selma lv	4.45pm	.....
.....	12.05pm	lv Selma ar	4.30pm	.....
.....	2..3pm	...Montevallo..	2.32pm	.....
.....	2.2 p m	....Calera.....	2.20pm	.....
.....	2.42 m	..Columbiana..	1.49pm	.....
*6.45am	3.18pm	..Childersburg..	1.1)pm	*9.37pm
7.22am	3.53pm	...Talladega...	12.3 pm	8.3 pm
8 25am	4.45pm	....Anniston..	11.35am	7.40 m
8.48am	5.1 pm	..Jacksonville..	11.0)am	7.0)pm
9.0Sam	5.3)pm	...Piedmont...	10.45am	6.40pm
9.58am	6.2)pm	..Cave Springs..	9.58am	5.50pm
*10.3 m	7.05pm	ar....Rome.....	9.20am	5.2)pm
11.30am	10 4 pm	ar..Atlanta..lv	5.3 am	*4.15 m

STATIONS.	o *26	No. *3	No. *35	No. *38
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	1.1)pm	1..3 pm
Pell City.....	.....	7.2)am	5.25p	12 45am
Anniston	1.15am	8.2)am	6.3)pm	1.53..m
Heflin.....	5.52 m	9.10am	7.20..m	2.38am
Edwardsville	5.12pm	.....	7.30pm	2.46..m
Fruithurst...	5.2 m	.....	7.42p	2.56am
Tallapoosa	5.45am	9.27am	8.02p	3.15 m
Bremen.....	6.07am	.....	8..5pm	3.3)am
Douglasville	7.10am	10.45am	9..6pm	4.24am
Lithia Springs	7.25am	.....	9.27pm	4.55..m
Atlanta.....	8.2)am	11.30am	10..5pm	5..0am

STATIONS.	No. *3	No. *35	No. *37	No. *38
Lv Atlanta....	6.10am	1.15p	11 5pm	6.15pm
Lithia Springs	6.57a	5.00pm	12 2.m	7.17pm
Douglasville..	7.10am	.....	12.32am	7.30 m
Fremon	7.56a	2.35pm	1 24.m	8.25pm
Tallapoosa	8.15 m	6.10pm	1 52 m	8.52 m
Fruithurst	8.43am	.....	1 58.m	9.10pm
Edwardsville	8.46am	6.33 m	2.06am	9.27pm
Heflin.....	9.0 am	6.42pm	2.16am	9.40pm
Anniston.....	9.4 am	7.25pm	2.55a m	10.30pm
Pell City.....	10.38am	8.35p m	4.07am	.....
Birmingham.	11.15am	9.55pm	5.20 m	.....

STATIONS.	No. 36	No. 38
Lv Birmingham.....	4.10pm	6.10am
Lv Anniston.....	6.3 pm	8.20am
Lv Atlanta.....	10..5pm	12.0 pm
Ar Macon.....	1.05am	2.25pm
Ar Jesup.....	5.20am	.....
Ar Jacksonville....	8.30am	.....
At Brunswick.....	6.55am	.....

No 36 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Brunswick and Atlanta to Jacksonville.

No. 38 carries Pullman Sleeping car and Dining car Birmingham to Atlanta.

STATIONS.	No. 15
Lv Rome.....	7.10pm
Ar Chattanooga	9.20pm
Ar Knoxville.....	1.45pm
Ar Bristol.....	4.45pm
Ar Lynchburg.....	5.55pm
Ar Washington.....	10..5am
Ar Baltimore.....	1..5am
Ar New York.....	6.13am

No. 15 carries Pullman Sleeping car Rome to Chattanooga, Chattanooga to Salisbury and Salisbury to New York without change.

STATIONS.	No. 2	No. 4.
Lv Chattanooga	10.00am	10.45pm
Ar Cincinnati	7.30pm	8.15am
Ar Louisville.....	8.15pm	10.35am

No. 4 Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to Louisville and Cincinnati.

No. 2 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

STATIONS.	No. 40	No. 38	No. 36
Lv Birmingham.....	.....	6.30am	4.10pm
Lv Atlanta (Eas't. me)	1.45pm	1.00..m	1.00am
Ar Charlotte.....	10.05pm	8.13pm	9.25pm
Ar Danville.....	2.05am	11.50pm	1.2 pm
Ar Lynchburg.....	4.38am	1.55am	3.52pm
Ar Charlottesville....	6.20am	3.37am	5.50pm
Ar Washington.	9.45am	6.42am	9.1)pm
Ar Baltimore.....	†10.55am	7.5.am	11.30pm
Ar Philadelphia.....	12.54n'n	10.15am	2.56am
Ar New York.....	3.03pm	12.43pm	6.13am

No. 38 "Washington&Southwestern Limited" Solid Vestibule train Atlanta to New York, carrying Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Club car Atlanta to Washington.

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

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C. H. ACKERT, G. M., Washington, D. C.
W. A. TURK, P. T. M., Washington, D. C.
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Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles

repared only by E. O. DeWITT & Co., Chicago
The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

For sale by WILLIAMS BROS.

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no indigestion
trouble
a Cure
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COTTON BELT ROUTE

HALF RATES TO TEXAS

BOTH ONE WAY AND ROUND TRIP

via the Cotton Belt, from St. Louis, Thebes, Cairo and Memphis, first and third Tuesdays of each month, beginning October 21st. For one-way tickets,

Half the One-Way Rate, plus $2.00;

round-trip tickets, one fare plus $2.00, to points in Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territories. Write for particulars and cost of ticket from your home town.

The Cotton Belt runs solid through trains to Texas, equipped with the most modern and comfortable cars. These trains make quick time and direct connections for all parts of the Great Southwest.

If you are seeking a better place to locate, write for a free copy of our handsome illustrated booklets, Homes in the Southwest and Through Texas With a Camera.

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THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months..... 50

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1904.

Spring is here.

Circuit court April 4th.

The days are growing longer.

The fruit trees a blooming out.

A heavy rain fall Sunday night.

Miss Onzelle Verchot is on the sick list again.

Jon M. Dye, of Lynch spent Friday in the city.

Circuit Court convenes on Monday April 4th.

E. A. Turner, of Calcis, transacted business here last week.

J. B. Boyer, of Wilsonville, was a visitor to the city this week.

Walter E. Lester, of Beat 8, was in the city Friday and Saturday.

Pleasant Shaw, of Montevallo, spent several days in the city last week.

For Branierd & Armstrong's embroidery silk go to Hammond Milinery Co.

A delightful social was given at the residence of F. M. Hallmark last Friday night.

J. W. Bandy, of Montevallo, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city with friends.

Don't forget the millinery opening of the Hammond Millinery Co. on the 16th and 17th.

We have several communications which reached us for this week, but will apper next week.

Don't forget the sale of valuable property on Saturday during the legal hours of sale. See notice in another column.

Miss Margaret Browne, who is at tending the high school in Montgomery spent a few days with her parents last week.

Rev. W. I Sinnott filled his regular appointment at the Presbyterian church on last Sunday morning and at night.

When you come to town don't fail to call at the mammoth store of Lefkovits & Erlick and inspect their immense stock.

Hammond Millinery Co. have the most exquisite line of ladies neckwear, combs and purses and they are selling them too.

Under the new law the Circuit Court does not convene until the first Monday in April, which is the 4th day of the month.

Little Eva Thompson who has been confined to her room with an attack of pneumonia, we are glad to say that she improving.

The Quarterly Conference of the Talladega District of the Methodist church will be held at Good Hope church on April 2d and 3d.

If troubled with weak digestion, belching or sour stomach, use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and you will get quick relief. For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

Early last Tuesday morning a little stranger came and took up his home at the Methodist parsonage, will in the future gladden the hearts of Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Harris.

The Columbiana Millinery Shop have received a handsome line of ladies furnishing goods and the ladies of our city are cordially invited to come and inspect their stock.

Among the candidates for Probate Judge is E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo. He is an honest straightforward and gentleman which naught can be said against his character.

Miss Hannah Winkler, the charming guest of Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Erlick, left last Wednesday for her northern home in Cincinnati, Ohio, after a pleasant visit of several weeks to the city.

Among the announcements will be found that of H. W. Nelson as a candidate for Circuit clerk for Shelby county. Mr. Nelson is well known in the county, and at the solictation of friends has entered the race for clerk.

In the selection of a man to handle county funds, it is the duty of the voters to select from the candidates in the field the one best suited to fill the office. There is three candidates in the field, C. W. O'Hara, W. A. Thompson and Walter E. Lester.

I am agent for the White Swan Laundry, of Birmingham, and I ask people of our city and vicinity to give me their laundry. I send off laundry every other Monday.

AMOS HALMAN.

Miss Quigley, of Louisville, Ky., arrived in the city Sunday afternoon and accepted a position with the Columbiana Millinery Shop. Miss Quigley is experienced milliner and has given satisfaction wherever she goes. We extend to her a hearty welcome.

Colds Cause Pneumonia.

One of the most remarkable cases of colds, deepseated on the lungs, causing pneumonia is that of Gertrude E Fenner, Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says: "The coughing and straining so weakened me so that I ran down in weight from 148 to 92. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this, wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength. Sold by Bandy Drug Company.

CANDIDATES MUST FILE DECLARATION

OF THEIR CANDIDACY NOT LATER THAN MARCH 21.

The Election Law is Explicit on This Subject. Candidates Remember The Date.

The following section from the primary law will be of interest to the candidates. The last day on which the declaration set forth below can be made is the 21st day of March:

"Each candidate for office shall at least 20 days prior to the election provided for, file with the chairman or secretary of the committee or committeemen having charge and control of the territory in which such candidate is to be voted for, a declaration in writing of his candidacy in the form hereinafter prescribed, and such declaration shall, before being filed as aforesaid, be sworn to before an officer authorized to administer oaths.

DECLARATION.

State of Alabama, } I, ... the
County of ..... } undersigned who being duly sworn do, depose and say that I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the office of..... that I am a duly qualified registered elector, and have paid all poll tax due and payable, and that I possess the qualifications herein prescribed for a voter in said primary.

(Signed) .....

Sworn to and subscribed before me this....day of.....1904.

.....

Don't forget the millinery opening of the HAMMOND MILLINERY CO., on the 16th and 17th. The ladies are cordially invited call and inspect our handsome line of millinery, hats and ladies furnishings.

Remember the grand millinery opening on the 26th and 27th of March Our ladies are invited to call and inspect their handsome line of millinery and ladies furnishings. Misses Florence Fallaw and May Quigley will take pleasure in showing you through their establishment. Remember the place *Columbiana Millinery Shop.*

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed by T. W. Weaver and N. A. Weaver his wife to E. Williamson, administrator of the estate of S. A. Densler deceased, on the 3d day of December 1900, recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., in record of mortgage, No. 56 page 383, the undersigned will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door in Columbian, Aia., within the legal hours of sale, on Monday the 11th day of April, 1904, the following described property, to-wit: the northeast quarter of southwest quarter and part of the northwest quarter of south west quarter, being all that part of the north half of the southwest quarter of section 14, township 21, range 1 east; that is on the east side of the public road known as the Montgomery road. This the 10th day of March.

JOHNNIE MAY BLACK,
and OLIVE A. DENSLER,
Assignees of said mortgage.
McMillan & Haynes, their Attorney.

We are prepared to do fine dressmaking. Satisfaction guaranteed.

HAMMOND MILLINERY CO.

We announce in this issue the candidacy of Wm. R. A. Milner for Clerk of the Circuit court. Mr. Milner is one of the best qualified men in the county to fill this important office. He has been circuit clerk before and a splendid record as an efficient, painstaking, competent and accommodating clerk. He is an old soldier and a crippled soldier at that, and deserves well at the hands of all the people of Shelby county, and has warm friends in all parties all over the county. If nominated he will add strength to democratic ticket and in the general election in November assist in bearing the democratic banner on to victory.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale granted by Hon. A. P. Longshore Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., on February 22, 1904, I, as administrator of the estate of Charles J. Christian deceased, will sell to the highest bidder for one third cash, one third in one year, and one third in two years, in the town of Columbiana, Ala., in front of the court house door on Monday, the 28th day of March 1904, the following described property, to-wit: southeast quarter of section 31, townsdip 21, range 1 east, southwest quarter and south half of southeast quarter of section 32, township 21, range 1 east, east half of northeast quarter of section 6, township 22, range 1 east, north half of section 5, township 22, range 1 east, situated in Shelby county Alabama.

HENRY MILNER,
Administrator.

NOTICE.

State of Alabama, } Probate Court.
Shelby county. }
Estate of J. J. Davidson, deceased.

This day came J. J. Davidson and Clara Davidson, administrators of said estate and filed their application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therin, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts and making division among joint owners. It is ordered that the 25th day of April, 1904, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper. This the 10th day of March, 1904. A. P. LONGSHORE,
Judge of Probate.

Inflamatory Rheumatism Cured

Wm. Shaffer, a brakeman of Dennison, Ohio, was confined to his bed for week with inflammatory rheumatism. "I used many remidies," he says: "Finally I sent to the drug store for a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, at which time I was unable to use hand or foot, and in a week's time was able to go to work as happy as a clam. For ale at Bandy Drug Co.

TIP TOP.

Just Listen! Can hear whistles in every direction, shingle mills and saw mill are almost as numerous as candidates.

Messrs. Allen Turner and Jim Wilson, of Calcis, were among the many guest Sunday.

T. B. Dickersin was the escort of Miss Nena Sunday.

Married at the residence of the bride's father on the 28, Miss Lizzie Gill and Barba Holcombe. There was a large crowd of guests present. The bride wore a brown brocaded worsted trimmed in white silk and white ribbon and lead braid. The guests were all arranged in the best room. The bride and groom was accompanied by Miss Nina Robinson as the bride's maid. Esquire Adams in his mild and genial manner pronounced them man & wife, with Miss S well at the organ playing in a low soft sweet tone Never Alone. After which a nice festival was served which was very beneficial to some of us especially those who have been fasting for several days previous. Their many friends join us in congratulating them. Guess Wild Bill will tell the rest. GYPSY.

Best Remedy for Constipation.

"The finest remedy for constipation I ever used is Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets," says Eli Butler of Frankville, N. Y. "They act gently and without any unpleasant effect, the bowels in a perfectly natural condition." Sold by Bandy Drug Co.

WILSONVILLE.

Dr. David Edwards was very sick week with an attack of grip.

There was a citizen's meeting at the school house Saturday afternoon to nominate a ticket for city officers.

Black and Weldon have secured the services of a Mr. Calahan as prescription clerk.

W. G. McCarley, of Mississippi, is again at work making staves here.

Mrs. Laura Smith is very ill and has been for some time.

Allan Edwards, of Louisiana, and Blake and J. I. Edwards, of Bessemer, were at the bedside of their father last week.

Several of our young folks attended the entertainment of Helen May Butler's military band at Columbiana on Tuesday o. last week.

The little 2 x 4 crank who writes to the Advocate from Little Beeswax Bridge had better inform himself some before he writes for the public to read

The Advocate says that under McMillan's administration as judge that not a dollar was in the treasury and the county was several thousand dollars in debt and that the juries who came to court had to pay their own expense, and thus asks did you ever know anything of the kind to happen under a populist administration. We suppose that the Advocate has forgotten that there was $16,000 in the treasury and the county did not owe a dollar when the populist came into power, and that under populist administration every cent of that money is gone, and the county has been borrowing money to run its affairs for several years, and is now more than fifteen thousand dollars in debt. Scratch up your recollections brother.

F. E. Mason went down to Columbiana Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarke gave an entertainment at the school house last Saturday night.

Miss Blanche Clark was absent last week, we suppose she was purchsing millinery supplies for Weldon & Co

R. A. O'Hara has sold his farms to J. R. Black and his mill and gin to W. T. Taylor.

Mr. John Robertson, of near this place was buried here on Thursday.

Died on March the 2d, infant of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Edwards. Its remains were interred on Thursday at Bethesda church.

HONESE JOHN.

Miss Mary Falkner Dead.

The angel of death invaded the precincts of the happy home of Mr. T. B. Falkner at 11 o'clock on the night of February 29, and took away his beloved wife, Mary. Mrs. Falkner had been in bad health for a year or more, but was only confined to her bed about one week. She suffered intensely but bore it with that unmurmuring Christian fortitude characterized by a true child of God until the angel came and wafted her sweet spirit back to God who gave it. Deceased was born September 19th, 1858, and was 45 years, 5 months and 10 days old at death, She was married to Thomas B. Falkner at the age of 18, from which union there wore born five children all of whom survive her except one little girl who died when quite small. She was happily converted and joined the Baptist church soon after her marriage, and lived a true christian, ever being kind to all about her and ever ready to help the sick and distressed. By her gentle ways she won a host of friends who, surviving husband, children, sisters, brothers, parents and other relatives mourn her sad departure. Mrs. Falkner will be greatly missed in the community. The interment took place from the family residence, Wednesday March 2d, the funeral service being conducted by Rev. S. V. McGinnis her former pastor. Grieve not for mother for she is not dead but sleepeth and some sweet day we shall meet her on the blissful shore of sweet deliverance where parting nor pain ne'er can come

A voice we loved is still,
A precious one from us is gone,
A vacant spot is in our home,
Which can never be filled.

SYMPATHIZING ONE.

How to Make Money.

Agents of either sex should today write Marsh Manufacturing Co., 538 Lake st., Chicago, for cuts and particulars of their handsome Aluminum Card Case with name engraved on it and filled with 100 calling or business cards. Everybody orders them. Sample case and 100 cards, postpaid 40 cts. This case and 100 cards retails at 75c. You have only to show sample to get an order. Send 40c at once for case and 100 cards or send 30c for 100 cards without case. Mention this paper

Hammond Millinery Co.,

have and are receiving the most exquisite line of millinery goods ever brought to Columbiana. Mrs. T. Wood has the management of the firm, and will be pleased to give each of her customers her personal attention. Come in to see us at the old millinery store, the place to get your hats.

HAMMOND MILLINERY CO.

Dunlap for Chancellor.

Gadsden, Ala., Jan. 8, 1904.

The members of the Gadsden Bar met in the office of Boykin & Brindley Monday evening, Jan. 4. Upon motion the chairman appointed a committee consisting of W. J. Boykin, J. B. Martin and Judge J. A. Bilbro to prepare suitable resolutions regarding the candidacy of Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap for Chancellor of the Northern Division. The committee reported the following resolutions:

Whereas, We are advised that the Hon. R. B. Kelley, chancellor of the northeaster chancery division will not by reason of his candidacy for associate justice of our supreme court, aspire to succeed himself as chancellor; and

Whereas, our fellow townsman and leading member of our local bar, Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap, has kindly yielded to the earnest solicitation of the members of the Gadsden bar as well as of leading lawyers, democrats throughout the northeastern division, and will enter the field as a candidate for chancellor. Therefore, be it

Resolved. 1st, That we take great pleasure in commending the Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap to the democracy of the northeastern chancery division, as a suitable man for chancellor; he is democrat true and tried, a lawyer of learning and great research, capable, worthy and well qualified to discharge with credit to himself and honor to the people the responsible duties of the office to which he aspires.

2nd. That it gives us, the members of the Gadsden bar, great pleasure to unanimously and enthusiastically endorse the candidacy of Col. R. A. D. Dunlap; pledging our united and individual efforts in his behalf, and we earnestly solicit the aid of friends and acquaintances and brother lawyers and democrats throughout the division to secure the nomination of this worthy gentleman, for we assure those who help us that Col. Dunlap is a hard working, painstaking, sober, honest, upright Christian gentleman, and if nominated and elected chancellor, he will bring to the office his best efforts and we feel safe in assuring all who honor him with their support they will never have cause to regret their action.

W. J. BOYKIN,
J. B. MARTIN,
J. A. BILBRO.

These resolutions were unanimously adopted and, after transacting other business, the meeting adjourned.

A. R. Brindley, Sec. — O. R. Hood, Chairman.

The Cherokee County Bar also endorses the candidacy of Colonel R. A. D. Dunlap. adv.

Withdrawal Card.

EDITOR CHRONICLE:

You may publish my card announcing my withdrawal from the race for Tax Assessor. I have many favorable letters from prominent citizens in all parts of the county; in addition to this I was strongly solicited by many of the leading citizens to become a candidate, to them I return most generous thanks, I am now, however, out of the race. Your truly,

JOHN M. DYE.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgaged executed by the Northern Coal Company to the Alabama and Mississippi Coal Company on November 30th, 1901, and recorded it mortgage book No. 56 page 496 in the Probate office of Shelby county, Ala,, and which mortgage and indebtedness therein was transferred to W. M. Spencer, trustee, the said W. M. Spencer, trustee, owner of said mortgage and indebtedness, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door at Columbiana, Shelby county Ala., during the legal hours of sale, on Saturday, March 12th, 1904. the following described property, lying in said Shelby county, Ala., to-wit: the south east quarter of south west quarter, and west half of south west quarter, all in section 32, township 26, range 3 west; also the south west quarter of the north west quarter of section 32, township 20, range 3 west; except the right of way conveyed to the Echols Coal Co., also except the land conveyed by Columbus Benton and wife to one Ruffin and Echols Coal Company, being about one acre said forty on which the slope of said Echols Coal Co. mines is situated, the south west corner of said acre being about three hundred feet east of the south west corner of said forty acre tract, and also it conveys the right of way and privileges to cross the right of way above referred to with wagon and tram road, and which said right and privilege was conveyed to Columbus Benton by the said Echols Coal Co Co. and the same conveyed by C. Benton and wife to Lula E. Cook, together with all improvements, buildings and appertenances hereto belonging, including engines, boilers, pumps, tram cars, rails and all other property, whether fixtures or not, used in and about the operation of said mines, all the above property lying in Shelby county, Ala. This sale is made to satisfy the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, default having been made in the payment of the indebteness secured, and the cost of this sale, including reasonable attorney's fee. This February 5th, 1904.

W. M. SPENCER,
By Trustee Transferee and Owner.
R. H. PEARSON, } Attorneys.
W. M. SPENCER, }

JURY LIST.

GRAND JURY.

Robert T Atkinson, L H Cosper, H H Sturdevaire, A L Deshazo, W H Gill, D C Nickerson, J B Griffin, J L C Wesson, R E Cosper, H W Nelson, Geo Kroell, C A Busby, S A Kenrick, J M Babb, N N Mosteller, W N Gilbert, J S Jackson, R A Kidd, jr, D B Lacy, J W Kidd.

PETIT JURORS 1ST WEEK.

J H McCall, J E West, A McKinnon C P Keith, W P Cox, C W Stamps, S W Blackerby, H K Thomas, O H Stone, C H McBride, J A Ingram, J R Tinney, P H O'Neal, Custin Wooten, J L Harless, S V Walls, J T Wheat, W T Roseo, A N Ray, W F G Falknor T N Walton, L E Dyke, Cliff Chapman, Henry Davis, A J White, Geo Powell, C H Green, H S Nelson.

SECOND WEEK.

B L Brasher, J W Patman, H M Johnson, Frank Etres, Will Miller, J B Ray, W S L Wood, John Ellison, S R Thomas, J H Martin, John Moore, C M Lackey, Chas Atkinson, S D Isbell, G W Shaw, P F Lyon, W W Hardaway, J N Lyon, M W Owens, David Pearson, R T Newton, E H Morris, T E Lambert, P L E[illegible], J M Duke, Jack Crim, J [illegible], S H Seal, S H Colkins.

THIRD WEEK.

John Howard, Charles Sullivan, J E Wooten, W E Merrell, Jno W Robinson, W A Norris, W S Harper, J N Howard, T M Blackeby, H C Harris, Frank Davis, W S Cunningham, W H Cook, J V Champion, A S Johnson, J H Blackerby, J G Willis, J H Mooney, Ed Smith, R W Moss, J E Coshat, C H Bradshaw, T C Elliott, R N Morrison, J T McGoughey, S M Farrell, W H Hill, Z T Baldwil, R O Ozley.

FOURTH WEEK.

M M Crumpton, J C Seal, J L Martin, R A Carden, Henry Wells, D W Whitfield, G D Baldwin, W A Cross, J M Ray, J M Harris, C H West, D R Richards, J H Blackerby, W H Kendrick, R G Tinney, M C Foster, R Armstrong, Jno T Ellis, W H Prestridge, D L Salser, Eugene Williams, Jno Phillips, D M Merrell, J R Alexander, Will McConaughy, J C Andrews W G Wilder, M W Blake, M A Lucas, A J Johnson.

Withdrawal Card.

Harpersville, Ala., March 7th.

Editor Chonicle:

Der Sir.—Please allow me to announce my withdrawal from the race for circuit clerk through your paper. My continued bad health has caused me to take this step. I wish to sincerely thank my many friends for their kind endorsement, and feel confident they would give me a unanimous nomination, and I have the utmost confidence in the election of the entire democratic ticket in November. Assuring my friends that I for one will use all honorable means at my command in helping to accomplish the same. I am yours truly.

T. J. MARTIN.

When Thinking ABOUT BUYING A WATCH

it always pays to get a good one. If you want a Watch we can save you money on your order. Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Seth Thomas and New York Standard are good movements. Give us a trial order and you be convinced

DO YOU want anything in musical instruments? We have Violins, Violin Cases, Bows, Bridges, Pegs, Mandolins, Mandolin Cases, Picks, Guitars, Guitar Cases, Tamborines, Banjos, Accordeons, Harps, Harmonicas, Fifes, Ocarines, Flagolets, Bones, Clappers, Granphones and Records, also all kinds of strings for Violins, Banjos, Mandolins and Guitars

Call and see us in our

REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.

Don,t forget us when you want photograph work or enlarging, our work will please you. We keep all all kinds of pictures, picture frames and are receiving new goods every week that will interest you. Give us a call when in the city.

T. J. WEAVER & COMPANY,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

The Proper Treatment for Sprained Ankle.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or 3 months before he has fully recovered. This an unnecessary loss of time, for many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some case within three days. For sale by Williams Bros.

A MODEL DRUG STORE

Conducted on a modern sytem.

We carry all Patent Medicines Sold in this Section.

Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins.

Colgate's Soaps, Extracts, Toilet Articles.

Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco.

Fine line of Stationery, in fact everything that goes to makeup

A FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE.

Our Prescription Department is always in charge of a pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of pharmacy and years of experience.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION

.....OF.....

COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782 77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3.000.00	Rediscounts.....	2,263.00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM Title and Guaranty Company.

LAND TITLES;
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE;
TITLES GUARANTEED.
A GENERAL TITLE BUSINESS.

—INSURANCE—

Fire, Plate Glass, Boiler,
Employers Liability, Accident Insurance.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Ala. | W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

NORTH CAROLINA CORN WHISKEY

AT $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 AND $3.00 PER GALLON.

DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.

Saving Middlemen's Profits.
All express charges paid by me on packages of 2 gallons or more.
TERMS—CASH WITH ORDER.

Write for descriptive circulars. Reference commercial agencies or any merchant here.

J. H. WOOLLEY
Cherryville, N. C.

Non-Residence Notice.

L. M. Dyke, Vs. Henry Walthall.
State of Alabama, } Circuit Court.
Shelby County. } Whereas, L. M. Dyke as plaintiff in said cause has obtained an attachment out of this court issued the 19th day of January, 1904, against the estate of the said Henry Walthall as defendant, which attachment has been levied by R. F. Cox, sheriff of Shelby county, Ala., on the following described real estate of the said defendant, to-wit: Island "A" in Coosa river of sections 17 and 8, and all of Island "B" in Coosa river, of section 8. all in township 21, range 2 east. All of which is situated in the the county of Shelby and and state of Alabama, and, whereas, it appears that the said Henry Walthal defendant as aforesaid is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in the State of New York, therefore the said Henry Walthal wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the said attachment and the levy thereof as aforesaid.

Witness my hand this the 21st day of January 1904.

J. P. PEARSON, Clerk.

A child of Mrs. G. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath stepped against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great pain and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remembering that she had a bottle of Chamberlains Pain Balm in the house she would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Pain Balm is an antiseptic liniment and valuable for burns, bruises, cuts and sprains. Sold by Williams Broc., Druggists.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF GEO. W. MCGOWAN, Deceased. } Probate Court

Letters of administration upon the estate of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 19 day of February 1904, by the Hon. A. P. Longshore Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, notice is here by given that all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred. E. W. HOLLAND.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowed to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but it stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 25 and 75 cts. For sale by Williams Bros.

The Name Witch Hazel.

The name Witch Hazel is much abused. F. C. DeWitt & Co, Chicago, is the inventors of the original and genuine Witch Hazel Salve. A certain cure for cuts, bruises eczem a tetter, piles, etc. There are many counterfeits of this salve, some of which are dangerous, while they are worthless. In buying Witch Hazel salve see tha E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, is on the box and a cure is cer tain. Sold by Bandy Drug Company

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

HOW TWO BEAUTIFUL WOMEN ESCAPED DREAD CATARRH BY USE OF PE-RU-NA.

Catarrh Robs Women of Health and Beauty. Pe-ru-na Makes Women Healthy and Beautiful.

Miss Amanda Johnson.

Miss Amanda Johnson, Fairchild, Wis., writes:
"I write to tell you how much Peruna benefited me. For a number of years I had pain in my head around my eyes, and I thought it was because my eyes needed treatment, so I went to an oculist and had glasses fitted to my eyes and wore them for some time, but felt no relief whatever. In fact, I felt worse than before, and came to the conclusion that the trouble was not with my eyes, but with my head and that it must be catarrh. As so many of my friends had used Peruna with benefit for this trouble, I thought I would try it. I was not sorry that I did so, for in a short time I began to improve, and in four weeks my eyes were in splendid condition, my general health was much improved and all the catarrh of the head was gone. I was glad to get rid of this trouble, and am glad to endorse such a good medicine as Peruna."—Miss Amanda Johnson.

Miss Flora Hauser.

No Woman Afflicted With Catarrh Can Be Either Beautiful or Attractive.

Miss Flora Hauser, 1032 S. New Jersey street, Indianapolis, Ind., writes:
"I think I must have been troubled with catarrh ever since I was very young, aggravated each time I caught a cold. This did not prove sufficiently serious to be obnoxious until last winter. Then my head and nose were so stopped up that I felt I must do something. Peruna was recommended to me by a friend. I used it for four weeks, and found to my relief that it cured me. I have not had a bit of trouble since. My head is clear, and I can safely affirm that Peruna cured me."—Miss Flora Hauser.

Hundreds of Women Cured by Pe-ru-na of Annoying Catarrh.

DR. HARTMAN has probably done more than any other physician toward popularizing a means of escape from the facial deformities, such as watery eyes, twisted nose, offensive breath, dry cracked lips, due to the ravaging effects of catarrh.

He has made chronic catarrh a life-long study. His remedy, popularly known as Peruna, is the most famous remedy for catarrh in existence.

Probably there is not a man or woman, boy or girl, within the bounds of the United States that has not heard of Peruna. By far the largest majority have used Peruna.

The multitude of people that have been cured of chronic catarrh by using Peruna can never be known.

Many a girl has regained her faded beauty, many a matron has lengthened the days of her comely appearance by using Peruna.

Peruna produces clean mucous membranes, the basis of facial symmetry and a perfect complexion.

The women have not been slow to discover that a course of Peruna will do more toward restoring youthful beauty than all cosmetic devices known to science.

While it is true that Peruna cures catarrh wherever located, yet it is advisable for everyone to use Peruna as a preventive and not wait until catarrh has fastened itself in some part of the system.

Peruna acts quickly and beneficially on the inflamed mucous membranes lining the different organs of the body. Thus it will cure catarrh wherever located.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartmann, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

The Supreme Court of Alabama

(By PERCY CLARK.)

The last legislature increased the number of associate justices from four to six. The supreme court of Alabama has always taken high rank, much above the average. Its opinions have been accepted as able expressions of many intricate questions of law. Always the bench has been occupied by able, pure men, above any taint of partisanship. It is well; for the supreme bench is in many respects the conservator of the rights and liberties of the people. While it cannot make laws, it can nullify laws that are unconstitutional and which infringe on the reserved rights of the people.

The present court is composed of Chief Justice McClellan, Justices Haralson, Tyson, Dowdell and Sharpe.

Mr. Justice Haralson, Mr. Justice Tyson and Mr. Justice Dowdell are candidates for their present positions, They are entitled to an endorsement at the polls in April by the people. Their records have been of the highest; their characters are unimpeachable; their ability and fitness is unquestioned.

Mr. Justice Sharpe declines to be a candidate, much to the regret of the legal profession.

Thomas Nicholas McClellan.

Mr. Chief Justice McClellan is a native of Limestone county, Ala. He served as justice of the supreme court from 1889 to 1898 when he was elected chief justice. He is justly regarded by the profession as one of the ablest jurists that ever sat on the supreme bench of Alabama. He is a candidate for his present position and is without opposition.

Jonathan Haralson.

Mr. Justice Haralson was born in Lowndes county, Alabama. He is an alumnus of the University of Alabama and received his legal training in part at the University of Louisiana, taking the degree of L. B. in that institution. For many years he practiced law in Selma, being associated with the late Wm. M. Brooks.

On the recommendation of the bar of Selma he was appointed by Governor Geo. S. Houston, Judge of the City Court of Selma, a court of law and equity, which place he filled for fifteen years; from this bench he was elected in 1892 to the supreme court as associate justice and was re elected in 1898.

Judge Haralson has occupied the most distinguished of positions in the Baptist church. He was president of the Alabama Baptist State convention for eighteen years, and was for ten consecutive years thereafter, president of the Southern Baptist convention.

He is a Mason and an Odd Fellow.

Judge Haralson has never ceased to love the farm, where he began his career; all the years of his life he has been identified therewith. He now has farming interests in the Black belt.

John Russell Tyson.

Mr. Justice Tyson was born in Lowndes county, Alabama, November 28, 1856. He attended the common schools, and afterwards Howard college, where, in 1877, he graduated with honors taking with him the degree of A. B. He then studied law at Washington and Lee University, of Virginia, and there took the degree of L. B. Immediately thereafter he began the practice of law at Hayneville, Lowndes county.

Judge Tyson was elected to the legislature from Lowndes county in 1880 and at once came to the front as a man of strong characteristics, with the force of a logical mind, and strong reasoning powers. He moved to Montgomery and as a member of the firm of Lomax & Tyson added to his well deserved reputation of a lawyer of ability and great popularity, and was elected president of the city council. It was as judge of the Second judicial circuit that Judge Tyson won high encomiums for his fairness in his rulings, and his elevation to the supreme bench in 1898 was a natural sequence. He is noted for his learning and industry, and has proven himself a valuable member of the highest court in Alabama. He has farming interests in Lowndes. He is a member of the Baptist church, and a Knight of Pythias.

James Render Dowdell.

Mr. Justice Dowdell was born in Chambers county, April 2, 1847, in which county he now resides. He was educated at the University of Alabama and at Auburn; he graduated from the latter school in 1867, after which he taught school, studying law during the time, until 1870 when he was admitted to the bar. He began his public career as circuit solicitor in 1876, serving four years; and was thereafter appointed judge of the Fifth judicial circuit, in which position he achieved distinction, so that he was readily chosen chancellor of the Northeastern chancery division.

Judge Dowdell became associate judge of the supreme court in 1898 and is therefore serving his first term. When he offered for the position, he had the solid support of every county he had served as solicitor, circuit judge and chancellor; he had never sought a second term for either of these offices, although urged to do so.

He has served as a trustee of Auburn, and was offered the position of dean of the law school of the University of Alabama.

He is a member of the Methodist church, a Mason and a Knight of Pythias.

Judge Dowdell has been engaged in farming continuously from his youth up, and is now interested in farming.

SAW BURGOYNE'S SURRENDER

British General Didn't Send Sword by Subordinate.

The discussion about Revolutionary ancestors is joined in by J. D. Simpson, of Wellington, whose grandfather was with the patriot forces. The grandfather was a little sawed-off man. He was refused as a soldier on account of his small size several times, and at last got into the army by standing in the rear rank on a block of wood six inches high. He was present at the surrender of General Burgoyne to General Gates. Mr. Smith says:

"He saw General Burgoyne deliver his sword to General Gates, and as there has been some discussion in history as to how General Burgoyne delivered his sword I will give my grandfather's version of it.

"He said that when General Burgoyne met General Gates he was the finest looking man he ever saw, about six feet tall, every inch a soldier, with a new uniform of the finest material—'regimentals,' grandfather called them—and looked down on General Gates, who was a very short man, and dressed in a suit of homespun, linsey-woolsey, as much as to say, 'You are not my equal,' then very deliberately unsheathed his sword, took the point of it in his hand, turned his head away and handed it to General Gates. Some histories say he handed his sword to a subordinate officer, who in turn gave it to General Gates, thus not recognizing General Gates as his equal."—Kansas City Journal.

Is Violent Death Painful?

Severe injuries to the body are seldom very painful at first. The severity of the nervous shock seems to paralyze the nerve centre where consciousness of pain is situated, and in fatal cases there is often no sense of pain, even when death is delayed a day or two. In such cases it may be supposed that the shock not only paralyzes but even destroys the nerve centre. It may be compared to a lightning flash along the telegraph wires, which, although of the same nature as the electric telegraph current, is yet so intense as to destroy life.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatis free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

Vanity is the quicksand that engulfs a woman's reason.

Salzer's Home Builder Corn.

So named because 50 acres produced so heavily, that its proceeds built a lovely home. See Salzer's catalog. Yielded in 1903 in Ind. 157 bu., Ohio 160 bu., Tenn. 98 bu., and in Mich. 220 bu. per acre. You can beat this record in 1904.

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THESE YIELDS PER ACRE?

120 bu. Beardless Barley per acre.
310 bu. Salzer's New National Oats per A.
80 bu. Salzer Speltz and Macaroni Wheat.
1,000 bu. Pedigree Potatoes per acre.
14 tons of rich Billion Dollar Grass Hay.
60,000 lbs. Victoria Rape for sheep—per A.
160,000 lbs. Teosinte, the fodder wonder.
54,000 lbs. Salzer's Superior Fodder Corn—rich, juicy fodder, per A.

Now, such yields you can have, Mr. Farmer, in 1904, if you will plant Salzer's seeds. [A.C.L.]

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c. in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their great catalog and lots of farm seed samples.

Some men get so tired doing nothing that they can't do any kind of work.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

An attempt to get something for nothing parts many a fool from his money.

When the Jap became civilized in the accepted western sense he lost his faith in the divinity of his ancient religion, which, it is true, had become sadly perverted by the priesthood. He did not hesitate to discard the supernatural elements of the national faith while retaining its moral code as an admirable philosophical rule of life. In a word he became as a skeptic who accepts the philosophy of Jesus without accepting the divinity or inspired mission. Thus civilization made the Jap an agnostic without being able to proselyte him to Christianity. The superior Japanese place the teachings of Christ alongside those of Buddha. Confucius, Mencius and the other spiritual philosophers of the Orient, and, while trying to live moral lives, shrug their shoulders at the "superstitions" of religionists, whether western or Oriental.—Atlanta Constitution.

A man called at a San Francisco hospital and said he had forgotten his identity. He was detained under the name of John Myers, a small Bible in his pocket bearing that name. He thought he was a native of New York and that he lived somewhere up the Hudson river, also that he was a graduate of Yale, and that he at one time was engaged in literary work, either as an illustrator or a writer. This is borne out by his conversation, and he drew a character picture and down in the corner placed a signature, "L. C. W., '04." His hands are soft and he has an aristocratic face, but who he is and where he came from is something the people interested in his case can not fathom, and on this point the man himself professes complete ignorance.

Reeder—"Scott said a clever thing to-day; said that luck is a good bit like lightning; for it seldom strikes twice in the same place." Heeder—"Yes, and as a rule neither of them needs to."—Pennsylvania Punch Bowl.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"Gracious," sighed Mr. De Spepsey, "I wish I could acquire an appetite." "For goodness' sake!" exclaimed his wife, "what do you want with an appetite? It would only give you more dyspepsia."—Philadelphia Press.

A writer who has canvassed her friends for their views says in a paper upon the subject "Why Women Go to Theaters::" "Some go because they want to see 'life,' others because they want to get away from 'life,' some because they like to be amused, others because they like to have their feelings harrowed. A few apparently think that plays are educative, and a good many more frequent theaters simply because it is the correct thing to do" And then she boils it all down and sums it up in this sentence: "My own opinion is that the majority of women in society go simply in order to have something to talk about."

American fashion plates are said to be demoralizing Oriental harems. Princes and potentates meet some difficulties when it comes to providing plural wives with the latest tailor-made and millinery creations.

10,000 Plants For 10c.

This is a remarkable offer the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., makes. They will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine solid Cabbages.
2,000 delicious Carrots,
2,000 Blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes.
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

This great offer is made in order to induce you to try their warranted seeds—for when you once plant them you will grow no others, and

ALL FOR BUT 10c. POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c. in postage, they will add to the above a package of the famous Berliner Cauliflower. [A.C.L.]

No oculist can remedy the short sightedness of a selfish person.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not stain the hands or spot the kettle, except green and purple.

Many a man who refuses to believe the truth will swallow a lie.

The Effect of Sleeping in Cars

Is the contracting of cold, which often results seriously to the lungs. Never neglect a cold, but take in time Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein—nature's great cough medicine.

At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

A man in reduced circumstances isn't a woman's idea of a bargain.

Miss Alice Bailey, of

Atlanta, Ga., escaped the surgeon's knife, by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to express my gratitude for the restored health and happiness **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has brought into my life.

"I had suffered for three years with terrible pains at the time of menstruation, and did not know what the trouble was until the doctor pronounced it **inflammation of the ovaries,** and proposed an operation.

"I felt so weak and sick that I felt sure that I could not survive the ordeal, and so I told him that I would not undergo it. The following week I read an advertisement in the paper of your Vegetable Compound in such an emergency, and so I decided to try it. Great was my joy to find that I actually improved after taking two bottles, so I kept taking it for ten weeks, and at the end of that time I was cured. I had gained eighteen pounds and was in excellent health, and am now.

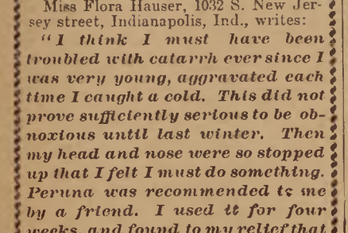
"You surely deserve great success, and you have my very best wishes."—MISS ALICE BAILEY, 50 North Boulevard, Atlanta, Ga. — *$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

All sick women would be wise if they would take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and be well.

REDUCED RATES TO CALIFORNIA AND NORTHWEST VIA QUEEN AND CRESCENT ROUTE.

Tickets on sale March 1st to April 30th, inclusive, and September 15th to October 15th, inclusive, at greatly reduced rates. For information address A. B. Freeman, T. P. A., Queen and Crescent route, Birmingham, Ala.

Cotton Gin Machinery



PRATT. MUNGER. WINSHIP. EAGLE. SMITH.

We make the most most complete line of any concern in the world. We also make

ENGINES and BOILERS, LINTERS for OIL MILLS.

We sell everything needed about a Cotton Gin.

Write for Illustrated Catalogue.

Continental Gin Co.,
Birmingham, Ala.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3 SHOES UNION MADE

W. L. Douglas shoes have by their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any shoes in the world.

They are just as good as those that cost you $4 to $5—the only difference is the price.

Sold Everywhere.

Look for name and price on bottom.

Douglas uses Corona Colt skin, which is everywhere conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced. *Fast Color Eyelets used.* Shoes by mail, 25c. extra. Write for Catalog. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

TOBACCO CURE Anti-Baccoline

We guarantee to cure the tobacco habit in any form. Treatment EASY, SAFE, SURE AND AGREEABLE. You take no chances. No Cure No Pay. All correspondence strictly confidential. Address The Dr. J. S. Hill Anti-Baccoline Co., Greenville Ill., Box 387.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Saw Mills

The DeLoach Patent Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill with 4 h. p. cuts 2,000 feet per day. All sizes and prices to suit. DeLoach Shingle Mills, Edgers, Trimmers, Planers; Corn and Buhr Mills, Water Wheels, Lath Mills, Wood Saws. Our handsome new Catalog will interest you. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Write DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co., Box 834, Atlanta, Ga.

Am. U. 1904.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

FEET THAT Hurt, Sweat, Blister, cured by ROYAL FOOT WASH. Removes odors of feet, armpits, etc. Keeps the feet cool. If not at druggists send 25c to EATON DRUG CO., ATLANTA, GA., for full size, postpaid; sample, postpaid, for 2c stamp. One application proves its merit.

What a relief from the pain and inconvenience of diseases of the eye when

MITCHELL'S EYE SALVE

has been properly applied! To experience such relief sufferers have found it worth a hundred times its slight cost.

CURES ALL EYE AFFECTIONS.

Cotton Must Have

Potash

Potash is an essential plant food which must be added as a fertilizer or the soil will become exhausted, as is true of so many cotton fields.

We have books giving valuable details about fertilizers. We will send them free to any farmer who asks us for them.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
New York—66 Nassau Street, or
Atlanta, Ga.—22½ So. Broad St.

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

$96.00 Worth of Watkins' Liniment FREE!
Address
The J. R. WATKINS MEDICAL CO.,
WINONA, MINNESOTA, U. S. A.
500 PEOPLE NOW WORKING.

A good living and a pocket full of money for an Agent in every County in the United States. Team and wagon all that is required. Ample Credit given after Account is guaranteed by two responsible Freeholders.

RIPANS TABULES are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. Over 4,000,000 packages of them have been sold in a single year. Consequently a great many druggists have them. Ripans Tabules are for sale by druggists. The five cent packet is enough for ordinary occasions. The family bottle (72 tabules) is sold for 60 cents. They may be had of any druggist. Any druggist will tell you that the sale of Ripans Tabules is simply enormous. All druggists sell them.

Afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

HOMESEEKERS' AND COLONISTS' RATES TO THE SOUTHWEST.

Tickets will be sold via the Queen and Crescent route on March 15th. Special homeseekers' excursion to the southwest at greatly reduced rates for the round trip. Also one way second-class colonist tickets to the southwest.

Stopover privilege is allowed on the homeseekers' tickets at points en route. Tickets are good twenty-one days from date of sale. For information address A. B. Freeman, T. P. A., Birmingham, or agent.

Korea is 600 miles long and 150 miles wide. Its coast line is nearly equal to that of Great Britain. Its population is between 9,000,000 and 12,000,000, of whom some 30,000 are Japanese.

Billion Dollar Grass and Alfalfa.

When we introduced Billion Dollar Grass three years ago, little did we dream it would be the most talked of grass in America, the biggest, quick, hay producer on earth, but this has come to pass.

Agr. Editors wrote about it, Agr. College Professors lectured about it, Agr. Institute Orators talked about it, while in the farm home by the quiet fireside, in the corner grocery, in the village postoffice, at the creamery, at the depot, in fact wherever farmers gathered, Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass, that wonderful grass, good for 5 to 14 tons per acre, and lots of pasture besides, is always a theme worthy of the farmer's voice.

A. Walford, Westlore Farms, Pa., writes: "I have 60 acres in Salzer's Alfalfa Clover. It is immense. I cut three crops this season and have lots of pasture besides."

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c. IN STAMPS to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples free. [A.C.L.]

Trying to keep up appearances pulls some men down.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

A man naturally believes in the survival of the fittest as long as he lives.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Nothing hurts a small man so much as to have people ignore his threats.

BAD BLOOD

"I had trouble with my bowels which made my blood impure. My face was covered with pimples which no external remedy could remove. I tried your Cascarets and great was my joy when the pimples disappeared after a month's steady use. I have recommended them to all my friends and quite a few have found relief."
C. J. Pusch, 967 Park Ave., New York City, N. Y.

Best for The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THAT WORK WHILE YOU REST

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by druggists everywhere. Genuine made only by Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 600

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y.
ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

SKIN HUMORS

Complete External and Internal Treatment

ONE DOLLAR

Consisting of Cuticura Soap

to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA Ointment to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA Pills to cool and cleanse the blood and expel humor germs. A SINGLE SET, costing but ONE DOLLAR, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp and blood humors, eczemas, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 50c. per vial of 60). Ointment, 50c., Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props. "How to Cure Torturing, Disfiguring Humors from Infancy to Age."

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE

VOL. XVII. COLUMBIANA, SHELBY COUNTY, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 17 1904 NO 30

NEW INDUSTRIES

ALABAMA.

Birmingham—$30,000 macaroni factory.

FLORIDA.

Jacksonville—$50,000 loan and investment company.

GEORGIA.

Atlanta—$200,000 blanket mills.
Broxton—Telephone system; electric light plant.
Hillsboro—Broom factory.
Savannah—$20,000 brick works.

LOUISIANA.

Alexandria—$25,000 foundry and machine shops.
Donaldsonville—Saw mill.
Jennings—Rice mill.
Lake Charles—Telephone system.
Mansfield—Brick and tile works.
New Orleans—$100,000 alcohol plant
Shreveport—$75,000 furniture factory.

MISSISSIPPI.

Meridian—$50,000 machine works.
Myrtle—Planing mill.
Oxford—$10,000 brick and tile works.
Pittsboro—Spoke factory.
Tunica—$30,000 lumber company.
Tupelo—Water works.

TENNESSEE.

Clarksville—Cold storage plant.
Dickson—$10,000 stave factory.
Nashville—Lumber and planing mill, trunk and bag factory.

Latest War Items.

In the bombardment of Port Arthur the Japanese used three or four hundred Russian shells which they found on the captured transport Manchuria.

It is learned that the reason the Vladivostock forts did not reply to the shelling by the Japanese vessels on March 6th was that officials at St. Petersburg supplied them with shells whose diameter was too large for the guns of the fort.

The reported occupation of Port Arthur by the Japanese and the report stating that a Japanese torpedo boat destroyer was sunk and the cruiser Takasago heavily damaged by the shell fire of the Russians during the fourth attack on Port Arthur are officially pronounced untrue.

The Cane Crop.

Favorable reports continue to come from the country concerning the young cane crop, which is everywhere declared to be in a most promising condition and to be considerably advanced over its ordinary condition at this time of the year. Encouraging information is received concerning spring plant, fall plant and stubbles, and there seems to be every indication of one of the finest stands of cane.

Against Education.

At its session Friday afternoon the Mississippi house defeated the bill providing for the establishment of a state normal school for white teachers, the prevailing sentiment among members being that the state can not afford an expenditure for this purpose at present, owing to the large increase in the common school appropriation. The vote was 57 to 41

A Japanese woman at Nakasaki, on learning that her only son had been exempted from active duty on the ground that she was dependent for subsistence on his earnings, has committed suicide. In a letter she stated that she was about to kill herself in order that her son might be free to fight for his fatherland. Then she plunged a dagger into her heart. Withdrawing the weapon she handed it to her son, who immediately volunteered for active service.

From Rio there is an inquiry out for 1,500,000 feet of lumber. The Southern States Lumber Co., of Pensacola, Fla., reports cutting ahead for several months for Rio. The market is $13 to $14. There is also a good demands for "London deals," three and four by nine inches, twelve feet long and up, which require the same grade as Rio, except that they are short lengths, or in other words, no thirty feet and up lengths are called for.

The Colombian government has definitely desisted from any movement to recover its lost territory, cables a correspondent at Panama, and has prohibited any further attempts to attack the Panama frontier. Nine hundred Colombian soldiers are now returning to Bogota.

The treaty between the United States and the sultan of Sulu dated August 20, 1889, whereby that official and the dattoes under him enjoyed annuities and were allowed to continue the practice of polygamy, has been abrogated.

The car service report made public this morning shows the number of cars handled in this district for the month of February to have been 64,629, as against 54,923 in February, 1903, an increase of 9,706.

The nomination of Charles H. Robb, of Vermont, to be assistant attorney general, was sent to the senate by the president. Robb is now assistant attorney general for the postoffice department and active in the investigation and prosecution of the postal frauds.

The imports of sugar into the United States during the twelve months ending December 31, 1903, were about 1,700,000 short tons, valued at $61,000,000.

NORTHERN SECURITY

Case Decided in Favor of The Government

The opinion of the supreme court of the United States in the case of the Northern Securities Company vs. the United States, involving the merger of the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern Company, was handed down and was in favor of the government. The opinion was read by Justice Harlan.

The opinion of the United States circuit court for the district of Minnesota was affirmed. The effect is to sustain the contention that the Sherman anti-trust laws applied to the railroad commissions of the character in question.

Car Service Report.

The Alabama Car Service association reports 64,629 cars handled during the month of February, the larger figures being:

Louisville and Nashville railroad, 26,086.
Southern railway, 14,530.
Alabama Great Southern railroad, 6,812.
Mobile and Ohio railroad, 4,983.
Frisco system, 1,831.
Atlantic Coast Line railroad, 1,688.
Central of Georgia railway, 1,559.
Western Railway of Alabama, 1,488.
Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad, 1,233.
Birmingham Belt railroad, 806.
Cars handled February, 1903, 54,923.

Railroad Valuation.

The state board of railroad assessment meets this week. The total assessed valuation of all railroad property in Alabama, including rolling stock, in 1903 was $52,099,918.79. The average assessment of the main track in the state was $10,740 per mile. There are 4,131 miles of main track in the state. The assessment of side trackage and branch lines averages $2,787 per mile. The highest assessment is a division of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, which is assessed at $19,000.

Threshing Cotton.

It is learned from authentic sources that large eastern capitalists have sent representatives to the Mississippi delta to investigate the cotton threshing machine invented and placed in operation by the Miller Brothers, with the view of inducing them to join a syndicate for the manufacture of the machines.

The development of the newspaper is one of the interesting features of Japanese life. Thirty years ago there were none. Today there are more than a thousand newspapers and magazines, indulging in wood cuts, even cartoons. The newspapers are almost all "morning" journals, but go to press early in the evening. The largest magazine, the Taiyo, prints monthly two hundred and fifty pages of Japanese matter, with twenty-four pages of English matter, and is finely illustrated.

News comes of a tragedy in Neshoba county, Miss., that almost parallels the Rogers case. A conversation by telephone elicted the information that Dr. Wilson W. Jones, Roy Eshe and Frank Burnett met at Ocobla Saturday morning and engaged in a pistol battle, with the result that Eshe and Burnett are dead and Dr. Jones seriously wounded with a bullet in his shoulder.

New Decatur is in correspondence with a large wagon factory in the north which is contemplating locating there. This factory is leaving the north on account of the scarcity of wagon timber there.

Last year the electric roads in this country carried about three times the population of the earth. Every man, woman and child in the land took on an average 63 rides on the street cars during the year.

Walter Brothers, who conduct the largest farming operations in Montgomery county, sold 1,100 bales of cotton in Montgomery for which they received approximately $72,000.

A wholesale delivery from the Selma city jail took place Sunday night, in which six prisoners made their escape through a hole dug in the prison wall. None have been captured.

Three of the large traveling cranes of the Gadsden steel plant are now being operated, placing the machinery for the open hearth furnaces and blooming mill.

Lill Morrison, Frank Jones and Dan Hannegan, of Virginia mines, have been arrested for the shooting of Sid Hurst last Friday afternoon at Valley Creek.

Revenue officers are reported to be actively engaged in hunting moonshiners in Coffee and Dale counties. Several stills have been captured.

A $40,000 hotel is to be erected at New Decatur and work on the new union station is to be commenced at once

Japan has over three thousand miles of railway, most of it owned by the government, and 1500 miles of telegraph lines in operation. Twenty-five years ago not a mile of this system existed.

Japan has facilities for making everything necessary for the construction and equipment of railroads except locomotives.

A charcoal plant will be established at Alabama port on the Bay of Mobile.

IMPORT AND EXPORT

Through the Principal Cities of the South

The monthly statement of the international commerce of the United States, issued by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics, has just been made public. Thirty-eight car service associations report 2,135,981 cars handled during January, 1904, compared with 2,372,461 cars in January, 1903.

In southern territory receipts of cotton for the first five months of the crop year show that 5,992,616 bales were sent to seaports of which 3,995,184 bales, or two-thirds of the total port receipts, arrived at Gulf ports; the other one-third having been received at Atlantic ports.

Galveston continues to hold first rank among seaboard receiving points in southern territory, receipts to the end of January, 1904, being 2,030,973 bales of cotton, compared with 1,568,809 bales received at New Orleans. Savannah received 1,001,983 bales. Norfolk ranks next with more than one-third of 1,000,000 bales, derived largely from the Carolinas.

Coal movements as reflected in the anthracite shipments for January have shown a tendency to decline, 4,134,245 tons being reported for January, compared with 4,259,748 tons in December, 1903, and 4,091,147 tons in November.

Comes Here First.

Following an arrangement effected by the Associated Press, all the war news collected by the great European news agencies from Japanese, Korean and Chinese territory will will be transmitted to London via the Pacific cable and the United States and will be delivered en route to the Associated Press newspapers. Hitherto this matter has been transmitted from the far east via India and has been repeated from London to New York,. Under this new arrangement first publication of all this news will be in the United States.

Without Known Cause.

Saturday night Isaac Mooney, a farmer, who lives near Jasper, was aroused by a knock on his door, and when he arose and opened it he was struck a terrific blow in the face with a rock, and it is thought that he will lose one of his eyes from the effects of the blow. Mooney can assign no cause for his treatment, claiming that he has offended no one, and if he has an enemy in the world he does not know of it.

Cut Off the Boy's Head.

A freight ran over and cut a little boy's head off near Battelle. He was playing near the track with his dog, when the dog ran across the track in front of the train. The child, to save the dog, ran after it, but in some manner slipped and fell and the train cut his head off. The dog was not hurt. The boy was about nine years old. The engineer was very much wrought up over the affair.

Against Mrs. Buffalo Bill.

A petition for divorce filed by Colonel William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill), has just been made public. The complainant charges cruelty and alleges that on December 26, 1900, Mrs. Cody attempted to poison the plaintiff. Mrs. Cody, who is at North Platt, denies her husband's charges and will contest the suit. Colonel and Mrs. Cody were married at St. Louis March 6, 1866.

The city of Columbus, Ga., has erected a marble monument over the grave of Bragg Smith, the negro laborer who lost his life while attempting to save the life of Superintendent of Public Works Robert L. Johnson

Pennsylvania lost $800,000 worth of bridges during the recent floods.

The Mississippi lower house passed a bill providing for the issuance of $500,000 thirty-year bonds bearing 3 1-2 per cent interest, to make up any deficiency that may arise in the state revenues.

A new bank, known as the People's, opened its doors Tuesday at Greensboro with an authorized capital of $50,000.

The stockholders of the Meridian fertilizer factory met last week and agreed to expend the sum of $150,000 in improving their plant, but this improvement will be made at Hattiesburg and not at Meridian. This was the result of the donation of a site for the new plant by the citizens of Hattiesburg which decided the stockholders to build there.

There are 11,655 names in the new city directory just issued for Columbus, Phenix City and Girard. On a conservative basis of calculation—allowing three to a family—the three cities, which form one place commercially, are given a population of approximately 35,000.

Information has reached Gadsden from an apparently reliable source that Leroy C. Harding, the bank defaulter at Fort Payne, is still at Brooksville, Fla., and that Mrs. Harding has joined him.

The work of sinking deeper one of the artesian wells of the Pratt City water works has been completed. The well is now 405 feet deep and it is thought will afford an abundant supply of water.

PAN-AMERICAN LINE

Requires but 4,500 Miles to be Completed

Charles M. Pepper, appointed by President Roosevelt as commissioner to carry out the recommendations of the second international American conference, held in Mexico two years ago, with regards to the Pan-American railway, has submitted his report to the state department, by which it will be transmitted to congress.

The report says that the general prospect of an international line, which ultimately will place New York and Buenos Ayres in through railway communication, is receiving much encouragement. At the present time about 4,800 miles are lacking, and the estimated cost of construction is based at $150,000,000. This is based on an average of 50 cents gold, as a daily wage for labor, with an efficiency of 75 cents as compared with similar labor in the United States.

IRON MOVEMENT.

January Report to Hand of Southern Iron and Steel Manufacture.

The January report of the Alabama iron committee has been made public. It shows the following to have been the shipments of pig iron for that month:

Districts.	Tons.
Anniston	19,490
Birmingham	92,670
Chattanooga	16,860
Greensboro	160
Middlesborough	6,370
Nashville	6,165
Sheffield	17,186
Total	158,901

The cast iron shipments are given as follows:

Districts.	Tons.
Anniston	2,450
Birmingham	6,756
Chattanooga	3,077
Total	12,283

This shows the grand total of shipments of cast iron, steel rails and steel billets and pig iron to have been 171,184 tons during the month of January.

The boll weevil is an insignificant creature, a little gray snout beetle, about one-fourth of an inch long, but it breeds very rapidly, multiplies enormously in the course of a summer, and works during the critical period of its life absolutely protected from any application which could be made to the cotton plant. Stowed away in old corn stalks, in clumps of grass, under the bark of trees and logs, and in all sorts of sheltered places, the weevil passes the winter. Promptly as the cotton plant comes up in the spring and early summer the weevils come forth, fly to the plants, and as soon as the first "squares"—unblown buds—are found they lay their eggs in them. The young grub hatches, and destroys the forming flower, causing the square to drop. The grub changes to a pupa within the bud, and the full grown weevil emerges soon after.

Mine Trouble.

Trouble has again broken out in Virginia mines, there being a pitched battle fought Friday afternoon between Superintendent Gafford, Sid Hurst and two negroes with them on one side, and several parties hidden in the woods on the other. About forty shots were fired on both sides. Sid Hurst, of the party with Mr. Gafford, being shot in the side, shoulder and arm with buckshot. None of the others was struck, although one man had his hat shot off his head

It is not known whether any of the attacking party were struck or not. As soon as the mines were reached bloodhounds were brought out and an attempt to trail the would-be murderers was made, but without result

It is understood that Atlanta is about to place an order for five hundred cars of chert, and after the inspection of chert beds in various sections, they have concluded that Bessemer offers the best chert to be found.

A sanitarium is promised for Gadsden.

A Big Land Deal.

Sixteen hundred acres of coal lands near Mineral Springs were sold to a New York syndicate for $16,000 cash. This property will be immediately developed, four openings already being under way with about 300 men at work. Houses, offices and other buildings will be erected at once and the work of developing the property undertaken on a large scale. The output of the new mines will be about 1,000 tons daily, the old Pratt seam having been tapped in the explorations for coal. When the openings are completed, there will be 400 miners employed to deliver the fullest output possible.

For the first time in the history of the United States the production of coal has reached a total of over 300,000,000 short tons, showing an actual output of 300,030,659 tons of 2,000 pounds, valued at $373,133,643.

News comes from Dothan of a criminal assault committed by the Dothan postmaster, Captain W. W. Millikin, upon his sister in law, Miss Snyder.

The Coosa River Transportation Company is formed and a steamer for Gadsden is assured

INSURANCE FIGURES

Submitted for 1903 by the State Commissioner

Deputy Insurance Commissioner Ned R. McDavid has just completed a statement on the fire insurance for the past year. The receipts by the state show an increase of $10,500 over the previous year, while there has been a decrease in the losses paid by insurance companies. The average rate charged for fire insurance in Alabama last year was $1.67 per $100, which was a decrease of 11 cents per $100, or about 7 per cent decrease over the previous year's rate. This reduction in rate represents a saving to the Alabama policy holders last year of about $140,000.

The fire insurance premiums paid by the Alabama policy holders has almost doubled in the past seven years, though the rate charged is only 4 cents per hundred more. In 1897 fire companies collected in Alabama $1,168,564, and in 1903 $2,115,355. The fire companies fared well in Alabama during 1903, paying for losses in this state only 48.4 per cent of the amount received for premiums. Allowing 33 1-3 per cent for expense of doing business, leaves a profit of about 18 per cent for the companies. The average loss in Alabama during the past seven years is 55 per cent.

DIDN'T LIKE IT,

And Tried to Stop It With a Shotgun.

Near Florence, a marriage under difficulties was solemnized Sunday morning. Great preparations had been made and a large crowd of guests had assembled to witness the wedding of Miss Lily Young and Alexander Haddock, when a former suitor of the young lady appeared upon the scene and demanded that the proceedings be stopped. Seeing that remonstrances were of no avail, he left and returned later with a shotgun. His appearance caused consternation among the guests, but the irate suitor was finally persuaded to retire and leave the field in possession of his rival.

Burned to Death.

A horrible accident occurred at the home of a farmer in Hokes Bluff, resulting in the death of the thirteen-year-old daughter of William Shields, a prominent farmer. The young daughter was left to prepare dinner. It is supposed that the clothing of the girl caught from the stove and she was burned to a crisp.

Mrs. John Schultz, wife of a stonemason residing three miles from Irondale, was fatally burned Wednesday, her clothing igniting from a fire which she had started in the garden, where a pile of leaves and trash had been raked up.

Phoenix-Girard Bank.

The site for the new Phoenix-Girard bank will be selected at an early date, the committee having the matter in charge having several lots under consideration. The bank will have a capital stock of $25,000, the greater portion of which is owned by local merchants. W. E. Holloway, of Montgomery, the well-known Alabama banker, will be president of the institution. It is understood that as soon as the bank is erected and open for business, plans will be perfected for establishing wholesale houses and possibly cotton ware houses in Phoenix City and Girard.

A passenger train on the Southern was wrecked at Milton and three men slightly injured. The accident was between a head-on collision and a sideswipe. The passenger train ran into the freight engine, injuring A. E. Cheatham, engineer of the passenger train; O. B. Newman, mail clerk, and A. Thomas Baker, a mail weigher.

The largest single piece of machinery ever shipped south reached Gadsden Monday. It is the bed plate for the large engines of the rolling mill of the Gadsden steel plant and weighs 125,000 tons.

The twenty-first annual convention of the Alabama Sunday School association will be held at Anniston on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, June 8th, 9th and 10th next.

Andrew Carnegie has given the sum of $10,000 for a library for the Agricultural and Mechanical college at Normal, one of the leading institutions in the south for the education of negroes.

Congressman Wiley, of the second district, has introduced a bill in congress to establish a home near Daphne, in Baldwin county, for confederate soldiers to be maintained by the government.

Charlie Church was struck on the head by the handle of a cant hook while rolling logs in the Henderson, Murphree & Henderson spoke factory at Huntsville and his skull was fractured.

But three of the fifteen members of the famous electoral commission of 1877 are now alive. These are ex-Senator Edmunds, Senator Hoar and General Eppa Hunton, of Virginia.

Edward Porter Cheney, of Red Bank, N. J., a brother in law of Horace Greeley, has just died at Litchfield, Conn. He secured for the Tribune its first subscriber,

LATEST WAR NEWS

It is reported that Port Arthur has fallen.

Russia's torpedo boat No. 221 has been lost.

On Thursday, during an engagement of torpedo boats, both Russia and Japan lost one.

Another unsuccessful attempt to obstruct the entrance to Port Arthur has been made by the Japanese.

The Russians are preparing for the defense of New Chwang, finding it impossible to stop the landing of Japanese.

A Russian sailor who was hurt in the naval fight off Chemulpo and who has been brought to Matsuyma, has 160 wounds.

Japanese military engineers with 8,000 of the pioneer corps have commenced active construction of the Seoul-Wiju railroad.

The czar has long been known as an amateur composer of music, but there is an irony in the fact that his latest creation is called "A Song of Peace."

A telegram from General Zhlinsky, General Kuropatkin's chief of staff, says that, according to reports published in Korean newspapers, 18,000 Japanese have landed at Chinnampho, Korea, and are marching to Ping Yang.

Witnesses say that the Japanese fire, which was indifferent in previous attacks, on last Wednesday showed marvelous accuracy.

It is reported that the Retvizan, which was then inside the entrance of the harbor, was struck several times, and that there were fatalities among the crew. It is also said that the Golden Hill forts were damaged.

Information from an official who was an eye-witness of the bombardment of Port Arthur on Wednesday and Thursday is to the effect that the Russians had twenty-five killed on the battle ship Sevastopol, twenty on the Retvizan and twenty in the town. The Russians are said to have sunk a Japanese cruiser. The Russians assert that their damaged cruisers have been repaired and are ready for sea. The battle ship Czarovitch will be ready shortly.

The Russians are suppressing the circulation of foreign newspapers, and any person suspected of being a correspondent is ordered out of their lines. Residents of Port Arthur assert that the defenders of that place possess the delusion that British officers command the Japanese ships. A leading police officer who has been prominent in expelling suspects killed himself, it is believed, on account of his failure to apprehend newspaper correspondents.

General Kuropatkin, accompanied by his entire staff, left in a special train for the far east, where he will take command of the Manchurian army. The departure of the general was marked by demonstrations of patriotism and personal regard. General Eggrestoff, white haired and trembling with emotion, began to speak. Inside and out, there was an instant hush. "I have come to bid you Godspeed," said General Eggrestoff. "We all wish you a safe journey and with God's blessing, we shall greet your victorious return. Take this small image of Alexis, your patron saint, and wear it around your neck, and may the Almighty hold you in His keeping." General Kuropatkin knelt reverently and accepted the talisman.

Colonel Miranda, of the Mexican Rurales, will exhibit his famous vaquero saddle at the world's fair. This saddle, which is a work of art, cost $20,000 and has been eight or ten years in course of construction.

J. Ogden Armour has presented a $250,000 park in Chicago for a new athletic field adjoining the Armour Institue of Technology.

Germany's kaiser is off for three months in the Mediterranean.

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The Louisville and Nashville and Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railways have purchased lots in Alabama City and will soon erect a large freight depot there.

The jury in the case of John Ramsey, accused of the murder of John Warren at North Birmingham last September, returned a verdict of not guilty.

W. A. Kelley, a deputy constable at Blue Creek, was shot and probably fatally wounded by a negro who was resisting arrest.

England has 255 torpedo boats and France 13 more. The United States has only 58.

The latest published figures give the number of spindles in the five leading cotton mill cities of New England as fellows: Fall River, 2,940,354; New Bedford, 1,274,770; Lowell, 875,823; Manchester, 578,412; Lawrence, 420,304.

Land transfers aggregating over 2,000 acres, involving about $20,000, were effected at Greensboro.

Meridian, Miss., is to have a new and independent telephone system,

ENTIRE WEST STORM-SWEPT

Great Damage Done in San Francisco on Land and Bay.

LOSSES REACH INTO MILLIONS

The Worst Rain and Wind Storm in Thirteen Years Swept Along the Pacific Coast—Churches Wrecked and Houses Destroyed—Shipping Badly Battered in Golden Gate Harbor.

San Francisco, Cal.—The worst windstorm that has been seen in California in thirteen years raged from British Columbia to Southern California, sweeping the entire Pacific Coast, causing millions of dollars' worth of damage.

Telegraph wires are down in all directions, and for several hours San Francisco was cut off from all communication with outside cities. Great damage has been done throughout the State.

A seven-story brick building in this city, which was finished with the exception of the cornice, was completely wrecked by the wind. The steeples of several churches were blown down, roofs were blown off a number of buildings, and the streets and sidewalks were littered with broken fences, signs and chimneys.

In the harbor great damage was done. The waves were lashed to a fury, and a new coast line was formed at Ocean Beach. Small boats were smashed by the waves, and larger vessels dragged at their anchors, several of them being blown against piers and rocks and badly damaged.

A full train of cars on the Alameda Mole, across the bay from this city, was lifted bodily from the track and overturned by the wind. The train consisted of an engine, a baggage car and three passenger coaches. No one was injured.

A number of new flat buildings in Richmond were completely demolished.

Frame houses in the poorer sections were blown down and a number of families have been made homeless.

The States of Missouri and Nevada have been visited by rainstorms, while in Washington floods have driven hundreds of persons from their homes and damaged thousands of dollars' worth of property.

Fierce Wind in Oregon.

Portland, Ore.—The storm raged here and telegraph lines are down in all directions. At the mouth of the Columbia River the wind blew at the rate of eighty-seven miles an hour for several hours. A portion of the great Government jetty, reaching four miles into the Pacific, has been carried away. A great snowslide covers the Southern Pacific track just beyond the summit of the Siskiyou Mountains, on the line between Oregon and California. The Columbia River is rising rapidly, being fed by the flushed streams of Eastern Washington and Idaho. The Willamette is flooding the lower ground of Portland. Should the weather turn warm and cause the great amount of snow in the mountains to melt, damage to the extent of millions will be done.

In Lake Superior Country.

Calumet, Mich.—A severe snowstorm prevails throughout the Lake Superior country. The wind has a velocity of sixty miles an hour and all street railway service has been discontinued. Railroad service is badly hampered.

Dust and Windstorm.

Kansas City, Mo.—A great part of Kansas, in the neighborhood of Ellis, Junction City and Kingman, has been visited by a dust and windstorm, which has done much damage to crops. Heavy rain has fallen in some parts.

PAY OF PANAMA COMMISSION.

The President Fixes It at $12,000 a Year, With $15 a Day For Expenses.

Washington, D. C.—The President, acting under the authority of the Spooner law, announced that the salaries of each of the members of the Panama Commission would be $12,000 a year, with an allowance of $15 a day for expenses for each member while on the Isthmus. No allowance is made for expenses while the Commissioners are in the United States, but the various expenses of the Commission as an official body will, of course, be provided for through further canal legislation.

Nearly all the Commissioners are supposed to have sacrified a large income by accepting appointment under the Government, and some persons believed the President would name $15,000 or $20,000 as a fair salary.

SPLINTER KILLS CONGRESSMAN.

Representative Croft Injured Thumb and Blood Poisoning Followed.

Washington, D. C.—Representative George W. Croft, of Aiken, S. C., died at his home in this city of blood poisoning.

Mr. Croft had been ill for over six weeks as the result of an injury caused by a splinter in his thumb, from which blood poisoning resulted. Dr. Croft, a brother, was summoned from Aiken, but his efforts and those of the local physicians proved unavailing.

Mr. Croft was fifty-seven years old and leaves six sons. He was a Democrat and was serving his first term in Congress. He had been twice elected President of the South Carolina State Bar Association and had served in both Houses of the State Legislature.

Hungarians Back Down.

The obstructionist members of the Hungarian Diet have given up their fight for the introduction of the Hungarian language to supersede German in the orders of command given in the Hungarian regiments.

Geronimo's Fifth Wife Dead.

Mrs. A. Teppets, the fifth wife of the chief of the Apache Indians, Geronimo, who was about forty-two years old, died in the Apache hospital, on the Fort Siller Reservation,

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBose, - - - - Editor
Geo. D. Campbell, - - Manager

COLUMBIANA, ALA.
THURSDAY, MAECH 17, 1904.

Entered in the post-office at Columbiana Ala., as second class matter.

ANNOUCEMENTS.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county.

D. R. McMILLAN.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce E. S. Lyman as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, s bject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. O'Hara a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the primary to be held April 11th, 1903.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county.

WALTER E. LESTER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

W. A. THOMPSON.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

Wm. R. A. MILNER.

The many friends of H. W. Nelson announce him as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Shelby county subject to the action of the primary election April 11th.

J. E. RUFFIN.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis, announces himself a cnadidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of J. E. Adams in Beat Eleven, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

W. R. WEAVER.

R. J. Griffin, of Maylene, is a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county subject to the action of the democratic primary.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR

By the urgent solicitation of many friend the name of J. S. Falkner, of Vincent, as a candidate for the office Tax Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

W. C. Benton, of Silura, announces himself a candidate for Tax Assessor of Shelby county subject tothe action of the democratic party.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John W. Moore, of Weldon, as a candidate for the office of tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the democratic primary.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John N. Wyatt as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District of Shelby county, subject to the Democratic primary.

Commissioner 1st District.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Commissioner from the First District, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

Walter E. Riddle.

FOR SOLICITOR.

I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the office of Soliciter of the Seventh Judicial Circuit.

BORDEN H. BURR.

FOR CHANCELLOR.

We are authorized to announce R. A.D. Dunlap a candidate for Chancellor of this district.

FOR SUPT. OF EDUCATION.

I hereby announce for re-election to the office of County Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of Democratic primary.

JOHN B. FARRELL.

March came in like lamb however it has behaved since.

A man can talk as loud and make as much noise in a political meeting as the best and yet not be a registered voter,

It is only a short time until the primary election. Let every registered voter turn out, vote for the best men, and the men best suited to carry the democratic banner on to victory.

The negroes who are not registered will not pay poll tax. That means two things—that they feel no interest in the schools and do not intend to fit themselves to bebecome voters.

The men who pose as democrats, but who have been supporting republican polocies and candidates for eight years, should not feel offended if requested by loyal democrats to show their papers.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee of Shelby county held on February 16th, 1904, a primary election was called to be held in the various beats of Shelby county for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various State, Circuit, Division, Congressional and County officers to be elected in the November election; therefore, in pursuance of said call a primary election will be held in the various beats of Shelby county for the nomination of said officers on April the 11th, 1904. In said election, all white qualified electors, who believes in in the principles of the Democratic party are entitled and cordially invited to paricipate.

J. T. LEEPER,
Chairman Dem. Ex. Com.

DISCIPLINE.

Hardships may be but the means used to develop the character, but hardship does not of itself give nobleness of character. When we consider how large a part in the shaping and directing of the highest personality has come through meeting and enduring hardships, we are inclined to fear that those who have no call to similar experiences of hardship may lack the training which would develop the highest manhood, but the men who have profited have simply done the best they could do in the circumstances which surrounded them, in the providence of God. There is no better school for any human soul than the school of God's own choosing, and one who does the best he can, whether he is called to hardship or not, is likely to develop a character for the work God has for him to do, whatever that may be. "Obedience is better than sacrifice all the walks of life. Do well the one duty at your hand.

The farmer who has confined his efforts to two or three staple crops does not know how his farm would respond to some one or more special crops. This is a day of specialties, and many men can make a success growing some special crops who are not now making a good living growing some of the staple crops. The way to star on some special crops is to start with a small area and gradually branch out to larger proportions. I have in my mind a farmer who made a failure of growing staple crops and afterwards made a pronounced success growing broom corn. Another did the same thing with pop corn.-Practical Farmer.

If Congress should grant all the special appropiation demanded for various purposes at this session, the governmeut would be absolutely swamped. It would cost more than $200,000,000 to meet the demands along a few lines only. Some of those are meritorious, others not so much so and still others little short of raids, or attempted grabs. Among the meritorious ones are those in the interest of farmers such as the good roads bill, The expositions, like the daughter of the horse leech, are still begging for more, when as a matter of fact, they already have more than they are entitled to. Their requests are for "loans," but everybody knows that the money might as well be called an outright gift, as not a cent of it will ever be paid back.

Treatment of Pneumonia.

Pneumonia is too dangerous a disease for any one to attempt to doctor himself, although he may have the proper remedies at hand. A physician should always be called. It should be borne in mind, however, that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of the grip, and by the proper treatment these diseases a threatened attack of pneumonia may be warded off. There is no question whatever about this, as during the 30 years and more that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used we have yet to learn of a single case of cold or attack of grip having resulted in pneumonia when this remedy was used. Dr. W J. Smith. of Sanders, Ala., a druggist says of it: "I have been selling Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and prescribe it in my practice f r the past 6 years. Use i, in cases of pneumonia and have always gotten good results." Eor sale at Bandy Drug Co.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
For Piles, Burns, Sores.

RAILROAD OFFICIAL

Address a Letter to the People Relative to Presidency of the Railroad Commission.

DISFAVORS B. B. COMER.

To the People of Alabama:

Would you think it fair and just if the lawyer who appeared in court and argued a case against you in favor of your opponent should be called to sit as the judge in that same case at the next term of court?

Last June B. B. Comer appeared before the railroad commission of Alabam and arged vigorously that all rail road rates in the state should be re duced. As a candidate for president of the railroad commission he is now promising to decide all those matters against the railroad companies. His various lines of business give him a direct and very large interest in a great many of the most important of these matters. Do you think it fair and just to make him one of the Judges to hear and decide the very controversy in which he has already appeared as an advocate or attorney, in which he has a large personal interest, and which he has completely prejudged in advance of trial or hearing?

The people of Alabama would not elect any man as president of the railroad commission who had appeared before the railroad commission in that controversy in behalf of the railroads. If they would not elect a man representing the railroads, should they in justice elect a man who appeared against the railroads, and who is adversely interested to them?

The law of Alabama declares that a judge must not act in a case which he has been attorney or in which he is interested. Does not the same spirit of fairness require that a man should not be elected president of the railroad commission for the express purpose of deciding matters in which he is interested both personally and as attorney?

We do not, of course, deny or question the right of the state to decide what is just and fair as between the shippers and the railroads, that the railroad commission has ample power to render such decisions and make them effective.

We do not feel, however, that we have the right to ask you to select some fair minded and disinterested man as president of the railroad commission, before whom the railroads, as well as the shippers, can appear in the confident belief that a fair and impartial hearing will be accorded.

Very respectfully,
Walker D. Hines,
First Vice President L. & N. R. R.

W. W. Whiteside, of Anniston Endorsed for Chancellor.

We, the undersigned members of the Bar of Calhoun county hereby endores the candidacy of Hon. W. W. Whiteside for Chancellor of the North Eastern Chancerp Division; and we take pleasure in bearing testimony to his emiment fitness and qualifications for the office. He is a man of fine moral character, and a lawyer of ability and ripe experience: John Pelham, Circuit Judge; Thos. W. Coleman Jr. Judge City Court; Jno. B. Knox, W. P. Acker, A. P. Agee, Chas. D. Kline, A. B. Sawyer, J. F. Green, S. W. Tate, Hugh Walker, Hugh D. Merrill, Henry D. McCarty, W. F. Johnson, A. F. McGhee, James T. Green, J. J. Willett, E. H. Hanna, A.H. Shepperd, T.C. Sensabaugh, J. H. King, D. C. Blackwell, W. C. Tunstall, Jr. Fred L. Blackmon, T. R. Matthews, Chas. S. Moore, Wm. M. Hames, J. T. Martin, Jos. J. Arnold, T. Ben-Kerr, Harvey A. Emerson, Ross Blackmon.

We the unpersigned members of the Bar of Cleburne County take pleasure in endorsing the candidacy of Hon. W. W. Whiteside for Chancellor of the North-Eastern Chancery Division of Alabama; and in so doing we desire to state that he is well qualified and fitted, in every respect, for the high position to which he aspires.

J. B. Stepheus, R. L. Evans, T. J. Burton, W. C. McMahan, J. R. Barker.

The undersigned members of the Bar at Talladega endorse the candidacy of Hon. W. W. Whitesides for the Democratic nomination for chancellor of the Northeastern Chancery Division of Alabama, and take pleasure in commending him to the favorable consideration of the democrats of this county. Mr. Whitesides is an able lawyer and his character as a man is unimpeachable. In our opinion he is eminently qualified to discharge the duties of the office to which he aspires in a manner wholly acceptable to the people of this division. W. B. Castleberry, G. K. Miller, W. B. Harrison, Cecil Browne, Borden H. Burr, E. H. Dryer, J. K. Dixon, W. C. McMillan, J. J. Pierce, W. B. Newman, James C Burt, Alex M. Garber.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.

"SUPERB, LOVELY, CHARMING!"

Are the exclamations that greet your ears upon entering the

COLUMBIANA MILLINERY SHOP.

The markets of the country have been ransacked for the newest and latest designs in

MILLINERY GOODS.

And all attest that we have them in abundance. No need to send to a city and pay two prices when you can find just the very thing you want *AT HOME* and at *VERY MODERATE PRICE.* It is our purpose to keep in stock a great many articles used by the ladies. among which are

WHITE GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, AND SHIRT WAISTS.

The very latest in every line. Miss Florence Fallaws, of Louisville, Ky., our accomplished milliner, will cheerfully show you through the stock, and your order will be appreciated. We came here to stay, and to stay means to please you in STYLE and PRICES. Please give us a call.

Columbiana Millinery Shop.

TO MY FRIENDS AND THE TRADE,

I have bought out the Drug Store of E. D. Hall, and will conduct an UP-TO-DATE DROG BUSINESS.

Our Perscription Department is conducted by Dr, A. T. Rowe, one of the county's best phyicians. Our Patent Medicine and Staple Drugs are best that can be bought in the market of which we expect to keep a good supply.

Call on us for what you want. Satisfaction guaranteed. Yours to serve,

J. H. MASON,

Dealer in pure Drugs and Medicines.

Happy, Healthy Children.

Any child can take Little Early Risers with perfect safety. They are harmless never grip or sicken, and yet they are so certain in results that robust constitutions requiring drastic means never disappoint. They can't fail to perform their mission and every one who uses DeWitts Little Early Risers prefer them to all other pills. Sold by Bandy Drug Co.

It Never Disappoints.

F. J. Williams, proprietor of the Hamilton Drug Co., Hamilton, Iowa, says Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is practically the only remedy he sells for cramps, diarrhoea and colic, for the reason that it never disappoints. For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

A Favorite Remedy for Babies.

Its pleasant taste and prompt cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a favorite with the mothers of small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds and prevents any danger of pneumonia or other serious consequences. It not only cures croup but whe given as soon as the croupy cough appears will prevent the attack For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

Do You Want Strength.

If you want to increase your strength you must add to and not take from the physical In other words, the food you eat must be digested, assimilated and appropriated by the nerves, blood and tissues before being expelled from the intestines. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure adds to the physical. It gives strength to and builds up the human system. It is pleasant to the taste and palulable, and the only combination of digestants that will digest food and enable the system to appropriate all of its health and strength giving qualities, Sold by Bandy Drug Company.

Justice court will be held on the 1st and 3d Saturdays in each month at Shelby, Ala., by L. N. Curlee, J. P.

HEALTH

"I don't think we could keep house without Thedford's Black-Draught. We have used it in the family for over two years with the best of results. I have not had a doctor in the house for that length of time. It is a doctor in itself and always ready to make a person well and happy."—JAMES HALL, Jacksonville, Ill.

Because this great medicine relieves stomach pains, frees the constipated bowels and invigorates the torpid liver and weakened kidneys

No DOCTOR

is necessary in the home where Thedford's Black-Draught is kept. Families living in the country, miles from any physician, have been kept in health for years with this medicine as their only doctor. Thedford's Black-Draught cures biliousness, dyspepsia, colds, chills and fever, bad blood, headaches, diarrhœa, constipation, colic and almost every other ailment because the stomach, bowels liver and kidneys so nearly control the health.

THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

Three Time the Value of Any Other.

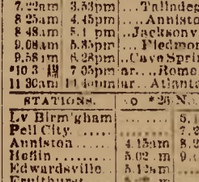
One-Third Easier.
One-Third Faster.

Agents wanted in all Unoccupied Territory.

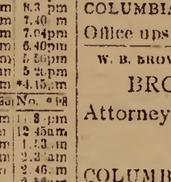
WHEELER & WILSON
MANUFACTURING CO.
ATLANTA, - - - - - GA.

PIANOS, ORGANS AND SEWING MACHINES ON FREE TRIAL!!!

ELEGANT CENTURY UPRIGHT PIANO, $125. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT PARLOR ORGANS, $25 UP. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT CENTURY SEWING MACHINES, BALL-BEARING, $18. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial. CASH OR EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

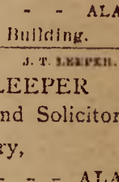


We trust honest people located in all parts of the world.



Direct from factory to homes at factory prices.

FREE



WRITE FOR FREE CATALOGUE.

CENTURY MF'G CO. DEP'T East St. Louis, Ill.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effect June 14, 1903.

*No. 22	*No. 16	STATIONS.	*No. 15	*No. 21.
7.00pm	5.55am	lv. Mobile..ar	10.35pm	8 10am
1.10am	4.30pm	lv...Selma...lv	4.35pm	2.05am
5.30am	9.00pm	ar Birm'ham lv	6.20am	9.35pm
9.40am	.....	ar Chatt'ga lv	.....	6.15pm
1.15pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	.....	2.10pm
5.40pm	.....	ar..Bristol..lv	.....	8.50am
6.00pm	.....	ar.Asheville lv	.....	9.00am
1.50am	.....	ar Lynchb'rg lv	.....	3.00am
6.52am	.....	ar W'sh'gt'n lv	.....	10.01pm
12.45pm	.....	ar. N York..lv	.....	3.25pm

Nos. 22 and 21 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville, Birmingham and New York. Cafe car serves meals en route

No *18	STATIONS.	No. *17
7.2 am	lv.....Tuscaloosa.....ar	9.2pm
9.10am	lv.....Akron.....ar	7.3pm
9.58am	.....Greensboro.....	6 4pm
10.52am	.....Marion.....	5 46pm
11.50am	ar.....Selma.....lv	4.45pm

No. *24	No. *16	STATIONS.	No. *15	No. *28
.....	7.30pm	lv New O'l'n, ar	8.30am	.....
.....	7.30am	lv. Meridian. ar	8.05pm	.....
.....	9.37am	...Demopolis.	6.30pm	.....
.....	10.23am	ar..Union'n.lv	5.42pm	.....
.....	11 03am	...Marion Jct..	5.10pm	.....
.....	11.30am	ar (Selma) lv	4.45pm	.....
.....	12.05pm	lv ( ) ar	4.30pm	.....
.....	2.00pm	...Montevallo..	3.32pm	.....
.....	2.2 pm	...Calera....	2.2pm	.....
.....	2.42pm	...Columbiana..	1.49pm	.....
7.45am	3.18pm	..Childersburg.	1.1pm	*8.25pm
7.22am	3.53pm	...Talladega..	12.3pm	8.3 pm
8.25am	4.45pm	....Anniston..	11.35am	7.40 m
8.48am	5.1 pm	..Jacksonville.	11.0am	7.04pm
9.08am	5.35pm	...Piedmont....	10.45am	6.40pm
9.58am	8.28pm	..Cave Springs..	9.58am	5.5pm
*10.3	7.05pm	ar.....Rome.....	6.20am	5 2pm
11.30am	11.00am	ar.....Atlanta..lv	5.3 am	*4.15pm

STATIONS.	No *35	No. *37	No. *47	No. *25
Lv Birm'gham	.....	5.10am	4.1pm	11 8pm
Pell City	.....	7.2am	5.25pm	12 45am
Anniston	4.15am	8.20am	6 3 pm	1.33 m
Heflin	5.02 m	9.03am	7.20 pm	2.3 am
Edwardsville	5.12am	.....	7 30pm	2 46 m
Fruithurst	5.22 m	.....	7 42p	2.56pm
Tallapoosa	5.43am	9.37 m	8 02p	3.15 m
Bremen	9 07am	.....	8. 5pm	3 33am
Douglasville	7 10am	10.45am	9 13pm	4.34am
Lithia Springs	7 25am	.....	9.27pm	4.52am
Atlanta	9am	11.50am	10. 5pm	5.20a.m

STATIONS.	No *35	No. *37	No. *47	No. *25
Lv Atlanta	6.10am	1.15p m	11 5pm	6 15pm
Lithia Springs	6 47	.....	.....	7.17pm
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	9.6	.....	.....	.....
.....	9.4	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Birmingham	11	5.20pm	5.20 m	.....

STATIONS.	No. 34	No. 36
Lv Birmingham	4 15pm	6.10am
Lv Anniston	6.3pm	8.2am
Lv Atlanta	10.55pm	12.0 pm
Ar Macon	1.05am	2.25pm
Ar Jesup	5.20am	.....
Ar Jacksonville	8.30am	.....
Ar Brunswick	6.55am	.....

No 36 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Brunswick and Atlanta to Jacksonville.

No. 38 carries Pullman Sleeping car and Dining car Birmingham to Atlanta.

STATIONS.	No. 13
Lv Rome	7.10pm
Ar Chattanooga	9.50pm
Ar Knoxville	1 40am
Ar Hot Springs	4.38am
Ar Asheville.....(Cent Time)	5.55am
Ar Salisbury.....(East Time)	11.38am
Ar Greensboro	12.50p m
Ar Washington	9.50pm
Ar New York	6.15a m

No. 13 carries Pullman Sleeping car Rome to Chattanooga, Chattanooga to Salisbury and Salisbury to New York without change.

STATIONS.	No. 2	No. 4.
Lv Chattanooga	10 05am	10.45pm
Ar Cincinnati	7.30pm	8.15am
Ar Louisville	8.15pm	10.35am

No. 4 Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to Louisville and Cincinnati.

No. 2 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

STATIONS.	No. 40	No. 38	No. 36
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	4.10pm
Lv Atlanta (Eas't. t me)	1.45pm	1.00 m	1.00am
Ar Charlotte	10.05pm	8.12pm	9.20am
Ar Danville	2.58am	11.53am	1.3 pm
Ar Lynchburg	4.33am	1.55am	3.22pm
Ar Charlottesville	6.20am	3.37am	5.50pm
Ar Washington	9.45am	6.42am	9.15pm
Ar Baltimore	†10.55am	7.50am	11.30pm
Ar Philadelphia	12.54n'n	10.15am	2.56am
Ar New York	3 03pm	12.43pm	6.15am

No. 38 "Washington & Southwestern Limited" Solid Vestibule train Atlanta to New York, carrying Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Club car Atlanta to Washington.

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

J. C. LUSK, D. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
H. F. LAUMER, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
C. H. ACKERT, G. M., Washington, D. C.
W. A. TURK, P. T. M., Washington, D. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, G.P.A., Washington, D. C.
C.A. BENSCOTER, A.G.P.A., Chattanooga, Tenn

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W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles

Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago
The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

For sale by WILLIAMS BROS.

The Pleasure of Eating.

Persons suffering from indigestion dyspepsia or other stomach trouble will find that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure gets what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. This remedy is a never failing cure for indigestion and dyspepsia and all complaints affecting lands or membranes of the stomach or digestive tract. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure everything you eat tastes good, and every bit of the nutriment that your food contains is assimilated and appropriated by the blood and tissues. Sold by Williams

COTTON BELT ROUTE

HALF RATES TO TEXAS

BOTH ONE WAY AND ROUND TRIP

via the Cotton Belt, from St. Louis, Thebes, Cairo and Memphis, first and third Tuesdays of each month, beginning October 21st. For one-way tickets,

Half the One-Way Rate, plus $2.00;

[illegible] .00, to points in Missouri, Arkansas, [illegible] oma and Indian Territories. [illegible] ticket from your home town.

The Cotton Belt runs solid through trains to Texas, equipped with the most modern and comfortable cars. These trains make quick time and direct connections for all parts of the Great Southwest.

If you are seeking a better place to locate, write for a free copy of our handsome illustrated booklets, Homes in the Southwest and Through Texas With a Camera.

N. B. BAIRD, Traveling Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
E. W. La BEAUME, General Pass. and Ticket Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

THURSDAY, MARCH 17, 1904.

Cotton 13 cents.

Spring werther.

Fruit trees in bloom.

All fool days will soon be here.

Circuit court Monday April 4th.

The time is approaching for the city election.

If you need shingles call on W. W. Albright.

J. E. Ruffin, of Helena, was in the city Monday.

There will be services at the Baptist church Sunday.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis was a visitor to the city Tuesday.

R. J. Griffin, of Helena, was in the city Monday and Tuesday

H. S. Latham, of Montevallo, visited relatives here last week.

The Populist party have called a primary election on April 9th.

E. B. Nelson spent several days in Birmingham last week on Business.

Dr. J. H. Gunn, of Calera, was a visitor to the city Monday and Tuesday.

Only four more days in which candidates can file thier declaration of candidacy for office.

Dr. Wm. C. Williams and wife, of Shelby, visited relatives in the city Monday afternoon.

D. M. Ray, of Shelby Springs, was here last week and said he was going to be a democrat awhile.

R. B. Posey, of Harpesville, attended the meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee Monday.

Rev. G. T. Harris filled his regular appointment at the Methodist church last Sunday morning and night.

C. L. Meroney and E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, were among the visitors to the city Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Simmon Friedberger and children arrived in the city last week and will, in the furture, make this their home.

Shingles! Shingles! I am now prepared to furnish first-class shingle in quantity and on short notice, W. W. Albright.

The Quarterly Conference of the Talladega District of the Methodist church will be held at Good Hope church on April 2d and 3d.

Hick Bice, of Shelby, was a visitor to the city Sunday evening. We suppose a pair of rosy cheeks and blue eyes await his coming.

Mr. and Mrs. Wentworth and Mrs. Mrs. John T. Cromwell left last Sunday for Bessemer, where they will be the guest of Mrs. F. M. Johnson.

If troubled with weak digestion, belching or sour stomach, use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and you will get quick relief. For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

J. S. Falkner of Vincent, was a visitor to the city this week. Sanford as he is better known to our people is a candidat fo the office af tax assessor of Shelby county.

The store of Leo Friedberger has been transformed into a palace of beauty, and with his fresh goods for the eyes to feast upon, and when he receives his spring goods will have one the prettiest stores in this section of the country.

The grand millinery opening of the Columbiana Millinery Shop will take place on the 26th and 27th, Misses Fallaw and Quigley will be pleased to have the ladies call and inspect their beautiful stock of millinery and ladies furnishing goods.

Last Friday afteroon a game of base ball was played on the diamond here, between a team from the High school and the town boys. The game came to an end after the seventh inning and resulted in favor of the town boys by a score of 13 to 12.

While making up your ticket don't forget the name of W. A. Thompson, he is a man well qualified for the office of treasurer, and should he be fortunate in getting the nomination and elected in November will fill the office with credit both to the county and to himself.

The millinery opening of Hammond Millinery Co., took place yesterday. At 8:30 o'clock yesterday morning the doors were thrown open and the interior of the store presented a lovily picture. The counters were decoraten with ferns and flowers, while the wall was beautifully dressed with ornaments of different designs. The display reflects credit to the nimble fingers which made the beautiful hats on exhibit yesterday and today.

The Spring team of Circuit court will begin on Monday April 4th. The town will be full of people, witnesses, lawyers, agents, musicians, the smiling, whole-souled, liberty loving, law-abiding patriotic and unpretentious candidates who will squeeze your hand till the bones will crack. By the way Judge Pelham is a candidate for reciection as Judge of this the Seventh Judicial district, and has no opposition for the nomination. Judge Pelham possesses all the attributes of all great jurists, and a better man could not be placed on the bench.

Clarence Abbett, of Shelby, was a visitor to the city Sunday afternoon.

E. D. Hall has opened up business in the Browne building next to the post office.

A delightful social was given at the residence of J. S. Pitts Wednesday night, and those present spent a pleasant evening.

Married at the home of the bride's father, J. W. Morrow, about 3 miles west of the city, yesterday, C. C. Anchors, of Selma, and Miss Sula Morrow. Rev. John Milner officiating. Miss Morrow is the sister of our fellow townsman Mr. Walter Morrow. The Chronicle extends congratulations to the happy couple.

Among the announcements this week will be found that of J. E. Ruffin of Helena, who announce himself as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Shelby county. Mr. Ruffin is a gentlema well qualified to fill the office which he asks the votes of the people of the county, and if nominated and elected will fill the office to the entire satisfaction of the people.

Don't forget the millinery opening of the COLUMBIANA MILLINERY SHOP on the 26th and 27. The ladies are cordially invited call and inspect our handsome line of millinery, hats and ladies furnishings.

How to Make Money.

Agents of either sex should today write Marsh Manufacturing Co., 538 Lake st., Chicago, for cuts and particulars of their handsome Aluminum Card Case with name engraved on it and filled with 100 calling or business cards. Everybody orders them. Sample case and 100 cards, postpaid 40 cts. This case and 100 cards retails at 75c. You have only to show sample to get an order. Send 40c at once for case and 100 cards or send 30c for 100 cards without case. Mention this paper

CALVARY.

Mrs. Melissa Cunningham, of Pelham, visited relatives here last week.

Alber Messer, of Weldon, was in the community Saturday on business.

Mrs. M. A. Farrell visited relatives at Helena and Gurnee a few days last week returning home Sunday.

In looking over the announcements of the candidates for nomination in the race for treasurer, we fail to find therin the name of a person better fited to the requirements of the office than Walter E. Lester, of beat 8. Mr. Lester is a man of high moral character and pure religious attainments, and one whose loyalty of purpose to the people at large as well as to the office he seeks cannot be questioned.

TOBIAS.

We are prepared to do fine dressmaking. Satisfaction guaranteed.

HAMMOND MILLINERY CO.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale granted by Hon. A. P. Longshore Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., on February 22, 1904, I, as administrator of the estate of Charles J. Christian deceased, will sell to the highest bidder for one third cash, one third in one year, and one third in two years, in the town of Columbiana, Ala., in front of the court house door on Monday, the 28th day of March 1904, the following described property, to-wit: southeast quarter of section 31, townsdip 21, rango 1 east, southwest quarter and south half of southeast quarter of section 32, township 21, range 1 east, east half of northeast quarter of section 6, township 22, range 1 east, north half of section 5, township 22, range 1 east, situated in Shelby county Alabama.

HENRY MILNER,
Administrator.

Withdrawal Card.

Wilsonville, Ala., March, 15th.

Editor Chronicle:

I will state to my friends of the county that I withdraw from the race for tax collector of Shelby county. Thanking my friends for the encouragement I have had, but I don't think it is fair for one man to run against four big men, so I will get ont and make it easier for the next man.

Respectfully,
J. M. RAY.

NOTICE.

State of Alabama, } Probate Court.
Shelby county. }

Estate of J. J. Davidson, deceased.

This day came J. J. Davidson and Clara Davidson, administrators of said estate and filed their application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therin, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts and making division among joint owners. It is ordered that the 25th day of April, 1904, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper. This the 10th day of March, 1904.

A. P. LONGSHORE.
Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed by T. W. Weaver and N. A. Weaver his wife to E. Williamson, administrator of the estate of S. A. Densler deceased, on the 3d day of December 1900, recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., in record of mortgage, No. 56 page 383, the undersigned will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door in Columbiana, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, on Monday the 11th day of April, 1904, the following described property, to-wit: the northeast quarter of southwest quarter and part of the northwest quarter of south west quarter, being all that part of the north half of the southwest quarter of section 14, township 21, range 1 east; that is on the east side of the public road known as the Montgomery road. This the 10th day of March

JOHNNIE MAY BLACK,
and OLIVE A. DENSLER.
Assignees of said mortgage.
McMillan & Haynes, their Attorney.

Best Remedy for Constipation.

"The finest remedy for constipation I ever used is Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets," says Eli Butler of Frankville, N. Y. "They act gently and without any unpleasant effect, the bowels in a perfectly natural condition." Sold by Bandy Drug Co.

TIP TOP.

Sunday was courting day with some of our boys.

Mrs. S. R. McCall, of Brighton, is on a visit to friends and relatives here.

Several of the boys attended the singing at Balentiene's Sunday.

Preaching at Ebernezer Sunday with Rev. J. J. Moore officiating.

Amos Blackerby, Arthur Armstrong and Frank Chesser, of Center Institute, were at church Sunday.

George Holmes, of Vincent, was out among his old friends last Sunday.

A severe storm prevailed in our midst Sunday night. No damage done

W. S. Dickerson and C. M. Gill made a business trip to your city Saturday.

We regret to learn of the death of our relative W. H. Colley, who has frequently visited this community, he had many friend here.

Did you ever see so many candidates? Oliver Moore, Sake Perry, Penson Moore and Jim Dickerson are candates too, but they do their talking to their girls don't guess we'll get many votes.

We heard some one ask where Tip Top was, it smidway between Straight Ridge and Pine Mountain near the loop, if any one knows where that is.

W. C. Elder is frequently seen at Oakdale. We can guess about right, there are two, think Miss D. is the one

We regret the sad misfortune of J. W. Sewell last Friday night. His residence was burned down, and he lost nearly everything.

GYPSY.

Colds Cause Pneumonia.

One of the most remarkable cases of colds, developed on the lungs, causing pneumonia is that of Gertrude E Fenner, Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says: "The coughing and straining so weakened me so that I ran down in weight from 148 to 92. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this, wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength. Sold by Bandy Drug Company.

WILSONVILLE.

Prof. L. B. Riddle, lately of Longview has a position with Pennington & Smith. He will move his family here in a few days.

W. G. Hester and W. W. Albright, of your city were in town Saturday.

David Ray, of beat 8, was in town Saturday.

We will have telephone connection with your city in a very short time. Holes were dug for the poles.

We regret to note the withdrawal of Prof. J. M. Dye from the race for tax assessor as we were anxious to vote for him.

Misses Emma Kytle has a position with R. G. Weldon & Co.

Mr. Black, of Oxanna, visited his brother J. R. Black last week.

W. E. Riddle was in town Sunday, dear hunting we suppose.

Mr. Hammond of near Harpersville was in town Sunday and reported a heavy rain fall accompanied by hail.

Rev. Mr. Gross, a student of Howard College preached here Sunday in lieu of the pastor, Rev. O. P. Bently.

The Advocate says the democrats do nothing but draw their salaries and endeavors to hoodwink the people and we will say that it is a notable that the only official who did not draw on the county for the full amount allowed by law and in some case more, was a democrat.

Ther has been some excitement in our community caused by the county health officer pronouncing some supposed cases of chicken pox smallpox.

HONESE JOHN.

Strayed

From my home at Harpersville, Ala., one four year old bay mare with wire cut on right fore foot. Take her up and wire S. J. Strock, Vincent, Ala., care Gorman Co., at my expense.

S. J. STROCK

March 16th, 1904.

REDLAWN.

The weather has been fine and the farmers have been using it too.

D. S. Wingard who has been in the employed by Weldon & Co., can be found again on his farm.

We have notice for several days past that our friend Taylor Armstrong has been wearing a smile, we now know why—it's a girl.

Sheriff Cox and Deputy Norris passed her last week, their trend was northward, but their destination we knew not where.

Mrs. Ida Armstrong and also Mrs. Bradley have been ill for several days.

Our friend Walter Lester, a candidate for treasurer passed through our town one day last week

J. A. Spearman who has been teaching at Dogwood, since last November is at home with his family to spend the summer.

The people appear to be well satisfied with the reral free delivery of the mail. If our people will avail themselves of the oppotunity they can be benefitted largely educational speaking. Shelby county should have a doz en routes.

The primary will soon be here and then who will be the nominees, is the question that's agitating the minds of the people, and especially that of the candidates.

Ego does not say much but he can see and think just the same. O, no! [illegible] believe that the Honest John sort is not to be found in the democratic party. Yes, he may force his worm eatern doctrine on some of the people part of the time, but he cannot all the time.

Yes, we hear them snort about the constitutional convention disfranchisement of the negro, the poor white man, and there is not a white man (unless he be a radical) in Shelby county or any other county in the commonwealth of Alabama that does not admit that the negro at large is incapable of sound discretion and good government and should not be allowed to vote. The democrats have not disfranchised any white man, they have carelessly done it themselves. Let every man that is in favor of white supremacy and good government turn out on the 11th of next month and cast his vote for McMillan, Adams, Falkner, Lester, or any other man that will make a good officer for Shelby county, that's me.

EGO.

Inflamatory Rheumatism Cured

Wm. Shaffer, a brakeman of Dennison, Ohio, was confined to his bed for week with inflammatory rheumatism. "I used many remidies," he says: "Finally I sent to the drug store for a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, at which time I was unable to use hand or foot, and in a week's time was able to go to work as happy as a clam. For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

Dunlap for Chancellor.

Gadsden, Ala., Jan. 8, 1904.

The members of the Gadsden Bar met in the office of Boykin & Brindley Monday evening, Jan. 4. Upon motion the chairman appointed a committee consisting of W. J. Boykin, J. B. Martin and Judge J. A. Bilbro to prepare suitable resolutions regarding the candidacy of Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap for Chancellor of the Northern Division. The committee reported the following resolutions:

Whereas, We are advised that the Hon. R. B. Kelley, chancellor of the northeaster chancery division will not by reason of his candidacy for associate justice of our supreme court, aspire to succeed himself as chancellor; and

Whereas, our fellow townsman and leading member of our local bar, Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap, has kindly yielded to the earnest solicitation of the members of the Gadsden bar as well as of leading lawyers, democrats throughout the northeastern division, and will enter the field as a candidate for chancellor. Therefore, be it

Resolved, 1st, That we take great pleasure in commending the Hon. R. A. D. Dunlap to the democracy of the northeastern chancery division, as a suitable man for chancellor; he is democrat true and tried, a lawyer of learning and great research, capable, worthy and well qualified to discharge with credit to himself and honor to the people the responsible duties of the office to which he aspires.

2nd. That it gives us, the members of the Gadsden bar, great pleasure to unanimously and enthusiastically endorse the candidacy of Col. R. A. D. Dunlap; pledging our united and individual efforts in his behalf, and we earnestly solicit the aid of friends and acquaintances and brother lawyers and democrats throughout the division to secure the nomination of this worthy gentleman, for we assure those who help us that Col. Dunlap is a hard working, painstaking, sober, honest, upright Christian gentleman, and if nominated and elected chancellor, he will bring to the office his best efforts and we feel safe in assuring all who honor him with their support they will never have cause to regret their action.

W. J. BOYKIN,
J. R. MARTIN,
J. A. BILBRO.

These resolutions were unanimously adopted and, after transacting other business, the meeting adjourned.

A. R. Brindley, Sec. O. R. Hood, Chairman.

The Cherokee County Bar also endorses the candidacy of Colonel R. A. D. Dunlap. adv.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgaged executed by the Northern Coal Company to the Alabama and Mississippi Coal Company on November 30th, 1901, and recorded it mortgage book No. 56 page 496 in the Probate office of Shelby county, Ala., and which mortgage and indebtedness therein was transferred to W. M. Spencer, trustee, the said W. M. Spencer, trustee, owner of said mortgage and indebtedness, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door at Columbiana, Shelby county Ala., during the legal hours of sale, on Saturday, March 12th, 1904, the following described property, lying in said Shelby county, Ala., to-wit: the south east quarter of south west quarter, and west half of south west quarter, all in section 32, township 26, range 3 west; also the south west quarter of the north west quarter of section 32, township 20, range 3 west; except the right of way conveyed to the Echols Coal Co., also except the land conveyed by Columbus Benton and wife to one Ruffin and Echols Coal Company, being about one acre said forty on which the slope of said Echols Coal Co. mines is situated, the south west corner of said acre being about three hundred feet east of the south west corner of said forty acre tract, and also it conveys the right of way and privileges to cross the right of way above referred to with wagon and tram road, and which said right and privilege was conveyed to Columbus Benton by the said Echols Coal Co Co. and the same conveyed by C. Benton and wife to Lula E. Cook, together with all improvements, buildings and appertenances hereto belonging, including engines, boilers, pumps, tram cars, rails and all other property, whether fixtures or not, used in and about the operation of said mines, all the above property lying in Shelby county, Ala. This sale is made to satisfy the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, default having been made in the payment of the indebteness secured, and the cost of this sale, including reasonable attorney's fee. This February 5th, 1904.

W. M. SPENCER,
By Trustee Transferee and Owner.
R. H. PEARSON, } Attorneys.
W. M. SPENCER, }

The above sale postponed to Monday April 4th, 1904

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
For Piles, Burns, Sores.
DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

JURY LIST.

GRAND JURY.

Robert T Atkinson, L H Cosper, L H Sturdemire, A L Deshazo, W H Gill, D C Nickerson, J B Griffin, J L C Wesson, R E Cosper, H W Nelson, Geo Kroell, C A Busby, S A Kendrick, J M Babb, N N Mosteller, W N Gilbert, J S Jackson, R A Kidd, Jr, D B Lacy, J W Kidd.

PETIT JURORS 1ST WEEK.

J H McCall, J E West, A McKinnon C P Keith, W P Cox, C W Stamps, S W Blackerby, H K Thomas, O H Stone, C H McBride, J A Ingram, J R Tinney, P H O'Neal, Custin Wooten, J L Harless, S V Walls, J T Wheat, W T Roseo, A N Ray, W F G Falkner T N Walton, L E Dyke, Cliff Chapman, Henry Davis, A J White, Geo Powell, C H Green, H S Nelson.

SECOND WEEK.

B L Brasher, J W Patman, H M Johnson, Frank Etres, Will Miller, J B Ray, W S L Wood, John Ellison, S R Thomas, J H Martin, John Moore, C M Lackey, Chas Atkinson, S D Isbell, G W Shaw, P F Lyon, W W Hardaway, J N Lyon, M W Owens, David Pearson, R T Newton, E H Morris, T E Lambert, P L Ellison, J M Duke, Jack Crim, J H Lucas, D H Seal, S H Collins.

THIRD WEEK.

John Howard, Charles Sullivan, J E Wooten, W E Merrell, Jno W Robinson, W A Norris, W S Harper, J N Howard, T M Blackeby, H C Harris, Frank Davis, W S Cunningham, W H Cook, J V Champion, A S Johnson, J H Blackerby, J G Willis, J H Mooney, Ed Smith, R W Moss, J E Coshat, C H Bradshaw, T C Elliott, R N Morrison, J T McGoughey, S M Farrell, W H Hill, Z T Baldwil, R O Ozley.

FOURTH WEEK.

M M Crumpton, J C Seal, J L Martin, R A Carden, Henry Wells, D W Whitfield, G D Baldwin, W A Cross, J M Ray, J M Harris, C H West, D R Richards, J H Blackerby, W H Kendrick, R G Tinney, M C Foster, R Armstrong, Jno T Ellis, W H Prestridge, D L Salser, Eugene Williams, Jno Phillips, D M Merrell, J R Alexander, Will McConaughy, J C Andrews W G Wilder, M W Blake, M A Lucas, A J Johnson.

Withdrawal Card.

Harpersville, Ala., March 7th.

Editor Chonicle:

Der Sir.—Please allow me to announce my withdrawal from the race for circuit clerk through your paper. My continued bad health has caused me to take this step. I wish to sincerely thank my many friends for their kind endorsement, and feel confident they would give me a unanimous nomination, and I have the utmost confidence in the election of the entire democratic ticket in November. Assuring my friends that I for one will use all honorable means at my command in helping to accomplish the same. I am yours truly,

T. J. MARTIN.

When Thinking
ABOUT BUYING
A WATCH
It always pays to get a good one. If you want a Watch we can save you money on your order. Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Seth Thomas and New York Standard are good movements. Give us a trial order and you be convinced

DO YOU want anything in musical instruments? We have Violins, Violin Cases, Bows, Bridges, Pegs, Mandolins, Mandolin Cases, Picks, Guitars, Guitar Cases, Tamborines, Banjos, Accordeons, Harps, Harmonicas, Fifes, Ocarines, Flagolets, Bones, Clappers, Graphaphones and Records, also all kinds of strings for Violins, Banjos, Mandolins and Guitars

Call and see us in our
REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.
Don,t forget us when you want photograph work or enlarging, our work will please you. We keep all all kinds of pictures, picture frames and are receiving new goods every week that will interest you. Give us a call when in the city.
T. J. WEAVER & COMPANY,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

The Proper Treatment for Sprained Ankle.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or 3 months before he has fully recovered. This an unnecessary loss of time, for many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some case within three days. For sale by Williams Bros.

A MODEL DRUG STORE
Conducted on a modern sytem.
We carry all Patent Medicines Sold in this Section.
Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins.
Colgate's Soaps, Extracts, Toilet Articles.
Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco.
Fine line of Stationery, in fact everything that goes to makeup
A FIRST GLASS DRUG STORE.
Our Prescription Department is always in charge of a pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of pharmacy and years of experience.
J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
.....OF.....
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782 77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3,000.00	Rediscounts.....	2,263,00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Company.
LAND TITLES;
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE;
TITLES GUARANTEED.
A GENERAL TITLE BUSINESS.
—INSURANCE—
Fire, Plate Glass, Boiler,
Employers Liability, Accident Insurance.
J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Ala.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

NORTH CAROLINA CORN WHISKEY
AT $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 AND $3.00 PER GALLON.
DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.
Saving Middlemen's Profits.
All express charges paid by me on packages of 2 gallons or more.
TERMS--CASH WITH ORDER.
Write for descriptive circulars. Reference commercial agencies or any merchant here.
J. H. WOOLLEY
Cherryville, N. C.

Non-Residence Notice.

L. M. Dyke, Vs. Henry Walthall.
State of Alabama, } Circuit Court.
Shelby County. } Whereas, L. M. Dyke as plaintiff in said cause has obtained an attachment out of this court issued the 19th day of January, 1904, against the estate of the said Henry Walthall as defendant, which attachment has been levied by R. F. Cox, sheriff of Shelby county, Ala., on the following described real estate of the said defendant, to-wit: Island "A" in Coosa river of sections 17 and 8, and all of Island "B" in Coosa river, of section 8. all in township 21, range 2 east. All of which is situated in the the county of Shelby and and state of Alabama, and, whereas, it appears that the said Henry Walthal defendant as aforesaid is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in the State of New York, therefore the said Henry Walthal wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the said attachment and the levy thereof as aforesaid.

Witness my hand this the 21st day of January 1904.

J. P. PEARSON, Clerk.

A child of Mrs. G. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath stepped [illegible] that s[illegible] Pain Balm [illegible] it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Pain Balm is an antseptic liniment and valuable for burns, breises, cuts and spains. Sold by Williams Broc., Druggists.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.
Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF
GEO. W. MCGOWAN, Deceased. } Probate Court

Letters of administration upon the estate of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 19 day of February 1904, by the Hon. A. P. Longshore Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, notice is here by given that all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

E. W. HOLLAND.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowed to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but it stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season con- [illegible] million bottles sold an- [illegible]'s German Syrup was [illegible] the United States in now sold in every town [illegible] in the civilized world. [illegible]aree doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 25 and 75 cts. For sale by Williams Bros.

The Name Witch Hazel.

The name Witch Hazel is much abused. E. C. DeWitt & Co, Chicago, is the inventors of the original and genuine Witch Hazel Salve. A certain cure for cuts, bruises eczema tetter, piles, etc. There are many counterfeits of this salve, some of which are dangerous, while they are worthless. In buying Witch Hazel salve see that E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, is on the box and a cure is certain. Sold by Bandy Drug Company

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

28 Army Generals Send Letters of Endorsement to the Inventor of the Great Catarrh Remedy, Pe-ru-na.

Brigadier-General King, of Confederate Army.

Writes: "I unhesitatingly state that I am convinced Peruna is a medicine that will effect all the cures that is claimed for its use."—J. Floyd King, Washington, D. C.

General Smalls, Beaufort, S. C.,

Writes: "I have used Peruna for catarrhal trouble, and find it beneficial and to be all that it promises, and freely give it my unqualified recommendation."—Robert Smalls.

General Abbott, of Washington, D. C.,

Writes: "I am fully convinced that your remedy Peruna is an excellent tonic. Many of my friends have used it with the most beneficial results for coughs, colds and catarrhal trouble."—Ira C. Abbott, 906 M St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Captain Yarnell, of Washington, D. C.,

Writes: "Your medicine, Peruna, I believe to be the best medicine for catarrh on the market. I have taken only a small amount and can see very beneficial results."—W. G. Yarnell, 2322 Lincoln St., N. E., Washington, D. C.

General McBride, of U. S. A.,

Writes: "I have no hesitation in recommending Peruna to all persons who are afflicted with catarrhal troubles."—J. D. McBride, 450 Pennsylvania Ave., N. W., Washington, D. C.

General Longstreet, of the Confederate Army,

Writes: "I can testify to the merits of Peruna, both as a tonic and a catarrh remedy. Peruna enjoys the greatest reputation as a catarrh remedy of any medicine yet devised."—James Longstreet, Gainesville, Ga.

General Noske, of O. V. U.,

Writes: "I commend Peruna to those who are troubled with colds producing catarrh as a most efficacious cure and as a good general tonic."—Chas. F. Noske, 213 B St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

General Erwin's Recommend.

"Many of my friends have used Peruna as a dyspepsia remedy with the most beneficial results."—John B. Erwin, Washington, D. C.

Brig.-General Schell Benefited.

"Peruna is indeed a wonderful tonic, and for coughs and colds I know of nothing better."—F. M. Schell, Washington, D. C.

General Duffield, of the Union Army,

Writes: "I have used Peruna in my family and have found it a valuable medicine, and take pleasure in recommending it to all who suffer from catarrh of the stomach or who require a tonic of efficiency."—The Cairo, Washington, D. C.

General Butler, of South Carolina,

Writes: "I can recommend Peruna for dyspepsia and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine besides a good tonic."—M. C. Butler.

Brigadier-General Kirby

Writes: "I can recommend Peruna to all those who are afflicted with catarrh."—General D. T. Kirby, Washington, D. C.

Gen. Powell, Hooker Post No. 443,

Writes: "After using one bottle of Peruna I became convinced of its curative qualities, and continued its use to date. All symptoms of catarrh have disappeared, yet I continue its moderate use as a preventive and an old man's tonic."—W. H. Powell, Belleville, Ill.

Gen. Sebring, of the Confederate Army,

Writes: "I can cheerfully recommend your valuable remedy Peruna as a very excellent tonic, and also good for coughs, colds, catarrh and general debility."—W. H. Sebring, 133 W. 4th St., Jacksonville, Fla.

General Lumax, of Washington, D. C.,

Writes: "I can cheerfully recommend your remedy as a permanent and effective cure for catarrh, colds and to any one who needs an invigorating tonic to build up their system."—L. L. Lumax, 1803 19th St., Washington, D. C.

Gen. Payne, of Washington, D. C.,

Writes: "I join with my comrades in recommending Peruna to my friends as an invigorating tonic to build up the system."—Gen. Eugene B. Payne, 407 4th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

General Talley, of Pa., Vol. U. S. A.,

Writes: "Your Peruna has been used by me and my friends as a relief for catarrhal troubles with the most beneficial results. I am so convinced of the efficacy of Peruna that I do not hesitate to give it my recommendation."—Wm. Cooper Talley, 713 D St., N. E., Washington, D. C.

General Bigelow Cured.

Gen. J. G. Bigelow, 151 C St., N. W., Washington, D. C., writes:

"Peruna has made me well and it has given me more than ordinary strength and spirit for work."

Gen. O'Beirne, of Washington, D. C.,

Writes: "As many of my friends and acquaintances have successfully used your Peruna as a catarrh cure, I feel that it is an effective remedy, and I recommend it as such to those suffering from that disease as a most hopeful source of relief."—James R. O'Beirne, 290 Broadway, Washington, D. C.

General Chase, Asst. Adj. Gen'l, G. A. R.,

Writes: "The excellence of Peruna as a cure or relief for catarrhal disturbances is well established. Many of my friends have been benefited by its use."—B. F. Chase, 28 Harrison St., Anacostia, D. C.

General S. S. Yoder, of Ohio,

Writes: "I have found Peruna to be a wonderful remedy. I only used it for a short time and am thoroughly satisfied as to its merits."—S. S. Yoder, Washington, D. C.

General O'Connor, of U. V. Legions,

Writes: "If you are suffering from catarrh or physical debility immediately commence the use of Peruna. It has been of the greatest benefit and service to many of my friends."—Dennis O'Connor, 738 32d St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Gen. Wright, of the Confederate Army,

Writes: "I take pleasure in recommending Peruna. It is a remarkable medicine and should be used by persons who are in need of a good tonic and by sufferers from catarrh."—Marcus Wright, 1724 Corcoran St., Washington, D. C.

Gen. Hawley, of Washington, D. C.,

Writes: "I have used Peruna and find it very beneficial for kidney trouble and especially good for coughs, colds and catarrhal troubles."—A. F. Hawley.

Gen. Urell, of Spanish War Veterans,

Writes: "Many of my friends have used Peruna with beneficial results as an effective remedy for catarrh."—M. Emmet Urell, 813 12th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Other Army Generals who praise Peruna are:

Brigadier-General Cook, of Washington, D. C.
General Sypher, of Washington, D. C.
General Middleton, Hancock Regiment, U. V. U., Washington, D. C.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

MARCH 9TH.

During consideration of the army appropriation bill in the senate Mr. Bacon protested against the acceptance of the statue of Frederic the Great of Germany, tendered by Emperor William, on the ground that the former German king was not in sympathy with American institutions. Mr. Stewart defended Frederic the Great against what he characterized as Mr Bacon's gross misrepresentation. The army appropriation bill was passed. The senate also passed the Philippine shipping bill after speeches in opposition by Messrs. Culberson and Patterson.

The consideration of the army appropriation bill was then resumed, and an amendment suggested by Mr. Proctor, authorizing the secretary of war to adjust the accounts between the governments of the United States and the Philippine government was agreed to.

When the house met the invocation was delivered by the Rev. J. J. Dolliver, father of Senator Dolliver, of Iowa. Immediately thereafter, Bourke Cochran, who was elected to succeed Mayor McClellan from the twelfth district of New York, was sworn in. Upon being escorted to the speaker's desk by Mr. Sulzer, Mr. Cochran was greeted with applause.

Mr. Overstreet, of Indiana, chairman of the committee on postoffices and post roads, was then recognized. He had, he said, consulted with members on both sides of the house who desired more than three hours' to discuss the Hay resolution bearing on the Bristow charges in connection with postal affairs. He therefore suggested a postponement of the consideration of the resolution until Monday.

Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, agreed to this provided the time would be extended to two and a half hours on each side.

MARCH 10TH.

The senate passed a number of bills relating to Alaska, but failed to act on the measure authorizing the election of a delegate in congress from that territory. Sir Mortimer Durand, the British ambassador, and his daughter were interested spectators.

The following bills were passed:

Concerning the repayment of fees on public lands; authorizing the award of brevet commissions for gallant conduct of army officers in China and the Philippines.

Increasing to $100 per month the pensions of ex-soldiers and ex-sailors of the United States who have lost both eyes or become totally blind on account of their service. Mr. McCumber, chairman of the committee on pensions, stated that six hundred cases were covered by the provisions of the bill, and that the increased cost to the government would be $101,600 annually.

In the house the chaplain feelingly referred to the death today of Representative Croft, of South Carolina.

The speaker announced the appointment of Bourke Cochran, of New York, as a member of the ways and means committee.

MARCH 11TH.

With the exception of half an hour devoted to consideration of routine business, the senate spent the entire day in executive session, devoting most of the time to the nomination of General Leonard Wood to be a major general.

Two set speeches were made in opposition to General Wood's confirmation, the speakers being Senators Scott and Blackburn.

The house indulged itself in nearly seven hours of explanation, accusation and denunciation, and then ordered, with only two negative votes, an investigation of postal affairs, so far, as members of the house are concerned, by a special committee to be appointed by the speaker, who, likewise, are to examine into the origin of the Bristow report, so far as it concerns members of the house. The demand of the minority for a sweeping investigation of every branch of the postoffice department was not granted. The test on this question came on a vote which resulted 144 to 125, a strict party vote.

The climax of the day was reached when Representative William Alden Smith, of Michigan, condemned every executive department of the government for its arrogant treatment of the only branch of the government in direct touch with the people of the country—the house of representatives. "I hope," said he, "that the day is not far distant when with the general consent of the American people, the speaker will be lifted into the executive office."

MARCH 12TH.

There was an echo of Indianola, Miss., postoffice case in the senate when Mr. McLaurin rose to a question of personal privilege to explain a newspaper report to the effect that the authorities of that place arrest peddlers of pictures of President Roosevelt and Booker Washington, who may chance to go there. Mr. McLaurin said that arrests of picture venders had been made both at Indianola and a neighboring town, but that the arrests were due to the fact that their wares were of an improper character.

A number of bills were passed. Among them was one having for its purpose the prevention of desecration of the American flag by its use for advertising purposes, and another to authorize absentee Indians to select eighty acres each of public land.

When the house met Speaker Cannon announced the special committee provided for in the McCall resolution adopted by the house yesterday to investigate the indictment respecting the postoffice department, as follows: McCall, republican, Massachusetts, chairman; Hitt, republican, Illinois; Burton, republican, Ohio; Metcalf, republican, California; McDermott, democrat, New Jersey; Bartlett, democrat, Georgia, and Richardson, democrat, Alabama.

The following bills were passed:

Directing the secretary of war to expend $125,000 heretofore appropriated for a deep water channel through Sabine Pass, Tex.

Mr. Crabell, of Kansas, also made a report of the committee of the whole, and after passing the 264 pension bills, the house adjourned.

Senator Morgan introduced a bill for the government of a canal zone. It declares the territory acquired for canal purposes to constitute a government reservation of the United States, subject to civil and military law under the control of the president of the United States through the canal commission. The laws of Panama shall continue until superseded by laws of congress; laws of the United States respecting citizenship, immigration, naturalization and the importation of contract labor shall not apply until congress otherwise shall direct. The fiscal operations of the commission are to be through the war department. Ten million dollars is appropriated to pay for the canal strip, the money is to be paid without delay, and the president is to take immediate possession of the canal zone.

It is announced that St. Louis is to have a woman's hall of fame. The project was given the approval of the board of lady managers at a recent meeting, and it is expected that Mrs. Manning, president of the board, will announce in a few days the members of the committee appointed.

Porto Rico has added $10,000 to its world's fair appropriation, making $30,000 in all.

A crusade against the use of cigarettes has been inaugurated all over the country by the railroads. Officials claim the fumes of cigarettes have a bad effect upon the eyesight of the smoker The cigarette habit is believed to be quite common among the trainmen, and the Baltimore and Ohio is now conducting an examination for the purpose of determining if such is the case.

An informal suggestion that France and the United States act jointly as peacemakers in the far eastern war has been made within the last week, and although officials hold that any peace overtures would be futile at present, the suggestion leads to the belief in high quarters that France and the United States will become the eventual peacemakers. The suggestion was entirely unofficial and informal, but none the less it was thought that it would prove a germ for official action. No such official action is likely at the present time, as it is the accepted view of the French and American authorities that neither belligerent would listen to any peace overture.

An autograph letter from Thomas Jefferson, written a hundred years ago to the Indians of the Louisiana purchase, has recently been unearthed from the archives of the Sac and Fox Indians in Oklahoma. The letter will be a feature of the Oklahoma historic exhibit.

A plan has been suggested to unite the Columbian, American and National universities of the District of Columbia to form the nucleus of a great national university at the capital city.

Commander William Pritchard Randall, the hero who fired the first shot from the sinking Cumberland in the fight with the Merrimac during the civil war, has just died in New Bedford, Mass.

European governments are trying to bring about an understanding between Russia and Japan that will end the war. Their reason is that if the war continues other countries may become involved.

At Garnsey, Ala., a larger and more pretentious depot is being erected by the Southern railway.

Thomas Emerson, a colored man, who was stabbed in the heart by his sweetheart, has been the subject of an unusual operation. His heart was lifted out of the body and six stitches were taken to close the big gash made by the negress' knife. The organ was replaced and Emerson is recovering.

Americans write about forty letters a year, and that average equals forty per cent. of all the letters written in the world.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Steam launches with glass bottoms are now at the service of those who wish to view the marine growth about Catalina Island, Cal.

Salzer's Earliest Cane.

Another new thing. Can be cut six times during a season and sprouts again with lightning rapidity. Next to Salzer's Teosinte it will make more green fodder than anything else, cheap as dirt and grows everywhere.

Of Salzer's Renovator Grass Mixture, just the thing for dying out pastures and meadows, Mr. E. Rappold, East Park, Ga., writes, "I sowed Salzer's Grass Mixture on soil so poor two men could not raise a fuss on it, and in forty-one days after sowing I had the grandest stand of grass in the county. Salzer's Grass Mixtures sprout quickly and produce enormously." 100,000 barrels choice Seed Potatoes.

SALZER'S NEW NATIONAL OATS.

Here is a winner, a prodigy, a marvel, enormously prolific, strong, healthy, vigorous, producing in thirty States from 150 to 300 bu. per acre. You had best sow a lot of it, Mr. Farmer, in 1904, and in the fall sell it to your neighbors at $1 a bu. for seed. [A.C.L.]

Every heart has its secret sorrow which the world knows not; and oftentimes we call a man cold when he is only sad.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has anequal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Belfast is the great tea drinking city of the United Kingdom.

You can do your dyeing in half an hour with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

Cardiff exports 12,000,000 tons of coal a year, Newcastle about 4,000,000.

It is estimated that the total appropriations of this session of congress will amount to between seven and eight hundred million dollars, although there will be no rivers and harbors bill or public building bill.

Henry B. Richardson, of Louisiana, has been confirmed as a member of the Mississippi river commission.

Representative Moon, of Tennessee, in a minority report on the postoffice bill, severely scores that section of the bill appropriating $142,000 for special facilities os trunk lines from Washington to Atlanta and New Orleans over the Southern. Mr. Moon says the appropriation is purely a gift, that the connecting lines are so run that mail was delayed in November, December and January from fifty minutes to eight hours on an average of twenty-six days in each month at one main point of distribution, and that as the train now starts from Washington instead of New York as formerly, the section making the appropriation is the most unjustifiable ever openly incorporated in any bill.

Jacob Raurs, for thirty-five years consul general of Germany for the state of Georgia, has resigned on account of ill health Mr. Raurs' commission was signed in 1868 by Emperor William I and countersigned by President Grant.

The senate committee on public buildings and grounds ordered a favorable report on the bills for the postoffice at Atlanta, Ga., to cost $1,000,000 and one at Fernandina, Fla., to cost $100,000.

On the steamer Lowther Castle, which arrived from the far east with a million dollar cargo, were two wild animals, a baby lion and a hyena for President Roosevelt, from King Menelik of Abyssinia. The king also sent the president a pair of elephant tusks valued at $2,000.

Bishop Charles S. Smith, of Detroit, Mich., urges that the United States should acquire the island of San Domingo as a place of refuge for the negro race.

June 3d, Jeff Davis' birthday, is now a legal holiday in Mississippi.

A West Indian scientist has lately been making investigations into the family life of the green fly, a plant parasite whose fertility eclipses that of all other living creatures. He asserts that a single green fly will produce ninety young, all fertile females. In a few days each one of these ninety will produce another ninety, each equally capable of replenishing the earth. During the summer, about eleven generations of this interesting creature make their appearance. It will, therefore, be seen that at the end of the season the progeny of a single fly would number, barring accidents, 3,138,205,960,000,000. If ten green flies should weigh a grain—a by no means moderate estimate—its descendants in the eleventh degree would weigh no less than one hundred and forty-five billion tons.

In no country in the world is there more complete religious toleration than in Japan. It is not generally known that several of the high officials in the Mikado's service are converts to Christianity. The president of the lower house of the Japanese parliament, which was recently dissolved because it censured the cabinet for not being more vigorous in the negotiations with Russia, is one of the leading members of the Presbyterian church in Japan.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

---

The people of the United States eat up $150,000,000 worth of candy in a year.

---

80 Bushels Macaroni Wheat Per Acre.

Introduced by the U. S. Dept. of Agr. It is a tremendous cropper, yielding in good land 80 bu. per acre, and on dry, arid lands, such as are found in Mont., Idaho, the Dakotas, Colo., etc., it will yield from 40 to 60 bu. This Wheat and Speltz and Hanna Barley and Bromus Inermis and Billion Dollar Grass, makes it possible to grow and fatten hogs and cattle wherever soil is found.

JUST SEND 10C. AND THIS NOTICE

to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and they will send you free a sample of this Wheat and other farm seeds, together with their great catalog, alone $100.00 to any wide-awake farmer. [A.C.L.]

A man forsakes the evil of his ways, not because he has grown good, but because he has grown tired and dyspeptic.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

---

Spain is getting to be a great source of supply for fruit consumed in England.

Earliest Green Onions.

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., always have something new, something valuable. This year they offer among their new money making vegetables an Earliest Green Eating Onion. It is a winner, Mr. Farmer and Gardener!

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10C.

and they will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine, solid Cabbages,
2,000 delicious Carrots,
2,500 Blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

In all over 10,000 plants—this great offer is made to get you to test their warranted vegetable seeds and

ALL FOR BUT 10C. POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c. in postage, they will add to the above a package of the famous Berliner Cauliflower. [A.C.L.]

The United States mint at San Francisco is the largest institution of the kind in the world.

An Untimely Death.

An untimely death so often follows neglect of slight cough or cold. If Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein is taken in time it will prevent any evil results. It cures coughs, colds and consumption.

At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

Ninety-eight per cent. of the 50,000 blind of Japan support themselves by practising massage.

In the Philippines a very strange sight is often presented to the traveler. He will see a steady torrent of black specks shooting out from under a single tile of some big convent roof. As he approaches he will hear a strange twittering murmur where the stream melts into the darkness of the coming night. These are the bats, no larger than beetles, that spend their days in the garrets and belfrys of the churches, so thick that they cover the walls a foot deep, hanging to each other. At night they go out, always by the one hole, even if there be hundreds of others.

RESTORED TO HEALTH.

Many weak, suffering women do not know that their kidneys are sick. Backache tells of sick kidneys, and so do urinary disorders. Sick kidneys make bad blood, and bad blood makes bad digestion, heart palpitation, dizzy headaches, nervousness, sleeplessness, sciatica, rheumatic pains and constant depression.

Can't be restored to health until the kidneys are cured. Read how one woman was restored by using Doan's Kidney Pills:

Mrs. H. A. Van Sickle, 311 6th Ave., S. W., Roanoke, Va., says: "Kidney trouble was hereditary in our family, and I had been so continually afflicted with the disease that I began to despair of even temporary relief. Sometimes I suffered so severely that I was confined to my bed. The aching in my back was intense, and the kidney disorder caused an excess of uric acid in my blood which impaired my digestion. I was compelled to deny myself of many of the little delicacies of diet. The doctors diagnosed my case as congestion of the kidneys. I had about given up hope when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, but I took only a few doses when their curative powers were proven to my satisfaction. I have never been without them in the house since."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold by all dealers: price, 50 cents, or mailed on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for free trial.

Miss Rose Hennessy, well known as a poetess and elocutionist, of Lexington, Ky., tells how she was cured of uterine inflammation and ovaritis by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For years I enjoyed the best of health and thought that I would always do so. I attended parties and receptions thinly clad, and would be suddenly chilled, but I did not think of the results. I caught a bad cold eighteen months ago while menstruating, and this caused inflammation of the womb and congested ovaries. I suffered excruciating pains and kept getting worse. My attention was called to your Vegetable Compound and the wonderful cures it had performed, and I made up my mind to try it for two months and see what it would do for me. Within one month I felt much better, and at the close of the second I was entirely well.

"I have advised a number of my lady friends to use it, and all express themselves as well satisfied with the results as I was."—Miss ROSE NORA HENNESSY, 410 S. Broadway, Lexington, Ky.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

"Few people realize," said a man who deals extensively in wild animals, "how much it costs to stock a modern zoo. For rare animals, such as the giraffe and the Crawshay zebra, almost any price can be obtained; and even the commonest animals which every zoo has, are very expensive. It cost $13,500 to stock the Lion house at the Bronx zoo, and the new Antelope house at the same institution, which is soon to be opened, will absorb over $15,000 merely for the initial series of animals. Another zoo paid over $20,000 in one year for monkeys and antelopes, and the lions at the London zoo cost over $30,000."

Destructive prairie fires are raging in Kansas. At Hill City the court house, jail and fifty residences are reported destroyed and a woman burned to death. Instances of farmers being caught with their teams in the prairie fires, and of many persons seriously burned, are numerous.

The population of the United States has for forty years been about twelve times that of Canada; the number of divorces in the United States in that time has been 10,000 times the number in Canada.

Avery & Company
SUCCESSORS TO
AVERY & McMILLAN,
51-53 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.
—ALL KINDS OF—
MACHINERY
Reliable Frick Engines, Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.

BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH.
Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors. Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.

Largest growers of **ONION** and Vegetable Seeds in the World.

Our Prices range from 60 cents to $1.50 per pound, and no better seed is found on earth.

How to grow 1,200 bushels Onions per acre with each ounce order.

Pkg., 10c. Oz., 20c. Catalog 5c, for postage.

John A. Salzer Seed Co., LA CROSSE, WIS.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3 SHOES UNION MADE

W. L. Douglas shoes have by their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any shoes in the world.

They are just as good as those that cost you $4 to $5—the only difference is the price.

Sold Everywhere.

Look for name and price on bottom.

Douglas uses Corona Colt Skin, which is every where conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced. *Fast Color Eyelets used.* Shoes by mail, 25c. extra. Write for Catalog. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

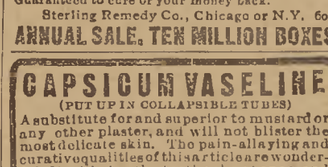
Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Saw Mills

The DeLoach Patent Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill with 4 h. p. cuts 2,000 feet per day. All sizes and prices to suit. DeLoach Shingle Mills, Edgers, Trimmers, Planers; Corn and Buhr Mills, Water Wheels, Lath Mills, Wood Saws. Our handsome new Catalog will interest you. DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co., Box 834, Atlanta, Ga.

Am. 12, 1904.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION



The flavor of TOBACCO may be injured by the use of stable and rank organic manures.

Potash

In the form of sulphate produces an improved flavor and a good yield.

Tobacco must have *Potash*.

Our little book, "Tobacco Culture," contains much valuable information, and every tobacco grower can obtain a copy free of charge by writing for it.

GERMAN KALI WORKS
New York—95 Nassau Street, or
Atlanta, Ga.—22½ So. Broad St.

LAZY LIVER

"I find Cascarets so good that I would not be without them. I was troubled a great deal with torpid liver and headache. Now since taking Cascarets Candy Cathartic I feel very much better I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as the best medicine I have ever seen."
Anna Bazinet, Osborn Mill No. 2, Fall River, Mass.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THAT WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 601

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "It is the best of all of your preparations." Price 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

WINCHESTER

Factory Loaded Smokeless Powder Shells.

It's not sentiment — it's not the price — that makes the most intelligent and successful shots shoot Winchester Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells. It's the results they give. It's their entire reliability, evenness of pattern and uniform shooting. Winchester "Leader" shells, loaded with smokeless powder, are the best loaded shells on the market. Winchester "Repeater" shells loaded with smokeless powder are cheap in price but not in quality. Try either of these brands and you will be well pleased. Be sure to get Winchester Factory Loaded shells.

THE SHELLS THE CHAMPIONS SHOOT.

FEET THAT Hurt, Sweat, Blister, cured by ROYAL FOOT WASH. Removes odors of feet, armpits, etc. Keeps the feet cool. If not at druggists send 25c to EATON DRUG CO., ATLANTA, GA., for full size, postpaid; sample, postpaid, for 2c stamp. One application proves its merit.

DOLLAR HUMOR CURE

From Pimples to Scrofula From Infancy to Age

To those who have suffered long and hopelessly from Humors of the Blood, Skin, and Scalp, and who have lost faith in doctors, medicines, and all things human, CUTICURA Soap, Ointment, and Pills appeal with a force hardly to be realized. Every hope, every expectation awakened by them has been more than fulfilled. More great cures of Simple, Scrofulous, and Hereditary Humors are daily made by them than by all other Blood and Skin Remedies combined, a single set, costing but one dollar, being often sufficient to cure the most distressing cases when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), Ointment, 50c., Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props.

Send for "All About the Skin and Scalp."

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE

VOL. XVII. COLUMBIANA, SHELBY COUNTY, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 24 1904 NO 31

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

MARCH 21ST.

Consideration in the senate of the bill providing for the purchase of a site and the erection of a building for the departments of state, justice and commerce and labor was the occasion for adverse criticism of the architect who planned the white house offices. At the opening of the session Mr. Hoar introduced by request a bill to organize a colonization bureau, which, he said, was prepared by officers of the Salvation Army to secure settlement on public lands. He said it was prepared upon the advice of the late Senator Hanna, and had he lived would have been introduced by him. The bill was referred to the committee on public lands.

Mr. Carmack introduced a resolution directing the committee on judiciary to inquire and report as to the legality of the order of the commissioner of pensions granting pensions to soldiers of the civil war who had reached the age of 62 years. The resolution went over until tomorrow. An early adjournment was had out of respect to the memory of the late Representative Thompson, of Alabama, who died yesterday.

After being in session an hour and twenty minutes the house adjourned out of respect to the memory of the late Mr. Thompson. No business of importance was transacted.

En Route to Tuskegee.

The funeral party bearing the remains of the late Representative Chas. W. Thompson, of Alabama, left Washington Monday night for Tuskegee, where the last services will be held Wednesday afternoon. The congressional party will return to Washington Thursday evening.

The party consists of Charles W. Thompson, Jr., Senators Pettus, of Alabama; McLaurin, of Mississippi; Culberson, of Texas; Overman, of North Carolina, and Representatives Wiley and Clayton, of Alabama; Padgett, of Tennessee; Littlefield, of Maine; Darragh, of Michigan; Williams, of Illinois; Paterson, of North Carolina; Houston, of Delaware; Rainey, of Illinois; Brown, of Wisconsin; Scarborough, of South Carolina, and Gaines, of Tennessee.

The party is in charge of Sergeant-at-Arms Casson, of the house, assisted by F. M. Webber. The Rev. F. J. Prettyman, pastor of Mount Vernon place, M. E. church, which the late representative attended while in Washington, also accompanies the party. Representative Bowie, of Alabama, is expected to join the party in Tuskegee. Senator Morgan and Representatives Underwood and Richardson of Alabama, could not leave Washington at this time, owing to important legislation pending in congress. The other members of the delegation are now in the state.

In concluding his hearing before the house committee on inter-state and foreign commerce, Admiral Walker, president of the Panama canal commission stated that actual work on the canal would be begun after the commision had made a stay of a few weeks on the isthmus for which it was to sail March 29. The engineering feat of the whole enterprise was explained to be the construction of the Bohio dam.

It will be necessary to go 120 feet below the sea level to get the proper foundation for the dam. Although there have been many ideas advanced it was absolutely necessary to be sure of any project before commencing the work of the foundation. Chairman Hepburn suggested the possibility of a failure to find the proper foundation, and asked what the commission would do in this event. He wanted to know if the construction of the canal depended on this dam.

This was a question which would have to be met, was the answer. The admiral, however, said he had no doubt that it was feasable to construct the dam.

The house committee on judiciary voted to impeach Charles Swayne, federal judge of the district of Florida.

Grover Cleveland was sixty-seven last Friday.

A Washington special says: A change in the personnel of the supreme court is at hand which may give President Roosevelt an opportunity to appoint three justices in that body before the meeting of the next congress. It is understood in judicial circles that Chief Justice Fuller, Justice Harlan and Justice Brown are about to retire, and that they will carry their intention into effect during the next few months.

At the request of the citizens of Galveston, Tex., the cruiser Atlanta, the gunboat Bancroft and two torpedo destroyers will visit that port on the completion of the Atlanta's target practice at Pensacola.

It is reported that Jonah K. Kalaniaaole, better known as "Prince Cupid," the Hawaiian delegate in congress, is dissatisfied with Washington life and contemplates resigning at the end of the present session, if not before. One reason assigned for the prince's determination is the drawing of the color line in Washington, which his royal birth and superior attainments can not overcome.

Cotton exports for 1902 were $878,000,000, more than $1,000,000 a day.

New Industries

ALABAMA.

Birmingham—$7,000 laundry; coal mines (near).

Citronelle—$10,000 electric light plant and ice factory.

Mobile—$90,000 railway and mill supply company.

Wagar—$50,000 naval stores company.

Wilmer—Canning factory.

FLORIDA.

Gainesville—$30,000 lumber manufacturing company.

Tallahassee—$50,000 investment co.

GEORGIA.

Ashburn—Turpentine company.

Atlanta—$50,000 granite and improvement company; $60,000 manufacturing company.

Ellijay—Saw mill.

Jackson—Flour and grist mill.

Jasper—Saw mill.

LOUISIANA.

Jennings—Cotton gin.

New Orleans—$100,000 rice packing company; cracker factory.

MISSISSIPPI.

Bexley—$50,000 lumber company.

Crystal Springs—$75,000 manufacturing company.

Gulfport—$250,000 naval stores plant

Hattiesburg—$150,000 fertilizer factory.

Indianola—$9,000 light, ice and coal company.

Meridian—$50,000 construction company.

TENNESSEE.

Bells—Water works, electric light plant.

Centerville—Marble works.

Columbia—$450,000 phosphate company.

Dayton—$10,000 light and power company.

Harriman—Coal company.

Humboldt—Canning factory.

Memphis—$10,000 heating company.

Nashville—$5,000 medicine factory.

Piney Flats—$25,000 canning factory.

South Pittsburg—Gas plant.

Vale—Telephone system.

TEXAS.

Abilene—$200,000 oil mill and gin company.

Beaumont—$15,000 oil company.

Denton—Flouring mill.

New Bradford—Telephone company.

San Antonio—$25,000 oil mill; $50,000 lumber company.

Columbus Booming.

At Columbus, Ga., the Eagle and Phoenix mills have received a carload of new looms. This company is investing many thousand dollars in cotton manufacturing machinery this year.

The Georgia Manufacturing company, the well known clothing manufacturing enterprise, is installing looms, the company having decided to make new looms.

The Columbus, Ga., Power Company is installing new water wheels, so as to derive 3,000 more horsepower, this being made necessary by the demand for power from present factories and proposed industrial enterprises.

The Central of Georgia railway is building a fill and extending its Chattahoochee bridge one span at Ninth street at a cost of $15,000.

Machinery for the Columbus Coffin Manufacturing plant will be ordered immediately and the factory will be in operation at an early date.

The World's Cotton.

The world's cotton crop for 1902-03 is estimated by the department of agriculture at 17,179,765 bales, valued at $750,082,451. This is based on the latest data available, the figures in most instances representing the cotton appearing in commercial channels. With the exception of 2,687,813 bales of the East India crop, which averages 400 pounds to the bale, the bales given are of average weight of 500 pounds. The total includes estimates of the Chinese and Korean crops.

The Centreville Warehouse company has purchased a complete ginning outfit and will at once begin the erection of a ginning plant, which will cost about $4,000.

The Illinois Central railroad will construct a mile and a half extension of the eight-mile branch running from Winfield to Brilliant, in Marion county, in order that the mines of the Aldrich Mining company can be reached. The capacity of the mines is between 500 and 800 tons per day.

The Great Western Sugar Company, of Colorado, offers to erect a million dollar sugar factory at Sterling, Colo., provided the farmers will guarantee to grow 3,500 acres of sugar beets for three years, the beets to average at least ten tons per acre. No bonus of any kind is asked.

Spring began Sunday night at 7:38.

The Cane Crop.

The weather during the past week has continued favorable to the sugar planting interests and the good prospects which have hithertoo been reported continue to prevail.

The situation in the cane fields is very far advanced over what it was this time last year, and the general feeling throughout the entire sugar belt is one of optimism and encouragement.

Napoleon's Code.

A small, but distinguished, coterie of jurists, legislators and other public men witnessed an interesting ceremony Monday when the original manuscript of the Napoleonic code, with numerous corrections in the great emperor's own handwriting, was formally transferred from the ministry of justice, where it has reposed for many decades, to the national archives. It was just 100 years ago that this civil code, which has been adopted in part in almost all civilized countries, was adopted by the French government, and the transfer to the national archives was in commemoration of the centennial. The code consists of hundreds of little booklets, all bearing the seal of the French republic, and every one signed by Bonaparte as first consul.

Raised a Million.

The state board of assessment, which assesses railroad, telegraph and telephone properties, raised the assessments of railroad properties in Alabama about $1,000,000. The total assessment from last year was $52,990,918.

Eighteen cases of murder and manslaughter occurred in Mississippi during last week. The carnival of crime was confined chiefly to negroes, only two white men being among the victims. These figures do not include two accidental killings in which the responsible parties were exonerated, nor four shooting affairs which did not bring fatal results, nor does it include the dueling affair in Neshoba county in which three men lost their lives.

As a result of an attempted assault upon Mrs. G. W. Pritchett, the wife of a well-known farmer residing in Choctaw county, Dave Brassfield, a negro workman, was stabbed nine times by the infuriated husband and then shot to death by a mob.

W. H. Woodward has purchased the Metropolitan hotel property in Birmingham. It is reported that a ten or twelve-story modern fireproof hotel will be erected on the premises.

A mountain of alum 1900 feet high and ten miles in circumference has been discovered in China.

It is learned that the government is experimenting with petroleum as a fuel for Russian war ships.

A slight earthquake shock was general along the New England coast Monday morning.

At Birmingham a hat pin was removed from a colored girl's heart Monday.

Charles William Eliot is serving his thirty-fifth year as president of Harvard.

Street car fares in Berlin average 2 1-2 cents and in Europe 3 1-7 cents.

Monday was the fiftieth anniversary of the treaty with Japan.

Ex-Mayor William R. Grace, of New York city, died Monday.

New Decatur's military company was inspected Monday.

Aguinaldo was captured two years ago Wednesday.

W. J. Bryan was forty-four years old Saturday.

A banana crop is harvested on an average of every fifteen days throughout the year. Each thrifty banana plant has many suckers or stalks growing from a single root at the same time. One or more bunches of the ripening fruit is cut from a single stalk, while the other stalks growing from the same root are left untouched, and in fifteen days another of the stalks is shorn of its fruit. This process continues incesantly during the year. In July and August it is necessary to cut off the ripening bunches every ten days, while in December and January about once a month is sufficient, the average throughout the year being practically fifteen days.

One and one-third miles is the length of the new suspension bridge connecting New York and Brooklyn. It cost $16,000,000, has more than double the capacity of the old bridge, cost $3,000,000 less and was erected in five years less time.

Uncle Sam will spend $5,711,240 this year for the farmer, while the balance of $600,000,000 will go to the army, navy, other departments of the government and about $140,000,000 for pensions.

Savannah's city council let a contract for the construction of a new quarter of a million dollar marble city hall. The building is to be completed in twelve months.

The Kearsarge now holds the record for target practice.

The new line of the Rock Island-Frisco systems between Memphis and St. Louis will be opened for traffic by April 1st. The system expects soon to be able to operate through trains from Chicago to New Orleans.

The survey of the new railroad to be known as the Columbus, Pensacola and Memphis line will begin in a few days. This road will be run from Columbus to Amory, Miss., via Aberdeen.

People who do not know that Thomas Hall in Hanson, Mass., is not an individual, but a public gathering place, will be surprised to read in an exchange, "Thomas Hall is receiving a coat of paint at the hands of Whitman painters."

Latest War Items.

The foreign consuls at New Chwang officially notify their governments that the Russian commander of the garrison has forbidden foreigners to go beyond the mud walls of the native city with the single exception that they are allowed to use the river bank between the foreign settlement and the foreign gunboats. This exception is made on account of the presence of the United States gunboat Helena and the British cruiser Espiegle, which otherwise would be entirely cut off from communication with their respective settlements.

The Japs have just finished a submarine boat intended to blow up men-of-war in icebound harbors. The boat can travel under the arctic ice, then rise to the surface and act the part of a torpedo, to again vanish before the enemy can realize what struck him. The vessel is on the order of an electric submarine boat, airtight and sealed, that can be raised and depressed at will. On the whole, the vessel combines the qualifications of a submarine or diving vessel with those of a torpedo boat.

Augustus Libby and Cornelius Hoff Jewish merchants at Vladivostock, received twenty-four hours' notice from the Russian military authorities to leave the country. They had to abandon their business, sell out at a sacrifice, and travel by sleds more than a thousand miles to the nearest port on the Korean coast. No sooner had they gotten into Korea than they encountered the special service officers of the Japanese war department and they were in more trouble, their story not being accepted.

With stately ceremony the special session of Japan's parliament convened Sunday to provide the money needed to wage the war against Russia. For the first time the crown prince attended the ceremony. He followed his father to an improvised throne in the peers' hall and stood close by his right side while he read his appeal to his subjects.

Russia will be asked by the United States on behalf of Japan, which has no diplomatic relations with Russia, to treat kindly Japanese non-combatants who have been left in Siberia, and to enable them to make their way back to Japan.

The report that the government has purchased the German steamer Kaiser Friedrich III, which was built for the North German-Lloyd line, but failed to meet the speed requirements, is untrue.

Russia has forbidden the transmission of all cipher messages throughout Russia and abroad as a military censure.

It costs $10,300,000 per year to coal Russia's navy.

No Race This Year.

The New York Yacht Club has replied to the letter of Sir Thomas Lipton, in which the Irish baronet asked if the club would accept a challenge for a race for the America's cup under the new rule of measurement of the club. This letter was received early in January and acknowledged, but it was not deemed of sufficient importance to call a special meeting of the club for its consideration, as no challenge could be accepted for a race this year. Sir Thomas practically asked the club to bar the Reliance, Constitution and Columbia from participating in future races for the cup. These boats could not be used as defenders because the present rules of the club limit the draught of any boat to eighteen feet and these three draw twenty each.

New Steel Company.

Articles of incorporation of the Pacific Steel company are filed. The company is capitalized at $100,000,000, of which $50,000,000, all preferred stock, has already been subscribed. The directorate includes Charles W. French, of Cleveland, O., and California capitalists. The object of the corporation is said to be the construction of warships, steamships, locomotives and cars and the making of armor plate. The contract for the construction of the plant to cost $30,000,000, has been awarded.

The Atlanta and West Point railroad will clean off the old depot grounds and beautify them.

A special from Cleveland, Miss., says a mob of masked men stormed the jail there and secured possession of Fayette Sawyer and Buke Harris, two negroes, charged with the murder of Sid Killum, a negro porter on a passenger train, near Hushpuckna during Christmas week. The prisoners were taken to the scene of the killing and hanged from the railroad building, where their lifeless bodies were found dangling.

Sugar consumption in the United States is steadily increasing. In 1881 it was 993,532 tons, ten years later it was 1,872,400 tons and in 1901 had reached 2,372,316 tons.

Miss Annette M. Dye, a linguist in the bureau of animal industry, and a daughter of the late General William McE. Dye, at one time military instructor to the emperor of Korea, and the emperor's advisor and also commander of the army of the Khedive of Egypt, committed suicide Saturday by shooting. Grief over the death of her mother is supposed to have caused the act.

HON. C. W. THOMPSON

Died Sunday in Washington of Pneumonia

Representative Charles Winston Thompson, of the Fifth Alabama district, died Sunday afternoon. His younger son, C. W. Thompson, Jr., who has been visiting his father during the present session of congress, was the only member of his family with him at the time. The remains will be carried to his home in Tuskegee and the interment will take place Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Thompson died of toxaemia, a blood poisoning, due from a virulent form of pneumonia resulting from grip. There was little hope for him Friday and Saturday. He was taken sick a week ago and gradually grew worse.

Mr. Thompson was absolutely without hope. He seemed to have a premonition that his illness would result fatally. Before he became critically ill he told his friend, Representative Wiley, that he was seriously ill and feared the worst would result. Mr. Thompson's mind was perfectly clear until Sunday morning. He then became delirious and did not recover consciousness.

The house will adjourn Monday out of respect to the late representative. Representative Wiley will present a resolution reciting that the house has learned with profound regret of the death of Representative Thompson, and asking that in the future a day be set apart in which proper respect may be paid to his memory.

General regret is expressed over Mr. Thompson's death. He had made many strong personal friends in the house and during his illness constant inquiries were made at his hotel about his condition. He was in all respects a self-made man, succeeding in life by his own energetic effort. He was a very successful business man and is reputed to have been very wealthy.

Charles W. Thompson, democrat, of Tuskegee, was born in Macon county, near Tuskegee, Ala., December 30, 1860; was educated in the common schools of the county, at the Park Hill high school at Tuskegee, Ala., and at Bryant & Stratton's Business college at Louisville, Ky.; was appointed by Governor Joseph F. Johnston in 1896 a member of his staff as lieutenant colonel, and served in that capacity until the end of his term; was a member of the Methodist church, president of the Bank of Tuskegee; was county superintendent of education for Macon county from 1886 to 1888, and 1898 was chosen without opposition to represent the Twenty-sixth senatorial district in the senate of Alabama; was elected to the Fifty-seventh congress and was re-elected to the Fifty-eighth congress, of which he was the sixth member to die.

Mr. Thompson was a widower, his wife was Miss Estelle Alley, of Tuskegee, and died about fifteen years ago. He is survived by two sons, Ernest W. Thompson, editor of the Tuskegee News, and Charles W. Thompson, Jr., one of his secretaries, and also by his mother.

The postoffice, the military academy and the sundry appropriation bills constitute the work mapped out for the house this week. The week in the senate will be devoted almost entirely to appropriation bills, beginning on Tuesday with that for the District of Columbia and following with the Indian and pension bills.

Mrs. Roosevelt has started a collection of china, intended to include at least one piece from every china set used by every president of the United States from Washington down. Two cabinets have been filled and appropriately labeled, with specimens of the china of each administration from Lincoln down.

Richard F. Outcault, the cartoonist, has been fined one hundred dollars for imitating United States currency in a cartoon. The same cartoon was printed in twenty different publications, and the secret service men say they will collect a one-hundred-dollar fine in each case. Outcault thinks he should have a share of it.

Seriously Injured.

Morrow Blackburn was seriously, perhaps fatally, injured by falling from an electric crane in the Ensley steel plant. His arm was broken, his hip dislocated, and it is feared that he was injured internally.

Mr. Blackburn is an electrician and was at work on a crane. In attempting to come down he missed his footing and fell a distance of over forty feet. Mr. Blackburn is 32 years of age and was recently married.

Selma will entertain the state's Red Men during May.

Eufaula's Carnegie library will be completed this week.

W. T. Allison, who lives about 15 miles from Selma, had his store, warehouse, corn crib and stables burned. The entire stock of goods—in fact, all of the property enumerated—was a total loss. He did not have any insurance whatever on the property and the loss will amount to about $5,000.

Work at the Alabama Steel and Wire Company's plant is progressing so nicely that they are confident that they will be making steel by the 1st of June.

MORO TREATY ANNULLED

Rights Conferred by General Bates Declared Forfeited.

NATIVES FIGHT FOR SLAVERY

United States Troops Defeat Them and Capture Cannon and Ammunition—The Sultan of Sulu and His Subjects Commanded to Obey the Laws of the Philippine Commission.

Washington, D. C.—Secretary of War Taft told the House Committee on Insular Affairs of a rebellion that has broken out among the Moros because of a proclamation issued by the Philippine Government abrogating the Sultan of Sulu treaty and prohibiting slavery. General Wade reported from Manila that a reconnoitring force east of Cottababo, Province of Moro, was attacked by a force of Moros, who rebelled against the anti-slavery law. General Wood telegraphed that the Moro position was shelled and the Moros were flanked and their outworks taken. Twenty-one old Spanish cannon and thirty-three Lantaka guns, besides large quantities of arms and ammunition were captured in the works, which were strong and well constructed. The Moro loss was considerable. There were no casualties on the American side.

In reporting this engagement to the House Committee, before which he appeared in the interest of the bill to provide for the more effective administration of civil government in the Philippines, Secretary Taft explained that some time ago he sent a cablegram to Governor Luke Wright, telling him to notify the Sultan of Sulu and the Dattos, who made a treaty with General Bates on August 20, 1899, that the treaty is abrogated and annulled, and that the Sultan and his Dattos have forfeited the annuities which were to be paid them under the treaty, and that they must henceforth obey the laws of the Philippine Government. Secretary Taft took the position that the Sultan of Sulu treaty was a mere modus vivendi, and that it has not been complied with by the Sultan of Sulu.

Before Secretary Taft entered upon the duties of Secretary of War Secretary Root directed the Philippine Commission to take up the subject of legislation for the Moros and submit it to Washington for approval. The object was to do away with polygamy and slavery and introduce a form of trustworthy government in the Moro country.

As the Moros are Mohammedans, there is more than ordinary difficulty in governing them. It has been said that our success thus far has been due to an understanding with the Porte under which the pilgrims to Mecca have been influenced every year to go home and counsel good will toward the United States.

UNION MEN BANISHED.

Telluride Citizens' Alliance Gets Rid of Trouble Makers.

Telluride, Col.—Between sixty and seventy-five members of the Telluride Miners' Union and sympathizers who were recently deported, but who returned when the militia were called away, were forcibly taken from their homes and boarding houses by 100 armed members of the Citizens' Alliance. They were then put aboard a specially chartered train and deported to Ridgway.

The men were warned individually and collectively after they were forced into the two cars of the train never to return to Telluride on pain of death. To make this warning more impressive the Alliance members fired a number of volleys at the departing train.

The decision to deport the unionists and their sympathizers was reached at a recent meeting of the Alliance. This meeting was largely attended. The strike situation was discussed and it was the consensus of opinion that something radical must be done. The running out of town of the union agitators and their sympathizers was finally suggested and promptly agreed to.

FRAUD IN ARMY PAY ACCOUNTS.

Two Lieutenants Are Brought Back From Manila For a Court-Martial.

San Francisco, Cal.—Lieutenant G. S. Richards, of the Twenty-third Infantry, and Lieutenant F. B. Neilson, of the Twelfth Cavalry, who arrived from Manila on the transport Thomas, have come here under arrest to appear before a court-martial appointed by General MacArthur. The two young men are charged with having duplicated their pay accounts in the Philippines.

Major Webster, of the Pay Department, made a special trip from Manila under orders from the War Department to report to General MacArthur as a witness.

FRENCH CABINET DEFEATED.

Loses in Vote on Amendment to Congregational Teaching Bill.

Paris, France.—The Government was defeated in the Chamber of Deputies in connection with the bill suppressing Congregational teaching. An amendment offered by M. Caillaux extending the period of suppression from five to ten years was carried against the opposition of Prime Minister Combes.

The vote was 282 to 271. The stability of the Government does not appear to be affected.

BURKETT SUCCEEDS DIETRICH.

Leading County of Nebraska Declares For Him in Primaries.

Lincoln, Neb. — In the Lancaster County primaries practically every precinct declared for Representative E. J. Burkett for United States Senator to succeed Charles H. Dietrich.

Burkett has no opposition. The Republican State Convention, which meet here May 18, will select a Senatorial candidate.

IRISH DEFEAT BALFOUR

British Ministry Beaten in House of Commons by Eleven Votes.

Premier Declines to Accept Result as a Cause For Resignation—Coup Planned by Liberals.

London, England.—Mr. Balfour's government was defeated in the House of Commons by the combined Liberal and Nationalist vote. This reverse was due to the prohibition by Mr. Wyndham, Chief Secretary for Ireland, of the teaching of Gaelic in the junior grades of the Irish Nationalist schools. Mr. Balfour, though defeated by a majority of eleven on this question, does not regard the vote as one of want of confidence, and he will not resign on this account. This determination was strengthened by the fact that shortly after the foregoing defeat he was able to secure a majority of twenty-five.

On the question of Catholic education the Nationalists had previously voted with the Unionist government, but while so doing they were planning the downfall of the Conservatives. The mine so ingeniously laid was sprung with a success that thrilled the country. The strategy with which the attack was planned and the scenes which marked its culmination recalled the times when Gladstone and Parnell waged a titanic struggle in the same arena.

It is learned that the Premier regards it as one of the essential principles of his party to keep the reins of government, at least for the present. What he may do after Easter still remains in doubt. The blow administered makes the Premier's task of holding his party together doubly difficult, and many supporters of the Government frankly said that they favored an early dissolution of Parliament rather than again undergo the humiliation experienced.

By a curious coincidence the only other defeat suffered by the Unionist party since Lord Salisbury came into power, and which endangered the existence of the Government, occurred nearly eight years ago, on Sir Thomas Esmond's amendment to Gerald Balfour's Land Purchase bill, when it again fell to the lot of the present chief whip of the Irish party to declare the Government in a minority, which on that occasion was one of only four votes.

STRIKE RIOTS IN CHICAGO.

Drivers of American Can Company Stoned and Dragged From Wagons.

Chicago, Ill.—A series of riots occurred between striking employes of the American Can Company and union teamsters who had refused to quit work in sympathy with the strike. The first disturbance was in the North Side of the city at one of the stables of the Can Company, several men being injured and two pickets arrested.

Two pickets were doing duty in the neighborhood when six teamsters attempted to leave the stables with teams. The pickets by signals summoned about twenty helpers. The drivers were stoned and dragged from the wagons, the assailants escaping when a patrol wagon loaded with police arrived.

A second fight took place at the company's South Side barn. Escorted by police several wagons succeeded in getting half way to a railway freight house, followed by threatening crowds. At Twenty-sixth street and Wentworth avenue the police charged a mob that was showering missiles on the drivers. The wagons reached their destination after the police had captured four of the rioters.

STILL AFTER HEINZE.

Butte and Boston People Say He Got More Than $1,000,000 of Ore.

Butte, Mon.—Another charge of contempt of court was preferred against F. A. Heinze and some of his companies and officials before Judge Knowles, of the Federal Court, by the Butte and Boston and the Boston and Montana companies. It is alleged that the accused violated an injunction issued in 1898 on a portion of the Johnstown claim, and have taken out ore valued at $110,000.

The defendants have been cited to appear for trial in the near future. An application has also been made to make perpetual the order to inspect the Rarus and Michael Davitt workings, it being charged that further investigation has disclosed a continuous violation of the injunction in the Michael Davitt, and that the value of ore taken by Heinz amounts to more than $1,000,000.

TIME GRANTED MACHEN.

Machen and the Others Have Until April 23 to Docket Appeal.

Washington, D. C.—Justice Pritchard, in Criminal Court No. 1, granted counsel for August W. Machen, George E. Lorenz, Diller B. Groff and Samuel A. Groff, convicted of conspiracy to defraud the United States in connection with the Postoffice Department investigation, until April 23 next to file their bill of exceptions and to docket their appeal in the Court of Appeals.

It is probable the appeal will not be heard until fall. None of the other Postoffice Department cases in which indictments have been reported will be tried prior to October.

Shot by Police Chief's Son.

John Kiely, the son of Chief of Police Kiely, of St. Louis, Mo., shot City Sanitary Inspector John Silence, who died later of his wounds.

Liberal Leader's Son Elected.

Lewis Vernon-Harcourt, oldest son of Sir William Vernon-Harcourt (the Liberal leader who recently announced his intention of retiring from Parliament), has been elected, unopposed, to represent the Rosendale Division of Lancashire in the House of Commons, in succession to Sir William Mather

South Dakota Bank Fails.

The First State Bank, of Clark, S. Dak., has failed. Fred Ware has been appointed receiver.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBose, - - - - Editor
Geo. D. Campbell, - - Manager

COLUMBIANA, ALA.
Thursday, March 24, 1904.

Entered in the post-office at Columbiana Ala., as second class matter.

ANNOUCEMENTS.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county.

D. R. McMILLAN.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce E. S. Lyman as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, s bject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. O'Hara a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the primary to be held April 11th, 1903.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county.

WALTER E. LESTER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

W. A. THOMPSON.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

Wm. R. A. MILNER.

The many friends of H. W. Nelson announce him as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Shelby county subject to the action of the primary election April 11th.

J. E. RUFFIN.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis, announces himself a cnadidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of J. E. Adams in Beat Eleven, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

W. R. WEAVER.

R. J. Griffin, of Maylene, is a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county subject to the action of the democratic primary.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR

By the urgent solicitation of many friend the name of J. S. Falkner, of Vincent, as a candidate for the office Tax Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

W. C. Benton, of Silura, announces himself a candidate for Taz Assessor of Shelby county subject tothe action of the democtatic party.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John W. Moore, of Weldon, as a candidate for the office of tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the democratic primary.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John N. Wyatt as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District of Shelby county, subject to the Democratic primary.

Commissioner 1st District.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Commissioner from the First District, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

Walter E. Riddle.

FOR SOLICITOR.

I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the office of Soliciter of the Seventh Judicial Circuit.

BORDEN H. BURR.

FOR CHANCELLOR.

We are authorized to announce R. A. D. Dunlap a candidate for Chancellor of this district.

FOR SUPT. OF EDUCATION.

I hereby announce for re-election to the office of County Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of Democratic primary.

JOHN B. FARRELL.

FOR CORONER.

The many friends of Geo. D. Campbell announce him as a candidate for Coroner of Shelby county.

Let every registered voter turn out on the 11th of April and cast his ballot for his choice of candidates.

It is of interest to every democrat to come out on Monday the 11th of April and vote in the primary election.

The days of convention and political tricks are over and the primaries are intended to give each candidate an equal chance and the people are at liberty to vote for any candidate he wants to.

One of the most important questions before the people of the State is the redistricting the rural school territory in accordance with an act passed by the last legislature to that effect.

It is only a short time until the primary election. Let every registered voter turn out, vote for the best men, and the men best suited to carry the democratic banner on to victory.

AN ADDRESS.

To the Voters of Shelby County:

There will be a democratic primary election held in Shelby county on Monday, April 11th, 1904, for the purpose of nominating officers for the various offices of the County, State, Circuit, Division and District.

At a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee of Shelby county held on the 16th day of February, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

In said election, all white qualified electors, who believe in the principles of the democratic party are entitled and cordially invited to participate. So you will see that the bars are completely let down and every white voter in Shelby county, who believes in the principles of democracy, should participate in the primary.

You should exercise the right of expressing your choice as to who should hold the reins of government and who should apply the principles of democracy to the affairs of our county, state and nation; and although for reasons satisfactory to yourself, you may have severed your connection with the democratic organization, still those grand old principles of democracy, that we all love so well, have been very dear to your heart. So let us all get together, as in the days of yore, under the grand old democratic flag that rescued us from those terrible days of carpet bag rule, and led us victorious to the brighest and most prosperous times that our country has ever known.

There never will be but two controlling parties in the Union, State and county. The principles of Democracy and Republicanism embrace all the various and opposing views and ideas of political enemy and civil government and there is no room in our national government for the existence of another political party. Other parties have sprung up, existed for awhile and were then absorbed by these two great parties, because their principles were not based upon the bed rock of true civil government, sufficient to draw thinking men to them and to hold them against the demands and calls of the principles embraced in the party which they had left. Even if they thought some of the principles advocated by their party were wrong and needed rectifying, they afterwards realized they should be rectified within their own party, for the division placed them at the mercy of the other great party of such antagonistic principles. A political party within a State can not exist that has not its foundation upon, and derives its existence from, a national organization. The Union is composed of its States, and it is the privilege and duty of every state and every man within it, to have a voice, by representatives, in its affairs of government but in order to have this it is necessary for the state to have political parties in unison and harmony with the national organizations, which control the government, and for every man to belong to one of these parties, for if he does not, he has no voice in the government of which he is a part and parcel. For the same reason, a political party within a county which has no state organization can not exist, for the man who belongs to such a party has no voice in the affairs of his state or nation. He must live under the law and government which he has no voice in framing, and becanse of his own act. A political party of this kind may succeed for a time in placing in office its county leaders, but it must, sooner or later be absorbed by the parties which have a district, state and national organization. The members become dissatisfied with giving up all their political rights and duties; and simply for the purpose of gratifying the ambition and desire of their leaders for office.

The leaders of the Populist party see "the hand writing on the wall." They realize the end has come and that their rank and file have broken. They recognize the fact that they have no national organization, no state organization, and county organizations only in two or three counties of the entire state, and whither are they trying to lead you?

The Democratic Executive Committee also realized that the end had come to the populist organization; that the rank and file had once belonged to the democratic party and were still democrats at heart; and that the leaders were trying to lead you into the republican party, so they throw open wide the door and ask you to come back into the party and participate in the primary, thereby expressing your choice as to who shall be Shelby's next officers,

There are men, good, true and tried, who are candidates for the various offices, in the democratic primary; men of honesty, integrity of character and loyal to the principles they believed to be right. Men who possess those Christian virtues, that compel our admiration and respect, and force us to realize that our county affairs would be safe in their hands that they would be economically and judiciously administered, and that under their administration old Shelby would bloom and blossom as the rose. She would rise and take her proper place in that highest tier of counties that adorn our grand old state, of which we may well be proud.

Alabama is making greater strides of advancement in importance and wealth than any other state in the union, and the eyes of the nation are upon us. She is rich in her varied resources, both developed and undeveloped. Her agricultural districts are veritable gardens of paradise, her timber is fine, and if she could be disemboweled and her vast wealth of mineral laid bare, it would startle the world. Her Supreme Court has for many years ranked very high in the judiciary of the Union, and the ability of her members of Congress are not only national, but international. Then why should not Shelby take part in that progress? Besides other resources of wealth she is among the richest counties in the state in undeveloped minerals; and places her affairs in the hands of economical and judicious officers, she will rise to the heighth of her possibilities and will rank with the foremost counties of the state.

Such men we present to you in our candidates, and ask every white man in Shelby county, who believes in democratic principles, regardless of past affiliations, to come into our primary, into the household of our fathers, and partake of the good things the democratic party hold out to you. Let us all select men, as nominees, who would fill the offices to the greatest honor and good of our county, then in November put our shoulder to the wheel and sweep the county with a grand and glorious democratic victory.

Respectfully,

J. T. LEEPER,
Chairman Dem. Ex. Committee.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee of Shelby county held on February 16th, 1904, a primary election was called to be held in the various beats of Shelby county for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various State, Circuit, Division, Congressional and County officers to be elected in the November election; therefore, in pursuance of said call a primary election will be held in the various beats of Shelby county for the nomination of said officers on April the 11th, 1904. In said election, all white qualified electors, who believes in in the principles of the Democratic party are entitled and cordially invited to paricipate.

J. T. LEEPER,
Chairman Dem. Ex. Com.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.

"SUPERB, LOVELY, CHARMING!"

Are the exclamations that greet your ears upon entering the

COLUMBIANA MILLINERY SHOP.

The markets of the country have been ransacked for the newest and latest designs in

MILLINERY GOODS.

And all attest that we have them in abundance. No need to send to a city and pay two prices when you can find just the very thing you want *AT HOME* and at *VERY MODERATE PRICE.* It is our purpose to keep in stock a great many articles used by the ladies. among which are

WHITE GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, AND SHIRT WAISTS.

The very latest in every line. Miss Florence Fallaws, of Louisville, Ky., our accomplished milliner, will cheerfully show you through the stock, and your order will be appreciated. We came here to stay, and to stay means to please you in STYLE and PRICES. Please give us a call.

Columbiana Millinery Shop.

TO MY FRIENDS AND THE TRADE.

I have bought out the Drug Store of E. D. Hall, and will conduct an

UP-TO-DATE DROG BUSINESS.

Our Perscription Department is conducted by Dr, A. T. Rowe, one of the county's best phyicians. Our Patent Medicine and Staple Drugs are best that can be bought in the market of which we expect to keep a good supply.

Call on us for what you want. Satisfaction guaranteed. Yours to serve,

J. H. MASON,

Dealer in pure Drugs and Medicines.

Happy, Healthy Children.

Any child can take Little Early Risers with perfect safety. They are harmless never grip or sicken, and yet they are so certain in results that robust constitutions requiring drastic means never disappoint. They can't fail to perform their mission and every one who uses DeWitts Little Early Risers prefer them to all other pills. Sold by Bandy Drug Co.

It Never Disappoints.

F. J. Williams, proprietor of the Hamilton Drug Co., Hamilton, Iowa, says Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is practically the only remedy he sells for cramps, diarrhoea and colic, for the reason that it never disappoints. For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

A Favorite Remedy for Babies.

Its pleasant taste and prompt cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a favorite with the mothers of small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds and prevents any danger of pneumonia or other serious consequences, It not only cures croup but whe given as soon as the croupy cough appears will prevent the attack For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

Do You Want Strength.

If you want to increase your strength you must add to and not take from the physical In other words, the food you eat must be digested, assimilated and appropriated by the nerves, blood and tissues before being expelled from the intestines Kodol Dyspepsia Cure adds to the physical. It gives strength to and builds up the human system. It is pleasant to the taste and palalable, and the only combination of digestants that will digest food and enable the system to appropriate all of its health and strength giving qualities, Sold by Bandy Drug Company.

Justice court will be held on the 1st and 3d Saturdays in each month at Shelby, Ala., by L. N. Curlee, J. P.

HEALTH

"I don't think we could keep house without Thedford's Black-Draught. We have used it in the family for over two years with the best of results. I have not had a doctor in the house for that length of time. It is a doctor in itself and always ready to make a person well and happy."—JAMES HALL, Jacksonville, Ill.

Because this great medicine relieves stomach pains, frees the constipated bowels and invigorates the torpid liver and weakened kidneys

NO DOCTOR

is necessary in the home where Thedford's Black-Draught is kept. Families living in the country, miles from any physician, have been kept in health for years with this medicine as their only doctor. Thedford's Black-Draught cures biliousness, dyspepsia, colds, chills and fever, bad blood, headaches, diarrhœa, constipation, colic and almost every other ailment because the stomach, bowels liver and kidneys so nearly control the health.

THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

Three Time the Value of Any Other.

One-Third Easier.
One-Third Faster.

Agents wanted in all Unoccupied Territory.

WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO.

ATLANTA, - - - - - GA.

PIANOS, ORGANS AND SEWING MACHINES ON FREE TRIAL!!!

ELEGANT CENTURY UPRIGHT PIANO, $125. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT PARLOR ORGANS, $25 UP. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT CENTURY SEWING MACHINES, BALL-BEARING, $13. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial. CASH OR EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

We trust honest people located in all parts of the world.

Direct from factory to homes at factory prices.

FREE

WRITE FOR FREE CATALOGUE.

CENTURY MF'G CO. DEP'T East St. Louis, Ill.

DeWitt's Little **Early Risers** The famous little pills.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effect June 14, 1903.

*No. 22	*No. 16	STATIONS.	*No. 15	*No. 21.
7.00pm	5 55am	lv. Mobile..ar	10.55pm	8 10am
1.10am	4.30pm	lv...Selma..lv	4.35pm	2.00am
5.30am	9.06pm	ar Birm'ham lv	6.20am	10.35am
9.40am	.....	ar Chat'n'ga lv	.....	6.15pm
1.1?pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	.....	2.10pm
5.4?am	.....	ar...Bristol..lv	.....	9.50am
6.00am	.....	ar..Asheville lv	.....	9.?0am
1.50am	.....	ar Lynchb'rg lv	.....	3.00am
6.52am	.....	ar W'sh'gt'n lv	.....	10.01pm
12.43pm	.....	ar...N York..lv	.....	3.25pm

Nos. 22 and 21 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville, Birmingham and New York. Cafe car serves meals en route

No *18	STATIONS.	No. *17
7.?0 am	lv.....Tuscaloosa.....ar	4.25pm
9.10am	lv.....Akron.....ar	7.30pm
9.55am	.....Greensboro.....	6.44pm
10.52am	.....Marion.....	5.46pm
11.59am	ar.....Selma.....lv	4.45pm

No. *24	No. *16	STATIONS.	No. *15	No. *23
.....	7.30pm	lv New O'l's..ar	8.30am	.....
.....	7.50am	lv. Meridian..ar	8.05pm	.....
.....	9.37am	..Demopolis..	6.30pm	.....
.....	10.22am	ar..Union't n.lv	5.42pm	.....
.....	11.05am	...Marion Jct..	5.10pm	.....
.....	11.?0am	ar { Selma { lv	4.45pm	.....
.....	12.05pm	lv { ..... { ar	4.30pm	.....
.....	2.03pm	...Montevallo..	2.32pm	.....
.....	2.26pm	.....Calera.....	2.20pm	.....
.....	2.42pm	...Columbiana..	1.49pm	.....
*6.45am	3.18pm	..Childersburg..	1.11pm	*9.25pm
7.?2am	3.53pm	...Talladega...	12.?3pm	8.3 pm
8.25am	4.55pm	...Anniston...	11.35am	7.40 m
8.48am	5.1 pm	..Jacksonville..	11.08am	7.?0pm
9.08am	5.35pm	...Piedmont...	10.45am	6.40pm
9.56am	6.28pm	..Cave Springs..	9.58am	5.50pm
*10.3?am	7.05pm	ar....Rome.....	9.20am	5.?0pm
11.30am	10.?0pm	ar...Atlanta..lv	8.?0am	*4.15pm

STATIONS.	No. *2.	No. *38	No. *36	No. *18
Lv Birm'gham	.....	6.10am	4.10pm	1.?0pm
Pell City	.....	7.20am	5.25pm	12 45am
Anniston	9.15am	8.20am	6.?1pm	1.?8.m
Heflin	5.02.m	9.00am	7.20pm	2.38am
Edwardsville	5.?2am	.....	7.30pm	2.46 m
Fruithurst	5.?2am	.....	7.42pm	2.56am
Tallapoosa	5.45am	9.37am	8.03pm	3.15 m
Bremen	6.07am	.....	8.?5pm	3.33am
Douglasville	7.10am	10.45am	9.36pm	4.24am
Lithia Springs	7.25am	.....	9.?7pm	4.35am
Atlanta	8.20am	11.30am	10.15pm	5.20am

STATIONS.	No. *3	No. *5	No. *1	No. *3
Lv Atlanta	6.10am	4.15pm	11.?5pm	6.15pm
Lithia Springs	6.57am	5.00pm	12.20am	7.17pm
Douglasville	7.10am	.....	12.32am	7.30 m
Bremen	7.56a	5.55pm	1.24am	8.23pm
Tallapoosa	8.15 m	6.10pm	1.42am	8.50 m
Fruithurst	8.23am	.....	1.58am	9.16pm
Edwardsville	8.46am	6.33 m	2.06am	9.27pm
Heflin	9.0?am	6.42pm	2.16am	9.40pm
Anniston	9.46am	7.25pm	2.55am	10.30pm
Pell City	10.38am	8.35pm	4.07am	.....
Birmingham	11.45am	9.55pm	5.20 m	.....

STATIONS.	No. 35	No. 38
Lv Birmingham	4.10pm	6.10am
Lv Anniston	6.31pm	8.20am
Lv Atlanta	10.55pm	12.0?pm
Ar Macon	1.05am	2.25pm
Ar Jesup	5.20am	.....
Ar Jacksonville	8.30am	.....
Ar Brunswick	6.55am	.....

No. 35 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Brunswick and Atlanta to Jacksonville.

No. 38 carries Pullman Sleeping car and Dining car Birmingham to Atlanta.

STATIONS.	No. 15
Lv Rome	7.10pm
Ar Chattanooga	9.30pm
Ar Knoxville	1.4?am
Ar Hot Springs	4.28am
Ar Asheville (Cent Time)	5.55am
Ar Salisbury (East Time)	11.25am
Ar Greensboro	12.5?pm
Ar Washington	2.50pm
Ar New York	6.13am

No. 15 carries Pullman Sleeping car Rome to Chattanooga, Chattanooga to Salisbury and Salisbury to New York without change.

STATIONS.	No. 2	No. 4.
Lv Chattanooga	10.00am	10.40pm
Ar Cincinnati	7.30pm	8.15am
Ar Louisville	8.15pm	10.35am

No. 4 Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to Louisville and Cincinnati.

No. 2 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

STATIONS.	No. 40	No. 38	No. 36
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	4 10pm
Lv Atlanta (east'n time)	1.45pm	1.00pm	1.00am
Ar Charlotte	10.05pm	8.13pm	9.20am
Ar Danville	2.05am	11.53pm	1.2 pm
Ar Lynchburg	4.30am	1.55am	3.?2pm
Ar Charlottesville	6.20am	3.37am	5.50pm
Ar Washington	9.45am	6.42am	9.15pm
Ar Baltimore	*10.55am	7.59am	11.25pm
Ar Philadelphia	12.5?n'n	10.15am	2.56am
Ar New York	3.03pm	12.43pm	6.13am

No. 38 "Washington&Southwestern Limited" Solid Vestibule train Atlanta to New York, carrying Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Club car Atlanta to Washington.

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

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W. A. TURK, P. T. M., Washington, D. C.
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Special facilities for making Abstract Titles.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
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Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles
Prepared only by E. O. DeWitt & Co., Chicago
The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.
For sale by Williaml Bros.

The Pleasure of Eating.

Persons suffering from indigestion dyspepsia or other stomach trouble will find that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digets what you eat ond makes the stomach sweet. This remedy is a never failing cure for indigestion and dyspepsia and all complaints affecting glands or membranes of the stomach or digestive tract- When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure everything you eat tastes good, and every bit of the nutriment that your food contains is assimilated and appropriated by the blood and tissues. Sold by Williams Brothers.

COTTON BELT ROUTE

HALF RATES TO TEXAS

BOTH ONE WAY AND ROUND TRIP

via the Cotton Belt, from St. Louis, Thebes, Cairo and Memphis, first and third Tuesdays of each month, beginning October 21st. For one-way tickets,

Half the One-Way Rate, plus $2.00;

round-trip tickets, one fare plus $2.00, to points in Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territories. Write for particulars and cost of ticket from your home town.

The Cotton Belt runs solid through trains to Texas, equipped with the most modern and comfortable cars. These trains make quick time and direct connections for all parts of the Great Southwest.

If you are seeking a better place to locate, write for a free copy of our handsome illustrated booklets, Hymns in the Southwest and Through Texas With a Camera.

N. B. BAIRD, Traveling Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
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THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

THURSDAY, MARCH 24, 1904.

Corn planting time.

Picnic days are upon us.

Easter Sunday April 3d.

Fishing parties will be the order.

Gardening is the order of the day.

Pleas Shaw, of Aldrich, was in the city Tuesday.

New radishes are enjoyed by some of our citizens.

The Telephone will soon be completed to Wilsonville.

Remembert the millinery opening March 25th and 26th.

It is only a little over a week till circuit court convenes.

The city election will come off on the first Monday in April.

Miss Ethel Glenn has a position with the Hammond Millinery Co.

It is whispered that a new livery stable is to be established here.

A party of young people went to Shelby Springs Sunday afternoon.

Gordon DuBose, of Ensley, made a business trip to the city this week.

There will be an ice cream supper at the National Hotel Friday night.

J. W. Bandy, of Montevallo, was a visitor to the city the first of the week

R. J. Griffin, of Helena, a candidate for tax collector was in the city the first of the week.

L. R. Kendrick attended the special session of the commissioners court Monday and Tuesday.

The game law went into effect on the 15th inst., and sportsmen will lay away the guns till next October.

The candidates are putting in good time, as the time of holding primary election is drawing near at hand.

Rev. J.W. D. Upshaw filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church last Sunday morning and night

Rev. H. M. Millstead has sold his gin lot to E. W. Burt, who will, this spring erect a brick building on the lot.

Mrs. Porter, who visited relatives in the city during the past week returned to her home at Coleanor last Friday.

Our city is taking on new life, as it is whispered that several brick buildings are to be erected in the near future.

On the 24, 25 and 26 the Hammond Millinery Co., will show an exquisite line of street hats, also some lovely hats for children.

Every lady is cordially invited to attend the GRAND OPENING of the Columbiana Millinery Shop, Friday, Friday evening and Saturday.

The latest in the way of signs is the one put up the other day across the sidewalk and it reads "THE DRUG STORE," of which J. P. Lane is the manager.

Shingles! Shingles! I am now prepared to furnish first-class shingle in quantity and on short notice, W. W. Albright.

The fine weather of the past few weeks have given our farmers plenty time to prepare their ground for planting corn and cotton.

Henry Chapman, the tonsorial artist has had his parlors papered and an oil cloth put on the floor which adds much to the interior.

If troubled with weak digestion, belching or sour stomach, use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and you will get quick relief. For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

We are in receipt of a handsome invitation of the Millinery opening of the Columbiana Millinery Shop on the 25th and 26th of this month. The invitation is well gotten up and is a credit to the young ladies.

Remember that the 11th day of next month is the day for the democratic primary, and we urge every voter to turn out and vote for his choice. It is important thet every one entitled to vote should come out to the polls on that day.

On last Friday afternoon the High shool ball team and the town boys played the second game on the diamond. Prof. Dowell did the twirling for the High school, and Tom Tinney handled the sheep skin for the town boys. The score was 9 to 6 in favor of the town boys.

Easter always brings out some new styles in ladies hear gear, and the Hammond Millinery Co., have on exhibit the very latest styles of hats which they are offering at very low figures. Give them a call before buying elsewhere.

Mr. J. R. White, proprietor of The White House Hotel of this place has added many improvements to this popular hotel, since he has bought the property, but none more valuable than the nice bath room just complet ed and equipped with the latest improved porcelain lined bath tub, giving his guests hot and cold baths free of charge. The usual charges for baths will be made to the general public. This is quite an addition to the equipment of the hotel and no doubt will be duly appreciated.

The marriage of Miss Ettie Page and Ed Strickland on Sunday afternoon at the residene of Mrs. German was a surprise to her many friends in the city. C. C. DuBose performed the ceremony. The bride is the daughter of our townsman James H. Page, and is a young lady of charming personality and many fine traits of character. Mr. Ed Strickland is a son of A. W. Strickland, and has a position with the Southern Railway at Wilton. The bride and groom left Monday morning for Wilton where they will in the future reside. The Chronicle extends cangratulations and wish them a long and happy life.

How to Make Money.

Agents of either sex should today write Marsh Manufacturing Co., 538 Lake st., Chicago, for cuts and particulars of their handsome Aluminum Card Case with name engraved on it and filled with 100 calling or business cards. Everybody orders them. Sample case and 100 cards, postpaid 40 cts. This case and 100 cards retails at 75c. You have only to show sample to get an order. Send 40c at once for case and 100 cards or send 30c for 100 cards without case. Mention this paper

As the twilight of the evening was fading away, last Saturday, a project was on foot for a surprise party, and at eight o'clock a party of young people met at Mrs. Parkers and docided to have it at the residence of John H. Robertson. The party consisting of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Lane, Misses Florence Fallaw and May Quigley, and Messrs. O. C. Bird and J. N. Robertson took up their trend carrying refeeshments with them and held an old fashion surprise party. The manner in which this party was gotten up reminds us of the time when the young people of the city Marietta, Ga., which nestles beneath the shadows of the famous mountain, Kennesaw, where the gallant Johnston met Sherman, use to get up similar surprise parties, carrying refreshments, tin plates, cup, knives and forks, thus saving the lady of the house any trouble.

Best Remedy for Constipation.

"The finest remedy for constipation I ever used is Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets," says Eli Butler of Frankville, N. Y. "They act gently and without any unpleasant effect, the bowels in a perfectly natural condition." Sold by Bandy Drug Co.

We are prepared to do fine dressmaking. Satisfaction guaranteed.
HAMMOND MILLINERY CO.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale granted by Hon. A. P. Longshore Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., on February 22, 1904, I, as administrator of the estate of Charles J. Christian deceased, will sell to the highest bidder for one third cash, one third in one year, and one third in two years, in the town of Columbiana, Ala., in front of the court house door on Monday, the 28th day of March 1904, the following described property, to-wit: southeast quarter of section 31, townsdip 21, range 1 east, southwest quarter and south half of southeast quarter of section 32, township 21, range 1 east, east half of northeast quarter of section 6, township 22, range 1 east, north half of section 5, township 22, range 1 east, situated in Shelby county Alabama.
HENRY MILNER,
Administrator.

One of the Old Land Mark Passes Away.

Died at his residence on March 23d, Dr. Dave Edwards who had lived at Wilsonville since the war between the states. He belong to Co. K, 31st Alabama regiment, Pettus' brigade and made a first class soldier. He held the office of 2d lieutenant, and all the boys loved him. We extend to the bereaved family and also to old Co. K.
J. H R.

Colds Cause Pneumonia.

One of the most remarkable cases of colds, deepseated on the luugs, causing pneumonia is that of Gertrude E Fenner, Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says: "The coughing and straining so weakened me so that I ran down in weight from 148 to 92. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this,wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength. Sold by Bandy Drug Company.

NOTICE.

State of Alabama, } Probate Court.
Shelby county. }
Estate of J. J. Davidson, deceased.

This day came J. J. Davidson and Clara Davidson. administrators of said estate and filed their application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therin, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts and making division among joint owners. It is ordered that the 25th day of April, 1904, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper. This the 10th day of March, 1904.
A. P. LONGSHORE,
Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed by T. W. Weaver and N. A. Weaver his wife to E. Williamson, administrator of the estate of S. A. Densler deceased, on the 3d day of December 1900, recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., in record of mortgage, No. 56 page 383, the undersigned will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door in Columbiana, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, on Monday the 11th day of April, 1904, the following north-described property, to-wit: the northeast quarter of southwest quarter and part of the northwest quarter of south west quarter, being all that part of the north half of the southwest quarter of section 14, township 21, range 1 east; that is on the east side of the public road known as the Montgomery road. This the 10th day of March.
JOHNNIE MAY BLACK,
and OLIVE A. DENSLER,
Assignees of said mortgage.
McMillan & Haynes, their Attorney.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

TEACHER'S INSTITUTE.

Shelby County Teacher's Institute will meet at Harpersville, Friday and Saturday, April 15th and 16th.

FRIDAY 10:30 A. M.

Devotional Exercise—O. P. Bentley
Welcome address—S. J. Strock
Response—L. B. Riddle.
Our prescribed music course and its importance—Misses Stella Posey and Bertie H. Allen.
Enrollment of teachers.
Adjournment.

FRIDAY, 1:30 P. M.

Is the period necessary in the average school?—Miss Stella Powell.
English Grammar:
(a) Punctuation—Miss Kate Gorman.
(b) Capitalization—Zada Davis.
(c) Compliments—Ella Williams.
(d) Pronouns—Mary Jones.
(e) Possessives—Mary Liles.
(f) Criticisms—By Institute.
Advisability of our prescribed course in agriculture—E. L. Patton.
How do you manage the overgrown boy, proud of his "teens?"—Kate H. Wallace.
Arithmetic:
(a) Fundamental principles—J. W. Moore and J. C. Harper.
(b) Common fractions—Miss Mattie Taylor and Augustus Mackey.
(c) Decimal fractions—Miss Ketnah Freeman and A. M. Freeman.
(d) Percentage—W. S. McEwen and B. F. Lyon.
(e) Criticisms—By Institute.

FRIDAY, 8:00 P. M.

Music—By professional and local talent.
Address—By F. M. Petterson.

SATURDAY, 8:30 A. M.

Convocation, an exercise in enumeration and pronunciation—J. W. Ellenburg.
Teachers Reading Course, Methods of recitation—S. Dowell.
Psychology—Miss Kittie Averyt and J. C. Hall.
Some methods in History—J. B. Ziegler.
Our re-districting bill—C. H. Florey and S. J. Strock.
The teacher's mission—Miss Carolyn Rowe.
Local taxation—Dr. F.M. Petterson
It is earnestly hopeful that the teachers of Shelby county will not be so little courteous as to reject the cordial invitation, given them by the good people of Harpersville, to visit their town Arrangements are being made whereby teachers may be met at Vincent and carried directly to Harpersville.
JNO. B. FARRELL,
Supt. of Education.

A Card of Thanks.

My sincere thanks are tendered to the kind people of Wilsonville, especially Dr. O. E. Black, who so cheerfully extended their help and sympathy during the illness and death of my loved one. Rest assured kind friends that my appreciation extends beyond the formality of this notice. Your kindess shall never be forgotten.
W. R. SMITH.

Shelby Springs.

I have been here 64 years, and 40 of them I have personally acquainted with all the probate judges, and what little time McMillan held the office he made a good officer. The democrats made a new constitution, the best thing ever done for Alabama since it has been a settled state. It cut the negro out of any right to vote and all the white people who wont pay their taxes. The populites are cutting up powerful over it. You put the populites and republicans in power and the very first thing they would do, do away with the new constitution and put the negro back like they were.

Ten or twelve years ago if I am not badly mistaken this county was out of debt and had $13.000 in the treasury. Since the populites and republican got a finger in the pie they have made away with this amount, and are now going to leave the county some $15,000 in debt. In the past five or six years it is they have spent enough money on the public roads to have macadamized every one of them from Montevallo to Harpersvill.

If Judge Longshore was to say to the populites and republican of this county to vote for Dave Ray for probate judge, every one of them would do it. The populites and republicans of this county, will after this, in all time to come be as dead as the old lady's husband was.

Now, I will leave the subject with you, and you can do as you like with your vote as the man was by building his house. He called in his neigbors to show him where to build it, one said here, another there, and so on, he just got up and said now you can go home, and I will put my house where I d—n please. R. M. D.

Treatment of Pneumonia.

Pneumonia is too dangerous a disease for any one to attempt to doctor himself, althorg he may have the proper remedies at hand. A physician should always be called. It should be borne in mind, however, that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of the grip, and by the proper treatment these diseases a threatened attack of pneumonia may be warded off. There is no question whatever about this, as during the 30 years and more that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used we have yet to learn of a single case of cold or attack of grip having resulted in pneumonia when this remedy was used. Dr. W. J. Smith. of Sanders, Ala., a druggist says of it: "I have been selling Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and prescribe it in my practice for the past 6 years. Use it, in cases of pneumonia and have always gotten good results." For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
For Piles, Burns, Sores.

TIP TOP.

Mrs J E Dye and daughter, of near Vincent, visited her son D G Grant Sunday and Monday.

J M Clyott, of Childersburg, a shingle cutter was up at Grant & Co, mill last week. but couldn't handle the mill, J R Moore one of the firm has possession and is cutting fine shinges.

Prof D W Rayfield on the 4th Sunday will sing at Mt Tabor, and Saturday night prior at G W Moore's.

Rev A C Messer will preach at Mt Tabor on the fourth Sunday.

Henry Bentley, of Weldon, was up wanting a contract, but we learn that he didn't get the contract.

R S Lewis with his short line railroad is progressing. They say he will be ready to lay some rails by May.

He was a caller at W S D's Sunday guess some one was all smiles.

The democrats, (some of them) listen to such as Skew Ball writes. We always knew that a barking dog never bites. So just let the "Pops" bark and see if we care.

We learn there is to be an egg hunt at G W Moore's Easter.

We were out tother day captivating the great "scienes" of the country an' while roaming, we came in contact with these "woirds" "There is to bee a wedding soon."

Tuesday morning Ira C Dickerson is to begin the erection of a nice dwelling for W J Sewell in place of the one recently burnt. GYPSY.

NOTICE!

As a milliner has opened in Shelby we will not make a trip there, but will be pleased to give our trade there especial attention here
Yours to serve,
HAMMOND MILLINERY CO.

COUNTY MUST BE RE-DISTRICTED

In accordance with a law recently enacted by the legislature of the state of Alabama, we will take up the matter of transforming the territory of Shelby county into public school districts, the boundaries of which will be made as the boundaries of beats are now made. Townships lines will not be taken into consideration; but dsstricts will be formed solely with reference to centers of population, natural barriers.

This duty which has been thrust upon us, however popular or unpopular it may be, must be discharged. And in so doing, we shall have much pleasure in subserving the wishes of our citizenship, hoping of course, that such wishes may not be impelled by any selfish motive, but that they may conform to a common sense of public good, and to the upbuilding of the cause of education.

Trustees and patrons may aid us very materially in this work by consulting each other and making diagrams of such districts as in their judgment should be made. This work shall have reached completion June 1st, 1904.
JNO. B. FARRELL,
Supt. of Education.

WILSONVILLE.

Johnnie Gwin, of Maplesville, visited homefolks the first of the week.

Miss Helen Boyer of your city spent aport of Saturday and Sunday with her parents here.

Rev Thos Parker filled his regular appointment at the Prbyterian church Sunday morning and night.

I G Gwin, jr, returned last week from Belle Ellen where he had been working as relief operator a few days.

We would like to speak a word for our friend J. E. Adams candidate for tax collector. We are well acquainted with him, and have been for years. We know him to be honest, upright, sober, intelligent and fully qualified to fill the office, and believe he will add strength to the ticket. As for the other candidates we do not know any of them, and do not know any of their qualrfications, but we do feel sure that you will make no mistake in casting yobr vote for J. E. Adam for tax collector.

DIED.—At the residence of her father. Mr J. H. Weldon, Mrs. Laura Smith, wife of W. R. Smith, Her remains were interred here at 3:30 March 15th, the funeral services being conducted by Rev. O. P. Bentley. She was born Feb. 4, 1882, was married to W. R. Smith Aug. 2, 1900. and died March 15, 1904. She leaves a husband, an infant son, two sisters and one brother, besides a host of relatives and friends to mourn her loss. She had been sick for a long time with that dreaded disease consumption, but she bore her suffering patiently and without complaint. It will be remembered by those who knew her, especially those of us who have been her schoolmates, that she was always kind, gentle and considerate. She was a consistent member of the Baptist church and had been for several years, and was prepared to meet the summons when it came. Why God in his inscrutable wisdom should cut down a flower of such rare beauty ere it is more than full bloom, is a mystery which we can not solve, but we know that he doeth all things well. Human sympathy cannot help the bereaved ones to bear their sorrow, but Jesus only will bear all our sorrows.. HONEST JOHN.

JURY LIST.

GRAND JURY.

Robert T Atkinson, L H Cosper, H H Sturdemire, A L Deshazo, W H Gill, D C Nickerson, J B Griffin, J L C Wesson, R E Cosper, H W Nelson, Geo Kroell, C A Busby, S A Kenrick, J M Babb, N N Mosteller, W N Gilbert, J S Jackson, R A Kidd, jr, D B Lacy, J W Kidd.

PETIT JURORS 1ST WEEK.

J H McCall, J E West, A McKinnon C P Keith, W P Cox. C W Stamps, S W Blackerby, H K Thomas, G H Stone, C H McBride, J A Ingram, J R Tinney, P H O'Neal, Castin Worten, J L Harless, S V Walls, J T Wheat, W T Roseo, A N Ray, W F G Falknor T N Walton, L E Dyke, Cliff Chapman, Henry Davis, A J White, Geo Powell, C H Green, H S Nelson.

SECOND WEEK.

B L Brasher. J W Patman, H M Johnson, Frank Etres, Will Miller, J B Ray, W S L Wood, John Ellison, S R Thomas, J H Martin, John Moore, C M Lackey, Chas Atkinson, S D Isbell, G W Shaw, P F Lyon, W W Hardaway, J N Lyon, M W Owens, David Pearson, R T Newton, E H Morris, T E Lambert. P L Ellison, J M Duke, Jack Crim, J H Lucas, D H Seal, S H Collins.

THIRD WEEK.

John Howard, Charles Sullivan, J E Wooten, W E Merrell, Jno W Robinson, W A Norris, W S Harper, J N Howard, T M Blackeby, H C Harris, Frank Davis, W S Cunningham, W H Cook, J V Champion, A S Johnson, J H Blackerby, J G Willis, J H Mooney, Ed Smith, R W Moss, J E Coshat, C H Bradshaw, T C Elliott, R N Morrison, J T McGoughey, S M Farrell, W H Hill, Z T Baldwil, R O Ozley.

FOURTH WEEK.

M M Crumpton, J C Seal, J L Martin, R A Carden, Henry Wells, D W Whitfield, G D Baldwin, W A Cross, J M Ray, J M Harris, C H West, D R Richards, J H Blackerby, W H Kendrick, R G Tinney, M C Foster, R Armstrong, Jno T Ellis, W H Prestridge, D L Salser, Eugene Williams, Jno Phillips, D M Merrell, J R Alexander, Will McConaughy, J C Andrews W G Wilder, M W Blake, M A Lucas, A J Johnson.

Withdrawal Card.

Harpersville, Ala., March 7th.
Editor Chonicle:

Der Sir.—Please allow me to announce my withdrawal from the race for circuit clerk through your paper. My continued bad health has caused me to take this step. I wish to sincerely thank my many friends for their kind endorsement, and feel confident they would give me a unanimous nomination, and I have the utmost confidence in the election of the entire democratic ticket in November. Assuring my friends that I for one will use all honorable means at my command in helping to accomplish the same. I am yours truly.
T. J. MARTIN.

When Thinking
ABOUT BUYING
A WATCH
it always pays to get a good one. If you want a Watch we can save you money on your order. Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Seth Thomas and New York Standard are good movements. Give us a trial order and you be convinced

DO YOU want anything in musical instruments? We have Violins, Violin Cases, Bows, Bridges, Pegs, Mandolins, Mandolin Cases, Picks, Guitars, Guitar Cases, Tamborines, Banjos. Accordeons, Harps, Harmonicas, Fifes, Ocarines, Flagolets, Bones, Clappers, Graphaphones and Records, also all kinds of strings for Violins, Banjos, Mandolins and Guitars

Call and see us in our
REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.
Don,t forget us when you want photograph work or enlarging, our work will please you. We keep all all kinds of pictures, picture frames and are receiving new goods every week that will interest you. Give us a call when in the city.
T. J. WEAVER & COMPANY,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

The Proper Treatment for Sprained Ankle.

As a rule s man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or 3 months before he has fully recovered. This an unnecessary loss of time, for many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some case within three days. For sale by Williams Bros.

A MODEL DRUG STORE
Conducted on a modern sytem.
We carry all Patent Medicines Sold in this Section.
Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins
Colgate's Soaps, Extracts, Toilet Articles.
Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco.
Fine line of Stationery, in fact everything that goes to makeup
A FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE.
Our Prescription Department is always in charge of a pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of pharmacy and years of experience.
J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782.77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3.000.00	Rediscounts.....	2,263,00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. FARLEY Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Company.
LAND TITLES;
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE;
TITLES GUARANTEED;
A GENERAL TITLE BUSINESS;
—INSURANCE—
Fire, Plate Glass, Boiler,
Employers Liability, Accident Insurance
J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Ala.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

NORTH CAROLINA CORN WHISKEY
AT $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 AND $3.00 PER GALLON.
DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.
Saving Middlemen's Profits.
All express charges paid by me on packages of 2 gallons or more.
TERMS--CASH WITH ORDER.
Write for descriptive circulars. Reference commercial agencies or any merchant here.
J. H. WOOLLEY
Cherryville, N. C.

Non-Residence Notice.

L. M. Dyke, Vs. Henry Walthall.
State of Alabama, } Circuit Court.
Shelby County. } Whereas, L. M. Dyke as plaintiff in said cause has obtained an attachment out of this court issued the 19th day of January, 1904, against the estate of the said Henry Walthall as defendant, which attachment has been levied by R. F. Cox, sheriff of Shelby county, Ala., on the following described real estate of the said defendant, to-wit: Island "A" in Coosa river of sections 17 and 8, and all of Island "B" in Coosa river, of section 8. all in township 21, range 2 east. All of which is situated in the the county of Shelby and and state of Alabama. and, whereas, it appears that the said Henry Walthal defendant as aforesaid is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in the State of New York, therefore the said Henry Walthal wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the said attachment and the levy thereof as aforesaid.
Witness my hand this the 21st day of January 1904.
J. P. PEARSON, Clerk.

A child of Mrs. G. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath stepped against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great pain and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remembering that she had a bottle of Chamberlains Pain Balm in the house she would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Pain Balm is an antiseptic liniment and valuable for burns, breises, cuts and spains. Sold by Williams Broc., Druggists.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.
Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF
GEO. W. MCGOWAN, } Probate Court
Deceased.

Letters of administration upon the estate of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 19 day of February 1904, by the Hon. A. P. Longshore Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, notice is here by given that all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred. E. W. HOLLAND.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but it stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 25 and 75 cts. For sale by Williams Bros.

The Name Witch Hazel.

The name Witch Hazel is much abused. E. C. DeWitt & Co, Chicago, is the inventors of the original and genuine Witch Hazel Salve. A certain cure for cuts,bruises eczema tetter, piles, etc. There are many counterfeits of this salve,some of which are dangerous while they are worthless. In buying Witch Hazel salve see tha E. C. DeWitt & Co. Chicago, is on the box and a cure is cer

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

THE OLD FOLKS AT HOME

Are Never Without Peruna in the House for Catarrhal Diseases.

MR. AND MRS. J. O. ATKINSON, INDEPENDENCE, MO.

UNDER date of January 10, 1897, Dr. Hartman received the following letter:

"My wife had been suffering from a complication of diseases for the past 25 years.

"Her case had baffled the skill of some of the most noted physicians. One of her worst troubles was chronic constipation of several years' standing.

"She also was passing through that most critical period in the life of a woman—change of life. In June, 1895, I wrote to you about her case. You advised a course of Peruna and Manalin, which we at once commenced, and have to say it completely cured her. She firmly believes that she would have been dead only for these wonderful remedies.

"About the same time I wrote you about my own case of catarrh, which had been of 25 years' standing. At times I was almost past going. I commenced to use Peruna according to your instructions and continued its use for about a year, and it has completely cured me.

"Your remedies do all that you claim for them, and even more. Catarrh cannot exist where Peruna is taken according to directions. Success to you and your remedies."

John O. Atkinson.

In a letter dated January 1, 1900, Mr. Atkinson says, after five years' experience with Peruna:

"I will ever continue to speak a good word for Peruna. In my rounds as a traveling man I am a walking advertisement for Peruna and have induced many people during the past year to use Peruna with the most satisfactory results. I am still cured of catarrh." *John O. Atkinson, Box 272, Independence, Mo.*

When old age comes on catarrhal diseases come also. Systemic catarrh is almost universal in old people.

This explains why Peruna has become so indispensable to old people. Peruna is their safeguard. Peruna is the only remedy yet devised that meets these cases exactly.

Such cases cannot be treated locally; nothing but an effective systemic remedy could cure them. This is exactly what Peruna is.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

In the chapel of ease at Tunbridge Wells, which stands in Kent and Sussex and in three parishes—Frant, Tunbridge and Speldhurst—the officiating clergyman robes in the parish of Frant, in Sussex; officiates at the altar in Tunbridge parish, in Kent; and walks to his pulpit through the parish of Speldhurst. The whole journey in two counties and three parishes can be made quite comfortably in thirty seconds.

BABY HUMORS

Milk Crust Scalled Head and Eczema

Instantly Relieved & Speedily Cured by Baths with

Cuticura SOAP

And gentle anointings with CUTICURA OINTMENT, purest and sweetest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. It means instant relief and refreshing sleep for tortured, disfigured, itching, and burning babies, and rest for tired, fretted mothers, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60). Ointment, 50c. Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.

Send for "How to Cure Every Humor."

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

The students of the University of Missouri have asked the college authorities to cut out one meal a day hereafter, they having found by experiment that they are "in better health and spirits, and better prepared for hard mental work," when eating only two meals a day.

10,000 Plants For 10c.

This is a remarkable offer the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., makes. They will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine solid Cabbages.
2,000 delicious Carrots,
2,000 Blanching, nutty Celery,
2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
1,000 splendid Onions,
1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

This great offer is made in order to induce you to try their warranted seeds—for when you once plant them you will grow no others, and

ALL FOR BUT 10C. POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c. in postage, they will add to the above a package of the famous Berliner Cauliflower. [A.C.L.]

When love and hope first met they formed a partnership which has never been dissolved.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thomas Robbins, Maple St., Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Men who mind their own business are too busy to quarrel with their neighbors.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes cost but 10 cents per package.

Some men make positive failures even of their mistakes.

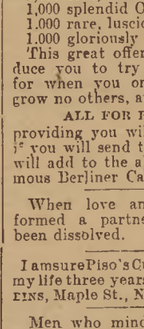
Japan did not have a single battleship in 1895, while now she has six of the first class and many war vessels of inferior classes.

"Nellie Bly," the pioneer sensational reporter of New York and the woman who won great notoriety by her flying trip around the world, has just been left a wealthy widow by the death of her husband, Robert Seaman, a millionaire merchant of New York. Seaman married "Nellie Bly," known in private life as Elizabeth Cochran, in Chicago in 1895, when the bride was 30 years old and the groom 72. It is related that the widow had several sensational adventures with private detectives who were employed by her husband to dog her footsteps.

EIGHT YEARS OF TORTURE.

No suffering more keen than kidney suffering. Sick kidneys make bad blood; cause weak, stiff and aching backs; cause blind, sick and dizzy headaches, lack of appetite and loss of sleep; keep you all tired out and spoil digestion.

To have perfect health you must cure the kidneys. Read how one man was cured by Doan's Kidney Pills after eight years of torture.



Henry Soule, of Pultney St., Hammondsport, N. Y., says: "For eight years I suffered constant agony from kidney complaint. I endured the worst torture from gravel and the kidney secretions were excessive and contained sediment like brick dust. I had to get out of bed from ten to twenty times a night and the loss of sleep wore me out. Indigestion came on, and the distress after eating was terrible. Doan's Kidney Pills effected a complete and lasting cure, and after the symptoms of kidney trouble were gone my stomach began to work as it should. This lasting cure, especially in a person of my age, proves the great value of Doan's Kidney Pills more convincingly than could any words of mine."

Doan's Kidney Pills sold by all druggists; price, 50 cents per box, or mailed on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for free trial.

CUBA'S FAVORITE SPORT

THE GAME OF JAI ALAI THE RAGE IN HAVANA.

It Resembles Handball—Peculiar Kind of Racquet Used—Scenes on the Huge Cemented Court—Betting the Order of the Day.

The Havana (Cuba) correspondent of the New York Times writes as follows:

What the theatre is to New York, Jai Alai is to Havana. Two evenings a week and Sunday afternoon the Fronton is crowded, and as it has a large seating capacity this crowded condition means a great number of people. Many times standing room only is to be had. Cubans, with their love of chance, are not the only ones that frequent the game. All tourists are directed to it as one of the show places of the city, and having been there once, they are very apt to go again and again during their stay.

The boxes, which occupy the entire second floor, are filled with fashionable people, family parties, including little children, often being seen in them. The tiers of seats below, like those of a circus, are crowded with people of all classes, mostly men. There is nothing beautiful or attractive about the building. Just within the entrance are windows where the house accepts wagers on the various players; further back are refreshment counters. Everything is simple, and there is no attempt at adornment of the bare walls and floors. Beyond the entrance the unadorned simplicity still prevails. One is reminded of an immense circus, but instead of rings for performances there is a cemented court 175 feet long, and instead of canvas walls are those of the building, with a very high roof, under which is a perfect network of timbers and bracings. Beneath these timbers a large net is spread, apparently to prevent the ball from being lost above. Lines on the court and lines and figures on the wall by the side of the court speak intelligibly to the initiated as to their significance, but to the uninitiated they are simply lines and figures.

Between the court and the seats of the first floor is a space of about the same breadth as the court. During games this is occupied by a man who serves coffee and other stimulants to the players, who drink freely throughout the game; three or four favored spectators, a small boy in white, who carries the balls used by the players, and three referees, who sit like statues in chairs along the side of the court, however exciting the game. Also within the inclosure are half a dozen or more bookmakers, recognized at once by the white coats and red Tam O'Shanter caps they wear. As the game progresses these men walk up and down in front of the pit, shouting the odds given at that stage, and they are kept busy issuing checks; they accept no money less than a gold piece, ordinarily a centen (almost $5 in our currency).

On a level with the second floor, in a very conspicuous place, is a small gallery where the score of the game is kept. As the points are won, one by one, the shifting numbers show it—in one frame the record of the whites; in an adjoining one that of the blues. Just below this gallery is a blackboard on which are recorded the scores of the various players in the games where each plays for himself and the amount that has been bet on each. Four games are played, two "partidocs," in which two men play against two others, occasionally three against three—the "blues" and the "whites." The other two games are those in which each man scores for himself. Five or more play in these "quinielas," two against each other until one loses the ball, when another comes up.

The house takes bets on each of these games during the intermission preceding it, and it may be added that the intermissions last as long as the betting is at all spirited. When the game promises to be very exciting the intermission seems almost interminable. A band hidden down below plays to while away the time. When the intermission ends the house takes no more bets for that game, and the amount wagered on each player—if it is a quiniela—is posted at once. During the succeeding intermission the winnings are collected. The house takes 10 percent of all winnings, and it is estimated that in the course of a month its profits from this source are from $15,000 to $20,000.

One can imagine going to a horse race without placing money on a favorite or to a baseball game without making wagers, but at Jai Alai betting is the order of the day. While there are people who attend the games simply for the pleasure in the sport, they are comparatively few, and the customary remark when any one says he has been at Jai Alai is: "You won, I hope," or its equivalent. Much discussion has arisen from time to time as to whether or not the games are sold; those of the audience that shout "a sale" at a losing player have this in mind. Some time ago a man remarked that he had bought a game for 500 centens (about $2500) and won 2000 centens (about $10,000) on it, and his statement seemed to receive credit. Last winter a certain young Cuban was named as having bought games frequently. But this is still an open question, and in the meantime the general public, being more or less at random, is not affected to any degree.

The game resembles handball. Long, narrow, curved baskets are strapped to the player's wrist, and these are used as a kind of racquet. The object is to keep in constant motion the one ball used. Instead of sending it from one player to another, it is sent against the wall at one end of the court. As it rebounds the opponent catches it in his basket, to which it seems to go as if by magic, sending it back to the wall, etc. Sometimes it is sent against the wall with such force that it rebounds the entire length of the court and strikes the rear wall. It is allowable to receive the ball as it rebounds from the rear wall if the server's play has been forcible enough to send it three.

A quiniela may be very short. As soon as any of the contestants makes six points he has won. The five or seven or more taking part sit in a row of chairs along the side of the court. Two begin to play. As soon as one of them loses he takes his seat at the foot of the row and the one at the head takes his place on the court. This rotation is continued until a player makes the requisite six points. Sometimes a quiniela drags along, but it is never as long as a partido. The longest partido ever played in the Fronton was one Sunday afternoon in December. It lasted about two hours.

Players receive from $3000 to $5000 a season, and it is generally believed that, by private arrangements, bets, etc., this income is considerably augmented. The game is a living refutation of the theory that violent exercise is impossible in the tropics, since more violent action than it requires is hardly to be found anywhere. This people, with their love of chance, aided by the foreign population, both resident and floating, who seem to find the element of chance offered equally attractive, have made the success of the sport phenomenal. The stock is held at a tremendous premium—in fact, it is not on the market.

CURIOUS LORE.

Natural History Contained in a Very Rare Book.

It is interesting to note that among some country folk the curious idea still prevails that with the master die the bees, says the London Express. Somebody tells me that instances of this have been noticed of late. At a sale of the humble effects of a villager lately dead, two or three hives of bees in old straw keeps were to be disposed of, but when they came to be examined it was found that all the bees were dead.

A coincidence of this kind will probably keep alive the superstition in that village for generations to come.

Some curious specimens of folk lore and natural history are contained in a rare book called the Sportsman's Dictionary. This was published 160 years ago. The author was evidently a Philistine among Philistines in his attitude toward nature.

Of the master musician, the blackbird, he says:

"This bird is known by all persons, and is better to be eaten than kept, being much sweeter to the palate when dead and well roasted than to the ear while living. Sings about three months in the year, or four at most, though his song is worth nothing, but if he be taught to whistle he is of some value, it being very loud, though coarse." What an ear and mind!

And here is a story of the squirrel with the ring in it of the 17th even more than the 18th century. It reminds one of the hares of Izaak Walton that changed their sexes once a year.

"If what is reported of them be true, the admirable cunning of the squirrel appears in her (where we commonly use his when the sex need not be specified our ancestors often use 'her') swimming or passing over a river, for when she is constrained by hunger so to do she seeks out some rind or small bark of a tree, which she sets upon the water, and then goes into it, and, holding up her tail like a sail, lets the wind drive her to the other side, and carries meat in her mouth to prevent being famished by the length of the voyage."

Of the wild boar we have this: "And what place soever he bites, whether man or dog, the heat of his teeth causes an inflammation in the wound. If, therefore, he does but touch the hair of a dog he burns off; nay, huntsmen have tried the heat of his teeth by laying hairs on them as soon as he was dead, and they have shriveled up as if touched with a hot iron."

An Eel's Adventure.

A big eel at large around the Wissahickon station of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway company caused quite a sensation among the waiting passengers a few days ago, and a half hundred women and a few cowardly men feel exceedingly grateful to the ticket agent, bootblack and newsboy ever since.

Somehow the eel escaped from a large box in the waiting room, and, quietly wriggling over the floor, created consternation by showing a fondness for crawling over the shoes of the fair sex.

When the eel broke jail the attaches of the station all made grabs for him. But, wriggling like an Oriental dancer, he went through their hands like the proverbial greased eel.

Terror was added to the excitiment by some one raising a cry that it would bite. Women grabbed their skirts and screamed and men looked foolish. It was a hot chase. The attaches ducked in and out, losing their hats and tempers in the scrimmage. Sometimes their hands would close over the eel, but not for long; a few wriggles and the elusive creature would be gliding over the floor again. Finally ticket agent, newsboy and bootblack, puffing and blowing and perspiring freely, made a final and successful attack, corralled the eel, and nailed him in a packing case.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

An Amazing Hoax.

Picturesque things do happen in the tropics. There was a queer story afloat in Singapore a while ago that at a set time and place the coolies of the Macao and Teochow tribes were to meet on the Esplanade and "fight out" their ancient feud to full satisfaction.

It seemed almost too good to be true, but "the man said so." Hitherto the Macao and Teochow men who singly fought as champions had found themselves in the police court, but now it was said that the Sikhs were to appear only to keep order and see fair play.

Everybody went—the men of the two rival standards ready to fight for them, the others to look on at a battle whose like had never been seen before. When the Sikhs did come there were from 30,000 to 50,000 Chinamen on the ground. The police kept order all right, but for four hours the crowd waited, and still there was no fight. Finally the Sikhs received orders to get the crowd moving, and gradually they succeeded in this by whipping the Chinamen about the calves of tre legs with their thin rattans.

One man was arrested and fined $2 in silver next morning in the police court. That was all.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

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Worry is as useless as it is to tell people not to worry.

Billion Dollar Grass and Alfalfa.

When we introduced Billion Dollar Grass three years ago, little did we dream it would be the most talked of grass in America, the biggest, quick, hay producer on earth, but this has come to pass.

Agr. Editors wrote about it, Agr. College Professors lectured about it, Agr. Institute Orators talked about it, while in the farm home by the quiet fireside, in the corner grocery, in the village postoffice, at the creamery, at the depot, in fact wherever farmers gathered, Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass, that wonderful grass, good for 5 to 14 tons per acre, and lots of pasture besides, is always a theme worthy of the farmer's voice.

A. Walford, Westlore Farms, Pa., writes: "I have 60 acres in Salzer's Alfalfa Clover. It is immense. I cut three crops this season and have lots of pasture besides."

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10C. IN STAMPS

to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples free. [A.C.L.]

The British Board of Agriculture estimates that there are 1,871,619 dogs in the country

---

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

---

It is harder to reconcile ourselves to other people's successes than to our own defeats.

The Talamancans are Indians of Panama, not far from the canal and about half way across the isthmus. They live almost in the primitive style of their ancestors in the days of Columbus and have little intercourse with whites, beyond trading fowls and pigs for tobacco, trinkets and ammunition. They speak their ancient language and still use the blow gun and spear. They live in huts of palm thatch, with a number of domesticated animals; for instance, the wild deer, peccary, tapir, and even the tiger cat. They hunt, fish and cultivate Indian crops and cassava. They have more fear of an evil than faith in a good spirit, are polygamists, and their simple government is hereditary. Their king is a despot as far as custom or law permits, and their "sokee," or medicine man, is lawyer, priest and doctor all in one. Their life is on the whole one of dreamy contentment. Apparently they are an inferior race to the Aztecs, who probably ruled them.—London Globe.

A Japanese woman, when abandoned by her lover, takes a peculiar and picturesque revenge. When she no longer has any doubt as to his faithlessness, she gets up in the middle of the night and puts on a pleasing dress and wooden sandals. Attached to her head dress she carries three lighted candles and suspended from her neck hangs a small mirror. She takes in her left hand a small straw effigy of the faithless one and in her right a hammer and nails. Walking gravely to the sanctuary she nails the effigy securely to the trunk, she selects one of the sacred trees and then prays for the death of the traitor, vowing that if her wish is granted she will take out the nails which trouble her god. Night after night she comes to the tree, adding one or two nails and repeating her prayers, persuaded that the god will not hesitate to sacrifice the man to save the tree.

A certain historical sentiment is attached to the name of the Peresviet, one of the big Russian battle ships at Port Arthur, which has thus far apparently escaped injury. That name was borne by one of the principal vessels of the little Russian squadron which visited New York during the civil war—the first Russian war ship to enter the harbor. The ships spent several weeks there, and the officers and crew were entertained, both publicly and privately, with lavish hospitality. The Peresviet of those days was then much visited and admired. But she would cut a puny figure beside the steel-clad monster that now bears her name

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Harvard has 6,013 students; Columbia, 4,557; the University of Chicago, 4,146; the University of Michigan, 3,926; the University of California, 3,690; the University of Illinois, 3,661; the University of Minnesota, 3,550; Cornell, 3,438; the University of Wisconsin, 3,221; Yale, 2,990.

Arthur Hill, of Saginaw, Mich., has donated 80 acres of land to the University of Michigan as an experiment station for the department of forestry.

"Aren't you afraid that a great many people will criticise you for becoming rich?" "Yes" answered Senator Sorghum. "But the chances are that if I had stayed poor they wouldn't have noticed me, even that much."—Washington Star.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

"Why does Mrs. Clubwoman look so sad?" "The world's injustice to woman has just struck her forcibly again." "How was that?" "She happened to think that Martha Washington isn't called the Mother of her Country."—Cincinnati Times Star.

Millions in Oats.

Salzer's New National Oats yielded in 1903 in Mich. 240 bu.; in Mo., 255 bu.; in N. D., 310 bu., and in 30 other States from 150 to 300 bu. per acre. Now this Oat if generally grown in 1904 will add millions of bushels to the yield and millions of dollars to the farmer's purse. Try it for 1904. Largest Seed Potato and Alfalfa Clover growers in America. [A.C.L.]

Salzer's Speltz, Beardless Barley, Home Builder Corn, Macaroni Wheat, Pea Oat, Billion Dollar Grass and Earliest Canes are money makers for you, Mr. Farmer.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10C.

in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples.

When a man undertakes to discuss love he winds up by pronouncing it a form of insanity.

Miss M. Cartledge gives some helpful advice to young girls. Her letter is but one of thousands which prove that nothing is so helpful to young girls who are just arriving at the period of womanhood as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I cannot praise **Lydia E. Pinkam's Vegetable Compound** too highly, for it is the only medicine I ever tried which cured me. I suffered much from my first menstrual period, I felt so weak and dizzy at times I could not pursue my studies with the usual interest. My thoughts became sluggish, I had headaches, backaches and sinking spells, also pains in the back and lower limbs. In fact, I was sick all over.

"Finally, after many other remedies had been tried, we were advised to get **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and I am pleased to say that after taking it only two weeks, a wonderful change for the better took place, and in a short time I was in perfect health. I felt buoyant, full of life, and found all work a pastime. I am indeed glad to tell my experience with **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, for it made a different girl of me. Yours very truly, Miss M. Cartledge, 533 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga."

At such a time, the grandest aid to nature is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It prepares the young system for the necessary changes, and is the surest and most reliable cure for woman's ills of every nature. Mrs. Pinkham invites all young women who are ill to write her for free advice. Address, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

Mrs. Estes, of New York City, says:

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I write to you because I believe all young girls ought to know how much good your medicine will do them. I did dressmaking for years before I was married, and if it had not been for **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, I do not believe I could have stood the strain. There is no other work that is such a strain on the system. Oh, how my back used to ache from the bending over! I would feel as though I would have to scream out from the pain, and the sitting still made me so terribly tired and weak, and my head throbbed like an engine. I never could eat after work, I was so worn out. Then I was irregular, and had such frightful cramps every month they would simply double me up with pain, and I would have to give up working and lie down. But **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** changed me into a strong, well woman. Yours very truly, Mrs. Martha Estes, 513 West 125th St., N. Y. City."

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of female troubles cured. Sold by druggists everywhere. Refuse all substitutions. Remember every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham, if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

FEET THAT Hurt, Sweat, Blister, cured by ROYAL FOOT WASH. Removes odors of feet, armpits, etc. Keeps the feet cool. If not at druggists send 25c to Eaton Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga., for full size, postpaid; sample, postpaid, for 2c stamp. One application proves its merit.

Corn must have a sufficient supply of

Potash

in order to develop into a crop. No amount of Phosphoric Acid or Nitrogen can compensate for a lack of potash in fertilizers [for grain and all other crops].

We shall be glad to send free to any farmer our little book which contains valuable information about soil culture.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, New York—99 Nassau Street, or Atlanta, Ga. 50 So. Broad St.

Biliousness

"I have used your valuable Cascarets and find them perfect. Couldn't do without them. I have used them for some time for indigestion and biliousness and am now completely cured. Recommend them to everyone. Once tried, you will never be without them in the family."

Edward A. Marx, Albany, N. Y.

Best For The Bowels

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THAT WORK WHILE YOU REST

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y. 602

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3 SHOES UNION MADE

W. L. Douglas shoes have by their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any shoes in the world.

They are just as good as those that cost you $4 to $5—the only difference is the price.

Sold Everywhere.

Look for name and price on bottom.

Douglas uses Corona Calfskin, which is every where conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced. *Fast Color Eyelets used.* Shoes by mail, 25c. extra. Write for Catalog. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Cotton Gin Machinery

PRATT. MUNGER. WINSHIP. EAGLE. SMITH.

We make the most most complete line of any concern in the world. We also make

ENGINES and BOILERS, LINTERS for OIL MILLS.

We sell everything needed about a Cotton Gin.

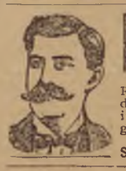
Write for Illustrated Catalogue.

Continental Gin Co., Birmingham, Ala.

CAPSICUM VASELINE

(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, New York City.



Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Saw Mills

The DeLoach Patent Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill with 4 h. p. cuts 2,000 feet per day. All sizes and prices to suit. DeLoach Shingle Mills, Edgers, Trimmers, Planers, Corn and Buhr Mills, Water Wheels, Lath Mills, Wood Saws. Our handsome new Catalog will interest you. DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co., Box 844, Atlanta, Ga.

Am. 13, 1904.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE

VOL. XVII. COLUMBIANA, SHELBY COUNTY, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 31 1904 NO 32

To the learned men who go grubbing in kitchen middens, and who can tell without stopping to count, just how many sausages it takes to reach the moon, it's as plain as the noonday sun why the hare is here at Easter with a wheelbarrow full of eggs. But for you and me, who couldn't build up a dinosaur from a decayed tooth in another million years, and who mix up history with historical novels, a little time is required to disentangle the truth from the tradition.

There's no doubt that the Easter hare has arrived. You have seen him in nearly all the confectioner's windows for some time past, either trundling a wheelbarrow full of eggs or proudly drawing a huge egg set up on wheels.

Now, be sure not to pronounce that "aigs" and "aig," as they do in the South, for if you do, you will be falling into the same unscientific error as the confectioners have made in representing the sacred hare as his humble American cousin, "Bre'r Rabbit." The rabbit is all well enough in his way, and without him we wouldn't have "Uncle Remus," perhaps, and a lot of people would have to take out accident insurance instead of prowling around graveyards in the dark of the moon.

many, from which we have borrowed the tradition of the Easter hare, who is quite as important a figure in his way in the Fatherland as is St. Nicholas himself at Christmas. Where did the Germans get the hare myth? To determine that you would have to make a pretty long excursion into the past. And perhaps, in the end, it would be "up to" the Sphinx to answer you, and you know very well how crabbed that lady has become through all the centuries, with no one to talk to but impertinent tourists. The truth seems to be that little Rameses "picked" eggs with his boy neighbors. That was long before the Gauls introduced the custom of the Easter hat.

If Cleopatra, who came somewhat later on the scene, affected the lily at this season of the year, it was probably the tiger lily; but you may be sure she knew all about the hare and its relations with the moon, and consequently with Easter itself.

For it is a fact, even if it is a fable, too, that the moon and the hare and Easter—likewise the Easter egg—are all dependent the one upon the other, and have been since the time when Easter, the Saxon goddess of the East, gave her name to our Christian festival. Now, you may think, with your limited knowledge of Egyptiology, that

THE DESCENT FROM THE CROSS.

Peter Paul Rubens, 1577-1640.

But the rabbit is not a hare, and has nothing to do with Easter. Unfortunately, there are no hares in the East and South, and out on the Alkali plains, where they insult the tame American hare by calling him a jack or jackass rabbit, they are behaving pretty well when they remember that it's Sunday at all, much less Easter Sunday.

This distinction between the hare and the undersized rabbit is really important, and chiefly because the rabbit burrows in the ground, while the hare makes forms of grass for his habitation. Are you so keen-witted that you never sought a hare in a hen's nest? Ah! now you begin to understand. And when you reflect how impossible it would be to find the Easter eggs if the hare hid them in a deep hole, it's perfectly plain that the New York dealers in confectioners' supplies are propagating a mischievous error. Maybe it is a blow at the Belgian hare trade. In these days of international rivalry, who can tell?

Yet it is Belgium's neighbor, Germany, from which we have borrowed the tradition of the Easter hare, who is quite as important a figure in his way in the Fatherland as is St. Nicholas himself at Christmas. Where did the Germans get the hare myth? To determine that you would have to make a pretty long excursion into the past. And perhaps, in the end, it would be "up to" the Sphinx to answer you, and you know very well how crabbed that lady has become through all the centuries, with no one to talk to but impertinent tourists. The truth seems to be that little Rameses "picked" eggs with his boy neighbors. That was long before the Gauls introduced the custom of the Easter hat.

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With the lapse of ages some of them have grown so "cold" that the best handwriting experts of to-day cannot decipher them. But in the everyday language of the Nile region the equivalent of hare is "un," which, in English, is "open," "to open," "the opener." Also, the hare has been from remote time a symbol for the moon, and for several reasons. Two of them are that the hare is a nocturnal animal, and that the hare and the moon have both been credited with the power of changing their sex. Again, the young of the hare, unlike rabbits, are born with their eyes open, and are fabled never to close them. Hence the traditional "hare's sleep." As a matter of fact, rather than of fable, the hare's eyes are so situated on the sides of its head that it can see all around. You never heard a hare make that old sneering excuse for carelessness:—"You might think I had eyes in the back of my head." To all intents and purposes the hare has.

Well, then, to make it quite clear, "un" is hare, or "open," and the moon is "the open eyed watcher of the skies at night." But that isn't all.

Ecce Homo.

The Egyptians being a people of few, because difficult, words, made "un" do duty for "period," too. Thus the hare, being never comma-tose, "became the type of period-icity, human and lunar, and as the opener became associated with the opening of the new year at Easter." Finally, it came to be connected in the popular mind with the eggs, broken to satisfy the opening of the year. "And there you are!" exclaims triumphantly the enthusiastic scientist to whom I am indebted for this information.

In Germany, if little Hans and Gretel are good, the white hare steals softly into the house on Easter eve, when everybody is sleeping, and leaves in the nooks and corners many brightly colored eggs for the "kinderkins." In the morning the children and their parents hunt for these eggs amid great excitement. So says Mr.

Fresh Easter Eggs To-day.

—From a German postal card.

William Walsh, who is a composite of authorities. To this may be added Meier's explanation that in Swabia and Hesse children are actually sent to the hare's nest in search of eggs. Mannhardt goes still further, saying that the hare is reputed to be a fire and soul bringer, and that children are supposed to be procured from the nests. It would seem, however, that the stork has largely usurped this function, which some persons will consider fortunate in view of the immense number of eggs laid by the hare.—New York Herald.

"Easter" Surprises in Serving Ice Cream.

Beside the conventionalized presentation of ice cream in the mold of an Easter rabbit or a large Easter egg, colored chocolate, violet, orange or rose, we have more and additional resources this year for the Easter party. One party will be served with individual ice creams frozen and molded in the shape of Easter lilies. The Bermuda lily makes a capital design. The children appreciate the suggestion and like the generous size of their portion.

A Bad Investment.

"Guess I was stuck when I give you thirty cents fer dis rabbit. It ain't laid no colored eggs yet."—New York Journal.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

MARCH 26TH.

The senate committee on judiciary ordered a favorable report on a bill to protect the president of the United States.

The house began consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill. Ten hours was fixed for general debate on the measure, but at the end of an hour and a half there were no speakers ready to continue, and the house adjourned for lack of talkers.

Mr. Hemenway summed up the fiscal condition for the next fiscal year, showing that after all the legitimate expenses had been paid there would be $22,000,000 surplus for the year.

A number of minor bills were passed by unanimous consent.

MARCH 28TH.

The senate for three hours discussed the recent order of the pension bureau making old age an evidence of disability, and then passed the District of Columbia appropriation bill. The discussion of the pension bill was based on the resolution offered some days ago by Mr. Carmack directing the committee on judiciary to inquire into the authority of the executive branch of the government to make such an order. Mr. Carmack contended that no such authority exists, but several republican senators argued that the order was in line with the regulation issued by Judge Lochren, commissioner of pensions under Mr. Cleveland, fixing 60 years of age as an evidence of infirmity.

Mr. Proctor presented a partial report on the army appropriation bill. He said that among the items disagreed to was that giving advanced rank to retired officers who had served in the civil war. He said that the house had accepted the senate provision for an increase in the engineer corps of the army, but that the senate had receded from its amendment for a three battalion regiment of native troops in Porto Rico. The report was accepted, and a further conference ordered.

The sundry civil bill was before the house, but debate took a wide range. Mr. Gillette, of Massachusetts, devoted considerable time in arguing some of the statements recently made on the floor by Mr. Speight, of Mississippi, regarding the race question. Mr. Gillette declared he had supposed there were no social grades in the United States, but that every man had the right to choose his own friends and associates among those most in sympathy with himself.

The tobacco trust was considered for some time and a resolution adopted providing for the printing of 14,000 copies of the merger decision for the use of members of the house.

An order issued by the war department, and which is of the greatest importance to the enlisted forces, prescribes the rules governing the purchase of discharges from the army Discharge by favor is declared to be illegal and the only exceptions to the system of purchasing discharges is the case of a soldier who is the sole support of a surviving parent and who may be discharged after one year's service. Discharge by way of favor to veterans is prohibited. The purchase price of discharges is forty dollars

Secretary Taft has made an adverse report on the bill which provides for the promotion to a major generalcy on the retired list of Brigadier General George Sternberg, retired, former surgeon general of the army. The action of the secretary is taken on the principle that specific promotions by legislative action are unwise and unfair to the line of the army.

Representative Gill, of California, has prepared and submitted a minority report against the resolution adopted by a majority of the committee on the judiciary to impeach Judge Swayne, of the northern district of Florida, for high misdemeanors. Every ground urged by the committee for impeachment is attacked in this report.

It has been definitely announced at the white house that President Roosevelt will not attend the St. Louis fair. He will make no more engagements to leave Washington until after the election. Mr. Roosevelt will make only one trip away from the capital and that will be to attend the Gettysburg memorial day exercises. The date for this was arranged months ago.

The eulogies of the late Senator Marcus A. Hanna will be heard in the senate Thursday, April 7th, instead of March 31st, as previously ordered

There are 13,000,000 men of military age in the United States.

The East Lake election, which was being held on the issuance of $13,500 of bonds for the erection of an electric light plant, was called off on account of an error in the ballot.

Governor Jelks has named a board of managers for the old soldiers' home at Mountain Creek and has called a meeting of the board for next Friday at noon in his office.

A $100,000, six-story hotel is to be erected opposite the Birmingham postoffice.

BURTON CONVICTED

In the Realto Grain Company Case.

Joseph Ralph Burton, senior United States senator from Kansas, was convicted by a jury in the United States district court on the charge of having accepted compensation to protect the interests of the Rialto Grain and Securities company of St. Louis before the postoffice department. The jury deliberated for forty-one hours.

For a time there threatened to be a disagreement in the jury.

A motion for a new trial was immediately filed by the counsel for the senator. Judge Adams thereupon ordered that Senator Burton appear in court either in person or by proxy at 10 o'clock from day to day until the court has heard the arguments for a new trial, and if decided against him to receive his punishment.

Senator Burton was indicted in January last. Although as a member of congress he could not be arrested until after that body had adjourned, he voluntarily surrendered himself to the prosecution authorities. He still had two years to serve in the senate. If the verdict is sustained Senator Burton will lose his seat in the senate and forever be prohibited from holding any office of public trust.

Senator Burton's recourse is an appeal to the United States circuit court of appeals, which body is the final arbitrar in his case.

Members of the senate committee on privileges and elections have discussed informally the conviction of Senator Burton, but until the matter comes before the committee the members are loath to give their personal views. It will take a formal action by the senate to declare Burton's seat vacant and this will not be done until a court of last resort has passed upon it. Senators know of no precedents, as no convictions of senators are within recollection.

Peculiar Will.

Copies of a remarkable will left by Colonel C. M. Strader, U. S. A., retired, have been received by several prominent friends of the dead man.

Colonel Strader requests that his body be cremated at Philadelphia and the ashes taken to Louisville, his birthplace, there to be scattered on the waters of the Ohio river.

"If, after this process," reads the will, "the angel Gabriel, for whom I have all due respect, can with his trumpet arouse me from the dead, he is a 'darling,' and I will take off my shadowy hat to him.

"I will pass away believing in no other diety than that which is specified by Pope as being 'The First Great Cause—Least Understood,' believing that my first duty is to my fellow man, and that he who lives this life in justice to his people, and follows the precepts of Him who said 'love thy neighbor as thy self' has nothing to fear from the hereafter—no matter what it is.

"With best wishes to you all, and 'drink hearty.'"

Three of a Kind.

The oldest triplets in the United States, so they believe, sat down to a reunion dinner at Jackson, Miss. The tripletts are Messrs. J. F. and Henry Price and their sister, Mrs. Nancy Phillips. They were born in North Carolina just sixty-five years ago and all three are still hale and hearty.

Mrs. Davis Ill.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis, widow of the president of the southern confederacy was stricken Sunday with an attack of acute indigestion. Hope is expressed for her rapid recovery.

Mississippi's exhibit at St. Louis includes cotton bales bound in satin.

Court has just pronounced the Arctic explorer, Andree, to be dead in law, the legal term of disappearance having expired. Andree left Spitsbergen July 11, 1897, with two companions, in a balloon with the object of reaching the north pole. No authentic trace has ever been discovered of the ill-fated expedition.

It is announced that the manuscript of Milton's "Paradise Lost," which was offered for sale at public auction January 25th, but which was withdrawn because the reserve price of $25,000 was not offered, has now been sold to an American collector, whose name and the amount paid are not disclosed. The London Daily Telegraph editorially expresses regret that the heirloom was not preserved for the British nation.

As Mrs. Skelton, of Scottsboro, was embarking on a steamboat Saturday morning her five-year-old son fell overboard and the river being up he was drowned.

Dr. J. M. Lindsley, who has been serving a sentence of ten days' imprisonment in the county jail at Mobile for alleged slander of Mobile quarantine authorities, is now a free man and will soon go to Havana, Cuba, where he says he will have printed and distributed 50,000 copies of the proceedings of his trial in Mobile.

The tower of the Powell school, Birmingham, was burned Monday. The building was damaged $2,000. No insurance. All pupils escaped safely.

LATEST WAR NEWS.

Marquis Ito has left Korea.

General Kuropatkin has arrived at Mukden.

Russians contribute 7 per cent of their salaries to the war fund.

A report from Vladivostock says that a mine has been discovered under the fortress with wires leading to a Chinese house in the town.

Chinese junks report that they passed the Japanese fleet Sunday midway between Chefoo and Port Arthur. The Japanese fleet was going in an easterly direction.

It is reported that the Vladivostock squadron, under the command of Captain Reitzenstein, has returned to port with several prizes, including a Japanese war ship.

Yi Yong Ik, the chief of the Korean government, who controls the army and finances of the hermit kingdom, was formerly a coolie and was raised to high rank by the late empress of Korea. He is pro-Russian.

General Kuropatkin has left his train at Mukden and is proceeding to Liao Yang, whence it is believed he will proceed to the front for an inspection of the troops, his visit to Port Arthur being temporarily postponed.

It is stated on apparently reliable authority that Vice Admiral Makaroff's report of the reconnoissance of the Elliott islands contained the startling statement that he captured a junk filled filled with Chinese regular troops, which was being towed by a Japanese gunboat.

Under cover of darkness Sunday morning Vice Admiral Togo made another attempt to bottle up the Russian fleet in Port Arthur, but he failed again, and when after daylight Vice Admiral Makaroff steamed out to give battle the Japanese commander refused the challenge and sailed away. The Japanese practically repeated the tactics of February 24th by sending in four fire ships preceded by a torpedo flotilla, armed with Hotchkiss guns. The attempt was discovered by means of the searchlights and fire was opened from batteries and gunboats guarding the advance to the harbor. The Russian torpedo boat destroyer Silni was outside on scouting duty, and to the dash and nerve of her commander, Lieutenant Krinizki, is chiefly due the complete defeat of the plans of the Japanese. Seven Russians were killed and the commander and twelve of the crew were wounded.

Plans for Russian Canal.

The Russian state department is apprised that plans are completed for the proposed Riga-Cherson canal, which is to connect the Baltic with the Black sea. The distance is 1,468 miles, and the canal will cost about $180,250,000, and is designed for ships of heavy draft.

A tornado caused widespread ruin throughout the island of Mauritius March 21st and 22d, doing an enormous amount of damage. Twenty-four persons are known to be killed and thousands are without food or shelter. Crops, houses, bridges and telegraph lines were destroyed

In consequence of a speech insulting to King Edward, the Australian government has refused the use of public buildings to John Alexander Dowie. The mayor of Adelaide wrote to Dowie telling him he was a disgrace to his nationality.

In many respects the great Siberian railway seems to be a delusion and a snare. It is said to have earned some $2,500,000 less than its running expenses last year. The interest on its cost is probably not less than $10,000,000 a year.

W. M. Henry, for sixteen years adjutant general of Mississippi, is dead of Bright's disease. He was twice mayor of Jackson and prominent in the affairs of the state.

"Old Friendship," the fire engine that George Washington helped to pull through the streets of Alexandria, Va., will be on exhibition at the St. Louis fair.

Henry I. Wilson, one of the most expert telegraphers in the country and for some years day chief operator of the Associated Press, is dead.

Guns were invented by Swartz, a German, about 1378, and brought into use by the Venetians in 1382. Cannon were invented earlier and at Amberg may still be seen a piece of ordnance inscribed 1303. Cannon were first used at the battle of Cress in 1346. In England they were first used at the siege of Berwick in 1405. It was not until 1544, however, that they were cast in England. They were employed on shipboard by the Venetians in 1539 and were in use among the Turks about the same time

Since the building of the famous tower of Babel there have been 1,500 distinct languages, and 3,500 colloquial, or 5,000 different forms of speech. At the present time, 600 of the primary languages are dead, leaving 900 spoken over all the world and 2,500 colloquials.

For 388 years the kings of Denmark have borne the names of Christian and Frederick. This is not due to a coincidence, but it is the law of the land that Christian must be succeeded by Frederick and Frederick by Christian, so one of these names is always given the heir to the throne.

SON SHOOTS FATHER

Ft. Payne Boy Takes Revenge for Whipping.

Deputy Sheriff Cole, at Battelle, was killed Monday morning by his 10-year-old son. The boy had been fighting and his father whipped him for it. The child afterwards stole his father's pistol and blew his father's head off.

Another Near Tuscaloosa.

A report comes from Duncanville of a shooting which occurred last week, the victim being W. P. Curry, who was shot by Harold Curry, his eldest son, who is about 23 years of age. Curry is a very prominent farmer, he and his son being both well known in Tuscaloosa.

It is said by some that young Curry went into his father's room and without a word shot him and walked away, while others state that the father was under the influence of liquor and was very cruel to his wife, the treatment going beyond the endurance of the son.

ALABAMIANS CALLED.

Witnesses Against L. C. Harding at Tampa, Fla.

L. C. Harding, who was recently wanted by the Alabama authorities for obtaining money by fraud from several banks in that state and whom Governor Jennings, of Florida, refused to surrender upon the requisition of the governor of Alabama, is in jail at Tampa, Fla., on a charge of using the mails for fraudulent purposes. He is to have a hearing Saturday, and in order to secure evidence that will hold him the United States district attorney filed in the federal court a petition for witnesses to bo summoned from Alabama.

The petition was granted and the subpoenaes have been issued and forwarded to the federal authorities in Alabama.

Harding will make a desperate legal fight to keep from being sent back to Alabama for trial, for he realizes that if he is not convicted in the federal court he will be tried in the state court of Alabama. When Harding was first arrested in Brooksville it was learned that he had an arrangement with the station agent and train men to notify him when any strangers came to town. He was constantly on the lookout for the authorities and it was only by pretending to be a land buyer that a deputy marshal finally got into the town without Harding being given the tip.

Asked $60,000; Awarded $400.

Damages in the amount of $400 was allowed J. W. Gallilher, plaintiff in a suit against the Labor Review and others in the Anniston city court. The suit was originally for $60,000.

The cause of the suit was that the name of Mr. Gallilher was published on the alleged unfair list of the carpenters' union. The newspaper was a weekly published there by T. J. Lamar and his brother, Charles Lamar. It ceased publication about three months ago. An appeal will be taken.

DAUGHTER'S DEVOTION

Killed Her—Mother Died Five Hours Later.

Although weak and faint from an operation, and in a dying condition, Miss Emma Dorsey, a young lady 19 years old, got up yesterday afternoon and dragged herself to the telephone to summons a physician to the bedside of her dying mother. In an hour this young girl had passed to the great beyond, and her mother followed.

Open Grate Again.

At Northport, Ala., Mrs. Walker Smith died Sunday night from the effects of a burn received Saturday afternoon. She was sitting by an open grate reading a newspaper and fell asleep. It seems that the paper caught fire and when she awoke her clothes were all aflame.

William Z. Mead, former Birmingham agent for the National Life Insurance Company, of Montpelier, Vt., has been arrested and jailed at New Orleans to answer the charge filed by T. C. Thompson, Chattanooga agent of the company, of having appropriated $1,200 of the company's funds while acting as its agent several months ago.

A suit against the Southern railway company for $15,000 damages has been filed by an insurance company which suffered loss by the recent fire at the Magnolia compress in Mobile. The insurance company claims the fire was caused by sparks from a locomotive of the railroad company.

Mr. Frank M. Lett, a former popular student of the University of Alabama, who now occupies the chair of physics and chemistry at the Missouri Military academy, at Mexico, Mo., has been appointed to the position of assistant in the department of chemistry at the University of Alabama.

The bonded indebtedness of Lee county in November, 1898, was $52,750; floating indebtedness, same date $24,254; total indebtedness, $77,004. The present floating indebtedness, less cash on hand, is $8,000.

THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBose, - - - - Editor
Geo. D. Campbell, - - Manager

COLUMBIANA, ALA.
Thursday, Maech 31, 1904.

Entered in the post-office at Columbiana Ala., as second class matter.

ANNOUCEMENTS.

PROBATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the democratic nomination for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county.

D. R. McMILLAN.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce E. S. Lyman as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Shelby county, s bject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. O'Hara a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the primary to be held April 11th, 1903.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county.

WALTER E. LESTER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

W. A. THOMPSON.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

Wm. R. A. MILNER.

The many friends of H. W. Nelson announce him as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Shelby county subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Shelby county subject to the action of the primary election April 11th.

J. E. RUFFIN.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

J. W. Perry, of Calcis, announces himself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The many friends of J. E. Adams in Beat Eleven, announce him as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to Democratic primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party

W. R. WEAVER.

R. J. Griffin, of Maylene, is a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county subject to the action of the democratic primary.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR

By the urgent solicitation of many friend the name of J. S. Falkner, of Vincent, as a candidate for the office Tax Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

W. C. Benton, of Silura, announces himself a candidate for Taz Assessor of Shelby county subject tothe action of the democtatic party.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John W. Moore, of Weldon, as a candidate for the office of tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the democratic primary.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce John N. Wyatt as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District of Shelby county, subject to the Democratic primary.

Commissioner 1st District.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Commissioner from the First District, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

Walter E. Riddle.

FOR SOLICITOR.

I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the office of Soliciter of the Seventh Judicial Circuit.

BORDEN H. BURR.

FOR CHANCELLOR.

We are authorized to announce R. A.D. Dunlap a candidate for Chancellor of this district.

FOR SUPT. OF EDUCATION,

I hereby announce for re-election to the office of County Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of Democratic primary.

JOHN B. FARRELL.

FOR CORONER.

The many friends of Geo. D. Campbell announce him as a candidate for Coroner of Shelby county.

Let every registered voter turn out on the 11th of April and cast his ballot for his choice of candidates.

It is of interest to every democrat to come out on Monday the 11th of April and vote in the primary election.

The days of convention and political tricks are over and the primaries are intended to give each candidate an equal chance and the people are at liberty to vote for any candidate he wants to.

One of the most important questions before the people of the State is the redistricting the rural school territory in accordance with an act passed by the last legislature to that effect.

It is only a short time until the primary election. Let every registered voter turn out, vote for the best men, and the men best suited to carry the democratic banner on to victory.

VALEDICTORY.

Nearly three years ago I assumed the mangement of The Chronicle and from that time to the present I have tried very hard to keep the paper on its feet, and in my efforts to do so have worked faithful day and night, although it has been a hard struggle.

In retiring from the management of the paper I wish to return my thanks to those who have given me their support and patronage, and hope they will give the successor of The Chronicle the same liberal support and patronage in the future that they have in the past.

I have accepted a position with the new management and will be pleased to have my friends to call, again, thanking one and all for their support, and to the new management an abundance of success.

Geo. D. Campbell,

RETULT OF PRIMATIES.

"The days of the old political machine and convention tricks are all over, haven't you noticed?" asked an observant citizen the other day. "The primaries have put a stop to all that, and in these days when the people go to the polls and vote for the man of his choice for the nomination, the boys who used to manipulate and run the old machine are out of a job now, and the people are in the saddle. And that is the the condition all over the state and all we have to do now is to stand by and wonder what the people are going to do on the day of primaries. The state law regulates primaries now as they have never done before, and every candidate has a chance to have fairness and justice done, by having representation at the polls. In the primaries on the 11th of April the race is between gentlemen of the same party and it would be worse than criminal to have any fraud or unfairness practiced. And then there is no reason for it, for the candidates, as a rule, are good safe men and the one who gets the most votes ought to and will be the nominee of the party."—Advertiser.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee of Shelby county held on February 16th, 1904, a primary election was called to be held in the various beats of Shelby county for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various State, Circuit, Division, Congressional and County officers to be elected in the November election; therefore, in pursuance of said call a primary election will be held in the various beats of Shelby county for the nomination of said officers on April the 11th, 1904. In said election, all white qualified electors, who believes in in the principles of the Democratic party are entitled and cordially invited to paricipate.

J. T. LEEPER,
Chairman Dem. Ex. Com.

COUNTY MUST BE RE-DISTRICTED

In accordance with a law recently enacted by the legislature of the state of Alabama, we will take up the matter of transforming the territory of Shelby county into public school districts, the boundaries of which will be made as the boundaries of beats are now made. Townships lines will not be taken into consideration; but dsstricts will be formed solely with reference to centers of population, natural barriers.

This duty which has been thrust upon us, however popular or unpopular it may be, must be discharged. And in so doing, we shall have much pleasure in subserving the wishes of our citizenship, hoping of course, that such wishes may not be impelled by any selfish motive, but that they may conform to a common sense of public good, and to the upbuilding of the cause of education.

Trustees and patrons may aid us very materially in this work by consulting each other and making diagrams of such districts as in their judgment should be made. This work shall have reached completion June 1st, 1904.

Jno. B. Farrell,
Supt. of Education.

An Open Letter.

Montevallo, Mch. 19, 1904.
Editor Peoples Advocate:

In commenting on my letter last week, you tacitly admit my correction of your statement, to which I was replying, although you did not see proper to do me the justice to explicitly acquit me of trying to "save the railroads the tax" in repealing the road law.

I have no grievance and will show no irritation at criticism of my public acts; but I do not think a public officer should have his acts and motives recklessly misconstrued, when the facts are so "plain and unvarnished." I note with pleasure that you transfer the matter of your criticism to two features of the road law proposed by the mass meeting Committee which I failed to enact. Coinciding in your expressed object to give the people the "plain unvarnished truth" I venture to again trespass on your space, that these facts may be placed before the people. In regard to the liability to work the roads, the present law is found in the Code:

"Sec. 2453. No person or hand is liable to work any public road, every part of which is distant more than six miles from his residence or to work more than ten days in one year, not counting the days engaged in opening new roads."

This is far from requiring or forcing any one to work ten days. During the many years this law was in operation, I doubt if any man in Shelby County was required to work ten days, or even six days. I know from my own experience and observation, that the roads were worked in from one to two days twice a year. Compare this with the Act proposed by the mass meeting Committee:

"Sec. 7. Be it further enacted: That all persons liable to road duty in said county, shall be required to work six days, under the contractor or overseers, as the said Court of County Commissioners may direct, annually, or pay three dollars, one-half of which shall(?) be paid to the overseer or contractor, at or before the time he is warned to to work the road in the Spring and the balance at or before he is warned to work the road in the Summer or fall of each year; Provided, that such work or payment shall not exempt such persons from work in opening new roads."

This absolutely requires six days work, whether the roads need it or not, while under the Code law, which I have preferred, no more is required than may be necessary, and I am sure that this may safely be left to the discretion of the overseer.

In regard to the tax placed upon "vehicles, drays, etc.," which you intimate was aimed at "the saw-mill men and others who cut up the roads," the provisions of the Committee's proposed Act are as follows.

"Sec. 8. Be it further enacted: That said Commissioners Court are authorized and empowered to levy a License Tax upon all horses, mules, oxen, and vehicles of all kinds used in traveling on public roads; which license, if levied by said Court, shall be paid on or before the 15th day of January of each year.

Sec. 10. Be it further enacted: That if said Court shall levy a License Tax upon horses, mules, oxen and vehicles, as provided for in Section 9 of this Act, then all persons failing to take out such License as required by law, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined not more than twice the amount of such License."

Here was certainly an opportunity to "save the railroads the tax" if such a purpose or desire had been actuating me, for not a dollar could have been collected from them for this license to own property, for they own none of the kind mentioned. The burden would have fallen on every man who owns a horse, mule, ox or vehicle of any kind, and for each of them, and whether or not he was a "saw-mill man, or cut up the roads." It would have been double taxation of the most drastic variety, and unlimited as to amount; such in principle, as revolutions have been founded upon.

I do not assume to be wiser than the people. The people confided in me to look after their interests, and I have no fear of their condemnation for not following the lead of a committee in the above propositions, which they now see for the first time.

Yours very truly,
E. S. LYMAN.

Colds Cause Pneumonia.

One of the most remarkable cases of colds, deepseated on the lungs, causing pneumonia is that of Gertrude E Fenner, Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says: "The coughing and straining so weakened me so that I ran down in weight from 148 to 92. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this, wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength. Sold by Bandy Drug Company.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.

"SUPERB, LOVELY, CHARMING!"

Are the exclamations that greet your ears upon entering the

COLUMBIANA MILLINERY SHOP.

The markets of the country have been ransacked for the newest and latest designs in

MILLINERY GOODS.

And all attest that we have them in abundance. No need to send to a city and pay two prices when you can find just the very thing you want *AT HOME* and at *VERY MODERATE PRICE.* It is our purpose to keep in stock a great many articles used by the ladies. among which are

WHITE GOODS,
LACES, EMBROIDERIES,
AND SHIRT WAISTS.

The very latest in every line. Miss Florence Fallaws, of Louisville, Ky., our accomplished milliner, will cheerfully show you through the stock, and your order will be appreciated. We came here to stay, and to stay means to please you in STYLE and PRICES. Please give us a call.

Columbiana Millinery Shop.

TO MY FRIENDS
AND
THE TRADE,

I have bought out the Drug Store of E. D. Hall, and will conduct an
UP-TO-DATE DROG BUSINESS.

Our Perscription Department is conducted by Dr, A. T. Rowe, one of the county's best phyicians. Our Patent Medicine and Staple Drugs are best that can be bought in the market of which we expect to keep a good supply.

Call on us for what you want. Satisfaction guaranteed. Yours to serve,

J. H. MASON,
Dealer in pure Drugs and Medicines.

Happy, Healthy Children.

Any child can take Little Early Risers with perfect safety. They are harmless never grip or sicken, and yet they are so certain in results that robust constitutions requiring drastic means never disappoint. They can't fail to perform their mission and every one who uses DeWitts Little Early Risers prefer them to all other pills. Sold by Bandy Drug Co.

It Never Disappoints.

F. J. Williams, proprietor of the Hamilton Drug Co., Hamilton, Iowa, says Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is practically the only remedy he sells for cramps, diarrhoea and colic, for the reason that it never disappoints. For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

A Favorite Remedy for Babies.

Its pleasant taste and prompt cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a favorite with the mothers of small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds and prevents any danger of pneumonia or other serious consequences. It not only cures croup but whe given as soon as the croupy cough appears will prevent the attack For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

Do You Want Strength.

If you want to increase your strength you must add to and not take from the physical In other words, the food you eat must be digested, assimilated and appropriated by the nerves, blood and tissues before being expelled from the intestines. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure adds to the physical. It gives strength to and builds up the human system. It is pleasant to the taste and palalable, and the only combination of digestants that will digest food and enable the system to appropriate all of its health and strength giving qualities, Sold by Bandy Drug Company.

Justice court will be held on the 1st and 3d Saturdays in each month at Shelby, Ala., by L. N. Curlee, J. P.

HEALTH

"I don't think we could keep house without Thedford's Black-Draught. We have used it in the family for over two years with the best of results. I have not had a doctor in the house for that length of time. It is a doctor in itself and always ready to make a person well and happy."—JAMES HALL, Jacksonville, Ill.

Because this great medicine relieves stomach pains, frees the constipated bowels and invigorates the torpid liver and weakened kidneys

NO DOCTOR

is necessary in the home where Thedford's Black-Draught is kept. Families living in the country, miles from any physician, have been kept in health for years with this medicine as their only doctor. Thedford's Black-Draught cures biliousness, dyspepsia, colds, chills and fever, bad blood, headaches, diarrhoea, constipation, colic and almost every other ailment because the stomach, bowels liver and kidneys so nearly control the health.

THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

Three Time the Value of Any Other.

One-Third Easier.
One-Third Faster.

Agents wanted in all Unoccupied Territory.

WHEELER & WILSON
MANUFACTURING CO.
ATLANTA, - - - - - GA.

PIANOS, ORGANS AND SEWING MACHINES ON FREE TRIAL!!!

ELEGANT CENTURY ORGAN AND PIANO, $125. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT PARLOR ORGANS, $25 UP. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial.
ELEGANT CENTURY SEWING MACHINES, BALL-BEARING, $13. Warranted 25 years; sent on free trial. CASH OR EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

We trust honest people located in all parts of the world.

Direct from factory to homes at factory prices.

WRITE FOR FREE CATALOGUE.

CENTURY MF'G CO. DEP'T East St. Louis, Ill.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effect June 14, 1903.

No. 22	No. 16	STATIONS.	No. 15	No. 21.
7.00pm	9.55am	lv. Mobile..ar	6.35pm	8 10am
1.10am	4.30pm	lv...Selma..lv	4.30pm	2.05am
5.30 m	9.05 m	ar Birmingham lv	6.20am	0.35 m
9.40pm	.....	ar Chattan'ga lv	.....	6.15m
1.1 pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	.....	2.1 pm
5.4 m	.....	ar..Bristol..lv	.....	9.50am
6.00am	.....	ar..Asheville lv	.....	9 .0 m
1.30am	.....	ar Lynchb'rg lv	.....	3 00 m
6.52am	.....	ar W'sh'g'n lv	.....	10. 4pm
12.43pm	.....	ar..N York..lv	.....	6.25pm

Nos. 22 and 21 carry Pullman's eeping cars between Mobile and Asheville, Birmingham and New York. Cafe car serves meals en route

No.	No.	STATIONS.	No.	No.
No. 18				No. 17
7.2 am		v.....Tuscaloosa.....ar		9.2 pm
9.10am		lv.....Akron.....ar		7.3 m
9..5am		.....Greensboro.....		6.44pm
10.52am		.....Marion.....		5.46pm
11.30am		ar.....Selma.....lv		4.45pm
No. 24	No. 16	STATIONS.	No. 15	No. 23
.....	7.30pm	v New O'l'ns.ar	8.20am	.....
.....	7.50am	v. Meridian.ar	8.05pm	.....
.....	9.37am	...Demopolis	6.30pm	.....
.....	10.25am	ar..Uniont'n lv	5.42pm	.....
.....	11 0.am	...Marion Jct..	5.10pm	.....
.....	11 0am	ar (lv	4.50pm	.....
.....	12.05pm	lv (Selma (ar	4.30pm	.....
.....	2 3pm	...Montevallo	2.32pm	.....
.....	2 2 pm	.....Calera.....	2.20pm	.....
.....	2 42 m	...Columbiana..	1.46pm	.....
No 45 m	3.18 am	..Childersburg..	1 1 pm	No. 25 pm
7.22am	3.56 m	...Talladega...	12 3 pm	8.3 pm
8.25am	4.55pm	....Anniston..	11.35pm	7.30 m
8.48 m	5.1 pm	..Jacksonville..	11.0am	7.05pm
9.6 am	5.30pm	....Piedmont...	10.45am	6.50pm
9.38 m	6.28pm	..Cave Springs..	9.58am	5.56pm
No 3 pm	7.05pm	ar....Rome.....	9.20am	5 5 pm
11 30am	10 4 pm	ar..Atlanta..lv	5.3 am	No. 15 m

STATIONS.	No. 20	No. 38	No. 36	No. 98
Lv Birmingham	.....	6 10a.m	4 1pm	11 3 m
Pell City	.....	7.2 am	5.25pm	12 45m
Anniston	4 15am	8.28a m	6 31pm	1 53. m
Heflin	5 02. m	9.00am	7.20pm	2.36am
Edwardsville	5 1 m	.....	7 30pm	2 43 m
Fruithurst	5 2 m	.....	7 42pm	2 56pm
Tallapoosa	5 45am	9.57 am	8 0 pm	3 15 m
Bremen	6 0 am	.....	8. 5pm	3 33am
Douglasville	7 10am	.....	9 10pm	4 24am
Lithia Springs	7 25am	.....	9 27pm	4.36a m
Atlanta	8.2 a m	11.20 a m	10.35 m	5.20 m

STATIONS.	No. 3	No. 7	No. 5	No. 25
Lv Atlanta	6.10am	1.15p	11 5pm	6 1.0m
Lithia Springs	6 57a m	5.00pm	12 2 m	7 17pm
Douglasville	7.10am	.....	12 22am	7 30 m
Bremen	7.56a	5.55pm	1 24 m	8 25pm
Tallapoosa	8 15 m	6.10pm	1.42 m	8 52 m
Edwardsville	8.34am	.....	1.58 m	9.18pm
Heflin	8.46am	6.33 m	2.00am	9 2.pm
Anniston	9 0 am	6.42pm	2 15am	9 40pm
Piedmont	9.4 am	7.25pm	2.55am	10 30pm
Pell City	10.38am	8.55p	4.17am	.....
Birmingham	11.45am	9.55pm	5.20 m	.....

STATIONS.	No. 26	No. 38
Lv Birmingham	4 10pm	6 10am
Lv Anniston	6.5 pm	8 2.am
Lv Atlanta	11 5pm	2 .0pm
Ar Memphis	.....	7.0 am
Ar Atlanta	.....	7.0 am
Ar Jacksonville	.....	7.0 pm

No. 26 carries Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to Jacksonville.

No. 38 carries Pullman Sleeping car and Dining car Birmingham to Atlanta.

STATIONS.	No. 15
Lv Rome	7.10am
Ar Chattanooga	9.50pm
Ar Knoxville	1 4 am
Ar Hot Springs	4.58 m
Ar Asheville.....(Cent'l Time)	5.55a m
Ar Salisbury.....(East Time)	11 2.am
Ar Greensboro	12.50 m
Ar Washington	4.50pm
Ar New York	6.15a.m

No. 15 carries Pullman Sleeping car Rome to Chattanooga, Chattanooga to Salisbury and Salisbury to New York without change.

STATIONS.	No. 2	No 4.
Lv Chattanooga	10 00am	10.4 pm
Ar Cincinnati	7 3 m	8.15am
Ar Louisville	8.15pm	10.35a m

No. 4 Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to Louisville and Cincinnati.

No. 2 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

STATIONS.	No. 40	No. 38	No. 36
Lv Birmingham	.....	6 .0am	4 10pm
Lv Atlanta (C'st'l time)	1.15pm	1.09 m	1.05am
Ar Charlotte	10.05 m	8.18pm	9.26am
Ar Danville	2.45 am	11.55a m	1.2 pm
Ar Lynchburg	4 3 am	1.55am	3.2pm
Ar Charlottesville	6 20am	3.37am	5.50am
Ar Washington	8.45 m	6.42a m	9.15pm
Ar Baltimore	*10.55am	7.5 am	11.35pm
Ar Philadelphia	1.55a'm	10.15am	2.56am
Ar New York	3 05pm	12.43pm	6.1 am

No. 38 "Washington & Southwestern Limited" Solid Vestibule train Atlanta to New York, carrying Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Club car Atlanta to Washington.

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

J. C. LUSK, D. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
H. F. LATIMER, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
C. H. ACKERT, G. M., Washington, D. C.
W. A. TURK, P. T. M., Washington, D. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, G.P.A., Washington, D. C.
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LIVERY, FEED,
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SALE STABLES.
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Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles
Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago
The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

For sale by Williaml Bros.

The Pleasure of Eating.

Persons suffering from indigestion dyspepsia or other stomach trouble will find that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. This remedy is a never failing cure for indigestion and dyspepsia and all complaints affecting glands or membranes of the stomach or digestive tract. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure everything you eat tastes good, and every bit of the nutriment that your food contains is assimilated and appropriated by the blood and tissues. Sold by Williams Brothers.

COTTON BELT ROUTE

HALF RATES TO TEXAS
BOTH ONE WAY AND ROUND TRIP

via the Cotton Belt, from St. Louis, Thebes, Cairo and Memphis, first and third Tuesdays of each month, beginning October 21st. For one-way tickets,

Half the One-Way Rate, plus $2.00;

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The Cotton Belt runs solid through trains to Texas, equipped with the most modern and comfortable cars. These trains make quick time and direct connections for all parts of the Great Southwest. If you are seeking a better place to locate, write for a free copy of our handsome illustrated booklets. Homes in the Southwest and

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THE SHELBY CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months..... 50

THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 1904.

City election Monday.

Tomorrow all fools day.

Circuit court next Monday.

Slight frost Monday morning.

Miss Ethel Glenn is on the sick list this week.

When you come to court don't forget the printer.

Hick Bice, of Shelby, visited the city Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. L. C. Armsfrong is visiting relatives in Talladega.

Dr. B. H. Smothers, of Redlawn, was in town last Friday.

T. P. Lane spent a part of Friday and Saturday in Montevallo.

Dirt was broken the first of the week for the new livery stable.

Mrs. Simmon Friedberger is visiting relatives in South Alabama.

J. Sanford Falkner, of Vincent, spent a few days in the city last week.

Walter E. Lester, of best 8, was among his many friends here last week.

Charles P. Pearson, of Birmingham, visited relatives here this week.

Walter E. Riddle, of Wilsonville, was among the visitors to the city Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wentworth returned to their home in Ashville, N. C., this week.

Misses Georgia Thomas and Bertie Barnett spent Sunday afternoon at Shelby.

H. M. Millstead has moved his gin and grist mill to his lot near the warehouse.

Mr. Hawley, of Talladega, was in the city this week fixing up the telephone exchange.

Rev. Mr. Hamner, of Waverly, visited his brother, Dr. P. W. Hamner here this week.

Geo. E. Mason leaves today for Knoxville, where he goes to get his spring sample of clothing.

Rev. G. T. Harris filled his regular appointment at the Methodist church Sunday morning and night.

Miss Lulah Wilson, who has been seriously ill for several weeks, is reported as being very much improved.

If troubled with weak digestion belching or sour stomach, use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and you will get quick relief. For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

There are a good many subscibers who are in arrears for their paper, and the little each are due will help a great deal,

Mrs. Kate Wallace, who has been visiting relatives in the city for the past week returned to her home at Klien on Sunday.

Miss Esther Mason returned Monday from Montgomery where she had been visiting her sister, Mrs. Milner, for several days.

She ice cream supper at the National Hotel iast Friday night was a success, and it added about $8 to the treasury of the ball team.

Beginning with next Wednesday night the union prayer meeting will be held at the Presbyterian church for the month of April.

Sam Parks, the ex-walking delegate and "friend" of the working man, is dying of consumption in the hospital ward in Sing Simg.

Mrs. L. N. Bowdon, who was visiting her mother, Mrs. T. M. Wilson, for several days last week, returned to her home in Calera Sunday.

Rev. L. E. Brancombe, presiding elder will preach at the Methodist tomorrow (Friday) night. Everybody cordially invited to come out and hear this distinguished gentleman.

Dr. and Mrs. C. T. Acker drove to Montevallo last Friday, The doctor returned Saturday, while Mrs. Acker, after a short visit with relatives in Montevallo will go to Ensley to visit her parents for a few weeks.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

How to Make Money.

Agents of either sex should today write Marsh Manufacturing Co., 538 Lake st., Chicago, for cuts and particulars of their handsome Aluminum Card Case with name engraved on it and filled with 100 calling or business cards. Everybody orders them. Sample case and 100 cards, postpaid 40 cts. This case and 100 cards retails at 75c. You have only to show sample to get an order. Send 40c at once for case and 100 cards or send 30c for 100 cards without case. Mention this paper

City Election.

There will be an election held in the city of Columbiana, on Monday April 4th, 1904, to elect a Mayor and five councilmen for said city for the term of one year.

W. B. BROWNE,
Mayor.

Best Remedy for Constipation.

"The finest remedy for constipation I ever used is Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets," says Eli Butler of Frankville, N. Y. "They act gently and without any unpleasant effect, the bowels in a perfectly natural condition." Sold by Bandy Drug Co.

We are prepared to do fine dressmaking. Satisfaction guaranteed.
HAMMOND MILLINERY CO.

The Shelby school team came up Wednesday afternoon and played the Columbiana High School team a game of ball, and the score stood 25 to 12 in favor of the High schooi team.

The attention of our readers is called to a letter in this issue from the pen of Hon. E. S. Lyman which was sent to the Advocate last week for publication. It brings out some interesting points in the road law that is not known. We are told that a number of the road overseers absolutely refuse to accept a commutation fee in lieu of work, while the law expressly provides that a fee not exceeding five dollars may be paid. The Commissioners' Court of this county has fixed the commutation fee at three dollars, one-half of which may be paid in the Spring and the other in the Summer or Fall.

NOTICE.

State of Alabama, } Probate Court.
Shelby county. }
Estate of J. J. Davidson, deceased.

This day came J. J. Davidson and Clara Davidson, administrators of said estate and filed their application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therin, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts and making division among joint owners. It is ordered that the 25th day of April, 1904, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper. This the 10th day of March, 1904. A. P. LONGSHORE.
Judge of Probate.

TIP TOP.

The singing at Mt. Tabor was a success. Several young people were out from Cresswell and Harpersville.

O. S. Lybrand and wife were called to the bedside of her mother Mrs. Evans, who resides in Birmingham.

We can say one thing, some one may have to pay "a certain" man for the wear of his tram road, from the way some of the boys travel it.

They have declined to have the egg hunt Sunday evening at G. W. Moore's.

Now, Wild Bill, who would have thought you would indulge in slurs on the Democrats as you have. We hold no malice in our heart whatever and didn't you! If people would think more of home and its surroundings instead of politics there would be beautiful dwelling and better furnished rooms than there is, and more nice fine eatables, indulge in farming more than to run a horse down trying to get an office within the county. Think there is more in seeking an office than anything of course there are some just as good people living in the city as in the county. But who keeps up the great city's? Why tis the farmers raise the wheat and corn and meat, the substantial of life, and yet the city dude will call the country boy "old sager." But some country sager has as much brain as a city dude.

GYPSY.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed by T. W. Weaver and N. A. Weaver his wife to E. Williamson, administrator of the estate of S. A. Densler deceased, on the 3d day of December 1900, recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., in record of mortgage, No. 56 page 383, the undersigned will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house door in Columbiana, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, on Monday the 11th day of April, 1904, the following described property, to-wit: the northeast quarter of southwest quarter and part of the northwest quarter of south west quarter, being all that part of the north half of the southwest quarter of section 14, township 21, range 1 east; that is on the east side of the public road known as the Montgomery road. This the 10th day of March.

JOHNNIE MAY BLACK,
and OLIVE A. DENSLER.
Assignees of said mortgage.
McMillan & Haynes, their Attorney.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Shelby County Teacher's Institute will meet at Harpersville, Friday and Saturday, April 15th and 16th.

FRIDAY 10:30 A. M.

Devotional Exercise—O. P. Bentley
Welcome address—S. J. Strock
Response—L. B. Riddle.
Our prescribed music course and its importance—Misses Stella Posey and Bertie H. Allen.
Enrollment of teachers.
Adjournment.

FRIDAY, 1:30 P. M.

Is the drawing period necessary in the avcrage school? — Miss Stella Powell.

English Grammar:
(a) Punctuation—Miss Kate Gorman.
(b) Capitalization—Zada Davis.
(c) Complements—Ella Williams.
(d) Pronouns—Mary Jones.
(e) Possessives—Mary Liles.
(f) Criticisms—By Institute.

Advisability of our prescribed course in agriculture—E. L. Patton.

How do you manage the overgrown boy, proud of his "teens?"—Mrs. K H Wallace.

Arithmetic:
(a) Fundamental principles—J. W. Moore and J. C. Harper.
(b) Common fractions—Miss Mattie Taylor and Augustus Mackey.
(c) Decimal fractions—Miss Keturah Freeman and A. M. Freeman.
(d) Percentage—W. S. McEwen and B. F. Lyon.
(e) Criticisms—By Institute.

FRIDAY, 8:00 P. M.

Music—By professional and local talent.
Address—By Dr. F. M. Peterson.

SATURDAY, 8:30 A. M.

Convocation. An exercise in enunciation and pronunciation—J. W. Ellenburg.
Teachers Reading Course,
Methods of recitation—S. Dowell
Psychology—Miss Kittie Averyt and J. C. Hall.
Some methods in History—J. B. Ziegler.
Our re-districting bill—C. H. Florey and S. J. Strock.
How to improve our school system.—J. O. Dorough.
Local taxation—Dr. F. M. Peterson

It is earnestly hoped that the teachers of Shelby county will not be so little courteous as to reject the cordial invitation, given them by the good people of Harpersville, to visit their town Arrangements are being made whereby teachers may be met at Vincent and carried directly to Harpersville. JNO. B. FARRELL,
Supt. of Education.

Inflamatory Rheumatism Cured

Wm. Shaffer, a brakeman of Dennison, Ohio, was confined to his bed for week with inflammatory rheumatism. "I used many remidies," he says: "Finally I sent to the drug store for a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, at which time I was unable to use hand or foot, and in a week's time was able to go to work as happy as a clam. For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

WILSONVILLE.

Among the visitors in town last Thursday were C. L. Meroney, of Montevallo, P. M. Roland, of Talladega, J. I. Abercrombie, of Columbiana.

The remains of Mrs. Atchison were buried here on Wednesday of last week. She was a sister Mrs. B. A. Moson' of this place as well as Squire and Elias Weaver, who lives near here.

J. O. Moore, of Weldon, passed through our town Saturday having been out canvasing in beat 2.

The Pops are blowing about how dead the Democrats will be after November when they know good and well that they have never yet carried an election in Shelby county by votes.

Dr. David Edwards died at his home half mile north of town on the 23d inst., at 10 a. m. He was well and favorably known here having practiced as a physician and surgeon from the civil war up to a few years ago, where he became too feeble to follow his profession longer. He served in Co. K, 31st Alabama regiment of volunteers in the Confederate army where he acquired considerable skill in surgery. He was a consistent member of the Baptist church and had been for a number of years. He was hale and hearty on February 28th when he was stricken down and never rallied. The direct cause of his death was old age and debility. He was 72 years of age. Five son, a daughter and two sisters survive him. His remains were buried here on Friday the 25th, the funeral services by Rev. O. P. Bentley.

HONEST JOHN.

Treatment of Pneumonia.

Pneumonia is too dangerous a disease for any one to attempt to doctor himself, althorg he may have the proper remedies at hand. A physician should always be called. It should be borne in mind, however, that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of the grip, and by the proper treatment these diseases a threatened attack of pneumonia may be warded off. There is no question whatever about this, as during the 30 years and more that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used we have yet to learn of a single case of cold or attack of grip having resulted in pneumonia when this remedy was used. Dr. W. J. Smith, of Sanders, Ala., a druggist says of it: "I have been selling Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and prescribe it in my practice for the past 6 years. Use it, in cases of pneumonia and have always gotten good results." For sale at Bandy Drug Co.

Elect on Notice.!

Below is the Managers, Clerks and Returning Officers for the primary election to be held on Monday the 11th day of April, 1904.

Beat 1—Box 1—Managers—C. C. DuBese, J. L. Peters, H. M. Millstead. Clerks—W. A. Lyon, L. M. Dyke; returning officer, S. W. Nelson.

Beat 1—Box 2—Managers, J. F. Averyt, Terrell Bice, W. E. Merrel; clerks, Robt Glenn, Lawrence Jackson; returning officer, S. J. Harreli.

Beat 2—Managers, Hosea Pearson, N. N. Mosteller, J. N. Carden; clerks, J. M Baldwin, G. D. Baldwin; returning officer, Jno. Gasris

Beat 3—Managers, S. H. Gist, S. J. Large, R. W. Moss; clerks, Will Wade. I. W. Bailey; returning officer, C. H. Fields.

Beat 4—Managers, Wm. McConaughy, J. H. McMath, B. R. Alexander; clerks, Wm. Sessions, R. E. [illegible]ley; returning officer, A. M. Cross.

Beat 5—Managers, Jno. Harmon, J. A. Johnson, Fate Bunn; clerks, James Harmon; returning officer, John Waddell.

Beat 6—Managers, S. E. Ruffin, L. N. Roy, P. D. Lee; clerks, T. F. Farrell, Ed. Lambert; returning officer, Daniel Lambert.

Beat 7—Managers, R. H. Walker, J. H. Fulton, Wesley Ozley; clerks, James Benton, Frank Alexander; returning officer, R. C. Naish.

Beat 8—G. W. Shaw, W. Adams, J. L. Nivens; clerks: J. W. Stone, John Evans; returning officer, W. J. Jackson.

Beat 9—Managers, J. H. Pennington, J. W. Hall, James Evans; clerks, W. W. Wingard; returning officer, G. W. Taylor.

Beat 10—Managers, G. W. Thompson, T. J. Martin, J. R. Hatcher; clerks, C. H. Florey, T. H. Davis; returning officer; R. B. Rosey.

Beat 10, Box 2—Managers, G. W. Wallis, Sr., L. H. Cosper, Horace Morrell; clerks, T. L. Bates, C. E. Bates; returning officer, J. H. Lybrand.

Beat 11—Managers, J. S. Walton, J. W. Shaw, J. H. Walton; clerks, W. A. Wilder, C. W. Walton; returning officer, D. S. Shaw.

Beat 12—Managers, A. J. E. Cross W. L. Deshazo, John Cross; clerks, Frank Miller, John Jones; returning officer, E. B. Jones.

Beat 13—Manager, D. N. Lee, B. F. Dawson, N. M. Deshazo; clrks, C. T. Lee, C. A. Bass; returning officer, H. W Lee.

Beat 14—Managers, H. J. Falkner W. T. Babb, J. R. Weldon; clerks, H. M. Abercrombie, J. M. Babb, returning officer, J. B. Whitfield.

Beat 15—Managers, R. M. Hollis, L. W. Hartsgeld, J. M. Vick; clerks R. E. Cosper, B. S. Brown; returning officer, Joel Falkner.

Beat 16—Managers, S. E. Elliott, A. C. Wilder. J. M. Kidd; clerks, R. P. Tucker, J. B. Kinciad; returning officer, C. C. Elliott.

Beat 17—Managers, M. P. Nabors R. M. Deshazo, Lafayette West; clerks, R. E. Bowden, T. J. Cross; returning officer, Harmon Thomas.

Beat 18—Managers, Joshua Morgan, J. L. Tinney, D. B. Campbell; clerksr returning officer, L. Morgan

Beat 19—Managers, W. H. Reneau W. P. Ryan, W. D. Lacey; clerks, Geo. F. Peter, John M. Lacey; returning officer, Frank Cunningham

NOTICE!

As a milliner has opened in Shelby we will not make a trip there, but will be pleased to give our trade there especial attention here

Yours to serve,
HAMMOND MILLINERY CO.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale granted by Hon. A. P. Longshore, Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., on February 22nd, 1904, I will sell to the highest bidder for one third cash, one third in one year and one third in two years on MONDAY, April 25, 1904, between the legal hours of sale in front of the court house in Columbiana, Ala., the following real estate belonging to the estate of Charles J. Christian, deceased, viz:

Northeast fourth of northwest fourth and southeast fourth of northwest ¼, section 29 township 24, range 15 east, situated in Shelby county, Ala., also southwest fourth of north west fourth, section 28, and all that part of east half of northeast fourth of section 29 that lies east of the Montgomery road, all in town ship 24, range 15 east, being the dower interest of Mary E. Dunlap in the lands of Frank Jordan, dec'd, [illegible] section 29 lying east of the Jordan dower line, all that part of section 28 lying east of said dower line and south of Waxahatchie creek; all of the northeast quarter of section 33 lying south of said Waxahatchie creek and west of the Akin branch, all in township 24, range 15 east; all of section 20 south of Waxahatchie creek, and all of the west half of northeast quarter, and all of the east half of northeast quarter of section 29 lying west of the Montgomery road and south of Waxahatchie creek, all in township 24, range 15 east St. Stephen's meridian and deeded to Benjamin Cardwell by T. W. Strader and wife, the northeast quarter of southeast quarter of section 29, township 24, range 15 east, deeded by the State of Alabama to Benjamin Cardwell, and the west half of the Southwest quarter of section 28, all in the county of Chilton State of Alabama; also the following described lands situated in Shelby county Alabama and being a part of the above body of lands situated in Chilton county; to-wit; All of the south half of the southeast quarter of section 28 and all of the northeast quarter of section 33 and all of the west half of northwest quarter of section 34 lying north of Waxahatchie creek and east of a certain branch known as Danny branch all in township 24, range 15 east of St. Stephen's meridian and deeded to Benjamin Cardwell by T. W. Strader and wife, also the northwest quarter of southeast quarter of section 28, township 24, range 15 east of St. Stephen's meridian and deeded to Benjamin Cardwell by N. N. Mosteller and wife, also southeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 28, township 24, range 15 east of St. Stephen's meridian deeded to Benjamin Cardwell by John Jones and wife.

Witness my hand this March 29th, 1904.
HENRY MILNER,
Administrator.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U.S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U.S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
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JURY LIST.

GRAND JURY.

Robert T Atkinson, L H Cosper, H H Sturdemire, A L Deshaze, W H Gill, D C Nickerson, J B Griffin, J L C Wesson, R E Cosper, H W Nelson, Geo Kroell, C A Busby, S A Kenrick, J M Babb, N N Mosteller, W N Gilbert, J S Jackson, R A Kidd, jr. D B Lacy, J W Kidd.

PETIT JURORS 1st WEEK.

J H McCall, J E West, A McCrosky, C P Keith, W P Cox, C W Stamps, W Blackerby, H K Thomas, O H Stone, C H McBride, J A Ingram, J R Tinney, P H O'Neal, Custin Wooten, J L Harless, S V Walls, J T Wheat, W T Rosco, A N Ray, W F G Falknor T N Walton, L E Dyke, Cliff Chapman, Henry Davis, A J White, Geo Powell, C H Green, H S Nelson.

SECOND WEEK.

B L Brasher, J W Patman, H M Johnson, Frank Etres, Will Miller, J B Ray, W S L Wood, John Ellison, S R Thomas, J H Martin, John Moore, C M Lackey, Chas Atkinson, S D Isbell, G W Shaw, P F Lyon, W W Hardaway, J N Lyon, M W Owens, David Pearson, R T Newton, E H Morris, T E Lambert, P L Ellison, J M Duke, Jack Crim, J H Lucas, D H Seal, S H Collins.

THIRD WEEK.

John Howard, Charles Sullivan, J E Wooten, W E Merrell, Jno W Robinson, W A Norris, W S Harper, J N Howard, T M Blackeby, H C Harris, Frank Davis, W S Cunningham, W H Cook, J V Champion, A S Johnson, J H Blackerby, J G Willis, J H Mooney, Ed Smith, R W Moss, J E Coshat, C H Bradshaw, T C Elliott, R N Morrison, J T McGoughey, S M Farrell, W H Hill, Z T Baldwil, R O Ozley.

FOURTH WEEK.

M M Crumpton, J C Seal, J L Martin, R A Carden, Henry Wells, D W Whitfield, G D Baldwin, W A Cross, J M Ray, J M Harris, C H West, D R Richards, J H Blackerby, W H Kendrick, R G Tinney, M C Foster, R Armstrong, Jno T Ellis, W H Prestridge, D L Salser, Eugene Williams, Jno Phillips, D M Merrell, J R Alexander, Will McConaughy, J C Andrews W G Wilder, M W Blake, M A Lucas, A J Johnson.

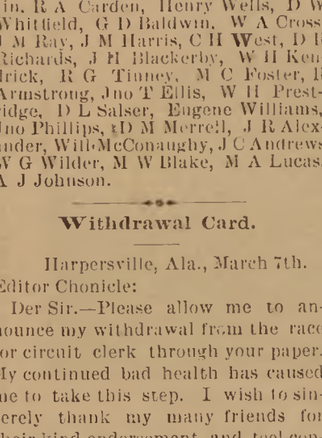
Withdrawal Card.

Harpersville, Ala., March 7th.
Editor Chonicle:

Der Sir.—Please allow me to announce my withdrawal from the race for circuit clerk through your paper. My continued bad health has caused me to take this step. I wish to sincerely thank my many friends for their kind endorsement, and feel confident they would give me a unanimous nomination, and I have the utmost confidence in the election of the entire democratic ticket in November. Assuring my friends that I for one will use all honorable means at my command in helping to accomplish the same. I am yours truly,

T. J. MARTIN.

When Thinking
ABOUT BUYING
A WATCH
it always pays to get a good one. If you want a Watch we can save you money on your order. Elgin, Waltham, Hamilton, Seth Thomas and New York Standard are good movements. Give us a trial order and you be convinced



DO YOU want anything in musical instruments? We have Violins, Violin Cases, Bows, Bridges, Pegs, Mandolins, Mandolin Cases, Picks, Guitars, Guitar Cases, Tamborines, Banjos, Accordeons, Harps, Harmonicas, Fifes, Ocarines, Flagolets, Bones, Clappers, Graphaphones and Records, also all kinds of strings for Violins, Banjos, Mandolins and Guitars

Call and see us in our
REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.

Don,t forget us when you want photograph work or enlarging, our work will please you. We keep all all kinds of pictures, picture frames and are receiving new goods every week that will interest you. Give us a call when in the city.

T. J. WEAVER & COMPANY,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

The Proper Treatment for Sprained Ankle.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually [illegible] months before he can fully recover. This an unnecessary [illegible] many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some case within three days. For sale by Williams Bros.

A MODEL DRUG STORE

Conducted on a modern sytem.

We carry all Patent Medicines Sold in this Section.

Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins, Colgate's Soaps, Extracts, Toilet Articles.

Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco.

Fine line of Stationery, in fact everything that goes to makeup

A FIRST GLASS DRUG STORE.

Our Prescription Department is always in charge of a pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of pharmacy and years of experience.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782 77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3,009.00	Rediscounts.....	2,263,00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902 61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Company.
LAND TITLES;
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE;
TITLES GUARANTEED.
A GENERAL TITLE BUSINESS.
—INSURANCE—
Fire, Plate Glass, Boiler,
Employers Liability, Accident Insurance.

J. K. BROCKMAN,
General Manager,
Birmingham, Ala.

W. R. LAWLEY,
Local Manager,
Columbiana, Ala.

NORTH CAROLINA CORN WHISKEY
AT $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 AND $3.00 PER GALLON.
DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.
Saving Middlemen's Profits.
All express charges paid by me on packages of 2 gallons or more.
TERMS--CASH WITH ORDER.
Write for descriptive circulars. Reference commercial agencies or any merchant here.
J. H. WOOLLEY
Cherryville, N. C.

Non-Residence Notice.

L. M. Dyke, Vs. Henry Walthall.
State of Alabama, } Circuit Court.
Shelby County. } Whereas, L. M. Dyke as plaintiff in said cause has obtained an attachment out of this court issued the 19th day of January, 1904, against the estate of the said Henry Walthall as defendant, which attachment has been levied by R. F. Cox, sheriff of Shelby county, Ala., on the following described real estate of the said defendant, to-wit: Island "A" in Coosa river of sections 17 and 8, and all of Island "B" in Coosa river, of section 8, all in township 21, range 2 east. All of which is situated in the the county of Shelby and and state of Alabama, and, whereas, it appears that the said Henry Walthal defendant as aforesaid is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and resides in the State of New York, therefore the said Henry Walthal wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the said attachment and the levy thereof as aforesaid.

Witness my hand this the 21st day of January 1904.

J. P. PEARSON, Clerk.

A child of Mrs. G. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath stepped against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great pain and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remembering that she had a bottle of Chamberlains Pain Balm in the house she would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Pain Balm [illegible] antiseptic liniment and [illegible] Williams Bros.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.
Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF GEO. W. MCGOWAN, Deceased. } Probate Court

Letters of administration upon the estate of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 19 day of February 1904, by the Hon. A. P. Longshore Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, notice is here by given that all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred. E. W. HOLLAND.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowed to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but it stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 25 and 75 cts. For sale by Williams Bros.

The Name Witch Hazel.

Witch Hazel is much abused. E. [illegible] & Co, Chicago, is the inventors [illegible] original and genuine Witch Hazel [illegible]. A certain cure for cuts, bruises eczema [illegible], piles, etc. There are many counterfeits of this salve, some of which are dangerous, while they are worthless. In buying Witch Hazel salve see tha E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, is on the box and a cure is cer

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, [illegible]

NO APPETITE---EMACIATED---NERVOUS.

Many Women During the Spring Months Suffer From Extreme Lassitude, Loss of Appetite and Nervousness--What They Need Is

PE-RU-NA, THE GREAT TONIC

Miss Bertha M. Rush, 5435 Kincarde street, Pittsburg, Pa., Superintendent Junior Society of Methodist Protestant church, and leading soprano of the choir, writes: "Words cannot describe my thankfulness to you for Peruna. I was a sufferer from systemic catarrh for years and was in a very much run-down condition. I was extremely nervous, and had the most foolish fears over nothing. I was thin and emaciated.

"My physician advised me to leave this climate, but as it was not convenient to do so at this time, I took the advice of a friend to use a bottle of Peruna. I took it faithfully, and when the first bottle was gone I felt so much better that I bought six more and took them faithfully, after which I looked like a new woman.

"I gained in flesh, my appetite returned and all my old symptoms had disappeared. I am more than thankful to Peruna."—Miss Bertha M. Rush.

I AM TIRED.

Everybody is Tired--Spring Weather Does It--Every One Should Be Cautious.

Depression of the nervous system at the approach of spring is the cause.

General lassitude, dull, heavy sensations, continual tired feeling, with irregular appetite, and sometimes loss of sleep. Peruna meets every indication and proves itself to be perfectly adapted to all their varied peculiarities. Peruna invigorates the system, rejuvenates the feelings, restores the normal appetite and produces regular sleep.

That tired feeling which is the natural result of the depressing effect of warm weather immediately after the invigorating cold of winter quietly disappears when Peruna is taken. Thousands are daily testifying to its priceless benefit.

Mrs. H. Kassatt, 1309 W. 13th street, Des Moines, Ia., writes: "I am happy to give my endorsement for your valuable medicine, Peruna, as I consider it a valuable medicine to take when the system is run down from overwork. About two years ago I felt that I must take a long rest, as I had been unable to work for over a month and could not regain my strength. I could not sleep at night and was in a very nervous, high strung condition. I decided to try what Peruna would do to build up my strength, and am pleased to say that I began to improve very shortly, and in less than two months I was able to take up my work, and felt better than I have for years. I take it now twice a year, and find that it keeps me in perfect health." Mrs. Kassatt was for over ten years the manager of a plant furnishing ladies' wear and employing hundreds of women.

Tired, Nervous Women.

There are thousands of them everywhere. A few bottles of Peruna would do them untold benefit. As a tonic and nerve invigorator it has no equal. It builds up the nerves, it gives strength to the circulation and at once restores the appetite and digestion. No feeble woman should be without Peruna.

MISS BERTHA M. RUSH---PITTSBURG.

Miss Rush Suffered With Systemic Catarrh---Was Nervous, Had No Appetite, Grew Thin and Emaciated. She Now Looks Like a New Woman After a Course of Pe-ru-na.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

FREE to WOMEN

A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely Free and Postpaid, enough to prove the value of

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

Paxtine is in powder form to dissolve in water — non-poisonous and far superior to liquid antiseptics containing alcohol which irritates inflamed surfaces, and have no cleansing properties. The contents of every box makes more Antiseptic Solution — lasts longer — goes further—has more uses in the family and does more good than any antiseptic preparation you can buy.

The formula of a noted Boston physician, and used with great success as a Vaginal Wash, for Leucorrhœa, Pelvic Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Cuts, and all soreness of mucus membrane.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a Vaginal Wash we challenge the world to produce its equal for thoroughness. It is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

All leading druggists keep Paxtine; price, 50c. a box; if yours does not, send to us for it. Don't take a substitute — there is nothing like Paxtine.

Write for the Free Box of Paxtine to-day.

R. PAXTON CO., 7 Pope Bldg., Boston, Mass.

Avery & Company

SUCCESSORS TO

AVERY & McMILLAN,

51-53 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

—ALL KINDS OF—

MACHINERY

Reliable Frick Engines, Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.

BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH.

Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors, Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.

CAPSICUM VASELINE

(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price 15 cts., at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending the amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

Saw Mills

The DeLoach Patent Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill with 4 h. p. cuts 2,000 feet per day. All sizes and prices to suit. DeLoach Shingle Mills, Edgers, Trimmers, Planers; Corn and Buhr Mills, Water Wheels, Lath Mills, Wood Saws. Our handsome new Catalog will interest you. DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co., Box 84, Atlanta, Ga.

CANCER NO LONGER FATAL. CURED at home without pain, plaster, or knife; also positively cures chronic blood diseases and Consumption. Tissues and Breath. blank sent free. Physicians' Home Cure, 1618 Girard Ave., Philada., Pa.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, sick headache, sour stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

WINCHESTER

RIFLE & PISTOL CARTRIDGES.

"It's the shots that hit that count." Winchester Rifle and Pistol Cartridges in all calibers hit, that is, they shoot accurately and strike a good, hard, penetrating blow. This is the kind of cartridges you will get, if you insist on having the time-tried Winchester make.

ALL DEALERS SELL WINCHESTER MAKE OF CARTRIDGES.

FEET HURT Sweat, Itch, Blister? ROYAL FOOT WASH cures them. Removes odors of feet, armpits, etc.; stops chafing. If not at druggists send 25c to EATON DRUG CO., ATLANTA, GA., for full size, postpaid; sample for 2c stamp. One application proves its merit. Money back if not satisfied.

Large numbers of Russian refugees are coming to the United States.

U.M.C.

Millions of U. M. C. Shot Shells are sold each year. They are made in the largest cartridge factory in the world.

The UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE CO.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

Your dealer sells them.

Catalog sent upon request.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Am. 14, 1904.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

The United States furnished $80,000,000 of the $295,000,000 worth of gold which the world produced in 1902. Colorado produced $28,000,000, California $16,000,000 and Alaska $8,000,000.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Within the last few years the various colonies of Europeans in Egypt have built their own hospitals. There are now in Cairo French, German, Austrian, Anglo-American and Italian hospitals.

$500 Given Away

Write us or ask an Alabastine dealer for particulars and free sample card of

Alabastine

The Sanitary Wall Coating

Destroys disease germs and vermin. Never rubs or scales. You can apply it—mix with cold water. Beautiful effects in white and delicate tints. Not a disease-breeding, outof-date hot-water glue preparation. Buy Alabastine in 5 lb. packages, properly labelled, of paint, hardware and drug dealers. "Hints on Decorating," and our Artists' ideas free. ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich., or 105 Water St., N. Y.

THE TOO-AGGREEABLE FELLOW.

The feller who's certain to say: "That's right"
Who acquiesces in ev'ry view,
Who if I tell him that black is white
Will frankly own that he thinks so too;
I'm never able to fuss with, much,—
So utterly non-resistent she;—
Yet, somehow, never am I in touch
With the feller who allers agrees with me.

The feller who says to me: "You 're dead-wrong!"
Who scoffs at all of the things I say,
Who starts an argument loud an' long
To prove it could n't be just that way;
At him I bluster, and fume, and frown,
And yet, more worth in this man I see
Than I 've found in the easy, complacent clown,—
The feller who allers agrees with me.

Towards the feller who tells me I 'm wrong I 've had
At times the feelin's that make men fight,—
While, somehow, never could I get mad
At him who smilingly says: "That 's right!"
Yet, Fate, please see that my pathway blends
With one who strongly dissents, and free,
And just scratch off of my list of friends
The feller who allers agrees with me.

—Roy Farrell Greene, in Puck.

Mrs. Bittersweet's Proposal.

"Peppers and pumpkins! A widow moved in right next door, and this leap year."

Mr. Alonzo Larkins stared apprehensively out of his window, as if he expected to see his newly arrived neighbor flitting up his porch steps in search of him with a lasso, instead he really did see a small, inoffensive looking woman walking serenely from her doorway toward her own front lawn, bearing a pot of pansies and a trowel.

"Oh, of course," he continued caustically, "wants to make a good impression first before she lets out at me. Well, ma'am, my herat is tough. But you are a neat little bundle," he added with a slight change in tone; "trim as a sassafras whistle. That's right—let that ruffled up pink contraption slide off your head. Gum, what shiny brown hair! And look at the little curl bobbing over her off ear!"

Little Mrs. Bittersweet did not seem at all troubled by the orb Mr. Larkins deemed it expedient to keep focused upon her. She trotted around about her own business, paying little heed to the doings of her bachelor neighbor. The first time she met him plump and square she gave him a sweet, indifferent little neighborly "Good morning," which somehow excited his discontent and ire.

"Took about as much notice of me as she would of a brindle dog," he complained to himself; "in fact, not as much. She pets up all the old stray dogs and gives 'em bones. What's the matter with me, I'd like to know?"

He looked anxiously into the mirror as he brushed his hair. He saw therein a good looking and fairly good natured face, the chief defect of which was an expression tending toward self-conceit.

"Now, ma'am," he observed decisively, addressing the absent widow, "you've got to see me and appreciate me; then if you choose to take advantage of leap year privileges. I don't really know as I'll run away."

Meantime Mrs. Bittersweet's attention had been directed to Mr. Larkins by her friend, Miss Podderly.

"He's the smartest man in Bibbville," said she, "and got everything in his house a woman's heart could wish, from gas ranges to teaspoons, not to mention scuds of blue and white ware saucepans. But seems like he's afraid some woman'll marry him in spite of himself. I guess he's too bashful to ask any one. But I believe in my heart you could overcome the difficulty, Polly, if you'd set your cap good and strong."

"Set a fiddlestick!" retorted Polly Bittersweet, scornfully. "I'll never set my cap for any man."

"Well," said Miss Podderly, "I wish I had the opportunities you turn up your nose at so recklessly."

Mr. Larkins finally grew decidedly discontented and a little puzzled.

"I don't understand you, ma'am," he admitted, in one of his mental apostrophes to the widow. "I have so far modified my views as to give you every opportunity to signify your wish to become Mrs. Larkins, and yet you're as cool and calm as a bale of snow. I'm not used to it, ma'am, and I won't stand it. I'll give you three weeks more to get interested in me, and then I'll take and propose to you—that's about what I'll do."

When the allotted three weeks of grace had expired Mr. Larkins, in desperation, executed his threat and received a plump "No!"—the result of Miss Podderly's championship and a streak of contrariness in the widow's disposition.

He accepted the sentence with visible disappointment, but bore it with manly fortitude.

"I'm sorry, ma'am," he said, frankly, "tearing sorry. I've taken more of a shine to you, somehow, than I ever did to any one, and I'd be good to you, you can bank on that. But if you can't like me, you can't. There, now, ma'am, don't go and cry—don't. I wouldn't hurt you feelings for 40 farms," for the widow's heart all at once had smitten her sharply and some subtle pathos in Mr. Larkins' simple acceptance of defeat caused her eyes to brim with misty tears.

"I'm so-soo-o sorry," she faltered, blushing and sobbing, "I——"

"Don't mention it," implored Mr. Larkins, "don't you be miserable or blue about it. But if you should—kind of change your mind, you know, ma'am, just let me know, won't you?"

Mr. Larkins dove headlong into his garden patch and hoed vigorously to distract his thoughts, and the widow sat down on the edge of her porch and swung her neat little foot dejectedly.

"I do believe I'm half-witted," said she under her breath. "I dare say I've lost as good a man as I'll ever meet, and all because Henrietta Podderly told me to run after him. I needn't have run after him, but I could have thrown him away, and I ain't half as smart as I thought I was. I'm lonely and miserable, woo—oo—oo." Mrs. Bittersweet ran into her sitting room and cried as heartily as Mr. Larkins hoed.

After that she smiled sunnily whenever she met. He smiled genially. The widow daintily became more lonesome and more convinced that she had discarded a congenial spirit.

"He won't propose again in a hundred years," she bemoaned herself, "and no wonder he don't want to risk another snub. He did tell me to let him know if I changed my mind; I hate to, like fun, but—"

One golden afternoon when both were sitting, in an unusually pensive mood, upon Mrs. Bittersweet's porch, the widow's heart suddenly prompted her to a little prospecting.

"Mr. Larkins," she said, softly, "do you ever change your mind?"

"No," returned Mr. Larkins plumply, "not without solid reason."

"We-ell," she continued, holding her breath at her own boldness, "would you still like me to—er—er—be—be—"

Her meaning rushed through Mr. Larkins like a streak of electricity. He sprang out of his lolling attitude at a bounce.

"Polly, if you're asking me if I'd like you to be my wife, I say yes—yes—yes. I didn't dare to ask you again, but you've a perfect right to ask me, even if I hadn't told you to, for it's leap year—why, Polly love, what's the matter? You're as pale as ashes. What is it, darling?"

"Why, I've actually as good as asked you to marry me," gasped Polly, "just what I've always declared I'd die rather than do! Oh, well," as Alonzo's arm stole protectingly around her waist, "I guess I was excusable this time. But, Alonzo, listen. Don't you ever, the longest day you live, let Henrietta Podderly know I did it—will you?"

"Never," vowed Alonzo, kissing her. —H. W. Durbin, in San Francisco, Call.

A COYETE'S GRATITUDE.

How He Warned His Man-Friend That a Freshet Was Coming.

"I was once starving," said Coyete, abjectly. "You who have lived in a warm land where something is growing all the year round, know nothing of the hunger that comes when the fierce blizzard blots out everything, and there is only snow, snow, everywhere. Can one eat snow? It's all very fine for you with a paunch full of candy to sit there and prate about stealing. Does a fellow dig, dig, dig through earth so hard that he must bite it out with his teeth, dig deep under the log walls for sport as the cubs play in the sunshine, or just to steal? Bah! you who have never known hunger know not of this thing. Why, once when the ground was frozen hard, and I was dying inch by inch, some fierce-toothed animal inside me biting, biting—only of course it was the hunger chewing at my stomach—I dove fair through the window of a log shack to get at the meat inside. The glass cut me to be sure, but that was nothing to the hunger pain that goes on, on, never ceasing until there is food or one is dead.

"You see they were all whisky traders at Stand-Off. The place came by its name in the days of a mighty fight when man and his comrades stood off the mounted police. These men had been given as bad a name as Coyotes even. My man may have been bad, too; but how was I to know, being only a Coyote. He was always throwing me bones and pieces of bread, and whistling to me, and calling me Jack.

"Now, this place Stand-Off was on the river flat, and one night in Springtime I heard a great flood coming down the Belly river. It was a still night, and the noise of the rushing water came to my ears for miles, but the men heard it not, for they were all in the shacks. Fast I galloped down over the flat near to the shack where was this man who had often thrown me a bone. I whimpered, and whistled, and barked the danger call, and howled the death-coming song, and finally my friend came to the door and threw a stick of wood at me, and spoke fierce oaths. Then he shut the door. I could hear the roaring getting louder and louder and knew that soon it would be too late for all the menkind; not that I cared, except for this one. So I howled louder than ever, and he came out and strove to kill me with a firestick, but I only ran a little piece into the darkness, and howled again.

"Being a man of much temper, he chased me, and the noise brought out the others, for they thought it was Indians. I sought to lead him over to the side of the flat land which was next the sloping hill, knowing full well that the new water would flow there first.

"All at once he ceased running behind me, and I, who was listening, knew that he scarce breathed he was that still. Now, he will hear it, I thought; and in an instant I heard him cry to the others: 'Boys, we must pull out from this—there's a freshet coming.'"—From "Sa-Zada Tales," by W. A. Fraser, the American Kipling, in the Metropolitan Magazine.

Japanese Athletics.

The Japanese, although men of very small stature, are among the strongest in the world, says St. Nicholas. Any boy of 14 or 15 who will faithfully practice their system of producing strength will find himself at the end of a few months able to cope in feats of power with the average man of 25, and all this without the dangerous practice of lifting very heavy weights. It should be remembered that rest must be taken after every exercise. While resting try deep breathing. Stand erect, though not in a strained position, and at each breath draw the abdomen in and throw the chest out. As the breath is exhaled, let the chest fall inward again, and the abdomen outward. From 20 minutes to half an hour is long enough to devote to jiujitsu, and this includes the time spent in breathing during rests—for deep, correct breathing is in itself one of the best exercises possible. In inhaling draw the breath through either the nostrils or the mouth, as preferred; in exhaling always let the breath escape through the mouth.—Philadelphia Record.

Positions Guaranteed

BY A $5,000 BANK DEPOSIT

LIMITED MEANS OR EDUCATION NO HINDRANCE.
ALL OUR 6,000 GRADUATES AT WORK.

R. R. FARE PAID. BOARD AT $8.00. 500 Free Courses.

WRITE TODAY TO

GA.-ALA. BUS. COLLEGE, Macon Ga.

Lake Baikal, with a length of 390 miles and an area of 15,000 square miles, is directly in the way of the plateau where the trans-Siberian railway reaches its highest elevation, 1,500 feet above the sea level. Hills from 3,000 to 6,000 feet high surround it, rising so abruptly from the water's edge that building along their sides without tunneling is impossible. The lake itself is too deep to be bridged, Its surface is 1,561 feet above sea level, the deepest part 1,624 feet below, and it is subject to frightful storms. From November to April it is practically ice-bound. The lake begins to freeze early in November, is completely ice-bound by the middle of December and the ice does not break up until May. Its white covering reaches a thickness of nine and a half feet. To get around the end of the lake requires a detour of nearly 100 miles, and tunneling and cutting through rock under the most adverse conditions. The cost of such a railroad section conservative estimate puts at 25,000,000 rubles, or something less than $20,000,000. How long it will take can hardly be estimated—four or five years at any rate.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

It isn't always a compliment to tell a girl that she's as pretty as a picture.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

Few men can be intensely interested in anything without letting their neighbors know it.

Teosinte and Billion Dollar Grass.

The two greatest fodder plants on earth, one good for 14 tons of hay and the other 80 tons green fodder per acre. Grows everywhere, so does Victoria Rape, yielding 60,000 lbs. sheep and swine food per acre. [A.C.L.]

JUST SEND 10c. IN STAMPS TO THE John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples.

When a girl knows she is handsome she does not object to having her picture taken in a group.

Pius Tenth has recently discovered that he is not, as supposed, the two hundred and sixty-fourth pope, but the two hundred and fifty-eighth. He has eliminated no less than six pontiffs from the list of his predecessors. In the "Gerarchia Catolica," or official annual of the holy seat, which has just appeared, he is set down as the two hundred and fifty-eighth pope. During the closing years of the reign of Leo Thirteenth the extensive researches of Mgr. Duchesne, director of the French school at Rome, brought to light the fact that six popes of the period preceding the crusades were more or less mythical, their existence being based on legend and tradition rather than on actual history. They have been eliminated, and no longer figure on the official roster of supreme pontiffs of the Roman Catholic church. At the same time Pius the Tenth has caused the urn containing the dust of the alleged martyr Fortissima to be removed from the Basilica of St. Mark. Archaeologists have all come to the conclusion that there was no foundation for the story of the alleged martyrdom of Fortissima, and that therefore there was no reason for the veneration of her remains or for regarding her either a martyr or a saint.

"Commercial Korea in 1904" is the title of a monograph just issued by the department of commerce and labor. It discusses commercial and other conditions in Korea, showing area, population, transportation facilities, railways, telegraphs, postal service and foreign commerce, including imports and the countries from which they are drawn, and exports and the countries to which they are sent. The population of Korea the monograph in question puts at about 15,000,000 in round numbers, the area at about equal to that of the state of Kansas, and the foreign commerce at about $12,000,000, of which imports form about $7,500,000.

HAPPY WOMEN.

Wouldn't any woman be happy,
After years of backache suffering,
Days of misery, nights of unrest,
The distress of urinary troubles,
She finds relief and cure?
No reason why any reader
Should suffer in the face of evidence like this:

Mrs. Almira A. Jackson, of East Front St., Traverse City, Mich., says:

"For twenty years I never knew what it was to have good health. Every physician consulted said I had liver trouble, but their medicines did me no good. Just before I began using Doan's Kidney Pills I was almost paralyzed. I could hardly stand on my feet because of the numbness and lack of circulation. Had a knife been thrust into my kidneys the pain could not have been more intense. My sleep was disturbed by visions of distorted figures. The kidney secretions were annoyingly irregular, and I was tortured with thirst and always bloated. I used seven boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills. The bloating subsided until I weighed 100 pounds less, could sleep like a child and was relieved of the pain and the irregularity of the kidney action. My circulation is good and I feel better in every way."

A free trial of this great kidney medicine which cured Mrs. Jackson will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists; price 50 cents per box.

Nineteen American cities have a population of over 200,000.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

A man always looks well when he is looking for another man who owes him money.

All creameries use butter color. Why not do as they do — use JUNE TINT BUTTER COLOR.

Any man can easily make a fool of himself; all he has to do is to act kittenish.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

When the world is unable to understand a man it dubs him a crank.

For $1.65 Money Order.

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., mail postpaid 15 trees, consisting of Apricots, Apples, Crabs, Cherries, Plums, Peaches and Pears, just the thing for a city or country garden, including the great Bismark Apple, all hardy Wisconsin stock, are sent you free upon receipt of $1.65.

AND FOR 16c. AND THIS NOTICE you get sufficient seed of Celery, Carrot, Cabbage, Onion, Lettuce, Radish and Flower Seeds to furnish bushels of choice flowers and lots of vegetables for a big family, together with our great plant and seed catalog. [A.C.L.]

Perhaps some people are descended from monkeys, while others merely dress differently.

The standing of the three leading Japanese journals is as follows: The Jiji-Shimbun, which means literally "timely incident new-hearing," is a semi-official paper and may be regarded as the Times of Japan. The staff is composed of well-to-do men, from among whom appointments are often made to the chief posts in government departments. Rumors are never admitted to the pages of the Jiji-Shimbun, and it has a great reputation for truthfulness and sincerity. The Nichi-Nichi Shimbun—i. e., Day and Day New-hearing, or, as we should say, Daily Chronicle—is the organ of the progressive party in Japan, while the Koku-Miu Shimbun—i. e., Country People's News—which has been calling for "fearful musters and prepared defense," in its character of the nation's journal, is regarded as a less responsible paper, but is perhaps all the more interesting for that.—London Chronicle.

Miss Whittaker, a prominent club woman of Savannah, Ga., tells how she was entirely cured of ovarian troubles by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I heartily recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** as a Uterine Tonic and Regulator. I suffered for four years with irregularities and Uterine troubles. No one but those who have experienced this dreadful agony can form any idea of the physical and mental misery those endure who are thus afflicted. Your **Vegetable Compound** cured me within three months. I was fully restored to health and strength, and now my periods are regular and painless. What a blessing it is to be able to obtain such a remedy when so many doctors fail to help you. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** is better than any doctor or medicine I ever had. Very truly yours, MISS EASY WHITTAKER, 604 39th St., W. Savannah, Ga."—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

The testimonials which we are constantly publishing from grateful women prove beyond a doubt the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to conquer female diseases.

A Golden Rule of Agriculture:

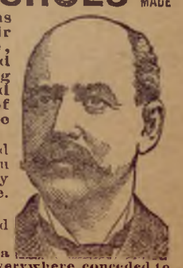
Be good to your land and your crop will be good. Plenty of

Potash

in the fertilizer spells quality and quantity in the harvest. Write us and we will send you, *free*, by next mail, our money winning books.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, New York—93 Nassau St. or Atlanta, Ga.—22½ So. Broad St.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3 SHOES UNION MADE



W. L. Douglas shoes have by their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any shoes in the world.

They are just as good as those that cost you $4 to $5—the only difference is the price.

Sold Everywhere.

Look for name and price on bottom.

Douglas uses Corona Colt skin, which is everywhere conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced. *Fast Color Eyelets used.* Shoes by mail, 25c. extra. Write for Catalog. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., APRIL 14, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 33.

A NEW ENEMY OF RUSSIANS

Cholera and Typhoid Ravage Czar's Troops at Harbin.

DYING BY THE HUNDRED

Majority of Fatalities are Among Recruits Who Arrive in Frightfully Emaciated Condition.

A St. Petersburg special says: The Japanese are not the only enemies the Russians have to fight. They have cholera and typhoid fever to contend with, as well as the armies of Japan. Advices received from Harbin state that the two diseases named are epidemic there and that hundreds of troops have been stricken.

The new levies are the greatest sufferers. These men reach Harbin after a five-thousand-mile journey in a terribly emaciated condition and fall easy victims to cholera and typhoid.

Hundreds of the troops who are arriving at Harbin from European Russia are suffering from frost-bitten noses, feet and hands. It is no uncommon thing to meet soldiers on the streets of Harbin whose noses have dropped off as a result of frost bite. Of course the cholera and typhoid, which is raging, finds easy marks in soldiers whose strength has been sapped by the trials they had to undergo on the journey to Harbin.

Cholera's Fearful Ravages.

The mortality, according to advices received in St. Petersburg, is very great, and is said to be increasing daily. Entire regiments are reported unfit for service.

The military authorities express much concern over the reports from Harbin. They fear that unless the cholera is checked it will render the Russian armies unable to meet the Japanese in the field.

The cause of the epidemic is ascribed to the filthy conditions which exist at Harbin. The streets are full of offal and refuse, and the soldiers have to use the water of the Sungari river, which is as foul as any sewer.

Harbin is the Russian base in Manchuria. From Harbin all troops arriving for the front are distributed. Thus it is apparent that an epidemic of cholera at Harbin threatens the entire Russian army in the east.

No Consuls to Manchuria.

A Washington special says: The state department has decided to find temporary employment for the persons recently appointed to consular offices in Manchuria and will make no effort to place them at their designated posts pending the issue of the war between Russia and Japan. Mr. Cheshire, who was nominally United States consul to Mukden, will be attached to the United States legation at Pekin. Mr. Davidson, who was named as consul to Antung, on the Yalu river, will be sent instead to Niuchwang to serve as assistant to Mr. Miller, the consul at that point.

Edwin Morgan, who was to have been consul to Dalny, will be sent to Shanghai as assistant consul.

BONDING COMPANY PAYS SHORTAGE.

Amount Stolen by Treasurer of Georgia Insane Asylum Made Good.

The American Bonding Company, through its attorney in Atlanta, paid Treasurer Park $22,885 Friday, the amount due the state because of the shortage of Cashier C. H. Troutman, of the bank at Milledgeville, Ga. Troutman recently committed suicide because of the shortage. He was treasurer of the state sanitarium and had been speculating with the state's funds.

The bonding company which was on his bond made an investigation of the books and as soon as the exact amount of the discrepancy was discovered tendered the check to the state. The check was accepted, and the state relieved the company from any further liability.

OPPOSITION TO STATEHOOD BILLS.

Tennessee Representative Presents a Minority Report in the House.

Majority and minority views of the statehood bill, recently reported from the house committee on territories, were filed in the house Friday by Representatives Hamilton, of Michigan, and Moon, of Tennessee, respectively.

Mr. Hamilton reviews the provisions of the bill at length and urges the necessity and justice of admitting the four territories as two states. The minority views are signed by Representatives Moon, Loyd, Robinson, of Indiana and Thayer.

Pass No. 1 to the world's fair grounds during the regular exposition is made out in the name of Theodore Roosevelt, president of the United States. A special form of pass has been designated for the president, the members of his cabinet, the supreme judges of the United States, members of the senate and house and other national dignitaries. After the president's pass the others will be numbered consecutively and issued to officials in the order of their prominence.

WIND AND HIGH WATER.

Mississippi Levees Threatened and Storm of Snow and Sleet Sweeps Over the Northwest.

Friday the Mississippi river at Memphis registered 37.8 feet, a rise of 4.8 feet in three days. This stage is 4 8-10 above the danger line, and prospects now point to 38 feet, or possibly higher water.

The strain upon the levees continues to increase with the increasing height of the flood, against which an unceasing watch must be maintained night and day.

Captain Lucas and Chief Engineer Pharr expresses firm convictions that the levees with careful watching will stand the ordeal. Active measures, however, are being taken to guard against every approach of the water.

A number of streets in North Memphis have been overflowed with backwater from Bayou Gayoso, delaying traffic to some extent, but no damage has occurred. Railroads have experienced no interruption whatever, and it will take a 40-foot stage of water to give them any serious trouble.

Notices have been given to steamboat captains passing the exposed levee in the vicinity of Luxora, Ark., to reduce speed or keep on the opposite side of the river in order to prevent damage to the levee from wave wash. The water at this point is high upon the levee and is causing considerable alarm to the inhabitants of that vicinity.

The levees at Golden lake and Bradley Landing, Ark., are under a very severe strain and forces are at work topping and strengthening them. The water on the Arkansas side, opposite Memphis covers the low lands to a distance of from 15 to 20 miles.

Snow Storm in Dakota.

A severe wind and snow storm prevailed over North and South Dakota. Thursday night and Friday, and in some instances railroad traffic was blocked and telegraph service seriously hindered.

Fair Building Wrecked.

The high wind that prevailed in St. Louis Friday completely destroyed the partially completed bazar building in the Japanese reservation in the world's fair, not a timber being left standing. None of the workmen was injured. The work of reconstruction was begun almost immediately. No other buildings on the grounds were damaged.

Blizzard in Nebraska.

Nebraska was swept by the worst blizzard of the year Friday and the most severe April storm known in many years. A fine sheet of sleet and snow was driven by a wind that at times reached the proportions of a hurricane.

Minor damage was reported from several towns. Cattle on the ranges turned out for spring grazing will suffer, the temperature having fallen 20 degrees within twelve hours.

REPORT ON THE ANTI-JUG LAW

Filed by Representative Clayton in the House---Finding is Favorable.

A Washington special says: A report favoring the passage of the Hepburn and Dolliver bill granting the state's police power over original packages of liquor shipped within their borders as interstate commerce was filed in the house Friday by Representative Clayton, of Alabama. The report says:

"There has arisen considerable misapprehension as to the meaning and purpose of the proposed legislation. It has been said by some to be a prohibition measure and by others to be an attempt to deprive the individual citizen of the right to have beer, wine and other liquors shipped to him from another state for his own use and enjoyment. Neither of the assertions is true, as (we think) has been demonstrated.

"This bill is not intended to prohibit the sale and use of beer, wine or other intoxicating liquors which have been uniformly held by the United States to be legitimate articles of commerce, nor is the measure designed to abridge the right of a citizen of one state to import from another state such beverages as he may desire for his own use, as before saying. The purpose of ths proposition law and its sole purpose is to allow each state to carry out its own domestic or internal policy in regard to the control of intoxicating beverages within the boundaries of the state.

"The sole effect will be to permit the state, if it so wills, to circumscribe the sale of intoxicating beverages within its boundaries to the full extent that it may desire to restrain such traffic or to regulate the sale of the same through the medium of its own laws, including local option laws, high license laws or dispensary laws."

BOLT BY THE HEARST DELEGATES.

Adoption of Unit Rule in a County Convention Caused Dissatisfaction.

The Essex county delegates to the democratic convention caucus met in Newark, N. J., Friday night and seventeen Hearst delegates bolted when a motion to adopt the unit rule prevailed. The remaining delegates decided to support Former Senator Jas. Smith for one of the delegates at large.

FROM WASHINGTON

The Acts and Words of Our Law Makers.

APRIL 8TH.

The contracts for cancelling machines used by the postoffice department was debated at length in the senate in connection with the postoffice appropriation bill. Mr. Culberson introduced an amendment reducing the rental of the machines and the democratic senators charged that the rental now paid was the same that was paid under the contracts made by George W. Beavers when he was chief of the salary and allowance division of the postoffice department and that they were excessive. Mr. Lodge denied the charge, saying that there was no proof in its truth.

The postoffice bill was still under consideration when the senate adjourned.

The house passed a large number of bills, including the Philippine shipping bill and the bill appropriating $475,000 in the aid of the Lewis and Clark centennial exposition to be held in Portland, Oregon, in 1905. The only amendment made to the Philippine shipping bill was one extending until July 1, 1906, the time when the law shall become operative.

The bill provides that no merchandise or passengers except supplies for the army or navy shall be transported by sea under penalty of forfeiture between ports of the United States and the Philippine archipelago, directly or via a foreign port, or for any part of the voyage in any except vessels of the United States. It does not prohibit, however, the sailing of any foreign vessel between the United States and the Philippines nor between ports or places in the Philippines.

Mr. Bowers, Mississippi, answered some statements recently made by Mr. Gillette, Massachusetts, regarding violations of the constitution of some of the southern states with respect to negro suffrage. He read from various decisions of Mississippi courts holding that the state did not discriminate against the races and that it had been fair and impartial in the enforcement of the suffrage clause of the constitution.

APRIL 9TH.

In the senate Mr. Spooner replied to the democratic strictures on the conduct of the postoffice department, and also traversed quite an extensive political field. He defended the course of the postmaster general in connection with the irregularities of his department and charged the effort on the part of the democratic senators to secure a congressional inquiry in the interest of party politics.

No progress was made on the postoffice bill. The conference report on the Indian bill was partially read, but further consideration was postponed on the suggestion that the conferees had inserted provisions that had not been passed on by either house.

On motion of Mr. Mitchell the senate concurred in the house amendment to the Portland exposition bill which had the effect of passing the measure. It appropriates $475,000 for the exposition. Other bills were passed as follows:

Authorizing the commissioner of general land office to transmit original papers to be used as evidence.

Providing for free admission to the Lincoln museum in Washington.

The recent executive order of the president relating to age as evidence of pensionable disability furnished the text for an appeal by W. Bourke Cochran to the house to uphold the honor of that body in refusing to submit to what he alleged to be the usurpation of the legislative authority of congress by the executive. In anticipation of Mr. Cochran's speech almost every seat on the floor was occupied and the galleries were filled.

The monthly report of the department of agriculture will show the average condition of winter wheat on April 1st to have been 76.5 against 97.3 on April 1, 1903, and 84.1 the mean of the April averages of the last ten years.

857,046 immigrants came to our shores last year.

The census bureau in a preliminary report on irrigation in New Mexico in 1902 shows 254,945 acres irrigated from all sources. The number of farms represented was 9,285 and the average cost per irrigated acre $16.87. The entire length of main canals and ditches was 2,846 miles, an average length per system of over two miles. The progress made in the irrigation work of the government is reviewed in a publication issued by the geological survey, which points out the necessity of caution and conservatism in the extension of reclamation work

A Hungarian count has written a book in which he calls Admiral Dewey a "mass murderer."

Last winter Minister and Madame Takahira, of Japan, presented Mrs. Roosevelt with a collection of Japanese dolls, dressed to represent court ladies and various types of high life in the Land of the Rising Sun. Arranged in a cabinet they form an attractive decoration, their gorgeous robes of bright colored brocade and gold embroidery blending with the brilliant furnishings of the red room of the white house.

APRIL 11TH.

The Culberson amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill providing a commission to investigate the postoffice department was before the senate and after being ruled out of order was pending in modified form when the senate adjourned.

Mr. Gorman made an earnest plea for an investigation, saying the postoffice department had cast reflection upon members of congress and that a thorough examination should be made.

The house passed the bill reported by committee on rivers and harbors appropriating $3,000,000 for the restoration or maintenance of channels, or for other river and harbor improvements.

Mr. Burton, chairman of the committee, in explaining the bill urged the adoption of settled principles with regard to river and harbor work. Messrs. Burgess, of Texas, and Ransdell, of Louisiana, favored increases in the appropriations for river and harbor improvements, the former urging that they should be doubled and the latter regarding $100,000,000 as not too much. Mr. Clark, of Missouri, made a plea for the improvement of the Missouri river. Quite a large number of bills of minor importance were passed.

THEIR VICTIM

Was the First Man Seen After Weapons Were Secured.

At Ludlow, Scott county, Miss., Saturday night Professor Pate, the Ludlow high school principal, was having a public entertainment. Two young men in the audience raised a disturbance so that Professor Pate asked five citizens to conduct them out of the building. The men became enraged, obtained shotguns and returned. Captain C. E. Young, who had nothing to do with putting the men out, was shot by them as he left the building. He was instantly killed. The murderers have not been caught.

No More Books Go Second Class.

Books can not go through the mails as second class matter, as the supreme court of the United States ruled Monday. The decision was in what is called the second class mail matter case, brought by publishers. The court below was sustained and the victory is with the postmaster general, who has contended for the exclusion of these books. For sixteen years these publications have had the second class privilege.

The two new battleships ordered in England by Japan will be exceedingly powerful, their length, 445 feet, exceeding that of the most powerful battleships by 20 feet. Their main batteries, it is said, will be the most powerful yet devised. The armored belt at the water line will be 9 inches thick with 6-inch armor continuing to the level of the deck. A new feature will be a superstructure of 4-inch armor, insuring that no part of the upper works will be unprotected. Formal orders for these battleships were placed on January 30th. They are to have a speed of 19 knots and will be able to discharge eleven tons of projectiles per minute from their main batteries.

The police of Berlin and other European capitals are being warned by Scotland to maintain the strictest vigilance for persons going to points at which Kaiser Wilhelm touches en tour. It is evident that a body of conspirators with a serious plot on foot are meeting in London.

In 1880 the south had but 20,500 miles of railway. In 1900 there were over fifty-four thousand miles, representing a new influx of capital to the amount of $1,500,000,000.

April 19th, Patriots' day, is a legal holiday in Massachusetts, as is April 21st, anniversary of the battle of San Jacinto, in Texas.

Tennessee farmers want the state to appropriate $5,000 to develop the live stock investigations now in progress and to extend experiments in breeding and feeding.

There are 644,000 farmers in Texas, the largest number of all the states of the union. Georgia comes next with 522,000.

Southwestern men claim to have obtained good results from feeding the common desert cactus to cattle. They say the dangerous points become soft when chopped up and boiled or soaked in water. The department of agriculture is investigating the matter.

Waterbury, Conn., will send a beautifully carved marble watch to the world's fair. Both the watch and chain were cut from a solid piece of stone.

Two years ago Monday General Wade Hampton died, followed the next day by Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage.

Senator Depew has been decided upon as temporary chairman of the national republican convention.

Samuel Hoar, a distinguished Massachusetts lawyer and nephew of Senator Hoar, died Monday.

At St. Louis Saturday the Japanese bazaar building on the fair grounds was blown down.

It is reported that Russia will have fully a half million soldiers in the field.

Hon. John D. Long has been made leader of the State Temperance Society of Massachusetts.

COMER NOMINATED

And All Congressmen Will Succeed Themselves

On account of the length of the ballots the count will be necessarily slow, but enough returns have been received to indicate that B. B. Comer has swept the state for president of the railroad commission and will be nominated by an overwhelming majority.

From the returns at hand John V. Smith has carried only five counties—Colbert, Limestone, Chambers, Baldwin and Lawrence.

Indications point to the nomination of J. R. Dowdell, Jonathan Harralson, John R. Tyson, N. D. Denson, John C. Anderson and A. D. Sayre for associate justices of the supreme court. Chief Justice Thomas N. McClellan had no opposition.

Returns from the congressional districts indicate that all of the present congressmen from Alabama will be returned to the house of representatives.

In the fifth district indications point to the nomination of J. Thomas Heflin, secretary of state.

DISPUTE OVER FIFTY CENTS

Ends in Pistol Duel—One Killed; the Other Seriously Wounded.

In Birmingham, E. P. McDonald was shot and almost instantly killed Monday night by Alexander S. Lawson, an engineer on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, who in turn was shot through the thigh and badly wounded by McDonald.

The tragedy was the result of a quarrel about 50 cents which Lawson claimed was due him by the Stag saloon. He made the statement that he had been "short changed" by the bartender, and McDonald took it up, saying with emphasis that it was not true. McDonald threatened to shoot Lawson. Lawson stated that he was not armed, but that he would be back in a few minutes and kill McDonald.

McDonald said that he would not shoot him if he was not armed, but that he would wait until he came back. Lawson came back half an hour afterwards and the shooting took place.

Talladega Boy Kills His Father.

A special from Talladega says. Will Castleberry shot and instantly killed his father, J. C. Castleberry, Saturday morning. He borrowed a pistol and made the statement that he intended killing his father. Young Castleberry subsequently gave himself up is now in jail. No cause has been assigned for the shooting.

The land area of the south is 585,312,000 acres. In 1900 the total farm acreage was 387,690,426 acres, or about two-thirds of the total land area. The total improved acreage was only 145,185,599 acres, or about 40 per cent of the total farm acreage. This leaves 242,000,000 acres of farm lands to be put into cultivation. The unimproved farm lands of the south give a greater area for settlement and cultivation than the total area of Texas. Over 110,000,000 acres of this unimproved farm land lies east of the Mississippi river. The total value of farm lands and improvements in the south in 1900 was $3,182,573,472, and of all farm property $5,158,161,991.

Tuesday, August 2d, has been fixed as Alabama Day at the St. Louis exposition. It was decided upon after considerable correspondence between the club and State Historian Thomas M. Owen, who suggested that this date would be most appropriate, as it would celebrate Alabama's adoption of a constitution.

In presidential years congress has adjourned as early as June 7 (1900) and as late as October 20 (1888).

Justice of the Peace Ormond, Attorney W. H. Withers and Deputy Sheriff T. J. Jones were indicted by the federal grand jury at Atlanta. The charge against them is that of being in collusion and with conspiracy in order to interfere with and defeat the extradition of Charles Blazer—L. C. Harding.

Arnold L. Kay, an employe of the Southern railway, was the victim of an accident at the railroad tracks near the Sloss furnaces. In coupling two box cars he was caught in the coupler his right leg was crushed and he received internal injuries.

Manuel Guavesi, who has been for five years at the head of the Yaqui Indians in Mexico, and who in that time instigated many uprisings, first in one section and then in another, has been captured and executed.

April 28th has been discussed in committee rooms and among senators and representatives as not an improbable date for the termination of the present session of congress.

William Armstrong Turk, passenger traffic manager of the Southern railway, died of pneumonia at Washington. The deceased was one of the best known and most popular railroad men in the country.

By an explosion of a stove at the Ensley steel plant Sunday three negroes were badly injured and one killed outright.

The statue of Vulcan will be shipped to St. Louis next week.

OUR POPULATION 80,000,000

The United States Now Has 79,900,389 Inhabitants.

NEW YORK CITY HAS 3,800,000

Increase For the Country of Almost 4,000,000 Since 1900—New York Leads All the Other States With 7,500,000—Chicago Rapidly Approaching the 2,000,000 Mark.

Washington. — The Census Bureau has just issued a bulletin containing the estimates of population for 1901, 1902 and 1903 for all the cities having 10,000 or more inhabitants in 1900 and for States and Territories. According to the figures presented, the total estimated population of the United States, exclusive of Alaska and the insular possessions of the United States, is 79,900,398. This is an increase of 3,905,814 since the census of 1900. The population is estimated for 438 cities having 10,000 or more inhabitants in 1900. According to these estimates, New York is now a city of 3,716,139 inhabitants; Chicago is rapidly approaching the two million mark, having 1,873,880 inhabitants; Philadelphia has 1,367,716; St. Louis has just passed and Boston has almost reached the 600,000 mark; Baltimore has 531,313; Cleveland is now a considerable distance ahead of Cincinnati, which cities have 414,950 and 332,234, respectively. Buffalo has also considerably increased its population, being credited with 381,403 inhabitants. San Francisco and Pittsburg are also close competitors, the former having 355,919 and the latter 345,043. Detroit, Milwaukee and New Orleans have just passed 300,000, and Washington is close to that figure.

The report shows also that in the number of towns and cities of over 10,000 inhabitants Massachusetts is in the lead, with forty-seven, containing a total of 2,197,706 inhabitants; but this total of urban population, of course, is not as large as that of New York, Pennsylvania or Illinois.

Considered by States, New York leads in population, with more than 7,500,000; Pennsylvania exceeds 6,500,000 and Illinois has passed 5,000,000; Texas is looming up with over 3,000,000, having passed Missouri. Twenty-two States now have less than 1,000,000 inhabitants each, and fourteen exceed 2,000,000 each.

The report also says that hereafter the Census Bureau will make annual estimates of population, based upon what is known as the arithmetical method, or upon the assumption that the annual increase for each year since the last census will be one-tenth of the decennial increase between the last two censuses. The bulletin adds:

The country as a whole and most of the States and cities are growing with a steadily decreasing per cent. of increase. As this condition has obtained in the United States for the last twenty years, it is likely to hold good in the future. Under such conditions the arithmetical method has been proved more accurate than any alternative method. Estimates by this method, based on the census population of 1880 and 1890, were made for the seventy-eight cities, each of which had over 50,000 inhabitants in 1900, and the results compared with the census count. The estimates gave these cities a total annual increase of 407,028 between 1890 and 1900. The count showed an actual average increase of 414,793, or closer than estimates based on the vote cast or the number of names in a directory or local census of school children.

The following are the estimates of the population in 1903 of all cities given 25,000 and upward in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts and Connecticut:

New York—Albany, 93,920; Auburn, 31,692; Binghamton, 41,039; Buffalo, 381,403; Elmira, 37,106; Kingston, 25,516; New York, 3,716,139; Newburg, 25,501; Rochester, 170,798; Schenectady, 43,538; Syracuse, 114,443; Troy, 75,567; Utica, 60,097; Yonkers, 52,701.

New Jersey—Atlantic City, 33,272; Bayonne, 36,829; Camden, 79,811; Elizabeth, 56,441; Hoboken, 64,080; Jersey City, 219,462; Newark, 265,394; Orange, 25,731; Passaic, 32,452; Paterson, 113,217; Trenton, 76,766; West Hoboken, 26,523.

Massachusetts — Boston, 594,618; Brockton, 43,873; Cambridge, 98,444; Chelsea, 35,920; Everett, 28,317; Fall River, 114,004; Fitchburg, 34,378; Gloucester, 26,562; Haverhill, 38,987; Holyoke, 48,736; Lawrence, 67,932; Lowell, 100,150; Lynn, 72,350; Malden, 36,853; New Bedford, 68,955; Newton, 36,350; North Adams, 26,519; Quincy, 26,053; Salem, 37,504; Somerville, 68,090; Springfield, 67,423; Taunton, 32,713; Worcester, 128,552.

Connecticut — Bridgeport, 77,635; Hartford, 87,836; Meriden, 27,088; New Britain, 28,506; New Haven, 114,600; Waterbury, 56,521.

BRIDE DIES AT THE ALTAR.

Miss Graves Says "Yes" in Marriage Service, Then Collapses.

Washington, D. C.—Mrs. Mary Catherine Eberle died suddenly at her residence, No. 232 Florida avenue, Northwest.

Mrs. Eberle, who was Miss Graves, had just been married to John Andrews Eberle, and as she said "Yes" in the marriage service when asked by the clergyman if she would accept Mr. Eberle as her lawfully wedded husband she fell to the floor in a swoon and died. She suffered from heart disease.

Killed in the Prize Ring.

George Wagner and Louis Drolet, Canadian prize fighters, boxed. In the sixteenth round Wagner struck Drolet on the jaw, knocking him unconscious. He never regained consciousness, and died later. Wagner is under arrest.

Robbers Get $1500.

The Government trading post at Ross Fork, Idaho, has been held up by two masked men, who secured about $1500. They bound and gagged Pyke, the storekeeper, and rifled the safe.

IRON HORSE KILLS INDIANS

Three Victims of a Rear-End Railway Collision.

Big Chief White Horse, Mortally Hurt, Smokes a Pipe While a Dirge is Being Sung.

Ill. — Indian stoicism and grief were dramatically exemplified in a wreck on the Northwestern Railway, near Melrose Park. The wreck followed a rear end collision, due to a fog. Three of the red men, who were on their way to New York to become members of Buffalo Bill's Wild West show, were killed outright and more than twenty were injured, several of them perhaps fatally. The dead are:

Killed Head, Philip Irontail, Jr., and Thomas Comelast. The injured include Big Chief White Horse, will die; Luther Standing Bear, will die; Annie Gooseface, will die; Mrs. Thomas Comelast, wife of one of the killed; Thomas Comelast, Jr., six years old, son of the dead man; Sammy Lone Bear, Abraham Good Crow, Blind Eagle, Little Elk, Charge the Enemy, Chief Highball, at the head of the delegation of the Sioux, and William Sitting Bull, son of Chief Sitting Bull.

Sixty Indians were on the rear car of the Omaha passenger train. The car was struck by the fast mail from San Francisco and telescoped. After the crash there was silence for a moment, and then uncanny sounds of mental distress, physical suffering and death chants were heard.

Rescuing parties found the Indians in native costume. Many of the red men had painted their faces prior to the collision. In stoical silence the uninjured stood around while their comrades were being taken from the wreck or lent assistance where opportunity was afforded.

The accident did not come upon the Indians without warning. Luther, Standing Bear's infant son, died just as the party was about to leave the reservation. The father, who is regarded as a prophet, predicted then that the journey would be unlucky and full of misfortune.

Big Chief White Horse, the oldest Indian in the party, was taken from the rear part of the wreckage with the bodies of Killed Head, Irontail and Comelast. His body were severely injured and his legs were broken but his stolid countenance gave no hint of the pain he was suffering.

Getting a pipe from Charliey Old Bear, who had helped to chop the wreckage from around him, he smoked placidly while the surgeons dressed his wounds.

"You are going to die," a doctor told him. "Better not smoke."

"Ugh," responded the old warrior, "I smoke last time then."

While the dead and wounded were still in the field beside the track, Chief High Bear went to the manager, William McCune, and demanded that the entire tribe return at once to the Pine Ridge agency, whence they had come.

"We fear the iron horse," said High Bear, whose wife was among the injured. "My people mourn the dead that the iron steed has murdered. They go no further. They sing the death chant and the song of mournful returning. Come and see."

Within the circle of the dead and wounded sat Big Chief White Horse smoking his pipe. Around this grim cluster were gathered the unhurt chiefs, and behind were the few squaws. They were singing the death chant.

It was a pitiable sight to see the Indians lying on the ground, clad in their native garments, with their red blankets dyed deeper by the blood from their wounds.

The men were all of splendid physique, and the exhibition of calm nerve on the part of Chief White Horse was a good example of that of the other members of the Indian party.

LARGE WARSHIP LAUNCHED.

The Virginia Has Death-Dealing Equipment and 15,000 Tons Displacement.

Newport News, Va.—The great 15,000-ton battleship Virginia was launched here. Miss Matilda Gay Montague, the thirteen-year-old daughter of Governor Montague, of Virginia, named the big vessel.

The new battleship, with a length of 435 feet, an extreme breadth of seventy-six feet two and a half inches, and a displacement of 15,000 tons, is the largest warship ever built in this country. The twin screws, driven by 19,000 horse power engines, are expected to give the vessel a speed of nineteen knots.

Baltimore Returns Contributions.

In conformity with the decision of Mayor McLane, of Baltimore, Md., not to accept outside aid for the relief of destitution caused by the fire, the $2781, received at the Mayor's office, is being returned to the donors. As $20 of the fund was sent by anonymous persons, this sum was turned over to Chairman Brackett, of the citizens' relief committee, for application in relief work.

Rejoiced Too Much Over Fortune.

After contesting his wife's will, which cut him off with $50 and left $50,000 to European relatives, and winning $25,000 by his suit, John Tohrnberg, of East St. Louis, Ill., rejoiced to such an extent that he broke his leg and died from blood poisoning. There being no children, the $50,000 estate will go to the relatives in Europe.

Two Iowa Banks Fail.

The Exchange Bank, of Dow City, Iowa, and the Bank of Buck Grove, Crawford County, have failed. The total liabilities are said to be $500,000, and the assets only $150,000. Both institutions are owned by H. S. Greene, of Dow City.

Cuban Extradition Treaty Signed.

Secretary Hay and Senor Quesada, the Cuban Minister, have signed a treaty of extradition.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Application made for entry in postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., as second class matter.

Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Apr. 14, 1904

THE PRIMARY ELECTION.

While all the beats have not yet reported figures have been received showing the following nominations;

Probate Judge, D. R. McMillan.
Clerk, W. R. A. Milner,
Tax Collector, J. E. Adams,
Assessor, J. S. Falkner,
Treasurer, W. E. Lester,
Supt. of Ed., Jno. B. Farrell,
Com. 1st Dist., W. E. Riddle,
Com. 3d Dist., J. N. Wyatt.

The Democratic Executive Committee will meet tomorrow to make the official count, and The Sentinel will give a tabulated statement of the same next week.

The ticket is made up of representative men of Shelby county—clean, conscientious, christian gentlemen. Next week we shall have something to say of each of them.

Throughout the State the primary election created great interest, and the few days previous were warm ones.

Comer wins out over Smith by a big majority.

All the old Representatives were re-nominated. Heflin wins in the Fifth. Hobson made a great campaign, but Colonel Bankhead was too much for him. Mr. Bowie had no opposition.

For the Supreme Bench the returns thus far indicate Associate Justices Haralson, Dowdell, Tyson, Judges Sayre, Donson and Anderson as the new men on the bench.

The Democrats only want Probate Judge and Clerk, says the Advocate. It isn't what they want, brother; but what they will get: and that is the entire ticket. This is a Democratic year.

The demagogue cry raised by the Advocate and the populist leaders about the wool hat fellows is breath wasted. These same wool hat fellows will give the populist leaders such a jolt next November, that they will not be able even to ask "who threw that brick?"

The following men were nominated by the populists last Saturday: A. P. Longshore, Probate Judge; J. S. Pitts, Assessor; W. E. Harrison, Treasurer; J. O. Dorough, Supt. of Education. We are told that the candidates for Clerk and Tax Collector are to be supplied by the black and tan Republicans.

The Advocate says when the taxes of 1903 are collected there will be enough money in the treasury to pay off the indebtedness of the county. In the light of a recent loan of several thousand made by the Commissioners' Court there is a great big doubt coming on the Advocate's proposition.

Jas. McGowan, who was a member of the Commissioners' Court in 1896, informs The Sentinel that at the expiration of his term of office there were $7,000 in the county treasury, and that the county did not owe a dollar. Mr. McGowan is one of Shelby county's most reputable citizens, and his sincerity cannot be questioned in the least.

The Advocate says that property values in Shelby county have increased nearly a million dollars under a populist administration. That being the case, the tax rate should correspondingly decrease. A glance at your tax receipts will show you that instead of decreasing, the tax rate has nearly doubled since the populist leaders have taken a turn at the wheel. Under Democratic administration of the county's affairs the tax rate rarely, if ever was above four mills; to day under a populist administration the tax rate is seven mills. How do you like it?

We trust the farmers will not think The Sentinel presuming in advising against an increased acreage of cotton. The high price this spring may have a tendency to make some of them put nearly all their farm land into cotton, thinking the same high prices will prevail for the next yield. We suggest they plant a little more corn—it always brings a good price. And the same may be said of hay. A few more pigs in the pen will net you a neat little sum next winter. It pays to raise good hogs, and you can produce the corn to feed them. "A little more hominy and bacon" is not a bad motto.

SEVERAL THINGS.

"What has the Democratic party ever done for the people in this county? It has done nothing but steal their rights, and will do it again if they get a chance."—Advocate.

The Democratic party kept the county out of debt; kept the tax rate down to four mills (it is now seven); made the railroads pay the taxes levied against them, something the populist administration has failed to do (see court record); the Democrats never practiced extortion upon the people through unlawful tax levies (this the populist administration has done).

Better pull the splinters out of your own eyes, brother.

DEMAGOGUERY:

"Some of the Democratic candidates are loving the dear people to death now, but after the election they won't even speak to you."—Advocate.

The above is an illustration of the demagoguery the Advocate indulges in. When a party organ makes an appeal to the prejudices of men, or attempts to array one class against another by arousing prejudice, the cause for which it stands is in poor straits. But, then, it is only through prejudice—the arraying of class against class—that the populist leaders and their mouthpiece over the way hope to again hoodwink the people.

A LITTLE BRIDGE HISTORY.

In 1901 a tax of one mill on each dollar's worth of taxable property was levied to build "bridges and causeways" in Shelby county.

In 1902 the Commissioners' Court decided it had better specify what particular bridges the levy of 1902 was for. Among others, there is the following levy of one mill for:

"One at Laney's Ford across Cahaba River, to cost $3,300 * * * and to build, in conjunction with Jefferson county, a bridge across Little Cahaba River, near its mouth, to cost $3,200.00."

Some of the money from the above levy must have gone astray, for when we come down to 1903, we find the following:

" * * * and that a levy of 2 mills on each dollar's worth of taxable property be and the same is hereby levied to build the following bridges: BALANCE on steel bridge on Cahaba River at Laney's Ford, $3,250.00; steel bridge across Cahaba River at Parker's Mill, $2,800.00."

The above shows two levies in the aggregate amounting to $6,550 to pay for a bridge which the order making the levy says "to cost $3,300." To this was added about $800 to build approaches to the bridge, making a total of about $4,000. If this reasoning is incorrect, then but $50 was paid on the cost of the bridge out of the levy of 1902, for when we come down to 1903, we find a levy is made to pay "balance on steel bridge on Cahaba River at Laney's Ford, $3,250.00."

The bridge across the Cahaba River at Parker's Mill has never been built. These are a few things for the taxpayers to think about.

HOW ABOUT IT?

The following is a copy of an order made by the Commissioners' Court at its January term, 1904:

"On motion it is ordered by the Court that on the payment of the sum of Three Dollars by each person within the road age, to the overseer of the road on which he is apportioned, he shall be exempt from road duty for the year in which said amount is paid.

"On motion it is further ordered that the Probate Judge, at the expense of the County, have printed receipts, with stubs attached, which shall be furnished the apportioners of each beat.

"On motion it was further ordered that the apportioners of each beat shall make out a list of road hands apportioned to each road, and fill out said receipts and on the stubs the name of each man who is apportioned to said road for One and fifty one-hundredths dollars. And it shall be the duty of each overseer to take said receipt book with him when he goes to warn the hands to work the road, and on the payment by any one of said road hands the said sum of One and fifty one-hundredths dollars, shall give him a receipt of the same and said hand shall on the payment of said sum be exempt from road for this working.

"On motion it was further ordered that the overseer of each road shall give to each hand who works the road a receipt showing the number of days worked.

"Be it further enacted, that it shall be the duty of each overseer within five days after each working of his road turn over to one of the apportioners the stubs and receipts unused, together with all money collected by him.

"Be it further enacted, that it shall be the duty of the said apportioners on or before the 1st day of January and July of each year to return to the Commissioners' Court all the stubs, unused receipts and money that has been paid to them by the overseers of their respective beats."

In the face of the above order some of the road overseers in the county have absolutely refused to accept the cash payment in lieu of the work, saying they had no right to do so—that they had not been instructed to accept cash payment, and compelled men to work the roads who had proffered the commutation fee. Take, for example, the Peter coal mine at Maylene: the men were warned out to work the roads; they tendered the cash payment; the road overseer refused to accept the money; the result was the mine was compelled to close down at a great loss to not only the operator but to the miners as well, until they had performed road work. Where does the blame lie? Who was derelict in the performance of duty? The Probate Judge, the apportioners or the road overseers? Was there politics mixed up in the refusal to accept cash payment?

M'MILLAN NOMINATED.

When approached by The Sentinel for an expression on the result of the primary, Judge McMillan said:

"I certainly feel flattered and highly honored in the vote I received in the primary. This feeling is enhanced by a knowledge of the fact that my opponent, Hon. E. S. Ly-

man of such high character and universal popularity over the county. Mr. Lyman and all of his supporters are in hearty accord with the ticket nominated, and will enter into the support of the same in the pending campaign with the same enthusiasm that characterized their action in the primary. Assurances of this fact were promptly given by Mr. Lyman, as will be seen by his telegram to me which I wish you would publish.

Montevallo, Ala., April 12, 1904.
Hon. D. R. McMillan, Columbiana,
You have my congratulations, best wishes and hearty co-operation. E. S. Lyman.

I have received the cordial congratulations of Mr. Lyman's leading supporters from all parts of the county. The ticket nominated gives general satisfaction. The defeated candidates, so far as I have been able to hear expressions, take their defeat gracefully, and all will unite in a hearty and cordial support of the ticket."

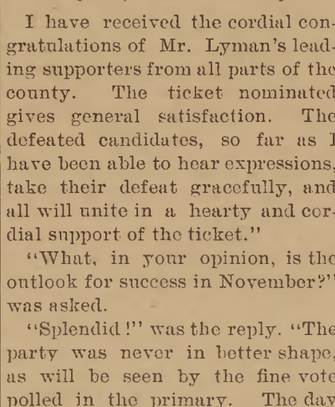
"What, in your opinion, is the outlook for success in November?" was asked.

"Splendid!" was the reply. "The party was never in better shape, as will be seen by the fine vote polled in the primary. The day being Monday, and a fine day for working in the field, quite a number remained at home and worked. I have reason to believe that the entire Democratic ticket will be elected in November."

A LOYAL MAN.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, who is in the city, said in an interview with The Sentinel yesterday, speaking of his defeat for the Democratic nomination for Probate Judge:

"Those of my friends through out the county, who honored me by their votes in the primary, have my profound thanks. To my friends in my home beat, I can



only say that my command of language is insufficient to express the measure of my appreciation for the interest and fidelity they have exhibited. The greatest consolation that comes to me in this defeat," said Mr. Lyman, feelingly, "is that I am to remain among and as one of them."

In speaking of his opponent, Mr. Lyman said: "Judge McMillan's popularity, force of character, many virtues; his experience and ability and the splendid victory he has achieved in the primary, insure him the election in November, and the same can be said of the entire ticket." Continuing, Mr. Lyman said: "My friends, putting aside disappointments and regrets, will fall into the ranks of the victor, as would have been expected of my opponents had I received the nomination, and with the goal still in front we will press on as men of one mind, to the full fruition of our hopes and purposes, as a party."

People who know Mr. Lyman as he is, a high-minded, honorable, christian man, will not be surprised at the above expressions from him. He is a loyal Democrat and ever has been. He is disappointed at defeat—that is but natural, but we venture the assertion that Mr McMillan will not have a more ardent supporter than Ed. Lyman. He is that kind of a Democrat—loyal to his party and ticket at all times and under all circumstances. He has nothing to regret in his course and manner during the primary campaign.

All Confederate veterans in Shelby county will be interested in a letter published elsewhere in this issue, written by R. O. Camp, of Wilton. The columns of The Sentinel are open to any who may have anything to say upon the subject. The object sought to be attained is surely a meritorious one, and will appeal to every wife or daughter of Confederate soldiers in Shelby.

Daughters of Confederacy.

Wilton, Ala. April 4th, 1904.
Editor Sentinel:

Being in Columbiana a few days ago, it impressed me, after talking with Comrades Johnston and O'Hara, that the old Confederate Veterans are being left behind in this rush for pelf.

I wish to call the attention of every Confederate veteran to the fact that we are not organized in Shelby county—that Montevallo, Calera, Columbiana and Wilsonville each, should thoroughly organize. Every one of these points named should organize a Camp and get every Confederate veteran to join it. If the annual dues 10 cents per year are not available, those, of us who are able can certainly contribute this amount so that not one old Confederate veteran should be left out.

I note that in moving among the Confederate veterans at court while in Columbiana that not one Cross of Honor has been distributed in Shelby county. Every old soldier with a correct record is entitled to one of these Crosses, and I would respectfully suggest to the Grand Mothers of Shelby county who went through the time that tried men's souls and made history for the Southern people from 1861 to 1865, that they consult with Comrades Johnston and O'Hara and perfect an organization of the Daughters of Confederacy, and communicate with Mrs. Gabbett, care of Crankshaw the Jeweler in Atlanta, Ga., who will give all information necessary.

The old Confederate soldier, who braved everything for our devoted country should be honored above everything else, and it belongs to the brave women of the south, worthy descendants of those men, who braved everything for their Southern soldier boys to do their duty.

Yours very truly,
R. O. Camp,
Co. D, 1st Confederate Ga. Reg.

The Best Family Salve.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel gives instant relief from burns, cures cuts, bruises, sores, eczema, Tetter and all abrasions of the skin. In buying With Hazel Salve it is only necessary to see that you get the genuine DeWitt's Witch hazel salve and a cure is certain. There are many cheap counterfeits on the market, all of which are worthless and quite a few are dangerous, while Dewitt's are perfectly harmless and cures. Sold at Williams Bros.

"Bessemer is the strong hold of Jefferson," says the Birmingham Ledger. That's tough on Bessemer. However, the Ledger appears to have a pretty good hold on the Hearst b b-b-oom.

Good for Children.

The pleasant to take and harmless One Minute Cough cure gives immediate relief in all cases of cough, croup and lagripe because it does not pass immediately in the stomach but takes effect right at the seat of the trouble. It draws out the inflammation, heals and soothes and cures permanently by enabling the lungs to contribute pure life-giving and life-sustaining oxygen to the blood tissues. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take and it is good alike for young and old. Sold by Williams Bros.

"The Cleveland faction is talking for Parker, but is working for Cleveland delegates."—Hearst anxiety in the Birmingham Ledger.

It is true that many contract colds and recover from them without taking any precaution or treatment, and a knowledge of this fact leads others to take their chances instead of giving their colds the needed attention. It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality, makes the system less able to with stand each succeding colds and paves the way for more serious diseases. Can you afford to take such desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of colds, can be had for a trifle? For sale by Bandy Drug Company.

The regular monthly meeting of the Shelby County Medical Association was held in Calera Tuesday, nearly all the members being present. The visiting physicians were nicely entertained by the physicians of Calera. Before adjourning, the Association appointed a committee to draught resolutions relative to the recent death of Dr. K. F. Lane, of Montevallo.

PRETTY { Organdies, Laces, Lawns, Ginghams

Embroideries and Mulls.

We have the prettiest line of each In town. Your inspection and criticism is cordially invited.

"Ambrosia" Flour, best in the world. We have it.

We waraant all goocds to be as represented.

Morgan Brothers Mercantile Co.

MONTEVALLO, ALA.

W. J. Weldon, of Wilsonville, was in town Tuesday.

A Cure for Headache.

Any woman or child suffering from headache, biliousness or a dull, drowsy feeling should take one or two of DeWitt's Little Early Risers night and morning. These famous little pills are famous because they are a tonic as well as a pill. While they cleanse the system they strengthen and rebuild it by their tonic effect upon the liver and bowels. Sold by Williams Bros.

C. C. Elliott was down from Vincent Tuesday.

Best Cough Medicine for Children.

When you buy a cough medicine for small children you want one in which you can place implicit confidence. You want one that not only relieves but cures. You want one that is unquestionable harmless. You want one that is pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all these conditions. There is nothing so good for the cough and colds incident to childhood. It is also a preventive and cure for croup, and there is no danger whatever from whooping cough when it is given. It has been used in many epidemics of that disease with perfect success. For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

Next week the attention of Circuit Court will be occupied with criminal cases.

Nothing Equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for Bowel Complaints in Children.

"We have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in our family for years," Mrs. J. B. Cooke, of Nederland, Tex. "We have given it to all of our children for croup. We used other medicines for the same purpose, but never found anything to Chamberlain's. If you will use it as directed it will always cure." For at Bandy Drug Co

Charles Adkins, of Calera, is in town attending court.

Serious Stomach Trouble Cured.

I was troubled with a distress in my stomach, sour stomach and vomiting spells, and can truthfully say that Chamberlain's Stomach Lsver Tablets cured me.—Mrs. T. V. Williams, Laingsburg, Mih. These tablets are guaranteed to cure every case of stomach trouble of this character. For sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

The Age-Herald of a few days ago, says: "Last night a number of gentlemen from Bessemer and other points tendered an elegant banquet at the Hillman hotel in Birmingham to Mr. Sam Lefkovits, of Bessemer, who will leave in a few days to visit his old home in Hungary and for a three months tour of Europe. The banquet was a most delightful affair, the party remaining at the table until a late hour." Max Lefkovits, of this city, was one of the banqueters.

OUR NEW SPRING GOODS . . .

Are ready for your inspection.

All the latest styles in washable and wearable Dress Goods. Would like to show you what we have.

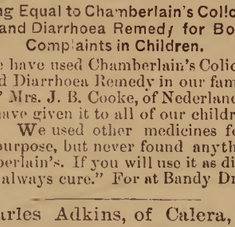
C. L. Meroney & Co.

Best line of Shoes in town.

We Sell These.
You want the best. Are you ready for it this season?
We are prepared as never before to meet your wants in vehicles and harness. There's nothing superior to what we are showing, in taste, style and service. Absolute honesty in make and material. You will agree when we tell you
IT'S THE FAMOUS
Studebaker Line
WE CARRY.
No matter what you want—if it's a harness or something that runs on wheels, we've got it or will quickly get it.
Come in and figure with us. Everybody knows the place.
C. L. Meroney & Co.,
Montevallo, Ala.
P. S. The Studebaker nameplate on a vehicle is its guarantee. Don't forget this.

See Exhibit of Wagons and McCormick Mowers at Shriner's Cotton Ware House.

T. J. Weaver & Co.,



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Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

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FINEST, FRESHEST
and NICEST
STOCKS of GROCERIES
Fruits, Candies, Cakes and Breakfast Foods in this section.

GIVEN AWAY!
ON MAY THE 1ST
A Handsome Dinner Set
To One of Our Customers.
J. R. WHITE.

ICE COLD DRINKS
OF EVERY KIND.
—to—
All goods sold you are GUARANTEED. That means you are to get your money back if not just as represented. Special inducements on Bicycles and Bicycle supplies. Goods delivered Free of Charge.

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PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

L. E. Christian made a business trip to Shelby Monday.

Mrs. J. P. Roberts has returned from a visit to Sylacauga.

Commissioner Posey, of Harpersville, was in town Tuesday.

The calaboose had an occupant Tuesday. Disorderly conduct.

Sam'l Markel, of Baltimore, was a guest of Max Lefkovits Tuesday.

Mrs. B. L. Moore is having new roofing placed upon her store room.

Sam Lefkovits, of Bessemer, is in the city, the guest of Max Lefkovits.

Judge A. O. Lane was in Columbiana yesterday, a guest at the White House.

Dr. and Mrs. O. E. Black, of Wilsonville, were in the city a few hours Monday.

Dr. Wm. C. Williams, of Shelby, spent a few hours in town yesterday afternoon.

Hon. D. C. Blackwell, a prominent attorney of Anniston, is in the city attending court.

Miss Maude Edwards, of Childersburg, is in the city visiting her cousin, Miss Esther Mason.

C. C. DuBose came in off the road Monday. He had been chasing the fellow who carries no life insurance.

The trials and tribulations of two college students at the Academy Tuesday night. Of course you're going.

The Columbiana Millinery Shop has just opened a handsome line of sofa pillow tops with embroidery silk to match. 2t.

Mrs. P. T. Nye returned to her home in Calera last Sunday, after a pleasant visit with relatives and friends in this city.

The Columbiana Graded Schools will close in about four weeks The Sentinel learns there will be three graduates this year.

W. L. Coates, of Pelham, was in town Tuesday. He called at The Sentinel office and added his name to our list of subscribers.

J. T. McMillan, who has been employed as book-keeper with a rail road contractor near Atlanta for some time, has returned home.

Miss Willie Rhodes, of Montevallo, arrived in the city yesterday. She has accepted a position in The Sentinel office as a compositor.

"A Pious Fraud" may be seen at the Academy next Tuesday night. If you are looking for a pleasant time that evening, go see the "Fraud."

The weather of the past few days makes one almost believe the calendar has turned "right about face" and is going back to winter months again.

John Adams, of Montevallo, is in town visiting relatives for a short time. Mr. Adams is employed in train service on the Southern, running out of Wilton.

Hon. Borden H. Burr, of Talladega, Democratic nominee for Solicitor of this district, was in the city Tuesday. He had no opposition in the primary.

Rev. G. T Harris, pastor of the Methodist church here, and J. W. Johnston, delegate from the same church, will go to Jacksonville next Wednesday to attend District Conference.

"A Pious Fraud."

At the Academy, next Tuesday night, all are invited to come out and see "A Pious Fraud," a 3-act drama, which will be presented by the faculty of Columbiana Graded School assisted by a few outside friends. The play is an interesting one, full of striking features and humorous situations, depicting the trials and tribulations of two college students who bring all kinds of trouble upon themselves in substituting a college chum, dressing him up to the character and introducing him as their maiden aunt from abroad.

A pleasant evening is promised all who may attend, The Sentinel predicts for those in charge a large audience.

The proceeds will go into the piano fund, and by your attendance you will not only enjoy a pleasant two hours, but you will be contributing to a meritorious project. The house should be filled to the doors.

Admission 25c, Children 15c.

City Physicians.

The following city physicians for Shelby county have been appointed by the Board of Census, a requirement under the new law: Calera, Dr. Gunn; Columbiana, Dr. Acker; Montevallo, Dr. Wilkinson; Vincent, Dr. Chandler; Wilsonville, Dr. Black.

Under the new law the Board of Census is required to appoint city physicians in each town of 500 or more inhabitants in each county.

Messrs. Killingworth & Ingram were were up from Montevallo last week, and moved a house for Mrs. Weaver. They are experienced in this kind of work, and request The Sentinel to say that they will attend promptly to any work entrusted to their care. A letter addressed to Montevallo will reach them any time. The Sentinel received a pleasant call from the gentlemen while they were in Columbiana.

The Sentinel, during the past week, turned out a thousand half-sheet posters printed in red, for the Red Letter Sale of the Columbiana Mercantile Co. The Sentinel is equipped for doing any kind work that can be turned out of a country printing office. Good stock, tasty work and at fair prices.

The Columbiana Millinery Shop is constantly receiving shipments of the latest shapes and styles of white and black chiffon hats. The most fastidious can find just the shape they want. 2t.

Rev. J. W. Willis, pastor of the Baptist church at Montevallo, will preach in the Baptist church, this city, next Sunday morning and at night. All are cordially invited.

Conductor Seales and daughter, Miss Linnie, who were visiting relatives and friends in Columbiana for a short time, returned to their home in Florida last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Erlick delightfully entertained a few friends at their pretty home last Friday night. A royal time is reported by those who were present.

The Columbiana Millinery Shop has just received a large invoice of of corsets. The fat or lean, the rich or poor can be fitted—both the shapes and the purses. 2t.

R. T. Newton, of Montevallo, was in the city Tuesday. He had been drawn as a juror for this week, but was excused from serving by Judge Alston.

W. F. Bridges, of Beat 9, called at this office while in town Tuesday and ordered The Sentinel sent to his address at Wilsonville.

A number have paid up and renewed their subscription during the past week. There is still room on our list for a few more.

A. M. Cross, one of the good Democrats of Beat 4, was in town Tuesday. He was returning officer from Montevallo.

Simon Friedburger went to his home in Wilcox county Sunday, to vote in the primary election, returning Monday.

Dr. J. C. Walker, of Maylene, was in town Tuesday.

Montevallo.

Mrs. H.E. Whitaker is down from Columbiana for a few days visit with her mother, Mrs. S. V. McCauley.

Judge Peters was down from Columbiana over Sunday visiting his children at the home of Mrs. Augusta Wilson.

Morgan Bros. Mercantile Co. has recently purchased a fine cash register, and added other equipments to the store which greatly improve the interior.

The Piper and Montevallo Gun Clubs had a shooting match last Saturday, and the former was winner by a score of 99 to 79. Another shoot is scheduled for the near future at which time our club hopes te be winner.

Dr. F. M. Peterson has accepted an invitation to address the Teacher's Institute at Harpersville next Friday and Saturday. The teachers of Shelby county may expect to hear something good from Dr. F. M. Peterson.

W. B. McMath, who has been in the employ of C. L. Meroney & Co. for several years as saleman, has resigned his position with that firm to accept one with the Albert Mackie Grocer Co, of New Orleans, Louisiana, and will enter upon his duties about May 1st, 1904. Mr. McMath is a good salesman, and will give his employers good service. His territory will be South Alabama.

Mrs. J. T. Brown, who at one time lived in Montevallo, died in Birmingham early Sunday morning, and was brought here for burial Monday. She was a good christian woman, and her death is sincerely mourned by the many who knew her so well here. She was about seventy years old, and numerous relatives mourn her death. The funeral took place from the home of Dr. Wilkinson.

Wilsonville.

James Evans went down to Columbiana last Sunday.

Rev. J. C. Jackson, of Tallapoosa, Ga., is visiting his sons here.

Rev. O. P. Bentley filled his regular appointment here Sunday.

W. E. Strickland, of Shelby, spent Sunday with homefolks here.

Mr. Collins, of Birmingham, was a guest of J. F. Pope's part of Saturday and Sunday.

Wm. H. Gwins, who has been employed as telegraph operator at Calvert, is at home.

Misses Kate and Mabel Hamilton, who have been teaching school, are at home with their parents.

At the populist primary here Saturday only 63 votes were cast. While at the Democratic primary Monday over one hundred were cast.

At a negro funeral here Sunday 270 negroes marched to the cemetery. The procession was the longest that we have ever seen, being nearly a mile long.

Prof. J. B. Zeigler tendered his resignation Saturday as principal of the public school here. He will return to Lafayette, where he will teach a summer normal school. Miss Maude Cornelius, intermediate teacher, will have charge of the school the remainder of the term.

HONEST JOHN.

Farr-Armstrong.

Sunday, cool as it was, was a day not soon to be forgotten, especially by the good people of Lynch, for at the Methodist church at 3 p. m., Prof. Wade Hampton Farr led Miss Georgia Armstrong to the altar, and there took upon themselves the vows that made them one forever, and sharer of each other's joys and sorrows.

The attendants were Miss Minnie McGibony and Mr. Robert Crim, Miss Ola Dye and Mr. J. Oscar Payne; the ushers were Prof. W. S. McEwen and Mr. C. B. Davis. Rev. J. Sampley, in an impressive manner pronounced the ceremony.

The church was filled with admiring friends of the young couple. Promptly at 3:45 Prof. John M. Dye, seated at the organ, took up the sweet strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March, while the bridal party filed up the aisle.

The groom is one of our best young men, and is a high-toned christian gentleman; the bride is one of our popular belles. These young people have scores of loyal friends who wish them unbounded happiness through life's uneven pathway. May their joys be many and their sorrows few.

A FRIEND.

John Smith is the new section foreman Southern Railroad at this place, taking the place of F. M. Hallmark who has been given a floating gang of men.

JUST A LITTLE TALK,

So many people think trial judges are cold hearted, have little or no feeling and show no mercy to unfortunates who happen to break into their court. How mistaken an idea! A few evenings ago, Judge Alston, who is presiding at the term of court now in session, told of a little circumstance that came to him only a short time ago. "The hardest task of my life," said Judge Alston, "was to sentence a man a short time ago who had been convicted of manslaughter. His young wife sat beside him—as she had done all through the trial. It was the last day of court and I had to sentence him, and I would have been glad if his wife had not been present. As I looked into the face of that woman I could see how it was drawn with anguish, how utterly miserable she was, and in her eyes was an appealing look that touched me deeply. When I told the prisoner to stand up, he passed to his wife a little babe but a few months old; it smiled and cooed in its innocence as he had fondled it. The wife and mother made a brave effort to control her emotion. I shall never forget the picture; it almost unnerved me. I passed sentence as quickly as possible and left the court room." As Judge Alston told of the incident, his eyes filled with tears, and there was a tremor in his voice which showed that the scene was still fresh in his memory. The Judge was in a reminiscent mood, and he told of another instance where a man was convicted in his court for mortgaging property a second time. "It was a case of entire ignorance of the gravity of his act, and of the law," said Judge Alston. Just before sentence was passed, it developed that the convicted man was an old Confederate soldier—one of General Forrest's men. He could not tell to what Company and Regiment he belonged. "What evidence have you to show you were a Confederate soldier?" asked the Judge. Quickly brushing back the gray hair from his forehead, a great scar was revealed—the mark of a saber cut. Then placing a hand upon his breast, said: "Here, too, Judge." He was given the minimum sentence, and within a few weeks Judge Alston was instrumental in securing a full pardon for the old man. No doubt every trial judge has had experiences similar to those of Judge Alston—little life stories that cause a something to come up in the throat and a tugging at the heart-strings.

† † †

"I was in Columbiana in 1864," said R. O. Camp, of Wilton, who was attending court here last week. "I was military telegrapher with General Johnston at the time. Was at Calera for a short time, and I remember there wasn't much of anything there at that time but a limekiln. Columbiana, at that time was a little hamlet, but the people who lived here then were of the same big hearted kind who live here now—nothing too good for the deserving stranger who comes among them. On our way to Calera from this point we took dinner at Shelby Springs, which at that time was nothing but a hospital camp. Those days were trying ones to Southern people, but there are but few of them living now who remember just how trying they were." Mr. Camp is very much interested in having the old veterans organize Camps all over Shelby county, and in another column of this issue of The Sentinel will be found a letter from him upon that subject.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Milner, of Montgomery, arrived in the city on Monday. Mr. Milner went to Nashville Monday night to take out his run as mail agent between Nashville and Montgomery, while Mrs. Milner will remain for a few weeks' visit with her mother, Mrs. Mason.

Are You a Dyspeptic?

If you are dyspeptic you owe it to yourself and your friends to get well. Dyspepsia annoys the dyspeptic's friends because his disease sours his disposition as well as his stomach. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will not only cure dyspepsia, indigestion and sour stomach, but this palatable, reconstructive tonic digestant strengthens the whole apparatus sweetens life as well as well stomch. When you take Kodol Depepsia Cure the food you eat is enjoyed. It is digested, assimilated and its nutrient properties appropriated by the blood tissues. Health is the result. Sold by Williams Bros.

Rehearsals of "A Pious Fraud" are being held every night this week. The Sentinel learns that each participant is line perfect. Go and hear about it next Tuesday night.

Taking Desprate Chances.

"I have been subject to sciatic rheumatism for years," says E. H. Waldron, of Wilton Junction, Ia. "My joints gave me much pain and discomfort. My joints would crack when I straightened up. I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and have been entirely cured. I have not had a pain or ache from the old trouble in many months. It certainly is a wonderful liniment." For sale by Banby Drug Co.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

SHOES . . .
I make a specialty of the shoe business, and keep the best high grade line the market affords. In buying a shoe, one wants a serviceable shoe at a
Reasonable Figure.
That is just what we offer to the trade: Service and quality at a reasonable figure. We invite your inspection.

Queensware.
There is nothing the ladies admire more than they do beautiful Queensware. Come, see what we have in this line before purchasing elsewhere.

☞We endeavor to please our trade, and appreciate the patronage of the public.

GROCERIES . . .
Our Grocery Department is complete in every particular. Fresh goods of the best grades coming in every day. We offer you the bzst to be had, and at prices consistent with safe business principles. Our goods will speak for themselves. Cordial and courteous treatment to all. Bring us your produce.

Provisions and Feed.
I keep on hand a full stock of provisions of every description. Fresh and salt meats and flour. I can fill your order for and kind of feed and hay. Be pleased to serve you in any way.

A Cool Drink
Soda Pop, Lemonade, Coca Cola—cool and refreshing.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

L. N. Bowdon, of Calera, was in town a few hours last Friday.

N. O. Horton, of Beat 9, is among the new subscribers of The Sentinel this week.

For Sale.

One fine cow and young calf. Apply to S. W. NELSON.

How to Make Money.

Agents of either sex should today write Marsh Manufacturing Co., 538 Lake st, Chicago, for cuts and particulars of their handsome Aluminum Card Case with name engraved on it and filled with 100 calling or business cards. Everybody orders then. Sample case and 100 cards, postpaid 40 cts. This case and 100 cards retails at 75c. You have only to show sample to get an order. Send 40c at once for case and 100 cards or send 30c for 100 cards without case. Mention this paper

MORTGAGE SALE NOTICE.

Under power of sale contained in a certain mortgage of S. H. Wallace, dated 10th day of March, 1903, and recorded in Book 62, of Record of Mortgages, Page 331, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., the undersigned will sell at public outcry in front of the court house door at Columbiana, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, on Tuesday, the 17th day of May 1904, the following described real estate to-wit: East half of southwest quarter and south west quarter of south west quarter of section twenty-one (21), township 20, range 2, east; south west quarter of northeast quarter and northeast quarter of northeast quarter, and southeast quarter of northeast quarter of section 29, township 20, range 2, east; also an undivided two-thirds (⅔) interest in the following real estate: northwest quarter of southeast quarter and northeast quarter of southwest quarter and northwest quarter of southwest quarter of section 9, township 20, range 2, east; all in Shelby county, Ala.; said sale is made for satisfaction of debt secured by said mortgage, the condition of mortgage having been broken.

Dated at Anniston, Alabama, this 9th day of April, 1904.

Anniston Mercantile Co.,
LAPSLEY & ARNOLD, Attorneys. Mortgagee. 34-4t.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale granted by Hon. A P. Longshore, Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., on February 22nd, 1904, I will sell to the highest bidder for one third cash, one third in one year and one third in two years on MONDAY, April 25, 1904, between the legal hours of sale in front of the court house in Columbiana, Ala., the following real estate belonging to the estate of Charles J. Christian, deceased, viz:

Northeast fourth of northwest fourth and southeast fourth of northwest ¼, section 29 township 24, range 15 east, situated in Shelby county, Ala., also southwest fourth of north west fourth, section 28, and all that part of east half of northeast fourth of section 29 that lies east of the Montgomery road, all in township 24, range 15 east, being the dower interest of Mary E. Dunlap in the lands of Frank Jordan, deceased, and all that part of section 29 lying east of the Jordan dower line, all that part of section 28 lying east of said dower line and south of Waxahatchie creek; all of the northeast quarter of section 33 lying south of said Waxahatchie creek and west of the Akin branch, all in township 24, range 15 east; all of section 20 south of Waxahatchie creek, and all of the west half of northeast quarter, and all of the east half of northeast quarter of section 29 lying west of the Montgomery road and south of Waxahatchie creek, all in township 24, range 15 east St Stephen's meridian and deeded to Benjamin Cardwell by T. W. Shrader and wife, the northeast quarter of southeast quarter of section 29, township 24, range 15 east, deeded by the State of Alabama to Benjamin Cardwell, and the west half of the Southwest quarter of section 28, all in the county of Chilton State of Alabam; also the following described lands situated in Shelby county Alabama and being a part of the above body of lands situated in Chilton county; to-wit; All of the south half of the southeast quarter of section 28 and all of the northeast quarter of section 33 and all of the west half of northwest quarter of section 34 lying north of Waxahatchie creek and east of a certain branch known as Danny branch all in township 24, range 15 east of St. Stephen's meridian and deeded to Benjamin Cardwell by T. W. Shrader and wife, also the northwest quarter of southea t quarter of section 28, township 24, range 15 east of St. Stephen's meridian and deeded to Benjamin Cardwell by N. N. Mostoller and wife, also southeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 28, township 24, range 15 east of St. Stephen's meridian deeded to Benjamin Cardwell by John Jones and wife

Witness my hand this March 30th, 1904.
HENRY MILNER,
Administrator.

A MODEL
DRUG STORE . . .
(Conducted on a modern system.)

We carry all Patent Medicines sold in this section. Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco. Fine line of Stationery, in fact, everything that goes to make up a
First Class Drug Store.
Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins, Colgates Soaps, Extracts, and Toilet Articles.
Our Prescription Department
Is always in charge of a Pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of Pharmacy and years of experience.
J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
.....OF.....
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782.77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3,000.00	Rediscounts.....	2,263,00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		$69,902.61
	$69,902.61		

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. FARLEY Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Co.
Land Titles, Abstracts of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, Insurance, and a General Title Business
J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Alabama.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

We will appreciate your order for
JOB WORK.
Good Stock, Prices Right.

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

"PE-RU-NA TONES UP THE SYSTEM IF TAKEN IN THE SPRING,"

SAYS THIS BEAUTIFUL YOUNG GIRL.

MISS MARJORY HAMPTON, OF NEW YORK.

Miss Marjory Hampton, 2016 Third Avenue, New York City, writes:

"Peruna is a fine medicine to take any season of the year. Taken in the spring it tones up the system and acts as a tonic, strengthening me more than a vacation. In the fall and winter I have found that it cures colds and catarrh and also find that it is invaluable to keep the bowels regular, acting as a gentle stimulant on the system. In fact, I consider it a whole medicine chest."---Miss Marjory Hampton.

PURE BLOOD.

Blood Impurities of Springtime ---Cause, Prevention and Cure.

Dr. Hartman's medical lectures are eagerly scanned by many thousand readers.

One of the most timely and interesting lectures he ever delivered was his recent lecture on the blood impurities of spring.

The doctor said in substance that every spring the blood is loaded with the effete accumulations of winter, deranging the digestion, producing sluggishness of the liver, overtaxing the kidneys, interfering with the action of the bowels and the proper circulation of the blood.

This condition of things produces what is popularly known as spring fever, spring malaria, nervous exhaustion, that tired feeling, blood thickening and many other names.

Sometimes the victim is billious, dyspeptic and constipated; sometimes he is weak, nervous and depressed, and again he may have eruptions, swellings and other blood humors. Whichever it is, the cause is the same—effete accumulations in the blood.

Nothing is more certain within the whole range of medical science than that a course of Peruna in early springtime will perfectly and effectually prevent or cure this almost universal affection.

Everybody feels it in some degree.

A great majority are disturbed considerably, while a large per cent. of the human family are made very miserable by this condition every spring.

Peruna will prevent it if taken in time.

Peruna will cure it if taken as directed.

Peruna is the ideal spring medicine of the medical profession.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

A Butte, Mont., miner was killed five minutes after a policy was issued on his life. His policy is the shortest lived one on record.

Much in a Name.

The newly-appointed postmaster at Keokea, Hawaii, is Mr. David Kapohokohoakimokeweonah. We regret that we cannot give any guide to the pronunciation.—Civil Service Magazine.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"What was it your husband wanted to see me about?" inquired Mrs. Newliwed's papa. "I think he wanted to borrow a couple of hundred dollars from you" she said. "He's so anxious to get out of debt."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

The meaning of an epigram is concealed by the brilliant effect it produces.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

While the dance goes on an awkward man gets there with both feet.

Carpets can be colored on the floor with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

If a man is satisfied with one meal a day he can afford to write poetry.

FREE to WOMEN

A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely Free and Postpaid, enough to prove the value of Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

Paxtine is in powder form to dissolve in water — non-poisonous and far superior to liquid antiseptics containing alcohol which irritates inflamed surfaces, and have no cleansing properties. The contents of every box makes more Antiseptic Solution — lasts longer — goes further—has more uses in the family and does more good than any antiseptic preparation you can buy.

The formula of a noted Boston physician, and used with great success as a Vaginal Wash, for Leucorrhœa, Pelvic Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Cuts, and all soreness of mucus membrane.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a Vaginal Wash we challenge the world to produce its equal for thoroughness. It is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

All leading druggists keep Paxtine; price, 50c. a box; if yours does not, send to us for it. Don't take a substitute — there is nothing like Paxtine.

Write for the Free Box of Paxtine to-day.
R. PAXTON CO., 7 Pope Bldg., Boston, Mass.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Am. 16, 1904.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

THE WORLD'S WONDERS ON DISPLAY

St. Louis Working Night and Day to Be in Readiness For the Opening of the World's Fair on Saturday, April 30th Next.

THE first few thousand carloads of the twenty thousand cars of exhibits that will arrive at the World's Fair in St. Louis within the next few weeks have been received and unloaded. Large forces of men are employed night and day in receiving and placing the valuable products from many nations of the world as they come in. Any one who has not been over the World's Fair grounds cannot, with the wildest stretch of his imagination, realize the magnificence of this latest and greatest of Universal Expositions. With its thousand buildings spread out over an area of two square miles, enclosed by six miles of fence, the great World's Fair glistens in the sun, and is the centre of interest to all this part of the country.

The management has very considerately arranged many of the principal exhibit palaces in a compact group. While there are more than twenty-five buidings of considerable size given up to exhibit purposes, the very large buildings are some fifteen in number; eight of these, the Palace of Transportation, Machinery, Electricity, Varied Industries, Education, Manufactures, Mines and Metallurgy, Liberal Arts, are situated in the northeastern part of the grounds. The main entrance to the Exposition will let the visitor into the centre of this group. As each building covers from eight to fifteen acres and contains several miles of aisles, lined on either side by most interesting exhibits, the visitor will see his time slipping away with a world of things yet remaining to be seen.

The Government has spent more on this Exposition than it has ever expended before. First, it gave $5,000,000 to the general fund of the Exposition, upon consideration that the city of St. Louis would raise $10,000,000. This of course was promptly done. Then, the Government appropriated nearly a million and a half more for buildings and exhibits, and a few weeks ago decided to make a loan of $4,600,000 to the Exposition in order to have the elaborate plans carried out to their completeness. The Government cannot lose much on this investment at St. Louis, for the reason that St. Louis returns in internal revenue taxes for the Eastern half of Missouri alone, over $15,000,000 a year.

I wish I might describe the great beauty of the Government building. It is 800 feet long and stands on a broad terrace upon the hillside, overlooking the grand group of exhibit palaces. Near by are the Government Fisheries building and sea coast defense guns.

The Palace of Agriculture is the largest of the Exposition buildings and stands in the central western part of the grounds, upon a high elevation. This building covers twenty acres of ground, the equivalent of a small farm, and contains many thousands of exhibits, not only from the States of the United States but from countries of the world. The Palace of Horticulture stands directly south of the Palace of Agriculture and is 400 by 800 feet.

The Palace of Art, composed of four large pavilions, is one of the most interesting parts of the Fair. The several buildings contain a total of 135 galleries, filled with the priceless treasures of Europe and America, gathered with great care by discriminating committees. As an example of the care with which these selections were made, Italy may be taken as an example. Some four thousand paintings were offered, yet only four hundred could be selected. One of the four buildings of the Palace of Art is devoted entirely to statuary.

The Palace of Forestry, Fish and Game is in the western part of the grounds, covering four acres. The physical culture exhibits is situated in the western part of the grounds, and adjacent to it is the fine large athletic field, with amphitheatre seating twenty-seven thousand people. Upon this field the games will take place during the summer.

In this hurried glance at the Exposition of 1904, we must not forget that very interesting quarter, known as the Pike. This is the amusement street of the Exposition. The visitor will certainly open his eyes in amazement when he sees the array of amusements spread out for his delectation. It is a long story in itself, to tell what has been prepared for his entertainment. The Pike is considerably more than a mile long, and upon either side are arranged about fifty elaborate and extremely novel shows. Some of them cover as many as ten or eleven acres each.

The World's Fair will open on Saturday, April 30, with fitting ceremonies. Upon that occasion an anthem written by Edmund Clarence Stedman will be sung by a chorus of six hundred voices. The music—by the eminent composer, Professor John K. Paine, of Harvard University—as well as the poem, was written especially for this occasion upon the invitation of the Exposition. Frank Vanderstucken, director of the Cincinnati Orchestra, has written a march, and Henry K. Hadley, of New York, has written a waltz, also upon invitation of the Exposition, for its musical programs.

The central feature of the Exposition, or what is intended to be the most beautiful scene in the whole grand picture, is made up of Cascade Gardens, the Colonade of States and the Hall of Festivals. The gardens with their cascades and statuary, and the elaborate architectural features, are nearly a half a mile from east to west and represent an expenditure of one million dollars. It is the most ambitious scheme of formal gardening ever undertaken at an Exposition, or elsewhere. The Festival Hall, 200 feet in diameter and 200 feet high, contains the largest organ in the world, and has a seating capacity for thirty-five hundred people.

Practically all St. Louis is preparing to accommodate World's Fair visitors. The private homes will be open for the reception of guests throughout the Exposition. The prices will be from 50c. to $1.50 per day for each person for rooms. Restaurants are so plentiful that meals may be had in almost any locality where the visitors may happen to stop.

PALACE OF MACHINERY, WORLD'S FAIR, COVERS TEN ACRES.

——Copyrighted, 1904, by the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

Manufacturing in Japan is still in its infancy. Only twenty years ago the first cotton factory was opened in Osaka. By 1898, only fourteen years later, Japan had seventy-five cotton factories, with 889,377 spindles. The product is being exported to China and Korea chiefly. In silk manufacture Japan holds foremost rank. In this line her 1901 export was of the value of $15,000,000. The match-making industry has gone ahead, from $942,000 exportation in 1891 to $3,700,000 in 1901. Other important industries are porcelain and earthenware, lacquered ware, flowers, matting and paper manufacturing. Hong Kong China; British India, Korea, the Philippines, the United States and Australia are Japan's chief foreign markets. As all of these markets except the United States are practically contiguous and of easy access, and as labor in Japan is cheap, her advantage in this rapid increase in manufacturing industries is obvious. In the case of the United States, and after deducting the $21,000,000 for American goods bought, Japan collected $24,000,000 from Uncle Sam to balance last year's trading.

Although Luzon is a tropical country, it sometimes gets cold enough there to make a sleeper crawl under a blanket, especially in the mountains. There is an official record of its having snowed in the province of Abra twenty years ago, although no white man saw it. The natives came to town and reported a swarm of white butterflies having descended from the sky and disappeared into the earth. Thus the Spaniards knew it had snowed.

The eighth annual meeting of the American Academy of Political and Social science began in Philadelphia Friday.

DANGEROUS NEGLECT.

It's the neglect of backache, sideache, pain in the hips or loins that finally prostrates the strongest body.

The kidney warnings are serious — they tell you that they are unable to filter the body's waste and poison from the blood—the sewers are clogged and impurities are running wild to impregnate nerves, heart, brain and every organ of the body with disease elements. Doan's Kidney Pills are quick to soothe and strengthen sick kidneys, and help them free the system from poison. Read how valuable they are, even in cases of long standing.

L. C. Lovell, of 415 North First St., Spokane, Wash., says: "I have had trouble from my kidneys for the past ten years. It was caused by a strain to which I paid little attention. But as I neglected the trouble it became worse and worse until any strain or a slight cold was sure to be followed by severe pain across my back. Then the action of the kidney secretions became deranged and I was caused much annoyance, besides loss of sleep. Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my notice, and after taking them a short time their good effect was apparent. All the pain was removed from my back and the kidney secretions became normal. Doan's Kidney Pills do all that is claimed for them."

A FREE TRIAL of this great remedy which cured Mr. Lovell will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all **druggists, price 50 cents per box.**

RUSSIA'S VICEROY.

Admiral Alexeieff a Master Mind, a Master Will and a Masterful Hand.

Admiral E. I. Alexeieff, described by Senator Beveridge in his book, "The Russian Advance," as "a master mind, a master will, altogether a masterful man," is the subject of an informing article by Charles Johnston, in Harper's Weekly. Admiral Alexeieff has toiled for years at the building of a new region of Russian influence, a region nearly as large as the combined area of France and Germany, and with a fringe of possible future acquisitions many times greater, only to see the whole of his life work threatened with dissolution. "In this lifework," says Mr. Johnston, "he has accomplished miracles almost, facing conditions of great and unexpected difficulty, amid surroundings alternately picturesque with the glamor of the East and squalid with intrigue and physical wretchedness. Through all these difficulties Admiral Alexeieff has acted with constant resolution, force, rapidity, and constructive power.

Youngest Cavalryman of Civil War.

The death of Oscar Arion Frost, at Ottawa, brings out the claim for him that he was the youngest cavalryman enlisted in the Civil War. He went into the Third Missouri Cavalry at fourteen years of age, and served through the war. It cannot be claimed for Mr. Frost, though, that he was boyish in appearance. At the time of his enlistment he was six feet tall and weighed 190 pounds.—Kansas City Journal.

How America Opened Japan.

A timely and important article, published in Harper's Weekly, is a personal account of the historic events leading to the opening of Japan to the world's trade, written by Commodore Nicholson, U. S. N. (retired), who was navigating officer of Commodore Perry's flagship at the time of the expedition of 1853. How Perry overcame the prejudices of the Japanese and the obstacles that interfered with the accomplishment of his mission are told by Commodore Nicholson in a narrative of uncommon interest.

MUSIC AND ANIMALS.

The Puma is the Most Sensitive to the Influence of Melody.

Some very curious experiments have recently been carried out in the German Zoological Gardens in order to ascertain the actual influence of music upon animals. The instrument was the violin and Herr Baker was the performer.

Of all the animals the puma was the most sensitive to the musical influence. His moods changed rapidly, according to the nature of the melody, the animal frequently becoming very excited and nervous, "just like a Frenchman," as the report says.

Leopards were entirely unconcerned, but the lions appeared to be afraid, although their cubs wanted to dance when the music became livelier. The hyenas were very much terrified, but the monkeys were merely curious and the monkeys were merly curious.

The experiments are to be continued, and with a variety of instruments, in order to distinguish between the mental states which are actually produced by the music and those which are merely the result of an unusual experience.—Scientific American.

Interesting.

To hear the music of sweet bells, and also to test solid silver, take a solid-silver tablespoon, and tie two cords of equal length to the handle. Hold the ends of the cords to each ear, at the same time closing the ears with the fingers. Then by a motion of the body swing the spoon, letting it strike the back of the chair or like wooden object. You have no idea what sweet music you will hear. Try it, and see. —Woman's Home Companion.

Longest Road in the World.

In 1901 the great Siberian Railway was thrown open to the public There was then in operation a total of 1444 miles in Manchuria and 3559 miles in Siberia, a continuous Russian line from Moscow to Port Arthur of 5429 miles; and the new trains de luxe, which will begin running this summer, will give virtually a through service from Paris to Port Arthur, a distance of 7299 miles, 6000 miles of which is over Russian lines.—From James W. Davidson's "The Great Siberian Railway," in the Century.

N-RAYS AND DIGESTION.

This Process Causes Their Emission, as Does Muscular Activity.

That the processes of digestion, as well as mental and muscular activity, seem to cause the emission of N-rays, is the conclusion reached by M. Lambert, in France, after a series of interesting experiments. He believes that these curious rays are produced by ferments, especially by those concerned in the digestion of albuminoid matter. In his experiments on digestion, says a writer in Harper's Weekly, M. Lambert placed a small quantity of fibrin in tubes containing in one case activated pancreatic juice, and in another artificial gastric juice made by mixing five per cent. solution of pepsin with a four per cent. solution of hydrochloric acid. From these tubes the N-rays were emitted, and were detected not only by producing increased luminescence of a phosphorescent screen, but also photographically, thus removing the subjective element from the experiment. As a result of these experiments, M. Lambert believes that in the course of digestion the fibrin undergoes strains which act to produce N-rays.

Prosperous Yucatan.

Yucatan simply boils over with prosperity. Her railways are paying, her banks grow fat dividends, and her multi-millionaires are buying the best there is to be had, whether it be luxuries for the family or a first-class education abroad for their sons.—Mexican Herald.

A Machiavellian Maxim.

Whatever is the occasion of another's advancement is the cause of his own diminution.—From the Prince.

Put to the Test.

A great crowd has assembled to cheer the boy Prince Alexander on his arrival at Belgrade by steamer. "Why do these people make so much noise when they see me?" cried little Alexander. "Because they love you, my little son." Immediately he almost sprang out of the minister's arms, calling out, "They say you love me. Show me your love by throwing all your hats into the water." The hats were thrown.—From "Belgrade, the White City of Death."

Efforts are being made in a Newark hospital to teach a man of thirty years to talk. The subject lost his faculty of speech through a blow on the head, delivered by thugs. Words of one syllable are spoken to him and he is made to repeat them until they come tripping from his tongue. He is being carefully led from speaking single words together into sentences, and it is expected that in a few months he will be able to talk as well as could be expected of a normal child of three or four years of age. The man was assailed two months ago. At the hospital a fracture of the skull made necessary the removal of two square inches of bone which pressed upon the brain. The operation was entirely successful, but although the man could evidently think as formerly, he could not frame vocal expressions or write. After all efforts of the doctors had proved futile the nurses took up the method described and report rapid progress.

The position of women in Korea is very low. A woman may be reduced to slavery by the treasonable misdemeanors of a relative. The family of a man convicted of treason becomes the property of the government, the women being allotted to high officials. As in ancient Greece, the literary and artistic faculties of the wife and mother are left uncultivated, while among less reputable classes the mental abilities are trained and developed with a view to making them brilliant and entertaining companions.

New Orleans has passed the 300,000 mark in population.

A Pennsylvania man has sworn not to play poker for 99 years.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

It sometimes happens that people without vices aggravate other people into having more than their share.

Ask Your Dealer For Allen's Foot-Ease

A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

With the advent of universal peace there will be nothing left for the military man but marriage.

The Wonderful Cream Separator.

Does its work in thirty minutes and leaves less than 1 per cent. butter fat. The price is ridiculously low, according to size, $2.75 to $6.00 each, and when you have one you would not part therewith for fifty times its cost.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE

with 5c. stamps for postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and get their big catalogue, fully describing this remarkable Cream Separator, and hundreds of other tools and farm seeds used by the farmer. [A.C.L.]

The English Co-operative Wholesale Society has 1,392,399 members, and does an annual business of $89,500,000.

GRAND LODGE MEETING I. O. O. F.,

Mobile, Ala., May 10th to 12th.

For this occasion tickets will be sold via the Queen and Crescent route at the rate of one fare plus 25c for the round trip.

Dates of sale, May 7th to 9th, inclusive, with final limit May 14th.

Ask your ticket agent for particulars or address J. C. Conn, D. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn., or A. B. Freeman, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.

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Destroys disease germs and vermin. Never rubs or scales. You can apply it—mix with cold water. Beautiful effects in white and delicate tints. Not a disease-breeding, out-of-date hot-water glue preparation. Buy Alabastine in 5 lb. packages, properly labelled, of paint, hardware and drug dealers. "Hints on Decorating," and our Artists' ideas free. ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich., or 105 Water St., N. Y.

Mrs. L. C. Glover, Vice-President Milwaukee, Wis., Business Woman's Association, is another one of the million women who have been restored to health by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was married for several years and no children blessed my home. The doctor said I had a complication of female troubles and I could not have any children unless I could be cured. He tried to cure me, but after experimenting for several months, my husband became disgusted, and one night when we noticed the testimonial of a woman who had been cured of similar trouble through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** he went out and bought a bottle for me. I used your medicine for three and one-half months, improving steadily in health, and in twenty-two months a child came. I cannot fully express the joy and thankfulness that is in my heart. Our home is a different place now, as we have something to live for, and all the credit is due to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** Yours very sincerely, MRS. L. C. GLOVER, 614 Grove St., Milwaukee, Wis." Vice President, Milwaukee Business Woman's Association.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

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W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more men than any other make. The reason is, they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and have greater intrinsic value than any other shoes.

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GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

FEET HURT Sweat, Itch, Blister? ROYAL FOOT WASH cures them. Removes odors of feet, armpits, etc.; stops chafing. If not at druggists send 25c to EATON DRUG CO., ATLANTA, GA., for full size, postpaid; sample for 2c stamp. One application proves its merit. Money back if not satisfied.

ADDRESS

To Voters by Chairman R. E. Bowdon, Chairman of the Democratic Committee.

TO THE VOTERS OF SHELBY COUNTY:

In the beginning of the present campaign, appeal is made to every voter to carefully weigh the issues presented, and reflect upon the grave responsibilities that are his in the consideration and performance of his patriotic duty.

Events of the past few years have removed every cause for, and have largely allayed the differences and feelings that have heretofore separated the white people, and at the same time they have demonstated the absolute necessity for their standing together. This is one of the few counties in the state where a perfect reunion has not been completely effected, and the manifest desire now shown here for a r - l lignment is highly pleasing and encouraging.

The declaration of the Roosevelt administration for political and so

HON. R. E. BOWDON.

cial equality of the races, emphasized by an exhibition as abhorrent and digusting as the most bitter hatred of the white man could devise, should speed the day when every white Southern man, at least, without regard to past differences, shall boldly declare himself for White Man Rule. The Democratic party of Alabama sounded the keynote of the campaign in the nation, when it adopted for its motto: "White Supremacy." Let Shelby county not be found firing on this emblazoned banner.

The opposition ticket in this county was nominated in part, and approved in its entirety, by that wing of the Republican party whose nom de plume, "Blacks and Tans," marks them indelibly as upholders of the Black and Tan plank in their party's platform. In so far as a vote can be construed as an endorsement of "principles", a vote for that ticket must mean a preference for political and social equality, and a recurrence of the avalanche of black ballots, of which we have just been happily relieved.

Fusion government in this county has proven a disastrous and inglorious failure. It has succeeded only in loading you with debt and oppressive taxation, without parallel in your history. Your rate of taxation has, within the past six years, been almost doubled, while your assessed values have increased in like proportion. Repeated levies and collections have been made for the same purposes, and those purposes unaccomplished. Questions of constitutional right to demand such excessive taxes have been raised by a few of the largest taxpayers, some of which have been, and all of which may be, determined in their favor; thus throwing the entire burden of over-taxation on the shoulders of the poor man, with crushing discrimination. Obligations beyond your ability to meet, have been entered into, and put upon you, without your knowledge, consent or desire. Contracts for special improvements made, beyond the amount of revenue authorized by the constitution for such purposes, and your revenue derived from the generel rate of taxation will not meet the running expenses of the county, and repay the money borrowed, upon which you must continue to pay interest. In short the county has been rushing towards strangulation, with ever increasing speed.

These results have been brought about by errors, lack of foresight, want of consideration, over-estimation of resources, and defiance of laws and business principles, on the part of those entrusted with authority. Thoughtful men must—they will—pause and retrace their steps. Look not to the authors of these evils, for their remedies.

The Democratic party presents for your judgment and suffrages, nominees of acknowledged probity, proven qualifications and tried efficiency; men with full appreciation of their responsibility and obligation to the people; with deference to the law and the constitution; who will act within legally prescribed limits; whose induction into office would inspire a renewal of confidence in the integrity of our great county, and bring its affairs out of confusion into order; men backed and supported by principles tried and true, which have been since our free government began—which are eternally right.

We appeal alike to your race pride, your political principles, your interest in the material welfare of the people, to restore in Shelby county, rational, conservative, constitutional government and policies.

Very respectfully,
R. E. BOWDON,
Chairman Democratic Executive Committee Shelby County, Ala.

For Probate Judge.

The office of Probate Judge is the most important of any in the county, and because of its great importance the most diligent care should be exercised in chosing a man for the place. It should be occupied by a man well versed in law—not of his own making, but such law as is laid down by the Code and the Constitution of our State. The Probate Judge of a county should be a man of such character and probity as will bring to him the confidence of the people—one in whom they can rely as being just, clean, and who will not trample upon the constitutional right of any man just because he can usurp power through an interpretation of law to his own liking; a man who loves the laws of his State, and will administer justice to all, and in honesty; who believes in the Constitution and integrity of his State, and who will cheerfully discharge his duties, not because the law compels him to do so, but because he believes it is right.

The Democrats of Shelby county have nominated that kind of a man; one whm every man in the county knows—and they know him to be honorable, just and conscientious in all that he does. In asking the suffrage of the voters of the county for Judge D. R. McMillan for Probate Judge, they present not only one of the most able lawyers in this section, but one whose every day life will commend him to to all, and those who oppose him can use no argument against him except that he is a loyal Demo-

JUDGE D. R. M'MILLAN.

crat. He served the people of this county for three years as Probate Judge, and his record as such is the best recommendation why he should be, and, doubtless, will be elected next November. Having an abiding faith in the organic law of his State, and which, by the way, every loyal man should have, there is no danger that he will ever in his administration, or at any other time, trespass upon the constitutional rights of anyone. Judge McMillan has lived in the county for more than twenty years, and is honored and respected by all who know him, regardless of political affiliation, and his following in this race is not wholly confined to his party.

For Circuit Clerk.

Who is there in Shelby county whe does not know "Uncle Billy" Milner? They are few if any. Mr. Milner is the Democratic Candidate for Circuit Clerk, and no more worthy man ever came before the people asking for their suffrage. Never does one see him, but what the mind will fly back to thos dark days of 61-65, when war laid waste this pretty Southland, for he carries with him the marks of that dreadful carnage, and is today a permanent cripple from wounds received while battling for the Star of the Confederacy. No braver Confederate soldier ever lived and no more honorable citizen ever lived in Shelby county, and he has live in the county for thirty-four years.

Mr. Milner is not a stranger to the duties and responsibilities entailed upon the Circuit Clerk, having served the people of this coun-

W. R. A. MILNER.

ty in that capacity for a number of years, and that he made a good officer the books and his record will show conclusively. Competency should be one of the essential things voters should consider when deciding upon who shall have in their keeping the records of the county, and there are few men in this county as competent to fill the office of Circuit Clerk as W. R. A. Milner. Always accommodating and obliging those who have business in the office of Clerk can rest assured that Mr. Milner will do all he can to aid them.

But few more years remain to the old Confederate soldier, and there is a general disposition to honor these old veterans whenever possible, and Shelby county will not be a laggard in this matter. The Sentinel believes Mr. Milner will receive the hearty support of all his old comrades, for in honoring him they are honoring all who wore the gray. He has lived among the Shelby county people for years and they all know him—and they know him to honor, love and respect him. Those who oppose him believe he will be elected, and of course he will be.

For Tax Assessor.

In the person of J. S. Falkner, the Democrats have chosen one of Shelby county's best young men for their candidate for Tax Assessor. He was born and has been reared in this county, and to all he is known as a man of unimpeachable character and sterling worth. He has been identified with Sunday Schools and Church work since boyhood, in this county, and has the confidence, love and high esteem of all who know him. He is not aggressive, but there is about him that undefinable something that makes you his friend when you have met him. This old world would be much better off if there were more young men living in it of the same sterling character as Mr. Falkner. In his canvass for the nomination and his wish to be elected Mr. Falkner has no other

J. S. FALKNER.

desire than to be elected upon his own merits, and not upon the demerits of any other. His has been a clean canvass—just such an one as might be expected from a gentleman of Mr. Falkner's character and reputation, and it is believed he will be elected by a handsome majority.

His capablility to fill the office of Tax Assessor has never been questioned—as it could not be. He is an expert accountant, and for a long time, and up to the time of his nomination, has been book-keeper for the large mercantile establishment of J. H. Wilder & Bro., at Vincent, and those gentlemen testify to his fitness and capability for the office he is a candidate for, and there are not many who doubt his election. Especially are the people of Columbiana acquainted with Mr.

HON. SYDNEY J. BOWIE.

Falkner, he having for a long time been deputy postmaster at this place. And it is a pleasure to present to our readers a picture of the next Tax Assessor of Shelby county—J. S. Falkner.

For Congress.

The Sentinel doubts very much if there is a Democrat is this District but that desires to see Hon. Sydney J. Bowie returned to congress. He has made a most acceptable member, and one in whom all have pride.

His efforts to have rural mail routes established throughout the District have been very successful, and when he thought there was discrimination in favor of the North as against the South in this class of legislation he did not fail to call the attention of the department to its partisan methods. Mr. Bowie has been particularly interested in securing land grants for the public schools of Alabama, and is now at work on that same line, and has every reason to believe he will be successful in securing these grants. In that event the public schools will receive an added impetus to build them up stronger and better. In other public matters Mr. Bowie has been equally painstaking, and is quick to respond to any request that may come from the people of his district, no matter what the color of their politics. Thus far in his official career he has made an ideal Representative, and the Democrats of the District desire his retention.

We are confident there will be no opposition in his own party, and any that may be outside of that will not cut much figure in the coming election.

Let's send him back with the biggest majority ever given a candidate from the Fourth District. It can be done.

Tax Collector.

For a candidate for Tax Collector the Democrats of the county nominated J. E. Adams, a country merchant and farmer in Beat 11. There is no better man living in Shelby county than Mr. Adams—a sober, industrious, christian man; one who has the esteem and confidence of his neighbors and of all who know him in the county. He is a man of strict integrity, high personal character, yet unassuming in his manner and deportment, and because of this modest disposition his friends and neighbors say he will do to tie to seven days in the week. The Democrats are proud of their candidate for Tax Collector because of his great personal worth and they know that the people will not be disappointed in him as an

J. E. ADAMS.

official. To meet him is to be his friend, for there is in that quiet way of his a strong personal magnetism that is almost irresistible. He is a just and honorable man in all his dealings, and his friends, regardless of politics, commend him as a man to be trusted in whatever position he may be placed.

Mr. Adams is a native of Shelby county, so we are informed, and no county can produce a more upright and law-abiding citizen than our candidate for Tax Collector. There is no doubt of his election whatever.

For Treasurer.

The Treasurer of the county, or of any corporation or firm, should be a man of good personal character; one whose responsibility can not be questioned in the least. He should be a man who is capable of keeping his books accurately, and in such shape that at a glance the condition of the treasury may be known. For this responsible position the Democrats present W. F. Lester, a farmer from Beat 8. One of the things that will commend

W. E. LESTER.

Mr. Lester to the voter is that he is a competent book-keeper, and although a farmer and stockman by occupation, he has fitted himself in such a manner that he is competent to fill almost any position in which the keeping of a perfect set of books are very essential and required qualification.

No man in Beat 8 stands better as a man among his neighbors than Mr. Lester, and this of itself is a strong recommendation. He is President of the Sunday School Association of Beats 8 and 11, and is always found identified with any movement that is for the uplifting and betterment of the condition of those around him. He has been successful in the management of his own affairs, and this, too is a recommendation to the voters of his fitness for the place to which he aspires. He is genial and accommodating, and as such has been proven in more ways than one in his neighborhood and the people of the county have no fears that the funds entrusted to his keeping will be in good hands, and that his stewardship will be all that any could ask. No better reccommendation could any man have than that which Mr. Lester is given by the people in his neighborhood—those who know him best.

Commissioners.

For County Commissioners, the Democrats have nominated from the First District, Walter E. Riddle, a prominent farmer of Beat 9. The Sentinel doubts if the nomination could have been a more happy one as Mr. Riddle is a prosperous farmer—one who is deeply interested in seeing an economical administration of the county's affairs, and because of his fitness for the place the Democrats of his beat urged his nomination, and he has a following of not only all Democrats, but among Republicans and populists as well. He is a conscientious man in all his dealings, believing that justice and right between man and man should prevail at all times. Mr. Riddle was born in Beat 9, and most of his lifetime has been spent near the old homestead of his father. He is admired because of his excellent citizenship, and it is believed he will be elected by the largest majority ever given a candidate for Commissioner in the First District.

What is said of Mr. Riddle, may also be said of John N. Wyatt, of Beat 3, who is the Democratic candidate for Commissioner in the Third District. Mr. Wyatt is also a farmer—a successful one, too, and was born where he now lives. He has taken a great interest in the administration of county affairs, and if he is elected, which appears to be beyond question, he will make a faithful steward. Mr. Wyatt is a conscientious, christian man, and will do what he thinks is right at all times. In voting for him the people of the Third District will not only honor him, but will be honoring themselves at the same time.

County Coroner.

George D. Campbell is the Democratic candidate for Coronor. For nearly three years Mr. Campbell was manager of The Chronicle, which has been succeeded by The Sentinel, and he is now an employe

GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

in The Sentinel office. While manager of The Chronicle he became acquainted with most of the people in the upper portion of the county, and is well known to them. He is a hard-working, industrious man, competent to fill the position to which he aspires, and often the duties carry a great responsibility with them. Mr. Campbell's duties in the office where he is employed has prevented him from going out with the other candidates, but The Sentinel bespeaks for him the full vote of his party at the polls in November. Mr. Campbell is a cripple having lost his leg at West Point Ga., during Wilson's raid in April 1865, and he will appreciate the vote of all the old soldier who wore the gray.

Supt. of Education.

For the past two years John B Farrell has had supervision of the public school system of this county and almost every parent in the county know with what earnestness and zeal he has worked to make the schools of the county, and make them equal to any in the State, taking all the circumstances and difficulties considered. Mr. Farrell is not interested in the schools of Shelby county just because the duties of his office require it, but his heart is in the work, and The Sentinel would admonish the people of the county about displacing a man whom they know by his work for an unknown quantity. The schools of the county have progressed wonderfully in this county in the past two years, and the teachers of the county are in sympathy and accord with Mr. Farrell's efforts to bring educational interests to a still higher standard in Shelby county, and to that end he he is bending every effort.

Under his administration the teachers have seemed to take more interest in the schools than ever before, and we believe it is to his credit that teachers of efficiency are being employed all over the county. Mr. Farrell's home is in Beat 11, and was raised a farmer boy, until his great interest in education at matters secured him the nomination of Superintendent of Education at the hands of the Democrats, and he was handsomely endorsed at the polls by people of all parties. And we believe they will do it again in the November election. We are indeed disappointed in not being able to place his picture in our Democratic art-gallery, but we were disappointed in not getting it in time.

Constitution Disregarded.

Never under Democratic administrations were the provisions of the Constitution transcended or violated, while the populist administration has respected no law except that of its own making, and its frequent violation of Constitutional law has increased the burdens of the taxpayers. Section 3986 of the Code says:

"It shall be the duty of the court of county commissioners, at the term commencing on the first Monday in June, to levy the amount of taxes required for the expenses of the county for the current year, not to exceed one-half of one per cent. five mills, on the taxable property, and the amount of other subjects of taxation in the county, as assessed for revenue to the state, as shown by the book of assessments after it has been corrected."

The populist administration put a levy of 6 mills upon the people in 1899; a levy of 6 mills each for the years 1901 and 1902, and for the year 1903 the populist administration squeezed the people of the county a little harder and pinched the people with a tax rate of SEVEN mills; the people paid all these levies—the railroads have paid none of them. That's the manner in which the populist administration has buncoed the people.

The Legislature of 1898-9 passed an Act authorizing and requiring a levy of not less than one nor more than two mills on the dollar "to aid in the maintainance of and construction of public roads in this county, which levy SHALL BE A PART OF THAT WHICH IS AUTHORIZED BY THE CONSTITUTION FOR COUNTY PURPOSES." The Constitution says not in excess of five mills for county purposes. The populist administration levied six mills. Under the same law a similar levy was made in Franklin county. It was carried to the Supreme Court and that body held the levy to be an illegal one. This decision was recognized by the populist administration when it ordered a refund to the Southern Mineral Land Co. of the illegal tax collected from that corporation. No refund was made, however, to the common people. Why? Because, ignorant of the fact that the levy was an illegal one, or not being able to carry it to a court of justice, they did not pay under protest. Thus were they compelled to pay illegal tax by the populist administration that poses as a friend of the common people. Never was a trust more infamously betrayed!

What followed? With a decision of the Supreme Court staring it in the face even the populist administration decided that a tax levy similar to preceding ones might cause a revolt among the people, so a levy "for bridges and causeways" was tacked on to the levy for county purposes. Here again the populist administration transcended Constitutional law for there is no constitutional provision for "bridges and causeways," unless the bridges are first specified and the cost of each, and the bridges built, or the debt created therefore. The populist administration complied with none of these constitutional provisions. So the next year the administration tries another experiment in making the levy, and specifies particular bridges and the cost but failed to show that the "bridges were built, the debt created," or that they had been contracted for. This was another transcendancy of Constitutional law, and for three years the populist administration taxed the people of this county for bridges that have never been built, for which no debt had been created, nor had they even been contracted for. And for one of these bridges alone tax levies have been placed upon the people to the amount of $7,375, and this amount for a bridge that the minutes of the Commissioners Court says "to cost $3,200." The Advocate and the populist leaders will tell you the above is a decree of the courts written by The Sentinel, but it is only plain constitutional law which anyone may read if he desires, and even Judge Longshore admits in his speeches that "YOU CANNOT LEVY A TAX FOR BRIDGES UNDER THE STATE CONSTITUTION UNTIL YOU FIRST BUILD THE BRIDGES AND CREATE THE DEBT." In view of the fact that the people were taxed for Parker's Mill bridge in 1902 and 1903, when no debt had been created for it, or contract made for its erection, the above declaration of Judge Longshore is an admission that the levies were contrary to law.

Now, then; figure up the total valuation of your property as assessed for the years 1899, 1901, 1902 and 1903; from the total amount take one-half cent from every dollar and you will know much illegal tax you have been made to pay by the populist administration, and the railroads have paid none of it.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Sept. 15, 1904.

A Frenchman has invented a pneumatic cap to be worn by motor bicyclists for the protection of their heads in case of accident.

When automobile insanity and midsummer madness join hands there is pretty sure to be a funeral, for the old reliable railroad locomotives are hard headed at all times and batter their way along no matter what or who gets in front, says the New York News.

Don't swear at the telephone operator, advises the Massachusetts Ploughman. A man in New York, who recently lost his temper in this fashion, was arrested and found guilty on the four charges of profanity, provoke, assault and battery and disturbance of the peace. The lay mind may wonder just how he did all these things over the telephone, but he was heavily fined for doing them.

The Paris chamber of commerce has recently revived the project of a tunnel under the English channel, the New York Sun states. The scheme is now almost hoary with age. There certainly has never been a time when the construction of a subterranean hole between England and the continent was more feasible from the engineer's point of view than it is today, when the digging of such holes has been reduced to a science. Merely as an engineering enterprise there is probably nothing in the way of its successful accomplishment.

According to the Chemist and Druggist the native drug stores in Japan are still largely stocked with dried snakes, toads, lizards, crabs, etc., infusions of which are the popular household remedies throughout the country. Various "secret remedies," which are supposed to be as universal and potent in their curative effects as many of our western patent medicines, also abound. Magic plasters are much in vogue, and massage is largely practised, the operators being chiefly blind people. Face paints and powders may also be seen on the shelves.

The automobile and good roads questions seem to be prominent among the issues of the day, says Rural World. They are about to be blended into one question, however, for the better the road the more automobilists there will be. Some farmers uphold the auto side, but the majority are against it. If more autos will improve the condition of rural roads, they are to be encouraged, but if they wait for the good roads to come first, they should be discouraged. There is no doubt, however, that the automobile is a nuisance on the public rural roads. They made it unsafe for a child or a lady to drive along. The horse was on the ground first, and will not leave for the "steam horse" without some conflict.

It comes pretty high for nations to quarrel these days when implements of warfare have such tremendous powers of destruction and so much delicate machinery plays such an important part in the game, comments the New York Press. Military experts have figured out that the war in the far East is now costing the belligerents just about $3,000,000 a day. Of this sum it is estimated that the cost to Russia is $1,800,000 and to Japan $1,200,000. That the war is proving more expensive to the Russians than to the Japanese is due to the fact that it is being fought so far away from the main base. If Great Britain should happen to become involved in the struggle the experts think it would mean the waste of $5,000,000 a day, $35,000,000 for every week the struggle lasted. And these figures take no account of the initial cost of fitting out the armies and fleets.

M. De Iriarte of Manila, chief of the bureau of archives, patents, copyrights and trade marks of the Phillipine islands, is visiting Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann, says the St. Paul Pioneer Press. Mr. Iriarte is one of the board of commissioners which has charge of the Filipino exhibit at the World's fair, and is the son of a judge of the supreme court of the islands during the Spanish regime. He is very enthusiastic in expressing his appreciation of America, having visited Washington, Cincinnati, Detroit, Cleveland, Indianapolis and Chicago. Mr. Iriarte is a prepossessing gentleman of the distinctively Spanish type. He has a delicately pointed moustache, a high forehead and not too much hair. During his stay in Chicago he was styled by the newspapers there the Beau Brummel of the islands. He said concerning the future of the islands: "The prospects are bright. Of course, development in the pursuits of peace have been temporarily retarded on account of the recent war; but it is only a matter of a short time before all the fields will be under cultivation and the islands will enter a period of prosperity."

"IN A HARD ROW FOR STUMPS."

You ask for manliest, martial deeds?
Go back to Ohio's natal morn—
Go back to Kentucky's fields of corn;
Just weeds and stumps and stumps and weeds!
Just red men blazing from stump and tree
Where buckskinn'd prophets 'midst strife and stress
Came crying, came dying in the wilderness,
That hard, first, cruel half century!

What psalms they sang! what prayers they said,
Cabin or camp, as the wheels rolled west;
Silently leaving their bravest, best—
Paving a nation's path with their dead!
What unnamed battles! what thumps and bumps!
What sabre slashes with the broad, bright hoe!
What weeds in phalanx! what stumps in row!
What rank vines fortressed in rows of stumps!

And the saying grew, as sayings will grow
From hard endeavor and bangs and bumps:
"He's got a mighty hard row for stumps;
But he tried, and died trying to hoe his row."
O brighter and better that ten-pound hoe.
Than brightest, broad sabre of Waterloo!
Nor ever fell soldier more truly true
Than he who died trying to hoe his row.

The weeds are gone and the stumps are gone—
The huge hop-toad and the copperhead,
And a million bent sabres flash triumph instead
From stately, clean corn in the diamond-sown dawn.
But the heroes have vanished save here and there,
Far out and afield like some storm-riven tree,
Leans a last survivor of Thermopylae,
Leafless and desolate, lone and bare.
—Joaquin Miller, in Harper's Weekly.

MAUREEN'S LOVER

* * *

By Constance Craigie Halkett

Of course, I know that any number of men have been guardians sometimes (as I am) to a young and pretty ward.

But my wife and I agreed one day that, among the lot of them, nobody could possibly give more food for thought and anxiety than did Maureen O'Connor, our niece and ward.

To say she was pretty sounds tame. She was as fresh and sweet as a wild flower. She was as wild as any deer on our hills. She feared neither man nor beast, rode horses many boys would have declined to mount, could swim like a fish and run like a hare. When I add that she was just seventeen, and had shut up her lesson books with a decided bang the day before her birthday, you will perhaps understand why my wife and I were sitting looking at each other, discussing Maureen.

She was, or would be, an heiress, and she knew about as much on the subject of money as those birds yonder near the marsh. She could spend it, though, for she loved giving. No tale of distress was ever told to her in vain, for she had the warmest of Irish hearts. The only way, indeed, one could influence her, I found out long ago, was to appeal to that—it was no good lecturing Maureen.

My wife was looking rather helpless. Maureen adored her, but ruled her—absolutely. My wife worshiped Maureen, and spoiled her horribly, but to me she always played the role of a dutiful ward, though she knew perfectly well that it never deceived me for one moment.

"She ought to go to the city and make her social debut," she said, firmly.

"I quite agree with you," said I, "but will she go?"

"I—I don't know."

"Ah!" I laughed, "you see, we can't exactly make her go."

"Have you ever been able to make her do anything?" my wife asked, scornfully.

She spoke as if she had been in the habit of enforcing obedience on Maureen every other minute, and I was riled.

"I haven't observed that your attempts in that direction have been so very successful," I said, crossly.

Whereupon we both laughed (we possess a sense of humor—a thing which saves so many situations from becoming serious).

Just then, through the open window, we caught sight of a dainty, charming figure, in the simplest of draperies, tearing across the lawn, three or four dogs at her heels.

I went to the window and called her back. She came reluctantly.

"Am I in for a scolding?" she asked, her lovely face mutinous, her eyes so full of laughter that they would have disarmed the severest guardian, I almost think.

"Come in here," I said, "we want to speak to you seriously."

She groaned and gave a backward glance across the flower-spangled meadows and the sunny garden.

"Fancy being serious on such a day!" she said. "It's wasting one's time positively, I do assure you."

However, she lifted her dainty skirts, and with one bound was in at the window.

"My dear," I said, "you've grown up now, you know."

Her answer was an affectionate hug, and "If you only knew how funny you look when you try to look solemn," said she.

Well, we sat down, one on each side of her, and we propounded the social debut. I talked what I believed to be common sense. My wife said a good deal about parties and beautiful gowns, and seasoned the lump with a little worldly wisdom, which I firmly believe she had learned out of a book, as she hasn't a particle of her own.

Maureen sat there as quiet as a mouse and listened patiently, but said nothing until we came to a full stop. It is a trifle difficult to go on adducing arguments in support of a plan when nobody says anything to contradict you.

This was what we both felt, so we paused. Maureen still sat silent for a moment, then she spoke. I had never heard Maureen's voice with that inflection in my life; she was actually serious.

"My dears," she said, and she slipped one hand into mine and another into my wife's, "you've been very good to me all my life," and there was a thrill in her voice as she said it which made my eyes grow suddenly dim. "I've lost both father and mother, but you have been to me so kind that I never missed either—can I say more? But don't make me do this thing. What is the idea? I shall be rich some day, and I know you think me pretty, therefore you would like me to make a grand marriage. I don't care if I marry or don't, but I'm quite sure it would be hateful to live in a dirty old city, and I'm not going to do it, so that is quite settled, isn't it?"

During the first quarter of her speech my wife and I held our breaths—it was so unlike the Maureen of every day—but the wind-up held a family likeness to speeches we had often heard, and we felt that we were treading familiar ground once more.

"Then you won't go," I said.

"Indeed, I won't," she replied, and then there was a vision of gathered skirts and tiny feet, for Maureen had departed by the way she had come.

My wife and I looked at each other and gave a sigh of relief.

"I hate the city," she said suddenly, "but I thought it was my duty to take her there."

"Just what I felt myself," I told her, "but apparently we won't have to uproot ourselves after all; you see, she has made up her mind."

"It never takes her long to do that."

"If she made up her mind to marry anybody, for instance, and we didn't approve," she suggested, "what could we do?"

My face, I presume, presented a blank, for my wife jumped up and went out of the room laughing.

Maureen wasn't my only care, either. I had a son called Tom, and he was as wild as a hawk, and so I need hardly say that he and my ward hunted in couples. He was a year or two younger than she was, but he would have followed her to the moon willingly, had there been a path there, and there had never been an escapade of hers in which Tom had not had his full share.

I had had tutors for him, but one after another these gentlemen had informed me that—well, one of them had insinuated that I had better engage one of the wild beast tamers from a traveling menagerie, as such a person might succeed in instructing Tom. For an ordinary man it was a hopeless task, he said, to attempt to teach him anything.

My wife had warned me not to engage any young man as tutor this time. "Now Maureen is grown up," she said, "your own common sense will tell you that it wouldn't do at all."

I agreed hastily, and sat down to accept the suggestion of a friend who had proposed sending me a certain Professor Bryant, who, my friend said, was quite clever at dealing with boys. I had visions of spectacles and a brain stuffed with classical lore, of some old dry-as-dust specimen of humanity, and I gave a sigh of sympathy with Tom. I remembered my own mad youth, and understood him better than most people could, except Maureen.

But the boy must learn: he was going to college soon to prepare himself for the bar, and he needed preliminary tuition.

My letter was written and duly dispatched, my terms were accepted by "Professor Bryant," and a few days later came a telegram announcing his arrival.

I had spoken to Maureen about it, and she had coaxed Tom into a state of quiescence, which was a shade better than the open rebellion which he usually showed to new arrivals of the genus tutor.

I sent a carriage to the station to meet the professor, and stayed at home to receive him.

I went out to the hall when I heard the wheels on the drive, and I shall never forget my feelings of surprise when the "professor" came into the lamp-lit room. He was six-foot-three, at least—a fair-haired, blue-eyed giant, and if he was more than six and twenty, I'm—well add to that the fact that he was the most attractive man I ever saw in my life and you will understand that, as he stood there facing me in his rough tweed suit, I was mentally ejaculating:

"What will Molly (my wife) say?"

What she did say was so different from what I had expected that I was struck dumb, and only stared at her, wondering for the hundred thousandth time at the inconsistency of women.

She just looked at me, her eyes bright and her cheeks quite pink, and she said:

"He's the handsomest man I ever saw; he is one of the Bryants of Dorchester, a cousin of my mother's (isn't that queer?). He's as good as gold and as nice as he can be, and I do wish he'd fall in love with Maureen."

Which speech, as I have already remarked, struck me dumb.

There was no use in reminding her, "You said so and so a week ago." She would have waved me aside with an airy "One is at liberty to change one's mind." So I, metaphorically, took a back seat, and waited to see what would happen next.

What did happen was a refreshing novelty. Tom took to Bryant at once; he also took to his books, and worked like a beaver, morning, noon, and night—except now and again, when he and Bryant took a holiday and went fishing. Of this art Bryant was found to be a past master, and Tom's respect for him increased accordingly.

The other noticeable fact since his arrival was still more extraordinary.

Maureen became strangely quiet—oddly shy—a new loveliness had touched her face, and even I knew it was something which could not be accounted for by any physical cause. It was almost the difference between an "Undine" before she had a soul and after she possessed one, or at least the difference between a child and a woman.

Maureen had crossed the dividing line, and, consciously or unconsciously, somebody had won her heart.

Things went on much as usual otherwise, but, about six months after Bryant's arrival, he asked to see me in the library "on business."

My heart sank. He was going to throw up the place—of course, I knew that. He did "throw up the place," as I had expected; but he said to me when he had done so: "I think it's only fair to tell you that it's not because of any trouble I've had with Tom that I am leaving. We get on capitally. The boy has brains and grit enough for two. He'll make his mark by and by, but——" he paused.

"Out with it, man!" I said, impatiently. "I can't stand people who leave a sentence unfinished."

Bryant smiled broadly.

"All right," he said, "I'll go straight to the point. I love Miss O'Connor, your niece and ward. I am a poor man; although a small estate at Dorchester belongs to me, it has been let for years, and I haven't enough to keep a wife, even supposing that I might venture to try and win Miss O'Connor. I am getting to care for her more every day, and I'm going away because I can't stand it."

"Bless my soul!" I said, "you had better tell her that."

Bryant took a step forward, his eyes very bright.

"Do you mean to tell me that you would sanction," he began, eagerly, then checked himself hastily; "but no," he said, "it is impossible, I've hardly any money."

"But I've enough for two," said a soft voice at my elbow, and, turning round, I found Maureen beside me.

"It seems to me," I said to Bryant, "that this is a matter to settle between you. If Maureen wants to marry you, she will marry you, whether I approve or not. I'm not sure whether she wouldn't marry you, whether you approved or not. Anyhow, I am off to the farm; you can fight it out between yourselves."

I met my wife in the passage. Her face was simply a note of interrogation.

"It's all right," I said, laconically. "Bryant and Maureen are in there."

"Then he has fallen in love with her," she said, joyfully.

"It looks like it," I remarked.

But she paid no attention and went on:

"And he will marry her?"

"I shouldn't be surprised," I said, "but of one thing I am certain—she will marry him."

And she did.—Saturday Night.

SCIENCE & MECHANICS

Night ascensions of the Lebaudy balloons are facilitated by an acetylene searchlight on the Eiffel Tower, the pencil of light following the airship.

What is said to be the largest electromagnet in the world has been installed in the Bridgeport (Conn.) Hospital. It will be used for extracting pieces of iron and steel from the eyes of machinists and other metal workers who may be injured.

The solar engine of Captain W. A. Jacques has a small steam boiler in the concentrated rays of the sun and a condensing steam engine. A motor of ten-horse power, costing about $3000, has reflectors about thirty-six feet in diameter and containing 10,000 square feet of surface.

The American Inventor tells of a narcotic bomb invented by a surgeon in the Austrian Army, which may be fired from any gun. This bomb has a time fuse, and when dropped amid a regiment of the enemy will not explode, but will fill the air with narcotic gases strong enough to make 2000 men unconscious for several hours. It is an application of the principles on anaesthetic surgery to war.

The recent excitement in the cotton market has served to attract attention to the possibilities of cotton raising in various places where that industry has not yet been developed. From Bogota, for instance, comes the information that in some parts of Colombia cotton can be seen growing wild on land that has never been tilled, and the newspapers of that country are trying to create a sentiment in favor of the cultivation of cotton there.

Our knowledge of glaciers has been considerably advanced by some experiments which have recently been carried out on a glacier in the Tyrol. The ice was bored at a distance of about a mile and a quarter from its tip, at a point where its breadth was over 2000 feet. The bed rock was there reached at a depth of 500 feet. The temperature was found to be at the melting point throughout the whole extent of its tongue, and it was also ascertained that the glacier bed is trough-shaped, and that the surface ice moves more rapidly than that at the bottom. The holes which were bored have been plugged with pieces of wood, which for a long time will serve as indices of the rate of motion, and also of the rapidity of the melting process.

Ivory in Vogue Aga'

It is remarkable how the cycle of fashion wheels round and round, bringing back into vogue that which has been formerly vulgarized and, therefore, set aside by connoisseurs of beauty who can afford to satisfy their whims. Ivory toilet sets, for instance, are again in fashion after years of neglect, during which time silver backed brushes have been in vogue, which have been superseded by gold ones, and again by tortoise shell sets mounted in gold, at present the apex of extravagance and fashion.

Some people say it is the interest we feel in the Japanese at this moment that has brought back the ivory toilet sets into favor, but others declare that it is simply the moment for ivory. A jeweler says that there is another cause, and that is that ivory is not quite so expensive as it was. It is being used either plain or carved, and sometimes delicately colored with art nouveau tints and designs.

A FILIPINO TEACHER.

A Filipino Teacher.

The advancement of education among the Filipinos under American influence is rapidly progressing. Not only are there now a large number of American teachers in the islands doing daily excellent work, but the number of well-qualified Filipino teachers is constantly increasing. Among these Miss Pilar Zamora, whose portrait appears here, is of especial interest just now because she is in charge of the model school on the Philippine Reservation at the St. Louis Fair, and has been largely instrumental in the collection of exhibits for the educational display at the Exposition. She is a native Filipino, about twenty-five years old. She graduated from the Collegio de Santa Rosa, a Jesuit institution. After American occupation she took an English course, graduating in 1902, and assuming charge of the Santa Cruz school in Manila. Later she was transferred to the Manila Normal College. Miss Zamora believes thoroughly in having American methods and the American language instituted in the islands for the education of the natives.

FILIPINO ARCHERS.

—From The Century.

The Daughter of a Tagalo Chief, With Brother and Servant.

Filipino Archers

Archery has been practiced in the United States at intervals, in a desultory way, and on two or three occasions has seemed on the point of becoming popular. About 1830 it must have been practiced here to a considerable extent, judging from the trade catalogues and manuals published about that time by the dealers in archery goods. Again about 1875 there was a revival of the sport in this country, and in 1879 there was formed a National Association, which has held its annual contests since, though public interest in the sport has not been sustained.

The Potomac Archery Club, of Washington was organized in 1879, and is one of the few clubs that have kept up an organization. Archery is still practiced in the Philippine Islands, as shown by the accompanying cut.

JAPANESE INFANTRY IN THEIR ORDER

TO MAKE WALKING EASY.

Who has not at one time or another experienced the tortures of walking in uncomfortable shoes, and who has not more than once wondered why some growing genius did not present to suffering humanity a remedy for the many evils that do beset the feet?

What seems to be a solution of the trouble will be found in a newly-contrived shoe which has for its purpose

THE EASY-WALKING SHOE.

the comfort of the wearer first, last and all the time. As will be seen by the picture the sole is so constructed that elasticity and ventilation are given with each movement of the foot. The shoe yields to the inclination of the instep in walking, and the compression and depression of the sole successively forces little draughts of air beneath the inner sole. It is said that this new shoe is highly recommended from a sanitary standpoint.

WORLD'S OLDEST CITY.

Chicago University's Expedition Unearths the Ancient City of Adab.

Udnunki, the ancient Adab, perhaps the oldest city in the world, has been discovered by the University of Chicago's excavating expedition in Babylonia.

This city has for many years been the object of search by Orientalists. It is mentioned in the code of Hammurabi, an early king of Babylonia, which document was translated recently by Professor Robert F. Harper of the University of Chicago, who is director of the expedition.

Professor Harper received the good news in a cablegram from Professor E. J. Banks, field director of the expedition, who since leaving this country last winter for Bismya, in Babylonia, has announced many important discoveries. The uncovering of ancient Adab is the greatest triumph of the expedition and one of the most important archaelogical achievements of recent years.

Dr. Banks informed Professor Harper that he had found bricks bearing the syllables "Ud-Nun-Ki" at the lowest level of the ruins. He is certain that these bricks identify the city of Adab. With a force of 120 men he excavated the ruins at Bismya and found the remains of four temples, built one above the other, which he named according to the kings who built them.

The dates became earlier until finally the bricks identifying Udnunki were found. Among the other articles which Dr. Banks discovered are marble statues, onyx and sandstone lamps and many bronze articles. He denied the report that there had been a theft of valuables.

"The discoveries announced by Dr. Banks are of the greatest importance to science," said Professor Harper, after receiving the news. "The site, which is being excavated by our expedition, undoubtedly has the ancient name of Udnunki, which most students read as the ancient Adab referred to in the code of King Hammurabi. Work on the ruins of Udnunki will be discontiued for the present as the excavators are spending the heated term in Bagdad."

Ferret That Likes Music.

Warren Sheley, a young son of Dr. O. C. Sheley of Independence, is the possessor of a full grown ferret, a present from some place out in Kansas. The animal has the appearance of an elongated white rat with a kitten's tail, and is not only thoroughly domesticated, but is about the most entertaining house pet imaginable.

It plays with a string like a kitten and is very fond of music, dancing in a kangaroo sort of fashion when its young master whistles a lively tune. It seems specially fond of a zither owned by Master Sheley, and never seems quite so well satisfied as when resting its long, pinkish body across this instrument and scratching the strings with its claws. In addition to being a rare pet, the ferret is sure death to rats and mice, not to mention chickens. It is said to be able to kill any dog that attacks it, its method of protecting itself being to fasten its needle-like teeth in the dog's throat and then to cling there until it has sucked away the animal's life blood. Master Sheley's pet, however seems friendly enough to his big shepherd dog, the two playing together in perfect comradeship.—Kansas City Journal.

The Passion of Giving.

"Giving becomes a disease in time," remarked a West Philadelphia woman who has had some experience in very practical forms of charitable work. "It is delightful to most of us to be assured that some deed of ours has given great pleasure or done much good. Indeed, it gives us more satisfaction than many deeds acted out from the most purely selfish motives, and will appeal to us after these more selfish pleasures cease to please. It takes a terrific hold on many people. Women who have been able to give liberally have continued after they had nothing of value, sending silly, worn-out finery that could not possibly be of use to anybody. But they have tasted the joy of conferring benefits, of receiving gratitude, and they simply can't deny themselves. Why, people have stolen that they might not have to give up the pleasure of bestowing gifts! Nothing can exceed the lengths to which this passion for giving will carry the victims."—Philadelphia Record.

A Goat Story.

A well-known suburbanite who had been greatly troubled by the depredations of a neighbor's goat was driven to desperation one day when he learned that the animal had consumed a favorite red flannel coat of his. Determined on the goat's destruction, he employed an unscrupulous small boy who lived in the neighborhood to secure him to the railroad track just before the daily express was due. Some days afterward a friend inquired with interest if the goat had been effectually disposed of.

"Not on your life," was the disgusted answer; "that goat has a charmed life, he coughed up that red golf coat of mine and flagged the train."—Harper's Weekly.

Only One to Decline

Silas Wright, a great Democrat, who was governor of New York, and was called the "Cato of the Senate," was the only man who ever declined the vice-presidential nomination of either of the great parties when actually made.

Pride.

"Plunks is very upset about that burglary."

"Yes; and Mrs. Plunks is tickled to death because now everybody knows that she had seven dozen silver spoons to be stolen."

Relief for the Fatalist.

Even the fatalist may occasionally permit himself to curse his luck, feeling that it was destined that he should.—Puck.

The Largest Can Factory.

It is estimated that the factory at Longmont, Col., cans more peas than any other in the world

TODAY.

By Emma C. Dowd.

We cannot change yesterday—that is clear,
Or begin on tomorrow until it is here;
So all that is left for you and for me
Is to make today as sweet as can be.
—Youth's Companion.

THE LITTLE FOUR COMBINE.

By Victor Gage Kimbert.

It was the last Saturday in May. Little Mrs. Fletcher stood half irresolutely before her front door, from which she had emerged after sweeping the piazzas, and then called to a child in the next yard.

"Kathie, Kathie Raynor, tell your mamma and Mrs. Brown and Mrs. James to come over here right away, will you please?" And then going into the clean, sweet smelling sitting room she sat down in the nearest rocking chair to await their coming.

Within five minutes three curious women stood before her—only curious, for their anxiety at her sudden summons was dispelled at her easy, comfortable attitude. Whirling three chairs toward them for their acceptance, she said laughingly—

"Did you think the house was afire? No," and she glanced at the women, one with a dusting cap still on her head, another with a dusting cloth in her hand, and the third with sleeves pinned to the shoulders and tell-tale bits of flour on her arms. It was almost too bad to take you from your work, but I just had an idea that I thought would be better shared, and I wanted to lay it before you at once. You see, it is like this: the hot weather is just coming on, and I believe the thing we dread the most is the everlasting Sunday dinner that has to be planned for, and which keeps us sweating instead of resting; and I have been thinking it would be nice to only get one Sunday dinner a month and have a good time the other three Sundays. What do you think?"

A look of blank astonishment, then a ripple of laughter, from the three was her reply, and then Mrs. Raynor spoke—

"Theoretically, it is probably very nice, but practically, I fancy my husband would decidedly object to fasting, not only as a matter of principle, but of health as well."

"Oh, I have no intention of fasting, or requiring the rest of you to lose your dinner. My idea is this: here are four families of about the same size, whose Sunday dinners are the one dinner of the week because then the Johns are home, and where each family pays about the same for the dinner. Mrs. James perhaps pays more for beefsteak, or chicken, while another pays more for fruit, but taken on the whole the general bills bear a strong resemblance, though the items vary. We are all friendly, enjoy being together, and so my plan is that we take turns in preparing Sunday dinners, and spend the intervening Sundays at the homes of the others, with no care nor worry. It will be worth a small fortune to me to dress for church in the morning and have no changing till night. What do you think?" And again she looked at her visitors.

"I think it would be fine," said Mrs. Brown, "and then I could keep my Sunday school class. I have had to give it up through the summer months on account of the heat, and Sunday dinner, but I could get a substitute for three Sundays. Just think, only three Sunday dinners in three months. Count me in on this arrangement, with many thanks."

"You may count me, too," said Mrs. Raynor.

But Mrs. James hesitated.

"I really do not know what to say. I would be delighted to make some arrangement to have the Sundays more enjoyable and less fatiguing, and really it is not so very much more work to prepare a dinner for a dozen than for half that number, but I am afraid that Dick would not like to go away for dinner, he counts on Sunday dinner——"

"That's all right, my dear," said Mrs. Fletcher, laughing; "but Dick James likes to go visiting as well as anybody I know, and on the surface it is all that need appear; you will simply be invited to take dinner with us or the other of us, and when it comes your turn, nobody need be any the wiser. In the afternoon we can all out to the park, across the lake, or anywhere our sweet wills incline, and have a pleasant and profitable time."

"But," said Mrs. James, tentatively, "how about the hostess, who will have the dishes to do, et cetera? Will it not look suspicious for the rest to come here and go off together?"

"Well, you will not leave me, for I have arranged with Granny Wisner to come and help me and wash up the dishes on the Sunday I entertain. Poor soul, she would have been delighted to have come for the sake of a really good dinner, but I told her I would give her a quarter, and she half cried and said it would keep her the next week. I expect that was an exaggeration, but I know every extra cent counts with her, and it is almost an act of charity to help her get something to do. Of course no one else would be influenced by my action, but I think it is well worth the cost."

"I will get her surely if she will come," said one and another.

"Now have you arranged, supposing there should be extra company? You have to have this thing thoroughly digested without our taking any more time to think over the matter."

"Well, my plans are very flexible, I grant you, and can be altered, modified, amended, or what you please, as occasions arise requiring it, but so far as the expected company is concerned, I would pay the hostess of the day whatever she deemed a fair pro rata amount for the extra guests. And for desirable company, these dear relatives who do not care how much we eat and broil so that they are comfortable, what easier than to say, 'We are going out to dinner next Sunday' long enough before hand to nip their project in the bud. I know we all enjoy having our friends visit us, but there are limits to everything, and when a certain few make it a point to always be on hand for Sunday dinner, I think a mild lesson is in order."

Mrs. Brown flushed a little.

"You have noticed it, too, have you? Well, I do get pretty tired sometimes; of course I know to whom you are referring, and though I do care for them in a way, still when those distant cousins come and bring their friends, utterly unexpected, though I can look for them most any time, and and keep home from church, and make it the hardest day in the week, I do wish they would be more considerate."

"Well, there is a new rule in order now, and I shall expect you all to dinner one week from tomorrow. We will decide in the meantime who can best entertain us the next time, and the invitation can be given in an offhand manner at dinner, and no male biped will suppose for a moment that he is being managed," said clever Mrs. Fletcher, clever, because she knew she was the one woman of the group whose pocket book never was empty, and who could furnish the first dinner and give the others a chance to save up in the meantime for the day when they should serve.

She knew perfectly well that she should talk the matter over with Ned, and was sure of his co-operation in anything she wished, for he was one of the husbands who did not need managing, and if the other men could have known the blessing of such comradeship as existed between him and his wife, sane, loving, considerate, they would have wished for it in their own home. But training and disposition was against it, and so perfect confidence was an unknown quantity in their homes. Only in little things, but the fineness of the gold was dimmed, the beauty of the home-life impaired, to the extent that mutual confidence was imperfect.

Was the combine successful? Most emphatically so, as any one of them would tell you, could you see her personally. The minister congratulated himself because three of his teachers, who had been wont to take a vacation through the warm weather, alleging that they simply could not care for the classes and Sunday dinners, did not even suggest a substitute, and the very infrequent Sabbaths they were absent he secured Mrs. Fletcher, who had no regular class, to fill the vacancy.

Rested, cheerful women ready for the next week's work, instead of dreading it, was a partial result, and four well satisfied households throughout the summer spoke much for the combination.

One day Mrs. Raynor asked Mrs. Fletcher how she came to think of such a delightful arrangement.

"Well, I did not exactly think of it, it evolved as most things do. When my sister and I both lived in the same city, it was an understood thing that every other Sunday only one should get dinner. One day I thought how nice it would be to enter into some such plan with a neighbor; gradually, as I thought it over, I decided that four would be the right number, neither too many nor too few, and selected you three to help me, as first choice. If for any reason either of you had thought it impossible, I should have selected some one else, for I was determined to try it, and equally determined you should enjoy it if I could persuade you."

"Well, I can say right now that I never enjoyed a summer more. Some way, that free coming in made me feel as if I was free from responsibility for a time, and gave me strength to rest, for it takes strength to do that," and she laughed a little constrainedly.

"It certainly does, and it takes sense as well. So many of us take our cares with us continually, instead of just considering them when it is necessary, that we get wrinkled and old long before we need," was the reply.

Ned Fletcher, who was in the secret, helped it on with all his might, many a time with his genuine good humor and sound sense, and also planned afternoon outings during the week when the men would do all the work and the women have a half-day's pleasure. Fish and chickens cooked in mud in a great camp fire, with plenty of plain bread and butter, made a supper fit for a king, he asserted, and they were fain to agree with him; though when some one suggested pickles and cheese as an appetizer, he profited by it.

The last Sunday in September he rose at the end of the dinner and toasted the "Little Four Combine," as he had dubbed them all summer, and then he had to explain, and a merry laugh and a hearty vote of thanks to the originator followed.

"And we are going to do the same thing next summer," said Mrs. Brown, with emphasis. "And I know four others who are going to try the plan."
—Waverley Magazine.

We Are the Richest.

The United States constitutes the richest nation on the globe. Mulhall furnishes these figures: United States $81,750,000,000, Great Britain $59,030,000,000, France $47,950,000,000, Germany $40,260,000,000, Russia $32,125,000,000, Austria $22,560,000,000, Italy $15,800,000,000, Spain $11,300,000,000. These computations are based upon values as shown by real estate records, buildings, merchandise and railways, as well as the circulating medium in each nation.

Our Occupations.

A Census Bureau report on occupations shows that in continental United States the total number of persons engaged in gainful occupations in 1900 was 29,073,233, which constituted one-half the population, ten years of age or over, and nearly two-fifths of the entire population. Of these 4,833,630 were women and 1,750,178 were children. Those of foreign birth aggregated 5,851,399, or one-fifth of the total number of gainful workers.

INTERESTING TREE LORE.

Talk With Man Who Knows All About Woodland Growths.

"How many leaves do you think a tree has?" asked the man who had read it all up, stopping his friend in the park, relates the New York Sun. "Of course, you don't know. Some birches have 200,000, and each leaf has 100,000 mouths. I know of a 60-year-old birch that had 35,000 leaves and a 35-year-old one that had only 3,000.

"These 35,000 leaves, dried, weighed only ten pounds and the 3,000 dried, only three-quarters of a pound. But they do tremendous work in a season. During a spring and summer, birches and lindens have been found to exhale 600 or 700 pounds of water per pound of dry leaves; the ash tree about 500; beeches, 400; maples, 400, and oaks, 250. The conifers give out about 100 pounds a tree. To stagger you still more, an acre of beech forest of, say, 500 trees, would exhale about 2,000,000 pounds.

"And the funniest part of it all to me is that the water in a tree, or the moisture, really amounts to more than half the weight of the tree, or from 55 to 60 per cent., while the wood weighs but 40 to 45 per cent. In a big forest what you don't see weighs more than what you do see. Funny, isn't it?

"As to forests and water," continued the tree man, "I learned that a partial cutting down of the Volga river valley forests had the tremendous effect of lessening so great an area of water as the Caspian Sea. I figured the comparison and found that pro rata six feet of water would be taken off Lake Superior, eight off Lake Michigan, 18 off Lake Erie and 27 off Lake Ontario. I was staggered.

"Then I found that deforestation, as we call it, has robbed the Vistula River of 26 inches of water, the magnificent Rhine of 28 inches and the beautiful blue Danube of 55 inches. Let me hit you nearer home. The Hudson has been called a drowned river because the sea encroaches upon it. But you're drowning it more now by your deforestation and you'd better hurry up with those Adirondack lands. The salt water now, they say, goes up to Hastings.

"The Schuylkill is less in volume than ever. So is the Mohawk and so is the Connecticut. Even the fish left the lower part of the Savannah River; but they're trying to do something with that water now.

"Another queer thing is that Christopher Columbus' son Fernando, who crossed the ocean with him, was the first man to start the question of forests causing rainfall, by his observations of the wealth of vegetation on the Island of Jamaica."

COTTON FROM THE FIR TREE.

The Fibres, After Pulverization, Are Passed Through Special Machines.

Writing from Rouen, France, Thornwell Hayners, United States Consul, sends the following to the Department of Commerce and Labor:

The French Chamber of Commerce of Milan says that an artificial cotton is now made from the cellulose of the fir tree freed from bark and knots. The fibres, after being pulverized by a special machine, are placed in a horizontal brass, leadlined cylinder of some 3,500 cubic feet capacity and steamed for ten hours, after which 2,000 cubic feet of a bisulphate of soda wash is added and the whole is heated for thirty-six hours under a pressure of three atmospheres.

Then the wood or fibre which has become very white, is washed and ground by a series of strong metallic meshes, after which it is again washed and given an electro-chemical bleaching by means of chloride of lime. Passage between two powerful rollers then dries the matter, producing a pure celulose, which when reheated in a tight metal boiler containing a mixture of chloride of zinc and hydrochloric and nitric acids, to which is added a little castor oil, casein, and gelatin to give a resistance to the fibre, gives a very consistent paste.

Threads are then produced by passing this paste through a kind of draw-plate. These threads, after being passed over a gummed cloth, are immersed in a weak solution of carbonate of soda and passed between two slowly turning drying cylinders. Finally, to give the necessary solidity, the thread is treated to a ammoniacal bath and rinsed in cold water, after which the product is pliable and works well.

In Bavaria experiments have recently been made to produce cotton from pine wood, and it is claimed that the trials have been very successful.

Among the Mortalities.

When the average announcement of six deaths from heat is analyzed it "pans" about as follows: Item 1—Three babies died, which would have died anyway, not from heat, but really from lack of heat, say at the ages of 1, 2 and 3 months respectively. Item 2—One small boy was drowned. It is probably true that if he hadn't been hot he wouldn't have gone near water, but at the same time he was drowned, not because he was hot, but because he couldn't swim. Item 3—An old lady died of pneumonia. Item 4—An old gentleman, who had long suffered from a complication of diseases, including diabetes and dropsy, but who is thought to have died from heat because when found he had a fan in his hand. One morning paper, determined to roll up an imposing total, actually enumerates horses among the mortalities. Isn't the humidity enough without this sort of thing?—Pittsburg Press.

The Czar Plays Cricket.

One of the Czar's first acts after his return from his recent tour in the country was to have cricket-pitch laid out in the park at Tsakkoe Selo. At first most of those who were privileged to play cricket with the Emperor were extremely nervous at the idea of his being hit by the ball, and intentionally bowled wide to avoid striking his majesty.

Of the 90,000 Catholics in Japan, 10,000 live in Tokio.

QUEER ANIMAL FIGHTS.

WHEN ANGRY ARE REGARDLESS OF OPPONENT'S STRENGTH.

A Fox Killed by a Rooster—A Kangaroo Battled With and Conquered Buffalo Bull—How the Deer and the Horse Fight.

When once an animal's temper has become aroused it is strange how utterly regardless it becomes of the strength and ability of the object of its anger.

At Compton Paunceforte, in Somersetshire, a fox was killed in a poultry yard by an infuriated cock. It appears that the fox made a raid on the young chicks, and after killing several belonging to certain hens, turned its attention to the brood of another. This conduct, however, the plucky cock would not permit without a struggle, and rushing at the fox, it was fortunate to pierce it in the eye with its spur with such force that the spur penetrated right into the fox's brain, becoming so securely fixed that the victor could not remove it without the assistance of a farm laborer, who had been an interested spectator of the contest between the ill-assorted pair.

Another curious contest, between a kangaroo and a buffalo, took place in a large zoological garden in the north of England. The two animals, after breaking loose from their enclosure, met face to face in an open space in the park. Without any preliminary quarrel, the bull made a furious onslaught on the kangaroo, which at first contented itself with an endeavor to avoid the charge.

After a few minutes, however, the bull's attention became altogether too personal to pass unrebuked, and using its hoofs as battering rams the kangaroo belabored the buffalo in the most effective manner. Roaring and bellowing, the irate buffalo made repeated attempts to gore its antagonist to death, but with scant success, the kangaroo proving a most "slippery" foe. The fray waxed furious for over an hour, at the end of which time the buffalo retired, not before, however, its carcass bore unmistakable signs of the kangaroo's attention.

Gillies in Scotland relate many stories of fierce contests between stags. It is believed that these fights are invariably brought on through jealousy, caused by one stag challenging another's right to be at the head of the herd.

Using their antlers as weapons of war the two stags thrust and gore at each other until one animal is done to death. It is by no means an uncommon thing for their massive antlers to become entangled and locked together, in which case one animal's horns are frequently pulled right off its head; while on several occasions pairs of antlers have been found on the moors unmistakably witnesses of the ferocity of a contest between these animals.

Horses use either their teeth or their hoofs as a mode of defence. A curious instance of the effectiveness of these weapons occurred at Sheffield Park. A bulldog, barking and snarling, chased a horse turned loose, around a meadow—not with angry intent, but purely from an excess of high spirits. After galloping round the field several times, the horse stopped dead, and turning sharply around lashed out at the yelping dog, with a fatal result, for its skull was cloven.

The gorilla is a most formidable opponent in battle, its great strength lying in its powerful arms. Few animals of the forest have the slightest chance of overpowering a gorilla. A python has been known to encircle its coils around the gorilla's body, only, however, to have its own body torn open by its adversary's hands.

Fish fighting is a most peculiar sport in Siam. The two fish, trained from the age of six months to fight, are placed in a large glass bottle. It is most curious to note each fish's attitude when it becomes aware of its adversary's presence in the bottle. Swelling with rage and pride, they sail around and around the narrow space, pretending not to notice each other, until suddenly one fish makes a savage dart at its unwelcome companion, biting its fins and body. The fight continues until the referee sees that the issue is no longer in doubt, when the contest is stopped.—London Answers.

Three Graces, but Which?

With the announcement at Newport of the engagement of Miss Elsie Cryder, one of the noted 18-year-old Cryder triplets, to William Woodward, society is asking itself whether the complications in which the beautiful triplets figure will never end.

A year ago a friend of the Cryder family could walk up to Miss Elsie, or Miss Edith, or Miss Ethel Cryder and remark without fear of making a mistake.

"Good morning, Miss Cryder. Aren't the Newport breezes simply delightful?"

But that is no longer possible. Miss Edith in June married Frederick Lathrop Ames and it is reported that Miss Ethel also is to wed. As the result of all this the young men of the Newport smart set are always making mistakes. A New York society man asked one of the triplets to go automobiling with him today.

"I am sure the day is delightful for a ride, Miss Ethel!" he said.

"But I am not Miss Ethel," she answered frigidly.

"I beg your pardon, Miss Cryder," he exclaimed, changing color.

"But I am not Miss Cryder," she said. "I am Mrs. Ames."—Baltimore Sun.

For the Telephone.

In the house of a woman physician was observed a very intelligent sanitary device, says the Philadelphia Press. The mouthpiece of the telephone was fitted with a cover, something like the felt piece with which a photographer shields his lens. This cover was always kept on the mouthpiece when the telephone was not in use, the object being to keep out dust, which in a doctor's office might be infected with an unsual allowance of germs. The example is worth following in any house.

POINTS ABOUT COW MILKING.

It Is Not an Easy Task for the Inexperienced.

"Most city persons," said a millionaire amateur farmer, according to the New York Press, "labor under the impression that to milk a cow is easy. There could be no greater mistake. Milking requires a peculiar movement of the wrist, which, if not learned in one's youth, seldom is learned afterward. Some cows are more easily milked than others, but even in the case of the easy ones it has to be done in a certain way or not at all. I have known some inexperienced persons to acquire the movement after a few trials, but they found it imposed such an unnatural strain on the muscles of the wrist that they seldom essayed a second attempt.

"I had a young fellow from the city out at my place one summer who had the idea that it was as easy to get milk as it was to drink it. As a usual thing we don't let an inexperienced person try to milk a cow, for there is nothing that will dry her up quicker than to be made the subject of experiments; but this young fellow was so dead certain that he knew all about it that I took him out to the shed one evening after the cows had been stanchioned and were placidly munching their grain, and told him to go ahead and see what he could do.

"When he looked at the long line of animals, and saw them switching their tails and now and then kicking at a fly, his heart seemed to fail him.

"'I can't sit down in here at the beginning,' he protested; 'can't we take one of them outside?'

"In order to humor him I chased an easy milker out into the yard, and then handed him a stool and a pail. He stood gazing at the cow thoughtfully.

"'Well?' I finally asked.

"'Well?' said he.

"He looked very unhappy. 'To tell you the truth,' he at last blurted out, 'I am—er—person of some—er—that is—delicacy, and on such short acquaintance, you know, I—I don't like to take—' He came to a dead stop.

"'Bah!' I said.

"That apparently stung him into action, for he sat down on the stool like a man who seats himself in an electric chair. Then he closed his eyes and started in. A few seconds later he opened his eyes and you never saw a man so bewildered. There was nothing doing. He looked up at me in piteous appeal.

"'She—she—er—doesn't seem to have any,' he said.

"At that I laughed outright, and he got up as mad as a wet hen.

"'Now, don't get excited,' I said, soothingly. 'Let me show you how to do it.'

"Well, after I illustrated to him how easy it was he tried it again. He toiled valiantly for ten minutes without result, and then, chancing to look up, he saw he was providing entertainment for the entire population of the farm. At that he arose, kicked the pail against the fence and hurried into the house to bathe his wrists with witch hazel."

THIS WEASEL A SMALL ONE.

Could Not Whip Big Rat Fairly and Used Real Strategy.

"A weasel is a wizzard as well as a fighter, and often wins his battles by strategy," said Emmet Wolfe, of Mississippi, who was at the Galt House the other day. I was recently in a fishing camp that was near a large stack of lumber. It seemed that a large number of rats inhabited the cool crevices under the lumber pile, and one day a weasel put in its appearance. We had the pleasure of seeing a battle royal every day for several days, and by and by the weasel had killed every rat in the colony except one, which was nearly as large as a cat. They fought several times a day, and the weasel always got the worst of it.

"One day we noticed it industriously digging a hole under the woodpile, and as soon as the fight began to warm up the weasel suddenly turned tail and sneaked to the hole like all possessed. The rat followed in hot pursuit, and both disappeared in the mouth of the weasel's hole. It was only a twinkling until the weasel reappeared and flashed into the hole again. We watched a long time, and neither animal appeared. Finally we moved the wood and dug up the weasel's hole. We found the rat—dead—and the weasel had dug itself out another way. The weasel had trapped the rat and killed it at leisure, the hole being too small at one end for the rat to escape, which the weasel knew all the time."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Star is Far Away.

"In July I always look for this fellow."

The astronomer fixed his great telescope on a star that locked no bigger than a pin point—a small, bright star, shining with a white and steady light.

"That little star," he said, "is so far away that it takes its light 3,500,000 years to reach us. The beam from it that you now see was given forth 3,500,000 years ago. What, I wonder, was the world like then?

"And do you know how fast these star beams travel? They travel at the rate of 12,000,000 miles a minute. Think of it—12,000,000 miles multiplied by 3,500,000 years reduced to minutes—that is the distance from the star to us.

"Here is a strange fact. The star may have been annihilated 2,500,000 years ago, but we, in that case, would know nothing of its annihilation till 1,000,000 years from now, for whatever should happen on this star would take 3,500,000 years to reach us.

"Imagine a Russo-Japanese war on the star. The war news would come to us a little stale, eh?"—Portland Oregonian.

PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE.

"The Smitherses have a new gasoline stove," remarked Mr. Courtney to his spouse.

"Howd'ja know that?" she asked.

"I heard the explosion."—What to Eat.

ORCHARD and GARDEN

To Preserve Fence Posts.

Take boiled oil and mix with pulverized charcoal to the thickness of paint, and paint the posts with this mixture. Posts treated in this way will last twice as long. Poplar and basswood posts can be made to last as long as any others by using this paint, which will cost but two cents a post.—H. C. Hemmingsen in The Epitomist.

Mange on Swine.

Mange on swine is caused by filth and unnatural conditions. It is due to minute parasites, which burrow under the skin. It cannot be easily cured, but if the animals are thoroughly scrubbed on a warm day, using carbolic acid soap, then well rinsed, and when dry thoroughly anointed with a mixture of four parts lard and one part kerosene, two or three times, and given clean quarters, the mange will disappear if the animals are then kept clean.

About Radishes.

Radishes grow very quickly, and will get out of the way of other plants in time to give them an opportunity to push forward. Hence, in order to save room radish seed may be sown as they also serve to show the rows of plants that are slow of growth. The Long Scarlet variety is one of the best. In order to have them crisp and tender they should be pushed forward as rapidly as possible. They are easily forced in cold frames and every one should take advantage of such opportunities.

Thin Out Plants.

When plants are crowded they compete for plant food and moisture. The thinning of plants in the rows will enable the grower to secure a crop during a dry season when it would be impossible to do so if they are crowded in the rows. Every weed that grows near another plant takes from the soil the elements for the support of that plant and appropriates moisture that may be desirable. The best remedy for drought is thorough cultivation, which destroys weeds and prevents escape of moisture.

The Morning Feeding.

Feeding too often is a serious mistake. If the hens are in good condition for laying they will thrive much better if compelled to come off the roost in the morning and scratch for their breakfast than if they walk up to a feed trough and fill their crops. The morning feed of grain and seeds may be scattered in the litter after they are on the roosts at night, so that they can begin as early in the morning as they desire. Before going to roost at night they may be given all the can eat. They will digest all that the crop will hold before morning.—Mirror and Farmer.

Fences.

The question often arises as to whether fences are necessary to separate the flocks. If no males are used with the hens, and each flock is kept in a separate house, they will respect boundaries simply because if the hen strays into some other flock than her own the other hens to which she is a stranger will fall upon her and give her a chastisement. This may be tested at any time by placing a strange hen in a yard of fowls. She will be treated with cruelty and will have to keep out of the way until she gradually becomes acquainted with all the members of the flock.

Kill Early Weeds.

One-half the labor of summer may be avoided by killing the early weeds. If the ground has been put in a fine condition much of the work of weed-destruction may be done with the hand-wheel hoe, which works close to the smallest plants, without injury. If weeds get a start they will greatly retard the cultivated plants and keep them from making fair growth before summer, at which season there is always liability of drought. Weeds can be eradicated from a farm entirely by systematically working against them and preventing them from seeding and multiplying, as the large majority of weeds are annuals.

Feeding Hogs Too Long.

The Oregon Experiment station conducted an experiment in pig feeding to determine the effect of continuing to feed fat hogs after they had reached their apparent maximum condition. The hogs were fed 92 days, at least 30 days longer than it is profitable to feed for fattening, as a rule. The first 15 days of the period one pound of gain was made for each 4.15 pounds of peas and barley, mixed, consumed—the grain fed. The next 15 days it took 5.40 pounds to make a pound of gain; the next 6.02 pounds; the next 6.88 pounds. The fifth period, or from the 60th to 75th day, it took 17.66 pounds to make a pound of gain, and from the 75th to the 92d it required 19.64 pounds to produce that result. This suggests the bad policy of "holding hogs for a better market" after they are in marketable condition.

Seed Hints.

In using seed the climate must be taken into consideration. Corn is a semi-tropical plant, and requires plenty of warmth. Many farmers are led astray by tempting inducements to try varieties that are prolific, endeavoring to secure certain kinds that produce from three to four ears on each stalk. What is most desired is early maturity; but the greater the number of ears and the taller the stalk, the longer the time required for growth, and hence the farmer should aim to select the kind that he knows will mature in his section, though he should endeavor to secure the best that is most suitable to his soil. Corn is a gross feeder, and cannot be injured by too much well-rotted manure, especially if the ground is thoroughly prepared. As a "starter" in the hills, which is not necessary on all soils, some good brand of fertilizer may be used.

Farm Notes.

Never feed little chickens more than they will eat at a time.

Wash, scald, clean, whitewash and disinfect the henhouses.

Poorly shaped eggs are not good for hatching; use or sell them.

Epsom salts in the drinking water is a cure for colds in chicks.

In profitable butter making it is all-important to suit your customers.

For best results do not have the male related to the rest of the flock.

Keep the dust boxes in the sun; the hens like it and it keeps the dust dry.

A little feed will often save a good deal of time in milking a restless cow.

Sweet potatoes and cornmeal are excellent for fattening fowls for market.

A cow, in order to be a prolific yielder of milk, must be a hearty eater with good digestive powers.

Dairying, like any other business, is most successful when grown into gradually, as experience is gained.

There are times when the best of stock does not pay as one would wish, but when good stock is not paying it's a poor lookout for the inferior kind.

OLD-TIME FLOWERS IN FASHION.

They Last Longer and Fewer Are Needed—And They Are Cheapest.

Flowers that flourished in grandmother's garden are the fashion now. Folks who are staying in town, either from choice or necessity, are ordering hollyhocks, larkspur, phlox, thrift, marigolds and the like for decorations, and the gardens about the big country places are filled with blossoms that bring back childhood's days.

The old-time flowers have many things in their favor. First of all, they are cheap, for they are easily cultivated. Then they are thoroughly decorative and, almost without exception, possess a pungent, telling odor that speaks of the earth.

"Another thing in their favor," as a Broadway florist argued, "is their last ing quality. By adding fresh water and a bit of salt each day the old-fashioned summer flowers will hold their form, color and fragrance for a week or more.

"Then, a few of these flowers go such a long way. Americans are at last learning the way of arranging flowers properly. What could be more hideous than formal bouquets of flowers here and there in a house?

"In Japan the art of arranging flowers is taught in manuals just as we teach the multiplication table here. Every girl there at a very tender age begins this study. Each day her task is to change the flowers in every room in the house. They fully appreciate the beauty of the solitude in floral decorations, and I will never forget the expression of a high Japanese official's face when he came into my shop just after landing in this country and saw the bouquets for a bride and her six maids. I could almost see the cold chills chasing one another up and down his spine.

"In Japan one ses a single iris, a single peony, a stalk of azalea, one blossoming branch of the cherry, or a few bright green leaves in the beautiful vases hanging from their polished posts. One never sees a lot of flowers of this, that and the other kind pushing and crowding each other in the same vase.

"The old-time garden flowers so much the rage now do not lend themselves happily to this cruel crowding, and so I say they are a good fashion in the aesthetic sense of the term."—New York Sun.

Intoxicated Wasps.

Wasps have a great fondness for overripe fruit, especially pears, plums and sweet apples. The sugar of these fruits has a tendency to pass into a kind of alcohol in the ordinary process of rotting, and after imbibing large quantities of this liquid the vasps become outrageously intoxicated. They crawl away in the grass in a semi-somnolent condition and remain till the effects have passed off, when they will go at it again. It is while in this condition that they do their worst stinging. A person receiving a sting from one of these intoxicated wasps will suffer severely from nerve poisoning for days.

Curious Custom.

A curious custom has just been celebrated at Klin, near Moscow. All the marriageable girls in the town lined up in the principal street, decked out in their simple finery, many of them also having with them the stock of linen, household and personal, which forms part of their dowry. The young men contemplating matrimony then walked down the serried ranks of beauty as they moved towards the church, and selected the girls of their choice. A formal visit to the parents to arrange details was then made in each case, and a date fixed for the ceremony.

Seven Feet Left.

The Guide—Well, here we are on the peak at last.

The Tourist—Oh, guide! do you mean to say we can get no higher? Don't say that I can ascend no farther.

The Guide—Well, you can climb up this alpenstock if you want to. It's seven feet long.

Turning the Turf.

"Nearly time for turning over the turf, isn't it, old man?" asked the young man of the farmer.

"Yes," replied the countryman, looking at his plaid hose; "better be getting your golf sticks ready."—Yonkers Statesman.

ANOTHER KING JOHN, AND IN SHELBY COUNTY, TOO?

All the civil rights of the citizen in this country are founded on the Constitution. It is a compendium and the palladium of the sacred rights and privileges of the people. It is a fundamental and supreme law, taking precedence over legislative acts and executive and judicial mandates and sentences. "In order to establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity," it is essential that the Constitution be obeyed and enforced, in letter and in spirit. No one reaches to the full stature of citizenship in this State, until he has held up his hand, invoking the aid of Deity, and sworn to support the Constitution; no officer can enter upon his duties to the public, until he again plights his vows in support of the Constitution.

No higher tribute can be paid to citizen or judge, than that he supports the Constitution; for then he has fulfilled all the law; he has faithfully and honestly performed the duties to which he was called; he has kept the decalogue of all civil relations. He who will not endeavor to support it, puts himself down as superior to rights of the people; repudiates his duty to them; throws off all restraint; is not bound by any rule of conduct save his own will, and violates his solemn oath. He is out of harmony with the music of domestic tranquility and is "fit for treason, stratagem and spoils."

Judge Longshore has deliberately put himself in this latter class. At Shelby, and other places in the county, he has publicly and emphatically stated that he will not support the Constitution except under compulsion. In order to realize more clearly his position, let us parallel his statement, as written down on the spot, with the solemn oath he took and subscribed when he assumed office. Study statement and oath:

"I will not support that Constitution only so far as the law COMPELS me."

"I, A. P. Longshore, solemnly swear, that I will support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Alabama, so long as I am a resident thereof; and that I will faithfully and honestly discharge the duties of the office upon which I am about to enter, to the best of my ability. So help me God."

Viewed from the standpoint of common integrity, as well as patriotic duty, the oath of office is but a confessed stultification, to the man who makes so monstrous a statement; his declaration being, in effect, that his inclination, alone, furnishes the criterion for his official actions, oath to the contrary, nevertheless, until the over-ruling power of some other tribunal or process is invoked to compel duty at his hands; that he recognizes no guarantee of rights to the citizen, and is amenable, only, to superior force. He would deny that men are equally free and independent; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain malienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that political power is inherent in the people; that no religion should be established by law; that the people and their houses shall be secure from unreasonable seizures and searches; and that the accused in criminal prosecutions has any rights; that no person shall be accused, arrested, detained or tried, except in cases ascertained by law; nor put twice in jeopardy for the same offense, nor barred from prosecuting or defending any civil cause to which he is a party; that trial by jury shall remain inviolate; that the truth may be given in evidence in prosecutions for libel; that the courts shall be open for righting of injuries, and justice administered without sale, denial or delay; that excessive fines shall not be imposed, nor cruel or unusual punishment be inflicted; that all persons before conviction shall be bailable, except in certain capital cases, and excessive bail shall never be required; that the privilege of habeas corpus shall not be suspended; that no person shall be imprisoned for debt; that no power of suspending laws shall be exercised, except by the legislature; that private property shall not be taken for, or applied to, public use, unless just compensation be first made therefor; that the people have a right in a peaceable manner to assemble together for the common good, and to apply for redress; that every citizen has a right to bear arms in self defense, and defense of the State; that the privilege of suffrage shall be protected by laws regulating elections, and prohibiting undue influence from power, bribery, tumult or other improper conduct; that foreigners who become bona fide residents, shall enjoy the same rights of property as native born citizens; that the property of private corporations (such as railroads) and individuals, shall be taxed at the same rate; that money raised by SPECIAL taxation for a SPECIAL PURPOSE, can only be used for such purpose; that the sole object and only legitimate end of government is to protect the citizen in the enjoyment of life, liberty and property, and when the government assumes other functions, it is usurpation and oppression. These are some of the things the citizens of Alabama are guaranteed in the Constitution, and which Judge Longshore says he will not support without compulsion.

It is an appalling position for any man, not to say judicial officer to occupy; this assumed by Judge Longshore, who, officially, deals with the cherished rights of the people in Shelby county.

Have not the acts of Judge Longshore followed the trend of his declared attitude toward the Constitution? Take the removal of special funds from the channel prescribed by the Constitution. Take the continued levy of illegal taxes, by resisting which the railroads are released from paying the same rate as the individual, and the fact that such acts must be stopped, if at all, by judgment of a superior court—legal compulsion.

Now, that Judge Longshore has defined this as his deliberate conduct and future policy, let the people beware of him, and elect a judge who will support the Constitution, in which is embodied essential liberty and welfare—will support it, not from compulsion, but from choice, desire; from his sense of duty, from patriotic love, and an appreciation of his solemn oath.

The Advocate is So Truthful, You Know.

The Advocate, which poses as the very embodiment of all that is truthful, fair and just, said a short time ago:

"There are more than a thousand white men in Shelby county now disfranchised by the new Constitution; The Sentinel likes it; the Advocate don't."

Never was there a more glaring misstatement of fact and distortion of truth. The populist leaders have exerted their every effort to show that white men have been disfranchised, and with all their efforts they have been able to cite to but two instances, and surrounding those, even, there is a chain of suspicious circumstances that leads most people to believe that there was a plan to deceive. What the Advocate and the populist spell-binders hope to gain by their willful deception is beyond the ken of man. But juggling of words and twisting of statements will not make them any votes.

More than a thousand white men disfranchised in Shelby county! Geewhilikins, what a whopper!

Will Judge Longshore tell to the people of Shelby County why a portion of the taxes paid by the Southern Mineral Land Company in this county was refunded by the Commissioners' Court?

Illustration of Populist Mendacity.

The Advocate says, and Judge Longshore has proclaimed it time and again in this campaign that the Democrats are responsible for the much talked of road machinery being in Shelby county. This is only one of the many methods adopted by the populist leaders to mislead the people. The next story they will tell, probably, is that the Democrats contracted for the machinery.

The Sentinel would like to ask if the Democrats issued two county warrants, No. 584, and No. 637, the two aggregating $555, which were issued to pay the freight on said machinery? And we would like to ask if the Democrats paid out about $200 of the county's money to pay the expense of making a trial experiment with the said machinery. We would like to ask if it was a Democratic Probate Judge who signed a contract for said road machinery in April, 1903? We would like to ask if Judge Longshore did not say in a speech in Beat 2, in April, 1904, that he had never signed any kind of a contraot in connection with said road machinery? The contract for the machinery made in April, 1903, speaks for itself. That contract is signed "A. P. Longshore, Judge of Probate of Shelby County," and the Judge now admits that he did sign the instrument. We might go a little further and ask if the populist administration did not agree in writing to return the machinery to the railroad station if the machinery did not come up to the guarantee promised by the Good Roads Machinery Company?

These are some of the things the people of this county are "making pertinent queries about," and the efforts of the populist leaders to "turn turtle" in the matter are so transparent that a blind man see through them.

The House Journal records Judge Longshore with having voted for three City Court bills while he was in the Legislature. He denies it, but the records are against him.

If the populist administration can get to levy a few more special tithes, about the only folks who will have any vines and fig trees left will be the railroads, and they are the only ones who have no use for them. Unfortunately, according to common report, they neither worship nor are they burdened with any conscience.

TAX LEVY LESSON UNDER POPULIST ADMINISTRATION.

In 1901, a tax levy of one mill on each dollar's worth of taxable property was levied to build "bridges and causeways" in Shelby county. Here's an opportunity for the taxpayer to do a little figuring on his own account and see the result.

In 1902, the Commissioners Court decided that it had better get down to "brass tax" (you've heard that expression before) and specify what particular bridges the levy of 1902 was for. Among others is the following (extract from the Commissioners' minutes):

"One at Laney's Ford across Cahaba River, to cost $3,300 * * * and to build in conjunction with Jefferson county, a bridge across the Little Cahaba River, near its mouth, to cost $3,200."

Some of the money from this levy must have gone on a still hunt for the bridge fund, and is still hunting, for when we come down to 1903, we find the following (extract from the Commissioners' minutes):

* * and that a levy of 2 mills on each dollar's worth of taxable property be and the same is hereby levied to build the following bridges: BALANCE on steel bridge on Cahaba River at Laney's Ford, $3,200; steel bridge across Cahaba River at Parker's Mill, $2,800."

Here are two levies aggregating $6,550 to pay for a bridge which the order making the levy says "to cost $3,300." One of the Commissioners informs The Sentinel that to the original cost was added about $800, making a total cost of $4,100. To pay this amount the taxpayers of Shelby county have been compelled to cough up $6,550. The records show it, and the figures prove it. And yet the populist administration is asking for a re-election at the hands of an outraged people.

In the levy of 1903, it will be seen that the people were taxed to build a bridge across the Cahaba River at Parker's Mill to cost $2,800, and in 1902 the people were taxed $3,200 for this same bridge under the caption "in conjunction with Jefferson county." That bridge has not yet been built, and at the time the levies were made it was not even contracted to be built. Both of those levies are illegal, for the Constitution says "the bridges must be built and the debt created" before the levy can be made. Even Judge Longshore admits this to be true, for he said in his speech at Dunnavant:

"YOU CAN'T LEVY A TAX FOR BRIDGES UNDER THE STATE CONSTITUTION, UNTIL YOU FIRST BUILD THE BRIDGES AND CREATE A DEBT."

And yet, Judge Longshore goes before the people and says "all the tax levies under my administration have been legal." Unsupported by any law he makes the statement. Notwithstanding that the Circuit Court of this county is against him; notwithstanding the Supreme Court of Alabama says he is wrong; notwithstanding the levies overstepped the expressed limit of the State Constitution—in the face of such authorities Judge Longshore contends that all the levies under his administration are legal. Bearing in mind the utter disregard of Constitutional law that Judge Longshore has displayed The Sentinel would ask the voters of Shelby county: has his administration dealt equitably and justly with your affairs? The Sentinel does not believe that you think so.

If Judge Longshore should be re-elected, which is not at all likely, what can be expected at his hands? His administration has placed illegal tax levies (and they have been declared illegal by the courts) upon the people of Shelby county. The people were made to pay these illegal levies; the railroads have not paid them. Judge Longshore says the levies are legal. If he says so now it is only fair to conclude that if he is re-elected the same unjust and illegal levies will be placed upon the people again. The people, not being able to contest these levies, are compelled to pay; the wealthy railroad corporations carry the matter into the courts, and it is decreed that the railroads do not have to pay the levies for the just and sufficient reason that the levies were IN EXCESS OF CONSTITUTIONAL LAW, and therefore ILLEGAL. What, then, is the deduction? The populist administration, an administration which poses as the champion (by the way, self-appointed) of the people, has assumed a power, in direct opposition to Constitutional law, and through illegal levies has squeezed the people to the tune of thousands of dollars, while the railroads have been excused by the Circuit Court from paying. The records in the Circuit Clerk's office show that the L. & N. railroad was sued for the excessive tax, and the following is the judgment of the Circuit Court:

"This day, March 24, 1902, comes the parties by attorneys, and this cause is submitted on brief, and upon consideration it is ordered by the Court that this cause be and the same is hereby decided in favor of the defendant.

Judge Pelham was presiding, and he told the defense that proof conclusive must be shown that the levy was illegal. This was done, and when Judge Pelham rendered the judgment he said the prosecution had not even the shadow of a peg upon which to hang its hat. And yet, Judge Longshore says all the tax levies under his administration are legal!

Prominent Republican Opposes Teddy.

Col. F. M. Abbott, of Selma, one of the most prominent Republicans in Alabama, and President of the Selma Street Railway Company—a Republican with whom President McKinley often consulted in regard to conditions in the South, has come out against Roosevelt, and in an interview gives his reasons for supporting Judge Parker for President, and The Sentinel commends his words to every white man in Shelby county. Colonel Abbott says:

"To the white men of Alabama: I am now, and have always been a Republican in national affairs, but I shall vote for Judge Parker this fall, and I am honest in the belief that the salvation of the Republican party is in the defeat of Mr. Roosevelt. NO WHITE MAN IN THE SOUTH, WITH ANY SELF-RESPECT CAN SUPPORT ROOSEVELT FOR RE-ELECTION.

"Mr. Roosevelt entered the White House under the most auspicious circumstances and with the good will of a reunited country. The people of the South very naturally felt kindly toward the man who had been called to the executive chair under such sad and peculiar circumstances, and when Mr. Roosevelt stood in the residence of John H. Milburn at Buffalo and took the oath of office, he gained the love of the entire Nation when he pledged himself to carry out the policy of the beloved William McKinley. But he was unable to resist the temptation of seeking a renomination and he at once surrounded himself with politicians and started an active campaign to secure the nomination at the hands of his party.

"He inaugurated a system of referees in the Southern States which was not calculated to build up a Republican party, but only to strengthen the office-holding ring. This was not Roosevelt the man, but Roosevelt the politician, seeking a renomination. The result of this system has been that men of character and self-respect have refused to identify themselves with the party organization and the office-holding ring was, as a matter of course, able to control delegations for the President and his nomination was made sure. But how much better would it have been if he had had the courage and manhood to have carried out his original policy as was displayed when he appointed Governor T. G. Jones to a Federal Judgeship, and Judge Thomas H. Roulhac as United States Attorney. This would have made the man so strong that no power could have beaten him for the nomination, and he would at the same time have retained the respect and good will of the entire people. This, together with his negro policy, is what is causing me to support the Democratic ticket, National, State and county, and no self-respecting Southern white man can or will do otherwise."

Colonel Abbott says further in this interview given to the Montgomery Advertiser, that through friends he keeps in close touch with the situation in the North, and he is confident that Mr. Roosevelt's unpopularity is not confined to the South, but extends throughout the Nation. He believes that Roosevelt will be defeated in November and that the defeat will result in a complete reorganization of the Republican party on clean lines, and the elimination of the office-holding rings that have been fostered in every State by the present administration. Colonel Abbott, himself a capitalist, is sure that Judge Parker is by far a safer man than Mr. Roosevelt and that the business men of the country, while keeping quiet, will go to the polls in November and cast their ballot for Parker and Davis.

The Bosses and Ringsters.

Never was a party more completely handled by bossism and ring-rule, than is the hyphenated opposition to Democracy in Shelby County. There are, however, self-respecting and independent-thinking Republicans and populists in the county, calmly and grimly waiting for November, to register an emphatic and telling kick against being led, like so many political Fidos, to vote the wishes of a few men who pose as leaders. The plan was simply to get the offices for the favored few. Others were "cut out," or ruthlessly and premeditatedly run over because they would not submit to the dictation of the bosses. Regardless of the wishes of the rank and file of the populist party, a self-appointed caucus arranged a division of spoils with the black and tans. The prospective pie was cut, and a more generous slice than usual handed out to the spotted brother. The big boss needed more strenuous assistance. The primary voters were denied the right to select nominees other than those dictated by the bosses—that of Clerk among the number, contrary to precedent, or expectation of the Republicans. Mr. Pearson announced for that office, as he doubtless thought he had a right to do. The bosses said Nay! and Mr. Pearson, knowing the power of the bosses, to save himself from humiliation, had to withdraw, that a black and tan entry might be made.

A more forceful demonstration of the fact the bosses diagramed and cut the patches of which the ticket was constructed, could not have been given than was done in Beat Nine, where Mr. Holland was led into the shambles to be slaughtered, under instructions "saunt" from headquarters. An old citizen of the county, honored and respected by men of all parties, absolutely beaten, and crushingly humiliated, in his own beat, by a stripling in politics, merely because the bosses decreed the office to the lower end of the county, presents a spectacle of unmitigated heartlessness and political chicanery and brutality, that cannot be honorably justified or satisfactorily explained. It was no more nor less then the iron will of the bosses, wrought through their political marionettes and automatons, and had not the appearance, even, of an open and fair deal. Such methods will assuredly, meet with deserved resentment.

Republicans and populists will have no opportunity to vote their principles. They are simply expected to boost into office, the court house caucus and the black and tan nominees, products of the ring within a ring. And this same court house caucus slated a candidate for sheriff two years hence. The bosses have said it, and, well, there's going to a surprise party.

Tithes and Tithes.

The purpose—the sole purpose of government is the protection of the citizen in his life, liberty and property. That it may exist, the power of taxation is necessarily given it; but the Constitution wisely limits this power, that the people may not be unnecessarily burdened. Limits it in the extent to which taxes may be levied, as to the purposes for which taxes may be levied, and as to the application of the special taxes to those particular purposes. When a greater rate is levied than is authorized, when special taxes are levied for purposes not authorized, or taxes collected for special purposes, or are applied to other purposes, power is "usurped" and government becomes "oppression"—to use the forceful and denunciatory terms employed by the Constitution makers.

The above propositions are self evident, and it is equally so that to depart from and defy the wise restraints of the fundamental law is to have our destiny handled by unbridled officers who do only their own will and land us in destruction.

The populist administration stands charged with this usurpation of power and oppression. Every taxpayer (always excepting the railroads) has realized to his cost and sorrow the pressure of the heavy hand of so-called government, since the populists have been in power, as they never have before in this county. The cause of it is clearly revealed and admitted in the oft repeated declaration of its chief officer: "I WILL NOT SUPPORT THAT CONSTITUTION ONLY SO FAR AS THE LAW COMPELS ME." It is an established and adjudicated fact that, in spite of the Constitution, in defiance of its plain limitations, ten cents on the hundred dollars was levied for road purposes in excess of authority. This was plainly usurpation and oppression, except to the railroads who invoked the "law" to "compel" the administration to regard their constitutional rights as citizens. It is established that nearly Eight Thousand Dollars of taxes levied and collected for road purposes, was, in defiance of the Constitution and in perfect harmony with Judge Longshore's declaration, transferred to the general fund of the county. The record speaks out the fact that four times the taxpayers (railroads excepted, always) been called upon to pay special taxes for one bridge, three times for another (not yet completed), twice for others, and once for several that have not been built, and none of which until this year, (when a Democratic lawyer who believes in the Constitution wrote the levy, at the solicitation of Mr. Longshore) did the record show contracts had been made or debts created, all of which, in fact, and according to Judge Longshore, at Dunnavant and other places, was unconstitutional and illegal, and therefore in perfect accord with his statement that he will not support the Constitution until compelled to by law. The railroads have enough involved in this matter to resort to the costly compelling powers; others have not and hence must submit to oppression.

Judge Longshore in his speech at Montevallo, cited as an instance of the oppression of England, from which our fathers fled, the fact that all, regardlsss of religious persuasion, must pay tithes to the Established Church. Our Constitution is supposed and designed to protect us from such as this or worse. It does theoretically; but in the keeping of one who does not regard and will not support it, practically, it does not. Our road tithes went into the general fund; helped to pay the additional $1,200.00 a year salary awarded by the generous populist-Republican representative of the people(?) to the three already best "established" officers of the county, on the theory that the Probate Judge was burdened with the distribution of warrants to Confederate veterans. The route taken by the special bridge taxes collected for "Hell-a-Buck Creek," "Parker's Mill," (for two years), "Beaver Dam Creek," "Walton's" and "Beeswax," the record does not disclose; but it doubtless helped along the "establishment" all right enough. The only difference that can be distinguished between the English and Shelby County brands of oppression is that in England the railroads are required to help pay the preachers, while in Shelby County only the people contribute to the fiddlers. The Sentinel prefers the English brand, while the Advocate and the populist administration prefer the other.

Shelby County is in a pitiable, deplorable, condition. A chief officer who boldly asserts that he will not support the highest law of the land; his statement demonstrated by the record of his acts; the people fleeced through illegal taxes, and they are diverted from the purposes for which they were levied; officers salaries increased without reason; laws misquoted to deceive the people; debts ever increasing and treasury empty and void. This is the epitome of six populist years. Enough to stagger the sons of those sires who fled the shores of the old world to establish and maintain a free CONSTITUTIONAL government. Buckle on your armor, young Democrats, and march to the polls in defense of your inherited constitutional rights. Prove yourselves worthy of your fathers and elect men who, when they hold up their hands and swear to support your Constitution, will delight in doing it. In this lies your only way of escape from continued usurpation and oppression, and your return to let-live tax rates.

That is a very pretty speech of Judge Longshore's: about the emigration of our fathers from the tyrannies of the old country and their glorious foundation of this great republic of constitutional rights; very pretty. But he belies the orator-patriot from whom he borrowed the rounded periods and loyal sentiments when he follows them with the declaration that he will not support the Constitution until compelled to.

The entire Democratic ticket will win out.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

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Bucked, Gagged, Choked.

The Advocate has a great deal to say about the "Democratic bosses" in its last issue, and how they try to lead the rank and file of the party around by the nose, so to speak.

Jerusalem, but that's a sock-dolager—from the Advocate's view point. It has been so long under the lash of the populist leaders, has worn their collar so long that it really believes that every other political party must necessarily have its bosses, and that its members must bow in meek submission and servitude to the mandates of the few; political marionettes, if you please, who are prompted to action only when the dominating spirit of an iron-handed boss pulls the string. Forsooth, the Advocate speaks its own experience, an experience not born of Democracy. Because the collar chafes its neck, it would have the outside world believe that all others are in a like humiliating condition.

Let's see: the Democratic party held a primary in which every Democrat in the county was given an opportunity to vote for the men of his choice, and the vote in the primary shows the hand of no boss. Like honorable men who believe in majority rule; like true Democrats that they are and ought to be, they will support the ticket nominated just as cordially and heartily as they did the men of their personal choice in the primary. That is Democracy: "Of for and by the people." The slur heaped upon the Democrats in the South end of the county by the Advocate in its last issue will be resented in November in a manner anything but pleasant to the Advocate and the little coterie of bosses who shape its political(?) sooth-sayings. The Advocate has made a public display of its ignorance of the Democracy of the south end of the county, and they do not appreciate the reflection upon their integrity.

Now how about the populist primary? It was "of, for and by the bosses," What was their action? These leaders held a meeting of long, laborious, painful hours, even unto the midnight hour and over into a Sunday, and finally formulated a slated ticket. A bid must be made for Republican support, and to do this one of its members who had been high in the counsels of the party was sacrificed, slaughtered, kicked out—by whom? the party? No, the bosses. It was done, too, over the protest of members of the party who were present. These latter wanted a straight out populist ticket; but the bosses said the Republicans must have Clerk, Tax Collector and two or three minor offices thrown in for good measure. To give the action a semblance of fairness to the outside world the leaders called a primary—a farcical affair, for hardly a corporal's guard voted at any precinct in the county excepting, possibly, Columbiana beat. Why? For the simple reason that the mandate had gone forth that the slated ticket must be voted for, must be nominated. What was the result? Many of those who had up to that time affiliated with the one time populist party, did not go to the polls, and on that day severed their connection with the political corpse which the bosses are trying to resuscitate by administering hyperdermic injections of the same doctrine that put upon the Southern people the carpet-bagger and the reconstructionist.

Talk about bossism and high-handed ruling! The populist posses have the world "skun" to the ground in that particular accomplishment(?).

Bossism? U-m-m Gosh!

From a Former Populist.

The following is an extract from an address to the people of Chilton county, delivered two weeks ago by Hon. S. M. Adams, and it is so applicable to conditions existing in Shelby county, that we publish it:

Why should Chilton county continue to be the laughing stock for the whole country? Our people are as good in most part as other people, our young men are as bright, our women as beautiful, and in a material point we are coming to the front, and geographically we are in the very centre of the great State of Alabama, on one of the greatest lines of railroads in the whole land, within fifty minutes run of the capital, and near the same distance of Birmingham, one of the greatest cities in the South. Our location is good, our people are all right, and our farmers are improving on all lines, beautifying their homes, and improving their lands. The whole people are waking up on the educational interest, and the school system is being improved. Now, in the light of all these facts, why should we continue the state of politics which every man must know means political death and disfranchisement to our people? If the people will, they can put Chilton county in line with the Democratic party, and at the same time, under the primary plan, have choice as to the men that fill the offices in the county. So the thing is this, in one word, line up with the Democratic party and retain every privilege that you now have in county matters, with the additional influence that you can have in the State; on the other hand, fight the Democratic party, thereby dissolve all connection with the State, for that is what it means, and you virtually say to the world that I only want and claim citizenship in this county. Can the people afford it? And why will a good and loyal people do such a thing? They would not act in such a manners in business or in anything else on earth. The answer must be—prejudice, and that alone. And a few men, who, in my judgment, care but little for the people's welfare are keeping these fires of prejudice burning for their own selfish purposes. The people are told that the Democrats are thieves and liars, and it has been done so long that some people believe it, while at the same time every man in the State knows that the Democrats themselves became tired of the old method and laid it aside and gave us a fair primary law and a good general election law, and the excuse for a division no longer exists. Let us for example behold the quietude in our sister counties where the primary has settled all questions and where the Democrats have no opposition, and where peace and quiet will reign undisturbed even on the day of the election. Would not any good man desire such a feeling among his neighbors, and there are not a few men, who will read this letter that do know that the only way to have this state of things is by a white primary under the direction of the Democratic party. There is no other way, and I say this after years of experience, under much more favorable circumstances than now exists. If it could not be settled in some other manner in 1892, when the majority went out of the organized party, I know that it is worse than folly to fight now with only Chilton county and not more than half of that. Come to the conference on June 11 and let us free the county. I believe that if you are a Democrat you will come or send a hand.

Respectfully,
S. M. ADAMS.

S. M. Adams, who gives utterance to the above words, was at one time President of the Farmers' Alliance in Alabama, and up to a few months ago was one of the most influential leaders of the one time populist party. As Mr. Adams says in the above, he believes that the only good that can come to the South is through the Democratic party; that its opposition comes only from a few men who care but little for the people's welfare, and who are keeping the fires of prejudice burning for their own selfish purposes. The Sentinel presents the above to the voters of Shelby county as subject matter for sober, conscientious thinking.

It's Up to You, Brother.

"You can rake the files of the Advocate with a microscope, rake them with a fine tooth comb, and you'll never find where that paper admits that the administration had borrowed $8,000 from an Ensley banker."—Sentinel.

For willful misrepresentation, Carrie, you take the cake. If you will read the grand jury's report as made to the Judge of the Circuit Court you will find that report reads that all the indebtedness of the county had been paid except one warrant, which was not due until 1905, and that Judge Longshore informed the grand jury that an arrangement had been made to borrow as much as $8,000 to run the current expenses of the county until the taxes were paid in the fall."—Advocate.

"For willful misrepresentation, Pop, old boy, you take the cake," and we say willful advisedly, too. Have you so soon forgotten the contents of that report? Are you afflicted with a very bad case of lapsus memoriæ, or really was that memory conveniently at fault. To show that the Advocate's editing committee, conveniently, ignorantly, or otherwise, as the case may be, misrepresents the contents of the grand jury report, The Sentinel reproduces that report just as it came to us from the Clerk of the Circuit Court, Mr. Pearson:

To the Hon. A. H. Alston, Presiding Judge:

We, the Grand Jury, empaneled by Your Honor, beg leave to report that we have diligently engaged in the discharge of our duties, and have completed our labors within less than ten days.

We have examined the books of the Probate Judge, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Sheriff, County Treasurer and County Superintendent of Educatio. and find them all correctly and properly kept in accordance with law.

We find that the treasurer has on hand about $6.75, and that the county will have to borrow money to meet current expenses. The indebtedness of the county of about $11,000.00, EXISTING AT THE TIME OF THE REPORT OF THE LAST GRAND JURY was paid out of taxes collected, but the county is now out of funds, and it again becomes necessary to borrow money to meet current expenses. The estimate made by the Chairman of the Commissioners' Court is that it will only be necessory to borrow about $8,000 to meet current expenses until taxes can be collected; and he also informs us that arrangements have been made to borrow this sum at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum. It will probably be necessary for the county to borrow from $8,000 to $10,000. County taxes, however, aggregating about one thousand dollars, are now tied up in litigation, and will probably be collected next fall which will go in reduction of this indebtedness.

We have also examined into the sufficiency of the bonds of all county officers and find them all sufficient and the sureties good except the bond of O. S. Lybrand, Justice of the Peace of Beat 11, which we recommend be strengthened.

We have also examined into the condition of the county poor house and find that it is well kept and the inmates say they are kindly treated. The rooms were clean and neatly kept, and bedding in good condition. There are 17 inmates—13 whites and 4 colored. We are gratified to be able to report to Your Honor that the graver class of crimes in our county is on the decrease, and that since the sitting of the last grand jury there has been but one case of homicide, which from all the evidence before us was justifiable.

We have in a body inspected the jail as Your Honor directed. We find it utterly inadequate either for the safe-keeping or the comfort of the the prisoners, nor can the present building be repaired. The walls in places are crumbling out and the building is dangerous to the lives of the inmates. As the location of the court house is now settled for some time, not only justice but humanity requires that our county erect a new jail, and the Commissioners certainly cannot now be criticized for doing so, even if it requires a special tax. Our county is growing in wealth, and we believe ere many years will rank among the most important counties of our State, and we therefore recommend that such jail be built, not only with a view to the present, but to the future, and that while it is being done that a first-class jail be erected and that it be placed further away from the street than at present.

We thank Your Honor for your charge, and the sheriff and all his deputies for their prompt and efficient service, and all the officers for courtesies extended us. We also desire to thank the Solicitor for his assistance.

H. W. NELSON,
Foreman.

Now, then; if there is a word in that report, as claimed by the Advocate, about "all the indebtedness of the county had been paid except one warrant," or that all the debt of the county had been paid, we'll admit that what we have said about the indebtedness of the county to be without foundation of fact. It makes no reference to the present indebtedness of the county.

What does the report say in relation to that matter?

"The indebtedness of the county of about $11,000 *existing at the time of the report of the last grand jury* was paid out of taxes collected, but the county is now out of funds, and it again becomes necessary to borrow money to meet current expenses."

Now let us see what the indebtedness of the county really was at the time the last grand jury, referred to in the above, made its report. The following extract, relative to the matter, is from that report:

"As best we can ascertain, the county's indebtedness for borrowed money and and on outstanding warrants and of all kinds, is $17,425.80, but of this amount there is now on hand in the hands of the Columbiana Savings Bank about $1,600.00 of money borrowed by the county, which is not charged to the treasurer, but which is to be turned over to him to pay the necessary expenses of the present term of court and other expenses. We have not estimated the expenses of this term of court as any of the county's outstanding indebtedness, and we estimate that the greater portion of this fund will be required for such court expenses, and after they are paid the county will owe approximately $17,000.00 on all accounts. Of this indebtedness $11,000.00 is for borrowed money, borrowed at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, all of which has been used for county purposes, except the said sum of about $1,000 above mentioned, as we are informed, is to be used for paying the expenses of this term of court."

It says that after the court expenses are paid "the county will owe $17,000 on all accounts. Of this debt $11,000 is for borrowed money." If the above report is true, and remember it was made under oath to the Judge of the Circuit Court, the indebtednese of $11,000 reported paid by the last grand jury was not all the indebtedness of the county; for there is a discrepancy of $6,000 between the two reports. And yet the Advocate says in its last issue that the last grand jury reported that "all the indebtedness of the county had been paid except one warrant." The report says nothing of the kind. The report of the last grand jury says nothing of the present indebtedness of the county. If it had done so it would probably have said that from statements made before it the indebtedness of the county is even more than has been claimed by us.

The Sentinel contends that in four items alone Shelby county owes more than seventeen thousand dollars. The stub book in the Probate Judge's office shows there are two outstanding warrants, unpaid, of $1,000 each. The $8,000 recently borrowed from an Ensley banker, and more than $7,000 unlawfully transferred from the road to the general fund. The law very plainly says that the road fund must be kept separate and apart from any other fund and must not be used for other than road purposes. Examiner Gorman says that without authority of law nearly eight thousand dollars were transferred from the road to the general fund. Was it a loan, or was it not? or was it a straight out hold-up of the county treasurer for that much money from the road fund? The Sentinel contends that it was borrowed, even though made contrary to law, and that it is a debt the general fund of the county owes; just as much so as the debts for which two one thousand dollar warrants have been issued, or the $8,000 debt owed the Ensley banker. Then the $6,000 difference between the last two grand jury reports, to say nothing of several other outstanding warrants that are unpaid, among them being one for $200, and another for $250. And yet the Advocate asserts without equivocation that the last grand jury reported "all the indebtedness of the county as being paid except one warrant." Read the grand jury's report for yourself, and see if the Advocate's quotation of the grand is not untrue in every particular. The Advocate's memory is either faulty or convenient! Which, is for the reader to decide.

We fling back to the Advocate its own words: "Won't you tell the people of Shelby county that you didn't know what you were talking about?" In charity we believe you do not, but those who do your writing probably do know. Yes, sir; "truth crushed to earth will rise again."

We repeat: the Advocate never admitted the administration recently borrowed $8,000 until last week. It published a report of the grand jury which said it had been done, and then twisted that report to make the people believe the grand jury said "all the indebtedness of the county had been paid but one warrant." And there is nothing in that report that refers in the remotest degree to any warrant, or that all the indebtedness of the county had been paid. Misrepresentation? You're it!

He Finds Something.

And it came to pass that one lonely pilgrim, weary and foot-sore, came all the way from the kingdom round about Vincent, to the house of the chief elders and soothsayers of his tribe, a tribe that had once been powerful, but which has withered under the blighting touch of these self-same elders and soothsayers. This lonely pilgrim had received the sad news, to him, that disintegration had reached the very vitals of his tribe and that he had been summoned to hurry, hurry, hurry; that there was need of a megaphone and a spieler. After his conference with the chief elders and soothsayers, at which they had prescribed and administered a good "rubbin' in" of palaver salve, he spiels through his megaphone that the Commissioners' Court is composed of flesh and blood, and that the heretofore-supposed immaculate tribunal, actually erred in the levy and collection of special taxes: just what The Sentinel has charged all the time. Bnt this man with a megaphone does not say anything about the suit being instituted against the railroads to compel them to pay a tax which he a lmits was an "error," charitable word! What was the result of that suit? A verdict for the railroads and the taxpayers of the county had a big bill of costs to pay. The people were wrongfully compelled to pay an illegal tax which the railroads were rightfully excused by the courts from doing. It was a costly "error"—to the taxpayers of Shelby county,

Our friend, the pilgrim, says further: "I find the minutes of the Commissioners' Court plainly show that they positively refused to buy the road machinery which The Sentinel would have you believe they had." The pilgrim shows his weakness, and is his self accuser. The Sentinel has never intimated that the Commissioners' Court had purchased the road machinery. The Sentinel has asked the Advocate, the mouthpiece of the populist administration. if it is not a fact that a prominent member of the Commissioners' Court has contracted for that road machinery over his official signature? The Advocate knows whether this is or is not true.

But why this record of "refusal" to buy? Is it customary to record refusals to purchase. Or was it absolutely necessary that in this particular instance the record should be made for the benefit of just such pilgrims as the one from Vincent? Did the elders and soothsayers of the one time populist party deal fairly and frankly with "G. A. C.? Did they, or did they not, tell him that the road machinery had been contracted for?

So far so good; but this pilgrim failed to find out that the Commissioners' Court is composed of five members, usually—though sometimes one only. "Truth crushed to earth," etc. Time and "plenty of rope" will bring it all out. Make another pilgrimage, "G. A. C."

'Tis a Pity, Indeed it Is!

'Tis a pity that the record is not made to show that the Commissioners' Court "refused" to levy taxes twice—or thrice—for the same special purposes; that the purposes were faithfully carried out; that money so raised for special purposes was not otherwise used; that it was not collected from part only of the taxpayers—the least able to pay, and that The Sentinel has misrepresented facts in stating bits of bridge-tax history. Then pilgrimages from "Parker's Mill," the upper Cahaba valley, and the trans-Cahaba would be in order, to gaze upon the revelation disclosed by what had been "writ." Indeed, and 'tis a pity!

The populist administration has never yet shown by what authority it appropriated $555.97 of the county's money—the money of the people, if you please, to pay freight on the much talked of road machinery, and $200 more to operate it while experimentin' with it to see whether it was as the contract guaranteed. The administration doubtless thinks: "darn the people; we are it."

Millionaire's Poor Stomach.

The worn-out stomach of the over-fed millionaire is often paraded in public prints as a horrible example of the evils attendant on the possession of great wealth. But millionaires are not the only ones afflicted with bad stomachs. The proportion is far greater among the toilers. Dyspepsia and indigestion are rampant among these people, and they suffer far worse tortures than the millionaires unless they avail themselves of a standard medicine like Green's August Flower, which has been a favorite household remedy for all stomach troubles for over 35 years. August Flower rouses the torpid liver, thus creating appetite and insuring perfect digestion. It tones and vitalizes the entire system and makes life worth living, no matter what your station. Trial bottle 25c; regular size 75c. At Williams Bros.

Joint Discussion.

The question of a joint canvass between the candidates representing the different political parties of the county is being made much of at this time. The candidates representing the combination populist and Republican ticket are, so we are informed, making the open assertion that the Democratic candidates have been invited to a joint canvass, and that they have declined it, and they are making their boasts that the Democrats are afraid to meet them.

The Sentinel has inquired into this matter, and finds that no invitation had been extended the Democratic candidates, and that this claim on the part of the populist candidates and leaders (in the one you will find the other) is without foundation in fact, and is evidently made for political effect only. The populist leaders see the handwriting on the wall, and are "as drowning men catching at straws." The nearest approach to an invitation to a joint discussion was to the Bay Springs meeting on last Saturday, the 21st. From the best information we can obtain this meeting was arranged by the populists, in that community, at the instance and request of the court house officials, and for their special benefit. A "flaming" advertisement of this meeting was placed in the populist organ several weeks before the meeting. It gave notice that a joint discussion of political issues would be had on that occasion, and that "distinguished speakers" would be present to represent the various political parties. This notice was signed by leading populists in that beat, showing that its conception was wholly by the populists.

For some weeks it was advertised that this meeting would be on the 28th of May. Afterwards, for some reason, the date was changed to the 21st.

We fail to see wherein this could be construed into an invitation for any special Democratic candidate or candidates in Shelby county to be present on that occasion for the purpose of meeting the opposition speakers. No. Democratic candidate would care to be put in the attitude of assuming that he was one of the "distinguished speakers" who was expected to be present.

The last issue of the Advocate before the meeting at Bay Springs contained and invitation to Hons. A. P. Longshore and D. R. McMillan to be present and address the people on the political issues of the day. We are informed that this issue of that paper did not come to the hands of Mr. McMillan before Thursday night. He was in the midst of county court, and had other engagements which would have prevented his accepting the invitation on that short notice, had he otherwise been disposed. This invitation (?) to Mr. McMillan, appearing alone in the paper, and no personal or written invitation having reached him makes it smack of having emanated from the court house; for could not the same committee have addressed a letter to Mr. McMillan inviting him to come, as easily as to have written the Advocate for publication? Of course, Judge Longshore, for whom the meeting was arranged, was present. No use to send him an invitation. He knew of it, and was predetermined to be present, county court or no county court. Consequently everything that week was made to bend to that end.

So, viewed from the standpoint of the surroundings, it appears to us that Democratic speakers were not really expected at Bay Springs, but that the object of those who arranged for the meeting was to create an impression that there was to be a joint discussion in order to get a crowd for the populist orators, and then to be in some sort of a position that they could boast that the Democrats were afraid to meet them. By hook or crook they determined to have a crowd, even going to the extent of saying that Captain Hobson would speak at Bay Springs Saturday afternoon.

When an invitation from the proper party source is extended to the Democrats it will receive at least courteous attention.

The Advocate should study the report of the last grand jury. And the people should do the same. The Advocate says the last grand jury reported all indebtedness of the county paid but one warrant. We republish the grand jury report so that the people may read how the Advocate tries to mislead them.

The populists were hard pushed to get a crowd at Bay Springs when they circulated the story that Captain Hobson would speak there. Deception cuts no figure with them.

Its Consequences.

There has developed considerable opposition to a joint discussion between the candidates of the various political parties in this county. This grows out of the past experiences of the people in connection with joint discussions. The Sentinel is informed that joint canvasses were entered into for two or three years after the populist party came into existence in this county. Circumstances surrounding these discussions, brought on by the fires of prejudice which were kept burning by the populist speakers, were disagreeable and unpleasant. They had the effect of engendering strife and dissensions in neighborhoods and communities. Fathers were turned against sons, brothers were arrayed against brothers and friends against friends, and general demoralization reigned through out the county. In some places bloodshed was narrowly averted.

Not a few doubtless remember a joint meeting of this character in Wilsonville, when General Pettus and others spoke in behalf of the Democrats, and Judge Longshore, and other populists spoke for the populist party. The information that comes to The Sentinel is that knives and pistols were drawn, and but for the timely action of cool heads lives would have been sacrificed. It is common knowledge that Democratic speakers were treated in a manner that was an outrage upon the good name of Shelby county. Who that was present can forget the treatment received by Governor Oats at Harpersville? and this is only one instance of the many where Democratic speakers were indecently treated by men whose passions had been aroused by inflamatory speeches.

Information comes to The Sentinel from all parts of the county that many of the best people oppose a joint discussion on the grounds mentioned in the foregoing.

The people of the county know full well what element is trying to again plunge the county into the same condition of affairs that has existed under joint discussion campaigns. They can only hope to win by prejudicing and poisoning the minds of the people—the weapon of the man or party who knows his footing and foundation is not at all sure; who knows his only hope of winning is by arousing the fires of hate and malice within the breasts of men who do not think as fully for themselves as they should; and having destroyed the peace and quietude of the different communities and neighborhoods they hope to ride again into office upon the wreckage they have made.

We would suggest to the populists that their chairman address a letter to the Democratic Chairman with the proper invitation, and we can assure them of one thing, that if not accepted, it will at least receive a courteous reply, stating reasons for declining.

But for the populists speakers and leaders to arrange for meetings advertise them as joint discussions (which they know to be willful perversion of fact) in order to get a crowd, and then boast that Democratic speakers have been invited and are afraid to come, is the smallest and most contemptible thing a man can do, for it prejudices one against his fellowmen without even the semblance of truth to stand upon.

And now one of the populist leaders says the grand jury intended to say that all the indebtedness of the county had been paid. Under the circumstances, the evidence is not good. No doubt if the grand jury intended saying anything of the kind it would have done so. You can rest assured if all debts had been paid the grand jury would have said so.

The Birmingham News published pictures last Saturday of delegates to the National Republican convention. Three white men and one negro.

HIS NARROW ESCAPE.

The late Denis J. Swenie, for many years chief of the Chicago fire department, was known over all the United States as one of the most successful of fire fighters. He never asked his men to take any risks that he was not willing to take himself, and he was covered with the scars of wounds received in the performance of his duty.

A fierce fire broke out in the downtown district one day, and, as usual, he was one of the first to appear on the scene. It was a stubborn blaze, and while the firemen were fighting it from a point of vantage there was an explosion that blew the chief and several of his men out through an open doorway. A moment later the roof fell in. The chief picked himself up from the sidewalk. Half his hair was singed off, his face was blackened and covered with scratches and bruises, both hands were bleeding, and he limped as he hunted for his helmet.

"Boys," he said, "we got away from there just in time. If we had stayed in that room a second longer we might have got hurt."

The Word "Stunt" Gaining Caste.

The word "stunt," as meaning a specific task or performance, is making very rapid progress toward respectability and good standing in the language. But a few years ago it was seen in print only in the sporting columns of newspapers, and then always in quotation marks. Now it has broken into Harper's Magazine and even the Atlantic Monthly, though in the latter case with an explanation which seems to read into it a meaning that does not really belong to it. Already nearly everybody drops it from the tongue without even the hint of an apology, and it seems in a fair way very soon to take a permanent and undisputed place in all the dictionaries. Those who are fastidious in the matter of language may lament and protest, but their lamentations and protests in similar previous cases have had little effect. The English language is growing all the time, and sometimes, like the most carefully trained rosebush, for example, it asserts an irrepressible tendency to grow a little wild.—Providence Journal.

Even Mansfield Smiled.

Richard Mansfield is a stickler for every little point in the presentation of his plays, yet now and then the unexpected happens in such a way as to provoke a smile from one who is not considered the most humorous of actors. In the final scene of "A Parisian Romance" Mansfield as Baron Chevrial falls dead at supper amid the talking and music. The doctor in the play calls out: "Stop the music! The baron is dead!" and the curtain falls.

On one occasion Mansfield was playing a one night stand in a small country town where the music of the local orchestra was atrocious. At the supper scene Mansfield fell dead as usual, but the actor who was playing the part of the doctor cried out:

"Stop the music! It has killed the baron!"

Even Mansfield smiled.

Marion Harland's Age.

Marion Harland (Mrs. Edward Payson Terhune) is credited by cyclopedias with seventy-two years of age and nearly forty titles of books. She concedes the latter, but of the former she says: "Why will my friends (and cyclopedias) persist in making a septuagenarian of a woman who never means to rise sixty? When I tell you that I went to a dinner party last night, arose this morning at 7 and have a 'first mail' of 142 letters; that I go this afternoon to a club tea and afterward to another dinner; that I walk two and three miles daily and can read the daily papers without glasses, you will see how amiable I am in forgiving that 'seventy-two years of age.'" Mrs. Terhune has recently prepared and delivered a new lecture, with the happy title, "Looking Westward: the Fine Art of Growing Old."

The Chinaman's English.

A Philadelphia man who has a Chinese cook is reported by the Philadelphia Press as much puzzled by the "pidgin" English used by the Celestial. "He says 'topside' for upstairs and 'no hab got' for 'I have not' or 'they are not,' and 'one piecee' for a single individual, and all sorts of other funny things," explained the employer. "For instance, the other day I got home and told him to go upstairs and tell my two daughters I wanted to talk to them. This was the answer he gave me when he came down: 'Two piecee gail topside no hab got; one piecee gail driveedrivee; one piecee gail walkeewalkee.' From which I eventually made out that neither of my daughters was at home, one being out driving, the other out walking—but he's a great cook anyhow."

We have a faint recollection that Eugene V. Debs once flourished as a patron saint of the populist party. He has since become a Socialist and its chief instrument for the destruction of society, as a candidate for President of the United States on that ticket. Hear him:

"The Socialist party is the party to support, the working class party, the deadly and uncompromising foe of capitalism and wage slavery.

"Arouse, ye workingmen! Open your eyes and see the class struggle.

"Join and support the only party that stands squarely upon the class struggle as the basis of its revolutionary character. The Republican, the Democratic and the late populist party are all capitalist parties, all for wage slavery, all against the working class."

In the name of Democracy we emphatically protest against the classification. As for populists: it cannot be denied that they have become thus hyphenated, and coupled up like the Gemini from Siam. "Republico-populism."

Whooping Cough.

"In the spring of 1901 my children had whooping cough," says Mrs. D. W. Capps, of Capps, Ala. "I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with the most satisfactory results. I think this is the best remedy I have ever seen for whooping cough." This remedy keeps the cough loose, lessens the severity and frequency of the coughing spells and counteracts any tendency towards pneumonia. For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

With no party organization, the leaders of the one time populist party are trying to whip their one time followers into line for the Republican ticket.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effect June 14, 1903.

*No. 22	*No. 16	STATIONS.	*No. 15	*No. 21.
7.00pm	a.00am	lv. Mobile..ar	6.55pm	8 10am
1.10 m	4 0mn	lv...Selma..lv	4.35pm	2.0.am
5.30 m	9.00 m	ar Birm'ham lv	6.20am	0.35pm
9.4 m	.....	ar Chat'n'ga lv	.....	6.15pm
1.1 pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	.....	2.10pm
5.4 m	.....	ar..Bristol..lv	.....	9.50am
6.00 m	.....	ar..Asheville lv	.....	9.:0am
1.50am	.....	ar Lynchb'rg lv	.....	3.00pm
6.52am	.....	ar Wash'gt'n lv	.....	10.01pm
12.45pm	.....	ar..N York..lv	.....	4.25pm

Nos. 22 and 21 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville Birmingham and New York. Cafe car serves meals en route.

No *18	STATIONS.	No. *17
7.2 am	lv.....Tuscaloosa.....ar	9.25pm
9.10am	lv.....Akron.....ar	7.3 pm
9.55am	.....Greensboro...	6 44pm
10.32am	.....Marion.....	5 46pm
11.59am	ar.....Selma.....lv	4 45pm

No. *24	No. *16	STATIONS.	No. *15	No. *23
.....	7.30pm	lv New O'l's.ar	8.30am	.....
.....	7.50am	lv. Meridian.ar	8.05pm	.....
.....	9.37am	..Demopolis..	6.30pm	.....
.....	10.2?am	ar..Union'n.lv	5.42pm	.....
.....	11 0am	..Marion Jct..	5.1pm	.....
.....	11.0am	ar Selma lv	4.45pm	.....
.....	12.05pm	lv Selma ar	4.30pm	.....
.....	2.13pm	...Montevallo..	2.32pm	.....
.....	2 2 pm	....Calera.....	2.20pm	.....
.....	2.42 m	..Columbiana..	1.49pm	.....
*3.45am	3.18 m	..Childersburg	1.1pm	*9.25pm
7.22am	3.57pm	...Talladega...	12.3 pm	8.3 pm
8.25am	4.45pm	....Anniston..	11.55am	7.10 m
8.48am	5.1 pm	..Jacksonville..	11.08am	7.04pm
9.08am	5.35pm	...Piedmont....	10.45am	6.40pm
9.38am	6.28pm	..Cave Springs..	9.58am	5.50pm
*10 3	7.05pm	ar....Rome.....	9.20am	5.2 pm
11.30am	11.4 pm	ar..Atlanta..lv	5.3 am	*4.15 m

STATIONS.	No *26	No. *38	No. *36	No. *98
Lv Birm'gham	.....	6.10am	4.10pm	11.3 am
Pell City	.....	7.2 am	5.55pm	12.45am
Anniston	4.15am	8.20am	6.31pm	1.53am
Heflin	5.02am	9.0am	7.20.m	2.37am
Edwardsville	5.12am	.....	7.30pm	2.46 m
Fruithurst	5.2 am	.....	7.4?p	2.56am
Tallapoosa	5.46am	9.37am	8.05pm	3.15 m
Bremen	6.07am	.....	8.25pm	3.33am
Douglasville	7.10am	10.45am	9.10pm	4.21am
Lithia Springs	7.25am	.....	9.27pm	4.35am
Atlanta	.20am	11.30am	10.15pm	5.20am

STATIONS.	No. *35	No. *37	No. *97	No *25
Lv Atlanta	6.10am	4.15pm	11.25pm	6.15pm
Lithia Springs	6.57am	5.00pm	12.2?am	7.17pm
Douglasville	7.10am	.....	12.32am	7.30 m
Bremen	7.36a	5.55pm	1.24am	8.25pm
Tallapoosa	8.15am	6.10pm	1.42am	8.53am
Fruithurst	8.34am	.....	1.58am	9.16pm
Edwardsville	8.46am	6.33 m	2.06am	9.29pm
Heflin	9.0 am	6.42pm	2.16am	9.40pm
Anniston	9.4 am	7.25pm	2.55am	10.30pm
Pell City	10.38am	8.35p	4.07am	.....
Birmingham	11.45am	9.55pm	5.20 m	.....

STATIONS.	No. 36	No. 53
Lv Birmingham	4.10pm	6.10am
Lv Anniston	6.31pm	8.20am
Lv Atlanta	10.55pm	12.0pm
Ar Macon	1.05am	2.25pm
Ar Jesup	5.20am	.....
Ar Jacksonville	8.30am	.....
Ar Brunswick	6.55m	.....

No 36 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Brunswick and Atlanta to Jacksonville.

No. 38 carries Pullman Sleeping car and Dining car Birmingham to Atlanta.

STATIONS.	No. 15
Lv Rome	7.10pm
Ar Chattanooga	9.50pm
Ar Knoxville	1.4?am
Ar Hot Springs	4.58am
Ar Asheville (Cent Time)	5.55am
Ar Salisbury (East Time)	11.25am
Ar Greensboro	12.50pm
Ar Washington	9.50pm
Ar New York	6.13am

No. 15 carries Pullman Sleeping car Rome to Chattanooga. Chattanooga to Salisbury and Salisbury to New York without change.

STATIONS.	No. 2	No 4.
Lv Chattanooga	10 00am	10.40pm
Ar Cincinnati	7 30pm	8.15am
Ar Louisville	8.15pm	10.35am

No. 4 Pullman Sleeping car Chattanooga to Louisville and Cincinnati.

No. 2 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

STATIONS.	No. 40	No. 38	No. 36
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	4.10pm
Lv Atlanta (east. time)	1.45pm	1.00pm	1.00am
Ar Charlotte	10.05pm	8.13pm	9.20am
Ar Danville	2.05am	11.53pm	1.20pm
Ar Lynchburg	4 3?am	1.55am	3.52pm
Ar Charlottesville	6.20am	3.37am	5.50pm
Ar Washington	9.45am	6.42am	9.15pm
Ar Baltimore	10.55am	7.59am	11.35pm
Ar Philadelphia	12.54n'n	10.15am	2.56am
Ar New York	3 03pm	12.43pm	6.13am

No. 38 "Washington & Southwestern Limited" Solid Vestibule train Atlanta to New York, carrying Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Club car Atlanta to Washington.

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

J. C. LUSK, D. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
H. F. LATIMER, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
C. H. ACKERT, G. M., Washington, D. C.
W. A. TURK, P. T. M., Washington, D. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.
C. A. BENSCOTER, E. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Special Party TO St. Louis.

The Louisville & Nashville Railroad

Wil operate special through sleepers from this territory to St. Louis leaving on June 14th, returning June 24th. The berth rate will be $3.50 each way. Two people can occupy one berth at same rate:

Leave	Time	Rate
Attalla	11 15 a m	$18 60
Gadsden	11 30 a m	18 60
Duke	12 07 p m	18 60
Anniston	1 10 p m	18 60
Ironaton	1 59 p m	18 60
Talladega	2 21 p m	18 60
Sylacauga	3 09 p m	18 60

Arrive at St. Louis at 1:35 p m June 15th.

If there are as many as 18 berths sold from one place will furnish a separate sleeping car for them. Please let me know at once as to what reservation you will want so same can be made.

W. E. KNOX, Supt., Anniston, Ala.
T. COLLIS WILLIAMS, T. P. A. Anniston, Ala.

Three Time the Value of Any Other.

One-Third Easier.
One-Third Faster.

Agents wanted in all Unoccupied Territory.

WHEELER & WILSON MANUFACTURING CO.
ATLANTA, - - - - - GA.

COTTON BELT ROUTE

HALF RATES TO TEXAS

BOTH ONE WAY AND ROUND TRIP

via the Cotton Belt, from St. Louis, Thebes, Cairo and Memphis, first and third Tuesdays of each month, beginning October 21st. For one-way tickets,

Half the One-Way Rate, plus $2.00;

round-trip tickets, one fare plus $2.00, to points in Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territories. Write for particulars and cost of ticket from your home town.

The Cotton Belt runs solid through trains to Texas, equipped with the most modern and comfortable cars. These trains make quick time and direct connections for all parts of the Great Southwest. If you are seeking a better place to locate, write for a free copy of our handsome illustrated booklets, Homes in the Southwest and Through Texas With a Camera.

N. B. BAIRD, Traveling Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
E. W. La BEAUME, General Pass. and Ticket Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

There no longer being a populist party, the Republican party, with the aid of the leaders of the former populist party, is trying to absorb all who will "absorb."

A large following of the one time populist party are opposed to the black and tan Republicans absorbing part of the ticket. Their kick will be registered in November.

When the Sap Rises

weak lungs should be careful. Coughs and colds are dangerous then. One Minute Cough Cure cures coughs and colds and gives strength to the lungs. Mrs. G. E. Feaner, of Marion, Ind., says, "I suffered with a cough until I run down in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength." Sold by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

There is a little story brewing in which ex-Confederate veterans will have considerable interest.

Rhematic Pains Relieved.

The prompt relief from severe pains of sciatic and rheumatism which is afforded by Chamberlain's Pain Balm, is alone worth many times its cost. Mr. Willard C. Vail, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., writes: "I am troubled with rheumatism and neuralgia of the nerves and Chamberlain's Pain Balm gives relief quicker than any liniment I have ever used." for sale at Bandy Drug Co.

To get a crowd down to Bay Springs, the story was circulated by the populists that Captain Hobson was to speak there Saturday afternoon.

It seems so funny—the populist leaders claiming the Democrats were so dishonest and that "we are the only"

Don't Want It.

Nelsons, Ala., May 21, 1904.

Editor Sentinel:—

The people of this community are opposed to a joint discussion by the county candidates. A petition has been circulated in this community by a populist, and all know it is being done at the instigation of the populist politicians.

Those of us who lived in this county when a former joint discussion was had know that it caused a breach between neighbors that have not yet healed.

I believe the upright, peace loving people will not encourage a movement that is intended to disrupt, tear down and destroy, and these petitions for a joint discussion are for no other purpose, and every citizen who holds the friendly ties sacred, which bind every community together, will refuse to sign a petition for a joint discussion.

FARMER.

It matters not what the means employed, just so they win out. That is the policy of the populist leaders.

Cured His Mother of Rheumatism.

"My mother has been a sufferer for many years with rheumatism," says W. H. Howard, of Husband, Pa. "At times she was unable to move at all, while at times walking was painful. I presented her with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and after a few applications she decided it was the most wonderful pain reliever she had ever tried. In fact, she is never without it now and is at all times able to walk. An occasional application of Pain Balm keeps away the pain that she was formerly troubled with." For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., APRIL 21, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 34

THE SCHOOLHOUSE.

Oh, make the schoolhouse beautiful
By hill and plain and sea!
Delight within and bloom without—
Picture and flower and tree.

For the boys and girls, while life shall last,
And wherever their steps may fare,
Will remember the lovely, joyous place,
Or the house forlorn and bare.

And the lore they gained, and the precepts heard,
And the patriot songs they sung,
Will be treasured still if the spot was dear
In the days when life was young.

Let the guelder-rose and the lilac bloom
In welcome by the door,
And the turf be green the paths between,
And, above, the bright flag soar;

And plant the elm for its regal shade,
And the pine for its boughs of balm
Magnolia with its lustrous leaves,
And the jasmine, by the palm;

For tree, and flower, and pleasant song,
And the tale by the picture told,
Will help full many a youthful heart
To turn life's gray to gold.

Then make the schoolhouse beautiful
By hill and plain and sea,
For the school is shaping, year by year,
The nation yet to be!

—Youth's Companion.

A TREAT FOR BERTIE.

"I've always kept it out of your way," said Miss Edith, affecting to totter beneath the weight of a large brown leather bound book, "but I suppose—now you'll have to make the acquaintance of all the sisters and cousins and aunts. Albums are supposed to be out of style, I know, but I think families will always have them. No, I don't require your support, thank you. Just sit down there quietly and behave yourself while I show them to you—and don't make any stupid comments. I said 'behave yourself.'"

"That isn't misbehaving," said the prospective member of the family.

"I'd like to know what you call it."

"Very nice, as far as it went."

"Don't, Bertie. Now look here, Bertie. Here's pa and ma to begin with. They're recent, of course. I don't like ma's expression very well; she looks so serious. Pa's all right."

"Good likeness, both of 'em."

"This," said Miss Edith, turning the page, "is Ruth when she was a little bit of a thing. I think she's cunning, don't you?"

"Awfully cunning."

"And that one on the opposite side is Jim when he was a baby. He seems to be surprised about something."

"I'd never have recognized him. It's the first time I ever saw him without his pipe. I'm surprised, too. Where do you come in?"

"Never mind about me. That's Grandma Brown. You never saw her, but she's likely to come here for a visit in the spring. You'll have to mind your Ps and Qs then, sir."

"She does not look very venomous."

"Bertie! Well, I should say she didn't. She's the sweetest, loveliest old thing that ever was. She used to pet me to death when I was a little girl."

"I'd like to know how she could help it."

"Goose!"

"You know that I am sorry that I didn't know you then."

"When?"

"When you were a little girl. I seem to have lost such a lot of time."

"You didn't lose any time after you did know me."

"Well, I knew a good thing when I saw it. Never mind; I won't lose any more time if I can help it."

"I expect you'll stay down at your club four nights out of every week."

"You've got another guess coming."

"Bertie!"

"Sweetness."

"Are you quite perfectly, absolutely sure that—that you do?"

"I'm perfectly, absolutely, sure that if I don't nobody in the world ever did or ever will. Are you sure?"

"Oh, I think maybe I do—a little."

"Edith!"

"Now, Bertie, stop! Yes, I'm sure. You know I am. Bertie, Aunt Martha's looking at you! There! I wanted to show you that album and you don't seem interested one bit."

"Who's this?" asked the young man.

"I told you that was Aunt Martha. The other is Uncle Henry. They used to be quite wealthy, but Uncle Henry lost his money in some investment and now he seems to have changed a great deal. He won't work any more, and Aunt Martha just supports him. Of course, that't a family secret, but I wouldn't keep anything from you."

"And I've never kept anything from you."

"Are you sure?"

"Quite sure. We'll just tell each other everything, won't we, darling?"

"I'm sure I wouldn't hide a thought from you."

"Nor I from you. I think that's where some couples make a mistake—not telling things to each other. We won't be like that, will we?"

"I don't see how people can if they truly love each other."

"I don't, either."

"Perhaps—I don't think people do care for one another as much as we do—do you?"

"I'm sure they don't."

"Bertie, we were going to look at the album. Now tell me what you think of this girl."

"Tell me who she is first. I'm not going to make any rash breaks. I've looked through photograph albums before."

"Whom did you look through them with?"

"Why, with friends. You know it's not an uncommon form of enter——"

What are you looking at me like that, for, Edith?"

"What friends?"

"Why—er—I don't just call to mind. Why, Edith, you don't suppose it was anything like this, do you? No. Nobody I ever cared two pins about. If I had I'd tell you directly."

"You are positive?"

"Quite positive. You see, I don't even recollect who it was."

"Oh, I didn't suppose it was any body. really. I was just joking. Bertie, doesn't it seem strange?"

"What?"

"Eight months ago we didn't know each other at all and now here we are sitting here—engaged."

"It seems too good to be true to me, sometimes. When I think of it—and how something might have happened and I might never have seen you! I was thinking of going to St. Louis last year."

"Bertie, suppose you had!"

"You would probably have found some one else you liked."

"I wouldn't have done anything of the kind."

"Don't you think you would."

"I know I wouldn't. Why didn't I ever find anybody I liked before? Do you think you would have found some one else?"

"I'm quite certain I wouldn't. Nobody I could have cared for as I care for you. No, I guess it was all fixed up beforehand. We were just cut out for each other, darling. I don't believe it would have made any difference if I had gone to St. Louis. I'd have met you somehow. I——"

There was an abrupt start as a matronly looking lady entered the room. "Well," she exclaimed, "what are you two young people doing here in the dark?"

"I was showing Bertie the photograph album, mamma," said Edith.

"H'm-m!" said the matronly looking lady. "It didn't look much like that to me."—Chicago News.

FORCING PLANTS BY FIRE.

An Experiment That Some Horticulturalist Would Do Well to Make.

A curious phenomenon connected with the forcing of flowers under somewhat exceptional circumstances was observed not long ago by M. J. Jolly.

On the second of September last, a large fire broke out in the village of Chaussee-sur-Marne, between Chalons and Vitry-le-Francois, and destroyed a large part of the village. The fire, urged by the wind, spread as far as it was possible, and consumed the last houses on the side toward the country. It also attacked the neighboring trees forming part of a large pear and apple orchard, and reduced the two rows entirely to ashes. The three following rows, protected by the first, and the distance, remained standing, although considerably damaged and bady scorched. The injury done to the sixth row was naturally not so great. A goodly number of branches, nevertheless, were scorched and unable to resist the heat, while the remainder subsequently exhibited a peculiar phenomenon, viz., a second flowering. This began at the end of September, and in October all the branches of the trees except those that had been scorched were covered with blossoms, as in the month of May, the ones most heavily laden with flowers being those that had been most exposed to the action of the heat. That is not all. In another direction the fire had ceased in the vicinity of some lilac bushes, and these, as well as some plum trees, flowered anew, the lilacs in particular being covered with blossoms.

It is to be remarked that the conflagration lasted but four hours at the most, and there is therefore nothing here that resembles an ordinary forcing. All the species that blossomed are those whose buds for the following year are formed in the month of August. Now the facts gathered by M. Jolly, an eye witness, seem to show that it is possible for a momentary but strong action of heat to produce a second flowering. Does this exert a local influence, a certain dessication of the organs of the trees? It is possible; and we have seen that a previous desiccation is necessary for forcing, just as it is, according to Geard, for the parthenogenetic development of certain eggs. At all events, the fact might and ought to serve as a starting point for experiments from which might be derived practical hints for the forcing of fruits and flowers. With early varieties, it might be possible to obtain two crops, the regular one in the spring and a supplementary one in the fall, provided strong heat were employed, although for a short time, as soon as the buds are formed. This would be more economical than the present methods, since the heat necessary for the development of the flowers and fruit would be furnished, not by coal, but by Dame Nature. Some horticulturist or amateur would do well to make the experiment.—Scientific American.

Nicknames for British Warships.

(From the London Daily Telegraph.)

"Jack" likes a name which rolls easily off the tongue, short, handy and open to familiar alteration. The Howe, of the Admiral class, which he has dubbed "Anyhow;" the Aeolus, known as the "Alehouse;" the Resolution, nicknamed the "Rolling Rezzy;" the Barham, which bluejackets know chiefly as "Baa-Lamb;" and the "Old Immortality" or "Immortalight," by which he is wont to identify the handsome cruiser lately in eastern waters bearing a famous record—all have handles that suit and please him.

During the month of January the Canadian Pacific railway sold 110,840.78 acres at a total value of $386,649.88.

Reminiscences of Fresh and Salt Water Fishing.

By W F. SIBLEY.

Born of New England parents and living in Western Massachusetts until my seventeenth year, little or no opportunity presented itself for salt water fishing.

If results may be considered as being proficient in fresh water fishing, I certainly had some claim, as a boy, to knowing a thing or two about catching trout, as the strings of fish I brought home on every occasion when I could absent myself from school clearly demonstrated.

My outfit in those days, as I remember it, consisted of a grass laid line, possibly half a dozen trout hooks and an alder pole cut for each occasion at the brook's side. The proud distinction of owning a creel was something I looked forward to, but a small birch crotch stick served the purpose to string my fish on, and I don't know but full as well.

But if I am also to tell you something of my salt water experiences during the past fifteen or eighteen years, a single incident of the boyhood's exploits trout fishing will suffice to carry out my statement as to results.

About five miles from my home there was a small stream or brook known as the North Branch. It had its source in a swamp, wound in and out of the woods, brush and meadow land at the foot of rising ground and hills, until at last, after a five-mile course, terminated in a large lake.

It made little or no difference to me about fishing up or down stream, but as it was a shorter cut to the head of the brook, I usually commenced there, the brook at that point being scarcely a yard wide, running through meadow land.

I was always pretty sure of getting a fair number of trout in this meadow, as it was not fished so much as lower down stream, and a good start always gave me encouragement for the rest of the brook.

The day was overcast, and early I was on my way to the brook, striking in, as I usually did, at the source. My success was beyond expectation until I reached a small strip of woods, a mile or more down the brook, which terminated in a mass of brush and undergrowth. It was not until I discovered fresh boot prints along the soft bank, that it dawned upon me that, early as I was, there was some one ahead of me on the brook. However, I fished on until I came to the open meadow. There was conviction enough of my indifferent success—a man ahead, as I had thought, very carefully fishing that strip of meadow brook.

Disappointed, I seated myself on a large stone, under cover, to watch him for the time being and to think how I could get ahead. Yet I disliked to give up that strip of meadow brook, as there were always large trout there. I could plainly see that the man ahead was having fair success, as trout after trout found its way to his creel.

Suddenly he stopped. I guessed the cause, knowing almost every pool in the brook, and judged he was near a deep hole where dwelt a trout that had fooled me once or twice that season. To make a long story short, that man fished for that trout a full half hour at intervals, but gave it up, proceeded down stream and was soon lost to view. In turn I took up the ground he had fished over, picking up several good sized fish on my way to the scene of the fisherman's defeat. I got near enough to the pool to see a large trout sunning himself in the shallow water, and he saw me, I am quite sure. I was in no hurry to try conclusions, so, seating myself in the grass some distance from the brook, I baited my hook with fresh worms, winding the line lightly on the end of my alder until only a couple of feet hung from the end of my pole. Even then I waited some fifteen minutes before approaching the brook, finally doing so on hands and knees, until within casting distance, when I lay flat on my belly in the grass. An overhand cast, the bait strikes the centre of the pool, is seized almost immediately by a monster trout; a dextrous movement of the boy at the other end of the pole, and the biggest trout I ever took from that stream was writhing on the bank before me. It was a thrilling moment in more ways than one, and I was about the happiest youngster imaginable. There were some twenty odd trout on that birch string, and with this beauty to top out my catch, the day's fishing was over for me.

Curious to know how my rival on the brook was getting on, I took a cross cut to head him off, coming upon him just emerging from a clump of alders. Scarcely had we passed the time of day, before his eyes were riveted on the string of fish I carried, a volley of questions assailing me as to where I caught them, and particularly the big one at the top of my string.

Boylike, to his seeming chagrin, I related what I saw him try to do and what I had accomplished.

My story being told, the fish was put on the smallest scales I had ever seen at that time, produced by my chance acquaintance from one of the numerous pockets of a queer coat, and touched the fourteen ounce notch.

Be it to the man's credit there was no money offers for my big trout, but in lieu of a ride to the city, which, in our conversation, I had learned was his destination, and to a hungry boy the nice luncheon he gave me, the fish found its way to his creel without the asking.

Now comes the fairy part of the story, assuming that you have no reason to doubt the truth of what I have related. It was not long after this eventful day that a fine three-joint trout rod was delivered by express at my home, no doubt from my appreciative fisherman, but I never knew, as no card or letter accompanied it.

In 1876 the scene shifts from New England to New York City to engage in commercial life. Few were the holidays or outings accorded, as it was by constant application that I held my position for the next five years.

Sometimes in my Sunday strolls I had wandered to the docks in New York and there saw the gamins, yes, even men, fishing for porgies and having fair success. On such occasions my palms always itched to get hold of one of those lines the boys were using, but I never betrayed my feelings to them in the matter.

Next came the fishing bank excursions, but the boats were so crowded on Sunday, my only day, that after one or two successful trips I gave it up.

Time drew on apace. I had more liberty and money. A vacation of two weeks was also allowed me, which I divided up into day outings weekly, extending my vacation over the months of June, July and August.

From some companions I learned that Giffords, situated about midway of Staten Island, on that part of Raritan Bay known as the Great Kills, was a good place to locate if I was looking for salt water fishing. Accepting their advice, rods, reels and the necessary outfit was provided, a few lessons given me by the veteran, Mr. Fitzgerald, more popular as "Uncle Mike" among the fishermen, and I was fairly started on my salt water career.

Weakfish, bass and bluefish were the only game fish considered worth taking by "Uncle Mike," but I was satisfied at first to take almost anything that took my bait, and delighted if I caught a dozen weakfish. Later on I went in for number more than pleasure, for there was most always an empty basket waiting to be filled on my return.

Fish were plenty in those days and even up to the middle eighties. It was considered no great feat to take thirty or forty weakfish weighing from two and a half to four pounds each during a tide, but I honestly believe there were some men who either did not fish, or did not know how, for notwithstanding the fact above stated, they invariably came ashore "skunked."

The first stripped bass I ever took weighed about three pounds and was a disappointment from the fact that I was so intent upon catching weakfish, and weakfish only, that I am quite of the mind that I should have thrown it overboard had not a fishing companion prevailed upon me to keep it.

Later on, when I used lighter tackle and fished more for the sport than number, I could not hook on to a bass often enough.

It was in September, 1888, I think, that I surprised the natives and myself in taking from the Kills an eighteen pound bass after a half hour's struggle. This was an unheard of catch in those days, it having been some ten years previous that a bass of that weight had been taken in the Kills, so I went to the New York Sun office for a mention only of my catch, but the column article which the reporter devoted to it was so graphically written that it was widely copied by the newspapers and other publications like the Angler, and Forest and Stream. Right here allow me to tell you that Brother Harris, of the Angler, questioned the weight of the fish, or the claim made for me by the Sun, but I did not mind that. The fish weighed eighteen pounds then, and when I tell the story of its capture, etc., etc., to-day, that is what it weighed, never more or less.

Keeping everlastingly at it brings success, we are told. Well, I have been persevering enough in my efforts each four months of every season, but from a score of some 900 odd fish taken during the season of 1890, I have, with just as constant application and more hours, only been able to produce a score of 117 in 1903.

Seven years ago I fished from a Whitehall boat; since that time from a gasoline launch. Possibly it may make a difference, but I think not.

I have become so infatuated with salt water fishing that I do not think I could ever return to the now posted brooks of New England, seek of the owner a permit to catch a two-ounce trout, or do I think the streams of Nova Scotia, that held me captive for so many seasons, would to-day induce me to give up the prospect even of catching a few large weakfish, bass or bluefish.

The Paschal Candle.

In every Catholic church all over the world a "paschal" or Easter candle, made of purest wax, is blessed on Holy Saturday, the day before Easter, by a deacon, who fixes at its base five grains of incense in memory of the five wounds of Jesus and the precious spices wherewith He was anointed in the tomb.

From Easter until Whitsunday the paschal candle burns on the gospel side of the altar during mass and vespers, as a symbol that Christ, the light of the world, has risen from the grave.

Anciently the torch was a huge affair. One used at Canterbury, England, in 1457, weighed three hundred pounds. Another, at Norwich, was so high that it was lighted by means of an orifice in the roof of the choir.

FULLER FILES CONTEST.

Charges Illegal Votes and Bribery and Irregularities in Returns.

Probate Judge S. L. Fuller, who was defeated for re-election by Robert I. Burke in last Monday's primary in Cullman county, has filed a contest after he had announced that he would not do so. He filed his petition with R. L. Hipp, chairman of the county democratic executive committee. This was a surprise even to most of Judge Fuller's closest friends, who had strongly advised him against it.

He alleges that 357 illegal votes were cast by republicans and populists that money was used to bribe and defraud, that republicans were allowed to manage the election at some of the boxes. He also alleges that gambling and fraud were resorted to to wrongfully influence voters. He charges fraud, irregularity and illegality in management, certifying and returning.

Two Girard Men Injured.

Jack Christian, a young white man, was caught in a belt in the dye house of the Eagle and Phenix mills at Columbus, Ga. His arm was mangled so badly that it had to be amputated below the elbow, and he was thrown fourteen feet, with the result that he is now suffering from concussion of the brain. The chances for his recovery are small.

George W. Garrett, aged 44 years, a Seaboard Air-Line foreman, was thrown under a freight car and saved his leg only by presence of mind. He was caught by the car and the calf of his leg badly cut, but he saved himself.

TAX COLLECTOR

Claims that Forged Poll Tax Receipts Are Out In Wilcox.

According to Tax Collector Lambert it appears that there were some one hundred persons in Wilcox county who voted in the recent primaries to whom he had not issued poll tax receipts, but who at the same time claimed to hold same. In other words, the tax collector intimates that somebody has been forging his name. He wants a state examiner to come at once to Wilcox and make a thorough examination of the matter.

Nominee Dead.

S. H. Herren, democratic nominee for the office of circuit clerk of Cullman county, died suddenly Sunday night while writing a card of thanks to his supporters in the late primary. He was an old confederate soldier. His opponent in the primary was O. S. Roden, whom he defeated by a vote of 1,018 to 537. He is survived by a wife and two sons.

A committee from the Talladega city council is preparing a programme for the dedicatory services on the occasion of the dedication of the Joseph B. Graham Memorial school now in course of construction. It is expected to make the event an important one in local history, with distinguished visitors present, also military companies from nearby towns. At one time Mr. Graham was superintendent of the city schools and superintendent of education for Talladega county. At the time of his death he was field agent of the Southern Education board.

The governor instructed Secretary Jackson to announce the appointment of Malcom A. Graham as a member of the board of trustees of the Alabama Girls' Industrial school from the fifth district. Mr. Graham, who succeeds the late Congressman Chas. W. Thompson as a member of the board, lives at Prattville.

Congressman Burnett was nominated to succeed himself in congress over John A. Lusk, of Marshall, by a majority of 4,948. Out of 10,124 votes cast Burnett received 7,536 votes and Lusk 2,588.

Officers of the battleship Alabama have written to the secretary of state for coat-of-arms of the state of Alabama. It is explained that this copy of seal is desired for use in connection with the stationary used on the battleship Alabama. The copy has been furnished.

Alabama master plumbers are in annual convention in Birmingham.

Hale Eastham, night engineer in the M. and O. yards at Meridian, Miss., was assaulted by his colored fireman Monday night and severely hurt. The fireman is missing.

Alexander R. Lawson, the engineer who shot and killed E. P. (Dump) McDonald a week ago in Birmingham, died from his wounds, received in the duel, Monday.

The final count of the primary for the chancellorship of the northwestern division shows: Altman, 7,063; Carmichael, 5,692.

In Mobile in annual convention are the Alabama State Medical and the Alabama Pharmaceutical associations.

May 11th, at Selma, the forty-fourth annual grand conclave of Alabama grand commandery Knights Templar will convene.

Work will soon be started on the construction of the $15,000 Carnegie library at Talladega (colored) college.

Joseph S. Cain, the "father" of Mardi Gras in Mobile, died Monday at the age of 72 years.

Congressman Bankhead's exact majority over Captain Hobson is 941.

Lieutenant Governor Cunningham is expected home the last of the week.

WHIRR OF WHEELS

New Enterprises Begin Business in the South.

ALABAMA.

Birmingham — $50,000 machinery works; glass factory (projected).

Mobile—$50,000 pine export company.

Montgomery—Cotton gin.

FLORIDA.

Jacksonville—$10,000 company to manufacture building material.

Lake Helen—Brick works.

Palatka—$15,000 foundry and machinery company.

White Springs—$250,000 lumber company.

GEORGIA.

Abbeville—$10,000 shingle mill.

Atlanta—$50,000 company to manufacture railway rail joints.

Carrollton—Shirt and overall factory.

Dawson—$30,000 oil mill.

Eastman—Cotton gin.

Lawrenceville—Lath factory.

Senoia—Oil mill.

LOUISIANA.

Jennings—$100,000 hardware company.

Rayville—Woodworking plant.

Spider—Saw mill.

Whitecastle—Paper mill.

MISSISSIPPI.

Bogue Chito—$1,000,000 saw mill company.

Collins—Canning factory.

Columbus—$150,000 underwear mill.

Euporia—Telephone system.

Greenwood—$30,000 furniture company.

Houston—$50,000 cotton oil mill.

Poplarville—$8,000 canning factory.

Tupelo—$10,000 steam laundry.

TENNESSEE.

Big Spring—Shingle mill; grist mill.

Bristol—Grist mill.

Chattanooga—$10,000 paper box factory.

Elizabethton—$50,000 manufacturing company.

Kingston Springs—Stave and heading mill.

Lewisburg—$10,000 machine company.

Memphis—Development company.

Nashville—$25,000 cereal manufacturing company.

Sweetwater—Electric light plant; water works.

Quarter Century Development of the South.

In a comparative statement of the total value of all mineral products in the southern states in 1880, 1901 and 1902, not a single state but shows gains, Alabama, for instance, taking the lead, having increased the value of its products by over $57,000,000, and West Virginia by over $56,000,000. Virginia comes next with an increase of $20,612,000, followed by Tennessee with a net gain of $18,788,000. Missouri, next in rank, has increased the value of its mineral output $17,371,000, Kentucky's gain is nearly $11,000,000, and that of Maryland $9,569,000. The increase in other states, in the order named, is as follows: Texas, $8,949,000; Georgia, $4,054,000; Arkansas, $3,290,000; Florida, $2,777,000; South Carolina, $1,444,000, and North Carolina, $1,019,000. The value of the output of minerals in Louisiana, $966,639, and of Oklahoma, $431,000, in 1902, is all gain, as this industry in each of them was undeveloped in 1880.

One Gone Forward.

The first of five new submarine boats, building at St. Petersburg, and forty wagon loads of ammunition were dispatched Monday to the theater of war. The submarine boat, which was sent off in sections, is elliptical in shape and fitted with an improved electrical apparatus for firing torpedoes, which, it is claimed, experiments have shown enormously increases offensive power of torpedoes.

There is now under way and contracted for $200,000 worth of building in Talladega. The largest individual improvement is the Planters' Chemical company's $100,000 plant.

It is reported that a number of Norwegians are to be imported into Alabama for farm laborers.

New York democrats have endorsed Judge Parker for the presidency.

First In Oil Production.

Geological survey statistics made public place the world's production of petroleum in 1902 at 185,151,089 barrels. Of this the United States and Russia produced 91.44 per cent. For years Russia has led in point of production, but an increase of 10,377,722 in the production of the United States in 1902 and a decrease amounting to 4,628,515 barrels in the production of Russia put the United States at the head of the list. The United States produced nearly 2.6 barrels of refined product in 1902 for every barrel produced by the rest of the world.

Three deserters from the navy at Pensacola, Fla., were captured at Meridian Friday.

Vice Admiral Makaroff's widow has been granted an annual pension of $10,000.

Gadsden slag is in use by the Seaboard Air Line for ballast for its tracks.

M. Auguste Dupin, the original of Doyle's Sherlock Holmes, died last week.

Mississippi cotton mills report a good season.

AT THE CAPITOL

Congressional Proceedings and Other Items

APRIL 14TH.

The senate devoted the entire day to consideration of the bill for the government of the Panama canal zone and Mr. Morgan again occupied the floor most of the day. The discussion related principally to details of governing the canal, but some consideration also was given to Mr. Hale's amendment requiring the use of American bottoms in the shipping of canal supplies to the zone.

In the house the Philippine bill passed and the postoffice appropriation bill sent to conference.

APRIL 15TH.

After a day of quiet routine proceedings the senate was addressed by Mr. Bailey on the question of civil service. The subject came up in connection with a paragraph in the sundry civil appropriation bill.

The Panama canal bill occupied the major part of the day and was passed without division.

The civil service appropriation bill was taken up and when the senate adjourned about half of it had been read.

The senate passed a joint resolution ordering the printing of 10,000 copies of the report of the anthracite coal strike commission.

The postoffice appropriation bill was referred to a conference committee.

A bill extending to the outlying possessions of the United States the law prohibiting the transmission by express of obscene literature from one state to the other was passed.

APRIL 16TH.

The entire day in the senate was given up to the consideration of a bill for the modification of the agreement of the Indians of the Devil's lake reservation in North Dakota for the sale of their lands. No decision was reached.

General routine work on the deficiency bill was completed by the house. Preceding this the District of Columbia was legislated for in several minor matters.

APRIL 18TH.

The senate continued consideration of the civil appropriation bill, but did not conclude it. A number of other bills were passed during the day, including measures ratifying agreements with the Indians of the Devils Lake, Rosebud and Flathead reservations, located respectively in North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana.

The conference report on the army appropriation bill will be considered tomorrow.

The sundry civil bill was laid before the senate and the amendment in relation to the appointment of forestry agents was agreed to. It was then laid aside and the bill for the modification of the agreement with the Indians of Devils Lake reservation in North Dakota was again taken up and passed after slight amendments.

The house passed the last of the supply bills of the government, the general deficiency appropriation measure, after a stormy session which lasted until 8:15 in the evening. The contest was a party one over the deficiency appropriation for pensions, which the democrats tried ineffectively to amend by incorporating as a law the recent executive age disability order.

Late in the afternoon Mr. Hitt offered his Chinese exclusion bill, introduced Saturday, as an amendment to the special deficiency bill and it was accepted without objection.

After the opening a bill was presented providing for the relief of the growers of long tobacco. It repeals the internal revenue tax to 6 cents a pound on leaf tobacco in the hand and all special taxes.

Physicians who attended Major Hugh C. Dennis, president of the Rialto Grain and Securities Company, whose sudden death ended his connection with the case in which Senator J. R. Burton, of Kansas, was recently convicted, state that Major Dennis' death resulted from continually brooding over the conviction and sentence of Senator Burton.

At Washington the thirteenth annual continental congress of the national society of the Daughters of the American Revolution opened Monday with over 2,000 delegates, alternates and visitors in attendance. The sessions will continue throughout the week. Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, wife of the senior senator of Indiana, presided. The credentials committee reported a total of 41,206 members, 687 chapters, thirty national officers and 273 delegates.

Postmaster General Payne has returned from Galveston for Washington improved in health.

The United States court of appeals will hereafter hold one term each year in Birmingham. A bill providing for this passed the senate Monday. The president's signature is required now to make it effective as a law.

United States Minister Allen reports to the government that the Korean government is not now granting mining or other concessions, hence applications for such, says the minister, are useless.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Application made for entry in postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., as second class matter.

Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Apr. 21, 1904

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices.
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District.
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM.

County.

Probate Judge.
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk.
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

BEAT MEETINGS.

The Democratic voters throughout the county will hold their beat meetings next Saturday, April 23, and elect two delegates from each beat to attend the County Convention in Columbiana, April 25th, to elect delegates to the State Convention.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

The Democrats of Shelby county have every reason to be proud of their county ticket. Every man who has a place on that ticket is worthy the suffrage of every man in the county irrespective of party. They are the choice of the Democrats of Shelby county in the primary. The campaign was a warm one, but to the credit of all Democrats it was entirely free of anything of a personal nature. Each qualified white elector in the county had an opportunity to vote for his choice. There was no slate such as has been framed by the opposition.

The county ticket has at its head Hon. D. R. McMillan, candidate for Probate Judge. No higher tribute can be paid Mr. McMillan than given by his opponent in the primary, Hon. E. S. Lyman. In speaking of him a day or two following the primary, Mr. Lyman said: "Judge McMillan's popularity, force of character, many virtues; his experience and ability and the splendid victory he has achieved in the primary insure him the election in November." Well versed in the law, honorable, conscientious and of high moral character his fitness for the office to which he has been nominated is all that could be asked. He is a capable leader, and his influence will be a power in the campaign.

Who is there in the county who does not know W. R. A. Milner, our nominee for Circuit Clerk? No better clerk ever had in charge the court records of any county than Mr. Milner. His friends are legion and they are all over the county—friends who love and revere this gray-haired Confederate veteran who carries the scars received while in honorable service in defense of this pretty Southland—the home of his people and his people's people. Competent and trust worthy; honest and true as the sun which comes up over the eastern horizon—no better composite has any man.

To Beat 11 the Democrats have gone for a candidate for Tax Collector. A tiller of the soil, since early boyhood, J. E. Adams has made for himself a reputation in his community that is indeed enviable. And while making that reputation he also framed a character the foundation of which was built by his mother in his boyhood days—one of sterling worth in every particular. His quiet, unassuming manner has a peculiar charm that leaves most pleasant impressions upon all who come in contact with him. Although having spent most of his life in the fields, he has applied himself in other ways and his capability to discharge the duties of Tax Collector is questioned by none.

It requires a man of capability to discharge the duties of Assessor, and all Democrats are really proud of the young man whom they have chosen as a candidate for this office, J. S. Falkner. Of fine christain character, he is now in the full zenith of a sterling young manhood. He is a Shelby county boy through and through, and Shelby county is proud of him. He is at present book-keeper for Wilder Bros., the well known merchant firm of Vincent. He is an unnsually bright, energetic and congenial young man, and to know him is to remember him with pleasure. He is a representative of one of the oldest and most reputable families in Shelby, and in November it will be only a question of what his majority will be over his opponent.

Again to the fields did the Democrats go for their candidate for County Treasurer—one whom all know to be an honorable, upright, worthy man in every particular, Christain-like in all that he does, Walter E. Lester, carries the confidence of the people with him. His every-day walk in life has been an examplary one, and it is through this every-day character Mr. Lester owes more than any other one thing, the confidence that has come to him of his fellowmen. The office of County Treasurer is one of great trust, and the people of any county cannot be too careful in choosing the man who is to hold the funds of the county in trust. Mr. Lester is an energetic, tireless worker, and his nomination will bring strength to the ticket outside of party lines.

The record of Jno. B. Farrell during his present term is the best evidence of his fitness for the office of Superintendent of Education During the past two years the public schools of Shelby county have taken on new life, and it is to the untiring efforts of Mr. Farrell—the great personal interest he has taken in their development that has brought this about. The teachers of the county have a high regard for Mr. Farrell, and his popularity as a man and his fitness as an educator has given him the best effort of his teachers in their school work. The cause of education has taken great strides in the past two years, and the schools of this county have kept abreast of this tide. The future of a county depends largely upon its educational energy and life, and for that reason the people of any county should be very careful before delivering its public school system into the hands of an unknown quantity. Mr. Farrell has proven his efficiency, and will continue to do so.

The Democrats of the First and Third Districts have nominated excellent men for Commissioners. Both are farmers, but this detracts nothing from their capability, but on the other hand, both being heavy taxpayers, they will be watchful of the funds of the county, and will prevent any unnecessary and wasteful use of the county funds. They are representative men of their communities, honorable and upright in all that they do and mark the prediction: W. E. Riddle and Jno. N. Wyatt. will be members of the next Board of County Commissioners.

The men who have been nominated for minor offices are all good men of that class to be trusted in the discharge of their duties.

The above is the ticket the Democrats present to the voters of Shelby County for an endorsement in November, and The Sentinel believes that endorsement will be given with a handsome majority. Conditions are such that necessity demands a change in the management and administration of the affairs of the county, and as the campaign progresses the necessity of this change will become more and more apparent.

"One of the best Institutes the county has ever had," is what Supt. John B. Farrel says of the meeting at Harpersville, "The people up there treated us royally, too," he added.

Important Notice.

Some time ago we came out in a card, through the county papers, setting forth the fact that the duty of redistructing the county is now upon us. At the same time we made an earnest appeal to the officers and patrons of the different schools to assist us in this work, by making diagrams of such districts as in their minds should be formed. But as yet, we have had but little assistance. In making said diagrams please describe the location of schools and boundaries of districts, by the use of township and section lines, roads, streams, etc.

If you have suggestions to offer, now is your time for soon it will be too late,

Jno. B. Farrell,
Supt. Ed.

Teachers' Institute.

The Shelby County Teachers' Institute convened at Harpersville, Ala., April 15th, 1904, and was called to order by John B. Farrell. Superintendent of Education, at 10:30 a. m. After songs 343 and 86 were sung, devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. O. P. Bentley. His words of encouragement, and his prayer preceding the Institute, were inspiration to all present.

The welcome address by Prof. S. J. Strock was cordial and cheering. In the absence of L. B. Riddle the response was given by E. L. Patton. He emphasized the great importance of teachers attending these Institutes, giving examples of efforts he has made to attend them.

As some time was consumed in arranging homes for the delegates, after the enrollment of teachers and the appointing of two committees, one on Resolutions consisting of Misses Mary Liles, Bertie Allen and W. H. Gilbert, and the other on Local Taxation consisting of Profs. Strock, Patton and Ellenburg, the Institute adjourned for dinne at 12 m.

At 2.00 p. m. the Institute resumed work; opening with the song "Showers of Blessings" and prayer by C. H. Florey.

The first subject was taken up. "Our Prescribed Music Course and its Importance," by Misses Stella Posey and Bertie Allen. Miss Allen read a lengthy article that was very much appreciated; by request, she also gave an outline of music work she has done in the past year. Discussion of the subject followed by Mrs. Kate Wallace and Prof. Patton, showing the importance of this work in our schools.

Miss Stella Powell being absent, the next subject, "Is the Drawing Period Necessary in the Average School?" was passed.

The subject of English Grammar was next taken up. Interesting papers were read on the subjects assigned. Misses Kate Gorman, Zada Davis, Ellen Williams and Mary Liles, and a general and interesting discussion followed by many of the members present. Supt. J. B. Farrell giving several blackboard illustrations by request of Prof. Ellenburg.

The next subject, "Advisability of our Prescribed Course in Agriculture," by Prof. E. L. Patton, was discussed pro and con at some length by the Institute; Miss Allen and Mrs. Kate Wallace giving interesting experiments made in their schools. They, with Mr. Gorman, took a strong postion in favor of the adoption of the course; D. L. Patton and J. W. Ellenburg taking an uncertain position, first on one side and then on the other.

A very excellent paper was read by Mrs. Kate Wallace, "How Do You Manage the Overgrown Boy, Proud of His Teens?" It was very highly appreciated by the Institute, and on motion of Miss Allen, it was resolved to have it published, she consented on condition that she might revise the paper.

The subject of Arithmetic was next taken up, Prof. C. H. Florey introducing the subject. The different divisions were discussed very freely and fully by the members of the Institute. Some interesting examples in common fractions were given by Prof. S. J. Strock. After the discussion of this subject the Institute adjourned to meet at the Baptist church at 8 o'clock for the evening program.

After a succession of beautiful and appropriate songs, Supt. Farrell introduced, in his usual impressive manner, the speaker of the evening Dr. F. M. Peterson, of Montevallo. Dr Peterson entertained a large audience in a delightful manner, giving many instances of his work as a teacher, and pointing the teacher especially to the Divine help.

The Institute met at 9 o'clock Saturday morning, Supt. J. B. Farrell in the chair; opening song 272, followed by invocation by Dr. F. M. Peterson.

As some of the members were compelled to leave, a departure from the program was made, and Local Taxation was taken up. Prof. Patton was called upon first and showed plainly the great advantages that this system would be to the public schools. Dr. Peterson came next, and took a strong stand in defense of the education of the negro, illustrating the effect of illiteracy in the South, calling this universal ignorance a moral blot on our land. Dr. Peterson is also in favor of compulsory education, and the lengthening of the school term from five to eight months; he also stated that the redistricting of the State would be the open sesame to many other improvements in our county. The question of money for schools, not how much but how made was discussed. He heartily endorsed all that Prof. Patton had said in favor of this subject.

Prof. J. W. Ellenburg gave an excellent blackboard treatise, "An Exercise in Enumeration and Pronunciation." He then made a motion to locate the Teachers' Institute, and suggested Columbiana as a permanent meeting place for the teachers. The motion was opposed by Dr. Peterson, whose argument was that the good done for the different communities should not be sacrificed for the convenience of the teachers. Prof. Strock agreed with Dr. Peterson. The motion was lost.

The committee on resolutions reported and the report was unanimously adopted

Supt. Farrell made many excellent short talks during the Institute which were greatly enjoyed.

On invitation of Dr. Peterson it was decided to hold the next Institute at Montevallo.

Respectfully submitted,
CAROLYN ROWE.
Secretary.

RESOLUTIONS.

Inasmuch as we, the teachers of Shelby county assembled in Institute at Harpersville, have received such a thoroughly cordial welcome, we wish to express a hearty appreciation for the same. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That we extend our sincere thanks to those who have so kindly entertained us in their homes, and also for the especially kind attention they have shown in furnishing transportation to and from the raiload. Be it further

Resolved, That we extend to Dr. F. M. Peterson our unanimous thansk for his presence the very excellent address given on last evening, and his helpful work in the Institute. Be it

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be published in the county papers

Respectfully submitted,
MARY A. LILES.
BERTIE H. ALLEN,
W. H. GILBERT.

Senator Burton is likely to find the grafting business rather expensive to him before he gets through with it. But, then, his downfall was not unexpected by even his closest friends, for, if all reports are true he has been a purchaseble commodity ever since his entry to politics.

Every Democrat in the county can give his party ticket a most cordial support. Every man on the ticket is representative of loyal, honest manhood; men of clean character and high-standing in their respective communities.

OFFICIAL RETURNS, DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY ELECTION,

County Officers and Railroad Commissioner, April 11, 1904.

BEATS.	Probate Judge. E. S. Lyman.	D. R. McMillan.	Circuit Clerk. W. R. A. Milner.	H. W. Nelson.	J. E. Ruffin.	Tax Collector. J. E. Adams.	R. J. Griffin.	J. W. Perry.	W. R. Weaver.	Tax Assessor. W. C. Benton.	J. S. Falkner.	Jno. W. Moore.	Treasurer. W. E. Lester.	C. W. O'Hara.	W. A. Thompson.	Supt. of Education. Jno. B. Farrell.	Com. 1st District. W. E. Riddle.	Com. 3d District. H. C. Reynolds.	Jno. W. Wyatt.	Coroner. Geo D. Campbell.	E. E. Commission. R. H. Comer.	John V. Smith.
1 Box 1	12	37	50	58	3	53	18	3	28	13	77	10	39	25	48	92	96				47	47
1 Box 2	4	34	49	16		46	9	1	6	7	46	1	12	29	14	54	54				30	24
2		31	19	12	9	16	4	2	6	8	9	11	18	7	10	29	28				14	5
3	19	49	7	33	36	6	58		7	53	17	3	22	36	14	65		11	64	9	41	30
4	116	5	31	45	37	2	20	1	95	53	50	8	37	62	16	113		82	58		92	26
5	2			1					1	8				3	6	8			8		8	
6	15	40	4	1	51	3	52			9	38	5	19	23	13	51				1	32	26
7	13	48	14	20	20	10	46		3	55	5	2	39	13	6	54		5	58		47	9
8	4	21	15	9		22		1	1	3	12	8	23	3		26	21				16	
9	8	89	63	27	5	82	4		8	6	70	18	74	17	15	93	93			12	86	8
10 Box 1	12		11	10	3	23		3	14		37	3	6	12		38				13	21	18
10 Box 2	2	15	13	3	1	16		1			17		1	3	13	17					16	1
11	4	30	20	12	3	31	1	1	1	3	9	21	17	9	7	31	26				22	4
12	10	3	3		11	1	3	1	6	1	5	4	3	4	2	10					14	
13	12	9	20		1	18	2		1	18	2	1	5	10	6	18	1				16	1
14		6	6			5	5				5	1	5	1		6				4	3	4
15	3	32	22	8	4	20		12			34	2	9	10	15	34					18	13
16	36	76	61	32	17	57	6	38	7	3	87	17	36	32	41	101				54	88	22
17	4	15	8		8	7	8		3	9	9	1		17	1	18					16	4
18																						
19	20	7	3	2	15	1	23	1	2	23		1	16	3	2	19		3	20		13	1
TOTAL	307	651	435	292	214	419	255	65	191	274	527	117	376	319	251	878	319	101	180	95	640	244

The record of Jno. B. Farrell during his present term is the best evidence of his fitness for the office of Superintendent of Education During the past two years the public schools of Shelby county have taken on new life, and it is to the untiring efforts of Mr. Farrell—the great personal interest he has taken in their development that has brought this about. The teachers of the county have a high regard for Mr. Farrell, and his popularity as a man and his fitness as an educator has given him the best effort of his teachers in their school work. The cause of education has taken great strides in the past two years, and the schools of this county have kept abreast of this tide. The future of a county depends largely upon its educational energy and life, and for that reason the people of any county should be very careful before delivering its public school system into the hands of an unknown quantity. Mr. Farrell has proven his efficiency, and will continue to do so.

The Democrats of the First and Third Districts have nominated excellent men for Commissioners. Both are farmers, but this detracts nothing from their capability, but on the other hand, both being heavy taxpayers, they will be watchful of the funds of the county, and will prevent any unnecessary and wasteful use of the county funds. They are representative men of their communities, honorable and upright in all that they do and mark the prediction: W. E. Riddle and Jno. N. Wyatt. will be members of the next Board of County Commissioners.

The men who have been nominated for minor offices are all good men of that class to be trusted in the discharge of their duties.

The above is the ticket the Democrats present to the voters of Shelby County for an endorsement in November, and The Sentinel believes that endorsement will be given with a handsome majority. Conditions are such that necessity demands a change in the management and administration of the affairs of the county, and as the campaign progresses the necessity of this change will become more and more apparent.

"One of the best Institutes the county has ever had," is what Supt. John B. Farrel says of the meeting at Harpersville, "The people up there treated us royally, too," he added.

MORTGAGE SALE NOTICE.

Under power of sale contained in a certain mortgage of S. H. Wallace, dated 10th day of March, 1903, and recorded in Book 62, of Record of Mortgages, Page 361, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., the undersigned will sell at public outcry in front of the court house door at Columbiana, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, on Tuesday, the 17th day of May 1904, the following described real estate to-wit: East half of southwest quarter and south west quarter of south west quarter of section twenty-one (21), township 20, range 2, east; south west quarter of northeast quarter and northeast quarter of northeast quarter, and southeast quarter of northeast quarter of section 29, township 20, range 2, east; also an undivided two-thirds (⅔) interest in the following real estate: northwest quarter of southeast quarter and northeast quarter of southwest quarter and northwest quarter of southwest quarter of section 9, township 20, range 2, east; all in Shelby county, Ala.; said sale is made for satisfaction of debt secured by said mortgage, the condition of mortgage having been broken.

Dated at Anniston, Alabama, this 9th day of April, 1904.

Anniston Mercantile Co.,
Mortgagee.
LAPSLEY & ARNOLD,
Attorneys.
34-4t.

It is thought that the recent spell of cold weather has injured the apples; that many of them will blast and fall off. Peaches promise a big yield.

The Best Family Salve.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel gives instant relief from burns, cures cuts, bruises, sores, eczema, Tetter and all abrasions of the skin. In buying With Hazel Salve it is only necessary to see that you get the genuine DeWitt's Witch hazel salve and a cure is certain. There are many cheap counterfeits on the market, all of which are worthless and quite a few are dangerous, while Dewitt's are perfectly harmless and cures. Sold at Williams Bros.

Parties subject to road duty should remember that they can pay the cash if they do not care to work. In some places in the county the road overseers have refused to accept cash payment. The law says overseers must accept the money if tendered when warned out.

Good for Children.

The pleasant to take and harmless One Minute Cough cure gives immediate relief in all cases of cough, croup and lagripe because it does not pass immediately in the stomach but takes effect right at the seat of the trouble. It draws out the inflammation, heals and soothes and cures permanently by enabling the lungs to contribute pure life-giving and life-sustaining oxygen to the blood tissues. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take and it is good alike for young and old. Sold by Williams Bros.

The Georgia delegation will be for Parker.

It is true that many contract colds and recover from them without taking any precaution or treatment, and a knowledge of this fact leads others to take their chances instead of giving their colds the needed attention. It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality, makes the system less able to with stand each succeding colds and paves the way for more serious diseases. Can you afford to take such desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of colds, can be had for a trifle? For sale by Bandy Drug Company.

PRETTY Organdies, Laces, Lawns, Ginghams

Embroideries and Mulls.

We have the prettiest line of each in town. Your inspection and criticism is cordially invited.

"Ambrosia" Flour, best in the world. We have it.

We waraant all gooods to be as represented.

Morgan Brothers Mercantile Co.

MONTEVALLO, ALA.

A Cure for Headache.

Any woman or child suffering from headache, biliousness or a dull, drowsy feeling should take one or two of DeWitt's Little Early Risers night and morning. These famous little pills are famous because they are a tonic as well as a pill. While they cleanse the system they strengthen and rebuild it by their tonic effect upon the liver and bowels. Sold by Williams Bros.

Five murder cases are docketed for this term of court.

Best Cough Medidine for Children.

When you buy a cough medicine for small children you want one in which you can place implicit confidence. Yot want one that not only relieves but cures. You want one that is unquestionable harmless. You want one that is pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all these conditions. There is nothing so good for the cough and colds incident to childhood. It is also a preventive and cure for croup, and there is no danger whatever from whooping cough when it is given. It has been used in many epidemics of that disease with perfect success. For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

Those who were for Smith during the primary campaign are for Comer now—all of them.

Nothing Equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for Bowel Complaints in Children.

"We have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in our family for years," Mrs. J. B. Cooke, of Nederland, Tex. "We have given it to all of our children for croup. We used other medicines for the same purpose, but never found anything to Chamberlain's. If you will use it as directed it will always cure." For at Bandy Drug Co

Edgar Cary, of Montevallo, is attending court as a witness in a damage suit against the Southern Railway.

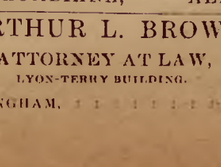
Serious Stomach Trouble Cured.

I was troubled with a distress in my stomach, sour stomach and vomiting spells, and can truthfully say that Chamberlain's Stomach Lsver Tablets cured me.—Mrs. T. V. Williams, Laingsburg, Mih. These tablets are guaranteed to cure every case of stomach trouble of this character. For sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

Taxpayers of Shelby county will read with interest the report of the Grand Jury which we publish in this issue. Some good, sober, unprejudiced, unbiased and hard thinking Is coming to you when you read it.

Governor Jelks, accompanied by his family, has gone to New Mexico for the benefit of his health. Nothing of a serious nature, however.

T. J. Weaver & Co.,



—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

Dr. W. P. HAMNER
DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

W. S. DuBOSE, M.D. C. T. ACKER, M.D
DRS. DuBOSE & ACKER
Offices Upstairs Liles Building.
COLUMBIANA, ... ALA.

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM, ... ALA

OUR NEW SPRING GOODS . . .

Are ready for your inspection.

All the latest styles in washable and wearable Dress Goods. Would like to show you what we have.

C. L. Meroney & Co.

Best line of Shoes in town.

We Sell These.
You want the best. Are you ready for it this season?
We are prepared as never before to meet your wants in vehicles and harness. There's nothing so satisfactory as buying where you are known. Absolute honesty in make and material. You will agree when we tell you
IT'S THE FAMOUS
Studebaker Line
WE CARRY.
No matter what you want—if it's a harness or something that runs on wheels, we've got it or will quickly get it.
Come in and figure with us. Everybody knows the place.
C. L. Meroney & Co.
Montevallo, Ala.
P. S. The Studebaker trademark on a vehicle is its guarantee. Don't forget this.

See Exhibit of Wagons and McCormick Mowers at Shriner's Cotton Ware House.

JASPER HOLCOMBE. R. E. BOWDON.

Holcombe & Bowdon,

Calera, Ala.

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

COME TO SEE US.

Watch for our new advertisement.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.
Office upstiars in Bank Building.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO. - - ALABAMA.
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA.

One of the
FINEST, FRESHEST
and NICEST
STOCKS of GROCERIES
Fruits, Candies, Cakes and Breakfast Foods in this section.

GIVEN AWAY!
ON MAY THE 1ST
A Handsome Dinner Set
To One of Our Customers.
J. R. WHITE.

ICE COLD DRINKS
OF EVERY KIND.
All goods sold you are GUARANTEED. That means you are to get your money back if not just as represented. Special inducements on Bicycles and Bicycle supplies. Goods dellvered Free of Charge.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

All kinds of "garden truck is in the market.

Judge J.L. Peters Sundayed with relatives in Montevallo.

Will Strong, of Montevallo, is in the city a witness in court.

W. F. Sturdevant, of Bamford, is attending court this week.

☞A full line of embroidery silks at Hammond Millinery Co

J. W. Bandy, of Montevallo, was in t own last Thursday, a guest of T. P. Lane.

J. T. McGaughy, of near Montevallo, is in the city this week, doing jury duty.

Dr. A. B. Horn, of Clanton, was in the city a few days this week, a witness in court.

☞The Hammond Millinery Co. give you good style, good prices and good service.

Commissioner Pleas Shaw, of Beat 4, was in town Monday. Court and politics.

Abner Fancher, of Birmingham, has been in attendance at court this week as a witness.

W. P. McConaughy, of Montevallo, was in town Monday and Tuesday attending court.

☞For your dress hats, ribbons, gloves and fancy neckwear call on Hammond Millinery Co.

The work going out of our job department is our best solicitor. "Proof of the pudding," etc,

Conductor Jim Vest, running out of Wilton on the Southern, has been attending court this week.

The ball game last Friday, between Shelby and Columbiana, attracted a large crowd of spectators.

The Sentinel received a pleasant call Monday from Geo. W. Morgan and Rev. J. W. Willis, of Montevallo.

Tom Tinney, The Sentinel's pressman, has one of the best baritone voices we have heard in a long time.

James Rhodes, of Birmingham, was in the city the fore part of the week visiting his sister, Mrs. T. P. Lane.

A wreck on the Southern near Plantersville last Friday, delayed the north bound train about three hours.

Jno. H. Fulton, of Saginaw, was in town Friday, and while here united with The Sentinel's family of readers.

J. F. Pope, of Wilsonville, was in attendance at the meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee last Friday.

S. V. McClinton, one of the good Democratic farmers of beat 4, was a pleasant caller this week. He is attending court.

Pupils are already planning picnics, fishing trips and other joyous times in anticipation of the vacation days soon to come.

Prof. Ellenburg, of Montevallo, passed through the city last Friday on his way to Harpersville to attend the Teachers' Institute.

The Sentinel knows of a good woman in this city who is as well up in the politics of the day as most men, and it is not to her discredit in the least.

It is claimed that Columbiana has fewer children who do not attend Sunday school than any other town in the State of the same population. The Sentinel believes it.

George Canterbery, of Montevallo, is in town, a witness in court.

If you want to laugh hearty go to the Academy tonight. 10 and 15cts.

Miss Bertie Barnett visited with Miss Ludie Wyatt near Montevallo last week.

J. H. Wilder, of the firm of Wilder Bros., Vincent, was in town Friday to attend the meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee.

The Columbiana Millinery Shop has just opened a handsome line of sofa pillow tops with embroidery silk to match. 2t

Agent W. F. Davis has gone to Chattanooga to meet two of his sisters who are on their way to Columbiana from Deleware, O.

Sod along the curbing in front of Freidberger's and Bandy's drug store improves the appearance of that side of the street wonderfully.

There are a number of pretty windows in town. A good window dresser is a good advertiser of the establishment in which he is employed.

The White House has had for its guests during this term of court, some of the brightest and most capable attorneys in the State of Alabama.

Although this is a very busy season with the farmers, all our merchants report a good trade. Good goods sold at a fair price is the drawing card.

The Columbiana Millinery Shop has just received a large invoice of [illegible] fat or lean, the rich or poor can be fitted—both the shapes and the purses. 2t.

John McGibony, a prosperous farmer of this beat, says the recent cold weather has about destroyed the apple crop, but that peaches are in good condition.

Miss Bertie Allen and Miss Pettus, two teachers in the Montevallo public schools, passed through this city last Thursday, enroute to the Teachers' Institute at Harpersville.

The play, "A Pious Fraud" will probably be given in Shelby and Wilsonville at near future dates. We can assure the people of those towns that they will be delightfully entertained.

The Columbiana Millinery Shop is constantly receiving shipments of the latest shapes and styles of white and black chiffon hats. The most fastidious can find just the shape they want. 2t.

John W. Bolin, a prominent farmer from near Wilsonville, was a pleasant caller on The Sentinel last Saturday. Mr. Bolin says the farmers are very busy up in his section just now.

Hon. Sydney J. Bowie will deliver an address during Commencement at the Girls' Industrial School in Montevallo. Mr. Bowie is taking a great interest in educational matters in Alabama.

All matter intended for insertion in The Sentinel for the current week should be in the office not later than Wednesday morning, as we will try to go to press in the afternoon of that day.

The telephone line being erected between this place and Wilsonville by Messrs. White and Davis, was completed last Saturday and works like a charm. This line will prove a great convenience to both towns.

While some negroes were gambling in a shanty at Aldrich last Saturday night, an unknown person shot through the window of the building, killing a negro named Smith, and probably fatally wounding another. There is no clue as to who did the shooting.

Geo. W. Morgan, a prominent merchant of Montevallo, was in the city the fore part of the week, having been summoned as a juror in a special case. Mr. Morgan was at one time in business in Shelby, and took advantage of his trip to Columbiana to visit friends over there last Sunday.

PLEASING ENTERTAINERS.

A Delightful Presentation of "A Pious Fraud."

A large audience greeted the presentation of "A Pious Fraud" at the Academy Tuesday night. From lifting of the curtain on the first act to its falling at the closing scene, the work of each member of the cast was entirely acceptable to the audience as was evinced by the frequent and hearty applause prompted by individual merit.

The plot of the comedy is a pleasant little story, depicting the tribulations of two college students who, at the approaching close of school, desire to give a little dinner to their sweethearts. The arrival of an aunt of one of the students is expected to chaperon the party, but as she is unavoidably delayed, and the young ladies having accepted the invitation to dinner, the boys are in the middle of a dilemma. They finally decide to dress another chum to the character of the aunt, and from that time the troubles of the two college boys come thick and fast. At times they want to choke the life out of the pseudo aunt, but that individual holds vantage ground, knows it, and improves the opportunity. The two sweethearts are niece and ward of a Mr. Spettigue, a pompous individual with an irritable temper, who is inclined to be tyrannical in his ways. The father of one of the boys, an old English gentleman of culture, arrives upon the scene, and at the suggestion of his son, although contrary to his own inclinations, proceeds to make a conquest of the so-called aunt. In this pursuit he has a [illegible] of the choleric uncle. In due time the real aunt arrives and there is consternation in the ranks of the conspirators. With the aunt comes a ward who has had in her life a little romance all her own, and the hero of that romance is Lord Fencourt Baberly, the college boy who is disguised as the aunt. A pathetic little scene in connection with this part of the play is when Ela DeLahey tells the little romance of her life to the disguised lord. A little later the deception practiced by the boys is exposed, but not until our pompous friend has engaged himself to the spurious aunt. In the finale the real aunt reads a little lecture to the boys, and later gives her hand to Sir Francis Chesney, who had been her sweetheart in the days of auld lang syne. Matters adjust themselves and all ends well.

Prof. Dowell and Will Lawley were typical college boys who are ever ready for a lark, or to make love to a pretty girl. Grover Liles, as the fraudulent aunt, afterwards Lord Fencourt Baberly, portrayed the character to life, and had the audience with him from his first appearance. Mr. Farrell as the peppery old uncle and guardian was good. Henry Latham dressed the character of Sir Francis Chesney well, and his dignified air was surprising to those who know Henry in every day affairs. Percy Pitts was a jewel of a servant, a veritable Handy Andy at all times. Miss Gertrude Roberts and Miss Edna Nelson as Amy Spettigue and Kittie Verdum, sweethearts of the college chums, were delightfully discreet, yet in hearty sympathy with their sweethearts, but ignorant of the deception practiced upon them by the boys. Miss Esther Mason as Donna Lucia D'Alvadorez and Miss Stella Powell as Ela DeLahey, her ward, made a pleasing impression—the former a personification of dignified gentility; the latter a devoted, loving companion to the friend who had been so kind to her.

The faculty of our Graded School and the friends who assisted in the presentation of "A Pious Fraud," furnished a delightful evening to a large number. The staging was clever, the characters had been carefully studied, and the portrayal of each was all that could be asked. The Sentinel believes that the entertainment could be repeated to equally as large an audience as was present Tuesday night.

Pleasant features of the evening were the musical numbers of Miss Nelson and Annie Ponder, and Miss Mason and Lois Mason.

LATER.—Since writing the above The Sentinel is authorized to say that the play will be repeated again tonight (Thursday). Admission 10 and 15 cents. The Academy should be filled to the doors, not only because it will help the piano fund, but for the reason that the entertainment is a meritorious one, and we feel sure you will be pleased.

Rev. J. W. Willis, pastor of the Montevallo Baptist church, preached two excellent sermons in this city last Sunday, at the Baptist church. Rev. Mr. Upshaw, pastor of the church here, preached in Montevallo on that day.

It has been a long time since Shelby county has had a Superintendent of Education who was more popular with the teachers of the county than Jno. B. Farrell. He has made a good official, and is sure of another term.

Columbiana people have every reason to be proud of the teachers in charge of their public schools. Good schools and good churches are the best advertisements a town can have. Those of Columbiana are among the best in the State.

An item in The Sentinel last week, relative to the appointment of city physicians, should have read they were appointed by "the Board of Censors" instead of by the Board of Census. Our attention was called to the error by Dr. DuBose.

Now that the warm summer days are near at hand it might be a good idea to clean up any refuse matter which may have accumulated in the alleys during the winter months. A little precaution along this line is equal to a quarantine against fever.

The case of Frank J. Kroell, who was convicted in the Circuit Court of this county a year ago and sentenced to thirty-six years in the penitentiary for the killing of Walter S. Cary, has been passed upon by the Supreme court and the decision of the lower court affirmed.

"Child Study in Relation to character Building," is the subject of an address to be given by Prof. Spright Dowell before the Sunday School convention to held at Mt. Chapel church next Sunday. The Sentinel doubts very much if this subject could have been given to one more thoroughly equipped to talk intelligently of than Prof. Dowell.

An attractive show window may be seen at Leo Friedburger's this week. A miniature park has been arranged in the window; it is sodded, the grass is growing nicely in it, and several guinea pigs meander as they please, paying little heed to the inscription "Keep off the grass" displayed conspicuously. The window has attracted the admiration of all, and is the handiwork of Simon Friedburger.

Are You a Dyspeptic?
If you are dyspeptic you owe it to yourself and your friends to get well. Dyspepsia annoys the dyspeptic's friends because his disease sours his disposition as well as his stomach. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will not only cure dyspepsia, indigestion and sour stomach, but this palatable, reconstructive tonic digestant strengthens the whole apparatus sweetens life as well as well stomach. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure the food you eat is enjoyed. It is digested, assimilated and its nutrient properties appropriated by the blood tissues. Health is the result. Sold by Williams Bros.

John K. Milner, who travels for an Anniston wholesale grocery house, and who has scores of friends in this city, was here two or three days last week visiting relatives and friends and incidentally talking business to the merchants. Mr. Milner was an ardent supporter of Comer in the race for president of the Railroad Commission, and was correspondingly happy over the great victory won by his candidate.

Taking Desprate Chances.
"I have been subject to sciatic rheumatism for years," says E. H. Waldron, of Wilton Junction, Ia. "My joints gave me much pain and discomfort. My joints would crack when I straightened up. I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and have been entirely cured. I have not had a pain or ache from the old trouble in many months. It certainly is a wonderful liniment." For sale by Banby Drug Co.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

SHOES . . .
I make a specialty of the shoe business, and keep the best high grade line the market affords. In buying a shoe, one wants a serviceable shoe at a
Reasonable Figure.
That is just what we offer to the trade: Service and quality at a reasonable figure. We invite your inspection.

Queensware.
There is nothing the ladies admire more than they do beautiful Queensware. Come, see what we have in this line before purchasing elsewhere.

☞We endeavor to please our trade, and appreciate the patronage of the public.

GROCERIES . . .
Our Grocery Department is complete in every particular. Fresh goods of the best grades coming in every day. We offer you the bzst to be had, and at prices consistent with safe business principles. Our goods will speak for themselves. Cordial and courteous treatment to all. Bring us your produce.
Provisions and Feed.
keep on hand a full stock of provisions of every description. Fresh and salt meats and flour. I can fill your order for and kind of feed and hay. Be pleased to serve you in any way.
A Cool Drink
Soda Pop, Lemonade, Coca Cola—cool and refreshing.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

Wilsonville.

A. L. Jackson was in Georgia last week on business.

J. W. Hall was at Columbiana the latter part of last week.

Miss Sallie Elam was laid up last week with a case of mumps.

J. F. Pope and two little daughters went up to Anniston Sunday.

The telephone was completed from here to your city last Saturday.

J. F. Pope and W. T. Taylor went down to your city on business last Friday.

J. G. Gwin, jr., has been down at Lamison with his brother for a few days.

Rev. Thos. Parker filled his regular appointment at the Presbyterian church Sunday.

Miss Helen Boyer, of your city spent a part of Saturday and Sunday here with her parents.

Say. Uncle Pete, we wish you would write for us every week or wake Jake up and tell him to write.

Will Stephens, of Cullman county, is in town—whether on business or visiting, we don't know.

Mr. Johnson, an insurance man of Rome, Ga., has been making his headquarters here for a couple of weeks.

Prof. J. A. Spearman and wife, of Redlawn, spent Saturday night and Sunday with Mr. Spearman's sister, Mrs. Taylor.

A. J. Taylor says the hotel business is too slow a go for him; so he attends to the hotel and drives for the liveryman.

The peach crop in this section bids fair to be very fine, but apples and certain varieties of pears have already been greatly damaged by blight.

You made us say last week that over one hundred votes were polled here at the primary election, when it should have been exactly one hundred.

Honest John.

Go see the Pious Fraud tonight at the Academy.

For Sale.
One fine cow and young calf. Apply to S. W. NELSON.

For Sale.
Two cows and two calves for sale. Apply to Walter E. Lester, on his farm. 34-2

Wood Choppers.
Regular employment for a limited number of good Wood Choppers in fine timber. Fifty cents per cord cash every two weeks.
Longview Lime Works,
34-4 Longview, Ala.

A MODEL
DRUG STORE . . .
(Conducted on a modern system.)
We carry all Patent Medicines sold in this section. Cigars and Tobacco. Best line Imported and Domestic, in fact, everything that goes to make up a
First Class Drug Store.
Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins, Colgates Soaps, Extracts, and Toilet Articles.
Our Prescription Department
Is always in charge of a Pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of Pharmacy and years of experience.
J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782.77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52.639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3.000.00	Rediscounts.....	2.263.00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. FARLEY Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.
This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

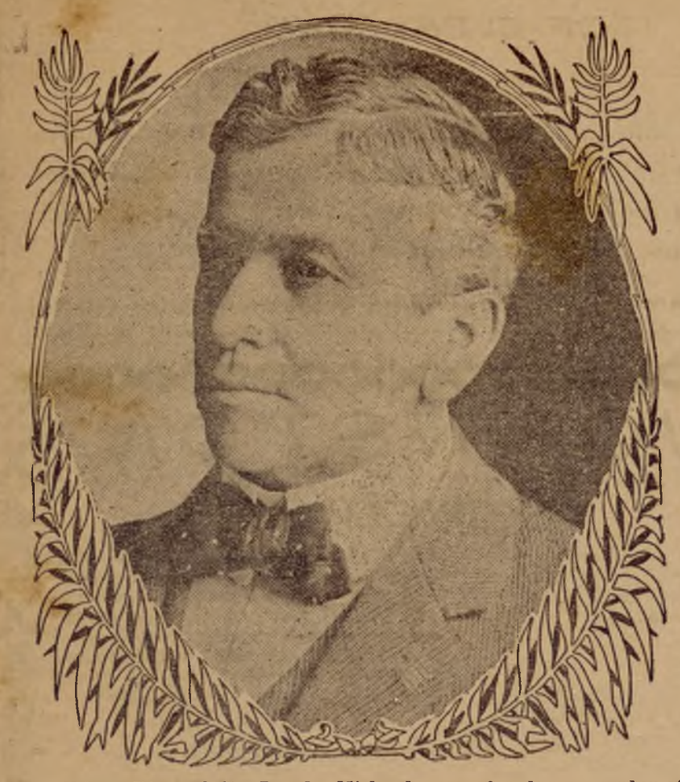
BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Co.
Land Titles, Abstracts of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, Insurance, and a General Title Business
J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Alabama.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

We will appreciate your order for
JOB WORK.
Good Stock, Prices Right.

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

A MICHIGAN MAYOR SAYS:

"I Know Peruna is a Fine Tonic For a Worn Out System."



Hon. Nelson Rice, of St. Joseph, Mich., knows of a large number of grateful patients in his county who have been cured by Peruna.

Hon. Nelson Rice, Mayor of St. Joseph, Michigan, writes:
The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio:

Gentlemen: "I wish to congratulate you on the success of your efforts to win the confidence of the public in need of a reliable medicine. *I know Peruna is a fine tonic for a worn out system and a specific in cases of catarrhal difficulties. You have a large number of grateful patients in this country who have used Peruna and have been cured by it, and who praise it above all other medicines. Peruna has my heartiest good wishes."---Nelson Rice.*

MARCH, APRIL, MAY.

Weak Nerves, Poor Digestion, Impure Blood, Depressed Spirits.

Gentlemen: "I wish to congratulate y ou on the success of your efforts to win the confidence of the public in need of a re liable medicine.

The sun has just crossed the equator on its yearly trip north. The real equator is shifted toward the north nearly eighteen miles every day. With the return of the sun comes the bodily ills peculiar to spring. With one person the nerves are weak; another person, digestion poor; with others the blood is out of order; and still others have depressed spirits and tired feeling.

All these things are especially true of those who have been suffering with catarrh in any form or la grippe. A course of Peruna is sure to correct all these conditions. It is an ideal spring medicine. Peruna does not irritate—it invigorates. It does not temporarily stimulate — it strengthens. It equalizes the circulation of the blood, tranquilizes the nervous system and regulates the bodily functions. Peruna, unlike so many spring medicines is not simply a physic or stimulant or nervine. It is a natural tonic and invigorator.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

DYSPEPSIA

"Having taken your wonderful "Cascarets" for three months and being entirely cured of stomach catarrh and dyspepsia, I think a word of praise is due to Cascarets for their wonderful composition. I have taken numerous other so-called remedies but without avail and I find that Cascarets relieve more in a day than all the others I have taken would in a year."
James McCune, 198 Mercer St., Jersey City, N. J.

Best For The Bowels

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 592

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

FREE to WOMEN

A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely Free and Postpaid, enough to prove the value of

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

Paxtine is in powder form to dissolve in water — non-poisonous and far superior to liquid antiseptics containing alcohol which irritates inflamed surfaces, and have no cleansing properties. The contents of every box makes more Antiseptic Solution — lasts longer — goes further—has more uses in the family and does more good than any antiseptic preparation you can buy.

The formula of a noted Boston physician, and used with great success as a Vaginal Wash, for Leucorrhœa, Pelvic Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Cuts, and all soreness of mucus membrane.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a Vaginal Wash we challenge the world to produce its equal for thoroughness. It is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

All leading druggists keep Paxtine; price, 50c. a box; if yours does not, send to us for it. Don't take a substitute — there is nothing like Paxtine.

Write for the Free Box of Paxtine to-day.

R. PAXTON CO., 7 Pope Bldg., Boston, Mass.

Cotton Must Have

Potash

Potash is an essential plant food which must be added as a fertilizer or the soil will become exhausted, as is true of so many cotton fields.

We have books giving valuable details about fertilizers. We will send them free to any farmer who asks us for them.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,

New York—66 Nassau Street, or Atlanta, Ga.—22½ So. Broad St.

Am. 17, 1904.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

Silence is the wisest answer to a fool. Silence is always a silent woman. Great is the wisdom of the woman that holdeth her tongue.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Happy is the girl who thinks her father is the best man on earth.

Old Sofas, Backs of Chairs, etc., can be dyed with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

Many a girl shatters her ideal when she marries him.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

A woman desirous of being seen by men is not trustworthy. Fear her glance.

Lighting and Water.

It is practically impossible to cause an electric spark of high electromotive force to leap from one surface of a liquid to another. For this reason it is rare that lightning strikes the surface of water.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

Has Right to Pray For Japan.

At least one man in Missouri piously prays that victory may perch on the banner of the Jap in the war now being waged. This is Colonel John Sobieski, of Richmond, lineal heir of King John Sobieski, of Poland.

VERY LOW RATES

To Birmingham and Return via Southern Railway.

Account conference for education in the south, Southern railway announces rate of one fare plus 25 cents for round trip to Birmingham. Tickets to be sold April 25th and 26th, final limit May 5th, 1904. A special train will bring the Robert C. Ogden party of prominent educators from the east. Men of prominence from all parts of the United States are expected to participate in this conference. For tickets and details see nearest agent.

R. B. Creagh, traveling passenger agent, Birmingham, Ala.

J. C. Lusk, district passenger agent, Birmingham, Ala.

VERY LOW RATES

To Chicago and Return via Southern Railway.

Account general conference A. M. E. church, Southern railway announces rate of one fare plus 50 cents for round trip to Chicago and return. Tickets to be sold April 29th, 30th, May 1st and 2d, limit May 10th. By depositing tickets and payment of fee of 50 cents final limit may be extended until June 10th.

For tickets and detailed information see nearest agent or write:

R. B. Creagh, traveling passenger agent, Birmingham, Ala.

J. C. Lusk, district passenger agent, Birmingham, Ala.

BIG FIRE AT WYLAM

Burns Eighteen Residences, a Church and a Hotel.

Friday afternoon fire broke out in the Tate hotel in the central portion of Wylam and in less than an hour the flames, fanned by a stout west wind, had destroyed eighteen residences. The total loss is estimated at between 16,000 and $17,000. The flames were checked by the use of dynamite used to blow up the houses in the path of the fire. Wylam has no water protection. The origin of the fire is supposed to have been a defective flue. The losses incurred are as follows: Mrs. W. W. Wilson, hotel, $2,500; Tate, household goods, $1,000, partly insured; Dr. W. D. Caldwell, house $800, furniture $1,000, horse $200, partly insured; old Methodist church, $1,500; William Montgomery house and household goods $2,000, partly insured; J. L. Conley, three houses and household goods, $2,000, partly insured; J. W. Sanford, two houses, $1,000; Mrs. William Jenkins, five houses, $2,500; Mrs. Brown, house destroyed by dynamite, value $500; Mrs. White, household goods, $500; W. J. Stacey, house $800, household goods and buggy, $1,000. This is the first time in the history of this mining town that it has suffered such a loss, but the citizens will rebuild.

Two Boys Drowned.

Frank and Willie Grover, 10 and 12 years old, were drowned in Dry creek near Huntsville. They were playing on the banks of the creek and fell in.

Wrok on the 300-ton furnace at Woodward is progressing rapidly and it is believed that by the latter part of September the immense plant will be ready to commence to make iron. When completed the three furnaces at Woodward will have a daily capacity of nearly seven hundred tons of pig iron, the capacity of the new furnace being 300 tons, and the two in operation each being 200-ton furnaces.

A large force of linemen is at work on the electric car line between Tuscumbia, Sheffield and Florence preparatory to the operation of the line, which is only a matter of a few days. It is given out that the plant, including waterworks, electric lights and the street railway, will have cost the Sheffield company a round million dollars when completed.

The democratic state executive committee will meet in Montgomery on Wednesday, April 20th, for the purpose of consolidating and publishing the vote cast in the primaries last Monday. In some instances it may require this official count to determine some of the nominees.

At Florence, Ala., the new Methodist church that is being erected was badly damaged by fire Friday. Tinners were at work putting on the roof and it is supposed that fire fell from building was damaged $1,000, which is covered by insurance.

The safe of W. D. Irwin and Windham & Co., at Moulton, were burglarized last Thursday night. Nothing of value was taken from either of the stores, as the thief seemed to have been in quest of money only, and neither of the safes contained a single dollar.

The body of Andrew Phillips, of Corinth, Miss., or Sheffield, Ala., was found on the Southern railway tracks at White station, Tenn. The head had been completely severed from the body. Letters found on his person showed his identity.

Alabama's production of pig iron in March was 128,947 tons. Op April 1 twenty-five coke stacks were in operation.

It is stated in railroad circles that before the end of the year Birmingham will have two new lines to Atlanta, the Seaboard Air Line and the L. and N. The latter will go by way of Altoona and Duke, Ala., and Cartersville, Ga.

The West Pratt Coal company has increased its capital stock from $20,000 to $100,000 paid in.

There is talk of a new railroad being built from Chattanooga to Louisville through a section which now has no railroad outlet. The new line will run east of the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

Huntsville, Ala., parties are organizing a company to establish a plant and engage in the manufacture of paper and other articles from the waste of Huntsville cotton mills.

George Williams, a telegraph operator at Palmer, committed suicide with morphine Friday. Cause not known.

A vein of anthracite has been located near Scottsboro.

Birmingham is to have a street carnival.

The board of mayor and aldermen of the city of Hattiesburg, Miss., give notice that at the regular meeting in May they will issue bonds in the sum of $60,000 for the purpose of building or buying an electric light plant.

Five special detectives from Scotland Yard have been detailed at the world's fair to guard Queen Victoria's jubilee gifts.

Ed Gammons, the Mississippi murderer of his sweetheart, says in his confession that she asked him to shoot her.

At Baton Rouge, La., the christening of the New Istrouma hotel was made a gala occasion. The central figure in the ceremony was Mrs. W. R. Leavitt, formerly Miss Ruth Bryan, daughter of W. J. Bryan, who in the presence of a large number of society people of the city broke a bottle of champagne and gave the new hotel its name. The hotel is the first modern hostelry erected in the Louisiana capital. Mrs. Leavitt is there with her husband, the artist, who is painting a portrait of Governor Heard.

Korea's Palace Burned.

A report to high officials has it that the imperial palace at Seoul, Korea, was completely destroyed by fire Thursday night. The fire began in the evening and lasted throughout the night. The emperor and his suite succeeded in escaping to a nearby refuge. The report does not mention any loss of life, nor does it give the cause of the fire, but the recent political unrest in the Korean capital leads to fears that the destruction of the palace was the work of the rebellious element.

The imperial palace is a massive structure 400 years old, is built of stone. It is an old federal structure and contains within its walls a constant guard of 500. Inside the confines of the palace grounds 5,000 retainers live. The palace is not the oldest of the emperor's homes. He has another palace in which he lived for many years, but one night a snake fell from the ceiling of his bed room, according to a well circulated story and Yie Evi immediately moved to his present imperial abode.

GREENWOOD, MISS.,

Was Visited by a Cyclone Thursday—The Damage.

A cyclone struck Greenwood, Miss., Thursday night.

The fourth story of the big new furniture factory was completely demolished, entailing a heavy loss. One store and several smaller buildings in the same vicinity were swept from their foundations. No loss of life is reported, but all of the wires are down north of the city and no reports can be obtained.

In Its Old Bed.

With a roar that was heard for miles the Mississippi river, Friday night, cut through Killickrankie Neck in Davis Bend, restored Davis island to the Mississippi mainland, and resumed its old channel through what for forty years has been known as Lake Palmyria.

Incidently several valuable cotton plantations were practially ruined. The neck of land through which the river cut to regain possession of its former channal was about five hundred yards wide. Davis Bend is twenty miles south of Vicksburg.

Cotton In India.

The government of India has issued the final general memorandum on the cotton crop of British India for 1903-04, showing that the area under cotton of 17,870,599 acres is over a million acres larger than the corrected area of last year, which was then the highest returned. The official figures of the estimated yield is 2,873,393 bales. The estimated total yield for this season excluding returns from Assam and Mysore, which did not report last year, is approximately the same as for last season.

Will Open the School.

Colored citizens of Jackson, Miss., have raised the funds necessary to reopen the Holly Springs state normal school for colored teachers, and say that they will not ask the north to give a cent. They propose to get the cash from their own people. This is the school that was closed on account of Governor Vardaman's veto of the bill which appropriated $2,000 per annum to its support, and which bill the legislature was unable to pass over the veto.

Shipbuilders' yards on the Baltic and on the Neva have been ordered to finish within three months five submarine boats of the Holland type and five of the Beklemisheff type. The boats will be shipped overland to Port Arthur immediately upon completion.

Three pieces of the Vulcan statue have been shipped to St. Louis.

Soldiers Killed in Riot.

In a riot at Pensacola Saturday between police and blue jackets from the warships and a few artillerymen from Fort Barrancas, one man, Private Banks of the Seventh company of artillery, was instantly killed, and four blue jackets from the Iowa and Alabama wounded, though not seriously. The riot started over the arrest of a blue jacket.

The mikado has ordered a prince of the royal house to attend the world's fair at St. Louis. He has selected his nephew, Prince Arisugawa Takehito. The prince, accompanied by his wife, will leave Japan in June and expects to remain in this country several months. The visit is intended as an expression of the mikado's appreciation of the friendly attitude of the citizens of this nation toward the land of the cherry blossoms.

Mine Inspector Cunningham and Suprintendent Howden have been held responsible for the Harwick, Pa., mine disaster last January in which 178 men perished.

Twenty-five thousand workmen are now engaged in rushing to completion the Louisiana Purchase exposition.

One of the most unque pictorial souvenirs displayed at the world's fair is portraiture in butterfly wings.

Captain William H. Green, assistant to the general manager of the Southern railway company, is dead.

Ore mines are being opened up in Greasy Cove on the L. and N. extension from Altoona.

Representative Bankhead has returned to Washington.

It is predicted that the Georgia fruit crop this year will amount to 5,000 cars, and the railroads are figuring now on how to secure enough refrigerator cars to move the crop. The peach season in Georgia lasts less than four weeks, and during the shipping season a car will not make more than two round trips. Up to April 10 except in limited areas the Georgia fruit crop was safe.

Drop a half-dollar in the slot. That is the scheme to take the place of ticket sellers at the St. Louis fair.

LITTLE THINGS Worth Knowing

It is estimated that there are 1200 blind persons in Maine.

Much amusement is being caused in South Africa by the adoption by ladies of young calves as pets.

A child of six who has not yet lost any temporary teeth has in its jaws, either erupted or nonerupted, no fewer than fifty-two teeth more or less formed.

The annual loss from the burning of buildings in the United States is about $135,000,000, not including cost of insurance and the appliances for fire protection.

Suspected of witchcraft, a Lisbon woman was seized by a frenzied rabble and thrown upon a pile of her furniture, which was then set on fire. Fortunately the police intervened in time to save the woman's life.

The United States entertains several costly unbidden guests. The chinch bug costs $100,000,000; the Hessian fly costs $50,000,000; the grasshopper, $9,000,000; the potato bug, $8,000,000, and the cotton boll worm $60,000,000.

Although the sea covers three-fourths of the earth's surface it does not provide in the same proportion for man's wants. Only about three per cent. of the people in the world gain their living directly from the sea.

It is a curious fact that the teeth that are seldom used decay more rapidly than those that have daily work to do. It is a fact, however, and being a fact, the thing to do is to take pains to eat on both sides of the mouth equally.

The Sultan of Turkey has issued an order forbidding his subjects to clothe their children's heads with strange, fantastic hats, imitating European fashions. The children are to wear the simple Turkish bonnets, with no exaggerated ornaments.

The best rugs of Persia represent patience, taste and prolonged labor. On each square foot of surface a weaver works about twenty-three days. A rug twelve by twelve feet would therefore require the labor of one man for 3312 days, or over ten years, not counting Sundays.

The fact that Thomas Jefferson was great as an inventor is seldom mentioned—possibly because he failed to patent any of his inventions, thereby making a monopoly which would make it profitable for a manufacturer to introduce them. His copying press, however, came into general use. He devised a three-legged camp-stool, a revolving chair, a wagon, a pedometer, a hemp cultivator and a plow which brought him a gold medal from France.

SUBMARINE BELL SIGNALING.

A Novel Invention Which Is to Aid Safety at Sea.

If vessels could run from lightship to lightship infallibly by sound as they do by sight in fair weather, the improvement would amount to a revolution in coastwise traffic; and it is on a coastwise route that the practical trial of a new system of submarine bell signaling is being carried out.

The apparatus may be described briefly as follows: Electrical transmitters peculiarly sensitive to sounds which proceed through the water are placed in iron cases, one on the starboard and one on the port, inside the ship, below the water-line, and some distance from back to bow. They are wired to the wheelhouse and connected there with a switchbox having two ordinary telephonic receivers. By a system of switches the observer is enabled instantly to compare the sound received on the starboard with the same sound received on the port side. If a more exact direction is desired, a slight swinging of the bow of the vessel will increase or diminish the sound received in either one of the transmitters to such an extent that the exact location of the submarine bell may be determined when the bow crosses the line.

It is well known that a navigator in straining his eyes in the night for a light is tempted to believe that he sees a light at the point where he expects to see it, and many wrecks have occurred for this reason. The apparatus of the Submarine Signal Company is designed to eliminate the personal factor entirely. The captain at his window need not know whether he is listening to the starboard or the port receiver until he has ascertained which is the louder. Having done so, he presses an electric button, which lights up a green or red light, according to whether the bell is on the starboard or port side.—H. C. Gauss, in Harper's Weekly.

Ventilation Through the Walls.

The fact is that considerable ventilation is capable of taking place and quite a large exchange of fresh for bad air is effected through the walls of buildings. Many a room that is notoriously "stuffy" could doubtless be made pleasant to live in by removing the solid paper or impervious coat of paint from the wall and substituting porous paper, or, better still, giving up paper altogether and using a distemper wash of pleasing tone.—Lancet.

The Oldest Tree on Earth.

It is said that the oldest tree in the world is a bo tree at Adnuradhapura, Ceylon, which was planted close to a Buddhist shrine in 245 B. C., and is therefore 2149 years old. Legend has it that this tree sprang from a branch which severed itself by miraculous power from the sacred tree under which Gautama became Buddha, the enlightened one.

Oldest Hoosier Editor.

John Milliken, the oldest editor in the State of Indiana, lives in Crown Point, in good health and at the age of eighty-nine years. He is still connected with the Lake County Register.

To be a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband should be a woman's constant study. Mrs. Brown and Mrs. Potts tell their stories for the benefit of all wives and mothers.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** will make every mother well, strong, healthy and happy. I dragged through nine years of miserable existence, worn out with pain and weariness. I then noticed a statement of a woman troubled as I was, and the wonderful results she had had from your Vegetable Compound, and decided to try what it would do for me, and used it for three months. At the end of that time I was a different woman, the neighbors remarked it, and my husband fell in love with me all over again. It seemed like a new existence. I had been suffering with inflammation and falling of the womb, but your medicine cured that and built up my entire system, till I was indeed like a new woman.—Sincerely yours, MRS. CHAS. F. BROWN, 21 Cedar Terrace, Hot Springs, Ark., Vice President Mothers' Club."

Suffering women should not fail to profit by Mrs. Brown's experiences; just as surely as she was cured of the troubles enumerated in her letter, just so surely will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure other women who suffer from womb troubles, inflammation of the ovaries, kidney troubles, nervous excitability, and nervous prostration. Read the story of Mrs. Potts to all mothers:—

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—During the early part of my married life I was very delicate in health. I had two miscarriages, and both my husband and I felt very badly as we were anxious to have children. A neighbor who had been using **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** advised me to try it, and I decided to do so. I soon felt that my appetite was increasing, the headaches gradually decreased and finally disappeared, and my general health improved. I felt as if new blood coursed through my veins, the sluggish tired feeling disappeared, and I became strong and well.

"Within a year after I became the mother of a strong healthy child, the joy of our home. You certainly have a splendid remedy, and I wish every mother know of it.—Sincerely yours, MRS. ANNA POTTS, 510 Park Ave., Hot Springs, Ark."

If you feel that there is anything at all unusual or puzzling about your case, or if you wish confidential advice of the most experienced, write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and you will be advised free of charge. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has cured and is curing thousands of cases of female troubles—curing them inexpensively and absolutely. Remember this when you go to your druggist. Insist upon getting

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

STORE FRONTS

For all kinds and sizes of Store Buildings. We furnish all material entering into the construction of Store Fronts. Write us about your proposed building, giving dimensions and style of front and we will send you, **FREE OF CHARGE,** an elegant Blue Print Plan, and quote you an extremely low price on one of our popular

Beautiful, Everlasting

Modern Store Fronts. We give you all the style of an elegant New York or Chicago store at moderate cost. **Send for Catalogue.**

SOUTHERN FOUNDRY CO., Owensboro, Kentucky

FEET HURT Sweat, Itch, Blister? ROYAL FOOT WASH cures them. Removes odors of feet, armpits, etc.; stops chafing. If not at druggists send 25c to EATON DRUG CO., ATLANTA, GA., for full size, postpaid; sample for 2c stamp. One application proves its merit. Money back if not satisfied.

The annual estimate of the nation's drink bill shows a total retail cost of alcoholic and other stimulating beverages for the year ending June 30, 19d3, to have been $1,451,633,379; the annual average for the past five years, $1,293,903,358. This shows an expenditure for stimulants of $18.15 for each of the 80,672,000 inhabitants, or $90.75 per family of five. The average annual cost for five years was $16.17, or $80.85 for each family. It is estimated that one-fourth of all the people using alcoholic beverages, on which basis each consumer of strong drink expends $62.16 every year to gratify appetite. The per capita cost of coffee, tea and cocoa is $2.61 every year against $15.54 for acholocic drinks.

WOMEN BREAK DOWN.

Sometimes women drift into a condition of "half invalid." Continual languor—all tired out, run down, backache, nerves shattered, headache, terrible pain, no appetite, poor digestion. In nine cases out of ten it's because the kidneys fail to do their work of filtering the poisonous system waste from the blood. The kidneys are weak and need the strengthening help of Doan's Kidney Pills. Read how these pills repair a weakened physical condition when this condition is caused by sick kidneys.

Mrs. Sadie Mettles, of 394 W. 4th Ave., Columbus, Ohio, says: "Prior to the year 1898 I suffered considerably from backache, pain in the head, languor and depression and weakness of the action of the kidneys. The pain was always worse in the morning and I felt miserable. I was induced to procure a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and I began their use. They proved prompt and effective. They cured me, and there has been no return of the trouble since taking them. I owe all the credit to Doan's Kidney Pills."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mrs. Mettles will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

Cotton Gin Machinery

PRATT. MUNGER. WINSHIP. EAGLE. SMITH.

We make the most most complete line of any concern in the world. We also make

ENGINES and BOILERS, LINTERS for OIL MILLS.

We sell everything needed about a Cotton Gin.

Write for Illustrated Catalogue.

Continental Gin Co., Birmingham, Ala.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$4.00, $3.50, $3.00, $2.50

UNION MADE SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more men than any other make. The reason is, they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and have greater intrinsic value than any other shoes.

Sold Everywhere.

Look for name and price on bottom. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin, which is everywhere conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced. *Fast Color Eyelets used.* Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra. Write for Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days, effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., APRIL 28, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 35

THE ENDEAVORERS

End Opelika Convention — Decatur in 1905.

The State Christian Endeavor convention came to a close Sunday night after a successful session. About eighty delegates were in attendance

The new officers are:

President—Professor George White, of Prattville.

Vice President S. J. Cassels, of Montgomery, was re-elected.

Miss Maud Newton and Mr. S. F. Bissett, of Birmingham, were re-elected secretary and treasurer, respectively.

Miss Mattie Irvin, of Montgomery, was elected junior superintendent.

Mr. H. Galt Braxton, the retiring president, was elected by acclamation world's vice president for a four-year term.

The Decaturs were selected as the place for the next convention, which will be held at a time fixed by the executive committee.

Murder Suspected.

Sunday Handy McDonald was found in an unconscious condition about four miles from Selma and died on Monday. According to a woman by the name of Henrietta Brantley, she and McDonald went down in the woods searching for one of her children who had run away after being whipped. She states that she left McDonald with Sam Davis and Anna Brantley, whom they met near where he was found.

His skull had been crushed by a blow from some heavy instrument. Henrietta Brantley was brought to the city and lodged in jail. The authorities are searching for Sam Davis and Anna Brantlev

May Use Mobile Kaolin.

Theodore Nadeau, the eastern capitalist and promoter, who has been making arrangements for financing an enterprise to manufacture putty by a new method, is in Mobile to make an inspection of the kaolin beds, from which he proposes to secure a large part of the material used in the Louisville factory. The new method of making putty has been experimented with for the past three years, and it is believed to be a success.

Buried Under Rock.

Samuel Linn, a prominent miner and one of the oldest residents of the Brookside community, received injuries Saturday afternoon which resulted fatally some hours later. Mr. Linn was in a room of the mine alone. A violent explosion caused other miners to rush to the scene to find him buried under about two tons of rock from the roof.

$30,000 to Beat Him.

V. H. Bell, one of the candidates for probate judge of Lowndes county, who was defeated, brings charges against his opponents, Judge Wood and W. F. Brightman. He says that they openly bought votes and that about $30,000 was spent in the campaign.

The appointment of J. L. Smith as receiver of the Brunswick and Birmingham railroad will not affect the operation of the road by the Atlantic and Birmingham system. General Manager Wadley, of the Atlantic and Birmingham, has been requested by Receiver Smith to continue the operation as heretofore until further notice.

The Alabama department of the G. A. R. will meet in New Decatur in sixteenth annual encampment April 28th. About sixty delegates from all over the state are expected to be present. Commander-in-Chief General John C. Black, of Chicago, will be present, accompanied by his staff.

The Lomineck trial is on in Tuscumbia.

Selma's population, according to the estimate of the directory company, is 16,672. Since the 1900 government census was taken some territory has been taken in by the city and there has been an influx of new comers.

Two million dollars is the estimated loss to Hudson river fruit growers by the prolonged cold weather.

J. S. Lawvere, a well known figure around Birmingham and familiarly known as Doctor Lawvere, was instantly killed by a Southern switch engine at North Birmingham. He was slightly deaf and this is thought to be responsible for his death.

An injunction was filed in Huntsville Saturday to restrain five men from entering the Christian church. This church's affairs have been before the public for the past few weeks. This is said to be a new use for injunctions.

The wires say Thorsby will ship about 25,000 bushels of peaches this summer, the first large crop. The fruit promises to be very fine.

Lieutenant Governor R. M. Cunningham has taken the oath of office as the state's chief executive and will serve until Governor Jelks' return.

Seven and one-half acres have been secured by the Louisville and Nashville for depot facilities at Attalla.

Congressman Underwood has requested the president to name one of the new war ships for Birmingham and Secretary Moody, of the navy, has recommended that the request be granted,

JAPANESE VESSEL SUNK.

Warlike Maneuvers by Russia About the Upper Yalu.

The Russian Vladivostock squadron, after a period of inactivity, suddenly appeared off Gen San on the east coast of Korea and sank the Goyo Maru, a Japanese merchant steamer of 600 tons.

General Kuropatkin, it is believed, is destined to become commander-in-chief of all the emperor's forces, both military and naval, in the far east.

Admiral Alexieff may remain there for some time as viceroy, but his reign is considered practically ended.

While Alexieff and Kuropatkin are on fairly good terms, harmonious relations between Vice Admiral Skrydloff and the viceroy are considered impossible, and with the three enjoying independent commands, it is realized that friction ultimately would be bound to arise which might endanger successful operations. Skrydloff and Kuropatkin on the contrary are warm personal friends.

Kuropatkin has sent a large portion of Rennekampff's cossack cavalry across the upper reaches of the Yalu, and a considerable force of cavalry which crossed the Tumen at the same time is moving down to the southwest to effect a juncture with it. Together with this force, which it is believed totals 2,000 men, he will threaten Inouy's left flank, when the Japanese are ready to cross lower down on the Yalu.

Dismissed the Captain.

The courtmartial of the captain of the cruiser Boyarin, which struck a mine February 13th, has brought out facts hitherto unprinted. According to the testimony adduced the Boyarin sighted a vessel in the fog off Dalny February 12th and a duel occurred between the two which lasted fifteen minutes. Both vessels were damaged. It was later discovered that the enemy was also a Russian and was the Yenesei. The latter vessel later ran onto a mine and was destroyed. The Boyarin gave her crew no aid. Subsequently the Boyarin also struck a mine. The crew escaped, but the captain failed to secure her by a hawser and the Boyarin drifted out to sea and was lost. In his defense the captain produced a letter from the dowager empress congratulating him on his courage in saving the crew of his vessel. Owing to the letter the court did not condemn the captain, but merely withdrew his permission to serve in the future.

Mississippi Railroads.

Announcement is made that the Liberty-White railroad has been completed from McComb City to the Amite river, 18 miles, and that trains are running on regular schedule doing freight business. It is the intention of the management to build through to liberty and to have the road running to that place by the first of July, making a new road of 25 miles.

The Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City is forging north from Newton, to which place from Mobile track laying is almost completed.

The Southern has surveyors in the field marking out their new line from Webb to Memphis, and the Frisco is said to be behind a proposition to build from Memphis to Indianola The Southern is now building west from Okolona to some point in Calhoun county, but the terminus is said not to have been decided upon. The survey for the electric line from Jackson to Vicksburg is almost completed.

The M. E. church, south, claims 1,566,828 members, including ministers, 18,561 congregations, 15,000 churches, 979,935 pupils in the Sunday schools and 108,841 teachers; there are 3,569 chapters of the Epworth League with 123,325 members. The church property is valued at over $32,000,000, upon which there is an indebtedness of $54,356. The collections for the past year totaled $812,686.34.

J. R. Preston, president of the female college at Natchez, has purchased Belhaven college at Jackson and will control both institutions. Mr. Preston was a former state superintendent of education.

Jim Paris, the murderer of Mail Clerk Stockton, was hanged at Meridian Monday.

Will Not Arbitrate.

It is announced authoritatively that the talk of mediation in the Russo-Japanese war founded upon personal desires of King Edward and King Christian of Denmark to avoid further bloodshed and end the conflict have utterly failed.

The emperor, with the full concurrence of the imperial family and his advisers, has decided not only to reject all proposals looking to intervention, but to prosecute the war with all the resources of the empire.

An attempt was made at Rome to assassinate President Loubet, of France.

Reports from the Arkansas tornado say its path was 100 yards wide and ten miles long, and that it did thousands of dollars damage and left 19 dead. Several were killed in the Indian Territory. Paris, Paducah, Owensboro and Carlisle, Ky., suffered $200,000 damage and Missouri crops were ruined in places. Wires are down and particulars are meager.

In one province of Russia nearly half a million people, farmers at that, get their sustenance from less than three acres of land per capita,

AMONG LAWMAKERS

At the Seat of Government at Washington.

APRIL 22D.

The general deficiency bill occupied the major portion of the senate's time, but before it was taken up Mr. Gallinger spoke on the tariff policy of the republican party. While the reading of the deficiency bill was in progress, Mr. Cullom delivered a speech on the house Chinese exclusion rider.

During the day the attention of the senate was brought to the amendment of the house to the bill for the government of the canal zone and some embarrassment was created by naming Mr. Gorman as a democratic conferee on behalf of the senate in place of Mr. Morgan, who is the senior democratic member of the committee on interoceanic canals, with the result that both senators declined to serve. Senator Gorman in declining stated that the place rightfully belonged to Senator Morgan as the senior senator of the minority on the committee. The president of the senate then appointed Senator Morgan, who promptly resented the discourtesy by flatly declining to serve on the committee.

The house considered private pension bills and two hundred and thirty-three were passed in forty-five minutes. A conference was ordered on the bill to provide a temporary government for the Panama canal zone. Messrs. Hepburn of Iowa, Levering of Massachusetts and Adams of Georgia being appointed conferees on the part of the house.

The president was severely ciriticised by Mr. Kitchin of North Carolina, who included in his castigation General Grosvenor. He declared that the president had insulted the people of the south by saying in one of his publications that throughout southern character there ran a streak of brutal barbarism. He openly charged the president with being the advocate of lynch law and quoted from one of the president's books to sustain his assertion.

APRIL 23D.

The general deficiency appropriation bill was passed by the senate, leaving only one of the appropriation bills unacted on by that body. A number of amendments were adopted, among them one limiting the Chinese exclusion legislation to a reaffirmation of the exclusion laws of 1902 and other existing exclusion laws. An amendment which was acepted was that excluding Chinese and other aliens coming in as a result of agreements between other countries and a steamship company, having special reference to a contract between the Cunard line and the government of Hungary to supply 30,000 emigrants annually to the steamship company. About 200 private pension bills were passed during the day.

In the house speeches were made by Representatives Hepburn and Cochran and sharp retorts proved features of the session.

A bill was passed for the "protection of the public forest reserves and national parks in the United States." The bill for the commission to investigate the merchant marine was taken up by General Grosvenor. The house concurred in the senate amendment to a bill for a lock and dam in the Tennessee river at Chattanooga.

The house was in session for over five hours Sunday for the purpose of paying tribute to the memory of the late Senator M. A. Hanna, the late Representative C. W. Thompson, of Alabama, and the late Representative W. W. Skiles, of Ohio. Tributes to the memory of the late Mr. Thompson were paid by Representatives Wiley, Underwood, Clayton, Burnett and Bowie, of Alabama; Littlefield, of Maine; Thomas, of North Carolina; Bailey, of Illinois; Conner, of Iowa; Padgett and Gaines, of Tennessee, and Patterson, of North Carolina.

APRIL 25TH.

Whether the president shall order the construction of the battle ship provided for in the naval appropriation bill, or wait until the war in the far east demonstrates the comparative ability of the big sea fighter and the torpedo boat or submarine craft, was a question raised in the senate by Mr. Hale, of Maine, on the adoption of the conference report.

Mr. Bacon discussed trusts, replying to the recent speech of Mr. Dolliver. He devoted the greater portion to conditions which make it possible for American products to be sold abroad for a less price than American consumers are required to pay.

The military academy bill, the last of the general appropriation measures, was under consideration at the hour when memorial services for the late Representative Thompson, of Alabama, were begun.

Mr. Bacon read a letter from Charles Schwab to Mr. Frick giving the cost of manufacturing steel rails, which Mr. Bacon said showed that the "trust" needed no protection against English steel manufacturers. The letter said rails could be sold at a profit at $16 per ton.

"It will be very difficult to convince pig iron producers of Alabama and surrounding states, who have been receiving $18 and $20 for their iron," said Mr. Aldrich, "that the statement is correct."

"That is information given by Mr. Schwab in a private letter," said Mr. Bacon.

"I don't care how private it is," claimed Mr. Aldrich, "he can be mistaken as well as any one—what he states there is absolutely untrue and absurd."

The house passed a large number of bills, including the Alaska delegate bill. The bill to authorize the construction of a light house and for signal station at Diamond Shoal, N. C., occasioned a long debate, but finally passed without division.

An objection to a request by Mr. Grosvenor for leave to print brought a mild protest from him, which aroused Mr. Gaines, of Tennessee, who charged that Mr. Grosvenor had printed everything in the Record about President Roosevelt which the president did not do.

The house insisted on its disagreement with the senate on the amendments of that body to the emergency river and harbor bill, and Messrs. Burton of Ohio, Dovener of West Virginia, and Bankhead of Alabama, were appointed conferees.

Congressional Appropriations.

Chairman Hemenway, of the house committee on appropriations, in a statement compiled under his direction, gives the total of all supply bills (subject to slight changes in pending bills) as $597,862,324, to which must be added $84,971,820 for interest on the public debt. The estimated revenues are $704,742,060. By these figures the expenses are $22,000,000 less than the revenues. The estimates of the various government departments, on which the appropriations bill was based, exceeded the total estimated revenues by $42,845,862. No river and harbor bill making provision for new projects of improvement in the rivers and harbors of the country was undertaken. Likewise, no omnibus measures, carrying provision for public buildings, were allowed to pass.

Pay for Canal.

The state department has been notified of the conclusion in Paris of the contract for the sale to the United States government by the Panama Canal company all of its franchises and property on the isthmus. The money for the canal company will be paid over by the secretary of the treasury, it is understood.

Secretary Hay himself will pay to Panama the $10,000,000 to which it has become entitled. This payment will be made in Washington to Senor Morasemena, the newly appointed minister from Panama, as soon as the government authorizes him by cable to accept the money. The authorities in Panama have become clamorous for this payment, as the money is needed to defray certain expenses already incurred.

Following closely in the lead set by Great Britain, the United States government has decided to use some of its oldest vessels for target practice, for the drilling and experience of the gunners and officers on our modern war vessels. The first vessel to be put to this use is the old civil war monitor, the Montauk. It is proposed to put her through such repairs and changes as will better prepare her for the battering she is to undergo. Armor will be placed on her as heavy as she will carry. The shooting will be done in as shallow water as possible, and when she sinks the holes will be patched and she will be put through the same operation over and over again until she falls to pieces. The old monitor is one of the first of this class of vessels. She has undergone many engagements. Torpedoes have been fired at her and heavy ordnance has directed its missiles at her single turret, but she still floats.

Senator Hanna and seven members of the house have died during the fifty-eighth session, namely, Representatives T. H. Tongue of Oregon, Vincent Boreing of Kentucky, R. H. Foerderer of Pennsylvania, Henry Burk of Pennsylvania, W. W. Skiles of Ohio, G. W. Croft of South Carolina, and C. W. Thompson of Alabama.

T. H. Ball, of Texas, resigned. His place is filled by J. M. Pinckney. George B. McClellan, of New York, resigned and was succeeded by W. Bourke Cochran. Charles Dick, of Ohio, resigned to succeed Senator Hanna in the senate. George Howell, of Pennsylvania, was unseated in favor of William McConnell, and J. A. Shafroth, of Colorado, resigned in favor of R. W. Bonyge, who contested his election.

Nicaragua's gun boat, the Onetta, is at New Orleans.

Prince Po Lun Tsee, nephew of the Chinese emperor and commissioner to the St. Louis exposition, and the first member of the royal family of the flowery kingdom to visit the United States, was received by the president Monday. Prince Po handed the president a letter from the emperor which was written on a silken sheet four feet by two.

Reports from Governor Jelks say he is improving.

Will Be Governor Winthrop.

The president has selected to be William H. Hunt's successor as governor of Porto Rico Beekman Winthrop, who is at present judge of the court of first instance in the Philippines. He went to the Philippines four years ago as private secretary to Governor Taft.

The Olympia has gone into dry dock.

FACTORY AND MILL

New Buildings and Machinery Will be Required

ALABAMA.

Anniston—$50,000 mining company.
Arbacoochee—Stamp mills.
Bessemer—Ice factory.
Birmingham—Machine company.
Brick—Cotton gin; grist mill; saw mill.
Coalton—Cotton gin (projected).
Demopolis—Laundry.
Prattville—Brick works.
Sylacauga—Electric light plant; water works.
Talladega—$100,000 fertilizer factory.

FLORIDA.

Orlando—$100,000 telephone company.
Tampa—Two cigar factories.

GEORGIA.

Brunswick—$10,000 land and lumber company.
Macon—$10,000 brick works; candy factory.

LOUISIANA.

Baton Rouge—$25,000 electric light and power company.
Gretna—$50,000 medicine factory.
Plaquemine—$20,000 manufacturing company.

MISSISSIPPI.

Biloxi—$100,000 manufacturing company.
Macon—Water works.
Meridian—$10,000 excelsior, box and handle factory.

TENNESSEE.

Centerville—Phosphate mines.
Knoxville—$50,000 lumber company; $10,000 construction company; lumber and veneer mill.
Memphis—Land company.
Nashville—Electrical company.
Sevierville—Canning factory.

Receiver Has Charge.

The Brunswick and Birmingham railroad has been placed in the hands of a receiver, J. R. L. Smith, of Macon, Ga., upon petition of E. C. Machen, formerly president of the road. The order was granted by Judge Speer, of the United States court for the southern district of Georgia, Saturday at Macon. Machen alleges that the road is indebted to him in the amount of $50,000 for services rendered.

The Atlantic and Birmingham is restrained from turning over securities of the Brunswick and Birmingham to the Knickerbocker Trust company of New York. The hearing as to a permanent receivership is to held May 2nd.

Rod Mill Busy.

About 700 men are now employed in the rod mill of the Alabama Steel and Wire company at Ensley. On account of the scarcity of negro labor the mill is still somewhat handicapped, but just as soon as additional men can be secured they will be put to work. The places of the strikers in the open hearth furnaces of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway company have all been filled and everything is moving along smoothly.

The Cane Crop.

The situation throughout the country remains favorable, but the planters would like to see a good rain and some warm weather. The dry weather has almost reached the dignity of a drought in some sections and the absence of rainfall for a much longer period would have an unfavorable effect on the young canes, though thus far they are not suffering.

Under date of February 9th, Thornwell Haynes, United States consul at Rouen, France, states that the sugar beet acreage for the coming harvest will be greatly reduced, and that many sugar factories, as many as thirty probably, will be closed next season.

Investigating Radium.

The United States geological survey is investigating the occurrence of radium in this country and seeking public co-operation of gathering details regarding localities of radio-active minerals. Radio-active has been observed in many minerals and other substances.

In congress this week day and night sessions are expected. The leaders plan to end the session on Thursday. There remains only one appropriation bill to be passed by the senate, that for the military academy. A number of the supply bills are still in conference, however. The conference will report on the post-office appropriation bill. The report is to be considered Thursday. The Alaska delegate bill is before the house as a continuing order, to be considered in the absence of conference reports, which are yet to come on the military academy, the general deficiency and the sundry civil appropriation bills.

At a conference plans and specifications for new terminal facilities for the Southern railway and Rock Island in New Orleans to cost between $8,000,000 and $9,000,000 were approved. Work on the improvements will begin at once and it is expected that it will require two years or more to complete the work.

James J. Jeffries, the pugilist, was married to Miss Freda Meyer, of New York city, Saturday.

Sunday the 85th anniversary of the organization of the Odd Fellows was celebrated,

MINES IN THE NEVA

Proved to be Powder Packages Dropped Under the Ice.

Some excitement was caused by a report that mines had been discovered at the mouth of the River Neva where they had been placed by the Japanese to blow up the ships when they leave the works at St. Petersburg from Cronstadt to receive their guns. The report grew out of the sighting of four floating powder cans. These were recovered and turned over to the police authorities, who on making an examination found the cans to contain powder manufactured by a Russian factory. They were part of a load of powder which was transported in a cast to Cronstadt more than a year ago and were dropped under the ice.

Rich Japanese are collecting money to send large batches of actors and geisha girls after the army to amuse the soldiers. "If our poor soldiers have something to laugh at and enjoy after a day's heavy marching or battling, it will do them the world of good," is the argument. The mikado has been petitioned to allow actresses and geisha girls to travel with the navy, but Admiral Togo refused. He said his boys were too busy acting themselves to need the tonic of mimicry. All the actors and actresses sent after the army belong to the comic line of business.

The Russian capital is agog with reports of possible mediation between Russia and Japan through King Edward as a result of Edward's visit to Copenhagen. Everywhere, however the Russians seem to be of one mind, that no proffer of mediation can be entertained. Russian papers say no faith can be reposed in British diplomacy.

Left the Work Unfinished.

The duchess of Alba left her eagerly expected "Biography of Christopher Columbus from His Own Writings" unfinished; in fact, the duchess had only just begun on the great work and science and literature suffers an irreparable loss, it is feared.

The duchess, formerly Fernan Nunez, who died at the age of 40, was one of the foremost historians in Europe, and the famous Alba archives with their vast treasures of manuscript were put by her into fine order.

There is a rumor that the duchess appointed the United States heir to the Columbus manuscripts in the Alba archives.

The Youngest Soldier.

Judge Botts, distinguished as having been the youngest federal soldier in the civil war, is dead at Los Angeles, Cal. Twenty years ago a Toledo paper offered a gold medal for the youngest federal soldier in the civil war and it was awarded to Botts. He enlisted in the Fortieth Missouri regiment at the age of 13, and being large for his age, was allowed to enroll as a soldier.

The Voices are Dead.

The interior of the large building of the Victor Talking Machine company, of Camden, N. J., was burned Sunday. Loss, nearly $500,000. The concern carried an insurance of $250,000. Upward of half a million phonographic records and 25,000 talking machines were destroyed. Thousands of original records impossible to replace were ruined.

Increase in Collections.

The monthly statement of the collections of internal revenue show for the month of March, 1904, the collections amounted to $19,084,180, an increase as compared with March, 1903, of $459,271. For the nine months of the present fiscal year the receipts show a net increase of $3,107,561.

The Federation of Labor will meet in Gadsden on Thursday and Friday.

While a total of over 140 bills became laws during the two sessions, less than 150 of them were "public" bills, and of this latter number one-half authorized the bridging of rivers, the damming of streams, the regulation of federal courts, the ordinance of the District of Columbia.

Miss Alice Roosevelt has the measles.

Judge George Gray will preside over the tenth annual conference on international arbitration to be held June 1st to 3rd. Acceptances received from delegates indicate that the attendance will be large. It is arranged that one session of the conference shall be given to the proposed arbitration treaty with Great Britain and another to international arbitration from a business point of view.

Frederick V. Martin, of Indiana, commissioner of immigration for Porto Rico, killed himself by cutting his throat. The cause of Mr. Martin's act was brooding over private financial matters. The affairs of his office are believed to be in good shape.

In a fit of despondency W. B. Henderson, of Memphis, city attorney and son of Vice Mayor B. R. Henderson, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head. He was a law partner of Congressman M. R. Patterson.

In the house there were 15,398 bills and 349 resolutions, 152 joint resolutions and 61 concurrent resolutions introduced. Of these 2,253 passed the house. In the senate there were 5,465 introduced.

Floods are reported in Kansas and tornadoes in Texas.

MR. HEFLIN RESIGNS

Will Vacate the Secretaryship of State on May 1.

Secretary of State Heflin filed his resignation with the governor, to take effect May 1st. The special election for congress will be held on May 9th to fill the unexpired term, and after then Mr. Heflin will go to Washington, should congress stay in session, to represent his district. The governor will be notified by wire of the resignation.

Boy Run Over.

Three little boys, Leslie Hatcher, Angie Douglas and George Douglas, were run over by a negro drayman at Bessemer, and Angie Douglas was seriously injured, the heavy dray passing over his body and bruising his shoulders badly. It seems that the boys were standing in the street waiting for a car. The negro driver was also watching the car and drove over them before he became aware that they were in the way.

Alabama Will be There.

The plan for the army maneuvers at Manassas, Va., have about been completed by the war department. The maneuvers will begin about September 5th and last two weeks.

Nearly thirty thousand troops will camp on the old Bull Run battlefield, of which about eighteen thousand will come from the state organizations. The Tennessee quota will be 538; Alabama, 915; Mississippi, 301.

Up for Life.

E. M. Carwile was found guilty of the murder of P. H. Snow, of Boaz, last winter and sentenced to life imprisonment. Snow was a business man of Boaz and he and Carwile had some dispute about a mortgage, and Snow was shot in the public road while Carwile was near by with his gun. Carwile says Snow shot himself accidentally.

Store Burned.

At Cullman, J. W. Sparks' store was burned down with all its contents, consisting of a stock of general merchandise valued at $9,000. There was $6,000 insurance on the stock. The origin of the fire is not known, but robbery and incendiarism are suspected.

Farmer Killed.

A Central of Georgia train struck the buggy of R. S. Kite while crossing the track at Nuckolls, near Seale, demolishing the vehicle and instantly killing Mr. Kite and the horse. Kite was about 45 years of age, with a wife and eight or ten children.

The Louisiana Purchase Exposition company received a loan of $4,600,000 from the government, of which $100,000 is to pay the expenses of the board of lady managers. An act was passed to protect foreign exhibitors at the exposition of literary, artistic and musical works, through the copyright laws of the country, and provision was made for the withdrawal fee of duty under bond from the exposition of articles or materials donated to incorporated institutions of religious, philosophical, educational or scientific character.

As the result of a meeting held in Scottsboro by citizens, injunction proceedings have been begun to stop the building of the new court house. The injunction was granted by Judge Paul Speake at Huntsville and will be in force as soon as the required bond is made.

Rev. A. W. Carr, pastor of the Government Street Presbyterian church, Mobile, has been selected to preach the baccalaureate sermon at the university commencement. Hon. Sidney J. Bowie is to deliver the annual oration before the Society of Alumni.

Advices from Calcutta to March 10th say that the production of raw sugar in the five reporting provinces, excluding about one-third of Madras, amounts to 1,900,000 long tons, the estimate of the production of last year being 2,047,000 tons.

The run-over in Marengo resulted in the nomination of Hasty for probate judge and Brasfield for treasurer.

On Tuesday, May 10, 1904, there will be held at College chapel, at Albertsville, a farmers' institute. The Agricultural and Mechanical college station staff, under the direction of Dr. C. A. Carey, will hold the institute.

Conductor "Billy" Sparrow, of the Alabama Great Southern, was picked up at Kewanee unconscious. He suffered a brain concussion and his train had run thirty-five miles without him.

The latest reports from Burma indicate an increased rice crop for 1904, the area planted being 6,661,000 acres, and in Madras 6,618,000 acres are already planted.

The "Auld Brig (bridge) o' Ayr," made famous by Robert Burns, is declared unsafe and $25,000 has been set aside to repair it.

In Louisiana's world's fair exhibit there will be shown 98 varieties of mosquitoes.

W. A. Christian, the young man injured in the Phoenix mill, has since died.

Selma is agitating the matter of a paid fire department.

Houston county's first convention was held Saturday.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

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COLUMBIANA, ALA., Apr. 28, 1904

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices.
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM.

County.

Probate Judge,
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk.
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter.
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor.
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner.
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

STATE CONVENTION DELEGATES.

The following gentlemen compose the Shelby county delegation to the Democratic State Convention to be held in Montgomery on May 26th, to elect delegates to the St. Louis Convention:

Hon. W. B. Browne, T. J. Martin, J. F. Pope, Hon. W. R. Oliver, J. E. Ruffin, W. C. Benton, Hon. E. S. Lyman.

And now an expert boll weevil professor says the pest breathes through its feet.

Here's another knocker-out of somebody's fool fad. An eminent physician says there is no such thing as brain fag.

Carrie Nation is to become a museum attraction. That is a place just one time removed from the rush the growler point.

Parker's silence is a horrid nightmare to Mr. Bryan. Parker is saying nothing, and because of this silence Mr. Bryan is throwing all kinds of fits.

As usual, the Birmingham ball team makes a good start, and it is hoped the Barons will break their record and play good ball until the close of the season.

The President's referees in Alabama are at it hammer and tongs, fighting each other for place and patronage. The Bookerees are in a bad mix-up among themselves.

Malcolm A. Graham, of Prattville, has been appointed to fill the vacancy on the Board of Trustees of the Girls Industrial School, Montevallo, caused by the death of Hon. Chas. W. Thompson.

Commencement times are always the same, and yet they are always different. It is difficult to harmonize the above expressions, yet we believe every teacher in the country will vouch for their truthfulness.

The stork visited the Fillipino camp at the World's Fair a few days ago, and to Bihinang, a young Negrito matron, belongs the distinction of being the mother of the first full blooded Filipino to be born in the United States.

Now that J. Tom Heflin is a full-fledged congressman, the Centerville Press says he should leave his humor at home when he goes to Washington, and deport himself with dignity. Surely the Press does not wish to intimate that Mr. Heflin is a funny man!

The developments brought out in the investigation of Mr. Smoot, Mormon, by the senate committee, are enough to make the people of the United States do some tall thinking. No organization, no matter what its nature, which sets at defiance the laws of the country as has been proven the Mormon church does, should be permitted to stand.

MONTEVALLO AFTER COLLEGE.

Our neighboring town of Montevallo is making a strong effort to land the Presbyterian college.

A large sum of money has been subscribed, and a location for the college has been given. The people of that thriving town will not let up, and as the date has been deferred by the committee to some time in the fall for locating the institution, the people of Montevallo will put increased energy into the movement—and their past record for accomplishing work along this line makes Montevallo a formidable competitor in the contest for the school.

Montevallo is admirably located for such an institution, being in almost the exact center of the State; its altitude is of that degree which iinsures pure air, therefore a desirable location from a good health point of view; it has some of the finest springs in the State, assuring plenty of good, pure water, and there is an abundance of the best fuel right in the dooryard. The town is wholly free of the many temptations to young men always found to a more or less degree in a city. The people there are of a refined, cultured class, and should the school be located there its environments in a social and moral way would be all that could be desired.

Here's to Montevallo's success.

AN ERROR IN REPORT.

The copy of the Grand Jury's report furnished The Sentinel last week said there was only about $6.75 in the county treasury. Solicitor Whitson informs us that the statement is an error; that the amount is $1,353.75.

But that does not prove that the county is out of debt by any means, for it has been but a few weeks since the county borrowed several thousand dollars, and the Grand Jury says it will be "necessary to borrow from $8,000 to $10,000 to meet current expenses." If the county is out of debt why was the loan of a few weeks ago made? If the loan was made, is the county out of debt? The Grand Jury report does not say it is.

The Bullock County Breeze, commenting on Hearst and his boom or barrel (there is but little difference), says: "He is one of the best known men in the United States today." Hearst is a member of congress. Will the Breeze tell its its readers what particular thing Mr. Hearst has done while in congress aside from keeping his chair warm?

The Sentinel would like to see General Stanley, of the Greenville Advocate, appointed Secretary of State. He has given a lifetime of work to the Democratic party, and his appointment would be a recognition not only of faithful service to his party, but would be honoring the newspaper fraternity of Alabama.

The lower house of congress held a five hours' session last Sunday to pay tributes to the memory of the late Senator Hanna, and the late Hon. C. W. Thompson, representative of the Fifth district from this State. Beautiful indeed were the tributes paid the memory of Mr. Thompson.

Bryan is out in a bitter attack on Judge Parker. Such a display comes with mighty poor grace from a man whom the Democrats have followed to defeat in two presidential campaigns. His attack upon Parker is so wholly uncalled for that even Mr. Byan's sympathizers are leaving him.

The Birmingham Age-Herald does not seem to take kindly to the growing sentiment in favor of Parker. However, in case of his nomination the Age-Herald will be among his warmest supporters. Everybody will be for Parker, excepting always the Nebraska megaphone.

Judge Alton Brooks Parker, of New York, and Hon. John Sharpe Williams, of Mississippi, is a ticket the Democrats can win with in November, and there is every indication that they will be nominated.

The result of the primary campaign over in the Sixth did not appear to be Hobson's choice. However, Captain Hobson says he will have another try in two years from now.

It is claimed that Burton, the United States senator convicted of working a graft on the government, will not resign, but intends to hang on until the senate kicks him out.

Congress adjourns today, according to the dispatches.

Lark Johnson to Hang.

Lark Johnson, the negro charged with the murder of John Lawley near Montevallo a year ago, has been found guilty as charged, and the jury fixes the penalty at death.

The Russian navy is bottled up at home, and from all acoounts it is not sorry.

Hon. J. Tom Heflin has sent his resignation as Secretary of State to the Governor, as he is now a full-fledged congressman.

The Anniston Star has recently installed a new Mergenthaler machine. The Star will twinkle brighter than ever now.

We are wondering if summer will ever come to stay at least a day or two. Think of it! Two inches of snow in Tennessee last week!

Give the Russians a little more time and they will blow all their own battleships out of the water, and the Japs will then have nothing to do.

The Peruna company should send Colonel Bankhead and Captain Hobson a car load of that beverage for the advertising they gave it during the recent campaign.

The Birmingham Ledger says there are but two or three offices in the United States that pay as well as the sheriff's office of Jefferson county. And there is always a big scramble for the place. It is said the office is worth above $25,000 a year.

Yesterday morning, Judge Alston lectured the Shelby county Jury Commission for drawing incompetent men for jury duty. He was prompted to make the censure because one man drawn for jury duty was 84 years old, another 76 years old, and still another was blind.

Roosevelt is determined to have the negro Crum confirmed before congress adjourns if it is possible to do so. The Democratic senators say they will sit all summer if necessary to prevent the confirmation. The President's negro policy has caused more trouble between the two races within the past year than all the presidents since the days of Washington. Self-respect of the white people should defeat Roosevelt if no other campaign material were at hand.

By order of the Postoffice Department, each rural mail carrier must keep account of the condition of the roads over which he travels and send in with his report an account of impassable places, and how much attention patrons along the route give to keeping the roads in passable condition. It is the purpose of the department to thus test the interest patrons may have in the service and decide its continuance or discontinuance according to the road conditions shown in the carrier's report.

JOHN TYLER MORGAN.

Birmingham Age-Herald.

On the day that news came from Paris that all obstacles had been cleared from the digging of an isthmian canal—on the day that the French rights were transferred to the United States—on that very day the republican managers of the bill for the government of the canal zone treated Alabama's senior and honored senator with marked discourtesy. He is the senior democratic member of the committee on interoceanic canals, and he should have been named as the democratic or minority member of the conference committee to adjust differences that had arisen between the two houses over the canal zone bill. He was not named, but Senator Gorman was. The latter at once declined to serve, and Senator Morgan as promptly declined to take his place. His own words in that connection are the best: "I respectfully decline," he said, "to serve on that committee. I bow with deep humility to the breach of the rule and accept the discourtesy shown to me, I trust, with proper humility, and I certainly will not consent to serve on the conference committee under the circumstances."

The incident created embarrassment and indignation in the senate and it will be strange indeed if just and patriotic men in all parts of the country do not resent in November the discourtesies that republican senators have dealt out to the grand old man who fought for a canal thirty years, making it at last a possibility. No one will claim that we would today be engaged in building a canal if Senator Morgan's years of work had not been given to it. It might have come in the long run, but no one living would have seen the completion of the canal if Senator Morgan's matchless services had not been devoted to its promotion on every possible occasion.

It is true that many contract colds and recover from them without taking any precaution or treatment, and a knowledge of this fact leads others to take their chances instead of giving their colds the needed attention. It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality, makes the system less able to with stand each succeding colds and paves the way for more serious diseases. Can you afford to take such desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of colds, can be had for a trifle? For sale by Bandy Drug Company.

SEVERAL BOUQUETS.

Editor H. E. Whitaker, of the Montevallo Sentinel, has purchased the Columbiana Chronicle, has moved to the latter place and will continue the publication of The Sentinel. He is among the best newspaper men in the State, and will give Columbiana one of the most up-to-date papers in Alabama.—Greensboro Watchman.

Editor Whitaker, of the Montevallo Sentinel, has acquired a controlling interest in the Shelby Chronicle at Columbiana, the county seat, and took charge of that paper April 1st. Mr. Whitaker is what may be termed a hustler, and will give the people of "Old Coon Town" and Shelby county a lively paper. Success to him.—From Union Springs Breeze.

Editor Whitaker, of the Montevallo Sentinel, has discontinued the publication of that excellent paper, having acquired a controlling interest in the Columbiana Chronicle and assumed management of the same. Mr. Whitaker is a strong writer and an able newspaper man. We wish him a full measure of success that his energy and ability so justly deserve.—Blocton Messenger.

The Columbiana Chronicle has passed into the hands of Editor H. E. Whitaker, of the Montevallo Sentinel. The name of the Chronicle has been changed to the Columbiana Sentinel. Editor Whitaker is one of the best and most popular newspaper men in the State, and we heartily commend him to the people of Columbiana. He and his wife are most excellent people. The Progress is glad to know that Editor Whitaker is in a broader field of usefulness.—Prattville Progress.

Mr. H. E. Whitaker, of the Montevallo Sentinel, has acquired a controlling interest in the Columbiana Chronicle and consolidated the two plants at Columbiana. Editor Whitaker gets out one of the best weeklies in the State, and with a wider field will still improve. The Sentinel has been one of our valued exchanges, and we are glad to know its editor is to increase his usefulness. Success to you, Brother Whitaker, and may you still hold aloft the banner of Dmocracy, and win in the approaching election.—The Centerville Press.

Mr. H. E. Whitaker, who has been publishing The Sentinel at Montevallo, has recently purchased a large interest in the Chronicle at Columbiana. In consequence of this he has moved his Montevallo plant to Columbiana and at the latter place has consolidated the two and will continue publication under the name of the "Columbiana Sentinel." This will give one instead of two good Democratic papers and by prop r support it can be made a powerful aid in establishing on impregnable foundation Democratic ascendency in the county.—Montgomery Advertiser.

We congratulate brother H. E. Whitaker, of the Montevallo Sentinel, on having acquired the Shelby Chronicle. He has consolidated the Chronicle and Sentinel, removed The Sentinel from Montevallo to Columbiana and will continue both papers under the name of the Columbiana Sentinel. We not only congratulate brother Whitaker, but the people of Columbiana and Shelby county as well, for it means well for all concerned. Mr. Whitaker is a hustler, and well merits the united patronage of the county. Success to him and The Sentinel.—Talladega News-Reporter.

April 1st, H. E. Whitaker, of Montevallo, moved to Columbiana where he consolidated the Montevallo Sentinel and the Chronicle of Columbiana. Mr. Whitaker has edited the Montevallo Sentinel for four years and during this time has made it one of the brightest and most interesting papers of Alabama. The Columbiana publication is the "Columbiana Sentinel," and the Home predicts for it a splendid career. Mr. Whitaker will give the people of Shelby county a first-class newspaper if they give him the encouragement and support his ability demands.—Our Mountain Home, Talladega.

The "Columbiana Sentinel." This is a new name for an old but a thoroughly modernized institution. Mr. H. E. Whitaker has purchased a controlling interest in the Shelby Chronicle, published at Columbiana, the county seat of Shelby county, and has consolidated his paper with that. We are glad to see this evidence of progress on the part of Editor Whitaker. He made a gallant and effective fight for Columbiana in the late county seat contest and is deserving well at the hands of Columbiana people. He is a vigorous writer and will continue to give the people of Shelby county a good paper.—Bessemer Weekly.

Notice to Non-Resident Etc.

STATE OF ALABAMA, } PROBATE COURT
SHELBY COUNTY. } of said County.
Estate of J. E. R. Davidson, deceased.

To C. J. Davidson a non-resident and all persons concerned:

This day came J. J. Davidson and Clara B. Davidson, administrators of said estate, and filed their application in due form and under oath praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate for the purpose of paying the debts of said estate and for distribution among the heirs. It is ordered by the Court that Monday the 13th day of June, 1904, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest, and especially C. J. Davidson who is shown to be a non-resident and whose place of residence is unknown, can appear and contest the same if they think proper. This the 27th day of April, 1904.

A. P. LONGSHORE,
35-3t. Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE NOTICE.

Under power of sale contained in a certain mortgage of S. H. Wallace, dated 30th day of March, 1903, and recorded in Book 62, of Record of Mortgages, Page 361, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., the undersigned will sell at public outcry in front of the court house door at Columbiana, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, on Tuesday, the 17th day of May 1904, the following described real estate to-wit: East half of southwest quarter and south west quarter of south west quarter of section twenty-one (21), township 20, range 2, east; south west quarter of northeast quarter and northeast quarter of northeast quarter, and southeast quarter of northeast quarter of section 29, township 20, range 2, east; also an undivided two-thirds (⅔) interest in the following real estate: northwest quarter of southeast quarter and northeast quarter of southwest quarter and northwest quarter of southwest quarter of section 9, township 20, range 2, east; all in Shelby county, Ala.; said sale is made for satisfaction of debt secured by said mortgage, the condition of mortgage having been broken.

Dated at Anniston, Alabama, this 9th day of April, 1904.

Anniston Mercantile Co.,
Mortgagee.
LAPSLEY & ARNOLD, Attorneys.
34-4t.

James Page and family visited in Shelby last Sunday.

The Best Family Salve.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel gives instant relief from burns, cures cuts, bruises, sores, eczema, Tetter and all abrasions of the skin. In buying With Hazel Salve it is only necessary to see that you get the genuine DeWitt's Witch hazel salve and a cure is certain. There are many cheap counterfeits on the market, all of which are worthless and quite a few are dangerous, while Dewitt's are perfectly harmless and cures. Sold at Williams Bros.

G. E. Brasher was down from Vandiver Monday.

Good for Children.

The pleasant to take and harmless One Minute Cough cure gives immediate relief in all cases of cough, croup and lagripe because it does not pass immediately in the stomach but takes effect right at the seat of the trouble. It draws out the inflammation, heals and soothes and cures permanently by enabling the lungs to contribute pure life-giving and life-sustaining oxygen to the blood tissues. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take and it is good alike for young and old. Sold by Williams Bros.

PRETTY { Organdies, Laces, Lawns, Ginghams

Embroideries and Mulls.

We have the prettiest line of each In town. Your inspection and criticism is cordially invited.

"Ambrosia" Flour, best in the world. We have it.

We waraant all gooods to be as represented.

Morgan Brothers Mercantile Co.

MONTEVALLO, ALA.

A Card.

Ed. Sentinel:

Allow me to tender my thanks to my many friends who gave me so liberal support for the nomination for County Treasurer, and bespeak from them the same degree of zeal for our ticket that they manifested in my behalf.

C. W. O'HARA.

A Cure for Headache.

Any woman or child suffering from headache, biliousness or a dull, drowsy feeling should take one or two of DeWitt's Little Early Risers night and morning. These famous little pills are famous because they are a tonic as well as a pill. While they cleanse the system they strengthen and rebuild it by their tonic effect upon the liver and bowels. Sold by Williams Bros.

A. W. Lee, of Bridgeton, was in the city two or three days this week.

Best Cough Medidine for Children.

When you buy a cough medicine for small children you want one in which you can place implicit confidence. Yot want one that not only relieves but cures. You want one that is unquestionable harmless. You want one that is pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all these conditions. There is nothing so good for the cough and colds incident to childhood. It is also a preventive and cure for croup, and there in no danger whatever from whooping cough when it is given. It has been used in many epidemics of that disease with perfect success. For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

Miss Minnie McGibony, of Nelsons, was visiting in Columbiana Tuesday.

Nothing Equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for Bowel Complaints in Children.

"We have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in our family for years," Mrs. J. B. Cooke, of Nederland, Tex. "We have given it to all of our children for croup. We used other medicines for the same purpose, but never found anything to Chamberlain's. If you will use it as directed it will always cure." For at Bandy Drug Co

The union prayer meeting will be held in the Baptist church for the month of May.

Serious Stomach Trouble Cured.

I was troubled with a distress in my stomach, sour stomach and vomiting spells, and can truthfully say that Chamberlain's Stomach Lsver Tablets cured me.—Mrs. T. V. Williams, Laingsburg, Mih. These tablets are guaranteed to cure every case of stomach trouble of this character. For sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

James Evans, of Wilsonville, was in town last Sunday and Monday.

Foreman Lindsey, of the Wilsonville Planing Mill, was in town Monday.

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

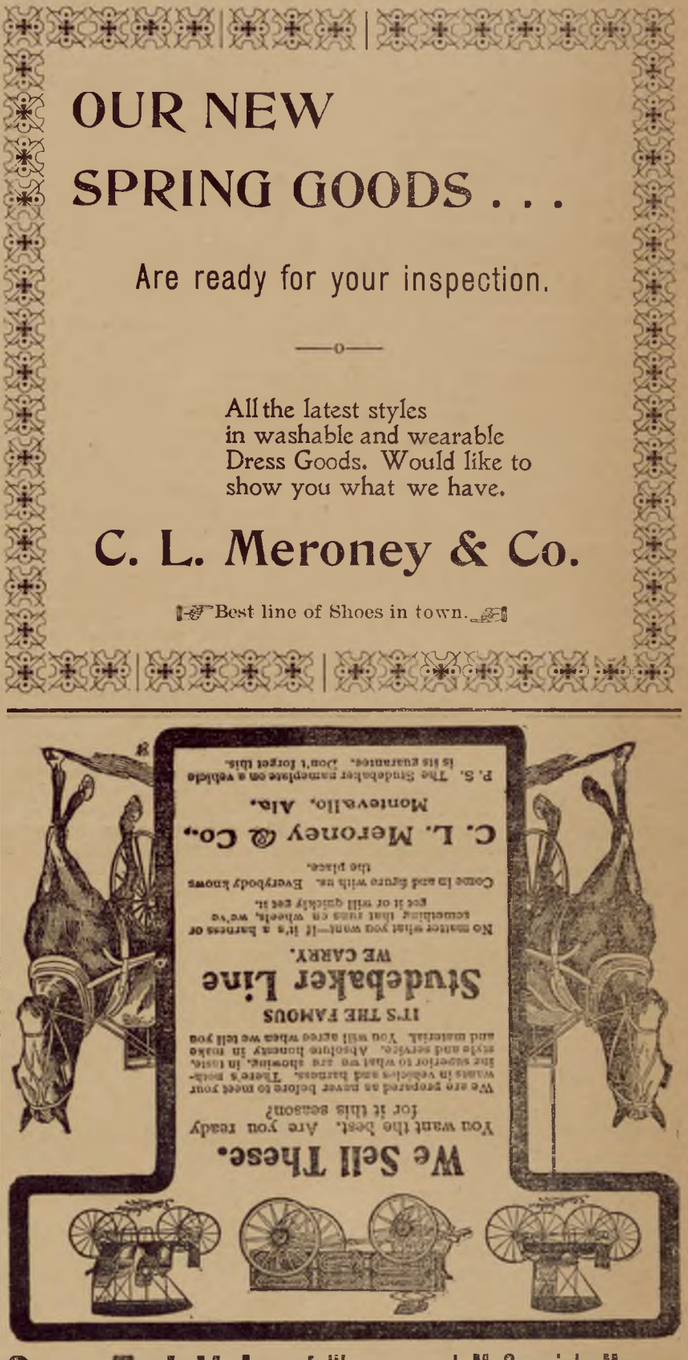
Dr. W. P. HAMNER
DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

W. S. DuBOSE, M.D. C. T. ACKER, M.D
DRS. DuBOSE & ACKER
Offices Upstairs Liles Building.
COLUMBIANA, ... ALA.

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM. ALA

OUR NEW
SPRING GOODS . . .
Are ready for your inspection.
All the latest styles in washable and wearable Dress Goods. Would like to show you what we have.
C. L. Meroney & Co.
Best line of Shoes in town.


We Sell These.
You want the best. Are you ready for it this season?
We are prepared as never before to meet your wants in vehicles and harness. There's a satisfaction that runs on wheels, we've got it or will quickly get it.
Come in and argue with us. Everybody knows the place.
C. L. Meroney & Co.,
Montevallo, Ala.
P. S. The Studebaker trademark on a vehicle is its guarantee. Don't forget this.
Studebaker Line
WE CARRY.
IT'S THE FAMOUS

See Exhibit of Wagons and McCormick Mowers at Shriner's Cotton Ware House.

JASPER HOLCOMBE. R. E. BOWDON.

Holcombe & Bowdon,

Calera, Ala.

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

COME TO SEE US.

Watch for our new advertisement.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
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Office upstiars in Bank Building.

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AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO. - - ALABBMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA.

One of the
FINEST, FRESHEST
and NICEST
STOCKS of GROCERIES
Fruits, Candies, Cakes and Breakfast Foods in this section.

GIVEN AWAY!
ON MAY THE 1ST
A Handsome Dinner Set
To One of Our Customers.
J. R. WHITE.

ICE COLD DRINKS
OF EVERY KIND,
—to—
All goods sold you are GUARANTEED. That means you are to get your money back if not just as represented. Special inducements on Bicycles and Bicycle supplies. Goods dellvered Free of Charge.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months..... 50

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Book agents and red bugs are due.

Frank Finch, of Shelby, was in the city last Friday.

Judge J. L. Peters Sundayed in Montevallo with his children.

Geo. H. Averyt and son, George, jr., of Shelby, were in town last Friday.

Wm. McConaughy, of Montevallo, was in town several days last week.

T. P. Lane, the druggist, visited relatives in Talladega last Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. J. H. McCulla, of Birmingham, is in the city visiting her aunt, Mrs. M. E. Mason.

Mrs. Wm. Harrell, of Riverside, is in town visiting her grandmother, Mrs. E. Porter.

H. S. Latham, of Montevallo, visited with relatives in the city last Sunday and Monday.

Simon Friedberger expects his family to arrive from Catherine, Willcox county, this week.

The heavens opened and the rain came down Monday night. The earth needed a good soaking.

J. N. Wyatt, Democratic candidate for Commissioner of the Third District, was in town Tuesday.

Cassie Fancher, of Montevallo, was in town Monday. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call.

J. A. Edwards, of Birmingham, was a visitor last week at the home of Mrs. M. E. Mason, in this city.

Commencement days with attendents pretty costumes and streams of oratory are due in a few weeks.

State Senator W. R. Oliver, of Calera, was in town Saturday and honored The Sentinel with a short call.

Jno. H. McMath and F. W. Rogan of Montevallo, were pleasant callers at The Sentinel office last Thursday They were attending court.

Miss Emma Hick, of Fulton, arrived in Columbiana last Friday, and will spend the summer with her aunt, Mrs. T. J. Weaver.

Rev. Mr. Hamilton, of Wilsonville, occupied the Methodist pulpit in this city last Sunday morning and night, preaching two excellent sermons.

W. J. Parker, one of the prosperour farmers out in the Kingdom community, was in town Saturday. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call from Mr. Parker.

A medical journal says there are thirty million microbes in a plate of ice cream. This is a story the boys will remember to spring on the girls semi-occasionally.

A club is being formed in Columbiana to purchase some town lots in Crescent City, Okla. Get Clarence Smith, at the store of J. R. White, to tell you of the plan.

The people of Montevallo entertained the Ogden party last Tuesday night. The members of the party were greatly impressed with the Girls' School at that place.

Mrs. J R. White was called to Sylacauga last Saturday by the serious illness of her sister, Mrs. Lane. Mrs. White returned Monday and reports but little improvement in the condition of Mrs. Lane.

Capt. H. C. Reynolds, of Montevallo, who was recently appointed a member of the Board of Trustees of the Soldiers' Home at Mountain Creek, was in town last Friday attending court.

J. M. Baldwin, jr., of Shelby, was in the city Saturday. Mr. Baldwin was nominated for Justice of the Peace for his beat in the Democratic primary, and his election is assured.

An overcoat belonging to Master Percy Pitts was lost last Friday night between Wilsonville and Columbiana. The finder will confer a favor by returning same to the owner in this city.

J. W. Bandy, of Montevallo, was a guest of T. P. Lane yesterday.

Gordon DuBose, of Ensley, is in the city visiting relatives.

☞A full line of embroidery silks at Hammond Millinery Co.

Jacob Fishall, of Nashville, Tenn. was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Max Lefkovitz last Sunday.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott will preach at the Presbyterian chuch next Sunday morning and night

☞The Hammond Millinery Co. give you good style, good prices and good service.

Mrs. Max Lefkovitz is entertaining her mother this week. Mrs. A. Friedberger, of Talladega.

A pretty little sunbeam in the form of a girl babe has come to brighten the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Dyke.

Education in Alabama has received a great impetus through the big convention being held in Birmingham this week.

☞For your dress hats, ribbons, gloves and fancy neckwear call on Hammond Millinery Co.

Conductor Sampler, running on the Mineral branch of the L. & N., was run over by the cars at Talladega Tuesday, and had both of his legs cut off.

Mrs. J. P. Roberts has for her guests this week her mother and sister, Mrs. S. J. Hobson, of Sylacauga, and Mrs. Susie Patterson, of Jackson, O.

Dr. C T. Acker, who was looking after the practice of Dr. Williams in Shelby last week while that gentleman was attending the State Medical Association in Mobile. has returned home.

The Sentinel is in receipt of a news letter from Saginaw, but as the writer did not sign his name we cannot use it. We must know the name of the writer of any communication before we publish it.

"A Pious Fraud" was presented to a delighted audience in Wilsonville last Friday night. Every seat in the school room was occupied, and S.R.O.card could have been on the door before the entertainment closed.

Rev, Mr. Craig, of Birmingham, Secretary of the Home Mission Board of the Presbyterian church, was in the city last Friday and Saturday, a guest of Rev. Jno. Milner. Rev. Craig preached an excellent sermon at the Presbyterian church Friday night.

Conductors W. A. Sanders and Chas. Banks, of Wilton, were in town Friday and Saturday, witnesses in the case of the State vs. Tom Johnson. Johnson was charged with burning the postoffice building at Wilton, and the jury brought in a verdict of guilty.

The Harpersville public school will close tommorrow night with appropriate exercises. Prof. Smith of Howard College, will deliver an address. The editor of The Sentinel acknowledges a very kind invitation to be present, but he will have to forego that pleasure this time.

Rev, G. T. Harris and delegate J. W. Johnston returned from Jacksonville last Saturday where they had been attending the Methodist District Conference. They report a good attendance, and a most interesting session. Rev. Mr. Harris invited the Conference to Columbiana next year and his invitation was accepted.

The editor of The Sentinel will go to Selma tomorrow to attend a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Alabama Press Association of which he is a member. The meeting is for the purpose of making arrangements for the annual meeting of the Association, which is to be held in Bessemer some time in June.

At the home of Mrs. J. B. German, on Wednesday night of last week. Miss Onzelle Verchott and Mr. Arthur Milstead were united in marriage by Rev. C. A. Milstead of Calera. These young people have a host of friends in Columbiana who join The Sentinel in wishing that their brightest hopes of married life may be fully realized.

Benjamin Cardwell, of Beat 2, was in town Monday, and called at this office to order The Sentinel sent to his granddaughter, Mrs. Lula McAdams, Pensacola, Fla. This good old man, now past 82 years of age, came to Shelby county from Talladega county in 1848, and located near Shelby in 1849. The day he arrived in Shelby the brick was being plaeed on the ground for the first stack. He informs us that he has been taking this paper ever since its establishment more than thirty years ago, and expects to continue taking it until the Good Man above calls him to his reward. The Sentinel trusts that many years of life may yet be allotted to him and his aged companion.

George Bradley, who was run over by the cars at Calera recently mention of which appeared in The Sentinel last week, died from his injuries last Thursday, and was buried in Calera Friday. The deceased was a man of many commendable traits of character, and his death is deeply regretted by all who knew him. A wife and three children mourn the loss of a kind husband and an indulgent father.

Called to Camden.

The Rev. Thos. Parker, of Montevallo, who has been supplying the Presbyterian churches at Wilsonville and Childersburg, has received a unanimous call to serve the Camden Presbyterian church. The call has been accepted, and Rev. Mr. Parker will enter upon his new field of labor about the middle of June.

W. C. Benton, one of the prosperous farmers of Beat 4, was in town last Monday.

Memorial Service.

The following is the program for the Memorial Services to be held at Bethlehem church, on Saturday and Sunday, May 7th and 8th, 1904:

Saturday, 10 a. m.—Devotional exercises, by H. A. Heazlet, of Fayetteville, Ala.
Welcome Address by A. H. Merrill.
Object of the Memorial Service—A. P. Longshore.
Singing and marching to the cemetery.
Decorating the graves,
Dinner.
3 p. m.—The Resurrection: Rev. T. M. Nelson.
Sunday, 9 a. m.—Singing.
11 a. m.—Sermon by Rev. J. A. Davis
Everybody is cordially invited to come and bring well filled baskets.

G. D. Baldwin,
A. H. Merrill, } Com.
J. C. Williams,

Conference Notes.

The District Conference of the Talladega District, met at Jacksonvill, Ala. April 20. The first day was spent in missionary institute work.

Devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. L. C. Branscomde, presiding elder of the district, after which Rev. T. K. Roberts, of Anniston, discussed "Training the Young."

At 11 o'clock, Rev. A. J. Lamar, of Nashville, Tenn., preached a very able sermon on the subject of Missions. The afternoon session was spent in the reading of a paper on Women and Missions by Mrs. E. B. Miller, of Talladega, with the discussion of different phases of the Mission question by Rev. Dr. Newman, of Talladega, R. I. Walston, of Sylacauga, and others. At the night service Rev. Henry Warwick, of Birmingham, preached an able sermon on "Love, the Native of Missions."

The Conference was opened on Thursday morning by Bishop A. Coke Smith, of Norfolk, Va. The report of the presiding elder showed the District to be in good condition. The pastors' reports on the spiritual state of the different charges showed an upward move.

The year bids fair to be one of the best in the history of the District. The preaching was simple, strong and edifying. Bishop Smith's presence was a benediction to both preachers and laymen of the Conference.

The Conference was delightfully entertained. Columbiana was chosen as the place of holding the next Conference. G. T. H.

Sunday School Mass Meeting.

There will be a mass meeting of the Sunday schools of beat 16, held in the Methodist church, Vincent, Ala., Sunday, May 8th at 2:30 p. m. looking to the organization of a Beat Association. All Sunday school workers and persons interested in the work are very cordially invited to attend which includes adjoining Beats.

Are You a Dyspeptic?

If you are dyspeptic you owe it to yourself and your friends to get well. Dyspepsia annoys the dyspeptic's friends because his disease sours his disposition as well as his stomach. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will not only cure dyspepsia, indigestion and sour stomach, but this palatable, reconstructive tonic digestant strengthens the whole apparatus sweetens life as well as well stomch. When you take Kodol Depepsia Cure the food you eat is enjoyed. It is digested, assimilated and its nutrient properties appropriated by the blood tissues. Health is the result. Sold by Williams Bros.

MONTEVALLO.

The Sacred Concert given on Tuesday night April 16th, under the direction of Miss Kate G. Sampey of the musical faculty of the A. G. I. S., was a brilliant success in every way. The work of the orchestra is especially to be commended. This is a new organization, no more than five months old, and yet they play with air of experience and confidence worthy of adepts. Nothing has added so much zest to the musical life of the school and Montevallo as the work of this orchestra. To Miss Sampey belongs the credit for the splendid work of this organization. They played several numbers on the program. They were assisted by a chorus of eight voices who rendered Gounod's "Praise Ye the Fathers," Nevins' "Saviour, Wheu Night Involves the Sky," and Verdi's "Pilgrim Chorus." The solos of Miss Annie Laurie Jones, Miss Kathryn Garrett and Miss Annie Dee Sampey were three beautiful numbers artistically sung. The concert netted a substantial sum for the benefit of the M. E. church organ fund.

On last Tuesday, Montevallo was quite astir with interest and life in extending a co dial welcome to Mr. Robert C. Ogden, of New York, and his party of tourists who are making a tour of Southern Colleges. The party numbered on its list many men and women of national and some few of world wide repute. Mr. Ogden himself won all hearts by his charming freedom from conventionality and almost boyish freshness. Dr. F. M Peterson welcomed the visitors to the town and college in a forcible address setting forth the objects and ideals of the A. G. I. S. as an educational institution. Speeches were made by Mr. Ogden and others. All the speeches were happy in style and spirit, and evinced a most sincere gratification at the educational progress of the South, and hearty sympathy for everything that made her progress. Mr. Talcott Williams, of the the Philadelphia Ledger, paid a beautiful tribute to the Southern women whom he characterized as the South's greatest and noblest educators in the past.

Harpersville.

The oat crop is a failure.
Corn don't seem to grow any.
Pear and apple trees are blighting.
The peach crop is going to be fine.
Th honey raisers say that their bees are not doing any good.

Prof. Strock paid Columbiana a business trip last Saturday.

Miss Hannah Caldwell spent last week with Birmingham friends.

J. E. Mahan the road plow man is in our beat working roads.

Renfro Martin and wife, of Faunsdale, are visiting T. J. Martin's family.

There was class meeting at the Methodist church last Sunday evening.

Rev. Mr. O'Neal preached at the Methodist church Sunday morning and night.

Sydney Hardie of South Alabama is visiting his brother, Walter, who is attending school here.

New posts are being hauled to repair the telephone line from Wilsonville to Vincent via Harpersville.

The Sentinel list continues to grow here, and it won't be loug until all of our people will be subscribers.

Miss Lucile Johnson, of Cropwell, and Miss Bama Chandler spent one night in the city last week with friends.

The cold, dry, windy weather has given our farmers the blues if there be such a thing. Cotton is slow about coming up and some had to replant. Corn is not growing much. Oats and wheat will be almost a failure. There will not be any apples or pears. The corn has already got away back in the crib. Meat high, and no money and, it being a long time before blackberries come in, it looks now as if some of us are going to get in the middle of a bad fix, even before the all day singing and protracted meeting sets in. Pete.

WILSONVILLE.

G W. Taylor is on the sick list.

Miss Helen Boyer visited homefolks Sunday.

H. A. Jackson is having his residence painted.

J. H. Robertson, of your city was in town Saturday.

"A Pious Fraud" was rendered at the school house Friday night.

Mr. McCarley and L. F. Smith went to Columbiana Saturday.

Justin C. Jackson has bought an automobile, and now he rides grand.

Prof. J. B. Zeigler and family left last week for Lafayette, their future home.

The mumps are getting so thick you can almost stir them with a stick.

J. I. Edwards, of Bessemer, was a visitor here a part of Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Amos Daniel, who has been ill for two or three weeks, we are glad to state is improving.

Rev. Mr. Graggs, of Birmingham, preached at the Presbyterian church on last Thursday night.

E. M. McEwen and Rev. G. W. Hamilton attended the district conference at Jacksonvil e last week.

J. W. Bolin, jr., and wife, of Atlanta, and Mrs. J. J. DuBose, of Burnsville, are visiting their father, Major J. W. Bolin.

L. A. Bradley carried the mail on the R. F. D. route the latter past of last week, while G. W. Riddle stayed at home to have the mumps.

Rev. Mr. Sams, of Howard College, preached here Sunday in lieu of the pastor, Rev. O. P. Bently, who occupied the pulpit at the Clayton street Baptist church, Montgomery.

Died.—On the 19th. inst., infant son of Mr and Mrs. Albert Russell.

Thou art gone to the grave
And thy cradle forsaken.
With us thy fond spirit
Did not tarry long;
But the sunshine of heaven
Beamed bright on that waking,
And the song thou didst hear
Was the seraphims' song.

Honest John.

H. Pearson, of Beat 2, was in the city Tuesday.

Taking Desprate Chances.

"I have been subject to sciatic rheumatism for years," says E. H. Waldron, of Wilton Junction, Ia. "My joints gave me much pain and discomfort. My joints would crack when I straightened up. I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and have been entirely cured. I have not had a pain or ache from the old trouble in many months. It certainly is a wonderful liniment." For sale by Banby Drug Co.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

SHOES . . .
I make a specialty of the shoe business, and keep the best high grade line the market affords. In buying a shoe, one wants a serviceable shoe at a
Reasonable Figure.
That is just what we offer to the trade: Service and quality at a reasonable figure. We invite your inspection.

Queensware.
There is nothing the ladies admire more than they do beautiful Queensware. Come, see what we have in this line before purchasing elsewhere.

☞We endeavor to please our trade, and appreciate the patronage of the public.

GROCERIES . . .
Our Grocery Department is complete in every particular. Fresh goods of the best grades coming in every day. We offer you the bzst to be had, and at prices consistent with safe business principles. Our goods will speak for themselves. Cordial and courteous treatment to all. Bring us your produce.

Provisions and Feed.
keep on hand a full stock of provisions of every description. Fresh and salt meats and flour. I can fill your order for and kind of feed and hay. Be pleased to serve you in any way.

A Cool Drink
Soda Pop, Lemonade, Coca Cola—cool and refreshing.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

Spring Creek Items.

Three of Tom Frost's children are very ill.

C. T. Ingram has been on the sick list for the past three weeks.

There is considerable sickness in the Spring Creek neighborhood now.

John Kolb, son of ex-Governor Kolb, visited with Mr. Gilliam and family this week.

Joe Allen lost one of his fine mules one day last week, and it is quite a loss to him.

J. W. Alexander, our rural mail carrier, is on the sick list; hope soon to see him out again.

Miss Delia Armstrong has returned from a four weeks' visit with relatives at South Calera.

Miss Emma Williams, who has been visiting at Elliottsville for two or three weeks, has returned home.

Henry and Oscar Wyatt visited with relatives and friends at Six Mile last Saturday and Sunday.

Will Williams, an employe of the L. & N. Railway who was hurt some time ago, and who has been in a Birmingham hospital for the past three weeks, is able to come home.

The Democrats have nominated a good ticket, and Beat 4, the banner Democratic beat of the county, will give the ticket one hundred majority in the November election. With a little hustling we might strain a point and make the majority 125. We are disappointed at not getting a candidate in this end of the county, but we are Democrats, not sulkers. Perk Dodd.

For Sale.

One fine cow and young calf. Apply to S. W. Nelson.

For Sale.

Two cows and two calves for sale. Apply to Walter E. Lester, on his farm. 34-2

Wood Choppers.

Regular employment for a limited number of good Wood Choppers in fine timber. Fifty cents per cord cash every two weeks.

Longview Lime Works,
34-4 Longview, Ala.

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Coal & Coke Company at its office in Maylene, Alabama, on May 16th, 1904, at 9 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

C. F Hunter.
Sec'y.
35-3

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Climax Coal Company at its office at Maylene, Ala., on May 16th, 1904, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

C F. Hunter,
Seb'y.
35-3

A MODEL
DRUG STORE . . .
(Conducted on a modern system.)

We carry all Patent Medicines sold in this section. Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco. Fine line of Stationery, in fact, everything that goes to make up a
First Class Drug Store.
Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins, Colgates Soaps, Extracts, and Toilet Articles.
Our Prescription Department
Is always in charge of a Pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of Pharmacy and years of experience.
J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
—OF—
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782.77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3,000.00	Rediscounts.....	2,262.80
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		$69,902.61
	$69,902.61		

W. B. Browne, Pres. W. L. Farley, Cash. Mrs. E. E. Roberts Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. Farley Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.

J. R. White, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Co.
Land Titles, Abstracts of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, Insurance, and a General Title Business
J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Alabama.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

We will appreciate your order for
JOB WORK.
Good Stock, Prices Right.

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

HOSPITAL SECRETS.

A Nurse Says: "Pe-ru-na is a Tonic of Efficiency.

MRS. KATE TAYLOR.

Mrs. Kate Taylor, a graduated nurse of prominence, gives her experience with Peruna in an open letter. Her position in society and professional standing combine to give special prominence to her utterances.

CHICAGO, ILL., 427 Monroe St.—"As far as I have observed Peruna is the finest tonic any man or woman can use who is weak from the after effects of any serious illness.

"I have seen it used in a number of convalescent cases, and have seen several other tonics used, but I found that those who used Peruna had the quickest relief.

"Peruna seems to restore vitality, increase bodily vigor and renew health and strength in a wonderfully short time."—MRS. KATE TAYLOR.

In view of the great multitude of women suffering from some form of female disease and yet unable to find any cure, Dr. Hartman, the renowned specialist on female catarrhal diseases, has announced his willingness to direct the treatment of as many cases as make application to him during the summer months, without charge. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Over the trans-Siberian railroad a fast freight train leaves Moscow once a week and reaches Vladivostock in eighteen days and Port Arthur in twenty-one days. During the year 1902 the railway transported over its entire length 1,980,000 tons of freight and 1,370 passengers, though some of the short hauls exhibit much larger figures. The pettiness of this business is shown by a comparison with the same amount of mileage on American roads, on which the amount of freight carried in a year is from 40,000,000 to 100,000,000 tons.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorar. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

Is a man financially embarrassed if he has more money than he knows what to do with?

Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

No girl can understand how a man can really love her and think about business at the same time.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES color more goods, brighter colors, with less work than others.

A married man's idea of real enjoyment is to do things his wife disapproves of.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

A man with a good wife is apt to hear too much of a good thing.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

In time of peace prepare for war among the universal peace societies.

To Improve Italian Railways.

The Italian State railways, according to a report from Rome, will soon place orders for 200 locomotives and several thousand freight cars.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Oil in Trinidad.

On the Island of Trinidad oil is found amid a huge tropical vegetation, and is said to be of first-class illuminating power.

VERY LOW RATES

To Chicago and Return via Southern Railway.

Account general conference A. M. E. church, Southern railway announces rate of one fare plus 50 cents for round trip to Chicago and return. Tickets to be sold April 29th, 30th, May 1st and 2d, limit May 10th. By depositing tickets and payment of fee of 50 cents final limit may be extended until June 10th.

For tickets and detailed information see nearest agent or write:

R. B. Creagh, traveling passenger agent, Birmingham, Ala.

J. C. Lusk, district passenger agent, Birmingham, Ala.

EXCURSION RATES

To Pittsburg, Pa., and Return via Southern Railway.

Account conference National Association of Manufacturers Southern railway announces one first class fare plus 25 cents for the round trip to Pittsburg and return. Tickets to be sold May 14th, 15th and 16th, final limit May 21st, 1904.

For tickets, detailed information, etc., see nearest agent or write R. B. Creagh, traveling passenger agent, Birmingham, Ala.; J. C. Lusk, district passenger agent.

WHEN YOU GO TO THE WORLD'S FAIR

Suggestions That Should Be Helpful to the Stranger in St. Louis :: No Trouble When You Get Your Bearings :: The Greatest of the World's Expositions

By MARK BENNITT

It will be worth all the self denial that one may practice for several years to see the World's Fair of 1904 at St. Louis. Money saved, earned or borrowed, cannot be better spent than in getting acquainted with the world's progress as revealed at this latest and greatest of expositions. All of us cannot travel around the world to take note of what the nations are doing, but the nations from all around the world desire us to know and have sent their best works to St. Louis to be placed on display.

Therefore, by all means or any means, see the World's Fair. It means everything to your future growth of mind, to your present pleasure and life-long satisfaction. Who that saw the Centennial Exposition or the Columbian Exposition that does not revert to it with recollections of keenest pleasure?

Within the two square miles of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis there is more to be seen than ever was brought together in ten times the space before. It is a great collection of expositions massed into one. It is nearly twice as large as the Columbian Exposition at Chicago, nearly ten times larger than the Pan American Exposition at Buffalo. Every exhibit palace offers the equivalent of a splendid exposition, each covering many acres of space.

The largest of these is the Palace of Agriculture, with its twenty-three acres under roof, and filled to the doors with the most wonderful agricultural collection ever assembled upon any occasion. The important States and Nations of the world are all here alongside great numbers of individual exhibitors. Five great staples have been chosen for extraordinary display. Corn, cotton, sugar, rice and tobacco are here arrayed as they have never been before, and undreamed possibilities are revealed to inquiring minds. Such a dairy display was never attempted and such a collection of farm machinery and tools was never placed on exhibition.

The Palace of Transportation is next in size, covering fifteen acres. One may only hint at the wonders it contains. The historical exhibit of locomotives is one of the features. It shows the development of seventy-five years in locomotive construction. Strange indeed is the person who is not yet impressed with these evidences of man's long struggle with the problem of rail transportation, the most civilizing of modern influences, next to the newspaper, which must always stand first. To describe in detail this exhibit would be a long story in itself.

Now let us cross the flower gardens to the Palace of Machinery, just south of Transportation. The huge power generators are the first things to arrest the eye. The Allis-Chalmers engine of 5000 horse-power, the Curtis steam turbine of 8000 horse-power, the Parsons steam turbine of 5000 kilowatts, the four Westinghouse generators of 3000 horse-power each, and each as high as a house. And then other generators great and small of all kinds—the most wonderful display of engines ever assembled. But these are not all. Think of ten acres of glistening machines of every kind and you have some idea of the contents of the Palace of Machinery.

We cross the lagoon to the eastward and come to the beautiful Palace of Electricity, with eight acres of exhibits from many countries, which show the marvelous development of electrical science. To the north again over one of the arched bridges we approach the Palace of Varied Industries, viewing its wonderful grace and splendor as we go. Here are fourteen acres of exhibits from all over the world. The Palace of Manufactures is the same size and stands on the opposite side of the Plaza of St. Louis. It is equally interesting in the variety and newness of its contents.

Opposite the Palace of Manufactures to the southward is the Palace of Education, this being the first time that education has been allotted a great building all its own. A variety of schools in daily session are the feature of this eight acre display. The two exhibit buildings in the eastern part of the main group are Mines and Metallurgy and Liberal Arts. The Department of Mines and Metallurgy has a twelve-acre outdoor display in addition to the nine acres under roof.

The Palace of Art at the World's Fair contains 195 galleries. Each gallery is a large room, lighted from above and filled with the choicest works of all countries of the world in which art has made noteworthy progress. The group of buildings to house this magnificent display represents an expenditure of more than $1,000,000.

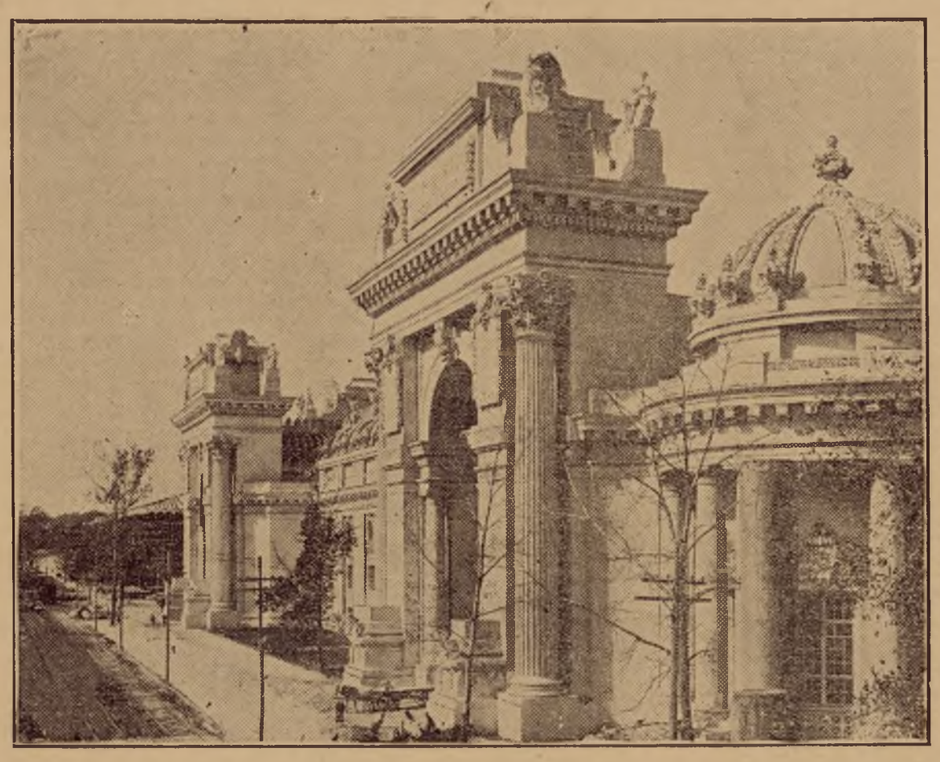
Even to the timid traveler, St. Louis presents no complications. It is all as plain as a b c when once you get your bearings. The streets all run east and west or north and south, with rarely a confusing diagonal.

All trains into St. Louis arrive at Union Station, one of the finest railroad terminals in the world. The station is on the south side of Market street, between 18th and 20th streets, so that when the visitor emerges from the station he finds himself at the beginning of the city numbering both north and south and eighteen blocks from the river.

Standing on Market street with his back to the station the down-town or main business section of the city is to his right about one mile. The World's Fair is to his left, westward about five miles. All the street cars are so labeled that he may easily know which cars to take.

Practically all St. Louis will be a lodging house during the Exposition. The hotels have greatly multiplied in number and thousands of private homes are open for the accommodation of guests. The rates at the hotels are generally on the European plan as it will be more convenient for guests to get their meals wherever meal-time may find them. Prices for rooms in private houses range from 50 cents to $2.50 per day per person. The prevailing rate is $1.00 per person and in nearly every case good accommodations with all conveniences and in good localities may be had for this price. The higher rate presupposes larger rooms and more luxurious quarters. But no one need pay more than $1.00.

The hotel prices have a wide range. Competition will be brisk.



CORNER OF PALACE OF LIBERAL ARTS AT WORLD'S FAIR, ST LOUIS.

ELECTRICITY IN JAPAN.

Activity of the Island Empire in Construction Work.

That the modern Japanese are determined to keep abreast of the peoples of the Western world is shown not only by their quick mastery of the art of war, but also by their readiness to appropriate all the results of modern scientific discovery. According to the London Electrical Engineer, they are now displaying much activity in the utilization of electricity for lighting, power and traction purposes. The Tokio electric light works have been in operation for a considerable time, and it has become necessary to greatly extend the power house. The plant at present has a capacity of 5050 horse power, and this is being increased by an additional 3600 horse power. This new plant will go into operation during the present month, and work will then be commenced on a further extension, which will ultimately increase the output of the station by 10,000 horse power. Fresh demands for electric power are being made on the electric company by the railway company, which is operating an extensive system of light railways in Tokio.

The Dardanelles.

The question whether Russia has the right to send her Black Sea fleet through the Dardanelles is based upon a treaty executed in 1841 between the five great Powers, whereby it was agreed that no ship belonging to any nation save Turkey should pass through the channel without the consent of Turkey. This agreement was reaffirmed by the treaty of Berlin, executed after the Russo-Turkish war in the 70s.

Where Lord Nelson Really Died.

Visitors to the Victory, at Portsmouth, England, who have gazed upon a spot in the cockpit and believed it to be the place where Nelson breathed his last, were quite mistaken, according to discoveries just made during the overhauling of the ship. The authentic place where the hero died was close against one of the huge ribs of the ship a little further forward. This place is now to be railed around, and it will be lighted with electric lights, for which a storage battery is to be placed on board.

A CHANGE OF AIR.

Why It Proves Beneficial When a Person Is Ailing.

To maintain the balance of perfect health in a body so complex as man's, where the circulatory, respiratory, muscular and nervous systems interact so much upon one another, there is need of very frequent adjustment, especially in such a busy age as this.

One great benefit of change of air is that the great law of contrast enforced upon us by all natural phenomena is allowed fuller scope for its beneficent work. The various organs of the body are very really rested by slight changes in diet, cooking, water, new surroundings, people and amusements. The same monotonous daily round of duties tries them as it tries us, and change of work is actual refreshment.

If specific ailments have manifested themselves, then the seashore for a tonic and general stimulant, mountain air for its aseptic property, a sandy district for its dryness or a sea voyage to invigorate the whole system will be calculated to ward off what would otherwise spell serious illness.

Man's Nerve Impulses.

The speed of nerve impulses in man is stated by Dr. Alcock, in a recent paper before the London Royal Society, to be sixty meters (216 feet) a second. The experiments of Sir Michael Foster fifteen years ago showed it to be thirty-three meters. Dr. Gowers, the eminent neurologist, remarks that either Dr. Michael Foster or Dr. Alcock is widely wrong, or the rate of transmission has become greatly accelerated during the last fifteen years.

Origin of "So Long."

With reference to the origin of the familiar expression, "So long," a correspondent of the London Academy suggests that it is derived from the Norwegian "Saa laenge," a common form of farewell, equivalent in meaning to "au revoir," and pronounced like "so long," with the "g" softened. There was a fair number of Norwegians among the settlers in America, to judge by the names, and it is quite likely the phrase was picked up from them. It is in general use among the Dutch in South Africa.

AN ORGAN WITHOUT STOPS.

That Was the Opinion of the Man With a Musicless Soul.

There is a man living in an Eleventh street flat who has no music in his soul, and there is a man on the lower floor whose soul is full of it. The lower floor man not long ago added a four lung parlor organ to his lares and penates, and two healthy daughters of his began to practice on it. Several nights later a friend paid a visit to the first man, and as soon as he got inside the apartment he heard the parlor organ on the lower floor.

"Fine toned instrument that," he said, because he, too, had some music in his soul.

The musicless man grunted.

"Whose make is it?" the visitor asked.

"Don't know," was the ungracious answer.

"How many stops has it?"

The host pulled himself up for a powerful effort. "Well," he replied, "it's been in the house for about a week now, and in that time it hasn't had any that I have been able to discover."—New York Press.

Happy When They Are In Jail.

"Many a prisoner as soon as he steps in the outer office," said a Charles street jail officer, according to the Boston Record, "throws himself into a chair with a sigh of relief, muttering: 'This is the first happy hour in many months.' This is especially true of men charged with large embezzlements. Their consciences seem to be on the verge of collapse until they arrive under the shadow of the jail, when they then see their future clearly."

Ancient Prescriptions.

Sir Walter Besant's study of old English customs shows that the doctors of several centuries ago prescribed for fevers "a cold water affusion" with drinking of asses' milk. When the queen was ill in 1663 they shaved her head and applied pigeons to her feet. Powdered mummy for a long time was considered to be a specific against diseases. It is said that the reason it went out of use was that dealers took to embalming bodies and then sold them for genuine ancient mummies.

TWENTY-ONE RUSSIANS KILLED

By Explosion of Mine—Attempt to Assassinate Kuropatkin.

The czar has received the following telegram from Vice Admiral Alexieff: "I respectfully report to your majesty that during the placing of mines by some steam launches Lieutenant Pell and twenty men were killed through a mine exploding prematurely under the stern of one of the launches.

Rumors are in circulation that two beggars attempted the assassination of General Kuropatkin when he was in New Chwang a few days ago. It is said the beggars succeeded in approaching the general and were talking to him, when a guard noticed that one of them put his hand inside his robe. The men were seized and searched and knives were found upon them. It is said that the men were Japanese.

Russia has made a new issue of $15,000,000 in paper currency against free gold in the state bank. At the ministary of finance it was explained that it was an ordinary issue and in no sense was forced. Under the law, paper is issuable to double the amount of gold up to $15,000,000, in excess of which paper issued must be covered rouble for rouble. In the state banks there are in round figures $400,000,000 in gold, which would permit of an issue of $550,000,000 in paper, but the paper issue at present only amounts to $350,000,000.

It has been definitely decided to send the Russian squadron in the Baltic sea to the far east. There has been considerable hesitation regarding the dispatching of this squadron to the seat of hostilities. Once it was decided to send the fleet, but afterwards the advisability of such a move was questioned by the authorities. Admiral Skrydloff, according to a reported interview with him, plans to combine all the Russian fleets and if possible clean both the Pacific and Yellow seas of Japanese vessels by a combined effort.

Viceroy Alexieff has sent to the czar a full report of the loss of the battleship Petropavlovsk and the Russian destroyer Strashni on April 17th. The mistake by the officers of Strashni, who mistook Japanese destroyers for Russian warship, led to the greater disaster in the loss of the Petropavlovsk. The report continues: The explosion occurred at the right side of the Petropavlovsk, then a second explosion under her bridge.

It is reported that the Russian garrison and population at Vladivostock are threatened with famine. Dispatches recently stated food at Vladivostock was almost gone and the population was leaving in order to get the necessities of life. Railway communication with the city is interrupted and it is difficult to get sufficient food there to relieve the situation.

A dispatch from Paris states that a Russian loan of 32,000,000 roubles bearing 5 per cent interest has been introduced on the Paris bourse. It is quoted at 95.

Fire at the Russian naval shipbuilding yards at Nevsky destroyed a number of important drawings.

It is reported that the czar has ordered Kuropatkin and Alexieff to cooperate.

Seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars per day is Russia's war expense.

The Chalybeate Mountain Mining Company has been organized in Anniston and articles of incorporation filed. The company owns the Chalybeate mountain which contains brown iron ore and will operate coke ovens, railroads and tramways, mine iron, lead and coal and develop the property by erecting washers and equipping its mines for the purpose of supplying ore, etc.

An extension is planned by the L. and N. to connect Selma with Blocton.

The ice field at the head of Lake Superior extends fifty miles out of Duluth, a condition unprecedented this time of year. Last year navigation opened some time before this date.

More than 500,000 incandescent globes will be used to illuminate the St. Louis world's fair grounds

The Burlington railway system is to be extended from Kansas City to the Gulf of Mexico if plans now under consideration by its owners and chief officers are carried out. It is proposed to run the new line south from Kansas City through Oklahoma City to Houston, and thence to tidewater at Galveston.

As a sequel to the Toronto fire an advance of 75 per cent in the insurance rates in the congested district, or the business portion of the city, has been decided on by the underwriters.

Twenty-five hundred more men have been put to work to finish the St. Louis world's fair.

The Union Iron and Steel company has started its furnaces at Big Stone Gap, Va., after a shut down of several months. A large force of men is employed. The Middlesboro furnaces of the Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke company are being put in shape to be blown in, and early in June work will begin

Montgomery has a $20,000 oil mill building.

Disastrous forest fires are raging in Mexico.

In the itemized statement of bank clearings for last week northern cities decreased an average of over 10 per cent, while southern cities increased an average of 20 per cent.

Nancy Austin, said to be the only negro slave owner in Mississippi, died at Jackson last week. She owned considerable real estate in Jackson, Vicksburg and New Orleans.

In Alabama's last primary 96,078 ballots were cast.

Oxford's council has refused to issue liquor licenses.

King Menelik II of Abyssinia is one of the most remarkable of sovereigns. His official relations with foreigners have invariably made a favorable impression. He is not striking in his outward personality, for he is of only medium height, stout enough to appear dumpy, and his black face is heavy and scarred by smallpox, but intelligence and usually good humor illumine his features. The great boon that Menelik has conferred upon his country is peace. An unlettered native of Africa, he has done for Abyssinia practically what many civilized governments are doing for their colonies. When the herds of Abyssinia were nearly exterminated by rinderpest, Menelik toiled with his soldiers in the fields and distributed the fruits of their labors to the hungry. He said he worked with the men to impress the people with the fact that they must look more to the soil for their food. It is said that for three years he ate no beef. "Why should I enjoy plenty," he said, "while my people are in want?" He has introduced small coins into the country and the increase of the foreign trade from eighty thousand dollars to several millions is attributed directly to his influence.

The black hole of Calcutta was 18 feet square. When Fort Williams was taken, in 1756, by Surajah Dowla, nabob of Bengal, 146 persons were shut up in the black hole. The room afforded each person a space of 26 1-2 inches by 12 inches, which was just sufficient to hold them without their being violently packed together. To this dungeon there was but one small window and the weather being very sultry, the air within could neither circulate nor be changed. In less than an hour many of the prisoners were attacked with extreme difficulty of breathing and several were delirious. In less than four hours many had died in delirium. In five hours all the survivors except those at the grate, were unconscious. Eleven hours after they were imprisoned 23 only of the 146 came out alive and all of these had high fever, from which they were slow in recovering.

The first record of the use of envelopes is contained in a satirical poem written by Dean Swift in 1726:

"Lend these to paper sparing Pope,
And when he sits to write
No letter with an envelope
Could give him more delight."

In the British museum there are preserved two envelopes, one of which is dated Stockholm, April 24th, 1755, and it is known that in 1760 Madame de Pompadour sent a letter in an envelope to the Duchess d'Alguillon. Envelopes were used in England soon after 1830, and are referred to in a paper written in 1830 by Sir Rowland Hill, the father of modern postal systems, as "the little bags called envelopes." They were without gum on the open flap, which was secured by wafer or wax.

The presidential vote in 1900 was but 37,551 larger than the vote of 1896. It stood in both 1896 and 1900 at about fourteen millions. The increase in population since 1896 has been ten millions. In 1890 there were 21,329,819 males of voting age in this country. There are now about twenty-three millions.

FREE to WOMEN

A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely Free and Postpaid, enough to prove the value of

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

Paxtine is in powder form to dissolve in water — non-poisonous and far superior to liquid antiseptics containing alcohol which irritates inflamed surfaces, and have no cleansing properties. The contents of every box makes more Antiseptic Solution — lasts longer — goes further—has more uses in the family and does more good than any antiseptic preparation you can buy.

The formula of a noted Boston physician, and used with great success as a Vaginal Wash, for Leucorrhœa, Pelvic Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Cuts, and all soreness of mucus membrane.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a Vaginal Wash we challenge the world to produce its equal for thoroughness. It is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

All leading druggists keep Paxtine; price, 50c. a box; if yours does not, send to us for it. Don't take a substitute — there is nothing like Paxtine.

Write for the Free Box of Paxtine to-day.

R. PAXTON CO., 7 Pope Bldg., Boston, Mass.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

NoMoreBlindHorses For Specific Ophthalmia Moon Blindness & other Sore Eyes, Barry Co., Iowa City, Ia., have a sure cure

Miss Rose Peterson, Secretary Parkdale Tennis Club, Chicago, from experience advises all young girls who have pains and sickness peculiar to their sex, to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

How many beautiful young girls develop into worn, listless and hopeless women, simply because sufficient attention has not been paid to their physical development. No woman is exempt from physical weakness and periodic pain, and young girls just budding into womanhood should be carefully guided physically as well as morally. Another woman,

Miss Hannah E. Mershon, Collingswood, N.J., says:

"I thought I would write and tell you that, by following your kind advice, I feel like a new person. I was always thin and delicate, and so weak that I could hardly do anything. Menstruation was irregular.

"I tried a bottle of your **Vegetable Compound** and began to feel better right away. I continued its use, and am now well and strong, and menstruate regularly. I cannot say enough for what your medicine did for me." —*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will cure any woman in the land who suffers from womb troubles, inflammation of the ovaries, and kidney troubles.

The flavor of TOBACCO may be injured by the use of stable and rank organic manures.

Potash

in the form of sulphate produces an improved flavor and a good yield.

Tobacco must have *Potash.*

Our little book, "Tobacco Culture," contains much valuable information, and every tobacco grower can obtain a copy free of charge by writing for it.

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—ALL KINDS OF—
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Reliable Frick Engines, Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.

BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH.
Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors. Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$4.00, $3.50, $3.00, $2.50
UNION MADE **SHOES** BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more men than any other make. The reason is, they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and have greater intrinsic value than any other shoes.

Sold Everywhere.

Look for name and price on bottom.

Douglas uses Corona Colt skin, which is everywhere conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced. *Fast Co or Eyelets used.*

Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra. Write for Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass

Am. 18, 1904.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

Positions Guaranteed BY A $5,000 BANK DEPOSIT

LIMITED MEANS OR EDUCATION NO HINDRANCE.
ALL OUR 6,000 GRADUATES AT WORK.

R. R. FARE PAID. BOARD AT $8.00. 500 Free Courses.

WRITE TODAY TO
GA.-ALA. BUS. COLLEGE, Macon Ga.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

FEET HURT Sweat, Itch, Blister? ROYAL FOOT WASH cures them. Removes odors of feet, armpits, etc.; stops chafing. If not at druggists send 25c to EATON DRUG CO., ATLANTA, GA., for full size, postpaid; sample for 2c stamp. One application proves its merit. Money back if not satisfied.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., MAY 5, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 36

THE BIRMINGHAM

An 8,000-Ton Cruiser, Will be Ready in Two Years

It can now be stated positively that the navy department will name one of the new cruisers for the city of Birmingham. Congressman Underwood made this request of Secretary of the Navy Moody recently, and the latter agreed to grant it if the president approved of the suggestion. The president has given his approval.

The new cruiser, which has already been authorized, will be 8,000 tons and will be built within the next two years. The mayor of Birmingham will at the proper time be asked to name the young lady who will christen the ship at the launching and the people of Birmingham will be expected to provide the new cruiser with a silver service.

The M. E. Conference.

As the day for the assembling of the delegates to the thirty-first general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church approaches, general interest in the gathering of representative churchmen from all parts of the civilized world becomes greater, and when Bishop Merrill calls it to order at Los Angeles, Cal., Wednesday it is expected that 748 out of a total of 750 accredited delegates will be in their seats.

For the first time in the history of the Methodist general conference women delegates will have seats in the conference and a vote in the direction of church affairs.

The colored delegates, of which there are seventy-five, will make an effort to have one of their race elected bishop.

Expenses are Low.

The expenditures of the United States government are much less in proportion to population than those of many other leading nations of the world. This fact is shown by a statement just published by the department of commerce and labor, through its bureau of statistics, showing the population, revenues, expenditures and indebtedness of the principal countries of the world. It shows that while the expenditure of the United States, with 80,000,000 of people, is $640,000,000; that of the United Kingdom, with 42,000,000 of people, is $898,000,000; that of France, with 39,000,000 people, is $695,000,000; that of Germany, with 58,000,000 people, $553,000,000.

Two Suicides.

Lewis E. Rafield, a resident of Mobile, committed suicide at his home by cutting his throat with a razor. He was found in a dying condition by a neighbor who heard his groans.

When asked why he did such a thing he said that his wife was going to die and that there was no peace for him on earth.

He died two hours after being found. The man's wife is dying.

Mrs. Sid Marsh, of Clintonville, committed suicide Friday night. Deceased was prominent in social circles. No cause is assigned for the rash act. Mr. and Mrs. Marsh had been eating supper, when the woman left the table. She soon returned and, resuming her place at the table, swallowed the contents of a box of strychnine. In a few minutes, while gasping for breath, she told her husband that she was going to leave him.

Accidentally Shot.

At Tuscaloosa little Gertie, the 7-year-old daughter of A. J. Wilson, was accidentally shot by her 10-year-old brother, who was playing with a loaded 38-caliber revolver. The bullet entered her cheek and came out of her mouth.

Edward R. McDavid Monday morning assumed the duties of secretary of state. His first official act was the issuance of a commission to Scott Sayre as judge of the fifteenth judicial circuit.

Birmingham is entertaining the thirty-second grand lodge of the Knights of Pythias.

Boy Drowned.

While in bathing in Warrior river Monday with a number of boys Fred Wooten, aged 11, son of Richard Wooten, a prominent merchant of Oneonta, was drowned. The little fellow had finished his bathing and is said to have been sitting on the bank, washing his feet, when he slipped into the river, where there was eight feet of water.

Early Monday morning the safe of the Florence hotel, Birmingham, was chiseled open and $500 belonging to the Atlanta baseball team stolen. No clue.

The Japanese forces in the battle of Sunday numbered 100,000 men.

The Cullman county democratic executive committee has nominated Asa B. Fuller to fill the vacancy on the democratic ticket caused by the death of S. H. Herrin, nominee for clerk of the circuit court. A letter from State Chairman Mallory declaring that a primary should be called for making this specific nomination was disregarded. Petitions bearing the names of over 750 voters were presented asking for a primary.

Dr. Greth sailed five miles in his air ship Monday in California.

NEW INDUSTRIES

To Begin Operations in the Southern States at an Early Date.

ALABAMA.

Anniston—Harness factory.
Birmingham—$125,000 development company.
Mobile—Brick works.

FLORIDA.

Cedar Keys—Canning factory.
Wauchula—$50,000 crate factory.

GEORGIA.

Adrian—Water works.
Greensboro—Ice factory.
Tifton—$15,000 turpentine distillery.

LOUISIANA.

Baldwin—Cotton gin.
Iberville—$16,000 cotton gin company.
Keatchie—Saw mill.
Lake Charles—Dry kiln.
New Orleans—$20,000 paint factory; packing plant; $100,000 electric power plant; $200,000 enanemling works.
Welsh—$45,000 rice mill.
Whitecastle—Cotton gin.

MISSISSIPPI.

Clayton—Shingle mill.
Columbus—$25,000 foundry and machine company.
Gaffney—$5,000 supply company.
Gulfport—$30,000 supply company.
Ocean Spring—Electric light plant.
Weathersby—Saw mill.

TENNESSEE.

Athens—$50,000 woolen mills.
Caldwell—Electric light and power
Centerville—$15,0,000 fertilizer factory.
Dickson—$5,000 brick works.
Greenville—Broom factory.
Halls—$8,000 flouring mill.
Knoxville—Coal and coke company.
Lawrenceville—Stave factory.
plant.
Manchester—Saw mill.
Nashville—$10,000 dry kiln; $200,000 railroad shops.
Parsons—Flour and grist mill.

Pig Iron.

Iron production in Alabama is holding up. Furnaces are breaking records. The Republic company is making more than 700 tons of iron daily at three furnaces at Thomas. The Sloss company has six or seven furnaces in operation, and each furnace is turning out 200 tons and more daily. Other companies report good production. The shipments equal the production.

Work on new furnaces is being pushed, two iron makers being under way, one at Woodward, belonging to the Woodward Iron Company, and the other at Ensley, belonging to the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company.

Up to July 1st sales have already been made which will require almost steady production, while a few orders have been booked for delivery after that period, and there is an inquiry for iron which guarantees a steady business to the first of November.

The Canal Commission's Work.

The sanitary officers connected with the isthmian canal commission find they have a task on their hands. They have returned from a month's trip to the isthmus, where they went over the field. Nowhere were there the commonest facilities for the preservation of health. In all the isthmus the doctors found but one bath room.

So far as the quarters for employes along the route of the proposed canal were concerned nothing for the preservation of health had been considered. The first step will be the creation of a water supply and sewerage system. There will have to be medical attendants for forty thousand people.

The Illinois Central announces the immediate expenditure of $250,000 on its machine shops in Memphis. It is the intention of the system to double the capacity in the shops there and to increase its shop force at Memphis by the employment of 500 additional men.

Three hundred persons assembled to hear the opening sermon of the missionary conference of the M. E. church, south, at Waco, Tex. The conference will be in session some days.

New corporations in the eastern states during April, with a capital of $1,000,000 and over, reached $74,700,000 against $83,050,000 in March.

Statistics show that manufacturing industries in Chattanooga in 1903 increased their business 27 per cent. To provide for this increase, $1,600,000 were expended in improvements. New industries were established to the amount of $1,000,000; or, in other words, Chattanooga manufacturing industries augmented their capital by an amount exceeding $2,500,000 in one year. In 1902 the total value of the manufacturing interests of Chattanooga was over $16,000,000. At the close of 1903 this value was over $19,000,000. In manufacturing growth Chattanooga surpassed any city of equal size in the United States.

Since March 4, 1900, when the bill permitting national banks with a capital of $25,000 and upward, to be incorporated, 697 national banks have been established in the south, or about 40 per cent of the entire number established in that time. The establishment of banks in the south has outrun the population.

Launching of the battleship Rhode Island, set for Saturday, has been indefinitely postponed, owing to labor troubles at the yards of the Fore River Manufacturing company.

AMONG LAWMAKERS

At the Seat of Government at Washington.

APRIL 28TH.

President Pro Tem Frye adjourned the senate sine die at 2 p. m. today, the hour fixed by resolution of the two houses of congress. The occurrence was devoid of unusual incident and the final close of the session was but slightly different from the end of an ordinary day's sitting.

The senate began its day's work at 10:30 a. m., but the greater part of the time was devoted to a political debate.

The only important acts of legislation during the day were the presentation and acceptance of conference reports on the Panama canal government and emergency river and harbor bills. Neither report aroused debate.

The closing day of the second session of the house of the Fifty-eighth congress was made notable by the demonstration which was evoked by a resolution offered by Mr. Williams, the minority leader, testifying to the courtesy and impartial manner in which Speaker Cannon had presided over the house.

Many conference reports were agreed to on bills which had been in dispute between the two houses. The only debate of any importance was on the bill providing for the restoration to the naval academy of three cadets who had been dismissed for hazing, the house voting overwhelmingly against it.

At 2:10 the gavel fell and the fifty-eighth congress concluded.

ADDED TO THE NAVY.

Uncle Sam Has Another Cruiser, the California.

The armored cruiser California was launched Thursday at the ship yards of the Union Iron works. She was christened by Miss Florence May Pardee, daughter of Governor Pardee, of the state of California.

The cruiser California is supposed to embody the latest and best in vessels of her class. There are to be five vessels like her. She will cost complete $5,000,000. Her principal dimensions are: Length of load water line 503 feet, extreme breadth 69 1-2 feet, mean draught 24 feet and displacement 13,400 tons. She will have a belt of steel armor 7 1-2 inches wide on the water line and varying in thickness from 3 1-2 to 6 inches, as well as the 5-inch casement above the belt of armor for 232 feet of the vessel's length.

The total number of bills introduced in the house during the session just ended was 15,756 and in the senate 5,087. Most of these were of a private nature, involving appropriations for claims or pensions. The total number of private laws approved by the president up to noon Friday was 1441. The total number of public laws 181, and the total number of resolutions which have become law 37. The agregate number of bills was not above the average of a long session, but the number of private bills passed was far in excess of those generally enacted during a similar term. The total number of reports on bills in the house alone was 2943, or nearly double the usual number. The amount of public business transacted was below the average.

The naval board appointed to investigate the circumstances attending the bursting of two 8-inch guns on the Iowa February 5 last, has reported to the secretary that the board finds that in the firing of the guns all precautions were taken. The report says that "when the forgings of the guns were being machined at the gun factory defects developed and the guns were rejected, but on the protest of the manufacturer the guns were accepted.

The bill introduced by Senator Pettus relating to the settlement of the claims of states for organizing, equipping and subsisting volunteers between their muster in and their acceptance for service in the war with Spain, has become a law. Alabama, Georgia and Mississippi are interested in the bill.

IN SIX WEEKS

Payments on Spanish War Claims Will be Made.

Under the terms of the general deficiency appropriation bill, which has been approved by the president, the claims of the several states for expenses incurred during the Spanish war may be filed until January 1, 1906. Practically all of these claims have been filed with the auditor for the war department.

Tennessee and Mississippi will receive about $20,000 each and Alabama $30,000.

The recent illness of King Carlos, which was announced to be la grippe, is now believed to have been due to an attempt to assassinate him by placing poison in his food. The king's secretary and aide-de-camp, who was ill at the same time, is known to have been given anti-poison treatment.

Spain now has fifty factories producing beet sugar. The beet sugar crop as warehoused indicates over the previous year an increase in the stock on hand and production together of nearly 88,000 tons.

HEAVY LOSS BY FIRE

Sustained by Birmingham on Sunday Morning.

Birmingham Sunday morning suffered its most destructive fire since the early nineties, when the six-story Caldwell hotel and a block of buildings were destroyed.

Sunday's result is three handsome four-story brick buildings on the south side of First avenue, between Twentieth and Twenty-first streets, in the heart of the business district, and making up a part of one of the most substantial business blocks in the city, with another smaller building almost totally destroyed. It now appears as if new structures will be erected for probably two hundred feet along First avenue.

The loss from the fire is estimated to be nearly $150,000, with between $75,000 and $85,000 insurance.

The fire started in the one-story establishment of A. T. Killian, wholesale grocer and produce merchant at No. 2023 Morris avenue, from an unknown cause. The building occupied partly by Killian is a one-story brick structure belonging to parties in Mobile. The flames originated in the rear of this store, spreading to the place of business of P. Giacoppazzi, No. 2021 Morris avenue, which was also a one-story building.

When the flames were discovered they were shooting out of the rear of the Killian and the Giacoppazzi buildings. This latter contained a large stock of fireworks. It was just before daylight and the shooting flames lighted up the skies brilliantly and the fire could be seen for miles.

All of the apparatus in the fire department of Birmingham, including the aerial truck, was brought into service.

The principal losers are:

	Damage.	Insurance.
John W. Tomlinson. .	$10,000	13,000
Mrs. E. W. Turner ..	10,000	10,000
Geo. P. Harrison	30,000	16,000
Caldwell & Meinetts (office building)	10,000	20,000
P. Giacoppazzi	4,500	3,500
Turn Verein Society ..	5,000	2,500
T. V. Boardman	25,000	10,000
W. D. Colby	7,500	5,000
Underwriters' Real Estate & Ins. Co.	5,000	3,000
Attorneys and others, including Confederate Veterans	15,000	5,000
Robert Garry & Co. (damage by smoke and water)	5,000	5,000

It is claimed by the owners of the office building that the structure can be repaired and put in good condition for the sum of $7,500.

Colonel Tomlinson states that his building will be rebuilt immediately.

Colonel W. H. Denson, who had offices in the Harrison building, was probably one of the heaviest losers by the fire. Besides his office fixtures he lost a library of 2500 volumes which he valued at $10,000, his insurance amounting to only $3,000. Included in the library of Colonel Denson was a complete set of the Alabama reports, there being eighteen volumes of the old series and 137 volumes of the "First Alabama Reports."

"I have lost all of professional life practically," declares Colonel Denson. "There are between 2500 and 3000 attorneys at law in Alabama, but there are only 87 sets of reports left. There were also included in my library a full set of the Reports of the British Parliament of 1857, the time of the monetary crises." A number of other attorneys lost their libraries also.

Gadsden sporting men have organized the Etowah Game and Fish Protective Association, which has for its aims the protection of all kinds of game and the encouragement of stocking the streams of the county with fish by the government.

On account of the increased receipts at the Anniston postoffice for the last year the salary of the postmaster will be increased another $100 when the apportionments are made in June. In the matter of postoffice revenue Anniston is the fifth and perhaps the fourth office in the state, Birmingham, Mobile, Montgomery and possibly Selma alone exceeding her.

Lee County Improvements.

The new Phenix-Girard bank, with a capital stock to begin with of $25,000, will open its doors next week. It is reported that a wholesale house is to be established at an early date. Much building is going on. The Columbus Railroad Company now operates car lines through Phenix City and Girard, and the opening up of these new lines has aided much in the development of the two cities.

At Opelika W. O. Harrell is moving the ruins of the Planters' warehouse burned some time ago, and it is rumored will build new stores on the lot. He has a large wholesale house in contemplation. Colonel Lum Dukes will soon erect two stores.

POLES KILL OFFICIALS.

Deputy Police Chief and Commissary Slain at Warsaw.

Warsaw, Poland.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dvorsky thoroughfare they were attacked by a band of men armed with revolvers and knives.

Two of the officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a Deputy Commissary, were killed and two others were wounded.

TREASURER ROBBED.

Marengo County's Funds Stolen by Masked Men.

Marengo county's treasurer, Mr. Brasfield, was in his office at a late hour Friday night in the court house at Demopolis preparing his books and other things so as to be in readiness for court this week, and standing with his back turned to the door and did not hear the footsteps of any one approaching.

He turned to face three pistols pointed toward his head by three masked men, who commanded him to throw up his hands. The safe was open at the time and while two held him up the third proceeded to empty the safe of its contents. After getting all that they could, something like $5,000, with a pistol still held upon Mr. Brasfield they backed out of the court house with their boodle and that was the last thing seen or heard of them.

Mr. Brasfield immediately notified Sheriff Hasty and his deputies, who made every effort in their power to catch the thieves. Mr. Brasfield has held the office for the past eight years. The robbers are supposed to be white men.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Huntsville Man Committed a Double Crime Friday.

As she was in the act of laying her baby in bed at midnight Fleming Froman, of Dallas mills, near Huntsville, shot his wife, followed her as she ran into the yard, cut her throat and then inflicted fatal wounds upon himself. Neighbors heard the shots and rushed to the place, Froman meeting them at the gate. He stood there with his throat horribly gashed and told what he had done; then going back to the body of his wife he cut his throat again and fell dead beside her.

Crushed to Death.

Oscar Crauswell, a well known man, met a violent death Saturday at noon at one of the Tennessee company's mines. He was at work about a new piece of machinery and was in some manner caught and crushed to death. The unfortunate young man was but twenty-two years of age and had been married only two months. He had been with the Tennessee company since he was ten years of age.

Restored to Her Parents.

Lucy Cole, who was abandoned in Florence last fall by a tribe of wandering gypsies, has been identified positively as Laura Nation, who disappeared eight years ago from her home in Elwood, Kas., when she was three years old. The child was identified by birthmarks. Her parents live in St. Joseph, Mo. James W. Nation, who believes he has now found his long lost child, was in affluent circumstances when she disappeared eight years ago, but he has spent everything he possessed in a hitherto vain search for her and is now driving a delivery wagon in St. Joseph.

Damages for Blind Girl.

Miss Rosie Middleton, a blind girl of Phenix City, has received $10,500 damages from the Pennsylvania railroad, the result of injuries she received last December in a wreck.

Miss Middleton has been a teacher in a blind academy up north and last Christmas was traveling to a town near Philadelphia to visit relatives when her train was wrecked. The road gave her $10,500 voluntarily, this amount being agreed upon as reasonable.

At Elkhart, Ind., the rays of the sun focused through a gold fish jar, set fire to the clothing of a woman who was sleeping in a chair near an open window and the flames were extinguished only after she had been severely burned.

The government of the republic of Panama has indicated its desire to have $1,000,000 of the amount to be paid to that country on account of the canal purchase transmitted to J. P. Morgan & Co., their fiscal agents, at New York, the remaining $9,000,000 to await the arrival of the Panama minister in June.

Fatally Burned.

At Prattville while Mrs. Martha Hearn was standing before the fire her clothing took fire and before assistance could reach her all her clothing was burned off. The burn proved be so serious that she died. She was 72 years old.

A party of Guntersville people have chartered a steamboat for a trip to the St. Louis exposition. The steamer will leave Guntersville early this summer and will make a leisurely passage down the Mississippi, Ohio and Tennessee rivers. The boat will be well stocked with everything conducive to the comfort of the passengers.

Harris Dexter Not Guilty.

Harris E. Dexter, the fourteen-year-old Randolph boy who has been on trial in the Superior Court, at Dedham, Mass., on a charge of causing the death of his brother Parker, was found not guilty.

Dynamite Kills Two.

While thawing dynamite at the kitchen stove William Francis and his baby were killed at Owosso, Mich., and Mrs. Francis and two children badly hurt.

JAPANESE VICTORY

Russians Beaten in First Battle on Land.

After five days of fighting, largely with artillery, the first Japanese army, under General Kuroki, has forced a crossing of the Yalu river, and with an infantry charge, covering a frontage of four miles, drove the Russians from Chiu Tien Cheng and the heights opposite Wiju. The Japanese turned the left flank of the Russian position and swept away the new front interposed by the Russians.

The twelfth division of the Japanese army was chosen to make the first crossing of the Yalu. It began on Friday by driving the Russians from their position eight miles above Wiju, and the point selected for the crossing. This division constructed a bridge and Saturday morning began crossing. The entire division passed over.

The Japanese captured twenty-eight quick-firing guns, much ammunition, more than twenty officers and many non-commissioned officers and men as prisoners. It is reported that General Sazoitch and General Kashtolinsky were wounded. Our casualties number about 700 and their loss is more than 800 men.

The Russians were forced to abandon Antung. They burned the town and retreated.

The Russian report of the battle acknowledges defeat, but ascribes it to superior numbers and the aid of Japanese war ships.

Work of the Japanese.

The special commission appointed to inquire into the cause of the sinking of the battleship Petropavlovsk has established beyond a doubt the fact that the battleship struck a mine laid by the enemy within the radius of the customary evolutions of our fleet on the occasion of its sorties into the outer roadstead to meet the enemy.

Japan's Treatment of Prisoners.

The advanced position taken by the Japanese in the adoption of humane rules of warfare shown in a report to the state department from United States Minister Griscom at Tokio, in which he encloses a communication to himself from Baron Komura, the Japanese minister of foreign affairs. The ministers shows that Japan is the first country to give full effect to the elaborate code of laws governing war laid down by The Hague conference.

He announces that there has already been put into operation by the Japanese the rule of war regulating the dispatch of letters, money orders and valuables between the prisoners of war and their friends in their own country. The Japanese government also has ordered that such prisoners be supplied free with postal facilities, communication and means of receiving gifts. Also they are not subjected to any railway charges.

At Pekin it is declared that Russian officials are circulating a story accusing China of having made a secret treaty with Japan regarding the port of Amoy, and the province of Fu Kien and containing the statement that prominent Chinese and Japanese officials have left Shanghai for Amoy to arrange the preliminaries of the treaty. Chinese and Japanese officials unite in denying the accusation.

It is reported that a Russian submarine vessel has sunk a Japanese transport and sent 600 souls to the bottom.

A Russian loan aggregating $100,000,000 is soon to be offered to the world.

Two hundred war correspondents are now traveling with the Japanese army.

A rich gold find is reported from Mexico.

The police, in searching the room of Artal, the young student who several weeks ago attempted the assassination of Premier Maura at Barcelona, found letters from two Paterson, N. J., anarchists urging Artal to assassinate King Alfonso. The government intends to request their extradition.

At Countess Cassini's bazaar for the Russian Red Cross Society Miss Durand, daughter of the British ambassador, paid a hundred dollars for her portion of tea. In order that no misunderstanding should result Durand sent a hundred dollars to the Japanese minister for the Japanese Red Cross. Many contributors adopted Durand's plan and the Japanese legation received considerable money for this reason.

Dr. D. K. Pearsons, of Chicago, has sent a check for $50,000 to the Rollins college, Winter Park, Fla.

Saturday morning the Louisiana Purchase exposition at St. Louis was formally opened.

Our Exports.

Exports of manufactures still promise to exceed in the fiscal year 1904 those of any preceding year. The nine months' figures of the fiscal year, just announced by the department of commerce and labor, show a total of seventeen million dollars greater than the corresponding months of the fiscal year 1900, in which the exports of manufactures reached their highest figures.

President Roosevelt has again given Dr. W. D. Crum a recess appointment as collector at Charleston, S. C.

MANY HURT IN TRAIN CRASH

Long Branch Express Hits a Florida Bound Flyer.

INJURED GET SLIGHT WOUNDS

Collision Due to Accident to Air Tube on Southern Train—Express Running Forty Miles an Hour Plowed Its Way Through Rear Coach—One Man Killed Outright.

Elizabeth, N. J.—In a rear-end collision, which occurred a short distance west of the Pennsylvania Railroad station here, when the Long Branch Express, heavily laden, ran into the rear of the Florida Special, one man was killed and twenty-seven persons were injured. Most of the injured received only slight wounds.

The collision was due to an accident to the Southern train, and could have been avoided, it is asserted, had the engineer of the Long Branch train heeded the signal, which was set for his direction. The Florida Express is composed of eight Pullman coaches. It had not gone far from the station in Jersey City when the air tube connecting the forward coach to the engine parted.

That caused the automatic air brakes to be applied at once to the train. The extra strain on the engine caused by the application of the brakes caused the coupling pin between the tender and the first car to break, and the engine darted ahead, while the cars stopped within a short distance.

The engineer at once applied the brakes to the locomotive, and as soon as he was able started back to pick up his train. He had just reached the coaches and was about to recouple them, when the accident occurred.

The Long Branch Express was making forty miles an hour at the curve when the fireman in the cab saw the stalled train ahead. He shouted to the engineer, who at once applied the brakes, but not soon enough to prevent the collision.

The engine struck the rear Pullman, the England, tearing its way through the coach almost to the forward end. The car was split in half and the parts fell to either side of the track. No one except a porter was in the car when the accident occurred, and though some of the passengers in the forward coaches received a severe shaking up, the injured were on the two forward cars of the Long Branch Express.

Dead: David Letts, fireman of the Long Branch Express; body taken to the Elizabeth morgue.

Injured: The Rev. Mr. Kelley, Asbury Park; concussion of the brain and internal injuries; taken to the Elizabeth General Hospital. Mrs. W. E. Armstrong, Long Branch, shock. Thomas Beatty, Long Branch, cut by glass. Mrs. E. H. Bennett, East Orange; back sprained. B. T. Benson, 30 Wall Street, New York City; teeth knocked out. Mrs. E. Blanchard, 280 Macon street, Brooklyn; back sprained. Mrs. Richard Bottigheimer, 22 Lafayette avenue, Brooklyn; nose broken. James B. Brown, Asbury Park; leg broken. Mrs. W. L. Craig, Asbury Park; scalp wounds and cuts. George L. Crane, Long Branch; face cut. John F. Fontham, 58 West Ninety-ninth street, New York City; shock. Mrs. Emma Fergueson, Newark; sprains. H. O. Goldsmith, Wall Street Information Bureau; chest wounds. G. Guning, Asbury Park; nose and face wounds. Mrs. Margaret Garretson, Asbury Park; teeth knocked out and face cut. J. A. Jones, Birdsville; leg broken. Walter Hall, Red Bank; sprains. Miss L. A. Lane, Ocean Grove; sprains. P. M. Layman, New York City; side sprains. J. W. Laughlin, Belmar; head and face cut. Mrs. Alice Mumma, Harrisburg, Pa.; sprains. Mrs. A. M. McCraig, Eatontown; shock. Mrs. John G. Sexton, Long Branch; spine injured. Mrs. Sadie Smith, 338 East Fifty-eighth street, New York City; mouth cut. D. R. Van Brunt, West Spring Lake, N. J.; sprains. Miss B. M. Weber, Asbury Park, N. J.; face cut. W. H. Whitely, 57 Morton street, New York City; head cut. Mrs. Clarence Whiting, Red Bank; nose broken.

SHOTS AT SPANISH PREMIER.

An Organized Plot to Assassinate Senor Maura.

Madrid, Spain.—Premier Maura, who arrived here, was shot at, but was not wounded, while on his way here from the Balearic Islands.

The official report of the incident given out by the Minister of the Interior says:

"As the train was running between Alicante and San Vincente some persons fired and others threw stones. The gendarmes accompanying the train returned the fire. Neither the Premier nor any of the other passengers was hurt. Two arrests were made."

Later details show that the attempt on Senor Maura's life was an organized plot, in which between thirty and forty men armed with revolvers were concerned.

A regular fusillade was exchanged between the gendarmes accompanying the train and the miscreants. Many marks of bullets were found in the train afterward.

Drought Killing Cattle in Texas.

Cattle are dying by the hundreds on the ranches in West Texas for want of water and grass. The drought is the severest experienced in that section for many years. Thousands of head of cattle are too weak to be moved to more distant pastures, and they have been abandoned to die on the range.

Safe Blowers Cause $60,000 Fire.

The fire that destroyed the Art Study plant at Janesville, Wis., was caused by burglars blowing open the safe. The loss by fire was $60,000; insurance, $15,000. There was no money in the safe.

Miners Fall 2000 Feet.

The collapse of a cage in the Robinson mine, at Johannesburg, South Africa, precipitated forty-three natives 2000 feet to the bottom.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., May 5, '04

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM.

County.

Probate Judge,
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk,
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

MISLEADING STATEMENTS.

"The facts are, as we learn from the treasurer, that every dollar that the county owes has been paid, except one thousand dollars that is not due until January 1, 1905, Judge Longshore stated to the Calera mass meeting that the taxes due last fall would put the county out of debt, and his statement has been verified."—Peoples Advocate.

Yes; but do the facts verify the statement?

Even the Advocate is a little mixed in its statements, for in one place it declares "the county is free from debt," and in another place admits that the county owes a thousand dollars. By what sort of juggling of words does the Advocate hope to harmonize the foregoing statements. It is very well aware of the fact that the county, only a few weeks ago (before the grand jury met), borrowed from an Ensley banker at least eight thousand dollars, and that it is due the first day of January, 1905. And a warrant for one thousand dollars outstanding on a bridge debt, and which is due January 1st, next, makes an indebtedness of $9,000. Will the Advocate dispute this?

Then, again; there is a discrepancy between the reports of the last two grand juries. The last grand jury says: "The indebtedness of the county of about $11,000 existing at the time of the report of the last grand jury was paid out of the taxes collected," The report makes no reference to the present condition of affairs except that "the county is out of funds" and must borrow money, and that, too, almost at the beginning of the year. Read the following excerpt from the report of the last grand jury prior to the present term:

"As best we can ascertain, the county's indebtedness for borrowed money and on outstanding warrants and of all kinds, is *$17,425,89.* but of this amount there is now on hand in the hands of the Columbiana Savings Bank about $1,600.00 of money borrowed by the county, which is not charged to the treasurer, but which is to be turned over to him to pay the necessary expenses of the present term of the court and other expenses. We have not estimated the expenses of this term of the court as any of the county's outstanding indebtedness, and we estimate that the greater portion of this fund will be required for such court expenses, and after they are paid the county will owe approximately *$17,000.00* on all accounts. Of this indebtedness *$11,000.00* is for borrowed money, borrowed at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, all of which has been used for county purposes, except the said sum of about $1,000 above mentioned, as we are informed, is to be used for paying the expenses of this term of the court."

Now what does the recent grand jury say in relation to this matter? The following is from its report:

"The indebtedness of the county or about $11,000.00 existing at the time of the report of the last grand jury was paid out of taxes collected. but the county is now out of funds * * * and it will be necessary for the county to borrow from $8,000.00 to $10,000 to meet current expenses."

There appears to be a discrepancy of about $6.000 between the two reports that is unaccounted for. And yet the Advocate would impress upon the taxpayers that the county is out of debt.

Notwithstanding the fact that the taxable valuation of property in Shelby county has increased nearly one million dollars in the past few years. yet the tax rate has nearly doubled itself under the administration of the populist leaders, the county is in debt and must borrow money.

Notwithstanding the fact that the present administration placed upon and collected (except from the railroads) from the taxpayers of the county an illegal and unlawful tax to help swell(?) the treasury, yet "the county is out of funds" and must borrow money. Not only must but has already done so.

The Advocate will have a hard time trying to make the taxpayers believe Shelby county is out of debt. The people know different, and so does the Advocate.

THINK ABOUT IT!

The Sentinel has never doubted that the rank and file of those who left the Democratic party to help make up the populist party, did so with honest purposes, heralding the conglomeration as a party of reform They complained of the burdens of government, and sought relief in something new. The ills complained of were national, and the discontented held to the assumption that relief would be found in a radical readjustment of the currency system; in governmental ownership and the operation of private property; in paternal warehouses; in federal interference with and supervision of local affairs and interests; in the surrender of local self-government in return for national pap. What an array of ideas for the demagogue to play upon, to juggle with, and from which to choose his slogans! The atmosphere was rent with "16 to 1," "government railroads," "warehouse receipts," and the like, and upon such issues, made lurid by the new-born statesmen, leaders of populism, here and there, went into local offices—the culmination of those luminous questions.

The "Klondike," various providences, in the way of tempering the sun and rains, and the ordering of supply and demand; the greater economy of consumers; the better methods of production; something—perhaps sheer exhaustion of the calamity howlers, pacified the great swell of discontent. The bubble which soared so airily with tinted theories and rainbow promises exploded and dissolved. The populist party was no more.

The heavy burdens of government come to the citizen in the shape of taxation. They grow heavier on account of greater expenditure, more oppressive from profligacy and misappropriation by public officers, and absolutely intolerable when laid unequally on the shoulders of the weaker. The people of Shelby county now carry these multiplied weights as their legacy from the late political turbulence. They realize this, and only await the opportunity to reinstall Democratic doctrines and methods.

One of the boasted achievements of the populist administration in this county, is the increased values of assessments. This has resulted, not so much from methods employed by county officials, as from natural development and actual enhancement of property values, noticeable thro'out the State, and the methods put in operation by State legislation, conceived and enacted by Democrats; the design of which was, and the result of which should have been, the lowering of the tax rate in direct proportion, and an equalization of the burden on all taxpayers alike. Doubling the assessed values ought to result in splitting the tax rate in half. A tax value of $4,500,000 should require a rate of only 20 cents on the hundred, under populist administration, and result in keeping money in the treasury, if, under Democratic administration, a value of $2,250,000 required a rate of only 40 cts. on the hundred to show regular balances; provided, of course, the same wisdom, care and executive ability prevailed.

But what are the results as we find them? Instead of a reduced rate, we find that, notwithstanding increased values, the rate of taxation is almost doubled and the burden thereby quadrupled. Instead of 20 cents, we have a 70 cents rate, and instead of a treasury balance we have a debt of thousands of dollars. At the same ratio, if the property values should enhance, or be pushed to $9,000,000, a tax rate of $1.00 on the hundred would be inadequate to keep the county debt from piling up; provided, of course, the same financiers remained in charge.

The pertinent inquiry arises then: Where does the increased revenue go? Is it upon the roads? The State Examiner. in his sworn report, says that something like $8,000 of money levied and collected for road purposes, and constituting a sacred fund, found its way illegally into the general fund. Is it upon the bridges? The records show that levies were made to pay for the same bridges twice, perhaps three times. And The Sentinel is advised that warrants issued against the "Bridge Fund" are still unpaid; that the "Bridge Fund" cannot be located, and that one of the most expensive bridges is yet unbuilt, for which the people have been twice specifically taxed.

Double Assessment!
Triple Levies!!
Quadruple Debt!!!

This is the record the present inefficient administration has made and must explain.

These are but a few of the things the taxpayers of the county should do some sober thinking about.

MORE DEMAGOGUERY.

"Some of the Democratic candidates were mighty loving to the country people before their primary election. but since that time they wont hardly speak to them on the streets; but if they were to get elected in November they would do worse than that, they would not ask you to dinner with them and would also disfranchise you from jury duty as they did once several years ago; keep your eyes on them, they will bare watching."—Advocate.

Of course they will "bare" watching, whatever that means. But just watch them reach goal in November before the enemy gets fairly started.

But the sentiment expressed in the above is so little; so intent to prejudice neighbor against neighbor; so flagrantly insulting to men, some of whom have lived in Shelby county all their lives, that it will have just the reverse effect desired by the Advocate. It is a reflection upon every man who was a candidate in the Democratic primary. Then, too, it is a little "amoosin'" to note how intensely hard up the Advocate is for matter to fill space. Prejudice pure and simple. And what is prejudice, pray? It is an opinion unsupported by reason. It is an Ishmaelite. Outside of its own circle it pays no compliments, scatters no sunshine, strews no flowers. It is dark, malevolent, malicious. It is a frost bringer to the heart; a cloud gatherer; a storm and dissension breeder. It is blind, deaf and stubborn. Its vocation is misrepresentation, its main argument hate when met with antagonism. It has no head and cannot think; no heart and cannot feel. Its decalogue is written in the slander heaped upon its victims. When a party organ resorts to or attempts to prejudice one class of men against another with the hope of winning, it is in a hard row of stumps. It is demagoguery of the most despicable kind.

The road law passed in 1898 empowered the Court of County Commissioners to "levy a special tax of not less than one-tenth or more than one-fifth of one per cent. on all taxable property, and it shall be kept separate from other funds." The foregoing quotation is from Section 17 of the special road law. The Constitution authorized only a levy of one-half of one per cent. for county purposes; but the present administration which prides itself upon its administrative record, ignorantly or wilfully proceeded to levy three-fifths of one-per cent. including the road tax. The taxpayers of the county, railroads excepted, had this tax to pay. The railroads contested the levy in the courts; the court held the levy to be unlawful and rendered a decision in favor of the railroads. The people paid the unlawful levy, and added to it were the costs of an expensive lawsuit. The railroads did not pay the tax. If the levy was made ignorantly the act in no way exculpates the present administration in levying an unlawful tax; if it was done wilfully the adminstration is unworthy the suffrage of the voters in the November election.

The present county administration levied an illegal tax upon the people of the county and made them pay it. The same levy was placed upon the railroads in this county and they refused to pay. The county through the present administration brought suit against the railroads; the court decided in favor of the railroads, holding the levy to have been an unlawful one. The other taxpayers of the county were made to pay this illegal tax. The Shelby Iron Company paid the tax under protest, and a part of it was afterward refunded the company. Was any of that illegally collected tax ever refunded to any of the farmers, merchants, doctors, lawyers, miners or mechanics of this county? Not a bit of it! Does the Advocate endorse this wholesale hold-up of the taxpayers of the county by the present administration?

A Shelby county man who has been in the counsels of the populist party in this county ever since it was born, says this is the last populist ticket that will ever go before the people of this county. He says a good many of the populist are going back to the Democratic party from whence they came, but that a greater portion of them will go to the Republican party. "Without a national organization," he says, "there is no use of a local populist party."

"Encouraging reports continue to come in from all over the county, the populists are gaining ground every day.',—Advocate.

Just keep whistling, brother; your waning strength and courage needs a lot of it. But along about the night of the November election your reports will not be so encouraging. You will then know, if you do not know it now, that your reports emanated from a "central office."

The county owes but one thousand dollars, says the Advocate. How about the eight thousand dollars borrowed from an Ensley banker a few weeks ago? If the statement of the Advocate be true, then the loan of a few weeks ago was not a loan but a gift.

REMOVE THE MACHINERY.

Wilsonville, Ala., April 30, '04.
Editor Sentinel, Columbiana.

Will you grant me space in your paper to say a word about the road machinary that is "stored" alongside the public road just east of Columbiana?

Why is it not removed from its present location. It is a menace to the safety of every person who drives by it. Only last Tuesday a terrible accident was narrowly averted at that place. A farmer was driving along the road when his team became badly frightened at this roads machinery, and but for the fact that two men on horseback, who were just behind the farmer's wagon, coming to the reseue the county would have had a big lawsuit on its hands.

I have heard that this machinery has been purchased by the county, and I have also heard this report disputed. Be that as it may, it looks a little strange that a concern which manufactures such costly machinery should leave it out in the weather to rust and rot away, unless there was some kind of an understanding with someone as to its future disposition. If it has been purchased by the county it looks very much like little care is being taken of county property.

But whether or not this machinery has been bought by the county, the county is liable for damages if any one gets hurt through a team that may become frightened at this machinery. I am told that the Commissioners have loaned a part of it to private parties; if the Commissioners control it far enough to loan it, why not exercise that control and have it removed from the public highway? As it is, every person who drives a team or rides a horse on that road is in danger of being seriously hurt if not fatally injured.

I write this in the interest of the traveling public, and especially so in the interest of those who travel the dirt road between Wilsonville and Columbiana. The machinery should be removed, whether it belongs to the county, or to the manufacturers; and it should be removed before a distressing accident discloses its ownership.

VERITAS.

BOWIE'S ADDRESS.

To the Editor of The Age-Herald.

I desire to express my high appreciation of the address by Hon. Sydney J. Bowie, member of congress from Alabama, before the Conference for Education in the South, recently held in your city.

There were many practical, eloquent and scholarly addresses delivered during the sittings of that conference, and comparisons will not be odious, but will only serve to elevate the conceptions and appreciation of all of them. The address by Prof. C. Alphonso Smith, professor of English in the University of North Carolina, from some points of view, deserves special mention. It was chaste, beautiful, scholarly and eloquent to a high degree—a gem with a magnificent setting.

But the best address, delivered on that occasion, for Alabama in her school interests and school work, because of its practical bearings on the question of free public schools, and its plain but startling facts, was that delivered by Mr. Bowie. It should have wide distribution. May I suggest that the State Superintendent of Education have it published in pamphlet form and scattered throughout the State as a means of educating the people on the important question of schools.

W. C. DENSON.

Athens, Ala., April 30.

FROM BEAT 17.

Editor Sentinel, Columbiana:

I have been thinking for some time of writing you in relation to the political situation, and of the future outlook of the Democratic party in Beat 17 in the coming election, but owing to a complication of circumstances I have thus far been prevented. One reason—I have been confined to my room during the past several days with—what I term "bilious lagrippe," and while I am much improved, am still unable to resume duty.

During my sickness, to my great comfort, I have been honored with the presence of numerous friends who reside in this immediate vicinity. A number of these friends have heretofore opposed the Democratic party but there now seems to be a universal dissatfaction among the Populists of our beat as to the present leadership of their party, their past record and manipulation of the affairs in general. In consequence they now say while they did not go into the Democratic primary, yet they are highly pleased with our nominees, whom the majority say they intend to support in the coming election. These utterances being from the lips of reliable and honorable gentlemen came to me as a joy and an inspiration.

It is a great source of comfort to note the apparent daily increasing strength of the Democratic party, and to hear the numerous deserved complimentary remarks from the voters, heretofore associated with the opposition, concerning the nominees of the Democratic party.

Owing to my physical weakness, I will not undertake to say further at than this: with the true principles of Democracy, together with the influence of our nominees whose fitness for the positions they seek, and whose characters are irreproachable, will bring unto us unbounded success in the coming election. Yours truly.

R. E. BOWDEN.

WILSONVILLE.

J. W. Millstead has sold his stock of groceries and shoes to J. F. Pope.

Black & Weldon have moved their stock of drugs to the building formerly occupied by Dr. Black as an office, and have also put in a first class soda fount.

Andrew Jackson returned Saturday from Lineville where he has been attending school.

K. Smith, of Sandersville, Miss., is visiting his son. H. E. Smith.

Thos. Crenshaw, of Yellowleaf, was in town Saturday.

Oscar Smith and Miss Ellie Wood of Rahatchie, visited their uncle, H. E. Smith Saturday,

Born,—To Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Jackson, on the 19th. ult., a girl. Justin says things are coming his way; he has four girls.

Roy Porter and wife and Mr. Johnson and Miss Pernie Pope composed a fishing party which spent Saturday afternoon on the river.

G. P. Kytle and wife, of near Sterrett, spent Saturday night and Sunday with relatives.

Misses May and Valera Riddle visited relatives in town Sunday.

Arlirs Kytle has a position with Jackson & Tinney near Sterrett.

The Advocate seems to think that there is great honor and much money in serving as a juror, from the way it howls about Pops not being allowed to sit on juries under a Democratic administration. The fact is the Democrats tried to secure competent jurors while the populists try to accommodate as many of their friends as possible.

We would not like for present jury commission to draw jurors to try a case for us. It tickled us when we read in The Sentinel that Judge Alston lectured the jury commission.

HONEST JOHN.

LYNCH.

Rev. J. D. Martin, of Centerville, preached an interesting sermon at Mt. Era Sunday night.

J. W. Shaw, of Weldon, was a welcome visitor in our community last week.

Quite a number of our people attended the Sunday School Association at Mt. Chapel and report a grand time.

John M Dye transacted business at Columbiana Monday.

R. J. Farr made a business trip to Columbiana, Friday.

Miss Nancy Dye left Monday for Redlawn where she has a music class.

Miss Clara Shaw, of Weldon, is here studying music.

There will be a Children's Day exercise at Mt. Era on the second Sunday in June.

A good warm rain and warm sunshine would be greatly appreciated by all.

Mrs. W. H. Farr visited relatives on Waxahatchie last week.

Hurrah for the Democratic nominees. The writer is personaly acquainted with each one of them, and will say they are all good, clean christian gentleman, well qualified to perfo m the duties of respective officers.

Success to Brother Whitaker and The Sentinel. Let all lend a helping hand toward making The Sentinel the best weekly in the State.

NOVUS HOMO.

Judge Parker is not talkiag any, but he has a million friends who are sawing wood for him.

Notice to Non-Resident Etc.

STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY. } PROBATE COURT of said County,

Estate of J. E. R. Davidson, deceased.

To C. J. Davidson a non-resident and all persons concerned:

This day came J. J. Davidson and Clara B. Davidson. administrators of said estate, and filed their application in due form and under oath praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate for the purpose of payi g the debts of said estate and for distribution among the heirs. It is ordered by the Court that Monday the 13th day of June, 1904, be appointed a day for hearing uch application, at which time all parties in interest, and especially C. J. Davidson who is shown to be a non-resident and whose place of residence is unknown, can appear and contest the same if they think proper. This the 27th day of April, 1904.

A. P. LONGSHORE,
35-3t. Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE NOTICE.

Under power of sale contained in a certain mortgage of S. H. Wallace, dated 10th day of March, 1903, and recorded in Book 62, of Record of Mortgages, Page 361, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby county, Ala., the undersigned will sell at public outcry in front of the court house door at Columbiana, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, on Tuesday, the 17th day of May 1904, the following described real estate to-wit: East half of southwest quarter and south west quarter of south west quarter of section twenty-one (21), township 20, range 2, east; south west quarter of northeast quarter and northeast quarter of northeast quarter, and southeast quarter of northeast quarter of section 20, township 20, range 2, east; also an undivided two-thirds (⅔) interest in the following real estate: northwest quarter of southeast quarter and northeast quarter of southwest quarter and northwest quarter of southwest quarter of section 9, township 20, range 2, east; all in Shelby county, Ala.; said sale is made for satisfaction of debt secured by said mortgage, the condition of mortgage having been broken.

Dated at Anniston, Alabama, this 9th day of April, 1904.

Anniston Mercantile Co.,
Mortgagee.

LAPSLEY & ARNOLD, Attorneys.
34-4t.

PRETTY { Organdies, Laces, Lawns, Ginghams

Embroideries and Mulls.

We have the prettiest line of each In town. Your inspection and criticism is cordially invited.

"Ambrosia" Flour, best in the world. We have it.

We waraant all goods to be as represented.

Morgan Brothers Mercantile Co.

MONTEVALLO, ALA.

OUR NEW SPRING GOODS . . .

Are ready for your inspection.

All the latest styles in washable and wearable Dress Goods. Would like to show you what we have.

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You want the best. Are you ready for it this season?

We are prepared as never before to meet your wants in vehicles and harness. There's nothing superior to what we are showing, in taste, style and service. Absolute honesty in make and material. You will agree when we tell you

IT'S THE FAMOUS
Studebaker Line
WE CARRY.

No matter what you want—if it's a harness or something that runs on wheels, we've got it or will quickly get it.

Come in and figure with us. Everybody knows the place.

C. L. Meroney & Co.,
Montevallo, Ala.

P. S. The Studebaker nameplate on a vehicle is its guarantee. Don't forget this.

See Exhibit of Wagons and McCormick Mowers at Shriner's Cotton Ware House.

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SALE STABLES.
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One of the
FINEST, FRESHEST and NICEST
STOCKS of GROCERIES
Fruits, Candies, Cakes and Breakfast Foods in this section.

JULY FIRST
I will give away another of those
Handsome Dinner Sets
To One of Our Customers.
CALL FOR YOUR COUPONS.
J. R. WHITE.

ICE COLD DRINKS
OF EVERY KIND;
—to—
Fresh Vegetables,
Bicycles and Supplies,
Goods Delivered Free.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

J. F. Pope, of Wilsonville, was in town Monday.

J. M. Kifer, of Shelby, was a Columbiana visitor Tuesday.

L. M. Dyke went up to Birmingham Monday on a business mission.

Claude Jackson came down from Wilsonville Monday in his automobile.

Phillip Erlick was a visitor to Birmingham and Bessemer Tuesday.

Clarence Abbott, of Shelby, was in town last Sunday, visiting friends.

Quite a party of Columbiana people will visit the World's Fair next month.

The many friends of Rev. H. M. Milstead regret that he is again seriously ill.

Mayor W. B. Browne was a visitor to Talladega Tuesday and is expected home today.

Mrs. Olive Prescott, of Alpine, was in the city last week a guest of Miss Rossie Christian.

"A Pious Fraud" was presented to an appreciative audience in Shelby last Friday night.

J. L. McConaughy, of Montevallo was in town several days last week serving as a special juror.

A. H. Avery, secretary and treasurer of the Shelby Iron Company, was in town Tuesday.

Mrs F. M. Johnson, of Bessemer, is in Columbiana visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Cromwell.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Chapman visited with relatives in Montevallo last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. H. E. Whitaker visited with her mother in Montevallo last week, returning to Columbiana Sunday.

Mrs. W. F. Davis, Mrs. Rider and children and Miss Davis visited in Montevallo Monday and Tuesday.

Prof. Hall, superintendent of the public schools at Shelby, was in Columbiana last Sunday visiting friends.

Oscar M. Lawley, of Birmingham was in Columbiana several days last week, visiting his brother, W. R. Lawley.

Dr. and Mrs. C. T. Acker were among those who drove over to Shelby last Friday night to see "A Pious Fraud."

Twenty-seven new subscribers have been added to our list within the past week. There is still room for a few more.

Large congregations attended both the morning and night service last Sunday to hear Rev. W. I. Sinnott preach.

Chapman Pitts, of Vincent, was in Columbiana the fore part of the week visiting at the home of his brother, Jno. S. Pitts.

May 21st. Paste the date in your hat. That is the day Captain Hobson is to speak in Columbiana. Mention it to your friends.

John S. Pitts is representative of Shelby Lodge, No. 50, K. of P. at the grand Lodge which is in session at Birmingham this week.

Deputy sheriff, Henry Norris was a visitor to Wilton last Sunday to see his son who is employed in the telegraph office at that place.

Judge J. L. Peters has purchased two lots on East College street, and will erect a handsome residence some time during the summer.

Miss Willie Rhodes, a compositor in The Sentinel office, went down to Montevallo last Thursday to visit her parents, returning Sunday.

A revival service will begin at the Methodist church in Columbiana on the fourth Sunday in May. Dr. Newman, of Talladega, will assist the pastor, Rev. G. T. Harris in the meeting. All are cordially invited to attend.

J. L. Martin has placed upon our table a copy of the New York Herald, bearing date of Saturday, April 15, 1865. The whole of the first page is devoted to details of the assassination of President Lincoln which occured at Ford's Theatre in in Washington the night of April 14, 1865. It is an interesting paper.

The good people of Montevallo, so we are informed by C. L. Meroney, are going to have a fine public school building. At a mass meeting held there last Friday it was decided to issue bonds to the amount of $2,500 with which to build one. The Sentinel congratulates our neighboring city.

It is a pleasure to The Sentinel to announce that Dr. F. M. Peterson, President of the Girls' Industrial School at Montevallo, will deliver the Commencement sermon of the Columbiana Graded School in this city next Sunday. He is one of the most able ministers in Alabama,

Mrs. Simon Friedberger and children arrived from Catherine, Willcox county, last Sunday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Friedberger will occupy the cottage just west of Friedberger's store. The good people of Columbiana will extend a most cordial welcome to Mrs. Friedberger.

The play, "Between Love and Riches," is soon to be produced by the Shelby dramatic club for the benefit of the public school of that place. The Sentinel learns that the play will also be produced in Columbiana. If so, our people should give them a good house.

Mrs. Clem Wentsworth, of Asheville, N. C., who was taken sick while visiting relatives in Bessemer some time ago, has been improving for the past few weeks and last Saturday was brought to this city and is now at the home of her father, J. T. Cromwell.

Mrs. C. W. O'Hara and daughter, Miss Ida, returned Monday from a visit with relatives in Douglasville, Ga. The visit was one of peculiar interest to Mrs. O'Hara for the visit was with relatives whom she had not seen in forty years.

The Columbiana base ball team met its Waterloo at Shelby last Friday. At the end of the ninth inning the score was a tie—eleven for each team. In the tenth inning Shelby made one run, while Columbiana failed to land.

Mrs. S. J. Hebson and Mrs. Susie Patterson, who were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Roberts a few days last week, departed Friday, the former to her home in Sylacauga, and the latter to Randolph to visit relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Meroney, Miss Ethel McMath, Miss Ethel Farrington, L. N. Nabors and Louis Campbell, all of Montevallo, were guests of Mrs. M. E. Parker and Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Davis last Sunday.

Mayor W. B. Browne was fortunate in getting the dinner set which was given away by J. R. White last Monday. A little later on Mr. White will again give away one of these sets to some customer.

Friday, June 17th, is the day fixed for hanging Larkin Johnson, convicted of the murder of John Lawley near Montevallo in March of last year. His case has been appealed to the supreme court.

Revival services will begin at the Methodist church at Shelby on Monday after the second Sunday in May. Rev. K. N. Matthews, of Daviston, Ala., will assist the pastor in the meeting.

The Sentinel is requested to say that a special invitation is extended to the old confederate soldiers to come out and hear Captain Hobson at the Academy, this city, May 21st.

There isn't a better public school in Alabama, taking into consideration the size of the town, than is found in Columbiana. We have the goods to substantiate the statement.

Grover Liles who has been employed in the Tax Assessor's office for several months, is now in the office of Judge J. L. Peters and has taken up the study of law.

W. A. Johnson, one of the most genial traveling men on the road, and who at one time lived in Montevallo, made The Sentinel a pleasant call Tuesday.

Supt. J. B. Farrell informs The Sentinel that a great deal of interest is being manifested in redistricting the school districts of the county.

Miss Lillian Nelson, who has been visiting her sister in Memphis for some time past, returned home last Friday.

COMMENCEMENT

Columbiana Graded School, May 8-12, 1904.

SUNDAY morning, at 11 o'clock, in the Methodist church—Annual sermon, by Dr. F. M. Peterson, of Montevallo, Ala., President of Alabama Girls' Industrial School.
TUESDAY evening, 8 o'clock—Literary address by Col. E. P. Hogan, of Howard College, East Lake, Ala.
WEDNESDAY evening, 8 o'clock—Exercises by classes in Elocution and Physical Culture.
THURSDAY evening, 8 o'clock—Annual concert. Presentation and Delivery of Diplomas.
The public is cordially invited to attend all the exercises.

SPRIGHT DOWELL, Supt.

Commencement Program.

Following is the Commencement program of the Alabama Girls' Industrial School, Montevallo:

Sunday, May 15, 11 a. m.—Sermon Rev. Neal Anderson, Montgomery.

Sunday, May 15, 8 p. m.—Sermon before Y. W. C. A., Rev. Neal Anderson.

Monday, May 16,—Exhibit of Industrial Departments.

Monday, May 16, 10:30, a. m.—Address by Pres. C. C. Thach, Auburn.

Tuesday, May 17, 10:30, a. m.—Baccalaureate Address, Hon. Sydney J. Bowie, Anniston. Graduating exercises.

The public is cordially invited to attend these exercises.

Francis M. Peterson,
President.

Shelby Springs Leased.

The Sentinel is informed that Shelby Springs, the delightful summer resort, has been leased by Northern gentlemen for a term of five years and that the place is to be fitted up in fine style. We understand the consideration of the lease is $7,500. The new hotel in course of construction is nearing completion.

There is no reason in the world why this beautiful place should not become one of the most popular of all summer resorts.

Will Build Brick Building.

J. H. Mason, the druggist, has purchased the lot adjoining the Columbiana Savings Bank, and early in the summer will erect a handsome two-story business house thereon. The first floor of the building will be devoted to his drug and pharmacy business, while the second floor will be cut up into offices.

The Sentinel has also heard rumors of another brick building to be built during the summer.

Captain Hobson to Lecture.

The hero of Santiago, Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson, will lecture in the Academy, Columbiana, Saturday night, May 21st.

A cordial invitation is extended the people of our neighboring towns to come and hear the young Alabamian who made such an enviable reputation for heroism and daring during the Spanish-American war. Keep the date in your mind, May 21.

Partnership Formed.

Dr. W. P. Hamner, the dentist, has purchased an interest in the drug store of J. H. Mason, and the firm name hereafter will be J. H. Mason & Co.

Mr. Mason and Dr. Hamner are well known to the people of Shelby county, and they will at all times cater to the public through a stock of drugs that is down to date in every particular.

Judge A. H. Alston, who presided at the term of Circuit Court just closed in Columbiana, departed for his home in Clayton last Sunday.

Will Sessions, who is attending the Columbiana Graded School, visited with his parents near Montevallo last Saturday and Sunday.

SHELBY.

For the now closing season, we have had with us Sanders, Blackmore and Burton, and numerous other plays, some of which our people enjoyed, apparently to the limit of possibility, but the climax was reached when on last Friday night a goodly number of Shelby citizens' full of interest and enthusiasm, gathered in the "City Hall" and witnessed "A Pious Fraud," rendered by "Columbiana Local Troupe."

Time after time was the audience carried from the seriousness of love making into convulsions of laughter by the pranks of the would be aunt, acted so effectively by Mr. Grover Liles, who, in reality, was Lord Fencourt Baberly. S. Dowell and Will Lawley, college students and chums, proved that they were not at all inexperienced, and that perseverance will win. Their loved ones, Misses Edna Nelson and Gertrude Roberts, acting in accordance with their wishes, proved that woman is indeed a "help meet." Miss Esther Mason, the real aunt with her ward Miss Stella Powell, arrived just in time to prevent Sir Francis Chesney committing the "error of his life," proposing to the wrong girl!

Mr. J. B. Farrell, as Mr. Spettigue, shows how the report of a lady's millions will make men foolish, and when it is, at last, too late, he realizes the fact that he has been dished.

Master Percy Pitts showed his ability to sing as well as act. The play was good throughout, and was ably assisted by Mr. Whitaker's well rendered songs. Each character showed that talent was not lacking. Who knows but that Columbiana may yet produce a Joe Jefferson or a Viola Allen.

SIAH HALL.

MONTEVALLO.

Mrs. Parham, of Gainesville, Ala., is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. M. Peterson.

Miss Nannie Shivers left Tuesday for an extended visit with relatives in Waco, Tex. □

Among the visitors to the Conference for Education held in Birmingham last week were President Peterson, Prof. Moore, Misses Kennedy, Grogan, Fitts, Harwell, Callen, Wardlaw, Simpson, Bush and Mrs. Hudson, all of the A. G. I. S., also Misses Peterson and Winston, and Revs. Wheeler and Willis, and Mrs. J. L. McConaughy. A great treat is reported by all.

The Studiosis held its last meeting for the year at the Mulkey House on Monday, being entertained by the teachers who make their home there. Officers were elected for 1904-05 as follows: Mrs. J. W. Willis, President; Mrs. Mary C. Babb, Vice-President; Mrs. J. L. McConaughy, Sec.-Treas., and Miss Terrett, Director. The past year has been very pleasant and profitable, the time having been given to to a broad study of French Literature.

An enthusiastic meeting was held last Friday night in the Baptist church in the interest of a new public school building. The Mayor and the Council were requested by motion to take the matter under advisement and report on next Friday, May 6th, on probable cost of building, and the best means of raising necessary funds for its erection. It is hoped that a large crowd will attend the coming meeting and enter heartily into the discussions.

On Saturday evening, April 30th, a program of operatic selections was given by the Misses Sampey, Garrett and Jones, the young ladies who this year finish the course of vocal study in the Girls' School. They were assisted by a large chorus and orchestra. Mrs. Chase's efficiency as a teacher of the vocal art was never better demonstrated. The effort was an ambitious one, both as to solo and choral numbers, but was carried through with a degree of success which spoke volumes for the ability of the singers and the patience and thoroughness of the teacher. Miss Garrett was brilliant in the rendition of the two selections from Carmen, being both in voice and temperament admirably equipped for the richly colored music of Bizet. Miss Annie Laurie Jones was pleasing in the Jewel Song from Faust, but decidedly at her best in "Merce dilette" from the Sicilian Vespers which with her capable rendering proved one of the most delightful numbers of the evening. Miss Annie Dee Sampey sang the heavy numbers of the program and was good in all of them, but reached an artistic climax in the two grand selections from Wagner, Elsa's Dream from Lohengrin, and Elizabeth's Prayer from Tanhaeuser. There was not an uninteresting moment during the whole evening. The chorus was large and evenly trained. The orchestra played the different accompaniments like veterans.

Harpersville.

Some of our farmers had to replant their cotton.

Mrs. Dr. Prescott, of Winterboro, visited relatives here last week.

Walter Hardy, of below Sehna, who has been attending school here, has gone home.

Quite a number of our people attended the quarterly meeting at Calcis Saturday.

Miss Maggie Strock, who was a pupil in our school, has returned to her home in Verbena.

Mrs. Caroline Davis, living two miles north of town, has been very sick for several days, but is better at this writing.

Rev. A. S. Smith preached a very interesting sermon at the Baptist church Saturday, and Rev. Bently did the same Sunday.

John Prescott, of Verbena, another pupil of our school, went to Talladega county to visit his brother Saturday, but is expected to return and spend the summer here.

"Wild Bill," of the Advocate, was among the Democrats Saturday evening. If he would circulate more among the Democrats he would find them a better people than he imagines them to be, notwithstanding the teachings of the Advocate.

Never in the history of Harpersville was there ever such a crowd here as was on last Friday night to witness the closing exercises of the Harpersville High School. Long before the sun had hidden itself behind the western hills the people began coming, and before dark the Academy was overflowing and by 8 o'clock the school yard was full, and town full, all waiting for the exercises to begin. At 8 o'clock the curtain was thrown back, and the appearance of Professor Strock and Miss Stella Posey on the stage was evidence that "the time" had come. I shall not attempt to tell all that was done, if I did it would take up the entire space of The Sentinel this week, but will only say that all the pupils acquitted themselves nicely, evidence that they had been thoroughly trained. No a "hitch" or a "balk" marked the whole exercise. Near the close Rev. A. S. Smith, of Alexander City, was introduced to the large audience by Prof. Strock, and he made one of the best speeches on Education that it has ever been our privilege to hear; in fact, we have heard quite a number say that it was the best ever delivered at Harpersville. There were two prizes offered at the beginning of the session to the ones receiving the highest number of headmarks for spelling in two grades. Misses Mary Posey and Inice Goswick were the successful ones, and prizes were delivered by Rev. O. P. Bently in a few well chosen remarks. Then the last thing on the program was a pantomime "Home, Sweet Home," rendered by eleven girls. It was indeed beautiful and I dare say cannot be excelled. And as the town clock struck 12 the exercises of the Harpersville High School for the session 1903-4 closed. The school was a very harmonious one during the entire session, and if there has ever been any dissatisfaction in any way by either teacher, pupil or patron we have never heard of it. The school opened with 40 pupils and closed with 70, and it seemed that the longer it lasted it grew in strength.

The order Friday night was not as good as it should have been, but considering the vast crowd of people it did very well.

Talladega county, Coosa, Tallapoosa, Calhoun, Jefferson, Dallas, Chilton and St. Clair counties all had representatives here.

PETE.

VINCENT.

"Spring like" weather the past few days, which is a welcome guest.

Ross Johnson spent Sunday with homefolks at Childersburg.

Two gentlemen were here last week trying to organize a club for the purchase of lots in Oklahoma.

Flennoy Walker, Baggage Master on the Central spent Saturday night and a part of Sunday with friends here.

W. H. Kidd is in attendance at the Grand Lodge K. of P.'s, Birmingham this week.

Quite a number of our people attended the quarterly meeting of the Methodist church at Calcis Saturday, and report a most pleasant occasion, and the finest dinner ever set before hungry Methodists.

Mrs. Mollie Slocum, of Birmingham, is with her parents, Rev. and Mrs. R. A. Kidd this week.

A large crowd of our young people attended the closing exercises of the Harpersville school Friday night, and those who were early enough to get a peep in were delighted with the evening's pleasure.

W. D. Haynes and wife, of Lineville are spending several days with their daughter, Mrs. J. H. Wilder.

Robert Fulenwilder, Esq., had the honor of "tieing the knot" for a young couple Sunday afternoon seated in a buggy near his residence; only a few passers-by being present. The contracting parties were J. R. Moore and Miss Callie Gowers. From whence they came we did not learn.

Prof. O. S. Landham, of Atmore, was in our city a few days recently, making glad the heart of one of our prettiest brown eyed girls. Watch for the cards a'er—ha! ha!

Miss Mamie Davis, while alighting from a wagon at Harpersville Friday night, received a painful injury to one of her feet, but we learn she is improving.

Warner Phillips has a position in Birmingham. Warner has a host of friends here who wish him unbounded success.

Let every person who has the interest of the S. school work at heart go to the next meeting at the Methodist church Sunday afternoon and put their shoulders to the wheel and give one long pull together for the furtherance of this laudable institution.

A vale of sadness was cast over this community about two weeks ago when the death angel removed from our midst Miss Amanda Blackerby, daughter of Mrs Amy Blackerby. She was only sick eleven days with pneumonia when her soul left its house of clay and went back to the God who gave it. Deceased was sixteen years old on March 29, last, and was a model christian girl, ever ready for deeds of kindness and love. Her devotion to her mother and brothers was wonderful. The remains attended by a number of friends here were carried to Vandiver for interment where funeral services were conducted by Rev. J. A. Butts of the Baptist church. Heartfelt sympathy is extended to the bereaved family and may God's richest blessings rest on them.

The Odd Fellows held quite an interesting anniversary here Sunday. They met at the hall at 10:30 a. m. and marched to the M. E. Church where after the welcome address by R. P. Tucker; a very forceful and impressive sermon on the teaching and workings of the Order was delivered by the venerable D. Horn, of Talladega. Quite a number of visiting brothers were present from Childersburg and some from Sylacauga, Birmingham and probably other places. The church was filled to its capacity and all present seemed highly pleased with the good things they heard and no doubt the exercises will be a benefit to the local lodge here as well as the community generally.

"JOHN BILLIE"

Memorial Service.

The following is the program for the Memorial Services to be held at Bethlehem church, on Saturday and Sunday, May 7th and 8th, 1904:

Saturday, 10 a. m.—Devotional exercises, by H. A. Heazlet, of Fayetteville, Ala.
Welcome Address by A. H. Merrill.
Object of the Memorial Service—A. P. Longshore.
Singing and marching to the cemetery.
Decorating the graves,
Dinner.
3 p. m.—The Resurrection: Rev. T. M. Nelson.
Sunday, 9 a. m.—Singing.
11 a. m.—Sermon by Rev. J. A. Davis
Everybody is cordially invited to come and bring well filled baskets.

G. D. BALDWIN,
A. H. MERRILL,
J. C. WILLIAMS, } Com.

Sunday School Mass Meeting.

There will be a mass meeting of the Sunday schools of beat 16, held in the Methodist church, Vincent, Ala., Sunday, May 8th at 2:30 p. m. looking to the organization of a Beat Association. All Sunday school workers and persons interested in the work are very cordially invited to attend which includes adjoining Beats.

Wood Choppers.

Regular employment for a limited number of good Wood Choppers in fine timber. Fifty cents per cord cash every two weeks.

Longview Lime Works,
Longview, Ala.
31-4

J. W. JOHNSTON.

SHOES . . .
I make a specialty of the shoe business, and keep the best high grade line the market affords. In buying a shoe, one wants a serviceable shoe at a
Reasonable Figure.
That is just what we offer to the trade: Service and quality at a reasonable figure. We invite your inspection.

Queensware.
There is nothing the ladies admire more than they do beautiful Queensware. Come, see what we have in this line before purchasing elsewhere.

☞We endeavor to please our trade, and appreciate the patronage of the public.

GROCERIES . . .
Our Grocery Department is complete in every particular. Fresh goods of the best grades coming in every day. We offer you the bzst to be had, and at prices consistent with safe business principles. Our goods will speak for themselves. Cordial and courteous treatment to all. Bring us your produce.

Provisions and Feed.
keep on hand a full stock of provisions of every description. Fresh and salt meats and flour. I can fill your order for and kind of feed and hay. Be pleased to serve you in any way.

A Cool Drink
Soda Pop, Lemonade, Coca Cola—cool and refreshing.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Coal & Coke Company at its office in Maylene, Alabama, on May 16th, 1904, at 9 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

C. F HUNTER.,
Sec'y.
35-3

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Climax Coal Company at its office at Maylene, Ala., on May 16th, 1904, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

C. F. HUNTER.
Sec'y.
35-3

A MODEL
DRUG STORE . . .
(Conducted on a modern system.)

We carry all Patent Medicines sold in this section. Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco. Fine line of Stationery, in fact, everything that goes to make up a
First Class Drug Store.
Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins, Colgates Soaps, Extracts, and Toilet Articles.
Our Prescription Department
Is always in charge of a Pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of Pharmacy and years of experience.
J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
—OF—
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$16,782.77	Capital Stock	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures	7,000.00	Deposits	52,639.61
Other Real Estate	3.000.00	Rediscounts	2.263.00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Co.
Land Titles, Abstracts of Titles, Titles Guaranteed,
Insurance, and a General Title Business
J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Alabama.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, U.S.A.

"PE-RU-NA," A VALUABLE PREPARATION," WRITES DR. KEMBALL.

Most of the Ailments Peculiar to the Female Sex Are Due to Catarrh of the Pelvic Organs.

Rachael J. Kemball, M. D., 334 Virginia St., Buffalo, N. Y., is a graduate of the University of Buffalo, class 1884, and has been in the practice of medicine in that city since then. She writes as follows:

"My conviction, supported by experience, is that Peruna is a valuable preparation for all catarrhal affections. I have taken one bottle of Peruna myself and just feel fine. I shall continue to take it."--Rachael J. Kemball, M.D.

Peruna has cured thousands of cases of female weakness. As a rule, however, before Peruna is resorted to several other remedies have been tried in vain. A great many of the patients have taken local treatment, submitted themselves to surgical operations, and taken all sorts of doctor's stuff, without any result.

The reason of so many failures is the fact that diseases peculiar to the female sex are not commonly recognized as being caused by catarrh. These organs are lined by mucous membranes. Any mucous membrane is subject to catarrh.

Female Trouble Not Recognized as Catarrh.

Catarrh of one organ is exactly the same as catarrh of any other organ. What will cure catarrh of the head will also cure catarrh of the pelvic organs. Peruna cures these cases simply because it cures the catarrh.

Most of the women afflicted with pelvic diseases have no idea that their trouble is due to catarrh. The majority of the people think that catarrh is a disease confined to the head alone.

This is not true. Catarrh is liable to attack any organ of the body; throat, bronchial tubes, lungs, stomach, kidneys and especially the pelvic organs.

Many a woman has made this discovery after a long siege of useless treatment. She has made the discovery that her disease is catarrh, and that Peruna can be relied upon to cure catarrh wherever located.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

HOW DO ANIMALS COMMUNICATE?

Why Flocks of Birds, Droves of Beasts and Schools of Fish Act With a Common Impulse.

JOHN BURROUGHS
IN THE CENTURY MAGAZINE.

CERTAIN things in animal life lead me to suspect that animals have some means of communication with one another, especially the gregarious animals, that is quite independent of what we mean by language. It is like an interchange or blending of subconscious states, and may be analogous to telepathy among human beings. Observe what a unit a flock of birds becomes when performing their evolutions in the air. They are not many, but one, turning and flashing in the sun with a unity and a precision that it would be hard to imitate. One may see a flock of shore birds that behave as one body; now they turn to the sun a sheet of silver; then, as their dark backs are presented to the beholder, they almost disappear against the shore or the clouds. It would seem as if they all shared in a communal mind or spirit, and that what one felt they all felt at the same instant.

In Jamaica I many times saw large schools of mullets fretting and breaking the surface of the water with what seemed to be the tips of their tails; a large area would be agitated and rippled by the backs or tails of a host of fishes. Then suddenly, while you looked, there would be one splash and every fish would dive. It was a multitude, again, acting as one body. Hundreds, thousands of tails slapped the water at the same instant and were gone.

When the passenger pigeons were numbered by millions, the enormous clams used to migrate from one part of the continent to another. I saw the last flight up the Hudson River valley in the spring of 1876. All day they streamed across the sky. One purpose seemed to animate every flock and every bird. It was as if all had orders to move to the same point. The pigeons came only when there was beechmast in the woods. How did they know we had had a beechnut year? It is true that a few straggling bands were usually seen some days in advance of the blue myriads; were these the scouts, and did they return with the news of the beech-nuts? If so, how did they communicate the intelligence and set the whole mighty army in motion?

"A COMMUNITY OF MIND."

The migrations among the four-footed animals that sometimes occur over a large part of the country—among the rats, the gray squirrels, the reindeer of the north—seem to be of a similar character. How does every individual come to share in the common purpose? An army of men attempting to move without leaders and without a written or spoken language becomes a disorganized mob. Not so the animals. There seems to be a community of mind among them in a sense that there is not among men. The pressure of great danger seems to develop in a degree this community of mind and feeling among men. Under strong excitement we revert more or less to the animal state, and are ruled by instinct. It may be well that telepathy—the power to project one's mental or emotional state so as to impress a friend at a distance—is a power which we have carried over from our remote animal ancestors. However this may be, it is certain that the sensitiveness of birds and quadrupeds to the condition of one another, their sense of a common danger, of food supplies, of the direction of home under all circumstances, point to the possession of a power which is only rudimentary to us.

Some observers explain these things on the theory that the flocks of birds have leaders, and that their surprising evolutions are guided by calls or signals from these leaders, too quick or too fine for our eyes or ears to catch. I suppose they would explain the movements of schools of fish and the simultaneous movements of a large number of wild animals on the same theory. I can not accept this explanation. It is harder for me to believe that a flock of birds has a code of calls or signals for all its evolutions—now right, now left, now mount, now swoop—which each individual understands on the instant, or that the hosts of wild pigeons had their captains and signals, that to believe that out of the flocking instinct there has grown some other instinct or faculty, less understood, but equally potent, that puts all the members of a flock in such complete rapport with one another that the purpose and the desire of one become the purpose and the desire of all. There is nothing in this state of things analogus to a military organization. The relation among the members of the flock is rather that of creatures sharing spontaneously the same subconscious or psychic state, and acted upon by the same hidden influence, in a way and to a degree that never occur among men.

The faculty or power by which animals find their way home over or across long stretches of country is quite as mysterious and incomprehensible to us as the spirit of the flock to which I refer. A hive of bees evidently has a collective purpose and plan that does not emanate from any single individual or group of individuals, and which is understood by all without outward communication.

Dodging the Tax Collector.

In the American citizen's attitude toward his debt to the State, at least so far as the rich are concerned, is perceived a steadily strengthening inclination to make fewer and less insistent demands upon himself. He discards the high sense of honor required by his social code and resorts to various devices, scarcely stopping short of downright perjury to dodge the tax collector.—Boston Advertiser.

BACHELOR VIEW OF REAL BEAUTY

Not Enough For Woman to Merely Keep Herself Pretty.

"The first duty of woman is to be beautiful."

The Crusty Bachelor knocked the ashes from his pipe and hastened to qualify this sweeping statement.

"Beauty," said he, "may mean absolutely different things in different persons. When I say that it is a woman's first duty to be beautiful, I mean it should be her chief aim to be good to look upon—and good to look upon in the sight of an intelligent, beauty-loving, clear-seeing eye.

"That," he continued, reaching for the tobacco jar and proceeding to transfer a bit of its golden brown contents to the bowl of his pipe, "that, I need not say, disqualifies the peach blonde, the too obviously pink-cheeked—in short, the made-up beauty. A clear-seeing eye detects artificiality at once, and—Bah!" finished the Crusty Bachelor contemptuously, giving a final deft pat to his tobacco and viciously striking a match. He drew a few gentle puffs and continued more mildly.

"A woman who is not good can never be pleasant to look upon. Those graces of mind and soul which make a woman good also make her beautiful. It is not the woman with faultless form and features alone who satisfies the eye of the thoughtful. She must also have a grace of expression and a gentleness of manner revealing beauty of character. And the woman who possesses this innate beauty may be outwardly lovely, though her features are irregular and her form not ideal.

"I say she may be but why," he went on impressively, "is she not? Because she spoils herself. Because she neglects herself. Because she is utterly careless and indifferent to the duty of making herself attractive."

Here he laid his pipe down and forgot it, says the Philadelphia Bulletin.

"Because a woman is good, let her not suppose the world forgives her for wearing clothes that do not fit her. Because she thinks, let her not imagine she will be excused for a careless, ill-groomed coiffure. No woman on earth has an intellect so gigantic, or a character so heavenly, that she may neglect her personal appearance without bringing down on her head the righteous disapproval of every man condemned to look upon her. A cultivated mind and a charitable heart are rare and praiseworthy possessions, and blessed is that female who posssesses them. But they in no wise excuse her from making the most of her personal appearances."

The Crusty Bachelor picked up his pipe. It had gone out. He relighted it and puffed himself into a more peaceful state of mind.

"No woman has a right to be ugly," murmured he, as he watched the tiny rings of smoke curling ceilingward.

Powerful Man of Russia.

Among the most powerful men in Russia, in foreign as well as in domestic affairs, is M. De Plehwe, Minister of the Interior. When promoted to his present office he was head of the Police Department. To him perhaps more than to any other member of the Imperial Council is credited the steadiness with which Nicholas II. has pursued the greater Russian policy which has forced the present war after having raised the eagles of the Czar over Finland. Rightly or wrongly, De Plehwe has been charged with having been the agent who instigated the fearful massacre at Kishinef. He was prompt to deny, however, that either his imperial master or himself gave the nod of permission for the slaughter.

"Breaks" of the Bashful.

Male teachers in women's schools and colleges have a hard time, but when one happens to be bashful life is made miserable for him. Members of a certain class in one of the higher institutions for the education of women here are still laughing over two mistakes recently made by their youthful instructor. On his way to recitation one day he accidentally stepped on a girl's skirt. He made an effort to say "Pardon me," but instead blurted out "Promise me."

But worse came one day just as the teacher was dismissing his class. He wanted to talk with one of the girls about her work, and this was the request he made:

"Miss Blank, may I hold you for a while after class?"

A Joke on Georgia.

When Hoke Smith was Secretary of the Interior he was especially generous to Georgians in the matter of department clerkships. It was generally conceded that around the Patent, Pension and Land Office one could not throw a stick without hitting a Georgian. Senator Voorhees, of Indiana, had been trying to place one or two hoosier constituents, but had failed. One day the Senator came along whistling "Marching Through Georgia" and keeping step to the tune. "What are you doing that for?" asked Hoke Smith. "Just can't help it," said Senator Voorhees. "This is just like marching through Georgia to come through your department." He got the appointments that day.

Why the Bees Store Honey.

An Irish apiarist gives a novel idea in the following utterance: "We know that the microbes causing foul brood retain their vitality in honey for some time, but just how long we do not know. That the pores of Bacillus mesentericus will germinate after being steeped in honey for over a year, I have very great doubts, and if a few years' immersion in concentrated honey is fatal to them, we have a clew to the reason why bees store, and keep in store, large quantities of honey. If the microbes causing foul-brood could be exterminated, there would be no bee-keeping; the bees would not store honey enough to make it an object."

Cannon Ball Cheese.

In a cheese market of Holland one sees great piles of spherical objects resembling cannon balls. The men working about them, however, are not artillery officers, as might be supposed, but prosaic cheese merchants busy with their wares. The cheese is rounded into great balls for convenience in handling and tossing about or piled in triangular heaps, exactly like the deadly munition of war.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

An infatuation is a novelty, and, like all novelties, is short lived.

Washing Machine Only $2.70.

Save your wife's health and daughter's beauty by using our great Star Washing Machine. Worth its weight in gold. Price only $2.70; with wringer, $3.90. John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis.

The man who carries a gun isn't hunting for work.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

When actors ride it's a sign the ghost has walked.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

A bride with a sour disposition is apt to spoil the honeymoon.

If you want creamery prices do as the creameries do, use JUNE TINT BUTTER COLOR.

If a friend asks your opinion get his, indorse it and he will go away happy.

Electric Lighting.

The use of electric lighting in New York State alone has increased over 2000 per cent. In ten years, and the use of electricity for power has increased in the decade almost 1200 per cent.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY make oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.* (SEAL.)

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Has Spent Lifetime in Ministry.

Reverend Dr. Edwin Robie has been pastor of the Greenland, N. H., Congregational Church for fifty-two years and is still healthy and active in the work of the ministry. He is now seventy-three years old.

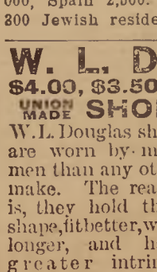
Since 1895 England has been involved in fourteen more or less serious wars. During the last nine years they have cost her $1,250,000,000, and during the same period she has spent about $2,000,000,000 more on the normal expenditures for buildings and maintaining war vessels, barracks and troops, etc.

Paul Dwight Moody, 24 years old, youngest son of the late Dwight Lyman Moody, seems inclined to follow in the footsteps of his father and become an evangelist. He is teacher of Bible study in Mount Hermon school for boys near Boston. He is also teaching English there. The young man is more tolerant of so-called liberal thought than was his distinguished father.

The leading Jap actor, Kawakami, was robbed of a diamond-studded watch, worth $1,000, a present from the czar of Russia, who took a liking to the Jap when the latter made a tour of the empire. Kawakami did not mind the loss much and was more astonished than overjoyed when, next day, he received back his watch, with a letter signed "Pickpocket." "Our guild has ordered me to return this infamous bauble," wrote the patriotic cutpurse. "We will not smudge ourselves with contraband from the enemy."

WOMEN'S WOES.

Much of women's daily woe is due to kidney trouble. Sick kidneys cause backache, languor, blind headaches, dizziness, insomnia and urinary troubles. To cure yourself you must cure the kidneys. Profit by the experiences of others who have been cured.



Mrs. William W. Brown, professional nurse, of 16 Jane St., Paterson, N. J., says: "I have not only seen much suffering and many deaths from kidney trouble, but I have suffered myself. At one time I thought I could not live. My back ached, there were frequent headaches and dizzy spells, and the kidney secretions were disordered. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me from the first, and soon relieved me entirely of all the distressing and painful symptoms."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mrs. Brown will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists; price 50 cents per box.

Professor Haman, who recently made a rough census of the Jews of the world, concludes that there are now nearly 11,000,000 in Europe and 8,000,000 outside of Europe. The United States, he estimates, contains 1,000,000. In Europe Russia has 5,500,000, Austria-Hungary 1,860,000, Germany 568,000, Roumania 300,000, Great Britain 200,000, Turkey 120,000, Holland 97,000, France 77,000, Italy 50,000, Bulgaria 31,000, Switzerland 12,000, Greece 6,000, Servia 5,000, Denmark 4,000, Sweden 3,500, Belgium 3,000, Spain 2,500. Portugal has only 300 Jewish residents.

The letters of Miss Merkley, whose picture is printed above, and Miss Claussen, prove beyond question that thousands of cases of inflammation of the ovaries and womb are annually cured by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Gradual loss of strength and nerve force told me something was radically wrong with me. I had severe shooting pains throught the pelvic organs, cramps and extreme irritation compelled me to seek medical advice. The doctor said that I had ovarian trouble and ulceration, and advised an operation. I strongly objected to this and decided to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I soon found that my judgment was correct, and that all the good things said about this medicine were true, and day by day I felt less pain and increased appetite. The ulceration soon healed, and the other complications disappeared and in eleven weeks I was once more strong and vigorous and perfectly well.

"My heartiest thanks are sent to you for the great good you have done me."—Sincerely yours, MISS MARGARET MERKLEY, 275 Third St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Miss Claussen Saved from a Surgical Operation.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It seems to me that all the endorsements that I have read of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound do not express one-half of the virtue the great medicine really possesses. I know that it saved my life and I want to give the credit where it belongs. I suffered with ovarian trouble for five years, had three operations and spent hundreds of dollars on doctors and medicines but this did not cure me after all.

"However, what doctors and medicines failed to do, **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** did. Twenty bottles restored me to perfect health and I feel sure that had I known of its value before, and let the doctors alone, I would have been spared all the pain and expense that fruitless operations cost me. If the women who are suffering, and the doctors do not help them, will try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, they will not be disappointed with the results."—MISS CLARA M. CLAUSSEN, 1307 Penn St., Kansas City, Mo.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

FEET HURT Sweat, Itch, Blister? ROYAL FOOT WASH cures them. Removes odors of feet, armpits, etc.; stops chafing. If not at druggists send 25c to EATON DRUG CO., ATLANTA, GA., for full size, postpaid; sample for 2c stamp. One application proves its merit. Money back if not satisfied.

DISFIGURING

HUMORS

Of the Skin and Scalp Speedily Cured by Baths with

Cuticura SOAP

To cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle, gentle applications of CUTICURA Ointment to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and mild doses of CUTICURA Pills to cool and cleanse the blood.

A single SET, costing but One Dollar, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humors, eczemas, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60). Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.
Send for "The Great Humor Cure."

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

PILES

"I have suffered with piles for thirty-six years. One year ago last April I began taking Cascarets for constipation. In the course of a week I noticed the piles began to disappear and at the end of six weeks they did not trouble me at all. Cascarets have done wonders for me. I am entirely cured and feel like a new man." George Kryder, Napoleon, O.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 593

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

Corn

must have a sufficient supply of

Potash

in order to develop into a crop.

No amount of Phosphoric Acid or Nitrogen can compensate for a lack of potash in fertilizers [for grain and all other crops].

We shall be glad to send free to any farmer our little book which contains valuable information about soil culture.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
New York—93 Nassau Street, or
Atlanta, Ga.—121 So. Broad St.

MOORE & HANDLEY HARDWARE CO.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

We are Headquarters for

MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

Send for Catalogue and Prices.

See the

RIVAL SHINGLE MACHINE

"IT BEATS THEM ALL"

WINCHESTER

'NEW RIVAL" BLACK POWDER SHELLS.

It's the thoroughly modern and scientific system of loading and the use of only the best materials which make Winchester Factory Loaded "New Rival" Shells give better pattern, penetration and more uniform results generally than any other shells. The special paper and the Winchester patent corrugated head used in making "New Rival" shells give them strength to withstand reloading.

BE SURE TO GET WINCHESTER MAKE OF SHELLS.

STORE FRONTS

For all kinds and sizes of Store Buildings. We furnish all material entering into the construction of Store Fronts. Write us about your proposed building, state dimensions and style of front and we will send you, FREE OF CHARGE, an elegant Blue Print Plan, and quote you an extremely low price on one of our popular

Beautiful, Everlasting

Modern Store Fronts. We give you all the style of an elegant New York or Chicago store at moderate cost. Send for Catalogue.

SOUTHERN FOUNDRY CO., Owensboro, Kentucky

The Chicago Journal has been purchased by John C. Eastman, business manager of Hearst's American since its inauguration. The Journal is the oldest daily newspaper in Illinois, having been established in 1844.

Cotton Gin Machinery

PRATT. MUNGER. WINSHIP. EAGLE. SMITH.

We make the most most complete line of any concern in the world. We also make

ENGINES and BOILERS, LINTERS for OIL MILLS.

We sell everything needed about a Cotton Gin.

Write for Illustrated Catalogue.

Continental Gin Co., Birmingham, Ala.

Am. 19, 1904.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$4.00, $3.50, $3.00, $2.50

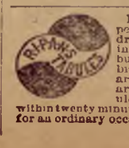
UNION MADE **SHOES** BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more men than any other make. The reason is, they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and have greater intrinsic value than any other shoes.

Sold Everywhere.

Look for name and price on bottom. Douglas uses Corona Colt skin, which is everywhere conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced. *Fast Color Eyelets used.* Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra. Write for Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass



RIPANS TABULES are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in a single year. Constipation, heartburn, sick headache, dizziness, bad breath, sore throat and every illness arising from a disordered stomach are relieved or cured by Ripans Tabules. One will generally give relief within twenty minutes. The five cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion. All druggists sell them.

FREE to WOMEN

A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely Free and Postpaid, enough to prove the value of Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

Paxtine is in powder form to dissolve in water — non-poisonous and far superior to liquid antiseptics containing alcohol which irritates inflamed surfaces, and have no cleansing properties. The contents of every box makes more Antiseptic Solution — lasts longer — goes further — has more uses in the family and does more good than any antiseptic preparation you can buy.

The formula of a noted Boston physician, and used with great success as a Vaginal Wash, for Leucorrhœa, Pelvic Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Cuts, and all soreness of mucus membrane.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a Vaginal Wash we challenge the world to produce its equal for thoroughness. It is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

All leading druggists keep Paxtine; price, 50c. a box; if yours does not, send to us for it. Don't take a substitute — there is nothing like Paxtine.

Write for the Free Box of Paxtine to-day.

R. PAXTON CO., 7 Pope Bldg., Boston, Mass.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., MAY ,26 1904. VOL. 29.NO. 39

COMING FOR MONEY

Panama Sends Her Commissioners for the Balance of $9,000,000 Due Her.

FRANCE ALSO SENDS IN A BILL.

Claim for Work Done at Panama Since the Appraisement of the Property.

The commission appointed by the Panama congress which has just adjourned at the capital of the new republic has started for the United States.

The object of the commission is to receive the remaining $9,000,000 from the United States government for land ceded under treaty and to confer with our experts over the project to place the monetary system of their country on a gold basis, practically identical with our own. If that is accomplished the coins and notes of the two countries will be interchangeable in the canal zone.

President Roosevelt has been informed that the Panama Canal Company is preparing to present a bill for something over $1,000,000 for work done by that corporation on the ditch since the appraisement by our commission a year or so ago.

RAIDS ON NEW YORK POOL ROOMS.

Western Union Will Not Lease Wire to Them Hereafter.

Simultaneous raids on twenty-two alleged New York pool rooms and pool room exchanges were made by the police. At many places the police had to batter down specially constructed iron and steel doors and to gain entrance through barred windows. Seventy persons were taken and many telephones and telegraph instruments were confiscated, besides a number of books and racing charts that were found in the rooms.

President Clowry, of the Western Union Telegraph company, said that the abolition of the company's racing department announced by him on Thursday is to be permanent. He also said that the company will not lease wires to pool rooms. The company's branch offices at the race tracks will be maintained for the transmission of such messages as may be offered in the ordinary course of business.

"We have stopped our racing news service absolutely all over the United States, and we are doing no business in that line. We can not refuse messages that are filed with us in the regular course of business, because they contain racing news. We have to accept them and transmit them as common carriers.

ALABAMA COTTON.

Continued Drought and Cold Weather Have Retarded Growth.

In a statement Commissioner of Agriculture Poole tells of crop conditions in a number of southern states, especially dwelling on cotton conditions. The report says:

"There has been an increase of 6 per cent in the acreage of cotton. While this increase has been set aside for cotton the acreage actually planted has not reached an average crop, owing to the protracted drought during the entire spring. The stands are generally the poorest for many years.

"Rains have fallen in middle and northeastern Alabama, but not sufficient for the needs of the crop. Southeast Alabama has received little, if any rain, and the crops are suffering. Bugs, of some description, a new and unnamed species, have attacked the crop in southeast Alabama, and are doing some damage."

Fatally Injured.

Edward Foust was killed in the Louisville and Nashville railroad shops at Decatur. He was struck by a flying timber and lingered several hours before he died. His home was in Cullman county. He was a young man of exemplary character.

SHOT HIMSELF.

Tuscaloosa County Man Kills Himself Over a Love Affair.

News has been received from Taylorville of the suicide of Orlando Hinton. It is said that young Hinton had just returned from the home of a young lady, with whom he is said to have been in love since childhood, and that today the young couple had planned to elope.

His father heard a pistol shot and thought that the son was shooting at a dog, but soon heard groans, when he hurried to where he found his son dead upon the floor with a bullet through his heart.

Democratic Electors Resigned.

James T. Woodward, Harry Payne Whitney and Isidor Straus, electors, resigned from the Democratic ticket on the decision of the Legal Committee that their relations with the government as national bank directors brought them within the spirit of the law.

Gas Suit Dismissed.

The suit of the Bay State Gas receiver against H. H. Rogers and others was dismissed in Boston.

TWO JAPANESE VESSELS SUNK.

And Russia Repulses Her Antagonists Near Feng Wang Cheng.

The loss of life incurred by the sinking of the cruiser Yoshino included Captain Sayeki and Commander Hirowateri. Of the crew the number of those lost is unknown.

Those who went down with the battleship Hatsuse when she foundered were Commander Tsukamoto, Commander Viscount Niece and Commander Arimori. The Hatsuse was surely sunk by coming in contact with a submerged mine, and not by the attack of a submarine boat.

The report that the battleship Shikishime was damaged and the battleship Fuji sunk is denied.

The Japanese, numbering 20,000 men, came upon 32,000 Russians in a strong position on Monday, sixty miles west of Feng Wang Cheng. It being unwise to risk a battle, the Japanese retreated in good order and with great rapidity.

An unofficial Russian authority says a pitched battle was not fought, but rumor says there was considerable loss on both sides during the clashes with the Cossacks harassing the flanks of the Japanese. This division presumably was executing a reconnoissance. The pursuit was checked when the main body of the Japanese was rejoined.

This news apparently accounts for the withdrawal to an unknown destination of warships and transports from Tower Hill, ten miles north of Kai Chou, Liao Tung peninsula.

Admiral Togo reports that the battleship Hatsuse sank off Port Arthur as a result of having struck mechanical mines. Naval men believe the battleship was sunk by a Whitehead torpedo fired from one of the Russian destroyers. The fact that a flotilla of sixteen torpedo boat destroyers approached the Japanese vessel showed, they say, that the entrance of the harbor of Port Arthur is again open and what is left of the Russian fleet there is intact.

Advices received at the Japanese legation from Tokio confirming the Associated Press account of the sinking of the cruiser Loshino and the battleship Hatsuse state that after the Hatsuse had been struck by Russian mechanical mines, a Russian flotilla of sixteen torpedo boats and destroyers appeared, but were repulsed by the Japanese cruisers which saved 300 of the Hatsuse's crew, including Admiral Mashiba and Captain Nakao.

ALABAMA IS HONORED

By the Selection of Major Screws as President of the National Editorial Association.

On the world's fair grounds, St. Louis, the National Editorial Association held its annual sessions Thursday. Colonel Watterson and Homer Davenport were the speakers.

The following officers were elected: President, Major W. W. Screws, of Alabama; first vice president, W. W. Folsom, of Arkansas; second vice president, W. J. Kline, of New York; third vice president, H. B. Varner, of North Carolina; corresponding secretary, W. A. Ashbrook, of Ohio; recording secretary, J. W. Cochrum, of Indiana; treasurer, J. Irving Steele, of Pennsylvania.

After the delegates had presented the names of their respective executive committeemen for the ensuing year the convention adjourned to meet next year at Guthrie, Okla.

Sale Ratified.

A decree was handed down by Judge Clark in the United States court ratifying the sale of the Lenoir City, Tenn., plant of the Southern Car and Foundry Company to Moore & Schley, of New York city, for the sum of $60,000.

Harrison J. Barrett, on trial for conspiracy with General Tyner in the postoffice cases, said the greater part of the $40,000 he made the first two years after he left the government service came from publishers who contested the order of the postoffice department in excluding certain publications from the mails as second-class matter.

It is reported that seventy thousand Russians are marching to the relief of Port Arthur, and the Japanese are consequently hastening offensive preparations. Forty-five thousand troops have already been landed at Kin Chau, and Talien Wan, thus entirely investing Port Arthur. The Japanese advance lines are seven miles from the Russian batteries.

A call has been issued by President H. L. McKee, of the Mississippi Business Men's League, for the assembling of representatives of the commercial bodies of the state in annual session at Jackson on June 20th and 21st.

Thirteen new national banks were launched in the south during April.

Negro Lynched by Negroes.

Ed. Whitehead, a negro, was taken from the officer in whose charge he was and hanged to the limb of a tree by a mob of negroes at Seaboard, N. C. Little Mattie Stancil, colored, had been attacked by Whitehead.

Southern Peaches Promise Well.

The fruit outlook is generally promising, except for peaches in the more northerly sections. In the Southern States, however, a good crop of peaches is promised.

JAPANESE LOSE TWO SHIPS

One Battleship Sunk by Russian Mines, a Cruiser in Collision.

HEAVY BLOW TO MIKADO'S NAVY

Only 300 Men, Out of Crews of 1000 Men, Saved From Death in the Double Disasters Off Blocked Harbor—Battleship Was One of Latest Pattern—Happened Off Port Arthur.

London.—In the midst of its victorious career Japan's navy has sustained a most severe loss off Port Arthur, one of her greatest battleships, the Hatsuse, going down after striking a mine, and the powerful cruiser Yoshino sinking after a collision in a fog with the cruiser Kasuga.

Only ninety of the crew of 300 carried by the cruiser Yoshino and but 300 of the Hatsuse complement of 741 men were saved.

According to dispatches received from various war centres it would appear that the battleship Hatsuse fell victim to a Russian mine much in the same manner as the Japanese trapped and sank several Russian vessels.

After the Petropavlovsk was destroyed, with Admiral Makaroff, the Russians at Port Arthur attempted the same plan as the Japanese—that of sending out torpedo boats at night to place floating mines where the enemy had appeared a few hours before. Mines were especially planted off the Liau-Ti-Shan promontory, which was a favorable point from which Japanese armor clads bombarded Port Arthur.

It would appear that the Hatsuse struck one of these mines, was partly crippled, signalled for help, but almost instantly struck another mine and went down.

Vice-Admiral Togo in his official report to Tokio on the disaster to the Hatsuse and Yoshino says:

"A report from Rear Admiral Dewa says that the cruisers Kasuga and Yoshino collided during a fog off Port Arthur. The Yoshino sank, only ninety of her crew being saved.

"On the same day the battleship Hatsuse struck a Russian mine and sank."

Giving details of the disaster, Vice Admiral Togo says:

"At 14 minutes past 1 o'clock in the afternoon, in a deep fog off Port Arthur, the Kasuga rammed the Yoshino, sinking the latter in a few minutes. Ninety of her crew were saved.

"The same morning the Hatsuse while cruising off Port Arthur, covering the landing of the soldiers, struck a mine ten knots southeast of the harbor entrance. She signalled for help and instantly struck another mine. She sank in half an hour. Three hundred of her crew were saved by the torpedo boats."

JAPS DRIVEN BACK.

Advanced Guard is Defeated By the Cossacks.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—The following report has been received from Gen. Kouropatkin, the Russian Commander-in-Chief in the Far East:

"Liaoyang.—A party of Cossacks engaged a detachment of the Japanese advance guard in the mountainous district northward of Fengwangcheng. The fighting began at 8 a. m. and lasted until 2.30 in the afternoon. The Japanese were successively dislodged from four positions extending over twenty kilometres, and were pursued to Datiantsy, eighteen kilometres north of Fengwangcheng.

"Our loss was six Cossacks wounded, two horses killed and eight wounded.

"We found no trace of the enemy in the Tsaulioka Valley as far as the road leading to Changoulin Pass, twenty-five kilometres north of Fengwangcheng, or in the Aiho Valley from the Saimatsa-Kuantien road as far as Dountsianlintsa, an area of twenty kilometres.

"A squadron of Japanese cavalry which left Kuantien for Saimatsa repulsed one of our patrols at Schaogo, fifteen kilometres from Kuptien. The patrol retired without loss."

The General Staff attaches importance to this Russian success against the western wing of the Japanese advance, believing that they have outflanked a movement that was destined to circumvent Gen. Kouropatkin. The newspapers treat the engagement as a great victory. They say that the Russians made four bayonet charges against the Japanese.

LOSSES ON THE YALU.

The Japanese Buried After the Battle 1363 Russian Corpses.

Washington, D. C.—The Japanese legation has received a despatch giving an account of the Japanese losses in the battle of the Yalu River, and of the guns, munitions, etc., captured there. It says:

"Gen. Kuroki reports the exact number of casualties in the battle of the Yalu on the Japanese side as 218 killed, including five officers, and 783 wounded, including thirty-three officers. Thirteen hundred and sixty-three Russian corpses were buried by the Japanese forces and 613 Russian prisoners were taken. Guns and munitions of war captured consisted of twenty-one three-inch quick-firing field guns eight quick-firing machine guns, 1021 rifles, a number of horses and large quantities of ammunition, clothing, tents, etc. At Fengwangcheng quantities of ammunition, clothing and provisions were captured."

For Governor of Arkansas.

The Hon. Harry H. Myers, of Monroe, Ark., who led the ticket two years ago, was nominated for Governor by acclamation in the Republican convention at Little Rock. Four delegates to the National convention were instructed for Roosevelt.

Monument to Salisbury.

The House of Commons has asked King Edward to order a monument to be built in honor of Lord Salisbury in Westminster Abbey, at public expense.

SOCIAL FEUD IN CHICAGO

Woman Discovers Rival's Husband to Be an Ex-Convict.

Mrs. Springer, Rejected by the D. A. R., Blamed It on the Lawyer's Wife and Set Out to Get Even.

Chicago.—A feud between two ambitious women has exposed a skeleton long hidden in the family of Julius A. Coleman, a successful attorney and author of the Mechanics' Lien law of Illinois.

Mrs. Coleman, his wife, is the State Regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution. She is a brilliant woman with an interesting family. She has written a history of the American Constitution, which is published this week in St. Louis.

Mrs. Warren Springer applied for admission to the D. A. R. and was rejected. Then she began war on the Colemans.

Now disbarment proceedings have been taken against Mr. Coleman before the Supreme Court of this State. It is alleged that in 1881 Coleman was found guilty of an insurance swindle in Indiana and sentenced to the penitentiary. The Grievance Committee of the Chicago Bar Association brought the proceedings. The charge against him is "evasive omission" in not mentioning the Indiana trouble when he signed an affidavit of good moral character which obtained him license to practise law here. Charges of extortion also have been made in the disbarment proceedings.

Mrs. Springer is the wife of a prominent real estate operator. She has taken a leading part in women's club affairs for ten years, and is at present President of the Illinois Chapter of the Daughters of the Revolution, an organization distinct from the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. Springer had a double interest in finding out all she could about Coleman, because a suit which the attorney brought against her husband was over property that she had decided to present to the local chapter of the Daughters of the Revolution. After this suit had been won by Mr. Springer Attorney Coleman had him indicted for perjury, and it was then that Mrs. Springer assumed, in self-defense, as she avers, the role of detective.

Charles C. Gilbert, who has undertaken to defend Coleman, says: "It is true that Mr. Coleman was convicted of crime in Evansville in 1881, but he was sick and could not defend himself. He was brought into court on a stretcher. He never went to the penitentiary, for he fled to foreign lands, and later returned and obtained a pardon. There has been no effort to conceal the conviction."

Coleman was accused of inducing a man named Richardson to insure his life for $20,000 and disappear. Coleman escaped from the prison hospital. Mrs. Coleman nursed her husband through his trial, and when he escaped she supported her young family by her own endeavors.

Mrs. Springer collected all the evidence and obtained certified copies of the court records. Then began the movement to expose and disbar Coleman. He is now a man of middle age.

Mrs. Springer says: "This trouble grew out of my gift to the Daughters of the Revolution of the ground at Nos. 175-189 West Polk street for use as a playground and workshop for poor children. We knew nothing whatever of Coleman's past until a woman, a prominent member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, of which Mrs. Coleman is Regent, came to my house and informed me that Mr. Coleman was an ex-convict. She said that other facts could be had at Evansville. We collected the facts."

FOR A MENTAL SHOCK—$40,000.

Bay State Supreme Court Sustains Verdict Against New Haven Road.

Boston, Mass.—A verdict of $40,000 against the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, given to Frank J. Cashin, of Springfield, by a lower court for mental injury resulting from an accident, was sustained by the full bench of the Supreme Court.

The plaintiff was the victim of a collision at Avon, Mass., in which six persons were killed and about forty injured. It was contended that Mr. Cashin sustained a serious mental shock which has resulted in melancholia.

LIFE SENTENCE FOR $3 THEFT.

'Twas Oliver's Third Offence and Judge Takes Advantage of the Statute.

Mason, Mich.—Lewis Oliver, who with Frederick Lesarge, stole $3 and two hats from a butcher shop, has been sent to the Marquette prison for life by Judge Wist. It was Oliver's third offence for burglary.

Judge Wist says that the statute provides that where a prisoner has been twice sentenced for felony and is again arrested he may be sentenced for life. He says a life sentence is not made mandatory, but he believes that in this case it is justified.

Knockout Blow to Poolrooms.

The most powerful blow ever dealt to the poolrooms of New York City was struck when the police in several precincts descended simultaneously on twenty-two suspected pool-rooms in Manhattan, arresting seventy prisoners and seizing 352 telephones, fifteen telegraph instruments and a large collection of racing charts and other gambling paraphernalia.

Wisconsin For Wall.

The Wisconsin Democratic convention, at Milwaukee, instructed for Edward C. Wall for President after a bitter fight by the Hearst men. Hearst's followers from two districts bolted, but the adoption of the unit rule nullified their action.

Stanley Interred.

The body of Sir Henry M. Stanley was buried in the churchyard of Pirbright, Surrey, England, after a funeral service in Westminster Abbey.

SOUGHT THE CZAR'S LIFE

When Arrested Girl Had Bomb in Her Possession.

Miss Merezhevsky Had Seat on Grand Stand During Spring Review—Admitted Intention to Hurl Missile.

Breslau, Prussia.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Breslau Zeitung reports that the authorities detected and thwarted a plot to attack the Emperor with a bomb during the spring parade in St. Petersburg.

The Emperor always reviews the parade on horseback, taking a position before and slightly to one side of the pavilion from which the Empress and Grand Duchesses view the pageant. The municipality erects a grand stand, tickets to which are sold publicly, the names and addresses of the buyers being noted.

As persons in the loges or front rows could easily throw an object to the place where the Emperor stands, the authorities naturally reserve the right of cancelling the sales of tickets, if the buyers are not known to be absolutely trustworthy, and they subject the occupants of the grand stand to the closest scrutiny.

Just before the Emperor arrived on the parade ground, it was noticed that Miss Merezhevsky, daughter of Prof. Merezhevsky, a leading Russian psychiatriast and Privy Councilor, who occupied one of the loges nearest the pavilion, was nervous and excited. Risking a scandal should their suspicions prove to be unfounded, the authorities ordered her arrest, which was effected unobtrusively.

A search disclosed a skillfully constructed bomb concealed in her clothing. The girl did not deny her intention of hurling the missile at the Emperor, but refused to give any other information.

Miss Merezhevsky has been an attendant at the courses in the women's university. It is rumored that she has been hanged, and her aged father is completely prostrated.

DYING HE SHIELDS MURDERER.

Florist, Stabbed With Knife, Says He Was Injured by Falling On Glass.

Philadelphia, Pa.—George F. Kreuger, a florist of Narberth, is dead at his home, having been murdered, although in his dying breath he declared that he had been injured by falling on glass in the greenhouse.

He told this story, it is believed, either to protect his old mother from the notoriety that would follow were he to have told of the murder, or else he protected some one who stabbed him.

Kreuger went to one of his greenhouses to attend to some flowers. A short while later he returned to the house fatally stabbed and dying. An examination of his wounds showed that they had been made by a sharp knife.

A DESTRUCTIVE STORM.

500,000 Banana Trees Destroyed in Central America.

New Orleans.—The steamer Anselm, from Puerto Cortez, brings the news of destructive storms on the Central American coast, particularly the coast of Honduras, entailing the destruction of 500,000 banana trees and a loss of over $250,000. The worst sufferers were American fruit growers who recently purchased lands in Honduras. Probaly 500,000 full grown trees, with fruit hanging on them, were destroyed. British Honduras has also suffered in all branches of agriculture from the storms and unprecedented cold weather and heavy rains.

EATEN BY CANNIBALS.

Fate of Five Men Who Visited South Sea Islands.

Vancouver, B. C.—Mail advices on the Australian steamer Miowera stated that five men were killed and eaten by cannibals of the Admiralty Islands in the South Sea. The British warship Condor was sent to the scene and set fire to the village where the cannibals lived. The Condor threatened to annihilate the village if it did not hand over the cannibals. This was done and they were shot.

Ends All Poolroom Service.

The Western Union Telegraph Company, New York City, through its executive committee, ordered the discontinuance of the collection and distribution over its wires throughout the United States of racetrack reports. This action was understood to have followed a consultation of Morris K. Jesup, Jacob H. Schiff, Senator Depew and other Western Union directors with George J. Gould, whose views were in harmony with theirs.

Insane Patient Scalds Another.

While William V. Cleveland, a patient at the Central Insane Hospital at Indianapolis, Ind., was being bathed by an attendant and another patient the attendant left the room. The insane assistant then put Cleveland in the bath tub, turned on the hot water and scalded him to death.

May Advertise on "Old Glory."

The Court of Appeals, Albany, N. Y., in the case of Jacob McPike, of New York City, declared unconstitutional that portion of the flag law enacted by the Legislature of 1903, which prohibits the use of the American flag or any representation of it for advertising purposes.

White Hair Worth $3000.

In Part VIII. of the Supreme Court of New York City a jury awarded a verdict of $3000 to Mrs. Lena Henschel, who sued the city of New York for $25,000 damages for injuries received from a fall on a broken sidewalk. Mrs. Henschel claimed that as a result of the accident her hair turned white in a night. Her husband, Moses Henschel, also sued the city, claiming damages for the loss of his wife's services and for physician's bills. He was awarded a verdict of $1500.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Bob Emslie is in his fifteenth year as umpire.

Jack Cronin is pitching great ball for Brooklyn.

This is Tenney's tenth year with the Boston Nationals.

Geier is doing splendid work for the Boston Nationals.

Charley Zimmer says he likes umpiring even better than ball playing.

Pitcher Jack Pfiester, late of Pittsburg, has signed with the Omaha Club.

Infielder 'Gene Demontreville, late of the St. Louis team, has signed with Atlanta.

Lajoie has the poorest fielding average of any of the second basemen. Ferris leads.

There are no exibition games allowed among the minor league clubs this season.

Frank Selee says the club that beats out the New York Giants this season will win the pennant.

Cromley, the Georgetown pitcher, who shut out Princeton, Yale and Harvard, has joined Indianapolis.

Pitcher Bill Kennedy, of last season's Pittsburg team, has signed with the Independent Piqua (Ohio) team.

Rube Waddell is the winning pitcher of the American League this season, and "Iron Man" McGinnity leads the Nationals.

Devlin, the New York National, is wielding the stick with telling effect, and young McCormick is not far behind in this respect.

The new rule allowing two coaches on the lines has been tried for some time, and from all accounts has been well received by players and patrons.

Michael Lynch, the Brown University pitcher who has been sought after by nearly all the clubs in the National and American Leagues, has signed with Pittsburg.

SPORTING BREVITIES.

Patsy McCue has signed to ride for E. E. Smathers.

Harry Vardon is playing golf once more in his old time form.

Syracuse University has a new eight-oared shell for the Poughkeepsie regatta.

The hour of Sunday church service in an English parish has been changed to suit golf players.

The French team defeated the American team in the revolver and rifle match by 439 points.

As the number of fast racing cars increases in number the makers find cycle riders of experience and reputation more and more scarce.

On the Stamford Bridge grounds, England, Arthur Shrubb broke the five-mile amateur running record. His time was 24 minutes 33 2-5 seconds.

Miss Lottie Dod, of Moreton, England, has won the title of champion woman golfer of Great Britain, defeating Miss May Hazlett, former champion.

"Jimmy" Michael is said to be improving under the foreign physicians' care, and it is expected that within a short time he will again be seen on the tracks of Paris.

Emperor William has recognized the occasion of the international cup race by directing that the day shall be observed as a legal holiday in the district surrounding Wiesbaden.

After a seven months' sojourn in Australia, where he won more than $10,000 in cycle racing, Ivor Lawson is now training at Vailsburg, with a view of supplanting Kramer as the champion.

Trout fishing in Northern New Jersey and Southern New York is very good. In Pennsylvania, Munroe and Pike Counties, and in the Big Fishing Creek in Columbia County large ones are being landed.

LABOR WORLD.

Three hundred union cigar makers at Chicago went on strike for higher wages.

There is not a granite cutter in the United States who works longer than eight hours a day.

Idle miners at Madisonville, Ky., threaten trouble because non-union men have taken their places.

The strike of 100 carders and back boys threw out of work, at Pawtucket, R. I, over 500 other employes.

Owing to wage differences, 250 bakers went on strike in Cleveland, reducing the bread output one-half.

Hundreds of striking bookbindery employes in Chicago returned to work without gaining any concessions as to the closed shop.

Failure of the Joint Scale Committee to reach an agreement at Zanesville, Ohio, caused a strike of 2500 coal miners in sub-district No. 6.

Eight hundred bookbinders went on strike in Chicago, and a general cessation of work was threatened if non-union laborers were employed.

Unusually rapid progress is being made with the wage schedules by the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers at Cleveland.

General Superintendent Hedley, of the "L" roads, in New York City, declared the plan to place two motormen in the cab of each "L" train unsafe.

The lake strike and discriminating freight rates completely tied up traffic on the Erie Canal, and boat-owners feared their business this season would be ruined.

At the request of the President of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union, the Central Federated Union, of New York, appointed a committee of three to take steps to bring about the annulment of the Western Union's charter on the ground that it furnished wires for poolrooms.

The old common law principle that a wife may not testify against her husband in criminal proceedings is now reversed in Massachusetts by the supreme court's interpretation of the statute. Hereafter a wife may testify against her husband if she wishes to and she need not if she doesn't wish to, regardless of her husband's objection or his consent.

A JAPANESE THEATRE.

A Queer Place, According to the Notions of Occidentals.

A Japanese theatre is a very curious affair, both inside and outside. Blood-curdling posters in flaming colors usually adorn the entrance, and scores of gaudy little Chinese lanterns are hung about to make it look attractive. The Japanese, however, do not need much enticing. They are a nation of merrymakers, and the theatre is one of the chief sources of their amusement.

Japanese drama is rather a lengthy affair. A play usually starts at about 10 in the morning and goes on until midnight with intervals, of course, between acts. Theatregoers make up parties to attend the play, and prepare luncheon baskets as though they were going out for a picnic. Thus they are able to have their meals with the same regularity as they can at home.

The theatre is not very luxuriantly furnished. The pit, the favorite part of the house, is merely a collection of bare wooden seats. The boxes are desolate little places furnished with stools. The ventilation is usually very bad, and, as smoking is allowed, the theatre positively reeks with tobacco fumes by the time the play is in full swing. Two curious customs prevail in Japanese theatres. The female portion of the audience invariably sits apart from the men, and for the payment of a small sum you are permitted to stand and watch the performance regardless of the annoyance to those seated behind.

The stage itself has some peculiarities, too. At both ends a platform projects out into the auditorium, and whenever a person is represented as starting on or returning from a journey, the actor always makes use of this projection. The stage is fixed on rollers, so that when a change of scene is necessary, the whole, actors included, can be turned bodily round. Women do not act upon the stage; any female part that occurs is played by a man specially trained for that purpose. When actors are delivering their speeches attendants lighten up their faces by means of candles fastened upon long bamboo sticks.

When the play commences the audience is called to attention by the rapping of a little mallet. Besides the actors proper there are other persons concealed above the stage, who sing the chorus, accompanied by the samlson. The noise these people make is enough to deafen the foreigner, but the Jap sems to find immense pleasure in the din and discord. As the actors warm to their work the noise increases, and the house has all the appearance of a pandemonium. The players leap and bound about the stage, and give such ear-piercing yells as would make a red Indian's heart turn green with envy. This continues until the first act is over. However much the spectators may have approved or disapproved of the acting they remain quite passive, as it is not the custom in Japanese theatres to shout or clap the hands.

During the interval luncheon baskets are brought out, and the people regale themselves upon such delicacies as eggs, fruit, and rice cakes. The afternoon section of the performance passes away in just such a hubbub as did that of the morning. Another interval—this time for tea—and servants from neighboring tea houses appear and bring round tea, rice, eggs and sweetmeats for the consumption of the hungry audience. When the curtain goes up on the last instalment of the play the spectators are again all attention, and rarely take their eyes off the actors or do anything else save puff away at their eternal pipes.

About midnight all is over, and the audience pour out into the street delighted with its day's pleasure, albeit the next morning may find it with a splitting headache as the inevitable penalty. The plays that find most favor among Japanese theatregoers are such as contain much melodramatic incident. Historical plays dealing with the ancient days of the Japanese empire are also very popular and draw big audiences to the playhouses. —Tit-Bits.

Bird Life in Hawaii.

From some of the open pastures rises the song of the skylark, which was imported from New Zealand; skylarks increase in number, but not very quickly. The voice of the Chinese turtle dove—the mourning dove, it is called—is heard in the land quite near to the valley homes; also the upward whirr of the Mongolian and the Japanese pheasant. Grouse and quail — were there until lately, but the latter have now betaken themselves to heights of 6,000 to 7,000 feet, whither the marauding mongoose cannot follow them. I asked a young niece of my own who lately left Honolulu what birds visited their grounds three miles up the valley road, and she tells me, "Java sparrows, rice birds and those squawking mynahs.

The last eat up all our young figs and grapes, unless we throw the tennis nets over them. The natives call the mynah, manu ai pilau—that is, 'bird who eats filth.'" He does some good, then, as well as ill.

That watching of birds which is essential to a knowledge of their life history has indeed been impossible to most visitors to Hawaii. And now that annexation is giving an impetus to the development of the country's resources, the inevitable destruction of its forests, even if the birds themselves do not perish with the trees that sheltered and fed them, is driving them up to still more inaccessible heights and wooded depths between the sharp volcanic peaks, which will baffle the hardiest climber.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., May 26, '04

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State.

For Chief Justice,
THOS. S. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
A. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. A. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM,

County.

Probate Judge,
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk,
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collector,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

Democratic Committee Call.

The Democratic Executive Committee of Shelby County is hereby called to meet in the Court House in Columbiana, Wednesday, June 1, 1904, at 3 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of organizing, electing a chairman and secretary, and transacting any other business which may come before it. Every member is earnestly requested to attend. J. T. LEEPER, Chm.,

R. E. BOWDON, Sec.

Beat 1.—W. B. Browne, J. F. Averyt, E. B. Nelson.

Beat 2.—J. M. Baldwin. G. E. Abbott, N. N. Mesteller.

Beat 3.—J. H. Gunn, J. R. Cargile, W. H. Wyatt.

Beat 4.—J. Alex Moore, C. T. Ingram, B. F. Cunningham.

Beat 5.—John Harmon, John Waddell, James Doss.

Beat 6.—L. N. Ray, W. A. Hays, P. D. Lee.

Beat 7.—R. H. Walker, J. H. Fulton, Wes Ozley.

Beat 8.—G. W. Shaw, T. W. Lester, J. L. Nivens.

Beat 9.—J. F. Pope, W.T. Taylor, Irwin Wingard.

Beat 10.—C. H. Florey, W.E. Millender, L. H. Cosper.

Beat 11.—J. W. Shaw, E. L. Ray, W A. Wilder.

Beat 12.—E. B. Jones. W. L. DeShazo, J. C. Cross.

Beat 13.—C. T. Lee, M. DeShazo, J. B. McGlaughlin.

Beat 14.—J. R. Weldon, H. M. Abercrombie, W. T. Babb.

Beat 15.—R. M. Hollis, R. Cosper, Joel Falkner.

Beat 16.—C. C. Elliott, E. A. Turner, J. H. Wilder.

Beat 17.—R. E. Bowdon, R. M. DeShazo, M. P Nabors.

Beat 18.—Joshua Morgan, D. B. Campbell, L. Morgan.

Beat 19.—W. D. Lacey, H. C. Fulton, J. T. Cunningham.

Phillips, the great Irish orator, once said, "Any party or organization that seeks supremacy by prejudicing the minds of the people, is a menace to good government, and when such a state of affairs shall have come to a nation or a country anarchy will reign supreme" No truer words were ever spoken, and the people of any community should study the meaning of the great orator.

Levy a special tax for roads and a tax for the general fund to pay running expenses of the county. Take the money from the road fund contrary to law, use it in the general fund. Quadruple taxation. The record of the populist administration.

That $25 story the Advocate is telling has been punctured. It proves to be another effort of the Advocate to deceive the people. Its immaculate whiteness appears to have several dirty spots.

Double assessments for building bridges—and the bridges fail to materialize

YOU'RE "IT" AGAIN.

The Advocate asserts that under a Democratic administration that they paid one of the county officers, who was a (Democrat) $25.00 more every year than the law allowed, and this was never discontinued until the present administration come in. If this is a fact it clearly shows that they were incompetent, and yet the same crowd has been nominated, who will no doubt do worse. What has The Sentinel to say about it? You explain this to the voters of Shelby county?—Advocate.

It will be noted that in the above, nothing appears that would throw any light upon the question as to whom the Advocate has reference, —that is: what Democratic county officer was paid $25.00 every year more than the law allowed, and which illegal payment "was never discontinued until the present administration came in."

The court house officials, who direct the course of the Advocate, would prefer to make the charge in this dark, sinister way, and get the benefit of it, without giving those whom they seek to injure an opportunity to answer, but through the assistance of those who are acquainted with the law and the facts The Sentinel has been able to learn that the matter referred to was the payment by the Commissioners' Court to the Tax Assessors who preceded the present populist Tax Assessor, $125.00 per year for making the Land Book, while he, the populist Assessor has been paid $100.00. The Advocate calls on The Sentinel to "explain this to the voters of Shelby county."

Brother, this needs no explanation. The one thing that is needed is for the court house advisers of the Advocate to know the law, or if they do know, to be honest and fair enough to state it as it is, and not make an effort to mislead and prejudice the people in this way. Such a course is gross deception, and will not win. If the court house advisers of the Advocate will read Section 3963 of the Code they will find that the compensation of the Tax Assessor for making the Land Book is fixed in counties whose population exceeds 20,000 and does not exceed 30,000, at "not more than $100." This law was passed in February, 1897. This was the first law ever passed fixing definitely the compensation of Tax Assessor for this work. Prior to the passage of this Act the Court of County Commissioners allowed the Assessor such reasonable compensation for making this book as, in their judgment, was just and fair. This compensation was fixed by them at $125.00. J. H. Hammond, a Democrat, during his term of four years, was allowed $125.00. W. H. Kidd, who was a populist, and who preceded Mr. Hammond, was allowed $125.00. Mr. Kidd, so we are informed, is a brother-in-law to the present populist Assessor, (and we are pleased to state in this connection, that Mr. Kidd is now one of the strongest and most staunch Democrats in Beat 16.) This compensation was allowed until the law of 1897 went into effect which provides that "not more than $100.00" should be paid. The Commissioners' Court at its July term, 1897, conforming to the new law, allowed Mr. Pitts $100.00. Does the Advocate say this was wrong? The compensation of $125 was first allowed W. H. Kidd when the Commissioners' Court was composed of Cobb, Probate Judge, a Democrat; and McClusky, Davis, Johnson and Dykes, Commissioners, all populists. The said court and of the same same political complexion, allowed $125 to Mr. Hammond, and it was continued to be allowed until as stated above. The court composed of four populist Commissioners and D. R. McMillan as Probate Judge, allowed Mr. Pitts $100.

The Advocate says "the same crowd has been nominated, who will no doubt do worse." If the Advocate refers to the same Commissioners, then we disclaim that the Democrats never thought of nominating them. If it refers to D. R. McMillan, then The Sentinel replies that McMillan, when elected in November, will plumb the law just as was done when Mr. Pitts was paid $100 in 1897.

The Advocate tries to make a mountain of offense out of the above, and in its frantic attempt brings about its own undoing. And when it "asserts" that under Democratic administration a county officer, a Democrat, or any other man, was paid $25,00 more every year than the law allowed, it makes an absolutely false statement, for prior to 1897 there was no law fixing compensation to the Assessor for making the Land Book. Compensation was left to the discretion of the Commissioners prior to 1897.

This is just one more instance where the Advocate, the populist leaders and court house advisers of the populist organ attempt to willfully and premeditatedly deceive the people of this county.

Brother, you're "it" again.

PARTY ORGANIZATION.

From time immemorial the Democratic party has delegated powers and authority to committees and entrusted to them the duty of devising and directing the policies and plans of its campaigns. It is only by this means that an organization is preserved, and that issues can be properly and rationally presented. With these facts in view, The Sentinel in a recent issue cautioned the members of the Democratic party to refrain from signing a petition, emanating from the opposition, recommending a joint discussion with the populite-Republican speakers, until the proposition had been considered by the Executive Committee.

It is not to be wondered at that the party with whom the idea originated, should be displeased at any impediment offered to his shaping the policy of the Democratic party, and planning the manner of campaign it shall wage; but he may be sure that the Democratic party cannot be bossed by one man, and he an enemy; however artfully he may plan, or through whatever medium he may choose.

The Sentinel is sponsor for its utterances and statements, and in making them will take care of itself, as it has ever done, without placing any responsibility upon the party to defend it.

We would remind the Advocate that false denial of facts, and slippery evasions of the truth, are the flimsiest shields of defense and the most devious avenues of escape, ever employed or sought by the guilty. Sooner or later, the one is battered down, and flight is interrupted by the meshes of the other. The Sentinel will repeat and reiterate its blows until the true facts of maladministration of affairs in this county are fully revealed to its taxpayers and patriotic citizens Blatant denunciation, unblushing effrontery, vehement denials and unscrupulous demagoguery, delivered from and exhibited on the stump, will, no doubt, stir up and inflame old time prejudices (the stock in trade of the opposition) and tend to blind eyes and judgment of those susceptible to such influences; but The Sentinel believes that the Democratic party, and its nominees, are capable of reaching the calm, reasonable and reflective judgment of men, who are to decide the issues, in a better, more sensible and more agreeable way, and that this election is not to be won by excess of bombast to be indulged in by our friend, the enemy.

We have only to add, that in assuming to rely upon supposed disaffection of "Democrats in the lower end of the county," the Advocate indulges a forlorn hope that will never be realized. Loyalty and fidelity are watchwords to the Democracy of that end of the county, among whom republico-populism is but a horrible memory.

The two or three bosses of the one time populst party bossed it out of existence, its members became tired of the disgustingly rapacious greed of these self-same bosses, until now they stand almost alone, gasping their last gasp and reaching out for some straw upon which to lay hold with the hope of saving themselves from being drawn down into oblivion by the undertow of public opinion.

Unlawful levy and collection of taxes is a special forte of the populist administration, and the people be durned.

Wood Choppers.

Regular employment for a limited number of good Wood Choppers in fine timber. Fifty cents per cord cash every two weeks.

Longview Lime Works,
34-4 Longview, Ala.

Protection at Home for Widows and Orphans.

There is being organized, with Columbiana as headquarters, a Shelby county division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia.

Dr. W. S. DuBose is named as President of this division, W. L. Farley, cashier of the Columbiana Savings Bank, secretary and treasurer, and Dr. C. T. Acker, medical director. The object of this association is to insure the lives of men and women by mutual co-operation. Each division when full consists of one thousand members and is responsible only for assessments from losses within its own division. The cost is exceedingly small [about one-fifth that of old line companies] but an investigation of the plan will readily convince you that it is absolutely safe and reliable. Since all funds are kept in the local bank there can be no delay in the settlement of claims.

The plan, in fact, is one of insurance at actual cost. A plan which can be easily understood and appreciated by our home people. 35-2

Henry Chapman has recently purchased from Henry Milner a residence lot on east College street; consideration, $200.

There are services at the Methodist church every morning this week at 10 oclock. Women's prayer meeting at the house of some member at 4 o'clock p. m., and men's prayer service at 6:30 p. m. Services at the church every night at 8:15.

Mrs. C. W. O'Hara received a telegram last night announcing the death of her sister, Mrs. Hale, at Saginaw. Rev. and Mrs. O'Hara went to Saginaw this morning to attend the funeral. The sympathy of friends is extended to the bereaved relatives.

"Start any kind of an old yarn—just any old thing, so the minds of the people will be kept away from the fact that we have taxed them two and three times for bridges that have not been built, and for goodness sake try to explain away the unlawful tax levy we have placed upon them." Strain from what the opposition bosses are singing.

There is a little story brewing in which ex-Confederate veterans will have considerable interest.

Sick headache results from a disordered stomach and is quickly cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

The populist candidates and leaders (in the one you will find the other) are hard pushed. The little camp meetings being held at night are really consolation societies.

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3276.

State of Alabama. } Notice is hereby given
Shelby County. } that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned, as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 21st day of April, 1901, by P. M. Abercrombie to the said, The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 359, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The south west quarter of the south west quarter of section eleven, township eighteen, south, range one east. (SW¼ of SW¼, sec. 11, tp 18, s, R 1 e,) containing forty (40) acres more or less. (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said, The Alabama State Land Company, the same having been excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No 3276 to said P. M. Abercrombie dated April 11th, 1901).

Said lands will be sold by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power. F. H. EATON, Sec.,
The Alabama State Land Co

May 19th, 1904 39-5t

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3455.

The State of Alabama. } Notice is hereby
Shelby County. } given that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned, as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 7th day of February, 1904, by John W. Wingo to said, The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No 64, page 357, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The north west quarter of the south west quarter, section eleven, township eighteen, south, range one east, (NW¼ of SW¼, sec. 11 tp. 18 s, R 1 e) containing forty (40) acres more or less, (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said, The Alabama State Land Co., the same having excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No, 3455 to said John W. Wingo dated January 24th, 1902.)

Said lands will be sold by virtue of a sale in said mortgage and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power.

F. H. EATON, Sec.,
The Alabama State Land Co.

May 19th, 1904. 39-5t.

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3543.

The State of Alabama. } Notice is hereby
Shelby County. } given that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned, as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 14th day of July, 1902, by B. Kindrick to said, The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 361, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The west half of the south east quarter of section seventeen, township eighteen south, range one east. (W½ of SE¼, sec. 17, tp. 18, s, R 1e,) containing eighty (80) acres more or less, (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said, The Alabama State Land Company, the same having been excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No. 3543 to said B. Kindrick dated July 9th, 1902. Said lands will be sold by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power. F. H. EATON, Sec.
The Alabama State Land Co.

May 19th, 1904. 39-5t.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

In pursuance of and in accordance with the terms and directions of a commission, issued and addressed to the undersigned by the Hon. A. P. Longshore, Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, bearing date the 24th day of May, 1904, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction in front of the court house door of said county in Columbiana, on Monday, the 20th day of June, 1904 at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The soutenst fractional quarter, section 24, township 22, range 2, west; and the west half of the southwest quarter of fraction D, sec. 19 township 22, range 1, west, being 124 3-100 acres more or less. Also lots C, D and F, sec. 19, township 22, south, range 1 west, being 151 43-100 acres more or less. In all 275 acres more or less; which said land is to be sold under the decree of said court for the purpose of a division between and among the several joint owners thereof who are as follows, to-wit: Sarah A. Hyde, Jos. L. McGaughy, Sam'l F. McGaughy, Geo. W. McGaughy, John T. McGaughy, Ida C. Woolley, and the following named children of Martha L. Bradford, deceased, to-wit: Harrison, Samuel, Norman, Early and Ida Bradford, and Lucy McCutcheon (alias Lucy Gentry) and Ellen Ray.

May 25th, 1904. W. P. THOMAS,
39-3t. Commissioner.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles

Prepared only by E. C. DeWITT & Co., Chicago
The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN!

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

An Open Letter.

From the Chapin, S. C., News: Early in the spring my wife and I were taken with diarrhoea and so severe were the pains that we called a physician who prescribed for us, but his medicines failed to give relief. A friend who had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy on hand gave each of us a dose and we at once felt the effects. I procured a bottle and before using the entire contents were entirely cured. It is a wonderful remedy and should be found in every household. H. C. Bailey, Editor. This remedy is for sale by Bandy Drug Co.

One of the greatest blessings a modest man can wish for is good, reliable set of bowels. If you are not the happy possessor of such an outfit you can greatly improve the efficiency of those you have by the judicious use of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are pleasant to take and agreeable in effect. For sale by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

Ladies and Children

who cannot stand the shocking strain of laxative syrups and cathartic pills are especially fond of Little Early Risers. All persons who find it necessary to take a liver medicine should try these easy pills, and compare the agreeably pleasant and strengthening effect with the nauseating and weakening conditions following the use of other remedies. Little Early Risers cure biliousness, constipation, sick headache, jaundice, malaria and liver troubles. Sold by Bandy Drug Co

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Special Notice to Teachers.

Advanced students and experienced canvassers. Pleasant employment with good pay. Call on or address,

T. A. LEATHERS,
Columbiana, Ala.

Rear room up stairs, Liles Building, or National Hotel. 37-tf.

A Cure for Piles.

"I had a bad case of piles," says G. F. Carter, of Atlanta, Ga., "and consulted a physician who advised me to try a box of DeWitt's Witch Aazel Salve. I purchased a box and was entirely cured. It is splendid for piles, giving relief instantly. I heartily recommend it to all sufferers." DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled for its healing qualities. Eczema and other skin diseases, also sores, cuts, burns and wounds of every kind are quickly cured by it, Sold by J. W. Bandy Drug Co.

J. W. Bandy Drus Co,

do not hesite to recommend Kodol Dyspepsia Cure to their friends and customers. Indigestion causes more ill health than anything else. It reranges the stomach, brings on all manner of disease. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat, cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all disorders of the stomach. Kodol is not only a perfect digestant but a tissue building tonic as well. Renewed health, perfect strength and increased vitality follow its use.

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

Dr. W. P. HAMNER
DENTIST.

COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM. : : : : : : : : ALA

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counseller
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO - - ALABAMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA.

A Great **SENSATION** Near Court House
Columbiana, Ala.

Caused by the

Great Reduction

in prices of Drugs and Patent Medicines at the Drug Store of

J. H. MASON & CO.

They will save you money in everything in the Drug line, of which they have a very complete stock always fresh and the best the markets afford. If they haven't what you want they will get it on short notice and save you CASH. Call to see them; you will always be welcome.
Remember the place,

J. H. MASON & CO.

W. P. HAMNER, Dentist. Is a partner in the above drug-store, and will be pleased to do your Dental work. Terms and prices to suit. He can always be found at Office or Drug Store. Work guaranteed. Patients within five or six miles of town will be waited upon at their homes if desired.

Have You Seen It?

That Wonderful Machine.

The Mahchine Which Does it Right.

No fuel required.
No tires are taken off.
No bolts taken out and tossed away.
No boring the felloe for new bolt holes.

The Schau
COLD-SET TIRE SETTER.

See it at the Blacksmith shop of

J. T. Barnett & Sons.

We Sell These.

You want the best. Are you ready for it this season?

We are prepared as never before to meet your wants in vehicles and harness. There's nothing superior to what we are showing, in taste, style and service. Absolute honesty in make and material. You will agree when we tell you

IT'S THE FAMOUS
Studebaker Line
WE CARRY.

No matter what you want—if it's a harness or something that runs on wheels, we've got it or will quickly get it.

Come in and figure with us. Everybody knows the place.

C. L. Meroney & Co.,
Montevallo, Ala.

P. S. The Studebaker nameplate on a vehicle is its guarantee. Don't forget this.

See Exhibit of Wagons and McCormick Mowers at Shriner's Cotton Ware House.

W. S. DuBOSE, M.D. C. T. ACKER, M.D

DRS. DuBOSE & ACKER
Offices Upstairs Liles Building.
COLUMBIANA, ... ALA.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES

McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.
Office upstiars in Bank Building.

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.

BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA - - - - ALA.

One of the
FINEST, FRESHEST and NICEST
STOCKS of GROCERIES
Fruits, Candies, Cakes and Breakfast Foods in this section.

JULY FIRST
I will give away another of those
Handsome Dinner Sets
To One of Our Customers.
CALL FOR YOUR COUPONS.
J. R. WHITE.

ICE COLD DRINKS
OF EVERY KIND.
—to—
Fresh Vegetables,
Bicycles and Supplies,
Goods Delivered Free.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

J. W. Garris, of Shelby, was in town last Friday.

Capt. Fred Hardy, of Siluria, was in town Friday a few hours.

J. W. Bandy, of Montevallo, was a guest of T. P. Lane last Saturday and Sunday.

☞Bicycle supplies, base ball goods and Racycles for sale at J. R. White's.

Mrs. Simon Friedberger is visiting her old home in Willcox county this week.

There was a crowd of Columbiana's young people at Shelby Springs last Sunday.

☞Nothing but the best in every line of goods at the Columbiana Milliner Shop.

Miss Georgia Ray MacMillan, the reader, was entertained while here by Mrs. D. R. McMillan.

Quite a number came from Shelby and Wilsonville to hear Captain Hobson Saturday night.

Judge Peters visited with his children in Montevallo over Sunday, returning home Monday.

☞Call at the Columbiana Milliner Shop and see the special line of Embroideries and Shirt Waist goods

The new livery stable of E. W. Burt is as nicely equipped as any stable in this section of Alabama.

I. S. Chancellor and son, of Creswell, were in town several days last week attending county court.

Considerable interest is being manifested in the protracted meeting now in progress at the Methodist church.

☞Have you seen the delicious crystalized fruits, fine chocolates and cream candies at J. R. White's?

Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo was in town last Friday and Saturday. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call.

J. C. Mooney, of near Wilsonville, called at this office last Friday and ordered The Sentinel sent to his address.

Hon. W. B. Browne was in attendance as a delegate at the Democratic State Convention in Montgomery yesterday.

☞Beautiful picture hats! Have you seen them? New shapes coming in every day, at the Columbiana Milliner Shop.

Mrs. C. W O'Hara, who has been visiting a sister at Saginaw for the past ten days or two weeks, returned home last Sunday.

Hon. A. C. Sturdivant and John T. Hall, two of the Shelby Iron Co's excellent employes, were in Columbiana last Friday.

A premature explosion of dynamite at the Aldrich mine one day last week, killed a negro and seriously injured a white man.

☞J. R. White will give away to one of his customers on July 1st a beautiful Dinner Set. Call for your coupons.

The county executive committee of the Republican party meets in Calera next Saturday to plug up the holes left in the so-called populist ticket.

L. N. Handley, a prominent merchant of Huntsville, was in town last Friday. He was on his way home from a business trip down into Texas, and stopped over here one day.

C. C. DuBose was in Montevallo the fore part of this week.

Miss Ida Lyons, of Calera, is in the city a guest of Mrs. Weaver.

Dr. W. S. DuBose was in Wilsonville, Tuesday, on professional business.

A little child of J. J. Haynes was taken seriously ill Tuesday, but she is reported better today.

Misses Myrtle and Willie Chapman, of Montevallo, are in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henry Chapman.

Mrs. T. P. Lane, who has been visiting her parents in Birmingham for the past ten days, returned home Monday, Mr. Lane meeting her in Calera with a carriage.

☞Kansas City Beef, Fresh Sausage, Cream Cheese, Hams kept on ice and always fresh at J. R. White's. Leave your orders with him.

Misses Mamie and Mildred Meroney, the pretty little daughters of C. L. Meroney, of Montevallo, are in the city visiting Mrs. W. F. Davis, at the home of Mrs. M. E. Parker.

The Sentinel has received a souvenir postal card from Hon, J. T. Leeper, who is touring Europe. The card was mailed in Berlin on May 5th. He expects to write The Sentinel at length soon.

Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Bowdon, of Calera, were in town last Friday. Mr. Bowdon was a witness in county court, and Mrs. Bowdon came up to spend the day with her mother, Mrs. T. M. Wilson.

☞Fresh groceries of every kind always on hand at J. R. White's. Remember, they are guaranteed to be fresh or your money refunded.

A. P. Longshore, jr., and Miss Annie Longshore are in Marion this week attending the Commencement exercises at the Judson. Their sister, Miss Lallage Longshore, finishes at the Judson this week.

R. E. Bowdon, the lime manufacturer of Hardyville, accompanied by his stenographer, Miss Jones were in town last Friday on business connected with the county court. They were pleasant callers on The Sentinel.

Miss Lallee Tice, a teacher in the Girls' School at Montevallo, is in the city a guest at the home of Rev. W. I. Sinnott. The friends of Miss Tice in Columbiana are glad to know that she has been retained as one of the teachers for next year.

Harry Roberts has gone to Bessemer where he has signed with the New Decatur ball team for a series of games, the first to be played in Bessemer this week. Mr. Roberts is the best semi-professional ball player in this section of Alabama, and had several offers before he decided in favor of New Decatur.

The entertainment given at the College Hall last Thursday night by Miss Georgia Ray MacMillan, dramatic reader, was attended by a small audience. However, those who were present enjoyed a delightful hour and a half with this entertaining little woman. Miss MacMillan is best in juvenile characters, and they are true to life. It is regretted that the audience was so small, and it is hoped that she may return to Columbiana at some future time when she will doubtless be greeted with more people.

The writer had the pleasure of seeing the new patent tire shrinker which J. T. Barnett & Sons have recently added to the equipment of their blacksmith shop, operate last Friday, and it is surprising what excellent work it does, the extra labor saved, and no injury to felloe or tire. It will shrink a tire without removing it from the wheel, and the work is completed before you could remove the tire from the wheel to heat it over a fire in the old way. Go round to their shop and see it; it's a big little machine.

Mell Wilson is now an employe in the store of J. R. White.

L. M. Dyke, of Collinsville, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon for a few days' stay.

R. L. Hill, bookkeeper for R. E. Bowdon at Keysone, was in Columbiana yesterday on business. Mr. Hill is a very pleasant man to meet and a conversation with him is enjoyable.

Mrs. E. W. Burt met with a very painful accident Tuesday. In alighting from the bus, in which she and several others had been enjoying a ride, she slipped and fell to the ground, dislocating one of her knee joints. Dr. Acker was called and reduced the dislocation, but it will be some time before Mrs. Burt will be able to walk. Her numerous friends regret her misfortune, and sincerely trust that nothing of a series nature will develop from the injured limb.

The Columbiana ball team went down to Montevallo, Monday, and played a game of ball with the team at that place. Both teams did good work, three innings having been played before either team landed a run. At the close of the game the score stood 5 to 1 in favor of Columbiana. The home team speak very highly of the treatment given them by the Montevallo team and the people in our sister town. It is hoped a return game will be played here in the near future.

Commencement exercises of the Montgomery High School for Girls occur this week, and one of Columbiana's young women will finish there. We refer to Miss Margaret Browne, the accomplished daughter of Hon. and Mrs. W. B. Browne. On Tuesday, Mrs. Browne, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Myra and son, Chester, went to Montgomery, and they were followed on Wednesday by Mr. Browne, who was also in attendance at the Democratic State Convention in Montgomery. They expect to return today.

A large audience greeted Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson in the College Hall last Saturday night many coming from Wilsonville, Shelby, and other points in the county. The subject of Captain Hobson's lecture was a great navy for the United States—one that could whip the world if neccessary. While all who heard him do not agree with him in his theory, yet all enjoyed his talk, and he was frequently applauded. A little impromptu reception was given him after the lecture, and many shook hands with the brave and eloquent young Alabamian. He went from here to Livingston and Sumpter where he was to make addresses before the schools of those places.

Have you taken a policy with the Shelby county division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia It is the cheapest, safest and best insurance offered today. It only cost the policy holders of Georgia last year $5.45 on $1,000. See
T. A Leathers, Agt,
Columbiana, Ala.

From Keystone.

The name of our postoffice has been changed from Haryville to Keystone.

R. E. Bowdon attended court in Columbiana last week.

World's Fair Party.

The following people will compose a party of pleasure seekers to the World's Fair, leaving Columbiana on the morning of June 13th.

Mrs. D. R. McMillan, Mrs. Henry Milner, Miss Esther Mason, Roy Lester, Columbiana; Mrs. Gordon DuBose, Ensley; Mrs. John Ferguson, Birmingham; Miss Kittie Averyt, Shelby; Miss Stella Powell, Childersburg; Miss Lillie Crosby and Roger Crosby, Stockton.

The party will be in charge of Rev. W. I. Sinnott who will look after the baggage, see that none of the party get lost or step off a street car backwards. With pleasant weather at hand, a nice time is coming to the above party while on the trip.

J. S. Steele visited friends and relatives in Birmingham Saturday and Sunday.

Frank Wyatt, of Spring Creek, visited his sister, Mrs. W. W. Prestridge, Sunday.

Mrs. M. P. Bowdon, who has been visiting her sons, Robert and Will, has returned to her home in Calera.

Edgar Holcombe, of Calera, visited his sister, Mrs. R. E. Bowdon, over Sunday.

Mrs. W. P. Bowdon is down at Calera for a few weeks.

Miss Mamie Jones, stenographer at this place, was taken suddenly ill Sunday, but is better.

Miss Callie Jones, of Saginaw, is visiting her daughter, Miss Mamie, for a few days.

Insurance agents are thicker than fleas around here these days.

J. Ross Hannahan, of Birmingham, visited here last week.

W. P. Bowdon and Mrs. Wm, Oates visited with Mrs. W. P. Bowdon at Calera, Saturday, returning Sunday.

"Becky."

Wilsonville.

Mr. Trost, of Childersberg, spent Sunday with friends here.

L. M. Stevenson, Supt. of Education of Randolph county, C. H. Stevenson, editor of the Roanoke Leader, and Dr. A. W. Stevenson, of Roanoke, visited relatives here this week.

Miss Mary Armstrong, of Livingston, is a guest of Miss Perdie Holland.

Miss Annie Wilson returned last week from Montevallo where she had been attending school.

Messrs. C. T. Weldon and E. J. Pope attended "Hero Hobson's" lecture in your town Saturday.

Mrs. M. Hutchings, of Kentucky, is visiting her daughter, Mrs J. B. Boyer, at her home "The Oaks."

W. J. Weldon has recovered from his recent illness, much to the delight of his friends.

Mrs. Harding after a two weeks' visit with relatives here, returned home to Nashville Saturday.

Rev. H. M. Stevenson, pastor of First Methodist church at Alexander City, preached an eloquent sermon to a large and attentive congregation last Wednesday night.

Mrs. Porter and children, Jacksonville, are visiting Mrs. McGowan

The many friends of L. B. Riddle are pleased to see him out again after his spell of sickness.

We are sorry to learn that Geo. W. Taylor is quite sick, and we hope for him a speedy recovery.

Wilsonville is preparing to have quite an extensive brick yard in operation soon. Let the good work of building brick buildings go on.

H. E. Smith has sold his interest in the mercantile business to Mess. Riddle. While we regret to give up Mr. Smith as a merchant, we welcome Messrs. Riddle, and bespeak for the new firm a continued prosperous business. The style of the new firm now is Pennington Riddle & Co.

The First Methodist church at Wilsonville was a scene of brilliancy last Thursday eve, when the wedding of Miss Kate Hamilton and Mr. William R. Jordan occurred. Handsome decorations of evergreens, roses and lilies emphasized the beauty of the edifice; and ivy, too, was trailed about the organ, in front of which the heavier green of the potted plants made a rich setting for the bridal party during the ceremony. The church being already filled, the bridal party entered to the strains of a wedding march, and soft music accompanied the solemn marriage ceremony, Rev. H. M. Stevenson, assisted by Dr. Branscomb, officiating. The ushers, Misses Lizzie Hamilton and Annie Boyer, entered first when the wedding march, by Miss Helen Boyer, was played. Following came the bride leaning on the arm of her sister, Miss Mabel Hamilton, and the groom with the best man, Mr. H. O. Stevenson. The bride's loveliness and grace of her stately bearing was emphasized by the elegance of her wedding gown; her flowers were lilies and ferns. Not merely her beauty, but womanly charms and intellect have made her many friends here; and their regret is more pronounced that her marriage meant her departure for Roanoke, to live. Mr. Jordan is a young man of fine character and business qualifications, highly esteemed by all who know him, and we predict for them a happy future, Honest John.

Harpersville.

Dry weather.

Cotton chopping in full blast.

There is not a vacant dwelling house at Harpersville.

J. J. Burks runs his corn mill here every Saturday.

Emmet Ray and wife, of Ensley, visited G. M. D. Ray's family last week.

Dr. Lane, of North Alabama, has been visiting his brother here on Broad street.

We still insist on nominating Gorman for President, and then electing him.

There has been a literary society organized at the Academy. May it be successful.

E. V. Caldwell and M. W. Borum were in Columbiana a day or two last week, courting.

Renfro Martin and wife have gone to spend a while with the good people at Calcis.

There will be children services at the Methodist church next Sunday by the Sunday school.

Miss Minnie Florey has returned home from South Alabama where she has been visiting her sister.

Rev. Mr. ONeal filled his regular appointments at the Methodist church Sunday morning and night.

Water is getting low up here, and if it don't rain soon some of our people will have to haul their water.

A gentleman who attended the County Court from here last week, remarked: "Why, the County Court is a big thing as the Circuit Court was ten or twelve years ago." Yes, sirree; Shelby county is growing. Can't you see her expanding? Just think; court twelve weeks a year.

This is a glorious county to live in. Lands are good, health good, schools are good, and by the way politics are going to be better. So come on brother and buy a farm. Cast your lot among us, and if you are posed to do what is right, you will a hearty welcome find; but if you are not inclined that way, you had better stay where you are.

There will be a spelling match at the Academy Saturday night by the Harpersville Literary Society, an organization which has recently formed here by our town talent. It is said and true, too, that large oaks from little acorns grow, and large streams from little fountains flow. So it is with Harpersville Literary Society, and no doubt much and lasting good will result from it.

Mr. Editor: At the request of your correspondent, "Pete," I have written you these few locals, hoping that they may find a place in your paper, and not a grave in that abominable waste basket. So I bid you good-bye until another time.

"Jake."

NOTICE.

STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY, } MAY 10, 1904.

To all whom it may concern;

Take notice that the undersigned will, on or before the 6th day of June 1904, make application to the Governor of Alabama to pardon Bud Shultz, alias Bud Shultz of the offense of manslaughter in the first degree, of which the said Bud Shultz, alias Bud Shultz was convicted in the Circuit Court of Shelby county at the Spring term 1901.

37-2 F. E. THOMPSON.

E. A. Bentley, Deceased. } In the Probate Court of Shelby county, Alabama.

Estate of } This day came M. E. Bentley, administratrix of said estate, and filed her statement and report, setting forth that said estate is insolvent, and praying that it may be so decreed. It is orderod that the 13th day of June, 1904 be appointed as a day for hearing and determining the same, at which time all persons in interest, can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

37-2t A. P. LONGSHORE, Judge of Probate.

A MODEL DRUG STORE...
(Conducted on a modern system.)
We carry all Patent Medicines sold in this section. Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco. Fine line of Stationery, in fact, everything that goes to make up a
First Class Drug Store.
Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins, Colgates Soaps, Extracts, and Toilet Articles.
Our Prescription Department
Is always in charge of a Pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of Pharmacy and years of experience.
J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
—OF—
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK;
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782.77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3,000.00	Rediscounts.....	2,263.00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. Browne, Pres. W. L. Farley, Cash. Mrs. E. E. Roberts Ass't Cash.

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. Farley Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.
J. R. White, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Co.
Land Titles, Abstracts of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, Insurance, and a General Title Business
J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Alabama.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

HOLCOMBE & BOWDON,
Calera, Ala.
DEALERS IN
Groceries, Shoes, Hardware,
Furniture, Undertakers Goods,
Farming Implements,
Wagons and Buggies,
Feed Stuffs, All Kinds.

Captain Hobson to Lecture.

The hero of Santiago, Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson, will lecture in the Academy, Columbiana, Saturday night, May 21st.

A cordial invitation is extended the people of our neighboring towns to come and hear the young Alabamian who made such an enviable reputation for heroism and daring during the Spanish-American war. Keep the date in your mind, May 21.

Notice to Non-Resident Etc.

STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY. } PROBATE COURT of said County.

Estate of J. E. R. Davidson, deceased.

To C. J. Davidson a non-resident and all persons concerned:

This day came J. J. Davidson and Clara B. Davidson, administrators of said estate, and filed their application in due form and under oath praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate for the purpose of paying the debts of said estate and for distribution among the heirs. It is ordered by the Court that Monday the 13th day of June, 1904, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest, and especially C. J. Davidson who is shown to be a non-resident and whose place of residence is unknown, can appear and contest the same if they think proper. This the 27th day of April, 1904.

A. P. LONGSHORE, Judge of Probate.

37-3t.

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

U. S. SENATOR FROM SOUTH CAROLINA

Recommends Pe-ru-na

For Dyspepsia and Stomach Trouble.

Ex-Senator M. C. Butler.

Catarrh of the Stomach is Generally Called Dyspepsia--Something to Produce Artificial Digestion is Generally Taken.

Hence, Pepsin, Pancreatin and a Host of Other Digestive Remedies Has Been Invented.

These Remedies Do Not Reach the Seat of the Difficulty, Which is Really Catarrh.

EX. U. S. Senator M. C. Butler from South Carolina was Senator from that State for two terms. In a recent letter to The Peruna Medicine Co., from Washington, D. C., says:

"I can recommend Peruna for dyspepsia and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine besides a good tonic."--M. C. Butler.

The only rational way to cure dyspepsia is to remove the catarrh. Peruna cures catarrh. Peruna does not produce artificial digestion. It cures catarrh and leaves the stomach to perform digestion in a natural way. This is vastly better and safer than resorting to artificial methods or narcotics.

Peruna has cured more cases of dyspepsia than all other remedies combined, simply because it cures catarrh wherever located. If catarrh is located in the head, Peruna cures it. If catarrh has fastened itself in the throat or bronchial tubes, Peruna cures it. When catarrh becomes settled in the stomach, Peruna cures it, as well in this location as in any other.

Peruna is not simply a remedy for dyspepsia. Perunia is a catarrh remedy. Peruna cures dyspepsia because it is generally dependent upon catarrh.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

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LIMITED MEANS OR EDUCATION NO HINDRANCE.
ALL OUR 6,000 GRADUATES AT WORK.

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BOARD AT $8.00.
500 Free Courses.

WRITE TODAY TO
GA.-ALA. BUS. COLLEGE, Macon Ga.

FOR WOMEN

Especially Mothers

The Sanative, Antiseptic, Cleansing, Purifying, and Beautifying Properties of

Cuticura SOAP

Assisted by CUTICURA Ointment, the great Skin Cure, are of Priceless Value.

For preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, ulcerations, and inflammations of women, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves, as well as for all purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery, CUTICURA Soap and CUTICURA Ointment are priceless.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (In form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60). Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.

Send for "How to Preserve, Purify, and Beautify."

Am. 22, 1904.

FREE to WOMEN

A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely Free and Postpaid, enough to prove the value of Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

Paxtine is in powder form to dissolve in water — non-poisonous and far superior to liquid antiseptics containing alcohol which irritates inflamed surfaces, and have no cleansing properties. The contents of every box makes more Antiseptic Solution — lasts longer — goes further — has more uses in the family and does more good than any antiseptic preparation you can buy.

The formula of a noted Boston physician, and used with great success as a Vaginal Wash, for Leucorrhœa, Pelvic Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Cuts, and all soreness of mucus membrane.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a Vaginal Wash we challenge the world to produce its equal for thoroughness. It is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

All leading druggists keep Paxtine; price, 50c. a box; if yours does not, send to us for it. Don't take a substitute — there is nothing like Paxtine.

Write for the Free Box of Paxtine to-day.

R. PAXTON CO., 7 Pope Bldg., Boston, Mass.

MOORE & HANDLEY HARDWARE CO.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

We are Headquarters for

MACHINERY

OF ALL KINDS

Send for Catalogue and Prices.

See our Engines, Boilers and Saw Mill outfits, also steam and hand Pumps and Gardener Governors. We can furnish you anything you want in the machinery or hardware line.

$500 Given Away

Write us or ask an Alabastine dealer for particulars and free sample card of

Alabastine

The Sanitary Wall Coating

Destroys disease germs and vermin. Never rubs or scales. You can apply it—mix with cold water. Beautiful effects in white and delicate tints. Not a disease-breeding, out-of-date hot-water glue preparation. Buy Alabastine in 5 lb. packages, properly labelled, of paint, hardware and drug dealers. "Hints on Decorating" and our Artists' ideas free. ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich., or 105 Water St., N. Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

No More Blind Horses For Specific Ophthalmia Moon Blindness & other Sore Eyes, Barry Co., Iowa City, Ia., have a sure cure

WOMAN IN MEDICINE.

THE RESPONSIBLE POSITIONS SHE NOW HOLDS.

Cases of Prejudice Against Women Practitioners Excite Comment — Proof of Their Rarity—The Advance In England—India Absorbs Hundreds of Women.

The last report of the United States Commissioner of Education gave the number of women studying medicine in this country as 1,219. The number seems insignificant compared with the 25,538 men medical students reported, and in consideration of the growing regard in which women doctors are held. It may be said that the last remnant of prejudice against them has vanished in the United States, and, with occasional exceptions, in England. The case of Dr. Ethel Vernon occupied a good deal of space in the London papers recently, showing the rareness of prejudice there. Dr. Vernon was appointed to fill a vacancy in the staff of the Western Dispensary, Westminster, but her appointment was cancelled at the end of six weeks because the honorary consulting surgeon, a man of high standing in the profession, resigned rather than serve with a woman. It was frankly admitted that Dr. Vernon's qualifications were higher than the man's whose name had been proposed for the appointment, that she was very popular with the rest of the staff and with the patients, and the Board of Governors came in for considerable criticism from medical men. The consulting surgeon's triumph was voted an altogether unenviable one.

In an article written by Dr. Helen McMurchy of Toronto, Canada, in American Medicine, tribute is paid to the courtesy shown by many men doctors from the beginning. "It is not to be forgotten that if women have learned the art of healing, man have taught it to them, in the first instance, at least. Many medical men did this willingly and cheerfully, some did it con amore, with a generous enthusiasm." A notable instance given is the founding of the London School of Medicine for Women. In 1869 five women applied for admission to the medical college of the University of Edinboro, and regulations were passed permitting them to enter. The Senatus Academicus, however, refused to arrange for the instruction of the women, asserting that the University Court had exceeded its legal power in admitting them. The five women brought action against the university, but lost on appeal. They then went to London, where they found a friend in one of the prominent physicians then in practice, Dr. Anstie. He was not only a distinguished practitioner and writer, but possessed great personal influence. In his house was held a private meeting, at which was founded the first medical school for women in Great Britain. Dr. Anstie had drawn so many eminent men and women to the meeting that the success of the movement was assured, and within a few weeks the school was started, with twenty-three students and a remarkable staff of instructors. Before the first class had finished its course hospital instruction in the Royal Free Hospital was secured for women, and the University of London decided to admit to its medical examinations and degrees.

The school has now 200 students, and its graduates have taken thir share of honors both in England and abroad. India absorbs the majority of English women doctors. The Lady Dufferin fund enables thousands of poor women to avail themselves of medical aid, and many women doctors are needed in this practice alone. Several native rulers, as for instance the enlightened Nizam of Hyderabad, have established hospitals for women in their states, and are glad to get English women doctors to serve in them. There are in all 247 hospitals, dispensaries, etc., in India, entirely under the charge of women. A woman doctor, Mrs. Stewart-Dcacon, has recently been appointed Government officer of health for the Gold Coast Colony, Africa, a position which involves the inspection of a number of towns. Assistant medical officers in the Quarantine Departments at Port Said and Suez are women. In plague duty in India and at the South African concentration camps women doctors are employed, and one of these. Dr. Alice Cathorn, who had charge of the General Plague Hospital at Poona, has recently been given the Kaiser-i-Hind medal for public service. At least three English women physicians have been thus honored. "It should be remembered," writes Dr. MacMurchy, "that much of the distinction and success of English women physicians is due to the fact that they and their friends founded the New Hospital, officered entirely by women, and that the work done by the doctors there in advanced surgery, medicine, clinical teaching, and the various departments of specialitsts' work showed that these higher walks of medicine were not beyond them."

In Great Britain, as in America, women physicians serve as medical officers on charity boards, in insane asylums, etc. The general post-office has for years employed Dr. Edith Shove to look after the health of the women clerks. As inspectors of boarded-out children, resident doctors at children's institutions and general health supervisors in girls' schools they are greatly in demand.

On the Continent the woman doctor is slowly but steadily pushing her way. Four hundred and six women are studing medicine in Germany, but their position is rather difficult, as they are only allowed to attend lectures under humiliating conditions. In 1901 two women passed the state examination for medical practitioners in Freiburg, Baden, and are said to be the first to be admitted to the profession in Germany.

In Russia, on the other hand, many women practitioners hold Government appointments. The Poor Law Service, the County and City Medical Service, and the Municipal Ambulance Service all have women on their staff. Eighty-five women are practising medicine in France. In Austria women began to study medicine in 1897 and within a year fifty women were registered as students. In Italy there are about twenty women doctors. One of them, it is said, is physician to the queen. In Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Holland, Switzerland, and the Slav countries the labors of medical women have received approbation and reward. There are several successfully practising in Turkey, Egypt, Persia, and the East. An English woman is reported to be court physician in Corea.

Of the opportunities offered to women in medicine on this side of the Atlantic it is hardly necessary to speak at length. It is not difficult for a woman to obtain a first-class medical education either in the United States or in Canada. The examinations and degrees of all Canadian universities are open to women, and the Woman's Medical College at Toronto has been available since 1883.

The number of appointments open to American women is large, and is constantly increasing. In Massachusetts as far back as 1884 a state enactment made the appointment of women as assistant physicians in insane asylums mandatory. New York state provides many places for women physicians. Until recently no city hospital admitted women internes, but since Gouverneur took the lead others will undoubtedly follow. The work of Dr. Emily Dunning has been highly spoken of at Gouverneur, where she has served nearly two years. She took her turn at ambulance duty, and performed many difficult and not altogether agreeable emergency district operations on the streets; the Gouverneur district including a part of the town noted for its casualities.

There are close to eighty names of women physicians in the business directory of New York. In the Greater city there must be several hundred women in practice.—New York Post.

OFF FOR THE FRONT.

The Leavetakings of Russian Soldiers and of Those of the Mikado.

Before leaving for the seat of war both the Japanese officers and men attend a special service, with the object of appealing for the success of their arms.

It is considered a great honor for the emperor to instruct officers who are commanded to go to a holy place, which he appoints. The religious beliefs of the Japanese people are divided into two heads—the Shinto and the Buddhist—and the former means literally "the way of the gods." Apostles of this creed believe that if they perform a valiant deed in the service of their country they will after death become gods, and thus the officers who usually attend the Kashi Ko Dora pray that strength may be given them to do something heroic.

In Shinto, Japan is held to be the country of the gods, and the emperor to be the direct descendant and actual representative of the Sun Goddess. In it there also seems to be mixed up a system of hero worship, many renowned warriors and other persons of ancient days being exalted into demigods; it thus tends to increase the feeling of reverence for the dead.

Throughout the country the Shinto shrines are constructed in very simple style, and are, as a rule, made out of white wood, unadorned by brilliant coloring as in Buddhist temples, and roofed with thatch.

Japanese private soldiers go to the Shokonsha to pray, and the ceremony consists of supplications that they may do their duty, while at the end three hearty cheers are given for the emperor. The streets on such occasions are crowded with the soldiers' swethearts, waiting to bid them goodby, and as their modesty is generally a barrier to a final embrace, the parting takes the form of a low bow and a final wave of the hand.

Russian officers and soldiers under orders of the front attend a service before they leave to pray for the ultimate success of their arms. Special prayers are read; the one most generally used is, "Blessed be God, holy and immortal. Have mercy upon us. Our cause is a just one; therefore let us all pray to the Lord that He may strengthen our arms in order that we may gain a victory over our enemies, with all their wiles. May we be imbued with great courage to overthrow our enemies, and may God open their eyes to the importance of peace."

The service is not a lengthy one, rarely lasting more than 20 minutes. Frequently, before setting out for the Far East, Russian priests sprinkle the soldiers with holy water, and many believe that the rite renders them invulnerable, or at least goes far to protect them from the enemy's bullets. —London Daily Mail.

Llexieff, Viceroy of Russia.

Admiral Alexieff first comes into prominence in the years following the China-Japanese war of 10 years ago, when Japan invaded and effectively occupied southern Manchuria, including the Liao-tung peninsula, vividly called in Chinese, "The Regent's Sword." Japan demanded from China the whole of Manchuria, as well as Formosa and the adjacent Pescadores islands, and a heavy cash indemnity. China consented to the cession of southern Manchuria and Formosa, but asked for a remission of a part of the cash. Then Russia came into the story with Germany on the one arm and France on the other. Japan was forced off the Asian mainland, but took a large payment from China in lieu of Manchuria, with a Russian guarantee for its liquidation. At that point, with the signing of the Shimonoseki treaty, the present quarrel in the Far East began. Japan's thwarted hopes turned to steady hatred of Russia, and a desire to be revenged, soon or late. She at once began to take measures for that revenge, and faced the problem with thoroughness and imaginative breadth. Japan arranged to have built in England, as first among naval powers, four of the heaviest and strongest battleships the world had yet seen, with two somewhat smaller ones, and six powerful armored cruisers. Russia saw that these preparations were aimed at her, and began to build up a Pacific fleet. Admiral Alexieff first comes into the world's history as commander of Russia's fleet in the Far Eastern waters.—Charles Johnston, in Harper's Weekly.

THE PROSAIC AGE.

If dairymaids wore diamonds,
And shepherds evening dress;
If "sweetly scented roses"
Resembled watercress;
If thrushes ceased to "warble,"
And skies to "smile in blue;"
If meadows discontinued
Whatever 't is they do;

If "bounding ocean billows"
Should "sweep no more the sands;"
If all the "moonlit evenings"
Were in receivers' hands;
If larks grew pessimistic,
And every "summer breeze"
Should join a labor union,
And rhyme no more with "trees;"

If all the "sturdy peasants"
Had derby hats and canes,
And every "lovely landscape"
Were packed with railway trains;
If "timid deer" the sidewalks
Of Broadway should elect,
And nightingales use language
Which parrots now affect;

If "gentle lambs" attacked you
With murderous intent;
If pigeons came and bit you,
As "through the land you went;"
If "rosy dawns" grew scarcer,
And "blushing girls" extinct—
Ah, me! poetic fancies
No longer would be inked.

—Harvard Lampoon.

JUST FOR FUN

Gadsby—That fellow Noscads is a regular fortune-hunter. Raynor—Well, he's a mighty poor shot.—Judge.

"They are mere nobodies." "Are you quite sure? They look enough like nobodies to be somebodies."—Puck.

Curioso—Your name is Ephraim, is it? How'd your parents came to give you that name? Modestus—I don't know for certain, but I suspect it was because I was a boy.—Boston Transcript.

A great debt: Bragg—I owe nothing to any man. Newitt—Oh, yes, you do. Bragg—No, sir! Newitt—Oh, yes. You owe an apology to every man who has to listen to you blow.—Philadelphia Press.

Improvement at the gas office: "Did you have any luck when you went to complain about the gas bill?" "Better luck than last month," answered Mr. Meekton; "the man didn't laugh this time."—Ex.

"I understand," said one Corean, "that we are to be seized." "Yes," answered the other; "I love my country, but I wish it weren't so much like the prize in a grabbag at a fair."—Washington Star.

"Funny about Ralston wanting his former wife to get a divorce from her second husband so that they might get married again." "Not very. He's always been falling in love with other men's wives."—Ex.

What he would rather have expressed differently: Gushing lady—Oh, but Mr. Jones, I should love to be beautiful—even if for only half an hour! Jones—Yes; but you wouldn't like the coming back again!—Punch.

"An elephant must be a pretty expensive animal." "Yes, I wish I had enough money to buy one." "What do you want with an elephant" "I don't. I merely expressed a wish for the money."—Philadelphia Press.

"Sometimes," said the poet, "I am almost afraid that I take myself too seriously." "Oh, well, never mind," replied his kind-hearted friend, "there's no harm done if you do. Everybody else regards you as a joke."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Before the Russian spy was shot, the officer who had captured him insisted on heart-to-heart talk. "You say you have swallowed a number of plans, rather than be caught with them in your possession," he remarked. "Isn't eating paper in such quantities rather hard on the stomach?" "Oh, no," replied the Russian. "I used to be the official taster in a breakfast food factory."—Cincinnati Times-Star.

The Causes of Cynicism.

Cynicism is never a native quality of the mind. It always has its birth in some unhappy experience. The young man finds that the girl who has gathered up for him all the harmony and melody of earth rings hollow at the test, and he drops his lyrical language and becomes cynical of women. The citizen of Boston has naturally grown cynical of newspapers. The candidate for public office who has been definitely retired to private life by being "knifed" at the polls distrusts party politics. A man publishes a novel and thenceforth is cynical of the publishers of novels. Yet these misfortunes have their salutary aspect. The disappointed lover, generalizing bitterly upon the sex, is not always implacable. A cooler judgment tempers and restores his passion, gives it another object and so guides him to a safer if less gusty and emotional love. The citizen of Boston, the betrayed candidate, the blighted young novelist, all have for their condition, even though they know it not, a valuable compensation, for the very event that has brought them to this pass of reasonable cynicism has stirred their indignation—yes, in spite of their seeming inertness, indignation is now smoldering.—Arthur Stanwood Pier, in Atlantic Monthly.

Women's Losses in Rochester Fire.

The terrible conflagration which laid low the main part of the dry goods section of the city brought crushing losses to a large number of women engaged in various lines of business. In no other district would the fire have such a chance to work mischief for this alert, industrious part of the community, and pitful indeed is the condition today of the dressmakers, music teachers, manicurists, pattern makers and workers in embroidery and art work, etc., who saw their plants, extensive and successful, or small and struggling, wiped out of existence. The result of years of hard work and patient thought and planning, the accumulation of books relating to special lines of work, of costly tools, all went, and the future lies full of perplexity and trouble for even the bravest and most hopeful among the losers.—Rochester Union.

Much has been heard of the efficacy of the Japanese explosive projectiles. The powder used is the invention of a Japanese. He claims that with regard to explosive force, the powder stands next to blasting gelatin and on a much higher level than dynamite or guncotton. A handful exploded on an iron plate one and one-half inches thick forces a hole through the plate. At a special test made two years ago, a six-inch shell loaded with guncotton made a hole a little larger than its own diameter in the target and burst with trifling effect in the backing of coal. A shell charged with Shimose powder tore an aperture three feet in diameter. The composition is handled with the greatest safety, and it costs only about one half of guncotton.

Ancient time-keeping has received new light from two remarkable stones lately unearthed by the German explorers on the site of the old Ionic port of Miletus. These stones are the remains of calendars, of which one is shown to date from 109 A. D. The year was divided into twelve zodiacal signs, and against each month the motion of the remaining signs was given with a note predicting the weather. On the left side were thirty holes, a wooden peg being moved forward one hole each day, thus giving the astronomical date. This new find has made clear the meaning of parapegma, or peg calendar, a name by which other stones have been rather mysteriously known.

Baroness Burdett-Coutts on April 21st celebrated her ninetieth birthday and received hundreds of telegrams, messages and presents. An amusing incident of the birthday was the arrival of a very small lady with her nurse, who left a bouquet, inscribed, "From the youngest baroness to the oldest baroness in England." It was an offering from the Lady Clifton, who departed, accompanied by her nurse, with an air as of a duty well done. The tiny, four-year-old peeress was to have sat next the Baroness Burdett-Coutts at the coronation, when her stern guardians decided that she was too young to be present.

The Baldwin Locomotive Works recently completed its shipment of twenty-four locomotives ordered by the Japanese government. The engines were taken apart and placed in boxes and framework and then placed in box cars so they could not be seen from the outside, the Japanese government and the Baldwins being anxious to keep the matter a secret. The engines are intended for use in Korea on the Seoul-Kobe railroad. American mechanics will set up the engines.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

When a leap year girl proposes it's up to the young man to lose his self-possession.

Ask Your Dealer For Allen's Foot-Ease

A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

A faint heart is more apt to win the fair lady than a faint bank account.

President Roosevelt's campaign hat has been petrified and is now in the hands of railroad officials at Omaha, Neb. After the campaign of 1900 the hat was secured by officials of the Burlington road, who sent it to the mineral springs at Thermopolis, Wy. There the hat remained for several months in a hot spring and was coated with the mineral solution found in the water. It now weighs 15 pounds and is a stone hat in fact.

According to an Oklahoma newspaper the health of Geronimo, the famous old Apache chief, is still good, although he is very aged. His home is ten miles from Lawton, yet he usually walks to and from the place to do his trading. He is quite often asked to give an exhibition of his skill as a marksman with the bow. This he readily consents to do, provided a nickel is made the target and it is to become his own in case he hits it.

Patent medicines are never sold in the apothecary shops of Sweden. The Government limits the number of these shops, and there are only 350 in the whole country, Stockholm, with a population of 300,000, having only twenty-two.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Employes in Japanese cotton factories get only eight to eighteen cents for a day's work of eleven or twelve hours. This work, however, is much less strenuous than in this country, and much time is wasted in loafing, talking, laughing and drinking tea.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Conscience doesn't make cowards of literary romancers.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has a equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Some men have a keen sense of humor, judging by the pointless stories they tell.

Overheard on the Pike.

Mr. Easy—"Why should people visiting The Exposition at night use more Allen's Foot-Ease than in daytime?"

Miss Foote—"Because under the brilliant illumination of the grounds, every foot becomes an acre!"

Mr. Easy—"Fair. Only fair! Pray, conduct me to the nearest drug store and I promise never to accept a substitute for you or for Allen's Foot-Ease." * * * *

Foot Note—The twain will be made one in June.

A poor girl's idea of a mercenary wretch is a young man who marries a rich widow.

TIRED, SUFFERING WOMEN.

Women run down and endure daily tortures through neglecting the kidneys. Kidney backache makes housework a burden; rest is impossible; sleep fitful; appetite gives out and you are tired all the time. Can't be well until the kidneys are well. Use Doan's Kidney Pills, which have restored thousands of suffering women to health and vigor.

Mrs. William Wallace, of 18 Capitol street, Concord, N. H., says: "I was in the early stages of Bright's Disease, and were it not for Doan's Kidney Pills I would not be living to-day. Pain in the back was so intense that at night I had to get out of bed until the paroxysm of pain passed away. I was languid and tired and hadn't the strength to lift a kettle of water. I could not work, but a few doses of Doan's Kidney Pills relieved me, and two boxes absolutely cured me."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mrs. Wallace will be mailed to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by all dealers; price 50 cents per box.

One of the important news centers of London is the inner lobby of the house of commons. No newspaper man has access to that place unless he is entitled to a seat in the press gallery—a rare privilege. Not all London journals have representatives in the reporters' gallery. Alfred Harmsworth had to buy a Scotch newspaper, with a time-honored title to a gallery seat, to get a representative of his widely circulated Daily Mail in the gallery and inner lobby.

The burning of the Alexandrian library was the greatest literary loss the world ever sustained. This consisted of two large buildings, one of which was said to contain 400,000 volumes, the other 300,000 volumes. The former building was accidentally burned, but the latter, after being enriched, was robbed of its valuable store of manuscripts by the Caliph Ornan, who distributed them among the furnaces of the Alexandrian baths, to be destroyed by fire.

Feet Hurt,

Sweat, itch, blister? ROYAL FOOT WASH cures them. Removes odors of feet, armpits, etc.; stops chafing. If not at druggists send 25c to EATON DRUG CO., Atlanta, Ga., for full size, postpaid; sample for 2c stamp. One application proves its merit. Money back if not satisfied.

In 1903 the value of cargoes loaded at New Orleans wharves was 69 per cent greater than total for 1883; the shipments of grain alone were so large that a million more bushels were exported from New Orleans than from New York.

Small Potatoes

result from a lack of

Potash

in the soil. Potash produces size and quality.

We have valuable books which explain more fully the fertilizing value of Potash. We will send them free to any farmer who writes for them.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,

New York—98 Nassau Street, or Atlanta, Ga.—[illegible] So. Broad St.

DR. WOOLLEY'S

OPIUM & WHISKY ANTIDOTE

Will cure permanently at your own home.

Mr. T. M. Brown, of DeQueen, Ark., says: "Over seven years ago I was cured of the opium habit by your medicine, and have continued in the very best of health since."

Mr. W. M. Tunstall, of Lovingston, Va., says: "I am glad to say that I firmly believe that I am entirely and permanently cured of the Drink Habit, as I have never even so much as wanted a drink in any form since I took your eradicator, now 18 months ago. It was the best money I ever invested."

Mrs. Virginia Townsend, of Shreveport, La., writes: "No more opium. I have taken no other remedy than yours, and I make no mistake when I say that my health is better now than it ever was in my life, and I owe it to you and your remedy. It has been twelve years since I was cured by your treatment."

Dr. Woolley has thousands of such testimonials, with permission to use them. A treatment with so many recommendations from Physicians and cured patients must be good.

Dr. Woolley's Antidote has imitators, (as all good articles have)—perhaps you have tried some of them, but there is nothing like Woolley's. It has stood the test of thirty years. No man or woman who uses opium or whiskey in any form, or who has friends so afflicted, should hesitate to write to

DR. B. M. WOOLLEY,
106 North Pryor Street, Atlanta, Ga.,

for his book on these diseases, which he will send free and confidential.

Avery & Company

SUCCESSORS TO
AVERY & McMILLAN,
51-53 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.
—ALL KINDS OF—

MACHINERY

Reliable Frick Engines, Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.

BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH.

Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors. Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Circuit Clerk

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., JUNE 2, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 40

PARKER IS ENDORSED

By the Democrats of Alabama for the Presidential Nomination.

AN UNINSTRUCTED DELEGATION

Is Sent to St. Louis—Mallory, Rhodes, Russell and Richardson Chosen.

Parker Indorsed.

Five hundred and nine democrats of Alabama forming the state convention were called to order Wednesday noon by State Committee Chairman H. S. D. Mallory in the auditorium of the Montgomery city hall.

He announced as temporary chairman H. B. Gray, of Jefferson, and for temporary secretaries Mr. W. W. Brandon, of Tuscaloosa, and R. E. L. Neil, of Selma.

The committee on permanent organization reported, offering the name of C. C. Whitson, of Talladega, for permanent chairman and W. W. Brandon and R. E. L. Neil, of Dallas, as permanent secretaries.

The resolutions adopted declare Judge Alton B. Parker an acceptable candidate for the presidential nomination.

The delegation is not instructed, but the convention provided that they shall vote as a unit according to the will of a majority of the delegation.

Major W. W. Screws, of Montgomery, withdrew his name as a candidate for delegate at large. He said that he believed that it was to the best interest of the party that he come down and when that was the case he never hesitated. There were cries of "stay in the race."

The first ballot for delegates at large resulted: Rhodes, 379; Russell, 486; Mallory, 497; Richardson, 334; Sanford, 154; Screws, 187. Rhodes, Russell, Mallory and Richardson were declared elected.

The electors and alternates selected are as follows:

First District—Elector, E. B. McCarty, Marengo; alternate, C. J. Coulter, Washington.

Second District—Elector, S. C. Jackson, Baldwin; alternate, N. R. Leigh, Escambia.

Third District—Elector, E. L. Blue, Bullock; alternate, Thomas J. Carlisle, Coffee.

Fourth District—Elector, W. B. Brown, Shelby; alternate, W. L. McCaa, Calhoun.

Fifth District—Elector, J. W. Overton, Randolph; alternate, George A. Smith, Elmore.

Sixth District—Elector, W. C. Davis, Walker; alternate, A. M. Willett, Pickens.

Seventh District—Elector, J. R. Rosson, Cullman; W. J. Boykin, Etowah.

Eighth District—Elector, W. B. Bankhead, Madison; alternate, C. M. Sherrod, Lawrence.

Ninth District—Elector, G. W. Darden, Blount; alternate, O. A. Lane, Jefferson.

Selection of electors at large was taken up. Taylor, of Mobile, nominated Richmond P. Hobson. Samford, of Pike, was named by Congressman Clayton and Long, of Walker, by State Auditor Sowell. They received the following vote on call of counties: Hobson, 391; Long, 260; Samford, 365.

Inge of Mobile, Whiteside of Calhoun, Burnett of Conecuh, and Lynn of Morgan, were named alternates.

Foster Elsbery, of Geneva, and C. P. Walker, of Conecuh, were named alternate electors at large.

Delegate Powell, of Butler, offered an amendment that the word "white" be inserted before the word population in the platform relating to representation. A motion to table carried, 350 to 146.

As a testimonial to the honesty of postoffice clerks, a single dollar bearing a 2-cent stamp on one side and an address on the other was received in the Huntsville postoffice from the postoffice at Manila, P. I. The money was probably handled by a dozen clerks and may very easily have been lost or stolen.

Insane Juror Drawn Twice.

The trial of Shug Huffman for the murder of Deputy Marshal Holsonback, was abrutly ended by one of the jurors developing symptoms of insanity.

Juror Caine during the trial requested an audience with the judge and told Judge Jones that two of the jurors had conspired to kill him. Caine was immediately examined, pronounced incompetent and a mistrial was entered. Huffman's former trial was interrupted eighteen months ago in the same manner.

It is again reported that the Acre territory dispute between Brazil and Peru has been settled.

Alabama Prisoners.

Between sixteen and seventeen hundred tons of coal are now being mined a day by the convicts of Alabama at Pratt Mines and Flat Top.

This brings to the treasury about $1,000 every twenty-four hours and represents an income to the state from seven hundred men at these two mines of $26,000 a month or $312,000 a year.

Birmingham is to have two new Catholic churches.

THE PLATFORM.

As It Was Adopted by the Convention.

Resolved, That, having full confidence in the wisdom of the national convention of the democratic party to be held in St. Louis and its ability to adopt a sound platform based on the time-honored principles of the party upon which all can unite and win a sure victory in November, we hereby remit to that convention all questions relating to national affairs.

Resolved further, That we do, however, emphatically protest against the methods of the present chief executive of the United States in defying the laws of the land in setting up his diseretion in opposition to explicit provision of national statutes and arrogating to himself legislative functions. We condemn imperialism in either the executive or legislative departments of the government, and especially condemn the flagrant usurpation of power to which this country has been treated in recent years and the corruption and extravagance of the present national republican administration.

Resolved further, That, while this convention does not instruct the delegation from Alabama to the coming national convention to be held at St. Louis as to the candidates for whom its vote shall be cast at such convention, but prefers to leave the delegation free to cast its vote therefor as a unit, as a majority thereof may then decide with the lights then before them, yet we, the democrats of Alabama, in convention assembled, considering the situation as it is now before us, do hereby declare that, recognizing his eminent fitness for the place and his exalted character as a man, we believe Judge Alton Brooks Parker, of New York, is the most available and acceptable candidate of our party for the presidency and that the sentiment of the democracy of this state is favorable to his nomination.

Resolved further, That the vote of the Alabama delegation to the coming national democratic convention to be held at St. Louis be cast as a unit as may be decided by a majority thereof on all questions submitted to the convention.

Resolved further, That the last legislature has adopted an honest and satisfactory primary and general election law and has also carried into effect the various provisions of the new constitution, thereby fully redeeming all pledges of our party and preserving white supremacy by lawful and constitutional methods.

Resolved further, That the state executive committee is instructed to fix the representation for all future conventions on a basis of a population of the next preceding federal census allowing one delegate for each 3,000 population and one for each majority or fraction thereof.

ACQUITTED.

J. Perry Greene, Accused of Embezzlement, Declared Not Guilty.

One ballot only was taken by the jury which tried J. Perry Greene at Columbus, Ga. Mr. Greene, who was formerly of Birmingham, is one of the most prominent young men of the city. A charge of embezzlement was brought by President John F. Weathers, of the Columbus Showcase Company, for whom Mr. Greene had worked as bookkeeper during 1903, it being alleged that he took $1,300 of the company's money and then made the books balance by making false entries.

The defense was sensational, Greene charging that President Weathers himself had been systematically robbing the company, and that he tried to make a scapegoat of the bookkeeper. Greene talked to the jury an hour and a half and made a dramatic assertion of his innocence and an equally dramatic accusation of President Weathers, who sat a few feet from him.

Dalny Evacuated.

Dalny has been practically evacuated according to the statements of refugees. All vessels, ammunition and most of the troops have been taken to Port Arthur. The only civilians remaining are the electrical engineers in charge of the mines laid in the harbor, and also those set to destroy docks and piers

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BURNED TO DEATH,

But There are Suspicious Circumstances Attendant.

A special from Paines, Miss., says: "Jerome Bufford, a merchant, was burned to death in a fire which destroyed his place of business. A peculiar feature of the case, and one which has aroused suspicion of foul play, was the finding of a bag of silver coin and some valuable papers of Bufford's near the site of the store."

Railway earnings thus far reported for May, fall 3.7 short of the same time last year.

Will be Dedicated June 7th.

Tuesday, June 7th, has been designed as the time for dedicating the Alabama exhibit in the mines building, including the statue of Vulcan. A program is being arranged. It is intended to have the Colossus christened by a young lady from Alabama with proper ceremony, and it is expected that a large number of Alabamians will be present.

Faunsdale's new bank building is nearing completion.

ON TO PORT ARTHUR

The Japanese Propose to Make a Combined Military and Naval Attack upon It.

JAPS CAPTURE RUSSIAN SCOUTS.

There Have Been Small Engagements Japan Accused of Using Floating Mines.

The main object of the Japanese campaign has been Port Arthur and once that fortress is in their hands, unless an exceedingly favorable opportunity offers to attack Kuropatkin, the Japanese plan is simply to make their tenure secure and force the Russian commander to assume the offense. Moreover, there is information to the effect that the Japanese propose to storm Port Arthur with the briefest possible delay, after having first closed the harbor to render the egress of the Russian ships impossible at the last moment, thus forcing the Russians to destroy them without subjecting the Japanese to the inevitable losses which must occur if the Russian squadron gets out for a last fight before going to the bottom. The previous repeated efforts of the Japanese to "cork" the harbor have been as much with the view of this ultimate situation as for protecting landings.

The admiralty denies the report of the loss of two Russian torpedo destroyers, while laying mines which destroyed the battleship Hatsuse.

A naval attache of Russia declares that the Japanese used "driving mines" bunching them to drift below the surface and thus causing the loss of the Russian battleship Petropavolovsk.

A typhoon prevails, which hinders the Japanese from landing operations and heavy rains are spoiling the roads.

The Russians, it is reported, have captured a Japanese convoy.

The Russians have abandoned Chen-Ko-Chen-Pau, Huang-Shan and Liu-sent east of Chen-shrdluetaoinshrdlnu Shu-Tun. No Russians have been sent east of Chen-Ko-Chen-Pau.

General Nakamuras' detachment, who occupied Liao-Shu-Tun Friday, captured four Russian guns.

DISPATCHES INTERCEPTED

Show Heavy Russian Losses Never Before Known.

Correspondence intercepted by the Japanese at the blockade of Port Arthur give the information that some Russian torpedo boat destroyers have been sunk by mines outside of Port Arthur, as well as details of the placing by the Russians of the mines which effected the destruction of the Japanese battleship Hatsuse on May 15th.

Commander Honda, who commanded the fireship Totomi in the successful sealing of Port Arthur, and the entire crew of the Totomi were deafened by their experience. The explosions and awful cannonade ruptured the tymphanums of their ears.

Kansas River Up.

At Topeka, Kans., the Kaw river is eighteen feet above low water mark. The run of driftwood has been very heavy and the Rock Island railroad people were busy dislodging the accumulation at their bridge with dynamite. Notwithstanding these efforts the greater portion of the false work of this bridge, which is being reconstructed, went out making the bridge unsafe for traffic. The street railway bridge also was knocked out of alignment, making the passage of cars impossible.

Crazed by rheumatic pains, Gustav Rolburg, of Chicago, 72 years old, endeavored to amputate his foot to relieve himself of pain. As the old man sat on the floor in his home and began his operation, his wife, helpless from paralysis, looked on from her chair within a few feet of him. Her screams attracted two policemen, who took the knife from Rolburg.

IROQUOIS THEATER

Denied a Permit to Rebuild by Commissioner Williams.

City Building Commissioner Williams Friday formally refused to grant a permit for reconstruction of the Iroquois theater in Chicago, in which hundreds of people perished by fire. Attorney Levy Mayer, counsel for the owners of the theatrical building, declared that the city will be forced by legal steps to issue the permit.

In Bessemer a number of robberies have taken place recently and in no case so far has any clew been left as to the identity of the thieves.

Fasted 57 Days.

Mrs. Rutherford, the woman who fasted fifty-seven days at her home near Getup, Ala., has recovered consciousness and is eating with an excellent appetite. Her condition had attracted great attention and as she was unconscious and nothing could be done for her, her death was expected soon. Mrs. Rutherford quietly awakened, her jaws relaxed and the first thing she called for was something to eat.

IS IT UNCONSTITUTIONAL?

The Lusk School Redistricting Bill Is So Declared.

It is stated that the Lusk redistricting bill is unconstitutional because the house passed one bill and the senate another.

The bill was passed by the house and went to the senate. The judiciary committee of the senate made a number of amendments and in addition to this amendments were added upon the floor. The amended bill was then passed by the senate and went back to the house. The bill was referred by the house to a conference committee and on the last night of the session this conference committee reported, recommending that the senate recede from two of its amendments. These amendments referred to the eighteenth circuit and the change of Morgan county from one circuit to another. This was the only report made and it was passed by the house. Thus the bill passed by the house and the bill passed by the senate were different.

Another source of information, says the conference report—or rather the report signed by a majority of the conference committee—also passed the senate. This majority report was signed by one member of the conference committee on the part of the senate and all three of the conferees on the part of the house. Two of the senate conferees submitted a minority report, which was voted down.

If the constitutionality of the bill is attacked as indicated, it is said that the question will be raised whether this majority report was a conference in the parliamentary acceptation of the term.

4600 COTTON BALES BURNED.

Fire in Montgomery Causes Loss of $380,000.

Fire in the Alabama Cotton and Storage Company, known as the Atlanta Compress Company, at Montgomery Sunday destroyed the building and 4600 bales of cotton. The loss on the cotton is $280,000 and the loss on the building $100,000. Insurance on the building was $65,000 and the cotton is practically covered.

It is not known how the fire started. Two weeks ago there were twice as many bales in the warehouse.

The blaze originated in the cordage department and spread rapidly. Between the plant proper and the warehouse, where was stored 4600 bales of cotton, was a parapet wall twenty feet high, built for fire protection. The flames leaped this wall and the warehouse was ignited. A strong wind was blowing at the time.

FIVE TO SEVEN PER CENT INCREASE

In Cotton Acreage Reported From Tennessee Valley.

A review of the condition of cotton in the Tennessee valley shows that the crop is two or three weeks late and that the season so far has been the most unfavorable in years. To begin with the weather at planting time and for two or three weeks thereafter was too cold. After warm weather set in there was no rain and the whole section is suffering from the drouth.

It is estimated that the increase in cotton acreage is from 5 to 7 per cent, as compared with last year. Cultivation is complete and the labor at hand is sufficient for the purpose.

Parsonage and Church Burned.

Fire at New Decatur Sunday night destroyed the parsonage of the Westminster Presbyterian church, causing a loss of $1,500. The church was also damaged to fully the same amount. The loss is partially covered by insurance. A negro servant turned a coal oil lamp over, which caused the blaze.

Accidental Shot Proved Fatal.

L. D. DeShazo, a grocer of Irondale, died from the effects of a rifle shot which he received Saturday afternoon. The man was shot in the stomach. Saturday afternoon DeShazo was moving his rifle and it was accidentally discharged, the bullet entering the stomach and ranging upward.

Killed His Wife While Drunk.

T. W. Walton, a prominent farmer living seven miles north of Jackson, Miss., shot and killed his wife. No motive is known, but the murderer was badly intoxicated. He is in jail.

Impaled on a Picket.

Joseph J. Vaiden, seven years of age, met death in a horrible maner at Montgomery. He fell while attempting to walk a fence, striking his right temple on one of the steel pickets and driving it to the base of his brain.

There are still 40 per cent of the exhibits intended for the St. Louis exposition not yet in place.

Lost Both Feet.

It is reported that Cous Webb, a white boy 16 years old, while attempting to catch a Frisco freight train passing through Cordova, had both of his feet cut off and one leg broken. The accident may prove fatal.

New School at Huntsville.

Professor A. B. Warwick, of Luray Va., is coming to Huntsville this week to establish a female academy. Efforts will be made to organize a company and build a first class school.

A WEEVIL DESTROYER

Quest by the Department of Agriculture Seems to Have Met wtih Success

FEEDS ON THE COTTON PEST.

Botanist Discovers an Ant in Guatemala Which is an Effective Enemy of the Cotton Pest.

The department of agriculture announces that an ant has been found in Guatemala that is an effective enemy of the boll weevil. It will be immediately introduced into the cotton states. The greatest significance is attached to the discovery, which was made by O. F. Cook, the botanist in charge of tropical agricultural investigations of the bureau of plant industry. Cabled instructions have been sent to him to report immediately to the department what assistance he needs in the way of men or money. During a trip through Central Asia last year Mr. Cook discovered a cotton grown by Indians which gave indications of being immune from the boll weevil, and on orders from the department he later began an investigation in certain points in Guatemala and Mexico.

Mr. Cook's investigations have been in more or less accessible regions in the province of Alta Vera Paz, Guatemala. The weevils are present there, but the investigations show they are unquestionably kept in check by the presence of an active enemy in the shape of a large reddish brown ant, which is attracted to the cotton by the food which it secures from sets of floral nectaries. Mr. Cook's investigations show that these ants spread themselves over a field of cotton, four or five to a plant, and that they are constantly engaged in the destruction of the boll weevils. Mr. Cook reports that the adroit and business-like way in which the weevil is disposed of seems to prove beyond a question that the ant is by structure and instinct especially equipped for the work of destruction, and is, in short, the true explanation of the fact that the cotton is successfully cultivated by the Indians of Alta Vera Paz in spite of the presence of the boll weevil.

The ant is able to protect itself against frost, since it excavates a nest three or more feet into the ground. Several have survived confinement for twelve days without food. Although cotton seems to be especially adapted to attract the ant by means of its numerous necessaries, the insect is not, like some of the members of its class, confined to a single plant or to a single kind of prey. It attacks and destroys insects of every order, even centipedes. On the other hand, it does not do the least injury to the cotton, or to any other plant, so far as has been ascertained, and it can be handled with impunity.

TOW BOAT EXPLODED

And Thirteen Persons Were Torn to Pieces—Others Fatally Injured.

The tow boat Fred Wilson, belonging to the Monongahela Coal and Coke Company, of Pittsburg, blew up at 3:30 o'clock near Louisville, Ky., and thirteen persons were killed, among them being Captain Price and Mate Sykes. One passenger, who is said to be a Pittsburg millionaire, is reported among the dead.

The cause of the accident is not known. The boat had just put about to back a tow into a landing place when the explosion occurred.

There were thirty-three persons on the vessel at the time and only seven were uninjured

Of the injured one has since died. The force of the explosion was so great that it shattered windows and awakened the occupants of houses in Louisville, four miles from the scene.

W. D. Chesterman, formerly editor of the Richmond, Va., Dispatch, died Sunday, aged 61.

Newport News has more warships in her waters than ever before.

HALF A MILLION DOLLAR FIRE

Visited the Wholesale District of New Orleans Sunday.

At New Orleans Sunday fire caused by electric light wires did about half a million dollars damage. The Louis P. Rice saddle factory, Comon and Mazazine streets; the Simonds Manufacturing Company and the Meig, Brady and Lincoln woodenware establishments were destroyed and others damaged.

The fire was in the heart of the wholesale district and was stopped short of two oil companies and several big drug establishments. Insurance $350,000.

The Pearl River Lumber Company, of Mississippi has provided a movable Y. M. C. A. building which can be lifted, like the other camp buildings, by great cranes onto flat cars and transported to the different points where the men are cutting.

In a report issued by the department of agriculture the physiologist in charge of the plant-breeding laboratory estimates that the production of long staple upland cotton in the United States in 1903 reached nearly 105,000 bales.

BOB WHITE

Declared a Valuable Bird by the Department of Agriculture.

Orinthologists of the department of agriculture have been making an investigation of the economic value of the Bob White, as a result of which it is now announced that that bird is probably the most useful and abundant of species on the farm. Field observations, experiments and examinations show that it consumes large quantities of weed seeds and destroys many of the worst insect pests with which farmers contend, and it does not injure grain, fruit or any other crop.

It is figured that from September 1 to April 30 annually in Virginia alone the total consumption of weed seed by Bob White amounts to 573 tons. Some of the pests which it habitually destroys, the report says, are the Mexican cotton boll weevil, the Chinese bug and the Rocky mountain locust.

CLAIMS AGAINST PANAMA.

Country Has Money to Pay Them and Many Are Filed.

All the claims which for one thing or another have been piling up in the state department for the last twenty years against the governments of Colombia and Panama promise to be brought out at an early date and presented for payment, the Panama treasury now being full.

A representative of L. Schepp & Co., the millionaire cocoanut dealers of New York, called at the department and presented a claim for $200,000. One of their vessels containing a cargo of cocoanuts was seized by the Colombian government in 1896 and detained so long that the fruit was spoiled. Captain J. L. Pearcy, of Nashville, Tenn., who was consul at Panama at that time, has filed with the department a statement bearing out the complaint of the claimants.

WALKER ON PANAMA.

Favors Nicaragua—Another Panama Treaty Necessary.

"I still believe," said Captain Walker, "that the Nicaragua route for an interocean canal is the only feasible one, that it can be built in less time and operated at less expense than a canal at Panama; if, in fact, a Panama canal can be built. In order to build this canal," continued Captain Walker, "it will be necessary for a new or additional treaty with Panama to be made in order that there may be included in the zone of operations the entire watershed of the Chagres river, and in all probability of all other rivers which have their source outside of the ten mile zone. The diversion of the waters of the Chagres is necessary in order that it may be ascertained whether a safe, impermeable foundation may be built for the dam at Bohio.

SHIMOSE POWDER.

It is a Terrific Explosive and the Japanese Possess the Secret.

Reports received from the far east dwell at length on the terrific power of the Japanese Shimose powder, the nature of which is an absolute secret. It is not used to propel the shot, but for bursting the charge of the army and navy shell. The result of the explosion has astounded the United States army observers. The heaviest armor-piercing shell with its small cavity is rent into countless thousands of sharp fragments which are hurled through the air with such force that they tear through the sides of an iron ship as would a projectile from a mechine gun. The Russian warships Variag and Korietz were found to be riddled deck and sides by fragments of these shells.

Col. Christopher C. Sheets Dead.

Colonel C. C. Sheets was found dead in bed at Decatur Friday morning. He had been in bad health for some time and had been unable to walk for several months. Colonel Sheats was a noted character of Alabama.

He was one of the members of the secession convention who voted against Alabama going out of the union. He was raised in Winston county and at one time was United States minister to Denmark. He was, shortly after the war, elected governor of the state, but was counted out.

Formerly he owned valuable property, but died a pauper. One of the handsomest residences in Decatur was his, but he willed it to his wife, who recently died and who obtained a divorce from him some time ago.

At Nashville, Tenn, a $100,000 chewing gum factory is to be built. At other points in the state new enterprises are proposed as follows: Chattanooga, $10,000 medicine factory; Knoxville, distillery, $30,000 coal company; Cornersville, $10,000 phosphate mining company; Lebanon, planing mill; Pulaski, hub factory; Glenraven, flour mill.

New industries for Alabama are: Huntsville, $150,000 oil mill and fertilizer factory; Evergreen, fertilizer factory, hardwood factory; Demopolis, laundry; Gadsden, $60,000 mining company.

The West Blocton High school closed for the term with a concert. This school has been run for a period of nine months, absolutely free to all patrons.

B. C. Crawford has been appointed postmaster at Maplesville, Chilton county, vice William F. Foster, removed.

BREVITIES BY WIRE.

Vulcan stands 56 feet in his sandals, and is the largest cast statue in the world. The one next in size is the cast bronze statue of Buddha in Tokio, Japan, which is 52 feet high and was built about one thousand years ago. The record shows that ten years were consumed in the building of the great Buddha, while it required only seven months to achieve the Birmingham colossus from the time the artist began his work to the completion of the statue in the mines building at St. Louis.

The annual meeting of the lot owners of the public cemetery of Cullman will be held at Kullman's hall on May 30th for the purpose of electing trustees. It is claimed that the present trustees received something like $900 from their predecessors; about $300 has been added to the treasury since. It is claimed that all this has been spent and an inlebtedness of $100 incurred. All this has created dissatisfaction and the reckoning will be demanded.

The catalogue of the Alabama Polytechnic institute for 1903 has been issued. The total enrollment for the year is 480, which is considerably the largest in the history of the college. Ten states and three foreign countries, Cuba, Nicaragua, British Honduras, and fifty-six counties in Alabama are represented. The total number of volumes in the library is over 18,000. Twelve scholarships averaging $150 apiece have been established by the alumni society.

Carload shipments of building paper have begun from Ensley, which mark another epoch in the industrial development of the city. The Barrett Manufacturing Company, which has been constructing a plant for the past eight months for the manufacture of roofing felt and building paper, have begun operations and are already shipping the product of the plant to various points in the country.

Under the annual readjustment of postmasters' salaries these changes in Alabama are announced: Increase, Demopolis, $1,800 to $1,900; Evergreen, $1,500 to $1,600; Florence, $2,100 to $2,200; Fort Payne, $1,000 to $1,100; Gadsden, $2,000 to $2,300; Greenville, $1,600 to $1,700; Jackson, $1,100 to $1,200; Jacksonville, $1,200 to $1,400; Lafayette, $1,200 to $1,300.

Unknown parties attempted to wreck the thirteen automobiles of the Birmingham Motor Club on the first tour Saturday evening on the Mount Pinson road by placing heavy rails across the road in a dark place where the road curved. A car driven by Dr. J. T. Harwell ran into the obstruction and was badly damaged. No one was hurt, however.

The contract for the building of the gymnasium of the Young Men's Christian Association at Birmingham was let to Allen J. Krebs & Company for $17,805. Work is to begin at once and it is hoped the structure will be completed by the end of the summer. This contract is only for roughing in, as the total cost will be $25,000.

The house journal is considerably larger than that of the previous session of the legislature. It numbers upward of 2,400 pages, while the journal of the previous session contains only 2,000 pages. The increase is due to the constitutional requirements as to notice and proof accompanying bills of a local nature.

Another confederate veteran has put forward the claim that he is the youngest survivor of the confederate army. W. E. Clutts, of Cluttsville, Madison county, enlisted in Company K, Forty-ninth Alabama, on November 15th, 1861, at the age of thirteen years and four months.

The final exercises of the Marion military institute last Thursday closed the most successful session in the history of the institution. The enrollment shows an increase of 25 per cent over last session and the attendance at finals 30 per cent.

The board of examiners of the state educational department has ruled that teachers holding unexpired third grade certificates may inclose such certificate in applying for second grade papers and have it relieve them of taking over the examinations of the third grade.

S. M. Howry has been appointed postmaster at Oxford.

Will Harkins shot and killed a negro named Willis Brewer in the mines of the Corona Coal and Iron Company at Corona. Mr. Harkins went to Jasper and surrendered himself to Sheriff Jack Moore. He was released on bond of $2,000. He claims self-defense.

A telephone line from Gadsden to Chattanooga and all eastern points, following the line of the Alabama Great Southern road, had been approved and work will commence soon. The new line will be rushed to early completion.

The postoffice at Kennedy was entered by burglars and about $75 worth of stamps were taken. There was no money left in the office.

The supreme court is in session for consideration of cases from the seventh division, composed of the counties of Calhoun, Cherokee, Clay, Cleburne, DeKalb, Etowah, Randolph, Shelby, St. Clair and Talladega.

The Louisville and Nashville railroad expects to run through trains from Birmingham, Bessemer and Ensley to Gadsden just as soon as the Altoona branch of the Louisville and Nashville is completed.

Judge Thomas G. Jones is to have a bullet removed from his shoulder.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Entered as second class matter, Apr. 13, 1904, at the postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., June 2, '04

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State.

For Chief Justice,
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM,

County:

Probate Judge,
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk,
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collector,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

Under populist administration the tax rate has nearly doubled in a few years.

The Methodist General Conference has again declared against card playing and dancing.

The populist administration should put two or three more unlawful tax levies upon the people of Shelby county.

The action of the Postmasters' Convention in Calera last Saturday does not please any great number of the rank and file Republicans.

The hyphenated baby was born at Calera last Saturday, but the Democrats will see that it is decently buried next November, for all time to come.

The best thing that could happen to this country would be a race suicide among the English sparrows. Of all the pestiferous things on the face of the earth they are it.

The Montgomery Advertiser seems to have the Birmingham Ledger in the nine hole. The insincerity of the Ledger on the delegates question is shown up in pretty good shape.

Put another illegal levy upon the people of Shelby county so the present administration can have a little more grease with which to run the county, and the people be durned.

Bryan says it will depend on who the Democrats nominate at their convention whether he will support him or not. Bryan should be the last man in the world to bolt the ticket.

Tax the people for road purposes, and then make an unlawful use of the money. That is a part of the record of the populist administration. It is a matter of record that such is the case.

The Postmasters' Convention, held in Calera last Saturday, filled up the gaps left in the populist ticket by nominating black and tan Republican candidates. The nomination is all they will get.

The populist administration spent about $700 of the people's money to pay freight upon and make an experimental demonstration with the good roads machinery. That was a Democratic trick, too, was it?

The property values in Shelby county have increased nearly one-half in the past few years, but notwithstanding this fact the tax rate has almost doubled. Under Democratic administrations the rate was only four mills, but the populists have pushed the rate up to seven mills.

Some postmasters of Shelby county dominated the so-called Republican convention held in Calera last Saturday. The distributors of Uncle Sam's mail in this county, a part of them at least, are apparently in the saddle now, but the people will take pleasure in unhorsing them next November.

Col. E. L. Russell, of Mobile, Col. R. N. Rhodes, of Birmingham, Col. H. S. D. Mallory, of Selma, and Judge William Richardson, of Huntsville, are the four delegates at large to the National Democratic Convention, named by the State Convention in Montgomery last week. The delegation goes to St. Louis uninstructed as to choice, but are instructed to vote as a unit. Two delegates from each congressional district were also named the Fourth district being represented by A. L. McLeod, of Dallas county, and F. B. Johnson, of Talladega. The elector of this district is Hon. W. B. Browne, of Columbiana, alternate W. L. McCaa, of Calhoun county. While the delegation to St Louis is unins ructed, yet the sentiment of the convention was for Parker. A game cock was adopted as the emblem of the Democratic party in Alabama, above which are to be the words, "White Supremacy," and underneath, the words "For the Right."

Senator Matt S. Quay, of Pennsylvania, died at his home in Beavers, Penn., last Saturday, from the effects of an attack of gastritis. The deceased man was one of the leaders of the Republican party, and the hold he had upon the Republicans of his State was a remarkable one. He had held public office at the hands of the people of his State for more than half a century.

SPECIAL TAXES, "NERVE," AND "GREASE."

The power of taxation, of all the powers given to the government is the most liable to be abused. The more "nerve" the powers-that-be can muster, the greater the abuse heaped upon the people. Notwithstanding for the past four years the tax gatherers have failed to collect from the railroads and other big corporations the special taxes, levied by virtue of the "nerve" of the present administration, they have had the "nerve" to extort it from we ordinary mortals —from YOU.

The trouble began in 1900, when, under the special road law, which stated in plain terms that the special tax therein authorized should be a part of that authorized by the Constitution to be levied for county purposes (which was one-half of one per cent, on the value of property), the present administration, notwithstanding this plain limitation, by sheer "nerve" levied a combined general and special road tax of three fifths of one per cent., or ten cents on the hundred dollars in excess of the constitutional limit. The railroads, and some others of the big corporations, declined to pay the excess, or paid under protest, litigated with the county, and won. There was no rebate to YOU, who, unsuspecting, paid without legal protest. This was an exhibition of "nerve" on the part of the present administration, for which you paid ten cents on the hundred dollars of your property, while the railroads saw the show complimentary, or on a "greasy" pass.

In 1901 we had the second exhibition of "nerve," but with a new feature. Like all second performances, "an entirely new programme" was advertised, and the administration said, with a great deal of nerve, that, in addition to a general tax of three mills, and special road tax of 2 mills —making the constitutional limit— "it is furthur ordered that a special tax of one mill on each dollar's worth of taxable property be, and the same is hereby levied, to build bridges and causeways in said county." We are aware that the constitution authorized the levy of special taxes, in addition to one-half of one per cent, for the purpose of paying debts created for building bridges; but it has nothing to say of "causeways" as a favored object; and hence it appears that if the "Democratic railroad attorneys" had mopped the administration all over with "grease," it would not have slid more easily into the hole. Again the railroads and other corporations resisted; but the "nerve" pulled another ten cents on the hundred dollars out of YOUR pockets, just the same.

In 1902, the programme was again varied. We were assessed 30 cents on the hundred dollars for county purposes, 20 cents for road purposes, and 10 cents on the hundred dollars to build certain particular bridges, of certain particular values, namely: one at Laney's Ford, across Cahaba River, to cost $3,300.00; one across Camp Branch, on Calera Road, to cost $228.00; one approach to the Iron Bridge over Waxahatchie, at Shrader's Ford, to cost $240.00, and Bridge across Yellow Leaf Creek, on Harpersville Road, to cost $150.00 and Bridge near Wilton, on Montevallo and Wilton Road, to cost $300.00 and one across Buck Creek, near Pelham, to cost $150.00, and to build in conjunction with Jefferson County, a bridge across Little Cahaba River, near its mouth, to cost $3,200.00. It did not appear that any debts had been created, or contracts let for such bridges, and hence the "nerve" ran up against the third refusal of the railroads and big corporations: but the administration brought another ten cents on the hundred dollars out of YOUR pants, the same as if it had been "greased."

There was the usual change of programme for 1903. We are given fifty cents on the hundred dollars for County purposes, NOTHING for roads, and twenty cents on the hundred dollars "to build balance on Steel Bridge on Cahaba River, at Laney's Ford, $3,250.00 (by which it seems that $50.00 of the money raised from the levy of the previous year was generously expended toward the object for which it had been collected); Steel Bridge across Cahaba River, at Parker's Mill, $2,800.00 (this is a mythical bridge); Bridge across Beaver Dam Creek, on Montevallo Road, $200.00; Bridge across Yellow Leaf Creek, on Morgan Mill Road, $360.00; Bridge across Spring Creek, on R. F. D. No. 1, $200.00; Bridge across Back Creek at Helena, $150.00; Bridge across Yellow Leaf Creek on Pumpkin Swamp Road, known as Walden Bridge, $200.00; Bridge across Beeswax Creek, on Montgomery Road, $280.00; Bridge across Four Mile Creek, near Blue Springs Church, $100.00."

These bridges, it seems, except the one at Laney's Ford, upon which we are informed that there was a slight (?) balance due, were all in the air, supported only by the "nerve" of the administration, when the levy was made. So the railroads and big corporations again failed to respond to the "nerve" of the administration. Yet, YOU, poor taxpayer, came across with a double dose of "nerve" tonic, and plunked down your twenty cents on the hundred dollars.

Records, my dear Advocate; not mere assertions.

To summarize: The railroads, and other protesting corporations, have, during the four years, saved to themselves, 50 cents on the hundred dollars, and YOU have been held up for a like amount—enough to have paid an entire year's tax, for all purposes, under Democratic administration, with some to spare. Verily, it is not in "nerve" that the present administration is lacking; but in justice, fairness, and good common sense. It was Vanderbilt who had nerve to exclaim: "The people be damned!" and it is this same species of "nerve" the present County administration displays, and glories in.

THE POPULIST RECORD.

Misleads the People.

The Sentinel says the Democrats when they were in power made the railroads pay their road taxes. The fact are the Democrats never collected any road tax at all, and they never did anything else in the interest of the people.—Advocate

This is another willful misrepresentation on the part of the Advocate. The Sentinel has never said the Democrats made the railroads pay the road taxes. It has said, and reiterates, that the Democrats collected all the taxes levied against the railroads. This is another little story like the one the Advocate tells about the Democratic administrations paying a county officer $25.00 more than the law allowed. The fact of the matter is; not until the legislature of 1898-9 was there a law made for collectiong a road tax which was after the Democrats had gone out of power. The populist administration then fixed an unlawful levy upon the taxpayers and made them pay it, the railroads excepted. The courts said the levy was illegal therefore the railroads did not pay it. The Sentinel claims, and the tax books will substantiate the assertion, that all taxes levied against the railroads under Democratic administration were paid without any litigation. The populists, however, tried to compel the railroads to pay an unlawful levy they had placed upon the taxpayers of the county by bringing suit in the courts; a decision was given in favor of the railroads and the taxpayers had a big bill of costs to pay, the result of this experimental administration of the populists. Thus the taxpayers of Shelby county (the railroads excepted) had not only to pay illegal tax levies administered by the populists, but must foot the bill of a lawsuit instituted by the populist administration that said administration had no idea whatever could be collected. The Sentinel repeats: the Democratic administrations collected all taxes levied against the railroads, and without litigation, while on the other hand the populists have failed in every instance to collect the illegal levies placed upon the railroads, but which the other taxpayers of the county had to pay. That's the kind of fair dealing the populist administation has given the taxpayers of this county. Great, isn't it?

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What the Populists Did.

Contrary to expressed law the populist administration mulcted (deprived or took away) more than $7,000 from the road fund of Shelby county, and used it for other purposes contrary to law. Read what Section 17 of the road law approved in December, 1898, says;

"Be it further enacted, That the Court of County Commissioners of said counties shall levy a special tax of not less than one-tenth, or more than one-fifth of one per cent. on all taxable property of St. Clair, Cherokee, Franklin and Shelby counties, to be assessed and collected as other taxes, and when paid into the treasury, it shall be kept separate from other funds and used only for the purpose indicated in this act, which special tax shall be a part of that which is authorized by the Constitution for county purposes."

The Sentinel charges that the populist administration, with brazen usurpation of law, transferred more than $7,000 from the road fund and used is for other purposes than is prescribed by law for its use. What was the result: Last October when the grand jury made its report there was found in the road fund only $2.09, when there should have been nearly $8,000, State Examiner Gorman's report on the condition of Shelby county at that time goes into that mater fully, and it shows up the popalist administration in a very unenviable light. The people of Shelby county are taxed for road purposes, and the law expressly says the money thus raised shall be kept separate and apart from other funds, and used ONLY for that purpose. But the populist administration over-rides the law, puts its hands into the road fund (the pockets of the people) and takes therefrom more than $7,000 and applies it to paying debts contracted by its extravagance. State Examiner Gorman said Treasurer Carden owed Shelby county more than $7,000. Who is to pay it? The county treasurer, or must the people of the county again be assessed to replace in the road fund $7,000 unlawfully taken therefrom by the populist administration? It's a debt the county owes, and a debt brought about by the populist leaders who have shown in the above transaction that law cuts no figure with them. Do the taxpayers like that kind of administration of affairs? This is not just an "assertion" of The Sentinel, but is a matter of law and record. And yet, notwithstanding such a high-handed proceeding as mulcting the taxpayers of the money in the road fund, and for which they were especially taxed, and which statutory law says shall be used for no other purpose, the populist administration says it is proud of its record. Well, that pride will take a fall in November which will jar the vertebrae of the whole caboodle. And it will be administered by a people whose confidence has been most outrageously abused. A Democratic David, behind whom stand the people of Shelby county, will interpret the handwriting now on the wall, and in which is read the doom of an administration that has proven itself so incompetent and unworthy, and which has the effrontery to say it is proud of what it has done.

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A Little More History.

In 1901, a tax of one mill on each dollar's worth of taxable property was levied to build "bridges and causeways" in Shelby county. Here's an opportunity for the taxpayers to do a little more figuring.

In 1902, the Commissioners' court decided it had best specify what particular bridges the levy of 1902 was for. Among others is the following (extract from Commissioners' minutes):

"One at Caney's Ford across Cahaba River, to cost $3,300 * * * and to build in conjunction with Jefferson county, a bridge across the Little Cahaba River, near its mouth, to cost $3,200."

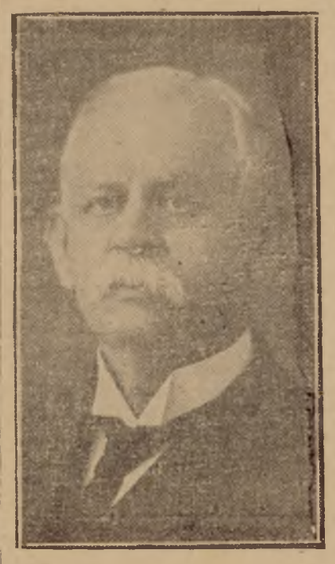
Some of the money from the levy must have gone the way of the bridge fund, for when we come down to 1903, we find the following (extract from Commissioners' minutes):

"* * * and that a levy of 2 mills on each dollar's worth of taxable property be and same is hereby levied to build the following bridges: BALANCE on steel bridge across Cahaba River at Laney's Ford $2,250.00; steel bridge across Cahaba River at Parker's Mill, $2,800.00."

Here are two levies aggregating $5,050.00 to pay for a bridge which the order making the levy says "to cost $3,300." One of the Commissioners informs The Sentinel that to the original cost of $3,300 was added about $800 with which to build approaches to the bridge, making a total cost of about $4,100. To pay this amount the taxpayers of Shelby county have coughed up $6,550. The records show it, and the figures prove it. In 1902 there is a levy of $3,300 for the Laney's Ford bridge across the Cahaba river, and in 1903 there is another levy of $3,250 for the same bridge a total of $6,550 for a bridge the cost of which, according to the minutes, was but $3,300.

Is it any wonder, in the light of such transactions as the above, that the tax rate in Shelby county is nearly double what it was under Democratic administrations, and that too, with an increase of nearly one-half in the taxable values in the county?

Illegal tax levies, double tax rate, unlawful use of the money in the road fund. That's a record for you. Do you like it?



Major W. W. Screws.

At the annual meeting of the National Editorial Association in St. Louis last month, W. W. Screws was elected its president.

Major William Wallace Screws, President of The Advertiser Company and Editor-in-Chief of the Montgomery Advertiser, has been associated with that paper continuously since the close of the war between the States. Major Screws was born Feb. 24, 1839, in Barbour county, Ala. He was educated at the school in the village of Glennville, then Barbour, now Russell county, where he spent his life until he was 19 years of age. January 1st, 1858, Major Screws came to Montgomery to become a student in the law office of Watts, Judge and Jackson, and in the summer of 1859 he was admitted to the bar. He entered upon the practice of his profession with fair prospects of success, and was doing moderately well when the war broke out and during the next four years he was a soldier in the Confederate Army. He went with the first troops to Pensacola, Florida, and participated with them in the capture of the navy yard and forts except Fort Pickens. Afterwards he was connected with Hilliard's Legion. The infantry battalion of the Legion was thrown into the 59th and 60th regiment. In the former he was first lieutenant of Company E and was with his command in Virginia at the Appomattox surrender. Returning to Montgomery with the expectation of re-entering the practice of law, Major Screws was given a position on the editorial staff of The Advertiser. He has been constantly associated with that paper ever since, being part of the time sole owner. In 1878 and again in 1880 Major Screws was elected Secretary of State of Alabama. He declined to serve longer on the completion of his second term, although he could have easily secured the nomination without opposition. Major Screws has served as postmaster of Montgomery. He was one of the organizers of the Alabama Press Association and has served as president of that organization. Major Screws is in vigorous body and mental health. He still labors daily and incessantly on his editorial work, with which one-half of his life has been identified. He is sincere in his convictions, strong in his attachments and stands by his friends under any and all circumstances.

From Kingdon.

Some of the populists in this neck of the woods say that Judge McMillan had a special invitation to Bay Springs, but could not face what he had told on the crowd that is in office. The fact of the matter is, the populists advertised a joint discussion, when they knew that no arrangement had been made for a joint discussion.

The people who have the best interests of the county at heart do not want a recurrence of the scene that took place at Wilsonville some years ago when knives and pistols were drawn, and friend was arrayed against friend due to the teaching of the populist speakers.

It has been said that every one in the Kingdom neighborhood was going to vote for Longshore. That is the biggest mistake the pops here have ever made, for there are as good Democrats in the Kingdom neighborhood as there are anywhere in the county, But we are not doing any boasting—that is about all the pops can do.

I would like to ask by whom and by what authority was the freight paid on the good roads machinery? Who paid the Columbiana boys for their work while giving the said machinery a trial? Who paid for the coal that was used? Who paid for the work that was done on the 6th day of August, 1903? And above all, who made and signed the contract by which that road machinery was brought to Shelby county? These are some of the things that Judge Longshore has not told the taxpayers about.

The pops in office are sorely disappointed because the negro has been disfranchised, for before that was done they could take a box of cheroots and get two or three dozen negro votes. But now it is different.

The Democratic candidates are all good men, and especially so is D. R. McMillan, whom I know in person? The Democratic ticket will be elected next fall, and the Kingdom neighborhood will help to swell the majority.

OLD HEROD.

We have been shown a book by Simon Friedberger that is an interesting one, to us at least. It is a Code of the State of Georgia, and is over a hundred years old.

J. F. Pope was down from Wilsonville yesterday.

Dr. Oliver, of Calera, was in town yesterday.

The little Japs are surprising the world with their fighting qualities. The sympathy of the people as a rule is with the under dog, and in this fight Russia is the under dog but the sympathy is not forth-coming to an alarming degree.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN!

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

Notice to Old Confederate Soldiers.

The Pension Board of Shelby county will meet in the Court House in Columbiana on the 4th day of July, 1904 (Monday), to examine applicants for Pensions.

We earnestly insist that those who intend to make application to be sure to have their papers properly made out and signed as shown by the blanks. Present your application in person if possible when the Board opens, so that we can examine them and put them in proper shape.

The Board closes on the 14th day of July. You get blanks at Probate Judge's office.

A. T. ROWE.
S. H. GIST. Commissioners.

W. A. Gorman, of Vincent, spent a few hours in town Saturday.

Floyd Wilkins, of Gallion, spent Sunday with friends in Columbiana

Judge J. L. Peters visited with his children in Montevallo several days last week.

Several of Columbiana's young people spent Sunday afternoon at Shelby Springs.

J. H. Wilder, of Vincent, was in town yesterday a few hours.

C. C. Elliott and little son, of Vincent, were in town yesterday.

W. E Riddle, the next commissioner from this district, and Mr. Ray, of Wilsonville, were pleasant callers on The Sentinel yesterday.

George Taylor, a prominent farmer living near Wilsonville, died Tuesday night, and his funeral occurred from the Baptist church in that town yesterday afternoon and was largely attended. The deceased was about fifty years old and leaves a widow and a number of children to mourn his death. He enjoyed the respect of all who knew him, was a consistent christian, and his death is deeply deplored by a large circle of friends.

Special Notice to Teachers.

Advanced students and experienced canvassers. Pleasant employment with good pay. Call on or address,

T. A. LEATHERS,
Columbiana, Ala.

Rear room up stairs, Liles Building, or National Hotel. 37-tf.

A Great SENSATION Near Court House

Columbiana, Ala.

Caused by the

Great Reduction

in prices of Drugs and Patent Medicines at the Drug Store of

J. H. MASON & CO.

They will save you money in everything in the Drug line, of which they have a very complete stock always fresh and the best the markets afford. If they haven't what you want they will get it on short notice and save you CASH. Call to see them; you will always be welcome. Remember the place,

J. H. MASON & CO.

W. P. HAMNER, Dentist. Is a partner in the above drug-store, and will be pleased to do your Dental work. Terms and prices to suit. He can always be found at Office or Drug Store. Work guaranteed. Patients within five or six miles of town will be waited upon at their homes if desired.

Have You Seen It?

That Wonderful Machine,

The Mahchine Which Does it Right.

No fuel required.
No tires are taken off.
No bolts taken out and tossed away.
No boring the fellow for new bolt holes!

The Schau

COLD-SET TIRE SETTER.

See it at the Blacksmith shop of

J. T. Barnett & Sons.

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

Dr. W. P. HAMNER
DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM. : : : : : : : : ALA

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO, - - ALABAMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - ALA.

We Sell These.

You want the best. Are you ready for it this season?

We are prepared as never before to meet your wants in vehicles and harness. There's nothing superior to what we are showing, in taste, style and service. Absolute honesty in make and material. You will agree when we tell you

IT'S THE FAMOUS

Studebaker Line

WE CARRY.

No matter what you want—if it's a harness or something that runs on wheels, we've got it or will quickly get it.

Come in and figure with us. Everybody knows the place.

C. L. Meroney & Co.,
Montevallo, Ala.

P. S. The Studebaker nameplate on a vehicle is its guarantee. Don't forget this.

See Exhibit of Wagons and McCormick Mowers at Shriner's Cotton Ware House.

W. S. DuBOSE, M.D. C. T. ACKER, M.D
DRS. DuBOSE & ACKER
Offices Upstairs Liles Building.
COLUMBIANA, ... ALA.

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - - ALA.
Office upstairs in Bank Building.

W. B. BROWNE J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.

One of the
FINEST, FRESHEST
and NICEST
STOCKS of GROCERIES
Fruits, Candies, Cakes and Breakfast Foods in this section.

JULY FIRST
I will give away another of those
Handsome Dinner Sets
To One of Our Customers.
CALL FOR YOUR COUPONS.
J. R. WHITE.

ICE COLD DRINKS
OF EVERY KIND.
Fresh Vegetables,
Bicycles and Supplies.
Goods Delivered Free.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Rev. W. H. Sturdivant, of Bamford, was in town over Sunday.

Dr. and Mrs. Wm. C. Williams, of Shelby, were in town a few hours last Monday.

A little daughter of Prof. and Mrs. S. Dowell has been quite sick for several days.

The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call. Friday, from J. W. Garris, of Shelby.

J.S.Pitts and H.M.Norris attended the Republican convention in Calera last Saturday.

C. C. DuBose, after a week's work on the road writing insurance, came home last Saturday.

Pleas Shaw, of Montevallo, was in town Friday night on a mission connected with politics.

Miss Rossar Christian visited with relatives and friends in Shelby last Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. E. W. Burt, who was seriously injured one day last week, is reported as getting along nicely.

J. R. White was quite sick the fore part of this week, and was confined to his room for several days.

Capt. J. W. Johnston has been on the sick list for several days this week, but is better today.

Will, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Milner, who was very ill several days last week, is about well again.

The heavens opened and the rain descended in copious showers last Monday. It was a fine rain, and was needed.

George Mason, who is now on the road for a wholesale house, was in town over Sunday visiting with his family.

Mrs. I. W. Bailey returned to her home in Calera last Sunday after a short visit with her mother, Mrs. Weaver.

Before returning home from the World's Fair, Mrs. D. R. McMillan will visit with friends in Illinois for a short time.

Miss Eva, daughter of Mrs. A. F. Thompson and who has been very ill for some time, is reported as being much better.

Mrs. W. C. Williams, of Shelby, and Miss Loma Williams, of Woodlawn, were in Columbiana last Sunday visiting relatives.

Prof. S. J. Strock, who was at the head of Harpersville's excellent high school during the past session, was in town last Saturday.

Mrs. Max Lefkovits and little son returned from Bessemer last Friday, where they had been making a short visit with relatives

The all day singing at Summer Hill church last Sunday was well attended, and a delightful time is reported by those who were present.

H. Pearson, of Farmers, was in town last Friday, and left an hundred cents in The Sentinel's missionary box for another year's subscription.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Max Lefkovits has been quite sick for several days. However, he is reported as being better at this writing.

Quite a number from Columbiana attended the closing of the Shelby High School last Friday night. The program was an interesting one.

Postmaster Abercrombie attended the meeting of Republicans in Calera last Saturday. He is chairman of the Republican Executive Committee.

Miles Lawley, of Dogwood, was in town last Monday conferring with Supt. of Education; John B. Farrell, in relation to a school district in his neighborhood.

Miss Josephine Skaggs, a teacher in Macon, Ga., college died a few days ago, and the remains were brought to Talladega for burial. The deceased was a sister of Mrs. Jas. L. McConnaughy, of Montevallo.

J. T. Elliott, a farmer from near Montevallo, was in town last Thursday. Before leaving for his home he ordered The Sentinel sent to his address.

Much needed showers of rain fell Sunday night and Monday. The Sentinel learns that the south end of the county had a good rain at the same time.

J. O. Dorough, the populist nominee for county superintendent, was in town last Saturday on his way to Calera to attend the meeting of the Republican executive committee.

An epidemic of measles which has had Shelby in its clutches for some time past, is about ended, and for which the people of that prosperous town are correspondingly thankful.

Frank A. Church, who is in the employed of R. E. Bowdon at the Keystone Lime Works, was in town last Saturday. Mr. Church says he has a fine stand of cotton on his farm near Wilsonville.

A contractor by the name of Bynum, of Montgomery, was in Columbiana last Saturday to confer with the county officials in relation to the building of a new jail which is contemplated being built.

Hon. T. P. Johnson, mayor of Sylacauga, and E. D. Smith, of the same town, were in Columbiana last Friday. Mayor Johnson, was elected a delegate from this district to the Democratic national convention.

The people of Columbiana will be interested in knowing that H. E. Reynolds, of Centerville, formerly a resident of this city, is one of the delegates to the national Democratic convention from the Ninth district. He was elected without any opposition.

There came to the home of A. J. Johnson, in the Beeswax neighborhood, last Sunday, a 16-pound laddie who is just the image of his daddy. Mother and child are getting along nicely, and the father will recover his equilibrium in time. Congratulations.

Miss Lallage Longshore, who graduated from the Judson at Marion last week, has returned home. Miss Longshore is the accomplished daughter of Judge Longshore, and she is being congratulated on having finished with honors the course at the Judson.

Dr. Newman, who was assisting Rev. G. T. Harris in the protracted meeting at the Methodist church last week, was called home on Friday by illness in his family. Dr. Newman is one of those men whom all love after having once met him, and the sermons he preached were just what one would expect from so able a minister and good man.

A. J. Blackerby, a prominet farmer from near Weldon, was in town last Thursday, and while here honored The Sentinel with a call. He ordered this paper sent to his address, and paid a neat compliment to its neat appearance. Mr. Blackerby is just recovering from the effects of a broken leg and has to depend somewhat upon a cane in his walk.

Mrs. W. B. Browne and son Chester returned from Montgomery last Sunday, where they had been attending the commencement exercises of the Girls' High School of that city, and from which Miss Margaret Browne graduated last week with class honors. Miss Browne and sister, Miss Myra, will visit in Montgomery for a while before returning home.

Among those from Columbiana who attended the closing exercises of the Shelby High School last Friday night were W. W. Wallace, O. O. Bird and the Misses Fallaw and Quigley, Oscar Lawley and Miss Etta Robertson, Lon Nelson and the Misses Edna and Verna Hallmark, Ollie Tinney, Joe Page, Henry Robertson and George Campbell. They report a delightful time, and the program a most interesting one.

O. W. Cary, who was well known to the people of Shelby county, died in Brown's Infirmary, Birmingham, last Friday, and was buried in Montevallo last Saturday afternoon. The deceased was a native of Shelby county, we are told, and has lived in Montevallo most of his life time. He was about fifty years of age. His death was due to Bright's Disease. He was taken to Birmingham a few weeks ago, and an operation was performed upon him to see if he could be relieved. He did not survive the operation, and died as stated above. The sympathy of all is extended to his widow in her bereavement.

A fine vein of coal has been found on the farm of Capt. J. W. Johnston, and experts say it is equal to the famous Montevallo coal. The vein is said to be eight feet thick. Captain Johnston expects to visit the farm in a few days and says he will bring back samples of the black diamonds. He expects to make arrangements for developing the property some time during the summer. The coal discovery is just a half mile from the Southern railway.

Rev. Joseph Dunglinson, of Talladega, was in the city over Sunday and for several days this week. He preached at the Methodist church last Sunday morning one of the best sermons ever preached in Columbiana. He was here to preach a trial sermon with a view to accepting a call from the Presbyterian congregation of this city. He left a most favorable impression with all who heard him and it is to be hoped that he will become a resident of our town. He has gone to Calera to stay for a few days, and from there he will go to Montevallo, preaching there next Sunday.

Harry Roberts, who is playing ball with the Twin Decatur team, won the first game he played by a score of 8 to 1 against Bessemer. The Age-Herald, in an account of the game, refers to Mr. Roberts as "little Harry Roberts, the auburn haired Talladegian, was the star." We seriously object to Harry being called a Talladega boy for the simple reason that he is a Columbiana boy. "He was cool during all stages of the game," says the Age-Herald, "and was the same deliberate Harry when the last man for the Marvels filed out, as when he pitched the first ball. He let the Marvels down with five hits, most of these being mere scratches." All Columbiana people are interested in Harry's success as a ball player, and The Sentinel believes he will be heard from with some of the big league teams one of these times.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Haynes, who have been visiting their son; J. J. Haynes, for the past ten days, left last Thursday for Oxford where they will visit with relatives for a short time before returning to their home in Lineville. Mr. Haynes, sen., is seventy-four years old, but is strong and vigorous in his old age. The Sentinel acknowledges a very pleasant call from him during his stay here, and we enjoyed very much the little incidents he told of life in Alabama during the war. Mr. Haynes is an old ex-Confederate soldier, and was in General Wheeler's command.

A young man by the name of De. Shazo, whose parents live in Montevallo, was accidentally shot in Birmingham last Sunday and he is in a serious condition. There are fears that he will not recover. The Sentinel did not learn the particulars of the accident.

Jas. Milstead, who has been visiting his father, Rev. H. M. Milstead, for a short time, departed for his home in St. Louis Tuesday morning. Mr. Milstead is in the employ of a railroad company in that city, has a good situation and is drawing a good salary.

The particulars of a trouble into which a man of this county has gotten himself came to The Sentinel a day or two ago; but the trouble is enough for his family without publicity, and The Sentinel does not care to add to their grief.

The rain of last Monday was worth thousands of dollars to the farmers of Shelby county. Vegetation was getting into a sorry condition, and could not have withstood the drouth much longer.

Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Erlick will leave for St. Louis next Satuday night, joining an excursion party on the L. & N. as it passes through Calera. They will be gone about ten days.

The game of ball between the local fans and Creek Indians, of the Indian Territory, has been called off.

Oscar Lawley, of Birmingham, is spending a few days in town with his brother, Will R. Lawley.

Quite a number of Columbiana people are figuring on going to the World's Fair this month and next.

The Sentinel learns that a wedding is sceduled for Columbiana in the near future.

Have you taken a policy with the Shelby county division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia It is the cheapest, safest and best insurance offered today. It only cost the policy holders of Georgia last year $5 45 on $1,000. See
T. A Leathers, Agt.
Columbiana, Ala.

Vincent.

Lige McGraw, a well known old negro, died here a few days ago.

W. H. Kidd was a visitor at Commencement exercises of the Judson Institute last week.

Miss Hattie Davis recently returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Rawls, in Columbus.

Quite a number of our people attended the Baptist Rally at Macedonia church Sunday.

Rev. C. C. O'Neal, pastor of the Methodist church, spent several days in our midst last week.

Miss Nellie Kidd, who has been teaching in Pratt City High School, returned home last week.

Oscar McGraw and James Kidd, jr., are expected home from the University of Alabama this week.

Miss Ola Jennings, who is working at Easonville this season, visited home folks the first of the week.

Miss Edna Oden, of Childersburg, spent several days in our midst, the guest of Miss Marhna McGraw.

Miss Zada Davis attended the Commencement at the Central Female College, Tuscaloosa, last week.

Miss Minnie Reynolds, of Goodwater, was an attendent on the closing exercies of the Vincent High school.

Dr. E. P. Chandler was very much on the sick list last week, but we are pleased to note that he is convalescent.

Mrs. W. A. Brown, of Sylacauga, spent several days with home folks here, and took in the closing exercises of the school.

T. W. Elliott, of Easonville visited his father's family last week and was also one of the pleased spectators at the school exercises.

Mrs J. S. Pitts and Mrs. Henry Milner, of Columbiana, were among those attending the Commencement last week. Come again, ladies.

Misses Arnie Kidd, Emma and Hattie Bentley returned last Friday from Marion where they had been attending the Judson Institute this year.

Work has begun on the new school building again, and it is sincerely hoped that it will be completed ready for occupancy by the next session of our school.

Rev. O. P. Bentley, J. S. Falkner, J. M. Mundine, Misses Opal and Mary Kidd attended the session of the Coosa River Baptist Sunday School convention held with Winterboro church, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, and report a most delightful time. The next convention is to be held with the Vincent Sunday School.

The closing exercises of the Vincent High School has again evidenced the fact that we have some of the finest talent to be found anywhere in this beloved land of ours. It would require too much space and patience of your many readers to give a synopsis of the entire program of three nights. The first night (Monday) was given to the primary department, and it goes without saying that it was the best primary entertainment ever given here. The little folks did their part well. Tuesday night the Intermediate grade highly entertained the large audience assembled with dialogues and recitations. Then Wednesday night came the climax, when the pupils of the High School department held the hundreds of eager listeners, first spell-bound, then into rapturous applause and laughter. Every speech, declamation and dialogues was so very good that it would be difficult to determine just what was best. It would do credit to any town or city, and much of it would no for a traveling troup to put before the most fastidious audience. "Try It On," "The Peake Sisters," "The Texas Mother-in-Law," were among the best features. Words of praise for the excellent entertainment are heard on every hand, and the success of it is attributed to our proficient teachers, Prof. B. R. Richardson, Miss Kate Gormaf and Miss Zada Davis, as well as Miss Lula Reynolds who has been in charge of the music department. A stirring speech by Mayor A. W. Tucker on the new school building preceded the last night's entertainment.
"JOHN BILLIE."

Wilsonville.

L. B. Riddle went down to Calera Sunday.

A. G. Weldon, of Shelby, visited relatives here Sunday.

A new box has been made for the town well, also a new water trough.

C. J. Porter and family, of Jacksonville, are the guests of Mrs. McGowan.

F. E. Mason attended the Republican convention at Calera Saturday.

Mrs. L. B. Riddle visited relatives at Longview the latter part of the week.

Mrs. W. J. Tinney, of near Sterrett, visited relatives here the first of the week.

Leon Pope returned last week from Marion where he has been attending the M. M. I.

Amos Elliott and James Millstead, of your city, visited in town a short time Sunday.

F. M. Wilkins went down to Columbiana, Sunday, attracted by a fair face of course.

Talliaferro Taylor, of your city, is attending the bedside of his brother who is very sick here.

We have to mail our communications on Monday, so we can't get much news after Sunday.

R. N. Wilson is unable to work on account of a miss-stroke with a post adze, which made an ugly cut on his leg.

Neil Arnold and family, of Coosa county, are visiting Mrs. Arnold's parents Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Kimbrough.

J. M. Ray has his brickyard in operation. We are informed that the brick are to be used to build another brick store for J. F. Pope.

After being sick two weeks, we are again able to write. A fair friend of ours sent in the excellent letter last week; we would be glad to leave off any time for her to write.

E. Williamson, who has been agent and operator here for some time, has been promoted and is now agent at Talladega, and F. M. Wilkins, who has been agent at Gallion for some time, is again our agent here.

Why don't the good people in and around town meet and clean off the cemetery? Saplings are fifteen feet high, and bushes and briars are so thick that you can scarcely pass through. The present condition shows but little respect for the dead.

Why can't the town of Wilsonville have a decent school house? The dilapidated old building now is a disgrace to the town and a reproacher to the school. If the citizens only knew it, the best investment they can make for immediate returns is a good school building. Lack of accommodation is the only reason why this is not the best school in the county.

At a recent meeting of the city council, Prof. John W. Tumlin, of Edwardsville, was elected principal of the school here for the ensuing year, and Miss Maude Cornelius was re-elected as intermediate teacher. Prof. Tumlin is no stranger to us, having been employed here for some time as book-keeper for J. C. Jackson & Sons, which position he resigned two years ago to accept the principalship of the Edwardsville High School.

The Advocate a week or two ago, said the Commissioner's Court which made the illegal tax levy was composed of two Democrats and two Populists, an assertion which we dispute. Evidently the editors' recollection is bad and we will refresh thier memory a little. The fact is, the court was composed of three Populists, one Democrat and one Republican, and if he still can't remember we can name the members who composed the court. HONEST JOHN.

A Quiet Wedding.

Mr. S. L. Appleman and Mrs. Alice F. Thompson were married in Columbiana, Tuesday afternoon at 5:30, by the bedside of the bride's sick daughter, the Rev. G. T. Harris, officiating.

The bride is one of the most charming and deserving women in the Sunny Southland, and the friends she has in this city are legion.

Mr. Appleman is a stock farmer of Indiana, also representative of the Southern Historical Association, Atlanta, Ga.

The best wishes of all our people go with Mr. Appleman and the noble woman he has won for a wife. Mrs. Appleman will remain in Columbiana until the recovery of her little daughter.

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3276.

State of Alabama, } Notice is hereby given
Shelby County, } that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned, as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 21st day of April, 1901, by P. M. Abercrombie to the said, The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 359, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The south west quarter of the south west quarter of section eleven, township eighteen, south, range one east, (SW¼ of SW¼, sec. 11, tp 18, s. R 1 e.) containing forty (40) acres more or less, (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said, The Alabama State Land Company, the same having been excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No 3278 to said P. M. Abercrombie dated April 11th, 1901).

Said lands will be sold by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power. F. H. EATON, Sec.
The Alabama State Land Co
May 19th, 1904 39-56

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3455.

The State of Alabama. } Notice is hereby
Shelby County. } given that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned, as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 7th day of February, 1904, by John W. Wingo to said, The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 357, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The north west quarter of the south west quarter, section eleven, township eighteen, south, range one east, (NW¼ of SW¼, sec. 11, tp. 18 s. R 1 e.) containing forty (40) acres more or less, (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said, The Alabama State Land Co., the same having excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No, 3455 to said John W. Wingo dated January 24th, 1902.)

Said lands will be sold by virtue of a sale in said mortgage and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power.
F. H. EATON, Sec.
The Alabama State Land Co.
May 19th, 1904. 39-56.

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3543.

The State of Alabama. } Notice is hereby
Shelby County. } given that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 14th day of July, 1902, by B. Kindrick to said, The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 361, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The west half of the south east quarter of section seventeen, township eighteen south, range one east, (W½ of SE¼, sec 17, tp. 18, s., R. 1e.) containing eighty (80) acres more or less, (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said, The Alabama State Land Company, the same having been excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No. 3543 to said B. Kindrick dated July 9th, 1902. Said lands will be sold by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power. F. H. EATON, Sec
The Alabama State Land Co.
May 19th, 1904. 39-56.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

In pursuance of and in accordance with the terms and directions of a commission, issued and addressed to the undersigned by the Hon. A. P. Longshore, Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, bearing date the 24th day of May, 1904, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction in front of the court house door of said county in Columbiana, on Monday, the 27th day of June, 1904 at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The southeast fractional quarter, section 24 township 22, range 2, west; and the west half of the southwest quarter of fraction D, sec 19 towaship 22, range 1, west, being 124 3-100 acres more or less. Also lots C, D and E, sec 19, township 22, south, range 1 west, being 151 93-100 acres more or less. In all 275 acres more or less; which said land is to be sold under the decree of said court for the purpose of a division between and among the several joint owners thereof who are as follows, to-wit: Sarah A. Hyde, Jos. L. McGaughy, Sam'l F. McGaughy, Geo. W. McGaughy, John T. McGaughy, Ida C. Woolley, and the following named children of Martha L. Bradford, deceased, to-wit: Harrison, Samuel, Norman, Early and Ida Bradford, and Lucy McCutcheon (alias Lucy Gentry) and Ellen Ray.
May 25th, 1904. W. P. THOMAS.
39-51. Commissioner.

A MODEL
DRUG STORE . . .
(Conducted on a modern system.)

We carry all Patent Medicines sold in this section. Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco. Fine line of Stationery, in fact, everything that goes to make up a
First Class Drug Store.
Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins, Colgates Soaps, Extracts, and Toilet Articles.
Our Prescription Department
Is always in charge of a Pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of Pharmacy and years of experience.
J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$16,782.77	Capital Stock	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures	7,000.00	Deposits	52,639.61
Other Real Estate	3,000.00	Rediscounts	2,263.00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902 61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief:
W. L. FARLEY Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Co.
Land Titles, Abstracts of Titles, Titles Guaranteed,
Insurance, and a General Title Business
J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Alabama.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

HOLCOMBE & BOWDON,
Calera, Ala.
DEALERS IN
Groceries, Shoes, Hardware,
Furniture, Undertakers Goods,
Farming Implements,
Wagons and Buggies,
Feed Stuffs, All Kinds.

NOTICE.

E. A. Bentley, Deceased. } In the Probate Court of Shelby county, Alabama.
Estate of } This day came M. E. Bentley, administratrix of said estate, and filed her statement and report, setting forth that said estate is insolvent, and praying that it may be so decreed. It is ordered that the 13th day of June, 1904 be appointed as a day for hearing and determining the same, at which time all persons in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.
A. P. LONGSHORE
37-3t Judge of Probate.

Sick headache results from a disordered stomach and is quickly cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

Notice to Non-Resident Etc.

STATE OF ALABAMA, } PROBATE COURT
SHELBY COUNTY } of said County.
Estate of J. E. R. Davidson, deceased.
To C. J. Davidson a non-resident and all persons concerned:

This day came J. J. Davidson and Clara B. Davidson, administrators of said estate, and filed their application in due form and under oath praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate for the purpose of paying the debts of said estate and for distribution among the heirs. It is ordered by the Court that Monday the 13th day of June, 1904, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest, and especially C. J. Davidson who is shown to be a non-resident and whose place of residence is unknown, can appear and contest the same if they think proper. This the 27th day of April, 1904.
A. P. LONGSHORE.
Judge of Probate.
37-3t.

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

DOCTOR ADVOCATED OPERATION--- PE-RU-NA MADE KNIFE UNNECESSARY.

MRS. EVA BARTHO, 133 East 12th St., New York City, N. Y., writes: "I suffered for three years with leucorrhea and ulceration of the womb. The doctor advocated an operation which I dreaded very much, and strongly objected to go under it. Now I am a changed woman. Peruna cured me; it took nine bottles, but I felt so much improved I kept taking it, as I dreaded an operation so much. I am to-day in perfect health and have not felt so well for fifteen years."—Mrs. Eva Bartho.

MRS. EVA BARTHO.

Mrs. Senator Roach, of Lartmore, N. Dak.; Mrs. Senator Warren, of Cheyenne, Wyo.; Belva Lockwood and Mrs. General Longstreet, of Washington, D. C., are among the prominent ladies who indorse Peruna.

Miss Helen Rolof, Kaukauna, Wis., writes:

"Several times during the past two years o rmore my system has been greatly in need of a tonic, and at those times Peruna has been of great help in building up the system, restoring my appetite and securing restful sleep."—Helen Rolof.

Miss Muriel Armitage, 36 Greenwood Ave., Detroit, Mich., District Organizer of the Royal Templars of Temperance, writes as follows:

"I suffered for five years with uterine irregularities, which brought on hysteria and made me a physical wreck. I tried doctors from the different schools of medicine, but without any perceptible change in my condition. In my despair I called on an old nurse, who advised me to try Peruna, and promised good results if I would persist and take it regularly. I kept this up for six months, and steadily gained strength and health, and when I had used fifteen bottles I considered myself entirely cured. I am a grateful, happy woman to-day."—Miss Muriel Armitage.

Miss Lucy M. Riley, 33 Davenport St., Cleveland, Ohio, writes:

"I wish to add my indorsement to thousands of other women who have been cured through the use of Peruna. I suffered for five years with severe backache, and when wearied or worried in the least I had prolonged headache. I am now in perfect health, enjoy life and have neither an ache or pain, thanks to Peruna."—Lucy M. Riley.

It is no longer a question as to whether Peruna can be relied on to cure all such cases. During the many years in which Peruna has been put to test in all forms and stages of acute and chronic catarrh no one year has put this remedy to greater test than the past year.

If all the women who are suffering with any form of female weakness would write to Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, and give him a complete description of their symptoms and the peculiarities of their troubles, he will immediately reply with complete directions for treatment, free of charge.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

A Chicago woman advocates a dress reform for children. She thinks that little girls should be dressed like little boys until they reach the age of twelve.

In the last five years and a half the Standard Oil company has paid its stockholders $242,000,000 in dividends on a capitalization of $100,000,000.

PIMPLES

"I tried all kinds of blood remedies which failed to do me any good but I have found the right thing at last. My face was full of pimples and blackheads. After taking Cascarets they all left. I am continuing the use of them and recommending them to my friends. I feel fine when I rise in the morning. Hope to have a chance to recommend Cascarets."

Fred C. Witten, 76 Elm St., Newark, N. J.

Best For The Bowels

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 595

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

SLEEP

For Skin Tortured Babies and Rest For Tired Mothers

In Warm Baths with

Cuticura SOAP

And gentle anointings with CUTICURA Ointment, the great Skin Cure, and purest and sweetest of emollients. It means instant relief and refreshing sleep for tortured, disfigured, itching, and burning babies, and rest for tired, fretted mothers, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (In form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60). Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.

Send for "How to Cure Baby Humors."

Travelers in the Orient say that if a Chinaman undertakes a contract he will carry out its terms though it impoverish him. There is no trick he will not play to win his case where his word is not involved, but once let him give that word and you can bank on it that he will die rather than betray it. The Japanese are crafty business men. So long as they see profits in sight they will hold to a contract, but if there is a chance of losing Mr. Jap, in the majority of cases, will find some means to get under cover before the crash comes.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

---

The man who manages to keep out of debt, out of jail and out of politics is a little above the average.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample sent Free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

During courtship a girl is often unable to express her thoughts, but she makes up for lost time after marriage.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

---

Give a hungry man something to eat before handing him advice.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thomas Robbins, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

A chauffeur is a man who runs down pedestrians and runs up repair bills.

Advertising a Town.

The marvelous growth of Seattle, Wash, is credited mainly to newspaper publicity. The business men of that community raised a considerable sum to be expended for space in Eastern newspapers, and the returns were prompt and generous.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

People Must Be Told.

A writer on advertising says it is the aim of nearly every business concern to have a special and original feature. "But when such a specialty shall be found it must be advertised. No article can sell itself without the aid of advertising."

Feet Hurt,

Sweat, itch, blister? Royal Foot Wash cures them. Removes odors of feet, armpits, etc.; stops chafing. If not at druggists send 25c to Eaton Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga., for full size, postpaid; sample for 2c stamp. One application proves its merit. Money back if not satisfied.

A cubic foot of new fallen snow weighs five and a half pounds on the average and has twelve times the bulk of an equal weight of water.

Could You Use Any Kind of a Sewing Machine at Any Price?

If there is any price so low, any offer so liberal that you would think of accepting on trial a new high grade, drop cabinet or upright Minnesota, Singer, Wheeler & Wilson, Standard, White or New Home Sewing Machine, cut out and return this notice, and you will receive by return mail, postpaid, free of cost, the handsomest sewing machine catalogue ever published. It will name you prices on the Minnesota, Singer, Wheeler & Wilson, White, Standard and New Home sewing machines that will surprise you; we will make you a new and attractive proposition, a sewing machine offer that will astonish you.

If you can make any use of any sewing machine at any price, if any kind of an offer would interest you, don't fail to write us at once (be sure to cut out and return this special notice) and get our latest book, our latest offers, our new and most surprising proposition. Address

Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago.

If the average man had his life to live over again he would probably make more mistakes than ever.

JUST WOMAN'S WAY

EPISODES THAT ENLIVEN :: THE AUCTION ROOMS ::

WHY, good morning, my dear."

"Oh, good morning. Am I late? I've simply been rushed to death ever since breakfast."

"No. They haven't begun yet. You haven't missed a thing."

"Have you seen anything good this morning?"

"Oh, simply loads! A perfect dream of a highboy and a love of an old English cream and sugar set. Sheffield, you know. I think they almost match that pot I got in New Orleans six years ago."

"Why, how lovely. Oh, there's Mrs. Smithers."

"Yes, and yesterday she bid over me and took the Chippendale desk I've been waiting for ever since the sale began. I think it was rude of her."

"Perfectly horrid. I always did think she—why, how do you do, Mrs. Smithers? How well you are looking. I'm so glad to see you."

The three ladies kiss. That is always a sign that hostilities are imminent.

"Good gracious! There's that man again. He's a perfect brute. I'm not going to bid against him again. He simply waits till he knows I've reached my limit, and then he bids fifty cents more."

"Why don't you complain to the auctioneer?"

"I believe I will. Oh, just look at that old copper pot! Isn't it a dear?"

"A perfect love. I wonder if we have time to walk through again before the auction begins?"

"Yes, but we mustn't miss getting front seats. What are you looking for this morning, Mrs. Smithers?"

"Oh, nothing in particular. I just thought I'd drop in and see if I could pick up anything good. I believe I'll go back and sit down."

"I'm sure she's found something fine and has got the auctioneer to put it up. Let's hurry back."

"Ladies, the first thing I shall sell this morning is this fine specimen of old English ware. It was picked up by one of our agents in the County of Suffolk and originally came from one of the stately old homes of the English aristocracy. How much am I bid? One dollar? Do I hear two? If I see a hand raised I shall take it as a bid. Thank you, Mrs. Smithers. Two dollars? Two dollars for this beautiful specimen of early English ware from one of the stately seats of the British aristocracy? Why, ladies, it's as if you handed me a fifty cent piece and I handed you back a dollar. Two dollars! Two dollars, once. And a half, Mrs. Cary? And a half! Two and a half, once, two and a half, twice, two and a——, three. Thank you, Mrs. Smithers."

"There! I told you she was trying to play some underhand trick. And it's just what I needed to fill my set. Would you go any higher?"

"Oh, I think it's a perfect love. I believe I'd go $4."

"Mrs. Smithers bids $3 for this rare piece of pottery from the stately home of a belted earl. She bids $3. Do I hear the four? Mrs. Cary raises her hand. Mrs. Cary bids $4. Are you all through? Third and last call. S—s—. Thank you, Mr. Carter. Mr. Carter bids four and a half. Once, twice, three times. Sold to Mr. Carter for four and a half dollars."

"Oh, Mrs. Carey, I'm so sorry you didn't get that piece. You wanted it so badly."

"Oh, not at all. That's way I didn't go any higher, my dear."

"Any way, now that I look at it closely, I don't believe it's genuine, anyhow."

"Why, neither do I. It's a horrid shape, too. What do you suppose anybody could do with a thing like that? But isn't it just like a man?"

"Yes. They are so pigheaded."

"The next thing I shall offer for sale, ladies and gentlemen, is this exquisite highboy. It is a rare bit of colonial workmanship. Its original owner was one of the proud old Pilgrim Fathers, of Massachusetts. I have no doubt that this highboy was once among the household goods of Elder William Brewster. I am almost sure that it came over in the Mayflower. Why, ladies, the possession of this exquisite highboy is quite sufficient to qualify one for membership in the Daughters of the American Revolution. And how much am I bid for this antique relic of old Puritan days in merry New England? Mr. Carter bids $10. Ten——"

"I think it's a horrid old piece, don't you? But if that man wants it let's all bid against him and pay him up for taking that beautiful old English set."

"Oh, good! Let's all do!"

"Mr. Carter bids $10. Do I hear the $20? Thank you. Mrs. Cary bids $20 for this unique and interesting specimen of the furniture of our forefathers. Twenty dollars! Twenty dollars! Mr. Carter bids twenty-five. Twenty-five! Twenty-five! Mrs. Smithers raises her hand. Mrs. Smithers bids thirty. Thirty dollars! Forty from Mr. Carter! Thank you, sir. Forty dollars, once, forty dollars, twice, forty——"

"Thank you, Mrs. Cary. Mrs. Cary bids $45. Forty-five, once, forty-five, twice, forty-five, three times—and sold to Mrs. Cary for $45."

"Oh, what on earth shall I do? I wouldn't have the thing for the world, and besides, I've spent twice my allowance already."

"Get up and let the man have it."

"Since the gentleman who bid against me seems so much disappointed, I'm willing to withdraw my bid and let him have it."

"Mr. Carter says he couldn't think of being so rude, Mrs. Cary. He is quite content that you should have it."

"Mrs. Smithers, you take it. Your house is so much large than mine."

"Oh, no! You keep it, my dear. I'm sure it's a good piece. I guess I won't wait any longer. Good morning."

"Good morning, my dear—the wretch! I honestly believe she is glad that I got it. And I paid three prices for it, too. I wish I could make her take the old thing."

"Just look at that man. I actually believe he is smiling."

"Did you ever see such a horrid looking person?"

"A perfectly brutal face."

"What shall I do with that old highboy? It's really a good piece, after all, though. Don't you think you could use it, my dear? It would look so well in your dining-room."

"I'm afraid not. I have to deny myself a great many things, you know. And, any how, I couldn't think of taking it away from you, dear."

"Well, I just thought your dining-room looked a trifle bare, that's all. There! That Carter man is going out. The very idea of his sitting there and letting us have that highboy, when he knew perfectly well that I was just bidding against him as a joke!"—Chicago Tribune.

SPECIALISTS IN ARCHITECTURE.

A Class of Workers Having Great Fame in England and Less Here.

Specialization has made great strides in the profession of architecture. Time was when a single architect with skilled assistants planned and designed buildings from cellar to roof, consulting an architectural engineer, perhaps, if the work was of such size and form as to involve serious engineering problems.

Then came the era of architectural firms. One member of such a firm would be specially skilled as a designer, the artist of the combination; another acquainted with materials and methods of construction, so that he was able to superintend the work of the contractors; a third good at specifications or perhaps specially rich in friends and able to deal with clients

Architectural firms in which men of various gifts participate are still numerous, but specialization has developed independent architects who are consulted by many firms upon special problems. There are men who do little or nothing but write specifications and others who are employed by many of their fellow architects in preparing the colored drawings intended to make unimaginative clients see how a building will look when completed. Architectural engineering is more than ever a profession in itself.

Meanwhile the architectural draughtsman has also had his development. English architects are surprised to find how large a share of important work in the offices of New York architects is left in the hands of so-called draughtsmen. These are often carefully educated young architects who hope sooner or later to set up independently or get into some established firm as junior partners. In some cases a draughtsman develops into a sort of managing clerk, just as some law clerks become the executive officers of important law firms.

Other draughtsmen are prized for the taste and skill in decorative design. Such men are sometimes employed to do a large part of a competitive design submitted for important buildings, public or private. However little the employing architect may have advised in this work, he and not the designer gets the credit, and the prize if it is successful.

New York has few such architects as have attracted special attention in England by methods unusual in this country. The English architects in question are men who work largely alone, having no partners and employing few draughtsmen. They do not seek to create a great business, but are content to build comparatively few houses. They do, however, place their individual mark not only upon the general design of the houses they build, but upon every detail. This method of work makes it impossible that they should intrust to hired draughtsmen a great variety of details such as in this country is done by draughtsmen.

This architect works almost purely as an artist, with jealous care that nothing shall go out from his office that he is not ready to father in all its important details.

Such architects do not earn great incomes, for the comparatively small volume of the business makes that impossible, but their fees for individual houses are relatively large, and only the well to do can employ them. Their work is known all over the British Isles and even in this country. The few American architects who work in this fashion attract less attention than like men in England.—New York Sun.

The Country Newspaper.

"The country newspaper is the most useful of all the agencies which stamp the impress of progress upon villages and inland cities. Without the aid of local newspapers towns are, as a rule, thriftless and dead. It is common for all great men to speak with contempt of local newspapers, but the village newspaper makes more great men out of less material—more bricks without straw—than any other factor in politics, and is the ladder on which men climb to local distinction as the beginning of wider fame. The advent of the local newspaper has always dated the increased thrift of the community The local newspaper is the life of the locality, and the measure of its support, as a rule, measures the advancement of people."—Niles (Mich.) Daily Star.

Strange Blooming of Flowers.

Last September a large part of the village of La Chausee-sur-Marne, France, was destroyed by fire and neighboring orchards were scorched. A month later many pear trees, the branches of which had been scorched, began to flower and were soon covered with blossoms as in the month of May. The same thing occurred with some lilac bushes that had been exposed to the heat of the conflagration without being seriously burned, and a few plum trees also broke into bloom. It was remarked that all the plants thus stimulated by the fire belonged to species which are accustomed to form their next year's buds in the month of August. These buds, feeling the fire, burst forth as if their destined time had come.—Youth's Companion.

Young women may avoid much sickness and pain, says Miss Alma Pratt, if they will only have faith in the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I feel it my duty to tell all young women how much **Lydia E. Pinkham's** wonderful **Vegetable Compound** has done for me. I was completely run down, unable to attend school, and did not care for any kind of society, but now I feel like a new person, and have gained seven pounds of flesh in three months.

"I recommend it to all young women who suffer from female weakness."—Miss Alma Pratt, Holly, Mich.

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO YOUNG GIRLS.

All young girls at this period of life are earnestly invited to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice; she has guided in a motherly way hundreds of young women; her advice is freely and cheerfully given, and her address is Lynn, Mass.

Judging from the letters she is receiving from so many young girls Mrs. Pinkham believes that our girls are often pushed altogether too near the limit of their endurance nowadays in our public schools and seminaries.

Nothing is allowed to interfere with studies, the girl must be pushed to the front and graduated with honor; often physical collapse follows, and it takes years to recover the lost vitality,—often it is never recovered.

A Young Chicago Girl Saved from Despair.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I wish to thank you for the help and benefit I have received through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills.** When I was about seventeen years old I suddenly seemed to lose my usual good health and vitality. Father said I studied too hard, but the doctor thought different and prescribed tonics, which I took by the quart without relief. Reading one day in the paper of Mrs. Pinkham's great cures, and finding the symptoms described answered mine, I decided I would give **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** a trial. I did not say a word to the doctor; I bought it myself, and took it according to directions regularly for two months, and I found that I gradually improved, and that all pains left me, and I was my old self once more.—Lillie E. Sinclair, 17 E. 22d St., Chicago Ill."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the one sure remedy to be relied upon at this important period in a young girl's life; with it she can go through with courage and safety the work she must accomplish, and fortify her physical well being so that her future life may be insured against sickness and suffering.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.

Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

STORE FRONTS

For all kinds and sizes of Store Buildings. We furnish all material entering into the construction of Store Fronts. Write us about your proposed building and state dimensions and style of front and we will send you, FREE OF CHARGE, an elegant Blue Print Plan, and quote you an extremely low price on one of our popular

Beautiful, Everlasting

Modern Store Fronts. We give you all the style of an elegant New York or Chicago store at moderate cost. Send for Catalogue.

SOUTHERN FOUNDRY CO., Owensboro, Kentucky

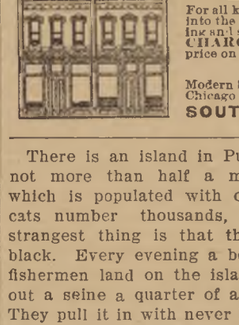
There is an island in Puget sound, not more than half a mile across, which is populated with cats. The cats number thousands, and the strangest thing is that they are all black. Every evening a boat load of fishermen land on the island and lay out a seine a quarter of a mile long. They pull it in with never less than a ton of fish, but next morning these fish are gone. The cats devour them all. These cats have been placed here by men who are supplying the market with women's muffs. Once a year there is a great round-up, and several thousand pussies lose their lives.

At Wading River, Long Island, a double wedding, believed to be without precedent, will take place. The Misses Gertrude and Viola Baldwin, sisters, will become, respectively, the wives of two brothers, Shirley and David Baldwin. The interest in the double wedding is increased by the fact that all the contracting parties bear the same name.

A bill has been introduced in Mexico's congress fixing the salary of the vice president of the republic at $18,000 per annum.

TIME TO ACT.

When the back aches and you are always tired out, depressed and nervous—when sleep is disturbed by pain and by urinary ills, it's time to act. The kidneys are sick. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys quickly and permanently. Here's proof:



Mrs. W. S. Marshall, R. F. D., No. 1, Dawson, Ga., says: "My husband's back and hips were so stiff and sore that he could not get up from a chair without help. I got him a box of Doan's Kidney Pills. He felt relief in three days. One box cured him."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Marshall will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by all dealers; price 50 cents per box.

MOORE & HANDLEY HARDWARE CO.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

We are Headquarters for

MACHINERY

OF ALL KINDS

Send for Catalogue and Prices.

Engines,	Saw Mills,
Boilers,	Corn Mills,
Pumps,	Hose,
Valves,	Belting,
Fittings,	Injectors,
Pipe,	Governors.

Wood and Iron Pulleys, Scales, Shafting, Shingle Machines, Planers, Circular Saws, Hay Presses, Etc., Etc.

LOW RATES

NASHVILLE & RETURN

Via..... Queen & Crescent Route Account

United Confederate Veterans' Reunion

Tickets on sale June 10th to 15th, good returning June 18th. Privilege of extension

For information address

A. B. FREEMAN, T. P. A. Birmingham

or

J. C. CONN, D. P. A. Chattanooga

It is estimated that Russia's war expenses will reach $200,000,000 per day before the end of the year.

THEY ARE STILL BUYING PIANOS

From the Frank G. Fite Stock of Pianos, Organs and Music Boxes.

BOUGHT BY THE E. E. FORBES PIANO COMPANY

One Hundred Dollars Saved on a Piano Even After Paying Freight.

The E. E. Forbes Piano sale continues to be a success not only so far as Birmingham is concerned, but throughout the state. The newspapers in every part of Alabama, Florida, Georgia and Mississippi have printed the news of the big purchase and the result has been that people from all over the South have written regarding the Pianos in this sale. What stamps the sale as a genuine money saver is the fact that seventy-five of these inquiries have resulted in sales. People have found upon receipt of our letters that the different makes of Pianos and the prices at which we offer them is generally about $100 less than the same Piano would cost in their home town after they have paid the freight from Birmingham. We made this statement in an advertisement last week and a "Doubting Thomas" in the south of the state went over to the freight office and ascertained the rate on Pianos and was honest enough to confess that on the Piano he wanted he could save even a little more than $100, besides paying the freight.

The people from various parts of the state can buy just as cheap as if they lived in Birmingham, as each Piano is plainly marked, and there are so many represented in this sale that there is little likelihood of any one wanting a certain make Piano without getting it. The great point of the sale is, that there are so many makes represented and all of them Pianos of national reputation. There is also represented in the sale a lot of new Pianos just received from the various factories. We contract for a very large number of Pianos the first of each year, so many to be taken each month, in order to get the extra additional large discount for buying large quantities, and as these Pianos have to be sold, we are naturally obliged to sell them at about $75 or $100 less than regular prices on account of the low prices that we are offering on similar instruments which we bought from the Frank G. Fite Piano Co.

If you contemplate buying a Piano within twelve months it will pay you to avail yourself of the present sale prices. It is not necessary to pay the entire amount at once, but a small cash payment and the rest on our easy long time payment system enables you to have the Piano now and pay for it during the latter part of the year and next spring.

If you are near any one of our Four Stores you will find some of these Pianos in each store, and you can see for yourself just how big bargains they are.

E. E. Forbes Piano Co.

FOUR STORES:

Birmingham Anniston

Montgomery Mobile

FREE to WOMEN

A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely Free and Postpaid, enough to prove the value of

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

Paxtine is in powder form to dissolve in water—non-poisonous and far superior to liquid antiseptics containing alcohol which irritates inflamed surfaces, and have no cleansing properties. The contents of every box makes more Antiseptic Solution—lasts longer—goes further—has more uses in the family and does more good than any antiseptic preparation you can buy.

The formula of a noted Boston physician, and used with great success as a Vaginal Wash, for Leucorrhœa, Pelvic Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Cuts, and all soreness of mucus membrane.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a Vaginal Wash we challenge the world to produce its equal for thoroughness. It is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

All leading druggists keep Paxtine; price, 50c. a box; if yours does not, send to us for it. Don't take a substitute—there is nothing like Paxtine.

Write for the Free Box of Paxtine to-day.

R. PAXTON CO., 7 Pope Bldg., Boston, Mass.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Ripans Tabules

Ripans Tabules are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in a single year. Constipation, heartburn, sick headache, dizziness, bad breath, sore throat and every illness arising from a disordered stomach are relieved or cured by Ripans Tabules. One will generally give relief within twenty minutes. The five cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion. All druggists sell them.

Am. 23, 1904.

Piso's Cure for CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 cts.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., JUNE 9, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 41

RUSSIAN VESSEL LOST

Something of the Military Operations by Both Armies in the Peninsula.

RED CROSS FUNDS ARE MISSING.

Japanese Fleet at Port Arthur is Surprised and Four Vessels are Sunk.

It is persistently reported that the Port Arthur squadron made a sortie shortly before dawn Saturday, with the torpedo boat destroyers leading, and found the Japanese fleet quite unsuspecting the presence of hostile warships, with the result that four of the Japanese ships were sunk during the attack.

The rumor is not given credence in some circles, for it is not believed Russian vessels are coaled.

The Russian gunboat Giliak was torpedoed and destroyed at Port Arthur Saturday.

Four thousand Russians belonging to General Stakelberg's brigade on May 31 attacked 1,500 Japanese occupying a position five miles south of Wafangtien. The Russians were repulsed, losing 200 killed and 400 wounded. The Japanese lost more than 100 killed.

General Kuroki has been suffering from a mild attack of typhus fever, but he has now recovered. The general belief is that General Kuropatkin will not advance to the relief of Port Arthur. In any case orders to do so have not yet been transmitted.

England has obtained from Japan in behalf of Russia assurances that the Japanese will not destroy seals in Bering sea during the war.

The Russians are printing a newspaper in Chinese at Mukden for the purpose of influencing the natives. The latest copy says that the Japanese attempted to float a second loan in America for $3,750,000, but were coldly rejected. Other contents of the paper explain that the Russian loss in the Yalu battle was due to the preponderance of the Japanese cavalry, and also says that the Russians will soon dictate peace terms in London, and that the leading Japanese statesmen will be reduced to ricksha coolies.

RIOT AT WORLD'S FAIR.

Bull Fight Was Stopped and Mob Burned the Building.

Incensed over their disappointment to see a genuine bull fight which the authorities had ordered stopped, a riot was started in an arena near the World's fair grounds by a crowd of 2500 men and boys, who were unable to get their money back, and the building was burned to the ground. Four men were placed under arrest charged with the destruction of property. The crowd thinking these men were connected with the show made an attempt to mob them, and in their encounter with the deputy sheriffs a number were roughly handled and some received scalp wounds. The building cost $25,000. It is a total loss with no insurance.

Lost a Hand.

Jim Hickson, a young railroad man of Pratt City, met with an accident which resulted in the loss of his right hand and other injuries. The young man was assisting in the switching of a train of loaded coal cars. In attempting to apply the brakes he lost his balance and fell between the cars to the ground. His body was caught underneath the moving train and dragged some distance before the engine could be brought to a stop. The other trainmen who witnessed the accident hastened to the unfortunate young man's rescue expecting to find only his mangled and lifeless body. They were surprised to find him alive and conscious. The right hand was so badly crushed as to necessitate amputation.

Killed by Falling Rock.

Wint E. Robison, a white miner in the employ of the Vulcan Coal Company, was fatally injured Saturday in the mine at Coal City. He was the victim of a loosened rock.

Robison had started through a crosscut in the mine to do some blasting and sat down to rest a few minutes. While in a sitting posture a rock jarred loose by dynamite a few hours before fell, striking Robison on the right leg and mashing him against the wall. His leg was broken and his back was injured, besides other internal injuries that hastened his death.

The Atlantic Coast line has under consideration extensive terminal improvements at Jacksonville, Fla., which will provide for the heavy traffic in phosphate, naval stores and lumber, which the company handles at that point.

Commercial failures in the United States during the month of May were 997 in number and $9,817,998 in amount of defaulted liabilities, which compares with 943 bankruptcies involving $12,314,206 in the corresponding month last year. Manufacturing failures numbered 245 against 217 a year ago.

Record admissions to the world's fair for the week ending Saturday, June 4th, aggregate 378,146. Last week showed the heaviest attendance of any at the fair.

MONTGOMERY JEWELER.

William Ludicus Committed Suicide Last Thursday.

Soaked in blood, with decomposition well advanced, the body of William Ludicus, a well-to-do Montgomery citizen, was discovered in his room. He killed himself with a pistol last Thursday afternoon. He was a dwarf being only a little over three feet tall.

Swarms of flies were passing in and out of the room through a back window and the transom, and nearly all that part of the building was permeated with a horrible odor. These caused the investigation that led to the discovery of the tragedy.

Thursday afternoon was heard a report like a pistol shot, but it was concluded it was only a torpedo on the tracks of the street car line near by.

He shot himself in the right temple, the ball entering into his brain.

Indications were profuse that the unfortunate man struggled considerably after the shot was fired. The most thorough investigation failed to reveal anything in the way of note or message explaining the deed. He amassed a fortune, on which he has lived for some time. His property consists of real estate and bank stock, much of the latter being in the Merchants' and Planters'-Farley National of Montgomery.

No reason can be conceived for the deed of self-destruction. Mr. Ludicus was cheerful when last seen on Thursday, and no one remembers that he seemed other than his usual self, either as the result of mental distress or the use of stimulant.

STABBING AT GIRARD.

Young Man Lacked Surgical Attention for Fifteen Hours.

In Girard Charles Edwards, a 19-year-old boy, was dangerously and possibly fatally stabbed. It is claimed that Reid Ballard, aged 15, did the cutting, and R. F. Jones, aged 16, held Edwards so the other could stab him. The two boys were arrested and placed in jail. Edwards claims that quite a number of young men attacked him. It was stated that the young man could not obtain medical assistance, the doctors refusing to go to the house for fear they would be summoned before court as witnesses, thus entailing loss of time.

A physician was secured for Edwards this afternoon, fifteen hours after he was cut, and he is now receiving medical attention.

JUDGE RANDOLPH BACK.

Supposed to be in Montgomery—Baggage is There.

It is reported that Frank Randolph, defaulting probate judge of Montgomery county, is in Montgomery somewhere, but he can not be located. Several trunks are at the depot marked "F. C. R." with baggage bill for them marked F. C. Randolph. Every place where he is likely to go has been searched, but he can not be found.

Randolph left Alabama in 1895, having been discovered short many thousands of dollars. He went to South America and in Honduras shot and killed a man, for which he was sent up for life. On strong efforts of United States officials he was pardoned. The state recovered money lost to it by entering suit for a legacy left by Randolph's uncle in Philadelphia. Mrs. Randolph recently entered suit for divorce, which is now pending.

Fatal Row with His Landlord.

William Tommie, formerly of Hokes Bluff, Etowah county, became involved in a row with his landlord, a Mr. Wills, when they came to blows several times during the day. At night when the men reached home the trouble was renewed, whereupon Red Tommie, a brother of William Tommie, knocked Mr. Wills down, who jumped up and shot at Red, the bullet plowing its way through his hair. Wills then shot at William Tommie, striking him in a vital point. After being shot Tommie ran into the house and secured a gun, and coming out fired at Wills and missed him. Tommie fell to the ground and expired without saying a word. Wills escaped to the woods and is still at large. Mr. Wills had returned home only a short while ago from the asylum.

Dead by Her Own Hand.

Miss Pearl Morgan, an attractive young lady of Alabama City, aged 19, committed suicide by taking an overdose of morphine.

All efforts to save her life failed, No cause is known for her rash act. She purchased the morphine Friday. She leaves a father and several brothers and sisters.

The 1904 meeting of the Alabama Educational Association is scheduled for June 14, 15 and 16 at Tuscaloosa. It will be the twenty-third annual session.

Murray Declines Kentucky Bishopric.

Rev. John G. Murray, former rector of the Church of the Advent of Birmingham and now rector of St. Michael's and All Angels' church of Baltimore, Md., has declined the bishopric of Kentucky to which he was recently elected by the diocesan council of that state.

Because of bad health Mrs. Stonewall Jackson will not be able to attend the United Confederate Veterans reunion at Nashville.

AN INFERNAL MACHINE

Sends Fifteen Colorado Miners to Their Doom. Reign of Terror Existing.

300 POUNDS OF DYNAMITE IN IT.

Exploded Under Station Where the Men Were Awaiting Train to Their Homes.

Fifteen men were killed by the explosion of an infernal machine at the railroad station in Independence, Colo., and several others were seriously injured. Eleven men were killed outright and one died later from his wounds. All the killed and injured with the exception of two men were non-union miners employed on the night shift of the Findley mine. The men had quit work at 2 a. m. and were waiting to board a suburban train on the Florence and Cripple Creek railroad and return to their homes in Cripple Creek and Victor.

Just after the engineer of the approaching train blew his whistle an explosion occurred underneath the station platform, on and near which twenty-six men were gathered. The platform was wrecked and a hole 20 feet in circumference and about as deep was torn in the ground.

Some of the bodies dropped into the pit made by the explosion, but pieces of flesh were found on buildings 500 feet away and blood stains covered every foot within a radius of fifty feet. The force of the explosion was felt throughout the camp, and the crash awakened everybody.

Amputation has been performed upon a number of the wounded, but it is almost certain that several of them will die.

A majority of the dead and wounded were single men, but had families living in the district.

The infernal machine with which the work was done consisted of a quantity of dynamite, estimated at 100 to 300 pounds, a loaded revolver and a wire attached to the trigger. The wire ran from under he station to the cribbing of the Delmonico property, about 400 feet away, where its end was fastened to a chair. The dynamite was placed close to the muzzle of the revolver which was discharged by pulling the wire when the engineer blew his whistle. The ball from the revolver exploded the dynamite.

A man was seen running down the hill from the Delmonico after the explosion. The troops who were ordered out were so stationed as to keep people from passing over the path taken by this man, and bloodhounds were sent for the purpose of trailing the assassin.

The Western Federation of Miners will investigate the outrage and have sent men to the district to make a thorough investigation of the affair and to spare no one in its report.

Armed men throng the streets and conflicts are hourly occurrences. Militiamen are marching hither and thither, making arrests by wholesale. A number of union miners have been placed in the military bull pen. City and county officials have been compelled to resign their offices because of their reputed sympathy.

As near as can be estimated twenty-two are dead and a score or more injured.

A company of militiamen was marched past union headquarters, pursuing their search, and they were fired upon, according to reports from men concealed in union hall. The soldiers stormed the building and from last accounts seven unionists were shot dead in their tracks.

Victor hardware dealers have been ordered not to sell firearms to miners.

STATUTE ATTACKED.

Concerning the New Judicial Districts of Alabama.

A bill of exceptions in the case of Minerva Walker, who, at Huntsville, was convicted of the murder of Constable Russell and sentenced to imprisonment for life, has been filed. The defense takes an appeal on the grounds that the bill creating the new judicial circuits of Alabama was not adopted by the legislature in accordance with the constitution, and that trial by the court of the sixteenth circuit was irregular and illegal. The matter will be thoroughly tested in the supreme court, and upon the final decision rests the fate of the new judicial districts in Alabama.

Tuscaloosa Store Burned.

The store of Price & Hassell, at the Alabama Great Southern depot in Tuscaloosa, was destroyed by fire Monday. The Sanders cotton mill, near by, was saved after hard work. The stock of goods was insured for $1,500. The origin of the fire seems to be a mystery.

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NOT SUCH A TERROR.

Boll Weevil Ant Said by Texans to be Common Insect.

The department of agriculture has been advised that Dr. Cook, who has discovered in Gautemala an ant that is a fierce enemy of the boll weevil, has started by the overland route from Guatemala for the cotton fields, carrying colonies of ants with which experiments will be made in the weevil ravaged sections. If these experiments prove as successful as is expected by the department, the ant colonies will be imported in a wholesale manner. Dr. L. O. Howard, the chief entomologist of the department, has received from his experts in Texas regarding the reported discovery in Beaucar county of an ant that destroys the weevil.

The report says that the ant mentioned is the common Texas ant and nothing unusual has been developed by the investigation into the matter. It suggests that the weevils had been feeding and depositing eggs on the plants left over from last season and that many of the femals which died and fell to the ground were eaten by the ants, and adds that as the extreme dry weather has reduced the number of plant lice on the cotton, the ants thus deprived of their natural food merely took advantage of the opportunity to feed on the weevils.

MERRIMAC'S ENGINEER

Dies at Cambridgeport, Mass., of Bright's Disease.

George F. Phillips, who won renown as engineer of the collier Merrimac, sunk by Hobson at the mouth of Santiago harbor, died in Cambridgeport, Miss.

Phillips enlisted in the navy as a machinist at the outbreak of the Spanish-American war. When Hobson called for volunteers to sink the collier Phillips offered his services. He remained at the engine of the Merrimac and at great personal danger reversed his engines under a storm of shells, then opened the sea valves, flooded the ship and made his way to the deck while the vessel was sinking. After the war Phillips was transferred to Philippine waters.

His death was due to Bright's disease. He was taken ill in Galveston last March and came north. A mother and two sisters survive him.

A WOMAN'S BODY

Found Floating in the Tennessee River Below Knoxville.

The decomposed, dismembered body of a woman was taken from the Tennessee river near Knoxville, parts of the body having been found in three different places, two miles apart.

The police are inclined to think that the body had been placed in the river by medical stuaents. They claim the bones are sawed too well for any person other than a medical student. People in the up-river section are not satisfied with this theory, however, and are keeping a watch to see if anybody will come for the boat which was found drifting near the bank.

Another Farm Located.

One of the demonstration farms authorized by the government for the state of Mississippi will be located at Ridgeland, in Madison county, about eight miles north of Jackson, and arrangements will be made to get the farm in preparation for the various fall crops on which the government intends to make demonstrations of methods of culture.

The department has authorized four of these farms for Mississippi. The first of the number was located near Wiggins, in Harrison county, several weeks ago, a large tract of land having been donated, and the third will go to Panola county, near Courtland. The fourth has not been decided upon, but will be located in the delta.

These farms are not experiment stations, but are intended to demonstrate the best methods of cultivating crops, which have been found to be profitable by agriculturists in the employment of the government.

System Applied to Robbery.

John Culverhouse, a negro porter at the Louisville and Nashville depot at Minter, was locked up on the charge of burglary. The agent at Minter has been missing small sums of money for over a year and every trap to catch the guilty party failed until recently. Mr. Jack Dilburn, a merchant of the place, concealed himself in the depot while Agent Lee went to dinner. The agent had hardly gotten out of sight when a key was thrust in the lock and Culverhouse entered the door. He walked to the safe, quickly worked the combination and took $1.75 out of the drawer. Just as he was closing the drawer Mr. Dilburn covered him with a revolver.

The negro would never take but a small amount of the money that was in the drawer, and the agent for a long time thought he was making errors in change.

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TEN MEN KILLED

By an Explosion at the Plant of the Corning Distillery Company at Peoria, Ill.

WHISKEY FLOODED THE STREETS

Three Thousand Cattle Were Burned to Death as Fire Spread to Adjoining Stock Pens.

Ten men were killed, a score injured, 30,000 barrels of whiskey destroyed and 3,000 cattle burned to death as the result of an explosion at the plant of the Corning Distillery Company, said to be the largest in the world, at Peoria, Ill., Saturday.

The immense ware house in which the explosion occurred was destroyed, and three other buildings were gutted by flames. The property loss is over $1,000,000. It is thought that the death list will be increased.

This is the third catastrophe in less than a year to overtake the distillery.

The ten men were buried beneath the ruins by the explosion and burned to death. Six others were seriously injured.

It is believed that all the government men escaped.

The ware house where the first explosion occurred was an eleven-story frame structure, covered with corrugated iron. Two other explosions followed in rapid succession, but their cause has not been determined.

The ware house was 100 by 200 feet and contained 30,000 barrels of spirits. Another ware house containing the cistern room was a three-story brick building 100 by 200 feet. It contained in the neighborhood of 52,000 gallons of spirits. In the two fermenting rooms, which were 100 by 180 feet, were eighteen tubs with a capacity of 1,000 bushels of mash each. They were all filled and contained about 5,000 gallons of spirits each. All this went up in flames, and added to the general loss.

The fire spread to the stock yards, where a dozen large cattle barns, filled with cattle, were burned. The loss to the stock yards is $250,000.

Critics Give Up Port Arthur.

Leading military authorities expect the early fall of Port Arthur, and view this as a most serious if not irreparable blow to Russia, the present condition of Port Arthur being compared to that of Metz and Sedan during the Franco-Prussian war. It is pointed out that General Kuropatkin is making the same fatal mistake in regard to Port Arthur's ability to resist that the French made in connection with Metz. The military critics disapprove of Kuropatkin's policy of non-resistance.

The advance guard of 14,000 men under General Stakelburg, sent by General Kuropatkin, to the relief of Port Arthur, has reached the entrance to the Liao Tung peninsula and the bulk of the army is following.

Merchants from the south complain that the Japanese are not paying for supplies taken by them, as they did in the early stages of the war, and assert that they are even ill treated and insulted when they ask for money.

Salaries Increased.

These changes in salaries of Alabama postmasters were announced: Increased, Roanoke, Sheffield, Talladega, Thomasville and Wetumpka $100 each. Decrease, Uniontown from $1,400 to $1,300. James M. Sandlin has been appointed postmaster at Wilburn, Cullman county, vice John G. Sandlin, resigned.

Corner Stone Laid.

The corner stone of the new federal building was laid at Greenville, Tenn., Saturday. The ceremonies were conducted by the Masons. Judge H. H. Ingersoll, of Knoxville, delivered an oration. The building when completed will cost $110,000.

SECOND SUICIDE

Resulting from Derangement Because of the Baltimore Fire.

Peyton Wyeth, of Philadelphia, an insurance man, said to be temporarily unemployed because of losses incurred in the Baltimore fire by the company for which he was assistant manager, committed suicide in Brooklyn by taking cyanide of potassium.

Killed by Heavy Timber.

While superintending the unloading of a boiler from a flat car, Mr. T. C. Rogers, of Talladega, was hit in the head by a heavy timber, which fractured his skull and from which he died.

Match Heads in Water.

Miss Lula Geary, about 21 years of age, who until recently has been employed at the Bemis cotton mill at Jackson, Tenn., attempted to take her own life. She mixed a number of match heads in water and drank the decoction. She has been in a critical condition and it is uncertain yet whether she will recover. In a note which she wrote she says she is tired of life.

COTTON ACREAGE

Is Increased Nearly 10 Per Cent—Condition of the Crop is Good.

The chief of the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture estimates the total area planted in cotton in the United States this season at 31,730,371 acres, an increase of 2,823,016 acres, or of 9.8 per cent upon the acreage planted last year.

The average condition of the growing crop on May 26th was 83, as compared with 74.1 on May 26, 1903, and a ten-year average of 85.8.

The percentage of increase in acreage in different states is:

Georgia, 7.1; Florida, 10.7; Alabama, 9.0; Mississippi, 10.5; Louisiana, 13.5; Texas, 7.1; Tennessee, 11.5.

The condition of the crop by states on May 26th was as follows:

Georgia, 78; Florida, 88; Alabama, 80; Mississippi, 85; Louisiana, 86; Texas, 84; Tennessee, 85.

TORNADO IN OKLAHOMA.

One Killed, Several Injured and Property Damaged.

A tornado in the Kiowa and Comanche nations, Okla. T., has demolished a great number of residences and business houses at numerous small towns and laid waste dozens of farms. One person is known to have been killed and about a dozen are believed to have been injured, one fatally. It is reported that the towns of Chattanooga and Faxons, small places, have been entirely wiped out.

Wires are down and details are lacking. The town of Helen also is said to have been completely destroyed.

A rain storm prevailed first, five inches of water falling, washing out crops and ruining many farms. This was followed by a heavy hail storm. A peculiar climatic condition followed. The atmosphere became stifling and then there was a deluge of rain, accompanied by a gale which developed rapidly into a tornado.

GUILTY ON THREE COUNTS.

Assistant Postmaster Fined in Three Cases and Confesses in Another.

Charles F. Pieper, formerly assistant postmaster at Choctaw, Ala., and at the time of his arrest postmaster at Carlton, against whom the federal grand jury returned eight indictments for violation of postal laws in connection with securing mail contracts and postoffice funds, was convicted in the United States circuit court on three counts of forgery and fined $100 in each case. The punishment also carries imprisonment. On Thursday Pieper pleaded guilty to the embezzlement of $12.75 of postal funds, and was fined $25 and costs. There remain four indictments to be tried.

FRISCO HELD RESPONSIBLE.

For Death of Clark, Who Was Killed by Jeff Van Horn.

As the result of the first suit of its kind ever brought in the state of Alabama, so far as is known, H. J. Martin, administrator of the estate of Bud Clarke, of Cordova, obtained judgment for $5,000 against the Frisco railroad for damages for the death of Clarke, who was thrown from a passenger train of that road on September 2, 1903, by Jeff Vanhorn, and died a few days later. The judge charged the jury that the passenger, Clarke, who was killed, was entitled to the protection of the conductor and the conductor, under a statute, is vested with regular police powers in preserving order on board of trains.

Farmer Kills Himself.

Seaborn Watts, a well-to-do farmer of Cedar Bluff, Cherokee county, committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart with a pistol.

It is supposed he was mentally deranged, as he has been showing signs of insanity for years.

Sensational Elopement.

A sensation has been created in Dallas by the elopement of J. L. Phillips, a married man, and Miss Horton, a popular young lady of the village. The couple have been gone a week, but it was not known until today that they were together in St. Louis.

Fatal Railroad Wreck.

By a head-on collision of two Missouri Pacific passenger trains near Mastin, twenty-two miles south of Kansas City, one person was killed and nineteen injured, most of the latter being passengers.

The trains were behind their schedule, and were trying to make up time. No. 36 had orders to take a siding at Mastin, but had not reached that station, and was met on a culvert, a mile beyond Mastin, by the flyer. Both engines were demolished.

The music teachers of Alabama will meet in Birmingham June 14th and 15th for the purpose of organizing a state music teachers' association.

Killed While Hunting.

A dispatch from Rising Fawn, Ga., states that James Rogers, a young man 21 years old and well known in Birmingham, was accidentally killed while hunting. Rogers' gun was accidentally discharged and the entire load entered his stomach.

Memphis, Tenn., will entertain the next convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

TALLADEGA CHAUTAUQUA

Is Now a Thing of the Past—Will Not Try It Again.

The trustees of the Alabama chautauqua have determined not to attempt to hold any session this year. After a careful canvass of the business men of the city it was ascertained that many would not contribute, or purchase tickets, only 71 tickets at $5 each being sold. It is not likely that any further attempt will be made to hold it in the future, but the building will probably be taken down and sold. It has been conducted for ten years by voluntary subscriptions, and no salaries have been paid to any of its officials.

Wants Ships Called Off.

Although no oficial intimation on the subject has been given, it is understood that France would view favorably the withdrawal of some of the American warships now at Tangier. Their presence has had the effect of attracting ships of the Italian and British. According to the French view, if a local agitation occurred ships might land forces to preserve order, and this would have the effect of discrediting France's influence in Morocco. The American officials say that the United States warships will be promptly withdrawn if France undertakes the entire burden of securing the release of Ion Perdicaris.

NEWSY PARAGRAPHS.

Huntsville and Ensley schools closed Friday.

No. 5 mine, at Pratt City, where the fire occurred last week, is expected to resume operations this week.

Quite a number of Alabamians will attend the dedication of the Alabama exhibit at St. Louis.

The Pennsylvania railroad system has the greatest mileage of any—10,556.

Birmingham stenographers have formed a mutual benefit association. They will establish, among other things, a library.

Several Alabama chiefs of police have gone to St. Louis to attend the national convention of their association.

Governor Vardaman, of Mississippi, has decided not to appoint the uniform school book commission until some time during the fall or winter.

Jacksonville, Fla., again headed the list in bank clearings last week, her reported increase being 129.4 per cent. Birmingham gained 8.7 per cent. The heaviest decrease was Macon, Ga., at 47.1 per cent.

Warren C. McClure has been elected captain of the Columbus, Miss., Rifles, vice B. A. Lincoln, elected major of the Second battalion.

There are 5,971 school teachers in Alabama and the average salary of the white teachers is only $22 a month.

Reports from northern Alabama say that interest in fruit is growing rapidly. Many large orders for fruit trees have been placed and the number of strawberry farms is largely increased.

On Thursday, at Birmingham, the adjourned session of the Alabama synod will be held, and it is expected that the location of the Presbyterian college will be decided.

The report of the killing of Sam Thockmorton by the cars at Alabama City is denied. It was another man who has not been identified.

Pink Livingston, a Jasper negro, was among those who attempted to escape from the jail at Trinidad, Colo., Saturday. He is now en route to Alabama, where he will be tried for highway robbery.

It is said that Pell City is the only town in the state that is named after a man who was rich and since became poor. George H. Pell was once the president of the East and West railroad.

A dispatch from Tokio says that Field Marshal Yamagata has been appointed commander-in-chief of all the forces in the field. He is expected to proceed to the Liao Tung district shortly.

Orders were issued by several eastern cotton mill managers instructing agents to curtail production on account of the depression in the textile industry. Many mills in southern and central New England have been running on short time all the spring, and at present about 50,000 operatives are affected.

The Japanese plan of campaign is regarded at Mukden as having now been definitely disclosed. They occupy the Liao Tung peninsula in three divisions with a line of communication by the coast to their position at Feng Wang Cheng.

The body of Frank Hornbuckle, who shot Luverna Dalton and killed himself in Anniston, was interred in Maple Hill cemetery, Huntsville. There was no burial service and few mourners. Hornbuckle was a member of two secret fraternal societies, but neither of them participated in the funeral. Hornbuckle's wife is said to have sacrificed almost her last dollar to bring his body home for burial.

With six furnaces in operation, one of which was out of blast for four days, the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron company manufactured during the month of May 36,418 tons of iron—a record breaker.

At Florence, T. D. Saxton, a young white man from Wayne county, Tennessee, was arrested, charged with assault to commit murder. He sued out a writ of habeas corpus, but before the case was tried consented to return without requisition.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., June 9, '04

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State.

For Chief Justice,
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM,

County.

Probate Judge,
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk,
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

This is the time of year when the chigger makes his presence felt at picnic parties.

There is every reason to believe that Democrats will have a majority in the next house.

The Alabama synod in session in Birmingham to-day will locate the proposed Presbyterian college.

In the explosion at Peoria, Ill., last Saturday, 3,000 cattle were killed and 30,000 barrels of whisky destroy

A terrfic tornado swept through the central part of Oklahoma last Saturday, and a great many people were injured.

With numerous illegal tax levies it seems utterly impossible for the populist administration to pull the county out of the hole.

The Republicans are still looking for a man to play second fiddle to Roosevelt, but every man thus far approached seems kind o' scary.

High waters are playing havoc in the western States. The awful flood through Kansas and Nebrska of a year ago is likely to be repeated this year.

The appointment of Cortelyou as chairman of the Republican national campaign has brought a storm of protest about the ears of Roosevelt. It is claimed that the new chairman is too much of a novice in political matters to be given so important a position, The President seems to be having rather a rocky time of it.

Congressman Bowie is getting to be greatly in demand at commencement exercies in the State schools. His address before the Girl's School at Montevallo is said to have been one of the best ever delivered in the State along educational lines. This was followed by another able address at the State University commencement.

There is considerable talk just now as to who would be the next Senator from Alabama in case a vacancy should occur in the upper house of congress. Prominent men all over the State are being mentioned in this connection, and The Sentinel believes that Hon. John B. Knox would be the man. He is among the strongest men in the State—a ready debater, a lawyer of recognized ability and authority. A leader of Democracy in Alabama, his counsel, based upon knowledge of men and affairs, is always sought after in matters political, and seldom, if ever, is his judgment at fault,

"HOLY, OH HOLY, ART THOU!"

The Advocate says that when McMillan was Probate Judge there were times when there was not money enough in the treasury to pay the jurors' fees. That is pretty bad, but not quite so bad as since Longshore has been Probate Judge there have been times when there was not money enough to pay the little measley warrants of the Commissioners when they came to the meetings of the court, and that they had to get private parties to discount them. One of the Commissioners is quoted as saying, and, by the way, he is a member of the present court, that he hoped the time would come when Shelby county would have money enough in the treasury to pay the Commissioners for their work. And by the same token the Commissioner who made the remark is not a Democrat. Would you like to have his name, my boy?

NEW KIND OF "TAX."

The Advocate says The Sentinel will have to get down to "brass tax" and argue the issues before the people. Say, my boy what kind of a tax are you going to spring upon the people now? We have had all kinds of tax sprung upon us, including several of the illegal kind, but it seems there is to be another—"brass tax."

George F. Phillips, one of the crew under command of Captain Hobson which sunk the collier Merrimac in the mouth of Santiago harbor, died at his home in Cambridge, Mass., last Sunday night.

INSULT, DID YOU SAY?

"We do not believe that the populist of Shelby county are carpet-baggers, nor do we believe that the principles advocated by the populist are those which embody the corruption and rottenness of carpetbagism and reconstruction."—Advocate.

The editor of The Sentinel has never yet so far forgotten his self respect as to call any man a carpet-bagger who has ever affiliated with the one time populist party, and the Advocate strains its elastic conscience when it tries to leave that impression.

Boss rule, prejudice and force brought the carpet-bagger upon the Southern people, and made the reconstruction period in the South an infamous blot upon a nation whose government proclaims to the world that all men shall have equal rights and privileges. The Sentinel repeats that boss rule dominates what is left of the one time populist party in Shelby county, and that the chief argument of these selfsame bosses is prejudice, and of a double extract grade. We repeat that this is the kind of doctrine that put upon the people of the South the carpet-bagger and brought about a period of reconstruction which was a menace to the home of every Southern man. Another little plate of prejudice is dished up in the following from the Advocate:

"The above from the pen of a man who never shared the hardships and toils of the Southern men, does not come with good grace."

The Sentinel man admits he does not know personally of the hardships Southern men endured during war times and its after effects—he was born in the North after the war was over. Just the same, he has a too high regard for the Southern people, a too high regard for their traditions, a too high regard for their loyalty to their dead heroes and devotion to their living heroes, to so far forget himself as to defame their sacred dead and insult the living by saying "Jeff Davis ought to have been hung." We leave that kind of expressions for others to utter. Would the Advocate like to have an explanation of the above?

The expression was uttered in Columbiana recently, and not by a Democrat, either. Does the Advocate approve of it?

"ITS OWN AUTHORITY."

"The populist smasher continues to grumble and growl about road machinery, and asks by what authority the Commissioners court paid the freight. That is easy. The court is its own authority."—Advocate.

Thank, you. We were under the impression that State laws governed the actions of Commissioners' Courts.

Upon its own authority, then, it set aside a State law and misappropriated nearly $8,000 out of the road fund of Shelby county. Of course this must be true, for the Advocate says "the court is its own authority."

Upon its own authority, then, the Court must have set aside State law when it levied upon the people of Shelby county time and again an illegal tax, and collected from all—but the railroads. Of course this must be true, for the levies were made, and according to the Advocate "the Court is its own authority."

In November the people of this county will tell the present administration to step aside, for they will elect an administration which will not trample upon the laws of the State; one that will not grant special privileges to big corporations and the common people be durned.

The people will also remember that the mouthpiece of the populist administration says "the court is its own authority," even to the extent of making all the taxpayers, except the railroads, pay an unlawful and illegal tax. If that isn't a rank abuse of their authority(?) then we are off.

THE VERIEST ROT.

"There are many Democrats in Columbiana today who says the men in the Populist party are not fit to sit down to the table to eat with, and still some of these very same Democrats who say that, will love the populist people nearly to death when they come to town to get them to vote for them. Populist, how does that strike you?—Advocate.

Such a conglomeration of prejudicial rot is seldom found in a newspaper that claims to have any prestige with its readers. It is just such stuff that the populist leaders rely upon for a re-election next November. They can only hope to win by prejudicing man against man, neighbor against neighbor and friend against friend. Strife, dissension and hate are the only products of prejudice.

POPULIST FAIRY TALE.

"Yes, it may be true that the Democratic voters did vote for men of their choice, but it has been currently reported that some of these votes were counted for another man."—Advocate.

Yes, it is "currently reported" by the Advocate, but it reports so many things that are visionary and dreamy that it shakes the risibilities of those who read them. That kind of stuff, my boy, will cut no ice with people who have no dust of prejudice in their eyes. We challenge the Advocate to prove an assertion that is a reflection upon every man who was a judge or a clerk in the Democratic primary. The "asserts" of the Advocate smack of the almanac joke variety.

Last Friday was the birthday of Jefferson Davis, the great Confederate leader, and in all the cities of the South, and in many of the smaller towns, appropriate services were held in honor of his memory. The Birmingham News, in speaking of the President of the Confederacy, says:

"As the mists clear away the character of Jefferson Davis grows more impressive. Never had man greater responsibility, and never may it be said with truth did man attempt to discharge it more unselfishly or with greater ability. His courage was undaunted, and he bore with dignified resignation the decrees of fate. He was intellectual, patriotic and passionately devoted to the South and therefore it is mete that today the South should reverence the memory of a son so great and true."

COMMITTEE MEETING.

The Executive Committee of the Democratic party met in the court house last Wednesday afternoon, every beat in the county being represented.

Prof. C. H. Florey was elected temporary chairman, and announced that the election of a permanent chairman was in order.

Committeeman J. F. Averyt put in nomination the name of Hon. E. S. Lyman, and the nomination was received with applause. Mr. Lyman not being present in the meeting, and the committee having no information as to his wishes in the matter, he was unanimously elected subject to his approval, and J. F. Averyt was appointed a committee to notify him of his election.

R. E. Bowdon was re-elected secretary of the committee, and he makes a good one, too.

Chairman Florey then informed the committee that he had received a communication from the opposition in the way of a challenge to a joint debate, which he read. After giving the matter due consideration, it was decided to accept the challenge, and a committee composed of E. S. Lyman, W. B. Browne, W. R. Oliver, J. F. Averyt and J. F. Pope was appointed to meet a like number from the opposition and arrange for, make rules governing the joint canvass, decide upon time and places and speakers.

After appointing several other committees the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the Chairman.

The meeting was an enthusiastic one, each member of the committee bringing cheering news from his section of the county.

"SPECIAL PRIVILEGES."

In the matter of taxation in Shelby county, the railroads seem to have been accorded special privileges by the populist administration.

The Constitution of Alabama says: "The property of private corporations associations and individuals of this State shall forever be taxed at the same rate."

Democratic administrations, in twenty years of power in this county, levied the same rate upon all alike, and the railroads paid the same rate as the people, because all tax levies under Democratic administration were legally levied, and their legality was never questioned. Under populist administrations the people have complainingly paid the special road and bridge taxes, because they could not afford to contest them, while the railroads legally evade them in the courts. The result is the same as if the tax was levied against the common people and not against the rail roads. The plain English, as well as the constitutional denunciation of such an action is, that it is "usurpation and oppression." All this from the populist administration which at all times poses as the champion of the common people; an administration that is traitorous in that it would have the common people believe it is their defender and champion, and yet mulcts them of their honest dollars through an uulawful tax levy. And yet, despite all this unfair, unjust, unlawful and outrageous action the populist administration says it is proud of it! Proud of the fact that it illegally and unlawfully filched from the pockets of the common people of Shelby county thousands of dollars! Shades of the departed!

Vincent.

John Kidd, jr., is on a visit to relatives in your city.

Miss Balma Chandler spent Sunday in Birmingham with friends.

Dr. A. E. McGraw paid Birmingham and Columbiana visit last week.

Masters Solon, Jabe and Lawrence McGraw, of Falkville, are with their grandparents.

We are sorry to note that J. H. Wilde is sick at this writing, but hope for him a speedy recovery.

W. B. Freeze spent part of last week in Talladega with his sister, Mrs. Cloninger, who is very ill.

S. M. Mundine is on a visit to his friends and former place of business at Ridersville and Centreville.

Mrs. A. C. Wilder and children are visiting relatives at Oxford, and while away will visit her old home in Clay.

Young Mr. Ham, of Fayetteville, was a visitor to our city Sunday. One of our Judson girls was all smiles.

The smiling face of Oscar McGraw, who has been attending the State University, is seen on our streets again.

A fishing party came out from Birmingham, Monday, and the members are enjoying an outing on Coosa river.

Misses Hattie Davis, Hattie Samuel and Marianna McGraw spent Sunday in Childersburg, the guests of Miss Edna Oden.

Prof B. R. Richardson, who has had charge of the Vincet High School, left for Deatsville for his home last week. He carries the best wishes of many friends with him.

Miss Lou Reynolds, who has had charge of the music department of our school just closed, left Friday. Miss Lou is well up in music, and carries with her the best wishes of a host of friends.

The Baptist Sunday school will have a children's day exercise the third Sunday night. An interesting programme is being prepared, and an enjoyable evening is assured all who attend.

We omitted saying last week that another Democrat had located in Vincent. At present he is stopping with Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Blankenship. "Coot" is wearing a broad smile now-a-days

Our clever depot agent, Mrs. M. L. Kidd, is off duty taking a much deeded rest and recreation. W. F. Johnson, the former night operator, is acting agent during her absence, while a Mr. Newman is holding down the keys at night.

Quite a number of our young people, chaperoned by Rev. and Mrs. O. P. Bentley and W. H. Kidd, enjoyed a fish-fry on the river last Thursday. They report a most delightful time. G. C. Pitts, of Columbiana, and Leon Pope, of Wilsonville, were among those from a distance attending.

When the sober, honest thinking people read the misleading and prejudice breeding statements in the Advocate it gives them, as "Rufus Sanders" use to say, "a coming appetite to go out on the back porch and spit." The voters of this county are thinking for themselves, and will not be led astray by the old time harangue of the bosses of the populist party. The voters of this county are waking up to the awful condition into which we have been plunged by the present administration.

The last issue of The Sentinel shows up some startling facts along this line, which the voters are going to remember in November. No wonder we are in a finacial crisis when funds raised by an illegal tax have not been applied to the purpose for which they were assessed. The handwriting is on the wall, and he who WILL look may read. Count on beat 16 putting her seal of condemnation upon such an administration of affairs on election day. "JOHN BILLIE."

Every argument of the populist administration in its own defense is sharpened upon the grindstone of deception and prejudicial hatred.

Great Men of the South.

EDITOR SENTINEL:

The remark was recently made in Columbiana and by a Southern man, too, that the South had never produced any great men. With your indulgence I would like to prompt that man's memory.

In the first place, this nation has never produced a greater man than Jefferson Davis, President of the Confederacy, and who gave his all in defense of a cause, which he with millions of other people, thought was right. He was a national figure, and dearly beloved by every true and loyal Southron.

No nation in the world can point to a greater man than Gen. Robert E. Lee, "the idol of the South," and whose memory the whole nation reveres and respects.

Major-General George Washington Custis Lee, in 1871 succeeded his father, the great Robert E. Lee, as President of Washington and Lee University, and who is now president emeritus.

Brig-Gen. Francis T. Nichols, is chief justice of the Supreme Court of Louisiana.

Brig-Gen Roger A. Pryor, who recently retired from the supreme bench of New York, is another notable Southern character.

Fitz Hugh Lee, after serving as Governor of Virginia for four years, was sent to Cuba as consul-general by Cleveland, and was retained in the same high office by McKinley. After the Spanish-American war he was made Governor of Havana, and in 1901 retired from the regular army with the rank of Major General.

Senator John T. Morgan, a Tennessean by birth, but an Alabamian by adoption, one of the ablest men in the United States Senate and an acc pted authority on Constitutional law. He has been in the Senate for 27 years.

Senator Edmond Winston Pettus, the oldest man in the United States Senate, is recognized in that body as a man of ability and learning. He is an ex-Confederate soldier and a veteran of the Mexican war.

Senator William Brimage, of Tennessee, has held every high office within the gift of Tennessee people. In 1903 he refused to occupy the Governor's chair "while Tennessee needs her soldier sons."

No nobler character ever lived than General John B. Gordon who lies beneath a new made grave over in Georgia.

Lieut-Gen. Alexander P. Stewart, a brave Confederate soldier, before the war was a professor at Cumberland and Nashville Universities, and after the war served twelve years as Chancellor of the University of Mississippi. He is now 82 years old, and as a historian is acknowldeged to be among the best in this country.

I might go on and mention such men as Clay, Calhoun and a number of others who were productions of the South, but will just add that the "Father of His Country" was a Southern man.

The Columbiana man who has so little opinion of the great men of the South should rub up his menory, or dispense with his prejudice. VERITAS.

LYNCH.

J. H. Page and Walter Richardson, of Columbiana, passed through here last Saturday.

Mrs. S. A. Farr and son J. Harford, made a trip to Columbiana Friday.

G. W. Dye still continues in feeble health. We hope for him a speedy recovery.

J. O. Thomas, of Calvary, passed through here Saturday.

Quite a number of our people attended the singing at Dargin last Sunday.

C. B. Davis transacted business at Columbiana Saturday.

Mrs. Addie Hinton and daughter, Miss Bessie, of Birmingham, visited relatives here Saturday.

Eugene Bentley and family, of Pelham, were down here Saturday.

Well, the variegated, hyphenated and conglomerated ticket has at last been completed. It is one of the laws of nature that a body can occupy but one position of space at the same time. I understand why a body could change positions, but I fail to understand why a person can be a populist and a Republican at the same time, except for the sake of a little pie. There is no principle involved, but it is just "get there," and it seems to be get there honestly, if one can, but if not honestly, get there anyhow. When the ides of November have rolled around the Democratic candidate for coroner will hold an inquest over the remains of the defunct opposition, and will decide that its death was caused by anaemia, general debility, a deficiency of nutritious blood, in short it will have died for want of life. MARION.

Wilsonville.

C. T. Weldon left Monday for Birmingham.

W. A. Parker, of your city was in town Tuesday.

L. B. Riddle and family spent Sunday on Fourmile.

Miss Purnie Pope is visiting friends in South Alabama.

Miss Olive Densler in in Cincinnati studying music.

Johnnie Gwin, of Maplesville, visited home folks Sunday.

W. E. Strickland, of Shelby, visited home-folks Sunday.

W. W. Wingard's friends are glad to see him out again.

Mrs. Iris Taylor visited her parents on Fourmile Sunday.

G. E. Weldon made a business trip to Birmingham last week.

Miss Lizzie Phillips, of Sylacauga, is visiting Mrs. G. W. McGowan.

Archie Dalsheino, of Columbus, Ga., visited friends here the first of the week.

Miss Judson Kilpatrick, of South Alabama, spent a few days with friends here last week.

Why don't more of our people attend the prayer meetings on Wednesday nights? Now is a good time to make new resolutions.

"Honest John," you are right; we ought to clean the weeds out of our graveyard. So let us set apart a day to clean and decorate the graves of our loved ones, some of which are sadly neglected. XX.

Resolutions of Respect.

BY SYRACUSE LODGE K. OF P, WILSONVILLE.

Whereas, It has pleased the Grand Chancellor of the Universe; the Father of the children of man; to call from this world of sorrow and disappointment, the spirit of George W. Taylor, (on May 31, 1904), our beloved brother, neighbor and friend, and transplant it in the courts above, to forever bask in the glorious sunlight of the blessed Saviour, and

Whereas, We recognize that our loss of him is his eternal gain; be it therefore

Resolved, 1st. That we bow with humble submission to the will of Him who doeth all things well for those who love and fear Him.

2nd. That we will forever cherish his memory, emulate his virtues and strive to be as faithful to our order as he was in health.

3rd. That we will endeavor, by the help of God, to so live as christians and brothers of our order to meet him in the glorious beyond, where there will be no more parting.

4th. That a copy of these resolutionn be sent to this family, and be spread upon the minutes of our order.

J. B. BOYER,
J. H. PENNINGTON,
W. J WELDON,
Committee.

June 5, 1904.

Wilsonville, Ala., June 3, 1904.

To the Ladies who furnished the floral designs:

In behalf of Syracuse Lodge, No. 195, Knights of Pythias, of Wilsonville, Ala., we desire to extend to you our many, many thanks and highest appreciation for the floral decorations you so artistically arranged for the grave of our deceased brother, George W. Taylor.

The Book of Law with the sword crossed diagonally thereon was typical of the Rank under which we were conducting the funeral, and recalled the confidence in which we held our brother.

The F. C. B. in emblematic colors reminded us of the Friendship, Charity and Benevolence, the corner stone of our order, and filled our hearts with pride to know that we had been faithful in extending these virtues to our deceased brother in his illness, and to the family in their sorrow.

The skillful and symbolic arrangement appealed to every Pythian heart, and we assure you that they were more highly appreciated than we are able to express.

Sincerely yours.
E. WILLIAMSON,
H. E. SMITH,
W. J. WELDON,
Committee.

A Card of Thanks.

We desire through the columns of your desirable paper to express our heart-felt thanks to the people of Wilsonville and community, who were so faithful and kind to us and my dear husband in his last illness. Our prayer is, that God may abundantly bless each one. Most respectfully.

MRS. GEO. W. TAYLOR AND DAUGHTER.
Wilsonville, Ala., June 6.

STERRETT.

The white winged angels came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Skinner on May 21 1904, and bore away the spirit of their babe, Velar Leone This little flower came into the home January 12th, 1904, and great was the tie that bound it to father and mother's heart. But as the all wise Father doeth all things well, they should realize that heaven is richer and earth poorer and thus resign themselves to God's will. The bereaved parents have the profound sympathy of their many friends.

When we see a precious blossom,
That we tended with such care,
Rudely taken from our bosom,
How our aching hearts despair,
Round it's little grave we linger,
Till the setting sun is low;
Feeling all our hopes have perished
With the flower we cherished so.

A FRIEND.

A Card of Thanks.

We desire to return our most sincere thanks to the good people of Sterrett, also Mrs. Gilmer, of Jugtown, for their kindness to us during the illness and death of our darling babe. We can not reward you but pray that God will abundantly bless you and grant you many days on earth.

MR. AND MRS. SKINNER.

Notice to Old Confederate Soldiers.

The Pension Board of Shelby county will meet in the Court house in Columbiana on the 4th day of July, 1904 (Monday), to examine applicantsfor pensions.

We earnestly insist that those who intend to make application to be sure to have their papers properly made out and signed as shown by the blanks. Present your application in person if possible when the Board opens, so that we can examine them and put them in proper shape.

The Board closes on the 14th day of July. You get blanks at Probate Judge's office.

A. T. ROWE.
S. H. GIST, Commissioners.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

A Great SENSATION Near Court House

Columbiana, Ala.

Caused by the

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in prices of Drugs and Patent Medicines at the Drug Store of

J. H. MASON & CO.

They will save you money in everything in the Drug line, of which they have a very complete stock always fresh and the best the markets afford. If they haven't what you want, they will get it on short notice and save you CASH. Call to see them; you will always be welcome. Remember the place,

J. H. MASON & CO.

W. P. HAMNER, Dentist. Is a partner in the above drug-store, and will be pleased to do your Dental work. Terms and prices to suit. He can always be found at Office or Drug Store. Work guaranteed. Patients within five or six miles of town will be waited upon at their homes if desired.

Have You Seen It?

That Wonderful Machine,

The Mahchine Which Does it Right.

No fuel required.
No tires are taken off.
No bolts taken out and tossed away.
No boring the fellow for new bolt holes.

The Schau

COLD-SET TIRE SETTER.

See it at the Blacksmith shop of

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We are prepared as never before to meet your wants in vehicles and harness. There's nothing superior to what we are showing, in taste, style and service. Absolute honesty in make and material. You will agree when we tell you

IT'S THE FAMOUS

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WE CARRY.

No matter what you want—if it's a harness or something that runs on wheels, we've got it or will quickly get it.

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Montevallo, Ala.

P. S. The Studebaker nameplate on a vehicle is its guarantee. Don't forget this.

See Exhibit of Wagons and McCormick Mowers at Shriner's Cotton Ware House.

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TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Columbiana ought to have a cotton seed oil mill.

The Commissioners' Court has been in session this week.

Dr. Morgan, of Shelby Springs, was in town last Saturday.

The genial G. E. Abbott, of Shelby, was in town last Monday.

Dr. A. H. Horton, of Weldon, was in town Monday a few hours.

Judge D. R. McMillan has been on the sick list for several days.

State Senator W. R. Oliver, of Calera, was in town last Monday.

Shelby was visited with a heavy rain and hail storm last Monday.

Mrs. Robert Carter, of Shelby, was visiting friends here last Monday.

Another play is being talked of for the benefit of the public school piano fund.

Uncle Ben Cardwell, of near Shelby was a pleasant caller on The Sentinel last Saturday.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott preached two excellent sermons at the Presbyterian church last Sunday.

W. E. Lester was in town last Monday. He reports the crop outlook in Beat 8 as being fine.

Harry Roberts has not lost a game of ball in the eleven he has pitched with the Twin Decaturs.

Dr. McGraw, of Vincent, was in the city over Sunday visiting his daughter, Mrs. John S. Pitts.

Notwithstanding the extremely dry weather, farmers report crops as being in a very good condition.

George Mason came in off the road the latter part of last week and visited with his family over Sunday.

Mrs. A. L. Christian visited her daughter, Mrs. W. C. Williams, in Shelby two or three days last week.

Shelby Springs is a Mecca for a good many of our young people every Sunday. It is a delightful place to go.

Last Saturday was the hottest day of the season, but was great for the crops which are somewhat backward.

Attorney W. W. Wallace visited with his mother in Klein over Sunday, returning to Columbiana Monday.

Mrs. Mansfield, who has been visiting relatives in Opelika for several days, returned to Columbiana last Sunday.

Mrs. I. W. Edwards is seriously ill at the home of Mrs. M. E. Mason. She is reported as being some better today.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, was in town last Monday on legal business. The Sentinel acknowledges a short call.

J. F. Averyt, of Shelby, was among those who attended the Democratic committee meeting in Columbiana last Wednesday.

Miss Maude Bell, of Lineville, will arrive in the city the latter part of the week for a visit with her sister, Mrs. J. J. Haynes.

Good stock, good work at fair prices are the inducements offered by our job department. Are you interested? If so, give us a trial order.

Dr. J. H. Ligon, of Heflin, was in the city several days last week visiting his sister, Mrs. G. T. Harris. He returned home last Sunday.

M. L. Almon, a substantial farmer from near Wilsonville, was in town Monday, and while here renewed his subscription to The Sentinel.

Mr. Posey tells The Sentinel that his section of the county received a fine rain last Sunday, and that crops will now grow faster than ever.

Dr. E. G. Givhan, of Montevallo, was in town a few hours last Monday. The doctor will take unto himself a wife one week from this evening.

Professor Florey, of Harpersville, was in town on Wednesday of last week, and was elected temporary chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee.

J. S. Falkner, the next tax assessor of Shelby county, was in town Wednesday and Thursday of last week. He is book-keeper of J. H. Wilder & Bro., of Vincent.

Columbiana should have a Commercial Club, or some other organization that would take steps to advertise the advantages of our town and county. What say you?

Deliver us from the man who says: "Say, did you know it was just a little warm?" That man should have about sixty days on the street, and where there is no shade.

Miss Lillian Crosby and Roger Crosby, of Stockton, are in the city guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Milner. They came here to join the party which leaves for the World's Fair next Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. McMahan, of Shelby Springs, were in town last Saturday. Mr. McMahan informs The Sentinel that there are a number of visitors now at that pretty little summer resort.

John S. Pitts went to Rome last Saturday, returning Monday, accompanied by his sisters, Misses Clara and Zemma Pitts, who have been attending Shorter College for the past session.

A Masonic conference, to continue through three days, is to be held in Columbiana during the last week in this month. Among the prominent men who will be present is Governor Cunningham who is to deliver an address.

Miss Rossar Christian went up to Bessemer Tuesday for a visit with friends for a few weeks. Miss Christian is to be maid of honor at the marriage of John Upshaw and Miss Alice Sanders, both of whom are well known here and at Shelby.

Henry Milner and Mrs. M. E. Mason visited the family of Rev. G. J. Mason at Talladega Springs last Thursday and Friday. Mr. Milner says the crops through the parts of Coosa, Talladega and Shelby counties that he passed over are looking fine.

When away from home say a good word for your town. It costs you nothing, and it might be the means of bringing some worthy enterprise to town, or some good citizen. Every man should be a walking encyclopedia in the interest of Columbiana.

H. S. Latham, of Montevallo, was in the city Saturday and Sunday visiting relatives. Mr. Latham may locate in Columbiana and go into business. He is a man of considerable wealth, is a good citizen and The Sentinel would like to see him locate here.

Columbiana's second ball team got a black eye at Shelby last Friday. The result of a game of ball over there between the second nines of the two places was 23 to 8 in favor of the Shelby boys. The Columbiana boys intend to have another try at them in the near future.

Rev. G. T. Harris informs The Sentinel that his protracted meeting will begin at Shelby on Saturday before the third Sunday of this month. He will be assisted in the meeting by Presiding Elder Branscomb and Rev. K. N. Matthews. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these meetings.

Walter DeShazo, whom The Sentinel mentioned as having been accidentally shot in Birmingham a week ago last Sunday, died from the effects of his wounds a few days later. His parents live in Montevallo, and the sympathy of a large circle of friends is extended them in their bereavement.

Married on May 29th, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Thomas Weldon, by Hosea Pearson, Esq., Mr. Wiley Harris, of Shelby, and Miss Gena Weldon, of Spring Creek. The marriage was a very quiet affair, only a few intimate friends being present. The Sentinel joins their many friends in wishing them a long life of unalloyed happiness.

A little white-winged missive has reached us in which Dr. and Mrs. Francis Marion Peterson announce the approaching marriage of their daughter Miss Lena Farham, to Dr. Edgar Gilmore Givhan, which will take place at Montevallo, Ala., on the evening of June 15, 1904, at six o'clock The bride to be is a stately blonde and a beautiful young woman, and has many friends who will be interested in the announcement which has been made. Dr. Givhan is a well known physician, a man of fine character and integrity, and he is to be congratulated on having won one of Alabama's most beautiful young women. The Sentinel extends congratulations in advance of the happy event.

Rev. and Mrs. C. W. O'Hara and daughter, Miss Ida, will leave in a few days for Texas where they will visit with relatives until about the first of August. Rev. Mr. O'Hara has not been real well for some weeks, and his many friends trust his vacation will bring him back to Columbiana in his usual vigorous health His son Walter will have charge of the L. & N. office during the father's absence.

Commissioner R. B. Posey, of Harpersville, came in Monday to attend a meeting of the Commissioners' Court. He brought to The Sentinel a sample of fine wheat from the field of D. W. Goswick, a farmer living near Harpersville, the heads of which average ten inches in length. It is of a Tennessee variety, and Mr. Goswick has a large field of it

J. B. Pitts has left a sample of very fine wheat at The Sentinel office, taken from an acre patch he has raised this year. The heads are long and large, and the grain plump and firm. There is no reason why plenty of wheat should not be raised in Alabama. Mr. Pitts is very proud of his patch, and he has reason to be.

J. P. Pearson, who spent several days on his farm near Bridgeton, last week, says he has the finest stand of cotton this year he ever saw. And from present prospects will make more cotton to the acre than he ever made before. Similar reports come from a good many farmers in that section of the county,

The Sentinel has received a card from Phillip Erlick who is in St. Louis asking that The Sentinel be sent to him this week. The home paper is always better than a letter to those who are away from home.

Rev. J. W. O'Hara, who has been preaching at Wylam, has accepted a call to the Clayton Street Baptist church in Montgomery. He is a son of Rev. C. W. O'Hara of this city and is well known here.

H. C. Fulton, of Gurnee, attended the Democratic committee meeting in Columbiana, last week, and The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call from him. He also orders this paper sent to his address.

Attorney J. J. Haynes and his Sunday school class enjoyed a delightful day at Shelby Springs last Tuesday. Mr. Haynes is looking several years younger, and think he will go again.

A game of ball between Columbiana and Shelby on Tuesday resulted in victory for the latter by a score of 8 to 6. Another game will be played here tomorrow (Friday) afternoon.

Dr and Mrs. Sentell, of Mobile, are in the city and are stopping with Mrs Hammond. Dr. Sentell is visiting Columbiana with a view to locating here.

A crowd of young people enjoyed a picnic at Browning's mill on Tuesday In a few days the little chigger will be getting in his work.

Mr and Mrs. Frank T. Corbett, of Montevallo, were in town, Tuesday, on business connected with the Probate Court.

R. E. Bowdon, of Keystone, was in town on Wednesday last week, to attend the Democratic committee meeting.

Uncle Ben Cunningham, one of the substantial farmers of Beat 4, was in town last Wednesday and Thursday.

Joseph Collins, of Birmingham, was in Columbiana, Monday, on business connected with the Probate Court.

Commissioner R. J. Griffin, of Helena, is in town, called here by a meeting of the Commissioner's Court.

J. W. Bandy, of Montevallo, was in town last Thursday and Friday, a guest of T. P. Lane.

C. T. Ingram, a prominent farmer from near Montevallo, was in town last Thursday.

Mrs. Robt. A. Edwards, of Childersburg, is visiting at the home of Mrs. M. E. Mason.

Mrs. Goldberg, of Talladega, is a guest at the home of Mrs. Max Lefkovits.

Pleas Shaw, of Beat 4, is in town attending a meeting of the Commissioners.

M. DeShazo, of Bridgeton, was in town last Thursday.

Have you taken a policy with the Shelby county division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia It is the cheapest, safest and best insurance offered today. It only cost the policy holders of Georgia last year $5.45 on $1,000. See
T. A Leathers, Agt,
Columbiana, Ala.

Dr. W. P. Hamner is enjoying a visit from his father, from Camp Hill.

Capt. J. W. Johnston went up to Birmingham yesterday.

Of Interest to Teachers.

The Board of Examiners of the State Educational department has ruled that teachers holding unexpired third grade certificates may enclose such certificate in applying for second grade papers, and have it relieve them of taking over the examinations of the third grade. In other words, holders of third grade authority may secure second grade papers by enclosing unexpired third grade certificates and passing successfully the examinations on geography, grammar, arithmetic, Alabama and United States history.

This is a ruling that the board of examiners have had in view for some time and the most liberal that can be made and adhere to the law. It has been the practice and law all along that holders of second grade papers, unexpired, of course, may enclose certificates and be relieved of passing on the studies of the second and third sections. This new arrangement makes it much easier for those who are seeking second grade papers and at the same time does not abate the requirements of the law.

"Little Japan."

We have just received a copy of a new song and chorus called "Little Japan" written by J. T. Rider. This is said to be a great sensational hit, sung by all the principal singers in theatrical productions and on the vaudeville stage. This song is now being sung to three and four encores nightly all over the country.

Upon receipt of 25 cents in postage stamps, a copy of this beautiful song will be mailed to any address in the United States by the Theatrical Music Supply Co., No. 46 West 29th street New York.

For Sale.

Mrs. S. L. Appleman, who expects to leave Columbiana soon, will dispose of her household goods at a bargain. Some of this furniture was purchased new but a short time ago Call at her home.

Also has a Jersey cow, fresh a few weeks ago, for sale.

LOST.

The undersigned lost an umbrella last Saturday, June 4th, between Dogwood and Maylene, engraved upon the handle of which is the name "Kate." Will reward finder by communicating with me at Montevallo.
Will S. Cunningham.

HARPERSVILLE.

E. E. Cardwell, jr., visited Columbiana Monday.

Don't forget the Society meeting Saturday night, and be sure to come.

A nice rain fell here Sunday evening accompanied by a heavy wind.

Our blind musicians, Will and Joe Darling, are visiting an uncle in Mississippi.

Jim Kidd, who has been attending the State University, returned home last week.

Mrs. Dr. Lane, of North Alabama, is visiting Dr Lane's family on Broad street.

W. H. Kidd and daughter, Miss Mary, of Vincent, attended preaching here Sunday.

J. R. Beavers and family, of Birmingham, are visiting Mrs. M. W. Wallace and family.

Rev. Mr. Brashier, a young Baptist preacher, of Creswell, came up to hear Mr. Bentley Sunday.

Miss Janie Wallace, who has been teaching school in the Birmingham district, returned home last week.

Mr. Wilson, of the firm of Wilson Bros., of Birmingham, spent Saturday in the city with his friend, George East.

Rev. Mr. Bentley was accompanied here last Saturday by his two charming daughters Misses Emma and Hattie.

Tommie Martin is holding down the books and commissary for Davis & Blankenship at their saw mill near Columbiana.

Misses Maude and Gertrude Prescott, of Verbena, spent a part of last week with their uncle, S. J. Strock, on South side.

Peddler Norris, of Columbiana, was in our community last week with a trunk full of goods and a wagon full of politics of the populist kind.

Since it has been discovered that brown ants destroy the boll weevil, the question arises: is the Agricultural Department going to furnish the farmers with these ants in case they are needed?

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Thomas W. Kidd, of this place, and Miss Jessie Hamilton, of Fayetteville, tonight (Wednesday) at the is-to-be bride's home. We extend to them our best wishes.

A petition is being circulated in this beat asking the Governor to pardon "Bud" Shoots who was convicted at the last term of the Circuit court for manslaughter and sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

When Alabama leads off with her vote for Gorman in the convention, enough of the other States will follow to nominate him, and all will help to elect him. Hurrah for Gorman for the next President.

JAKE.

(We believe our friend "Jake" is going to be disappointed if he thinks Gorman is going to be nominated. However, it is only a short time now until the nominee is known, and all Democrats will support him.—ED)

(Too late for last week.)

C. C. Elliott and family, of near Vincent, Spent Sunday in the city with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Martin spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives on Kelly's Creek.

The exercises at the Methodist church Sunday were well attended, and the entertainment was quite a success.

Mrs. Caldwell and son, Sam attended the Baptist Sunday School Convention at Winterboro last Saturday and Sunday as delegates from the Sunday School here.

Mr. Hammonds has the brag cow of the valley. Since last September he has sold $85 worth of milk and butter from her, besides furnishing his table where there is six in number.

Professor Strock, R. B. Posey and John Prescott attended the Baptist rally at Macedonia church, nine miles north of here last Sunday and report a big time. There was fine preaching, good singing, a large crowd, a big dinner and dust to beat creation.

We spent a very pleasant day last Sunday at Macedonia Baptist church in the northern part of this county. This was our old stamping ground when a boy, and we were glad indeed to visit this old sacred spot again. But what changes have taken place since those old times; changes in many ways. The old church house has been torn down, and a new one built and furnished with a good organ and stoves. The church has been nicely painted on the outside, and I was told it would be finished on the inside very soon. This was all nice, indeed, and we are proud of it, but what shall I say of the people who used to worship there? Sad, sad, very sad; most of them are gone; some are dead and have crossed over the great beyond; others have moved away, and some were too feeble to attend, and most all were new faces. Then, too, those heralds of the cross who then preached so earnestly and faithfully—Revs. Collins, Kidd and Wilks—are all dead but not forgotten, and their place is being filled by Rev. Mr. Reeves, a young minister who graduated from Howard last week. He seems to be very popular with all the people, and is doing good work. Rev. W. B. Crumpton preached an excellent sermon at 11 o'clock, and in the evening short talks were made by Revs. Crumpton, Reeves, Clifton and Funderburg. What shall I say about the singing; to be short, it was the best I ever heard. The choir at that church and at Rehoboth Methodist church are always together on such occasions, and I venture the assertion that they cannot be excelled. For fear that you may think I am writing a denominational letter I had better close, and will only add that we are glad that we went, and to those people up there who showed us so much courtesy, we extend our profoundest thanks, and may they live long and their church continue to bloom as a rose, is the wish of
JAKE.

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3276.

State of Alabama, Shelby County. } Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned, as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 21st day of April, 1901, by P. M. Abercrombie to the said, The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 359, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The south west quarter of the south west quarter of section eleven, township eighteen, south, range one east, (SW¼ of SW¼, sec. 11, tp 18, s. R 1, e.) containing forty (40) acres more or less, (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said, The Alabama State Land Company, the same having been excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No 3276 to said P. M. Abercrombie dated April 11th, 1901).

Said lands will be sold by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power. F. H. EATON, Sec.,
The Alabama State Land Co
May 19th, 1904 39-5t

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3455.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. } Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned, as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 7th day of February, 1904, by John W. Wingo to said, The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 357, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The north west quarter of the south west quarter, section eleven, township eighteen, south, range one east, (NW¼ of SW¼, sec. 11, tp. 18 s. R 1 e) containing forty (40) acres more or less, (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said, The Alabama State Land Co., the same having excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No. 3455 to said John W. Wingo dated January 24th, 1902)

Said lands will be sold by virtue of a sale in said mortgage and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power.
F. H. EATON, Sec.,
The Alabama State Land Co.
May 19th, 1904. 39-5t.

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3543.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County, } Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 11th day of July, 1902, by B. Kindrick to said, The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 361, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The west half of the south east quarter of section seventeen, township eighteen south, range one east, (W½ of SE¼, sec. 17, tp. 18, s., R. 1e.) containing eighty (80) acres more or less, (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said, The Alabama State Land Company, the same having been excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No. 3543 to said B. Kindrick dated July 9th, 1902. Said lands will be sold by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power. F. H. EATON, Sec
The Alabama State Land Co.
May 19th, 1904. 39-5t.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

In pursuance of and in accordance with the terms and directions of a commission, issued and addressed to the undersigned by the Hon. A. P. Longshore, Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, bearing date the 24th day of May, 1904, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public outcry in front of the court house door of said county in Columbiana, on Monday, the 20th day of June, 1904 at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The southeast fractional quarter, section 24, township 22, range 2, west; and the west half of the southwest quarter of fraction D, sec 19 township 22, range 1 west, being 124 3 100 acres more or less. Also lots C, D and E, sec 19, township 22, south, range 1 west, being 151 43-100 acres more or less. In all 275 acres more or less; which said land is to be sold under the decree of said court for the purpose of a division between and among the several joint owners thereof who are as follows, to-wit: Sarah A. Hyde, Jos. L. McGaughy, Sam'l F. McGaughy, Geo. W. McGaughy, John T. McGaughy, Ida C. Woolley, and the following named children of Martha L. Bradford, deceased, to-wit: Harrison, Samuel, Norman, Early and Ida Bradford, and Lucy McCutcheon (alias Lucy Gentry) and Ellen Ray.
May 25th, 1904. W. P. THOMAS,
39-3t. Commissioner.

A MODEL
DRUG STORE...
(Conducted on a modern system.)

We carry all Patent Medicines sold in this section. Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco. Fine line of Stationery, in fact, everything that goes to make up a
First Class Drug Store.
Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins, Colgates Soaps, Extracts, and Toilet Articles.
Our Prescription Department
Is always in charge of a Pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of Pharmacy and years of experience.
J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
.....OF.....
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782.77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3.000.00	Rediscounts.....	2,263.00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902 61

W. H. Browne, Pres. W. L. Farley, Cash. Mrs. E. E. Roberts Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. Farley Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.
J. R. White, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Co.
Land Titles, Abstracts of Titles, Titles Guaranteed,
Insurance, and a General Title Business
J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, Birmingham, Alabama.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala.

HOLCOMBE & BOWDON,
Calera, Ala.
DEALERS IN
Groceries, Shoes, Hardware,
Furniture, Undertakers Goods,
Farming Implements,
Wagons and Buggies,
Feed Stuffs, All Kinds.

NOTICE.

E. A. Bentley } In the Probate Court of
Deceased. } Shelby county, Alabama.
Estate of } This day came M. F. Bentley, administratrix of said estate, and filed her statement and report, setting forth that said estate is insolvent, and praying that it may be so decreed. It is ordered that the 13th day of June, 1904 be appointed as a day for hearing and determining the same, at which time all persons in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.
A. P. LONGSHORE.
37-3t Judge of Probate.

Sick headache results from a disordered stomach and is quickly cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

Notice to Non-Resident Etc.

State of Alabama, } PROBATE COURT
Shelby County, } of said County,
Estate of J. E. R. Davidson, deceased.

To C. J. Davidson a non-resident and all persons concerned:

This day came J. J. Davidson and Clara B. Davidson, administrators of said estate, and filed their application in due form and under oath praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate for the purpose of paying the debts of said estate and for distribution among the heirs. It is ordered by the Court that Monday the 13th day of June, 1904, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest, and especially C. J. Davidson who is shown to be a non-resident and whose place of residence is unknown, can appear and contest the same if they think proper. This the 25th day of April, 1904.
A. P. LONGSHORE.
35-3t. Judge of Probate

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

Cotton Gin Machinery

PRATT. MUNGER.
WINSHIP.
EAGLE. SMITH.

We make the most most complete line of any concern in the world. We also make

ENGINES and BOILERS, LINTERS for OIL MILLS.

We sell everything needed about a Cotton Gin.

Write for Illustrated Catalogue.

Continental Gin Co.,
Birmingham, Ala.

FREE to WOMEN

A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely Free and Postpaid, enough to prove the value of

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

Paxtine is in powder form to dissolve in water — non-poisonous and far superior to liquid antiseptics containing alcohol which irritates inflamed surfaces, and have no cleansing properties. The contents of every box makes more Antiseptic Solution — lasts longer — goes further—has more uses in the family and does more good than any antiseptic preparation you can buy.

The formula of a noted Boston physician, and used with great success as a Vaginal Wash, for Leucorrhœa, Pelvic Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Cuts, and all soreness of mucus membrane.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a Vaginal Wash we challenge the world to produce its equal for thoroughness. It is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

All leading druggists keep Paxtine; price, 50c. a box; if yours does not, send to us for it. Don't take a substitute—there is nothing like Paxtine.

Write for the Free Box of Paxtine to-day.

R. PAXTON CO., 7 Pope Bldg., Boston, Mass.

DR. WOOLLEY'S

OPIUM & WHISKY ANTIDOTE

Will cure permanently at your own home.

Mr. T. M. Brown, of DeQueen, Ark., says: "Over seven years ago I was cured of the opium habit by your medicine, and have continued in the very best of health since."

Mr. W. M. Tunstall, of Lovingston, Va., says: "I am glad to say that I firmly believe that I am entirely and permanently cured of the Drink Habit, as I have never even so much as wanted a drink in any form since I took your eradicator, now 18 months ago. It was the best money I ever invested."

Mrs. Virginia Townsend, of Shreveport, La., writes: "No more opium. I have taken no other remedy than yours, and I make no mistake when I say that my health is better now than it ever was in my life, and I owe it to you and your remedy. It has been twelve years since I was cured by your treatment."

Dr. Woolley has thousands of such testimonials, with permission to use them. A treatment with so many recommendations from Physicians and cured patients must be good.

Dr. Woolley's Antidote has imitators, (as all good articles have)—perhaps you have tried some of them, but there is nothing like Woolley's. It has stood the test of thirty years. No man or woman who uses opium or whiskey in any form, or who has friends so afflicted, should hesitate to write to

DR. B. M. WOOLLEY,
106 North Pryor Street, Atlanta, Ga.,

for his book on these diseases, which he will send free and confidential.

Avery & Company

SUCCESSORS TO
AVERY & McMILLAN,
51-53 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.
—ALL KINDS OF—

MACHINERY

Reliable Frick Engines. Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.

BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH.

Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors. Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. No bluegrass can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

NoMoreBlindHorses For Specific Ophthalmia Moon Blindness & other Sore Eyes, Barry Co., Iowa City, Ia., have a sure cure

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

WINCHESTER

Take-Down Repeating Shotguns

Don't spend from $50 to $200 for a gun, when for so much less money you can buy a Winchester Take-Down Repeating Shotgun, which will outshoot and outlast the highest-priced double-barreled gun, besides being as safe, reliable and handy. Your dealer can show you one. They are sold everywhere.

FREE: Our 160-Page Illustrated Catalogue.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. NEW HAVEN, CONN.

THE CROPS.

Spring Wheat and Cotton Are Reported Doing Nicely.

The weekly summary of crop conditions issued by the weather bureau says:

The temperature of the week ending May 30th was favorable in all districts and especially to the eastward of the Mississippi river and of the gulf states.

A geneal improvement is indicated in the southern states, where the corn crop is largely laid by, having reached the earing stage in the west gulf states.

A general improvement in the condition of winter wheat is indicated in the principal wheat states. Harvest is in progress in the southern states. Early sown spring wheat is growing nicely and the general outlook for this crop in the spring wheat region is promising.

Nearly all reports respecting oats indicate that this crop has made very favorable progress.

Although cotton continues small, a general improvement in its condition is reported. The least favorable reports are received from Georgia, Florida and portions of South Carolina, where drought continues. Lice are not so generally reported in the central and eastern districts as in the previous week except in Georgia, but boll weevils continue to increase in the southwest and central cotton counties of Texas.

In Japan on every gateway is posted a red slab where a man has gone to the war, marked "Gone to the front"—to be supplanted with a black one—"Bravery forever"—should he be brought home dead. And when he is brought home dead his body is received at the station by his kin with proud faces and no tears.

The length of Palestine from north to south is about 150 miles. It varies in breadth from 23 to 80 miles.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

It's an awful handicap for a girl to have a younger sister who is a real beauty.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package Free by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

There is more steel used in the manufacture of pens than in all the sword and gun factories.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle

A man knows less after marriage than a woman does before

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

A machine for condensing sea fog into drinking water has been invented.

Painters employed to decorate the exterior of a house in Athenia, N. Y., have struck because the color scheme chosen by the owner of the house did not suit them. The men asserted that such a combination would ruin their employer's business and declared a strike. It is expected that the union will support their action.

Feet Hurt,

Sweat, itch, blister? Royal Foot Wash cures them. Removes odors of feet, armpits, etc.; stops chafing. If not at druggists send 25c to Eaton Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga., for full size, postpaid; sample for 2c stamp. One application proves its merit. Money back if not satisfied.

Cost of Hauling Freight.

The cost of hauling a ton of freight a mile on Great Britain's greatest railway is 1.45 cents; on the Pennsylvania, forty cents, and on the New York Central, forty-one cents.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Teacher Interested.

"Miss Biggs is interested in you, pa." "How so?" "Why, to-day, after she had told me seven times to sit down and behave myself, she said she wondered what sort of a father I had."

A MAGIC LILY.

Here is a trick which you will find very interesting: Make a lily of colored tissue paper about a central stem consisting of a very thin metal tube, wound about with green tissue paper, one of whose ends should project a little beyond the petals of the flower, while the other end is to be held in the operator's mouth about a foot from the lily.

Next get a little ball of elder pith, or cork, run a very thin, flexible wire through its centre and attach two very small artificial butterflies of bright tissue paper to the ends of the wire. Place the ball directly over the tip of the

BUTTERFLIES IN FLIGHT.

metallic stem and blow a long, steady blast through the tube. If your pith ball is well centred over the air current a very surprising thing will happen. The ball will remain suspended in the invisible current of air about an inch above the lily, while the butterflies dancing about it look exactly as if alive and just about to alight upon the lily.

If you construct the flower as explained above and learn how to blow steadily so that the butterflies will show to their best advantage, you will find the magic lily will afford you a great deal of amusement in the mystification of your friends.

BOBBY'S BARGAIN.

Henry and Bobby, ages eight and ten respectively, were little boys who thought and had tendencies. In consequence of which, at times, they were a source of great embarrassment to their mother. Bobby, in particular, had the money-making propensity. He sayed his pennies religiously, and his eye was keen for a bargain.

One evening at dinner their father had as a guest a gentleman who was a great horseman. The boys listened attentively to the conversation for awhile, then Bobby opened fire with:

"Say, Mr. Smith, can you buy a horse for a hundred dollars?"

"Yes, Bobby," said Mr. Smith, "you can."

"Can you get one for fifty dollars?"

"Yes."

"For twenty-five dollars?"

"Yes."

"For ten dollars?"

"Yes."

"For seven dollars?"

"Perhaps."

"Seven dollars, really?" said Bobby wonderingly. "Would the horse be awfully fast?"

"Well," said Mr. Smith, smiling, "you would not be likely to get a Lou Dillon or a Dan Patch, but the creature might be able to pull a plow."

Bobby thought for a moment; then, "But, Mr. Smith, could a horse you paid seven dollars for have a colt?"

"Possibly," said Mr. Smith gravely.

"I have seven dollars in the bank," continued Bobby; "I guess I'll get a horse. For if a seven dollar horse could have a colt, and that colt have a colt, and that colt have a——"

Bobby's mother and father and Mr. Smith became seriously interested in the salad; the youthful Henry began to fidget; the embryo stock farm continued to grow—"and that colt have a colt, and that colt have a colt, and that colt have a colt, and that colt——"

Henry could stand it no longer. Turning to Bobby, he remarked in a tone of impatience, "Say, as soon as you think you have the worth of your money would you mind passing the bread?"—Lippincott's.

INVISIBLE INK.

Boys and girls who like to play clever tricks should learn how to make invisible ink, as it is very useful in many tricks.

This ink can be prepared in several ways, one of the best being as follows: Obtain two bottles, each of which will contain about one ounce. Label these 1 and 2, respectively, so that there can be no mistake. No. 1 contains a solution of iron sulphate, and No. 2 a solution of gallic acid. Now, No. 1 is the ink and No. 2 the developer. Take a clean pen, preferably a quill, and dip it into the bottle labeled No. 1, and write or draw on a piece of white paper allowing this to dry. The writing or drawing will be quite invisible, but as soon as it is sponged over with the solution in the bottle labeled No. 2, the writing or drawing will appear in deep, black character, or outline, as the case may be.

Another form of invisible ink, which requires a different treatment for developing, is a solution of very dilute sulphuric acid. Heat is necessary in this case to render the writing visible, and, consequently, it is more difficult to introduce it into a conjuring trick.

HOW TO TAKE A DOG PICTURE.

Those who have made good snapshots of dogs in the open or have taken fair pictures of pet and master or mistress under the light may think it a simple matter, but it is not quite so easy as it seems.

Few understand how to pose a dog so as to get the good points of the various breeds of dogs. In this lies the secret of getting good dog pictures. The handling of the lens and use of light may help greatly, but the artistic point lies in taking the photograph of the good points in the dog, as, for instance, if you were taking a picture of a Boston terrier you would try to get his short head and stub nose, of which its owners are so proud.

Talking to dogs is the best way to get their attention when you want a picture. One dog the writer knows will look alert immediately and be ready for his picture if asked to take a walk.

PICTURE PUZZLE.

THE WISHING GIFT.

A young man was apprenticed to a joiner, and after serving his time the master joiner gave him a wishing gift. It was a table which would spread itself at command. The young man stopped at an inn and the innkeeper became very much interested in the table, and his wife thought of how useful such a table would be to an innkeeper. That night the innkeeper exchanged the table for another one, and the joiner departed, not knowing the deception until later.

Where is the innkeeper?

—From the Brooklyn Eagle.

THE WORLD'S UMBRELLA.

Little Elizabeth is so queer,
She thinks that when it's raining here
'Tis raining all the world about,
And no little children can go out.

And when I tell her the earth is round,
She says that then all this our ground
Is just a great umbrella wide,
Which keeps the drops from the other side.

C. D. Stone, in St. Nicholas.

Decline of the Graceful Courtesy.

"There never was a time when people were more lacking in grace," said a dancing master.

"A hostess nowadays," he added, crowds her drawing room or ballroom with a large number of 'undesirables'—that is, people with no pretence to what is vulgarly called a stylish manner. The hostess is not to blame; circumstances compel her to invite these people. But at one time a hostess paid as much attention to her guests' accomplishments in deportment as their character before inviting them to her house.

"At a private dance how seldom one sees a girl make a graceful courtesy to her partner! Usually she does no more than nod in a way that looks shockingly familiar. As for the men—well, a quarter of a century ago one saw more masculine grace at a clerks' or shop assistants' 'Cinderella' than our best bred men are capable of to-day! But, after the example of the girls, who can wonder at it?"

FARM AND GARDEN

Ornamenting Grounds.

Don't feel that the farm life must be all grind and that every foot of soil must produce a money crop or something that may be used on the home table. Use some of the liberal space you are fortunate in possessing to beautify the rest. Cover the bare veranda with vines, in the shade of which you and yours may rest a while. One dollar will buy enough vines of such hardy kinds as Begonia, Honeysuckles and American ivy to shade the house from one end to the other in a few years. Then give up some of the door yard to a few hardy shrubs, or better still, set a mass of them in the corner next the roadside. A few oranmental trees, choosing those best suited to your climate, will add wonderfully to the appearance of the farm in a few years, and you will not miss the few dollars they cost. Do these things and do them this spring, so as to have the benefit of them the sooner.

Shade for Poultry.

Whether the fowls must spend their time this summer on the range or in partial confinement, having only a yard in which to run, shade is necessary to their successful growth. To say that shade cannot be provided is nonsense. There may be no trees that can be utilized, it is true, but every one can plant some vine or even corn near enough to the poultry-yard fence where it will cast shade, or erect a cheap lumber shed, so arranged that its roof will supply shade during a portion of the day, and one end the rest of the warm hours, leaving it open on two sides at least for a proper circulation of air.

A similar structure, or several of them, can be erected on the range if the fowls must not be permitted in the orchard for any reason. Then, remember that during the warm days of summer, clean, fresh water in abundance is also essential, no matter where the fowls and chicks are running. Think of these things now and get them ready, so that when the warm days come, the fowls will not need to suffer for even a single day.

Autumn Colts.

Some men have a horror of having a colt come in cold weather. I don't think the weather has so much to do with the poor stunted colts as the feed. Where these stunted colts are found you will find the small dish with a small quantity of grain in it. The farmer concludes the mare has nothing to do all winter but just suckle that colt, and consequently does not need much grain. Here let me give the new beginner a word of warning. Be sparing of the oats for the first ten days after foaling. After the colt is an hour or two old give the mare a nice warm bran mash, say, one gallon of bran, and for one week after that give no grain of any kind. Then try one pint twice a day and gradually increase the ration so that when the colt is two and a half weeks old the mare will be at full feed. But to go back to the small dish with the small quantity. To my mind the proper measure to go by is the capacity of the stomach. By carefully watching your animal you will find out what amount it will do best on, and that is the best measure obtainable. Good hay and oats are not all that is required for the mare and foal. A bin of crushed oats, with an equal part of bran, should be the mainstay while the colt is suckling, and it should be fed four or five times a day. When the foal is four or five weeks old a box should be placed in the stall with the mare, but out of her reach and on a level with the colt's breast, into which a handful of dry oats can be thrown. The colt will soon begin to nibble at them. When fairly started to eat, a little bran may be added, and as the colt grows older, say, at two months old, substitute crushed oats for whole ones. I will leave the foal eating crushed oats and bran at two months old, and will tell of future treatment at another time.—T. E., in American Culivator.

Pruning Peach Trees.

Of all the orchard trees, the peach stands in greatest need of regular and severe pruning. If left unpruned, the trees make a good growth while young and produce a few crops of fruit. Each year, however, the fruit is farther removed from the trunk of the tree, the wood becomes weaker, the twigs near the body of the tree die, leaving long, straggling, weak limbs which bear fruit only at their very extremities, are liable to break when heavily loaded, and do not shade and protect the trunk of the tree. The gathering of the fruit from these high limbs is expensive and the fruit itself is of inferior quality.

The object in pruning is to keep the tree low, compact in form, with new fruiting wood as near the trunk of the tree as possible.

Under normal conditions when peach trees have passed the winter safely, and promise to produce a crop of fruit, they should be pruned each winter by cutting back the main limbs, so as to leave one-half or two-thirds of the new growth.

When the fruit buds have been winter killed, the opportunity may be seized to cut back the main limbs more severely, thus securing more compact trees, and avoiding the formation of long, straggling limbs which the trees have a tendency to form if they are not cut back.

The amount of cutting back depends upon the extent to which the trees have been injured.

If only the fruit buds have been killed and the wood of the tree is uninjured, trees of compact form, if they have been annually pruned, should have their main limbs shortened, so as to leave only a few inches of the new wood. If, however, the limbs are getting long and straggling they may be cut back into two and even three-year-old wood. Before severe cutting is done the grower should be certain that there are not enough buds left to produce fruit. The peach sets such an abundant quantity of fruit buds that if a small percentage of them has escaped injury there may be still enough to produce a paying crop of fruit.

Good Management.

Great care should be taken in selecting the right kind of a brood sow, and in breeding to the right kind of a male, as a great deal depends upon starting right in anything we undertake. About 15 days previous to farrowing, the sow should be fed a ration of mill feed and oats, and should have plenty of salt ashes and slack coal, where she could help herself at any time. Three or four days before farrowing she should be put in a farrowing pen with just enough good bright wheat straw for her bed. When the little porkers arrive great care should be taken with them until all are perfectly dry, as at this time many farmers lose a great many of their pigs. The sow should then be left alone for 24 hours, except to give her a drink of good pure water, about 12 hours afterward. She should then be fed a mixed diet of mill feed and ground oats. She should be fed lightly at first increasing each day, until about three weeks, when she should have full feed. At three or four weeks old the pigs should be fed some sweet milk, wtih corn meal or shorts. At first they eat a small amount, but soon learn to like it and will run to their trough and scramble to see which can get the most.

Their trough should be where the mother cannot eat with them. They should be given just what they will clean up two or three times daily. The sow should have some corn to keep up animal heat. Also the run of a good clover pasture. The pigs will begin to crack corn at the age of three or four weeks. The feeding place should be at least 100 yards, from the bed in order that they get plenty of exercise as this is very essential to the health of the hog.

Some farmers wean their pigs at from six to 10 weeks old. But we prefer to let the mother wean them which she does in good time. We use a good grade sow and a thoroughbred male. My husband has taken your valuable paper for eight years and we have been benefited by it much.—Mrs. E. A. N. in Indiana Farmer.

Farm Notes.

Apple trees will not flourish near a black walnut.

Now, let's not get into a fright lest our neighbor gets ahead of us in the spring work; he may be in too big a hurry and yet will get left.

Grinding grain and mixing it with cut hay is of benefit, since the animals spend more time in chewing the food and reducing it to a more favorable form for digestion.

A hedge fence of osage orange that is open at the bottom can sometimes be made "hog tight" by cutting a few of the lower branches half through and bending them down into the gaps.

Three things to keep well oiled—the wheelbarrow, the clock wheels and the grindstone. Three things to keep always ready for instant use—the ax, the gun and the lantern.—Dash.

Let us make up our minds that come what may, we will remember how much better off we are than many other folks. This is a first rate salve for all bruises that ever will come to us.

There have been several thousands of patents issued on churns, and "the best" churn is yet open for invention, though there are good churns made. The work of producing good butter does not depend wholly on the churn. The proper temperature for churning, the ripening of the cream, and the mode of handling the churn when the work is being performed, are matters which affect the quality of the butter.

South American Catacombs.

The cemeteries prevalent throughout South and Central America consist of a wall eight to ten feet thick, honeycombed with niches for the reception of coffins, and surrounding a plot of land which is never used for burial purposes and is usually in a neglected condition. The cemetery is run by the municipal authorities and the niches are rented. The payment required upon the sealing of one of these holes in the wall insure an undisturbed resting place from that time, according to the particular custom of the locality, then an annual rental must be paid for a period of twenty-five years, at the end of which time the tenant gets a title in perpetuity. But how few ever find a last resting place in one of these niches is shown by the fact that, despite the tremendous increase in population since it was built two or three centuries ago, the cemetery at Havana has never been enlarged, and there are always plenty of vacancies. Upon default of payment of the rental, the bones are raked out of the niche and it is ready for the next occupant. The bones are placed in one corner of the cemetery, and there, at least, they lie undisturbed through the passing years as the pile constantly grows larger.

Pedicuring an Elephant.

The tools for trimming elephant's feet are a carpenter's drawknife and a rasp for the soles and a horseshoer's knife and sandpaper for the toe nails. The operator places a beer keg or a strong box behind one huge hind foot, lightly prods the thick ankle with his elephant hook and commands the beast to "Hold up!" Up comes the mighty foot, slowly and heavily, but obediently as the velvety paw of a kitten. The fot is rested on the box or the keg, where it remains while the expert works on it much as a horseshoer pares the hoof of a horse. Great slivers of the horny sole are sliced off until it is cut nearly to proper thickness, when the rasp is used to smooth off. Similarly the toe nails are treated with the knife and the sandpaper, while the big patient stands with swinging trunk and an occasional wag of an ear, too full of satisfaction for utterance. When the turn of the forefoot comes, the great beast is made to lie down on its side and the hoofs are propped up and treated.—McClure's.

SORE FEET SORE HANDS

One Night Treatment with

CUTICURA

Soak the feet or hands on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of CUTICURA SOAP. Dry, and anoint freely with CUTICURA OINTMENT, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. Bandage lightly in old, soft cotton or linen. For itching, burning, and scaling eczema, rashes, inflammation, and chafing, for redness, roughness, cracks, and fissures, with brittle, shapeless nails, this treatment is simply wonderful, frequently curing in one night.

Complete Humor Cure, consisting of CUTICURA Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), Ointment, 50c., Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props.

Send for "How to Cure Every Humor."

Soap, tobacco and stationery can not be sold after 6:30 in the evening or before 7 o'clock in the morning in Belleville, Ill., by decree of the clerks' union. The prohibition on tobacco after sundown was extended to soap, stationery and other articles.

According to an exchange, 250 bottles of whisky and 1,000 bottles of beer were destroyed recently by the police of Memphis, Tenn.

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COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., JUNE 16, 1904. VOL. 29.--NO. 42

EUROPE NOW PICKS JAPAN

Faith of the Continent in Russia's Supremacy Shaken.

PEACE FEELING IN THE AIR

The Success of the Japanese Arms Was No Surprise to England, However—Possibility That the Czar May Abdicate—Rumors of Russian Uprisings—Internal Troubles of the Empire.

London, Eng.—Japan's unbroken and overwhelming success is producing some curious effects on European opinion. Continental sympathies have been largely pro-Russian and were coupled until very recently with the conviction that the war would soon demonstrate the military superiority of Russian arms.

It was especially feared in financial circles that such a disillusionment as was afforded by the storming of the heights of Nanshan would demoralize France and cause a serious collapse on the bourses. The real effect has been curiously different. The completeness of the Russian disaster seems to have created the impression that peace is not far off.

Europe has apparently suddenly jumped to the conclusion that Russia, rather than carry on a useless war, will sue for terms. The reversal of opinion throughout the Continent seems almost universal among ordinary observers.

Nor is much sympathy wasted upon Russia. Her prestige has well nigh vanished and with it has gone that mingled awe and respect which constituted her greatness in European eyes.

English and American opinion was prepared for Japan's sudden leap into equality with any master of arms known to the modern world. To Europe the revelation has come as an utter surprise. It is strange that this momentous event is accepted almost without resentment and without apprehension, despite Russia's studied attempts in anticipation to arouse fear of Yellow Peril among Western nations. Admiral Togo's earlier naval successes caused more serious disturbance than this decisive display of his countrymen's supremacy in the art of war.

Nowhere outside of Russia is credit for this marvelous achievement at Kinchau stinted or questioned. It is even conceded by most military authorities that the Japanese succeeded where the best European troops would have flinched and failed.

When it comes to a question of early peace diplomatic opinion is not in accord with that of general observers. It is expected that General Kouropatkin will be crushed, or, at best, driven in demoralized retreat to Harbin.

Diplomatists are convinced, however, that Russia cannot under those circumstances seek peace. It is argued that the only means by which such a result could be reached would be by arbitrary act of the Czar, and such a move would probably be followed by his abdication, voluntary or coerced.

Evidence accumulates of a grave revolutionary spirit throughout Russia. The war has not served to pacify or unite the country, and a national disaster does not arouse patriotism, although for that matter the masses are quite ignorant of the extent of the humiliation of Russian arms.

It is impossible, however, to perceive any chance of success of violent uprisings. All the troops sent to the front continue to be from reservists whose time has expired and who have been recalled to the colors. The regular troops are retained in European Russia for use in any revolutionary movement. They are so distributed that nowhere is there any personal sympathy between the rank and file and the population of the district where they are stationed. An unarmed populace, no matter how desperately rebellious, is utterly helpless in such circumstances.

Nevertheless wholesale secret condemnations, executions and disappearances continue until there is a veritable reign of terror in many districts.

SOUTHERN VETERAN HANGED.

8000 Petitions in Behalf of Aged Murderer of No Avail.

Paragould, Ark.—Mart V. Vowell, an aged white man and a Confederate veteran, was hanged here for the murder of W. F. Lovejoy. The town was filled with people from adjoining towns and counties.

In May Governor Davis considered a petition signed by 1200 residents of Clay and Greene counties, asking a commutation of the sentence, and at the same time another petition was received bearing 1500 signatures.

The Governor steadily refused to interfere, though numerous delegations waited on him. It is said that 342 messages were received in one day from Confederate camps, requesting Governor Davis to commute the sentence.

Cowboys' Long Ride.

Stockmen in New Mexico have offered a purse of $1500 for a race of cowboys from Albequerque to the World's Fair at St. Louis. F. H. Leyland, a veteran cavalryman, and William Closson, cowboy, are arranging details of the ride. It has been decided to have relays at short distances to obviate the charge of cruelty to animals. The distance is 1180 miles.

Suicide From Steamship.

As the Old Dominion Line steamship Princess Anne, bound from Norfolk, Va., was nearing New York George C. Billups, of Norfolk, a passenger, leaped from the porthole of his stateroom and was drowned. He was thirty-eight years old, married, and the son of wealthy parents.

The Wheat Estimate.

Based on the Government's forecast, it is estimated that the wheat crop for the year will be 657,021,000 bushels.

Virginia Democrats Uninstructed.

The Virginia Democratic Convention at Richmond tabled the recommendation of its Resolutions Committee to indorse Judge Parker for the Presidential nomination. The delegation to the National Convention was uninstructed.

Grass Promising.

The previously reported promising condition of grass continues generally throughout the country.

KNOX SUCCESSOR TO QUAY

The Attorney-General is Appointed Senator From Pennsylvania.

Governor Pennypacker Announced That He Will Not Call the Legislature in Extra Session.

Harrisburg, Pa.—Governor Pennypacker appointed Attorney-General Philander C. Knox a Senator of the United States from Pennsylvania to succeed the late M. S. Quay. Governor Pennypacker announced that he will not call the Legislature in extra session. This means that the appointment of Mr. Knox is for the unexpired term, ending March 4, 1905.

Philadelphia. — Attorney-General Knox, who was selected by the Republican State leaders to succeed M. S. Quay in the United States Senate, in an interview said:

"My retirement from the Cabinet will in no way affect the policy of the administration. Mr. Roosevelt will experience no difficulty in selecting a man who will continue to represent the principles he stands for and carry out the national policy as set down by him.

"I cannot conceive how my retirement as Attorney-General will affect the presidential campaign. I have no fear that the action of the leaders of the Republican party of Pennsylvania in deciding to present my name for the Senatorship will be made a campaign issue. One individual cannot injure the chances of President Roosevelt.

"I did not give the slightest thought to the Senatorship until I was asked if I would agree to accept it if it were tendered to me. I replied that if my name was viewed with favor by the party throughout the State I would consider it a high honor to succeed Senator Quay."

Asked if he would immediately resign his Cabinet position, Mr. Knox said:

"I have no reason to as yet. My actions will be guided by after developments."

MRS. ELIAS SET FREE.

Negress Discharged After Aged Accuser Fails to Substantiate Charges.

New York City.—As a surprising climax to a series of incidents full of surprises that had taken place since the name of Hannah Elias first was mentioned in connection with the murder of Andrew H. Green, came the discharge of the negress on the charge of having extorted almost $700,000 from John R. Platt. She left the court-room of Magistrate Ommen, sitting in Special Sessions, a free woman, the prosecution having been dropped on request of Acting District Attorney Rand. After examining the old complainant and Lyman E. Warren, his lawyer, Mr. Rand said the prosecution had no evidence on which to sustain the charge of extortion.

The spectacle presented on the witness stand by the venerable John R. Platt, wealthy merchant, former Union soldier and one-time president of the Volunteer Firemen of this city, was one of the most pitiable ever witnessed in a courtroom. Infirm, his mind almost a blank, his figure bent, his head drooping listlessly, he was forced to tell of his relations with the Elias woman.

As step by step, his life was unfolded by the questions of the prosecuting attorney, a flash of intelligence would light up his face now and then, and his answer would be coherent. But most of the time his mind was a blank, and all the prodding of his questioner could not rekindle the dying embers of his failing memory.

After her release the Elias woman was served with the order of arrest in the civil suit brought by Mr. Platt to recover the money she has got out of him. She immediately gave $20,000 bail and was released. She went to her handsome house in Central Park West, a mob chasing her carriage for blocks.

UNION MINERS DEPORTED.

Cost of Strikes in Colorado is Estimated at $23,036,000.

Colorado Springs, Col.—Acting under the orders of Adjutant-General Sherman Bell, of the State National Guard, a special train was made up in the Short Line yards at Victor for the deportation of seventy-five union miners. They were marched to the train between heavy lines of military and deputies. Fully 1000 persons had collected to see the men placed on board. Among the spectators were wives and sisters, fathers and mothers of the deported men, and the scenes were affecting. Mothers, sisters and sweethearts cried good-bye and tried to push through the lines for a parting handshake.

No attempt was made to unload the men here, arrangements having previously been made to send them to the Kansas State line over the Santa Fe Railroad because of protests made against taking them to Pueblo or Denver and leaving them there.

The train stopped long enough at this place to give the soldiers time to eat. The deported men had rations of beans and bread on board.

Sixty men confined in the Cripple Creek bull-pen were taken to the county jail, and charges of murder were placed against them.

The cost of the various strikes in Colorado during the last sixteen months is estimated at $23,036,000. Of this amount the State had to pay $636,000 for maintaining troops in the field.

BATTLE WITH UNION MINERS

Troop Under General Bell Ambushed Near Victor, Col.

ONE STRIKER KILLED, 14 TAKEN

Adjutant-General, in Command Under Martial Law, Takes 150 Men to Dunnville—Miners There Had Planned to Descend on Victor—Twenty Minutes of Uphill Fighting Scatters the Miners.

Victor, Col.—Militiamen and deputies fought a pitched battle with union miners at Dunnville, about sixteen miles from Cripple Creek. One miner, John Carley, was killed, and fourteen were captured. Several who escaped arrest were wounded.

The party, numbering in all about 150 men, left in a special train, intending, if possible, to take into custody all the miners who had retreated to the hills about Dunnville. Reports had reached Adjutant-General Sherman Bell, who is here to enforce martial law, that these men intended to come to Victor and endeavor to release the 150 prisoners in the armory.

The train carried them within a few miles of the place where the miners were encamped, arriving about 3 o'clock. The trail leading to the camp passes through a deep canon, and just as the soldiers were entering this the shooting commenced.

The strikers were stationed at the top of the walls on either side of the canon and shot down at the soldiers. The range was awkward, and it is probably due to this fact that there were no casualties at the time. The soldiers fired a few shots in return, but seeing the disadvantage of their position quickly retreated.

Once out of range they separated into two squads. Advancing, they succeeded, after a hard climb, in reaching the top of the walls of the canon.

The strikers slowly retreated, dodging behind rocks and trees and keeping up a running fire. The soldiers pursued the same tactics, although they were at a disadvantage, as the climb was long and steep. Once at the top, however, they pressed the strikers hard.

They shot to kill, and the first one to fall was John Carley, who was shot through the heart with a Krag-Jorgensen bullet. Carley, in the retreat, was running from his hiding place behind a rock to the shelter of a tree some distance away when he was killed.

Carley's death seemed to demoralize the strikers and they ran in every direction. The soldiers gave chase and succeeded in capturing fourteen.

General Bell estimates that fully thirty-five men were in the ambushing party. Of this number fourteen were captured.

The soldiers and deputies captured three guns, the rest being carried away by those of the party in ambush who escaped in the hills. The troops searched the vicinity for two hours, but could find no more men.

The train with General Bell's party, the prisoners and Carley's body returned to Cripple Creek shortly before 7 o'clock p. m.

A second battle took place early the same evening at Big Bull Hill, two miles east of Victor.

Seven soldiers went out on horseback to arrest union miners and found them intrenched. The men refused to surrender and the soldiers opened fire, more than 200 shots being exchanged. The smoke from the guns could be seen from Victor through powerful glasses.

The miners opened fire on the soldiers as soon as they saw them coming up the hill. No one was wounded. Seven men were captured by the guards and taken to Cripple Creek.

U. S. MARINES IN MOROCCO.

First Show of American Force in Africa Since Decatur's Time.

Washington, D. C.—United States marines were landed at Tangier.

It was the first display of American force in Africa since Stephen Decatur, just 100 years ago, whipped the Barbary pirates into submission.

Admiral Chadwick cabled to the Navy Department:

"I have placed a guard at the Belgian Legation, having been asked to do so by our Consul-General here."

It is presumed here that the Belgian Legation is on the outskirts of the city and exposed to native raids.

CAPTAIN WILDE A SUICIDE.

Army Officer in California Puts a Bullet Through Heart.

San Francisco.—Captain Frederick S. Wilde, U. S. A., committed suicide at Angel Island by shooting himself through the heart. A telephone message was received from the island, but it gave no details.

Wilde left several farewell messages, one addressed to the wife of Captain John Madden. Mrs. Madden recently came into prominence through the court-martialling of Lieutenant Robichon for his alleged conduct toward her.

Mormon Bishop Killed.

J. B. Ashcroft, of Fruitland, N. M., a Bishop of the Mormon Church, was accidentally killed while blasting rock in the construction of an irrigating ditch for the Navajo Indians near Fruitland. He was knocked from a cliff by a falling rock, death resulting instantly.

Father and Five Children Drown.

Alfred Lee and his five children, of Muskogee, Indian Territory, were drowned while trying to cross a small stream near the Arkansas River. Lee and the children were in a wagon which was turned over in fifteen feet of water.

Cut in Wages Postponed.

Cotton goods manufacturers in Fall River, Mass., decided to postpone indefinitely the proposed cut of ten per cent in the wages of employes.

HANNAH ELIAS ARRESTED

Woman Who Wheedled $685,000 Out of Aged New Yorker Jailed.

With Axes and Crowbars the Doors of Her Mansion in Fashionable District Are Smashed in by Police.

New York City.—The arrest of Hannah Elias, the negro adventuress, in a criminal proceeding, which has been talked of ever since the aged John R. Platt brought suit to recover $685,000 that he says she obtained from him by blackmail, was finally decided upon and effected about midnight. Her lawyer, who had waited at the house at 236 Central Park West until 10.30 o'clock, had been gone about half an hour when the battering down of her front door began. Before the door yielded she had time to dress herself, but she hadn't done it, and she kept the detectives waiting for a long time before she was finally put into a cab and driven to Police Headquarters.

Four detectives and two policemen battered at the heavy oak vestibule door for almost half an hour before it yielded. It then took but a few minutes to force the inner door, the upper half of which was glass. Pushing inside the police lighted the gas on the first floor, but found no one there. A baby's cries could be heard from an upper floor.

Dashing up the stairs the detectives found Mrs. Elias, not much excited. She bade them wait until she had dressed herself suitably for a night in a Police Headquarters cell, and the police waited. A servant said that the baby whose cries had been heard was the child of Mrs. Elias.

The midnight storming of the octoroon's castle followed a long conference held at the house of John R. Platt, at 1 East Fifty-fourth street. Assistant District Attorney Lord, Magistrate Ommen, Mr. Platt and his lawyer, Lyman E. Warren, were concerned in this conference. An attempt was previously made to get Platt to swear to a warrant charging the negress with extortion, but he halted.

District Attorney Jerome declared that unless Platt swore to a complaint upon which a warrant could be based he would make public all his information regarding the case, and also what he had heard of an attempt to effect a settlement at half price or some other discount.

At 8.50 o'clock p. m. Assistant District Attorney Lord and Magistrate Ommen met Lawyer Warren at the Plaza Hotel and the three went to Platt's house. The octogenarian was in bed asleep, but he was awakened. A complaint had been drawn up setting forth the allegations in the case. All that was lacking was Platt's signature.

It was 10.10 o'clock p. m. before Platt finally agreed to swear to the complaint and then not without much persuasion.

MILES M'DONNELL KILLED.

Man Who Killed Price in New York City Shot by R. E. Preusser.

Albany, N. Y.—Richard E. P. Preusser, of the bucketshop firm of Preusser & Co., shot Miles McDonnell dead at 1 o'clock a. m. in his room in the Hotel Ten Eyck. They had been together all day drinking. McDonnell was from Boston. Originally he was from New York City, where a few years ago he shot George Price, a fellow gambler, to death.

Preusser was taken to the Second precinct station house and was locked up. He refused to discuss the matter afterward.

The shooting of McDonnell occurred in his room after he and Preusser had a quarrel in the grill room of the hotel. After the quarrel Preusser went to his broker's office and procured the pistol with which the crime was committed.

He then went back to the Hotel Ten Eyck, and with the pistol in his hand asked for the number of McDonnell's room. Shortly afterward the clerk heard a pistol shot and it was found that Preusser had gone to McDonnell's room.

KILLED BY A CHARIVARI.

Bride Dies After Three Days of Celebration by Fool Friends.

La Crosse, Wis. — Worn and disturbed by a three days' charivari, following her marriage, Mrs. William Asselin, aged twenty, died from brain fever. She was formerly Miss Mary Lapene, of Durand, a country girl.

She was unused to boisterous excitement, and it is believed the unusual scenes were the direct cause of her death.

Naval Cadet Drowned.

Samuel H. Baldwin, of New Haven, Conn., who had passed his final examinations for admission to the Annapolis (Md.) Naval Academy, and would have entered the institution regularly on the day of his death, was drowned at Tolchester Beach, where he had gone on an excursion. The body was recovered. Before coming to Annapolis Baldwin was a freshman in the Sheffield Scientific School.

Submarine Fulton a Success.

Naval men agree that the twelve-hour submersion test off Newport, R. I., of the submarine boat Fulton was completely successful. The boat was brought to the surface several minutes after the required time had passed, and the nine men on board said they felt nothing the worse for their long confinement.

Broommakers Combine.

According to Chicago dispatches broommakers have agreed to combine the seventeen or eighteen plants in the National Broom Company, with a capital of $4,000,000.

Expect Heavy Fruit Crop.

The expectation of a coming heavy fruit crop is causing some of the Maryland steamboat companies to refuse charters of their boats for excursions this summer.

NEWS OF THE WORLD

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Judge J. C. Pritchard, of North Carolina, took oath at Washington as United States Circuit Judge.

Miss Roosevelt, daughter of the President, returned to the capital from St. Louis.

The President expects every member of his cabinet to take the stump.

Secretary of the Navy Moody has issued a general order regulating the handling of ammunition at target practice on war ships.

President Roosevelt decided to go to Oyster Bay, L. I., on July 2, and there receive notification of his nomination.

Secretary Shaw ordered a countervailing duty on Chilean wines and alcohol.

The Supreme Court declared the Federal oleomargarine law to be constitutional.

The President signed a proclamation providing for the opening of the ceded lands of the Devil's Lake Indian Reservation, in North Dakota.

Acting Chairman Payne of the National Republican Committee appointed Senator Penrose as National committeeman from the State of Pennsylvania.

The United States Supreme Court reversed the Supreme Court of Indiana in the suit of a railroad against that State.

Rear-Admiral Mortimer L. Johnson was retired for age.

The United States Supreme Court adjourned until October.

President Roosevelt paid his first visit since assuming the Presidency to the Congressional Library at Washington.

John Barrett, United States Minister to Panama, called on the President to discuss Isthmian work.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

The domestic postage rates have been extended to the Canal Zone of Panama, as well as to Hawaii, Porto Rico, the Philippines, Guam and Tutuila, but will not take effect until postoffices are established in the Canal Zone.

The Bakers' and Confectioners' International Union recently issued its first charter of a local union of the craft in Porto Rico.

In Hawaii it is said that the sugar planters are contemplating the erection of a sugar refinery to refine the product of the various Hawaiian sugar plantations.

Samuel M. Lindsay, Commissioner of Education, and William F. Willoughby, Treasurer of Porto Rico, arrived in New York on the steamship Philadelphia.

In a decision by the Supreme Court, at Washington, D. C., the right of trial by jury was denied to residents of the Philippines.

DOMESTIC.

Judge Russell, Assistant Attorney-General, sailed for Panama to assist in organizing the government of the canal zone.

A memorial meeting in honor of Samuel Hoar was held in Boston.

A tent colony for consumptives, to serve as an experiment, is being established on the banks of the Illinois River.

E. C. Timanus was sworn in as successor to Mayor McLane, of Baltimore.

Three children of John Gentry, of Booneville, Ind., were killed by lightning during a cyclonic electric storm and three others were severely burned.

Agents of Japan inspected the Lake submarine boat Protector at Bridgeport, Conn.

Judge Gray, of Delaware, made a strong argument for international arbitration at the Mohonk conference.

Seven men were killed on a trestle bridge at Henderson, Ky., by a Louisville and Nashville passenger train.

After being adrift in the ice two months, four Newfoundland fishermen brought an abandoned American herring schooner to port.

William Dean Howells, the author, will have the degree of doctor of letters conferred on him by Oxford University.

Secretary of War Taft was the guest of Kansas City, Mo., and spoke to a large crowd at Convention Hall.

Charles M. Schwab, former Steel Trust President, sailed for Europe.

Samuel Rogers Callaway, formerly President of the New York Central Railroad, died from the effects of an operation for mastoiditis.

FOREIGN.

Mohammedan persecution of Americans must cease, Secretary Hay asserted.

Two regiments of Punjabis, a mountain battery and a detachment of engineers have been ordered to reinforce the British expedition in Tibet.

The battle ship squadron of the United States North Atlantic fleet arrived at Lisburn, from Cuba.

The Czar of Russia is indignant over the attack made by Prince Dolgorouky on Minister of Foreign Affairs Lamsdorff, and has directed an immediate examination of the Prince in order that it may be determined legally whether he is sane.

Dutch troops, after losing thirty-three men, captured a native fortress in Sumatra; 176 Achinese were killed.

Former Mayor Seth Low, of New York, was dined in London by the Pilgrims' Club.

A new mining camp will be opened in Mexico to receive the deported union miners from Cripple Creek. The Western Federation of Miners will work the claims on a co-operative basis, and will have entire jurisdiction over their development.

Provision will be made for by the federation of all deported miners, and to this end a car load of supplies will be sent to the new camp as a starter. The camp will be started at Trespideras.

NEWS OF THE FAR EAST.

A Russian officer escaped from Port Arthur and made his way to Mukden.

Heavy firing in the direction of Liao-Yang was heard at Newchwang.

General Kuropatkin's headquarters staff has moved forty miles from Liaoyang.

Divers are being employed to destroy the mines laid by the Russians in Talienwan Bay.

A Japanese officer and thirty men were killed in a skirmish with Russians near Wonson, Korea.

Two thousand Russians, infantry, cavalry and artillery, were defeated by Japanese troops north of Polan-Tien.

General Kuroki reported a fight near Samaja, in which six hundred Russians were repulsed, losing many men.

Recent fighting at Wafangtien is accounted for by the fact that the Russians tried to raise the siege at Port Arthur.

Two carrier pigeons from Port Arthur reached Newchwang, but the Russians refused to make public the messages.

Vice-Admiral Togo and Admiral Yamamoto, Minister of the Navy, have been promoted to the highest rank in the Japanese navy.

A wireless telegraph station has been erected on Lao-Teal-Shan, and Japanese warships are scouting along the Chinese coast to find the receiving station.

Orders have been issued for the mobilization of the Russian First Army Corps, and the Fifth and Sixth Corps of the Volga region will soon be called to the colors.

Chinese who arrived at Newchwang from Port Arthur said that the situation in the fortress was desperate, food being scarce and the hospitals packed with wounded.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Ex-President Cleveland and family will spend the summer at Sandwich, N. H.

G. F. Watts, a Royal Academician, one of the most famous of British artists, has passed his eighty-seventh birthday.

Marquis Ito, the Japanese statesman, is described as an indefatigable reader of European and American literature.

M. Bourguereau has been chosen President of the Society of French Artists.

Mark Twain is busily engaged in compiling his autobiography at his villa near Florence.

Madame Patti has bequeathed her larynx to the museum of the Royal College of Surgeons.

The Kaiser has become an ardent violinist, and practices diligently and excruciatingly at every opportunity.

Dr. Matthew Harkins celebrated the seventeenth anniversary of his consecration as Bishop of Providence, R. I.

Sir Wilfred Laurier, Premier of Canada, could not speak a word of English until he was eighteen years old.

Glasgow University is the latest to confer the honorary degree of LL. D. upon United States Ambassador Choate.

President Koch, of the German Reichsbank, Berlin, has just celebrated the semi-centenary of the beginning of his official career.

The Rev. Dr. W. E. Garrison, Associate Editor of the Christian Evangelist, has been elected President of Butler College, of Indianapolis.

It is said that Princess Christian, Princess Charles of Denmark and the Princess of Wales could earn their living as stenographers were it necessary.

LABOR WORLD.

International Seamen's Union has 40,000 affiliated members.

Prussia has 2033 associations of stenographers with 51,291 members.

Horseshoers will hold their annual convention at Omaha, Neb., on June 27.

Team drivers at Toronto, Canada, have demanded a minimum wage of $10 a week.

The Garment Workers' Convention is to be held in Buffalo, N. Y., the latter part of August.

The closing of three furnaces of the Illinois Steel Company in Chicago threw 700 men out of work.

The Railway Master Boilermakers in convention at Indianapolis selected Buffalo for the next convention.

Labor unions of Georgia are advocating the establishment of a Bureau of State Labor Statistics and Mining.

Freight handlers on the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk lines demand an increase in wages and a ten-hour day.

The latest report of the British Amalgamated Society of Painters shows an aggregate expenditure of $11,000,000.

Statistics show that in Virginia railroad employes average $12.50 a year less than they were being paid five years ago.

The Boston (Mass.) painters and decorators' union is the largest painters' local in the world, with nearly 2000 members.

Oakland (Cal.) butchers have been successful in launching a co-operative meat company. It has been in operation since June 1.

A new international union is to be formed by the Carpet Workers' Union in large cities, to be composed of carpet layers, cutters, measuremen and sewers.

James the 7-year-old son of Mayor and Mrs. Vaiden, of Uniontown, had the misfortune to break his collarbone.

One negro was killed and one probably fatally injured by the caving in of earth in a ditch in Birmingham.

A contract for 12,000 tons of Birmingham pig iron was closed last week.

Five were drowned in a steamboat collision on the St. Lawrence Sunday.

Huntsville has re-elected its school faculty for another year.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

The British Museum celebrates this year its 150th birthday.

The memory of Hazen S. Pingree was honored in Detroit, Mich., by a monument.

Long Island Sound boats are becoming generally equipped with wireless telegraph outfits.

The German Government is preparing to exploit the water powers of the country on a large scale.

The price of beef has been increased again and promises to reach the famine point of two years ago.

Jacob Wurm a miner, and his nephew, Leo Wurm, of Frugality, Pa., were killed by lightning.

Miss Alice Roosevelt escaped unhurt in a slight accident to her carriage near the White House at Washington.

For an extra fee of from three to six cents registered letters in Canada can now be insured up to a limit of $25.

The battleship Illinois was ordered by the Navy Department to proceed at once to Gibraltar, to join Admiral Barker's squadron.

Nicaragua, having lost the Isthmian Canal, has turned her attention to building railroads, which are expected to greatly increase the republic's prosperity.

More than twelve hundred alumni of Massachusetts Institute of Technology, of Boston, participated in a general reunion of the graduates of the institution.

In order to make further improvements in the harbor, the Senate of Hamburg has just asked the House of Burgesses to make an appropriation of 1,250,000 marks ($279,500).

The Holland submarine torpedo boat Fulton made two successful attacks on a "hostile ship" off Point Judith. The tests were made under the supervision of a navy board.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Tinker is hitting poorly.

Catcher Grady is hitting very hard for St. Louis.

The Pittsburg club is still reaching out for pitchers.

Isbell is playing a fine game at Chicago's second base.

Fred Clake is putting up about the best game of his career.

Joe Kelly is premier long-hit swatter of the National at present.

Second baseman Mullin joined the Philadelphia American team.

Buffalo has sold pitcher Durham and outfielder McMillin to Augusta, Ga.

Dan McGann stole five bases in one of the Brooklyn games. Ritter caught for Brooklyn.

John Chesbro has greatly helped in winning his own games by his vigorous stick work.

The country is in the throes of a baseball boom such as the national game never enjoyed.

Never did Jake Beckley, even in the days of his youth, bat so savagely as he is doing this season.

The Cincinnati string of pitchers is far and away superior to anything that club has had for years.

The New Orleans Club has sold outfielder Tommy Dowd, displaced by Joe Stanley, to the Memphis Club.

If Joe Kelley's Cincinnati boys prove "stayers" on the road they have a good show for the honors this season.

Beckley, Devlin, Wagner and Donlin are the leading batsmen of the players who have done regular service in the National League.

Willie Keeler is bunting very effectively these days, and that means he is the best of bunters. Browne, of the New York Nationals, runs him a close second.

SPORTING BREVITIES.

The Philadelphia Horse Show closed with the largest attendance of the week.

Wylie C. Grant and Robert Le Roy won the doubles championship of the New York Lawn Tennis Club.

An ocean yacht race from Brooklyn to Marblehead, Mass., for a cup offered by Sir Thomas Lipton is being discussed.

Derby week in London was quite spoilt by the heavy rains, but much entertaining was done by American hostesses.

The racing associations will raise the price of admission to the tracks in order to keep out cheap people who cannot afford to lose money.

Warren E. Schutt, 1905, was elected captain of the Cornell track team for next year. Schutt is the holder of the intercollegiate record for the two mile run.

Harvard won the intercollegiate lawn tennis championship, by taking five out of six matches with Columbia. Harvard had already defeated Yale.

Murray Olyphant, Jr., defeated C. H. Blake, Jr., by eight up and seven to play in the final for the New Jersey State golf championship at Englewood.

The New York Motor Cycle Club held its second annual hill climbing contest on Fort George Hill. The time made by S. N. Rogers of 1.00 is a new record.

Land has been purchased near Atlantic City by David Holland, of the Aqueduct track, who hopes to secure legislation in New Jersey which will permit racing.

It has been decided that Harvard and Yale will send to England their ablest representative young athletes to compete with the champions of Oxford and Cambridge.

Hon. Oscar Underwood has received from the chief of the United States geological survey a negative reply to his request that the survey make a large map of the Birmingham district. The reply is to the effect that the state would have to bear a portion of the expense.

Professor W. E. Turnipseed has been elected superintendent of Jasper schools for next year.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

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COLUMBIANA, ALA., June 16, '04

Telephone No. 32.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices.
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM,

County.

Probate Judge.
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk,
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

Meeting Democratic Committe.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, not being in position to accept the Chairmanship of the Executive Committee, and having declined the same, I hereby call the said Committee to meet in Calera, Ala., on Friday, June 24th., at ten (10) o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of electing a permanent chairman, and for the transaction of any business which may properly come before it. This June 15th, 1904.

C. H. FLOREY.

R. E. BOWDON, Secretary. Chairman Pro Tem.

A great hue and cry has been raised by the populist leaders that they wanted a joint discussion. The Democrats called the bluff, and from recent developments it appears the populist leaders are not so eager for a joint discussion as they would have the people believe.

The Sentinel charges that the populist administration has knowingly and willfully levied illegal taxes upon the people of Shelby county, and has collected these illegal levies. It made these illegal levies in one, two, three order, and that, too, after the court had declared them illegal. Gee whiz!

The Alabama Press Association will leave Bessemer on the morning of July 1st for a trip to St. Louis—the annual outing of the association. Through the efforts of a special committee, of which Jacob Pepperman, of Montgomery, is chairman, a rate of $5.00 has been secured for bona fide members of the association.

The courts said the road tax levied by the populist administration was unlawful, therefore the railroads did not pay it, but the populist administration made the poor man pay it, and did it, too, after the courts said the levy was an unlawful one. That is the populist leaders conception of justice and equity. "Special privileges to the few, but crack to the many"

Beginning with the year 1900, the railroads have refused to pay the special taxes levied by the populist administration: the road and the bridge tax. The courts have said the railroads were justified in their refusal to pay the illegal tax, and thus the burdens on the common people of the county have been doubled by the action of the present administration.

The Advocate says that Democratic administrations in Shelby county paid a county officer $25 more every year than the law allowed, and that the practice was not stopped until the present administration came into power. The Advocate knew at the time it made the statement that its utterance was absolutely false. But deception seems to be its stock in trade in this campaign.

Nashville belongs to the old Confederate soldiers, and the people of that city are giving the visitors a big time at their annual re-union. But a few more years and all the old Confederate veterans will have answered roll call for the last time, and in their declining years it is only mete that every comfort and honored attention should be shown them. Many of them who are attending the re-union this year will never live to attend another. May their week at Nashville be one only of pleasure and profit to them

PREJUDICE ITS ONLY ARGUMENT.

The Sentinel has had a great deal to say about the Advocate trying to prejudice the people. Is the reference to carpet baggers and reconstructionist by the Sentinel not intended to prejudice the people? Is not that a stinch in the nostrels of every law abiding citizen? If The Sentinel is sincere in writing such stuff as this, then the insult grows into the most torpid and malignant form. What manner of man is he who will thrust such an insult into the faces of citizens who were reared in our midst and whose fathers fought bled and died in defense of their country, and in rebellion to such principles as carpet baggism and reconstruction. Take the citizens of Shelby county and test them and take the author of the insulting paragraph and compare their records along this line. By what authority does the Sentinel charge the Populist of being carpet baggers and reconstructionist. Does it come from the pen of a man whose lot has ever been cast among the citizens of this great Southland of ours. The soul of every true citizen burns with feeling of regret that such words are even conceived in the bosom of any of our citizens, to say nothing of their production and publication Shame on the party whose mouth piece has no more regard and such utter disrespect for its fellow man than to thrust such insults as this. Let the day soon come, and yea, we believe it at hand when the enlightened public places its seal of condemnation upon such rot.—Advocate.

The above load of billingsgate is a fair specimen of the argument used by the triumvirate who fill the columns of the Advocate week after week. Through prejudice alone they hope to pull into line men who permit, often, their passions to guide them, instead of the judgment deduced from sober thought. First this triumvirate would try to prejudice the people of the county against each other; array friend against friend, neighbor against neighbor; cause dissension and strife among those who have grown from boyhood to manhood in the same neighborhood, and have brought about strained relations and bitter feelings between those who have heretofore lived in peace and harmony. Through the Advocate they have called some of the most prominent and reputable citizens of Shelby county ballot-box stuffers, thieves, rascals—men who would rob the people, deprive them of their rights and liberties, in fact, do anything but that which is just, honest and right. That their most used weapon, and the one in which they put the most reliance is prejudice The Sentinel will prove from the columns of the Advocate. In its issue of March 31st, may be found the following:

"One of the strangest things in the world is to see a Democrat who helped cheat the populist out of their offices, going around almost loving them to death now. Its enough to make the Gods laugh."

In another place in the same issue you will find the following defamation of the Book of Books:

"Read the prayer of Esaw In this issue and go to the primary on April 9th and vote against men who will practice fraud in elections or elsewhere."

"Esaw" is good, and the writer is evidently a close reader of the Good Book. Here is still another specimen of its argument:

"There are many Democrats in Columbiana today who says the men in the populist party are not fit to sit down to the table to eat with, and still some of these very same Democrats who say that, will love the populist people nearly to death when they come to town to get them to vote for them. Populist, how does that strike you?"

In another issue the diatribe still goes on in the following:

"Populist should remember that the Democratic candidates who are pleading for their support are the very same men who only a few years ago ignored you as citizens almost and would stoop to the most foul means to defeat the will of the people."

And the following in another issue is along the same line:

"Some of the Democratic candidates are loving the dear people to death now, but after the election they won't even speak to you on the streets."

In another issue it advances like argument in the following:

"The voters of Shelby county know that if the Democrats ever get into office again in this county that they will disfranchise them from jury duty, and still make them pay their tax and tell them to stay at home and work, that they dont need them to help run the courts, that is the history of the Democratic party in Shelby county."

And from the material of prejudice is drawn the following:

"The Democratic party of Shelby county has a load of fraud and corruption to carry that will defeat every candidate on their ticket. The honest voters of Shelby county will not endorse a party with such a record."

In the above every man who votes the Democratic ticket is called a dishonest voter.

And here is another extract that is extremely virulent, and the writer evidently went the limit:

"The populist are called scallawags, rosum chewers and hillbillies. They are not regarded as the best people, says The Sentinel."

And the editor of The Sentinel says that the man who penned the above in reference to The Sentinel tells an absolute falsehood.

There is no defense of the present maladministration of the county's affairs, but each issue of the populist organ is given over to frantic appeals to the prejudices and passions of men.

There is no defense of the action of the Commissioners' Court in levying an illegal tax upon the people time and again and collecting it.

No defense comes from the populist administration as to why the tax rate in this county should be 70 cents on the hundred, when other counties of equal taxable values are as low as 40 cents on the hundred.

No defense comes from the populist administration as to why the people of Shelby county have been taxed for bridges which have never been built.

No explanation comes from the populist administration as to why the people of Shelby county should be taxed time and again for bridges which have never been contracted for

No defense comes from the populist leaders why the people should be illegally taxed time and again and made to pay the unlawful tax, and the railroads refuse to pay and are protected by the courts in their refusal

No defense is made or explanation given as to why any of the above wrongs have been perpetrated upon the people of Shelby county, but instead, week after week the populist organ reeks with its prejudicial expressions with the intent of creating strife and contention, and the hope of its bosses again riding into office upon the wreckage of good fellowship that would exist in this county but for the appeals to passion and prejudice.

In another issue of the Advocate will be found the following, which is intended to array the people, some of them, against The Sentinel, and the Democratic ticket, and we are glad that the expression was made as it gives us an opportunity to say a few things to the old soldiers of Shelby county. The Advocate says:

"Two thirds of the old Confederate soldiers are populist, and we imagine that they will see that The Sentinel and its candidates get a black eye at the November election. The man or newspaper that tries to put these men alongside of the carpet-baggers and reconstructionist will receive the stamp of their disapproval."

The Sentinel has never yet called any man either a carpet bagger or a reconstructionist, but it has said, and repeats, that prejudice was what put the yoke of reconstruction upon the people of the South, and that the populist leaders of Shelby county are using their utmost endeavors to prejudice the people of this county one against the other, and for no other reason than that they may reap personal benefit. If they can succeed in prejudicing the minds of the people, they hope to ride into office upon the wreckage left in their pathway.

The Sentinel has never offered an insult to any Confederate soldier, either by thought, inference or assertion, as the Advocate says. But the old soldiers of this county have been flagrantly insulted by one who is using every means in his power to have the hyphenated ticket elected; is asking the old Confederate soldiers of this county to support its nominees, and yet the greatest insult that could be offered to a Confederate soldier was offered by this man when he said within the past few weeks, that "Jeff Davis ought to have been hung." And this man, too, is one of the few who is helping to shape the course of the populist-Republican ticket in Shelby county. He is a leader among the Republicans of this county, and is one of the advisory board of the Populist-Republican party. He is a representative of the party who placed upon the people of the South the reconstruction period; gave to the Southern States negro domination, and threw around the home of every man a menace to himself and the purity of his family. That is the kind of influence that is being brought to bear—an influence, which, if successful, will be an endorsement of Republican principles and doctrine. The Sentinel believes the old Confederate soldiers of Shelby county will resent the imputation and insult offered the dead leader of the Southern Confederacy. Respect for the dead, if nothing else, should prevent the expression of such utterances. It comes with a mighty poor grace for the Advocate to say The Sentinel has offered an insult to the Confederate soldiers of this county, and to place before the people a distortion of words and meaning of a competitor, building a false construction that only the elastic consciences of its triumvirate of editorial writers could conceive.

Prejudice, deception and illegal tax levies are the principal planks in the platform of the populist leaders, and their record in the administration of county affairs substantiate it. What a platform to ask the people of any county to endorse!

The poor man with a little home—and in many instances he is a common laborer—is held up by the Commissioners' Court for illegally levied taxes, and made to pay them. The railroads escape this tax because they are able to carry it to the courts and get justice. The farmer, the merchant, the miner, the doctor, the day laborer is compelled to pay this illegal tax because he is not able to carry it into the courts. The Circuit Court of Shelby county has held the tax levy was illegal and unlawful, and yet in the face of this decision the Commissioners' Court crack it to the people. On top of this great injustice the taxpayers must foot a big bill of costs contracted in the suit with the railroads. And the populist administration is proud of its record. Shades of the departed!

J. Tom Heflin, recently nominated to succeed the late lamented Chas. W. Thompson in congress from the Fifth District, was hissed down in the Democratic State Convention when he offered an insult to that grand old man Major W. W. Screws. The latter was battling for the cause of Democracy when Heflin was in his swaddling clothes, and the hissing the Fifth District representative got was deserved. We venture the assertion had the episode occurred before the primary Heflin would have gone down into oblivion. Respect for the old white-haired patriarch, if nothing else, should have prevented Heflin from making an ass of himself.

QUITE A DIFFERENCE.

The Montgomery Advertiser's correspondent from Opelika says:

"The Commissioners' Court has reduced the rate of county taxation in Lee county from 50 cents on the $100 to 40 cents on the $100. The total taxable valuation of property in Lee in 1903 was $4,872,592. The action of the Commissioners' Court will result in saving the taxpayers in Lee county about $2500 annually. Lee is is in a good condition financially.

What a difference between Lee and Shelby counties. There the taxes have been reduced, thus relieving the taxpayers of Lee county to the extent of $2,500 each year, while in Shelby the tax rate has been above the limit, and the county in debt, and it seems with the numerous illegal tax levies placed upon our people by the populist administration the county cannot get of debt. With about the same taxable valuation in Lee as in Shelby, possible a little more in Lee, the tax rate for county purposes has been reduced to 40 cents on the $100. This is the rate that held in this county under Democratic administrations, and the taxable valuation was then much less than it is now.

Under populist administration instead of the tax rate decreasing as the taxable values increase, and which in all justice to the taxpayers should be the case, the tax rate has increased until now it is almost double what it was under Democratic administrations. That is the kind of a business administration Shelby county has at the present time. What do the taxpayers of the county think of it? Is such an administration of the county's affairs any incentive to capital to invest here, when the tax rate increases as property values increase? The Sentinel says no, and we do not believe the voters of Shelby county will endorse at the polls next November any such a record. But the populist leaders are down on their honkers with a please, oh, please, elect us again so that we can continue to draw fat salaries at your expense, and by way of diversion we'll just put another illegal levy or two upon you.

Montevallo.

The editor of The Sentinel was in town a few hours last Friday.

Miss Maude Allen is in Birmingham visiting friends for a few weeks.

Hon. E. S Lyman was transacting business in Columbiana last Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Lula Lanham, of Selma, was visiting friends in Montevallo a few days last week.

Misses Millie and Nannie Randall are visiting with relatives in Birmingham for a short time.

Geo. W. Shriner has gone to the World's Fair for a short time, and while away will isit relatives at Cuba, Missouri.

J. W. Bandy and Dr. Lacey left Saturday night for St. Louis to see the sights of the World's Fair for a few days.

Frank T. Corbett, who has been visiting the family of Mrs. Annie Vandegrift for several weeks, will return to Memphis in a few days.

Morgan Bros. Mercantile Co. and C. L. Meroney & Co. have recently put in cash registers—both machines being of the very best make.

No one is allowed to loaf upon our streets now after 8:30 at night, and if they do the town marshal has instructions to arrest the guilty parties.

Mrs. L. H. Lyman and daughter, Miss Hattie, have gone to St. Augustine, Fla., where they will spend a part of the summer with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Latham have returned to Montevallo from Talladega, where Mr. Latham has been prescription clerk for the Hicks Drug Co.

L. N. Nabors, who has been visiting relatives in Birmingham for a short time, has returned home and is again behind the counters at Meroney & Co's.

Dr. J. W. Acker, who has not been in very good health for some time, is improving, and his numerous friends hope that he will soon regain his former good health.

Miss Kate Sampey, a teacher in the Girls' School here, has organized a big music class in Montevallo. Miss Sampey is very popular among our towns people, and we are glad she is to remain with us this summer.

New buildings are being added to the Girls' School here, the campus is being improved and other needed improvements are being made. There is every indication that the coming session will be as large in point of attendance, if not larger, than the one just closed.

Mrs. E. C. Chase, who has been teacher of vocal in the Girls' School here for the past three years, will not teach this year, and has gone to her former home in Chicago. Mrs. Chase, during her residence here, has made many friends among our people, and all regret that she was not retained on the faculty.

Dr. E G Givhan and Miss Lena Peterson will be married this afternoon at the home of the bride's parents in this city at 6 o'clock, and will leave on the night train for Gulfport, Miss., where they go to visit the doctor's mother for a few weeks. The best wishes of all our people will go with the happy pair. The bride is the second daughter of Dr. F. M. Peterson, president of the Girls' Industrial School.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

Masonic Conference.

To the Masons of Shelby County:

The second regular semi-annual meeting of the Shelby County Masonic Conference, A. F. & A. M., will be held in Columbiana beginning Wednesday, June 29th, at 3:30 o'clock, p. m.

All Masons in the county, in good and regular standing in their respective lodges, are not only cordially invited, but earnestly solicited to attend this conference. Every effort is being made by the members of the conference to make its work supply a long felt want in the order. There will be several special features of this meeting of the conference which will readily commend themselves to every Mason. Among which will be the presence of Bro. A. M. Scott, Grand State Lecturer, who will be with us from the beginning to the close of the Conference. He will be engaged the greater part of the time exemplifying the work, and all Masons who have ever witnessed this venerable and distinguished Mason thus engaged, can fully appreciate what this means, and the grand opportunity that will be afforded the Masons of the county to obtain light in the mysteries of our grand order.

All of the lodges in the county have been invited to have present at the Conference, on Thursday, June 30th, as early as 10:30 o'clock, a. m., their officers-elect, in order that they may be jointly installed. The installation will be public, and will be conducted by Grand Lecturer Scott.

One of the most pleasant and profiable features of the occasion will be a Masonic address to be delivered by Governor R. M. Cunningham, Past Grand Master, on Thursday, June 30th, at 2 o'clock. This address will be public, and will be delivered in the court house. Everybody is invited to hear this distinguished Alabamian.

All Masons in attendance at the Conference will be entertained, and the Secretaries of the various lodges are requested to send to me the names of all who will attend in order that homes may be provided.

P. D. LEE, Secretary. D. R. McMILLAN, W. M.

NOTICE

Of Registrars Appointments.

Whereas, By virtue of the provisions of Section 8 of "An Act to further regulate elections in the State of Alabama," approved October 9, 1903, "The Board of Registrars in each county shall visit each precinct at least once, and oftener if necessary, between July 1st and October 1st, 1904," to make a complete registration of all persons entitled to register and shall remain there at least one day, from 8 o'clock in the morning until sunset, and they shall give at least 20 day's notice of the time when, and the place in the precinct where, they will attend to register applicants for registration, by bills posted at three or more public places in each precinct, and by advertisement once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper, if there be one published in the county.

Now, therefore, this is to give notice, as required by law, that the Board of Registrars for the county of Shelby, will sit at the following places at the time specified for the purpose aforesaid:

Ramford, Beat 5, Monday, July 11.
Helena, Beat 6, Tuesday, July 12.
Maylone, Beat 10, Wednesday, July 13.
Montevallo, Beat 4, Thursday, July 14.
Calera, Beat 3, Friday, July 15.
Ganadarque, Beat 7, Monday, July 18.
Pelham, Beat 17, Tuesday, July 19.
Highland, Beat 12, Wednesday, July 20.
Bold Springs, Beat 13, Thursday, July 21.
Martin's, Beat 8, Friday, July 22.
Day's X Roads, Beat 11, Saturday, July 23.
Sterrett, Beat 15, Monday, July 25.
Dunnavant, Beat 18, Tuesday, July 26.
Vandiver, Beat 14, Wednesday, July 27.
Vincent, Beat 16, Thursday, July 28.
Creswell, Beat 10, Friday, July 29.
Harpersville, Beat 10, Saturday, July 30.
Willsonville, Beat 9, Monday, August 1.
Spring Breek, Beat 2, Tuesday, August 2.
Shelby, Beat 1, Wednesday, August 3.
Columbiana, Beat 1, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 4.

SPRIGHT DOWELL,
C. H. FLOREY,
J. L. GLENN,
Board of Registrars for Shelby county.

LYNCH.

W. J. Weldon, of Weldon, was here last Thursday.

John M. Dye and sister, Miss Ola, were at Columbiana shopping last week.

Rev. G E. Sampley filled his regular appointment at Mt. Era last Sunday.

Miles Jones, of Adamsville, is visiting relatives here.

Frank Harless and family, of Dargin, visited here last Sunday.

Tom Farr, H. C. Farrell and Robert Evans, of Calvary, attended church services here Sunday.

Horace Jonss, of Adamsville, is visiting relatives here. He, it will be remembered, has lost both legs caused by a disease of the bones, and both limbes had to be amputated. He is a pitable object of mercy, having recently lost his father by death, he is now fatherless and motherless. It is the duty of the people to help him.

Married at the residence of the bride's father, G. W. Dye, on Sunday last, Miss Ola Dye to Mr. John E. Roach. Wesley Ozley, J. P., officiating. The attendants were Frank Garrett and Miss Nancy Dye, J. W. Nalsh and Miss Roxie Roach. The bridal party attended church, after which a reception was given at the residence of G. W. Dye. In the evening a reception was held at the residence of the groom's father, J. W. Roach. May their joys be many and their sorrow few is the wish of their many friends. Mr. Roach is noted for his habits of character and industry, while the bride is a lovely girl and an accomplished musician.

Have You Seen It?

That Wonderful Machine,

The Mahchine Which Does it Right.

No fuel required.
No tires are taken off.
No bolts taken out and tossed away.
No boring the felloe for new bolt holes.

The Schau

COLD-SET TIRE SETTER.

See it at the Blacksmith shop of

J. T. Barnett & Sons.

Wilsonville.

Miss Levie Porter, of Jacksonville, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Sallie McGowan here.

Miss Stella Bentley, a charming young lady of Vincent, visited friends in town Sunday and Mondy.

Miss Robbie Wallace, of Elton, was the guest of Miss Emma Weldon Sunday.

F. M. Wilkins and E. S. Kytle visited the fair srx in your town Sunday afternoon.

Work on the Christian church is progressing slowly on account of some of the material not being on hand. The frame work is up, and came near being wrecked on Monday of last week by a wind storm.

Rumor says that ere most of your readers get this, one of Columbiana's fair daughters will change her name for that of a popular young man here,

I. G. Gwin left Sunday for Brierfield to serve as relief operator for a short while.

Will somebody tell us what has become of the line fence which the Commissioners were building around the stock law district.

Give us a little more space and we will have our cemetery cleaned off yet. Its present condition would indicate that the attention of our citizens is so much engrossed in earning the allmighty dallar, and that they have no time to time think of anything else, and scarcely a memory of their loved ones sleeping beneath the briars and bushes in the silent city of the dead. It is disgusting to visitors and an eye sore to the town. Lets clear it off.

HONEST JOHN.

Harpersville.

The wheat crop is very fine.

Plums and peaches are getting ripe.

Miss Lena Ray is visiting on Fourmile.

Renfro Martin and wife have gone to Hot Springs in search of better health.

M. W. Borum did actually go up to Falkville and back last week all by himself.

T. J. Martin and T. G. Florey spent last Saturday in the growing and booming town of Calcis.

An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Gardner living at Pratt City was buried here Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Borum spent Monday out in the country, and are perfectly delighted with what they saw and heard, especially the sweet singing birds.

Our people up here regardless of politics are terribly wrought up over the saying of a Columbiana man that Jeff Davis ought to have been hung, and some have gone so far as to say that it would not be well for this 2x4 politician to talk that way in their presence as he would not find it very pleasant.

Mrs. M. E. Bates, a very estimable lady, died very unexpectly at her home at Creswell last Thursday night and, was buried here Friday evening. Rev. O. P. Bentley conducting the burial service. She leaves several children, grandchildren, friends and acquaintances to mourn her loss. To the bereaved ones we extend our sympathy.

If the people who sleep in our cemetery here could awake one time, rise up and look around they would be astonished about how their people cared for them, and all would ask where is my father, mother, brother, sister and friend, have they all forgotten us, and have they forgotten too that they must some day sleep in this briary, grassy and bushy spot. Gentlemen of Harpersville, Vincent and Creswell and those who are interested, let us meet and clean off this sacred spot and show to our fathers, mothers, sisters and brothers children that we have not forgotten them. We have some tombstones and monuments here to mark our dead, but they can't be seen by the traveling public as they are so badly hidden with bushes and briars which is a disgrace to any civilized people. Now let us set a day to clean off this graveyard, and let everybody come and help, and those that can't come, send some one in your place, and if you can't send some one, send the money to a friend and ask him to get some one in your place. Now, if you can't and won't do nothing suggested for this much needed want please let it be known to the Commissioners court and they will try and find you a boarding place at the County Poor House, presided over by Jim Finley and in the town of Columbiana, provided you are a worthy character and can't help yourself and want the county to help you.

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St. Louis and return, account World's Fair. Season ticks, sixty day tickets and fifteen day tickets are sold daily on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week during the month of June. Coach Excursion tickets will be sold to St. Louis at less than the one way standard rate limited ten days for return.

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TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

☞All 25 cent preparations for 20 cents at J. H. Mason's drugstore.

Mrs. H. M. Roberts was visiting in Montgomery with friends for several days last week.

Mrs. John S. Pitts has gone to Sylacauga to visit her sister, Mrs. Brown for a short time.

☞All 25 cent packages of Liver Powders, Black Draught, etc., at J. H. Mason & Co's drugstore.

Miss Lallee Tice, who has been visiting at the home of the Misses Sinnott for several weeks returned to Montevallo Tuesday.

Miss Lillie May Liles, who has been attending school at Ashville, N. C. for the past year, has returned home for the summer vacation.

Miss Maude Bell, of Lineville, Ala., and Mrs. A. E. Bartlett of Talladega, Ala , are in the city visiting their sister Mrs. John J. Haynes.

The editor of The Sentinel was in Birmingham yesterday to attend a meeting of the executive committee of the Alabama Press Association, of which he is a member.

☞All 50 cent preparations at 40 cents at J. H. Mason's drugstore.

The third Quarterly Conference of Columbiana circuit will be held at Shelby on next Saturday and Sunday. Rev. L. C. Branscomb, the Presiding Elder, will be present.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Farley entertained a number of young people on Monday night with a flinch party. Delicious refreshments were served, and a delightful time is reported.

Nolan Barnett has erected a grand stand at the ball ground, and now ball games can be the more thoroughly enjoyed by lovers of the game, in that they can get a good seat in the shade for a small sum.

Harry Roberts, who is playing ball with the Twin Decaturs this season, was at home several days last week. The Sentinel makes the prediction that Harry will be a pitcher in the Southern League within the next two years.

Miss Alma Finley, who has been visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Vassar, for a week, returned to her home in Calera last Tuesday. Miss Finley graduated from the Tuscaloosa Female College two weeks ago, and in a few weeks will go to Birmingham to take a post graduate course in a business college.

The large saw mill of C. L. O'Neil the lime manufacturer whose plant is north of Calera, was destroyed by fire last Sunday. A large amount of prepared material for making up barrels was also destroyed. The Sentinel has not learned the origin of the fire, nor Mr. O'Neil's loss.

Mr. Xavier Breneman and Miss Dona Louise Coshatt were married at the home of the bride's parents near Aldrich. on the 12th day of June, 1904, the Rev. W. H. Sturdivant performing the ceremony. The Sentinel joins the many friends of these young people in wishing them a happy and prosperous life.

At a meeting of the town council last Monday it was decided to place a license upon the business men of Columbiana for the purpose of paying the salary of a night watchman. Heretofore the watchman has been paid by private subscription, but not all had subscribed to the fund, therefore the council decided to fix a license for this purpose, and all will help to bear the expense of a night watchman.

☞All Dollar preparations 80 cents at J. H. Mason & Co's drugstore.

J. S. Jackson has recently sent to D. C. Glenn, from Hubbard City Tex., several specimen of boll weevil, the pestiferous little insect that is so damaging to cotton. The wonderful vitality of the insect is shown in the fact that these specimen received by Mr. Glenn had been kept in a bottle for twenty-one days before they were mailed to him, and were alive when placed in the envelop. They were dead, however, when they arrived here. Quite a number of people have called at Mr. Glenn's store to see the insect which has caused cotton growers so much trouble.

While battling with fire near her home Monday morning, "Aunt Mel" Harkins, a worthy old negro woman, was burned so seriously that she lived but a few hours. Her clothing caught fire, and before she could be rescued she was burned from the top of her head to her feet. She was one of the old negroes of ante-bellum days, and was highly regarded because of her goodness of heart. Upon being notified of her death Judge John G. Caldwell, of Birmingham, telegraphed that a nice casket be purchased and that she be buried at his expense, "Aunt Mel" having at one time been his old black mammy.

Benjamin F. Weaver, 28 years old, son of Squire Elias Weaver, living near Wilsonville, died at the home of his uncle, George Weaver, early Monday morning. The day previous he had gone to the home of his uncle for a short visit. After dinner he was taken suddenly ill, and continued to grow worse until Monday morning, when death came. The funeral and interment occured Monday afternoon at the Crawford graveyard, and was largely attended by those who had known the young man in his lifetime. The deceased was an examplary young man, and his death is sincerely mourned by a large circle of friends. He was a brother of G. W. Weaver who is in the employ of the Columbiana Mercantile Co.

A warmly contested game of ball was played in Columbiana last Friday between the first nines of this city and Shelby. Up to the beginning of the fifth inning it looked very much like Columbiana was up against it, but the home team took an extra hitch in its ball clothes and played ball from that to the finish, the result being 8 to 7 in favor of Columbiana. A characteristic of the games of ball between these two teams is the prevailing good humor, and the game of last Friday was no exception to the rule. A large crowd was present from Shelby and Columbiana, and the friends of each team vied with each other in rooting for their favorites. The batteries were Tinney and Albright for the home team, and Webb and Averyt for the visitors. Tom Tinney pitched the game of his life. H. D. Latham umpired the game.

For Sale.

A BARGAIN—The residence occupied by Mrs. J. B. Nelson can be purchased on easy terms. The lot is near the Academy, containing 8 acres, one of the most desirable in town. For terms apply at this office.

Teachers Elected.

The Board of Education held a meeting Monday, and the following teachers were elected for the coming session:

Prof. S. Dowell, Supt.; Miss Esther Mason, Miss Edna Nelson, and Miss Stella Powell. There is yet one teacher to be supplied.

We feel sure that all patrons of the Columbiana High School will be pleased to learn that the above named teachers have been re-elected to teach another year. The coming session promises to be the best within the history of the school.

WAYNESVILLE, N. C., one fare plus 24 cents for round trip, account of Annual Convention Y. M. C. A., June 10th to 20th. Tickets sold June 9, 10 and 11 with final limit June 22.

THE KEYSTONE LIME COMPANY'S PLANT

Shelby County Enterprise That Is a Credit to the State of Alabama.

The editor of The Sentinel and his wife visited Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Bowdon, at Keystone, last Saturday and Sunday, and we never spent a more enjoyable time in a life time.

In 1899, Mr. Bowdon purchased what is known as the Keystone Lime Company, and in the five years that he has been at the head of this great enterprise he has brought it up from the most primitive way of manufacturing lime to the most modern methods. In 1899 the output of the kilns was about 80 barrels a day, and now the output is 600 barrels, and by July 15th, this year, the output will be just double what it is now, or 1,200 barrels per day. From the time Mr. Bowdon purchased the kilns he began making improvements on the plant, realizing as he did the splendid location, the abundance and superiority of the lime rock, the superb and exhaustless supply of water and timber. As he was able, and the demand for the Keystone lime demanded, he added new kilns until to-day he has five kilns in full operation, and by July 15th four more will be finished, built of the finest steel casing and fire brick lining. The kilns are of the continuous burning kind, and the new ones to be opened are equipped with automatic dump thus minimizing the cost and labor to manipulate them.

Among other improvements is the addition of a cooperage plant for the manufacture of barrels which represents an outlay of $5,000, and is the most complete of any plant of the kind in the South. The barrels are built by machinery—beginning with the log and ending with one of the best and prettiest barrels ever put upon the market, and because of the cooperage employed in the packing of the lime it demands a ready sale, and the plant has orders now that it will take months to fill. The barrels are not only substantial but are very attractive in appearance.

There is an inexhaustible supply of the finest limestone to be found anywhere in the South, and that it is almost pure the analysis shows—being 99.65 per cent. The quarry is only about 500 feet from the kilns; the stone is quarried with steam and electric appliances, is loaded upon cars drawn by cable with steam power.

In 1899 when Mr. Bowdon purchased the kilns it required but fifteen employes to operate them; to day there are 155 employes, and the pay roll is between $4000 and $5000 psr month. The company has erected for the use of its employes about eighty little cottages, and all of them are occupied. One church has already been built by the negro employes and another is in course construction. There is also a neat school house. The employes are sober and industrious, drunkenness being a very rare occurrence, and a habit the management will not tolerate among its labor.

Some time ago the plant was capitalized for $55,000 for the purpose of making the improvements necessary to the manufacture of the lime which had so rapidly grown into popular favor, and its entire output is now taken by the Carolina Portland Cement Co., of Charleston, S. C., which is the financial backer of the plant. Other improvements are now being contemplated, and while at the present time the Keystone Lime Company has the reputation of being the finest plant in the South, yet because of the increasing demand for the lime, orders for which the present capacity is incapable of filling, other improvements are to be made.

The great success to which the Keystone Lime Company has attained is due to the personal efforts of R. E. Bowdon, who is superintendent of the works, and in whom the Company has the fullest confidence as to his management, judgment and ability, and upon whom the success of the plant largely depends. Mr. Bowdon is a young man in years, being not yet out of his twenties, and his successful career as a manufacturer of lime is phenominal. But a few years ago he was a clerk in a commissary at a small salary; today he is superintendent of one of the most successful and best known enterprises in all the South. He is unceasing in his efforts to build up the business, is a worker himself, and demands from every employe value received for the wage paid. He is unusually successful in the management of the employes of the plant, and that he is just and fair in his treatment of them is evidenced in the fact that he has never had any friction or trouble with his men. He is an enthusiast in his business, and takes delight in having everything pertaining to the works in first-class order. He has a pride in his success and has a right to be, for it has come to him through hard labor.

The Keystone Lime Company is a credit not only to Shelby county but to the whole South as well, and this great plant owes its success largely to the individual offorts of Mr. Bowdon, its Superintendent. He is a Shelby county boy, and his success is a fair illustration of what pluck, energy and indomitable will to excel will do.

Our visit with him was a most delightful one, and the hospitality dispensed at his home by himself and wife are characteristics of true Southern people. His every effort is ably seconded by his estimable wife, and with such environments success only could come.

A Quiet Wedding.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Nelson in this city, yesterday morning at 8 o'clock, occurred the marriage of their daughter, Miss Lillian Nelson, to Mr. Floyed Wilkins, of Wilsonville, the Rev. G. F. Harris, pastor of the Methodist church, officiating.

The wedding was a quiet one, only relatives and a few intimate friends being present. The decorations of the parlor in which the ceremony was performed were beautiful indeed, and the scene was a pretty one.

Promptly at 8 o'clock, the young people presented themselves before the man of God and in the presence of that small gathering of witnesses pledged anew their vows, and consecrated their future lives each to the other so long as both shall live. Directly after the ceremony the young couple, whose future has been so beautifully blended in love, drove to Calera, boarding the L & N. train at that place and have gone to Ashville, Ala., for a visit with relatives of the groom.

The bride is one of Columbiana's most lovely girls; sweet in disposition, kind and considerate of the wishes of those with whom she comes in contact she has drawn to her a host of friends. She was costumed in a pretty going away gown of blue voille and carried sweet pea blossoms.

The groom is agent for the Southern Railway at Wilsonville; is a young man of integrity and high character, and he is to be congratulated upon having won so lovely a young woman for a bride. He was attired in the usual conventional black.

The newly wedded pair will make their home in Wilsonville, and The Sentinel blends its best wishes with those of their large circle of friends that their anticipations of wedded life may be realized to fullest extent.

DIED.

On June 9th, at the home of its parents, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Nelson, their infant child, aged eight months.

This sweet little bud of promise was soon transplanted from its native soil to the garden of Paradise where no noxious weeds will mar its growth; where no sin can contaminate; where it will be reared and nutured by gentle angels in a pure atmosphere of love.

Parents, we know that your hearts are sore over your loss, and we tender you our heartfelt sympathy. Remember, our ways are not God's ways. Here, we see through a glass darkly, but in the light of Eternity, when we see face to face, we will recognize the great beauty of God's plans and purposes. Here below, we can only bow in humble submission and say "Thy will be done."

A FRIEND.

Have you taken a policy with the Shelby county division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia It is the cheapest, safest and best insurance offered today. It only cost the policy holders of Georgia last year $5.45 on $1,000. See
T. A Leathers, Agt,
Columbiana, Ala.

Of Interest to Teachers.

The Board of Examiners of the State Educational department has ruled that teachers holding unexpired third grade certificates may enclose such certificate in applying for second grade papers, and have it relieve them of taking over the examinations of the third grade. In other words, holders of third grade authority may secure second grade papers by enclosing unexpired third grade certificates and passing successfully the examinations on geography, grammar, arithmetic, Alabama and United States history.

This is a ruling that the board of examiners have had in view for some time and the most liberal that can be made and adhere to the law. It has been the practice and law all along that holders of second grade papers, unexpired, of course, may enclose certificates and be relieved of passing on the studies of the second and third sections. This new arrangement makes it much easier for those who are seeking second grade papers and at the same time does not abate the requirements of the law.

For Sale.

Mrs. S. L. Appleman, who expects to leave Columbiana soon, will dispose o her household goods at a bargain. Some of this furniture was purchased new but a short time ago. Call at her home.

Also has a Jersey cow, fresh a few weeks ago, for sale.

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3276.

State of Alabama. } Notice is hereby given
Shelby County. } that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned, as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 21st day of April, 1901, by P. M. Abercrombie to the said. The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 359, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The south west quarter of the south west quarter of section eleven, township eighteen, south, range one east. (SW¼ of SW¼, sec. 11, tp 18, s. R 1, e.) containing forty (40) acres more or less. (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said, The Alabama State Land Company, the same having been excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No 1278 to said P. M Abercrombie dated April 11th, 1901)

Said lands will be sold by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power.
F. H. EATON, Sec.,
The Alabama State Land Co.
May 19th, 1904 39-5t

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3455.

The State of Alabama. } Notice is hereby
Shelby County. } given that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned, as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 7th day of February, 1904, by John W. Wingo to said, The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 357, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The north west quarter of the south west quarter, section eleven, township eighteen, south, range one east, (NW¼ of SW¼, sec. 11, tp 18, s. R 1 e) containing forty (40) acres more or less, (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said, The Alabama State Land Co., the same having excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No, 3455 to said John W. Wingo dated January 24th, 1902.)

Said lands will be sold by virtue of a sale in said mortgage and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power.
F. H. EATON, Sec.,
The Alabama State Land Co.
May 19th, 1904. 39-5t.

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3543.

The State of Alabama. } Notice is hereby
Shelby County, } given that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 14th day of July, 1902, by B. Kindrick to said, The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 361, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The west half of the south east quarter of section seventeen, township eighteen south, range one east. (W½ of SE¼, sec 17, tp. 18, s., R. 1e.) containing eighty (80) acres more or less, (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said, The Alabama State Land Company, the same having been exepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No. 3543 to said B. Kindrick, dated July 9th, 1902. Said lands will be sold by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power.
F. H. EATON, Sec.
The Alabama State Land Co.
May 19th, 1904. 39-5t

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

In pursuance of and in accordance with the terms and directions of a commission, issued and addressed to the undersigned by the Hon. A. P. Longshore, Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, bearing date the 24th day of May, 1901, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction in front of the court house door of said county in Columbiana, on Monday, the 20th day of June, 1904 at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The southeast fractional quarter, section 24 township 22, range 2, west; and the west half of the southwest quarter of fraction D, sec. 19 township 22, range 1, west, being 124 3-100 acres more or less. Also lots C, D and F, sec. 19, township 22, south, range 1 west, being 151 43-100 acres more or less. In all 275 acres more or less; which said land is to be sold under the decree of said court for the purpose of a division between and among the several joint owners thereof who are as follows, to-wit: Sarah A. Hyde, Jos. L. McGaughy, Sam'l F. McGaughy, Geo. W. McGaughy, John T. McGaughy, Ida C. Woolley, and the following named children of Martha L. Bradford, deceased, to-wit: Harrison, Samuel, Norman, Early and Ida Bradford, and Lucy McCutcheon (alias Lucy Gentry) and Ellen Ray.

May 25th, 1904. W. P. THOMAS.
39-3t. Commissioner.

A MODEL
DRUG STORE...
(Conducted on a modern system.)

We carry all Patent Medicines sold in this section. Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco. Fine line of Stationery, in fact, everything that goes to make up a

First Class Drug Store.

Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins, Colgates Soaps, Extracts, and Toilet Articles.

Our Prescription Department

Is always in charge of a Pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of Pharmacy and years of experience.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782.77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3,009.00	Rediscounts.....	2,263.00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. FARLEY Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Mgr., Birmingham, Alabama. Birmingham Phone 69.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala. Columbiana Phone 42.

HOLCOMBE & BOWDON,
Calera, Ala.
DEALERS IN
Groceries, Shoes, Hardwere,
Furniture, Undertakers Goods,
Farming Implements,
Wagons and Buggies,
Feed Stuffs, All Kinds.

NOTICE.

E. A. Bentley, Deceased. } In the Probate Court of Shelby county, Alabama.
Estate of } This day came M. F. Bentley, administratrix of said estate, and filed her statement and report, setting forth that said estate is insolvent, and praying that it may be so decreed. It is ordered that the 7th day of June, 1904 be appointed as a day for hearing and determining the same at which time all persons in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.
A. P. LONGSHORE
37-3t Judge of Probate.

Sick headache results from a disordered stomach and is quickly cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by Bandy Drug Co.

Notice to Non-Resident Etc.

STATE OF ALABAMA. } PROBATE COURT
SHELBY COUNTY. } of said County,
Estate of J. E. R. Davidson, deceased.

To C. J Davidson a non-resident and all persons concerned:

This day came J. J. Davidson and Clara B. Davidson, administrators of said estate, and filed their application in due form and under oath asking for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate for the purpose of paying the debts of said estate and for distribution among the heirs. It is ordered by the Court that Monday the 13th day of June, 1904, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest, and especially C. J. Davidson who is shown to be a non-resident and whos place of residence is unknown, can appear and contest the same if they think proper. This the 7th day of April, 1904.
A. P. LONGSHORE,
35-3t. Judge of Probate.

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

TOLD IN CALIFORNIA.

Helping the kidneys is helping the whole body, for it is the kidneys that remove the poisons and waste from the body. Learning this simple lesson has made many sick men and women well.

Judge A. J. Felter, of 318 So. E St., San Bernardino, Calif., says: "For 18 years my kidneys were not performing their functions properly. There was some backache, and the kidney secretions were profuse, containing also considerable sediment. Finally the doctors said I had diabetes. Doan's Kidney Pills wrought a great change in my condition, and now I sleep and feel well again."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Judge Felter will be mailed to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by all dealers; price 50 cents per box.

A French scientist has made some observations as to the behavior of different wild animals at sea, says the Westminster Gazette. The polar bear, he says, is the only one that takes to the sea, and is quite jolly when aboard ship. All others resent a trip on water and vociferously give vent to their feelings until sea-sickness brings silence. The tiger suffers most of all. He whines, his eyes water continually and he rubs his stomach with his paws. Horses are very bad sailors and often perish on a sea voyage. Oxen are heroic in their attempts not to give way to sickness. Elephants do not like the sea, but they are amenable to medical treatment.

The engineers who have studied the effects of fire in tall buildings in Baltimore seem to agree that iron and steel should not be intermingled in the frame of a building. Cast iron after heating and cooling shows a permanent expansion, while under similar conditions steel will return to its original dimensions. Baltimore's steel skeleton buildings resisted the fire, while cast iron buildings lay in shattered ruins. One towering steel building, although gutted from top to bottom, was found to be plumb and the skeleton in such perfect condition that the building could be refinished and occupied again.

The czar has given a commission in the Daghestan cavalry to Prince Napoleon Murat, great grandson of Napoleon's marshal, the stable boy whom Napoleon made king of Naples. He resigned, to accept this place, a lieutenancy in the Ninth Cuirassiers of the French army, in which service he won great honor in Madagascar. His grandmother was Caroline Fraser, of Philadelphia, who was governess in the family of Joseph Bonaparte when he lived in Bordentown, N. J., and afterwards married Lucien Murat. His mother, the wife of Achille Murat, was a Mingrelian princess.

A scientist has discovered that electricity may be substituted for sleep. Instead of throwing away seven or eight hours in bed every night all that a person need to do is to take a heavy charge of electricity, which is administered to the brain by a special apparatus. He has a blinding sensation, followed by numbness, but this soon passes away and he emerges fresh as if just awaked from deep and uninterrupted slumber.

At Huntsville a warrant charging forgery has been sworn out against Lena Johnson, alias Nellie Smith, a young woman of attractive appearance, who claims to be from Knoxville. The woman tried to borrow a sum of money from a bank on a forged note. She has disappeared since, leaving no trace behind her.

The population of Berlin verges on 2,000,000; that of Paris is about 2,750,000.

Miss Gannon, Sec'y Detroit Amateur Art Association, tells young women what to do to avoid pain and suffering caused by female troubles.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I can conscientiously recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to those of my sisters suffering with female weakness and the troubles which so often befall women. I suffered for months with general weakness, and felt so weary that I had hard work to keep up. I had shooting pains, and was utterly miserable. In my distress I was advised to use **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and it was a red letter day to me when I took the first dose, for at that time my restoration began. In six weeks I was a changed woman, perfectly well in every respect. I felt so elated and happy that I want all women who suffer to get well as I did." — MISS GUILA GANNON, 359 Jones St., Detroit, Mich., Secretary Amateur Art Association. — *$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

When one considers that Miss Gannon's letter is only one of the countless hundreds which we are continually publishing in the newspapers of this country, the great virtue of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine must be admitted by all.

VETERANS' REUNION

The Fourteenth Annual Meeting Opened Tuesday in the City of Rocks.

OLD SOLDIERS IN NASHVILLE.

Abbey Fund Reaches $206,000—The South in History—Movement for Library.

Old veterans, delegates and visitors throng Nashville. Special trains arrived every hour until Monday midnight from every direction.

There are delegations present from Missouri and as far north as Montana. The Pat Clebourne division of the Texas veterans, with headquarters at Waco, arrived, but the five other Texas special trains are less fortunate, they having been delayed by a washout near Pine Bluff.

The battle abbey committee met. The report of the committee shows that the treasurer has in his hands nearly $106,000 in cash. In addition thereto there is the gift of the city of Richmond, $50,000; subscriptions collectable, $10,000; balance due from Charles B. Rouss, $40,000. This latter amount is payable at any time. This makes the total money available for the erection of the abbey $206,000 The committee is trying to raise $300,000, but the work can begin any time now with the money in hand. The exact date for the inauguration of the work, however, has not been decided.

The committee states that more funds will be raised as soon as possible to establish a complete library of American and especially southern history which will become a part of the abbey. Numerous portraits and statues of southern soldiers which have been presented from time to time by southern women will find a resting place in the abbey.

The historical committee, of which General Clement A. Evans, of Georgia, is chairman, will submit a report setting forth the congratulations of the committee to the south on the reforms made in the histories in which the south is now much more fairly treated by authors than formerly. This committee will also report on the battle flag matter, which has agitated the veterans for several years. The committee is of the opinion that the battle flag is square with cross lines from corner to corner. The contention of many has been that the flag was oblong instead of square.

General Lee, commander in chief, received a letter from General Joseph Wheeler expressing his regrets at not being able to attend the Nashville reunion. General Wheeler said he had hoped to lend his voice in an effort to urge special exertions by the veterans in hunting up war rosters and records to be printed as permanent archives.

For the first time since its organization, the Sons of Veterans will meet with the veterans. The sons will have all the privileges of the floor and a voice in the proceedings. The veterans hope by this close relation to perpetuate their organization and put the sons in a position to acquire the proper spirit.

The movement for a permanent meeting place has its friends as well as opponents, and it is not thought that the matter will crystalize into action at this year's reunion.

Can Not Attend.

Among those who will not attend the confederate veterans' reunion is General John H. Reagan, of Texas, former postmaster general of the confederacy. In a letter to General Lee, General Reagan says:

"I have to express my sincere regret that I shall be unable to attend the reunion once more to extend greetings and congratulations with the brave and patriotic old confederate veterans. God bless them and you. One of the reasons why I can not attend is that I am preparing the manuscript of a book, one of the purposes of which is to demonstrate by conclusive proof that the war between the states was forced on the south by the revolutionary and unconstitutional policy of the republican party, and that our people were not rebels and traitors, but patriots defending their rights, and only demanding obedience to the constitution and laws for the protection of their rights."

While stooping over a spring to get a cup of water in Mount Calvary cemetery Sergeant Andrew N. Davis, of the police, accidentally dropped his revolver. The weapon was discharged, the bullet entering Davis' breast and killing him instantly. His eleven-year-old daughter was by the officer's side at the time, and his aged mother was but a short distance away.

In Georgia.

The following named projected businesses will soon be in operation:

Atlanta—$25,000 medicine factory.

Carrollton—$45,000 water works, electric light plant and sewerage system.

Cordele—$6,000 cotton gin.

Savannah—$25,000 cooperage plant; fertilizer factory.

Mississippi reports the following new enterprises:

Askew—$10,000 lumber company.

Booneville—Electric light plant; telephone system.

Darling—$250,000 land company.

Greenville—$20,000 stone works.

Hattiesburg—$25,000 cracker factory.

Jackson—Spoke factory; barrel factory; $250,000 fertilizer factory.

Mendenhall—$25,000 gin and manufacturing company.

Tupelo—$150,000 fertilizer factory.

DAMAGE OF PLANT ENEMIES

During 1903 Was Considerable—Department of Agriculture Report.

The destruction wrought on crops by the countless plant enemies throughout the country is revealed by the report issued by the department of agriculture on "plant disease in 1903."

It shows that the coffee leaf blight has accidentally been introduced in Porto Rico and measures are being taken to stamp it out. The tomato blight has practically ruined the tomato crop of Porto Rico. A potato rot has caused the loss of nearly the entire potato crop.

The cotton root rot in Texas prevailed to a greater extent than for many years, the loss being estimated at about $2,000,000.

Anthranaose has been generally prevalent from North Carolina to Georgia and locally injurious, especially to sea island cotton in south Georgia. Wilt seems to spread slowly and now occurs in limited areas in North Carolina and South Carolina, is widely prevalent in south Georgia and southeastern Alabama, in connection with the root rot. Rust occurred as usual on the poorer soils and was unusually severe in Texas.

Lays It to Socialism.

General Bell has given out a statement concerning his action in deporting strikers from Cripple Creek and the cause leading up to the same. He attributed the recent troubles growing out of the miners' strike and the strike itself to the socialistic element in the Western Federation of Miners, who, he says, captured the federation at the Ogden convention two years ago. He declares the federation has made unionism a secondary consideration and that the organization, root and branch, is being made a vehicle for the promotion of socialism. General Bell made the following statement for publication:

"I have indisputable evidence in my possession which will lead to the conviction of a number of union men for the murder of the men who were killed in the Independence depot explosion. We have between thirty-five and forty men in the bull pen who will swing for this crime. We are only waiting to capture two or three more men before we tell what our evidence is. There will be no hesitation in acting."

SHOT GOING HOME FROM CHURCH

Young Man Says He Did It Accidentally, But Escapes.

Miss Anna Jones, of Wichita, Kans., while returning from church services, was shot and killed by some one in the party who was firing a revolver for fun. William Ward immediately after the girl was shot, exclaimed that he had shot her accidentally, but before officers arrived to arrest him he fled and has not yet been apprehended.

Ward is said to have been barely acquainted with the young woman and there seems to have been no motive for intentional shooting. The attempt of Ward to escape arrest is taken by the authorities as the only circumstance pointing to his guilt.

Woman May Hang.

Remarkable efforts are being made to prevent the hanging of Mrs. Alma Valentine, at Hankanset, N. J., next week for murder. The board of pardons already has refused to interfere and before starting for Chicago to attend the republican national convention, Governor Murphy signed the death warrant. Only two women have been executed in the history of New Jersey and opposition to the hanging has developed on that account. Efforts are now being made by her counsel to secure a reprieve from Acting Governor Wakelee so that the case may again be presented to the board of pardons.

Had Plenty of Money.

Unconscious, with $13,800 in cash fastened in a belt around his waist, a man whose name was later discovered to be Henry Butterman, was found in a Chicago boarding house in which gas was escaping from an open jet. Butterman was taken to the Alexian Brothers' hospital. Upon searching at the hospital for a clew to his identity the brothers uncovered $2,800 in gold and $11,000 in paper money tucked away in a leather belt. Butterman is said to be an agent for a Milwaukee publishing house. The escape of gas is attributed to an accident.

May Go to Turkey.

One more of the American men-of-war now assembled in Mediterranean waters, it is possible, after their service at Tangier is concluded, may go as far east as Turkey. The United States is aiming to secure for certain institutions and missions in Turkey the same privileges that the government of that country grants to the missionary and educational institutions of other countries.

A mistake of a grocer in filling a customer's jug with gasoline when vinegar was asked for resulted in an explosion at a home in Kansas City and caused the death of one person and injury to three others.

From Waugekan, Ill., we learn that the Warner Sugar Refining Co., whose great glucose establishment was destroyed by explosion some months ago, has now rebuilt the large establishment.

The Russian battleship Czarovitch, which was damaged by a Japanese torpedo at the beginning of the war, has been repaired at Port Arthur and is now ready for action. The sea outside the port is thickly strewn with Russian and Japanese mines, and is a constant menace to navigation.

For the first time in the history of Princeton university a layman delivered the baccalaureate address, the honor being conferred on President Woodrow Wilson at the request of the students. In the academic procession was Former President Cleveland.

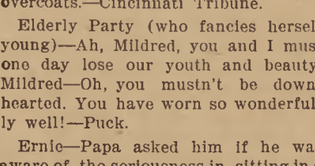
THE OLD GIG.

Beyond the crumbling stable wall
Here in this sunny afternoon,
Where weaving spiders rise and fall
And crickets chirp their ceaseless tune,
I spy the outlines of a wheel
And thrashing through the foliage maze,
The clinging brambles soon reveal—
The quaint old gig of by-gone days.

Oh, faithful gig of time ago
Your tires totter and careen;
And through your shafts the grasses grow;
Like harness are the brambles green;
But once again you 're off to town
Behind old Lucy's saucy heels,
And I (in dream) barefooted brown
Climb up behind your creaking wheels.

—Victor A. Hermann, in Puck.

JUST FOR FUN



She—Does your employer ever tell the clerk funny stories? He—No, but we don't dare undeceive him.—Town Topics.

He—I was thinking of having my fortune told. She—You needn't go to the trouble. As you have proposed to me, papa will see all about that.—Judge.

'My husband cares only for money. He has no finer sentiments whatever." "No?" "Not one. Why, I can cry for hours without getting a cent out of him."—Judge.

"With your daughter as my wife, sir, I can conquer the world." "But that isn't the question. Can you make enough money to keep yourself in clothes?"—Life.

Phillie—A poor woman was found hanging in a back yard this morning. Penn—Did she commit suicide? Phillie—No, she was a washerwoman.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Tom—I'm glad I'm not the czar's valet. Dick—Why? Tom—Look what a job he has to keep the Japanese cannon balls combed out of the czar's fur overcoats.—Cincinnati Tribune.

Elderly Party (who fancies herself young)—Ah, Mildred, you and I must one day lose our youth and beauty. Mildred—Oh, you mustn't be downhearted. You have worn so wonderfully well!—Puck.

Ernie—Papa asked him if he was aware of the seriousness in sitting in a dark parlor. Ida—What did ne say? Ernie—He said: "You bet! It's leap year and I don't know when that girl might propose."—Chicago News.

"The train I was on this morning," said little Elsie's papa, "struck a poor cow and cut her head right off." "My gracious!" exclaimed the little girl, "I suppose the milk poured right out all over the ground."—Philadelphia Press.

"What do you think of that actor who undertook to trounce a dramatic critic who had ridiculed him?" I think," answered the man who never has a good word for anyone, that in all probability they were both right."—Washington Star.

Aren't you sometimes tempted to complain about the ingratitude of republics?" "Certainly not," answered Senator Sorghum. "I haven't the slightest hesitancy in declaring that this republic has simply paid me for everything I ever did for it."

"I want you to understand," remarked the indignant young broker, "that I am no ignoramus. I went through college, sir, and have my sheepskins to show for it." "So!" said the senior of the firm; "well, I didn't go through college, but I have taken several sheepskins to show since then—fleece and all. See?"—Cincinnati Times-Star.

Queen Sells Butter.

Queen Wilhelmina of Holland has gone into the dairy business, and is now making money by selling milk and butter. Her first step in this direction was when she induced her husband, Prince Henry, to buy several cows, which were placed on the rich lands surrounding the castle of Loo. The cows prospered exceedingly, and the Queen was so well pleased with the success of her experiment that she instructed the managers of her estates to make a tour of the stock farms and purchase the best animals that could be obtained in Holland. This they did, and sent the herd to the castle at Loo. A dairy was established in connection with the royal estate, and now butter and milk are sold in large quantities from the Queen's establishment. She herself devotes considerable time to directing and inspecting the work of the dairy, and it has become her most absorbing hobby. She determined that the dairy should not only be self-supporting but profitable, and she is now realizing a neat little sum for pin money from it every month.

Bells and Thunderstorms.

An instance of the absurdity of some of the notions held by our ancestors was the notion that the ringing of the church bells had a counteracting effect in a thunderstorm. It was supposed that the vibration of the air caused by the movement of the bells resulted in the dissipation of the electric fluid in the air. The belief was so common at one time that the bells were rung as soon as signs of an approaching thunderstorm were seen. Science now holds a contrary opinion. Not only does the sound have no possible effect on the air, but the vibration caused by the sound of a bell upon a cloud charged with electricity may cause it to discharge its contents upon the ringer of the bell in the church tower.

World's Smallest Monarchy.

The sovereign who reigns over the smallest monarchy in the world is the king of Cocos, a group of islands near Sumatra. These islands were discovered about 300 years ago by the captain of the Keeling, but were comparatively little known till 1825, when Mr. Ross, an Englishman, visited them, was struck by their beauty, and took up his abode there. It is his grandson, M. George Ross, who now holds the sway over the Cocos.—New York Tribune.

CATARRH IS THE CAUSE OF MOST KIDNEY DISEASES.

PE-RU-NA CURES CATARRH.

Samuel R. Sprecher, Junior Beadle Court Angelina 3422, I. O. O. F., 205 New High St., Los Angeles, Cal., writes:

"I came here a few years ago suffering with catarrh of the kidneys, in search of health. I thought the climate would cure me, but found I was mistaken. But what the climate could not do Peruna could and did do. Seven weeks' trial convinced me that I had the right medicine, and I was then a well man. I know of at least twenty friends and members of the lodge to which I belong who have been cured of catarrh, bladder and kidney trouble through the use of Peruna, and it has a host of friends in this city."—SAMUEL R. SPRECHER.

Captain James L. Dempsey, Captain 2nd Precinct Troy Police Force, writes from 198 Ferry St., Troy, N. Y., as follows.

"From my personal experience with Peruna I am satisfied it is a very fine remedy for catarrhal affections, whether of the head, lungs, stomach or pelvic organs. It cures colds quickly, and a few doses taken after undue exposure prevents illness.

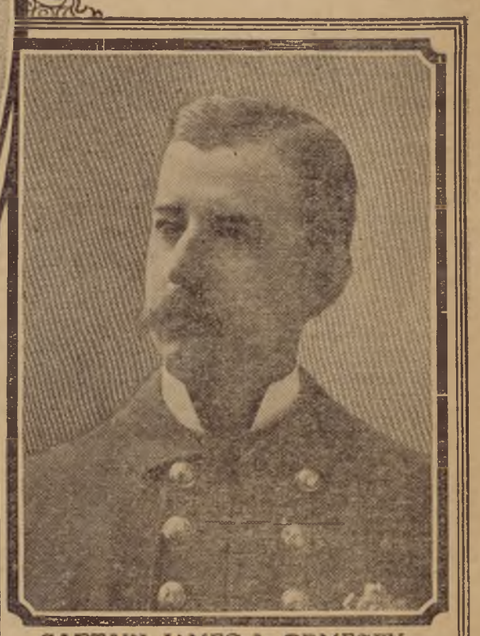
"Some of the patrolmen under me have also found great relief from Peruna. It has cured chronic cases of kidney and bladder troubles, restored men suffering from indigestion and rheumatism, and I am fully persuaded that it is an honest, reliable medicine, hence, I fully endorse and recommend it."

—JAMES L. DEMPSEY.

Officer A. C. Swanson writes from 607 Harrison St., Council Bluffs, Ia., as follows:

"As my duties compelled me to be out in all kinds of weather I contracted a severe cold from time to time, which settled in the kidneys, causing severe pains and trouble in the pelvic organs.

"I am now like a new man, am in splendid health and give all praise to Peruna."—A. C. Swanson.



CAPTAIN JAMES L. DEMPSEY.

Catarrh of the Kidneys a Common Disease---Kidney Trouble Often Fails to Be Regarded as Catarrh by Physicians.

Catarrh of the kidneys is very common indeed. It is a pity this fact is not better known to the physicians as well as the people.

People have kidney disease. They take some diuretic, honing to get better. They never once think of catarrh. Kidney disease and catarrh are seldom associated in the minds of the people, and, alas, it is not very often associated in the minds of the physicians. Too few physicians recognize catarrh of the kidneys. They doctor for something else. They try this remedy and that remedy. The trouble may be catarrh all the time. A few bottles of Peruna would cure them.

Pe-ru-na Removes the Cause of the Kidney Trouble.

Peruna strikes at the very centre of the difficulty, by eradicating the catarrh from the kidneys. Catarrh is the cause of kidney difficulty. Remove the cause and you remove the effect. With unerring accuracy Peruna goes right to the spot. The kidneys are soon doing their work with perfect regularity.

Thousands of Testimonials.

Thousands of testimonials from people who have had kidney disease which had gone beyond the control of the physician are received by Dr. Hartman every year, giving Peruna the whole praise for marvelous cures.

Pe-ru-na Cures Kidney Disease.

Peruna cures kidney disease. The reason it cures kidney disease is because it cures catarrh. Catarrh of the kidneys is the cause of most kidney disease. Peruna cures catarrh wherever it happens to be located. It rarely fails.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

It is estimated that the factory at Longmont, Colo., cans more peas than any other in the world. The factory has been enlarged so that its capacity is 16,000 cans an hour, which exceeds all records, so far as known.

Frans Borich, a Noremberg artist, is dead. German papers say he was the inventor of the picture postal card. His first cards appeared in 1872, but as early as 1868 German brewers were advertising their beer by pictures and mottoes on cards, which they sent to prospective customers. Those are the earliest known specimens.

The present trip of the Liberty bell to St. Louis is the seventh time it has been out of Independence hall, Philadelphia, since it was first installed there in 1753. The first time it was removed was in 1777 when it was taken to Allentown, Pa., to prevent it falling into the hands of the British. There it remained until the British evacuated Philadelphia. All of its other journeys were for exhibition purposes, and included trips to New Orleans in 1885, to Chicago in 1893, to Atlanta in 1895, to Charleston in 1902 and to Boston in 1903.

According to Export, a German geographical paper, there are 7,642,650 Chinese livng out of Chna—as many as the total populaton of iSweden and Norway. America has comparatively few of them—only 272,829, a few less than the little British island od Hongkong alone boasts. The Philippines, where the Chinese are already a problem, have only 80,000 of them.

A new cavern, rivaling in beauty the one at Luray, and Weir's cave and the Cave of Fountains, at Shendun, Va., has been discovered in Shenandoah county, Virginia, near Woodstock. As yet the cavern has not been explored, but the portion that has been visited is filled with the most beautiful lime stone formations and contains large chambers.

One of the flat housetops of Morocco girls may often be seen flying kites which they believe will give an augury of their fortune. If the kite remains unbroken good fortune is in store for them; it mishap befall it evil days will be their portion. Their faith in the oracle is so great that mishap to the kite plunges them in dejection.

In Japan only thirty years ago all gentlewomen were trained in the use of the sword and lance. Some Japanese women refused to weep over their dead because it was considered disloyal to the mikado to weep for those who had the honor to die fighting for him.

Roman Jose Lascony De Paula, a bright young Filipino from the island of Negros, was awarded the faculty prize of $40 for the best essay from among the members of the graduating class of the law department of Georgetown university.

About three and one-third million tons of pig iron were made in southern furnaces during 1903.

STORE FRONTS

For all kinds and sizes of Store Buildings. We furnish all material entering into the construction of Store Fronts. Write us about your proposed building and state dimensions and style of front and we will send you, **FREE OF CHARGE**, an elegant Blue Print Plan, and quote you an extremely low price on one of our popular

Beautiful, Everlasting

Modern Store Fronts. We give you all the style of an elegant New York or Chicago store at moderate cost. **Send for Catalogue.**

SOUTHERN FOUNDRY CO., Owensboro, Kentucky

A Chicago girl secured her trousseau and many articles of jewelry by passing herself off as a daughter of wealthy parents and having things charged to millionaires.

During 1903 the valuo of exports through southern ports was $508,000,000.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

During some recent explorations at Pompeii an ancient kitchen was unearthed.

Ask Your Dealer For Allen's Foot-Ease

A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The gray wolf is very destructive to cattle in Montana.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle

---

In Dundee, Scotland, the trolley system is used to clean and sprinkle the streets.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

A floating electric crane is used for the loading and unloading of ships at Kiel.

Government Pays Low Wages.

The British Government continues to be denounced by the workers' union for the low wages paid at Government work shops, shipyards, arsenals and gun factories, but all denunciations and resolutions seem to have no effect.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Swiss Law Little Observed.

The killing of birds is forbidden in the Swiss Canton of Tessin, and last year the rural police confiscated over 20,000 traps and nets. Nevertheless, the birds are offered for sale in the markets with impunity.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Am. 25, 1904.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

BAD BREATH

"For months I had great trouble with my stomach and used all kinds of medicines. My tongue has been actually as green as grass, my breath having a bad odor. Two weeks ago a friend recommended Cascarets and after using them I can willingly and cheerfully say that they have entirely cured me. I therefore let you know that I shall recommend them to any one suffering from such troubles." Chas. H. Halpun, 109 Rivington St., New York, N.Y.

Best For The Bowels

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 598

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

BOTANIC

B.B.B. BLOOD BALM

The Great Tested Remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Scrofula, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Ulcers, Eczema, Sores, Eruptions, Weakness, Nervousness, and all

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.

It is by far the best building up Tonic and Blood Purifier ever offered to the world. It makes new, rich blood, imparts renewed vitality, and possesses almost miraculous healing properties. Write for Book of Wonderful Cures, sent free on application.

If not kept by your local druggist, send $1.00 for a large bottle, or $5.00 for six bottles, and medicine will be sent, freight paid, by

BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

FREE to WOMEN

A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely Free and Postpaid, enough to prove the value of

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

Paxtine is in powder form to dissolve in water — non-poisonous and far superior to liquid antiseptics containing alcohol which irritates inflamed surfaces, and have no cleansing properties. The contents of every box makes more Antiseptic Solution — lasts longer — goes further — has more uses in the family and does more good than any antiseptic preparation you can buy.

The formula of a noted Boston physician, and used with great success as a Vaginal Wash, for Leucorrhœa, Pelvic Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Cuts, and all soreness of mucus membrane.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a Vaginal Wash we challenge the world to produce its equal for thoroughness. It is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

All leading druggists keep Paxtine; price, 50c. a box; if yours does not, send to us for it. Don't take a substitute — there is nothing like Paxtine.

Write for the Free Box of Paxtine to-day.

R. PAXTON CO., 7 Pope Bldg., Boston, Mass.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

Circuit Clerk

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., JUNE 23, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 43

IF.

If all the skies were sunshine,
Our faces would be fain
To feel once more upon them
The cooling splash of rain.

If all the world were music,
Our hearts would often long
For one sweet strain of silence,
To break the endless song.

If life were always merry,
Our souls would seek relief,
And rest from weary laughter
In the quiet arms of grief.
—Henry Vandyke.

THE HAUNTED CHAMBER.

By Emma Garrison Jones.

"There it is, girls; there's Chesholm Manor. You can just catch the tips of the grim, gray turrets over the gloomy fir hills off to the left there."

We all leaned forward, and followed with eager eyes Miss Tresham's pointing finger.

There it was, dimly defined beyond the black firs, in the weird old county of Cornwall.

Miss Treshman shook her pretty head, with its abundant bronze tresses in a melancholy way.

"The most uncanny old place, girls," she said, "a second 'Moated Grange,' for all the world. I always dread our annual visit, though I certainly love godpapa very dearly; but it is such a weird old place. And, girls, there is a haunted chamber, too!"

"A haunted chamber, Beatrix?" we all cried, in a breath.

"A veritable haunted chamber—the 'crimson chamber,' they call it, and it is the grandest room in the house; yet I've never seen it but once in my whole life. I can't bear to go near it. I remember dimly how vast, and grand, and dark it looked, all aglow with crimson and gold. And oh! girls, such an awful legend connected with it. Mrs. Sinnot, the housekeeper, told it to me herself."

"Trixie, dear, tell us!"

"I can't tell it, as Mrs. Sinnott did, but I'll do my best: Centuries ago, in the time of the very first Chesholms—and they came down from the Norman chiefs, you know, ever so long ago—there was a brave knight, Sir Geoffrey Chesholm, I think they called him. He was a great soldier, and the bravest, handsomest man in all England. He wooed and won, so the story runs, a lovely Scandinavian girl, with eyes like stars and tresses of golden hair that reached to her knees. He married her, and brought her home to Chesholm Manor, and the crimson room was their bridal chamber.

"Well, a week after they came home to the manor Sir Geoffrey was called away. He parted from his lovely bride with great reluctance, and many tender caresses, for he was excessively fond of her.

"Owing to some circumstances, which I do not remember, he returned much sooner than he had anticipated, and reaching the manor one stormy midnight he let himself in with his night key, and hurried to the chamber of his bride, thinking to find her in bed and asleep.

"But lo! when he reached the crimson room he found it in a glitter of wax lights, and on opening the door he saw his young wife all arrayed in her best robes, with diamonds in her golden hair and on her white throat; and a feast was spread out, wines and fruits and other dainties. And who do you suppose this fair, false creature had to keep her company? An old lover, who had been Sir Geoffrey's rival.

"Well, he killed her then and there, and his rival, too, and concealed their bodies in the secret passage, into which they say the crimson chamber leads. That was centuries ago, but to this day they come back at midnight and tap against the oaken panels, hoping that some one will come and liberate them. Mrs. Sinnott avers that she has heard this ghostly tapping again and again. She would not sleep a night in this haunted room for worlds. No one ever does except Sir John, and he scouts the whole story."

"Oh, how awful!" we all cried, "and how delightful!"

We drove up the fir-shadowed drive and reached the grim, gray front of the old manor just as the darkness fell. Sir John was on the great stone terrace to welcome us.

"I've brought a lot of young school friends to share my visit, this time, godpapa," said Beatrix, when the greetings were well over.

"That's right, Trixie; the more the merrier. You didn't know we had a ball on the tapis, did you? Nor that young Major Farleigh was at home on furlough either—hey, Trix?"

Beatrix blushed divinely. Major Farleigh was her betrothed lover. The old baronet pinched her glowing cheek.

"I planned it all to surprise you," he said. "But come in, young ladies, we've no time to lose. You must eat your dinner in a hurry, and then dress for the ball."

Dinner over, we lit our candles and hurried up to dress.

"This way, please, mademoiselles," called Sir John, and we followed him into his quaint old sitting room.

"See there, Trixie," he said, pointing toward the sofa; "there's a ball dress fresh from Paris. Would you like to have them—I mean dress, diamonds and all?"

Oh, godpapa-" cried Beatrix, with clasped hands.

The dress was of silken tissue of the loveliest pink, trimmed with priceless lace, and adorned with tufts of moss rosebuds, and the diamonds were such blinking, gleaming stars—tiara, necklace, armlets and a girdle, like a belt of living light.

"They're yours, Trixie," continued Sir John. "Major Farleigh is likely to admire you in that rig—hey, Trix? Well, they're yours, and, moreover, when you marry the major, I mean that you shall come and live with me. I'm an old man now, and a bit lonely, and I think I shall make the major my heir."

"Oh, Sir John, dear godpapa!" cried Beatrix, with swimming eyes.

"Stop, Trixie," he interrupted. "Wait till you hear my conditions—don't thank me yet—I've made up my mind to do all this, and to give you this trumpery here, provided you are willing to do one thing."

"I'll do anything you wish, you good, dear godpapa," answered Trixie, with her eyes on the glittering gems.

"Very well, you must sleep in the crimson chamber tonight."

"Alone?" faltered poor Beatrix, growing white.

"Nay, you may all go together, but you must enter the crimson room as soon as the ball ends, and remain there till daylight. If you can stand it tonight, and the ghostly pair do not eat you, I mean it for your bridal chamber when you and the major marry."

"I'll do it," said Beatrix, stoutly, "Girls, what do you say?"

"We'll do it," we cried, with one voice.

"Very well; collect your finery, and take yourselves off," said the baronet.

We obeyed, and Beatrix wore her ball dress, and her diamonds, and dazzled the poor major so completely that he came nigh losing his wits.

At one o'clock, to the minute, we marched in solemn file to the door of the haunted room. Mrs. Sinnott followed us with an ashen face.

"For Heaven's sake, young ladies, give over this mad folly!" she entreated; but Beatrix silenced her, and in we went.

A cheerful fire blazed upon the marble hearth, wax lights glittered in every niche and corner, revealing the vast proportions of the room, and the grand and glowing richness of the crimson hangings and antique furniture.

"It is a pity, as godpapa says, for such a handsome apartment to be deserted," said Beatrix, as we surrounded the hearth. "I hope we shall come out victorious, girls."

We glanced nervously at the great catafalque of a bed, with its crimson canopies, and concluded to keep watch before the hearth. Two o'clock chimed from the hoarse old clock above the stables. We heard the roar of the surf on the wild Cornish coast, and the mournful wail of the wind amid the grim turrets, and by the by, with beating hearts and suspended breaths we heard another sound.

Tap, tap, tap, against the oaken panel. Beatrix became as white as death, and glanced over her shoulder with a shudder.

"Girls, they are coming," she whispered—"the false bride and her lover."

We clung together, huddling over the grate. Tap, tap, tap, it came again. One of our party, a little blond miss from the Sussex hills, fell gently to the floor in a swoon. Tap, tap, tap, and then a faint, rustling movement. Beatrix thought of her major and her bridal night, and rose to her feet in trembling dsperation.

"Who's there?" she demanded, in a voice that shook.

Tap, tap, tap! No other answer but that faint, rustling swish.

A sort of heroism, born of despair, seized upon Beatrix. Her white cheeks flamed, her brown eyes glowed.

"I'll solve this mystery," she said, "I'll liberate this ghostly pair."

And straightway she marched across the crimson carpet, and lifted the crimson velvet arras. Her hand shook like a leaf, and her cheeks whitened again, but she pressed her finger upon the little knob which moved the sliding panel.

Tap, tap, tap! again, and then the carved, oaken panel slid slowly aside, and friends, not the ghostly pair came forth, but a great, gaunt, gray old rat.

Beatrix fell down in a faint, but she had won her diamonds; and she slept in the haunted chamber on her bridal night.—New York Weekly.

TRANSPORTING SOIL.

Peculiar Rose Producing Clay is Being Shipped by the Car Load.

The soil that made Newcastle famous as the American Beauty rose city is being brought to Indianapolis to enrich the beatuful and vigorous Indianapolis rose, which, like this city's carnations, already has a name in American flower circles, writes the Indianapolis correspondent of the New York Tribune. W. J. Hasselman, owner of the Indianapolis Flower and Plant Company, a wholesaling concern, that has large greenhouses just north of Central avenue and Thirty-fourth street, shipped two car loads of the wonderful Newcastle rose producing earth to Indianapolis last year and used it with remarkable success in his greenhouse benches. He is just now unloading four more car loads. The soil that is now being shipped to Indianapolis is taken out of one of Newcastle's streets that is being improved. It is a dark colored clay—the kind that farmers call "white oak clay"—and its peculiar characteristic is its adhesiveness when in a damp state. It can be worked until it looks and feels like putty, but when dried out it lies a compact mass that holds well any fertilizer that may be used on it.

"The Newcastle people think that this is the greatest rose producing soil in the world," said Hasselman today as he handled some of the clay that was being unloaded in the greenhouses, "but I am not prepared to say whether that is true or not. At all events it has given the best results in rose growing of any soil found in Indiana and has also given Newcastle a national reputation as a producer of roses that cannot be surpassed. Newcastle roses have taken sweepstakes and other prizes in national shows. We are shipping it to Indianapolis because it is the best soil that we have available, and inasmuch as we can get it from the streets that are being improved in Newcastle it is about as cheap earth as we could get even if we sent teams out into the country here and found a passably good clay. We have found a place north of Broad Ripple that seems to have good rose growing soil, but we have not made sufficient experiments yet to be certain that it will produce the results that Newcastle soil will produce.

"Newcastle has built up a wonderful rose growing industry. Chicago is still the rose centre of the West, as Madison, N. J., is in the East, but Newcastle is looming up in the list of our national rose centres.

"The Newcastle florists are cutting and shipping between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 roses a year now, and they go everywhere. What is it in the soil that makes the roses grow and bloom so wonderfully? I don't know, but it is there. We have very good rose soil around Indianapolis, and it produces a superior flower, but still I cannot say that it equals the soil of Newcastle.

"All of Indiana is the best carnation growing region in this country, and possibly in the world. I don't know why the carnation likes Indiana so well, but perhaps it is because Indiana likes the carnation equally well. Indiana has produced more good, high standard commercial carnations than any other part and more new species of the flower. The State is well to the fore in flower raising of all kinds."

Hasselman has developed several carnations, one of which, a brilliant red one, is as pretty a flower as can be found in the carnation family. He is working on several other new species and has them in the third year of their development stage.

WHY STARS TWINKLE.

The Effect Produced Upon Them by Air Waves.

The great aerial ocean over our heads is made up of an infinite multitude of moving currents and stream of varying density and temperature, all in process of continued change and adjustment due to the heating of the atmosphere by the sun during the day and cooling by radiation at night, says the Baltimore Sun. The atmosphere is full of little waves or streaming masses of air, somewhat resembling the ripples in a shallow stream of water flowing over gravel. And if the astronomer will point his telescope on a bright star and remove the eyepiece, so as to look directly upon the object glass illuminated by the light of the star he may see these streaming currents dancing in all their complexity. It is these little waves in the air which cause the twinkling of the fixed stars. As the waves are passing before our eyes they act like prisms, deflecting the light first this way and then that, producing flashes of the spectral colors, and sometimes almost extinguishing the stars, so that momentarily they appear to go out. In hgh, dry countries where the atmosphere is quiescent, these waves are generally diminished in importance and astronomers have noticed that in such localities the scintillation of the stars almost ceases. There the air is quite free from agitating currents, and the astronomers can make good observations.

It is worthy of remark that but for the brightness of the sky the stars could be seen in daylight. Even as matters stand, some of the brighter of them have been seen after sunrise by explorers in high mountains, where the air is very clear and the sky dark blue. If we could go above the atmosphere the sky would appear perfectly black and stars would be visible right close up to the sun. Astronomers observe bright stars in daytime by using long-focus telescopes, the dark tubes of which cut off the side light; and persons in the bottoms of deep wells have noticed stars passing overhead, the side light being reduced by the great depths of the wells.

A Hard Critic.

A clergyman was rebuked by one of the ruling elders for sauntering on the Sunday along the hillside above the manse. The clergyman took the rebuke in good part, but tried to show the remonstrant that the action of which he complained was innocent and lawful, and he was about to cite the famous example of a Sabbath walk, with the plucking of the ears of corn, as set forth in the gospels, when he was interrupted with the remark, "Ou aye, sir, I ken weel what you mean to say, but for my pairt I hae nefer thocht the better o' them for breakin' the Sawbatth."—Geikie's "Scotch Reminiscences."

For three hundred years the Chinese have made waterproof paper.

COMER FILES SUITS

Aggregating $80,000 for the Publication of Dickert Affidavit.

DICKERT IS COUSIN OF COMER.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad, Age-Herald and Ledger Made Defendants.

Mr. B. B. Comer, the democratic nominee for president of the railroad commission, is the plaintiff in libel cases and the defendants, together with the amount of damages asked, are as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, E. A. Dickert and B. M. Starks, $30,000 damages.

Birmingham Ledger Publishing Company, $25,000 damages.

Birmingham Age-Herald Publishing Company, $25,000 damages.

The suits are based upon the publication of an affidavit, which is alleged to have appeared in the papers. The affidavit in question was by E. A. Dickert, who claimed to be a cousin of Mr. B. B. Comer, and it was claimed, in substance, that Mr. Comer had tried to induce him (Dickert) to take for himself certain money due the railroad company for repairs on the tracks at the Avondale mills. The newspaper publishing companies are sued for publishing the affidavit, while the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company and E. A. Dickert and B. M. Starks are sued upon the allegation that they caused the same to be published.

THE SLOCUM JURY

Now Investigating Disaster—Steamer in Good Condition.

The coroner's jury on the Slocum disaster was quickly secured. President Barnaby, of the Knickerbocker Steamboat company, owner of the General Slocum, was the first witness, and from him it was learned that the actual operation of the steamer was under Captain Van Scheick, who received his instructions from Captain Pear. On application of the latter he said an inspection of the Slocum was made by the United States authorities before she was put into commission this year. He presented reports of the expenditures on the Slocum for life preservers in 1902, 1903 and 1904 and explained that the books which were offered for inspection would show for which vessel they were intended.

The certificate of United States inspection was placed in evidence. It certified that on May 7, 1904, the General Slocum was in good condition to carry 2,500 passengers and that it had on board 2,555 life preservers.

SHOOTING AT CHURCH.

Fatal Affair Over a Bucket of Water Thrown Over Man.

At Little Vine Primitive Baptist church, ten miles from Warrior, a serious shooting affray occurred with Tom Lowe and Ben Owen as participants.

Lowe is shot in the shoulder and groin and may recover. Ben Owen received three wounds and died instantly.

Luther Owen, brother of the dead man, received one ball through the shoulder, from which it is thought he will recover. It is claimed that this shot was accidental.

All parties in the tragedy are industrious farmers. They fell out over a bucket of water at a well when the dead Owens threw its contents on Lowe. The dispute was dropped for a while, but renewed after church, with the above result.

The Chattahoochee river has this year been put to the severest test in its history. Rainfall is eleven inches short, and according to calculation this is equivalent to 298,705 gallons per acre, or in round numbers 300,000 gallons.

The Huntsville city hospital was opened Monday.

Will Develop New Mines.

New York capitalists have become interested in the development of the brown ore mines six miles north of Fort Payne. The party is headed by John Boehling, of New York. The Alabama Great Southern has entered into a contract to build a road to the mines. The ores have been tested by experts, who report that they are the best in the Birmingham district. The Battelle & Schuler furnaces will take the whole output of the mines, which is estimated to be 400 tons per day.

The same parties have purchased the old Valley Mines coal property three miles north of Fort Payne, and will build fifty coke ovens on the property.

The furnace of the Lookout Mountain Iron company at Battelle is completed and as soon as a few connections in pipes and other apparatus are made the iron maker will be put to work. The furnace is one of the largest in the district and modern in every appointment. It is expected that the plant will be in full operation early in July. The output of the furnace will be 300 tons daily.

WORSE THAN REPORTED.

Russian Losses at Telissu Believed to Reach Ten Thousand.

General Oku reports that after the battle of Telissu last week the Japanese buried 1,516 Russians who were found dead on the battlefield.

A telegram from Chee Foo states that on Saturday the Japanese began a land bombardment of Port Arthur for the purpose of testing their siege guns. The Russians replied to the fire. The result of the firing indicates that the Japanese guns have the greater range.

An interview with Baron Suyematzu published in Paris and suggesting that Japan is willing to accept the mediation of a power equally well disposed as a tentative utterance, attracts much attention, coming from the Marquis Ito's son-in-law. It is generally interpreted as meaning that Japan is shrinking before the prospect of a long, exhausting war.

to Russia and Japan, while regarded

It is now definitely established that negotiations for the purchase by Russia of six Argentine cruisers had almost reached a successful conclusion when Argentina raised the question as to under what flag they would be transferred, she being unwilling to sell direct to a belligerent. It was suggested that they be transferred to Venezuela, Costa Rica or Bulgaria, which would turn them over to Russia, but President Roca rejected the proposal, insisting that a bona fide maritime power should be the purchaser. Then Turkey began negotiations through the Argentine legation at Paris.

Further reports here show that the blow inflicted by General Oku on the Russians at Wafangow on June 15th was more severe than at first believed. The number of Russians killed in this battle probably will exceed 2,000, and their total loss, including prisoners, is estimated at 10,000. The Japanese losses are less than one thousand.

A RUSSIAN PRINCE

Said to be Responsible for the Destruction of the Petropavlovsk.

It is said that Prince Uchtomski, a favorite of the czar, because of hate of Admiral Makoroff and Viceroy Alexieff and chagrin over not having a high command given him, planted an infernal machine on the Petropavlovsk, sending it to the bottom with nearly all men on board. As soon as Alexieff heard of Uchtomski's connection with the destruction of the battleship he sent for him, it is said, and after a hasty investigation had him hanged, giving him no chance to communicate with St. Petersburg.

While it is impossible to verify this story at present, it is a remarkable coincidence that neither the princess nor any of Uchtomski's friends at court or in society have heard directly from him since the catastrophe reported.

ACCUSED HIM OF ARSON.

And Then Shot Him Dead—Houston County Duel.

Early Monday morning Thad Pennington killed Lee Faulk near Cottonwood. It seems that Pennington and Faulk have not been on very good terms, and Monday morning Pennington's gin house was burned. He discovered it on fire and ran up to Faulk's house for him. Faulk and his boys got up and went to the burning house. When they got there Pennington remarked to Faulk, "I guess you are satisfied now. You have burned my gin house." Pennington then shot at Faulk with a shotgun, but missed him. Faulk shot at him twice with a pistol, but missed him both times. Pennington shot again and killed Faulk instantly.

Several of Faulk's boys saw their father killed, but they were all helpless. After Pennington killed him he reloaded his gun and escaped.

Governor Cunningham has offered a reward of $100 for the arrest and delivery of Ed Jarrett, a young white farmer, at the jail in Limestone county. The charge against Jarrett is murder.

Birmingham's school bonds are declared valid. This insures the building of one high and two grammar schools.

REORGANIZATION.

American Casting Company to Rebuild and Improve.

The American Casting Company, which was destroyed by fire a few weeks ago at East Birmingham, will be rebuilt at once.

The company will be reorganized and much larger than the old one. The new shops will be as near fireproof as possible and the new machinery will be of the latest improvement, and so arranged as to handle larger castings than formerly.

The old company was capitalized at $50,000, and it is said the new organization will be doubled in its capital and output.

Recalls Tragedy.

Mrs. T. L. Stanley, widow of the late A. S. Stanley, one of Tuscumbia's most highly esteemed citizens, died Sunday afternoon. She was the mother of Ernest Stanley, who was murdered in Memphis several years ago by Frank Parora, an Italian gardener, and his body concealed in an old well for a number of days before the atrocious crime was discovered. Parora is now serving a life sentence in the state penitentiary at Nashville.

THEIR ARMIES MEET

And the Russias are Defeated Leaving 500 Dead and Guns on the Field

CAPTAIN COMMITS SUICIDE.

Japanese Claim Their Flag Was Violated by Their Enemies—Leaving Port Arthur.

The Russian hope of relieving the pressure on Port Artkur by threatening the rear of General Oku, the commander of the Japanese forces investing the Russian stronghold, came to an end Wednesday at Telssu, when the Russians were defeated. They left over 500 dead on the field and the Japanese captured 300 prisoners and fourteen quick-firing fields guns. The Russians retreated hastily northward.

The Japanese charge that the Russians violated the Japanese flag. Certain officers aver that during the fighting a body of Russian soldiers appeared carrying a Japanese flag and that the Japanese artillery, deceived by the flag, ceased firing upon that particular body of Russians.

Early estimates of the Japanese losses say that 1,000 men were killed or wounded.

Details in connection with the sinking of the Japanese transport Hitachi by the Russian warships are being furnished by survivors. One shell which struck the engine room killed 200 men. The ship began to fill and sank.

Captain Campbell, the English master of the transport, jumped overboard and is numbered among the missing.

Chinese who have been banished from Port Arthur express the belief that the Russians are preparing to destroy the place.
WAR

ANNISTON'S PLUM.

A $1,000,000 Steel Plant May Be Located There.

A special from New York says: "It is stated from reliable authority that the plant of the Woodstock iron works at Anniston has been purchased by wealthy Pittsburg capitalists, who will at once put the furnaces in blast and begin the erection of a $1,000,000 steel plant. The purchase includes all the property of the Woodstock company furnaces, coke ovens, coal and other mineral lands located in Alabama and elsewhere. The steel plant will be one of the largest in the south, and combined with the large furnaces will furnish employment to several hundred skilled workmen and other employes. The new concern has plenty of capital at its command."

COLORADO SUED

By the Portland Mine for $100,000 Damages.

Former Governor Charles S. Thomas is preparing papers in behalf of the Portland mine, in a damage suit against Governor James H. Peabody, Adjutant General Sherman M. Bell and the state of Colorado for $100,000 damages for the closing of the Portland mine by the military.

Attorneys for the Western Federation of Miners are drafting papers in a suit for $50,000 damages against Governor Peabody, Adjutant General Bell and the state of Colorado.

Action is based on a charge of false and illegal imprisonment by the military authorities acting under the proclamation of martial law in San Miguel county.

May Resume.

It is reported that the Bessemer rolling mill will more than likely start up in July. The mill has been idle for several weeks and as they have been making large shipments the stock is running short. There has been a large force of men at work for some time making repairs and overhauling the machinery.

Unconstitutionality Claimed.

A test of the constitutionality of the recent act of the Alabama legislature in conferring additional powers upon the Alabama railroad commission and providing for the election of members of that commission will be made by the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway. A bill has been filed in the chancery court of Marshall county resisting the order of the railroad commission which directs that the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis depot at Wyeth City be removed to a designated point within the corporate limits of Guntersville.

Governor Vardaman, of Mississippi, has been urged by the citizens of Franklin county to join in the effort to suppress the whitecap bands in that section and to aid the work of tracing down the persons who fired into the house of Allen Cameron on the night of June 8th and fatally wounded Mr. Cameron's little daughter. In pursuance with the request, the governor has offered a reward of $300 for the arrest and conviction of the guilty parties.

Lamison is to have a $100,000 lumber company.

MRS. MOONSHINER

Attacked Revenue Men with Shotgun and Pistol.

Deputy Collector V. S. Root and Deputy Marshal Henry Arnold captured and destroyed an illicit still near Dutton in Jackson county and arrested Nick King, an old offender, and Burrell Bailey. King requested the officers to accompany him home for a change of clothing and the request was granted.

When the two officers and their prisoners came in sight of King's home, King's wife came forward witn a shotgun and horse pistol and tried to kill Root and Arnold. The revenue men had an exciting five minutes disarming the woman, who swore all the while, and when it became evident that they were succeeding, King's aunt attacked them with hoes.

King was committed to jail at Huntsville. His bond was fixed at $1,500 and he can not make it. Bailey made bond in the sum of $300. He had gone to King's still to get a bottle of whiskey for his sick wife and had just arrived there when the officers came upon the scene.

Looks Like Murder.

At Meridian, Miss., what is thought to have been a murder was discovered when a car cleaner on the Alabama and Vicksburg railroad went to clean off the steps of the mail car.

The cleaner found a coupling pin with blood and human hair upon it and the car steps were spattered with blood. Information received from Lake Station states that the dead body of a white man was found alongside the right of way and from the wounds found upon him he must have been the victim of the attack upon the mail coach. The fireman of the train states that he noticed three men on the blind baggage at one time, but they disappeared. The officials of the road are investigating the matter.

Educators Adjourn.

The annual convention of the Alabama Educational association at Tuscaloosa came to a close Thursday afternoon. Friday the visitors went on a river excursion, taking the boat at Riverview for a trip up the Warrior and later through the locks.

The officers for the ensuing year are:

President—H. J. Willingham, Wetumpka.

First Vice President—C. W. Daugette, of Jacksonville.

Second Vice President—Thomas R. Walker, of Wylam.

Third Vice President—D. M. Banks, of Opelika.

Treasurer—R. M. Clayton, of Woodlawn.

Secretary—W. C. Griggs, of Brewton.

Executive Committee—W. E. Striplin, Gadsden; C. D. McNeel, Talladega, and Miss Niemmo Green, of Montgomery.

SANTIAGO STORM SWEPT.

Forty-five Are Dead and a Large Number Missing.

Fourteen inches of rain fell in five hours at Santiago, Cuba. This was accompanied by a hurricane. The lower village of El Cobre has been destroyed.

Forty-five persons are known to be dead and scores are missing. Bodies are floating in the Cobre river.

All the bridges on the Cobre railroad are out, and many bridges have been lost on the Cuba railroad.

The mines at Daiquiri are crippled and six of the employes have been drowned. The pier has been damaged.

The city's property loss is enormous. All telegraph and cable lines are disabled.

A dispatch from Winona, Minn., says: The dropping of a match into a can of oil in a hardware store of Altura has resulted in practically wiping that village from existence. Fanned by a high wind, the flames licked up building after building, while the people stood by powerless, owing to the lack of water. The loss amounts to many thousands of dollars with little insurance.

Sam McCullough's Grave Found.

When the war between the states took place Sam McCullough sided with the south and in the neighborhood near Decatur, where he lived at that time, there were many who linked themselves with the northern cause. All of a sudden McCullough disappeared and none of his relatives knew what had become of him, but it was believed that he had been murdered by some of his neighbors who were friendly to the northern cause.

Two of the old confederate veterans from Decatur, while in Nashville, visited the confederate cemetery and found a grave of a confederate soldier whose simple moss-covered slab bore the inscription. "Sam McCullough."

The Abyssinians have long known of the possibilities of hypnotism in the detection of crime. A regular corps of boys is maintained by the authorities. When a malefactor has to be traced, one of the lads is hypnotized and sent forth to find him. The subject, it is said, on being sped on his errand, seems to follow some trail invisible to normal sight. He visits all the places to which the criminal previously resorted, and rapidly tracks his quarry just as a dog pursues the trail of a hare or rabbit guided by the scent of its victim.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., June 23, '04

Telephone No. 27.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State.

For Chief Justice,
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM,

County.

Probate Judge,
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk,
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

Meeting Democratic Committe.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, not being in position to accept the Chairmanship of the Executive Committee, and having declined the same, I hereby call the said Committee to meet in Calera, Ala., on Friday, June 24th., at ten (10) o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of electing a permanent chairman, and for the transaction of any business which may properly come before it. This June 15th, 1904.

C. H. FLOREY,
Chairman Pro Tem.

R. E. BOWDON,
Secretary.

NOTICE.

Accompanied by his wife, the editor of The Sentinel will leave for Bessemer next Tuesday to attend the annual meeting of the Alabama Press Association, and on Friday night will leave that city for St. Louis on the annual outing of the Association, and will be gone about a week. During our absence Mr. W. W. Wallace will be in charge of The Sentinel, and any favors shown him during the time we may be absent will be appreciated by the management.

THAT $16,000.

During the recent court house campaign information came to The Sentinel that at the time the Democrats went out of power in the county, and turned over the reins of county government to the populists, there was, in round numbers, $16,000.00 in the county treasury. The Sentinel published the statement in reply to the Advocate's frequent boasts of the economy of the present administration. We had not examined the records as to the condition of the county treasury during the various terms of the county officers, nor as to the dates when the different parties held sway. At the time the statement was made we were not locaied in the county seat, and we were dependent largely upon information obtained from other sources than our own personal knowledge, as to the history of events and transactions pertaining to public affairs in the county. Upon investigation, however, we find that from August, 1892, to August, 1894, the Commissioners' Court was composed wholly of Democrats—the Pro-Judge and all of the Commissioners being Democrats. This condition remained only during these two years. In August, 1894, two populist Commissioners, Powers and Davis, were elected. Just before they went into office, or on July 1, 1894, the Treasurer's book shows a balance of $16,955.75. This, evidently, was the balance which our informant had in mind when he gave us the information upon which The Sentinel based the $16,000 statement out of which the populist leaders have sought to make so much capital. The statement as to the balance was correct. The mistake of our informant was in placing this balance which remained in the treasury in 1896, when a full populist board was elected, instead of in 1894, when only two populist commissioners were elected.

Believing it to be the highest mission of true journalism to give cold facts as they exist, and to avoid every appearance of trying to mislead, The Sentinel cheerfully makes the above correction. The Sentinel does not wish to saddle any burdens upon the populist leaders and office holders (in the one you see the other) other than those which rightfully lie upon them. Nor is it necessary that this should be done in order to show their utter incompetency and inefficiency to manage the finances of the county. The records stand out against them and we are perfectly willing to let the records speak on all matters. The Sentinel and Democrats of the county are perfectly willing to compare records with the opposition on all matters pertaining to the county's affairs.

The Democratic Commissioners' Court in 1894 levied upon the people of the county a tax rate of only three mills. Again in 1895 the tax rate was fixed at three mills—the two populist Commissioners voting against the said three mills levy, the two Democrats voting for it, and the Democratic Probate Judge voting for said levy, the tax rate of Shelby county was again held down to three mills. Notwithstanding there was only a three mill levy for each of these two years, and an appropriation of $5,000 was made to the Girls' Industrial School in 1895, The Sentinel contends that in August, 1896, when two more populist Commissioners were elected, making a complete populist Board, the county had a surplus in the treasury, none of the taxes for the new year had come in, and the county did not owe a cent outside of a portion of the $5,000 loan made to reimburse the amount appropriated to the Girls' School.

THAT BELATED REPORT.

In the Commissioners' semi-annual report of the Treasurer of receipts and disbursements of the county between July 1, 1903, and January 1, 1904, published last week, six months after the time required by law, there are the following items: "Received in taxes, $5,794 02." "Disbursements as per list of warrants, $5,794.02." Thus showing an even balance between receipts and disbursements; that is, according to the published report six months over due.

The report says the Treasurer received $5,794.02. The books of the Treasurer do not show that he received anything, like any such amount. By reference to his books it is found that on November 5, 1903, he received $1,209 06; on Dec. 3, 1903, he received, according to his books, $2,390.00, and in another place it is shown he received "escape taxes" for 1900 and 1901 (no date shown as to when received) $538.51, making a total of $4,137 57.—$1,656.45 less than the Commissioners' six months' late report says he did receive. Why does the Commissioners report say the Treasurer collected sixteen hundred dollars more than his books show that he actually did receive? Is it with the intent to deceive the people as to the financial condition of the county? Will the Advocate, the Handy Andy of the administration, give up the key to the problem?

The Treasurer either received more than his books show, or the six months' late Commissioners' report of the Treasurer is not in accordance with the facts.

There is another item in the six months' delayed report that leaves a wrong impression. It reads:

"Petit jurors, County and Circuit Courts, August and fall term and November, $888.45."

Here we have three weeks of the circuit court, and a week each of two terms of the county court, and the impression is left with the public that $888.45 was the total cost for juries during that time. Here we have thirty days of court—eighteen of circuit court and twelve of county court—with twenty-four jurors drawn for the time. That is $48 per day for jurors for thirty days—a total cost of $1,440.00 for jurors fees, to say nothing at all of their mileage, and for the pick-up and special jurors. Accord to the six months' late report the county paid but $888.45 of $1,440.00 due for jurors fees. Who paid the balance, or did the county make another loan?

Was there ever before in the history of Shelby county a semi-annual report of the receipts and disbursements of the County Treasurer that balanced to a cent? The six months' late report of the Commissioners is a study in mysterious figure juggling.

FALSE, AS USUAL.

"Would you believe that The Sentinel would have your best interest treasured in its bosom when it says the principles you advocate are those which brought carpet-bagism and reconstruction upon the Southern people?"—Advocate.

Prejudice and bossism brought reconstruction upon the Southern people, and the administration of public affairs at that time, if we may believe history, was a menace to the welfare of the public good. The Sentinel does not recede from a former statement that the populist bosses are using every argument they can to prejudice the people, one against the other, and it is just such argument that is a menace to the public weal. Not only that, but they take into their counsels one who has said within the past month that the President of the Southern Confederacy should have been hung. The man who made the statement is a leader among Shelby county Republicans—a leader of the party in this county, which placed upon the Southern people the yoke of reconstruction.

Prejudice is what they bank upon, and as a little side issue crack it to people with an occasional illegal tax levy.

DO YOU KNOW?

"But we will ask The Sentinel if a Democratic commissioner did not make the motion to try the machinery as an experiment?"—Advocate.

That may or may not be true; but it was not a Democrat who signed a contract for said road machinery. Making a motion does not buy anything by a jug full. Signed contracts are the only things that go in purchasing machinery as costly as that which is scattered around over this county.

"The Sentinel says the populist party is dead, damed and forgotten."—Advocate.

Yes, The Seninel said the populist party as a national organization is dead, but the "damned and forgotten" is your own thought and expression, and we are willing to let it go at that.

The editor of the Clanton Banner, who, a few months ago was a leader in the populist party, but who is now a Democrat, has this to say in the last issue of the Banner;

"Some four men, whose names are not familiar to the public, have signed a call for a 'Populist State Convention' to be held at Birmingham next Thursday. There is no probability of there being more than a few men at this so-called 'State Convention,' and we conscientiously warn our populist friends, no matter how strong your populist proclivities, that it is only a waste of time and money going there."

We commend the above to the thinking people of Shelby county. The Sentinel contends there is no populist State organization, and such calls as the one referred to by the Clanton Banner in the above are only meant to deceive. A State Convention(?) called by four unknown people!

The following extract from a speech made at Clanton in Chilton county two weeks ago, by our congressman, Hon. Sydney J. Bowie, is along the same line of argument that The Sentinel has been using for some time past. Read it:

What brought fraud in elections in Alabama? It came when the Republican party got into power in Alabama, when the most infamous laws were enacted by them in the days of reconstruction. They provided that a man who had fought in the confederate cause could not vote, and the negro was permitted to vote whether he could read or write or not. That was the origin of fraud in elections. The State was put $30,000,000 in debt, schools were neglected and the money that should have gone to the schools went into the pockets of carpet-baggers. That was revolution.

The followers of the one time populist party are asked to endorse the Republican party in this county. When they do, they will endorse the principles of a party that placed the infamous reconstruction period upon the Southern people. Will the Advocate deny this?

It is very evident that the populist-republico leaders and builder of a hyphenated ticket are either ashamed to father their ticket with a name, or intend to deceive some people, if possible, into voting for a thing without a name. Do they call it the populist ticket? No. And it never would do to call it the Republican ticket. It travels under the cognomon of "County Ticket." In other words, it is anything to win ticket, and just any old name that carries with it a doubt as to its meaning i in keeping with the deception practiced by the populist leaders upon the people in this county.

Judge Longshore made the statement at Browning's Mill, at a picnic held at that place, that Shelby county did not owe but $1,000 on the 1st of April. A loan of $8,000 from an Ensley banker was made this year prior to April 1st. Of that loan $5,000 has already been used, and the remaining $3,000, which the county is to receive July 1st, will, to use the language of one of the Commissioners, "last about thirty minutes."

The people of Shelby county are made to pay the unlawful tax levies placed upon them by the present administration, while the railroads—the wealthy corporations—are excused from paying. That appears to be the populist leaders' interpretation of equal rights to all. Does the Advocate approve of such action, and say it is right? It cannot deny the truthfulness of the statement.

The Advocate charged a short time ago that under Democratic administrations in this county a county officer had been paid $25 more each year than the law allowed. That the statement was false was clearly shown and since the assertion was proven to be untrue the Advocate has never "cheeped." Its triumvirate of editorial(?) writers seem to have gotton the wires crossed a little.

"Refer to the former issues of The Sentinel and see if you can get the facts about the financial condition of the county."—Advocate.

And while you are about it, just ask the Advocate to give you the key to the treasurer's report which was published in its last issue—a report that was due in January, but for some reason seems to have been held up until the middle of June.

Press the burden of taxation a little harder upon the people of Shelby county, and excuse the railroads from paying. That is the record of the populist administration in Shelby county. It is a matter of court record. The populist leaders in this county flight shy of any explanation of this reprehensible action on their part.

The lily white faction from Alabama to the Republican national convention was thrown out by the committee, and the black and tans recognized. The negro delegation from Mississippi was recognized over the delegation composed of white men. What do self-respecting white men think of such a proceeding?

"Anything to win," is the cry of the populist-republico leaders of the hyphenated ticket without a name.

NOTICE

Of Registrars Appointments.

Whereas, By virtue of the provisions of Section 6 of "An Act to further regulate elections in the State of Alabama," approved October 9, 1903, "The Board of Registrars in each county shall visit each precinct at least once, and oftener if necessary, between July 1st and October 1st, 1904," to make a complete registration of all persons entitled to register and shall remain there at least one day, from 8 o'clock in the morning until sunset, and they shall give at least 20 day's notice of the time when, and the place in the precinct where, they will attend to register applicants for registration, by bills posted at three or more public places in each precinct, and by advertisement once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper, if there be one published in the county.

Now, therefore, this is to give notice, as required by law, that the Board of Registrars for the county of Shelby, will sit at the following places at the time specified for the purpose aforesaid:

Bamford, Beat 5, Monday, July 11.
Helena, Beat 6, Tuesday, July 12.
Maylene, Beat 19, Wednesday, July 13.
Montevallo, Beat 4, Thursday, July 14.
Calera, Beat 3, Friday, July 15.
Ganadaroque, Beat 7, Monday, July 18.
Pelham, Beat 17, Tuesday, July 19.
Highland, Beat 12, Wednesday, July 20.
Bold Springs, Beat 13, Thursday, July 21.
Martin's, Beat 8, Friday, July 22.
Day's X Roads, Beat 11, Saturday, July 23.
Sterrett, Beat 15, Monday, July 25.
Dunnavant, Beat 18, Tuesday, July 26.
Vandiver, Beat 14, Wednesday, July 27.
Vincent, Beat 16, Thursday, July 28.
Creswell, Beat 10, Friday, July 29.
Harpersville, Beat 10, Saturday, July 30.
Willsonville, Beat 9, Monday, August 1.
Spring Breek, Beat 2, Tuesday, August 2.
Shelby, Beat 1, Wednesday, August 3.
Columbiana, Beat 1, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 4.

SPRIGHT DOWELL,
C. H. FLOREY,
J. L. GLENN.
Board of Registrars for Shelby county.

THAT JOINT DISCUSSION.

As soon as the Democratic primary was over on April 11th the populist leaders began a mighty bluff. Democratic candidates were approached on every corner with such expressions as: "Now, we must have a joint canvass." "The populists want a joint canvass," etc. Very soon petitions were sent out from the court house and circulated in different parts of the county by certain populists, asking for a joint discussion. Meetings were arrange by populists in certain sections, and advertised as joint discussions. Populist speakers, of course, attended these meetings which were arranged for them, and made speeches. They endeavored to make capital of the fact that the Democrats did not meet them; said that they were afraid to meet them. Finally, at the request of Democratic candidates, the populist leaders wrote out and presented a challenge to the Democrats for a joint canvass. The Democrats all over the county were opposed to a joint canvass, believing that such discussion would mar the peace and harmony that existed among the people in the county. But the attitude of the populist leaders, their boasts that the Democrats were afraid to meet them, made it necessary that the Democrats accept the challenge, lest their position be misconstrued. The challenge was accepted. The position taken by the Democratic members of the sub-committee to arrange the joint canvass—not wishing to burden the people of the county with a joint discussion for five long months—was that said joint canvass begin on September 1st, and continue to November 7th. This was accepted finally by the populists, provided, that they wanted to be left free to make as many speeches in the county as they desired between now and Sept. 1st. The Democrats opposed this on the ground that a thorough canvass could be made during the time proposed, and that to make speeches all over the county between now and September 1st would be worse than burdening the people with a joint canvas all summer and fall. It would be a double canvass of the county, which would be worse than unnecessary. But these populist leaders would have nothing else. Finally, the Democrats amended their proposition by fixing the date at which the joint canvass should begin at August 1st. The populist-republican leaders, who showed now plainly that they did not desire a joint discussion and wanted to bust the whole thing, still insisted upon having the right to make speeches between now and the first of August. Certainly, in order to have the appearance of fairness, they put it that EITHER SIDE might make speeches outside of the joint arrangement by giving the other side notice. The Democrats came to their terms—gave them everything demanded.

So the long talked of joint discussion will be had, and matters and things will be pretty well ventilated by November 8th, and we reiterate the statement that in our opinion, the populist leaders did not, at heart, want a joint canvass as much as they pretended, but that they rather preferred to make their own meetings, and, when they saw proper, invite the Democratic candidates to meet them, and on their failure to do so, tell the people they were afraid to meet them.

The Sentinel has gone into this matter at considerable length merely to show the dominating spirit of the populist leaders.

The Commissioners' Court will doubtless fix up another tax levy that will catch the common people, and permit the railroads to go scot free. That will be in keeping with the past actions of the present administrations. The administration seems to have adopted an expression made by Vanderbilt for its guidance: "The people be damned!"

Will the Advocate explain why the people of Shelby county have been taxed for bridges in this county which have never been built—not even contracted for? And yet, the taxes collected for this purpose have evidently been used for something else as the bridge fund is virtually empty.

Speaker Cannon says if the Republicans nominate him for the vice-presidency and elect him he will go to Washington, take the oath, appoint his subordinates, then he'll go home "and never go near the——place again." That's tough on Washington.

The county treasurer's report, due at the first meeting of the Commissioners' Court, seems to have been on a slow train. Five months after being due it bobs up. Is there any good reason why such reports are not made as the law requires?

Wonder if the people of Shelby county will have to pay another unlawful tax, and which the courts, as heretofore, have excused the railroads from paying? That's justice like the antiquated piece of femininity kept the little wayside inn.

From the county treasurer's report it seems that it cost the county $1,169.50 to operate the two road plows for the six months previous to the first of last January. A nice little pension but rather expensive to the taxpayers.

The populist leaders have nothing to say—no defense to offer for the illegal and unlawful tax levies placed upon the people of Shelby county by the present administration.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

From Near Vincent.

The much advertised "joint discussion" at Rehobeth, last Saturday, was about as tame affair as one could well imagine. By actual count there were but 31 people present, including four small boys, six Democrats—two of those from St. Clair county. Populists living within a quarter of a mile of the church did not go out to hear Judge Longshore, the great Sachem of the populist tribe, in his "joint discussion" all by himself. There was no applause during the talk of the Judge nor none afterwards, and it was really more like a funeral than a "politickan speakin'."

The speech was long and tiresome, part of the small audience leaving before the speaker had finished. He said McMillan was afraid to meet him on the stump, but afterwards contradicted himself by saying that Judge McMillan would meet him in joint discussion later on. He claimed that the county was in better shape today than when he went into office, but at the same time he failed to say that when he went into office the credit of the county was good for a loan of any reasonable amount, but that only a short time ago a Shelby county capitalist refused to make a straight loan to the county of a few thousands because the credit of the county was not good for the amount. He hammered The Sentinel, but not a ripple of enthusiasm came in response to anything he said until he referred to McMillan as being an honest, upright man, and a glance at the audience showed that most of those present heartily approved the endorsement given the coming Democratic Probate Judge. Taken altogether it was a cold reception on a hot June day—those present being in an apathetic mood to an embarrassing degree to the speaker. It was wholly void of any interest whatever.

BY THE WAYSIDE.

LYNCH.

T. B. Payne, of Ensley, is visiting relatives here.

Several of our young people attended services at Pilgrim's Rest last Sunday.

J. B. Thomas, of Calvary, passed through here last Saturday.

Dr. J. H. Williams was called to see G. W. Dye last Saturday night. Mr. Dye is still very feeble.

W. Paye and wife visited relatives near Columbiana Saturday and Sunday.

J. T. Lynch visited his brother at Dargin last Sunday.

John M. Dye has been suffering with "big-jaw"—toothache.

John Roach and wife, of Campbranch, visited relatives here Sunday.

There will be a children's day service at Mt. Era on the second Sunday in July.

An effort is being made by the populist leaders to resurrect the Farmers' Alliance. It is evidently a political move to strengthen the populist-republican party in Shelby county. We are informed that at one place it organized last week with one member.

We suppose that the "brass tax" referred to in the conglomerated organ is to brazen the merits of populism. In our opinion it is another illegal tax, and therefore unconstitutional. We learn that there is some dissatisfaction among the opposition in this beat, and that some of them will vote our ticket in November.

MARION.

OBITUARY.

The angel of death regards neither old age nor youth when he puts in his sickle to reap. The people of Bethel neighborhood seemed to fully realize this fact on the evening of the 9th of June, when the news was rapidly heralded from house to house that the infant daughter and only child of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. (Julius) Nelson was dead. It was indeed a sad experience to the parents to have to give up their only child. How strange the providence that brings this sad bereavement to this happy home. She was the object of fond affections, and how unprepared the parents were to give her up to death. Father and mother's highest ambition was to bring their little daughter up into womanhood and to usefulness, but how often does the unexpected happen.

Rev. H. M. Millstead closed the burial service at the Johnston cemetery in the presence, perhaps, of the largest audience ever congregated at that place to pay their last tribute of respect to one so young, as the little one was only given to the parents' care for eight months. No one questions the welfare of the sweet little babe who has gone to be with Jesus, there to wait for fond parents to come so that the home circle may be made whole never to part again through eternity.

"God in His wisdom has recalled
The boon His love had given;
And though the body moulders here,
The soul is safe in heaven."

We extend our sympathy to the bereaved parents, but of course we cannot feel as they do over the loss, hence we offer the following:

"Hark! the voice of joy and gladness
Into silent sorrows turned,
Now the heart is filled with sadness,
Since sad news of death is learned.
How each pulse, each nerve and feeling
Seems of wonted power bereft,
As around the deathbed kneeling,
Sorrowing relatives are left."

"There to mourn with anguish weeping
O'er a daughter's lifeless clay;
Ere in the silent grave she's sleeping
Till the last, final day,
Who can soothe a mother's grieving,
What can mitigate her pain?
Hoping, trusting and believing
She will see her child again."

What can ease a father's wailing
For a fond loved daughter's loss?
God's own promise never failing,
Made through Christ upon the cross,
Then, dear father, mother, cease your weeping,
Bid your tears to flow no more;
Peaceful and quietly she's sleeping,
And is not lost, but gone before."

A FRIEND.

Nelson, Ala., June 18, 1904.

Have You Seen It?

That Wonderful Machine,

The Mahchine Which Does it Right.

No fuel required.
No tires ars taken off.
No bolts taken out and tossed away.
No boring the felloe for new bolt holes.

The Schau

COLD-SET TIRE SETTER.

See it at the Blacksmith shop of

J. T. Barnett & Sons.

In Memory of Geo. W. Taylor.

On May 31, 1904, just as the day was passing away, so did the spirit of George W. Taylor take its flight from the earthly tabernacle of clay to dwell forever in the presence of Him, who 49 years also, breathed life into him and made him a living being.

He war born in Talladega county, Ala., in 1855, and in 1874 moved with his parents to Shelby county, Ala., where in 1879 he was married to Miss Adaline Gilmer, also of Shelby county. This union was blessed with seven daughters, who, together with the mother, survive him, two having married and still at home with the mother.

Mr. Taylor, when a young man, united with Fourmile Baptist church of which he was a member for a number of years. He then moved to Texas for a short time, and upon returning to this county again withheld his letter from the church for a few years, when he then united with the Baptist church in Wilsonville, and of which he was a consistent member to the time of his death.

His devotion to his family made him a kind and loving husband and father, always looking to the welfare and happiness of those dependent upon him—a trait very much to be admired. He was a so a kind and loving son to his aged mother who survive him, and to his aged and blind mother-in-law who lived with him until her death, and who was as tenderly and gently cared for by him and his loving wife as if she had been a babe. This speaks remarkably well for him as man of affection and honor. He was a good citizen and neighbor, a loyal Democrat and was always ready to do all he could for his country as he viewed the situation. He was a charter member of the Knights of Pythias lodge in Wilsonville, and always had the interest of the order at heart.

About three months ago his health began to fail him and he seemed to grow somewhat despondent, and continued in this physical and mental condition for this stated time; he was then taken with a sever spell of dysentery, and for ten days a severe battle between life and death raged—disease finally yielding and nature reasserting herself, and then prospects of a speedy recovery to health, but only for a few days, when all at once something more to be dreaded than dysentery set in. From some unknown cause heart and brain trouble set in and though the physicians worked faithfully, never all of them leaving his bedside at the same time, and doing all they could for his recovery; again that fearful battle between life and death raged more terrifically, until nature finally succumbed and death relieved him of his sufferings. Like all other human beings Mr. Taylor expressed a desire to get well; but towards the last he seemed to realize that death was inevitable; so calling for his family, and as they approached his bedside, he told them that he must leave them, and without the least excitement, beginning with his wife, he kissed and bade each one that sad and last farewell, requesting them not grieve for him, but to meet him in heaven. Then sending farewells to those of his loved ones not present, and shaking hands with friends who were there and leaving his family in the hands of God and all christian people, peacefully closed his eyes and in a few short hours his spirit took its flight. Just and calmly and peace ully as if he were only going to sleep. So calm was he in this last sad scene that had a stranger been present, he could have no doubts in his mind about Mr. Taylor's soul being saved, and is now with his God in peace.

He was buried with K. of P. honors, and a large concourse of friends silently followed his body to its last resting place. The last tribute of respect: the placing of the elaborate and beautiful floral designs so nicely arranged by the tender touch of gentle female fingers showed the high esteem in which he was held; also reminded us of the solemn fact that all of nature from the strongest man to the most delicate flower bloom into life for only a season, then decay in death. We leave his body in the Silent City of the Dead, looking beyond the tomb of silent marble for another meeting on the Resurrection Morn.

We thank God that all races, even the heathen, the savage and the barbaric races, somehow catch the mysterious whisperings of a higher life, and it finds lodgement in their hearts that it "is not all of life to live, nor all of death to die." In the silent monarch of the forest the storms of winter fail to keep entombed, and in due season it bursts forth into glory. The frazile flower falls asleep after it had budded, matured and bloomed, but after a season in the grave it bursts forth and lives again in its sweetness and lovely purity.

There is no man of intelligence living within the light of christian civilization who does not in his heart believe the soul is immortal, and that we shall live again "where no storms ever beat on the glittering strand, and the years of eternity roll." Peace to his ashes and may God bless and sustain his beloved in this their greatest sorrow, and finally reunite in glory in His own good time, where farewells are never spoken and partings are never known.

J. BUFORD BOYER.

Wilsonville, Ala., June 7, 1904.

WAYNESVILLE, N. C., one fare plus 24 cents for round trip, account of Annual Convention Y. M. C. A., June 10th to 20th. Tickets sold June 9, 10 and 11 with final limit June 22.

State Examination.

All persons wishing to tak the State Examination for license to teach are hereby called to meet the Board in Columbiana on Monday, July 4th, 1904. Said examination will be held in the College building, and in conformity to the law the doors will be closed at 10 o'clock a. m.

You may deposit your unexpired certificates, take the additional branches and get a higher grade license.

JOHN B. FARRELL
Supt. of Education,

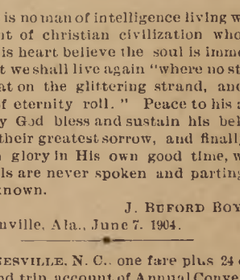
Final Proof Notice.

Land Office at Montgomery,
Dunnavant Ala., June 18, 1904.

I, Lewis Morgan, of Dunnavant, who made Homestead Application No. 21,276 for the northwest quarter of southeast quarter and northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 6, township 18, south of range 1 east, Shelby county, Ala., do hereby give notice of my intention to make final proof to establish my claim to the land above described, and that I expect to prove my residence and cultivation before J. P. Pearson, Clerk of Circuit Court, at Columbiana, Ala., on July 30th, 1904, by two of the following witnesses: J. M. Dorough, of Leeds, Ala., J. L. Isbell, J. M. Isbell and J. O. Dorough, of Dunnavant, Ala.

6t6 LEWIS MORGAN.

T. J. Weaver & Co.,



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Your work solicited.

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DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO, - - ALABBMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles

One of the
FINEST, FRESHEST
and NICEST
STOCKS of GROCERIES
Fruits, Candies, Cakes and Breakfast Foods in this section.

JULY FIRST
I will give away another of those
Handsome Dinner Sets
To One of Our Customers.
CALL FOR YOUR COUPONS.
J. R. WHITE.

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OF EVERY KIND:
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Bicycles and Supplies,
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Telephone No. 27.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

J. R. White has sold his soda fountain to J. H. Mason, the druggist.

☞All 25 cent preparations for 20 cents at J. H. Mason's drugstore.

W. W. Wallace visited with his mother at Klein last Saturday and Sunday.

The game of ball at Shelby last Friday drew a large crowd from Columbiana.

☞All Dollar preparations 80 cents at J. H. Mason & Co's drugstore.

J. F. Pope, a prominent merchant of Wilsonville, was in town a few hours last Monday.

W. R. Lawley visited with friends in Birmingham over last Sunday, returning home Monday.

Any place where a boy has no business, is not a good place for him to be. Boys, don't loaf.

Dr. C. T. Acker visited his parents in Montevallo a day or two last week, returning home Thursday.

☞All 25 cent packages of Liver Powders, Black Draught, etc., at 15c at J.H.Mason & Co's drugstore.

The peek-a-boo shirt waist is in evidence again. It looks to be a very comfortable article of wearing apparel.

Miss Rossar Christian, who has been visiting with friends in Bessemer for the past two weeks, is expected home tomorrow.

Mrs. John S. Pitts, who has been visiting relatives in Sylacauga and Vincent for the past ten days, returned home Monday.

Misses Bessie Robertson and Cora Morgan were visiting with friends in Montevallo several days last week, returning home Thursday.

Columbiana's ball team gave an ice cream supper on the White House lawn last Thursday night, and added a few dollars to the treasury.

Pierce Mason, who has been attending the Southern University at Greensboro for the past year, returned home for the summer vacation last Thursday.

There are quite a number of visitors at Shelby Springs now. The new hotel which has been built there this season will be completed in a few days.

W. G. Parker has just finished burning a kiln of 300,000 brick, and they are of a most excellent quality. He will begin making brick for another kiln in a short time.

Sheriff Cox brought six negroes from Calera last Sunday who had been arrested charged with unlawful riding of trains. They are now cooling off in the county jail.

The question has often been asked why more women than men go to church? As a rule men take little interest in what other men wear, is the best solution we can give.

A picnic party composed of J. J. Haynes and family, Mrs. J. P. Roberts and two little children, Mrs. Bartlett and Miss Maud Bell enjoyed a delightful day at Shelby Springs last Thursday.

Prof. Glenn, of Calera, one of Shelby county's registrars, was in Columbiana one day last week in conference with the other registrars, Prof. S. Dowell, of this place, and Prof. C. H. Florey, of Harpersville.

A game of ball between Shelby and Columbiana teams at Shelby last Friday terminated in a victory for Columbiana by a score of 14 to 12. The Sentinel is told that a feature of the game was the playing of the umpire.

Miss Loulah Wilson, who has been visiting in Calera for the past week, returned to Columbiana Monday afternoon. She was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. L. N. Bowdon, who will visit with her mother, Mrs. T. M. Wilson, for several days.

The game of ball between Calera and Columbiana on the local grounds Tuesday, was a hot proposition, and up to the end of the sixth inning it was nobodys game—the score standing two for each team. In the seventh the visitors bunched several hits and landed four men over the home plate. The score, at the end of the game, stood 9 to 6 in favor of the visitors. Both teams did good work, and the large crowd enjoyed it. Bob Sessions, who pitched for the visitors, did as pretty work in the box as has been seen on the Columbiana grounds in a long time. A very pleasant feature was the prevailing good nature between the contestants. Each team has won a game from the other, and the third will be played in the near future. H. D. Latham was umpire, and gave general satisfaction.

Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Erlick returned from St. Louis last Sunday, where they had been visiting relatives and attending the World's Fair for the past two weeks. Mr. Erlick says the Fair is an immense thing, and to see it right would entail a visit of several months. He says it is hot and dusty at the Fair now, and advises his friends, those who intend to visit it, to go some time in September.

If Arthur Armstrong continues to cultivate his talent as a cartoonist he will be holding a good position on some leading daily paper at a good salary one of these days. Good cartoonists are in demand all the time. Young Armstrong's cartoon on the game of ball played at Shelby last Friday shows originality in design and thought, and it is intelligently interpreted in his sketch.

Miss Esther Mason, Miss Lillie Crosby and Raymond Crosby returned from St. Louis on Tuesday, where they had been taking in the sights at the World's Fair for a few days. Miss Crosby and Mr. Crosby live in Stockton, but will visit in Columbiana for a while with their uncle, Judge D. R McMillan.

Rev. G. T. Harris, who is holding a protracted meeting in Shelby this week, was at home Monday and says he is having a good meeting. The people of Columbiana and vicinity are invited to attend these meetings. They will continue through this week.

Mrs. D. R. McMillan and Mrs. Henry Milner returned last Saturday night from St. Louis, where they had been attending the World's Fair. They came home earlier than they expected to because of the intense heat and the dust on the grounds.

Miss Myrtle Chapman, who has been visiting relatives in the city for the past three weeks, returned to her home in Montevallo last Monday. She was accompanied by Mrs. Henry Chapman who will visit with relatives there for a few days.

On June 30th, Governor Cunningham will deliver a Masonic address in the court house, Columbiana, to which the public is cordially invited. Governor Cunningham is one of the finest orators in the State, and his address will be of interest to everybody.

The contract for building a new jail for Shelby county has been awarded to Dobson & Bynum, of Montgomery, the contract price being $9,270.75. The work will soon begin, and be pushed rapidly until the building is completed.

Mr. and Mrs. John Upshaw, of Bessemer, and who are visiting relatives in Shelby, were in Columbiana a few hours last Monday. They were accompanied by Mrs. F. B. Finch, of Shelby.

Ice cream will be served on the White House lawn tomorrow (Friday) night, and all are cordially invited to be present.

The Masonic Conference of this county will convene in Columbiana on June 29th, and continue through three days.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, was in town Monday and Tuesday. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call.

Mrs. J. B. Pitts and children returned from Wilsonville, Monday, where they had been visiting relatives.

Miss Gertrude Glazener has returned from a visit with relatives at Sylacauga and Sycamore.

Mrs. M. E. Parker chaperoned a party of young people to Shelby Springs one day last week.

Mrs. J. W. Johnston is visiting her sister, Mrs. Price, at Shelby Springs for a short time.

Miss Foster, of Tuscaloosa, is in the city a guest of Miss Carolyne Rowe.

John Sanders, jr., of Bessemer, was in town a few hours Monday.

☞All 50 cent preparations at 40 cents at J. H. Mason's & Co's.

David Wade, of Shelby, was in town a few hours Monday.

J. F. Averyt was up from Shelby a few hours Monday on a business mission.

The Shelby County Masonic Conference will convene in Columbiana on 29th.

A little girl babe of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. M. Page has been quite ill for several days.

A. B. Milner, of Nashville, is in the city for a short visit at the home of Mrs. M. E Mason.

Death of J. D. Farrington.

J. D. Farrington, well known to the people of Shelby county and whose home was in Montevallo, was taken suddenly ill early last Saturday morning, and died at 1 o'clock Monday morning.

The cause of Mr. Farrington's death was congestion of the bowels. His condition was so critical Sunday that a special train carried him to Selma for the purpose of having an operation performed. He was accompanied by his two daughters, Mrs. Sam'l Farrington and Miss Bessie Allen. No relief came to him at Selma, and at the time stated above death relieved him of his suffering. The remains were brought back to Montevallo Monday, and the funeral occurred from the Baptist church in that city, of which the deceased was a member.

"Uncle Joe," as he was familiarly called by those who knew him best, was a big hearted man, a good citizen a kind neighbor, and was devoted to his family. He was about 55 years old, and leaves a widow and five children to mourn his death.

In the great sorrow that has come to the grieving wife and children, may the Father of the widow and the orphan cover them with the mantle of His protecting care, is the sympathetic wish of a large circle of friends.

Wilsonville.

Wilsonville is growing rapidly; buildings going up, contracts out for more.

Miss Roland, the trimmer in the J. F. Pope store returned to her home in Nashville a few days ago, much to the regret of her many friends here.

Oscar Tinney is spending a few days with homefolks.

Rev. Mr. Shawl, who has charge of the Presbyterian church at this place now, preached very interesting sermons last Sunday morning and evening.

G. E. Weldon is off on a visit to see his lady love, and if "Madame Rumor" is correct these visits will soon terminate very happily for Embrue.

James Evans and family are visiting relatives in Fourmile.

E. H. Smith spent a few days last week in Talladega.

Rev. G. W. Hamilton spent Friday in your city.

Our town will have four protracted meetings this summer. We hope all will be greatly benefitted by these meetings. There is material here for a good one.

I noticed in Harpersville items that "Jake" is also reminding his people of their neglected dead. That is right, "Jake"; I fully agree with you. XX.

Lester's Chapel.

Farmers are now busy laying by their corn.

W. G. Rosco transacted business in Columbiana Friday.

Miss Nora Tidmore has been on the sick list for a week past, but we are glad to state she is better.

Brother Hamilton filled his appointment at this place on the second Sunday, preaching to a large and attentive congregation.

The inspector of the free delivery route passed through this community Saturday.

R. J. Ray and family, of Wilsonville, visited relatives in this community Saturday.

Robert Blackerby passed here Friday on his way to Columbiana.

W. C Blackerby found a bee tree near Lester's Chapel last Friday.

Madame Rumor says there is to be a wedding in this community in the near future. How about it, Mr. Smith?

Roy Lester found his first bee tree, Saturday, near what is known as the Tom Walton place.

Best wishes for the success of The Sentinel and the Democratic nominees.

HENRY.

For Sale.

A BARGAIN—The residence occupied by Mrs. J. B. Nelson can be purchased on easy terms. The lot is near the Academy, containing 8 acres, one of the most desirable in town. For terms apply at this office.

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the firm heretofore known as J. H. Mason & Co., composed of J. H. Mason and W. P. Hamner, which was engaged in carrying on a general drug business in the town of Columbiana, was dissolved on the 14th day of June, 1904, by mutual consent, J. H. Mason assuming all the liabilities of said firm.

Witness our hands this 20th day of June, 1904.

J. H. Mason,
W. P. Hamner.

Pretty Montevallo Wedding.

No occurrence in our little city has aroused such general interest as the marriage of Dr. E. G. Givhan and Miss Lena Parham Peterson, which occurred at the Peterson home on last Thursday evening, at six o'clock. A few intimate friends and relatives of the family were present to witness the nuptials.

The elegant home was tastefully decorated, the principal feature being a bower of ferns, palms and vines in which was erected a temporary altar before which the happy couple knelt to plight their mutual vows. At the piano was Miss Maud Allen. After Mr. Houston, one of the visiting friends, had sung with exquisite feeling, DeKoven's "O Promise Me," Miss Allen played the grand march from Tannahauser, and the bridal party entered. First came Miss Overton Peterson, the wee sister of the bride, bearing the pillow upon which the bride and groom knelt before the altar. Dr. Givhan then entered accompanied by his best man, Mr. Bernice Wilson, of Demopolis, after whom came the bride with her maid of honor, Miss Elizabeth Winston. They met at the altar when Rev. F M. Peterson, the bride's father, pronounced the solemn words that made them one.

The whole ceremony was beautiful in all its details, glowing in the simplicity of pure white, from the exquisite gown and roses of the bride to the sumptuous bride's cake which formed the center of attraction in the dining room. Everything was suggestive of the joyousness of the occasion—white flowers, white dresses, bright lights, gleaming silver and cut glass, all constituted a setting in perfect harmony with what we know of the character and life of the young and happy bride.

After the ceremony delicious refreshments were served and the bride's cake amid peals of merry laughter. The display of presents in the dining room was gorgeous, literally. They were numerous and handsome, speaking volumes for the popularity of both the bride and groom.

At eight o'clock Dr. and Mrs. Givhan left for Gulfport, Miss., to visit the doctor's mother and sister.

Dr. Givhan numbers his friends by the thousands throughout the State, and from every one of them goes up the hearty prayer that God may shower his best blessieg upon him and his lovely wife "so long as they both shall live." They will make their home in the doctor's handsome residence on College street which has recently been re-decorated and furnished for the advent of the bride. Among the friends present were the following visitors from abroad:

A. J. Lee, Mobile; J. R. Hill, Gulfport, Miss.; Bernice Wilson, Demopolis; C. H. Winston, Sumpter county; Harry Reynolds, Blocton; Misses Alice Camp, Gadsden; Shelby Garrett, Greensboro; Lallee Tice, Selma; Overton Ward, Selma; Lottie Lavere, Gulfport, Miss.; Alice Pettus, Selma; Overton Winston, Elizabeth Winston, Bodka; Lucy Ledyard, Montgomery; Mrs. Chas. Stickney, Birmingham; Mrs. J. C. Parham, Gainsville.

NOTICE
For the next thirty days the Hammond Millinery Co., will give 25 per cent discount on all summer stock.

Shelby County School Districts.

As secretary of the Re-districting Board of Shelby county, it affords me pleasure to announce the completion of our work.

The educational interest of every community has been considered, and districts have been formed with reference to centers of population and natural barriers, as law prescribes.

A complete record of our work will be found in the Judge of Probate's office, subject to public inspection.

We have created 63 new separate school districts, the boundaries of which, in most communities, have been made as per the instructions of the citizens of such communities.

It is not practical to suppose this work is a piece of perfection: but with the light which we had before us, we have given you our best possible service. We shall from time to time review the field, and make such changes in lines as may seem necessary.

Those who furnished us with diagrams of their districts need no further instructions, only by way of calling attention to the importance of electing trustees on Saturday, July 2, 1904. The law plainly says they shall be elected on the above named date; said election to be held at the school houses in the respective districts, and the officers to be taken from the householders and freeholders residing in the districts, who can read and write. A certificate of such election must be forwarded at once to the County Superintendent.

"The school districts which fails to comply with the requirements of this law may lose their share of the apportionment of the public school funds," so says Thos. L. Sowell, State Auditor. JOHN B. FARRELL, Supt. of Education.

Spring Creek Items.

Farmers are very busy cutting oats and grass.

We are glad to see Mrs. Henry Frost up again. She has been quite sick.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Jack Ingram, on the 11th, inst., a baby boy.

Mr. John and Mark Wyatt attended quarterly meeting at Highland last Saturday.

Quite a number from Spring Creek went to a picnic at Saginaw last Saturday. Among the number was Frank Satterwhite. Miss Ida Steele, of Montevallo, met him there and they went to Elliottsville and were quietly married by Rev. Morgan.

Mrs. John Wyatt and son Oscar visited with the family of Charlie Wyatt at Six Mile, last Saturday and Sunday.

Quite a number from Spring Creek attended services at Elliottsville last Sunday.

Ben Cunningham, of Maplesville, visited his father's family here last Sunday. JACK TODD.

Have you taken a policy with the Shelby county division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia It is the cheapest, safest and best insurance offered today. It only cost the policy holders of Georgia last year $5.45 on $1,000. See
T. A Leathers, Agt,
Columbiana, Ala.

For Sale.

Mrs. S. L. Appleman, who expects to leave Columbiana soon, will dispose of her household goods at a bargain. Some of this furniture was purchased new but a short time ago. Call at her home.

Also has a Jersey cow, fresh a few weeks ago, for sale.

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3276.

State of Alabama. } Notice is hereby given
Shelby County. } that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned, as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 21st day of April, 1901, by P. M. Abercrombie to the said. The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 359, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The south west quarter of the south west quarter of section eleven, township eighteen, south, range one east. (SW¼ of SW¼, sec, 11, tp 18, s, R 1, e.) containing forty (40) acres more or less, (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said, The Alabama State Land Company, the same having been excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No 3276 to said P. M. Abercrombie dated April 11th, 1901).

Said lands will be sold by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power.

F. H. EATON, Sec.,
The Alabama State Land Co
May 19th, 1904 39-5t

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3455.

The State of Alabama. } Notice is hereby given
Shelby County. } that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned, as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 7th day of February, 1904, by John W. Wingo to said. The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 357, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The north west quarter of the south west quarter, section eleven, township eighteen, south, range one east. (NW¼ of SW¼, sec. 11, tp. 18 s, R 1 e) containing forty (40) acres more or less, (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said. The Alabama State Land Co., the same having excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No, 3455 to said John W. Wingo dated January 24th, 1902)

Said lands will be sold by virtue of a sale in said mortgage and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power.

F. H. EATON, Sec.,
The Alabama State Land Co.
May 19th, 1904. 39-5t.

MORTGAGE SALE NO. 3543.

The State of Alabama. } Notice is hereby given
Shelby County. } that on the 28th day of June, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, before the court house door at Columbiana, Ala., the undersigned as Secretary of The Alabama State Land Company, for the purpose of satisfying the balance due upon a mortgage executed on the 14th day of July, 1902, by B. Kindrick to said. The Alabama State Land Company, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 64, page 361, will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situated in the county of Shelby, State of Alabama, to-wit:

The west half of the south east quarter of section seventeen, township eighteen south, range one east. (W½ of SE¼, sec. 17, tp. 18, s. R. 1e.) containing eighty (80) acres more or less, (except the minerals, mining rights and privileges, now belonging to said. The Alabama State Land Company, the same having been excepted from said lands conveyed by Deed No. 3543 to said B. Kindrick, dated July 9th, 1902. Said lands will be sold by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and in accordance with the terms and conditions of said power.

F. H. EATON, Sec
The Alabama State Land Co.
May 19th, 1904. 39-5t.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

In pursuance of and in accordance with the terms and directions of a commission, issued and addressed to the undersigned by the Hon. A. P. Longshore, Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, bearing date the 24th day of May, 1904, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction in front of the court house door of said county in Columbiana, on Monday, the 27th day of June, 1904 at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The southeast fractional quarter, section 24, township 22, range 2, west; and the west half of the southwest quarter of fraction D, sec 19 township 22, range 1, west, being 124 3-100 acres more or less. Also lots C, D and F, sec. 19, township 22, south, range 1 west, being 151 43-100 acres more or less. In all 275 acres more or less; which said land is to be sold under the decree of said court for the purpose of a division between and among the several joint owners thereof who are as follows, to-wit: Sarah A. Hyde, Jos. L. McGaughy, Sam'l F. McGaughy, Geo. W. McGaughy, John T. McGaughy, Ida C. Woolley, and the following named children of Martha L. Bradford, deceased, to-wit: Harrison, Samuel, Norman, Early and Ida Bradford, and Lucy McCutcheon (alias Lucy Gentry) and Ellen Ray.

May 25th, 1904. W. P. THOMAS,
33-3t. Commissioner.

A MODEL
DRUG STORE . . .
(Conducted on a modern system.)

We carry all Patent Medicines sold in this section. Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco. Fine line of Stationery, in fact, everything that goes to make up a

First Class Drug Store.

Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins, Colgates Soaps, Extracts, and Toilet Articles.

Our Prescription Department

Is always in charge of a Pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of Pharmacy and years of experience.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782.77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3,000.00	Rediscounts.....	2,263.00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash.

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY Casnier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Co.
Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Mgr., Birmingham, Alabama. Birmingham Phone 669.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala. Columbiana Phone 42.

HOLCOMBE & BOWDON,
Calera, Ala.
DEALERS IN
Groceries, Shoes, Hardware,
Furniture, Undertakers Goods,
Farming Implements,
Wagons and Buggies,
Feed Stuffs, All Kinds.

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - ALA.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM, - - - - - - ALA

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.
Office upstiars in Bank Building.

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The first electrical railway was that of Siemens, at Berlin, in 1879.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

British India now employs over 1,000,000 people in its cotton industries.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle

Of American animals the moose, elk and caribou are natural trotters.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Ten-elevenths of the world's people are north of the equator.

Immense Circular Saw.

The largest circular saw in the world has just been made in Philadelphia. It is seven feet four inches in diameter, and will be used to cut pine stumps into shingle bolts.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

No Milk While in Mourning.

When an Arabian woman is in mourning for a near relative she refuses to drink milk for a period of eight days, on the principle that the color of the liquid does not harmonize with her mental gloom.

Feet Hurt,

Sweat, itch, blister? ROYAL FOOT WASH cures them. Removes odors of feet, armpits, etc.; stops chafing. If not at druggists send 25c to EATON DRUG CO., Atlanta, Ga., for full size, postpaid; sample for 2c stamp. One application proves its merit. Money back if not satisfied.

FORBES' PIANO SALE
-THE FITE STOCK-
STILL GOING ON

Stock Constitutes the Biggest Purchase Ever Made by a Southern House and Contains

FINEST INSTRUMENTS NOW ON THE MARKET

If You Wish a Piano, Organ or Music Box at a Low Figure and on the Most Reasonable Terms See or Write Us.

The E. E. Forbes Piano Co.'s sale of the Frank G. Fite stock continues, for it is no ordinary sale; it represents the biggest purchase of pianos made by any southern house, and as the instruments represent the very best makes of pianos the big cut in prices has been the result of making hundreds of homes happy that have long wished in vain for a piano, but had not until the present opportunity been able to purchase one on account of the high price. Any person in the south can buy one of these pianos and save $100 after paying freight; besides that they can make the payment in an easy way, for they are only required to pay a small part down and the rest you pay next fall or next spring, after the crops have been turned into cash. Another thing about this piano sale is that ever piano is plainly marked, so if there is a man in any part of the state that wants to buy a piano for a birthday or wedding present or as a gift for next Christmas he can send to us and buy just as well without seeing the piano, because every piano is marked and there's only one price to all.

There are also a number of organs and piano players in this sale, and we will be pleased to furnish any and all information or to explain anything about our long-time payment system, which is so easy to meet, and which so many people throughout Alabama and the other southern states are now availing themselves of.

E. E. FORBES PIANO CO.
Birmingham - - Alabama
WITH STORES AT
Mobile, Montgomery
and Anniston

FIXING THE BLAME FOR STEAMER HORROR

Latest Estimates of the Number of Lives Lost by the Burning of the General Slocum.

RIVER HOLDS MANY DEAD

New York City.—Off the Bronx shore of North Brother Island, where the burning General Slocum was beached, and on up the river for a mile and a half to Hunt's Point, where the tide finally carried the charred hulk, the ghastly business of fishing for human bodies has gone on day and night since the appalling tragedy, neither weariness nor hunger stopping Coroner O'Gorman's volunteer crews and the police. The racing tide made it well nigh impossible to use the grappling irons at times, but on the ebb the fishers more than made up for their enforced idleness.

Added findings now show beyond the shadow of any doubt that during the single hour following the discovery of fire in the pleasure steamboat, which was carrying Pastor Haas' St. Mark's Lutheran congregation on its annual picnic excursion, more American lives were lost than during the Spanish-American War.

Two days after the disaster Police Inspector Albertson, who is supervising the work of recovering bodies, said: "The 560 bodies found represent only half the number of dead. It will be days before the sunken Slocum gives up all its dead and for weeks bodies will be washed ashore down the East River and up the Sound."

The difficulty of estimating the number the dead is increased by the uncertainty as to the number of persons who were on the General Slocum when she left the pier and steamed up the East River on her fatal trip.

No one knows how many dead are still at the bottom of the river off the island, or how many burned and blackened corpses lie in the hull. Coroner O'Gorman thinks that at least 200 more will be found. The Coroner said that Diver John Rice and the men who worked with him at Hunt's Point believe that there are scores caught in the debris of the burned steamer. These it may be impossible to remove until the wreckers get to work and tear the Slocum apart. At any rate, it will be a week, perhaps longer, before all the dead will be found. Some, so the divers and grapplers of the river say, will never be recovered. Carried out to sea, or held fast at the bottom of the river or utterly destroyed in the fire are scores, these men think. Other divers exploring the river bed along the track covered by the burning steamer say there are heaps of bodies still beneath the water.

In all the history of disaster where human life has been sacrificed no wail of lamentation could be greater than that which has gone up from those bereft by this tragedy, for as the days grew in number the horror increased in intensity. On whose shoulders rests the terrible responsibility is yet to be determined, but one fact has been settled beyond dispute—a great number of the life preservers on the craft were not life preservers at all, but life destroyers. Instead of being buoyants, they were as leaden weights, carrying their victims to certain death.

Scores of bodies have been found with these miserable pretenses strapped about them. It may be that there were a few serviceable cork jackets on board the General Slocum, but the majority were made of powdered cork and glue, and were not only absolutely useless, but a peril rather than a safety. They were pulled out of their places by men strong enough to secure them, but the women and children in the panic and excitement did not know how to adjust the belts, and only a few of them were loaded down with the weights that meant certain death. Those found have been found on the bodies of men for the most part. All these appliances had been passed by inspectors as serviceable and safe. When the inquiry shall have begun the story of the condition of the life preservers will be of greater interest and importance than the action of the captain in the pilot house, who ran his ship aflame a mile or a mile and a half before he sought refuge by driving her ashore.

It is agreed by a majority of the survivors that Captain Van Schaik made a desperate and heroic effort to save the lives of his passengers, but experienced rivermen are of the opinion that the suddenness of the fire and the fright and confusion which followed upset his judgment and caused him to do the very thing which he ought not to have done. It has been pointed out that there are at least three points where he might have run the craft into shoal water and been within reach of help from shore and close to a flotilla of boats that were rushing to the rescue; but, either dazed by the situation or out of his head entirely, or believing that the only salvation was to reach North Brother Island, he passed Ward's Island after the fire was discovered, made no attempt to run close to the Astoria shore and steered away from the Sunken Meadows, which the Seawanhaka sought twenty-four years ago, losing less than thirty of her passengers.

Flags on the City Hall and other municipal buildings were at half mast by order of Mayor McClellan to show formally the widespread sorrow in the city for the deaths of hundreds of people caused by the burning of the steamboat. The Mayor issued a proclamation expressing the sympathy of the people of the city and appointing a relief committee.

President Roosevelt ordered Secretary Cortelyou to make a rigid investigation of the disaster, and the work will be conducted under the personal supervision of Mr. Cortelyou and Geo. Uhler, supervising inspector-general of the steamboat inspection service. Any government employe found negligent will be severely punished.

Investigations have been started by Coroner Berry and District Attorney Jerome. The fire marshal ordered an investigation of the cause of the fire. The steamboat company was conducting an inquiry of its own.

First Officer Flannagan of the steamboat made a statement at the District Attorney's office that the hose was rotten, and burst when efforts were made by the crew to put out the fire.

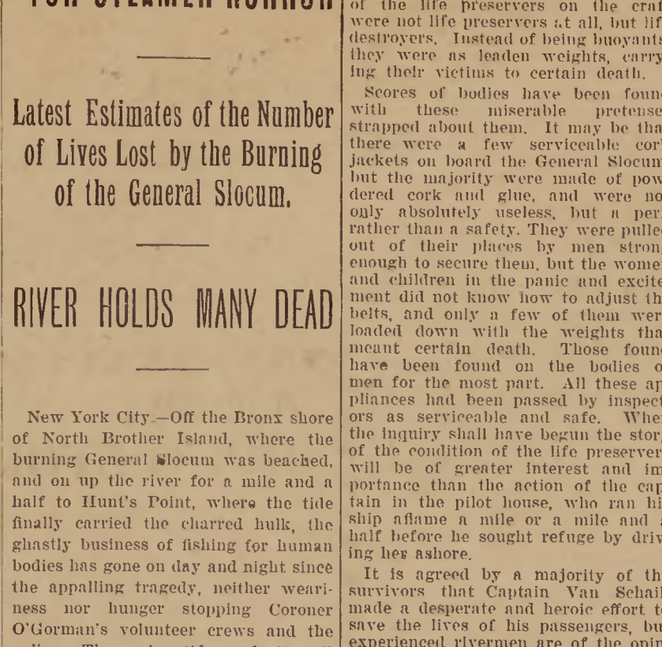
Around the Morgue heartbreaking scenes are witnessed every day, and the work of identification goes on rapidly. Several persons, driven insane by the awful sights they witnessed and their bereavement, attempted suicide. The scenes in the vicinity of St. Mark's Church and through the stricken district have been touching in the extreme.

As fast as the bodies were recovered they were inspected by Coroner O'Gorman on the beach of North Brother Island. Their watches and jewelry and other effects were sealed, numbered and preserved for relatives and friends. Then the corpses were placed in the rough pine coffins and sent to the Morgue to await identification.

"We found about three hundred watches on the dead," said the Coroner, "a bushel of finger rings, hundreds of pins and jeweled trinkets of every description, and a large amount of money altogether. My estimate of the value of the watches and rings and jewelry is $150,000. The dead were people in comfortable circumstances, and many of the women wore diamond earrings and diamond rings of great value. Some of them had big rolls of bills in their clothing. Many wore bags under their corsets or strapped around their waists in which hundreds of dollars were found. All this money, as well as the jewelry, has been placed in bags with tags corresponding with the number of the tags on the bodies. I don't think there will be great difficulty in relatives claiming and securing this property at the proper time."

Almost as appalling as the spectacle of the burning and drowning of the hundreds of women and children was the grief of the thousands of relatives of the dead who thronged the Morgue in the pitiful search for the loved ones who had gone away from home smiling and happy in the belief that they were to have a pleasant day's outing. These poor distracted people were as helpless as babes in their grief. They wandered about dazed—like people in a dream. There were little children bereft of both parents and sisters and brothers. There were fathers and mothers who had been rendered childless. Ther were fathers, and these were in the greater number, who had lost wives and children. In some terrible instances whole families had been blotted out. Six Brooklyn families met this awful fate.

One of the most frightful scenes on the burning steamboat General Slocum was the frenzied attack of a number of women, huddled for safety on the starboard paddle box, on an unknown hero, who climbed to their place of refuge to lower them to a tug with a rope that he carried. As the man, a tugboat hand, made his way up the paddle box, a score of women, rendered insane by terror, rushed at him. They sunk their teeth in his arms and tore his coat from his back. He had to fight for his life, but eventually he restored the women to a semblance of reason and lowered many of them to the tug. One arm was terribly bitten.



MAP SHOWING RUN OF THE GENERAL SLOCUM FROM TIME THE FIRE WAS DISCOVERED.

Brazil's Navy Larger.

A bill providing for the reorganization of the Brazilian Navy was introduced in Congress, at Rio Janeiro. It provides for the purchase of twenty-eight warships, including three ironclads and three armored cruisers.

Dundonald Removed.

Lord Dundonald, the hero of Ladysmith, has been relieved of his position as general officer commanding the militia of Canada, as the result of his criticism of a Cabinet officer.

The National Game.

Patsy Donovan is playing right field for the Washingtons.

Jack Dunn, of the New Yorks, is still a most versatile and valuable player.

The Atlanta Club has signed first baseman Felix Hardy, hailing from Texas.

Frank Selee says that Mordecai Brown is the greatest fielding pitcher he ever saw.

Joe Kelly says a manager's hardest task is studying the eccentricities of his players.

Her Heart Shifted.

After the remarkable operation of having her heart, which had shifted, moved from her right side to her left side, Annie Riley, the thirteen-year-old daughter of James Riley, of Jackson City, Pa., is now convalescing.

Our Army Prepared.

Secretary of War Taft, addressing the graduating class at West Point, said the army is now fully prepared for any emergency.

Personal Mention.

Charles Beecher, in whose library at Fairfield, Wayne County, Ill., the Lincoln Presidential boom was started, has just died at Marysville, Ohio.

Abner McKinley, brother of the late President McKinley, was found dead in his room by his wife at Somerset, Pa. Death was due to Bright's disease.

Dr. George Johnston Allman, for more than forty years professor of mathematics in Queen's College, Galway, Ireland, has died at the age of eighty years.

World's Fair Pays Up.

The sum of $195,057.04, the first payment in liquidation of the Government loan of $4,600,000 to the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company, was transferred to the United States Government by the auditing department of the World's Fair.

At West Point.

Members of the Filipino Commmission were present with Secretary Taft at the graduation exercises at West Point.

Miscellaneous News Notes.

Sheckard has not yet struck his natural gait in batting.

Two Spanish battleships and a cruiser have been ordered to Tangier.

Mercer University has adopted caps and gowns for the university costume.

Handball is a favorite means of exercise with the Brooklyn players.

Lewis, short stop for Cornell last season, is now with the Baltimore Eastern League team.

Miss Pauline Hardin, Kentucky's most successful woman politician, is about to be married.

The President Acts.

Washington, D. C. — President Roosevelt issued imperative orders to Secretary Cortelyou of the Department of Commerce and Labor to investigate the Slocum horror and to leave no stone unturned in the effort to fix the responsibility for the disaster. If any one in the service of the government was negligent in his duty he will receive no mercy at the hands of his superiors.

ROBBERS LOOT EXPRESS.

Shoot Engine Driver Dead, Then Blow Up Car and Safe.

Butte, Mont.—Two train robbers held up the eastbound North Coast Limited, the Northern Pacific's crack passenger express, a mile east of Bear Mouth, Mont., where the same train was held up last year, and Engineer O'Neil met his death at the bandits' hands.

After bringing the train to a standstill, the robbers had a brief but sharp fight with the engineer, who fell dead in his cab with two bullets in his brain. The robbers then blew up the express car. Three times dynamite was exploded under the safe, and it and the car were demolished. The bandits are believed to have secured heavy plunder, estimated at $40,000, with which they escaped to the large timber of the mountains.

"AMERICAN" NOT "U. S."

Secretary Hay Orders Change on Embassy and Consular Seals.

Washington, D. C.—In accordance with an order issued by Secretary Hay, the inscriptions "United States Embassy" and "United States Consulate" no longer will appear upon the Embassy and Consular seals and in other places as formerly. In their place on all the new record books and seals will appear the words "American Embassy" and "American Consulate" and "American Consular Agency."

There are about a dozen "United States" aside from the United States of America, a fact which leads to a great deal of confusion in foreign countries.

FULL PENALTY FOR CANNON.

Prominent New Jersey Lawyer Gets Fifteen Years.

Hoboken, N. J.—Charles K. Cannon, of this place, who was found guilty of serious charges made by a young girl, was sentenced by Judge John A. Blair, in the Hudson County (N. J.) Court, to fifteen years in State Prison, and to pay a fine of $1000. This is the extreme penalty for this offiense. Ex-Judge William T. Hoffman, counsel for Cannon, announced that he would file a writ of error, and Cannon was released on his old bail of $10,000.

Dinner for 3500.

George A. Beaton, of New York, provided the home-coming dinner for 3500 persons at the Athens (Ohio) centennary celebration.

JAPAN'S GREAT VICTORY

Attempt of the Russians to Relieve Port Arthur Fails.

BIG LOSS IN MEN AND GUNS

Outcome of Several Days' Fighting About Eighty Miles North of Port Arthur—Japanese Losses Estimated at 1000 Killed and Wounded—Two Japanese Transports Sunk by Russian Fleet.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—Official dispatches announce a terrible battle, lasting two days, in which the Russian army has received a crushing defeat.

The Russian forces, under Lieutenant-General Stalkelberg, which have been threatening the rear of General Oku, commander of the Japanese forces investing Port Arthur, were preparing for an attack, when the Japanese surprised them by a fierce onslaught at Telissu, eighty miles north of Port Arthur.

The Russians, in the first of the fight, completely annihilated a squadron of Japanese cavalry. Then the Russians were driven back.

The Third and Fourth batteries of the First Artillery Brigade were cut to pieces by the Japanese shells.

The Russians lost 500 killed and 300 officers and men and fourteen guns captured.

The Japanese lost 1000 killed and wounded.

General Stalkelberg fell back to Vantsailin, thirty miles north of Vafangow. Two divisions of General Kuroki's army were marching from Sin-Yen to take him in the rear and cut him off from General Kuropatkin's main army.

Four brigades of infantry, comprising 12,000 men; three regiments of cavalry and eight batteries of artillery—in all 17,000—represented the Japanese force in action, but there was a considerable reserve numbering two brigades. The Russian forces are estimated at 20,000, and at the time the right flank was turned another brigade was coming south to the relief of General Stalkelberg. General Yamaguchi telegraphs that thirty Russian officers were killed, having been found on the field; that fifteen are among the captured and that one Russian infantry regiment lost one-quarter of its men. At dusk the Japanese had turned the right flank of the Russians and were developing a similar movement on the left flank, when General Stalkelberg's centre broke and what was first an orderly retreat developed into a rout.

It is known that at Likuanthun, where the overwhelming defeat of Stalkelberg took place, at least a brigade of the Japanese army had to come up on the road from Pitsuwo several days before, and was probably in the valleys of the Hiung Mountains waiting to reinforce the Japanese divisions coming north on the railroad from Fuchow.

The Japanese, on their part, have suffered the loss of two transports, which were torpedoed and sunk in the Japan Sea, near the entrance to the Korean Straits by vessels of the Russian Vladivostok squadron. Five hundred and fifty survivors have reached neighboring Japanese ports. It is reported that the transports carried about 1400 men, besides many horses and quantities of army supplies. Japanese warships are in chase of the Russian squadron, but its escape has been assisted by a storm and thick weather.

A CUBAN HURRICANE.

The Worst Storm in Ten Years Sweeps Santiago Province.

Santiago de Cuba (by Steamer to Manzanillo.)—The worst storm of a decade, with fourteen inches of rain, which fell in five hours, accompanied by a hurricane, passed over Cuba.

The lower village of El Cobre has been destroyed.

Forty-five persons are known to be dead and scores are missing. Bodies are floating in the Cobre River.

Twenty bodies have been recovered by boats patrolling the bay.

A relief train, bringing mail and passengers, was wrecked at Moron. The fireman and mail agent were killed and two of the employes were injured.

The mines at Dalquiri are crippled and six of the employes have been drowned.

RULER OF FINLAND SHOT

Assassination of the Russian Governor-General.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—General Bobrikoff, Governor-General of Finland, was shot dead at the entrance to the Finnish Senate, at Helsingfors.

The assassin, a man named Schaumann, a son of Senator Schaumann, immediately committed suicide. The attack is ascribed to Finnish patriotism, as Schaumann is believed to have been a member of what is known as the Finish Patriotic Party.

Oil War in Augusta.

An oil war now raging in Augusta, Ga., promises to cost the Standard Oil Company $2,000,000. The war opened several weeks ago, when Hollis Boardman resigned as manager of the Standard Company and organized the People's Oil Company, an independent concern.

News From the Far East.

General Stalkenberg has advanced southward from Liaoyang with 14,000 men.

Army reserves in the Kazan, Kieff and Moscow districts have been called out.

Kuroki reported four victories, in one of which 4000 Russian cavalry were engaged.

St. Petersburg is being prepared for defense should a Japanese fleet enter the Baltic.

The total of the Japanese losses at the battle of Nanshan Hill has been put at 4304.

Murder or Acoident?

The body of John Culburn, a miner, was found beside the railroad tracks at Brookside. From the position of the body and its condition many believe that the miner was not killed by the train, but that he was murdered and his body placed on the track to cover the deed.

The man's arm was cut off, and his knee was broken. Internal injuries were also in evidence, and there were a number of bruises.

A New York fly paper firm shipped two car loads of the commodity to Butte, Mont., where it will be used in copper mines to catch flies. The consignment comprised 1,100,000 sheets and cost a little over $8,000. As each sheet—they are blanket sheets—will catch 5,000 flies, the total number trapped when the supply is used up will be about 5,500,000,000 insetcs—several tons of pests.

Up to ten years ago flies were unheard of in the mines. They seemed to dislike the sulphur gases. Horses began to be used under ground, and with them came the flies.

They have become blind by long confinement in the dark subterranean passages.

It is estimated that 2,000,000 boxes of matches are used each day by the people of the United States, and that amounts to about five matches per person. In 1900, $156,705 worth of matches were imported into this country, and $95,422 worth exported from it. The lucifer match was invented in 1827. Safety matches were put upon the market in 1855. In Great Britain, Norway, Sweden and Germany the match-making industry has assumed enormous proportions. In France it is a government monopoly. In the United States it is controlled by a single corporation.

"Suit dismissed with costs for the plaintiff," was the verdict of the court in the suit which Kubelik, the violinist, brought against Dr. Gehrmann, the music critic of the Frankfurter Zeitung, for which the violinist deemed insulting personalities in criticisms of his concerts. Dr. Gehrmann described Kubelik as "a stupid looking man of superfine effeminine appearance" and spoke of him also as a "specialist and miracle worker who produces but tones."

"Uncle John" Butler was born in Lenawee county, Michigan, eighty-three years ago, and though he has continued to live in the same house, on the same spot, he has resided in the states of Michigan and Ohio, the counties of Lenawee, Lucas and Fulton, and the townships of Seneca, Gorham and Chesterfield, without ever having moved off his farm.

The head of Oliver Cromwell forms part of a private collection in England. The spear upon which it is impaled is still intact, although very rust eaten.

General Grant served eight years and one day as president.

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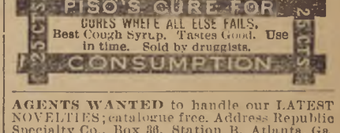

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COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., JULY 7, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 42

JAPANESE SINK TWO

Russians Lose a Cruiser and a Torpedo Boat. Disease Attacks Both Armies.

RAIN STOPS FIGHTING.

Japanese are Withdrawing—France Will Allow Coaling.

Peace.

A belated report from Admiral Togo records a desperate and successful torpedo attack at the entrance of Port Arthur June 27th, in which a Russian guardship and a Russian torpedo boat destroyer were sunk.

Admiral Togo reports the loss of one officer and thirteen men killed, and one officer and two men wounded. He makes no mention of damage to his fleet.

The twelfth torpedo boat flotilla, under the command of Commander Yamada, delivered the attack. The Japanese vessels were revealed by the Russian searchlights and the shore forts opened a heavy fusillade on them. The Russian guardship was surrounded and attacked by the Japanese, who saw this vessel sink. Following this the Russian torpedo boat destroyers attacked the Japanese vessels, which responded to the onslaught. A Russian destroyer, while within the area lit up by the searchlights, was seen to explode, rise, fall back into the water sideways and sink.

It has been announced officially that Vice Admiral Kamimura met the Russian Vladivostock squadron Friday night, about sixty miles north of Nagasaki. The Russian squadron consisted of three cruisers only, the torpedo boat flotilla evidently having returned to Vladivostock after the bombardment of June 30th. Vice Admiral Kamimura was in superior force. He opened fire and the Russians replied, but at the same time they fled to the northeast with the Japanese in pursuit.

The Vladivostock squadron eluded Vice Admiral Kamimura's squadron in the darkness. A drizzling rain and fog favored the Russian vessels.

Land operations in Manchuria are believed to have been practically adjourned for six weeks until the rains shall be over. Telegrams from Liao Yang agree that the Japanese are withdrawing from their positions, the capture of which entailed the cost of so much blood and ammunition. The same telegrams show that the Russians are promptly taking advantage of the withdrawal of the Japanese and are assuming the offensive, inflicting considerable losses on the Japanese.

A war correspondent from Mukden expresses the opinion that with the rainy season at hand the Japanese have lost their opportunity of dealing General Kuropatkin a crushing blow. He says that neither the world in general nor the Japanese knew how weak the Russian army was in the earlier stage of the war, and asserts that practically the Russian army was nonexistent, but when he left June 18th Kuropatkin had 125,000 men and reinforcements were pouring in at the rate of 2,000 a day.

The Japanese legation received the following dispatch from Tokio:

"On the 15th of June a petty officer and other soldiers, six in all, belonging to the Eighteenth infantry regiment, encountered while scouting about fifteen Russian troops at Cheng Tsu Shan and were killed after a hand to hand fight. On the death of these men the Russians thrust their bayonets into their mouths and cut open their lungs and took away the contents of their pockets."

The reports that France will permit the Russian Baltic fleet to take in coal at French ports along the route to the for east are officially verified.

The Russian losses in killed or wounded so far number 8,000. Many more have been in hospitals, but no epidemics have yet been reported.

The Tokio correspondent of the Reuter Telegraph Company wires that it is rumored there that Russia, through France as an intermediary, has offered the surrender of Port Arthur with ships and arms to Japan, provided the garrison is allowed to go free. The report is not confirmed.

Military experts believe that the center of gravity again has shifted to Port Arthur, where siege operations are expected to engage most of the attention of the Japanese until the conclusion of the rainy season permits the resumption of the campaign in southern Manchuria.

Jumped from Bridge.

After divesting himself of part of his clothing, a man, supposed to be Edward Sentinel Cheney, of Lockport, jumped from the Eads bridge and drowned.

Mississippi Baptists.

The Mississippi Baptist state convention meets at Hattiesburg on the 6th of July. The Baptists have about 125,000 communicants in the state.

DOES NOT WANT THE ANTS.

Texas Planter Seeks Injunction to Prevent Introduction Into the State.

Robert Clark, a prominent planter of Cahoun county, Texas, states that he will apply for an injunction to prevent the government experts bringing the Guatemalan ant into Texas as insect enemy of the boll weevil. It was stated recently that Government Entomologist Cook is now en route with a large number of the ants, the first lot of which are to be taken to Victoria, in which county Mr. Clark has interests and which adjoins Cahoun county, where his plantation is located.

Mr. Clark asked as to the basis for his application, said:

"To my mind it is a serious and dangerous matter to transplant a South American insect or pest to south Texas, because they will multiply very rapidly here.

"One-half the cotton is picked by negroes who do not wear enough clothes to make a whole shirt, and the other half by barefooted children. This ant to be of avail in destroying the weevil must cover the entire field, and any one who has had a few of the native ants sting him will realize that it will be impossible to get the cotton picked."

SHIPBUILDING TRUST.

Decree Rendered Ordering Sale of Its Properties.

Judge Lanning signed a final decree in the United States circuit court ordering a sale of the United States Shipbuilding company in the foreclosure proceedings instituted by the Mercantile Trust Company and the New York Security and Trust company on the two mortgages held by them for $15,000,000 and $10,000,000, respectively. In this decree Judge Lanning also fixed the minimum amount which the receiver is authorized to accept for the properties of the underlying companies in the trust.

The shipbuilding company is ordered by the decree to turn over the total amount due on the two mortgages within ten days, in default of which the receiver is authorized to advertise and proceed with the sale.

FIRE IN MEMPHIS.

Destroys $30,000 Worth of Property in the Wholesale District.

Fire of unknown origin in the wholesale district caused a loss estimated at $30,000.

The chief losses were sustained by the following firms:

Pease & Dwyer, grain dealers, $15,000; J. F. Frank & Co., wholesale groceries, $2,000; Charles Barboro, saloon, $5,000; Sighexter & Co., brokers, $3,000.

Twelve or fifteen offices of cotton factors and others sustain damage. The losses are covered by insurance.

Frank Harvey, a fireman, fell through the elevator shaft in Pease & Dwyer's building and was probably fatally injured.

Senor DeLome Dead.

Senor Dupuy DeLome, who was Spanish minister at Washington prior to the outbreak of the war between the United States and Spain, died at Paris Friday of cerebral hemorrhage. The ambassador had been suffering for some time, but there was no apprehension.

Minister DeLome's career in the United States was marked by one of the most sensational incidents in the history of American diplomacy. This was the famous DeLome letter episode of February, 1898, in the heat of the Cuban excitement and barely two months before the outbreak of the Spanish war. The letter was a personal one to Senor Don Jose Canalejos, containing very deprecatory utterances about President McKinley.

Hanna's Heirs Must Pay Tax.

According to a ruling the estate of the late Senator Hanna will be compelled to pay the state tax of about $60,000. This is under the direct inheritance law passed by the legislature last winter, the auditor ruling that all estates not yet settled are liable for the tax, no matter if the person died before the law was enacted.

Exports Increased.

Statistics of the treasury department show that exports of manufactures for the fiscal year ending June 30 (with June estimated) approximate $450,000,000 and an increase of about $40,000,000 over the last preceding year, and the largest on record. The volume of our foreign commerce for the year just closed will reach the enormous total of $2,485,000,000, nearly $50,000,000 more than the year before. Imports are rather less, while exports are considerably larger.

President Roosevelt promoted Major Theodore A. Bingham, of the engineer corps, to be brigadier general and ordered his immediate retirement.

It is reported the Mexican government will pay the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient railway $400,000 on account of its subsidy.

Cardinal Satolli made an official call at the different national pavilions at the fair grounds. He was accompanied by Archbishop Glannon, of St Louis, and both wore their brilliant robes of office.

GLORIOUS FOURTH

Numerous Fatal Accidents and Serious Injuries Reported from Every Section.

A STORE FULL OF FIREWORKS

Caused Panic in Massachusetts—One Badly Injured—Report from Indiana—Birmingham Escaped.

Accidentally stepping on a large toy torpedo, a clerk in a Worcester, Mass., store started a fire which caused the explosion of $700 worth of fireworks and cut off forty customers and clerks who were in the store from the only exit. Women and children were injured and suffocated from smoke and were rescued from the cellar where they had fled to avoid the flames. Manuel Oviminian was caught under a freight elevator as it was descending with twenty-five women and was probably fatally hurt. Twenty-five women and children received minor injuries. One little boy who had been locked up in a room directly under where the fire started on the charge of stealing candy in the store was rescued by the firemen.

Louisville, Ky., dealers in explosives were warned by the board of safety not to sell fireworks.

R. Lee Suter, a member of the board of public safety, an attorney and for several years an important figure in democratic politics, was shot and killed by Sanford Vaughn, Jr., the son of a wealthy contractor. Vaughn, who admits that he fired the shot, says he was celebrating the Fourth.

Suter was asleep on a cot and the bullet passed through his breast, severing an artery and producing a wound similar to that received by William Goebel. Vaughn was driving, and according to the statements of three young men with him, was shooting from side to side, one of the bullets finding its way to the river bank where Suter's tent was pitched. Vaughn was arrested.

A sail boat containing seven pleasure seekers was capsized in Muskegon, Mich., lake and four of the occupants were drowned in view of the hundreds of spectators.

No Fourth of July casualties are reported from Alabama.

In Indiana one fatality and 87 injured is the total of the celebration accidents. At Elkhart a 10-year-old boy was killed and a number of companions severely injured by an explosion of dynamite caused by concussion of exploding fireworks.

At Great Falls, Mont., Margaret Fink is dying of a wound inflicted during a Fourth of July celebration by Arthur Gies, 40 years of age, who discharged a shotgun in the girl's face, blowing off part of her head.

William H. Jones and Miss Myrtle Harper, while bathing in the Oconee river a few miles below Oconee Springs, Ga., were drowned.

Cloudburst in Utah.

A cloudourst leading into the Wasatch range from the bench lands northwest of Salt Lake City sent a wall of water six to ten feet high down Dry Creek canyon causing much damage. A fan-shaped cloud swept over the northeast portion of the city with a roar that could be heard several miles. Streets were converted into rivers.

Trees, sidewalks and streets were torn up. Several costly residences were damaged and only saved from destruction by their high retaining walls. The power houses at Ogden, Bear River and Murray were struck by lightning — the latter being destroyed.

Bishops Appeal.

Secretary of State Hay received the following telegram from Persia:

"Turkish barbarians massacreing thousands. Armenians humbly solicit United States government in the name of Christianity and humanity to save innocent lives.

"ARMENIAN BISHOPS IN PERSIA."

Ensley Mill Busy.

The steel rail mill at Ensley, belonging to the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company, is furnishing steel rails to the Harriman system of railroads, quite a quantity having already been delivered to the Southern Pacific railroad, a branch of that system.

The statement is made that the management of the Harriman system of railroads is making extensive improvements, and among other things 60,000 tons of steel rails weighing eighty pounds to the yard, to cost in the neighborhood of $28 a ton, or a total of $1,680,000, will be purchased.

A Governor's Mansion.

A governor's mansion in Montgomery, to be used by the chief executive of Alabama and his family, is one of the possibilities of the near future. Under the provisions of the capitol improvement act the commission may in its wisdom take part of the funds for the erection of a governor's mansion. This measure is under consideration by the commission.

SUNDAY'S STORM

Did Considerable Damage in Various Parts of the State.

The worst storm in years swept over Scottsboro and vicinity. The rain fell in torrents and the lightning was terrific. Great damage was done to land, the hillsides which had been recently plowed washing away. Several fine and valuable horses were killed by the lightning. A number of fine milch cows were also killed.

The fine barn of W. W. Howard was torn to pieces by the wind. The lightning took the top off a large tree near the Harris hotel and struck the handsome residence of Mrs. W. J. Robinson. Dozens of trees were struck and literally torn into fragments in the town. Several persons made narrow escapes.

For the past few days the section about Gadsden has been visited with severe rains and hail storms in widely separated sections and a great deal of damage has been done to growing crops. In Coats Bend a 50-acre cotton field belonging to W. H. Hood was almost ruined, all the leaves and limbs being stripped from the plant and leaving only the stalk. In Little Wills valley Wednesday a heavy rain fell and a 25-acre field of corn was submerged for more than an hour and badly damaged.

In Whorton's bend, some eight miles below Gadsden, a hail storm wrecked cotton and corn for several miles and did other damage to crops, especially to peach trees.

Hail in Birmingham broke windows and punctured awnings.

POOR WILL PROFIT

By New Revenue Laws in the Philippine Islands.

The internal revenue law for the Philippine Islands prepared by Governor Wright has been passed by the commission after an extensive public discussion. It estimates the revenue at five million gold, one-quarter of which will revert to the provinces and municipalities, and three-quarters to the insular government. The articles taxed include alcoholic productions, beer, tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, matches and some licenses and occupations.

The law repeals many taxes imposed on the poor people under the existing Spanish law. It is believed that the new law ultimately will furnish the basis for substantial and complete support of the government.

SHOT THROUGH THE HEART.

Martin Ragland Commits Suicide Near Warrior.

John Ragland, a young white man about twenty-one years old, committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart.

With some others he had a keg of beer and had previously engaged in a beer drinking, and it is said that in a fit of despondency after a war of words with his mother, he took up his coat and told her he would never come into the house, and the fatal shot was soon fired.

Foreign Corporations in Mississippi.

Within the next few days a ruling from the state revenue agent's office is expected to the effect that the foreign corporations doing business in the state without having filed their charters for record with the secretary of state have no legal standing in the commonwealth and can not enforce the collection of their debts.

Such a ruling will have a sweeping effect, as at least 90 per cent of the corporations that send traveling men in the state to take orders have not filed their charters for record, and if persons not overscrupulous are inclined to take advantage of this method of settling their debts with these firms they will find it a very easy matter.

Three Killed.

A special from Texarkana says: Miss Sybil Pugh, aged 15; Maud Pillow, aged 14, and Birdie Bell Pillow, aged 4, were killed and four others injured. The party were in a surrey when the horse ran away, overturning the surrey, dragging it directly in front of a rapidly moving street car, which plowed through it.

Held Without Bail.

At Selma, Calvin Kimball, a negro, was assaulted with a pistol and Josh Sills and Walter Davis, white men, are in jail for the offense. From evidence obtained Davis was guilty of the assault, striking the negro on the head with the weapon and then shooting him in the leg as he ran.

According to the statement of Kimball, one of the men ran against him and when he remonstrated, cursed him and struck him on the right temple with a pistol. Kimball turned and ran and the holder of the weapon fired two shots at him.

Second Payment Made.

The Louisiana Purchase Exposition company paid the United States $213,092 as the second installment on the repayment of the $4,600,000 loaned by the government. This payment represents 40 per cent of the total admission royalties, covering the period from June 16th to and including June 30th, as required under the act of congress authorizing the loan.

646 STILL MISSING

Immigrant Ship Strikes Hidden Rock and Sinks with Many on Board.

ONLY TWENTY-SEVEN SURVIVE.

Struggle for Seats in Life Boats Responsible for Some of the Fatality.

Captain Goes Down with Ship.

Over seven hundred Danish and Norwegian emigrants bound for New York are believed to have been drowned in the north Atlantic on June 28th. Out of nearly 800 souls on board the Danish steamer Norge, which left Copenhagen June 22d, only 27 are known to be alive, and for the rest no hope is held out.

When last seen the Norge was sinking where she struck on the Islet of Rockall, whose isolated head raises itself from a deadly Atlantic reef, some 290 miles off the west coast of Scotland.

Early on the morning of last Tuesday the Norge, which was out of her course in heavy weather, ran on the Rockall reef which in the distance looks like a ship under full sail. The Norge was quickly backed off, but the sea poured in through a rent in her bows.

The emigrants who were awaiting breakfast below ran on deck. The hatchways were scarcely built for the hundreds of souls and became clogged.

The Norge quickly began to go down by the head. Eight boats were lowered and into these the women and children were hurriedly put. Six of these boats smashed against the side of the Norge and their helpless inmates were caught up by the heavy seas.

Two boat loads got safely away from the side of the sinking ship, and many of the emigrants who were left on board seized life belts, threw themselves into the sea and were drowned.

Captain Gundel, so say the survivors, stood on the bridge of the doomed vessel until it could be seen no more.

The Norge foundered suddenly and some 600 terrified emigrants were thrown into the water or drawn with the sinking ship.

Those who could swim tried to reach the boats, but these were already too full and their occupants beat off the drowning with oars.

The boats kept together for some hours. Practically all of their occupants were passengers and were not used to handling such craft. The boat occupied by the survivors landed at Grimsby, and was a life boat.

One account says that three boats were successfully launched, the other two holding about ten persons.

The life boat made faster progress and fell in with the Salvia. What became of the other boats is not yet known.

The rescue of those in the life boat took place at 8 o'clock on the morning of June 29th, the survivors consisting of twenty men, one of them a seaman, six women and a girl.

Of 774 souls on board the Danish steamer Norge, 128 are known to have been saved. For the missing 646 persons small hopes are entertained.

The enormous death roll which was feared at the first news of the wreck has been decreased by 102; that number of survivors after many privations having been landed at Stornoway.

The women of South Boston have succeeded in preventing the granting of a license for a dance hall at City Point.

Street Car Collision.

A collision between an electric car of the Jacksonville, Fla., street railway and a flat car standing on the Georgia Southern and Florida crossing resulted in the death of Conductor H. K. Shaw of the street car and the slight injury of the motorman.

Charbon has appeared in Mississippi Forest fires are raging in Arizona.

Gayosa Company Organized

At Jasper the organization of the Gayosa Coal company, capitalized at $100,000, was perfected. This new company absorbes the Bruce Coal company and takes in the Bessemer Savings bank lands which were bought at the sale some time ago by Murry Cannon, and other lands.

Officials interested in the search for F. Kent Loomis have practically abandoned hope that he will be found alive.

New York savings banks have returned to their former practice of paying four per cent on savings deposits.

Lee County Books.

State Examiner German has reported on his examination of the books of the officials of Lee county. In every case the books and accounts are found correct. The tax of Lee county are given in at about 50 per cent of the real value, the examiner thinks.

The president has appointed D. A. Robinson postmaster at Dallas, Tex. There has been a vigorous contest over the office.

DELEGATES. KILLED.

Chicago Limited Runs into an Open Switch—Twenty Killed.

The Chicago Limited on the Wabash railroad was wrecked Sunday night at Litchfield, Ill. The train struck an open switch and was overturned and seven of the nine cars were burned.

Twenty persons were burned in the second and third coaches and some forty were inured.

Among the dead are Joseph Barder, delegate from North Dakota, and I. R. Mills, internal revenue collector at Decatur, Ill.

The engine after running into the switch struck a string of freight cars and with the first three coaches was piled in a heap across the track and caught fire at once.

The track was reported clear at the last station, and as the train was running about fifty miles an hour the open switch was not noticed. No information can be obtained as to who is responsible for the accident.

Three of the injured have since died.

"Some one turned that switch at Litchfield," said President Ramsey, of the Wabash, in speaking of the derailment of the train. "Whether it was one who had a spite against the railroad, or who was merely crazy, I do not know. Certainly it seems that no human spite against the road could be so bitter as to be willing to sacrifice the lives that were lost or to cause the suffering that has resulted."

LOSS $10,000.

Alexander City Has Another Big Fire.

Saturday night about 10 o'clock fire broke out in the dry goods store of George W. Sealey, at Alexander City, and for a while it seemed that the whole block, including eight stores, was doomed, but the fire was held within the building in which it originated. The fire totally consumed the large Pearson building, including the Truett saloon. Three attorney's offices and liraries and the Kennedy shoe shop on the second floor were totally destroyed. The Adams building, on the east and north of the building destroyed, was considerably damaged. Many stocks of goods in the fire vicinity have been badly damaged on account of removal. Those involved in the fire are as follows:

H. W. Pearson, building loss, $4,000, insurance said to be $3,000. Truett saloon, nearly a total loss, covered by insurance. George W. Sealey, total loss, covered by insurance. Mamie Whatley, millinery, loss about $500, insurance $300. Damage to the S. P. Adams store building adjoining, something like $1,000, covered by insurance. City Grocery Company, T. B. Turner, tinner and hardware; C. C. Adams, Jr., Adams & Lightfoot, all had bad removal losses, all covered by insurance. The total loss to property will aggregate about $10,000, with something like $7,000 insurance.

BRYAN'S ANSWER

Deemed to be an Insult—A Dramatic Scene.

Constant reports to the effect that Bryan would bolt the nominee of the convention led several delegates to go to Mr. Bryan and see him personally. Mr. Bryan was asked the direct question by Colonel Holt, of North Carolina:

"Will you support the nominee?"

Mr. Bryan placed his hand upon his heart and replied:

"I do not ask any person or party how I shall vote. This is responsible only."

Colonel Holt said:

"Mr. Bryan, I supported you; will you support the nominee?"

Mr. Bryan responded:

"Would you support Roosevelt?"

Quick as a flash Colonel Holt said:

"Mr. Bryan, I consider that an insult and I apologize to the democrats of North Carolina for having cast my vote for you."

Cloth Market.

Early last week considerable business was done in the cloth market, but later a falling off was noticeable. The general turnover was moderate.

The China demand was active. Much business was offered by forward delivery, resulting in transactions both for early and forward delivery.

Livery Burned.

Fire destroyed the stable of A. H. Handy early Monday at Bessemer. A valuable pair of mules as well as a quantity of feed and harness were consumed. The fire is thought to have been of inceadiary origin.

Jackson, Miss., voted 445 to 51 in favor of a $250,000 bond issue for water works ownership.

Three southern boys are at the head of this year's class at West Point.

Santos Dumont will have to go to Paris to have his airship repaired.

The delegation immediately went out of the room, leaving Mr. Bryan alone.

Fifteen hundred Pullman car company employes have been laid off.

New York Chinamen have given $657 toward the Slocum fund.

Bobby Walthour will be able to ride again in a few weeks.

Banking houses having intimate relations with the south are somewhat disturbed at the volume of protest which comes up from that section over what is termed by some as a revival of the "bloody shirt" issue in the republican platform.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

Habit is the deepest law of human nature.—Carlyle.

Men makes laws; women make manners.—De Legur.

Study the past if you would divine the future.—Confucius.

There is something of woman in everything that pleases.—Dupaty.

Who makes quick use of the moment is a genius of prudence.—Lavater.

Discontent is the want of self-reliance; it is infirmity of will.—Emerson.

Men err from selfishness, women because they are weak.—Mme. de Stael.

He who rises late may trot all day and not overtake his business at night. —Franklin.

Shallow men speak of the past, wise men of the present, and fools of the future.—Mme. Du Duffiand.

The true object of education should be to train one to think clearly and act rightly.—H. J. Van Dyke.

I know the nature of women. When you will, they will not; when you will not, they come of their own accord.—Serence.

Not a day passes over the earth but men and women of no note do great deeds, speak great words or suffer noble sorrows.—Charles Reade.

I don't care to meet the man who has never made a mistake, for that infallible individual has likely never made anything else.—H. Macaulay.

SCIENCE WARS ON RATS.

A Bacillus Used to Exterminate the Dangerous Rodents.

The spread of the plague in the east has been shown to be due to rats which are carried from infected ports on vessels. Just the precise way in which this is accmoplished, says Harper's Weekly, is still a matter of debate among biologists, but the fact is appreciated, and in Manila and elsewhere the health authorities endeavor to kill all the rats in an infected locality and on board ships about to discharge their cargoes. This is accomplished in several ways, such as traps, catching rats by hand or by animals, and on board ships sometimes by asphyxiation with carbonic acid, the latter a costly method, and often difficult of application. A method promising to be most efficacious has recently been devised by M. Danysz, of the Pasteur Institute, in Paris. He has found the bacillus of a disease which is peculiar to rats and extremely fatal to such as are inoculated with it, while at the same time it does not affect other animals or human beings. A culture can be made of this bacillus bouillon in which bread or grain is soaked. This is exposed for the rats to eat, and has been found a successful means of communicating the disease, which usually proves fatal in five to 12 days. The method has been tried on the rats in the Paris sewers and those of the Bourse do Commerce, which attack the grain supplies. It is now recognized that if the rats can be destroyed it is possible to keep plague and other diseases from Europe and the civilized portions of the east, and it is to be hoped that the new method of inoculation will be found successful when practiced on a large scale.

Animal Language.

A sound or gesture made by an animal under any mental or emotional impression and calling out a similar one in another animal is an element of language. When the rabbit quickly beats the ground, its fellow rabbits know that there is danger somewhere, and they take action accordingly. That is rabbit language. When the hunter imitates the rabbit and thus conveys the same idea, he is "speaking" the rabbit language for the time being. Many animals use signs, which of course are understood through the eyes. The ants converse by touching antennae and feet. Many insects rub the elytra. This is animal language in its simplest form. It expresses but few ideas. But there are animals which are capable of modulating their "voices."

Even the common rabbits, which seem to be mute, are constantly making sounds, which a little observation will soon discover to be ever changing in volume, modulation, etc. Much of this method of communication changes when the animal is brought into civlization from the wild state. The wild dog, for instance, barks very little when in freedom. How the household dog barks and is able to express himself is well known.

Bowyer's Bible.

It is eighty years since William Bowyer put the finishing touch to his monumental Bible — an anniversary which is of peculiar interest just now. Bowyer was a miniature painter of fair abilities, who devoted every spare hour for thirty years to extra-illustrating a copy of the Bible which came into his possession. With infinite patience and at considerable cost he collected every drawing, engraving, and etching of Biblical subjects he could lay hands on, to the number of 7000, and interleaved his Bible with them, until the original modest book had expanded into forty-four imposing folio volumes, containing the work of 600 artists, from Michael Angelo to Benjamin West. The work was completed in 1824, at a total cost of 4,200 pounds. After his death it figured as a lottery prize, and underwent many vicissitudes before it passed into the possession of Mr. Heywood, of Bolton, for little more than an eighth of its original cost. — Westminster Gazette.

Engine drivers working from Crewe to London and back have to notice no fewer than 570 signals.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., July 7, '04

Telephone No. 27.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM.

County.

Probate Judge.
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk.
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer.
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner.
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

INFORMS REGISTRARS.

In response to repeated enquiries, State Auditor Thomas L. Sowell has written a circular letter to some of the county registrars informing them of how many days they may work and be paid for under the law.

The reglstrars appointed last December under the general election law will begin the work of registering the unqualified voters who are entitled to registration, July 1. This will be the first registration under the permanent plan of registration of the constitution.

Regulations for it under the constitutional provisions were adopted by the Legislature with the passage of the general election law.

The number of days the registrars may serve and be paid for was restricted by the act. Under this act the registrars have been doubtful as to how many days they were allowed.

In his letter the Auditor rules that during the summer and fall the registrars may serve sixty days in counties having less than 50,000 inhabitants and in counties having more than 50,000 inhabitants the registrars may serve eighty days.

The letter of Auditor Sowell in full is as follows:

"Yours of recent date addressed to the Attorney General, has been referred to this office for reply. It is my opinion that under Section 6, of the election law, registrars may consume, between July 1st and October 1st, forty days, except in counties of over 50,000 inhabitants, then sixty days in making rounds from beat to beat. In addition thereto, they are required to meet the week commencing on the last Monday in September for the registration of voters.

"Section 18 also requires that the Board of Registrars shall meet on the second Monday in August and may continue in session one week, for the purpose of purging the registration list. Then Section 19 requires the board to meet on the fourth Monday in August and may continue in session one week for the purpose of considering the case of each elector whose name it is proposed to strike from the registration list and determine same, making in all sixty days which may be consumed by the Board of Registration in carrying out their several duties, except that in counties having more than 50,000 inhabitants they may consume eighty days.

Yours truly,
"T. L. Sowell,
"State Auditor."

The Democrats when they went into power in 1892 received $6,326 from the populist, in four years they turned back $553.20, and left outstanding two warrants, one for Industrial School, $2,500, one for Water Works, $1,700. Does that kind of financiering show that the county ought to be turned back to the Democrats.—Advocate.

The above is about as near the truth as the Advocate is in the habit of getting. The real facts are that the water works debt of $1,700 was contracted October 15, 1896, when the commissioners court was composed of four populist commissioners and a democratic probate judge. Now will not the Advocate have the grace to confess—own up.

THE REAL ISSUE.

Referring to the statement of the Journal that Booker Washington was the real referee of the president in Alabama, the Birmingham Ledger is inclined to agree with the Journal but sees no reason to find fault with the president because the appointments in this state have been so acceptable to the people. The Ledger even finds fault with Senator Morgan for refusing to endorse an applicant for a federal appointment who had enclosed a letter to the president from Booker Washington, and says that "if Senator Morgan said that he is just far wrong," and adds that it thinks the Journal will find "that Senator Morgan did not make that the basis of his refusal to help a candidate."

The Journal wishes to assure the Ledger that it is not wrong, and futhermore, it wishes to add that it endorses most heartily the position of Senator Morgan, and if the senior senator from Alabama were to go before the people and ask an endorsement of his position the vote would be practically unanimous.

But adds the Ledger: Most "certainly the appointments that are understood to have been made with Booker Washington's approval are the best Mr. Roosevelt has made in the south," and then concludes:

"Of all the appointments made in the South Alabama has fared best at the hands of Mr. Roosevelt. If Booker Washington influenced him to make them the Ledger does most certainly thank him for them. There could be no just complaint, and if we get more of them we will be better off for them. Let's let the subject rest in peace."

It wasn't the Journal's purpose to reflect upon the appointees of the president in the south, whether made with the approval of Booker Washington or not; but it was the purpose of the Journal to show that Booker Washington was the real and whole thing in Alabama, and that there was entirely too much of the negro in Mr. Roosevelt's administration, and it regrets to see the position assumed by the Ledger, that because the appointments are good ones, the south should not object,

The position of the Ledger carried to its logical end would force the Ledger to approve the appointment of a negro postmaster at Birmingham because, forsooth, he might make a better postmaster than Postmaster Hughes. If it is all right for a negro to name appointments because they happen to be good appointments, it is all right for the negro himself to be appointed to positions of honor and trust because the negro would make a capable and faithful official

The Journal has never regarded that that was the real issue in the south, or elswhere in the elevation of the negro to official position in the communities.—Montgomery Journal.

Keep Your Door Clean.

La! La! don't the little Advocate on the corner by and through its editorial triumvirate at the court house, vamp and blow because The Sentinel last week confessed to an error in reference to the $16,000 charged by it as having been turned over by the Democrats to the populist. We always regard it as manly for any man when he ascertains that he has made a mistake in any statement of facts, which has done, or may do, an injustice to another, to make haste to correct the same. It is a brave man that will do this. It is unmanly and cowardly not to do it. The same rule should apply to newspapers. The explanation made by The Sentinel last week, we are sure, is perfectly satisfactory to every fair minded, intelligent man in the county. But how with the Advocate's editorial staff? It made a grave charge against the Democrats, which involved official corruption. In comparison with The Sentinel's error as to the condition of the treasury, it is tenfold worse. It charged that a Democratic commissioner's court paid Democratic tax assessors $125.00 for making the land book, when the law did not authorize it, and as soon as the present populist tax assessor was elected they cut him down to $100 for the same work. In order to make this false charge as effective as possible in this present campaign the Advocate virtually saddled this wrong on the present Democratic candidate for probate judge. When the real facts are that the $125 was first paid by a populist commissioners court to a populist tax assessor, and was legal and right, and was continued to be paid to all tax assessors regardless of politics until the law fixed this compensation at $100, the first payment at $100 being to the present tax assessor by a commissioner's court composed of four populist commissioners and a Democratic probate judge.

Since The Sentinel exposed this false and fraudulent charge, the Advocate has not so much as "cheaped." Why does not the immaculate Advocate make a little confession? It's writers will prove themselves wanting in many of the essential qualities which go to make up brave, good, well rounded men. So now neighbor, own up, or hush up.

Your charge that Democratic commissioner's court paid Democratic tax assessors $125 without authority is absolutely untrue and the Advocate writers are aware of it, and the Advocate refuses to correct it,

Again your charge that a Democratic commissioner's court for the first time paid a populist tax assessor $100 is not true, as said payment was made by a populist commissioner's court,

Keep your own door clean.

On the Wing.

The business of the Alabama Press Associction for the year of 1904 is at an end, and it was probably the liviliest meeting in the history of the Association. The people of Bessemer spared no pains to make the stay of the newspaper people in their city one of pleasure and profit, and they did not fail in their efforts.

The live wire of the session was what is known as the "Rountree matter," and was evident that the members of the Association intended ridding the organization of an incubus with which it has been embarrassed for a number of years.

Following the roll call on Wednesday morning Mr. R. L. O'Neal of the special committee to investigate charges preferred by Mr. J. A. Rountree against various officers of the Alabama Press Association, took the floor. In behalf of the committee he announced that a meeting was held in Birmingham Tuesday, but that Mr. Rountree failed to appear. The committee therefore recommended that the officers be exonerated. The report was adopted.

The following resolution was then offered by C. E. Meeks, of the Gadsden News, and it was adopted by almost a unanimous vote by the members:

"Resolved, That we hereby severely condemn J. A. Rountree for using the Alabama Press Association through its trust and confidence reposed in him as its seeretary, for his personal 'graft,' and consider that his conduct in such position makes him unworthy of membership of in this association.

After the passage of the above resolution the meeting adjourned to meet Thursday.

The members of the Press Association and friends of the Elks in the city were delightfully entertained in the Elks' handsome home from 5 until 12 o'clock, the ladies being entertained from 5 to 8 p. m., and the gentlemen from 8 o'clock on.

The hall was tastily decorated with the colors of the order and with palms and flowers.

An orchestra furnished music and refreshments of ice cream cake, punch, etc., were served.

The following ladies assisted in receiving: Mrs. J. S. Winters, Mrs. G. H. Stevenson, Mrsr E. L. Mitchell, Mrs. A. C. Mitchell, Mrs. H. C. Grigsby, Mrs. W. J. Parkes and Mrs. T.T. Huey, Miss Eva Crook presided over the punch bowl.

Last evening the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. H. Judson was thrown open to the editors. Mrs. Judson, Miss Lulu and Miss Grace Judson, aasisted by the following ladies, were in the receiving line: Mrs. Virden, Mrs. C. McAdoro, Mrs. T. F. Kobinson, Mrs. M. Clifford, Mrs. G. H Stevenson, Mrs. H. L. Bains, Mrs. L. A. Carlisle, Mrs. J. H. Read, Mrs. E. L. Huey, Misses Emma B. Cowan, Elma Edwards, Otis Shipman, Corrie Owen, Louise Fulton, Ethel Clifford, Lena Mingea.

On Thursday the following officers were elected. President C. H. Greer, Marion Standard, first vice president, S. P. West, Birmingham; second vice president, R. E. L. Neil, Selma; third vice president, H. S. Doster, Prattville; fourth vice president, H. Y. Brooke, Luverne; Secreiary, Jacob Pepperman, Montgomery; treasurer, S. H. Morris, Fayette; essayist, Miss Lula Judson, Bessemer; orator, H. G. Benners, Greensboro; historian, W. W. Screws, Montgomery.

After the election of officers and selection of the next place of meeting, President Yerby announced that he had appointed Major Screws; S. L. O'Neal, of Huntsville, and M. W. Camper, of Florence, a committee to revise the consitution and report at the next annual meeting.

The Association elected delegates to the National Editorial Association as follows: W. H. H. Judson, Bessemer; J. C. Willams Talladega; H. M. Williams, Opelika; W. M. Meeks, Gadsden; H. E. Whitaker, Columbiana; R. H. Walker, Athens; J. B. Stanley, Greenboro; F. L. McKenzie, Tallassee; R. E. L. Neil, Selma; G. W. Reed, Ensley; W. M. Tucker, Demopolis; R. L. O'Neal Huntsville; J. H. Meigs, Albertville; J. C. Lawrence, Union Springs.

On invitation of Editor Hunter the association will meet in Sylacanga next year.

Thursday afternoon the newspaper party was given a trolley ride over the city, taking luncheon at East Lake and attended the Casino at night as the guests of the management, returning to Bessemer for the night. Friday the members were given an excursion through the Birmingham district by the Louisville and Nashville railroad, and tonight (Friday) at 10:20 we leave for St. Louis over the Frisco railway.

The editor of The Sentinel and his wife have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs, W. H. H. Judson, and to them and their two beautiful girls, Misses Lula and Grace, are we indebted for a most delighfnl time. W.

When in the history of a Democratic administration were the books of the county treasurer marked "overdrawn?" This under the present populist administration has grown to be a most fashionable entry. Readers of The Sentinel, come over and see for yourselves. What does the entry "over drawn" mean? It means that warrants and certificates have been drawn on the treasury over and above the amount of money in the treasury to pay them. Then how can any voter of the county hesitate as to his duty? The voters of the county can promise themselves nothing by a continuance of the present administration. Let us have a change. We will have it, and don't you forget it.

Dan Emmett, the old time minstrel man, and famous as the composer of "Dixie" died at his home at Mt. Vernon on June 28. Emmet was about eighty-three years old.

NOTICE

Of Registrars Appointments.

Whereas, By virtue of the provisions of Section 6 of "An Act to further regulate elections in the State of Alabama," approved October 9, 1903, "The Board of Registrars in each county shall visit each precinct at least once, and oftener if necessary, between July 1st and October 1st, 1904," to make a complete registration of all persons entitled to register and shall remain there at least one day, from 8 o'clock in the morning until sunset, and they shall give at least 20 day's notice of the time when, and the place in the precinct where, they will attempt to register applicants for registration, by bills posted at three or more public places in each precinct, and by advertisement once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper, if there be one published in the county.

Now, therefore, this is to give notice, as required by law, that the Board of Registrars for the county of Shelby, will sit at the following places at the time specified for the purpose aforesaid:

Bamford, Beat 5, Monday, July 11.
Helena, Beat 6, Tuesday, July 12.
Maylene, Beat 19, Wednesday, July 13.
Montevallo, Beat 4, Thursday, July 14.
Calera, Beat 3, Friday, July 15.
Ganadaroue, Beat 7, Monday, July 18.
Pelham, Beat 17, Tuesday, July 19.
Highland, Beat 12, Wednesday, July 20.
Bold Springs, Beat 13, Thursday, July 21.
Martin's, Beat 8, Friday, July 22.
Day's X Roads, Beat 11, Saturday, July 23.
Sterrett, Beat 15, Monday, July 25.
Dunnavant, Beat 18, Tuesday, July 26.
Vandiver, Beat 14, Wednesday, July 27.
Vincent, Beat 16, Thursday, July 28.
Creswell, Beat 10, Friday, July 29.
Harpersville, Beat 10, Saturday, July 30.
Willsonville, Beat 9, Monday, August 1.
Spring Breek, Beat 2, Tuesday, August 2.
Shelby, Beat 1, Wednesday, August 3.
Columbiana, Beat 1, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 4.

SPRIGHT DOWELL,
C. H. FLOREY,
J. L. GLENN,
Board of Registrars for Shelby county.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

Sunday School Association of Beats 8 and 11.

The Third Quarterly meeting of the Sunday School Association of Beats 8 and 11 will meet at Union church on the third Sunday in July, 1904, at 10 o'clock sharp.

Devotional exercises, T. A. Blackerby

Enrollment of delegates and election officers.

Written reports from the different schools.

Paper by Miss Augusta Farrell.

Preaching at 11 a. m. by pastor, J. E. Sampley.

Adjournment for dinner.

1:30 p. m., an address to the children by Henry Milner.

Is it right to send children to Sunday School?—J. W. Moore, J. E. Adams and J. C. Harper.

How to prepare the Sunday school lesson.—Mrs. J. E. Samply, Walter E. Lester and C. W. Walton.

What should be the main object in Sunday school work?—W. O. Grant, W. G. Brown and A. C. Messer.

Youthful reflections.—J. B. Farrell.

Child study in its relation to character building?—Spright Dowell and Robert Jones,

The various schools of the Associations are earnestly requested to send delegates to this meeting. We also invite all who are interested in the work to come and help to make this meeting a success. Let us all endeavor to meet in Sunday school at 9 o'clock

WALTER E. LESTER, Pres
J. C. HARPER, Secretary.

Teddy will not know that he has been nominated until July 27, and the suspense may tell on even his strenuous nerves.

Wm. O. Alston, son of Judge A. H. Alston, passed the mental examination for the entrance to the Naval Academy at Annapolis.

The Baptist of Alabama will hold their annual convention as Anniston July 20 to 23. The convention will be one of the most notable church gatherings in the history of Anniston. Every Baptist church in the State will be represented and leading workers in that denomination will be in attendance. The sessions will be held in the Parker Memorial Baptist church. The delegates will be entertained in the homes of the people of Anniston. The meeting is being looked forward to with pleasant anticipations by the Baptist people of the State. The program for the convention is lengthy and interesting, the names of some of the leading ministers and laymen of the church in Alabama appearing upon it. Extensive preparations for the entertainment of the visitors are being made by the Baptist congregations of the city of Anniston.

We don't want to buy at your place,
We don't trade there any more;
You'll be sorry when you see us
Go into some other store.
You can't sell us any stale goods,
We have opened wide our eyes,
We don't want to trade at your store,
Because you do not advertise.

Before the campaign is over the populist leaders will be looking for some one to help them let go of that joint canvass. The Democrats called their bluff, and at this early date they are sorry that they spoke.

In re-petition of J. H. Walker as guardian of Warren F. Smith and Edith Smith to sell lands for reinvestment. | IN THE PROBATE COURT OF SHELBY CO., ALABAMA.

Wheras on the 28th day of June, 1904, in the above stated cause J. H. Walker as guardian filed his application for the sale of certain real estate situated in Chambers and Talladega counties, Alabama, belonging to his wards, and asking for an order of sale and authorizing the sale of such rerl estate and the re-investment of the proceeds thereof, and.

Wheras, the 25th day of July, 1904, has been appointed as the day for the hearing of such application,

Now, therefore, notice of the filing of said application and of the nature thereof, and of the day appointed for the hearing of the same is hereby given by advertisement for three consuecessive weeks in The Sentinel, a newspaper published in Shelby county Alabama.

A. P. LONGSHORE.
45-3t Judge of Probate.

"And the colored troops fought bravely"—in the White City on the lake.

Have You Seen It?

That Wonderful Machine,

The Mahchine Which Does it Right.

No fuel required.
No tires ars taken off.
No bolts taken out and tossed away.
No boring the felloe for new bolt holes.

The Schau
COLD-SET TIRE SETTER.
See it at the Blacksmith shop of
J. T. Barnett & Sons.

Vincent.

R. A. Kidd, jr., has a position as traveling salesman for a Birmingham firm.

Sam Eason, after a visit of several days at his home in Lafayette, has returned home and resumed his work at the depot.

Miss Rosa Gilbert, of Coalville, who has been visiting relatives here for a few weeks, returned home Sunday.

Rev. J. D. Martin, of Centerville, spent Monday and Monday night here the guest of J. H Wilder.

Misses Hattie Samuels and Miriana McGraw are on a delightful visit to Trussville relatives.

Mrs. E J. Garrison and Miss Isto Bartlette, of Lineville, visited their sister, Mrs. A. C. Wilder last week

Miss Rosa Lide, of Birmingham, spent last week with home folks

Miss Mary Kidd spent last week with relatives at Wilsonville. She and her sister Miss Annie, will visit in Birmingham next week.

You were misinformed, Mr. Editor, regarding the K. of P. and Odd Fellow's picnic being here on the 4th, it will be on Wednesday the 20th. A joint picnic at which a speech on each order will be given with other interesting features. Everybody invited to come with well filled baskets and enjoy the day. Prominent men of each order will speak to us on that day

We are indeed very, very sorry to chronicle the serious illness of one of our noblest women, Mrs. R. P. Tucker, who after a few days sickness was on Saturday operated upon for appendicitis, by Dr. Goggins, of Alexander City. At the present writing she is doing very well, and hopes are entertained of her recovery though she is in a very critical condition.

At the regular convention of Success Lodge No. 218 K. or P., held in their castle hall Tuesday night, the following officers were installed: E Williams, C. C.; J. S. Falkner, V. C.; D. Lackey, Prel.; A. J. Warlick, M. of W.; A. C. Wilder, K. of R. S.; M. E Vincent, M. of F.; R. P. Tucker, M. of E; B. S. Davis, M. at A.; R. W. Denty, I. G.; J. D. Milam, O. G. This is one of the young lodges in the State, but is in a very prosperous condition, having added several members to their roll during the past year. They meet every Tuesday night unless it be during a protracted meeting at one of the churches of the town.

Miss Anna Zwald, who has been the efficient milliner at J. H. Wilder & Bros' store, will return to her home in Birmingham next week, her time for the season having expired. It is not known whether she will return next season, but it is sincerely hoped that she will, as Miss Anna has made a host of friends during her stay among us, who would be delighted to see her back next season. However, should she not return, she will carry with her the hearty wishes of a host of friends and admirers.

The Methodist Sunday school will have their children's day exercises next Sunday at 11 o'clock. A series of meeting will be held during the week following in which the pastor will be assisted by Rev. Mr. Sturdivant, of Gadsden. All our people should come together and made a united effort to have a successful meeting, and try to do more for the furtherance of Christ's cause in this community which is so much needed.

JOHN BILLIE

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

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Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO, - - ALABBMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles

Notice to Old Confederate Soldiers.

The Pension Board of Shelby county will meet in the Court house in Columbiana on the 4th day of July, 1904 (Monday), to examine applicants for pensions.

We earnestly insist that those who intend to make application to be sure to have their papers properly made out and signed as shown by the blanks. Present your application in person if possible when the Board opens, so that we can examine them and put them in proper shape.

The Board closes on the 14th day of July. You get blanks at Probate Judge's office.

A. T. ROWE.
S. H. GIST, Commissioners.

Non-Residence Notice.

The State of Alabama,
Shelby County.

Kate Ellison, Complainant, vs. V. J. Ellison, Defendant. | In Chancery, Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. L. Peters that the defendent V. J. Ellison is a non-resident of Alabama and that his place of residence is to affiant unknown, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant V. J. Ellison the age of twenty one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in The Columbiana Sentinel, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said V. J. Ellison to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 30th day of July, A. D., 1904, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana, Ala., this 25th day of June, A. D. 1904

41-5t. J. R. WHITE, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Land Office at Montgomery,
Montgomery, Ala., June 28, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on August 11th, 1904, viz: Lewis Morgan Homestead Entry, No. 3276, for the northwest quarter of southeast quarter and northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 6, township 18, south of range 1 east, Shelby county, Ala. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said lands, viz: J. M. Dorough, of Leeds, Ala., J. L. Isbell, J. M. Isbell and L. O. Dorough, of Dunnavant, Ala.

43-6 ROBERT BARBER, Register.

When You Need Anything in the
GROCERY LINE, it will pay you to get our prices. Fresh Meats, Hams, Etc., kept on Ice, therefore always fresh and nice.
Have just Received a Shipment of Ralstons Breakfast Food, Health Oats.
FOR DELICIOUS
Cakes, Candies, Fruits, Vegetables, we can suit YOU!

SEPTEMBER FIRST
I will give away another of those
Handsome Dinner Sets
To One of Our Customers.
CALL FOR YOUR COUPONS.
J. R. WHITE.

GOODS SOLD
Are guaran eed just as represented or your money refuned.
Accept our thanks for your past patronage and allow us to continue to serve you
J. R. WHITE.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

Telephone No. 27.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Geo. E. Mason spent Sunday with home folks.

A much needed rain fell here on Tuesday evening.

Alphonse Verchott, of Pratt City, is at home on a visit.

Ground will be broken for the new jail in a few days.

Mrs. Max Lefkovitz spent last Thursday at the springs.

Commissioners court was in session the first of the week.

☞All 50 cent preparations at 40 cents at J. H. Mason's & Co's.

Mrs Edna Roberts spent the 4th in Montevallo with relatives.

L. S. Cross, of Harpersville, was in town Saturday on business.

The next Masonic Coference will be held in Montevallo in November.

☞All 25 cent preparations for 20 cents at J. H. Mason's drugstore.

Misses Clara and Zemma Piits are visiting Birmingham relatives.

H. C. DuBose, of Pine Apple, is spending a few days with relatives.

A. H. Avery, of Shelby, attended the Masonic conference here last week.

Miss Lena Cox, who has been sick for some time is able to be out again.

The masons had full charge of our city Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

E. W. Holland ane John Stinson, of Wilsonville, were in town Friday.

☞All Dollar preparations 80 cents at J. H. Mason & Co's drugstore.

Pleas Shaw, of Aldrich, attended the session of commissioner's court this week.

Mrs. Max Lefkovitx is spending the summer in the mountains of Virginia.

R. G. Weldon, of Wilsonville, spent a few hours in Columbiana last Friday.

E. A. Turner, of Calcis, was among the visitor to our town last week.

Oscar Lawley, of Birmingham, is spending a few days with friends in the city.

We are glad to say that Mrs. C. T. Acker, who has been quite ill, is much better.

Solicitor W. R. Oliver, of Calera, spent several hours in town Friday on business.

Prof. S. J. Strock, of Harpersville, spent a few hours in town Saturday.

T. J. Mooney, of Wilsoeville, gave The Sentinel a pleasant call Wednesday.

☞All 25 cent packages of Liver Powders, Black Draught, etc., at 15c at J.H.Mason & Co's drugstore.

Henry Chapman and wife spent the fourth at Montevallo with homefolks.

Mrs. T. P. Lane returned home Saturday from a few days stay at Shelby Springs.

So far no accidents have been reported as a result of 4th of July jollifications.

Rev. O. P. Bently, of Vincent, attended the masonic conference here last week.

A. A. Logan and Geo. Cosper, of Klien, were among the visitors to the city last Friday

We are informed that quite a crowd attended the speaking at Calera Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Meroney, of Montevallo, visited Mrs. M, E. Parker a few days last week.

Commissioner R. B. Posey, of Harpersville attended commissioners' court this week.

Dr. Francis M. Peterson, of Monvallo, was among those attending the Masonic conference.

Camp W. A. Forney U. C. V. meets every fourth Saturday at Wilsonville, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Haynes left Friday for a short visit to their old home in Ashland.

We note there is to be two Rural free delivery routes leading out from our city ere long.

Misses Lizzie Sinnott and Inez Sinnott returned home last Friday from a visit to Anniston.

Mrs. J. S. Pitts expects a crowd of Vincent and Willsonville young people to visit her next week.

Marvin Vincent, of Vincent, spent Tuesday and part of Wednesday in the city.

Miss Edna Nelson returned home yesterday, after a few weeks visit to friends in South Alabama.

Lieut-Gov. Cunningham, addressed a large audience at the court house last Thursday afternoon.

T. J. Martin, a staunch democrat of beat 10 Attended the Masonic Conference at this place last week

Rev. W. I. Sinnott filled his regular appointment at the Presbyterian church Sunday morning and at night.

T. F. and T. J. Atkinson left on Monday for Newton, Miss., where they will spend several weeks with relatives.

Start an Herb Garden.

Fortunes in GINSENG, GOLDEN SEAL and SENEGA, all valuble medical plants Easily grown and hardy throughout the U S. Always a ready market and demand increasing. Room in your garden to grow thousands of dollars' worth. We sell roots and seed. Plant in fall. Booklet and magazine telling all about it 10c. Write today. OZARK GINSENG CO.,
44-1m Dep't W., Joplin, Mo.

The people of this section are rejoicing over the bounteous rains which have fallen during the past few days.

The Sabbath schools of this place joined in giving a picnic at Shelby Springs on Tuesday. A good time was reported.

Miss Rossor Christian and her friend Miss Vann spent a part of last week with Mrs. W. C. Williams of Shelby.

Miss Minnie Davis, a charming young lady of Birmingham visited the family of James McGibony the first of the week.

Emmett Moore, son of Mr. Levi Moore, one of Harpersville's best and most substantial citizens was the city Saturday.

You will find the date on which the registrars will be in your beat in this issue. Don't fail to meet them and register.

Mesdames Haynes and Weaver entertained at Shelby Springs last week in honor of their visitors Misses Bell and Camp.

Mrs. L. M. Dyke, of Collinsville, arrived in the city lart Thursday afternoon, and is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. W. Burt.

Miss Maude Bell, of Ashland, returned home last Friday, after spending several days with her sister, Mrs. J. J. Haynes.

Miss Minnie McGibony, who is a student of Wheeler's Business College in Birmingham, spent the 4th of July with homefolks.

Supt. John B. Farrell conducted a State examination here Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. There were nineteen applicants.

Miss Jane Foster, a charming young lady of Tuscaloosa, returned home Thursday after a few days stay with Miss Calolyn Rowe.

It's easy to acquire a fortune. All you have to do is to quit spending your hard earned money in trying to get something for nothing.

A game of ball was played on the diamond here last Wednesday afternoon between the second nine of this place and Shelby, which resulted in favor of the home team.

A freight car loaded with charcoal caught fire at the Southert depot last Thursday night. The fire was put out without much damage to the car. Some forty or fifty bushel of coal was destroyed.

Quite a number of our people went to Shelby on the fourth expecting to see a game of baseball between Woodlawn and Shelby. But for some reason Woodlawn did not show up.

J. F. Pope, J. C. Jackson. H. A. Jackson and C. T. Weldon passed through our city Friday, en route to Wilsonville. They have been attacking the finy tribe in Florida waters. A good time was reported by all.

One of the most enjoyable events of the season is a house party at the home of Mrs. J. S. Pitts of this city. It is being enjoyed by quite a number of young people, Among those present are Miss Zwald and Miss Rosa Lyde, of Birmingham. Mrs. A. E. McGraw, Misses Annie and Mary Kidd, Driskell Vincent, and Virginia Lyde, of Vincent; Daisie Phillips, of Sylacauga; Mr. Leon Pope, of Wilsonville; Oscar McGraw, Marvin Vincent, of Vincent; and G. C. Pitts.

Lester's Chapel.

We had good rains last week and crops are looking promising

T. W. Lester has been on the sick list, but at present is much better.

Lee Smith and wife, of beat 7, nre visiting relatives in our community.

Thos. E. Walton visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Sallie Tidmore and Della, visited friends near Liberty Saturday.

Charlie Stone, of beat 9, was in our community Sunday.

Mrs. Amos Acker and family, of near Columbiana, was in our community Saturday and Sunday visiting relatives and friends.

Daniel Salster and Richard Eubanks went to Columbiana on business Saturday.

R. W. Walton found a bee tree last Wednesday, but didn't find any honey

HENRY.

HARPERSVILLE.

Come, come, come, summer is here!
Since the rain crops are looking up.
The wheat thresher is again heard in the land making glad the hearts of the hungry farmers.

T. J. Martin attended the masonic conference at Columbiana last week.

Rev. O. P. Bentley filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church Saturday and Sunday last.

The two Sunday schools of this place picniced at Popular Springs, 3 miles west of here last Thursday, and report it a grand success.

Miss Jennie Norris, daughter of Editor Norris of the Russellville Times, spent last week here with her friend Miss Stella Posey on South side. She left Friday evening to join the Press Association on their trip to St. Louis, carrying with her the best wishes of many friends a pleasant trip and a safe return.

Miss Meeda Kidd is visiting Birmingham relatives.

Hiram Weathers, who moved from here to Arkansas two years ago has moved back, and says that Alabama is the best place yet,

The school patrons met here last Saturday evening and elected Miss Stella Posey first assistant for another vear, and will meet again Saturday evening to elect a principal.

Dr. B. F. Giles, President of a college for girls at Tuscaloosa, was in our town last week drumming for his school.

The corner stone to the Negro Baptist church here was laid last Sunday.

"JAKE."

It looks very much as if the war between Japan and Russia would not terminate until the army of both countries are exterminated.

The Masonic Conference.

The Shelby County Masonic Conference convened in this city on Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 p. m. This was the second Semi-Annual meeting. There were present the following delegates:

D. R. McMillan, Louis Tinney, L, E. Christian, Columbiana; R. V. Ray, Helena; H. E. Wheeler, C. L. Merony and Dr. F. M. Peterson, Montevallo; I. W. Bailey and W. M. Armstrong, Calera; R. G. Weldon, E, W. Holland, Wilsonville; Rev. O. P. Bentley, T. J. Martin and W. A. Hammond, Vincent; A. H. Avery; John J. Lovett, Thos. R. Lovett, Shelby!

The following has been given us by the Secretary, as substantially a correct list of the visiting brethren (although he says that it's probable several masons came in, the second and third day, whose names he did not secure) to-wit:

T. H. Griffin, W. G. Lee, J. M. Ward J. R. Johnson, G. H. Harrell and W. P Bowdon, Helena; Wm. Weaver, N. Eddings and R. E. Woolley, Montevallo; J. B. Ozley, W. H. Williams, B J. Holcombe, F. M. Blake, M. S. Wilson, P Baer, J R. Cargile and W. A. Moss, Calera; Wm. Tinney, J. T Bridges, T. W. Martin, T. J. Mooney, J. C Mooney, J. H. Robertson, D. R. Ray, John Tinney, John Hughes, B. F Robertson and J W. Millstead, Wilsonville; I. C. Shrader and W. E. Millender, Vincent; W. R Craig, John M. Bates, J. F. McLane, Terrell Bice, Benjamin Cardwell, N. N. Mosteller, R F Bates and Joseph Tinney, Shelby.

A more zealous and enthusiastic assemblage of men is scarcely ever seen than those who were in attendance on the conference, and they constituted, besides, the highest type of citizenship in the county. They evidently came for a purpose, and how well that purpose was realized, even an outsider could judge from the pleasure and satisfaction that was depicted on their countenances.

Grand State Lecturer, A. M, Scott was present from the beginning to the close, and the greater part of the time of the conference was taken up by him in teaching and exemplifying the work. Though far advanced in years, he is young in spirit and bouyancy. He is said to be the best posted mason in the country, and is regarded as authority on all questions pertaining to the work.

A public installation of the officers-elect was had in the court house on Thursday morning at ten o'clock. The officers of several of the lodges of the county were present and were installed. The installation ceremonies were conducted by Rev. O. P. Bently, W. M., of Vincent Lodge, who performed this duty gracefully and impressively.

At two o'clock p. m., Gov. R. M. Cunningham, Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Alabama, delivered a masonic address in the court house, which was listened to with marked interest and attention by a large audience, consisting of the most intelligent ladies and gentlemen in the county. The speaker's subject was "The relation that Masonry bears to Citizenship." The address was practical and sensible. The earnestness and the spirit which were thrown into the subject by the speaker enabled him to fairly enchain his hearers, and to hold them, as it were, spell-bound.

It is confidently believed that the cause of masonry in this county has been materially strengthened by the work of this conference.

The next meeting will be held with the lodge in Montevallo, beginning on the 23d day of November, 1904. The conference adjourned sine die at 12 o'clock m., Friday.

Before the adjournment the following resolutions were adopted:

To the Worshipful Master and the Members of the Shelby County Masonic Conferenence:

Your committee on resolutions respectfully submit the following:

Resolved, 1st, That we are honored by the presence of Past Grand Master, Hon. Russell M. Cunningham, acting Governor of our State, and that we are instucted by his words of wisdom, and stirred by bis appeal for a good citizenship. That it shall be our endeavor to remember and put in practice his counsel.

Resolved, 2nd, That we appreciate the presence and untiring labor of our beloved brother, A. M Scott; that his accurate knowledge and skillful teaching have been not only of immediate benefit but as well, an inspiration to us to continue to build wisely our moral and spiritual temples, and to improve ourselves in masonry.

Resolved, 3rd, That we unitedly express to Brother D. R. McMillan our thankful recognition of his services, which has made possible this large gathering of interested and enthusiastic co-workers in the cause of masonry.

Resolved 4th, That we are grateful for the many courtesies shown us by the officers and members of Shelby Lodge No. 140; and for the kind and generous hospitality extended to us by the citizens of Columbian.

Finally, That the remembrance of this Conference shall be to us, individually and collectively, a stimulus to a more faithful study of the principles of Free Masonry, and a fuller consecration of ourselves to the uplifting of our common humanity.

FRANCES M. PETERSON,
O. P. BENTLY,
A. H. AVERY.

Wilsonville.

Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. F. M. Wilkins spent Sunday with their parents in Columbiana.

Brindley Nivens is spending a few days with home folks.

Mrs. J. H. Weldon and sister, Miss Bernie Jacobs, are visiting relatives in Mississippi.

Miller Pope and family, of Fayetteville spent Sudday with relatives.

Rev. McPhearson and Blazer, of Nashville, are conducting a series of meetings at the Christian church.

E. S. Kytle made a flying trip up in the mountains Sunday.

L. B. Riddle and family spent Sunday at Lewis.

Miss Annie Wilby, of Atlanta, Ga., is visiting relatives here.

Miss Geotgia Wood, of Fayetteville, visited friends here Sunday.

Miss Sallie Elam and Mrs. H. A. Jackson, are spending a few days in Birmingham.

James Evans and family spent Tuesday at Shelby Springs with the picnic crowd from your town.

Miss Mable Hamilton is spending a few days in Columbiana XX.

NOTICE

For the next thirty days the Hammond Millinery Co., will give 25 per cent discount on all summer stock.

Have you taken a policy with the Shelby county division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia It is the cheapest, safest and best insurance offered today. It only cost the policy holders of Georgia last year $5.45 on $1,000. See
T. A Leathers, Agt,
Columbiana, Ala.

For Sale.

Mrs. S. L. Appleman, who expects to leave Columbiana soon, will dispose o her household goods at a bargain. Some of this furniture was purchased new but a short time ago. Call at her home.

Also has a Jersey cow, fresh a few weeks ago, for sale.

For Sale.

A BARGAIN—The residence occupied by Mrs. J. B. Nelson can be purchased on easy terms. The lot is near the Academy, containing 8 acres, one of the most desirable in town. For terms apply at this office.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

In pursuance of and in accordance with the terms and directions of a commission, issued and addressed to the undersigned by the Hon. A. P. Longshore, Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, bearing date the 24th day of May, 1904, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction in front of the court house door of said county in Columbiana, on Monday, the 20th day of June, 1904 at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The souteast fractional quarter, section 24, township 22, range 2, west; and the west half of the southwest quarter of fraction D, sec. 19 township 22, range 1, west, being 124 3-100 acres more or less. Also lots C, D and F, sec. 19, township 22, south, range 1 west, being 151 43-100 acres more or less. In all 275 acres more or less; which said land is to be sold under the decree of said court for the purpose of a division between and among the several joint owners thereof who are as follows, to-wit: Sarah A. Hyde, Jos. L. McGaughy, Sam'l F. McGaughy, Geo. W. McGaughy, John T. McGaughy, Ida C. Woolley, and the following named children of Martha L. Bradford, deceased, to-wit: Harrison, Samuel, Norman, Early and Ida Bradford, and Lucy McCutcheon (alias Lucy Gentry) and Ellen Ray.

May 25th, 1904. W. P. THOMAS,
30-3t. Commissioner.

The above sale has been postponed to Monday, July 11, 1904.

A MODEL
DRUG STORE...
(Conducted on a modern system.)

We carry all Patent Medicines sold in this section. Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco. Fine line of Stationery, in fact, everything that goes to make up a

First Class Drug Store.

Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins, Colgates Soaps, Extracts, and Toilet Articles.

Our Prescription Department

Is always in charge of a Pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of Pharmacy and years of experience.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782 77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3,000.00	Rediscounts.....	2,263,00
Cash and with other Banks	43,119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Mgr., Birmingham, Alabama. Birmingham Phone 669.
W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala. Columbiana Phone 42.

HOLCOMBE & BOWDON,
Calera, Ala.
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Groceries, Shoes, Hardwere,
Furniture, Undertakers Goods,
Farming Implements,
Wagons and Buggies,
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COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

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LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
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W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM, : : : : : : : : ALA

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.
Office upstiars in Bank Building.

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

The United States leads all countries as a consumer of coffee.

Ask Your Dealer For Allen's Foot-Ease
A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Dowager Queen Margherita of Italy has a lace handkerchief worth $10,000.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Gold is being electrolytically refined in the Philadelphia mint.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle

The mileage of the railway system of Mexico now aggregates 10,078 miles.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

China has at present about 800 miles of railroads.

The Broadway M. E. church, of Logansport, Ind., was built fifty years ago, and a tin ball adorned the top of the spire. The bulding was torn down lately to make room for a more elaborate one. In the tin ball, with the records of the church, were found a deck of cards and a half-pint bottle of whisky. Dudley H. Chase, four times judge of the circuit court, is the only man alive who knew of the presence of the whisky and cards, he and three others having smuggled them into the tin ball with the church records and other papers in order to see what the elders would say when they discovered them. The latter overlooked them, and the ball was sealed and sent to the top of the spire, there to remain half a century with its incongruous contents.

A writer in the Jewish magazine says that there were richer men before the Christian era than there are now. He estimates Korah's fortune at $3,000,000,000, and says that Solomon, after spending $250,000,000 on his temple, was still worth between $300,000,000 and $400,000,000. In Roman times there were three Jews in Jerusalem who, between them, offered to spend $100,000,000 for twenty-one years in feeding the inhabitants of the city. One of these Jews, Nikodemon, gave his daughter a dowry of $425,000,000.

Farmington, Me., reports this: A would-be bride had been a widow just fourteen days, a written notice was filed with the town clerk as follows: "We hereby file the following caution with you not to issue a certificate to —— and ——, for this reason, that Mrs. ——'s husband has just passed away, and his mother feels much grieved in having the marriage take place at present." Signed by six names.

Red seems to be the most popular of national colors, if flags may be used as criterions. Of the twenty-five leading national flags nineteen have red in them. The same can not be said of any other color. The chief flags that are marked with red are those of the United States, England, France, Germany, Austria, Italy, Spain, Denmark, Belgium, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Mexico, Chile, Portugal and Venezuela.

A little bug as big as the end of a lead pencil ate up $49,279,989 worth of cotton last year in one southern state—his rapid spread throughout the entire cotton belt is the dread of the south. This bug is called the boll weevil because he bores a hole in the boll of the cotton plant, lays an egg which hatches out into a worm, and this young grub or worm eats the cotton.

Don Manuel Cervera, the Spanish bull fighter who was shot and killed at St. Louis by William Carleton Bass, was a nephew of Admiral Cervera. Cervera's wife was Miss Marion Abell, of Baltimore, and she it was who faced the St. Louis mob while the men were in hiding. Bass is a Philadelphian who had won renown in Mexico and Central America as a bull fighter.

The mandibles of the Guatemala ants mentioned as deadly enemies of the boll weevil, make serviceable weapons. With these in attacking an enemy the ant seizes the head of a foe between the points of the curved weapons and penetrates the brain at once.

France has decided to send warships to Port-au-Prince to demand reparation for the recent attack on the French minister by the palace guard.

Odors of Perspiration
Removed at once from the armpits, feet, etc., by ROYAL FOOT WASH. Stops Chafing, Cures Sweating, Burning, Swollen, Tired Feet. 25c at Druggists, or postpaid from EATON DRUG CO., Atlanta, Ga. Money back if not satisfied. Sample for 2c stamp.

On a tombstone at the head of a grave in one of the dog cemeteries in Paris is this inscription to the memory of a brave St. Bernard: "He saved the lives of forty persons and was killed by the forty-first."

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured
With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O
Sold by druggists, price, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

One morning four-year-old Margie had pancakes and syrup for breakfast. After she had eaten the cakes there was some syrup left on her plate, and she said: "Mamma, please give me a spoon; my fork leaks."

ALABAMA EDITORS

End Their Annual Meeting at Bessemer to Meet Next Year in Sylacauga

ANNUAL OUTING WORLD'S FAIR

New Officers Elected—Rountree Matter Settled—All Report a Jolly Good Time.

The Alabama Press Association meeting at Bessemer adourned Thursday. The session just passed was perhaps the most eventful in the history of the organization. The Rountree matter was disposed of.

The Meeks resolution, condemning the stewardship of the former Secretary J. A. Rountree, was passed by practically unanimous vote. The following officers were elected unanimously:

President, C. H. Greer, of the Marion Standard.

First vice president, S. P. West, of the Alabama Advocate.

Second vice president, R. E. L. Niel, of the Selma Journal.

Third vice president, H. S. Doster, of the Prattville Progress.

Fourth vice president, H. Y. Brooks, of the Luverne Critic.

The nomination was then opened for secretary, the following names being placed in nomination: Jacob Pepperman, J. R. Rosson, Mrs. Julia H. Gillespie and J. H. Hard. The ballot resulted: Pepperman, 54; Rossan, 23; Hard, 1. S. H. Morris was named treasurer. Frank Crichton was elected poet for next year.

Sylacauga, Clanton and Cullman sought the next meeting the first named was selected by almost unanimous vote.

The annual outing this year is to the world's fair

Three Pullman car loads of Alabama editors and their mothers, wives, sisters and daughters left Birmingham Friday over the Frisco system for the world's fair at St. Louis.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Two White Men Jailed on a Charge of Killing a Negro.

Will Adams, fireman, and Walter Wright, engineer, on the Frisco System, are in jail on the charge of murder in connection with the shooting and killing of Jack Taylor, a negro, in Birmingham. Ed Bennett, a negro, is in jail on a charge of assault with intent to murder on these two white men.

There are conflicting reports as to the killing of the negro, but Policeman Walter Bennett, who made the arrest, stated that Adams went over into the negro settlement for a few minutes and was attacked there by two negro men, who are supposed to have been Jack Taylor, the dead negro, and Ed Bennett. A general fight ensued between the three in which the white man is said to have been getting the worst of it. He called for help and Walter White came to his assistance. A second general fight ensued and the negro was killed.

They Have Evidence.

As a sequel to the attack made by Chief of Police Westbrook on Rev. Len G. Broughton in an Albany, Ga., barber shop Monday, the mayor has received a communication from twenty-four citizens, who, to relieve Dr. Broughton from further trouble and responsibility, have taken the matter in hand, and after a thorough investigation unanimously request and demand that he call a meeting of the board that they may come before it by attorney and prove by evidence that the charges are true.

Cutting Affray.

James Baker and Ollie Walker, two fellow workmen at the Ensley steel mill, became engaged in a difficulty which resulted in Walker fatally slashing Baker with a knife. Walker has not yet been arrested. He is the son of Chief of Police Walker, of Wylam, and Mr. Baker is a married man.

Railway building in the United States during the first six months of 1904 shows a falling off in comparison with the corresponding periods of 1902 and 1903. Increased operating expenses and decreased traffic, resulting in small net earnings, together with the continued stringency in the money market, supply the explanation of the decline in construction.

From official reports received it appears that 1,937 miles of track were completed during the first six months of the year on 134 lines in 33 states and territories. In the first six months of last year 2,221 miles of track were laid, while for the entire year of 1903 it amounted to 5,786 miles

Sues for $3,000,000.

A. J. Bizot, revenue agent for Jefferson county, Ky., brought suit against the Illinois Central railroad for $3,000,000 back taxes, which he says is due on its franchise, valued at somewhere around $50,000,000. In his suit he says the defendant has been a Kentucky corporation since 1893 and during that time has not paid a cent of taxes upon its franchise.

Baron von Sternberg, the German ambassador, delivered the oration at Sewanee, Tenn., commencement.

Man Killed For a Deer.

Henry Prentice, a machinist, who has devoted a great part of his life to hunting and trapping, was shot and killed on the Osgood River, near Paul Smith's, N. Y., by Jerry Parsons, who mistook Prentice for a deer.

A Mysterious Shooting.

Miss Julia Sharp, whose engagement to Manson Fiske, of Buffalo, was mysteriously broken off a year ago, was shot and killed in North Carolina. Her family say her death was accidental.

FIRE IN CRONSTADT

Destroyed the Russian Torpedo Works.

There was a fire in the arsenal at Cronstadt Wednesday night. The damage was confined to the torpedo mechanism shops, which were almost wholly destroyed, together with twenty Whitehead torpedoes. Five of the torpedoes had war heads attached and they exploded, which added to the fire and the excitement. A considerable quantity of oil stored in the works was also burned. An alarm was given in time to prevent loss of life and more serious loss of property.

The authorities do not attach serious importance to the accident and say that the works will soon be able to resume full time.

CHASED HIM THIRTEEN YEARS.

Been Around the World and Changed His Name, but Now in Jail.

Pursued by government officers for thirteen years, during which time he visited England, France and Africa, and returning to the United States and locating in Indian Territory, Henry Rodgers, alias Frank Thomas, is behind jail bars in Mobile, charged with numerous indictments.

On May 23, 1891, Rodgers held up Reuben S. McCreary, a mail carrier on a star route between Evergreen and Turnbull, Ala., rifled the mail pouch, threw the mail matter into a creek and robbed the carrier of money and a gold watch.

After his return from abroad Rodgers, under the name of Thomas, located in Indian Territory, where he was arrested, tried and convicted on the charge of selling liquor without a license. He was sentenced to serve two years in the federal penitentiary at Atlanta. It is said he made a confession while in prison, and at the expiration of his term a requisition for his return to Alabama was honored by the governor of Georgia.

Died From Injuries.

Mr. John Brown, an engineer on the Southern railway, is dead at Columbus, Miss., his death being caused from injuries while in the discharge of duty. He was in a severe wreck at Pheba, Miss., about a month ago and gradually became worse from his injuries each day since he was hurt.

Big Fire in Texas.

A special from Jefferson, Texas, says: A fire broke out in the Torrans Manufacturing company and two big mercantile establishments and six warehouses were totally destroyed, with an aggregate loss of $100,000 to $150,000, about half insured.

War on Vagrants.

Huntsville authorities have decided to begin a war on vagrants who infest the city. Every vagrant will be arrested and required to prove his means of livelihood, and if it is not satisfactory he will be sentenced to a term at hard labor.

Attorneys for Charles Pircher, who was recently sentenced by Judge Toulmin in the United States court to pay a fine of $300 and serve a term of three years in the federal prison at Atlanta, having been found guilty of forgery of mal route contracts, have taken an appeal. Pircher is now out on a bond of $2,000.

The south became last week the brightest spot in the whole country so far as sustained trade and general consumption is concerned. Texas reports a heavy business in retail buying at a period which is usually regarded as the dullest of the year.

Great Britain has successfully brought pressure to bear on the porte for the relief of the persecuted Armenians. According to statements in a letter written by Foreign Secretary Lansdowne to the Anglo-American Association.

Pittsburg for the first time in many weeks is becoming hopeful over the steel outlook.

Died from His Injuries.

Michael Golden, foreman in charge of some railroad work being done at Piper, was fatally injured by an explosion of dynamite. The head of the deceased was badly bruised by the force of the explosion, and it was almost impossible to recognize the body. Golden was a very popular man.

NEGRO SHOT FROM AMBUSH

And Riddled Tom Higginbotham, White, at Patton Junction.

Tom Higginbotham, white, was shot from ambush at Patton junction by Dellar Black, a negro.

Higginbotham was driving in his buggy when the negro fired with a double barreled shotgun filled with buckshot, striking him in the chin and body. He fired the other barrel at his back, completely riddling him. The shooting is the outcome of some trouble the men had Sunday. Both are miners. Black was arrested soon after the shooting. Higginbotham will recover

State Convicts.

Dr. Shirley Bragg, state physician convict inspector, has been in the Pratt City district for the past week inspecting and classifying the convicts at Pratt City prison and at Flat Top.

The general health of the convicts is very good and the prisons were found to be in good order. No accident or escapes have occurred at the prisons in some time.

The federal grand jury has begun its investigation of the General Slocum disaster.

War Against Betting Craze.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York City has issued a circular prohibiting its employes from betting on races on pain of dismissal, and several of the largest stores in the city have begun a war on the fever for betting on the horse races.

Syracuse Wins Boat Race.

Syracuse University won the intercollegiate and freshman eight-oared 'varsity races at Poughkeepsie and Cornell the four-oared race.

A JAPANESE PANDORA.

O Hana San's Husband Was a Russian With Secrets Which She Discovered.

The Japanese have never hated the Russians personally. Russian residents of Japan were often highly thought of. The Russian ambassador, Baron Rosen, enjoyed the esteem of all classes, and at the International club was a favorite of many Japanese friends.

The sudden rupture of peaceable relations between the two countries brought grief to many a pair of friends, and even caused the separation of man and wife, says the Boston Transcript. There comes to light the case of one Russian married to a Japanese, and living at Yokohama. He spoke Japanese almost lige a native, and was in almost every respect an affectionate husband. The wife, who may be called O Hana San, appeared fond of her husband, and all went well until late in January, when even the most sanguine had abandoned hope of peace.

For some time before this, however, O Hana San had noticed that her husband, though frank and open in most things, attached great importance to a sort of despatch box, which he never allowed to leave his side for an instant. Even under normal circumstances this fact would have excited her curiosity, both as a woman and a Japanese at that, but as a reader of the vernacular press she was well aware that were such beings as Russian spies in existence, and that, although her husband was ostensibly a teacher, she really knew nothing of his antecedents.

The husband had been only a patriot. But patriotism is admittedly the grand passion of the Japanese. In feudal days it took the form of loyalty to a lord, and no true Samurai would hesitate for a moment as between the claims of a blood relation and those of his chiefs. Today the emperor is the great over-lord, and O Hana San, though she loved her foreign husband, could not doubt as to where her duty lay. A Japanese proverb has it, "Chushin ji kun ni tsukaezu." "A faithful servant will not serve two masters," and acting in this belief O Hana San determined to gain possession of the despatch box and see what it contained. So one evening she took advantage of a certain Russian weakness and made her foreign husband frightfully drunk, and seizing the box hurried to the nearest police station. Here she told her story, and the inspector commended her for her patriotic action.

The box was broken open and sure enough contained numerous maps and plans of Japanese fortifications and naval ports, besides several valuable Russian documents bearing upon the enemy's military and naval schemes. O Hana San was praised more than ever. She smiled. The police officers were jubilant. Glory would be reflected on them when, with great importance they should hand this box in to the high authorities. They patted one another's backs. O Hana San had no difficulty in walking away unnoticed in their preoccupation. The husband waked from his stupor in time. Finding despatch box and wife both gone, he drew his conclusions and promptly left the country. As for O Hana San, she was never seen again. She had turned a corner and was gone.

Tame Humming Birds.

Of all the birds, the humming birds, especially when young, seem to display the least fear, says a writer in Country Life in America. It is a difficult matter to train a young canary bird to follow one about the house or to come when called, yet we have had several humming birds which were perfectly domesticated, and more thoroughly tame than any bird I have ever seen. Two humming birds that grew up with us were given a small place in a closet in our sleeping apartment. At the first approach of daylight they would fly out into the room, the door being ajar, and directly to the bed, hovering over my face, their loud humming noise awakening me at once. There was no mistaking that the birds wished their breakfast, and they could not be driven away. At times I would pretend not to see them and they would finally alight on the bed, uttering the quaint little sound, now perhaps a protest, then would hover over my face, so near that the wind from the rapidly moving wings, was quite sufficient to arouse me. When I held out my finger one or both would alight on it and gaze at me in a manner which spoke volumes to any one imaginative enough to think they understood the language of birds when they are hungry.

Their food consisted of sugar and water, which was fed to them with a chop-stick-like straw. Immediately upon seeing it they would poise in the air and lick the drop on the tip until they were satisfied. Occasionally they would poise before the big red flowers printed on the curtains. They recognized the pictures of flowers on sight and endeavored to press their bills into them. Artificial flowers were approached in the same way. In a word, these most helpless, the smallest of all birds, required no education, no training from parents; it was all instinctive.

Travel Boxes from France.

The returning European traveler is showing an unusually good receptacle for baggage to hold the accumulation of the trip. If one is in Paris, on the eve of sailing for home, it is a good idea to get there, instead of a trunk, one of the large wooden travel boxes that are sold in the French capital for a small sum. They are made of thin white wood, with hinges and clasps of iron, painted black. They have no trays and are neatly lined with colored paper. When their usefulness as a trunk is over they can be covered with chintz and become acceptable additions to the bedroom furniture. One of the large sizes serves excellently to hold the fine bedroom linen, laid in with sachets to match the cretonne. The smaller sizes are admirable for shirt waists, or shoes, and any of them costs far less than one bought ready covered.

TO THE GIRL OF THE HOUR.

Men toast maidens sweet and fair,
With raven locks, and golden hair,
They with eyes like fair June's skies,
And others skilled in knowledge rare;
But one with whom they can't compare,
Though neither belle nor scholar,
Is frigid, fair Miss Liberty,
Who beams alike on you and me
From the round, hard silver dollar.
—Brooklyn Life.

TWO QUESTIONS.

He—If I propose, will you say "Yes?"

She—If you knew I would say "Yes," would you propose?—Judy.

HIS CHOICE.

"I shan't put up with your conduct any longer. I intend to go home to mother."

"Well, anything is preferable to having her here."—Chicago Journal.

GETTING AT THE FACTS.

Miles—The duel has had its day.

Giles—On the contrary, my dear fellow; it never had a day.

Miles—It didn't, eh?

Giles—No; two seconds was its limit.—Chicago News.

AGAIN HER DEAR FRIENDS.

Maud—Have you been to see Natalie Longpast? I hear she's ill.

Mabel—Yes, poor, dear old thing! She's the happiest woman you ever saw. The doctor tells her it's whooping cough, and that's a juvenile complaint, you know.—Chicago Tribune.

A PREDICAMENT.

"Mrs. X.'s new suit came home this morning and she's afraid to show the bill to her husband."

"Why, is it so large?"

"No, it's $10 smaller than usual, and she thinks he'll cut her allowance if she doesn't keep it up to the usual high figure."—Detroit Free Press.

SELF-MADE WOMAN.

The Mistress—Do you know anything about the lady who used to occupy this house?

The Maid—Nothing to her credit, madam. I am told that she had no maid to superintend her dress. She was what you call a self-made woman.—Chicago Journal.

HEARING AND SEEING.

Enthusiastic Visitor—If you'll come down into the country with me I'll show you where you can just hear the corn grow!

Unemotional Cityite—Humph! If you'll come with me over to the board of trade I'll show you where you can see it grow.—Chicago Tribune.

SAFETY IN NUMBERS.

"I wonder how the editorial 'we' originated."

"I suppose it was started by some editor who had to sail into the personal character of some husky man, and wanted to make the man believe he'd have to lick more than one."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

CAN THIS BE?

Plodding Investigator—It is one of my hobbies that everything of a calamitous nature is caused by a microbe, and I am trying to locate and classify the strike microbe.

Man About Town—You won't find him, professor. He's the critter that draws the salary and keeps out of sight.—Chicago Tribune.

TO PEEP THROUGH.

"I wisht I wuz president of the lumber trust," said Jimmy, "and de baseball managers had to come ter me fur de boards fer deir fences."

"Why?" asked Tommy.

"Why, I wouldn't sell dem a bloomin' board dat didn't have a knot hole in it."—Philadelphia Press.

ONE THING AT LEAST.

Hicks—Of course, we'll have to stop for a bit of lunch. I'd try that light lunch cafe, but I'm afraid I wouldn't get anything there that would stand by me until dinner time.

Wicks—Oh, yes, you would.

Hicks—What?

Wicks—Indigestion. — Philadelphia Public Ledger.

There are fourteen different bodies of Lutherans in New York with 125 ministers.

EXCURSION RATES VIA THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Atlantic City, N. J.

Meeting of the Imperial Council Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Tickets on sale July 11, 12, with final limit returning to leave Atlantic City not later than July 23, 1904, at rate of one fare plus $1 for the round trip.

Knoxville, Tenn.

Summer School of the South. Tickets on sale July 5, 6, 11, 12, 18, 25, with final limit fifteen days from date of sale, with privilege of extension until September 30th by depositing with joint agent and paying 50 cents, at the rate of one fare plus 25 cents.

Cincinnati, O.

Grand Lodge B. P. O. E. Tickets on sale July 16, 17, with final limit returning July 25, 1904, with privilege of extension until August 25, by depositing with joint agent at Cincinnati and paying 50 cents, at the rate of one fare plus 25 cents for the round trip.

By paying a little higher rate tickets may be purchased to Cincinnati and return via St. Louis, Mo, with a ten-day stop-over at that point.

For further information apply to any Southern railway agent, or write to J. N. Harrison, district passenger agent; R. B. Creagh, traveling passenger agent, Birmingham, Ala.

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GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

A well known French actor has just finished his memoirs with the following startling statistics: "I played in 98 towns 3,866 evenings in 371 pieces, and in 455 different roles. I was married 1,721 times on the stage. I died 1,120 times, and in many styles. For example, I was stabbed 61 times; I was shot 51 times; I was drowned 22 times; I was poisoned 166 times; I had my skull smashed 86 times; I ruptured blood vessels 192 times; I was decapitated 31 times; I was assassinated 109 times; I was executed 33 times; I committed suicide 314 times; and I died a natural death 55 times."

The first session of the fifty-eighth congress lasted 139 days; the shortest first session for many years. It talked 6155 pages of the Congressional record. Its word output stands third. The fifty-seventh congress was proudly first, with 8414 pages; the fifty-sixth congress second, with 7765. At the first session of the fifty-eighth 294 public bills and 1896 private ones were passed. In this number of bills introduced it "beats" all other "records." More than 16,000 bills were brought in. Nearly 3,000 reports were made.

Jeffries had 87 columns devoted to him in four morning and four afternoon papers in seven days; Judge Alton B. Parker comes next with 88 columns; Roosevelt had 56 columns in the same period; Raisuli, the Moor brigand, had 54; Grover Cleveland, 16; Mrs. Elias 72; Nan Randolph Patterson, cause of the killing of Caesar Young, had 126 columns, including 42 pictures; District Attorney Jerome had 36 and Mayor McClellan 18.

The oldest sovereign n Europe is the king of Denmark, who is 86; the king of Sweden, 75; the emperor of Austria, 73; the king of Belgians, 69; the king of Roumania, 65; King Edward VII, 62; the sultan of Turkey, 61; the king of Greece, 58; the German emperor, 45; the king of Portugal, 40; the czar, 36; the king of Italy, 35; the queen of The Netherlands 23; and the king of Spain, 18.

Work on the immense new library building at Stanford university will begin in a few weeks. About two years will be required for the completion of the building, the cost of which is roughly estimated at between $600,000 and $1,000,000.

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Mrs. Virginia Townsend, of Shreveport, La., writes: "No more opium. I have taken no other remedy than yours, and I make no mistake when I say that my health is better now than it ever was in my life, and I owe it to you and your remedy. It has been twelve years since I was cured by your treatment."
Dr. Woolley has thousands of such testimonials, with permission to use them. A treatment with so many recommendations from Physicians and cured patients must be good.
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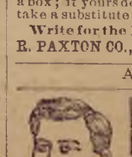
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Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

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THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

The full platform as unanimously submitted by the committee on platform and resolutions and immediately adopted by the national democratic convention is as follows:

The democratic party of the United States, in national convention assembled, declares its devotion to the cardinal principles of democracy which brings its members together in party communion.

Under them local self-government and national unity of prosperity were alike established.

They underlaid our independence, the structure of our free republic and every democratic extension from Louisiana to California and Texas to Oregon, which is reserved faithfully in all the states the tie between taxation and representation. They yet inspire the masses of our people, guarding jealously their rights and liberties and cherishing their fraternity, peace and orderly development. They remind us of our duties and responsibilities as citizens and impress upon us, particularly at this time, the necessity of reform and the rescue of the administration of government from the headstrong, arbitrary and spasmodic methods which distract business by uncertainty and pervade the public mind with dread, distrust and perturbation.

1. The application of these fundamental principles to the living issues of the day is the first step toward the assured peace, safety and progress of our nation. Freedom of the press, of conscience and of speech—equality before the law of all citizens, right of trial by jury, freedom of the person defended by the merit of habeas corpus, liberty of personal contract, untrammeled by sumptuary laws, supremacy of the civil over military authority, a well-defined militia, the separation of church and state, economy in expenditures, low taxes that labor may be lightly burdened, prompt and sacred fulfillment of public and private obligations, fidelity to treaties, peace and friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none, absolute acquiescence in the will of the majority, the vital principle of republics—these are doctrines which democracy has established, approved by the nation and they should be constantly invoked and enforced.

We favor the enactment and administration of laws giving labor and capital impartially their just rights. Capital and labor ought not to be enemies. Each is necessary to the other. Each has its rights, but the rights of labor are certainly no less "vested," no less "sacred" and no less "inalienable" than the rights of capital.

Constitutional guarantees are violated whenever any citizen is denied the right to labor, acquire and enjoy property or reside where interest or inclination may determine. Any denial thereof, by individuals, organizations or governments should be summarily rebuked or punished.

We deny the right of any executive to disregard or suspend any constitutional privilege or limitation. Obedience to the laws and respect for their requirements are alike the supreme duty of the citizen and the official.

The military should be used only to support and maintain the law. We unqualifiedly condemn its employment for the summary banishment of citizens without trial or for the control of elections.

We approve the measure which passed the United States senate in 1896, but which a republican congress has ever since refused to enact, relating to contempts in federal courts and providing for trial by jury in cases of indirect contempt.

We favor liberal appropriations for the care and improvement of the waterways of the country. When any water like the Mississippi river is of sufficient size to demand special aid from the government, such aid should be extended with a definite plan of continuous work until permanent improvement is secured. We oppose the republican policy of starving home development in order to feed the greed for conquest and the appetite for national "prestige" and display of strength.

Large reductions can easily be made in the annual expenditures of the government without impairing the efficiency of any branch of the public service, and we shall insist upon the strictest economy and frugality compatible with vigorous and efficient civil, military and naval administration as a right of the people, too clear to be denied or withheld.

2. We favor the enforcement of honesty in the public service and to that end a thorough legislative investigation of the executive departments of the government already known to teem with corruption, and the punishment of ascertained corruptionists without fear or favor, or regard to persons. The persistent and deliberate refusal of both the senate and the house of representatives to permit such investigation to be made, demonstrates that only by a change in the executive and in the legislative departments can complete exposure, punishment and correction be obtained.

Federal Government Contract With

We condemn the action of the republican party in congress in refusing to prohibit an executive department from entering into contracts with convicted trusts or unlawful combinations in restraint of interstate trade. We believe that one of the best methods of procuring honesty in the public service is to have public officials from the white house down to the lowest of them returned as nearly as may be to Jeffersonian simplicity of living.

We favor the nomination and election of a president imbued with the principles of the constitution, who will set his face sternly against executive usurpation if the usurpation be veiled under the guise of executive construction of existing laws or whether it take refuge in the tyrant's plea of necessity of superior wisdom.

We favor the preservation in so far as we can of an open door of the world's commerce in the Orient without unnecessary entanglement in Oriental and European affairs, and without arbitrary, unlimited, irresponsible government anywhere in our jurisdiction. We oppose as fervently as did George Washington himself indefinite, irresponsible, discretionary and vague absolutism, and a policy of colonial exploitation, no matter where or by whom invoked or exercised. We believe with Thomas Jefferson and John Adams that no government has a right to make one set of laws for those "at home" and another and a different set of laws, absolute in their character, for those "in the colonies." All men under the American flag are entitled to the protection of the institutions whose emblem the flag is; if they are inherently unfit for those institutions, then they are inherently unfit to be members of the American body politic. Wherever there may exist a people incapable of being governed under American laws in consonance with the American constitution, the territory of that people ought not to be a part of the American domain.

We insist that we ought to do for the Filipinos what we have done already for the Cubans. And it is our duty to make that promise now and upon suitable guarantees of protection to citizens of our own and other countries resident there at the time of our withdraw, set the Filipino people upon their feet, free and independent to work out their own destiny.

The endeavor of the secretary of war by pledging the government's indorsement for "promoters" in the Philippine islands to make the United States a partner in speculative exploitation of the archipelago, which was only temporarily held up by the opposition of democratic senators in the last session, will, if successful, lead to embrarrassments from which it will be difficult to escape.

The democratic party has been and will continue to be the consistent opponent of that class of tariff legislation by which certain interests have been permitted through congressional favor to draw a heavy tribute from the American people. This monstrous perversion of those equal opportunities which our political institutions were established to secure has caused what may once have been infant industries to become the greatest combinations of capital that the world has ever known. These especial favorites of the government have, through trust methods, been converted into monopolies, thus bringing to an end domestic competition which was the only alleged check upon the extravagant system. These industrial combinations, by the financial assistance they can give, now control the policy of the republican party.

We denounce protection as a robbery of the many and enrichment of the few and we favor a tariff limited to the needs of the government economically administered and so levied as not to discriminate against any industry, class or section to the end that the burdens of taxation shall be distributed as equally as possible.

We favor a revision and gradual reduction of the tariff by the friends of the masses, and for the common weal and not by the friends of its abuses, its extortions and its discriminations, keeping in view the ultimate ends of "equality of burdens and equality of opportunities, and the constitutional purpose of raising a revenue by taxation, to-wit: the support of the federal government in all its integrity and virility; but in simplicity."

We recognize that the gigantic trusts and combinations designed to enable capital to secure more than its just share of the joint products of capital and labor, and which have been fostered and promoted under republican rule are a menace to the beneficial competition, and an obstacle to permanent business prosperity.

A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable.

Individual equality of opportunity and free competition are essential to a healthy and permanent commercial prosperity and any trust, combination or monopoly tending to destroy these by controlling production, restricting competition or fixing prices should be prohibited and punished by law.

We especially denounce rebates and discrimination by transportation companies as the most potent agency in promoting and strengthening these unlawful conspiracies against trade.

We demand an enlargement of the powers of the interstate commerce commission to the end that the traveling men and shippers of this country may have prompt and adequate relief for the abuses to which they are subjected in the matter of transportation. We demand a strict enforcement of existing civil and criminal statutes against all such trusts, combinations and monopolies, and we demand the enactment of such further legislation as may be necessary to effectually suppress them.

Any trust or unlawful combination engaged in interstate commerce which is monopolizing any branch of business or reduction should not be permitted to transact business outside of the state of its origin. Whenever it shall be established in any court of competent jurisdiction that such monopolization exists, such prohibition should be enforced through comprehensive laws to be enacted on the subject.

We congratulate our western citizens upon the passage of the law known as the Newlands irrigation act for the irrigation and reclamation of the arid lands of the west—a measure framed by a democrat, passed in the senate by a non-partisan vote and passed in the house against the opposition of almost all the republican leaders by a vote the majority or which was democratic. We call attention to this great democratic measure, broad and comprehensive as it is, working automatically throughout all time without further action of congress until the reclamation of all the lands in the arid west capable of reclamation is accomplished, reserving the lands reclaimed for home seekers in small tracts, and rigidly guarding against land monopoly as an evidence of the policy of domestic developments contemplated by the democratic party should it be placed in power.

The democracy when entrusted with power will construct the Panama canal speedily, honestly and economically, thereby giving to our people what democrats have always contended for—a great oceanic canal furnishing shorter and cheaper lines of transportation and less trammeled trade relations with the other peoples of the world.

We pledge ourselves to insist upon the just and lawful protection of our citizens at home and abroad, and to use all proper measures to secure for them, whether native-born or naturalized, and without distinction of race or creed, the equal protection of laws and the enjoyment of all rights and privileges open to them under the covenants of our treaties of friendship and commerce; and if under existing treaties the right to travel and sojourn is denied to American citizens or recognition is withheld from American passports by any countries on the ground of race or creed, we favor the beginning of negotiations with the governments of such countries to secure by new treaties the removal of these unjust discriminations.

We demand that all over the world a duly authenticated passport issued by the government of the United States to an American citizen shall be proof of the fact that he is an American citizen and shall entitle him to the treatment due him as such.

We favor the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people.

We favor the admission of the territories of Oklahoma and the Indian Territory. We also favor the immediate admission of Arizona and New Mexico as separate states and a territorial government for Alaska and Porto Rico.

We hold that the officials appointed to administer the government of any territory as well as with the district of Alaska should be bona fide residents at the time of their appointment of the territory or district in which their duties are to be performed.

We demand the extermination of polygamy within the jurisdiction of the United States, and the complete separation of church and state in political affairs.

We denounce the ship subsidy bill recently passed by the United States senate as an iniquitous appropriation of public money for private purposes and a wasteful, illogical and useless attempt to overcome by subsidy the obstructions raised by republican legislation to the growth and development of American commerce on the sea.

We favor the upbuilding of American merchant marine without new or additional burdens upon the people and without bounties from the public treasury.

We favor liberal trade arrangements with Canada and with people of other countries where they can be entered into with benefit to American agriculture, manufactures, mining and commerce.

We favor the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine in its full integrity.

We favor the reduction of the army and army expenditures to the point historically demonstrated to be safe and sufficient.

The democracy would secure to the surviving soldiers and sailors and their dependents generous pensions, not by an arbitrary executive order, but by legislation which a grateful people stand ready to enact.

Our soldiers and sailors who defend with their lives the constitution and the laws have a sacred interest in their just administration. They must therefore, share with us the humiliation with which we have witnessed the exaltation of court favorites without distinguished service over the scarred heroes of many battles, or aggrandized by executive appropriations out of the treasuries of a prostrate people in violation of the act of congress which fixes the compensation and allowances of the military officers.

The democratic party stands committed to the principles of civil service reform and we demand their honest, just and impartial enforcement.

We denounce the republican party for its continuous and sinister encroachment upon the spirit and operation of civil service rules whereby it has arbitrarily dispensed with examinations for office in the interests of favorites and employed all manner of devices to overreach and set aside the principles upon which the civil service was established.

The race question has brought countless woes to this country. The calm wisdom of the American people should see to it that it brings no more.

To revive the dead and hateful race and sectional animosities in our common country means confusion, distraction of business and the reopening of wounds now happily healed. North, south, east and west have but recently stood together in line of battle from the walls of Pekin and the hills of Santiago as sharers of a common glory and a common destiny; we share fraternally the common burdens. We, therefore, deprecate and condemn the Bourbon-like selfish and narrow spirit of the recent republican convention at Chicago which sought to kindle anew the embers of racial and sectional strife and we appeal from it to the sober common sense and patriotic spirit of the American people.

The existing republican administration has been spasmodic, erratic, sensational, spectacular and arbitrary. It has made itself a satire upon the congress, the courts and upon the settled practices and usages of national and international law.

It summoned the congress into hasty and futile extra session and virtually adjourned it, leaving behind in its flight from Washington full calendars an unaccomplished tasks.

It made war which is the sole power of congress without its authority thereby usurping one of its fundamental prerogatives. It violated a plain statute of the United States as well as plain treaty obligations, international usages and constitutional laws; and has done so under pretense of executing a great public policy which could have been more easily affected lawfully, constitutionally and with honor. It forced strained and unnatural constructions upon statutes, usurping judicial interpretation and substituting congressional enactment decree.

It withdrew from congress their customary duties of investigation which have heretofore made the representatives of the people of the states the terror of evil doers.

It conducted a secretive investigation of its own and boasted of a few sample convicts while it threw a broad coverlet over the burdens which had been their chosen field of operative abuses, and kept in power the superior officers under whose administration the crimes had been committed.

It ordered assault upon some monopolies, but paralyzed by its first victory, it flung out the flag of truce and cried out that it would not "run amuck"—leaving its future purposes beclouded by its vacciliations.

Conducting the campaign upon this declaration of our principles and purposes, we invoke for our candidates the support not only of our great and time-honored organization, but also the active assistance of all our fellow citizens who disregarding past differences upon questions, no longer in issue, desire the perpetuation of our constitutional government as framed and established by the fathers of the republic.

Aberdeen, Miss., is preparing to erect new waterworks, bonds having recently been issued for that purpose.

PARKER AND DAVIS

Is the Ticket Nominated by the Democratic Party. Convention Adjourned.

A TELEGRAM FROM PARKER

Concerning His Position on the Money Question Caused Lengthy Discussion.

Saturday, when the convention reassembled, the startling announcement was whispered around that a sensation was to be sprung upon the convention at the eleventh hour.

It developed that Judge Parker had telegraphed his views on finance in which he declared for the gold standard and suggested that the convention should know this fact that it might be given an opportunity to select some one else for the party nominee, should his view not be in accordance with those of the delegates.

When this information circulated Bryan was absent, being at his hotel sick.

There was a rumor that Bryan would come to the convention, although ill, and make a fight against a gold standard plank.

Finally, shortly after 7 o'clock, when the convention had ordered a ballot for the nominee for vice president, and it was proceeding, Senator Culberson of Texas said that before a vice president was nominated "we had better find out who is to be the candidate for president first." Carried.

A little later the convention was called to order.

Alabama was called several times with no response, but finally Mr. Russell, of that state announced that Alabama would give way to Illinois, and Freeman B. Morris, named James R. Williams of Illinois.

Colorado yielded to Washington, and Fredrick C. Robertson spoke for former Senator George Turner.

Deleware gave her place in the call to West Virginia, and John D. Alderson placed in nomination Henry G. Davis, of West Virginia.

David Overmeyer of Kansas placed former Senator William A. Harris of that state in nomination.

At 9:10 o'clock Chairman Clark pounded vigorously with his gavel. He did not formally call the convention to order, but as soon as some degree of quiet had been restored, Governor Vardaman of Mississippi proceeded to address the convention on the subject of the mysterious telegram.

"We are here for the purpose of acting for the democratic party of this nation," said Governor Vardman, "and I want to say to you, and I believe that I voice the sentiment of every member of this convention, when I say that we have not deliberated at all since we have been here." (Applause.) He called for the message.

Delegate Raines of New York asked that the motion be deferred until the chairman of his delegation could be heard from.

John S. Williams, Governor Vardman, Senator Tillman and Senator Carmack made their way to the platform with the mysterious message in their possession.

Chairman Clark pounded for order with John S. Williams standing by his side.

"I wish to announce in advance," said the chairman, "that on this important matter, every man shall have a fair and full hearing. I now introduce John Sharpe Williams of Mississippi."

Mr. Williams said:

A telegram has come from Mr. Parker to Mr. Sheehan, and it is so important that we should know what it is. When you shall have heard it, you will note that there is not one word about requiring or demanding or asking, or requesting that anything should be placed in the democratic platform. You will also note that if there is any error in it at all, it is an error of judgment proceeding from too sensitive spirit of honor. He then handed the message to Governor Vardman who after requesting absolute quiet, read the telegram as follows:

"Hon W. F. Sheehan, Hotel Jefferson, St. Louis, Mo.:

"I regard the gold standard as firmly and irrevocably established and shall act accordingly if the action of the convention today shall be ratified by the people. As the platform is silent upon the subject my views should be made known to the convention, and if it is proved to be unsatisfactory to the majority I request you to decline the nomination for me at once, so that another may be nominated before adjournment.

"ALTON B. PARKER."

The following reply was read:

"The platform adopted by this convention is silent on the question of money standard, because it is not regarded by us as a possible issue in the campaign, and only campaign issues were mentioned in the platform. Therefore there is nothing in the views expressed by you in the telegram just received which would preclude a man entertaining them from accepting a nomination on said platform."

During the reading Mr. Bryan came into the hall. Instantly there was an uproar. Calls of "Bryan, Bryan!" went up and the galleries cheered. Mr. Bryan made his way to the stage.

His face was white. His voice was weak and hoarse. He spoke with great effort but quietly and with self control.

His declaration that the sending of the telegram to Judge Parker was a declaration of the gold standard side, and his statement that if the democracy was to adopt such a view, it should be honest and say it frankly, was greeted with a shriek of applause from the galleries. Loud applause greeted Mr. Bryan's remark that it was a manly thing in Judge Parker to express his opinions before the convention adjourned, but would have been a manlier thing had he spoken before the convention met, was again cheered. He announced that he would propose an amendment to this message.

J. B. Weaver of Iowa who twelve years ago was the presidential nominee of the populist party spoke. To send the telegram was equivalent to saying "All right judge; anything you want we will accede." Both applause and groans met this statement.

The chairman recognized Mr. Bryan who presented an amendment to the reply to Judge Parker as follows:

"But as you will, of elected, be called upon to act upon certain phases of the money question, we would like to know whether you favor reducing the volume of silver dollars or whether you favor an asset currency and branch national banks; whether you prefer national bank currency to United States notes."

Representative John Sharpe Williams was recognized. He plunged without preface into a scathing arraignment of Mr. Bryan. Turning from time to time he faced Mr. Bryan who sat with immobile countenance and fanned himself. His voice trembling Mr. Williams declared that Mr. Bryan had presented the spectacle of a man pleading harmony when in all this great convention his had been the only voice of discord. The amendments to the Parker telegram he characterized as a "lot of foolish questions." Mr. Williams suddenly wheeled and facing those on the platform asked:

"Suppose we had nominated Mr. Bryan on that platform."

"God forbid," ejaculated Richmond Pearson Hobson. Mr. Bryan sprang to his feet.

"I am going to withdraw this amendment," said Mr. Bryan. Our delegation will vote for the candidate for vice president that New York wants. We are not going to do one thing to mar the harmony of the convention.

After some debate a roll call was ordered on the question of the adoption of the Williams reply to Judge Parker's message to Mr. Sheehan.

It resulted: ayes 774 noes 191, and was ordered sent.

The order of business now went back to the point where Governor Vardaman sprung the Parker telegram rumor and asked for a recess just as the roll of states was about to be called for the vote for a candidate for vice president, and the chair directed the roll should be called.

Alabama, Arkansas and California went solidly for Davis, Turner scored seven on the Colorado vote and Williams received three at the same time. The final result of the first ballot was unofficially: Williams, 165; Turner, 100; Davis, 654; Harris, 53.

Iowa did not vote. The nomination of Davis was made unanimous. It was resolved that a full report of the proceedings of the convention should be printed.

Delegate John Lamb, of Indiana moved that the democratic national committee be authorized to fill any vacancy that might occur on the national ticket.

Chairman Champ Clark and Temporary Chairman John Sharpe Williams were made respectively chairmen of the committees to notify Judge Parker and ex-Senator Davis of their nomination. It was also announced that the new national committee would meet in New York on a date to be fixed by the chairman.

Senator McCreary of Kentucky presided in the closing moments of fthe convention.

At 1:31 o'clock Senator McCreary adjourned the convention sine die, the band playing "Auld Lang Syne."

Fire Friday morning destroyed the store of Holmes Brothers, Jackson, Miss. The loss will be about $20,000. The origin of the fire is thought to have been incendiary.

When asked tonight after the debate on the reply to Judge Parker whether it is his intention to support the ticket, Mr. Bryan said:

"I have not yet considered that question sufficiently to reply, but I will make my position known in due time." I have nothing to say except that I expect to cast my vote for the ticket."

During the week of July 4, 592,303 persons visited the world's fair.

The following telegram was sent by William R. Hearst to A. B. Parker:

"I congratulate you upon your nomination and upon the expression of democratic principles in the platform on which you stand. I hope and believe that battling for the people and for such principles you will lead the democracy to victory."

Mayor Charles R. McLean, of Mobile died suddenly Sunday night.

BREVITIES BY WIRE.

A deplorable tragedy occurred near Vernon on the night of the 6th. John Matthews had a tenant, a woman, who came to the well, and Mr. Matthews, hearing some one walking, stepped to the door to reconnoitre. Receiving no answer and seeing something which he took to be a gun, he fired his winchester and killed the poor woman. What he thought was a gun proved to be a new tin dipper. Mr. Matthews says his life has been threatened recently.

The work of raising funds for the North Alabama Conference college at Owenton is progressing and there is reason to believe that sufficient money will be in hand to build the new dormitory and that the fund of $100,000, which it is the intention to raise, will be subscribed. Mr. F. M. Jackson, one of the first gentlemen approached, started the fund by subscribing $1,000.

An unknown negro tramp who had been riding on a Southern freight between Mobile and Selma shot Conductor W. Pruitt and Flagman J. M. Clowers when they attempted to eject him from the train. Mr. Clowers was shot through both lungs and may die. Mr. Pruitt was painfully wounded twice, but is not seriously hurt. The negro escaped.

The Russellville Telegraph company has sold out the Russellville exchange and the line from Russellville to Tuscumbia to the Southern Bell Telephone company. The new purchasers, it is understood, will at once put in a regular long distance service and extend the line to Jasper, where they will have direct communication with Birmingham.

At its final meeting at Jackson's lake the Alabama bar association elected officers, announced the surrender of license of two Birmingham lawyers, and passed Hon. Alex London's resolution looking to a new federal judge in the northern district of Alabama. Judge Roulhac is president and Alex Troy secretary and treasurer.

C. E. Brown, a flagman on the Southern railroad residing in Chattanooga, met death in a peculiar manner at Paint Rock. Brown was unloading a heavy trunk from the baggage car and was smashed by the trunk against a freight car that stood just behind him. His head was bursted and he died instantly.

John M. Rees, of Mobile, was robbed of jewelry worth $500 Wednesday morning in New York. He says he was called to the door of his apartment at 1 o'clock in the morning and was told a messenger had a telegram. When he opened the door two men entered, pointed a gun at him, and took the jewelry.

The Birmingham Southern Railway company continues to make improvements in its shops near Pratt City Several buildings have recently been erected and some new machinery installed. The shops are now equipped for doing all kinds of repair work. The box cars used by the company are made there.

Announcement is made that cast iron pipe being manufactured is standing hard tests which are being given. There are at present in the Birmingham district three or four pipe examiners on large contracts, and they are quoted as paying the general run of pipe made here a high compliment.

Charley Banks was thrown from a buggy at Russellville and had his arm broken and was otherwise bruised up. The horse he was driving shied at a passing team, ran the buggy into a ditch and overturned it. G. A. Robinson, who was with him, escaped with a few bruises.

The supreme court of Alabama denied the motion to advance and set down for immediate hearing the Jackson county court house case.

A letter from Bobby Walthour states that he is nearly well and that he expects to commence training this week for the opening events at the stadium in Birmingham. The new bicycle track will be thrown open for the public on the nights of July 18, 19, and 20.

Birmingham has captured the 1905 annual meeting of the Tri-State Photographers' Association.

Woodlawn's council selected the following officers: Clerk, C. M. McRae; treasurer, John T. Hood (re-elected); city physician, Dr. J. H. Ferrall (re-elected); attorney, R. Dupont Thompson (re-elected); city engineer, C. A. Browne (re-elected); marshal, Frank P. Gray.

Mrs. Florence Maybrick will be released as an ordinary prisoner on ticket of leave between now and August. The authorities have no intention of granting her a free pardon, but can not impose any restrictions on Mrs. Maybrick after her arrival in America.

The Madison county wheat crop is being harvested and threshed. The crop is better than expected, but is not as good as that of last year.

The decision of the supreme court as to the constitutionality of the act consolidating the courts of Jefferson county will be rendered in a few days, it is anticipated. The opinion has been written by Justice Haralson, but has yet to be submitted to his associates.

A number of white men engaged in a free-for-all fight in West Anniston and in consequence Andrew Bradley is confined to his bed with a severe wound, inflicted with a razor; W. J. Walters is suffering from a brickbat wound and several others are injured.

A deal has just been closed for the sale of a big tract of timbered lands along the Sunflower river, about forty miles south of Greenwood, Miss. The entire tract brought about $40,000. As soon as the timber is cleared it will be converted into small farms and cultivated in corn and hay.

The Brunswick and Birmingham, which is now in the hands of a receiver, is scheduled to be sold under foreclosure on the second Tuesday in August.

Hereafter international conventions of the Baptist Young People's Union will be held bienially instead of annually. John H. Chapman, of Chicago, was re-elected president of the union by acclamation. The vice presidents were also re-elected.

Crop conditions everywhere show improvement, the government report confirming the encouraging tone of private advices to the effect that the outlook is excellent for a record cotton yield.

The contract has been let for three miles of turnpike from Scottsboro to the Tennessee river. The contract price is about $1,000 per mile. The work of grading will begin at once.

The new White Star liner Baltic arrived Friday from Liverpool on her first voyage. The new steamer, the largest in the world, made the trip without a hitch.

The Woodward Iron company is still rushing the work of construction of their new furnace.

More than 90 per cent of the new spindles announced for April, May and June are to be installed by established and successful cotton manufacturing companies. These new spindles for the old mills aggregate about 145,000, requiring an investment estimated at $2,900,000, while but 15,000 spindles, an investment of $300,000, will be installed by strictly new corporations.

A pig tripped Lewis Webb, a Scottsboro farmer, and threw him with sufficient force to break his hip.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

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COLUMBIANA, ALA., July 14, '04

Telephone No. 27.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice,
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM,

County.

Probate Judge,
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk,
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

Joint Discussion.

The sub-committee appointed to arrange joint discussions, composed of W. B. Browne, representing the Democratic party, and R. F. Cox, representing the joint populist and republican parties, met in the office of W. B. Browne & Leeper, on last Monday, and made the following appointment, viz:

Columbiana, Wednesday, Aug. 3.
Spring Creek, Thursday, Aug. 4.
Blue Springs, Friday, Aug. 5.
Shelby, Saturday, Aug. 6.
Weldon, Wednesday, Aug. 10.
Sterrett, Thursday, Aug. 11,
Dunnavant, Friday, Aug. 12.
Vandiver, Saturday, Aug. 13.
Camp Branch, Tuesday, Aug. 23,
Pelham, Wednesday, Aug. 24.
Highland, Thursday, Aug. 25.
Bridgeton, Friday, Aug. 26.
Harpersville, Wednesday, Aug. 31
Vincent, Thursday, Sept. 1.
Rehobeth, or Calcis, Friday, September 2.
Helena, Tuesday, Sept. 6.
Bamford, Wednesday, Sept. 7.
Gurnee, Thursday, Sept. 8.
Maylene, Friday, Sept. 9.
Montevallo, Tuesday, Sept. 13.
Calera, Wednesday, Sept, 14.
K. Springt, Thursday, Sept. 15,
Wilsonville, Saturday, Sept. 17.

Under the arrangement as agreed on, the principal discussion of the political issues is to be between Hon. D. R. McMillan and Hon. A. P. Longshore, one of the said speakers to open and close at one appointment and the other to open and close at the next, thus alternating throughout the canvass. Two hours is given each side, and the speaker opening is to consume not less than one hour in his opening address, and in his closing address may consume all of the time of his side left remaining, provided that the closing speech shall not be over thirty minutes long—the speches of the other candidates to intervene between the speeches of the principal speakers.

Why did the presiding officer of the Commissioners' Court say that that court had adjourned when the good roads machinery claim was presented for consideration when that body was still in regular session? Evidently he did not want the claim made public.

Parker will be the next president, and the "nigger plank" in the Republican platform will be a great factor in bringing about his election.

The Democrats all over Shelby county are enthusiastic, and they will win in November.

Deceiving the People.

There was a sensational scene at the court house Wednesday afternoon of last week, and one which will have a bearing on the campaign in this county until after the November election. It was when attorney J. L. Peters appeared before the Commissioners' Court and told them that he had a claim against the county which he desired the Court to pass upon. Judge Longshore, anticipating, probably, what the claim was, informed Judge Peters in his most suave manner and tone that the Court was adjourned, and that he came too late for the court to consider any claim. Mr. Peters insisted that his claim be passed upon—that it was a claim from the Good Roads Machinery Co., of Pittsburg, Pa,, of $7,471.50, for machinery purchased for Shelby county by the Court.

The bluff on Judge Peters that the court had adjourned did not work and Commissioner R.B. Posey injected a little more life and sensation into the scene by saying that the court was not adjourned, and that he moved the claim held by Judge Peters be taken up for consideration.

Commissioner Griffin made a motion that the contract upon which the claim was based be read. Judge Longshore then read the contract to the court, and which probably fixes upon Shelby county a debt of $7,471.50. The claim is for road machinery; it was itemized and sworn to in due form, and is clinched by a contract for the county signed by A. P. Longshore, Judge of Probate for Shelby county. The commissioners refused to honor the claim, and a suit against the county for collection will no doubt be the result.

For months past the Advocate, the Handy Andy of the administratton, has denied the existence of a contract for this road machinery, and from the stump on several occasions has Judge Longshore denied that the Commissioners had ever contracted for or purchased the machinery, yet in the presence of the populist leaders and the members of the court Judge Longshore read the contract for the purchase of this road machinery which he and his associates have disclaimed time and again had been purchased. For months the Advocate has charged The Sentinel with trying to prejudice the people of this county against the populist administration by saying the administration had purchased the machinery. The contract has been produced, the claim has been presented for payment. The contract is signed by the present Probate Judge of Shelby county. And we have not heard that Judge Longshore denies the signature. He has denied that any machinery was purchased or even contracted for.

Who has been deceiving the people of Shelby county in this machinery talk—The Sentinel, or has it been Judge Longshore, and the Handy Andy Advocate? The Judge has said no contract was ever made for the machinery, yet he is confronted in his own court by the contract and he does not, cannot dispute it. The Advocate in loud acclaim has said The Sentinel has tried to prejudice the people in this matter—that no contract had been made for the machinery. Wherein has deception been practiced? By The Sentinel, or by the populist leaders and the Advocate? By the contract which has appeared in the Commissioners Court—by the signature of the present Probate Judge to that contract, do the populist leaders and the Advocate stand convicted of willful and premeditated deception,

Yet, in spite of such premeditated actions, the populist admintration is asking for endorsement of its misdeeds at the next election. The present incumbent in the Probate Judge's office says some people in Shelby county have gone crazy over the road machinery business, and that they ought to be sent to Tuscaloosa. The Sentinel believes that he will find next November that there are not enough crazy people in this county to return him to the office which he now holds. The patience of the people of Shelby county has been most severely tried; they have been illegally wronged out of hard earned money through illegal tax levies placed upon them by the present administation; they have been made to pay taxes by the present administration which the railroads have been excused by the courts from paying; they have taxed the people for bridges which have never been built, and yet the populist administration adds insult to all this vast injury by asking the people whom they have so outrageously abused to indorse them at the polls next November!

Shades of a benighted people, what gigantic nerve!

The Evidence All In.

Too many people in Shelby county are well acquainted with the past to be misled by The Sentinel. It is said to judge the future we must know something of the past.—Advocate,

Right you are, Handy Andy. And it is upon the acts of the populist administration in the past few years that the people of the county are sitting in judgment. The populist administration has time and again levied and collected illegal taxes from the people of Shelby county, and the courts have said tha railroads need not pay these illegal tax levies. The present administration has made the people of this county pay for bridges which have never been built. Notwithstanding the taxable values have greatly increased in Shelby county in the past few years, the populist administration has increased the tax rate until it is nearly double what it was under Democratic administrations. And now comes a claim against the county, backed up by a contract signed by the Probate Judge, for over seven thousand dollars for road machinery said to have been purchased. The people of Shelby county know something of the actions of the populist administration in the past and in November they will repudiate an administration that has been so oppressive upon the common people, and the corporations have escaped, all of which comes about "upon the authority of the Commissiners' Court."

How About Your Party's Record?

If the Democratic party has the interest of the "dear people" at heart, why is it that the record of the party shows that laws upon top of laws are enacted favoring the trusts and money power, and burdening the laboring people?—Advocate.

If the populist party has the interest of the "dear people" at heart, and is forever and a day posing as the champion of the laboring classes and the common people, why does the populist administration in this county levy "time upon top of time" illegal taxes and force the laboring classes and the common people to pay, while the rich railroad corporations do not pay. By such action the populist administration in this county betrays those whom it so loudly champions(?). Judas Iscariot sold his Master for a few pieces of silver; Benedict Arnold betrayed his country for personal gain; and now the populist administration in this county, in the face of the numerous illegal taxes it has collected from the people in this county, has the audacity to pose as a friend of the laboring classes. Judas posed as a friend to Christ. Arnold posed as a friend to America.

Does the Handy Andy Advocate still contend that the good road machinery was not contracted for? It might get a little enlightment on the subject over about the Probate Judge's office.

Is it customary for the commissioners to make a record on their minutes when they refuse to buy anything? The subterfuge is thinner than air.

NOTICE

Of Registrars Appointments.

Whereas, By virtue of the provisions of Section 6 of "An Act to further regulate elections in the State of Alabama," approved October 9, 1903, "The Board of Registrars in each county shall visit each precinct at least once, and oftener if necessary, between July 1st and October 1st, 1904," to make a complete registration of all persons entitled to register and shall remain there at least one day, from 8 o'clock in the morning until sunset, and they shall give at least 20 day's notice of the time when, and the place in the precinct where, they will attend to register applicants for registration, by bills posted at three or more public places in each precinct, and by advertisement once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper, if there be one published in the county.

Now, therefore, this is to give notice, as required by law, that the Board of Registrars for the county of Shelby, will sit at the following places at the time specified for the purpose aforesaid:

Bamford, Beat 5, Monday, July 11.
Helena, Beat 6, Tuesday, July 12.
Maylene, Beat 19, Wednesday, July 13.
Montevallo, Beat 4, Thursday, July 14.
Calera, Beat 3, Friday, July 15.
Ganadarque, Beat 7, Monday, July 18.
Pelham, Beat 17, Tuesday, July 19.
Highland, Beat 12, Wednesday, July 20.
Bold Springs, Beat 13, Thursday, July 21.
Martin's, Beat 8, Friday, July 22.
Day's X Roads, Beat 11, Saturday, July 23.
Sterrett, Beat 15, Monday, July 25.
Dunnavant, Beat 18, Tuesday July 26.
Vandiver, Beat 14, Wednesday, July 27.
Vincent, Beat 16, Thursday, July 28.
Creswell, Beat 10, Friday, July 29.
Harpersville, Beat 10, Saturday, July 30.
Willsonville, Beat 9 Monday, August 1.
Spring Breek, Beat 2, Tuesday, August 2.
Shelby, Beat 1, Wednesday, August 3.
Columbiana, Beat 1, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 4.

SPRIGHT DOWELL,
C. H. FLOREY,
J. L. GLENN,
Board of Registrars for Shelby county.

That Eye Single Business.

The present administration of the affairs of the county has been with an eye single to the welfare of the laboring people of the county.—Advocate.

The laboring classes of Shelby county do not appreciate that interest manifested (in words alone) in their welfare by the popnlist administration in collecting from them illegal taxes which the railroads will not pay, and which the populist administration has failed to collect from the rich corporations. The "eye single to the welfare" business which Handy Andy and the populist leaders prate so much about appears to be in favor of railroads and against the laboring classes. And, by the way, the triumvirate of writers for the Handy Andy organ have nothing to say of the infamous manner in which the common people of this county have been robbed of thousands of dollars through illegal tax levies placed upon them by the present administration—the self-appointed champion of the laboring classes.

The Worst Ever.

The record of the Democratic party compared to that of the populist administration will show that the populist have been more economical in the affairs of the county than the Democrats were. —Advocate.

Under Democratic administrations the tax rate was kept down to four mills, but when the populists came into power the tax rate was jumped up to seven mills, illegal tax levies were heaped upon the people to pay out the reckless extravagance of the populist administration, and the county treasurer's account marked "overdrawn." That's the economy the populist administration boasts of.

A full text of the Democeatic platform is found on the first page of this issue. It stands for white supremacy, while the Republican platform stands for social and political equality with the negro. The latter is being supported by a few individuals in Shelby county who are Republicans for political purposes only, and the populist leaders in this county endorse the same. How do the people of Shelby county like the Republican negro plank?

Under Democratic administrations the tax rate in Shelby county was but four mills, but now under populist administration the rate is seven mills, and the county treasury as bare as a dry road. The latter is a demonstration of economy according to the populist theories ot the present leaders of that party. Which administration has been the best for the people?

"Keeping that good roads machinery in Shelby county is a Democratic trick," cries the populist leaders. And no doubt they will say that the contract signed by the present Probate Judge is also a Democratic trick. Gentlemen, the hole is not large enough for you to crawl through. Your little trick has proven a boomerang, whieh rebounded to your discredit.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

Sunday School Association of Beats 8 and 11.

The Third Quarterly meeting of the Sunday School Association of Beats 8 and 11 will meet at Union church on the third Sunday in July, 1904, at 10 o'clock sharp.

Devotional exercises, T. A. Blackerby

Enrollment of delegates and election officers.

Written reports from the different schools.

Paper by Miss Augusta Farrell.

Preaching at 11 a. m. by pastor, J. E. Sampley.

Adjournment for dinner.

1:30 p. m., an address to the children by Henry Milner.

Is it right to send children to Sunday School?—J. W. Moore, J. E. Adams and J. C. Harper.

How to prepare the Sunday school lesson.—Mrs. J. E. Samply, Walter E. Lester and C. W. Walton.

What should be the main object in Sunday school work?—W. O. Grant, W. G. Brown and A. C. Messer.

Youthful reflections.—J. B. Farrell.

Child study in its relation to character building?—Spright Dowell and Robert Jones.

The various schools of the Associations are earnestly requested to send delegates to this meeting. We also invite all who are interested in the work to come and help to make this meeting a success. Let us all endeavor to meet in Sunday school at 9 o'clock

WALTER E. LESTER, Pres
J. C. HARPER, Secretary.

Communicated.

Helena, Ala., July 12, 1904.
Editor Sentinel:

Please allow me to say a few words which I hope may be beneficial to some poor oppressed man. I think the time at hand when the eyes of the blind should be opened and the ears of the deaf should be unstopped, and tongues of truth should speak out in thunderous tones against unlawful oppression of the poor.

About the 20th day of December last year, I paid all taxes claimed against Jessie and John Strickland. Of course I felt that I was free for another year, having a clear receipt; but alas, how soon I found I was mistaken. Their lands were advertised to be sold for taxes and costs. Oh, yes, it was advertised in the "Great Peoples Advocate" I guess for the fees. A. P. Longshore the Great I Am of the Populist-Republican party appointed the 4th day of July as a day to hear reasons why the advertised lands should not sell for these fees and taxes. Living a long way from Columbiana, I hired a horse and started the day before. I arrived at the court house on time, it being about 9 a. m., but found no Longshore. His clerk Mr. Bird told me that he had gone to Calera and would not return before 4:30 p. m. I afterwards learned that Judge Longshore was in Calera making a political speech instead of being in his office to transact business upon a date which he himself had fixed. So what could I do. Mr. Robertson said all I could do was to pay it all off. I was fool enough to do it.

Now friends, for your own good you should refuse to vote for such out-rageous set as this? I hope you will. I hope you will think this matter over and go out to the polls in November and vote the entire Democratic ticket, and we will have our rights.

THOS. F. FARRELL.

Populist doctrine is opposed to corporations on general principals, yet the administration in this county levies an illegal tax upon the people and collects it, and has done so for several years—a tax which the railroads have refused to pay, and have been pretected by the courts from doing so. Special privileges to corporations, and the common people pay the freight. And the Advocate can say nothing in defense of such a great injustice done the people.

Have You Seen It?

That Wonderful Machine.

The Mahchine Which Does it Right.

No fuel required.
No tires ers taken off.
No bolts taken out and tossed away.
No boring the felloe for new bolt holes.

The Schau
COLD-SET TIRE SETTER.
See it at the Blacksmith shop of
J. T. Barnett & Sons.

Parker and Davis are winners in November.

The Sentinel is in receipt of communications this week, and part of them will have to go over to the next issue.

The Advocate says "the Commissioners' Court is its own authority." We have always believed that the Commissioners' Courts were governed by Constitutional and State law.

Stick the people with illegal tax levies whenever they can, appears to be the idea of the populist leaders, and when caught up in the acts they raise the pitiful cry that the Democrats abuse them.

Through coalition with the Republicans in this county the populist leaders endorse the most infamous and greatest trust making factory known to the civilized world. Yet they profess to be representatives of a party that has condemned trusts and monopoly in the strongest possible terms.

The populist leaders of the county hope to again ride into office by prejudicing the minds of the people one against the other, but never a word do they say about the illegal tax levies they have heaped upon the taxpayers. They attempt to blind the people to the wrongs perpetrated upon them by prejudice pure and simple.

For weeks the Handy Andy of the populist leaders accused Democrats of paying the tax assessor of the county $25 more each year than the law allowed. But the falseness of the statement was shown up completely, and since that time the Advocate has never referred to the matter—not even doing the honorable thing by acknowledging that it was wrong. But then, the people do not expect anything from the Advocate that has a spirit of fairness about it.

If by some accident Roosevelt should be elected the negroes will insist that Crum be given a place in the President's cabinet. The president's negro policy leads the world to believe that Crum in the cabinet would not be objectionable to him.

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

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Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

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Your work solicited.

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EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO, - - ALABAMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles

Notice to Old Confederate Soldiers.

The Pension Board of Shelby county will meet in the Court house in Columbiana on the 4th day of July, 1904 (Monday), to examine applicants for pensions.

We earnestly insist that those who intend to make application to be sure to have their papers properly made out and signed as shown by the blanks. Present your application in person if possible when the Board opens, so that we can examine them and put them in proper shape.

The Board closes on the 14th day of July. You get blanks at Probate Judge's office.

A. T. ROWE,
S. H. GIST, Commissioners.

Non-Residence Notice.

The State of Alabama, }
Shelby County. }

Kate Ellison Complainant, vs. V. J. Ellison. Defendant. | In Chancery, Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. L. Peters that the defendent V. J. Ellison is a non-resident of Alabama and his place of residence is to affiant unknown, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant V. J. Ellison the age of twenty one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in The Columbiana Sentinel, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said V. J. Ellison to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 30th day of July, A. D., 1904, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana, Ala., this 25th day of June, A. D. 1904

44-5t. J. R. WHITE, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Land Office at Montgomery,
Montgomery Ala., June 28, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on August 11th, 1904, viz: Lewis Morgan Homestead Entry, No. 31276, for the northwest quarter of southeast quarter and northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 6, township 18, south of range 1 east, Shelby county, Ala. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said lands, viz: J. M. Dorough, of Leeds, Ala., J. L. Isbell, J. M. Isbell and J. O. Dorough, of Dunnavant, Ala

6:6 ROBERT BARBER Register.

When You Need Anything in the GROCERY LINE, it will pay you to get our prices. Fresh Meats, Hams, Etc., kept on Ice, therefore always fresh and nice.

Have just Received a Shipment of Ralstons Breakfast Food, Health Oats.

FOR DELICIOUS

Cakes, Candies, Fruits, Vegetables, we can suit YOU!

SEPTEMBER FIRST

I will give away another of those

Handsome Dinner Sets

To One of Our Customers.

CALL FOR YOUR COUPONS.

J. R. WHITE.

GOODS SOLD

Are guaran eed just as represented or your money refuned.

Accept our thanks for your past patronage and allow us to continue to serve you

J. R. WHITE.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months..... 50

Telephone No. 27.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be, I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, was in the city Monday.

W. F. Thetford, of Montgomery, was in the city Monday.

Henry D. Latham spent the first of the week in Montevallo.

☞All 50 cent preparations at 40 c ents at J. H. Mason's store.

Prof. John Hughes, of Wilsonville, was in the city Monday.

Dr. Wm. C. William, of Shelby, spent Friday afternoon in town.

The Board of Registrars started on their rounds Monday morning.

☞All 25 cent preparations for 20 cents at J. H. Mason's drugstore.

Robert Fulenwider, of Vincent, transacted business here last Saturday.

Major J.W. Bolin, of Wilsonville, spent Saturday in the city on business.

The first country raised watermelons were brought to town Saturday.

All of the populite candidates were in town Wednesday of last week.

John Merrell, of Shelby, spent Sunday afternoon in the city with friends.

☞All Dollar preparations 80 cents at J. H. Mason & Co's drugstore.

Mrs. Simon Friedberger left Sunday for a visit to relatives in Wilcox county.

Walter E. Riddle, of Wilsonville, was among the visitors here Saturday last.

Quite a number of our young people spent Sunday afternoon at the Springs.

Senator W. R. Oliver, of Calera, was transacting business in this city Tuesday.

Camp W. A. Forney U. C. V. meets every fourth Saturday at Wilsonville, Ala.

☞All 25 cent packages of Liver Powders, Black Draught, etc., at 15c at J.H.Mason & Co's drugstore.

J. T. McMillan attended the funeral of H. C. Moss at Calera Sunday afternoon.

Harry Roberts is at home on a furlough from the Decatur baseball team for a week.

An ice cream supper was given at the residence of F. M. Hallmark last Friday night.

T. H. Borum, a staunch Democrat of Harpersville spent Saturday in Columbiana.

Miss Esther Mason left Saturday for Birmingham where she will spend several weeks,

S. H. Abercrombie, of Birmingham, is spending a few days with his brother Jas. I. Abercrombie.

Mrs. S. Dowell and children left Thursday for North Carolina to spend the summer with relatives.

Rev. G. T. Harris filled his regular appointment at the Methodist church last Sunday morning and at night.

The Wilsonville ball team crossed bats with our local fans Friday. The score being 9 to 7 in favor of Wilsonville.

J. R. Beavers and wife, of Birmingham, spent a part of last week and this in the city, the guests of W. A. Parker.

St. Louis, just now, is the hottest place in the world.

C. C. DuBose visited his sister, Mrs. L. M. Dyke, in Collinsville, several days last week.

Miss Mildred White has gone to Sylacauga for a visit of a few weeks with relatives and friends.

Quite a party of our young people enjoyed a delightful time at Shelby Springs last Tuesday night.

Mrs. J. P. Roberts and children have gone to Sylacauga where they will visit relatives for a short time.

Judge D. R. McMillan and daughter Mary went up to Birmingham this morning, and will return this evening or tomorrow.

Oscar Lawley, who has been visiting friends in Columbiana for several weeks returned to his home in Birmingham yesterday.

Mrs. L. N. Bowdon, after a visit of two weeks with her mother, Mrs. T. M. Wilson, returned to her home in Calera Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Appleman and family left our city last Friday. They will make Indiana their home. The Sentinel extends best wishes.

J. I. Abercrombie is in Birmingham on business. During his absence Miss Bessie Robertson is assisting Mrs. Abercrombie in the postoffice.

Miss Scottie McKenzie, who has been the guest of Miss Lallage Longshore for the past two weeks, returned to her home in Talladega yesterday.

Every young man who has become of age since the first of last February should meet the Reistrars at their appointments and register as a qualified elector.

The Board of Registrars composed of Prof. S. Dowell of Columbiana; Prof. J. C. Glenn, of Calera; and Prof. C H. Florey, of Harpersville, opened up their appointments at Bamford Monday morning.

Start an Herb Garden.

Fortunes in GINSENG, GOLDEN SEAL and SENEGA, all valuble medical plants. Easily grown and hardy throughout the U. S. Always a ready market and demand increasing. Room in your garden to grow thousands of dollars' worth. We sell roots and seed. Plant in fall. Booklet and magazine telling all about it vc. Write today. OZARK GINSENG CO., 44-1m. Dep't W., Joplin, Mo.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Meroney, of Montevallo, Ala., are spending a few days at Shelby Springs. Mr. Meroney has not been well for some time past and it is with the hope of benefitting himself that they are at the springs.

On Sunday afternoon about four o'clock at the home of S. B. Elliott, this city, Mr. L. H. Cooper and Mrs. Lavonia Bohannon were joined in the holy bonds of wedlock. Rev. J. G. Walker officiating. The contracting parties were from Shelby, Ala. The Sentinel wishes them a long and happy life.

Miss Edna Nelson delightfully entertained a number of her young friends at the home of her parents, Mr, and Mrs. E. B. Nelson, last night. Miss Nelson is a pleasing entertainer, and those who were fortunate in being her guests last night report a most enjoyable time. Misses Vann, Sayre and Lahay were the guests of honor.

H. C. Moss, of Calera, died at Shelby Springs Saturday night, and his remains were carried to Calera Sunday afternoon and buried in the cemetery at that place. Mr. Moss was one of the oldest settlers of Calera, having lived in that town ever since he was 15 years of age. Mr. Moss leaves a host of relatives and friends to mourn his death. The Sentinel extends sympathy to the bereaved relatives and loved ones.

W. R. Lawley, who for a long time had charge of the abstract office in this city, has resigned his position and has gone to Boaz where he will be assistant cashier of the new bank at that place which opens for business on August 1st. Mr. Lawley has many friends in Columbiana who, while regretting his departure from here, are pleased to know that he has secured so responsible position. He is a young man of excellent character and deportment, and is worthy of the utmost confidence of his employers.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Christian, of Birmingham, are in the city with relatives and friends for a few days.

A petition is being circulated here by W. G. Parker asking the government to establish a daily mail route between Columbiana and Shelby.

Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Lane have been in Talladega for several days visiting at the home of Mr. Lane's parents. They are expected to return to Columbiana today.

It is with regret that The Sentinel chronicles the death of Mr. J. M, Huggins which occurred in Calera last Friday, and on Saturday he was buried in the New Salem cemetery. Mr. Huggins was the oldest citizen in Calera, and one of the oldest in Shelby county. He was beloved by all who knew him and his death is siucerely mourned. Two infants were buried in the same cemetery on the same day, one belonging to Mr. Swan and one belonging to Mr. McCracken.

Notice

Everybody is cordially invited to meet at Fourmile, Wednesday, July 20th, for the purpose of improving the cemetery.

G. R. Stone.

Shelby County Musical Convention,

The annual session of the convention will be held at the Kingdom church on July 29, 30 and 21, convening on Friday at 2 p. m. All singing classes and Sunday schools are earnestly requested to send delegates to the convention, and furnished reports of the state of music in their respective communities. All lovers of music are cordially invited to be present. Come and bring your song books.

W. H. Farr, Secretary. John M. Dye, President.

HARPERSVILLE.

Plenty of rain.
Crops are fine.
Grass is growing.
Old corn has been laid by.

S. A. Wallace was in town Sunday.

O. M. Caldwell, of Ensley, is visiting his father's family.

Prof C. H. Florey is out on his registering tour.

There is some talk of a rural free delivery being started here in a short time.

Friday before the fourth Sunday in this month is the day set to clean off our cemetery. Come one and all and help in a good cause, if you can't come send some one in your place. Don't forget the time, come early and bring something to work with.

Your "scribe" was among the many who attended the annual singing from this place at Creswell last Sunday. The singing was good. The behavior was good, dinner was good, and everybody seemed to have a good time. The crowd was estimated at a thousand or probably more for they were there from Talladega, Clay, Coosa, Jefferson, and St. Clair counties as well as Shelby county.

Our school patrons met last Saturday evening at the academy for the purpose of electing a principal to teach our school another year. T. J. Martin was made chairman, and very briefly stated the object of the meeting. R. B. Posey placed in nomination th name of Prof. C. H. Florey, and there being no opposition he was unanimously elected by a rising vote, after which a committee was appointed to notify him of the same. Prof. Florey is one of our own boys, as he was raised here. He is a fine educator, having taught school in different parts of the State, is well known. He has taught several schools here at different times and don't know what the word failure means. Our people are to be congratulated in the choice that they have made, and we see new life already being enthused in the school, and persons living abroad who have children to educate would do well to patronize the Harpersville school. Board can be obtained very reasonble in private families. Tuition is low; our society is good, churches good. If you are thiuking of moving to a place to educate your children, come to Harpersville and you will never regret it. Hurrah for the Harpersville school.

"Jake."

Quite a number of young men were in town Saturday for the purpose of stauding the examination for the rural routes being established over the county.

LYNCH.

R. S. Gill and family, of Sterrett visited the family of G. W. Dye Saturday and Sunday.

O. V. Farr and wife, of Wilsonville, visited here Sunday.

Prof. John M. Dye made a business trip to Weldon Monday.

Children's day services at Mt. Era was largely attended Sunday.

Prof. W. H. Farr left Monday for Sylacauga, where he goes to take up a music class.

Misses Bessie and Amy Johnson, of Summer Hill attended services here Sunday.

J. E. Dye, of Vincent, visited relatives here Sunday.

Thomas Farr and sisters, Misses Julia and Pearl, of Calvary, attended services here Sunday.

Rev. W. W. Samply filled his regular appointment here Saturday and Sunday.

B. F. Harless and family, J. S. Evans and family and Prof. W. S. McEwen, of Dargin, were here last Sunday.

Neco.

Lester's Chapel.

They say the pops had a speaking at K Springs Friday.

One of the hardest rains that has fallen in this section of the country fell Friday evening; and the crops are badly damaged.

Miss Mary Lester returned Saturday from East Saginaw where she has been visiting relatives.

Walter E. Lester transacted business in Columbiana Saturday.

Miss Meadie Salster spent Friday night with R. S. Nolen's family.

Quite a crowd of our men in this community celebrated the 4th by going a fox hunting. The party were composed of Thomas Adams, Thomas Lester, James Adams and Andrew Adams.

J. B. Vick and Judge Blackerby found a bee tree Saturday.

Miss Della Poindexter visited the family of B. B. McCullers Saturday

Mrs. Sarah McCullers visited the family of Daniel Salster Saturday.

Miss Nora and Bula Tidmore visited the family of John Nolen's Saturday.

C. Ray made a business trip to Columbiana Saturday.

Miss Ida and Ellis Walton, of near Weldon, visited their grand father's family Mr. John Nolen on the fourth.

W. A. Adams and wife visited the home of their father on the fourth

Mr. Walton and Mr. Daniels was in our community Thursday.

Walter E. Lester made the Sunday school a visit at Florence school house last Sunday.

W. S. McDonald who has been working for O. W. Horton on Fourmile has returned home.

A. B. McDonald who has been in Texas for the past two or three years is visiting his father's family here.

Brother Hamilton filled his regular appointment at this place Sunday.

Good wishes to The Sentinel and the Democratic nominees.

Aenry.

Wilsonville.

Misses Wallace and Horn, of Sylacauga, is visiting Mrs. Iris Taylor.

Mrs. Ellen Bradley, of Wilton, is visiting relatives here.

Miss Hattie Bentley, of Vincent, visited friends here Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Wallace, of Klien, was the guest of Miss Emma Weldon Sunday.

J. W. Hall returned Sunday from Brighton where he has been visiting his children.

Recent rains have caused considerable loss to Mr. Ray at his brickyard.

Prof. J. A. Spearman and wife, of Redlawn, visited relatives in town Sunday

There is some talk of Wilsonville having a cotton mill.

Mrs. S. L. Riddle spent last week at the home of her son here.

A Miss Davis, of Talladega, visited relatives in town the latter part of last week.

Rev. Mr. Chesser, of Weldon, was here Sunday attending services at the Christian church.

Rev. J. C. Jackson, of Talladega, has purchased the Williamson residence and will move to the same in the near future.

At a recent meeting of the city council and ordinance prohibiting the sale of anything on Sunday, drugs and undertaker's supplies excepted.

We are to have a meat market in the near future, and then no person can retail fresh meat without a license.

At a recent meeting of the K. of P. the following officers were elected for the ensuing year beginning with July 1st: Justin C. Jackson, C. C.; C. H Lindsay, V. C.; L. B. Riddle, Prelate; J. W. Hall, M. of W.; G. W. Riddle, M. at A.; W. W. Carter, I. G.; G. E. Weldon, O. G.; J. H. Weldon, M. of E.; F. E. Mason, K. ef R, S.

Both the Christian and Baptists administered the ordinance of Baptism near the bridge on Fourmile creek Sunday afternoon, each having one candidate.

Honest John.

NOTICE.

Owing to professional duties, we have resigned the position of President of Medical Director of the Shelby County Division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia.

W. S. DuBose, M. D.
Chas. T. Acker, M.D.

WELDON.

Divine services were held at New Prospect church Sunday last.

A crowd of young people went to Creswell last Sunday to an all day singing.

The Sunday school convention will be held at Union Sunday, July 17th. Everybody invited.

The pops are just blowing, they make me think of a frog. When you scare a frog he will blow up twice his natural size, and that's the way Mr. Pop is doing, he is scared, and he is trying to scare the Democrats. If a frog jumps in the water while the wind is in him he will not go to the bottom, but the pops are going to hit the bottom election day and they will hit it hard enough to knock the wind out of them.

Uncle Josh.

NOTICE

For the next thirty days the Hammond Millinery Co., will give 25 per cent discount on all summer stock.

Have you taken a policy with the Shelby county division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia It is the cheapest, safest and best insurance offered today. It only cost the policy holders of Georgia last year $5.45 on $1,000. See

T. A Leathers, Agt,
Columbiana, Ala.

For Sale.

Mrs. S. L. Appleman, who expects to leave Columbiana soon, will dispose o her household goods at a bargain. Some of this furniture was purchased new but a short time ago. Call at her home.

Also has a Jersey cow, fresh a few weeks ago, for sale.

For Sale.

A Bargain—The residence occupied by Mrs. J. B. Nelson can be purchased on easy terms. The lot is near the Academy, containing 8 acres, one of the most desirable in town. For terms apply at this office.

In re-petition of J. H. Walker as guardian of Warren P. Smith and Edith Smith to sell lands for reinvestment. | IN THE PROBATE COURT OF SHELBY CO., ALABAMA.

Wheras on the 28th day of June, 1904, in the above stated cause J.H. Walker as guardian filed his application for the sale of certain real estate situated in Chambers and Talladega counties, Alabama, belonging to his wards, and asking for an order of sale and authorizing the sale of such rel estate and the re-investment of the proceeds thereof, and,

Wheras, the 25th day of July, 1904, has been appointed as the day for the hearing of such application,

Now, therefore, notice of the filing of said application and of the nature thereof, and of the day appointed for the hearing of the same is hereby given by advertisement for three consuccessive weeks in The Sentinel, a newspaper published in Shelby county Alabama.

A. P. LONGSHORE.
45-3t Judge of Probate.

A MODEL DRUG STORE . . .

(Conducted on a modern system.)

We carry all Patent Medicines sold in this section. Best line Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco. Fine line of Stationery, in fact, everything that goes to make up a

First Class Drug Store.

Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins, Colgates Soaps, Extracts, and Toilet Articles.

Our Prescription Department

Is always in charge of a Pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of Pharmacy and years of experience.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
.....OF.....
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN. 1st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$16,782.77	Capital Stock.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	52,639.61
Other Real Estate.....	3.000.00	Rediscounts.....	2,263.00
Cash and with other Banks	43.119.84		
	$69,902.61		$69,902.61

W. B. Browne, Pres. W. L. Farley, Cash. Mrs. E. E. Roberts Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley do solemnly swear that the above statemen is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. Farley Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this Jan, 1st, 1904.

J. R. White, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general banking and Loan business Offers depositors the same facilities as the citybanks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Mgr., Birmingham, Alabama. Birmingham Phone 669.

W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala. Columbiana Phone 42.

HOLCOMBE & BOWDON,

Calera, Ala.

DEALERS IN

Groceries, Shoes, Hardwere,

Furniture, Undertakers Goods,

Farming Implements,

Wagons and Buggies,

Feed Stuffs, All Kinds.

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - ALA.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM. : : : : : : : : ALA

D. R. McMillan. J. J. Haynes
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA
Office upstiars in Bank Building.

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE.
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT
The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The oldest specimens of glass are traced back from 1,500 to 2,300 years before Christ. These are of Egyptian origin. Transparent glass is believed to have been first used about 750 years before the Christian era. The Phoenicians were supposed by the ancients to have been responsible for the invention. There is little doubt, however, that the art of glassmaking originated with the Egyptians. It was introduced into Rome in the time of Cicero and reached a remarkable degree of perfection among the Romans, who produced some of the most admirable specimens of glass ever manufactured; an instance is the famous Portland vase in the British museum. Glass was not used for windows until about A. D. 300.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS.

Summer excursion tickets are now on sale by the Southern railway to the delightful summer resorts of the mountains, seashore and lakes. A copy of "Summer Homes" folder, giving full and complete information regarding all summer resorts along the Southern railway; also information as to rates, schedules, etc., may be secured by writing to J. N. Harrison, District Passenger Agent; R. B. Creagh, Traveling Passenger Agent, Birmingham, Ala.

Including the higher officials London has over 16,000 persons on its police force. A policeman's pay is at first only $6 a week, rising to $8. Inspectors get $1,000 a year; the commissioner's salary is $12,500.

Odors of Perspiration

Removed at once from the armpits, feet, etc., by ROYAL FOOT WASH. Stops Chafing, Cures Sweating, Burning, Swollen, Tired Feet. 25c at Druggists, or postpaid from EATON DRUG CO., Atlanta, Ga. Money back if not satisfied. Sample for 2c stamp.

Hospitals were founded in very early times. India, Persia and Arabia had hospitals supported by their kings and rulers before the Christian era. Rome had endowed hospitals as early as 100 A. D.

LAKE AND MOUNTAIN RESORTS AND WORLD'S FAIR VIA QUEEN AND CRESCENT ROUTE.

The Queen and Crescent Route (Alabama Great Southern R. R.) will sell summer tourist tickets to northern lake and mountain resorts that will allow the holder to go via direct route and return via St. Louis, with stop-over for visit to the Louisiana Purchase exposition, at very little additional cost.

Tickets on sale daily to September 30th, with limit October 31st, 1904.

For rates and particulars ask nearest ticket agent or address,

A. B. FREEMAN, T. P. A.,
Queen & Crescent Route,
Birmingham, Ala.

The highest speed which can be attained in an "express" elevator, in a very high office building is about 700 feet a minute. That is equivalent to a mile in more than seven minutes, and many a pedestrian has walked for considerable distances at nearly as fast a pace.

One of the great attractions in the horticultural exhibit, at the Louisiana Purchase exposition, at St. Louis, is the seedless apple, propagated by John F. Spencer, of Grand Junction, Col. As the tree is blossomless, it is bound to be free from worms and hardy enough to withstand the severest frost.

Joseph I. Kennedy, who was killed in a runaway accident in Spokane, Wash., accomplished the task of rewriting the Bible. It was not a translation into another language, but from English to shorthand. He was a student of the Bible and a member of the Presbyterian church.

A Russian lieutenant gets about $200 a year, a captain about $300 and a major $450.

FIBROID TUMORS CURED.

Mrs. Hayes' First Letter Appealing to Mrs. Pinkham for Help:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been under Boston doctors' treatment for a long time without any relief. They tell me I have a fibroid tumor. I cannot sit down without great pain, and the soreness extends up my spine. I have bearing-down pains both back and front. My abdomen is swollen, and I have had flowing spells for three years. My appetite is not good. I cannot walk or be on my feet for any length of time.

"The symptoms of Fibroid Tumor given in your little book accurately describe my case, so I write to you for advice."—(Signed) MRS. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St. (Roxbury), Boston, Mass.

Mrs. Hayes' Second Letter:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Sometime ago I wrote to you describing my symptoms and asked your advice. You replied, and I followed all your directions carefully, and to-day I am a well woman.

"The use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** entirely expelled the tumor and strengthened my whole system. I can walk miles now.

"**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** is worth five dollars a drop. I advise all women who are afflicted with tumors or female trouble of any kind to give it a faithful trial."—(Signed) MRS. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St. (Roxbury), Boston, Mass.

—$5000 forfeit if original of above letters proving genuineness cannot be produced

If afflicted with Weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

PARKER NOMINATED

Polls 658 on the First Ballot. Platform Adopted. Makes no Mention of Money

WAS IN SESSION ALL NIGHT.

Eight Names Were Presented to the Convention and Thirteen Received Votes in the Balloting.

When the national democratic convention reassembled, it was hoped by the leaders that the work might be concluded today and a sine die adjournment taken. When the delegates came together at the beginning of this, the third day, there yet remained to be accomplished the adoption of the platform and the nomination of candidates for president and vice president. It was appreciated that this might require three sessions, the last running into the night.

Chairman Clark arrived at 10 minutes after 10 o'clock and was received with a few handclaps. Twenty minutes later the delegates were in their seats. No word had been received from the resolutions committee and Chairman Clark dispatched a messenger to learn when it would be ready to report.

Private advices were to the effect that it would be several hours before the report would be prepared and the prospects for a short session grew stronger. One of the secretaries called through a megaphone: "The band will please play 'Home, Sweet Home.'"

There was a wild cheer from the weary perspiring delegates as the familiar strain floated out on the air. Anything with the word "home" seemed to please greatly, for the cheers were repeated a few minutes later when "My Old Kntucky Home" was rendered. "Dixie" called forth the inevitable yells.

The messenger Chairman Clark had sent to the committee on resolutions returned with a gloomy report of the unreadiness of that committee to appear with its important document and the waiting continued.

At 10:40 Chairman Clark arose and let fall his huge gavel. "The convention will be in order," he demanded. The clerk then announced the session would commence with prayer by Rabbi Sale, of St. Louis. The delegates and spectators at once arose to their feet and stood during the invocation.

At the conclusion of the prayer an announcement was made at the order of Chairman Clark that he was "determined to have order, and that any person raising a row will be taken out by the police."

A demand was made for the report of the resolutions committee. When no response was forthcoming it was determined to call the roll of states for the purpose of having the names of the next national committee announced. There were cheers at the announcement of several of the names.

Another call was made for the report of the committee on resolutions. As the call did not bring any result, the secretaries of the convention commenced to work the telephone vigorously in an effort to put the chairman of the convention in touch with the chairman of the committee in order to find out when he would be ready with his report.

Representative James, of Kentucky, moved that a committee of three be appointed to wait on the committee and ascertain when it would be ready to report. Carried.

Chairman Clark named Mr. James, H. D. Clayton, of Alabama, and T. N. Ball, of Texas, as the committee.

A motion was made and carried that Richmond Pearson Hobson, of Alabama, be invited to address the convention. Captain Hobson accepted the invitation and revealed the best and strongest voice thus far heard in the convention.

In speaking on the color question he declared that Booker T. Washington would soon outlive his undoubted usefulness if he did not cease to yield to the teachings and influence of the republican party and its chieftain. He urged the men of the west and north to refrain from oppressing the south by advocating anything that tended to obliterate the racial lines. He deprecated the fact that in the republican convention not one man had risen to speak against the plank in that party's platform which urged a reduction of southern representation in congress because of alleged disfranchisement of voters in the south. The speaker worked himself into a high pitch of excitement as with white face and ringing voice he drew a picture of the approaching battle between the parties and concluded with the words:

"Let us make the republicans name the battlefield and let us make them call it Waterloo."

In his efforts to secure order at the conclusion of Captain Hobson's speech Chairman Clark broke his gavel handle.

The committee, headed by Representative James, presented itself and Mr. James was introduced. His announcement was:

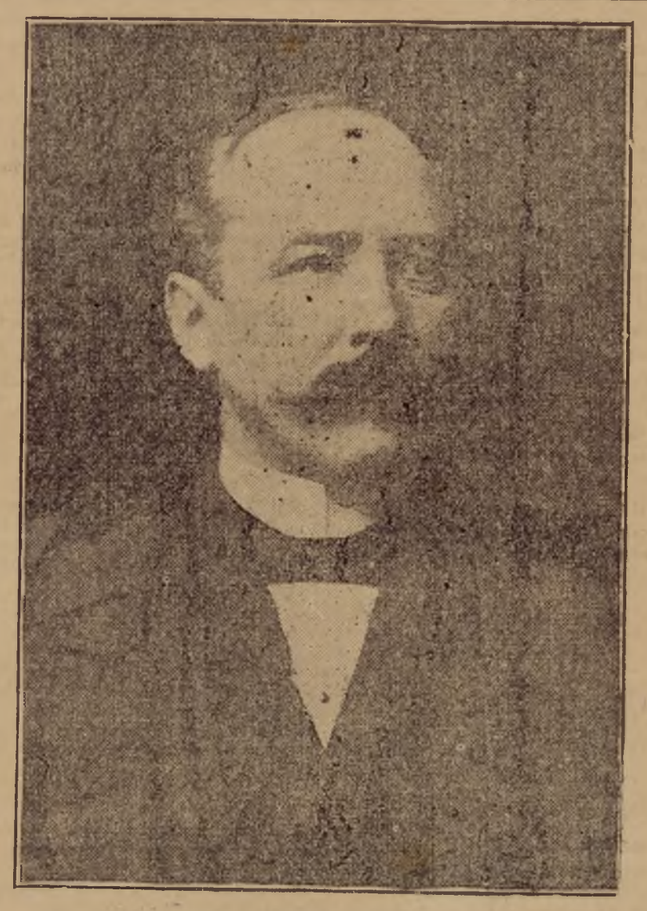
"Your committee to wait on the committee on resolutions report that they have discharged that duty. The committee informs us that they will be unable to report to this convention until 8 o'clock tonight, at which time they will bring to you a unanimous report, signed by every member of the committee."

Great applause and cheers greeted this last statement and as soon as Mr. James could be heard again he continued:

"New York, Nebraska, Virginia and Wisconsin have all joined hands and will bring in a platform that will carry us to a glorious victory in November."

Mr. James followed his last announcement at once with a motion to adjourn until 8 o'clock tonight. A second was at once heard, and the motion carried, the session closing at 11:58.

At the night session the convention adopted a platform by a viva voce vote



ALTON B. PARKER.

and listened to nominating speeches for president. Judge Alton B. Parker was nominated by Martin W. Littleton and William Randolph Hearst by D. M. Delmas. Both orators were applauded at length.

Nominating speeches for favorite sons, candidates and seconding speeches for both Parker and Hearst occupied the convention for several hours.

Senator Daniel concluded reading the platform at 8:55 o'clock.

When it was observed that he had ceased reading the convention broke into cheers.

Senator Daniel said:

"I am unanimously instructed by your committee on platform to move the previous question of its adoption, and I now make that motion."

It was adopted by a viva voce vote, two or three delegates voting in the negative, and they apparently in a spirit of fun. Chairman Clark then put the motion to adopt and another viva voce carried it.

Temporary Chairman Williams then mounted the steps leading up to the platform, swung his hat around his head and the delegates following his lead roared their applause again and again, while the band played "Hail Columbia."

The great climax of the convention, the nomination of a candidate for president, followed immediately upon the adoption of the platform.

"The clerk will now call the roll of states for the nomination of a candidate for president," shouted the chairman.

"Alabama!" shrieked the clerk.

"Alabama yields to the Empire state New York," called Delegate Russell, of Alabama, standing in his chair, one arm grasping the standard of his state marker.

Martin W. Littleton took the stand amid ringing applause to place Judge Parker, of New York, in nomination.

Mr. Littleton was given close attention. For the first time during the session there was silence in the hall.

A terrific outburst of cheering followed Mr. Littleton's remark about Parker, "If you ask me why he has been silent, I answer because he has not attempted to be the master of his party, but is content to be its servant."

The greatest demonstration at the close of Mr. Littleton's speech was on the floor of the convention and confined largely to the delegates.

New York began waving a great mass of flags, and the state standards began to be moved up alongside that of the empire state.

Then was enacted a scene that recalled an incident of the democratic convention in Chicago which nominated William J. Bryan eight years ago.

Two girls in white sprang to the front of the platform and waved flowers and flags. With renewed outbursts the immense throng cheered them until a picture of Judge Parker attracted thunderous cheering. The cheering continued 25 minutes. Arkansas yielded to Tennessee and Senator Carmack took the platform and seconded the nomination of Judge Parker.

California, a Hearst state, was next in order. D. M. Delmas, of that state, was recognized and there was cheering as he made his way to the platform, but it was not prolonged. The hall was a bedlam when Mr. Delmas concluded.

The band played: "We Won't Go Home Till Morning."

L. Irving Handy, of Delaware, nominated Judge George M. Gray.

David Overmeyer, of Kansas, placed General Nelson A. Miles in nomination.

Delegate Roesing, from Minnesota, interposed a motion that all seconding speeches be limited to one minute. Governor Dockery moved to amend by making the time five minutes. The amendment was lost on a viva voce vote. After a parliamentary squabble, the time was fixed at four minutes.

Maine gave way to Missouri, and Champ Clark, of that state, nominated Senator Francis M. Cockrell, of Missouri, for the presidency.

"Massachusetts," called the clerk, and Patrick A. Collins, of Boston, nominated Richard Olney, of the Old Bay state.

When Nebraska was called the noise of the convention was hushed as the name fell from the clerk's lips. C. J. Smythe responded, but before he could speak the name of "Bryan, was heard above the uproar. "Bryan, Bryan, Bryan," yelled the crowd. Mr. Bryan finally arose and standing in his chair endeavored to quiet the demonstration, but he was only an incentive for fresh outbursts.

When he could make himself heard, he simply announced that Wisconsin had a candidate present and Nebraska yielded her place on the roll call to that state. David S. Rose, mayor of Milwaukee, placed Edward C. Wall in nomination.

Chairman Cole, of the North Dakota delegation, nominated John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi.

On the first ballot, at 5:39 a. m. of Saturday, Judge Alton Brooks Parker, of New York, was nominated, having a total of 658 votes.

The first and only ballot resulted:

Parker	658
Hearst	200
Cockrell	42
Olney	38
Wall	27
Gray	12
Williams	8
Pattison	4
McClellan	3
Miles	3
Coler	2
Gorman	2
Towne	2

The convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

The news of Judge Parker's nomination was given to him as he was coming out of the water after a morning swim. "Well, Judge, you've got it," cried the reporter as the judge appeared over the bow of the barge from which he had been diving. "Is that so?" replied the judge, his ruddy face breaking into a cherry smile in which satisfaction was undisguised.

The debate on the money plank of the platform in the committee on platform of the national democratic convention was opened by Rufus N. Rhodes, of Alabama, who declared that he would not vote for reaffirmation of the Chicago or Kansas City platform nor for the gold plank proposed by David B. Hill.

Members of the committee declare Mr. Rhodes made a distinct impression, and it also fell to the lot of Mr. Rhodes at the close of the fifteen hours' continuous deliberation of the committee to enjoy the honor of making the motion to adopt the platform as a whole, which unanimously prevailed, Hill and Bryan both voting in the affirmative.

A correspondent says: David B. Hill has received no ovation at the convention nor has he taken part in the deliberations other than the action on the committee platform. He has studiously avoided publicity, yet it is the hand of Hill that is guiding the convention upon its course.

MEMORIAL PRESENTED

To Spanish Admiral By American Citizens.

As a demonstration of gratitude regarding his conduct at Santiago and his care of American sailors, Admiral Cervera was presented with an engrossed message bearing the signatures of a number of well known Americans, besides letters from the subscribers bound in a volume.

The admiral, in returning thanks for this manifestation of American good will, said his conduct toward Lieutenant Hobson and the American sailors after the sinking of the Merrimac had been inspired by superior orders.

Admiral Cervera had repeatedly refused to permit his American admirers to honor him, but notwithstanding these refusals the plan to make the presentation was carried out.

ANTS WILL COME.

Texas Injunction Dissolved—Insects Harmless to Man.

The injunction proceedings instituted in Texas to prosecute the government experiments with the Guatemala boll weevil-eating ants have been dissolved, and O. F. Cook, the expert who discovered the ants, will go to Victoria, Tex., to install the colonies of ants in such a way they can be carefully studied. The ants which are now in New Orleans are in good condition and more numerous than when they started from Guatemala.

Mr. Cook says that it is highly important to learn the adaptability of the ants to different climates and soils as found in Texas, so that in case of necessity they may be exterminated absolutely and easily if undesireable traits appear. He says the ants are thoroughly predatory in their habits; that their movements are slow; that they may be handled with impunity, and that they are as harmless as toads.

SULTAN AGREES

To Demands Made by the American Minister.

A dispatch from Constantinople says that American Minister Leishmann handed a note to the porte declaring that unless a prompt settlement of the school question was arranged, a United States fleet would appear in Turkish waters. The Sultan ordered the grand vizer to comply with the American minister's demand.

The demands on the sultan by Minister Leishmann are for private grounds to schools and colleges conducted by American teachers equal to those given foreign teachers; for permission by American professional men to practice on even terms with foreigners, and for the direct access of the American minister to the sultan in the transaction of business.

After reconsidering its action in indorsing the candidacy of President Roosevelt for re-election in place of making its own nominations, the national liberal party nominated William T. Scott, of East St. Louis, and W. C. Payne, of Warrenton, Va., for president and vice president, respectively, of the United States. S. P. Mitchell, of Memphis, declined the nomination for first place on the negro ticket, but will manage the campaign as chairman of the executive committee.

From Attalla to Altoona.

This week will commence the laying of steel rails on the extension of the L. & N. from Attalla to Altoona, and when this work is completed a freight will be put on to the tunnel. It will take until next January to complete the tunnel. It will take about seven weeks to complete the work of laying the rails.

Columbus, Ga., voted 779 to 44 for $40,000 of 4 per cent bonds for improvements.

May Go to Greenwood, Miss.

The Greenwood board of trade is in correspondence with the owners of one of the largest furniture factories in the state of Vermont with a view of bringing the big industry to Greenwood. The owners of the plant have decided to move it to the south, where raw material can be more readily obtained. The company has a capital stock of nearly half a million, and employs several hundred skilled mechanics.

Her Maiden Trip.

The United States cruiser Denver, which has been lying at League Island navy yard for several weeks, left for Galveston Friday. The object of the trip, the first since the vessel has been placed in commission is to receive a $5,000 silver service, the gift of the citizens of Denver.

In certain sections of the south trade has fallen off slightly, although business in general is well up to the last year's yield.

Russian Cloth.

It is officially announced that henceforth where cotton or woolen goods manufactured in Russia are exported to foreign countries or to the Amur country, the duties paid on foreign materials, authorized in their production, will be refunded. A rebate will also be allowed on the duties paid on imported machinery used in the manufacture of such goods.

Sunday at Atlantic City, N. J., the Jewish Chautauqua opened.

Republicans Adopt Vulcan.

The republicans of Alabama will contribute to the fund being raised for "Vulcan," and the picture of the big iron man will be used by that party as the emblem on their official ballots in the November election. The republicans will head their tickets with "Progress and Prosperity, Vulcan, Roosevelt and Fairbanks."

General Stoessel, intrusted with the defense of Port Arthur, has about 38,000 soldiers.

Fire and Explosion.

At Chicago, the plant of the National Provision Company was damaged $75,000 by fire. As a result of the fire a terrific explosion occurred in a big new sewer in Thirty-ninth street. For a distance of a mile along the thoroughfare manhole covers were sent high in the air and the street surface was so damaged that car and wagon traffic was suspended for the day.

Seven Killed

A special from Cape Girardeau, Mo., says:

Seven workmen were killed and two others seriously injured by being blown from the second arch of the low railroad bridge across the Mississippi river at Thebes, Ill. The tornado struck a travelling crane upon which the men were at work and pushed it backward for 200 feet.

Last year California yielded 25,000,000 barrels of petroleum.

The World's Famous Catarrh Remedy Should Be in Every Home.
PERUNA
THE GREAT TONIC
Pe-ru-na Contains No Narcotics.
One reason why Peruna has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotics of any kind Peruna is perfectly harmless. It can be used any length of time without acquiring the drug habit.

SOUTHERN DENTAL COLLEGE, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

If you are interested in obtaining a dental education, write for free catalogue of full instruction.

ADDRESS DR. B. W. FOSTER, DEAN, 100 NORTH BUTLER STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

A German photographer when taking a picture of a lady of doubtful age places sheets of celluloid between the negative and the printing paper, thus producing a very softening effect which hides the discrepancies of age.

We toast bread not merely to brown it, but to take out all the moisture possible, that it may be more easily moistened with saliva and thus easily digested; then we brown it to give a better flavor.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

Freight trains carry 1,250,000,000 tons per year.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

One passenger is killed for every 2,000,000 carried.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle

New York is going to begin her $101,000,000 canal in August.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Public benefactions in America during ten years aggregate $610,410,000.

Down East Doings.

Fifteen murders were committed in New England during the month of March just passed, most of them without apparent motive. In only seven cases were arrests made of suspected persons. Five of the victims of the murders were women.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Close Shave.

A Chicago man went into a barber shop and called for a close shave. The building tumbled down about his ears and after he was dug out by the firemen he was of the opinion that he got all he asked for.

B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

The Great Tested Remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Scrofula, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Ulcers, Eczema, Sores, Eruptions, Weakness, Nervousness, and all

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.

It is by far the best building up Tonic and Blood Purifier ever offered to the world. It makes new, rich blood, imparts renewed vitality, and possesses almost miraculous healing properties. **Write for Book of Wonderful Cures, sent free on application.**

If not kept by your local druggist, send $1.00 for large bottle, or $5.00 for six bottles, and medicine will be sent, freight paid, by

BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

TULANE UNIVERSITY of LA.

NEW ORLEANS.

Full courses in Languages, Sciences, Engineering, Law, Medicine. Splendid department for women in Newcomb College. Tulane makes leaders in all vocations. Its facilities for instruction in Engineering are unsurpassed. Unexcelled opportunities for the study of Sugar Chemistry. Many scholarships in the academic department. Expenses low. Board and accommodations in dormitories at low rates. Opportunities afforded academic students for self-help. Next session begins October 1st. Send for catalogue and illustrated circular. Address THE REGISTRAR, Gibson Hall.

HEADACHE

"My father had been a sufferer from sick headache for the last twenty-five years and never found any relief until he began taking your Cascarets. Since he has begun taking Cascarets he has never had the headache. They have entirely cured him. Cascarets do what you recommend them to do. I will give you the privilege of using his name." E. M. Dickson, 1120 Resiner St., W. Indianapolis, Ind.

Best For The Bowels

Cascarets CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 598

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

AT THE FIRST SIGN Of Torturing, Disfiguring Humors Use

CUTICURA

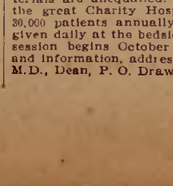
Every child born into the world with an inherited or early developed tendency to torturing, disfiguring humors of the Skin and Scalp, becomes an object of the most tender solicitude, not only because of its suffering, but because of the dreadful fear that the disfiguration is to be lifelong and mar its future happiness and prosperity. Hence it becomes the duty of mothers of such afflicted children to acquaint themselves with the best, the purest, and most effective treatment available, viz.: the CUTICURA Treatment, consisting of warm baths with CUTICURA Soap, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA Ointment, the great Skin Cure. Cures made in childhood are speedy, permanent and economical.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 50c. per vial of 60). Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.

Send for "How to Cure Torturing, Disfiguring Humors from Infancy to Age."

FREE to WOMEN

A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely Free and Postpaid, enough to prove the value of **Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic**



Paxtine is in powder form to dissolve in water—non-poisonous and far superior to liquid antiseptics containing alcohol which irritates inflamed surfaces, and have no cleansing properties. The contents of every box makes more Antiseptic Solution—lasts longer—goes further—has more uses in the family and does more good than any antiseptic preparation you can buy.

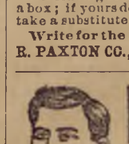
The formula of a noted Boston physician, and used with great success as a Vaginal Wash, for Leucorrhœa, Pelvic Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Cuts, and all soreness of mucus membrane.

In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a Vaginal Wash we challenge the world to produce its equal for thoroughness. It is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

All leading druggists keep Paxtine; price, 50c. a box; if your does not, send to us for it. Don't take a substitute—there is nothing like Paxtine.

Write for the Free Box of Paxtine to-day.

R. PAXTON CO., 7 Pope Bldg., Boston, Mass.



Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Am. 29, 1904.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT TULANE UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA

Its advantages for practical instruction, both in ample laboratories and abundant hospital materials are unequalled. Free access is given to the great Charity Hospital with 900 beds and 30,000 patients annually. Special instruction is given daily at the bedside of the sick. The next session begins October 20, 1904. For catalogue and information, address Prof. S. E. CHAILLE, M.D., Dean, P. O. Drawer 261, New Orleans, La.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., JULY 21, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 47

WAITING FOR ORDERS

Battle Expected in the Far East at Any Time. Leisurely Movements.

JAPANESE FLEET IN BATTLE LINE

Items from All Over the Theater of War—Russian Movements. Manchuria.

The steamer Manchuria, which is on a tour of inspection of the theater of war, with members of the Japanese diet, foreign attaches and press correspondents on board, reached the Japanese naval base July 14th. At the time of the Manchuria's arrival, a huge cloud of smoke hung over the land. Rounding the headland, the panorama of Admiral Togo's fleet was presented at broad anchorage in the channel with torpedo scouts outside. The torpedo gunboat Chihaya and the coast defense vessel Heiyen acted as sentries over the roadstead. Under the north end of the island were five cruisers. In the center were all five battleships.

Under date of July 16th Lieutenant General Sakharoff reports that the chasseurs are driving back the Japanese advance posts southwest of Siakhotan and east of Kan Chi. The Japanese, the general says, have reoccupied Kochinha. They are still fortifying the passes between Fonshui and Motien. The Japanese near Liao Yang have evacuated Sekeyan and Yanlikan. The country from Siaossyra up to Sihu pass is free from Japanese, but the pass itself is occupied.

The Chinese minister at Tokio has telegraphed the Wai Wou Pou (the Chinese minister of foreign affairs) that the Japanese government has presented a scheme for the administration of Manchuria, the principal clause of which is that the Japanese will govern the provinces with the number of Chinese troops now in the country.

The imperial Japanese headquarters officially denies the reports that the Japanese lost 30,000 men in a battle near Port Arthur on July 10th or 11th. Not a shot was fired on either date.

Experts who were inclined to criticise General Kuropatkin's management of affairs in the far east declare as the situation develops that his strategy has proved so far to be beyond reproach. He has successfully tided over a pressing danger. His apparent mistakes, like the prolonged resistance offered by Lieutenant General Zassalitch on the Yalu, turn out to be acts of the highest military judgment.

Since July 11 the Japanese have landed about 30,000 men near Pigeon Bay, under the protection of the entire fleet. The Russians, the dispatch says, offered little resistance, only a few shots being fired by the shore batteries. A general assault is expected soon.

The news that the Russian volunteer steamships Smolensk and St. Petersburg, now cruising in the Red sea, are stopping ships of neutral nations and searching them for contraband of war, is causing interest.

The Russian gaurdship Chernomorotz passed through the Bosphorous from the sea.

Russia has declared coal contraband of war.

The latest reports from representative cotton regions in central Mississippi show that the damage from the violent rain storm Monday was greater than at first believed. Many acres of cotton on the hillsides were washed so badly that the crop prospects were utterly destroyed, and it is now too late for replanting.

President Milton H. Smith, of the Louisville and Nashville, has appointed J. L. Mapother, his chief clerk, to the position of assistant to the president. This eliminates the necessity for the immediate selection of a successor to Walker D. Hines, who resigned recently the position of first vice president.

Fell Over a Cliff.

While strolling about the top of the leaning tower, one of the views about Montaegle, Tenn., with R. E. Ford, of Cleveland, Ohio, a student at the University of the South, Miss Mary Walker, of Columbus, Miss., lost her footing and pitched down the side of the cliff, lodging in a rocky gorge sixty feet below. Her skull was fractured and it is believed internal injuries were sustained. Little hope of her recovery is entertained, as she has never regained consciousness.

Montana has some 58,000,000 acres of public land, of which 17,000,000 acres are reserved.

Plant Enlarged.

In anticipation of a larger business than ever before, the Empire Plow company of Ensley is making a large addition to the woodworking department of their plant. The addition covers a space about 40 by 60 feet and practically doubles the capacity of that department. This concern spent over $20,000 last summer in new buildings and new machinery preparing for the trade last fall.

FORMER SHERIFF

Convicted of Burglary by Chain of Circumstances.

Green Etheredge, for four years the republican sheriff of Lawrence county, was convicted of burglary and now occupies a cell in the county jail at Moulton. The crime for which Etheridge was convicted was the burglary of the courthouse. In 1896 the term of office of Etheridge expired and since that time he has led a varied existence.

In January, 1900, the office of the circuit clerk of the county was entered and about eighty affidavits and indictments charging various offenses were taken. Prior to this time the clerk had been informed that Etheredge had said that he intended to break into the office and get the indictments against him. A long chain of circumstantial evidence fastened the crime upon him. An appeal will be taken and sentence has not yet been passed.

POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

Safe Blown and $800 in Money and Stamps Taken.

A special from Calhoun, Ga., says: The postoffice here was blown open by unknown parties early Sunday morning and about $800 in money and stamps taken. The loss comprises one package of stamps amounting to $500 which had been received by Postmaster Davis the day before, and had not been opened; about $100 in other stamps, and between $175 and $200 in cash.

The safe crackers, who were evidently experts, carried off the books, so the exact amount of the loss is not known. Postoffice inspectors are on the scene, but there is no clue to the robbers.

Mobile's New Station.

The sum of $250,000 is to be expended on the site and the new union passenger station at Mobile. The state railroad commission has approved of the plans for the new station, and work will begin shortly. The station will be amply large to accommodate all of the railroads entering Mobile. It will be situated at the corner of Beauregard and St. Joseph streets, and its construction is undertaken by the Southern railway.

About six months ago lawyers and members of congress were surprised to learn that Librarian Putnam had relieved from duty the librarian of the supreme court, Thomas H. Clark, of Montgomery, Ala., and had filled his place by the appointment of Charles Scott. Since Mr. Clark's departure the affairs of the law library have been in chaos, the law library of 100,000 volumes has been scattered and the public is generally informed that the law library is being "reclassified and recatalogued," and that Mr. Scott, law librarian, is "in Europe on official business."

Santos Dumont, the aeronaut, has definitely decided not to return to America for the St. Louis airship competition. There is only one firm, he says, which can repair the damage done to the envelope of his balloon. After an interview with the head of this firm, Santos Dumont announced that the repairs could not be made within six weeks or two months, leaving insufficient time to ship the balloon to St. Louis for a trial before the close of the fair. Hereafter, he declares, he will limit his experiments to Paris.

The Rosebud reservation, South Dakota, including about 416,000 acres of the richest land in the northwest, is to be given away by Uncle Sam in homesteads of 160 acres during this month. This means that 2,400 splendid farms are to be had practically free.

Saturday was the hottest day in Chicago for three years, the temperature ranging between 94 and 103.

The officers of the Chicago and Alton, after a conference lasting over two months, have decided to advance the wages of all locomotive firemen on an average of 3 per cent per month. About 400 men are affected by the increase, which becomes effective at once.

Columbus, Ga., light guards have gone to the world's fair.

Etowah republicans and populists have nominated a county ticket. J. J. Moore, merchant of Keener, was nominated for probate judge over three others; J. H. Richardson for tax collector, Emery L. Hurst, democratic nominee, was indorsed for tax assessor; Oscar Noojin was named circuit clerk; Pat Tucker, for county treasurer; A. R. Whitt, for superintendent of education; J. P. Forman and I. N. Leath, county commissioners. The ticket represents all factions and parties.

Advices from Djibouti state that King Menelik has decided to send Ras Makonnon, the famous Abyssinian chief as minister to Washington.

Coke Ovens Idle.

All the coke ovens of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway company in Pratt City are closed.

The company has two batteries, a larger and a smaller battery. The number of ovens in them will exceed 500 and 300 or 400 men are thrown out of work by the shut down which was necessitated by the mines in this district being idle.

A RUSSIAN DEFEAT

1000 of the Czar's Soldiers Killed in a Battle with the Japanese.

COUNT KELLER DEFEATED.

Kuroki Repulses Him and Pursues Him—Seizure of Mails.

Aided by Fog.

General Kuroki reports that two divisions of the Russian army made a desperate assault on Maotien pass at dawn July 17th, but were repulsed. Casualties not stated.

At 3 o'clock Sunday morning a heavy fog veiling their movements, two divisions of Russians, commanded by Lieutenant General Keller, made an assault on the Japanese positions at Moatien pass. The Japanese resisted, repulsed the Russians and pursued them for a considerable distance westward.

The Japanese torpedo destroyer Hayatori has captured a junk conveying mail from Port Arthur to Che Foo. Letters dealing with military and naval conditions at Port Arthur have been seized. Much valuable information was contained in the letters. Those which did not deal with military topics have been forwarded to St. Petersburg with the request that they be delivered to those to whom they were addressed.

On July 17th, in order to determine the strength of the enemy, it was decided to advance in the direction of Lianshankwan. Lieutenant General Count Keller had been instructed not to start with the object of capturing the pass, but to act according to the strength of the force that he would find opposed to him.

General Keller found the strength of the enemy so great that he decided not to continue the fight, and not to bring up either the special or the general reserves because it would be necessary to attack without the support of the field artillery.

A Russian force, apparently about 20,000 strong, attacked the front, left and right of Japanese positions at Moatien pass Monday under cover of a dense fog. The sudden onslaught drove in the Japanese posts, but as soon as reinforcements arrived the Japanese gallantly advanced to the attack, and after severe fighting drove off the Russians and reoccupied the position.

Hurricane at Elyton.

Several dwellings were demolished and others were badly damaged by a wind storm which struck Elyton Monday afternoon. One person, Kate Nabers, a negro girl, was seriously injured, but she will recover.

The barn of T. S. Smith was razed to the ground and a fine saddle horse was killed by the falling timbers. A Jersey cow belonging to Mr. Smith was injured.

Kate Nabers, the negro girl, was in the house of Jerry Turner at the time of the storm. When the house was blown down a stove was turned over on her and she was seriously injured about the breast and back.

A number of tents at Camp Jelks were blown down, and for the time being the camp grounds were flooded. No material damage was done, however, at that place.

New Industries in Alabama.

Birmingham—$300,000 mining company; coal mining company.

Gadsden—Storage and ware house company.

Montgomery—Lumber company.

Mississippi railroads are suffering heavily on account of the closing down of the lumber mills. Traffic officials of one road state that the domestic shipments have decreased 30 per cent within the past thirty days, and are at least 80 per cent less than at this time last year.

Safe Robbed.

George Findley's store at Greensboro was entered Sunday night by an unknown thief and one hundred dollars stolen from his safe. The thief gained an entrance by smashing a hole in the glass front large enough for his hand, thereby enabling him to undo the fastenings of the door. Only the day combination was on Mr. Findley's safe and the burglar was evidently some one well acquainted with the premises. He easily opened the safe, from which he took one hundred dollars belonging to Mr. Findley, but left untouched twenty dollars in the safe that belonged to the Masonic lodge.

Contract is awarded for the construction of the new branch of the Illinois Central road from Brookhaven, Lincoln county, to Monticello, Lawrence county, a distance of about forty miles.

A company is being organized at Greenwood, Miss., with a capital of $20,000 for the purpose of establishing a retail grocery store to be the largest in the state.

Fire losses in the United States during 1904 amount so far to $175,534,450.

JURY SAYS LOOMIS' BODY

Doctors Assert Wound Back of Ear Was Caused Before Death.

The coroner's jury, which viewed the body of the man washed ashore Saturday, found that the deceased was Frederick Kent Loomis, and that he was found dead in Bigbury Bay, there being no evidence to show how he met his death.

The jury was somewhat late in assembling in consequence of the delay in carrying out the medical examination by two local doctors, whose testimony was to the effect that there was a contused wound below and behind the right ear, indicated by the blood in the scalp and a rupture of the covering of the brain. There was also a general bruise involving the scalp and integument of the brain on the left side above the ear. The above injuries, in the doctors' opinion, were caused before death.

The American consul at Plymouth, Joseph G. Stephens, attended the proceedings.

BIG ORDER FOR MOSQUITO NETTING.

General Davis Wants 100,000 Yards for Use in Panama.

General Davis, governor general of the Panama canal strip, has advised the Panama canal commission that he wants 100,000 yards of wire gauze to prevent mosquito invasion of the zone. General Davis says that this will be perhaps the largest order for mosquito netting ever given. He recommends the use of steel wire screens not coarser than seventeen meshes to the square inch, galvanized.

Admiral Walker suggests that copper and brass wire also may be utilized. For the hospitals 20,000 yards will be needed, while for screening the houses along the canal zone 75,000 yards will be required.

ESCAPED FROM JAIL

Robert Knighton, Cullman Prisoner, Gets Away by Trick.

Robert Knighton, white, charged with burglary, broke jail at Cullman and has made good his escape for a while at least. He was the only prisoner in jail, and knowing that the jailer, Deputy Sheriff J. H. Dunlap, was out of town for several days, resorted to a ruse to effect escape. He cut the bars in his cell. Reaching the corridor, he rapped on the bars, which is the customary call for the jailer when anything is wanted by the prisoners. Mrs. Dunlap answered the call and as she opened the door, thinking that Knighton was secure in his cell, he rushed out by her and made an easy escape.

New Industries in Mississippi.

Columbus $30,000 yarn and cordage mill.

Greenville—$20,000 stone works.

Indianola—Water works.

Jackson—Mattress factory.

Kosfusko—$100,000 oil company.

Meridian—$20,000 building company.

Sapa—Saw mill; cotton gin; grist mill; shingle mill.

Utica—Ice factory; laundry.

Baltimore Insurance.

The general loss committee, composed of expert insurance men, which was organized shortly after the Baltimore fire, made its final report. There were 3,778 separate claims handled by the committee and the amount of insurance paid on these claims was $29,074,358.51. The total insurance paid to those who lost in the fire will be about $30,500,000.

The Methodist clergy of Mississippi has undertaken the work of raising funds for the rebuilding of the Methodist orphanage at Water Valley, which was destroyed by fire, leaving 105 children homeless.

Accidental Death.

Miss Emma Morris, the pretty 15-year-old daughter of Mrs. Monroe Morris, of Wilkinson county, Mississippi, took her 22-caliber rifle out to shoot some birds, and not having returned to the house at dark, her mother went to hunt for her. She was found dead a short distance from the house with a bullet through the brain.

Stabbed With Umbrella.

A special from Dothan says:

While at a picnic near Ashford, Will Jenkins and a son of Tom Dias got into a quarrel.

Dias was striking Jenkins with his knife in the face, but it seems that the knife was not open. Jenkins in return jabbed Dias in the face with his umbrella, and the small end of it struck in his mouth and it penetrated his jugular vein in his throat and killed him almost instantly.

Fully 75 per cent of the small lumber mills in southern Mississippi are closed down. The large mills are commencing to suspend operations.

The hearing on the Slocum disaster before the bureau of steamboat inspectors, which was adjourned from July 12th, was continued Monday.

Fire in the plant of A. L. Hayes & Co., stove manufacturers, Nashville, did damage estimated at $25,000, covered by insurance.

Eight county Sunday school conventions are to be held in various parts of Mississippi during the week.

At Lauderdale Springs, Miss., the state chess tournament is in progress.

IN SOUTHERN BANKS

The Increased Rate of Deposits Has Been Remarkable for Past Eleven Years.

THE SOUTH SUFFERED LEAST.

From the Money Panic of 1893 and Has Prospered Wonderfully Since.

During the eleven years from 1892 to 1903 the total deposits in the south and southwest increased from $451,441,378 in 1892 to $1,071,376,994 in 1903, a gain of $619,935,616, or 137.3 per cent. Total in the rest of the country was only 100.5 per cent. In Oklahoma and Indian Territory, on account of the recent opening of the country to settlement, there was an extraordinary large percentage of increase, the gain in Oklahoma being 2,479 per cent and in the Indian Territory 2,628 per cent.

The effects of the depression resulting from the money panic of 1893 are shown by the statement in the decreases of deposits between 1892 and 1896; but while the decrease in the southern and southwestern states was only a little more than $5,000,000, the falling off in the middle west was $45,000,000; and, with reference to the present, it must be borne in mind that the reports of banks now being received from the south and southwest show a steady increase in deposits, evidencing the prosperous conditions that are unabated throughout these parts of the country.

Not Such a Victory.

Reports concerning the repulse of the Japanese at Port Arthur cut down the losses. According to reliable sources the Japanese losses were 2,800 and the Russian losses were 1,800.

The Japanese have hoisted the national flag on Rose island in Chemulpo harbor.

The Russian government has ordered 100,000 breastplates. They are said to be intended for use by the Russian forces in the far east. The cuirass is an appliable breastplate weighing about one pound, measuring a little less than one-half inch in thickness and capable of resisting bullets.

The Japanese are making great preparations for the coming rains, which are due in earnest about July 31st.

There are 10,000 Koreans regularly enrolled in the Japanese srvice, and these with a leaven of Japanese and under Japanese officers, are guarding the lines of communication. There has been a sudden movement of the Japanese right flank to the south.

FOUND DEAD ON THE ROAD.

Young Mississippian Mysteriously Killed Near Columbus.

Dancy Blewett, a young man 18 years of age, left his home, telling his father he was coming to Columbus. He was riding his horse, which returned to the Blewett plantation without the rider. A few minutes later some one rode up and told Mr. Blewett that his son had been found lying on the side of the public road dead with a wound in his chest. The shot went all the way through the young man's body. The body remained where it fell until Wednesday night, when the coroner's jury rendered the verdict that he was killed by unknown party or parties. A negro woman was arrested who lives in the neighborhood. It is not thought that she is the one who did the killing, but many think she knows about it. Many other rumors which go still deeper into the tragedy and the cause of it are afloat.

Shot Her Slanderer.

At Elba, S. M. Stewart was shot with a revolver in the hands of Miss Annie Rhodes and is expected to die.

The shooting is said to have grown out of statements made by Stewart which were damaging to the character of Miss Rhodes, who is a sister of the wife of Stewart.

Ants Doing Well.

O. F. Cook, the discoverer of the Guatemalan boll weevil eating ants, has wired the department of agriculture from Texas that the new ants are destroying cotton boll worms and are attacking similar injurious insects with even greater activity than they do the boll weevil. Another important fact is that the ants do not injure at all the lady bird larvae, which are beneficial insects. Mr. Cook reports that the agricultural value of the ants now depends chiefly on the acclimatization and rapidity of propagation. These matters are being investigated.

College Located.

The board of directors of the Presbyterian College for Men of the synod of Alabama met Saturday and decided to locate the college on Leighton avenue, between Seventh and Eighth streets. Several desirable locations were offered, but after visiting the others the site on Leighton was decided upon. The plot of land which will be transferred includes ten and one-tenth acres.

ENGINE LEFT THE TRACK,

Taking Two Cars With It—Three Seriously Hurt.

A passenger train on the Southern railway was wrecked between Covin and Kennedy Thursday afternoon.

No cause has been assigned for the accident other than that the engine and cars jumped the track, carrying a trestle down. The trestle is 400 feet long and eight feet high. The fact that heavy rains have predominated in that territory, causing all trains to be operated under caution at a lower rate of speed than ordinarily, prevented more serious results from the accident.

Horace G. Lindsay, engineer, of Columbus, jumped from his engine and was caught in the machine, sustaining severe bruises all over the body, having his nose broken and suffered internal injuries; serious.

Wylie Jones, negro fireman, was also caught in an endeavor to jump and is the most seriously injured of all. Besides being badly bruised he is otherwise injured, the full extent not yet being known.

R. R. Brooks, mail clerk, of Birmingham, was caught in the overturning combination car and both legs and hips badly bruised and fractured; serious.

Ten passengers were hurt, but not seriously.

The locomotive made a complete turn. The second-class coach left the rails, but did not turn completely to its side. About 100 feet of the trestle was torn up.

KIDNAPED.

But as He Was the Wrong Boy, He Was Released.

Sam Neilly, nineteen years old, who claims to have been kidnaped and held captive for three days, has returned to his home, Minter City, Miss. His clothing was found on the banks of the Tallahatchie river and divers searched the stream for his remains. Dynamite had been secured and the bed of the river was being blasted when Neilly arrived on the scene dressed in old clothes, which he says were given him by the kidnapers.

Neilly claims that he was mistaken for the son of Jimmy Townes, a wealthy citizen, and that he was released as soon as the bandits discovered their mistake.

The father of young Neilly is chancery clerk of Tallahatchie county and court had been adjourned to search for the body of the missing man.

Neilly says there were two of the kidnapers and that they made him undress and change clothes at the point of a revolver. He says that he would recognize either of them, though he was for the most time under the influence of chloroform. No clue has as yet been secured that may lead to the capture of the men.

OOM PAUL KRUGER,

Former President Transvaal Republic, Died Thursday.

Paul Kruger, former president of the Transvaal republic, died at Clarens, Switzerland, from pneumonia and supervning heart weakness. Mr. Kruger lost consciousness Monday. His daughter and son-in-law were with him at the time of his death.

The ex-president's body was embalmed and the remains will be placed in a vault pending funeral arrangements. Application will be made to the British government for authority to transport the remains to the Transvaal.

On several occasions Mr. Kruger had expressed a desire to be buried beside his wife, in his own country.

The death of Paul Kruger aroused widespread regret in Paris, owing to French sympathy for the Boer cause and personal admiration for the ex-president.

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107 Ironmakers in Blast.

The Bessemer Pig Iron association reports that of 158 furnaces, users of Lake Superior ore, there were July 1 107 furnaces in blast and 51 out of blast. Sixty per cent of the tonnage capacity is in blast and 35 out of blast, and an increased idle capacity from June 1 of 15 per cent.

JUDGE WOOD RESIGNS.

Was Probate Judge of Lowndes County—Done for Harmony.

Probate Judge J. C. Wood, of Lowndes county, against whom impeachment proceedings were pending in the supreme court, tendered his resignation, effective at once, which action abated the impeachment proceedings. His attorneys say Mr. Wood's action was wholly in the interest of harmony in his county. His action has no bearing on his nomination by the democratic party for the term.

Poisoned the Water.

While Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Fite, of Weaver, were at supper some miscreant put a lot of poison in the well bucket. On account of drinking of the water Mrs. Fite was made deathly sick and but for the timely arrival of a physician she might have died. A doctor analyzed the water and said that a quantity of morphine had been put into it

ALBAAMA CLIPPINGS.

Lee Bettis, the negro thought to have killed Brakeman Milton Clowers and seriously wounded Conductor S. M. Prewitt on a Southern railway train near Mount Vernon a week ago, was surrounded in a swamp several miles north of Mobile by a posse composed of citizens and officers. He was shot in the back and is thought to be fatally wounded. He denies having shot the trainmen, but has been positively identified as the right man.

Information has been received by the parties interested that the officers of the Birmingham Railway, Light and Power company have made a favorable recommendation to the board of directors on the extension of the Tuxedo car line from its present terminus to a point just beyond Sherman Heights.

The large saw mill in Gadsden and the big planing mill at Alabama City, belonging to the Kyle Lumber company, resumed operations after a week's shut down. These two mills run almost every day the year round, giving employment to a large number of men and consuming many thousand logs.

The vacancy created in the Luverne military company by the resignation of Captain G. Oliver Dickey, has been supplied by the promotion of First Lieutenant Steve W. Hicks. W. Ralph Ronten was promoted from ranks to fill the position made vacant by Captain Hick's promotion.

It is not unlikely that Commissioner of Agriculture Poole will declare a quarantine in this state against those products of Texas that are likely to harbor the famous boll weevil. Among these are the rustproof oats, hay and sacks for grain, and cattle and stock bedding in cars.

The plant and machinery of the Florence Machine shops has been sold and as soon as the necessary arrangements can be made it will be converted into a manufactory of clay-working machinery, friction clutches and other machines.

The large canning factory of Captain J. M. Elliott, Jr., on his fruit farm below Gadsden, has been placed in operation and the canning of peaches is progressing. The capacity of this plant is 10,000 quart cans per day, and over a hundred persons are given employment.

The Yolande Coal and Coke company has filed articles of incorporation. The capital stock is $300,000. The principal place of business is Birmingham, with the stipulation that branch offices may be opened elsewhere.

The department of archives and history has received a full file of "The Universalist Herald," covering dates from 1857 to 1896, at which time the paper was consolidated with a South Carolina publication of the same faith.

A large force of hands began work Thursday tearing down the old house which stands on the lot in Selma recently purchased by the United States government and upon which there will be erected the government building.

The total earnings for railroads in Alabama for the year ending June 30, 1903, were $27,615,567.99, with expenses of $20,845,526.60, leaving net returns of $6,770,041.39.

Dr. H. W. Provence, of Ensley, has gone to Richmond, Va., where he will go before the foreign mission board of the Baptist church for assignment to service in China.

Last year's figures show that Alabama had 5,436.88 miles of track, which was an increase over the year before of 138.31.

The Montgomery street railway expects to have cars running into the grounds of the union station in a few days.

Large shipments of Gadsden peaches have been made to Cleveland, Ohio.

John Burke, a well-known attorney of Huntsville, has been appointed ment of Alabama national guard.

Judge O. Kyle, of Decatur, took the oath of office Friday as one of the judges in the Panama canal zone.

Coleman T. Cook is appointed postmaster at Newsite, Tallapoosa county, vice D. P. Johnson removed.

The contract for raising the Maine has been awarded to a former Birmingham man Mr. Sewall.

Robert T. Franks has been appointed postmaster at Arcola, and Mille F. Shotts at Bull Mountain.

Lightning struck the Cliott hotel, Childersburg, but did no damage. No one was hurt.

John Wertz, one of Cullman's oldest and most prominent citizens, died Thursday.

A large number of northern industries are reported to be coming to Alabama.

Work on Gadsden's new steamboat for the Coosa river is progressing nicely.

Valley Head has a rural route.

A novel suit, in which Chief of Police Wier of Birmingham has been made defendant, was filed by counsel for George Mason Company, of Chicago, manufacturers of roulette wheels and other devices of chance. Chief Weir states that he is confident that the proceedings are but a subterfuge instituted by the local owner of the roulette wheel which he seeks to recover.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Entered as second class matter, Apr. 13, 1904 at the postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., July 21, '04

Telephone No. 27.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM,

County.

Probate Judge,
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk,
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

The populists are gaining ground every day—mark ye!—Advocate.

Yes, they are gaining ground like the fellow who stepped up two feet and slipped back three.

The people of Shelby county will read with interest a letter in this issue from the pen of Dr. Vandiver, a former resident of this county but now living in Arkansas. He tells why he can no longer be a Republican, and that he will support the Democratic ticket.

When asked to come back into the Democratic party, don't forget that your rights have been trampled under foot by the Democratic party.—Advocate.

And while you are thinking about it just remember that the above admonition comes from an administration that has levied an illegal tax upon the people of Shelby county for four consecutive years.

The attitude of the President toward the negro is going to make trouble between the whites and blacks. In another place in this issue we publish a card written to the Washington Post by a negro which should cause every white man to support the white man's party. Southern people will not stand for social equality with the negro.

"In another column will be found a statement signed by the entire Commissioners' Court in which it will be seen that the report is all false as to the Commissioners buying the road machinery. The Advocate is reliably informed that this report has been circulated with injustice to the members of the court, and we refer you to their statement."—Advocate, March 24th.

And yet, in the face of such a statement there was in existence a contract for the good roads machinery, said contract having the signature of the present Probate Judge of this county attached thereto. At the meeting of the Commissioners' Court on the 6th day of this month that contract was read and a claim presented for the purchase price—$7471.50. That contract is dated in April, 1903. And yet Judge Longshore and the Advocate continues to tell the people of Shelby county that no contract was ever made for that machinery.

"POPULIST PROSPERITY" IN SHELBY COUNTY, AND ITS BALEFUL EFFECTS.

"The issue before the people in Shelby county is plain and simple. Do you want Democratic rule and ruin, or do you want populist prosperity?"—Advocate.

Let us take a look at this "Democratic rule and ruin" and "populist prosperity" claptrap idea of the Handy Andy of the populist administration.

One of the boasted achievements of the populist leaders in this county is the increase of property values. This has resulted, not from methods employed by county officials, but from natural development and actual enhancement of property values noticeable throughout the State, and the methods put in operation by State legislation, conceived and enacted by Democrats; the design of which was, and the result of which should have been, the lowering of the tax rate in direct proportion to the increase in taxable values, and the equalization of the burden on all taxpayers alike. Doubling the assessed values ought to result in splitting the tax rate in half. An assessed valuation of $4,500,000, which Shelby county now has, should require a rate of only 20 cents on the hundred dollars, under populist administration, and result in keeping money in the treasury, if, under Democratic administration, an assessed valuation of $2,250,000 required a rate of only 40 cents on the hundred to show regular balances; provided, of course, the same wisdom, care and executive ability prevailed under populist administration as obtained when the Democrats were in power. But what do we find? Instead of a reduced rate, notwithstanding increased values, the rate of taxation is almost double what it was under Democratic administration, and the burden four times as great. This is one illustration of the "populist prosperity" the Advocate talks about.

With Populist Ascendancy Trouble Comes.

A Democratic Commissioners' Court levied upon the people of Shelby county in 1894 a tax rate of only three mills. In 1895 a tax rate of three mills was again levied by a vote of two Democratic Commissioners and a Democratic Probate Judge—the two populist Commissioners favoring a raise in the tax rate. In 1896 the rate was four mills. That was the last year the Democrats had control of the county's affairs. After that time, under populist administration, the tax rate began to climb higher and higher until now the rate is more than double what it was under Democratic administration in 1894 and 1895. The taxpayers of Shelby county are paying today a rate of seven mills under a populist administration, when, considering the increase in assessed values, the rate should not be more than three mills at the outside. Under Democratic "rule and ruin," as the Advocate calls it, the rate was never over four mills, but "populist prosperity" has raised the rate to seven mills. The taxpayers of the county are waiting with all the patience at their command for November to come so that they may vote to go back to "Democratic rule and ruin" with a four mill tax rate which the Advocate, while in the throes of a sycophantic convulsion, deprecates so loudly, The people have a plenty and to spare of a "populist prosperity" which doubles the tax rate no matter how much taxable values in the county may increase. Shame upon an administration which preys upon the people in such a high handed manner. It has juggled with the reason of some men who were led to believe that a victory for the populist party in this county would give to them a Garden of Eden. How sorely they have been disappointed, how heavily they have been burdened a glance at the doubled tax rate and the infamous illegal and unlawful tax levies is proof sufficient. The bubble which when filled with hot air soared so airily, and which was carried along upon a wave of tinted theories and rainbow promises, has exploded and dissolved. It was a beautiful dream so long as it remained a dream, but its scorching and blighting reality has seared and blistered the taxpayers of this county leaving scars which time can never efface. Very pertinent, indeed, is the query: What has become of all this increased revenue? Has it been put upon the bridges which the populist leaders so frequently refer to? Let us see:

The Baleful Unlawful Tax Levy is Born.

In 1900, under the special road law, which stated in plain terms that the special tax therein authorized should be a part of that authorized by the Constitution to be levied for county purposes (which was one-half of one per cent. on the valuation of property), the present administration, notwithstanding this plain limitation, by "its own authority," according to the Advocate, levied a combined general and special tax of three-fifths of one per cent., or ten cents on the hundred dollars in excess of the constitutional limit. The railroads refused to pay the illegal and unlawful tax; they were sued by the populist administration and the courts gave a decision in favor of the railroads. Some other corporations paid the illegal tax under protest and a portion of it was returned to them. You, farmer, merchant, miner, laborer, mechanic, unsuspectingly paid that illegal tax; did any of you get a rebate? Not a cent! This is an illustration of the business intelligence of the populist administration, through which you were unlawfully compelled to pay a tax of 10 cents on the hundred dollars, while the railroads received a complimentary ticket to the whole business. This is some of that "populist prosperity" the Advocate tells about. Knowing the levy to be illegal, having been so pronounced by the courts, it would naturally be supposed the administration would not again put an illegal levy upon the people, but under another cover are the people again compelled to obey the arbitrary mandates of the populist administration.

Second Annual Illegal Tax Performance.

Now let us see what the administration did at the second annual "Illegal Tax Performance" in 1901. The program had to be changed a liitle. So the administration decided that, in addition to a general tax of three mills, and a special tax of two mills—the constitutional limit—"it is further ordered that a special tax of one mill on each dollar's worth of taxable property be, and the same is hereby levied, to build bridges and causeways in this county." Again the railroads resisted the levy because of its illegality, but the administration which brought on this attack of "populist prosperity," pulled another ten cents on the hundred dollars out of the pockets of the common people, the railroads again riding on a free ticket. This is another illustration of "populist prosperity" which the Advocate appears to be so proud of.

The Illegal Levies a Continuous Performance.

Turn over another page in the calendar, and in 1902 we again find the program varied. In that year the taxpayers of Shelby county were assessed 30 cents on the hundred dollars for county purposes, 20 cents for road purposes, and 10 cents to build certain particular bridges of certain particular values, namely: One at Laney's Ford across Cahaba River to cost $3,300; one across Camp Branch on Calera road to cost $228.00; one approach to to the iron bridge over the Waxahatchie at Shrader's Ford to cost $240.00; one across Yellow Leaf on Harpersville road to cost $150.00; one near Wilton on Montevallo and Wilton road to cost $300.00; one across Buck Creek near Pelham to cost $150.00; and to build in conjunction with Jefferson county, one across Little Cahaba River near its mouth to cost $3,200. Again did the railroads refuse to pay the unlawful tax and have not paid it, but the populist administration made the common people walk up to the paymaster's office and come across with another 10 cents on the hundred dollars. Through these illegal tax levies the people of the county have been plucked like caged birds—a tribute(!) to "populist prosperity"—while the railroads are excused from paying the illegal tax. Such "prosperity" is disgraceful to the administration which has brought it about.

And it Goes On Like an Endless Chain.

In 1903 the illegal tax was again levied upon the people, but under a different guise—a distinction without a difference. In that year the administration assessed 50 cents on the hundred dollars for county purposes, nothing for roads, and 20 cents on the hundred dollars "to pay balance on steel bridge on Cahaba River at Laney's Ford, $3,250.00 (by which it appears that the enormous sum of $50.00 of the money raised from the levy of 1902 was generously expended toward the object for which it was collected); steel bridge across Cahaba River at Parker's Mill (there is no such bridge) $2,800; bridge across Beaver Dam Creek on Montevallo road, $200.00; bridge across Yellow Leaf Creek on Morgan Mill road, $300.00; bridge across Spring Creek on R. F. D. No. 1, $200.00; bridge across Buck Creek at Helena, $100.00; bridge across Yellow Leaf on Pumpkin Swamp road known as the Walton bridge, $200.00; bridge across Beeswax Creek on Montgomery road, $200.00; bridge across Four Mile Creek near Blue Springs church, $100.00. All these bridges, with one or two exceptions, are mythical. Again did the railroads refuse to pay the tax, but the common people had to come across with a DOUBLE DOSE and plank down their 20 cents on the hundred dollars—another illegal contribution(?), making the fourth time, to "populist prosperity." These are not mere assertions, but records, monumental records to "populist prosperity" builded with the hard-earned dollars of the taxpayers of Shelby county. In four years the people of Shelby county have paid illegal taxes to the amount of 50 cents on the hundred dollars, but the railroad corporations have never paid a cent of it.

During the twenty years or more that the Democrats were in power in this county the same tax rate was levied upon all alike, and the railroads paid the same rate as the people. There was no contest by the railroads for the simple reason that all tax levies under Democratic administrations were legal. Under populist administration the people have been compelled to pay illegal levies because they could not afford to contest them, while the railroads have legally evaded payment. The result is the same as if the tax was levied against the people and not against the railroads. This, too, from an administration which at all times poses as the champion of the common people; an administration that is traitorous in that it would have the people believe it is their champion, and yet mulcts them of their hard earned dollars through unlawful tax levies. Verily, this is indeed "populist prosperity."

Notwithstanding that thousands of dollars have thus been illegally taken from the common people of Shelby county, yet money is being borrowed to meet the current expenses of the county. The treasury is now dry and the expenses of several terms of court yet to be provided for. Eight thousand dollars borrowed early in this year has been paid out; one warrant for a thousand dollars for fence wire is due October 1st, next; a bridge warrant for the same amount falls due January 1st, next; and other indebtedness which we will speak of later; we are told that the treasurer's account is overdrawn, and the county confronted with a claim of over seven thousand dollars for good roads machinery. This is the sequel of "populist prosperity" in Shelby county. The people are only too anxious to get back to a "Democratic rule and ruin" reign with a four mills tax rate, for they are tired of "populist prosperity," a seven mill tax rate and a number af illegal tax levies thrown in for good measure.

"Populist prosperity!" Yes, for the leaders of that party, but for no others.

NOTICE

Of Registrars Appointments.

Whereas, By virtue of the provisions of Section 6 of "An Act to further regulate elections in the State of Alabama," approved October 9, 1903, "The Board of Registrars in each county shall visit each precinct at least once, and oftener if necessary, between July 1st and October 1st, 1904," to make a complete registration of all persons entitled to register and shall remain there at least one day, from 8 o'clock in the morning until sunset, and they shall give at least 20 day's notice of the time when, and the place in the precinct where, they will attend to register applicants for registration, by bills posted at three or more public places in each precinct, and by advertisement once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper, if there be one published in the county.

Now, therefore, this is to give notice, as required by law, that the Board of Registrars for the county of Shelby, will sit at the following places at the time specified for the purpose aforesaid:

Bamford, Beat 5, Monday, July 11.
Helena, Beat 6, Tuesday, July 12.
Maylene, Beat 19, Wednesday, July 13.
Montevallo, Beat 4, Thursday, July 14.
Calera, Beat 3, Friday, July 15.
Ganadarque, Beat 7, Monday, July 18.
Pelham, Beat 17, Tuesday, July 19.
Highland, Beat 12, Wednesday, July 20.
Bold Springs, Beat 13, Thursday, July 21.
Martin's, Beat 8, Friday, July 22.
Day's X Roads, Beat 11, Saturday, July 23.
Sterrett, Beat 15, Monday, July 25.
Dunnavant, Beat 18, Tuesday July 26.
Vandiver, Beat 14, Wednesday, July 27.
Vincent, Beat 16, Thursday, July 28.
Creswell, Beat 10, Friday, July 29.
Harpersville, Beat 10, Saturday, July 30.
Willsonville, Beat 9, Monday, August 1.
Spring Breck, Beat 2, Tuesday, August 2.
Shelby, Beat 1, Wednesday, August 3.
Columbiana, Beat 1, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 4.

SPRIGHT DOWELL,
C. H. FLOREY,
J. L. GLENN,
Board of Registrars for Shelby county.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

Acknowledges Its Error.

In its issue of last week the Advocate admits that it wrongfully accused the Democrats of paying the Tax Assessor more than the law allowed for making up the Land Book. The Sentinel acknowledged a short time ago that it had made a wrong statement regarding the populists and we now hand back to the Advocate the very words it used in commenting upon our admission:

The Advocate "attempts to sugar coat the people, and in a long, but puny plea, tries to redeem itself in the eyes of the people for the willful misrepresentation of the affairs of the county, and in so doing has gotton itself deeper in the mire. * * The truth is this, the" Advocate "was at the time it penned the words referred to, making a vile attack upon" Democratic administrations, "it intended to try to prejudice the people."

Verily, indeed, has the Advocate's chickens come home to roost; its words have proven a boomering that leaves a good sized splotch upon the immaculate(!) whiteness(?) of its pliable conscience.

The infamous illegal tax levies placed upon the people of Shelby county by the present administration will, we believe, bury it so deep in November that it will never dig its way out.

No doubt conscience stricken at the wholesale manner in which it has illegally taken thousands of dollars from the taxpayers of Shelby county, the populist administration has employed an attorney to draw a legal tax levy. After levying an illegal tax upon the people for four successive years, now the administration wants to get right with God and the people, so its say.

Joint Discussion.

The sub-committee appointed to arrange joint discussions, composed of W. B. Browne, representing the Democratic party, and R. F. Cox, representing the joint populist and republican parties, met in the office of W. B. Browne & Leeper, on last Monday, and made the following appointment, viz:

Columbiana, Wednesday, Aug. 3.
Spring Creek, Thursday, Aug. 4.
Blue Springs, Friday, Aug. 5.
Shelby, Saturday, Aug. 6.
Weldon, Wednesday, Aug. 10.
Sterrett, Thursday, Aug. 11,
Dunnavant, Friday, Aug. 12.
Vandiver, Saturday, Aug. 13.
Camp Branch, Tuesday, Aug. 23,
Pelham, Wednesday, Aug. 24.
Highland, Thursday, Aug. 25.
Bridgeton, Friday, Aug. 26.
Harpersville, Wednesday, Aug. 31
Vincent, Thursday, Sept. 1.
Rehobeth, or Calcis, Friday, September 2.
Helena, Tuesday, Sept. 6.
Bamford, Wednesday, Sept. 7.
Gurnee, Thursday, Sept. 8.
Maylene, Friday, Sept. 9.
Montevallo, Tuesday, Sept. 13.
Calera, Wednesday, Sept, 14.
K. Springt, Thursday Sept 15.
Wilsonville, Saturday, Sept. 17.

Under the arrangement as agreed on, the principal discussion of the political issues is to be between Hon. D. R. McMillan and Hon. A. P. Longshore, one of the said speakers to open and close at one appointment and the other to open and close at the next, thus alternating throughout the canvass. Two hours is given each side, and the speaker opening is to consume not less than one hour in his opening address, and in his closing address may consume all of the time of his side left remaining, provided that the closing speech shall not be over thirty minutes long—the speches of the other candidates to intervene between the speeches of the principal speakers.

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

Dr. W. P. HAMNER
DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
☞Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO, - - ALABBMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles

Notice to Old Confederate Soldiers.

The Pension Board of Shelby county will meet in the Court house in Columbiana on the 4th day of July, 1904 (Monday), to examine applicants for pensions.

We earnestly insist that those who intend to make application to be sure to have their papers properly made out and signed as shown by the blanks. Present your application in person if possible when the Board opens, so that we can examine them and put them in proper shape.

The Board closes on the 14th day of July. You get blanks at Probate Judge's office.

A. T. ROWE.
S. H. GIST, Commissioners.

Non-Residence Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Kate Ellison, Complainant, vs. V. J. Ellison, Defendant. — In Chancery. Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. L. Peters that the defendent V. J. Ellison is a non-resident of Alabama and that his place of residence is to affiant unknown, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant V. J. Ellison the age of twenty one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in The Columbiana Sentinel, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby once a week for four consacutive weeks, requiring him the said V. J. Ellison to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 30th day of July, A. D., 1904, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana, Ala., this 25th day of June, A. D. 1904

44-5t. J. R. WHITE, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Land Office at Montgomery,
Montgomery, Ala., June28, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on August 11th, 1904, viz: Lewis Morgan Homestead Entry, No. 31276, for the northwest quarter of southeast quarter and northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 6, township 18, south of range 1 east, Shelby county, Ala. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said lands, viz: J. M. Dorough, of Leeds, Ala. J. L. Isbell, J. M. Isbell and J. O. Dorough, of Dunnavant, Ala.

ROBERT BARBER, Register.

When You Need Anything in the GROCERY LINE, it will pay you to get our prices. Fresh Meats, Hams, Etc., kept on Ice, therefore always fresh and nice.

Have just Received a Shipment of Ralstons Breakfast Food, Health Oats.

FOR DELICIOUS

Cakes, Candies, Fruits, Vegetables, we can suit YOU!

SEPTEMBER FIRST

I will give away another of those

Handsome Dinner Sets

To One of Our Customers.

CALL FOR YOUR COUPONS.

J. R. WHITE.

GOODS SOLD

Are guaran eed just as represented or your money refuned.

Accept our thanks for your past patronage and allow us to continue to serve you

J. R. WHITE.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

Telephone No. 27.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Commissioner Pleas Shaw was up from Montevallo last Monday.

All 50 cent preparations at 40 cents at J. H. Mason's store.

Commissioner R. B. Posey, of Harpersville, was in town Monday.

H D. Latham visited home folks in Montevallo Saturday and Sunday.

All 25 cent preparations for 20 cents at J. H. Mason's drugstore.

Commissioner L R Kendrick was in the city the fore part of the week.

Masters Wayne and Olin Nelson are visiting an uncle in Prattville this week.

Senator W. R. Oliver, of Calera, was in town Monday on legal business

All Dollar preparations 80 cents at J. H. Mason's drugstore.

Commissioner R. J. Griffin, of Helena, was in town the fore part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. J W. Johnston attended church at Union Chapel last Sunday

Miss Florence Fallaw visited with friends in Wilsonville Sunday and Monday.

All 25 cent packages of Liver Powders, Black Draught, etc., at 15c at J.H.Mason's drugstore.

Misses Edna and Pernie Hallmark are visiting with friends in Shelby this week.

Howard Latham, of Montevallo, is in the city visiting his sister Mrs. Henry Chapman.

Mrs. Jesse M. Brown, of Birmingham, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Barnett.

Mrs. Frank Finch, of Shelby, was in town the fore part of the week visiting friends and relatives.

Misses Gertrude DuBose and Inez Sinnott attended a Sunday school convention in Beat 8 last Sunday.

J. W. Bandy, of Montevallo, was in town several days the fore part of the week, a guest of T. P. Lane.

J. J. Haynes and family returned from Clay county last Friday where they had been visiting relatives.

Berry Barnett and sister, Miss Minnie, of Shelby, visited the family of J. T. Barnett last Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. John S. Evans, of near Dargin, met with a serious fall last Monday, dislocating he r ght arm at the elbow.

Mrs. C. T. Acker left yesterday for a visit of a few weeks with relatives and friends in Birmingham and Ensley.

J. P. Roberts, accompanied by little Miss Clarice White, went over to Sylcauga last Sunday to visit his wife and other relatives.

W. A. Parker has been on the sick list for the past week. He is now improving, however, and will probably be out in a few days.

Misses Zemma and Clara Pitts, who have been visiting in Birmingham for the past few weeks, returned to Columbiana Tuesday.

Dr. Rowe, J. J. Haynes and A. P. Longshore are delegates from the Columbiana Baptist church to the Shelby County Baptist Association which meets on the third day of September.

Miss Jessie Vann, who has been a guest of Miss Rossor Christian for the past two weeks, returned to her home in Collinsville last Saturday. Miss Vann made many friends during her visit here.

H. M. Millstead is making preparations to rebuild his gin. He has recently purchased a lot of improved machinery, and when the gin is completed it will be one of the best in this section of the state.

Mrs. Wm. C. Williams, of Shelby, visited with relatives here last Friday

Wesley Ozley, of Longview, was in the city Monday, and while here ordered The Sentinel sent to his address

The fruit crop this year promises to be one of the largest in the history of Shelby county.

J. F. Pope, a prominent merchant of Wilsonville, was in town Tuesday for a few hours.

Arthur Armstrong has gone to Birmingham for a short visit with relatives and friends.

Mrs. T. P. Lane returned from Talladega Tuesday where she had been visiting relatives for a week.

W. T. Rasco, of Weldon, was in the city last Saturday, and before going home ordered The Sentinel sent to his address.

Max Lefkovits will leave for New York the last of this month to buy the winter stock for the Columbiana Mercantile Co.

J. T. Leeper, who has been across the water for the past three months, returned home yesterday, and is looking exceedingly well.

H. C. DuBose, forerly a resident of Columbiana, but now in the banking business at Monroeville, is in the city visiting his father, Dr. DuBose, and other relatives.

The harness was stolen from a horse at Shelby Springs last Friday night. It belonged to E W. Burt, of this place, and if the thief is caught he will be in grave trouble.

L. M. Dyke, of Collinsville, was in town Monday shaking hands with numerous friends. Mr. Dyke says his new bank at Collinsville is meeting with most encouraging patronage.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin McGraw, of Birmingham, Miss Eva Gonzales, of Pensacola, Miss Mariana McGraw and Oscar McGraw, of Vincent, are guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Pitts.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Milner, of Nashville, arrived in the city last Saturday for a visit at the home of Mrs. M. E Mason. Mr. Milner returned to Nashville Monday, while Mrs Milner will remain for some time with her mother.

The numerous friends of Miss Alice Porter will be pleased to know that she is able to be up and about the house again, after an illness of several months. It is hoped by all that she may be fully restored to good health.

The watermelon wagons are pretty regular in their trips to Columbiana now, and melons can be bought for from five to twenty-five cents. The cents have been noticeaby shy in the pockets of The Sentinel man, and that melons are good is only hearsay with him.

Henry Milner, John B. Farrell and Prof. S. Dowell, were in attendance at the Sunday school convention in Beat 8 last Sunday. All of them made short talks upon Sunday school work. Dinner was served on the grounds, and they report a most interesting meeting

Mrs. Henry Milner, Mrs. H. I. Williams and Pierce Mason went over to Talladega Springs Monday to attend the funeral of E. D. W. Woods, who died at that place on Sunday. Mr. Woods was quite well known here, and his death is regretted by all who knew him.

Harry Roberts, who has been pitching for the Twin Decaturs ball team for the past month, was in town several days last week. He left Friday for Macon, Ga., having accepted an offer from that team of $125 a month and his expenses. Harry pitched fourteen games with the Twin Decaturs and lost but two games out of that number.

Start an Herb Garden.

Fortunes in GINSENG, GOLDEN SEAL and SENEGA, all valuble medical plants. Easily grown and hardy throughout the U S. Always a ready market and demand increasing. Room in your garden to grow thousands of dollars' worth. We sell roots and seed. Plant in fall. Booklet and magazine telling all about it vc. Write today. OZARK GINSENG CO.,
44-1m Dep't W., Joplin, Mo.

In this issue of The Sentinel will be found an advertisement of the Alabama Girls' Industrial School at Montevallo. The school opens on September 15th, and our information is that the indications are that the coming term promises to be a most successful one. For a catalogue of this excellent institution write to Dr. Francis M. Peterson, Montevallo, president of the school.

The commissioners were in session Monday for the purpose of chosing a site for the new jail. They finally decided to locate it in the same block on which the old jail stands, but near the east end. We are told that work begins on the new bastile on the first of August.

Miss Perna Pope is giving a house party this week to a number of her young friend at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Pope in Wilsonville. O. O. Bird, W. W. Wallace, James N. Robertson and Sam'l Wallace of this place, were among the guests Tuesday night, and they report a most delightful time.

Rev. G. T. Harris attended the funeral of E. D. W. Woods who died at Talladega Springs last Sunday and was buried in Blue Springs cemetery on Monday The deceased was about 65 years of age, and leaves a widow and a number of children to mourn his death. He had been a member of the Methodist church since early boyhood. Mr. Woods was a brother-in-law of Mrs. M. E. Mason of this city.

T. P Lane, who has had the management of the Bandy Drug Co., in this city, has accepted a position with the Chattanooga Medicine Co., and will have charge of the labratory of that great concern. Mr. Lane has been a resident of Columbiana about eight months, and in that time has made many friends each of whom will regret to see him leave us. He has the reputation of being one of the best pharmacists in the State, and in his position pays him $140 per month. The best wishes of all our people will go with Mr. and Mrs. Lane when they leave Columbiana.

On July 28th W. A. Sanders, a conductor on the Southern out of Wilton, will be united in marriage to Miss Sanders of Plantersville. They will be gussts at Shelby Springs for two or three weeks after the wedding. On the same date Louis Campbell, of Montevallo, will lead to the altar Miss Claribel Fancher, of Brierfield. The Sentinel unites with the many friends of these young people in wishing that their conception of marital life may be for them a happy realization, and that the future years to them may be all that they could wish.

J. W. Bandy and T. P. Lane have sold their stock of drugs to H. S. Latham, of Montevallo, and it has been merged with the stock of drugs belonging to J. H. Mason. The new firm will occupy the room which has been occupied by the Bandy Drug Co. and when the goods are arranged in the new quarters it will make one of the most complete drug stores in this section of the State. Mr. Mason is well known to the people of this section, and associated with him in the store will be Howard Latham, youngest son of H. S. Latham, who is an excellent pharmacist, and a very pleasant young man to meet both in a business way and socially. The Sentinel bespeaks for the new firm a good business.

Vincent.

Miss Jeffie Bell is on a visit to relatives at Seddon.

Mrs. James Samuels, of Talladega, is the guest of relatives in town.

Miss Eva Gonzales, of Pensacola, is spending some time with relatives here.

Misses Annie and Mary Kidd, who have been visiting relatives in Birmingham, returned home Monday.

We are glad to state that Mrs. R. P. Tucker, who was operated on for appendicitis, is improving and getting along nicely.

Edwin McGraw, of Birmingham, is with his parents for a few days. "Bullie" has a host of friends here who are always glad to see him.

Miss Lou Reynolds, of Goodwater, spent several days here last week, attending the meetings at the Methodist church. Marvin wore a smile.

The Baptist Sunday School has purchased four large maps for its use, which will doubtless be a great help to the school in the study of the Sunday school lessons.

Rev. O. P. Sampley, who is traveling in the interest of the Judson, filled his regular appointment here Sunday, preaching two very powerful sermons. He announced at the night service that Dr. Blackwelder, of Woodlawn, would assist in his meeting here the third Sunday in August.

Three cheers for Parker and Davis, our presidential nominees. They are sure winners, and on the 8th of November these beloved United States will witness a regular landslide for not only them; but for Democracy all over the country, even down here in old Shelby. 'Stick a pin dar, brudder Bones." Praise God from whom all blessings flow.

The Methodist people had quite an interesting and profitable series of meetings at their church last week, in which the pastor, Rev. O'Neal, was ably assisted by Dr. J. F. Sturdivant, of Gadsden, who gave us some very strong and helpful sermons. The immediate result was six additions to the church, and the members greatly strengthened. Brother Sturdivant greatly endeared himself to our people by his forceful and most earnest personal appeals. It goes without saying that we would be delighted to have him visit us again. May God's richest blessings go with him.

Does seem like the Handy Andy of the Advocate and its corp of editors (?) are grasping at straws, because it even notices a few remarks by your humble and aged correspondent. "John Billie." They try to leave the impression that I had something to do with the "cutting out" of the political discussion at Sterrett on the 4th of July, when we knew nothing about it at the time, but have since learned that those who arranged for the occasion agreed at the start that there was to be no political speaking, but simply a social gathering of the people. The political end of it was urged by some of the pop-Rep folks. So far as the "usual interest" alluded to is concerned, that is the case with every Democrat in the county as well as many of the best citizens, in seeing the affairs of the county taken from the reckless management of the administration now in control, and place them in the hands of men who will run the business of the county at a much less cost to we taxpayers.

JOHN BILLIE.

HARPERSVILLE.

Mrs. H. E. Florey is visiting her children in South Alabama.

Miss Charles, of Irondale, is visiting her friend, Miss Maggie East, on Water street

Renfro Martin and wife have returned from Hot Springs where Renfro had been for the benefit of his health.

A protracted meeting will begin at the Methodist church Saturday. The pastor is expected to be assisted by Dr. Newman, of Talladega.

Mrs. Blankenship, wife of our friend and neighbor, J. A. Blankenship, died very suddenly near here last Friday evening. On the Saturday previous Mr. and Mrs. Blankenship had gone to Birmingham to have an operation performed upon the feet of their six months' old child. While there Mrs. Blankenship was taken suddenly ill with something like meningitis. She was brought home Tuesday, but grew worse until death came to her relief on Friday. She was buried here Saturday, Rev. B. C. Hughes conducting the burial services. To the bereaved family we extend our sympathy in this their sad hour of bereavement.

We attended the Sunday School Convention of Beats 8 and 11 at Union last Sunday, and enjoyed the day very much. W. E. Lester was made president, and J. E. Adams secretary. Prof. J. W. Moore read the letters. Rev. Mr. Sampley preached a very interesting sermon, subject, "Church Unity." The program was carried out nicely, and no doubt much good was done. We would like to mention the parts taken by each, but time and space forbids. We were glad to be with them for those people at Union know how to entertain an association, or rather a convention. Long may they live and prosper is the wish of

JAKE.

Are We Coming to This?

Prof. Henry S. Baker, a prominent colored citizen of Washington, prints the following card in the Post today:

"Editor Post: As a colored man I wish to call attention to the difference between the republican an democratic national conventions. At the republican convention the colored man was treated as a companion, friend and brother. There he was made to feel as if he was not only political, but a social equal. The delegates followed the advice and example of our beloved President, Theodore Roosevelt, who teaches that the colored man deserves to be treated as a social equal. To emphasize this fact, he had the courage to have at his table Prof. Booker T. Washington. If Roosevelt is elected it will so encourage the colored men that we will demand that Prof. Booker Washington shall be the republican candidate for vice president in 1908.

"Let not our colored brethren forget that scene in the republican convention when a beautiful white girl was placed upon the stand and by her side a negro boy. They then placed flags in their hands and allowed them to lead the cheering, thus making the first and grandest example of the equality of the races that history has ever recorded.

"In the democratic convention there was not a single colored man. It was in word and deed a white man's convention of a white man's party. All hail to Roosevelt, who has given the poor negro so much to encourage him to persist in his political and social rights."

THEY WON'T FORGET IT.

In putting a little white girl and a little negro boy on the platform side by side at the Roosevelt convention in Chicago, the Republican party did just exactly what was expected of it. Fathers of little white girls throughout the country will remember this tableau in November.—Houston (Tex) Post.

It was not only an outrage upon the innocent little girl, but it was an insult to American womanhood. It was something that the American will not forget whether they reside in Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi and Texas, or in Illinois, Indiana and Ohio. The white people of America are opposed to thus placing the negro upon an equality with the whites, and they will resent it in no certain tones when the November election is held

There was no occasion for such an exhibition, and none but a convention of men dominated by Theodore Roosevelt would have permitted such a thing to occur. This, together with the negro plank of the platform, if there were nothing else, should be enough to cause every self-respecting white man in the United States States to turn from the Republican party and Roosevelt in loathing and digust. It is enough to sicken the stoutest of hearts.

The Post truly says, "fathers of little white girls throughout the country will remember this tableau in November.—Columbus (Ga.) Enquirer-Sun.

To Voters of Shelby County.

Vandiver, Ala., July 10, 1904.

Editor Sentinel, Columbiana:

Dear Sir:—You will please find enclosed a letter from Dr. Vandiver which he clipped from a paper published in his county and sent to me. Dr. Vandiver is a brother-in-law of mine. He moved to Arkansas about fifteen years ago. I send this letter to The Sentinel for publication if the editor thinks it is worth printing. I would like for the voters of Old Shelby to read the letter from Dr. Vandiver.

Respectfully,
G. E. BRASHER.

Editor of News-Democrat:

I have never in my life contributed an article for publication. I have always been more or less modest in these tendencies, but certain political conditions have arisen in this county at the instance of certain parties, who would assume to be the leaders of the Republican party, that are so antagonistic to my sense of social and political propriety, that I am compelled by self respect to give out this criticism, and by this means I wish to renounce my further allegiance to the Republican party. I am stimulated to take this action by the apparent love, affinity and political social equality indulged for the negro in the Roosevelt Republican League Club of Mena, and the Republica Congressional Convention held in this city last Friday.

The organ of the Republican party of Polk county in its issue of May 13, in giving its account of the Republican Club meeting on the night before, says: "Sam P. Crow was called on for a talk, and he made a good one." And this paper says further "those present at the meeting last night could see very plainly the great good this club can and will accomplish for the party. It brings the Republicans close together." Yes, it brings the blacks and (some) whites close together in political and finally social equality. Sam P. Crow is a negro. He is a Southern negro and would not assume to join the club or impose himself on its members if he was not invited to do so. After he made that speech to enlighten certain members of the Republican party who have an admiration and love for him, he says: "Mr. Smith, I isn't to blame foh dat. Da jest kep writin' me letters and insissen, and insissen, insissen and insissen on me jining de club an' I jined, and when I jined da jest kep insissen on ma makin a speech and I made a speech" "I isn't to blame foh dat," Mr. Smith. "I nose I is black on de outside, but I's jest as white as da is on the inside. I nose I is, sah" Sam knows his place, and he knew he was out of place when he "jined de club." But there was such love and affinity for him, and he was seemingly, to certain fellows, such an indispensible factor that the club would be without equipoise or balance in his absence. In the Congressional Convention that met here last Friday, there were two other dark smooth sons of Ham to grace and odorfy that body.

This criticism may be a little rank in this connection, for, judging from the blunders made in the last three years by this new order of Republican management of Polk county, it may be possible that they were seeking Sam's counsel in learning better how to manage the Republican machine in this country, and if that was the case we recognize him as eminently fitted to do that, and would suggest that they elect him their club president.

There have been instances in the South when white people would attend an occasional negro wedding or protracted meeting to watch their peculiar antics and see what they would do, and some times partake of a little wedding cake, but the color line in our sense was never broken, and each element adhered to his own sphere. I like and respect a negro in his place, and while it may be pleasing to the smell and respectful sensibility of some to invite Sam P. Crow into club membership and oration with them, it does not please me and many more of the "native" Republican constituency of Polk county.

Again to emphasize this tendency and affinity for the negro, 'The Daily Times' says in its issue of the 20th, "Sam P. Crow is black and his hair kinky" * * * "that Jeff Davis is blacker, etc., that he had rather eat corn pone with poor old Sam Crow, than to sit each week at the News editors place at Jeff Davis' banquet table" * * * I would like to give the Times editor credit for this statement for we believe he told the truth, and it is this affinity and love for the negro and disrespect for a white man that stimulates us in climbing out of this band wagon. I have been a little shaky on this negro question in our party for a long time and I have made up my mind that I can not swallow it further. I shall, therefore cast my lot with the Democratic party, and vote for Jeff Davis and its nominees in the general election.

Respectfully,
W. C. VANDIVER.

Mena, Ark., May 25, 1904.

The Registration.

Prof. S. Dowell, who is a member of the Board of Registration, came home Friday to rest over Sunday. He says at Bamford the Board registered three voters, at Helena 19, at Maylene 33, at Montevallo 47, and at Calera 17. Few negroes made application to register, and but one came up to the qualifications.

A MODEL DRUG STORE : : :

(Conducted on a modern system.)

We carry all Patent Medicines sold in this section. Best fine Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco. Fine line of Stationery, in fact, everything that goes to make up a

First Class Drug Store.

Large stock of Jewelry, Watches, Rings, Pins, Colgates Soaps, Extracts, and Toilet Articles.

Our Prescription Department

Is always in charge of a Pharmacist made competent by a thorough knowledge of Pharmacy and years of experience.

J. W. Bandy Drug Company.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS July 6th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$37,584.41	Capital paid in	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures	7,000.00	Deposits	26,013 59
Other Real Estate	3,000.00	Rediscounts	18,244 98
Cash and with other Banks	13,710.30	Undivided profits	2,036.14
	$61,294.71		$61,294.71

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of July, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM Title and Guaranty Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Mgr., Birmingham, Alabama. Birmingham Phone 669.

W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala. Columbiana Phone 42.

ALABAMA GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL,

MONTEVALLO, ALA.

LITERARY, SCIENTIFIC, COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, DOMESTIC, PEDAGOGICAL, MUSICAL, ARTISTIC.

SESSION OPENS SEPT. 15th

Expenses $90.00.

Healthfull Location--Faculty of 27 Teachers.

FOR CATALPGUE, ADDRESS,

FRANCES M. PETERSON, President.

For Sale.

I have for sale a good Jersey cow with young calf.

E. B. NELSON.

For Sale.

A good four room house, 33 acres of land attached, in fine cultivation, within gunshot of the best school in Shelby county. Apply to

J. W. JOHNSTON.

The Sentinel learns that while pitching a game of ball at Shelby on Tuesday, Will Averyt snapped the bone of his right arm between the elbow and shoulder.

In re-petition of J. H. Walker as guardian of Warren P. Smith and Edith Smith to sell lands for reinvestment. } PROBATE COURT OF SHELBY CO., ALABAMA.

Whereas on the 28th day of June, 1904, in the above stated cause J. H. Walker as guardian filed his application for the sale of certain real estate situated in Chambers and Talladega counties, Alabama, belonging to his wards, and asking for an order of sale and authorizing the sale of such real estate and the re-investment of the proceeds thereof, and

Whereas, the 25th day of July, 1904, has been appointed as the day for the hearing of such application.

Now, therefore, notice of the filing of said application and of the nature thereof, and of the day appointed for the hearing of the same is hereby given by advertisement for three consuccessive weeks in The Sentinel, a newspaper published in Shelby county Alabama.

A. P. LONGSHORE,
Judge of Probate.
45-3t

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM, - - - ALA.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office upstairs in Bank Building.

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA. - - ALA.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
-AND-
SALE STABLES
COLUMBIANA - - - - ALA.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Chas. H. Fletcher

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE.

DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT

The $1.00 bottle contains 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.

PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

THE WEAK SPOT.

A weak, aching back tells of sick kidneys. It aches when you work. It aches when you try to rest. It throbs in changeable weather. Urinary troubles add to your misery. No rest, no comfort, until the kidneys are well. Cure them with Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. W. M. Dauscher, of 25 Water St., Bradford, Pa., says: "I had an almost continuous pain in the small of the back. My ankles, feet, hands and almost my whole body were bloated. I was languid and the kidney secretions were profuse. Physicians told me I had diabetes in its worst form, and I feared I would never recover. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me in 1896, and I have been well ever since."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mrs. Dauscher will be mailed to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by all dealers, price 50 cents per box.

High authorities say that the skull of Alexander Pope is in the private collection of a phrenologist. On some occasion of alteration the coffin of Pope was disinterred and opened to see the state of the remains. By a bribe to the sexton, the possession of the skull was obtained for the night and another skull was returned instead of it. Fifty pounds is said to be the amount that secured the skull of one of the world's greatest poets.

Thrown out of employment by the suspension of work on the Pennsylvania railroad, 2,000 workingmen are reported to have returned to their homes in Europe, and it is expected that more will follow.

A macadam highway can be built eighteen feet wide, exclusively of stone, usually for $3,000 to $3,500 a mile.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

There is no earthly power greater than a woman's smile.

Ask Your Dealer For Allen's Foot-Ease, A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Port Arthur and Cincinnati are in the same latitude.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle

The Korean capital has a Japanese quarter known as the Shingorai.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

London bridge is crossed every day by 220,000 people.

LAKE AND MOUNTAIN RESORTS AND WORLD'S FAIR VIA QUEEN AND CRESCENT ROUTE.

The Queen and Crescent Route (Alabama Great Southern R. R.) will sell summer tourist tickets to northern lake and mountain resorts that will allow the holder to go via direct route and return via St. Louis, with stop-over for visit to the Louisiana Purchase exposition, at very little additional cost.

Tickets on sale daily to September 30th, with limit October 31st, 1904.

For rates and particulars ask nearest ticket agent or address,

A. B. FREEMAN, T. P. A.,
Queen & Crescent Route,
Birmingham, Ala.

To Exploit African Falls.

A company has been formed to exploit Victoria Falls, in the Zambesi, and will built a hydro-electric generating station, with the expectation of supplying power to the Waukie coal fields, Buluwayo, the Gwelo, Sebaskive and Hartley gold fields, all of which are within 300 miles.

$400 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

To Protect Montana Waters.

Citizens of Montana living in the valley of Milk River are gravely concerned over the proposed extensive diversion of the waters of that stream in Canada, and are importuning the government to intervene in order that their prior rights to the water may be protected.

Odors of Perspiration

Removed at once from the armpits, feet, etc., by ROYAL FOOT WASH. Stops Chafing, Cures Sweating, Burning, Swollen, Tired Feet. 25c at Druggists, or postpaid from EATON DRUG CO., Atlanta, Ga. Money back if not satisfied. Sample for 2c stamp.

In Manchuria dog raising is practiced upon pretty much the same scale as sheep farming in Australia. A pretty bride does not take her dowry in specie or in land. Dogs are the dowry, six if she be the daughter of poor parents, more if they be wealthy.

Among the handsome window displays competing for first honors at the recent Confederate Re-Union at Nashville, Tenn., was that of the National Casket Co., in way of a handsome Confederate Grey Casket, draped with Silk Confederate Battle Flag with the figure of a Young Soldier, "A Son of the Old Veteran" standing guard, typefying the iden that the "Sons of Confederate Veterans" would faithfully guard his memory. The many visitors were very much impressed with the sentiment of the display made by the National Casket Co.

LOOMIS' BODY FOUND

Floats to the English Coast Not Far from Plymouth. Wound in Head.

FOUL PLAY GIVEN CREDENCE.

Examination of the Body Adds to Suspicions—That Wound Behind the Ear.

The body of F. Kent Loomis, who disappeared from the North German Lloyd steamer, Kaiser Wilhelm II, on June 20th last, as that vessel was nearing Plymouth, was found at Warrens Point, adjacent to Thurlestone Sands, some fifteen miles from Plymouth. The body was bruised by contact with rocks.

It was dressed in a gray overcoat, dark blue suit and white shirt. When the body was searched a gold watch, a quantity of American and English money in notes and coin were found in the pockets, and a card with the name, F. Kent Loomis. The pockets also contained a number of private papers. The American consul at Plymouth proceeded to Thurlestone and after viewing the body identified it as that of F. Kent Loomis.

The consul said there was an abrasion under the right ear. Deceased's watch had stopped at 6 o'clock. The steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II, from which Mr. Loomis disappeared, arrived at Plymouth at 2 o'clock in the morning.

The wound behind the right ear is described as being circular, large and clean, and it is thought that it was inflicted before death. It is surmised that Mr. Loomis' body fell into the water near Eddystone light house.

Joseph G. Stephens, American consul at Plymouth, in response to a telegram sent by the Associated Press tonight asking him if the local reports of foul play had any basis, or if he had any ground for suspicion regarding the death of Mr. Loomis, replied:

"I regret I can not make any statements prior to the inquest which will be held tomorrow. The wound on the back of the right ear is the size of a half dollar. The body is fairly well preserved, and especially about the top of the head, considering the time it has been in the water."

ONE FATALITY.

From Wreck on the Southern Near Kennedy Thursday.

L. M. Fields, who was slightly injured in a wreck on the Southern railway near Kennedy Thursday afternoon died Friday. Mr. Fields was on his way from Mississippi in company with his brother, who was also injured in the wreck. He was suffering with consumption in the last stages, and while his injuries were not sufficient to cause death, it is thought that the shock and fright of the wreck hastened his dath.

Alexander City Fire.

Secretary of State and Insurance Commissioner E. R. McDavid has received a report of the investigation of the recent fire at Alexander City, which destroyed about $10,000 worth of property. It was thought at the time, July 2d, that the fire was of incendiary origin, and on the recommendation of the mayor Mr. McDavid ordered an investigation. A large number of witnesses were examined, but no evidence was adduced to show that there was criminal action on the part of any one.

Governor Terrell and Senators Bacon and Clay, of Georgia, have asked Acting Secretary of War Oliver to authorize the quota of Georgia militia for the maneuvers at Manassas to be increased to the full strength of a brigade. The secretary has replied that this can not be done, but the brigade officers with companies of forty or fifty men will be allowed.

Government May Complain.

It is probable that the attention of the British government will be directed to a movement conducted officially by the Canadian government to induce immigration from the United States to the Northwest Territory.

It appears the Dominion department of interior through one of its assistant secretaries has been sending broadcast throughout the northwestern states circular letters principally addressed to clergymen, professional men and persons of influence describing in glowing terms the splendid resources of the Canadian northwest and inviting immigrants by the offer of 160 acres of land for each, free schools and sound laws.

Mormons Establish Headquarters.

President Daniel E. Rich, of the southern states mission of the Mormon church, has purchased substantial buildings in Chattanooga for the establishment of permanent headquarters for the Mormon church in the south. All of the southern states will be in his jurisdiction, and many missionaries will be sent out every year. The headquarters are removed there from Atlanta.

The Louisiana railroad commission has given notice to all railroad companies operating in that state that it intends at a session to be held some time in September to adopt a rule making in the duty of all railroad companies to protect all grade crossings by interlocking and other safely devices.

In the month of June iron production fell from a rate of 1,500,000 tons to a rate of 1,300,000 tons.

ALABAMA BABTISTS

Meet in Anniston in Annual Convention.

The Alabama Baptist state convention will convene in its 83d annual session in the Parker Memorial Baptist church at Anniston July 20 to 22, inclusive. Among the questions that will require the attention of the body will be the raising of a $500,000 endowment fund for Howard college, the general discussion of missions and the affairs of the educational institutions of the convention. The convention controls Howard college at East Lake, the Judson female institute at Marion, the Alabama Baptist orphanage at Evergreen and several other smaller educational institutions.

The paramount question before the convention will be missions. The reports of the home and foreign missionary secretaries are looked forward to with considerable interest.

The Baptist State convention has no executive powers. Its delegates can pass resolutions and make suggestions but each church is a government unto itself. The convention has no authority to change any of the creeds or laws. The churches in the various districts are divided into associations. The Baptists of Alabama number 150,000. There are 855 churches and 80 associations in the state. The value of church property is $1,379,592.

The officers of the convention are: H. S. D. Mallory, of Selma, president; C. L. Comer, of Eufaula, first vice president; R. H. Pettus, of Huntsville, second vice president; R. F. Manly, of Birmingham, treasurer; W. B. Compton, of Montgomery, corresponding secretary; S. P. Fowlke, of Birmingham auditor.

Another important matter that will come before the convention will be the question of placing evangelists in the field.

HUNT SUES FOR DAMGES.

Alleges False Imprisonment and Criminal Libel.

William A. Hunt has filed suit against R. C. Milliken, Sheriff Burgin, Judge Benners, of the inferior court of Birmingham, and the Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance company, asking for damages to the amount of $50,000 for an alleged false and malicious arrest and imprisonment.

The plaintiff also claims damages to the amount of $199,999 against the Fidelity Mutual Insurance company in a second suit, alleging libel.

Hunt was indicted on two charges in Texas. He was tried on the first indictment and acquitted, and was on the second bill found guilty and given a sentence of five years in the penitentiary. An appeal to the supreme court was taken and a decision was handed down reversing the decision of the lower court and ordering the defendant discharged.

RESERVOIR BREAKS,

Flooding Valley of Scottdale, Pa., Ruining Property and Crops.

With the roar of a Niagara the new reservoir of the Citizens' Water company at Scottdale, Pa., burst Sunday night, and more than 300,000,000 gallons of water rushed down the valley, sweeping all before it, and inundating crops and wrecking buildings in its path. It was discovered that the dam was in danger of breaking, and messengers were hastily sent through the valley to warn the people.

Hundreds of lives were thus saved, for an hour later the whole valley was under water.

The damage to the machinery and the reservoir alone will amount to $50,000. When the torrent swept down upon the valley buildings were torn from their foundations and carried on the crest of a great wave. Crops valued at thousands of dollars were completely wiped out. Bridges were carried away.

Child Kills Young Brother.

Edward Cox, the 8-year-old son of Dr. B. D. Cox, of Jackson, Ky., who was assassinated two years ago, accidentally shot and killed his 4-year-old brother Tom. The ball passed through the head. Edward was playing with an old rifle which belonged to his father and had not been discharged since the latter's death.

SAW HIM RUN AWAY.

Incendiary Fire in Montgomery Lumber Yard.

Fire destroyed the plant of the Alabama Rift Flooring company two miles from Montgomery Sunday morning. The loss is estimated at $75,000. It is thought the blaze was of incendiary origin, as the watchman saw a man run away from one of the dry kilns just before the fire broke out.

The plant consisted of a large planing mill, two dry kilns, a large sifted, dust house and boiler room. The whole covered four acres of space. There was $54,350 insurance.

Shot by a Boy.

Information has reached this city of the killing of Mrs. Robert Floyd near Dublin, Ga., by Malcomn Currie. Young Currie shot Mrs. Floyd six or seven times, and then shot Mrs. Thomas Floyd, his sister-in-law, inflicting a serious wound.

It is said that Mrs. Floyd started toward Mrs. Currie with a knife, when the boy began shooting, killing her instantly. No arrests have yet been made.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Charles B. Galloway, D. D., LL. D., missionary bishop of the Southern Methodist Episcopal church, is now en route to the far east and will spend several months in the mission fields of China, Japan and Korea.

The heavy rain, hail and wind storm Sunday afternoon blew down more than half the tents which had been put up by the soldier boys at their camp near Owenton.

BREVITIES BY WIRE.

The Empire Plow company at Ensley is enlarging its warehouse in order to meet the demands of its rapidly increasing trade. Recently the company erected another main building which covers a space of 40x160 feet and practically doubtless the capacity of the plant. During the last year the company has spent over $20,000 for improvements.

Work has begun on the building of the Carnegie library at the Agricultural and Mechanical college at Normal. Mr. Carnegie gave the school $10,000 for the library and very little of this sum will be expended on anything but books, as students in the mechanical department of the college will furnish the labor on the building.

T. B. Woods, justice of the peace of Valley Creek precinct, Selma, was shot by a negro, but the injury was only a flesh wound from the contents of both barrels of a shotgun. The negro who did the shooting was standing nearly a hundred yards away and was shooting at Constable Albert Suttles. The negro surrendered.

The resignation of Hon. Osceola Kyle, judge of the eighth judicial circuit, has been received by Acting Governor Cunningham. It was wired from Washington where Judge Kyle was commissioned one of the canal zone judges in Panama. He sails from New York to take up his new duties this week.

Professor Charles P. Echols, son of Major W. H. Echols, of Huntsville, has been appointed professor of mathematics at the West Point Military academy, succeeding Professor Eddington. His brother, William H. Echols, Jr., is professor of mathematics in the University of Virginia.

The Jeffrey Manufacturing company of Columbus, O., is installing some improved machinery in No. 3 mine, Pratt City. This company has a contract to put in several large mining machines which will cost the Tennessee company, it is estimated, something like $18,000.

On July 1 there were but 188 furnaces in blast, possessing a weekly capacity of 272,301 tons, as against 213 furnaces on June 1, having a weekly capacity of 336,197 tons. The weekly capacity is lower than it has been since January 1st.

Governor Cunningham issued an order directing Generals R. F. Ligon, W. W. Brandon and B. L. Holt to proceed to Birmingham to represent him at the camp. These officers form the military advisory board known as the war college in military circles.

At Huntsville the Lowe Manufacturing company will increase the capacity of its cotton mills from 15,000 to 20,000 spindles and will have an addition ready for operation by the 1st of December. The company will duplicate its mill No. 1.

Wiley Hood, engine foreman in the Southern yards at Selma, was severely injured while riding on top of a box car which was turned over through the derailment of a car having a wheel on which the flange was broken.

S. Morgan Stewart, Jr., has resigned the office of second lieutenant of company F, Third regiment, Alabama National Guard. First Sergeant Victor Gooch will find the vacancy until after the brigade encampment.

Major W. F. Tebbetts, inspector of rifle practice on the staff of Brigadier General Louis V. Clark, is building a rifle range for rifle practice during the encampment this week of the Alabama national guard.

Ed Jackson, a brakeman on the Southern railway, was killed at the Tennessee river bridge at Huntsville, being struck on the head by a beam as he stood on a car. He lived in Iuka, Miss.

The earnings of the Alabama Great Southern railway for the fourth week of June amounted to $87,344 against $87,497 for the same week last year.

Montgomery county's grand jury has returned an indictment against W. C. Sanford, who shot and killed James Achors, of Birmingham, a few weeks ago, charging murder in the first degree.

Miners in the Blue Creek region of the Tennessee company's workings have been notified to vacate the company's houses by August 1st.

A white man named T. H. Lissley and his wife have been arrested at Lewisburg, Tenn., on the charge of stealing a horse and buggy from the Tennessee livery stables in Gadsden.

The Louisville and Nashville railroad reports earnings for the first week in July amounting to $588,835 against $469,123 for the same week last year.

A contract has been awarded to Duke & Journey, of Jacksonville, for the construction of a $100,000 cotton factory at that place. Their bid was $36,000.

Hon. M. W. Howard, who was tendered the nomination by the republicans of the seventh district for congress, has declined with thanks.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Birmingham will erect a memorial water fountain to the memory of Dr. Elias Davis, the water to be furnished to the people free of cost. The fountain will be erected in the near future in the city hall, arrangements having been made therefor.

The Jefferson county sanitary commission passed a resolution authorizing the purchase of $10,000 worth of piping for sanitary sewers. This will be purchased from the United States Pipe company, of Bessemer, and will be delivered in a few weeks.

C. D. Bowling, of Cullman, has been appointed tax commissioner of that county. The appointment was made by State Back Tax Commissioner Harvey E. Jones, with the approval of Acting Governor Cunningham.

Montgomery will pay out $54,850.50 in salaries for teachers and janitors of the public schools located in the city limits. Out of this amount the white teachers in the public schools are to receive $43,196.50.

UNCONQUERABLE MELANCHOLY.

The pessimist looked on the weather map
And a mournful sigh sighed he;
For he was a most unhappy chap,
Unhappy as could be.

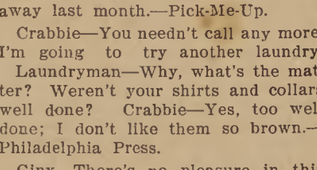
"In January we're frozen tight,"
He sang both sad and slow;
"In February the slush we fight
And in March the chill winds blow.

"In April come the mud and rain
And in May the rain and mud,
In June the heat bids men complain;
July still fires the blood.

"September humidly depressed;
October threatens chill;
November's climate, all unblessed,
That threat doth soon fulfil.

"And in December air severe
Our aches and pains we nurse;
And then we start another year
Which probably is worse."
—Washington Star.

JUST FOR FUN



Courtier—Duke Albrecht hath put his two uncles to the rack. Jester—Ah, another case of strained relations. —Princeton Tiger.

Harry—Don't you think there's something unique about Flanders in his especial line? Dick—Yes; he is unique in thinking himself so.

"Do you ever feel as though there was nothing in life for you?" "No. Life's always full of work for me, and they never let me forget it."—Chicago Record-Herald.

"It don't do much good," said Uncle Eben, "foh a man's heart to be in de right place, if he insists on keepin' his mind on hoss races an' policy."—Washington Star.

Wifey—Do you recollect that once, when we had a tiff, I said you were just as mean as you could be? Hubby—Yes, darling. Wifey—O James, how little did I know you then!—Glasgow Evening Times.

Mr. Dash—Is your cook amiable when you bring home unexpected company to dinner? Mr. Rash—Oh, we have a guaranteed asbestos curtain between our dining room and kitchen. —Cincinnati Tribune.

"I think," he said, "that I am now just about even with the world." "Even with the world?" "Yes. I figure that I have now reached a point where I owe just as many people as I don't owe."—Chicago Post.

Parkson—I'll bet a level half-crown that Melvill's girl has jilted him. Richford—What makes you think so? Parkson—Why, he's out under the trees looking for that pipe he threw away last month.—Pick-Me-Up.

Crabbie—You needn't call any more. I'm going to try another laundry. Laundryman—Why, what's the matter? Weren't your shirts and collars well done? Crabbie—Yes, too well done; I don't like them so brown.—Philadelphia Press.

Ginx—There's no pleasure in this life without its accompanying pain. Berwelt—Yes, I think I've heard something of the sort. Ginx—My wife says if I can kindle a fire in my auto I can kindle a fire in the kitchen stove. So you see, I've got myself into business.

An Eye to Business—"I've heard so much about 'inventions of the devil,'" said the new arrival. "I thought I'd like to meet the—er—gentleman. Are you he?" "I am," replied Lucifer. "Well, say, can't I be of some service to you? I was a patent attorney up there."—Philadelphia Press.

An Eccentric Bishop.

Bishop Wilson of Calcutta had as housekeeper a venerable lady who remembered the duel between Sir Philip Francis and Warren Hastings on Aug. 17, 1780. On entering the cathedral on a Sunday morning, fully robed, lawn sleeves and all, and passing the pew where the old lady sat he would pause and give her the "kiss of peace" before all the congregation, and this although he had met her at breakfast.

His sermons, too, were racy. Preaching against dishonesty, especially in horseflesh, as one of the great English failings in India, he went on, "Nor are we, servants of the altar, free from yielding to this temptation." Pointing to the occupant of the reading desk below him: "There is my dear and venerable brother the archdeacon, down there. He is an instance of it. He once sold me a horse. It was unsound. "I was a stranger, and he took me in."

Grim Humors of the Scaffold.

In walking to the scaffold in solemn procession a criminal once called to the governor of the prison: "Just oblige me, guv'nor, by telling me the day o' the week." "Monday," answered the surprised governor. "Monday!" exclaimed the prisoner, in disgusted tones; "well, this 'ere's a fine way of beginning a week, ain't it?" And he marched on with dissatisfaction imprinted on every line of his face.

On another occasion an officious hangman whispered as he placed the white cap on his victim's head. "If there's anything you'd like to ask me, I'll be pleased to answer." The victim craned his neck forward and said in an equally low, but very much more anxious voice: "You might tell me is —is this scaffold safe?"—New Zealand Medical Journal.

Artificial Flowers Mede of Wood.

One of the most beautiful uses to which wood-fibre has been put is the manufacture of artificial flowers. Thus far the only flowers made of this material are pink roses, violets and white and purple lilacs, with the necessary leaves. The violets are made in Philadelphia, while the other "blooms" come from Japan, the roses selling for a dollar each. The imitation is remarkably close, both in color, form and texture.

Theory and Practice.

Knicker—Who was that lecturer who made such an eloquent plea for the simpler life?

Bocker—That's Jones; he's trying to make enough money to get an automobile.—New York Sun.

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The rector who conducted the services in Judge Parker's church last Sunday was asked if he had Judge Parker's silence in mind in his reference to the eloquence in life, rather than lips, when he said: "It is not the eloquence in life that speaks as loudly or counts for as much as the life itself of a man." The doctor smiled but declined to say.

WORLD'S FAIR, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Low excursion tickets sold daily by the Southern railway. For full information regarding rates, schedules, etc., call on any Southern railway agent or write J. N. Harrison, district passenger agent; R. B. Creagh, traveling passenger agent, Birmingham, Ala.

Russian newspaper work is not pleasant, inasmuch as the government spends more money on its press censors than on its schools. Last year 83 newspapers were suspended for various periods and twenty-six were forbidden to accept all advertisements, while 259 editors were told that they would have vacations in Siberia if they continued their methods of reviewing public questions.

The windmill has been put to work in Germany driving dynamos.

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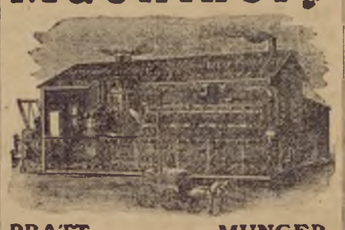

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Am. 30, 1904.

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COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., JULY 28, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 48

MINERS CALL STRIKE

Reject Ofier of Operators and Demand Old Scale. The Action Unanimous.

SESSION LASTED TWO HOURS.

Operators Ask Reduction to 40c Per Ton as Minimum and Monthly Pay Day.

At 1:20 Monday afternoon the special convention of Alabama district No. 20, United Mine Workers of America, adjourned sine die and it was announced that a strike had been declared. In the official call for a strike this paragraph appears:

"The operators persistently demand a reduction of ten cents per ton on the minimum and seven and a half cents per ton on the maximum, with a return to the monthly payday system, an increase of hours of one hour per day; that day men shall be paid by the hour instead of by the day according to past custom, a large increase in the differential between pick and machine mining, and several other changes."

This call applies to all the miners and mine laborers in the employ of the Pratt Coal Company, except mine known as number "sixteen," located near Pinckney City, where temporary contract has been entered into between said company and the United Mine Workers of America.

The strike order effects 8000 men, most of whom have been out since July 1.

The miners are insisting on the scale of last year. This scale calls for a minimum of 47 1-2 cents a ton when iron is selling at $8 a ton.

The operators submitted a proposition reducing the price to 40 cents a ton minimum when iron is selling at $8.50 a ton. This, the miners say, means a reduction of 10 cents a ton on the minimum.

About 45,000 men will continue at work under temporary contracts signed by several companies. The men affected have done no work since the 1st of July, awaiting an adjustment of the wage scale.

All miners working where temporary contracts exist will continue at work pending a final adjustment of the wage scale.

The national organization will be immediately informed of the strike call and will be expected to give assistance to the district organization.

New Coal Company.

The Merrimac Coal company, capital stock $50,000, has been incorporated in Walker county. The company now owns about 1,000 acres of coal lands in Walker county on the Corona seam and this will be developed. It is intended to open mines which will have a daily capacity of about 400 tons. The company has ordered 100 tram cars and a contract has been let to erect 75 houses for employes. An air compressor plant will be put in and a tipple built. The branch railroad will be constructed to the property at once. The company expects to put coal on the market by December 1st.

Lieutenant Colonel F. P. McConnel and Captain Campbell, quartermaster of the Third regiment Alabama national guard, have been sued by Gray & Dudley, merchants of Birmingham, for $20. Two years ago horse blankets were purchased from the company for the use of the members of the colonel's staff of the Third regiment, which account, it is claimed, remains unpaid.

Killed by Lightning.

Samuel E. Fleming, who lived six or seven miles northeast of Brundidge, was killed by lightning Sunday. A heavy cloud was coming up and as he stepped into the yard the lightning struck a tree and glanced to him, killing him instantly. A widow and children survive him.

Never Had a Trial.

Henry Johnson, colored, who was sentenced to be hung on the 7th of last March for the murder of another negro, will not be hanged. The supreme court held that he had never been tried. The act creating the city court of Gadsden says that the fall term shall commence on the third Monday in September and continue until the third Saturday in December. It seems that the Johnson trial was commenced on Friday, the 18th of December, and completed on Saturday, the 19th. His attorneys contended that the term of court expired on the night of the 18th at 12 o'clock.

DEADLY GRADE CROSSING.

Two Killed and Several Injured In Indiana.

Two persons were killed and several injured in a collision between a Big Four passenger train and an electric car at Indianapolis. The locomotive struck the front of the electric car throwing it a distance of twenty feet to one side, its direction being almost reversed.

ENGINEER COMMITS SUICIDE.

Leaves Letter, but Assigns No Cause for the Act.

The dead body of Walter B. Wallace, a Southern railway engineer, was found Monday morning. Wallace was well known. He was a married man and the father of several children.

A letter was found in the room where the suicide occurred addressed to Mrs. Wallace. In it the deceased tells his wife to blame no one for his death. The cause of the act is not given.

Sunday morning Wallace went to the Waddell house and asked for a room in which to take a nap. When he had retired he called Dave Waddell, the son of the proprietor, and stated that he had an in-growing toe nail that was troubling him, and asked that the boy go to the drug store and get some medicine for him. He sent for ten cents' worth of carbolic acid and ten cents' worth of laudanum. He then asked not to be disturbed. He did not look his door.

"LOST HIS HEAD"

And Was the Prime Cause of the Slocum Disaster.

The disaster to the excursion steamer General Slocum, in which nearly a thousand lives were lost, never would have occurred if one of the deck hands had retained his presence of mind, according to the opinion of former Fire Marshal Thomas F. Freel, who testified before the federal commission which is making an inquiry into the disaster. Mr. Freel said that a member of the steamer's crew named Coakley testified before the coroner that he saw the fire and tried to find something to smother it with. He picked up a bag of charcoal and threw it at the barrel, knocking it over and spreading the fire. He then ran to get the fire hose, leaving the door to the stairway open.

"That was all that the fire wanted—a little aid—and it spread," said Mr. Freel.

"If the man had not lost his head, he could have picked up the barrel and thrown it overboard and the disaster would not have happened."

Davis to Marry.

News comes from Shepherdstown, W. Va., that ex-Senator Henry G. Davis, the democratic vice presidential candidate, will in the fall marry Mrs. Catherine Reynolds, widow of Dr. John Reynolds, of Shepherdstown. Mrs. Reynolds is 70 years old, while Senator Davis is 80. There is a youthful romance back of the story.

When Mr. Davis was a railroad brakeman he became a suitor for her hand. He proposed to the young lady, whose maiden name was Catherine Cushwa. She was willing, but the family, which was one of the most prominent in Washington county, Maryland, objected because he was only a poor railroad man. Davis disappeared and she later married Dr. Reynolds. Mrs. Reynolds has two grown children and half a dozen grandchildren.

Will Make Electric Goods.

The Southern Electric and Manufacturing company is Anniston's latest industry.

Two acres of land has been awarded the company as a bonus and upon these lands the company will erect its buildings.

The capital of the company is $100,000.

The Cane Crop.

The weather during the past week has been favorable, the rains ceasing to some extent, and the temperature mounting high. Cane is progressing, and the prospects for a heavy crop are bright.

Six members of presidential cabinets have become presidents, and each had been secretary of state.

Fought to the Death.

Two guards employed by the Victor Fuel company at Hastings, Colo., became involved in a quarrel and decided to fight a duel. Accordingly they armed themselves with revolvers and began firing at each other. When the guns were emptied the two men drew knives and fought until both dropped dead.

New Enterprises in Mississippi.

Aberdeen—$50,000 hardware company; ginning and milling company.

Columbus—$100,000 underwear mill.

Jackson—$250,000 water works.

Newton—Woodworking plant.

Okolona—$75,000 oil mill.

Picayune—$10,000 development company.

Prospect—$12,000 saw mill.

Summit—$30,000 ice factory and bottling works.

Union—Saw mill; planing mill; saw mill and gin.

Utica—Spoke and handle factory.

Woodville—$75,000 water works and electric light plant.

Merry del Val Resigns.

It is said that Cardinal Merry del Val, the papal secretary of state, has tendered his resignation owing to the hostility of the cardinals and that the pope has not accepted the resignation.

Attendance at Fair.

The statement of the attendance at the world's fair last week issued by the department of admissions shows a total of 512,150.

NEARING NEW CHWANG

Japanese Advance is Watched from the Housetops. The Russians Leaving.

RUSSIANS TAKE MERCHANTMEN

American and German Vessels Captured—Japanese Police Seoul—Russians Destroying Property.

A battle was fought Saturday near Ta Tche Kiao attended, it is believed, with heavy losses. The progress of the battle was watched by many people in New Chwang from the roofs of the houses. The day was clear and the smoke of the guns could be plainly seen.

In the engagement the Russian losses are reported to have been 700. The Japanese are slowly nearing New Chwang.

In accordance with orders issued by General Kuropatkin, the Russians commenced to evacuate New Chwang Sunday. The Russian railway station is in flames. The Russians are evidently destroying their property previous to evacuation.

The Vladivostok squadron yesterday sunk the American steamer Knight Commander from New York off the province of Izsu, after transferring the crew of the Knight Commander to the steamer Tsinan.

The Vladivostok squadron also captured a German vessel with thirty thousand tons of flour, and an unknown British steamer. The two vessels were sent to Vladivostok in charge of prize crews.

The Japanese have posted in Seoul an announcement that they will exercise police power in all matters affecting Japanese interests. No anti-Japanese meetings will be allowed. This action is the result of the rapid growth of an anti-Japanese propaganda. Foreigners are not affected by the new order.

Advices say the Russian volunteer fleet steamer Smolensk fired three blank shots across the bows of the British steamer Ardova, the cargo of which consists of coal and explosives, and the vessel not stopping, the Smolensk sent two loaded shots at her, one of them passing over her amidships and the other two over her stern. The Ardova was then seized and her crew transferred to the Smolensk. The vessel will be brought to Suez.

Captain Gloloff, commander of a torpedo boat destroyer, jumped overboard during a storm to save a man whose boat had been swamped. Gloloff succeeded in bringing the man to the side of the destroyer and he was taken aboard, but the captain himself sank exhausted and was drowned.

Eleven million dollars has been allowed by the government for immediate improvements on the Siberian railway.

C. Roudanovsky, first secretary of the Russian legation at Pekin has committed suicide.

Japanese are sealing in Russian waters.

Paper gloves and stockings are now being manufactured in Europe. The stockings will last almost as long as ordinary stockings. The reason is because the paper of which they are made was, during the process of manufacture, transformed into a substance closely resembling wool, and was then woven and treated as ordinary wool.

Walter Kittredge, the author of the famous song, "Tenting on the Old Camp Ground," is still living in the hamlet of Read's Ferry, N. H., where he composes even at his advanced age.

Hon. Henry G. Davis, democratic candidate for vice president, has decided to have the notification meeting at White Sulphur Springs, Va. The date has not yet been fixed, but it will be about the middle of August.

Business failures in the United States for the week ending July 22d number 190.

DROVE THE RUSSIANS OUT.

Japanese Occupied Kiao Tung After a Hard Fight.

General Kuroki, in a severe fight, occupied Kiao Tung on July 19th. The place had been fortified by the Russians. In the fighting General Kuroki's troops drove the Russians from their position on the Chi river, which is northwest of Moatien pass, and east of An Ping, inflicting upon the enemy more serious loss than they sustained themselves. The fight began on the 18th and ended on the 19th. The Japanese lost 424 men in killed and wounded. The Russian losses are estimated at 1,000.

Railroads Against Excursions.

On account of peculiar labor conditions throughout the south the railroads are refusing to handle certain classes of traffic. Even the annual railroad excursions and picnics have been abandoned entirely. For over two years no railroad excursions have been operated out of Birmingham because of the disturbance they are alleged to create in labor ranks.

MAIL SEIZURE.

Controversy Settled Between England and Russia.

It is stated that the complications arising from the seizure of the P. and O. steamer Malacca by the Russian cruiser St. Petersburg have been settled on the following terms:

England acknowledged Russia's right to search the vessel and furtner gave Russia formal assurance that the steamer's cargo consisted of English government property. Russia admits the seizure was an error of judgment. She will pay the P. and O. company indemnity for the loss of time, etc Russia informs England that more circumspection will be displayed in the future. The status of the volunteer fleet remains undefined.

The passage of vessels through the Dardanelles did not figure in England's protest. Before the settlement was obtained it is stated that Russia sought European support and again failed. England, on the other hand, informed the powers that she would recapture the Malacca forcibly unless Russia liberated her. The expectation now is that England will immediately raise the question of passage of the Dardanelles by volunteer steamers.

TRIPLE MURDER.

Negro With a Shotgun Kills Three White Men.

Telephone messages say that at Alexanders, Ga., Sampson Flournoy, a negro, using a double-barreled shotgun, fired upon a party of four fishermen, all white, killing James Minos, aged 26, married, and Evans Tomlins, aged 24, and mortally wounded Edward Minor, aged 23, married.

The negro escaped. Bloodhounds are on his track. He had a quarrel over a trivial matter with one of the party, went away and procured the gun, returned, and fired without warning. At a nearby farm house he stole a mule on which he escaped

TORNADO IN GEORGIA.

Blows Down Two Churches and Does Other Damage.

A special from Augusta, Ga., says that a tornado passed over the eastern part of that city doing serious damage to buildings, trees and fences. Two negro churches were demolished and several buildings belonging to the Central of Georgia railroad were blown down, injuring several workmen but none fatally.

About two miles from the city several barns were blown down, in one of which a negro is said to have been killed by a falling tree. The financial loss is not stated.

To Revise Catchism.

For the purpose of revising the catechism Methodist Episcopal bishops, clergymen and laymen have convened in Ocean Grove, N. J. The northern and southern sections of the church are represented by seven delegates each. At the meeting last summer it was decided to give certain of the common catechisms used by both sections to members for revision, and the meeting this week is for the purpose of considering the results of the work prepared.

Battleships Coming Home.

The battleships Kearsarge, Alabama, Illinois, Maine, Missouri and Iowa of the American squadron will leave August 4, for home.

The cruiser Olympia, Baltimore, Cleveland and the tender Mayflower will go to Gibraltar for stores and then for a cruise in the English channel.

Meat Strike Renewed.

The stock yards strike is on again. A general strike has been ordered. The butchers struck again when on reporting for work in accordance with the peace agreement the packers agents offered work to only a few of their number.

Panama Gold Standard.

The Panama canal commission received official notification from the government of Panama of the ratification of the monetary system of the new government in accordance with the agreement reached by the joint commission. Panama is now a gold standard country.

BOY BURNED TO DEATH

And Six Others Injured in the Same Fire.

Edward Schemp, 8 years old, has been burned to death, and his father, mother, three brothers and an uncle severely burned in a fire that destroyed the grocery and living apartments of William Schemp, at Chicago. It is believed by the police that boys playing behind the grocery with matches accidently set the building on fire.

Judge Parker has fixed August 10th as the date of the ceremonies notifying him of his nomination as a candidate for the presidenoy.

Speake Succeeds Kyle.

D. W. Speake, of Decatur, was appointed circuit judge to fill out the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge O. Kyle, who was recently appointed as one of the judges of the Panama canal zone.

The only missing $10,000 bill is the one stolen from the First National Bank of Denver fifteen years ago by a man who threatened to destroy the bank with nitro-glycerine.

TIRED OF LIFE.

Well Known Railroad Man Fatally Shoots Himself.

Capt. Daniel Fraser, a white man, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head with a pistol at the Western railway freight depot at Selma, Friday morning. He left a note stating he was tired of life and he hoped for a better life after this.

He was transfer clerk for the Wes tern railroad up to a short time ago. He came to Selma from Opelika. He had held several important railroad positions and was well thought of. He had a daughter in Opelika, who had just telephoned him to come to that place where he had a home. He was about fifty years of age.

MUST HAVE STAMP.

State Text Book Law Held to be Constitutional.

The appeal of Dr. A. J. Dickinson in the noted text-book case was turned down by the supreme court affirming the validity of the state text-book law. Dr. Dickinson's contention was that his children had a right to use textbooks not bearing the state depository stamp, provided the books were otherwise identical with those prescribed by the text-book commission. The lower court decided against him and he appealed, the appeal being lost. The decision means that public school children must have books with the required stamp and these stamps will be affixed only to books sold in the official state depositories.

Will Work Prisoners.

Madison county commissioners are making arrangements to have the county convicts put at work on the county roads instead of hiring them to the state at 30 cents a day. Under the new system, prisoners will be allowed to work the roads before their trials and if they are not convicted they will be paid for their work. Otherwise they will be credited with the time on the sentences passed upon them.

Woman's work, a literary magazine published at Atlanta, Ga., has recently awarded a substantial cash prize to Miss Mathilde Bilbro, daughter of Judge J. A. Bilbro, of Gadsden for the best poem sent in by readers of that magazine.

New Industries in Alabama.

Anniston—$1,000,000 glass manufacturing company; paper box factory.

Birmingham—Storage and warehouse company; coal mines; $100,000 coal mining company; $44,000 brick works; $20,000 clothing factory.

Citronelle—$10,000 ice factory and electric light plant.

Columbiana—$10,000 telephone company.

Enterprise—$10,000 mill and novelty company.

Huntsville—Rope mill.

Talladega—$50,000 electric power plant.

Russia Will Not Search Ships.

Orders have been sent to the volunteer fleet steamers, St. Petersburg and Smolensk, to refrain from interference with foreign shipping.

It is expected the steamers will eventually join the Baltic fleet and be replaced by ordinary warships.

England's Bill.

Great Britain's bill for damages against Russia for demurrage and other indemnities connected with the arrest, detention and shelling of British ships in the Red sea will probably be heavy. Already it is roughly estimated at $5,000,000.

Cotton Mill Strike.

The strike order issued by the Fall River Textile council calling upward of 30,000 operatives to remain away from the mills in protest against a reduction of 12 1-2 per cent in wages became effective Monday.

Heirs of Louis Etzel killed by Chinese soldiers are not satisfied with the amount of indemnity, $25,000, Mexican money, paid by the Chinese government and have complained to the state department.

The three military companies of Meridian, Miss., are fitting up what they say will be the finest armory in the state.

The precious mineral production of the Cripple Creek district, Colorado's great mining camp, for the month of June, 1904, was $1,607,000, with an average value of $27 per ton and a tonnage of 52,700.

To give immediate aid to the injured and overcome long delays heretofore attending the arrival of medical aid from hospitals, there have been installed tent hospitals in New York parks.

A company has purchased 7,000 acres of land in Leflore county, Miss., and will build a new town, Oude.

It is expected that the Bessemer bar mill will be put to work this week.

The number of confederate pensioners in Etowah county is increasing. During the recent session of the board for that county to receive applications for pensions there were four widows whose husbands had never drawn a pension and thirty soldiers who had never applied before to make application for pension.

During a cloudburst at Hillman last week the water accumulated to a depth of eight feet in places.

ASKS LAST PAYMENT

State Auditor Writes for Small Balance Due on Railroad Securities.

LAST OF AN OLD RAILROAD CASE.

Randolph, the Last of "the Strangulated Counties," Owes $226.15. Fifteen Years' Time Expired.

Auditor Sowell has written for the last payment of amounts due the state on account of old railroad securities for which the counties of Chambers, Lee, Randolph and Tallapoosa became responsible way back in the days of reconstruction. This amount is $226.15, due by Randolph, the final obligation of the five counties in a controversy that involved the state and caused several special acts of the legislature to be passed.

These obligations were incurred in the building or promotion of what is now the Central of Georgia from Opelika to Roanoke, and from Columbus, Ga., to Birmingham. So hot did the fight become once that the counties refused to pay the interest. County officers were abolished and the taxes collected by the state, apportioning back the amounts due the counties. The matter was then taken to the United States court.

Finally, in the session of the legislature of 1883, the state took the matter in hand and appointed a way for settlement of all the claims. A commissioner was provided for to look into the obligation and find what would have to be paid to settle all controversy. It was ascertained that the following amounts were due, or should be paid to get the difficulty cleared up: Chambers, $17,588.61; Lee, $41,955.66; Randolph, $36,296.01; Tallapoosa, $33,600.26.

The state then provided for the payment of these amounts and allowed the counties to pay it back in ten years, excepting Randolph county, which was allowed fifteen years. This $226.15, written for by Chief Clerk Cook in the auditor's office, will be the end, it having been fifteen years since the trade with the counties was consummated. Because of this trouble these counties were known for some time as "the strangulated counties."

Girls' School.

The past scholastic year was the most successful in the history of the Alabama Girls' Industrial school at Montevallo, and was the first year since its foundation that the school has been out of debt.

It is shown that $42,335.08 was received for the students' fund, and $42,295.48 was expended, leaving a balance of $39.60. For the building fund $50,000 was received and $49,386.60 was disbursed, leaving a balance of $613.40. For the general fund $28,595.77 was received and $26,364.46 was disbursed, leaving a balance of $2,231.31.

There are 100 more applications for girls to enter than there were at this time last year. The question now is how to accommodate the girls who desire to attend.

A Little Hero.

James Cogburn, the 8-year-old son of the section foreman of the Western of Alabama at Notasulga, is a hero. He flagged a train and saved it from a bad wreck. A heavy storm had blown down three large telegraph poles across the track and they were matted and tied with the dozens of wires on them that a train would certainly have been wrecked if it had run into them.

Murdered by a Negro.

W. E. Reliford, a white man whose home is in Birmingham, was shot by a negro, Eugene Lee, at Keystone, near Siluria Thursday evening and died immediately afterwards. The nature of the difficulty is not definitely known, except that the white man called the negro a liar, and the negro shot him.

TO SUCCEED WOOD.

Governor Cunningham Appoints Archie Douglass.

The governor settled the Lowndes county probate judgeship by naming Archie Douglass for the position. He will take charge at once and serve until the elections in November say who is to be his successor, the gentleman then chosen to serve six years.

The vacancy in Lowndes was caused by the resignation of J. Colvin Wood, who had been called to face charges of attempting to secure votes in the April primary in an illegal way and not taking proper care of his duties.

Forty years after the burial of John Wickliffe, first English translator of the Bible and known as "The morning star of the reformation," the council of Constance ordered his bones raised from the grave, burned to ashes and thrown into a neighboring brook.

Good progress by most of the crops strengthens belief in favorable fall trade following the present season of comparative quiet and inactivity.

The Austrian army has two Jewish generals.

SUPREME COURT.

Old Court Ended; New Court Begins This Fall.

The present supreme court sittings have ended and the court adjourned till fall, when the new court enters upon its duties. The session just ended was a special session.

From a chief justice and four associates the court now becomes, after next November, a chief justice and six associates. All the present members have been renominated save Judge H. A. Sharpe, who did not ask it.

The winter term is set to begin November 14th. The law says the new judges are to qualify on the 10th of November of the year of their election. This makes the new court available for the next session.

The new court will be made up as follows: Chief justice, T. N. McClellen, Limestone; associates, Jonathan Haralson, Dallas; John R. Tyson, Montgomery; James R. Dowdell and N. D. Denson, Chambers; R. T. Simpson, Lauderdale, and John C. Anderson, Marengo.

The officers of the court now are: R. F. Ligon, clerk, Montgomery; Charles Coleman, reporter, Montgomery; Junius M. Riggs, marshal and librarian, Montgomery; Leon C. McCord, secretary, Marshall.

ALL THREE PRIZES

For Marksmanship Won by the First Regiment.

The First regiment, A. N. G., won the silver loving-cup offered by Brigadier General Clark for the best score in the rifle contest, and two members of its team carried off the medals offered for the first and second highest individual scores.

Privates O. L. Bothwell, of company D, First regiment, won the gold medal offered by Colonel H. B. Gray, of the governor's staff, by making a score of 76 out of a possible 100 points. Captain N. H. Coleman, of company D, won the medal offered by the Age-Herald for the second best individual score by making 72 points out of a possible 100. Lieutenant Hugh Miller, of the Jefferson Volunteers, Third regiment, made the third best score, 69 out of a possible 100 points.

The scores are remarkable considering that this is the first time many of the contestants ever shot on a rifle range.

CONSOLIDATED COURTS.

Act Declared Unconstitutional by the Supreme Court.

The Consolidated courts law of Jefferson county has been declared unconstitutional by the supreme court and the courts of Jefferson county will go back to the old form as they existed prior to the adoption of the consolidated bill by the last general assembly.

The supreme court has decided that insufficient notice was given to the bill and that the notices published did not fully state the purpose and intent of the bill so that the people could understand it before it went before the general assembly.

Back to Daphne.

The supreme court has decided that the removal of the court house of Baldwin county from Daphne to Bay Minette was in violation of the law, the effect of which is to order it back to Daphne.

Kindergarten at Cotton Mills.

Work on the kindergarten building of the Eagle and Phoenix mills in Girard is progressing steadily. The mills now operate a kindergarten in Phoenix City for the benefit of children of their operatives, and this will be their second educational enterprise of this character.

Cotton at 17 3-4c.

At Savannah, Ga., the nrst bale of the new Georgia crop was sold for 17 3-4c a pound. It will be shipped to New York.

Alabama. Baptists.

The Baptist state convention adjourned Friday night after a session of three days. The Rev. Frank Willis Barnett was selected to edit the official organ of the church, the Alabama Baptist, for another year. Dr. L. O. Dawson was made associate editor.

SUPERANNUATE HOME.

Farm Donated to the North Alabama Conference.

The Rev. J. W. Norton, agent for the North Alabbama conference of the Methodist church, secured while attending the Guntersville district conference a valuable farm for the superannuate home cause. The farm contains about one hundred and twenty-five acres, and is situated near Guntersville.

It was the gift of O. D. Street, and Sam Henry, of Guntersville.

Paper boxes are now manufactured in Anniston.

Son Kills Father.

Near Ashland, Ga., John Land shot and instantly killed his father, Robert Land. They had a difficulty about a dog and the former emptied his shotgun into the latter. John Land is still at large.

Railroad men figure that 10,000 carloads of Colorado's choicest fruits will be shipped to other parts of the country the coming fall.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., July 28, '04

Telephone No. 27.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice,
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices,
J. W. ANDERSON,
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM,

County.

Probate Judge,
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk,
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

JOINT DISCUSSION.

The first joint discussion between the county candidates will be held in Columbiana on next Wednesday, August 3rd. There is also to be a big basket dinner on the grounds. Bring your baskets and, come prepared to stay all day. Speaking will begin at 10 o'clock, a. m. All are invited to come.

There are some interesting items in the semi-annual report of the Commissioners which was published last week.

Handy Andy contines to bolster up his waning spirits by saying The Sentinel is on the run. Delirious people do say some strange things.

"When is a contract not a contract?" asks a subscriber. We pass it up to Judge Longshore; he's all tangled up in that problem, right now.

Can any white man, who is opposed to recognizing the negro as a social equal, vote for a Republican when the platform of that party stands for both social and political equality with the negro? White men of Shelby county, think about it!

Where is the white man in old Shelby county who would like to see his little daughter, if he has one, sweet, innocent little tot, through whose veins flows pure Caucasian blood, placed upon a platform hand in hand with a negro child to face thousands of people? That is one of the pictures presented at the Republican national convention. What significance? Equal footing socially and politically, of the white man and the negro. Then look upon another picture presented a few weeks later. Two little white girls, their arms full of flowers, leading twenty thousand people who are cheering in a white man's convention of a white man's party which srands for a government by white men. This was a scene in the Democratic national convention. Of these two pictures, white men of Shelby county, which do you approve?

BY HIS "REFUTATION" ARTICLE
THE JUDGE STANDS CONVICTED.

In the Advocate of last week Judge Longshore undertakes to explain away the good roads' machinery deal, but it is the concensus of opinion that he has made a bad matter much worse, and especially his own participation in the transaction.

The Judge has frequently said that he had never signed a contract for the road machinery, but since the claim for the purchase price, and the contract upon which that claim is based, has been presented to the Commissioners' Court for payment the Judge says his action in signing the contract, (he calls it a "trial" order) was by order of the Commissioners. He may think so, but do the facts bear him out in his statement? Read the order and then, after having read the contract, draw your own conclusions as to whether or not he followed the order of the Commissioners' Court. In the minutes of the April, 1903, term of the Commissioners' Court is the following order.

"On motion it was ordered by the Court that the Judge of Probate be and he is hereby authorized to give a trial order for the full outfit of road machinery for building macadamized roads, upon condition that the county buy and pay for said machinery, provided that an election be held on the first Monday in August, 1903, a majority of the votes cast at said election be for issue of said bonds."

That Judge Longshore did not make a "trial order," as he claims, by order of the Commissioners, The Sentinel gives to its readers a copy of the contract which Judge Longshore did sign:

ROCK CRUSHER ORDER.

$7,471.50.

April 9, 1903.

Good Roads Machinery Co., Kennett Sqrare, Pa.

Please ship to A. P. Longshore, at Columbiana, County of Shelby, State of Alabama, on or before the first day of June, 1903, by order attached marked "A," on the following conditions, viz: That on the arrival of said Rock Crusher, or rock crushing outfit, at the above named R. R. Station, the undersigned hereby agree to pay the freight charges, set up the crusher, and there work it under the direction of the Good Roads Machinery Co's agent, unless otherwise agreed. When, if the said Crusher does work as warranted on the back of this order, the undersigned hereby agree to pay the Good Roads Machinery Co., or order, Seven Thousand, Four Hundred and Seventy-one and Fifty one-hundredths Dollars, in cash or note bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum from date of trial, payable at Columbiana Savings Bank of Columbiana. If the Crusher does not do the work as warranted, then the Good Roads Machinery Co, agrees to receive back the Crusher at the R. R. Station from which it was taken and cancel this contract. It is understood that this contract embodies the entire understanding, is not subject to countermand, and is not to be effected by any verbal agreement.

A. P. LONGSHORE,
[SEAL] Judge of Probate of Shelby County.

Exhibit "A" referred to in the above contract is a list of the pieces of machinery ordered. The warranty is that the machinery "is to be of good material and workmanship," and to crush a certain amount of rock in a given length of time.

Does the phraseology of the above instrument indicate in any manner that it is a "trial order?" Not in the least; it is a straight contract whereby certain machinery is contracted for and agreement to purchase, with but one provision—that the machinery shall do work as warranted. That it the work as warranted is proven by more than one, even Judge Longshore admitting that it is the best thing he ever saw for building roads. There is nothing in the contract to show that its validity depended upon a bond issue to be voted by the people. There is nothing in the contract to show that it is purely optional with the makers of the contract whether or not the machinery shall be purchased. The clause "if the crusher does work as warranted, the undersigned agree to pay" etc., makes the contract and purchase valid.

There is another clincher in the last sentence of the contract; "It is understood that this contract embodies the ENTIRE UNDERSTANDING, is not subject to countermand, and is not to be effected by any verbal agreement." Wherein does Judge Longshore get his "trial order" argument? Not from the contract he has signed; there is no comfort to him in it much as he may search; it is a cold obligation for Shelby County to pay $7,471.50.

Judge Longshore says in his article that the contract (which he calls a "trial order") "is to be read and taken in connection with the minutes of the court." Not so, for each is a separate and distinct instrument from the other. Neither makes any reference to the other, and the last sentence in the contract clearly defines that it is a paper complete within itself. The contract is made upon a sheet of paper with the printed heading "Rock Crusher Order," which, by the way, Judge Longshore omits iu his artiele in the Advocate. His explanation(?) is weak, puerile, and is contradicted by the contract, and by the order of the Commissioners' Court.

There are but two deductions to be drawn from Judge Longshore's action in signing the above contract: That he intended to irrevocably fasten upon Shelby County the liability to pay for the roads machinery; or, that he exceeded his authority, which, we understand, he admits, in signing the above contract. In either event he has shown his unfitness for the responsible position he now occupies. And yet, in the face of the above instrument Judge Longshore continues to tell the people he has never signed a contract for the good roads machinery. The Judge's so-called "refutation" of what he terms "malicious falsehoods" is not sustained by the facts, unless the above contract, which bears his signature, is a "malicious and willful falsehood."

AN ACCOUNTING.

The laws governing the application of moneys raised by special taxation, were enacted and intended to prevent the use of such moneys for any other purpose than those for which the levies were specifically made. This is the mandate of the Constitution and the statutes, and special laws under which the authority to collect such taxes is given. In the light of this plain principle, it is the imperative duty of the authorities who are entrusted with the raising and disposition of special funds, to keep the same separate from all others, and to faithfully apply them to the proper and designated purposes. It is only in this way that the taxpayer can be safe-guarded against oppression, and the power of taxation can be at all limited. If oad taxes, bridge taxes and the like, can be, at the pleasure or option of the officers, diverted to the payment of the ordinary expenses of the county, they could as lawfully be applied to the private purposes of the officers; we are at once subjected to unconstitutional rates. Constitution and laws are nullified, in either event, and we simply do the bidding of an unbridled administration, which knows no authority but "ITS OWN."

The much vaunted record speaks out the fact that nearly eight thousand dollars of money wrested from the people of this county, for a particular purpose—money badly needed for that purpose—was transferred to the general fund of the County. That money, paid by you in good faith to your servants, to be applied upon your public roads, and which should, in like good faith, have been applied by them, was, the Constitution, laws and good morals to the contrary, notwithstanding, diverted to the payment of the general expenses of the county, for which the provision already made by general levy should have been ample and sufficient. That it is unlawful to use money collected for any special purpose, for other than the purpose specified, and that such an act is punishable by fine, we cite the reader to the following which was enacted by the Legislature, session of 1903:

An Act to prevent any county or municipal officer from using or directing or ordering the use of any money which has been, or which may be, collected or received for any purpose other than that for which it was collected or received.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of Alabama, That it shall be unlawful for any county or municipal officer to use or direct or order or vote the use of any money that has been or may hereafter be collected for any special purpose in any way other than for the purpose or purposes for which the same was collected, or to use or direct or order or vote for the use of the proceeds of any bonds sold for any purpose other than that for which said bonds were sold.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That any person violating the provisions of Section One shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, shall be fined not less than double the amount of the money used, and may be imprisoned in the county jail for six months.

Approved October 6, 1903.

Let a strenuous administration, like the present one boasts of being, begin juggling with special funds, and with its "Presto! Change!" away goes your money, your rights and, alas! your relief. When you ask for explantion the juggler in this wonderful financial legerdemain meets you with a taunt, that you were not so alert as the railroads—you did not protest in time—therefore, "you are up against it"—remediless.

Has it ever occurred to you to run over your account with the populist administration on this matter of bridges, and find out where you are "at?"

For the year 1902 the populist administration charges you as follows:

Cahaba River bridge, Laney's Ford	$3,300.00
Camp Branch bridge, Calera road	228.00
Waxahatchie bridge, approach to, Shrader's Ford	240.00
Yellow Leaf bridge, Harpersville road	150.00
Wilton bridge, Montevallo and Wilton road	300.00
Buck Creek bridge, Pelham	150.00
"Partnership" bridge, near mouth of Cahaba River	3,200.00
	$7,568.00

Of the taxes raised for the purpose of building the above bridges, it has appeared that $50.00, only, was paid on the Laney's Ford bridge, and it has further appeared that the partnership bridge—the one projected in "conjunction with Jefferson County"—was not erected. So we present a proper credit side to the account:

Balance carried forward on Laney's Ford bridge	$3,250 00
One bridge which "wa'n't built"	3,200.00
Bridge tax 1 mill on $4 000,000 (approximately)	4,000.00
	$10,450.00
Balance to your credit for 1902	$2,882.00

For the year 1903 you stand charged:

Balance on Laney's Ford bridge	$3,250.00
Parker's Mill bridge	2,800.00
Beaver Dam Creek bridge	200.00
Morgan bridge	300.00
Spring Creek bridge	200.00
Buck Creek bridge, Helena	100.00
Walton Bridge	200.00
Beeswax Bridge	200.00
Four Mile bridge	100.00
Total	$7,350.00

You are entitled to credit as follows:

Balance brought forward, 1902	$2,882.00
Parker's Mill bridge, "which wa'n't built"	2,800.00
Buck Creek bridge, "which wa'n't built"	100.00
Beaver Dam bridge "which wa'n't built	200.00
Bridge tax 2 mills on 4½ millions (approximately)	9,000.00
Total	$14,982.00
By balance in your favor	$7,632.00
Subject to deduction on account of failure to make railroads pay bridge tax, say	5,000.00
	$2,632.00
You should further take credit for overdraft on account Laney's Ford bridge, outstanding, which you must pay	1,000.00
Net balance to be accounted for	$3,632.00

Ask the question: "Where is the bridge fund?" and the echo from the Treasurer's vault, wafts back to you the answer: "Where?" and there you are. What will the taxpayers of Shelby County do about it?

NOTICE

Of Registrars Appointments.

Whereas, By virtue of the provisions of Section 6 of "An Act to further regulate elections in the State of Alabama," approved October 9, 1903, "The Board of Registrars in each county shall visit each precinct at least once, and oftener if necessary, between July 1st and October 1st, 1904," to make a complete registration of all persons entitled to register and shall remain there at least one day, from 8 o'clock in the morning until sunset, and they shall give at least 20 day's notice of the time when, and the place in the precinct where, they will attend to register applicants for registration, by bills posted at three or more public places in each precinct, and by advertisement once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper, if there be one published in the county.

Now, therefore, this is to give notice, as required by law, that the Board of Registrars for the county of Shelby, will sit at the following places at the time specified for the purpose aforesaid:

Bamford, Beat 5, Monday, July 11.
Helena, Beat 6, Tuesday, July 12.
Maylene, Beat 19, Wednesday, July 13.
Montevallo, Beat 4, Thursday, July 14.
Calera, Beat 3, Friday, July 15.
Ganadarque, Beat 7, Monday, July 18.
Pelham, Beat 17, Tuesday, July 19.
Highland, Beat 12, Wednesday, July 20.
Bold Springs, Beat 13, Thursday, July 21.
Martin's, Beat 8, Friday, July 22.
Day's X Roads, Beat 11, Saturday, July 23.
Sterrett, Beat 15, Monday, July 25.
Dunnavant, Beat 18, Tuesday, July 26.
Vandiver, Beat 14, Wednesday, July 27.
Vincent, Beat 16, Thursday, July 28.
Creswell, Beat 10, Friday, July 29.
Harpersville, Beat 10, Saturday, July 30.
Wilsonville, Beat 9 Monday, August 1.
Spring Breek, Beat 2, Tuesday, August 2.
Shelby, Beat 1, Wednesday, August 3.
Columbiana, Beat 1, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 4.

SPRIGHT DOWELL,
C. H. FLOREY,
J. L. GLENN,
Board of Registrars for Shelby county.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

Joint Discussion.

The sub-committee appointed to arrange joint discussions, composed of W. B Browne, representing the Democratic party, and R. F. Cox, representing the joint popalist and republican parties, met in the office of W. B. Browne & Leeper, on last Monday, and made the following appointment, viz:

Columbiana, Wednesday, Aug. 3.
Spring Creek, Thursday, Aug. 4.
Blue Springs, Friday, Aug. 5.
Shelby, Saturday, Aug. 6.
Weldon, Wednesday, Aug. 10.
Sterrett, Thursday, Aug. 11,
Dunnavant, Friday, Aug. 12.
Vandiver, Saturday, Aug. 13.
Camp Branch, Tuesday, Aug. 23,
Pelham, Wednesday, Aug. 24.
Highland, Thursday, Aug. 25.
Bridgeton, Friday, Aug. 26.
Harpersville, Wednesday, Aug. 31
Vincent, Thursday, Sept. 1.
Rehobeth, or Calcis, Friday, September 2.
Helena, Tuesday, Sept. 6.
Bamford, Wednesday, Sept. 7.
Gurnee, Thursday, Sept. 8.
Maylene, Friday, Sept. 9.
Montevallo, Tuesday, Sept. 13.
Calera, Wednesday, Sept, 14.
K. Springt, Thursday, Sept. 15,
Wilsonville, Saturday, Sept. 17.

Under the arrangement as agreed on, the principal discussion of the political issues is to be between Hon. D. R. McMillan and Hon. A. P. Longshore, one of the said speakers to open and close at one appointment and the other to open and close at the next, thus alternating throughout the canvass. Two hours is given each side, and the speaker opening is to consume not less than one hour in his opening address, and in his closing address may consume all of the time of his side left remaining, provided that the closing speech shall not be over thirty minutes long—the speches of the other candidates to intervene between the speeches of the principal speakers.

The Herald, New York's great independent paper, comes out in a strong editorial endorsing Parker for president, and says it will support him through the campaign. This is the first time in twelve years that The Herald has espoused the cause of any candidate for president. The action of The Herald is significant as its predictions in the past as to the result of national elections have never been incorrect. The Herald says imperialism and the negro plank in the Republican platform will defeat Roosevelt.

We do not believe the populist leaders and spell binders will be able to prejudice the people, one against the other, as they have done in times past. The harvest gathered from the seed prejucice sowed in this county by these same leaders has been made up of illegal tax rates, raising of tax rates, paying for bridges which have never been built nor even contracted, placing the county badly in debt, and taxpayers must foot the bill. That's populist prosperity, according to the Advocate.

The Advocate makes frequent grand stand plays about being such a great friend to the common people, and engages in the most lurid pyrotechnic phrases in its efforts to establish the false position to which it is self-appointed. Judas Iscariot posed as a frieud as a friend to the Christ once upon a time, bnt Judas had a failing—the Good Book tells you about it.

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

Dr. W. P. HAMNER
DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO. - - ALABAMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by T. W. Weaver and N. A Weaver, his wife, to Everett, Ridley, Ragan and Company, Atlanta, Ga., dated on the 5th day of February, 1903, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 63, page 39, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby County, State of Alabama, will be sold at auction for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Columbiana, Alabama, on the 29th day of August, 1904, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, towit: A part of the Densler lot situated in the town of Wilsonville, Ala., beginning at the northeast corner of C. A. Mason's lot, fronting on Main street, bounded on the north by property of Weldon & Holland, on the west by lands of J. F. Pope, on the south by the Mason property mentioned above, said to be fifty feet front and one hundred feet deep, said property is improved, said improvement being a one story frame building which is bargained and sold with the said lot. Also one resident lot, one acre more or less, situated on the Montgomery road in the town of Wilsonville, Ala, Fronts Montgomery road, bounded on the north by property of R. C. J. Gwin, on the south by C. A. Mason's property, on the west by property of Olie Polk. Said property is improved by a one story frame dwelling house consisting of four rooms more or less, situated in the NE¼ of SE¼ of Section 1, Township 21, Range 1, East. All of said property is located in Shelby County, Alabama.

This the 27th day of July, 1904.

EVERETT, RIDDLE, RAGAN & CO.
Mortgagees.

McMillan & Haynes
Attorneys, 48-5

Notice to Old Confederate Soldiers.

The Pension Board of Shelby county will meet in the Court house in Columbiana on the 4th day of July, 1904 (Monday), to examine applicants for pensions.

We earnestly insist that those who intend to make application to be sure to have their papers properly made out and signed as shown by the blanks. Present your application in person if possible when the Board opens, so that we can examine them and put them in proper shape.

The Board closes on the 14th day of July. You get blanks at Probate Judge's office.

A. T. ROWE,
S. H. GIST, Commissioners.

Non-Residence Notice.

The State of Alabama, }
Shelby County. }

Kate Ellison, Complainant, vs. V. J. Ellison, Defendant. } In Chancery, Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. L. Peters that the defendent V. J. Ellison is a non-resident of Alabama and that his place of residence is to affiant unknown, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant V. J. Ellison the age of twenty one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in The Columbiana Sentinel, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said V. J. Ellison to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 30th day of July, A. D., 1904, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana, Ala., this 25th day of June, A. D. 1904

44-5t. J. R. WHITE, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Land Office at Montgomery,
Montgomery, Ala., June 28, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on August 11th, 1904, viz: Lewis Morgan Homestead Entry, No. 3276, for the northwest quarter of southeast quarter and northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 6, township 18, south of range 1 east, Shelby county, Ala. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said lands, viz: J. M. Dorough, of Leeds, Ala. J. L. Isbell, J. M. Isbell and L. O. Dorough, of Dunnavant, Ala.

43-6 ROBERT HARBER, Register.

When You Need Anything in the GROCERY LINE, it will pay you to get our prices. Fresh Meats, Hams, Etc., kept on Ice, therefore always fresh and nice.

Have just Received a Shipment of Ralstons Breakfast Food, Health Oats.

FOR DELICIOUS

Cakes, Candies, Fruits, Vegetables, we can suit YOU!

SEPTEMBER FIRST

I will give away another of those

Handsome Dinner Sets

To One of Our Customers.

CALL FOR YOUR COUPONS.

J. R. WHITE.

GOODS SOLD

Are guaranteed just as represented or your money refuned.

Accept our thanks for your past patronage and allow us to continue to serve you

J. R. WHITE.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months..... 50

Telephone No. 27.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Miss Carolyn Rowe is visiting Mrs. Belle Wade at Clanton.

T. C. Elliott, of near Vincent, was in town last Saturday.

☞All 25 cent preparations for 20 cents at J. H. Mason's drugstore.

Miss Dinnie Mae Rowe is on a visit to relatives at Carrollton, Ga.

A bright little babe girl has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Claude Glenn.

☞All Dollar preparations 80 cents at J. H. Mason's drugstore.

Miss Mildred White has returned from a visit with relatives in Sylacauga.

George D. Campmbell visited with friends in Wilsonville Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Jennie Dunkin, of Oxford, is in the city visiting the family of E A. Saxon.

The Sentinel man is under obligations to J. R. White for a ride to Shelby last Friday

Miss Lena Christian, of Oxford, is in the city a guest of Miss Rosser Christian for a short time.

☞All 25 cent packages of Liver Powders, Black Draught, etc., at 15c at J.H.Mason's drugstore.

Attorneys Peters and Haynes were in Calera Saturday, opponents in a law suit before Justice Whatley.

W. H. Shrader, one of the prominent Democrats of Beat 2, was in town Saturday and made this office a pleasant call.

J. W. Bandy, who was in town several days last week taking stock of the drugs sold to H. S. Latham, returned home Friday morning.

Mrs. E. D. Hall and family left yestereay for their new home in Brighton, at which place Mr. Hall has embarked in the grocery business.

Mrs. Howard Latham joined her husband in this city last Monday, and they will make their future home here. They have been living in Montevallo.

Rain put a stop to the ball game between Columbiana and Shelby, at the latter place last Friday. Neither team made a run in the only inning that was played.

Never in the history of Shelby county was there a better prospect for good crops. Everything is looking fine, and the farmers are correspondingly happy.

A large number of Columbiana people went over to Shelby last Friday, but the rain spoiled the game, and most of those who were there got a good wetting.

Protracted meeting will begin at Good Hope on next Sunday. Rev. R. Y. Hammond, of Anniston, will assist the pastor in the meeting. All are cordially invited to attend.

Harry Roberts, who signed up with the Macon team two weeks ago, returned home last Thursday. He says he got into the wrong kind of a crowd, and he resigned after playing one game.

Shelby Springs attracts a number of our people nearly every night in the week. There is quite a crowd of visitors at the Springs now, and the people are thoroughly enjoying themselves.

The friends in this city of Dr. J.H. Gunn, of Calera, will be glad to know that he has almost fully recovered from the operation which he was compelled to undergo for appendicitis a short time ago.

The first joint discussion between the county candidates will take place next Wednesday in Columbiana. Speaking will begin at 10 o'clock, Bring your baskets and take your dinner on the ground. Remember the date, next Wednesday. August 3rd.

The genial J. F. Averyt was up from Shelby a few hours last Monday.

That was a fine rain which came down yesterday and last night.

☞All 50 cent preparations for 40 cents at J. H. Mason's drug store.

The Sentinel will have several new advertisement next week; watch for them

Alonzo Nelson has gone to Brighton where he has accepted a position with E. D. Hall

Camp W. H. Forney, U. C. V., meets on the fourth Saturday in each month at Wilsonville.

Judge Longshore was in Vincent the fore part of this week looking after his political fences.

Mrs Simon Friedberger and children, who have been visiting relatives in Wilcox county for two weeks, returned home yesterday.

Rev. and Mrs. C. W. O'Hara and Miss Ida, who have been visiting relatives in Texas for several weeks, returned home yesterday.

The Sentinel acknowledges a call from J. W. Garris, of near Shelby, last Monday. He was accompanied by his bright boy who wanted to see where they print the paper.

Hon. E. S. Lyman and C. L. Meroney, of Montevallo, were in town the fore part of the week. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call from both of these gentlemen.

Miss Willie Rhodes, a former employe in The Sentinel office, had the misfortune to be thrown from a buggy a short time ago, and is now confined to her bed at her home in Montevallo, suffering from injuries sustained.

Rev. J W. Hamner, of Camp Hill, was in the city Monday and Tuesday visiting his brother, Dr. W. P. Hanner. Rev. Mr. Hamner was formerly parstor of the Baptist church in this city, and has many friends here.

Postmaster Abercrombie, who is taking a course of treatment for nervousness, came down from Birmingham last Friday and stayed until Sa day with Mrs. Abercrombie. He was accompanied by his nephew, W. A. Abercrombie, of Woodlawn.

☞The barbecue which was to have been had at Vandiver on the first Saturday in August, has been postponed until the second Saturday in August, the thirteenth day of the month. PAUL RICH.

T. H. Borum of Beat 10, and a prominent young farmer of his section of the county, was in town last Saturday, and while here ordered The Sentinel sent to his address. Mr. Borum came down to take the examination for a carrier of the rural free delivery route.

Our Montevallo letter tells of the games of ball played last Monday and Tuesday between Columbiana and Montevallo teams. We understand that return games will be played in this city in the near future. The Columbiana boys report a nice time at Montevallo.

During a drive to Montevallo last Sunday the editor of The Sentinel was impressed with the unusual prospects for a good crop of everything that grows in the field—corn and cotton looking especially fine. The fruit crop is the largest in years, many trees being broken down with the heavy loads they are carrying. Fine crops of hay are being harvested, and our farmers are as happy as they can be. Another rain or two and the corn crop will be made

Clarence Smith, who has been in the employ of J. R. White for a long time, has resigned his position to accept one with J. F. Pope, of Wilsonville. Clarence is a young man of excellent character, trustworthy in every respect, and The Sentinel congratulates Mr. Pope on securing his services. Our young people will especially regret the going away of Clarence as he is a favorite with all. Harry Roberts will succeed Clarence in the store of Mr. White.

Miss Florence Fallaw, who has had charge of the Columbiana Millinery Shop for the past year, will leave for Opelika next Saturday to visit her home people for some weeks, after which she will go to St. Louis to attend the fair and to acquaint herself with the latest fashions in headwear. She is not certain that she will return to Columbiana. Miss Fallaw is an excellent business woman, and socially has made friends of all our people who will regret her departure.

Murder at Keystone.

A foul murder occured at Keystone last Thursday, and the Keystone Lime Company offers a reward of $250 for the delivery of the murderer to the officers.

But little is known here of the affair, but from the report which comes to us it appears that a negro named "Gewe" Lee, alias "Gewe" Biars had some words with a white man named Reliford, and apparently without any provocation the negro shot Reliford with a 32 calibre Winchester rifle, and from the effects of the shot Reliford died almost instantly. The negro fled, and up to this time no clue is known as to his whereabouts. He is described as follows:

Color dark; age between 29 and 30 years; weight 160 to 165 pounds; height about 5 feet 10 inches; exceedingly stooped shoulders; and in walking makes long, swinging steps; talks and laughs loud; has large mouth; wears No. 9 shoes; eyes not extra large—one eye-lid being slightly drooped; left handed—one finger slightly crooked, caused by bone felon; scar on inside of wrist caused by large splinter; scar on one foot caused by cut from axe while chopping wood; his feet are unusually ugly and of bad shape; when last seen wore hat with medium low crown and broad brim, about a No. 7.

The Keystone Lime Co., through its superintendent, R. E. Bowdon, offers a reward of $250 for the capture of the murderer and return to the proper authorities.

Start an Herb Garden.

Fortunes in GINSENG, GOLDEN SEAL and SENEGA, all valuable medical plants. Easily grown and hardy throughout the U.S. Always a ready market and demand increasing. Room in your garden to grow thousands of dollars' worth. We sell roots and seed. Plant in fall. Booklet and magazine telling all about it sc. Write today. OZARK GINSENG CO., 44-1m Dep't W., Joplin, Mo.

Lark Johnson to Hang.

The Supreme Court has affirmed the decision of the Circuit Court in this county in the case of The State of Alabama vs. Lark Johnson, wherein the defendant was convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to hang. The Supreme Court fixes the date of the hanging for Friday, September 9th.

Incorporated.

Messrs. J. R. White and W. F. Davis have incorporated their telephone enterprise under the name of the White & Davis Telepono Company, J. R White, President; W. F. Davis, Secretary and Treasurer. The Board of Directors is composed of J. R. White, W. F. Davis, W. T. White and N. Davis,

This company has recently perfected arrangements and made a contract with the long distance telephone company for connection with that line, and work will begin at once to bring about the connection. The company here will also build a line to Calera and Montevallo if they can get encouragement enough to justify building.

Under the management of Messrs. White & Davis, Columbiana has a most excellent exchange, giving us connection with Klien, Wilsonville, Harpersville and Vincent, and we believe Calera and Montevallo will extend such encouragement to the projectors as will give them telephone connection not only with the county seat, but will give Montevallo long distance telephone connection. Mr. White informs The Sentinel that he expects to visit both Calera and Montevallo in the near future in the interest of his company.

Through Secretary Jacob Pepperman, President C. H. Greer, of the Alabama Press Association, names his executive committee as follows: W. E. W. Yerby, Greensboro; H. M. Wilson, Opelika; H. E. Whitaker, Columbiana; W. H. H. Judson, Bessemer; J.C. Williams, Talladega; Miss Virginia Clay, Huntsville; Tom Garner, Tuscaloosa; Frank Crichton, Clanton; C. J. Hildreth, Decatur; W. M. Tucker, Demopolis.

Prof. Jesse Edwards, of Atlanta, teacher of Physics in the Georgia State School of Technology, was in the city yesterday a guest of his cousin, Mrs. D.R. McMillan.

Only a few more weeks until the school books will be taken out of their summer hiding place, and have the dust brushed off ready for use.

The Union prayermeeting will be held in the Presbyterian church for the month of August, commencing with next Wednesday night.

Paul Rich, of Vandiver, was in town yesterday, called at this office and ordered The Sentinel sent to his address.

MONTEVALLO.

Dr. C. C. Oliver, mayor of Calera, was in Montevallo Tuesday.

A new mercantile establishment is one of the probabilities for Montevallo.

Dr. F. M. Peterson, President of the A. G. I. S., is rusticating in West Alabama.

Miss Lyde, of Birmingham, is visiting relatives here—the Messrs. Reynolds' families.

Mrs. H. E. Whitaker, of Columbiana, is with her mother, Mrs. S. V. McCauley, this week.

Mrs. M. Woolley and daughter, Miss Maud Allen, have gone to Monteagle for a few weeks.

Mrs. Jas. E. Hawkins, of Birmingham, who is summering at Shelby Springs, visited Mrs. S. E. Nabors this week.

Mrs. D. L. Wilkinson and children, Miss Erma Ellis and Dr. Edward Wilkinson are outing at Point Clear for a while.

Mrs. A. Latady and interesting children visited with Mrs. Latady's mother, Mrs. M. A. Holbrook, the past week. Mr. Latady, who is a prominent lawyer of Birmingham, was also here a couple of days.

One day last week Marshal Eddings was requested by Maplesville authorities to look out for a desperate negro who had been terrorizing that community. He was soon located at the house of Dan Shortridge, which was approached from all sides by the marshal and his deputies, equipped with shotguns, and the capture was quietly and neatly effected, and with the captive his dangerous "41." Within an hour from receipt of the request, Maplesville was advised that the fugitive had been safely "jugged." Uncle Newt was heartily congratulated on his coup.

The games of ball between Columbiana and Montevallo, Monday afternoon and Tuesday morning, proved to be the most taking events of the season. Business was suspended during the games, and everybody endeavored to see them. Monday's game was a walk-over for Columbiana, the score being 9 to 4. Notwithstanding the disparity in the score, interest in the game did not lag. Tuesday's game went to Montevallo, score 5 to 3, and it was at the conclusion of this that the enthusiasm of the rooters reached its height, although there had been inaction at no time. An interesting feature of the games was the good playing of Montevallo's light weights—Woodfin Shivers and Warren Harris. X.

LESTER'S CHAPEL.

We have had some very good rains during the past week.

Roy B. Lester attended services at Mt. Chapel Sunday.

John Nolen made a business trip to Wilsonville Saturday.

W. S. McDonald made a business trip to Fourmile Saturday.

Henry A. Lester was in our community Thursday and Friday.

C. W. Walton and little son Ellis were in our community Thursday.

T. W. Lester and his little son Roland spent Sunday with the family of J. W. Jackson.

Profs. S. Dowell, C. H. Florey and J. L. Glenn spent Friday night at the home of Walter E. Lester.

Robert H. Evans, formerly of Beat 8 but now of Birmingham, was circulating among his many friends here last week.

That prosperous young farmer, R. S. Nolen, in company with Elijah Vick, spent a few days in Blount county recently.

Walter B. Lester went to town Thursday.

Miss Eva Wilder has been visiting her sister, Mrs. R. S. Nolen, for the past week.

There was an old time quilting bee at the home of D. R. Ray last Thursday. Quite a number of people were present—only 58 in all—to aid in the work, and especially the work at the table where a good dinner had been spread.

VINCENT.

Amos Adams, of Jasper, was shaking hands with friends here last week.

J. F. McGraw, of Falkville, spent last week with his parents and old friends here.

Rev. J. A. Butts was laid up with something like a carbuncle on his wrist, last week.

Prof. O. S. Landham, of Jacksonville, was in our midst Sunday. Wonder when it will be?

Your many readers here are very much pleased with the last two issues of The Sentinel, and wish that every taxpayer in the county could read them.

Your type made me say last week that "Rev. O. P. Sampley" was traveling in the interest of the Judson, when it should have been Rev. O. P. Bentley. [All right this time, brother.]

Mrs. A. C. Wilder was called to the bedside of her sister, Mrs. Haygood, at Evergreen last week. Friday the sad news of the death of Mrs. Haygood was received here, and A. C. Wilder went down Saturday. Our entire people extend them profound sympathy. They returned Monday.

Wednesday, July 20th, was a great day for the Pythians and Odd Fellows in Vincent. Long before time for the first number on the program came, people began to assemble at the picnic grounds in the grove across the creek, and by 10:30 several hundred had gathered to enjoy the day together. The music for the occasion was furnished by a string band from Talladega. J. K. Watkins, of Opelika, delivered a most eloquent and impressive address on Pythianism in the morning, which was followed by a beautiful song "Damon and Pythias," sung by Miss Ethel Kidd and J. F. McGraw, after which a most bountiful dinner was spread which had been prepared by the loving hands of our fair women. After dinner sweet music was dispensed by the band, then came a noble heart to heart talk on Odd Fellowship by Rev. R. I. Walston, of Sylacauga. As highly enjoyable a feature of the program as we could mention was the welcome address by our own original R. P. Tucker The best of order prevailed and everybody enjoyed themselves to the full. When you want to have a good time at a picnic, come to Vincent, the coming town of Shelby county.

JOHN BILLIE.

CALERA.

There will be services at the Baptist church next Sunday.

Carpenters are finishing their work on C. W. Wade's new brick store near the union depot.

Dr J. H. Gunn is rapidly recovering from the effects of an operation performed upon him some two weeks ago.

C. B. Duran has leased the National Hotel and promises to keep a house that all transient visitors will be pleased with.

The colored members of the Bibb County Association held their annual Sunday school convention here last Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. Mr. Black closed a series of meetings at New Salem church last Saturday night. He was assisted during the entire week by Revs. Chas. Millstead and Wm. Crim. We learn that there were several conversions and the membership much revived; the most notable among the conversions being Allen Martin, an ex-Confederate soldier 84 years old.

HARPERSVILLE.

J. F. McGraw, of Falkville, was in the city one day last week.

Ike Green, of Bessemer, is visiting his brother Tom on South side.

Levi Moore had charge of the mill here last Saturday and made us some good meal.

Prof. Florey has declined teaching the school here, hence we are without a teacher.

There was a heavy rainfall here last Thursday, accompanied by a severe wind and hail

Rev. W. J. Ray and wife, of Newton, Ala., are visiting their father on North Highlands.

Uncle John Jones and son carried one hundred watermelons to Childersburg last Saturday.

That prince of merchants J. A. Nichols, of Childersburg, was in our community one day last week.

J. S. Elliott and wife and their little daughter Marie, of Vincent, attended preaching here last Sunday.

J. S. Falkner is helping Mr. Caldwell to hold down Wilder's store while Prof. Florey is out on his registering tour.

Miss Dosia Lane, who has been visiting in North Alabama, returned home last Saturday accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Crumpler.

Jim Jones is preparing to burn a kiln of brick this summer. Jim knows how to make brick as well as to put them up after they are made.

A protracted meeting is on at the Methodist church this week. The Baptists will commence theirs on Saturday before the first Sunday in August.

Our people do not favor the rural delivery route here at all. The route which has been looked over don't suit one-fifth of the people who live in the territory, and the disposition of a few private individuals to break down Harpersville is not being endorsed by our people in the least

We have read with much pleasure the article in last week's issue of The Sentinel from Dr. Vandiver. We knew Dock when a boy, and had almost come to the conclusin that he had by this time passed redemption (I mean politically), but the Good Book says "that while the lamp holds out to burn, the vilest sinner may return." We can't see how a Southern man can follow Theodore Roosevelt, nor can we see how a man who fought in the Southern army during the civil war can follow a man who in Shelby county says that honored and good man, Jeff Davis, ought to have been hung, although they may be ever so good Republicans and some of them are among the best men we have, but it does seem to us that the time has come for a halt, and we believe there are others in Shelby county like Dr. Vandiver who will come out and renounce Rooseveltism and help to elect the Democratic ticket in November. Come and go with us, for we are "gwine shore to win."

Our people responded very nobly to our call last Friday in cleaning off our cemetery, and there was a great deal of work done, but it will take another day to finish, and Friday before the first Sunday in next month is named for that day. We want to haul all the trash out, and there are a great many graves which have sunken which should be, and must be filled up. Now will not everybody come out and help to finish cleaning this sacred spot? If you can't come, send some one in your place; and if you can't send some one, just send a little money—say fifty cents or a dollar—and we will have the work done. If you can't do that just let us know who you are, for we have big-hearted people here who are going to see that the Harpersville cemetery is put in proper shape if they have to do it all themselves. Come, kind friends, and help. Don't forget the time—Friday before the first Sunday. Come early.

JAKE.

WILSONVILLE.

G. W. Riddle and J. W. Hall spent Sunday on Fourmile.

We don't understand why XX deserted us last week.

D. R. Ray and John Nolens, of beat 8, were in town Saturday.

Hermie Stoudemire has a position at Spekal as telegraph operator.

J. H. Pennington and mother are visiting relatives in Talladega.

W. J. Horsley and wife, of Birmingham are visiting relatives in town.

Misses Vera Jackson and Bertie Kytle is visiting in Tallapoosa, Ga.

Wm. Lyons, lately of Calera, has moved here and opened a blacksmith shop.

H. E. Smith attended the State Baptist Convention at Anniston last week.

Miss Wilhelma Parker, of Milton, Ala., is visiting at the home of Major J. W. Bolin.

J. M. Ray has one kiln of brick burned, and will begin work on another immediately.

S. H. Wallace, of Birmingham, and W. W. Wallace, of your city, were in town Saturday.

Rev. Mr. Chesser will conduct services at the Christian church every Sunday at 3 p. m.

The series of meetings conducted by Revs. McPherson and Blazer, at the Christian church, closed Saturday night with fourteen accessions to the church.

Rev. O. P. Bentley, assisted by Rev. W. J. D. Upshaw, of Goodwater, is conducting a series of meetings at the Baptist church this week. We hope much good may result.

C. A. Collins, of Birmingham, Miss Minnie Collins and Miss Annie Collins, of Gallion, Miss Julia Ward and brother, of Greensboro, and others, whose names we have forgotten, are visiting at J. F. Pope's this week.

Will the citizens of Wilsonville and surrounding community give us authority to announce a day and invite everybody to come and bring their tools and help clean off the cemetery? We don't propose to clean it off ourselves, but we will help.

HONEST JOHN.

For Sale.

I have for sale a good Jersey cow with young calf.

E. B. NELSON.

For Sale.

A good four room house, 33 acres of land attached, in fine cultivation, within gunshot of the best school in Shelby county. Apply to

J. W. JOHNSTON.

In re-petition of J. H. Walker as guardian of Warren L. Smith and Edith Smith to sell lands for reinvestments. | IN THE PROBATE COURT OF SHELBY CO., ALABAMA.

Whereas on the 28th day of June, 1904, in the above stated cause J. H. Walker as guardian filed his application for the sale of certain real estate situated in Chambers and Talladega counties, Alabama, belonging to his wards, and asking for an order of sale and authorizing the sale of such real estate and the re-investment of the proceeds thereof, and.

Whereas, the 25th day of July, 1904, has been appointed as the day for the hearing of such application.

Now, therefore, notice of the filing of said application and of the nature thereof, and of the day appointed for the hearing of the same is hereby given by advertisement for three consecutive weeks in The Sentinela newspaper published in Shelby county Alabama.

A. P. LONGSHORE.
45-3t Judge of Probate.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION OF COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS July 6th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$37,584 41	Capital paid in	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures	7,000.00	Deposits	26,013 59
Other Real Estate	3,000.00	Rediscounts	18,244 98
Cash and with other Banks	13,710 30	Undivided profits	2,036 14
	$61,294.71		$61,294 71

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't C

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of July, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM Title and Guaranty Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Mgr., Birmingham, Alabama. Birmingham Phone 669.

W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala. Columbiana Phone 42.

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LITERARY, SCIENTIFIC, COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, DOMESTIC; PEDAGOGICAL, MUSICAL, ARTISTIC.

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McMILLAN & HAYNES. ATTORNEY AT LAW, COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA. Office upstairs in Bank Building.

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W. A. PARKER'S LIVERY, FEED, —AND— SALE STABLES COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The number of cattle in Argentina is estimated at 25,000,000.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

The daily mileage of the trains of this country is 2,750,000.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle.

The Public Health and Marine Hospital service costs $1,000,000 a year.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

In some of the cities of Spain the streets are cleaned three times a day.

The night electrician at the water power plant of the Missoula Light and Power Company at Bonner, Mont., was killed while oiling the engine. The machinery continued to run with only the dead electrician in charge until the day men came to work the next morning.

Odors of Perspiration

Removed at once from the armpits, feet, etc., by ROYAL FOOT WASH. Stops Chafing, Cures Sweating, Burning, Swollen, Tired Feet. 25c at Druggists, or postpaid from EATON DRUG CO., Atlanta, Ga. Money back if not satisfied. Sample for 2c stamp.

The anniversary of the death of the first Napoleon at St. Helena is the one and only day in the year when the setting sun appears framed within the curve or archway of the Arc de Triomphe at Paris. Is it coincidence or fate?

The dowager queen, Margharita, of Italy, has ordered preparations to be made for a trip to America this coming autumn. She wishes to visit the St. Louis fair. She will travel incognito as the countess of Stupingi.

The youngest British admiral is the marquis of Donegal, 8 months old, who is hereditary lord high admiral of Lough Neagh, an obsolete office dating from the time of Elizabeth.

The national vote increases about 1,000,000 every four years.

In Paris is published a daily paper for beggars.

Miss Alice M. Smith, of Minneapolis, Minn., tells how woman's monthly suffering may be permanently relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have never before given my endorsement for any medicine, but **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has added so much to my life and happiness that I feel like making an exception in this case. For two years every month I would have two days of severe pain, and could find no relief, but one day when visiting a friend I ran across **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,**—she had used it with the best results and advised me to try it. I found that it worked wonders with me; I now experience no pain, and only had to use a few bottles to bring about this wonderful change. I use it occasionally now when I am exceptionally tired or worn out."—MISS ALICE M. SMITH, 804 Third Ave., South Minneapolis, Minn., Chairman Executive Committee, Minneapolis Study Club.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound carries women safely through the various natural crises and is the safe-guard of woman's health.

The truth about this great medicine is told in the letters from women being published in this paper constantly.

Learn Music Without a Teacher

Collin's Musical Chart teaches you to play piano or organ the first time you try. 25c postpaid CAPITAL SUPPLY CO., P. O. Box 536, Montgomery, Ala.

Sour Stomach

"I used Cascarets and feel like a new man. I have been a sufferer from dyspepsia and sour stomach for the last two years. I have been taking medicine and other drugs, but could find no relief only for a short time. I will recommend Cascarets to my friends as the only thing for indigestion and sour stomach and to keep the bowels in good condition. They are very nice to eat."
Harry Stuckley, Mauch Chunk, Pa.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 599
ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

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NEW ORLEANS.

Full courses in Languages, Sciences, Engineering, Law, Medicine. Splendid department for women in Newcomb College. Tulane makes leaders in all vocations. Its facilities for instruction in Engineering are unsurpassed. Unexcelled opportunities for the study of Sugar Chemistry. Many scholarships in the academic department. Expenses low. Board and accommodations in dormitories at low rates. Opportunities afforded academic students for self-help. Next session begins October 1st. Send for catalogue and illustrated circular. Address THE REGISTRAR, Gibson Hall.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

ZEBRAS UNDER SADDLE.

Animals Hitherto Thought to Be Untamable Prove the Contrary.

It is but a few years since the latest peril was encountered by the horse. The automobile, it was predicted but recently would drive the noble animal from th streets, and the species would soon become extinct. Now a new peril confronts man's best servant—a distant relative, the zebra, which is coming to the front as a saddle-bearer, says a London newspaper.

Up to a very recent date the zebra was described as an untamable beast Practically all naturalists agreed that it could not be broken to harness. But the belief was dissipated as South Africa became settled. Men not only tamed the zebra sufficiently to breed it, but they soon learned to break it so that it could be harnessed to wagons.

Now the German troops in southeast Africa have done a still more remarkable thing with the beautiful stripped animal. They have broken it to the saddle, and have found that it makes a fine saddle beast.

Lieut. Bronsart von Schellendorf, who was in charge of the big colonial trading stations until recently, is the man who succeeded in doing this. He instituted great hunts last year and caught several large herds. These were kept in inclosures and men were sent in every day to walk around among the captives and accustom them to the sight and smell of human beings.

The experimenters discovered to their surprise that, instead of requiring a long time to overcome their shyness, the zebras became tame within a few weeks and would not only suffer the approach of men but would permit themselves to be stroked and fed.

When the animals had arrived at this stage the best specimens were selected and turned over to good riders in the imperial troops. These men broke the zebras as horses are broken, and the result is that now a number of zebras are being used regularly just like saddle horses.

One officer of the imperial forces has not only broken a zebra to the saddle, but he has actually succeeded in making it learn all the tricks and ways of a first class hunting horse. This zebra will jump barriers and ditches with all the energy and fire of a good hunter, and obeys its rider as thoroughly as any horses springing from generations of trained steeds. Another rider has taught his zebra all the artificial gaits and can make it amble, gallop, and run at will.

Lieut. Abel rode one of these zebras recently during a tour of inspection that lasted for several weeks and reports that it compared favorably in every respect with the horse. He found it not only perfectly obedient and willing, but also much better able to withstand fatigue than the ordinary horse used in Africa.

In addition the zebra has the valuable proper quality of being immune to the dreaded tsetse fly, which is so fatal to the unacclimated horse.

The Nursery of a Russian Factory.

Interesting and complete is the study of working people in a great Russian factory told in Social Service by Vladimir F. Gnesin, a Russian electrical engineer. He tells how the great mills were founded in 1792 by Peter the Great, and how they have grown larger and larger from that time until now, when 14,000 people are employed. Among the great number of interesting things which the writer tells concerning efforts made for the benefit of working people in this factory, he says regarding the Nursey:

When the parents go to work they are compelled to leave the care of their children to nurses, chiefly old women or little girls. Such care consequently causes many cases of sickness among children. In consideration of this and in order to provide for the proper care of the children of the peasant parents, the company has established a nursery where every child brought in is washed, clothed in clean clothes and fed. The establishment, besides being a direct force for good, has also the advantage that it establishes among the mothers proper principles for caring for their children. It must be added that these mothers who have nursing infants are at any time allowed to go from their work to nurse their children, which undoubtedly is a great factor in the preservation of the health of the children.

Queer Method of Praying.

Along the sacred road of Nikko, in Japan, is an idol about which centres one of the most curious worships in the world. Upon the surface of the statue are seen little pieces of what appears to be dried paper. If you stand by the idol for a while and wait for a worshipper to come along, you will see what these bits of paper are. The devotee halts in front of the image, then scribbles a prayer on a bit of the paper. The wad he then chews up into a ball and hurls at the god. If it hits the face and sticks, the prayer is sure to be granted, and the pious pilgrim goes away happy. If the ball sticks to some portion of the body, the omen is not quite so propitious, and if it falls to the ground there is absolutely no hope.

Such a mode of prayer is even more curious than the praying wheels of the Buddhists, who set the wheel revolving and reel off prayers by machinery. As John L. Stoddard, the lecturer, says: "One sees, of course, numberless strange rites connected with religion in travelling about the world, but Japan is the only land I have ever visited where deities served as targets for masticated prayers!"

So Long.

With respect to the origin of the familiar parting salute, "So long," there is a suggestion that it is derived from the Norwegian "Saa laenge," a common form of farewell, equivalent in meaning to "au revoir," and pronounced like "so long," with the "g" softened. There was a fair number of Norwegians among the settlers in America, to judge by names, and it is quite likely the phrase was picked up from them. It is in general use among the Dutch in South Africa.—London Globe.

EXPLOSION ON YACHT

Imperils 150 Lives, but All Excursionists Are Saved.

The steam yacht Castanet returning to Clayton, N. Y., from Kingston, Ontario, with 150 excursionists, caught fire in mid stream, and only by the most fortunate circumstances was an awful accident averted.

The yacht was four miles from Kingston, and half a mile from shore, a stiff breeze blowing, and the passengers were enjoying the ride, when suddenly a sheet of flame shot up through the hatchways. The passengers at once ran to the ends of the boat. The flames swept up to the canvass awnings, and in a moment these were ablaze. While the passengers were huddled forward and aft, the engineer and fireman made their way through the flames from the engine room. The crew, after distributing life preservers to the passengers, began to fight the blaze.

Captain Barney Nunn headed the Castanet toward shore, and was followed by the steamer yacht Nokomis, which was a mile away when the flames broke out. The burning boat was beached on Cedar island. The passengers were transferred without the loss of a life, and the fire was extinguished by the united efforts of both crews. Engineer Charles Wood and his son, the fireman, were both badly burned, but will recover.

The cause of the accident was an explosion of gas in the fire box, which threw the hot coals into the engine room and down the galleys.

MAY NOT ENCAMP.

Mississippi National Guard Not Yet Accorded Rates.

Unless the railroads grant a reduced rate of one cent per mile for troops it is probable that the annual encampment of the Mississippi national guard at Biloxi commencing on the 15th of August will be called off.

Heretofore the railroads have always granted reduced rates for state troops, but since the militia has been accepted under the new Dick bill the government will pay the expenses of annual encampments. With the exception of two or three lines under obligations to the government, all the railroads in the country charge full fare for the transportation of regular troops of the United States army, and the fear is being entertained that if state troops are hereafter carried at reduced rates the government will adopt it as a precedent and refuse to pay regular rates in the future.

MISSISSIPPI SCHOOLS

Get Over Three-quarters of the State's Revenues.

In making out his report for the last year State Treasurer Miller, of Mississippi, has found that the state has been spending more money per capita for the cause of education than any other state in the union save Massachusetts, and the figures will show that this same educational cause is a burdensome one. The total receipts at the state treasury last year amounted to $2,263,671.28, of which just $1,727,784.28 was paid out on account of the schools of the state. That means that Mississippi pays 77.2 per cent of all her collections for the cause of education.

The grand lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen will assemble in Meridian, Miss., August 10th. A circular letter is being sent out to all grand lodge representatives of the order in Georgia, Alabama, North and South Carolina, Florida and Mississippi announcing the date of meeting and matters pertaining to the session.

Attorney-General Williams, of Mississippi, under the authority of the Railroad commission, will ask for an injunction restraining the Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City road from using the new depot at Pontotoc until the suit now pending in the federal court regarding the old depot site is settled.

There is considerable talk of a probability of legal proceedings being instituted by the Cumberland Telephone company to prevent the Mississippi railroad commission from enforcing its assessment of the company's property. The assessment is an increase of 66 2-3 per cent.

Estimates of the damages that have been wrought to cotton crop prospects in Mississippi on account of excessive rainfalls vary from ten to twenty per cent, according to locality.

Evidence has been furnished Insurance Commissioner Cole that two wildcat insurance companies are now operating in Mississippi.

Dynamite on Car Tracks.

As the result of an explosion of dynamite under a street car at Houston, Tex., five persons were hurt, one seriously.

Today heavy charges of dynamite were found on two other car lines, where they had failed to explode.

Camp was broken at Camp Jelks Monday.

Finishing touches are now being applied to the Graham school building at Talladega.

Six more big freight engines have been ordered by the Birmingham Southern.

The Queen City bank of Gadsden is to become a national bank in a few months.

Troop C, of Selma, won the medal in the competition drill at Birmingham.

Arrangements have been made for the notification of Theodore Roosevelt of his nomination for the presidency by the republican party. The ceremony will take place on Wednesday, the 27th inst, at 2:30 p. m. Following custom, the notification will be at Mr. Roosevelt's home, Sagamore Hill.

Seventeen families of cotton mill operatives in Massachusetts have applied for admission to the poor house.

The Texas railroad commission has suspended its order requiring standard interlocking devices on the railroads of the state by 1905.

SCIENCE SAVES OYSTERS.

Impoverished Beds Greatly Improved by Artificial Means.

It has been observed that oysters grow much slower on some beds than on others; that in certain places they fail to fatten, writes Barton W. Everman in The National Geographical Magazine. These places were usually on overcrowded beds, and sometimes good results could be secured by transplanting or thinning out. Qualitative and quantitative study of the diatoms (which constitute the food of oysters) on beds where the oysters fatten well, and on other beds where they fatten poorly, showed that the number of diatoms per liter of water was very much greater in the former than in the latter.

It was, therefore, believed that if the supply of diatoms could be increased on the unproductive beds the oysters on them would grow and fatten. Experiments along these lines were recently inaugurated at Lynnhaven, Va., under the immediate direction of Dr. H. F. Moore of the bureau of fisheries. A small cove was selected where the bottom and the salinity of the water were favorable, but where diatoms were scarce. Commercial fertilizers of certain kinds were used to furnish food for the diatoms, and it was very soon found that the latter greatly increased in abundance, and lean oysters transferred to this cove fattened rapidly. Details of the process need not be given here, but it is believed that the experiments will demonstrate the entire practibility of the artificial feeding and fattening of oysters on a commercial basis.

Veteran of Mexican and Spanish Wars

Only one veteran of the Mexican and Spanish wars has thus far applied for a pension from the government. The one applicant is C. B. Hunt, who was once a resident of Massachusetts. Any veteran of the Mexican war who survived to fight against Spain must have been nearly three score and ten years old, the allotted span of life, and the man who enlists at the age of 70 must needs be patriotic and well fortified with a strong constitution in order to undertake the fatigues of a second campaign.—Boston Advertiser.

But one divorcee has been admitted to share a European throne during the last 100 years, namely, Empress Caroline of Austria. A daughter of the first king of Bavaria, she was married when barely sixteen to King William I, of Wurtemberg. After six years of marriage the latter was dissolved by means of a divorce and two years later she became the fourth wife of Emperor Francis I, of Austria, father-in-law of the first Napoleon and last bearer of the title of emperor of the holy Roman empire.

The Western Society of Engineehs, at Chicago, Ill., recently heard a paper read by John M. Sweeney, on pulverized coal for combustion under steam boilers. Results of comparitive trials showed that 9.4 pounds of water, equivalent evaporation from and at 212 degrees Fahr., were realized per pound of fuel with the pulverized coal, and 7.5 pounds per pound of fuel with hand firing. On the basis of combustible the equivalent evaporation in the two cases was 10.47 and 8.4 pounds, respectively.

Mrs. Hannah Jones, of Conwl Elfed, Wales, has given birth to two pairs of twins in one year. A boy and a girl were born on February 3, 1903, and two girls—twins—arrived on December 27, 1903. All four babies are doing well.

A unique wedding took place between Minnie Morris, of Cincinnati, and James Winsom of Memphis. Mr. Winsom is minus his right leg and Miss Morris is also a cripple, having lost her left leg in a railroad accident.

Judge Alton B. Parker refused to become postmaster general under Cleveland and declined the nomination of leutenant-governor of New York.

During the Franco-Prussian war 23,000 of the unvaccinated French soldiers died if smallpox while in the vaccinated German army there were only 260 deaths from that disease.

A young man of Kansas City brought a damage suit some time ago against a young woman for kissing him and has just secured a verdict for two dollars.

The Russian minister of finance offers 50,000 rubles ($25,750) to the person who will invent some way to make alcohol undrinkable.

Among old-fashioned cattle men in Virginia the goat is held to be a preventative of diseases and a clear-away of noxious herbs.

Endorsed by Queen Alexandra rogue is used as openly in England nowadays as in the unregenerate period of Louis XV.

In 1861 there were but 4,680,193 voters in this country. The number has risen until in the last presidential election 13,370,605 votes were cast.

One of the vegetable pests of the western plains is the loco weed, which drives mad the cattle that feed upon it.

Mayor Timanus, of Baltimore, has read the riot act to city employes in the matter of keeping better office hours.

98 per cent of the street railways in the United States is operated by electricity.

Pearls Found in Wisconsin Rivers.

J. A. Young, who has just retired after four years of service as mayor of Brodhead, is one of the oldest dealers in Washington pearls and came to the city yesterday to sell pearls in some of the local jewelers. To some friends at the hotel, Mr. Young exhibited some of his rare specimens, among which was one for which he said he would not take $10,000. "I believe it is the most perfect pearl in the country today," said Mr. Young. "I have been told this by experts and I have seen none better. I have been engaged in the buying and selling of pearls for 17 years, ever since pearls were first found in Wisconsin rivers. The first pearls were found at that time by a Norwegian, who was fishing on the Sugar river. He realized that they were valuable and kept at the business for two years before people realized what he was about. Then he sent the pearls to New York and received a check for about $600. After that he began to spend his money and took in two Yankees as partners. That ended it for him."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

The first section of the Piraeus-Larissa railway was declared open recently. The chairman of the railway company, after the opening ceremony, pointed out the advantages to be derived, not only by Greece, but by international traffic, when the line was completed, and connected with the Turkish railway system; and he stated that within two months it would be open as far as Livadia, thus bringing the fertile district of Boeotia into railway communication with the sea, both at Chalcis and at the Piraeus.

An excellent illustration of how electricity is superseding steam in many quarters is found in a contract recently awarded by a shipbuilding company of Buffalo. The company has decided to install electric power to pump out its floating dry docks in the Erie basin. The motors to be constructed will work the pumps much faster than the steam engines formerly in use, it being estimated that the docks can be cleared in two and one-half hours less time. To accomplish this a 35-horsepower motor will be located on each side of the two docks, and the electricity will be supplied by a cable laid along the bottom of the basin.

The life of an express locomotive in England is estimated at twenty-five years; that of a freight locomotive at twenty-six years, that of an ordinary passenger engine at twenty-five and that of a switch engine at twenty-seven. In the United States the life of an express locomotive is eighteen years, of a freight engine sixteen years, of a passenger engine nineteen years and of a switch engine twenty-two years. In eighteen years, however, the American machine has run 2,000,000 miles—double the average travel of an English locomotive.

The first railway in Iceland will probably soon be begun by an English company recently formed for the purpose of working the sulphur mines at Theisstareykir, in the north of Iceland, says The Times correspondent at Copenhagen. The mines are about 17 miles from Hupavik, the nearest harbor to which the proposed railway will run.

The Belgian authorities have decided to add three, instead of one, turbine mail packets to their Dover-Ostend service. The turbine engines and machinery are to be constructed in England and the vessels in Belgium. The vessels are to do the passage of 62 knots in about two hours and 20 minutes.

The total length of the navigable waterways of Belgium amounts to 1360 miles. As the total area of the country is 11,373 square miles, there is one mile of waterway to every 8 1-2 square miles of territory; 85 percent of the navigable waterways is under the control of the state.

Crane and Friedlander, who have experimented on its bactericidal properties, find that roasted coffee is a decidedly active agent in the destruction of germs, including some of the more serious and important ones.

Japanese women make magic belts for their soldiers. Each belt is of yellow, having exactly 1,000 black dots on it, and each dot having a thread knotted in it.

There has been discovered in Africa a water animal as large as an elephant, but which is an apparent cross between a crocodile and a hippopotamus.

A woman died recently in Denver who had given birth to fifteen pairs of twins.

Maine's Statesmen.

It is many years since Maine has changed its Representatives in Congress, except when Speaker Reed resigned or death has intervened. All four of the present delegation have just been nominated for re-election by the Republicans of their districts.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY make oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Good Advice.

An advertiser proposed to reveal for 25 cents an easy way for any young lady to keep her hands nice and soft. A budding damsel in Sturgeon, Mo., sent the cash, and received this advice: "Soak your hands in dishwater three times a day, while mother rests."

A Beautiful Young Society Woman's Letter.

ST. PAUL, Minn.
521 Wabasha St.
Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.
Dear Sir:

"I took Peruna last summer when I was all run down, and had a headache and backache, and no ambition for anything. I now feel as well as I ever did in all my life, and all thanks is due to your excellent Peruna."—Bess F. Healy.

The symptoms of summer catarrh are quite unlike in different cases, but the most common ones are general lassitude, played-out, tired-out, used-up, run-down feelings, combined with more or less heavy, stupid, listless, mental condition. Relish for food and the ability to digest food seems to be lost.

Skin eruptions, sallow complexion, biliousness, coated tongue, fitful, irregular sleep, help to complete the picture which is so common at this season.

Peruna so exactly meets all these conditions that the demand is so great for this remedy at this season of the year that it is nearly impossible to supply it.

Pe-ru-na Contains No Narcotics.

One reason why Peruna has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotics of any kind. Peruna is perfectly harmless. It can be used any length of time without acquiring the drug habit.

Thousands of women suffer from pelvic catarrh and catarrhal nervousness and don't know it. If you feel fagged out, begin at once taking Dr. Hartman's Peruna. It will relieve your catarrhal affliction and all your organs will be restored to health. By a bottle to-day, as it will immediately alleviate your case.

SOUTHERN DENTAL COLLEGE, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

If you are interested in obtaining a dental education, write for free catalogue of full instruction.

ADDRESS DR. S. W. FOSTER, DEAN, 100 NORTH BUTLER STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Miss Helen Gould, on June 20th, was thirty-six years old. She is a small, sweet-faced, dark-haired young woman, unassuming, yet with a gracious dignity of her own. Her speech is quiet and not at all assertive.

BOTANIC
B.B.B. BLOOD BALM

The Great Tested Remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Scrofula, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Ulcers, Eczema, Sores, Eruptions, Weakness, Nervousness, and all
BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.

It is by far the best building up Tonic and Blood Purifier ever offered to the world. It makes new, rich blood, imparts renewed vitality, and possesses almost miraculous healing properties. Write for Book of Wonderful Cures, sent free on application.

If not kept by your local druggist, send $1.00 for a large bottle, or $5.00 for six bottles, and medicine will be sent, freight paid, by
BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

I Have a Proposition

Which will make good money for any man in Alabama who is fairly well known in his own town. I want good, honest, respectable men who are willing to work for one of the leading INSURANCE COMPANIES in the United States.

For particulars address:

C. B. JENNINGS, State Manager.

1st Nat. Bank Bldg., Birmingham, Ala.

FREE to WOMEN

A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely Free and Postpaid, enough to prove the value of

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

Paxtine is in powder form to dissolve in water—non-poisonous and far superior to liquid antiseptics containing alcohol which irritates inflamed surfaces, and have no cleansing properties. The contents of every box makes more Antiseptic Solution—lasts longer—goes further—has more uses in the family and does more good than any antiseptic preparation you can buy.

The formula of a noted Boston physician, and used with great success as a Vaginal Wash, for Leucorrhœa, Pelvic Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Cuts, and all soreness of mucus membrane.

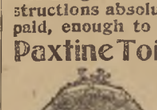
In local treatment of female ills Paxtine is invaluable. Used as a Vaginal Wash we challenge the world to produce its equal for thoroughness. It is a revelation in cleansing and healing power; it kills all germs which cause inflammation and discharges.

All leading druggists keep Paxtine; price, 50c. a box; if yours does not, send to us for it. Don't take a substitute—there is nothing like Paxtine.

Write for the Free Box of Paxtine to-day.
R. PAXTON CO., 7 Pope Bldg., Boston, Mass.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.



RIPANS TABULES are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in a single year. Constipation, heartburn, sick headache, dizziness, bad breath, sore throat and every illness arising from a disordered stomach are relieved or cured by Ripans Tabules. One will generally give relief within twenty minutes. The five-cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion. All druggists sell them.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS.

SLEEP

For Skin Tortured Babies and Rest For Tired Mothers

In Warm Baths with Cuticura SOAP

And gentle anointings with CUTICURA Ointment, the great Skin Cure, and purest and sweetest of emollients. It means instant relief and refreshing sleep for tortured, disfigured, itching, and burning babies, and rest for tired, fretted mothers, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60). Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.

Send for "How to Cure Baby Humors."

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT TULANE UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA

Its advantages for practical instruction, both in ample laboratories and abundant hospital materials are unequalled. Free access is given to the great Charity Hospital with 800 beds and 30,000 patients annually. Special instruction is given daily at the bedside of the sick. The next session begins October 20, 1904. For catalogue and information, address Prof. S. E. CHAILLE, M.D., Dean, P. O. Drawer 261, New Orleans, La.

Am. 31, 1904.

Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed

To cure, or money refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.

Circuit Clerk

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., AUGUST 4, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 49

A DECISIVE BATTLE

Is Believed to be Raging Near Mukden. Gen. Count Keller Killed.

KUROPATKIN IS HEMMED IN.

Three Japanese Generals With 300,000 Soldiers Surround Him—Russia Anxious as to Outcome.

Russians believe that the decisive battle of the campaign is being fought, but this has not been established. For several days the main body of the Russian army has been moving north toward Mukden. General Kuropatkin may be obliged to destroy the immense quantity of stores accumulated at Liao Yang.

Military critics do not believe that General Kuropatkin can escape a general engagement. His army forms a wedge with General Oku at the point, and Nodzu and Kuroki operating against the sides.

The decisive battle of the campaign seems to be in progress. Having completed his enveloping movement of the Russian position, General Kuroki has ordered simultaneously an advance from all points against Haicheng and Liao Yang. Fighting is raging on both fronts.

It is reported that Lieutenant General Count Keller has been killed east of Liao Yang.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg confirms the reported death, saying he was killed by a fragment of a Japanese shell at the time he was opposing the Japanese advance along the railway near Hai Cheng.

Lieutenant General Count Keller at the opening of the war was in command of the second Siberian army division. He was 54 years old and resigned the governorship of Ekaterinoslaff in order to go to the front.

General Keller was the first high Rusian military commander to lose his life in this war.

Count Tolstoi's son is leaving for the front as a volunteer in the infantry.

Japanese have removed two large electrical mines from the mouth of the Liao river and they are searching for sixteen others of such mines known to be there.

The people who left New Chwang before the Japanese came in are now returning and confidence has been restored. The Japanese specie bank will open soon.

Second Pacific Fleet.

Preparations have been completed for the departure, under the command of Rear Admiral Enquist, of the cruiser division of the second Russian Pacific squadron, now lying off Cronstadt. The warships will weigh anchor and put to sea under sealed orders within three days. It is also believed that the auxiliary cruiser Don Andural, which probably is the ship reported as passing Copenhagen with two torpedo boats, will be followed at once by other converted merchantmen. This time the admiralty has resolved that there shall be no question of the character of the warships engaged in stopping contraband. The Don Andural will replace the St. Petersburg and Smolensk, which will come home and be recommissioned.

THE ASSASSIN DIES.

And the Real Identity of von Plehve's Murderer is Not Known.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says the assassin of Minister von Plehve is dead, and adds that he made no disclosures before dying.

Letter from Andre.

Dispatches report that a Norwegian whaler has found north of Spitzbergen a letter from Professor Andre dated 1898. The text of the letter is not disclosed. Professor Andre left Spitzbergen in a balloon July 11, 1897, with the intention of crossing the north pole. He has not been definitely heard from since.

Ex-Gov. Pattison Dead.

Former Governor Robert E. Pattison, of Pennsylvania, died Monday morning. Although pneumonia was the immediate cause of death, Pattison was indirectly a victim to overwork in connection with the democratic national convention.

Thomas Bickley Dies.

Thomas B. Bickley, one of Colbert county's oldest and best known citizens, is dead at his home in Spring Valley. He was a strong populist and ran on the populist ticket for representative, sustaining defeat by a democrat.

Drowned in the Tennessee.

Luther Mason, a member of the pleasure party that left Huntsville Sunday morning to spend the day at Whiteburg, on the Tennessee river, was drowned. Mr. Mason and a friend had taken a skiff and gone on the river for a row. A storm coming up, Mason became frightened and jumped from the boat, intending to swim to the shore, he being an expert swimmer. When but a short distance from the boat he was seized with cramps and immediately sank.

FIRE AT ANNISTON.

Causes Loss of $35,000—Several Narrow Escapes Recorded.

Fire early Sunday morning threatened the largest business block in Anniston and did considerable damage to the Caldwell building and stock of dry goods of Kohn Brothers, as well as threatening the lives of several roomers on the third floor of the building.

The roomers were awakened after some time by stones being thrown in their windows, and they escaped to the roof of an adjoining building over a twelve-inch board.

The stock of Kohn Bros. was badly damaged by fire, smoke and water. It is valued at $35,000, and is damaged several thousand dollars, the building being damaged to the extent of a thousand dollars. All are fully insured. The fire originated in the store of Kohn Bros., but it is not known from what cause.

New Industries in Alabama.

Akron—$10,000 lumber company.

Albertville—Cotton gin.

Alexander City—Hardware company, laundry.

Anniston—$100,000 electrical manufacturing company; $9,000 land company.

Birmingham—$50,000 brick and roofing plant at North Birmingham; coal mining company; $50,000 coal mining company.

Bridgeport—Saw mill and handle factory (near).

Coosada Station—Grist mill.

Corona—$50,000 coal mining company.

Evergreen—$20,000 fertilizer factory.

Florence—Stave mill (near).

Jasper—$100,000 coal mining company.

Piedmont—Cotton gin.

Both Sides Firm.

The close of the first week of the cotton mill strike at Fall River, Mass., involving eighty-one mills there and 26,000 operatives, finds the situation unchanged since the order went into effect. Each side to the controversy remains firm—the manufacturers holding to their position that the mills will be operated only on condition that the 12 1-2 per cent reduction be adopted, and the operatives are equally firm that they will not work under this reduction.

It is estimated by the strike leaders that it will cost $20,000 a week to continue the strike, but they are convinced that this amount will be forthcoming.

Earliest First Bale.

All previous records were broken Saturday when the first bale of this season's cotton was received in Montgomery and was sold at auction. The earliest bale of cotton ever received here before came on July 30th.

The bale not only broke the record for the Montgomery market, but it broke the state's record for early cotton. It was grown in Geneva county and was marketed at Hartford on July 26th, which is declared to be the earliest that any grower of cotton in Alabama has ever sent a bale to market.

Mine Paymasters Killed by Robbers.

Charles Hays, a driver employed by the Puritan Coal Company, Portage, Pa., is dead and Patrick Campbell, the company paymaster, lies fataly wounded as the result of a hold-up and murder.

The two men in a buggy were taking a satchel containing about $3,000 with which to pay the coal company's employes at Puritan from the express office to the coal town. They were fired upon by a party of three men.

The three bandits are reported surrounded in a swamp.

New Industries in Georgia.

Barnesville—Coal and lumber company.

Camilla—$20,000 water works.

Columbus—$15,000 coffin, basket and crate factory; $5,000 brick and tile works.

Douglas—$20,000 water works and electric light plant.

Elberton—Water works.

Greatest Coal Output In History.

The forthcoming report of the United States geological survey shows that the United States exceeded all previous records in the production of coal in 1903. The total amount of the output of the coal mines of the country during that year was 359,424,311 tons, an increase of nearly 58,000,000 or 19 per cent over the preceding year and an increase in value of 38 per cent over the preceding year.

Japanese have occupied every position surrounding the besieged fortress of Port Arthur, with the exception of Golden Hill.

Under the Wheels.

M. T. Gaines, a switchman on the Frisco railroad, was killed in the yards Monday afternoon. The body was horribly mangled and cut in two.

From the best information obtained Mr. Gaines attempted to step upon the running board on the rear of a locomotive as it was backing into the house yards and missed his footing. He fell directly under the machine, the wheels passing over the body and cutting it in two. He died almost instantly

BREVITIES BY WIRE.

Dr. John Harris, of Danville, who ran away with Miss Kirby a few days ago, was arrested in Guntersville and taken to Decatur. Miss Kirby is only 17. Her family is one of the best. Dr. Harris is about 40 years of age and a prominent practitioner. He has a wife and several children and his wife is in a delicate condition. The girl says the doctor ill-treated her.

A telegram from Shelby Springs announces the burning of a store and postoffice at that place Friday night. The origin of the fire is placed to a spark from an engine. The store and postoffice was entirely destroyed, but no other damage was done. The loss is judged to be about $800, partially insured.

The wing of the new Sacred Heart convent now under construction east of Cullman will be completed in a few days. When completed it will cost $50,000. Later on the building will be increased at a total cost of $150,000.

The Madison County Sunday School Association finished its labors at Madison Saturday afternoon after having chosen Huntsville as the next place of meeting. George T. Marsh, of Merrimack, was re-elected president.

The bill abolishing all of the justice of the peace offices in Birmingham and creating the inferior court of Birmingham is to be tested in the supreme court, when the tribunal meets in November.

The summer school at Tuscaloosa had an attendance of 360 for six weeks. Of that number 122 were examined for teachers' licenses. The school had for its expense this year $7,500.

A movement is on foot to secure a military company for Ensley to take the place of one of the three companies in the regiment that has been recommended to be mustered out.

The Wheeler Rifles of Florence have been selected by Adjutant General W. W. Brandon to go to Manassas September 5th to 15th to participate in the battle of Bull Run.

The home offices of the Georgia Cotton Products company and the Alabama Cotton Products company, located in Atlanta, have been moved to Montgomery.

Bessemer ladies discovered several sacks of groceries that had been taken from the Romano Grocery company and concealed in the Baptist church.

The secretary of state has received from the printer the 138th Alabama reports and they are now ready for distribution.

The Dodson Printers' Supply company of Atlanta has filed a copy of its charter with the secretary of state.

The department of archives and history has received files of the Eufaula Times and News from 1846 to date.

The Semet-Solvay company has just about completed some extensive improvements to its plant in Ensley.

The Odd Fellows of Cullman county gave an annual picnic and celebration at Holly Pond.

New Decatur has accepted plans for a city hall and advertised for bids.

Father O'Reilly's funeral was the largest ever seen in Alabama.

William P. Martin has been appointed postmaster at Goethite.

Byron Trammel has been appointed postmaster at Dothan.

Montgomery's first bale of cotton was received Friday.

Brighton is making arrangements for electric lights.

Bank at Aliceville.

News has been received from Aliceville of the organization of a banking house at that place. The new institution is to be known as the Aliceville Bank and Trust company, and is to do a general banking business. The authorized capital is $40,000, and all the stock was taken by home people.

Railroads Need Room.

The work of grading for the big extension of the joint tracks from the Mobile and Ohio and Southern railroads in Meridian, Miss., has begun. The increasing demand for terminal facilities renders necessary a large addition to the trackage of the above roads.

Train Wrecker Arrested.

A negro named Ford Sanders has been arrested and placed in jail at Gadsden on the charge of throwing the switch and wrecking a freight on the Chattanooga Southern road last March, in which considerable property was destroyed, but no one hurt.

Chattahoochee Freight.

During the fiscal year just ended Chattahoochee river steamers of the Columbus, Ga., Steamboat association hauled 103,731 tons of freight, valued at $10,346,799.

This does not include the freight hauled by two independent steamers.

Three hundred and fifty-six cottages and a cargo of other material have been shipped to Porto Rico to be used by the government at a number of posts on the island. The cottages are "knocked down."

Two unknown men held up and robbed E. L. Russell, proprietor of a livery stable at Merrill, Miss., in front of his place of business. They bound and gagged the victim and took $590 from him.

The custom house at Santiago, Cuba, was robbed of $6,800.

MISSISSIPPI BONDS

Have Not Been Called For by the Purchasers.

N. W. Harris & Co., of Chicago, the firm that purchased the $500,000 3 1-2 per cent bond issues from the state of Mississippi several weeks ago, have not yet called for the bonds, and the state is getting a little uneasy in spite of the fact that a certified check for one-tenth the issue was deposited with the bid and is held as a guarantee of good faith. Bankers about over the state have received circulars from Harris & Co. offering their bonds as an investment, and it is supposed that they will come across with the cash in a short while. In the meantime the school teachers of the state are waiting for their money.

Lipscomb Left Off.

The board of trustees of the University of Mississippi held a meeting Saturday. At the June meeting of the board three vacancies on the faculty were left, and this special meeting was for the purpose of filling them. Professors J. W. Johnston, A. L. Bondurant and Dabney Lipscomb were the members of the faculty who failed of re-election, and they were present asking for reinstatement.

Professors Bondurant and Johnston were re-instated. Lipscomb was not re-elected. Just what the charge against him was is not stated.

Professor Bishop, of Millsaps college, was selected to fill the chair of English.

New Industries in Mississippi.

Durant—$30,000 lumber company.

Greenville—$50,000 hardware company.

Isola—$5,000 cotton gin.

Itta Bena—$10,000 lumber company.

Liberty—$10,000 brick works.

Lumberton—$20,000 water works.

New Albany—$25,000 lumber company.

Port Gibson—$15,000 canning factory.

Prentiss—$25,000 lumber company.

Indians are Starving.

An appeal was made to President Roosevelt Saturday by a committee representing the Presbyterian board of home missions in behalf of the Pima Indians in Arizona, who are said to be perishing because the waters of the Gila river have been diverted from their reservation. The Indians, who number about 5,000, are said to be on the verge of starvation because of failure of their crops. The president promised to consider the matter, which has been before the interior department for a long time.

Injured by Explosion.

As the result of an accident at the furnaces three negroes were severely burned with molten pig iron and Hoke Perkins narrowly escaped serious and perhaps fatal injuries. One of the large pots in which the molten metal is carried to the casting machine was turned half over, in order to clean out the accumulation in the bottom, when a slight explosion occurred which spattered the molten metal.

Mississippi Buttons.

Samples of the buttons made by the Aberdeen, Miss., button factory are shown. They are made from mussle shells taken from the Tombigbee river and the lakes in that section of the state, and it is said that several of the fishermen have found pearls worth goodly sums while opening the shells.

Addition to Saw Mill.

At Huntsville the Lowe Manufacturing Company's new addition will be 50x140 feet and will contain 10,000 new spindles, making in all for this company 26,000 spindles.

Friday marked the termination of the agreement which was made by the powers at The Hague peace conference prohibiting the use of balloons for hurling explosives during a period of five years. Russia and Japan signed this agreement.

A fertilizer factory to cost $1,500,000 is to be established at Fairfield, Fla.

The treasury department received a check for $2,886,554.51 from the Central Pacific railroad company. This is in payment of twenty notes given by the railroad in settlement of its indebtedness to the government. The arrival of this check, together with the receipts from customs of over $1,000,000 and the ordinary income made the total treasury receipts for the day $4,907,101, while the expenditures were $1,247,000.

The Southern railway has surveyors in the field locating the line of a new railroad between Itta Bena and Belzoni, Miss. The work of construction will begin in a few weeks and will be rushed to completion.

A programme has been prepared and all arrangements are finished for the entertainment of the Mississippi confederate veterans who will hold their reunion at Aberdeen on the 4th and 5th of August.

The defendants indicted by the federal grand jury in connection with the burning of the steamship General Slocum were arraigned in the United States federal court Monday.

Governor McMillan, of Tennessee, has declined to run for the United States senate.

KILLED BY A BOMB

Russian Cabinet Officer Falls the First Victim of a Deeply Laid Plot

SUPPOSED WORK OF ANARCHISTS

Was on His Way to Emperor—Plot Was Known to Authorities, but Former Attempt to Arrest Failed.

M. von Plehve, Russian minister of the interior, was assassinated Thursday morning by a bomb thrown at his carriage while he was driving to take a train for the palace at Peterhof, where he was to make his weekly report to the emperor.

The assassination is believed to be the outcome of a widespread plot, the existence of which has been suspected for several days. Numerous arrests have already been made, including that of the assassin, a young man who is believed to be a Finn, named Leglo, and who is now in a hospital severely and perhaps fatally injured by the explosion of his own bomb. An accomplice of Leglo, also aparently a Finn, but whose name is unknown, has been arrested. He had in his possession a bomb which he tried to throw, but he was overpowered by the police in time to prevent great loss of life.

The minister was escorted by a number of detectives on bicycles, and one of them jostled the assassin, who then rushed into the road and threw the bomb after the carriage. The missile struck the hind wheel and exploded with fearful force, killing or wounding over a score of persons. Minister Plehve and his coachman were killed outright and an officer of the guard was fatally injured.

The explosive is believed to have been composed of pyroxylin, as it gave off little smoke. The force of the explosion was so terrific that it not only broke every window within a radius of half a mile, but reduced the heavy paving stones to powder, heaved up the pavement and flung a heavy piece of iron work of the carriage so that it severed the mast of a barge which fell, stunning the captain of the barge. Everybody in the street was knocked down and more or less bruised.

Von Plehve during his two years of office as minister of the interior left a profound mark on the administrative reforms which were leading the country toward more liberal institutions.

The impression prevails that his death will greatly weaken the influence of the powerful war party favoring an aggressive policy in Manchuria.

It is learned that while the identity and nationality of the assassin of Minister Plehve and his accomplice are still not definitely established, the police are making progress in unraveling the skein. They are amazed to find how far-reaching was the conspiracy.

The documents found show the existence of a wholesale plot toward ministers, but the most remarkable feature is that it did not include the czar, who is distinctly declared to be uninvolved.

The accomplice of the assassin of M. Von Plehve was seen to drop something in the canal. Later a bomb was recovered from the water.

As Minister of Justice Muraviaff was driving to the Peterhof palace to report to Emperor Nicholas the assassination of the minister of the interior, Von Plehve, stones were thrown at him and his carriage windows were broken.

Ammunition at Port Arthur is reported as getting very short.

Exempt from Taxation

Cottage and mill help houses are exem from taxation, accoring to a ruling made by Attorney General Massey Wilson, on the ten year cotton mill exemption law passed by the session of the ligislator of 1901. The question came up some time ago in a controversy over collection of taxes on houses owned by the cotton mill.

Young Lady Shot.

Miss Emma Benefield, a well-known young lady of Baileytown, was seriously shot in the neck and head while toying with a pistol. The shot was accidental and after passing through her left handentered her neck and lodged at the base of the brain in the back of her head. The wound is a dangerous one.

Colonel Foster Dead.

Colonel J. Collier Foster, one of the most prominent citizens of Tuscaloosa county, and the oldest living graduate of the University of Alabama, passed away Friday evening.

Secretaries of State.

Through the efforts of Secretary of State J. W. Morton, of Tennessee, an arrangement has been made whereby secretaries of states and territories will meet in St. Louis September 28. The object is to discuss ways and means for securing a uniform law in the corporation charters and kindred matters. The bureau of corporations of the department of commerce and labor will send a representative.

FATHER O'REILLY DEAD.

Was Highly Respected Throughout Alabama—Monument to Him.

Rev. Father Patrick A. O'Reilly, pastor of St. Paul's Catholic church, Birmingham, died Thursday morning at St. Vincent's hospital from the injuries he received by being thrown from a horse at Camp Jelks a week before while discharging the duties of chaplain.

Father O'Reilly lived and worked for Catholics and non-Catholics in this city and immediate district for the past sixteen years. He made for himself and his church during that period a lasting name.

He was well known over the state and universal regret is expressed at his taking off.

He was buried with the military honors of a major.

honors of a major on a knoll near the beautiful St. Vincent's hospital.

Over this grave there will be placed a monument and people of all denominations will participate in erecting it. A shaft will be raised that will tower high and may be seen from the city.

RECEIVER IN CHARGE.

Backed by Venezuelan Troops Carner Succeeds Colley.

Ambrose Howard Carner, the former managing director of the New York and Bermudez Asphalt company (who was recently appointed receiver of the company as a result of the suit brought by President Castro), backed by Venezuelan soldiers, took possession of the properties of the company, including the asphalt lake, against the energetic protests of Captain Colley, the company's representative.

The steamer Viking, belonging to the company, escaped seizure. Foreign companies residing in Venezuela are alarmed over President Castro's aggressive policy, which is directed also against French, British and German companies.

FAT FEE

For Attorney Herbert in Dewey Prize Money Case.

Justice Gould has signed an order ratifying the auditor's report in the case of Admiral Dewey against the Don Juan de Austria and other prize property. A distribution of the prize money is directed, the sum involved amounting to $828,677.69.

Under the decision the naval pension fund gets one-half of $828,677.60, less half the costs, which will be approximately $90,000. An attorney's fee of 10 per cent is allowed by the court as part of the costs. The remaining one-half is to be distributed among Admiral Dewey and the officers and men of the fleet under his command at the battle of Manila bay.

FOUND GUILTY.

John Morris, Sr., Convicted of Murder in the Second Degree.

John Morris, Sr., was found guilty by the jury trying him at Athens of murder in the second degree and his punishment was fixed at ten years in the penitentiary.

He was charged with being in a conspiracy to kill B. F. Grisham, his son John firing the fatal shots. He is a man nearly sixty years of age and is quite wealthy. His case has been appealed.

His sons, John and Walter, will not get a trial until the next term and must remain in jail, because charged with murder in the first degree.

Shot Through the Window.

A special from Washington, Wilkes county, Ga., says that while Charley J. Tyler, a prominent young farmer, was at supper with his wife, Dr. Thos. C. Burch emptied two loads of buckshot from a window into the body of Tyler, killing him instantly. Dr. Burch has been taken in custody.

In the August Presence.

Minister Leishman has cabled the state department from Constantinople that he had a long interview with the sultan. No detail is given, but it is asusmed by the officials here that the interview was satisfactory. The minister has been trying for many months to gain personal access to the sultan so that he made substantial progress.

THREE COMPANIES

Of the Alabama National Guard to be Mustered Out.

It is reported that three companies of the Third infantry, Alabama National Guard, will be mustered out of the service for inefficiency as a part of the plan of Lieutenant Colonel F. P. McConnell, of Talladega, to rehabilitate the regiment of which he is commander. The companies that are to be forced out of the service are E company, stationed at Decatur, Captian W. H. Long; F company, stationed at Huntsville, Captain R. L. Hay, and M company stationed at Jasper, Captain Cecil Lacey.

Log Rolled Over Him.

Ben Head happened to a possibly fatal accident at Hall Landing, on Coosa river. He was on the wagon when in some unaccountable manner the logs began to roll off and carried him with them, a log rolling completely over his body, mashing his face, injuring him internally and breaking his collar bone. It is feared he can not live.

ALABAMA NEWS.

John Yarbrough, who operates a saw mill above Ashville, came near losing his life while filing a saw. He was seated on a bench and in moving around the plank slipped. He fell through an opening and was precipitated into the creek twenty feet below. He struck a mud sill in falling and wrenched his back and was rendered unconscious while his head was beneath the water.

At Gadsden, Ala., the board of education of the public schools met for the purpose of electing a successor to A. K. McKennie as principal of the high school, Professor McKennie having been elected to a place in the schools of Montgomery. Professor C. H. Webster, of La Pine, was elected to the place and he will assume charge during the coming term.

It is practically certain that Gadsden's new steamboat will be completed and ready for service by October 1st. The work on the boat has been pushed with vigor and the only thing that has occasioned delay has been the lack of raw material. The boat will be ready for the cotton season.

Andrew Martin, the negro who made an assault on Motorman B. C. Waller, of the South Bessemer car line, has been arrested. He is suffering with a severe wound on the back of the head, made, it is charged, by Conductor Sorrell, who used an iron switch rod as he escaped from the car.

The annual reunion of Confederate Veterans of Calhoun, Etowah and adjoining counties, at Schenck's Springs, will occur on the 10th and 11th of August. The veterans of Etowah will hold their annual county reunion at Moore's Springs, August 17th and 18th.

A freight train was wrecked Sunday morning on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, three miles sorth of Boyles. Nine cars were ditched The engine was not derailed. A negro brakeman named Turner Cleveland was killed.

The baseball injunction was practically dissolved by Judge Sayre and ball will be played at Highland park, Montgomery, the remainder of the season unless the Montgomery Traction company further interferes.

The foundations of the Butler-Kyser oil mills, Huntsville, have been laid and the contractors will rush the main structure to completion at once. Several of the frame buildings have already been built.

Several gentlemen standing on a store porch near Bessemer were shocked by a stroke of lightning that struck near by. Strange to say every one in the party felt the shock in the left foot and side.

The Southern Manufacturing Company of Gadsden has been awarded the contract to furnish the columns, sash, doors and frames for the big cotton mill now being erected at Jacksonville.

The $10,000,000 bond issue by the Birmingham Railway, Light and Power Company was affirmed Monday by the board of directors and stockholders of the company.

Alex Marsh, a negro miner, was blown up by a premature explosion of powder at the mines at Argo. His body is badly mangled all over and he will probably die.

The members of company F, Huntsville, have employed counsel to prevent the military authorities from mustering them out if possible.

Gadsden has decided to issue $25,000 bonds for a city hall.

Irondale wants a new school building.

The accident bulletin issued by the interstate commerce commission for the first quarter of 1904, says that 40 passengers and 181 employes were killed, and 995 passengers and 1802 employes injured making in all 221 persons killed and 2797 injured in train accidents.

Terminal facilities at New Orleans have recently been examined by officials of the Pennsylvania lines. The moving platform system used by the Southern Pacific for loading and unloading ships has been inspected especially.

The King's Daughters of Greenville, Miss., have awarded the contract for the erection of a handsome "home" hospital, the contract price being $16,500. The structure will be of stone manufactured by the Mississippi Stone Manufacturing Company of that city.

Pittsburg manufacturers of cars and other railroad equipment and supplies report that they are receiving more orders at present than they have for twelve months past.

Culverts are being built and a number of fills being made in the place of trestles along the line of the Central of Georgia railway east of Birmingham.

Selma has a building boom. Thirty cottages are going up and several large business blocks, besides two churches and an Elks' home.

It is possible that an extra session of the Alabama legislature may be called to unravel the judiciary tangle.

News comes of the drowning of young Joe Ellett, of Huntsville, in the Flint river near Ryland.

The famous old battleship Essex, now a training ship in the United States navy, arrived Saturday en route from the Portsmouth navy yards to Toledo, Ohio, for a permanent station. She carries a crew of 300 men.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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COLUMBIANA, ALA., Aug. 4, '04

Telephone No. 27.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice,
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. BENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM.

County.

Probate Judge.
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk,
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

A BIG CROWD.

Despite the fact that the temperature was almost at a sizzing point, a large crowd came to Columbiana yesterday to hear the joint discussion, and especially to hear the man whom the populist leaders have cried from the housetops "was afraid" to meet Judge Longshore, but after the meeting yesterday we do not think they will be so rash in their assertions in the future, for Judge McMillan was there and brought the goods with him.

The crowd was in an extremely good humor, and gave both speakers an attentive hearing, and came to hear those matters discussed in which the taxpayers of the county are so vitally interested.

In drawing straws for the opening and closing Judge Longshore won, and in his opening remarks attacked the new Constitution of Alabama in stereotyped phrases that he used during the Constition campaign, and which he has been using in all his speeches in this campaign. He also charged Judge McMillan with trying to disfranchise the voters of Shelby county through a City Court bill which he said McMillan had tried to have enacted into a law, and Judge Longshore used it for all he was worth. In his reply Judge McMillan charged, and proved by the Hoese Journal of the Legislature, that Judge Longshore had voted for the bill which gave to Anniston a City Court, when Mr. Longshore was Representative from this county. The point was turned so neatly on Judge Longshore by McMillan that the large crowd made the air ring with applause.

A few minutes after Judge McMillan began speaking he was taken suddenly ill and an adjournment was taken until after dinner. At that time he had sufficiently recovered to be able to finish his speech, and he surprised even his most sanguine supporters and friends. It was a masterful effort.

Lack of space forbids a full report this week, but in our next issue the discussion will be gone into at some length. It was a Democratic day all right.

THE ILLEGAL TAX LEVIES.

The Position of The Sentinel on the Illegal Tax Levies in Shelby County Upheld By Supreme Court of Alabama.

Judge Longshore, being unable to silently endure the criticisms of The Sentinel, and the comments of the people, on the illegal tax levies of his administration, seeks to break their force by what he calls a statement of the "plain, unvarnished facts," in last week's Advocate; he having, unctiously, "concluded that the truth ought to be made known."

The first sentence of his illumination is a SUPPRESSION OF THE TRUTH, over which he spreads a coat of varnish; but in such a manner as to bring out more clearly, instead of concealing, the decption he would practice. He says: "The Legislature of 1898-9 passed an Act authorizing and requiring a levy of not less than one nor more than two mills on the dollar, to aid in the maintainance and construction of public roads in this County." This would appear to be the extent of his information on this line. If he did not want to deceive—if he really desired the truth to be known, why did he not reveal the fact that the very section of the Act, to which he refers, further said that said taxes were "to be assessed and collected as other taxes, and when paid into the treasury, it shall be kept separate from all other funds, and used only for the purpose indicated in this Act; WHICH SPECIAL TAX SHALL BE A PART OF THAT WHICH IS AUTHORIZED BY THE CONSTITUTION FOR COUNTY PURPOSES." See Local Acts, 1898-9, page 194, Section 17. In Judge Longshore's quotation of the law did he not deliberately intend to deceive the people of Shelby County? "The truth half told," etc.

Relying solely upon the omission and palpably deliberate suppression of the provision of the law which The Sentinel has above supplied, Judge Longshore seeks to justify the "thoughts" and speculations of the Commissioners' Court, and his own "belief" that the tax was legally levied, the Circuit Judge's opinion to the contrary notwithstanding. The unavoidable conclusion, upon reading the whole section, is, that for the levies actually made there can be no justification. It is too plain for argument, and was too plain for Judge Longshore to completely quote the law; which of itself knocks the trotters from under his "thinks" without any elucidation at the hands of The Sentinel.

The law being stated, however, as the Judge would like to have it, he says that he was, and still is, of the opinion "that the levy of two mills for roads was a legal levy, and believes that the Supreme Court would have so held," Perhaps; IF, at the June term the Commissioners' Court had levied a general rate of only three mills—its remaining limit; this it did not content itself with doing; but, instead, levied four mills, which, added to the levy of two mills for roads, made in January, aggregated six mills, or one mill more than is "authorized by the Constitution for County purposes." If Judge Longshore means to say (without varnish) that he is yet of the opinion that the levies for the year 1899, in their entirety, were legal, we respectfully refer him to the case of Frederick vs. The Northern Alabama Railway Company (Franklin County), Alabama Reports, 130, page 407, where the Supreme Court "have so held" as to give Judge Longshore's opinion a decided knock out. For the benefit of the taxpayers of Shelby county, The Sentinel gives the decision of the Supreme Court in full:

Decision of Alabama Supreme Court.

FREDERICK v. NORTHERN ALABAMA RAILWAY CO.

(Supreme Court of Alabama. June 29. 1901.)

SPECIL ROAD TAX—LEVY BY COUNTY—CONSTITUTIONAL LIMIT.

Under the provisions of the act "To better provide for the public roads of St. Clair, Cherokee, Franklin and Shelby counties," approved Dec. 13, 1898, (Acts 1898-99, p. 189), which authorized the levy of a special tax of not less than one-tenth or more than one-fifth of 1 per centum on all the taxable property of said county, "which special tax shall be a part of that which is authorized by the constitution for county purposes," the commissioners' court of one county is without authority to levy a special tax in addition to the regular county taxes for county purposes, if the latter tax rate fixed at the rate of one-half of 1 per centum, which is the full constitutional limit; and therefore, where, in one of said counties the commissioners' court levied a regular county tax rate for county purposes of one-half of 1 per centum for the year 1899, and in addition thereto, for the year, levied a special tax of one-tenth of 1 per centum on the value of the taxable property in said county" the levy of the special tax was unauthorized by the constitutional provision fixing the limit of regular county tax rate for county purposes.

Appeal from circuit court, Franklin county; Ed. B. Almon, Judge.

Action by the Northern Alabama Railway Company against A. C. Frederick. Demurrer of defendant was overruled, and he appeals. Affirmed.

This was an action brought against the tax collector of Franklin county to recover taxes alleged to have been collected by the defendant from the plaintiff without warrant or authority of law, and which were paid by the plaintiff under protest.

It was averred in the complaint that under the act "To better provide for the working of the public roads of St. Clair, Cherokee, Franklin and Shelby counties" (Acts 1898-99, p. 189), the commissioners court of Franklin county levied an assessment of one-tenth of 1 per centum for the purpose, as expressed in said statute, and that the assessment against the property of the plaintiff under such special act amounted to $152.21, which the plaintiff paid under protest, for the purpose of avoiding a sale of his property; that said assessment was unconstitutional and void, and that the levy of said taxes and the collection thereof was unwarranted and illegal.

The defendant demurred to the complaint upon the ground that the levy was made under a special act, which special act offends no section of the constitution, and that the assessment was regular, and plaintiff was within the authority of said special act constituting a special road tax for Franklin county. The demurrer was overruled; and the defendant declining to plead further, judgment was rendered for the plaintiff. The defendant appeals, and assigns as error the overruling of the demurrer to the complaint.

W. H. Key and G. K. McGregor, for appellant. Smith & Weathery, for appellee.

HARALSON, J. The seventeenth section of the act, "To better provide for the working of the public roads of St. Clair, Cherokee, Franklin and Shelby counties," approved December 13, 1898 (Acts 1898 99, p. 189), provides "that the court of county commissioners of said counties, shall levy a special tax of not less than one-tenth, or more than one-fifth of 1 per centum on all the taxable property of St. Clair, Cherokee, Franklin and Shelby counties, to be assessed and collected as other taxes, and when paid into the treasury, it shall be kept separate from other funds and used only for the purposes indicated in this act, which special tax shall be a part of that which is authorized by the constitution for county purposes."

The complaint alleges that "said commissioners' court, disregarding said provision of said act, levied a regular county tax rate for county purposes, to the full limit of the constitution for the year 1899, to-wit, one-half of 1 per centum for said year, 1899, on the value of the taxable property in said county, and in addition thereto, in the same year, levied a special tax of one-tenth of 1 per centum on all the value of the taxable property in said county, claiming that said last named rate was authorized by said act." It further alleges, that plaintiff paid the taxes due by it, of one-tenth of 1 per centum, levied for county purposes and refused to pay said special tax of one-tenth of 1 per centum, on the ground that the assessment of the same was null and void, paid it under protest and compulsion, and to avoid a sale of its property levied on

Section 5 of Article 11 of the constitution limits the tax rate of the counties, providing that "no county in this State shall be authorized to levy a larger rate of taxation, in any one year, on the value of the taxable property therein, than one-half of 1 per centum." The section further provides, that to pay any debt heraftter created for the erection of necessary public buildings or bridges, any county may levy and collect such special taxes as may be authorized by law.

The language of said section 17 is that this "special tax shall be a part of that which is authorized by the constitution for county purposes." It is thus made to appear, that this special tax of one-tenth of 1 per centum was in excess of the one half of 1 per centum authorized by the constitution to be levied for county purposes, and in addition thereto, said special tax of one-tenth of 1 per centum was levied and collected, making a 60 instead of 50 per centum taxation on plaintiff's property in the same year for county purposes,—opposed alike to the provisions of said section of the constitution and of said act of the legislature When the commissioners levied a tax of one-half of 1 per centum, as they did, for county purposes, their power in this respect was completely exhausted, and there remained to them no room for or authority to levy and collect said special tax.

Under the averments of the complaint the plaintiff had the right to sue for and collect from the defendant the amount of said special tax, paid to protect his property from sale.

Affirmed.

Upon the ruling of the above decision the excess tax paid under protest by the Southern Mineral Land Co., in Shelby county for the year 1899, was refunded that company on order of the Commissioners' Court, and Judge Longshore remarked at the time that the decision of the Supreme Court showed conclusivsly that the levy in this county was an illegal one. The Sentinel asks the taxpayers of this county to compare the statement of the Judge made at the time the excess tax was refunded the land company, and his statement in the Advocate last week wherein he says he believes if the case had been appealed the Supreme Court would have held the levies to be legal; compare the two statements and then say whether or not the Judge is consistent.

The fact remains unassailed and unassailable, that the people of this county were made to pay an illegal tax, by the populist administration, which the railroads legally evaded. Judge Longshore may call this "bluster of The Sentinel" and "clap trap argument," but all the same, the taxpayers have realized that they have been buncoed and imposed upon by the powers-that-be, as they never was, nor would have been, by a Democratic administration.

The Sentinel has plainly stated the facts in regard to special taxes levied subsequent to the litigation of the road tax, and which are now being contested by the railroads. The Sentinel does not arrogate to itself any "extraordinary wisdom" in passing upon the illegality of these taxes; but it has advanced arguments tending to clearly show that they were illegally levied, none of which the wily Judge essays to answer or "refute." He simply assumes toward The Sentinel the attitude he has maintained towards those taxpayers who "did not protest"; i. e. it must remain silent and accept HIS decree, which has held these levies "to be legal and lawful." He, who held the levies of 1899 to be legal and lawful, and still believes they were, in spite of the decisions of the Circuit and Supreme Courts!

If Judge Longshore is so firmly fixed in his thoughts and beliefs as to the legality of the taxes he has been levying, why is it, pray, that, upon his suggestion, a "Democratic railroad lawyer" has been employed by the Commissioners' Court to prepare an order for the levy of special taxes, this year, "that would stick?" Such action would seem to indicate that the "thinks" and "opinions" of the Judge were getting somewhat rickety, peculiar and unstable.

Judge Longshore has made two attempts at explanation; but in each instance gets into a deeper muddle. The people of Shelby County have paid dearly for his 'beliefs" and "opinions"; but the time has come when they are thoroughly tired of it, and will have another, who can tell what a contract is when he sees it, and will operate within the bounds fixed for him by the Constitution and laws of the land, and by the orders of the Commissioners' Court, to the end that all taxpayers shall share the burdens of government without discrimination, and the county saved from unnecessary and intolerable debt.

Whose position in this matter has been the true, the honest, the just one: That of Judge Longshore, who banks only upon his "thinks" and "opinions" which have made the people of this county pay out thousands of dollars because of enforced illegal tax levies; or that of The Sentinel which bases its argument upon a decision of the Supreme Court of Alabama? The Sentinel believes that, in the November election, the voters will endorse its position.

Again, Again, and Still Again.

This year, 1904, the nervy administration makes the third special levy for Laney's Ford bridge—balance due; the third for the purpose of building Parker's Mill bridge, in conjunction with Jefferson county, this time at the reduced figure of $1,375.00; and the second special levy for Beaver Dam Creek bridge. As the record shows that contracts have been entered into for the erection of such bridges by December next, we feel reasonably assured that at last there'll be something doing with our money. The Sentinel congratulates those communities that have been waiting so long, and paying their money time and again for something that seemed destined never to come; but its sympathy goes out to the taxpayers generally, and to some of the contractors who in the very nature of things will have to extend their paper against the county. The purposes for which special taxes are imposed this year call for $12,473.75, contracl price, and the rate levied will bring in about $9,000.00. With what obligations are now resting on the county, we'll be in debt good and deep before the populist financiers step down and out, and that's no joke.

The Opening Skirmish.

The speaking at Ebenezer, Saturday, was not largely attended; it being not generally understood that the discussion would be a joint one. The audience was most attentive and orderly. A good many ladies graced the occasion by their presence, and dispensed charming hospitality around a delightful and bountifully laden spread.

Judge Longshore opened the discussion by eulogizing our forefathers, who immigrated to this country to escape oppressions of the old world and established the glorious government which we enjoy. He then proceeded to attack the new Constitution of Alabama, on the ground that under the permanent plan of registration it disfranchises many white men who do not come up to the qualifications fixed, unless they swear to a lie. He denominated the requirement of the payment of poll tax "buying the right to vote," and said the Constitution was not ratified by the white vote, but by a fraudulent negro vote of the Black Belt. He made no reference to the effect of the Constitution in Cuculanizing the State, the inference from his argment being that this was either not desirable or was too dearly purchased, which after all is about the same. He then pulled a City Court Bill, which he said had been prepared by Mr. Browne, and the passage of which was advocated by Judge McMillan immediately after his defeat for the Probate Judgeship, which he says disfranchised every voter in Shelby county. To prove which he recited that the bill provided for the appointment of the Judge, Clerk and Solicitor. He pointed out other bad features of the bill, and showed that it had been defeated by himself., Major Oliver and Judge Pelham. He then referred to the fact that his administration had been criticised, and taking up the statement that the Democrats had turned over $16,000 to the populites, produced the treasurer's book to disprove it. Next he attempted an explanation of the road machinery business, but went outside the "record" by which he opposed to stand and be judged in all things, and outside the terms of the "trial order" to bolster up his conclusions, and brought in alleged statements and understandings of Newel the Machinery Company's agent, and certain statements made by him in Newell's presence, which the latter did not deny. It was simply a rehash of his card in the Advocate, and the question was left by him in a rather chaotic condition to take up the road tax matter. This was hastily disposed by the statements that the Commissioners' Court was required to levy a road tax; that it was contested by the railroads, whereupon the Probate Court said they must pay it and they took an appeal to the Circuit Court, and that the Circuit Court had decided that the levy was all right as to one-half of it, and that the railroads must pay that one-half. He offered no explanation as to the repeated levies for bridges, shuply the Probate Court had decided them to be legal and that the judgments had been appealed and were still pending in the Circuit Court. The City Court Bill was clearly his favorite theme and he lost no opportunity to get back to it and closed.

After an enjoyable dinner, Superintendent Farrell made an admirable talk along educational lines, disclaiming any purpose to discuss political issues. He plainly manifested his great interest in education and impressed his hearers with the importance of our crying needs to better our educational conditions, towards which there can be no doubt that he has been bending his best exertions.

Mr. Dykes, fusion candidate for Commissioner from the first district, who confessed that he was, as yet, non-plussed as to where he should do his electioneering, in view of the uncertainty of the law, nevertheless made an appeal to the people for support. He had thrice served the people of Shelby as Commissioner. First as an independent Democrat, next as an organized Democrat, and thirdly as a populite. He did not attempt to name the company he is now keeping. He plead guilty to the soft impeachments of being an "old fogy" and "picayunish" in dealing with the people's affairs, and justified it as being in their interest. He clearly and unqualifiedly distinguished himself from the present "progressive" and "up to date" administration, and as proudly as tenaciously clings to the practice of carrying "a rock in one end of the sack and a pumpkin in the other" rather than to lug a rock in either end. The only "political issue" he said seemed to be Judge Longshore; so he would have to discuss Longshore. He vouched for him satisfactorily in a personal way; but in matters pertaining to political economy of the county, his remarks were anything but harmonious with the Judge's record, views and tendencies. He recited the Judge's advocacy of the issuance of the bonds to purchase the road machinery and build macadamized roads (which must have been very gratefully listened to by the Judge), and that he, Dykes, was the only man who had the manhood to get up on that memorable occasion of the barbecue and oppose it; while the leaders of the county, Browne, Peters and McMillan were hiding out in their offices. He did not oppose he says, to "kill Longshore, but to save him," and he did the Judge the favor to paliate his criticism of the rash act by emphasizing the fact that the Judge when advocating those bad things was not acting as an official, but in an "individual capacity" (as if the Judge might be endowed with certain chamelion characteristics!) The sin of levying the road tax, he said, ought to be laid at the door of the legislature, which passed a special law requiring the Commissioners to levy a road tax of twenty cents on the hundred dollars. He failed to say that Mr. Sturdivant had this law enacted. He spoke of the criticisms that had been made upon the extravagances of the present administration; he rather acquiesced in the criticism and argued it out to a nice demonstration, that it was essential that he be elected to "make Longshore do right," and to hold down his "progressive" aggressiveness, and, in the meantime, Judge Longshore ought to be freely and magnaniniously forgiven all the errors he had committed while without his guiding influence.

Mr. J. L. Peters, representing Judge McMillan, was next introduced, and replied to Judge Longshore in the order pursued by the latter. He endorsed heartily the eulogy of the fathers, and, following and extending their patriotic purposes and accomplishments, through their descendants into the adoption of the new Constitution of Alabama, whereby the blessings and privileges of a free, white man's government was solidly assured and safely perpetuated. The legitimate conclusion of Judge Longshore's objections, would be to turn back and submit ourselves, cringingly, to political equality with the negro; and any man who advocated that could never get his vote. He dwelt upon this question with eloquence and impressiveness, having the manifest sympathy of his audience, who endorsed his statement that of the principles of our government which he would like transmitted to his posterity, above and greater than all was that of White Supremacy. As to the "City Court Bill," he said he had never seen it and did not know its provisions. Asstated by Judge Longshore, he could not endorse that bill; but in his opinion the time would come when the people would demand an additional court. It could not be had until the people approved. He showed the entire disconnection between this old bill and the issues of the campaign, or with Judge McMillan's qualifications or claims to the suffrage of the people. He let loose an interesting sensation in the shape of information that while Judge Longshore was opposing the City Court Bill he was also busying himself having a bill enacted by the legislature, whereby the ex-officio services of the Probate Judge, Sheriff and Clerk of Shelby county, among a few other counties, were so arranged as to increase from $200.00, the amount fixed by general statute, to $600.00 per year for each, payable out of the county treasury, without regard to services, and based simply on the assessed value of property. "And, probably," said the speaker, "the flight skyward of assessments in Shelby had some acceleration as a result of the act. At any rate began to climb immediately and so continued until it reached the basis of the maximum salary for ex-officio setvices." Having warning of his time limit, he concluded with a hasty allusion to the road machinery, contending that the obligation was fastened by the order of the Commissioners' Court and Judge Longshore's contract, on the county.

Judge Longshore attempted to parry the force of the reply to him by relating some amusing anecdotes and said that with the passage of the sala y bill referred to he had no connection, although it was with his knowledge and consent. Mr. Deans, the then representative, having persuaded him that the onerous duties placed on him in distribution of the pension warrants to old soldiers entitled him to it. He made another desperate pass at the road machinery matter; but progress with it continued to be an "advance backwards." In reply to a question as to who paid the freight on the machinery, he said that the County paid it under the terms of the AGREEMENT"; but the county had been amply repaid by the building of "about a half a mile of macadamized road at one place, and about a mile and a half on the Columbiana and Shelby road." He was, he said, still in favor of macadamizing the roads. "If we had spent the $10,000 a year raised for road purposes in macadamizing, the county would have had sixty miles of macadam zed roads during my administration, instead of spending the money rounding up the roads in summer, simply to be washed away in winter." He gave another sling at the City Court Bill, plainly the slogan he has chosen for the campaign, and closed.

Mr. J. N. Wyatt, Democratic candidate for Commissioner, being called for, declared that his public principles would be those which had guided him in his private relations, and upon his record as a citizen submitted himself to the judgment of his neighbors, among whom he and his ancestors had lived.

The attentive audience and conservatism of the speakers mark the day at Ebenezer as a model for the conduct of the future campaign.

Important Election.

The chairman of the several Boards of District trustees are hereby called to meet at the court house, in Columbiana on Saturday, Aug. 13th, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing four county school trustees. These four trustees, together with the county Superintendent of Education will constitute a county board of education. The said county board will have entire control of public schools of the county.

JNO. B. FARRELL,
Supt. of Education.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

For the HOUSEKEEPER.

Complete Line of

TIN WARE

Warranted

Not to Rust.

RUFUS LESTER

Carries a complete line of

Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries. Hats. Shoes, Hardware, Harness, Saddles, Whips. Furniture of Every Description.

A full line of

UNDERTAKERS' GOODS.

Prices and Goods to suit your purse and your taste.
All goods guaranteed to be as represented to patrons.
Your inspection of my goods is cordially solicited.

Come in and Talk it Over.

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

Dr. W. P. HAMNER
DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - ALA.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by T. W. Weaver and N. A Weaver, his wife, to Everett, Ridley, Ragan and Company, Atlanta, Ga., dated on the 5th day of February, 1903, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 63, page 39, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby County, State of Alabama, will be sold at auction for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Columbiana, Alabama, on the 29th day of August, 1904, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, to-wit: A part of the Densler lot situated in the town of Wilsonville, Ala., beginning at the northeast corner of C. A. Mason's lot, fronting on Main street, bounded on the north by property of Weldon & Holland, on the west by lands of J. F. Pope, on the south by the Mason property mentioned above, said to be fifty feet front and one hundred feet deep, said property is improved, said improvement being a one story frame building which is bargained and sold with the said lot. Also one resident lot, one acre more or less, situated on the Montgomery road in the town of Wilsonville, Ala, Fronts Montgomery road, bounded on the north by property of R. C. J. Gwin, on the south by C. A. Mason's property, on the west by property of Olie Polk. Said property is improved by a one story frame dwelling house consisting of four rooms more or less, situated in the NE¼ of SE¼ of Section 1, Township 21, Range 1, East. All of said property is located in Shelby County, Alabama.

This the 27th day of July, 1904.

EVERETT, RIDDLE, RAGAN & CO.
Mortgagees.

McMillan & Haynes
Attorneys, 48-5

Final Proof Notice.

Land Office at Montgomery,
Montgomery, Ala., June 28, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on August 11th, 1904, viz: Lewis Morgan Homestead Entry, No. 31270, for the northwest quarter of southeast quarter and northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 6, township 18, south of range 1 east, Shelby county, Ala. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said lands, viz: J. M. Dorough, of Leeds, Ala., J. L. Isbell, J. M. Isbell and L. O. Dorough, of Dunnavant, Ala.

48-6 ROBERT BARBER, Register.

When You Need Anything in the

GROCERY LINE, it will pay you to get our prices. Fresh Meats, Hams, Etc., kept on Ice, therefore always fresh and nice.

Have just Received a Shipment of Ralstons Breakfast Food, Health Oats.

FOR DELICIOUS

Cakes, Candies, Fruits, Vegetables, we can suit YOU!

SEPTEMBER FIRST

I will give away another of those

Handsome Dinner Sets

To One of Our Customers.

CALL FOR YOUR COUPONS.

J. R. WHITE.

GOODS SOLD

Are guaran'eed just as represented or your money refuned.

Accept our thanks for your past patronage and allow us to continue to serve you

J. R. WHITE.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

Telephone No. 27.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Mayor C. C. Oliver, of Calera, was in town yesterday.

Postmaster Abercrombie returned home from Birmingham Tuesday.

Dr. Hays of Helena, came down yesterday for the joint discussion.

Misses Bertie Barnett and Georgia Thomas spent Sunday in the Kingdom.

Walter Moss, of Calera, was in town Tuesday and made The Sentinel a pleasant call.

O. O. Bird visited with friends in Columbus, Ga., Sunday, returning home Monday.

Hon. E. S Lyman, of Montevallo, was in the city yesterday to listen to the joint discussion.

L. N. Bowdon, of Calera, was in attendance at the joint discussion at this place yesterday.

State Senator Oliver was up from Calera yesterday, an interested listener at the discussion.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Roberts now occupy their new home, recently purchased from E. D. Hall.

T. P. Lane returned from Birmingham Saturday where he had been visiting relatives for a few days.

G F. Harper, one of the many good Democrats of Montevallo, was in the city yesterday to hear the joint discussion.

Miss Esther Mason, who has been visiting friends in Birmingham for several weeks, returned home last Thursday.

Mrs. C. T. Acker, who has been visiting relatives in Ensley for the past two weeks, returned home last Saturday afternoon.

Henry Milner and A. B. Milner made a pleasure trip to Carrollton, Ga., a few days ago, returning to Columbiana Tuesday.

R. E Bowdon, of Keystone, chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, was in town yesterday to attend the joint discussion.

Mrs. W. F. Davis is in charge of the Columbiana Millinery Shop during the absence of Miss Fallaw, who has gone to Opelika on a visit. Miss Fallaw returned Tuesday.

Dr. E. C. Parker, of Gulfport, Miss., is in Columbiana, called here by the serious illness of Mrs. W. A Parker, and for a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Parker.

Dr. and Mrs. T. G. Nelson, of Abernant, were in the city a few days recently visiting friends and relatives The Sentinel received a pleasant call from the doctor last Saturday.

Mrs. H. E. Whitaker, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. T. F. Vest, in Woodlawn, and her mother, Mrs. S. V. McCauley, in Montevallo, returned to Columbiana last Saturday.

Mrs. J. P. Roberts returned from Sylacauga last Friday where she had been visiting her mother for a week. The friends of Mrs. Roberts are glad to know she is much improved in health.

J. Sanford Falkner, of Vincent, came down Tuesday to attend the joint discussion, and to meet his many friends throughout the county. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call from him.

The friends of Rev. C. W. O'Hara are glad to know that he has returned from Texas in almost perfect health. He had been in poor health for several months before making the trip to the Lone Star State.

Clarence C. DuBose, who has been away for a month working life insurance, is at home again for a short time with his family. He informs The Sentinel that he wrote thirty-four policies in the lower end of the county while he was gone, most of them being farmers.

J. F. Averyt, of Shelby, was in the city yesterday.

S. V. McClinton, of beat 4, was in town yesterday to hear the discussion discussion.

Mrs. A P. Bradley, of Wilton, is in the city for a short visit with Mrs. H. E. Whitaker.

Miss Ethel Glenn, who has been visiting relatives in Mississippi for several months, returned home yesterday.

J. B. Adams, the next Tax Collector of Shelby county, came over from Weldon yesterday to hear the joint discussion

W. C. Ray, of near Wilsonville, was down to hear the joint discussion, and while here enrolled his name on The Sentinel's family roster.

W. W. Wingard, of Wilsonville, was a pleasant caller at The Sentinel office yesterday. He came down to to hear the joint discussion.

J. R. Ray, of near Lewis, was down to hear the joint discussion, and while here called at this office and renewed his subscription to The Sentinel.

Rev. Wm. O'Hara, of Wylam, occupied the pulpit of the Baptist church at this place last Sunday night and preached a most interesting sermon. Rev. Mr. O'Hara and his wife are visiting the family of Rev. C. W. O'Hara.

In this issue will be found the advertisement of Rufus Lester, general merchant. He carries a good stock, and invites your attention to the same. The good housekeeper will find a line of tinware at Lester's that is warranted not to rust.

As will be seen by notice elsewhere in this issue, Mrs. J. B. Nelson has taken charge of the Huett House. Mrs. Nelson is noted in this section as a superb housekeeper, and so long as she presides over the culinary department, we know that her guests will have no grounds for complaint. We bespeak for her a share of patronage.

Montevallo and Shelby played two games of ball at the latter place—one on Monday and the other Tuesday morning. In the first game Shelby won by a score of 9 to 1, and on Tuesday again won by a score of 12 to 0. Wild throws made the Montevallo boys go to pieces, and before they could pull themselves together the game was lost to them on Monday. There was some brilliant plays made by both teams.

The attention of readers of The Sentinel is directed to the large advertisement of Milner & Christian which appears in this issue. They have anything you want to clothe or feed the body—goods warranted to be as represented in every instance. If you do not see what you want when you go in the store, just ask Henry, Pete or Jim about it, they'll probably know. They cordially invite all to come in and see them.

Boarding House

Mrs. J. B. Nelson having taken charge of the Huett House, is now prepared to accommodate permanent or transient boarders.

For Sale.

A good four room house, 33 acres of land attached, in fine cultivation, within gunshot of the best school in Shelby county. Apply to

J. W. JOHNSTON.

WILDER'S HILL.

Rain in abundance.

Charlie Nolen is visiting relatives at Wilton this week.

Elijah Vick returned home Friday from Blounts, where he has been visiting brothers and friends.

Misses Idis Walton and Lily Shaw spent Saturday night at John Nolen's.

Mr. A. A. Ray is very sick at this writing, but we hope for a speedy recovery.

A. B. McDonald took the meeting in at Fourmile last week.

D. R. Ray left on the 2d for Texas.

Misses Beulah Nolen, Nora and Beulah Tidwell attended divine services at Liberty Sunday.

Robert Walton, of Birmingham, is visiting his father, John Walton.

Crops are looking fine in this part of the county and fruit plentiful.

Mrs. Anna Moore is visiting her sister this week.

Mrs Alice Ray, Eddie Martin and wife, of Birmingham are visiting relatives in our community this week.

Walter E. Lester was the guest of John Nolens Sunday.

The protracted meeting begins at Lester's Chapel on the second Sunday in August. Everybody invited to come and take part in the services. May God bless every one of us that we may do more for our Master in the future than we have in the past, is the prayer of the new writer.

TOM BOY

MONTEVALLO.

Miss Florence Farrington is with Mrs. Wilkinson's party at Point Clear.

W. B. Reynolds and family have returned from an extended far western trip.

Mrs. R. S. Allen, of Birmingham, is visiting at her father's, Capt. H. C. Reynolds.

J. L. Peters was here Saturday and Sunday on his way to and from political speaking at Ebenzer.

Mrs. J. L. McConaughy and children are at home again, having visited for several weeks with relatives in Chicago.

Farmers begin to wish for dry weather. Crops were never finer, but there is such a thing as being drowned out.

D. L. Campbell and brice, after spending a few days at Shelby Springs, announce themselves at home at the Mulkey House.

P. J. Kroell and John B. McMath, buyers for the mercantile establishment of George Kroell, have returned from eastern markets.

W. M. Jones Williams, the electrician at the A. G. I. S., has moved his family here from Auburn and occupies Mrs. Harris' cottage.

G. W. Morgan, of the Morgan Mercantile Co., is arranging for a visit to Louisville and St. Louis for the purpose of replenishing their stock, and incidently to see the great Fair.

Death came to relieve the sufferings of Miss Minnie Little, last Wednesday night. She was a bright, sweet girl of Montevallo, though for several years resident in Wilton with her mother. Much sorrow came to her early womanhood, blasting the sweetest promises that life had held out to her, and under them she quietly and unmurmuringly wilted away, as does a beautiful flower. The sincere sympathy of this community is that which goes to the widow mother and other loved ones.

Saturday afternoon, Will Austin and Abe Curlee, both negroes and related, had a war of words on the Perry place, and afterwards renewed it on the highway just outside of town, near the residence of Mr. Trucks, when Austin called a shotgun into requisition and shot the other down, and he died in a few minutes. Several witnessed the shooting and there is thought by some to be extenuating circumstances that will relieve the killing of cold bloodedness, of which it has the appearance. Corporal Eddings, already renowned as an officer, when advised of the crime, organized a mounted posse and captured the slayer after a chase of five miles. He was committed by Judge Reynolds, without bail, to await the action of the grand jury. The negroes, for some reason or unaccountable superstition, were indisposed to take charge of the body, and it lay by the roadside until its removal was directed by Commissioner Pleas Shaw. It is said the decedent's wife, barely more than a "bride," showed little or no concern at the untimely demise, and invited no condolence.

WILSONVILLE.

A very heavy rain fell here last Saturday.

J. M. Crenshaw, of Beat 8, was in town Monday.

Brinpley Nivens, of Piedmont, is visiting homefolks.

Mrs. James Dyke, of Shelby, visited relative here last week,

O. O. Tinney, of Atlanta, Ga., is visiting his parents here.

Miss Helen Boyer is visiting relatives and friends in Kentucky.

Miss Era Pitts, of Columbiana, visited relatives here last week,

Mrs. Grimes, of Helena, is visiting her niece Mrs. Iris Taylor.

The Telephone Company here is putting in metallic circuits on all their lines.

L. B. Riddle and wife and Mrs. Iris Taylor visited relatives on Fourmile Sunday,

Frank Wilby and wife, Atlanta, Ga., visited the family of Major J. W. Bolin last week.

Mrs. J. H. Weldon returned last week from an extended visit to relatives in Mississippi.

Prof. W. H. Farr and wife, of Lynca, visited relatives here the latter part of the week.

Work was begun Monday, grading off the ground for the addition to J. F. Pope's store.

The Jacksonville Oil Mill Co. is making extensive improvements on its gin property here.

R. F. D. No. 2, from this place, will go into effect August 15th. Prof. J. H. Spearman is carrier.

W. A. Hammond and wife, and Miss Lilian Kirby, of Jackson's Mill, visited friends here last Sunday.

J. H. Wilder and wife and Miss Ethel Kidd and little brother, of Vincent, visited relatives here Sunday.

J. C. Jackson & Sons closed down their mill last week on account of the meeting at the Baptist church.

If we can count our fingers and toes, Shelby county will owe $30,000 when the new jail now contracted for is completed.

Howard Lanier, of Lanier, Mr. Best, of Talladega, and Dr. Dupuy, of Birmingham, were visitors at J. F. Pope's last Sunday.

A gentleman in town says: "We were out in the Fourmile neighborhood a few days ago, and certainly we would not exaggeaate when we say that we never saw finer crops growing. Should seasons continue favorable the crops will be all that the people will be able to gather. The fruit and melon crops are as good as ever been known. Providence always helps those who help themselves, and trust in Him.

HONEST JOHN.

VANDIVER NEWS.

Crops looking fine.

The farmers are all done laying by.

B. P. Mims, of Birmingham, was here Tuesday on business.

Col. E. L. Higdon is shipping a lot of nice peaches from this place.

John Kendrick and Jack Dunlap, who have been visiting friends and relatives here, left for their homes in Texas last Tuesday.

Paul Rice made a flying trip to Birmingham last week.

P. M. Abercrombie has moved his family from Birmingham back to this place.

We believe the populists are going crazy over the coming election. Just hold still Mr. populist; there are some Democrats in Beat Fourteen.

For reasons unknown to us, W. O. Grant has shut down his new saw mill.

J. L. Vandiver made a business trip up into St. Clair county last week.

Success to The Sentinel and its readers.

UNCLE NED

To Voters of Shelby County.

Helena, Ala., July 26, 1904.

I reply to a "Card from Judge Longshore" in the Advocate of July 21st, inst.

These are plain facts. I, with others, were notified through the columns of the Peoples to appear before the Court over which our Artful Probate Judge presides, then and there to show cause why our lands should not sell for taxes. I had paid $10 80, and held the Tax Collector's receipt in full of all taxes for 1903.

However, I went in answer to the above referred to notice, and the Artful Judge was in Calera making 4th of July speeches, thereby exhibiting his great patriotism(!), or trying by his smiling and benign countenance and slick tongue to gain votes I will let those who know his artful ways best judge as to his motive.

Does not the Judge think it his duty to have been in Columbiana in his Court? I was there on that day, but could not find any Probate Court before which I could show cause why my land should not sell for taxes, and being on expenses, I decided to pay the amount they needed in their business, and said to them, at the time, that it was not right that I should have it to pay, but if there was any mistake I was willing to pay the honest part of it, but that I was not willing to pay any cost as I was in no wise to blame.

"This great and good Judge"—this very conscientious, precise man, who has been so long looking after the interests of all we poor "working class" says in his card: "If had been there on the 4th, I would have done as Mr. Bird did, referred him to the Tax Collector." I was not notified to appear before the Tax Collector, neither was I notified to appear before Mr. Bird on July 4th He says: "Everybody in the county knows who collects the taxes." Well, that may be so, but everybody in the country does not know who is running the Probate office.

Note that this same Great Omnipresent Judge, who seems to be able to hold court in Columbiana, and at the same time be in Calera making Fourth of July Flag Speeches, and chewing on barbecued ox, admits he was "not here on the 4th, but that Mr Bird did right." Now if he was not in Columbiana on the 4th, I would like to know how he could render a decree of the Probate Court and legally sell all the lands he has advertised for sale. See the Peoples Advocate of July 21st and note his "If I had been there on the fourth"; then on same page, 6th column:

TAX SALE.

"Under and and by virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of said county rendered on the fourth day of July, I will sell your lands to pay taxes, costs and printer's fee," etc.,

notwithstanding the fact that he was not there.

"Yes, Mr. Bird; don't forget the tax, cost and printer's fee, and don't forget to render that decree for we need the money even if the county is out of debt."

This Omnipresent Judge is the greatest dodger I ever heard of. Even William Tell could never have shot an apple off his head, and he will try to dodge out of this. "He," this Omnipresent Judge, says in his card: "The 4th day of July was set for hearing these cases, but everybody knows that there is but two ways to prevent a sale, and that is by showing that taxes have already been paid. This matter is looked after by the Tax Collector, he was here that day to receive the money."

Now, you see, he says there are two ways, but only gives one of them—failed to give the other way—because he should have been here to attend to the other way.

"I am going to Calera, John, to put up some fences; won't be here to hear causes why lands should not sell for taxes. Collect the taxes and costs, John; and don't forget the printer's fee, WE NEED THE MONEY. indeed we do. THOMAS F. FARRELL.

CALERA.

Not a serious case of sickness in Calera at this time.

Mrs. Francis is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Jeffries in Anniston.

Miss Moore, of Birmingham, is visiting her cousin, Miss Laura Oliver.

Mrs. F. W. Gist and children, of Washington, D. C., are expected on a visit, to arrive Thursday.

Mrs. Wesley Hand returned home Thursday, after a three weeks' visit to her parents in Coopers Station.

D. B. Atkins and S. W. Pilgreen have material on the ground for recovering their residences, both on Tenth street.

I have heard of no one who was at the picnic at Dbenezer Saturday. It was not advertised in this bent until Saturday morning, and then it was too late for such as I.

The heaviest rainfall last Wednesday that has fallen here for many months—1⅞ inches, and another almost as heavy Thursday. The wells were nearly dry, but now water is more plentiful.

C. W. Wade's new building north of the Southern is progressing finely. The inside painting is about complete. Material for the floor in the basement is at hand, and counters and shelves ready for the paint brush.

Prof. Glenn spent Sunday at home. He looks well, but a little sunburned. He reports the registrars getting along finely, being almost through with their labors. Will wind up in Columbiana the last of this week.

Uncle J. Levi Crim wants everybody who have friends or neighbors buried at New Salem cemetery, to meet him there with picks, shovels, axes, and rakes on Thursday before the third Sunday in the month—18th—and do a day's work. Uncle Levi is old, can't do it all, but is willing to help. Much work is needed, and everybody—men, women and children should help. Don't forget the day and come early, and we can get through in a day. Ladies can sweep and the little boys can pile brush. Come and bring a lunch.

Read This List.

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
STAPLE
AND
FANCY
GROCERIES,
SHOES,
HATS, GENTS'
FURNISHINGS,
SHIRTS,
CLOTHING,
CANNED
GOODS,
FLOUR,
MEATS,
PROVISIONS,
TOBACCOS,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
QUEENSWARE,
FURNITURE,
SHELF AND
HEAVY
HARDWARE,
BUGGIES,
WAGONS,
JUST ASK
US FOR
ANYTHING
IN OUR
LINE. WE
HAVE IT.

The Determination to Do Things Right.

To sell exactly what people want at low prices, with good manners, promptness, and absolute fairness. The poor man's dime is worth exactly one-tenth the rich man's dollar. Everybody has a right to his money's worth, the best service and perfect courtesy. All these you get of

MILNER & CHRISTIAN.

Dispensers of the

NECESSITIES OF LIFE...

to the

People of Shelby County,

All at the cheapest possible price, quality considered.

COME TO SEE US.

MILNER & CHRISTIAN

Columbiana, Ala.

Program for Shelby County Sunday School Convention.

The next session will be held at Shelby, August 18th and 19th, 1904.

FIRST MORNING.

10:00 a. m.—Praise service. J. F. Avery.
10:30 a. m.—The Problems of the Superintendent.
1- Order in the school.—C. A. Bowles.
2. How to create the School Spirit.—Miss Augusta Farrell.
2. How to secure accurate records.—Clarence Abbott.
4. How to remedy weak points in the school.—J. R. White.
11:30 a. m.—Our past year's work:
The president's address.
The secretary's report.
The report of the treasurer.
Reports of the district presidents,
Enroolment of delegates.
Appointment of committees.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2:30 p. m.—Devotional Exercises.—A. H. Averyt.
2:45—The home department.—Miss Kittle Averyt.
3:30—The Sunday School revival.—Judge Carthel, of Montgomery.
4:15—The primary work.—Miss Kennedy, of Opelika.

NIGHT SESSION.

7:45 p. m.—Song service.
8:00 p. m.—World wide Sunday school work.—Judge Carthel.
8:35—Pledges for State and county work Childhood the strategic point.—R. F. Lewis of Birmingham.

SECOND DAY—MORNING SESSION.

9:30—Prayer and praise.—C. A. Bowles.
10:00—Problems of our county work:
1. A reasonable year's work.—Henry Milner.
2. How to advertise our district conventions.—J S. Falkner.
3. Official visiting day.—Judge Carthel.
10:45—The Sunday school as developing agency for the membership of our churches.—John F. Averyt.
11:00—Superintendent during the week.—J. H. Nabors.
Teacher during the week.—Mrs. C. A. Bowles.
Scholars During the week.—Miss Esther Mason.
Selection of next place of meeting.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2:30—Devotional exercises.—Judge Carthel.
2:45—Teacher's training.—Rev. G. T. Harris General discussion.
3:15—Primary department.—Miss Kennedy.
4:00—Looking for absentees.—J. B. Farrell.

NIGHT SESSION.

8:05—Song service.
8:20—What shall the harvest be.—Delegates to convention.
8:45—How to win and hold men.—D. R. McMillan.
Unfinished business.
Adjournment.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.
Office upstairs in Bank Building.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
.....OF.....
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS July 6th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$37,584.71	Capital paid in.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	26,013.59
Other Real Estate.....	3,000.00	Rediscounts.....	18,244.98
Cash and with other Banks	13,710.30	Undivided profits.....	2,036.14
	$61,294.71		$61,294.71

W. R. Lawley, cashier, Mrs. E. E. Roberts Ass't Cash

I, W. R. Lawley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of July, 1904,

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1 00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guaranty Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Mgr., Birmingham, Alabama. Birmingham Phone 669.

W. R. LAWLEY, Local Manager, Columbiana, Ala. Columbiana Phone 42.

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GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL,
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LITERARY,
SCIENTIFIC,
COMMERCIAL,
INDUSTRIAL,
DOMESTIC;
PEDAGOGICAL,
MUSICAL,
ARTISTIC.

SESSION OPENS SEPT. 15th
Expenses $90.00.
Healthfull Location--Faculty of 27 Teachers.
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EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
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LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
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W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.

J. L. PETERS.
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

FORGIVENESS.

Now bury with the dead years conflicts dead,
And with fresh days let all begin anew,
Why longer amid shrivelled leaf drifts tread,
When buds are swelling, flower sheaths peeping through?
Seen through the vista of the vanished years,
How trivial seem the struggle and the crown,
How vain past feuds, when reconciling tears
Course down the channel worn by vanished frown.
How few mean half the bitterness they speak!
Words more than feeling keep us still apart,
And, in the heat of passion and of pique,
The tongue is far more cruel than the heart,
Since love alone makes it worth while to live,
Let all be now forgiven and forgive.
--Alfred Austin, in The Independent.

A Driftwood Fire.

By Kate Whiting Patch.

The widow Carson was on the beach gathering driftwood. It was a raw, gray day. The dull clouds hung low over the waters and the waves beat restlessly against the reefs; a strong salt wind blew the widow's hair into her eyes and wound her scanty garments more closely about the spare figure. She was a slender woman, but the strength of the wind and rocks and sea had crept into her veins; her brown face showed that.

She filled her apron with the driftwood and turned a moment, shading her eyes with her hand, to gaze out to sea. It was a desolate picture: the long wet beach, the dripipng rocks covered with dull-brown sea-weed, the foaming, angry waters breaking on the cruel reefs.

The widow shivered and, drawing her shawl closer about her shoulders, mounted the rocky, winding path that led from the shore to her small, weather-stained house.

As she approached a little face was flattened aginst one of the eastern windows. Seeing it a smile fitted across the woman's eyes, then vanished as though frightened at its own audacity. It was like sunshine in November, that smile, and yet the face was not harsh or stern. There were quivering, tender lines about the mouth, but the joy of youth and summer-time had fled. In her deep eyes lay the shadow of departed gladness.

The widow opened her door and the salt wind rushed in with her, nearly blowing over the golden-haired laddie who ran to meet her with a shout of welcome. She held him for a moment in a closer embrace, then gently put him down and went to the hearth with her armful of drift-wood.

The fire leapt up, and the little boy clapped his hands and laughed gaily, looking up into his mother's face. She smiled again, that rare, fleeting smile, and stroked the sunny head against her knee.

"'Tis a pretty fire, mother," lisped the little voice. "That plank of wood there's the biggest piece. Did the old sea bring that, too, mother?"

"Yes, child," the mother answered; "we would go cold these fall nights but for the wood the old sea brings us." Then she was silent, unconsciously surrendering to the atmosphere of dreams, the enchantment of the wood fire. The little child felt the influence, too, and climbed upon his mother's knee, and both gazed into the heart of the burning driftwood.

The flames sank lower, the light grew more dim, and then for the widow's sad eyes the ruddy embers became a picture gallery.

* * * *

Time slipped backward for her. It was a clear August day; the sun danced in the water, throwing before himelf a path of silver and diamonds. Numberless small white sails gleamed against the blue of sea and sky. A banner of early golden-rod flashed here and there among the rocks. There was not a cloud in the sky. Captain Carson stood at the doorway, ready to start on a long day's fishing cruise.

"Such a day!" he cried, eager to be off. "Come, Polly, wife, the sun's an hour high."

The golden-haired baby, hearing his father's voice, crept out into the sunshine to be caught up in the captain's strong arms and tossed over his head, laughing with glee. Then Polly came out into the sunshine, too, and caught the laughing baby in her arms. Such a glad group; the ruddy father and child so like one another, and the pretty mother with her happy eyes!

Captain Carson strongly embraced wife and child, kissing his Polly's brown cheek. "Good-bye, sweetheart; good-bye, youngster!" he called back gaily as he hurried down the rocky path. "I'll be back ere nightfall."

They stood in the doorway, Polly and the youngster, and watched him launch the dory and set his sail, waving his hand cheerily as he started. Then he sailed away, away from the sunshine into the shadow, out of their lives—forever.

* * * *

The sunshine vanished; the sky grew suddenly dark with angry clouds; the wind rushed up from the horizon, beating the water into restless surf; the waves hurled themselves against the rocks and dashed in boiling foam on the sharp reefs.

The litle child had dropped his toys and fallen asleep, thinking the night had come.

On the sands below the house a woman with clenched hands gazed into the tempest, striving to pierce the darkness with her wild vision. The wind tried to hurl her back, the rain beat on her bare forehead; she did not know. Motionless she stood through the long hours with no thought save one.

The storm abated, the black turned to gray, the sky clearer and a ray of light shot up from the still restless sea.

It fell upon a statue on the sands—a woman who had turned to stone; a fisherman's wife, nay, widow, with dark staring eyes from which the gladness had fled, leaving only a shadow.

* * * *

The driftwood fire flared up again, but the child slept and did not feel the passionate kisses on his cheek. He was too young to see the shadow, too young to miss the strong, tender "daddy" who had tossed him in his arms that long-ago sunny morning; too young to see the pictures in the fire.

The great piece of wood his childish eyes had admired suddenly blazed up and spilt apart, revealing in its ruddy heart the vision of a fishing dory with sail set.

The boy stirred and sleepily raised a small brown head to brush away the hot tears that were falling upon his cheek.

The widow arose and laid the little fellow upon the bed in the next room. Then she returned and stood for a few moments with tightly-clasped hands, gazing into the dying embers before she quietly stooped over and covered them with ashes.

Upon the weather-worn, jagged plank that had just crumbled on the hearth a jacknife had once carved in rude letters the name "Polly."—The Criterion.

THIS IS THE STEEL AGE.

Phenomenal Production and Increase in the United States.

The distinctive iron age has passed and iron has become simply the raw material awaiting conversion into steel, which has become the standard material of construction in all but a few limited classes of work.

In 1786 the Pennsylvania legislature loaned a certain Mr. Humphries the sum of £300 for five years to enable him "to make steel as good as in England." But 25 years later, or in 1810, the total production of pig iron in the United States was only 53,908 tons. In 1842 it had risen to 215,000 tons. In 1861 it was less than 1,000,000 tons and did not reach that mark until about 1864.

In that year the Bessemer converter was brought to the world's notice and at once began the revolution of this great industry. It was of British origin, but soon attracted the enterprise of the steel kings of this country. It was a simple and comparatively inexpensive device, by means of which common cast iron could be converted into steel in a few minutes. Naturally the price began to fall until from steel costing as high as 6 or 7 cents a pound at the close of the century steel billets in lots of 100,000 tons were sold at low as "three pounds of steel for 2 cents." This developed the iron industry by leaps and bounds.

In 1872 the total annual product of pig iron had grown to 2,548,713 tons. In 1880 it was 3,835,191 tons and the following year over 4,000,000. By 1891 it had risen to 8,279,870 tons, and 10 years later 15,878,870 tons, while last year it reached 17,821,307 tons.

But a few years ago the open-hearth process of manufacture began to supersede the Bessemer. It had the advantage for this country that it would work almost equally well with phosphorus and non-phosphorus ores, and while its operation is more costly, it is said to produce a sufficiently better grade of steel to compensate the increased expense, and it is becoming increasingly common to call for open-hearth steel in the more important classes of construction.

The processes of manufacture have become almost magical in their operations. In many of the mills notable for the great tonnage that they turn out in a single day these processes are carried on with such rapidity that the journey through all sorts of transformation to the finished product, over 1000 feet or more, is accompanied with a single heat. In spite of all the steel made in this country we have imported large quantities to meet a deficit, yet, on the other hand, it must be remembered that large quantities have been exported and sold to foreigners at a lower price than to American citizens.

Gen. Hawley on the "Best Soldier."

"Who make the best soldiers?" inquired a Hartford man of Gen. Joseph R. Hawley when Senator Hawley was stopping at the Hartford Club.

"Who make the best soldiers?" repeated Gen. Hawley, reflectively. "You mean what kind of men make the best soldiers, I suppose," and the interrogator said that was precisely what he meant.

"Well, I will tell you that it was my experience that no kind of men made the best soldiers, and I mean by that that the best soldiers came from all the walks of life, and were of all kinds and conditions. When I was captain I had a great towering private that was a swearing, frenzied creature in battle, absolutely fearless, and I had another soldier, a little fellow not more than seventeen years old who looked like a girl, and the little chap was as calm and brave a soldier as ever went into an engagement.

"He was wounded in one battle, and I saw him drag himself to a stream. There he washed his wounded leg, bound it up with bandages made from his shirt, and he came back proudly to the firing line, where he stayed all day. There were many men of special bravery in every company, and those who were cowardly were few, as my experience in the war taught me."—Hartford (Conn.) Courant.

"Japs" Excel as Interpreters.

In the matter of interpreters the Japanese must possess an enormous advantage over the Russians, for with that passion for detail which is the secret of her success Japan has for years past given naval and military officers special facilities for acquiring the Muscovite tongue. Russian is admittedly the most difficult of all European languages to master, and Japanese, though not perhaps involving so many perplexities to the western mind as Chinese can be spoken with ease only after years of study, while the writing of it takes even longer. Should Japanese despatches fall into the hands of Russians there are probably few among her forces who would be able to decipher them, and for this neglect, coupled no doubt with a certain disdain for a "barbarian" tongue, Russia is likely to pay dearly before the war is over.—London Chronicle.

To Napoleon III belongs the credit of being the first to have ships plated with iron, the first seaworthy craft of this description being the French vessel Gloire, launched in 1860.

WIRE ROPE IN POMPEII.

Ancients Manufactured It Before The Christian Era.

After taking a survey of things about him King Solomon was moved to record the assertion that there is nothing new under the sun. Modern inventors have at times been inclined to question the truth of the remark, but almost every day the world finds verification. The engineer of the present day thinks he knows much more than his ancient brother, and, while this is true in many things, it frequently happens that an invention or appliance commonly believed to belong to modern times is found to have been known and used centuries ago, says the Chicago Chronicle.

Ropes made of various kinds of fibre and leather are of very ancient date. Ropes of palm have been found in Egypt in the tombs of Beni-Hassan (about 3000 B. C.), and on the walls of these tombs is also shown the process of preparing hemp.

In a tomb at Thebes of the time of Thotmes III. (about 1600 B. C.) is a group representing the process of twisting thongs of leather and the method of cutting the leather into thongs. The Bible tells us that Samson was bound with ropes and that the spies sent by Joshua into Jericho were let down in a basket, presumably by means of a rope.

At Nimrod, Assyria, a carved slab showing the siege of a castle was found, on which a soldier was represented in the act of cutting a rope to which a bucket for drawing water from a well outside the castle walls was attached.

The wire rope is generally considered a modern invention, a product of modern skill, and it will surprise many to learn that its manufacture is really a rediscovered lost art.

Although the Assyrians practised the art of wire-beating, no evidence has been found to indicate that they used wire for making rope.

The excavations at Pompeii have, however, brought to light a piece of bronze wire rope nearly 15 feet long and about one inch in circumference. This rope is now in the Musio Borbonico at Naples. It consists of three strands laid spirally together, each strand being made up of 15 wires twisted together, and its construction does not, therefore, differ greatly from that of the wire ropes today. Pompeii was buried A. D. 79, over 1800 years ago, but how long wire ropes had been known it is impossible to tell, though, judging by the knowledge shown in the construction, it may be safely concluded that they had been known for a considerable time. The uses to which these ropes were put are not definitely known, but further excavations may shed some light on the subject.

Our Customers.

John Bull is the best cutomer. In 1903 the exports to Great Britain amounted to $768,000,000, the imports from it to the United tates to $308,000,000. Fifty-two percent of American exports, thirty-one percent of American imports. A billion-dollar business. Next, by a very long interval, comes Germany, which took $225,000,000 of American goods and sent to the United States $122,000,000. True, our exports to Germany have risen from $88,000,000 in 1893, an increase of more than one hundred and fifty percent, while our exports to Great Britain have risen only 30 percent. The American exports to France were $88,000,000, a gain of $31,000,000 since 1893; and the imports $80,000,000, a gain of $16,000,000. Little Holland took $73,000,000 of our exports. To Asia our exports, $20,000,000 in 1893, were $46,000,000 in 1903; the imports swelled in the same time from $75,000,000 to $139,000,000. But look at something nearer home. Canada, regarded as a separate country and not as part of Great Britain, would be third among the customers. She imported $131,000,000 of American goods, an increase of one hundred and thirty percent since 1893; and our imports from Canada grew from thirty-four to fifty-three millions. Our nearest-by customers should not be overlooked in the chase of the Asian market.—Everybody's Magazine.

The Wrong Man.

When Brander Matthews went to his club one evening, not long ago, according to the Bookman, he went to the letter-box, and looked through the compartment marked "M," and found therein a very peremptory dun from a tailor. Mr. Matthews was puzzled, as he had no dealings with the insistent tailor, until he again looked at the envelope and found that he had unwittingly opened a letter belonging to another member of the club; so he put the bill back in the envelope and returned it to the compartment. As Mr. Matthews was turning to go, he noticed the member for whom the bill was intended coming toward the letter-box. A minute later he came into the reading room, where Mr. Matthews was sitting with several others. Taking from its envelope the bill, he read it attentively for a few minutes, sighed, tore it into bits, then with a wink and the leer of an invincbile conqueror, commented: "Poor, silly little girl."

Lesson Children Learn From Flies.

It was in a country school, and I was hearing my little second reader class. The lesson that day was a story about flies, their curious ways and habits. Among other things the story said that flies always kept their faces clean, and then went on to tell how they rubbed their feet over their heads, as could be seen by watching them.

The last thing in the lesson was the question: "What lessons can boys and girls learn from the flies?" I asked the children to answer the question. Only one small boy ventured to answer, and that was: "To wash our faces with our feet."—Christian Register.

A plan of distributing old magazines and papers to employes and residents along the lines in Texas was recently adopted by the Southern Pacific. During the first week 1500 papers were turned over to 32 section foremen, and in this way 376 families were reached.

B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

A Household Remedy Cures SCROFULA, ULCERS, SALT RHEUM, ECZEMA, every form of malignant SKIN ERUPTION, besides being efficacious in toning up the system and restoring the constitution, when impaired from any cause. It is a fine Tonic, and its almost supernatural healing properties justify us in guaranteeing a cure of all blood diseases, if directions are followed.

Price, $1 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $5.
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS.

SENT FREE BOOK OF WONDERFUL CURES, together with valuable information.
BLOOD BALM CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Strapped to the lid of a coffin and escorted with all the ceremony of an ancient Egyptian funeral procession, a Chicago man was carried to the prenuptial reception given him by his fellow members of the Thirteen Club. The club is an organization of bachelors who agreed not to marry, and Mr. Ellis was the first to break the agreement.

After nearly two years' imprisonment between brick walls four stories high and only more than a few inches apart a cat has just been rescued by means of a lariat. The feline dropped into the crevice when it was only a few weeks old and has been there ever since—fed and cared for by families in the buildings.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Germany has ten trade journals devoted to tobacco.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has a equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Monaco is Europe's most densely populated spot.

Japan vs. Russia.

It is well known that Japan is a very small country as compared with the Russian empire. Its area is 147,000 square miles, while Russia has 3,000,000. In population the disparity is much less, but still very great—44,000,000 for Japan against 129,000,000 for the Russian Empire.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
Sold by Druggists; price, 75c. per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Our Life Saving Service.

So effective is the life-saving service of the United States that from disasters to 246 documented vessels on the coast during the year, having 3862 persons on board, only twenty lives were lost, and of the $9,000,000 worth of property put in jeopardy but a little more than $1,000,000 was lost.

William II., as emperor, does not receive a single groschen from the imperial exchequer and has to keep up his imperial state out of his income as King of Prussia, which in the year after his accession, was raised by $625,000—his civil list, as king, being now over $3,750,000.

Elkhart, Ind., society matrons vigorously plied shoe shiners' tools at a polishers' street stand in the business districts for four hours and the funds of Clark Hospital were considerably increased. One dollar was the highest price paid, but there were several such offerings.

A physical beauty test is the latest ordeal for Chicago teachers. A rule of the board of education that applicants shall satisfy the medical examiners that they are of proper size, height and weight.

The month of February, 1866, had no full moon. But both January and March had two.

CHIEF OF POLICE SAVED.

Newberry, S. C.—W. H. Harris, Chief of Police of Newberry, says: "I suffered for a number of years with kidney complaint. There was a dull aching across the small of my back that was worse at night and made me feel miserable all the time. The kidney secretions were dark and full of sediment, and lack of control compelled me to rise a number of times during the night. Between this annoyance and the backache it was impossible for me to get much sleep and my health was being undermined. I tried a number of remedies, but nothing helped me until I got Doan's Kidney Pills. The use of this remedy according to directions promptly brought about a change for the better. After using two boxes the backache all left me, the kidney secretions cleared up and the action of the kidneys became normal."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Chief Harris will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by all dealers; price, fifty cents per box.

For more than fourteen hours an insane man held his perilous seat on the top of the court house tower of Liberty, Mo., 165 feet above the ground.

The United States senate will have among its members at the next session five former cabinet officers—Senators Knox, Teller, Alger, Proctor and Elkins.

Giraffes' eyes are so placed that they can see behind them at the same time they can in front.

An authoritative list of the surviving generals of the southern confederacy is furnished by General Marcus J. Wright, a confederate veteran employed by the war department. All the full rank generals had died in 1893 when Beauregard had passed away. There are now four surviving lieutenant generals—Simon B. Buckner, Stephen D. Lee, Alexander F. Stewart and Joseph Wheeler. Of major generals there are eleven, and of the brigadier generals fifty-one. The surviving staff officers of the confederacy shrunk one-half in number during the past decade, and their disappearance now has become very rapid.

One of the most highly prized relics in the British museum is the crown formerly used by the Irish kings in the cornation exercises which made them monarchs of the Emerald Isle. Strictly speaking, there were two of these Irish crowns, the one in question being that used by the MacMurroughs, a family who were anciently kings of Leinston. This regal relic, all that remains of the old Irish monarchy, is a plain gold band, rising to a kind of peak or point in front. It dates back to the middle of the tenth century.

The venom of the cobra contains an ingredient not well known that acts upon the nerves. Its effects are rapid and difficult to counteract. This ingredient exists in the cobra's venom to a greater extent than the other substances that make up the poison. The poison of the viperine and crotaline snakes (the rattle snakes, copperhead, moccasin, etc.) contains but a small percentage of this nerve-destroying (or paralyzing) element. The poison of these snakes acts principally upon the blood and in consequence its action is slower.—St. Nicholas.

The rails of the Mexican Gulf railway are laid on mahogany sleepers and the bridges built of white marble. In west Mexico is a line built with ebony sleepers and ballast of silver ore drawn from old mines beside the track. The engineers used these materials because they were the cheapest to be had.

The African Review says that in the Transvaal and the Orange river colony, if the present rate of intermarriage between Briton and Boers is kept up, within twenty years the two races will be so welded together as to be indistinguishable.

The life of an eyelash is from 100 to 150 days. It grows very slowly, but finger nails grow quite rapidly in comparison. If a person could live without breaking his nails for a lifetime they would attain the length of 73 inches.

In 1896 the total democratic campaign fund was less than $500,000. The fund this year will be in excess of $5.000,000. The McKinley campaign fund raised by Hanna in 1896 amounted to nearly $15,000,000.

Both Australian and German governments have experts in Colorado studying the irrigation systems of the state. Colorado is acknowledged to have the best irrigation system in the world.

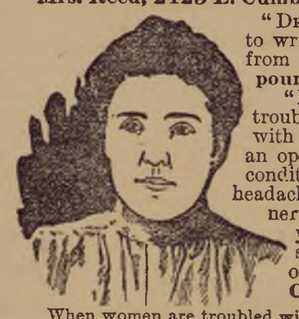
Florence Nightingale celebrated her eighty-fourth birthday recently.

Mrs. Anderson, a prominent society woman of Jacksonville, Fla., daughter of Recorder of Deeds, West, who witnessed her signature to the following letter, praises **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—There are but few wives and mothers who have not at times endured agonies and such pain as only women know. I wish such women knew the value of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** It is a remarkable medicine, different in action from any I ever knew and thoroughly reliable.

"I have seen cases where women doctored for years without permanent benefit, who were cured in less than three months after taking your Vegetable Compound, while others who were chronic and incurable came out cured, happy, and in perfect health after a thorough treatment with this medicine. I have never used it myself without gaining great benefit. A few doses restores my strength and appetite, and tones up the entire system. Your medicine has been tried and found true, hence I fully endorse it."—MRS. R. A. ANDERSON, 225 Washington St., Jacksonville, Fla.

Mrs. Reed, 2425 E. Cumberland St., Philadelphia, Pa., says:



"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to write and tell you the good I have received from **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"I have been a great sufferer with female trouble, trying different doctors and medicines with no benefit. Two years ago I went under an operation, and it left me in a very weak condition. I had stomach trouble, backache, headache, palpitation of the heart, and was very nervous; in fact, I ached all over. I find yours is the only medicine that reaches such troubles, and would cheerfully recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to all suffering women."

When women are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles.

The experience and testimony of some of the most noted women of America go to prove, beyond a question, that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will correct all such trouble at once by removing the cause and restoring the organs to a healthy and normal condition. If in doubt, write Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass, as thousands do. Her advice is free and helpful.

No other medicine for women in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. Refuse to buy any substitute.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

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If you are interested in obtaining a dental education, write for free catalogue of full instruction.
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CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

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BE SURE TO GET WINCHESTER MAKE OF SHELLS.

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NEW ORLEANS.
Full courses in Languages, Sciences, Engineering, Law, Medicine. Splendid department for women in Newcomb College. Tulane makes leaders in all vocations. Its facilities for instruction in Engineering are unsurpassed. Unexcelled opportunities for the study of Sugar Chemistry. Many scholarships in the academic department. Expenses low. Board and accommodations in dormitories at low rates. Opportunities afforded academic students for self-help. Next session begins October 1st. Send for catalogue and illustrated circular. Address THE REGISTRAR, Gibson Hall.

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Will drill faster and deeper with one horse power than any other machine in the world! Just the machine for the South. Thousands of them needed to obtain pure water. Write for Southern references and particulars.
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PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

DR. WOOLLEY'S OPIUM AND WHISKY ANTIDOTE
Will cure permanently at your own home.
Mr. T. M. Brown, of DeQueen, Ark., says: "Over seven years ago I was cured of the opium habit by your medicine, and have continued in the very best of health since."
Mr. W. M. Tunstall, of Lovingston, Va., says: "I am glad to say that I firmly believe that I am entirely and permanently cured of the Drink Habit, as I have never even so much as wanted a drink in any form since I took your eradicator, now 18 months ago. It was the best money I ever invested."
Mrs. Virginia Townsend, of Shreveport, La., writes: "No more opium. I have taken no other remedy than yours, and I make no mistake when I say that my health is better now than it ever was in my life, and I owe it to you and your remedy. It has been twelve years since I was cured by your treatment."
Dr. Woolley has thousands of such testimonials, with permission to use them. A treatment with so many recommendations from Physicians and cured patients must be good.
Dr. Woolley's Antidote has imitators, (as all good articles have)—perhaps you have tried some of them, but there is nothing like Woolley's. It has stood the test of thirty years. No man or woman who uses opium or whisky in any form, or who has friends so afflicted should hesitate to write to
DR. B M. WOOLLEY,
106 North Pryor Street, Atlanta, Ga.,
for his book on these diseases, which he will send free and confidential.

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Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.
Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Am. 32, 1904.

No More Blind Horses For Specific Ophthalmia Moon Blindness & other Sore Eyes, Barry Co., Iowa City, Ia., have a sure cure

Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed
To cure, or money refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., AUGUST 11, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 50

ST. LOUIS "HAS THE GOODS."

NEW YORK WRITER FINDS WORLD'S :: FAIR BEYOND EXPECTATIONS ::

Addison Steele, After a Week at the Exposition, Expresses Amazement at Many Features---St. Louis Cool and Prices Reasonable.

MR. ADDISON STEELE, a well-known newspaper and magazine writer, of New York, recently spent a week at the World's Fair. Returning home, he wrote the following appreciative account of his impressions for Brooklyn Life, which should convince any reader that it is worth his while to see this greatest of expositions:

In the expressive language of the day, St. Louis "has the goods." I had expected much of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, for I had kept in touch with the making of it from its very inception, five years ago; but after nearly a week of journeying through this new wonderland I must confess that in every essential particular it is far beyond my expectations. The biggest and best it was meant to be and the biggest and best it is. The exposition, rumors notwithstanding, is quite finished.

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Those who imagine that the Columbian Exposition remains the last word in the way of a world's fair should remember that eleven years have rolled by since Chicago invited all the nations of the earth to come within her gates. These having been years of remarkable progress the mere fact that it is up to date would place the Louisiana Purchase Exposition ahead of not only the Columbian Exposition of 1893 but the Paris Universal Exposition of 1900—the only other world's fair of the period mentioned. The great development of horseless vehicles, certain wonderful advances in the field of electricity, the wireless telegraph, the submarine boat and the practicable flying machine—all of which are special features at St. Louis—are, for instance, matters of the period since the Chicago event. To my mind, however, the one distinctive feature which places it ahead of all other world's fairs is the comprehensive Philippine exhibit. Ahead also of any previous showing are the individual buildings of eight of the foreign nations and, taking everything into consideration, the architectural and landscape gardening achievements are greater—as they ought to be with the world older.

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One of the greatest, and certainly one of the most agreeable, of my many surprises was the supreme beauty of the main group of buildings. For the simple reason that the camera does not exist which could take in the vast picture as the eye sees it, the early views of the group—a bit here and a bit there—gave a scant idea of the scheme as a whole. Nor did the early views of the ten individual buildings which make up its component parts do justice to their nobility of architecture and general grandeur. Then again in the ground plans and bird's-eye sketches—the only possible manner of showing it—the fan-shaped arrangement of this group looked stiff and unsatisfying. Far from that it is quite as remarkable in its way as the famous Court of Honor of the Columbian Exposition. In one respect it is even more notable, for instead of two grand vistas it offers a dozen. The main vista is, of course, the one looking up the Plaza of St. Louis — whose crowning feature is the great Louisiana Purchase Monument—and across the Grand Basin to the Cascade Gardens. On the right are the Varied Industries and Electricity buildings and on the left the Manufactures and Education, these—with Transportation and Machinery still further to the right and Liberal Arts and Mines beyond at the left—making up the body of the fan. For its handle the fan has the Cascade Gardens—rising in a grand terrace to a height of sixty-five feet above the floor level of the buildings mentioned and crowned by the great Festival Hall, the Terrace of States and the East and West Pavilions—and the Fine Arts building directly behind.

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In the architecture of the group there is no uniformity of style. The very liberal use of great columns gives the four buildings fronting on the Plaza and Basin a certain architectural kinship, but the Mines building, with its two huge obelisks and somewhat Egyptian aspect; the much-turreted and belfried Machinery building; the highly ornate Transportation building, with its gigantic arches and pylons, and the Romanesque Liberal Arts building have pronounced individuality. Yet in the general picture all these buildings blend finely. Nor is there any clashing in the case of the French Ionic style of the buildings of Cascade Gardens. Twelve handsome bridges across the waterways, which form a figure eight by running from the Grand Basin around the Electricity and Education buildings, further contribute to the architectural splendor of the scene.

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Rows of fine, large maples set off the buildings in the main vista, adding immeasureably to the beauty of the picture and furnishing one of the many demonstrations of the superiority of this exposition in the matter of landscape gardening. There are also many trees to set off the other buildings of the group, shrubbery and small trees have been used in profusion around the entrances and the bridges and there are handsome sunken gardens in two places. The landscape treatment of Cascade Hill is similarly fine.

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The Philippine section covers no less than forty-seven acres, has 100 buildings and some 75,000 catalogued exhibits, and represents an outlay of over a million dollars. A week could easily be spent there to advantage. Entrance to the section is free, but twenty-five cents is charged to go into each of the four native villages, which are intensely interesting. The villages run along Arrowhead Lake, and the inhabitants all have some way of entertaining their visitors. The Igorottes, who wear as little clothing as the law of even savage lands allow; Bontocs, Tinganues and Suyocs are in one village; the lake-dwelling Moros and Bogobos in another; the black Negritos in the third and the civilized Visayans, who have a Catholic Church and a theatre, in the fourth. As a matter of education this great encampment of the "little brown men" is one thing that no American can afford to miss.

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Eight of the numerous buildings of foreign nations would alone form an exposition worth the journey from New York to St. Louis. Germany's building, Das Deutsche Haus, is a reproduction of Charlottenburg Schloss, 450 feet long and finely located on an eminence overlooking Cascade Gardens. The interior as well as the exterior is a faithful reproduction of the palace; Gobelin tapestries, the old Charlottenburg furniture and the Kaiser's wedding silver having been brought over for the superb apartments. Nearly a mile to the westward France has reproduced, at a cost of half a million dollars, the Grand Trianon, the building and great garden covering fifteen acres. Great Britain has a copy of the banqueting hall of Kensington Palace; Japan, the Shishinden Palace, one of several buildings in a characteristic park, and China, the country seat of Prince Pu Lun. Italy has a superb Graeco-Roman temple, Austria an architectural glorification of Moderne Kunst, and Belgium a magnificent structure from an original design. Lesser reproduction of note are the tomb of Etmad-Dowlah, by East India, and the new Bangkok temple, by Siam.

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The Pike has in the Tyrolean Alps the finest concession that I have ever seen. There is a great square with many quaint buildings, a little village street, and above the snow-clad mountains—which look very real as the evening falls. The best scenic railroad yet devised affords several fine glimpses of the Alps, and there is a very graphic exposition of the Oberammergau passion play in the little church. The Cliff Dwellers' concession also looks very realistic at nightfall. It is elaborate in arrangement, and the courting, snake and other dances by the Southwestern Indians make it another of the Pike shows which should be taken in by all. In Seville there is an amusing marionette theatre and some genuine Spanish dancing. For the rest the Pike offers infinite variety, and as a rule the full money's worth is given. The enormous Jerusalem and Boer War concessions are not on the Pike.

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It is a case of dine at the German Pavilion and die at the Exposition. In a beautiful Moderne Kunst building adjoining Das Deutsche Haus the best food and the highest prices on the grounds are to be found, the table d'hote lunch and dinner costing $2 and $3, respectively. There is also a la carte service. Everything considered the prices are not excessive, and at least one meal should be taken there for the experience. Another should be taken at the Tyrolean Alps, either outdoors or in the gorgeous dining room in the mountainside. The best French restaurant is at Paris, on the Pike. Lower in prices and in every way admirable are the two restaurants conducted by Mrs. Rorer in the pavilions of Cascade Gardens. The east one has waitresses and no beer and the west one waiters and beer. For a bit of lunch Germany, France and England all offer delicious pastry in the Agricultural building. These are not free ads., but time-saving tips for the traveler. There are no end of restaurants to fit all purses on the grounds.

PALACE OF MINES AND METALLURGY.

GOLDEN CHAINS.

M. Max Regis Wore Golden Handcuffs For Years.

It will be remembered, says the Westminster Gazette, that some years ago M. Max Regis was presented by a group of lady admirers with a pair of golden handcuffs, in commemoration of his arrest and imprisonment in the great cause of Nationalism. The Anti-Semite swore that he would wear the manacles as souvenir bracelets for the remainder of his life. For some time he kept his promise, and then it was observed that he had abandoned his decorative fetters. Why? Was it infidelity to the cause, or what? People wondered, and could get no satisfactory answer, until a few days ago there was a public sale of unredeemed pledges from the Mont de Piete. The golden handcuffs (weighing forty-five grammes) were included in the catalogue, M. Regis having deposited them with "ma tante" to relieve a temporary indigence, and having neglected to recover them. To complete the irony of the situation, they were purchased by a Hebrew, who now wears them in the streets of Algiers and exhibits them to all his friends.

Cuban Canteloupes.

American fruit growers and market gardeners have been experimenting with many varieties of fruits and vegetables in Cuba, to learn what may be most profitably produced there for the American markets. One result of this has been fine Cuban canteloupes in the New York market the last week in April of the present year, and more all through May. They are of good quality, and the business is likely to be developed, thus adding another month to the canteloupe season.—Country Life in America.

ONE HUNDRED FOR AN EGG.

An Indian Game Fowl That is Very Valuable.

Not often does the price of a single egg climb to $100, but this is what was offered for each of the eggs of a certain Indian game hen, which was brought to England some time ago.

For centuries the Indian game, or Azeel fowls, have been the very apex of the game breed, for the pureness of blood and pedigree have been most carefully preserved for so long that the date of the origin of the race has been lost in the past.

It is almost impossible to procure specimens of the purest blood, for they are treasured by the Indian sportsman at the highest value.

As game fowl they are great fighters. Those who have seen them in India—for the finest birds never reach our colder climates—tell of their prowess and ungovernable tenacity in battle. With them it is always victory or death.

In America, however, the game fowls are seldom raised for fighting purposes, but for show, and as pets and hobbies of poultry fanciers.—Country Life in America.

Japanese Patriotism.

On every gateway is posted a red slab where a man has gone to the war, marked "Gone to the front"—to be supplanted with a black one—"Bravery forever"—should he be brought home dead. And when he is brought home dead his body is received at the station by his kin with proud faces and no tears. The Roman mother has come back to earth again, and it is the Japanese mother who makes Japan the high priestess among the nations of the world.—John Fox, Jr., in Scribner's Magazine.

THE SILENCE OF BUTTERFLIES.

This Insect Represents a Truly Silent World.

After all, the chief charm of this race of winged flowers does not lie in their varied and brilliant beauty, not yet in their wonderful series of transformations, in their long and sordid caterpillar life, their long slumber in the chrysalis, or the very brief period which comprises their beauty, their love making, their parentage and their death. Nor does it lie in the fact that we do not yet certainly know whether they have in the caterpillar shape the faculty of sight or not, and do not even know the precise use of their most conspicuous organ in maturity, the antennae. Nor does it consist in this—that they of all created things have furnished man with the symbol of his own immortality. It rather lies in the fact that, with all their varied life and activity, they represent an absolutely silent world. * * * All the vast array of modern knowledge has found no butterfly which murmurs with an audible voice and only a few species which can even audibly click or rustle with their wings.—T. W. Higginson, in Atlantic.

A Long Locomotive Trip.

George Gould's recent trip over 4000 miles of his various railroads was made with one engine, the same man being at the throttle all the way. The engineer was E. J. Hadlock, who some four years ago made the run from El Paso to Texarkana without leaving his locomotive. The average running time of Mr. Gould's trip was sixty miles an hour, eighty miles being covered in that time frequently. "Kid" Hadlock, as he is known, is forty-two years old, and since the age of twenty has been with the Texas & Pacific.

RUSSIANS IN RETREAT

Outnumbered by the Japanese They are Driven Back Toward Liao Yang

THERMOMETER REGISTERED 110.

Japanese Constantly Landing Reinforcements at New Chwang—Successor to Von Plehve.

After two days' fighting General Kuroki has defeated the Russian forces in two separate actions fought at Yushulikzu and the Yangze Pass.

General Kuroki has administered defeat to the Russian forces which defended the Russian right flank at Liao Yang, winning separate actions at Yushulikzu and Yangse Pass. These two places are twenty-six miles apart, but the two actions were fought at the same time. The thermometer registered 110 degrees Fahrenheit, and the soldiers suffered from heat and exhaustion.

Kuropatkin reports his retreat.

One report says the Japanese have also occupied Hai Cheng on the Mukden road.

It is reported that M. Muravieff, the minister of justice, will succeed M. von Plehve, late minister of the interior.

Squadron Returns.

The Vladivostok cruiser division returned to port. The cruisers were in perfect condition. They captured during their cruise the steamer Arabic and destroyed some schooners, a Japanese, one German and one British steamer. The last mentioned two were carrying contraband material and had nearly reached their destination, Yokohama, but were almost without coal, and it was therefore impossible to send them to Vladivostok.

Cotton of 1902.

The department of agriculture has published facts relating to the marketing of the crop of cotton grown in 1902. That crop in Alabama was 988,284 bales, of which 201,303 bales were purchased by Alabama mills. Pensacola handled 191,942 bales of the crop; Savannah 185,522 bales and Mobile got by rail and river 105,791 bales of it. Nearly 70,000 bales of the crop were carried by rail to New England mills. The value of the crop grown in Alabama in 1902 is put by the department of agriculture at $40,407,968.

New Staff Officers.

The following new officers have been commissioned by Governor Vardaman to serve on the staff of Major General Kessler, commander of the Mississippi National Guard: C. W. Crockett, Greenwood, captain and aide de camp; W. H. Hamner, Greenwood, lieutenant colonel and assistant paymaster general; A. C. Yerger, Greenwood, captain and aide de camp.

Running Trains by Telephone.

The strike of the telegraph operators on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway is on in full force. Many small stations, where operators act as agents have been closed. The management of the railroad claims to be running passenger and other trains on practically schedule time, using long distance telephone in transmitting train orders.

Miss Jane Clemens, daughter of Mark Twain, was hurt in a runaway. She was thrown and suffered a fracture of the right ankle, besides several bruises. The horse was so severely injured that he had to be killed.

Bishop Opens Saloon.

Bishop Henry C. Potter delivered the principal address at the formal opening of the "subway tavern," a model saloon in New York, which was established by a number of leaders in the reform movement. The purpose is to serve pure liquor and food for low prices under the present moral conditions.

Storm Damage.

In a severe rain storm Monday which visited Chattanooga one man was killed by lightning and property valued at least at $10,000 was damaged. The extent of this storm can not be ascertained. Reports from the surrounding territory indicate that the damage has been equally severe. It is feared the peach crop, which is now ripening, may have been seriously injured by the heavy rain.

Judge Emory Speer has granted an injunction restraining the sale of the Birmingham and Brunswick railroad, which was to take place Tuesday at Brunswick.

The Alabama Paper Box company, established two weeks ago at Anniston, has increased its daily output to 1,000 boxes. It is now at work on an order for 50,000 boxes for the Anniston Knitting Mill and a 25,000 box order for a knitting mill in Talladega. The concern furnishes employment to twenty-five people.

Archibald Henderson has been chosen secretary of the Commercial Club of Anniston to succeed W. T. Owen, resigned.

COTTON PICKING BEGINS.

Growth Has Been Rapid—Corn Crop Good—Conditions Improved.

The weather bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions says:

Coton has made good growth in the central and eastern portions of the cotton belt, too rapid growth being reported from portions of Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana. Complaints of rust and shedding are more general than in the previous week in the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida.

Shedding is also generally reported from Texas, where most of the crop would be benefited by rains, drouth being most serious in the north central counties. Much of the crop in Mississippi and Louisiana is grassy. Picking continues in southern Texas, where it is expected to be general by the middle of August, and has begun in Alabama and Florida.

Corn has experienced a week of favorable temperature, and while needing rain in portions of the central Mississippi and Missouri valleys, the crop as a whole has made good progress.

MRS. GENERAL MILES DEAD.

Succumbed to Heart Disease Monday night at West Point.

Mrs. Nelson A. Miles, died at West Point, N. Y., Monday night of heart disease. She and General Miles had been visiting their son, Sherman, who is a student at the military academy. General Miles was not present at the time of his wife's death.

Mrs. Miles was the daughter of Judge Charles Sherman and a niece of the late Senator John Sherman, of Ohio, and General William T. Sherman.

Whites Only.

The Mississippi state election commission, which is composed of the governor, secretary of state and attorney general, will at its next meeting use a different method of choosing county electors. Heretofore it has been customary to place a negro on the commission in some of the delta counties where there are no white republicans, as the law requires that the republican party be represented, but the state commission has decided this year to have no negroes on any county commission. They will continue the custom of having one republican and two democrats.

Killed by Lightning.

During a thunder storm Monday lightning struck Newt Arnold and his wife, killing him instantly and injuring her so severely that she may die. Mr. Arnold was standing on the front porch at his home near Cox's creek, near Florence, and his wife was near him. Both fell off the porch.

Lightning struck Eugene Davis Sunday afternoon at Blossburg, killing him instantly. His wife was with him at the time and was also injured, her lower limbs being paralyzed. When struck Mr. Davis and his wife were sitting at the window watching the storm.

Going to Bull Run.

Adjutant General Brandon, of the Alabama National Guard, has reported to General Corbin that he will raise a provisional regiment of 860 enlisted men and sixty officers to go to the Manassas maneuvers. He also asked that a number of officers be placed in any position in order that they may get the benefit of the instruction and better fit themselves for the discharge of their duties.

It is understood that General Brandon is to be the colonel of the provisional regiment and that he will have the selection of the officers under him.

Another semi-monthly payment of $500,000 of the government loan was made by the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company

A new directory of Jackson, Miss., has been published. It gives the city's population including that of the immediate suburbs at 23,878, or the actual count of the citizens living in the city proper is estimated at 19,078, which is an increase of more than twice the number given by the directory heretofore.

Farmer Kills Lawyer.

Irving Henderson, a prominent farmer, shot and killed Thomas M. Tann, a lawyer, on the streets of DeKalb Seat in Kemper county, Miss., Monday afternoon. Henderson fired three times, one bullet striking Tann in the heart and two in the shoulder. There were no witnesses to the killing. Henderson claims self defense. He is in jail. Both are very prominent.

Sixty-five miles in one afternoon was the record made by a Florence livery stable horse Sunday afternoon, and the animal is suffering with brain fever. Will Abernathy, a clerk in a grocery store, hired a rig from a local stable and started on a mad chase.

Since the opening of Beauvoir as a soldiers' home in Mississippi there have been forty-five entries, some of the number being sick beyond medical relief, and only three have died. Several new applications are in the hands of the officers awaiting investigation.

A new peach to be known as the Vulcan has been produced in the state.

Pratt City schools will open September 14th.

MISSISSIPPI BONDS

Have Not Been Called For by the Purchasers.

N. W. Harris & Co., of Chicago, the firm that purchased the $500,000 3 1-2 per cent bond issues from the state of Mississippi several weeks ago, have not yet called for the bonds, and the state is getting a little uneasy in spite of the fact that a certified check for one-tenth the issue was deposited with the bid and is held as a guarantee of good faith. Bankers about over the state have received circulars from Harris & Co. offering their bonds as an investment, and it is supposed that they will come across with the cash in a short while. In the meantime the school teachers of the state are waiting for their money.

Lipscomb Left Off.

The board of trustees of the University of Mississippi held a meeting Saturday. At the June meeting of the board three vacancies on the faculty were left, and this special meeting was for the purpose of filling them. Professors J. W. Johnston, A. L. Bondurant and Dabney Lipscomb were the members of the faculty who failed of re-election, and they were present asking for reinstatement.

Professors Bondurant and Johnston were re-instated. Lipscomb was not re-elected. Just what the charge against him was is not stated.

Professor Bishop, of Millsaps college, was selected to fill the chair of English.

New Industries in Mississippi.

Durant—$30,000 lumber company.

Greenville—$50,000 hardware company.

Isola—$5,000 cotton gin.

Itta Bena—$10,000 lumber company.

Liberty—$10,000 brick works.

Lumberton—$20,000 water works.

New Albany—$25,000 lumber company.

Port Gibson—$15,000 canning factory.

Prentiss—$25,000 lumber company.

Indians are Starving.

An appeal was made to President Roosevelt Saturday by a committee representing the Presbyterian board of home missions in behalf of the Pima Indians in Arizona, who are said to be perishing because the waters of the Gila river have been diverted from their reservation. The Indians, who number about 5,000, are said to be on the verge of starvation because of failure of their crops. The president promised to consider the matter, which has been before the interior department for a long time.

Injured by Explosion.

As the result of an accident at the furnaces three negroes were severely burned with molten pig iron and Hoke Perkins narrowly escaped serious and perhaps fatal injuries. One of the large pots in which the molten metal is carried to the casting machine was turned half over, in order to clean out the accumulation in the bottom, when a slight explosion occurred which spattered the molten metal.

Mississippi Buttons.

Samples of the buttons made by the Aberdeen, Miss., button factory are shown. They are made from mussle shells taken from the Tombigbee river and the lakes in that section of the state, and it is said that several of the fishermen have found pearls worth goodly sums while opening the shells.

Addition to Saw Mill.

At Huntsville the Lowe Manufacturing Company's new addition will be 50x140 feet and will contain 10,000 new spindles, making in all for this company 26,000 spindles.

Friday marked the termination of the agreement which was made by the powers at The Hague peace conference prohibiting the use of balloons for hurling explosives during a period of five years. Russia and Japan signed this agreement.

A fertilizer factory to cost $1,500,000 is to be established at Fairfield, Fla.

The treasury department received a check for $2,886,554.51 from the Central Pacific railroad company. This is in payment of twenty notes given by the railroad in settlement of its indebtedness to the government. The arrival of this check, together with the receipts from customs of over $1,000,000 and the ordinary income made the total treasury receipts for the day $4,907,101, while the expenditures were $1,247,000.

The Southern railway has surveyors in the field locating the line of a new railroad between Itta Bena and Belzoni, Miss. The work of construction will begin in a few weeks and will be rushed to completion.

The assassin of Minister of the Interior Von Plehve is said to have made a partial confession in which he declared that at one time he was a school teacher in a rural district and was greatly interested in the Zemstvo, for the curtailment of whose powers he blamed the dead minister. He still absolutely refuses to disclose his name. A watch is kept on him day and night, not only to prevent his doing himself bodily harm, but in the belief that he may betray himself in his sleep.

ALABAMA NEWS.

John Yarbrough, who operates a saw mill above Ashville, came near losing his life while filing a saw. He was seated on a bench and in moving around the plank slipped. He fell through an opening and was precipitated into the creek twenty feet below. He struck a mud sill in falling and wrenched his back and was rendered unconscious while his head was beneath the water.

At Gadsden, Ala., the board of education of the public schools met for the purpose of electing a successor to A. K. McKennie as principal of the high school, Professor McKennie having been elected to a place in the schools of Montgomery. Professor C. H. Webster, of La Pine, was elected to the place and he will assume charge during the coming term.

It is practically certain that Gadsden's new steamboat will be completed and ready for service by October 1st. The work on the boat has been pushed with vigor and the only thing that has occasioned delay has been the lack of raw material. The boat will be ready for the cotton season.

Andrew Martin, the negro who made an assault on Motorman B. C. Waller, of the South Bessemer car line, has been arrested. He is suffering with a severe wound on the back of the head, made, it is charged, by Conductor Sorrell, who used an iron switch rod as he escaped from the car.

The annual reunion of Confederate Veterans of Calhoun, Etowah and adjoining counties, at Schenck's Springs, will occur on the 10th and 11th of August. The veterans of Etowah will hold their annual county reunion at Moore's Springs, August 17th and 18th.

A freight train was wrecked Sunday morning on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, three miles sorth of Boyles. Nine cars were ditched The engine was not derailed. A negro brakeman named Turner Cleveland was killed.

The baseball injunction was practically dissolved by Judge Sayre and ball will be played at Highland park, Montgomery, the remainder of the season unless the Montgomery Traction company further interferes.

The foundations of the Butler-Kyser oil mills, Huntsville, have been laid and the contractors will rush the main structure to completion at once. Several of the frame buildings have already been built.

Several gentlemen standing on a store porch near Bessemer were shocked by a stroke of lightning that struck near by. Strange to say every one in the party felt the shock in the left foot and side.

The Southern Manufacturing Company of Gadsden has been awarded the contract to furnish the columns, sash, doors and frames for the big cotton mill now being erected at Jacksonville.

The $10,000,000 bond issue by the Birmingham Railway, Light and Power Company was affirmed Monday by the board of directors and stockholders of the company.

Alex Marsh, a negro miner, was blown up by a premature explosion of powder at the mines at Argo. His body is badly mangled all over and he will probably die.

The members of company F, Huntsville, have employed counsel to prevent the military authorities from mustering them out if possible.

Gadsden has decided to issue $25,000 bonds for a city hall.

Irondale wants a new school building.

The accident bulletin issued by the interstate commerce commission for the first quarter of 1904, says that 40 passengers and 181 employes were killed, and 995 passengers and 1802 employes injured making in all 221 persons killed and 2797 injured in train accidents.

Terminal facilities at New Orleans have recently been examined by officials of the Pennsylvania lines. The moving platform system used by the Southern Pacific for loading and unloading ships has been inspected especially.

Great actors will probably continue to be as exceptional as ever, but if the present relations between church and stage continue there seems no reason why all the actors shouldn't eventually be good.

According to the latest and most authoritative reports the total number of Japanese Christians in 1902 was 129,134, of whom 46,000 were Protestants, 26,080 Greek Catholics and 55,824 Roman Catholics. In addition to these are thousands of children who are not included in the reports of the Protestant churches, so that the total number will easily be 200,000 for the whole empire. This, indeed, is only a small percentage in a population of 45,000,000; yet it represents a great achievement when it is remembered that it is the work of a single generation. It is barely thirty years since the law punishing persons for becoming Christians was abrogated, and the public warnings against Christianity as the "wicked sect" were taken down from the bulletin boards.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

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COLUMBIANA, ALA., Aug. 11, '04

Telephone No. 27.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM,

County.

Probate Judge.
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk.
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter.
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor.
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer.
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

THE JOINT DISCUSSION.

The reason given by Democrats why a joint discussion should not be entered into at all during the campaign—that they would engender strife and possibly personal difficulties—shows this early in the campaign that the Democrats were right in their claims:

At Spring Creek (beat 2) last Thursday, the high sheriff of Shelby county became involved in a dispute and wrangle with Judge McMillan during the speech of the latter, and Mr. Cox climbed upon the platform in a belligerant manner, and only desisted upon the importunities of friends of the Sheriff. It is only fair to say that after returning to Columbiana Mr. Cox called Judge McMillan into his office and apologized for the way in which he had treated McMillan. The apology was accepted in the spirit that any gentleman will display in accepting an apology from one who had wronged him. The Sentinel mentions the episode merely to show that the position taken by the Democrats in opposing a joint discussion was the correct one.

Some two or three hundred people gathered at Spring Creek, among whom were quite a number of the South's prettiest flowers—beautiful womanhood.

A. H. Merrell was made chairman, and before the discussion was entered into prayer was offered by Rev. Joshua Davis which shows that the good people there have high and ennobling ideas, and believe in looking to the God of the Universe for guidance.

The people listened attentively and showed a decided interest in what was said. Judge McMillan gave a clear and unmistakable exposition of the present administration of the county. Especially did he dwell upon the unjust taxes heaped upon the people of this county by the populist administration, and which had been illegally levied and collected from the common people of the county by that administration, while the rich railroads legally evaded payment of the unconstitutional, therefore illegal, levy by carrying the matter into the courts. Thus had the common people been made, by the populist administration, to pay an illegal and an unjust tax because they were not financially able to contest it in the courts. Judge McMillan backed up his argument by a decision of the Supreme Court upon just such a levy in which that high tribunal says the levy is illegal because it exceeds constitutional law.

Then taking up the road machinery matter he read the contract for the same, signed by the Probate Judge of Shelby County (not a "trial" order) and which probably entails upon this county a debt of over seven thousand dollars. That it is a straight out contract, with but one provision, the instrument itself shows; the only provision of the contract is that the machinery shall do work as warranted. Judge McMillan then read a letter, which Judge Longshore admitted he wrote, wherein Judge Longshore says the road machinery is the best he ever saw for building roads, and freely recommends it to all who may desire to purchase road machinery. Another letter, signed by Judge Longshore and Commissioners Kendrick and Shaw, and which Judge Longshore, with some reluctance, admitted was true, was read by Judge McMillan which asked the agent of the Good Roads Machinery Co. to not press this claim because of political dissensions in the county.

Judge McMillan then took up the financial affairs of the county, and conclusively proved by the records that the condition of the county was better under Democratic administration with a three mill tax rate, than it is under a populist administration with a seven mill tax rate. Judge McMillan's speech was an arraignment, backed up with facts, of the populist party which cannot be successfully refuted to the satisfaction of a fair minded people.

Judge Longshore, in replying, attempted to justify every act of his his administration, and his remarks were based principally upon his own assertions and opinions. He held that the tax levies were legal in the face of the decisions of the Circuit and Supreme Courts; said the reason for his thinking so was because the road tax levy was made in January and the levy for general purposes was made in June of the same year. This statement in the face of Constitutional law which says the tax levy for county purposes shall not exceed five per centum, or five mills. The levy for road purposes, special levy, and which Judge Longshore says was made in January, was for two mills; the levy in June was four mills—a total of six mills, which is one mill in excess of Constitutional law, and consequently is illegal, and the Supreme Court has so held.

In his argument on the road machinery deal Judge Longshore jumped onto The Sentinel; said this paper had been unfair; that to prejudice the people The Sentinel had published the contract but had not published the order of the Commissioners' Court at all. Well, the Judge is up against it again. The Sentinel has never published the contract but one time, July 28th—and just above the contract, in the same column, will be found the Commissioners' order. The Judge also claims that his letter recommending the machinery was given the agent to aid him in selling this machinery to other parties, but the records do not bear him out. "And" says Judge Longshore, "it is the best machinery for building roads I ever saw because I never saw any other kind." His defense in the matter is worse for him than if he had wholly ignored the matter. He charge McMillan with trying to have an "infamous" City Court established in this county thereby disfranchising the voters of Shelby county. In turn McMillan charged Longshore with having voted for several just such "infamous" City Court bills while he was in the Legislature. Longshore denied it, and notwithstanding that McMillan proved by the House Journal that Longshore did vote as he was charged, Judge Longshore said he did not care what the House Journal said, he had never voted for any City Court bill. However, the records are against Judge Longshore.

In Judge McMillan's reply he wa interrupted a great deal, and it was at this time the unpleasantness occurred referred to in the fore part of this article. The Spring Creek meeting was of a nature that brought no comfort to the populist leaders, and it is deplored by the people of that community, regardless of politics, that any unpleasantness should have occurred.

At Day's Cross Roads on Friday the speeches varied but little from those of the previous days, except that a little more national politics was injected into them. Judge Longshore rode Cleveland, the gold standard and Alabama's new Constitution until he was hoarse and the crowd tired. He said all the negroes who had registered were Democrats—the Judge being in touch with them, possibly knows; Democrats do not. Said his ticket did not want them, but in the light of circumstances that have occurred at some of the places where the Registrars have been the Judge was evidently talking for effect.

In his speech Judge McMillan demonstrated clearly that Longshore and the other populists on his "County Ticket" were irregular and out of order in that they have fused with high tariff, gold standard Republicans in the county, while nationally Longshore makes a grand stand play for Tom Watson and free silver. Judge Longshore's inconsistency along this line is a standing joke.

The meeting at Shelby on Saturday was to have been at night, and was so understood by the speakers and the people at Shelby who had made arrangements for a night meeting. Saturday morning notice was served on Judge McMillan that the speaking would be at Shelby that morning. He demurred, but Judge Longshore insisted. It developed that the meeting had been worked up in the interest of the opposition the day before, but Judge Longshore nor his friends gained anything by the methods adopted to secure a predominating sentiment. It is taken as an indication that the opposition is a little "skeered" of a night meeting at Shelby—when all the voters can hear and judge for themselves.

Judge McMillan again showed up the shortcomings of the populist administration; the unjust and illegal taxes which have been heaped upon the people; the extravagance of and misuse of the counties finances: the great increase in the tax rate; the road machinery deal—every argument and assertion made by Judge McMillan was backed up by the records.

Judge Longshore opened up on the new Constitution and his remarks bordered on Socialism, and some of his utterances were surprising even to those of his own political belief. One expression of Judge Longshore's was of such a nature that we do not believe he, himself, had weighed the full import of its meaning. Holding his hand aloft he said: *"I will not support that Constitution only so far as the law compels me to!"* In other words that means compulsory patriotism. The Sentinel cannot believe that Judge Longshore believes in that kind of a declaration. He said that white men had been turned down—one at Wilsonville and one at Sterrett—when they made application to register, while negroes had been registered. He passed the matter of illegal taxes with but a slight reference—that he believed the tax levies, every one of them under his administion to be legal. The courts, however, appear to differ with the Judge In speaking of the road machinery deal, he still clung to the 'trial order" story, and then stepped outside the records to give personal conversations with the agent to show there was no purchase, but the contract will not wash out.

During Judge McMillan's reply he was frequently interrupted, as if there was a preconceived plan to deprive him the use of his time to close, and it was remarked by a number that such appeared to be the case. In replying to Judge Longshore's assertion that white men had been denied registration, Judge McMillan said that it was a little strange that no one seemed to have personal cognizance of the Wilsonville case except a leading populist of that beat. And in the Sterrett case a candidate on the fusion ticket appeared to be the only one who had personal knowledge of the matter.

The speakers were at Blue Springs yesterday, and are at Sterrett today. The fact that the Circuit Court in this county decided the special road tax levy was illegal and that the railroads were required to pay but one-half of it is causing the people all over this county to do some hard thinking, and they are asking each other "Why are we compelled to pay all this special road tax, and the railroads are required to pay but half of it?" Illegal tax levies, and the common people too poor to contest. So much for populist administration.

The speeches thus far made in the campaign have been vote winners for the Democratic ticket.

While in the Legislature Judge Longshore Votes to Establish City Courts on Two Separate Occasions.

During the campaign Judge Longshore is accusing D. R. McMillan of trying to foist upon the people of Shelby county "an infamous City Court Bill." In a straight forward, honorable manner, Judge McMillan does not deny that upon solicitation of the party who drew the bill he gave what assistance he could to secure its passage. The bill failed to become a law. McMillan did not vote for the bill; he was not a member of the Legislature. Compare this with Judge Longshore's record in connection with "infamous City Court Bills" while he was a member of the Legislature from Shelby County. The House Journal of the session of 1888-9, page 420, records him as voting for "an infamous City Court Bill" for Anniston: the Journal records him as voting for the same kind of "infamous" bills for Gadsden and Decatur, and they must be "infamous" for their tenure is the same as the one proposed for Shelby county several years ago. How does Judge Longshore meet the fact that he voted for these "infamous" bills? Just by saying that he did not vote for them, "I don't care what the Journal says!" Still the Judge says he stands on his record! The very fact that he decries and holds up for criticism the action of McMillan in lending his assistance to establish the very kind of an 'infamous" court which Judge Longshore voted for on several occasions, shows that the action of the latter is rank demagoguery. No matter how often or vehemently he denies voting for the establishment of the City Courts, the records show he did vote for them.

The Worst Yet.

"If The Sentinel has regard for fairness and justice to its fellowman, it would have known that the bridge fund is responsible for the taxes collected for the building of bridges, and that this matter has been postponed until all taxes assessed for that purpose are collected or turned down by the courts."—Advocate.

Well, this is a funny predicament, indeed! If the bridge fund is responsible for the taxes collected, who in thunder is responsible for the bridge fund? If the "matter" has been postponed, why, in the name of all that is "fair" and "just," has the repeated and interminable collection of special bridge taxes from the common people not been, likewise, "postponed" along with the railroad cases? If "fairness and justice" demands that we tell our poor fellowmen that the bridge fund is responsible for the taxes collected from them for the building of bridges, that have not been built, and that the aforesaid bridge fund has taken wings and gone hence, then we want our condemnation of the methods by which this was accomplished to go along with the information, as an evidence of condolence, at least.

Its Defense Does Not Defend.

"The populist are not trying to prejudice the people, but they are defending the administration against these infamous charges hatched up by The Sentinel and its gang for the purpose of misleading and prejudicing the people."—Advocate.

"The populist are" up against it good and hard. The "facts and figures" are too many for it, and the defense does not defend.

Another "Postponement."

"The matter has been postponed" by levying for the third time special taxes to build Laney's Ford and Parker's Mill bridges, and the second time for Beaver Dam Creek bridge, with a few new ones thrown in for good measure. The only things that have not, according to the Advocate's dictionary, been "postponed" are Walton's bridge, Beeswax bridge and Buck Creek bridge. The people in those communities ought to apply for a "postponement" of their "matters," too. The "postponement" argument of the Advocate is the veriest kind of rot. But you can't expect anything better of it.

Same Old Story.

"If The Sentinel desired to be fair and truthful, it would tell the people the reason the bridges it refers to above were never built, is because the taxes was refused to be paid by the railroads, and the cases are pending in the courts unsettled."—Advocate.

Not on your life The Sentinel has shown that the people, leaving out the railroads, have paid more than enough special taxes to have built all the bridges for which the taxes were levied; that some of these bridges have not been built, and all the money is gone. It is anything but fair and truthful, to say nothing of the willful deception practiced upon the people, to give them the explanation offered in the above by the Advocate, as to the failure to expend the bridge tax for bridge purposes. "Hatch up" something a little more plausible than that, please, brother.

It Dare Not Quote the Law Correctly.

"If The Sentinel was not trying to prejudice the people it would have said that there was a law compelling the Commissioners' Court to levy taxes for building bridges before the bridges are built."—Advocate

And in its assumption of fairness the Advocate dare not publish in full the law it refers to in such a self-righteous manner.

The Constitution limits the right to levy special bridge tax—over and above the rate allowed for county purposes—to the "payment of debts and liabilities now existing, or that may hereafter be created" for such purpose. It is for the purpose of discharging the "debt or liability," and not for the creation of a "fund" that the tax is authorized, and this for the plainest of very best reasons. It can be as lawfully levied after as before bridges are built. The people of Shelby county would have been vastly better off if the Constitution had been heeded by the present headlong administration. Taking the Advocate's hypothesis, how will it next proceed to justify two levies for "Lacy's Ford bridge" made AFTER it was built?

The People Disfranchised.

Judge Longshore has a great deal to say about the Constitution disfranchising the people, and how a one-time proposed City Court (he voted to establish several of them) for Shelby county would disfranchise every voter in the county. There are others Judge Longshore should not forget.

The functions of the Treasurer of Shelby County have been "postponed," in the sense of being in abeyance. The gentleman who erstwhile performed the duties of that office is now the fiscal agent of the money lenders by appointment of the Commissioners' Court (whereby every voter in Shelby County has been deliberately "disfranchised") and is engaged in buying warrants of the County in blocks of $1,000.00, for the aforesaid money lenders. How's this for "Dealing in County Claims?"

That's the way the present administration has of covering up loans it makes, and upon which the people of the county pay interest (see last semi-annual report of the Commissioners), and upon which the treasurer admits he receives a commission.

DAY'S X ROADS.

Rain, Rain, rain!
Crops are looking fine.

James Lybrand, of Creswell, was among his many friends here last Saturday.

G. B Wheeler was present at the speaking at this place last Friday, and before the speakers arrived he sang "Booker T. Washington, the Big Black Man." A little later the speakers arrived and we listened to Judge Longshore tell his June bug stories, but he did not tell why the poor people of this county are taxed so high. He next agreed to give Judge McMillan all the negroes in the county, as he had given the Republicans all the pops in the national election. He told us of several white men in the county who could not register in Shelby county, but we are reliably informed they are not qualified to register because they have not been in the county long enough. Next Prof J. B. Farrell, our present Supt. of Education, made us a nice intelligent speech, which we listened to with pleasure. After noon came Judge McMillan, who spoke about two hours, telling us something of the condition of county affairs which made Judge Longshore look sad. Well, it was so tough on the pops that they just had to show a little of their nature in disturbing Judge McMillan while he was speaking, but everything passed off nicely, and all enjoyed the day. The boys are in good spirits, and the grand old Democratic party will come out victorious in November. Observor.

CALVARY.

Health of this community is good.

R. W. Evans transacted business in Columbiana last Thursday.

Robert Farr and family visited W. Tinney and family on Fourmile last Friday.

Miss Augusta Farrell is visiting relatives in Gurnee, but will return in a few days.

T. W. Kimble and family visited relatives in this community Saturday and Sunday.

W. E. Miner attended the tent meeting at Camp Branch the greater part of last week.

Crops are very promising in this community, although we are having too much rain for cotton.

A protracted meeting will begin at Mt. Calvary Saturday next, and will be conducted by Rev. Benj. Hughes.

Mrs. Addie Burgess and daughter, Miss Amy, of Birmingham, who have been visiting relatives for the past week in this community, returned to their home Saturday.

The voters of this Beat who attended the joint discussion at Columbiana last Wednesday, came home determined more than ever to vote the Democratic ticket in November, and elect officers who will keep within the bounds of the Constitution of Alabama, and stop the illegal tax levies which have been placed upon the people of Shelby county by the populist administration. The good roads machinery, the present high tax rate and the indebtedness of the county is not pleasant to the minds of the voters of this beat. Snyder.

VANDIVER NEWS.

Rain in abundance.

Hurrah for the Democratic party

J. W. Rich made a business trip to Leeds Saturday.

J. L. Vandiver made a trip to Dunnavant Saturday

The Free Will protracted meeting began here last Saturday.

J. A. Howard and family visited relatives in Yellow Leaf last week.

J. M. Babb and J. B. Whitfield attended the speaking at Columbiana last Wednesday.

Chas. W. Mundine, of Vincent, visited friends and relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Quite a number of our people attended the singing convention at Dunnavant last Saturday.

Crops in this part of the country are excellent; cotton is better than I have ever seen; corn good, potatoes fine, and watermelons aae plentiful.

Uncle Ned.

CALERA.

Rain in abundance.
It has rained every day this month.

Hardy Nelson, of Columbiana, was in town Monday.

No church service in town Sunday on account of rain.

Almost a beef famine in Calera since the rainy season.

D. B. Adkins and wife are visiting their children in Anniston this week.

Our citizens will meet Bro. Crim at the cemetery the 18th and clean up.

Mrs. Davidson and son Charles, of Montevallo, are visiting F. M. Blake and family.

A new union depot for Calera is being discussed again. Don't know when it will be built, however; not until the roads get ready.

There is but little interest in politics in our beat, only for Justice of the Peace.

Died in this place on Friday last, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. ... Fletcher.

Robert Cargile and family are on a visit to friends and relatives in Sylacauga.

Haven't heard of any veterans going to the reunion at Talladega Spngs now on.

Mrs. F W. Gist and little daughters Pearl and Lillian, arrived from Washington last Wednesday, and all looking well. After two days Mrs. Gist left for Autauga county to visit her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Campbell.

The rainfall measured by Agent Privett at the freight depot from the 1st to the 9th, is 4 76-100 inches. Not such a bad showing for a quiet town like Calera.

On last Wednesday evening, several young people of Calera, chaperoned by J E Seale and Miss Lutie Blevins, went horseback riding to the palatial country home of Mrs. C. L. O'Neal Mrs. Wagner, of Anniston, assisted in receiving the party. A splendid band furnished sweet music for the dance, which was enjoyed until 11 o'clock. Then the young people visited 'Old Curiosity Shop." The prizes were awarded to Miss Alma Martin and Tipton Gunn. Delicious refreshments were served during the evening. Miss Effie Wagner, of Anniston presided at the punch bowl. Among those present were Misses Lutie Blevins, Alma Martin, Kate Holcombe, Lillian Moore, Laura Oliver, Annie Blevins, Alma Holcombe, Mary Wagner, and Messrs. Glenn, Seale, Cox, Gunn, Graham, Gunn, Graham, and Sheehan.

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

For the HOUSEKEEPER.

Complete Line of TIN WARE

Warranted Not to Rust.

RUFUS LESTER

Carries a complete line of

Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries. Hats. Shoes, Hardware, Harness, Saddles, Whips. Furniture of Every Description.

A full line of

UNDERTAKERS' GOODS.

Prices and Goods to suit your purse and your taste.
All goods guaranteed to be as represented to patrons.
Your inspection of my goods is cordially solicited.

Come in and Talk it Over.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,

E. W. BURT, Proprietor.

Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers.

Your Patronage is Solicited.

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JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

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Your work solicited.

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Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - ALA.

Boarding House

Mrs. J. B. Nelson having taken charge of the Hiett House is now prepared to accommodate permanent or transient boarders.

NOTICE:

To the Members of the Shelby County Division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia:

We have appointed Dr. B. H. Smothers, of Wilsonville, Ala., to fill the vacancy as President of the above Division, made by Dr. DuBose's resignation on account of professional duties. We hope each and every member will aid us in every way possible in filling the Shelby County Division to 1,000 members at the earliest possible moment, We have several agents at work in the county, and expect to have more in tho near future.

GEO. M. WEBB,
State Agent.

For Sale.

A good four room house, 33 acres of land attached, in fine cultivation, within gunshot of the best school in Shelby county. Apply to

J. W. JOHNSTON.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by T. W. Weaver and N. A Weaver, his wife, to Everett, Ridley, Ragan and Company, Atlanta, Ga., dated on the 5th day of February, 1903, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 63, page 39, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby County, State of Alabama, will be sold at auction for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Columbiana, Alabama, on the 29th day of August, 1904, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, towit: A part of the Densler lot situated in the town of Wilsonville, Ala., beginning at the northeast corner of C. A. Mason's lot, fronting on Main street, bounded on the north by property of Weldon & Holland, on the west by lands of J. F. Pope, on the south by the Mason property mentioned above, said to be fifty feet front and one hundred feet deep, said property is improved, said improvement being a one story frame building which is bargained and sold with the said lot. Also one resident lot, one acre more or less, situated on the Montgomery road in the town of Wilsonville, Ala, Fronts Montgomery road, bounded on the north by property of R. C. J. Gwin, on the south by C. A. Mason's property, on the west by property of Olie Polk. Said property is improved by a one story frame dwelling house consisting of four rooms more or less, situated in the NE¼ of SE¼ of Section 1, Township 21, Range 1, East. All of said property is located in Shelby County, Alabama.

This the 27th day of July, 1904.

EVERETT, RIDDLE, RAGAN & CO.
Mortgagees.

McMillan & Haynes
Attorneys. 48-5

When You Need Anything in the GROCERY LINE, it will pay you to get our prices. Fresh Meats, Hams, Etc., kept on Ice, therefore always fresh and nice.

Have just Received a Shipment of Ralstons Breakfast Food, Health Oats.

FOR DELICIOUS

Cakes, Candies, Fruits, Vegetables, we can suit YOU!

SEPTEMBER FIRST

I will give away another of those

Handsome Dinner Sets

To One of Our Customers.

CALL FOR YOUR COUPONS.

J. R. WHITE.

GOODS SOLD

Are guaran'eed just as represented or your money refuned.

Accept our thanks for your past patronage and allow us to continue to serve you

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One copy six months.....50

Telephone No. 27.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

County court convenes Monday.

Joe Page spent Sunday afternoon at Shelby with friends.

W. W. Wallace visited with his mother in Klein over Sunday.

Miss Cynthia Byron, of East Lake, in in the city a guest of Miss Lena Cox.

W. W. Albright informs The Sentinel he has a fine lot of shingles for sale.

Mrs. J. W. Johnston has gone to Birmingham for a visit with relatives and friends.

Miss Gertrude Glazener has gone to Sycamore to visit with relatives for a short time.

Mrs. E. Porter and daughter, Miss Alice, have gone to Piper for a visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Edwards, of Sylacauga, are visiting at the home of Mrs. M. E. Mason,

Mrs. Lillian Wilkins, of Wilsonville, is in the city visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Nelson.

J. C. Harper, of Esst Saginaw, was in town last Saturday, and ordere l The Sentinel sent to his address.

County Surveyor A. P. R. Dahl, of Calera, was in town last Saturday doing some work for the county.

B. E. Lee, of Montevallo, was in town Saturday, and while here joined The Sentinel's army of readers.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Edwards, of Birmingham, are the guests at the home of Mrs. M. E. Mason for a short time.

Forrest Oates, of Pelham, was in town last Monday. He is one of the prominent business men of that little town.

James Harmon, of Bamford, was in town last Saturday, and while here renewed his allegiance to The Sentinel.

Mrs. C. C. DuBose and children will leave in a few days for an extended visit with relatives in Indianapolis, Ind.

D. S. Wingard, of near Wilsonville, was in town last Friday. He is among our new subscribers during the past week.

Capt. J. W. Johnston has gone to Talladega Springs to attend the reunion of Talladega county Confederate veterans.

Mrs. A. P. Bradley, who had been visiting Mrs. H. E. Whitaker for a week, returned to her home in Wilton last Sunday.

Wesley Little, an engineer in the employ of the Southern and running out of Wilton, was in the city the latter part of last week.

Dr. and Mrs. W. C. Williams, of Shelby, were in the city last Friday to see the game of ball between Wilsonville and Columbiana.

A. C. Sturdivant, of Shelby, who has been visiting in Boiling Springs, Tenn., has returned home, and he reports a most pleasant time.

Dr. W. S. DuBose, who has been confined to his room for some time because of an injury to one of his knees, is able to be out again.

Hon. W. B. Browne returned from Birmingham last Saturday where he had been for several days looking after some legal matters for a client.

Prof. S. Dowell will leave early in September for a visit to his old home in Virginia, before taking up his school duties in this city for the next year.

No town in Alabama can furnish more base ball enthusiasts, considering the poulation, than Columbiana. Old and young alike always attend the games.

E. W. D. Shirley, one of the successful farmers of near Nelsons, was in town Friday, and while here came in and pushed his subscription up another year.

Mrs. G. T. Harris and children have gone to Oxford where they will visit Mrs. Harris' parents for a month. In the meantime Rev. Harris is a guest at the White House

There was a continual pour down of rain all day Sunday, and for a time it will be impossible for farmers to do any kind of work in the fields in this section of the county.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Latham, of Montevallo, were in the city last Friday and Saturday visiting their sons Howard and Henry, and their daughter, Mrs. Henry Chapman.

Misses Bertie Barnett, Georgia Thomas and Gertrude Glazener, chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Johnston, attended the protracted meeting at Blue Springs last Friday night.

We are glad to state that Master Paul Wilson, who has been seriously ill for the past two weeks, is improving and it is hoped he will soon be out again. Dr. Acker is attending him.

Mrs. Max Lefkovits, who has been visiting in Virginia for several weeks, has returned home. The friends of Mrs. Lefkovits will be glad to know that she is much improved in health by her trip.

In this issue will be found the new advertisement of E. W. Burt, the liveryman. Mr. Burt prides himself on the excellence of his teams, and will furnish careful and experienced drivers whenever desired.

J. W. Farley, of Bridgeton, was in the city over Sunday visiting his son, W. L. Farley.

Robert O'Hara, who is mail agent on the Central of Georgia between Birmingham and Macon, is in the city visiting his parents, Rev. and Mrs. C. W. O'Hara.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Chapman, of Montevallo, were in the city Monday visiting their son Henry and daughter, Mrs. H. M. Roberts. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call from Mr. Chapman.

The Registrars closed up their work yesterday for this round. They will be in session again the week beginning the last Monday in September, and in Columbiana the last three days before the election.

J. H. Abercrombie, of Woodlawn, brother of Postmaster Abercrombie, was in the city Tuesday and yesterday. He contemplates locating in Columbiana and go into business, but as yet he is undecided.

A. M. Piper and C. H. Mahaffey, two of The Sentinel's good friends of Montevallo, were in town last Saturday and paid this office a call. We are sorry that we were out of town and missed them.

Rolla Carter, who is an employe of the Standard at Marion, Senator Greer's paper, is at home on a visit to his mother in Shelby, and with friends at this place. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call from Rolla.

J. P. Pearson, circuit clerk, was up lookiding over his farm near Bridgeton several days last week, and says he has the finest prospect for a crop he ever had. All of it stands well, and is thrifty and healthy in appearance.

Stormy weather of the past weak has delayed work on the new gin of H. M. Milistead somewhat, but the building is almost ready for the machinery. It promises to be one of the best is this section of the country, and farmers should bear this in mind.

The pleasure of the game of ball last Friday was marred somewhat by the actions of one or two individuals who were in no wise connected with the game. Especially was it unpleasant for ladies who were present, and The Sentinel hopes that it will not occur again.

Horace Hammond, of Birmingham, was in the city several days last week visiting his mother, Mrs. O. J. Hammond. Mr. Hammond is assistant to Col. T. G. Bush, president of the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Co., and is one of Columbiana's boys of whom all our people are proud.

Mayor Browne informs The Sentinel that a gentleman by the name of Gordon has rented the room formerly occupied by Hall's drug store, and that he will open up a clothing and tailoring establishment in that room about the 15th of this month. There is no doubt but that a good tailoring establishment will pay in Columbiana.

Start an Herb Garden.

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The insurance company for which C. C. DuBose is agent in this section of the State, offered a prize to the World's Fair to the agent who would write $50,000 of new business, or thirty individuals in the month of July. It is gratifying to know that Mr. DuBose won the prize, he having written thirty-five individual policies during the month. The trip to the Fair includes $10 a day for expenses for a week. The Sentinel congratulates Mr. DuBose on his success.

T. A. Hustin, one of the oldest citizens of Shelby county, died at his home near Wilsonville last Wednesday, and was buried Thursday. Old age and an attack of fever were the primary causes of his death. He was about seventy years old, and was beloved by all who knew him for his many commendable traits of character, and his death is regretted by a large circle of relatives and friends. J. H. Mason, of this city, was in attendance at the funeral.

The Columbiana public school will open on Monday, October 3rd. There is every prospect that this school will have a most successful year the coming session, and it is a pleasure to those who are most interested in its success to know that the school has such a good reputation all over the county. Parents who think of sending their children to a good school should investigate the school here. The tuition is absolutely free to any child living in Shelby county. The faculty is made up of the best teachers that money can employ, and this together with the christian influences thrown around the pupil while attending school are things that all parents will be interested in.

Good Ball Game.

One of the best ball games ever played on the Columbiana diamond was the one of last Friday between Wilsonville and Columbiana.

From the first it was seen the game would be a pitchers' battle, and the large crowd present was not disappointed when anticipated a good game. Up to the fourth inning the batters fanned wind, but the ice was broken when Columbiana made one run. For the nex two innings batters went down before the pitchers like straw before the wind. In the sixth Wilsonville scored two; in the seventh an overthrow to first gave Columbiana two more, and in the same inning Wilsonville again landed a man on home plate, tieing the score—each team having three runs to their credit. At no time after that did Wilsonville score, but in the last half of the ninth, by a very close margin, the home team made another score, the game standing 4 to 3 in favor of the home team. It was a fine game, and no doubt another will be arranged between the teams for the near future.

A sensational feature of the game was a fly catch in center field by Henry Chapman when it looked as if the ball would go over his head, but Henry shot out his left hand and drew in the ball.

The batteries were Roberts and Albright, and Nichols and Johnson, and the work of both pitchers from the start was all that any could ask.

Dr. W. C. Williams, of Shelby, umpired the game.

MONTEVALLO.

Miss Ethel McMath has returned from a trip to St Louis.

Mrs. J. M. Reynolds is visiting her old home in East Alabama.

James McConaughy and family spent Sunday at Shelby Springs.

John Steele has enlisted with the U. S. army and will be stationed at Fort Riley.

Miss Lena North and Master Robert Terrell of Birmingham, are visiting with Mrs. Henry Wilson.

Dr. D. L. Wilkinson returned to Montevallo Sunday, after spending a week with his family at Point Clear.

Magnetic attraction is responsible for the disappearance of W. P. McConaughy. He is in South Alabama.

Messrs. Satterwhite and Read, saw mill men, located at Simpson's Springs, are building residences in Montevallo.

E. T. Peter is purchasing a herd of fine milk cows, and proposes to do an extensive dairy business on his fine farm near Wilton.

Mrs. T. P. Lane was with Montevallo friends a few hours Friday, returning to Columbiana to prepare for removal to Dalton, Georgia.

R. Sid Allen, one of Birmingham's Montevallo boys, and now a prosperous broker of that city, spent Sunday with members of his family who are visiting herer

Mr. W. B. McMath, who has been selling goods on the road for several months, is in Montevallo, and will go from here to Cincinnati, where he has accepted a position.

Miss Margaret McArdle, of Jasper, and Miss Pattie Barnett, of Montgomery, are visiting at Mr. G. W. Morgan's and Capt. H. C. Reynolds', respectively. These young ladies are graduates of the A. G. I. S., and have many friends here.

Rev. S. P. West, of the Alabama Christian Advocate, came to Montevallo Saturday, and attended a Quarterly Conference at Concord He will be at Ebenezer this week. Mr. West is a native of Montevallo, and retains his old time love for the place.

A Tent Meeting, under the auspices of the Methodist church, was begun at Ebenezer last week and is to continue through this week, (D. V.) Rev. J. L. Wyatt, formerly of this county, now pastor of the Presbyterian Church, Hopkinsville, Ky., will assist in the meeting.

Miss Kate G. Sampey, music teacher in the Industrial School, has been teaching a summer class in instrumental music, with a view to founding a permanent Montevallo orchestra. She will leave this week, and spend the remaining month of vacation with her mother in Evergreen.

Dr. H. W. Harrison of Dogwood, claims that on fifteen acres he will make 10) bushels of corn per acre. J. F. Hendricks, just south of town, conservatively estimates his probable yield at 75 bushels per acre. A-bale-to-acre cotton is not an unusual claim on all sides, reckoning the weather to be favorrble from now on.

A Shelby County Boy.

Rev. J. W. O'Hara, of Wylam, who was called to the pastorate of the Clayton Street Baptist Church in June, has arrived in Montgomery to take up his work and will preach his initial sermon to the congregation at 11 o'clock this morning.

At 8 o'clock tonight a welcome service will be held in the church and all of the Baptist ministers of the city will take part in the services. Rev. F. C. Moore, pastor of the Clayton Street Methodist Church, will close his church and join with the members of the neighboring church in the welcome to their new pastor.

Rev. Mr. O' Hara, though a young man, has attracted favorable attention from the Baptist clergy of the State by his excellent work in churches of which he has had charge and and has just left in a thriving and growing congregation at Wylam—the fruition of his work. He is a graduate of Howard College at East Lake, and of the Baptist Theological Seminary at Louisville, Ky. It is a peculiar coincidence that Rev. A. Y. Napier, who recently took charge of the Southside Baptist Church and Rev. J. W. O'Hara were classmates in the Baptist Seminary at Louisville, and were both called to pastorates in Montgomery about the same time. It is a source of pleasure to each to be associated here in their work.

Mr. O'Hara has had four pastorates since his graduation from the Seminary and in each case has made an excellent reputation with his congregation. He is a man of strong mind, fluent speech and a forceful speaker.—Montgomery Advertiser, Aug. 6.

□Rev. J. W. O'Hara is the son of Rev. C. W. O'Hara of this city.

Important Election.

The chairman of the several Boards of District trustees are hereby called to meet at the court house, in Columbiana on Saturday, Aug. 13th, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing four county school trustees. These four trustees, together with the county Superintendent of Education will constitute a county board of education. The said county board will have entire control of public schools of the county.

JNO. B. FARRELL,
Supt. of Education.

"The Royal Road to Happiness."

(The following paper was read by Miss Augusta Farrell before the Sunday School Association of Beats 8 and 11 at Union church on Sunday, July 17, 1904, and by request of the Association and consent of the writer it is offered for publication, and it is the wish of this Association that it not only be published in our home papers, but the different Sunday School and church papers.)

Happiness is something for which we are all striving. I believe I can safely say there is today a universal desire for happiness. The whole human family is in pursuit of it, but some are traveling the wrong road.

Moses, who was the greatest lowyer the world has ever known, and who was also a man of God, desired happiness, and in his prayer to the Father (which will be found in the 90th Psalm) he says: "O, satisfy us early with our mercy; that we may rejoice and be glad all our days." We all wish to "rejoice and be glad," all our days, and there are many reasons why we should rejoice. One is for the beautiful land in which it has been our happy privilege to live, where the birds sing so sweetly, the sun shines so brightly, the sky so deep and blue, the meadows so green and, the beautiful, sparkling streams and all nature seems so bright and cheerful, would indeed feel grateful to the Father of the universe for all these blessings which nature has so lavishly bestowed upon us, and not only these, but for the christian influence which predominates throughout the length of our country.

There are still other reasons why some rejoice. "Some rejoice and are glad when their corn and wine increase." "Some rejoice when their fame or honor is on the increase." The miser rejoices over his hoarded gold; the philosopher over his wisdom; the young man over his strength or athleteness; the young lady over her beauty or charming personalities. Those, if they keep their gold, their wisdom, their strength and their beauty, can rejoice and be glad for the present life. It is very nice to have wisdom, and the wonderful power to expatiate on the great problems of the day, as the great philosophers have, but this alone cannot satisfy their souls.

The miser can only enjoy his gold for the time being; he cannot carry it with him to eternity. It is said of a certain miser, who trusted in his gold for happiness, that he was taken ill very suddenly, and sent for a minister to come and pray for him before his spirit should pass into eternity. The good man came, of course, and kneeling down by the bedside reached out his hand to clasp that of the dying man, thinking the prayer would be more effectual with hands clasped, but the poor man with his hand closed withdrew it from the minister, and ere the prayer was ended his life was also ended. On examination, it was found that he died with the key in hand to the chest which contained his gold, which he prized more highly than he did his own soul. Where will this man spend all his days?

Those who trust in earthly things to make them happy are going to be miserably disappointed when only a few, comparatively, shall have passed away. Their souls are going to be "required of them," and then in who can they trust?

We shall, after making the statement that there is a "universal desire for happiness," try in part to find how to obtain this happiness. The Psalmist says; "O, satisfy us early with thy mercy; that we may rejoice and be glad all our days." We shall put great emphasis upon the word early. Early, according to Mr. Webster, means in good time or season. Then if we begin early in life to obtain the mercy of God we begin in good time. Is it not reasonable—agreeable to the Word of God that we begin early in life, for children really belong to the Lord: "Lo, children are a heritage of the Lord." This being the case, it is reasonable to suppose His mercy is equally free for them.

Again, early piety is important. Your real comfort in this life and in the life to come depends largely upon your conduct in your childhood days. "For if we live Godly lives we have the promise of the life we now live, and the one to come." There is a secret to this happiness which is known only by those who fear the Lord. Solomon has very wisely said "the fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom." The young all have a desire for happiness, and should have a desire for wisdom. The promise is to them for the Bible says "seek first the kingdom of God and His righteousness and all these things shall be added unto you." Again it says, "those who seek me early shall find me." This early piety will afford not only happiness in youth, but contentment in old age. In old age memory will be a blessing. 'Life is a blessing if 'tis lived right."

Early piety not only means happiness in youth and contentment in old age; but it means "future blessings for God and the church. It prepares the soul for the duties of life, and sustains them in many dark shadows. It enables them to "Rejoice and be glad," even when the hand of God seems to rest heavily upon them.

Parents, are you teaching your children the importance of this early religious life? Bring them up in the way they should go and when they get old they will not depart from it. Teach them to love God and keep his commandments, and after they have left your tender care and have gone out into the world alone, they will not so often cause the briny tears to trickle down your cheeks; ploughing their deep furrows and leaving the marks of sorrow and disappointment as they would, had you not taught them to "love God and keep his commandments." Mercy in early life has the same effect upon the person as the rising sun does upon the horizon; it drives away the dark shadows, and causes us to scatter sunshine and gladness all along life's pathway.

Some of the noblest men we ever had began early in life to do that which was right in the sight of the Lord.

"Young Josiah was only eight years old when he began to reign as king; and he did that which was right in the sight of the Lord, and walked in all the ways of David, his father, and turned not aside to the right hand nor to the left."

Are you a young Josiah?

Do you love to listen to the word of God as he did?

Do you love to study the word of God, and do you invite boys and girls to come with you on Sunday morning to the "House of the Lord?" where you can spend an hour in studying His Word?

Do you love to sing His praise, and are you learning to love Jesus? The Bible says: "Remember now thy creator in the days of thy youth, while the evil days come not, nor the years draw nigh, when thou shalt say, I have no pleasure in them."

If you had a friend whom you loved, and wanted to give to him a bouquet of flowers, would you pluck them while they were fresh and sweet, or would you wait until they were all faded and withered and then give them to him? We think you would gather them while they were fresh if you really cared very much for him. Jesus is the best friend you have; then are you going to withhold from Him your heart and service while you have the bloom of youth, vitality of body, activity of mind, and after old age begins to creep upon you, turn and give Him the withered leaves of misspent life?

The prime of Jesus' life was spent in our service, he having completed His work at the age of thirty-four. It is much easier to give your heart to Christ while you are young. You may bend the twig, but it requires great effort to bend the trunk, for as "the twig is bent so will the tree be inclined." Every parent and teacher should bear this in mind, and try to lead the children to their Saviour while they are young, and let them also remember that the object of the Sunday School is to instruct children in the ways of righteousness and lead them gently to their loving Saviour.

Parents, if you want your children to get on this "Royal Road to Happiness," bring them early to the "house of the Lord," get little hearts filled with the love of God and the Sunday School, and their little lips will sing their Redeemer's praise and doubtless angels, praising in their songs shall shout back from heaven to "suffer the little children to come unto Me, and forbid them not, for such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

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Program for Shelby County Sunday School Convention.

The next session will be held at Shelby, August 18th and 19th, 1904.

FIRST MORNING.

10:00 a. m.—Praise service, J. F. Avery.
10:30 a. m.—The Problems of the Superintendent.
1- Order in the school.—C. A. Bowles.
2. How to create the School Spirit.—Miss Augusta Farrell.
2. How to secure accurate records.—Clarence Abbott.
4. How to remedy weak points in the school.—J. R. White.
11:30 a. m.—Our past year's work:
The president's address.
The secretary's report.
The report of the treasurer.
Reports of the district presidents,
Enroollment of delegates.
Appointment of committees.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2:30 p. m.—Devotional Exercises.—A. H. Averyt.
2:45—The home department.—Miss Kittie Averyt.
3:30—The Sunday School revival.—Judge Carthel, of Montgomery.
4:15—The primary work.—Miss Kennedy, of Opelika.

NIGHT SESSION.

7:45 p. m.—Song service.
8:00 p. m.—World wide Sunday school work.—Judge Carthel.
8:35—Pledges for State and county work Childhood the strategic point.—R. F. Lewis of Birmingham.

SECOND DAY—MORNING SESSION.

9:30—Prayer and praise.—C. A. Bowles.
10:00—Problems of our county work:
1. A reasonable year's work.—Henry Milner.
2. How to advertise our district conventions.—J. S. Falkner.
3. Official visiting day.—Judge Carthel.
10:45—The Sunday school as developing agency for the membership of our churches—John F. Averyt.
11:00—Superintendent during the week.—J. H. Nabors.
Teacher during the week.—Mrs. C. A. Bowles.
Scholars During the week.—Miss Esther Mason.
Selection of next place of meeting.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2:30—Devotional exercises.—Judge Carthel.
2:45—Teacher's training.—Rev. G. T. Harris
General discussion.
3:15—Primary department.—Miss Kennedy.
4:00—Looking for absentees.—J. B. Farrell.

NIGHT SESSION.

8:05—Song service.
8:20—What shall the harvest be.—Delegates to convention.
8:45—How to win and hold men.—D. R. McMillan.
Unfinished business.
Adjournment.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
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STATEMENT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS July 6th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$37,584 41	Capital paid in.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	24,013.58
Other Real Estate.....	3.000.00	Rediscounts.....	18,244.98
Cash and with other Banks	13,710.30	Undivided profits.....	2,036.14
	$61,294.71		$61,294.71

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear, that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of July, 1904.
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

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KOREANS A PRETTY RACE

MOST STRIKING THING ABOUT THEM IS THE WAY THEY WALK.

The Korean Dude Is Said to Be Quite a Superior Article—Is Called "Yang Ban," or Noble, and He Oppresses the Common People Woefully.

Although months ago, it seems only yesterday that whenever I had half an hour to spare in Seoul I used to sit in a shop and watch the crowd of passers-by. It was situated in the main street, just inside the gate. A few small purchases had brought me the eternal friendship of the proprietor, who always had a long pipe ready for me, longer than my arm, so that he always had to light it. The people, as seen in everyday life, interest me more in a strange country than palaces or show places. If I had to choose, I would prefer to see a slum to a "Baedeker" "sight" in a new city.

My friend was a vender of brass pots of all sizes but of only three shapes, that shone like burnished gold on the shelves around, and were arranged outside the open front. There was no fuss or bustle about his business, or importuning for custom; he would sit calmly with his legs tucked under him on the platform, about two feet off the ground, smoking innumerable pipes and wrapped in Oriental calm and his voluminous white garments. The laundering of his other suit or suits, appeared to be perpetually in progress, as could be heard by the whack-whack of the sticks beating on a roller, which came constantly from the back of the premises telling that his wife was at work at the Korean method of ironing, by which the indispensable satin-like gloss is given to the surface.

It was a quaint and interesting procession that passed outside. The Koreans are distinctly a handsome race. They are not in the least like either of their neighbors, the Chinese or the Japanese. Although they have the oblique eyes of the Mongolian, their noses are, as a rule, straight, or slightly aquiline, their foreheads high, and their oval faces clear-cut and individual. The majority of a Chinese crowd look to me always as if their heads had been cast in bullet molds, while it is quite otherwise with the Koreans.

The most striking thing about the Korean is the way he walks. He carries himself better than the man of any place I know. There is practically nothing to indicate to a stranger difference of rank, but as you watch a man coming along the street there is a slight swing, redolent of immense dignity, that points out the patrician to the most casual onlooker. Some of them look as if they were always walking up the center of a palace chamber to the dais, amid admiring eyes. It is not swagger, but a very quiet, superlative self-consciousness of their own worth of position. The young "Yangban," or noble, is a delicious study. No London, Paris or New York swell, flaneur or dude is in it with him. His white suit is spotless—there is not a hair straying from his "Mang-Kun," a crownless skull cap of horsehair gauze coming well down over his forehead and fastened so tightly as to produce a permanent groove in his skin and frequent headaches, to be borne for the sake of fashion. On this his hat, also of horsehair, is poised and tied under his chin, by black ribbons. If he has brown hair, it has been darkened with lampblack to the fashionable shade. He is invariably attended by a servant, he carries nothing for himself, not even his pipe; even going to school their books are carried for them. When he travels he is attended by as many servants as he can possibly muster. When he rides, he does not even hold the reins of his diminutive horse. It is led, and servants attend him on either side of the high saddle on which he is perched. Seoul simply swarms with these young toffs, who come up from all parts of the country to this center of that political intrigue in which the Yang-ban lives, moves and has his being. He never all his life does any work himself; this would be the worst of bad form and altogether infra dig, but he is not above being supported by his relatives, and will even wink at the fact of his wife at home surreptitiously taking in washing to earn a little toward the household expenses of, perhaps a big pretentious yamen, covering a lot of ground and in a chronic state of dilapidation and decay.

These Yang-bans are the curse of Korea. The common people are woefully oppressed by them. If a peasant is known to have accumulated a little money it is not long before the local Yang-ban comes down on him, perhaps nominally for a loan, which is never repaid, or perhaps for a levy pure and simple. If the hind objects, he is promptly taken to the Yang-ban's yamen and kept there until he pays, or is imprisoned on some trumped-up charge and kept locked up until his relatives produce the required amount.

One great peculiarity of the streets of Seoul is that during the daytime practically no women are to be seen about. One occasionally sees an old woman of the lower class, dressed very much as the men, but wearing her cloak over her head, holding it with her hands, so as to conceal the lower part of her face. About 8 o'clock in the evening the great bell of Seoul tolls, which is the signal for men to retire off the streets, and gives permission to the women to emerge from their seclusion. This extraordinary regulation is strictly enforced, except as regards blind men, foreigners and persons going with prescriptions for the sick. Korean men are frequently found going about with sticks pretending to be blind; but such is the rigid seclusion that the majority of the ladies of Seoul have never seen the streets of their city by daylight. From 8 o'clock until 12 the streets are alive with women, most of them attended by servants carrying lanterns. During this time they go visiting their friends. At 12 o'clock the great bell tolls again, from which time they have to be indoors, and men are again at liberty to go out if they like.—London Chronicle.

LONELY CORNERS IN ENGLAND.

Places in Which a Strange Face Is Not Seen for Months.

Mr. James Blyth, writing of "Isolated England" in the London Daily Mail, describes some singularly lonely corners of the populous island. Says Mr. Blyth:

"I myself lived for two years in a village on the edge of Norfolk marshlands where there was no doctor within seven miles, where there was no telegraph office for delivery within five miles, where until recently the only village postoffice was a slit in a hollow elm against the churchyard, and where the great excitement during the Boer war was the dread lest the enemy should effect a landing and invade the marshes. And there are plenty of villages which are worse off than this, to say nothing of the houses of the marshmen dotted about the sodden flats, and the shepherds' huts on the fells and in the dales of the moor country. These lonely dwellings go weeks, aye, and months, without seeing any strange face to break the monotony of the eternal daily round—a monotony of which their inhabitants are happily unconscious.

"One of the Diamond Jubilee postal reforms was that there should thenceforth be at least one free delivery of letters at every house in the kingdom. And I find that (except where it is absolutely impracticable) where there is such a rarity as a letter for one of even the most secluded cottages every effort is made to carry out this reform. But there are some tracts of fenland the marsh houses on which are so secure from invasion in their strongholds of ooze, mud, and water that even now the letters addressed to them are left at the nearest public house—often three or four miles across the reeking level. I do not give the actual names of these places out of consideration for the postmaster, who was honest enough to admit the fact and vexed that it should be a fact. To all these isolated corners news of the world comes through the postman. When this disseminator of knowledge has no letter to deliver in the neighborhood the news stays away. Where even he never penetrates rumors are picked up (often in strange and garbled forms) on visits to the nearest market town or favorite inn."

The Simple Career.

My wife and I rise daily at 3 a. m. and clothing ourselves as lightly as the absurd conventionalities of modern civilization permit, we go into the garden and work hard for two hours. The garden is small and we frequently have to dig it up and replant it two or three times a month to get the requisite amount of exercise. This, together with deep draughts of fresh air and distilled water, constitutes our breakfast.

The simplifying of our diet made life too easy for my wife, so I concluded to let her help me in business. Therefore at 5 o'clock we start on our 25 mile walk to town. We work in my office, with the window wide open, until noon, when we rise, brush the snow off our backs, if any has drifted in, and take our luncheon of fresh ozone. At 5 p. m. we walk home to dine. This third meal is our heartiest. It consists of two cents' worth of beans, peas or lentils, eaten raw, and masticated, very, very thoroughly; five cents' worth of distilled water. Occasionally we vary this repast by substituting an apple, orange or two figs for the beans. No one who has not tried the diet can have any idea how delicious food tastes to us.

Thus, as you see, our table costs us only about 49 cents a week. We are saving up for a $50,000 home, and we feel that we will almost reach the record made by the Ladies' Home Disturber home-builders.—Life.

A Tiger's Charge.

A writer in the Bombay Gazette describes the rare experience of seeing the charge of a famous man-eating tiger, which ended harmlessly. "A camel with a slipping load had," the writer says, "been halted not far from his lair, when with a 'wrouff' (once heard never to be forgotten) the tiger charged for the man leading the camel. The tiger, I have no doubt, would have carried off the camel man, but when he saw the long, and to him unfamiliar, neck of a camel coming between him and his intended victim I daresay he thought things were not quite as he had calculated. Anyway he paused casually surveyed the whole party, and with tail erect calmly walked back into the jungle. The camel man was either so frightened or the whole thing from beginning to end had occupied so short a time (less than a minute, I should judge) that he did not stir from the place where he was when the tiger first made his attack."

Conundrum in His Brevity.

A comical story is just now going about among London journalists. It concerns one of their number whose "copy" is so charged with amazing abbreviations that sub-editors and compositors have difficulty in wrestling with it. The contractions, as a rule, are understood; but the other evening sub-editors and compositors were "floored," for, in a report of a sermon made by this particular journalist there was this—"tu." Solution was sought in vain, so the writer had to be seen in order that an explanation might be got. "What's this—tu?" asked the chief sub-editor, "Simplest thing in the world," said the abbreviationist: "What else could it be but 'transsubstantiation?'"

World's Highest Waterfall.

For a long time the highest known waterfall in the world was the Cerosola cascade in the Alps, having a drop of 2400 feet. But a waterfall in the San Cuayatan canyon, in the state of Durango, Mexico, now claims first place. It was discovered by some prospectors ten years ago in the great barranca district, which is called the Tierras Desconocidas. While searching for the famous lost mine Naranjal, a great roar of water was heard. With much difficulty the party pushed on and up the mighty chasm until they beheld the superb fall, which is said to be not less than 3000 feet high.

THE FUTURE MIKADO.

LITTLE PRINCE MICCHI, WHOSE HOROSCOPE IS CAST DAILY.

The Training of This Mighty Atom Shows That While Japan is Up to Date in Many Things There is Always a Blend of the Oriental With the Western.

They have a mighty atom in Japan—for the future Mikado will not be three years old until April next.

Grandson of the present emperor, His Royal Highness Prince Micchi, is a strong, healthy, lusty boy, whose pranks are already chronicled and narrated throughout Japan, even as are those of the youngest princes of the English reigning house.

Japan is up to date in many things, but in everything there is always a quaint blend of the oriental with the western. The Mikado is not the least little bit superstitious, and in spite of early influence, when he was taught poetry and the arrangement of flowers, prefers everything about him to be European. It is curious to learn, therefore, that on the birth of Prince Micchi court astrologers were set to work to cast the baby's horoscope. Indeed, it has been done every day since. The real fact is the people demand that this should be done. A horoscope has been made for other royal princes for 25 centuries, and every one in Japan was most anxious to know what fate had in store for the new baby. It was a small matter, and both the Mikado and the Crown Prince gave their consent to the mystic rites and elaborate incantations being performed, though they have not the smallest belief in the published results.

Before little Prince Micchi was six months a most elaborate imperial seal had been made for his "use." Here again the ancient customs of Japan were too powerful for the new western ideas. In the land of the chrysanthemum a man's seal is his most important possession. Forgery of a seal is punished more severely than robbery. Consequently, baby Prince Micchi's seal became a matter at once of the greatest importance. It had to be different from that used by his father. Special artists worked at it for months before a suitable emblem was made. Now it is affixed to everything worn or used by the prince.

The heir presumptive to the great eastern throne has the distinction of being the first baby of the royal house of Jimmu Tenno who has been allowed to grow his hair like an English baby. Both his father and the Mikado, when babies, had their heads shaved daily by their nurses. It is on record that when the emperor was seven days old his mother displayed her talent as a barber by shaving her son's tiny head. Then, as the hair grew, her chief delight was to experiment with various designs to discover the most becoming. Sometimes she shaved the top and the rim, and left a tonsure, sometimes she left only the rim, and sometimes a scalp lock and two other locks only. This went on for quite six years. Although Prince Micchi has 22 of the prettiest little Japanese nurses imaginable, they are not allowed to practice their decorative tonsorial powers on the wee prince. Count Kawalmura, a lifelong friend of the Crown Prince, is superintendent of the royal nursery, and he regulates matters in a very stern fashion for Prince Micchi's well-being. Not even a silken cushion goes into the nursery unless the count has first seen it, and has set his own hall-mark of approval and the prince's seal to it.

Soon after the prince's birth measures were taken to eliminate the "almond eye" of his race. A painless little surgical operation was performed. An incision was made on the outer point of the baby's eyelids in a straight line for the barest part of an inch. The lashes were then drawn into shape and held firmly by a piece of chemically-prepared sticking plaster. The wound healed in less than a week, and the effect now is that Prince Micchi does not look a bit like a son of the eastern island empire. The embryo Mikado Micchi's wedding is already under most serious discussion, and quite three noble young ladies goo-gooing with might and main in Flowery Land nurseries have been selected as candidates for the future ruler's partner in life. By the time Prince Micchi wants a wife matters may have progressed so much that he will possibly be allowed to contract a love match. At present, however, the law forbids it. Prince Micchi's wife will be, may be has been, selected from the daughters of the five highest families in the land. In addition, he is also entitled to choose inferior wives to the number of eleven from the best families, and the position of such wives is recognized.

Curiously enough, custom will condemn Prince Micchi to buy his bride's trousseau. At present he is not thinking much about the matter, but, according to an English paper published in Kobe, has for a long time been in possession of a number of toy battleships, which he impartially smashes up, be they flying the flag of Russia, England, France, Germany, or even of Japan.

The prince has learned to ride a beautiful Shetland pony, and is always delighted to be on its back.

Breathlessness.

The runner who sets out on a two-mile race usually passes through two distinct stages of exhaustion. In the first quarter, if the pace be fast, he feels the first symptoms of breathlessness—the throbbing temples, the surging in the ears and the tightness about the chest that makes so many men drop out before completing half the distance. This might be called acute fatigue; but if he can keep on the distress passes away. The heart and lungs work a little harder, and at last succeed in catching up with their task of purifying the increased stream of sewage brought to the lungs by the blood, to be carried off in the form of gases by respiration. The distress disappears from the face, the lungs seem to regain the power to expand and a crushing weight appears to have been lifted from the chest. The head becomes clear, and the muscles act with renewed vigor and elasticity. The man has got his second wind.—Outing.

A Deduction.

The late Channing Clapp of Boston was for some years after the civil war a cotton planter in the south.

Mr. Clapp had on his plantation a little boy in buttons called "Sam."

"Sam" one afternoon pointed to a bottle on his master's bureau and said:

"Mars Channing, am datt hair oil?"

"Mercy, no, 'Sam,' that's glue," said Mr. Clapp.

"I guess dass why I can't git mah cap off," said "Sam," thoughtfully.

Denounces Khaki Uniforms.

Mayor Jameson said in the British parliament the other day that the sudden resort to khaki uniforms was a "senseless craze." Because the Boers wore khaki and slouch hats the whole army was slapped into similar costume. If the Zulus had beaten it, the army would have gone about in feathers and paint. Three streaks of paint and an ostrich feather would have been the uniform of a field marshal.

China Not Overcrowded.

A recent census of China shows that that country, crowded with "teeming millions," has a population of 103 to the square mile. Belgium has 220 to the square mile, Great Britain 130, and Germany 105

SPECIAL LOW RATES via SOUTHERN RAILWAY to

Boston, Mass., and return, account G. A. R. Reunion, August 15-20. Tickets only sold on Aug. 12-13, limited to Aug. 20 for return. Tickets may be extended to Sept. 30 by depositing same with joint agent at Boston on or before Aug. 20 and paying fee of 50 cents.

R. B. CREAGH, Trav. Pass. Agt., J. N. HARRISON, Dist. Pass. Agt., Birmingham, Ala.

With 7 per cent of the world's land area and 5 per cent of its population, the United States has 25 per cent of the world's wealth. The value of the United States property, real and personal, in 1900 was $94,000,000,000, as compared with $59,000,000,000 for Great Britain and Ireland, which ranks second.

SPECIAL LOW RATES via SOUTHERN RAILWAY to

Louisville, Ky., and return, account Biennial Conclave K. of P. Tickets sold August 13 to 16 inclusive at one fare plus twenty-five cents for the round trip, final limit August 31, 1904. Tickets may be extended to Sept. 15 by depositing same at Louisville on or before Aug. 31 and paying fee of fifty cents to joint agent. Tickets may be purchased reading direct to Louisville and returning via St. Louis with a ten-day stopover at St, Louis and thence direct to starting point at a higher rate than above quoted. One dollar will have to be paid at St. Louis to obtain the ten-day stopover at that point. Return transit limit of the diverse route tickets may be extended to Sept. 25 by depositing same and paying fee of fifty cents to joint agent, Louisville, Ky.

R. B. CREAGH, Trav. Pass. Agt., J. N. HARRISON, Dist. Pass. Agt., Birmingham, Ala.

Just south of Albany, N. Y., on the opposite bank of the Hudson stands the venerable Fort Crailo, where "Yankee Doodle" was written about 150 years ago. The fort was also used as a house, and is known as the oldest continuously inhabited dwelling in the United States.

One of the queerest corners on the earth is Chatham island, off the coast of Ecuador. It abounds in cats, every one of which is black. These animals live in the crevices of the lava foundation near the coast and subsist by catching fish and crabs instead of rats and mice.

After years of suffering from an illness which several physicians said was consumption, a oung lady of 23 years has coughed up a penny and her health is rapidly improving. When she was recovering from diphtheria fifteen years ago she swallowed the penny.

Major Charles Gantz, of Fairfield, Ia., who claims the unique distinction of being the smallest man in the world, being only 18 inches tall, offers any girl who will be his bride "a happy home, a loving husband, plenty of money and her own way."

A size 6 glove today is larger than a size 6 glove five years ago, and this applies to all the sizes made. The explanation is that ladies' hands have grown larger than they used to be, through their practice of cycling, golfing, hockey, etc.

Harvard university summer school has one pupil who is 83 years old. He is Edward Robie, a doctor of divinity of Greenland, N. H. The old gentleman is taking a course in the preparation and theory of sermons at the divinity school.

On the statute book of Scotland is still an act passed in 1825, ordering that "na man play at futeball," because it is esteemed to be unprofitable sport for the common gude of the realme and defense thereof."

To check the emigration of English boys to the colonies the Lambeth, England, guardians are trying to apprentice them to home farmers, many of whom are ready to pay good wages and look carefully after the boys.

A Denver barber had his ear nearly torn off by a collision with an automobile driven by a local doctor, who postponed a trip to Europe to perform a skin grafting operation upon his victim.

A woman who had suffered from inflammatory rheumatism for seven years was cured by a lightning shock, which she felt when a bolt ran down the chimney into the room where she slept.

The Japanese strictly enforce a law which prohibits the use of tobacco by boys under twenty years of age.

AN OLD MAN'S TRIBUTE.

An Ohio Fruit Raiser, 78 Years Old, Cured of a Terrible Case After Ten Years of Suffering.

Sidney Justus, fruit dealer, of Mentor, Ohio, says: "I was cured by Doan's Kidney Pills of a severe case of kidney trouble, of eight or ten years' standing. I suffered the most severe backache and other pains in the region of the kidneys. These were especially severe when stooping to lift anything, and often I could hardly straighten my back. The aching was bad in the daytime, but just as bad at night, and I was always lame in the morning. I was bothered with rheumatic pains and dropsical swelling of the feet. The urinary passages were painful, and the secretions were discolored and so free that often I had to rise at night. I felt tired all day. Half a box served to relieve me, and three boxes effected a permanent cure."

SIDNEY JUSTUS.

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cts.

W. C. Green, the multi-millionaire copper king, has bought the noted San Rafael de la Zanja ranch in southeastern Arizona, paying $1,200,000 for its 300,000 acres and the cattle upon them. This purchase establishes him as the greatest land owner of the North American continent, for hitherto, by the purchase of land grants, he owned about two hundred thousand acres eastward from his latest acquisition, as well as fully 1,000,000 acres in the northern part of the Mexican state of Sonora.

The Park Row building in New York is the tallest inhabited building in the world. It covers 15,000 square feet of ground and is thirty stories high. The distance from the curbing to the cornice is 336 feet, to the top of the towers 390 feet, to the top of the flag staff 447 feet; the depth of the foundations below curbing is 75 feet, making a total distance from foundations to the top of the flag staff 552 feet.

Lord Nelson's cocked hat, which the admiral gave to the sailing master of the Victory, was sold at a London auction recently for five guineas, while an umbrella which the duke of Wellington bestowed upon General Cook went for eight guineas.

The 2,000-year-old mummy of "The Osirian, the Lady, the Chantress, in the Egyptian Temple of Amen," was sold for only 5 pounds.

Chinese firemen seem to be immune to the fierce heat of the fire room on ocean steamers, and stand up under a temperature that would prostrate white men.

Miss Nettie Blackmore, Minneapolis, tells how any young woman may be permanently cured of monthly pains by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"YOUNG WOMEN:—I had frequent headaches of a severe nature, dark spots before my eyes, and at my menstrual periods I suffered untold agony. A member of the lodge advised me to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, but I only scorned good advice and felt that my case was hopeless, but she kept at me until I bought a bottle and started taking it. I soon had the best reason in the world to change my opinion of the medicine, as each day my health improved, and finally I was entirely without pain at my menstruation periods. I am most grateful."—NETTIE BLACKMORE, 28 Central Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

If there is anything about your case about which you would like special advice, write freely to Mrs. Pinkham. She will hold your letter in strict confidence. She can surely help you, for no person in America can speak from a wider experience in treating female ills. She has helped hundreds of thousands of women back to health. Her address is Lynn, Mass.; her advice is free.

Cullman truck farmers are shipping from 75 to 100 barrels of sweet potatoes daily.

BOTANIC B.B.B. BLOOD BALM

The Great Tested Remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Scrofula, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Ulcers, Eczema, Sores, Eruptions, Weakness, Nervousness, and all BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.

It is by far the best building up Tonic and Blood Purifier ever offered to the world. It makes new, rich blood, imparts renewed vitality, and possesses almost miraculous healing properties. Write for Book of Wonderful Cures, sent free on application.

If not kept by your local druggist, send $1.00 for a large bottle, or $5.00 for six bottles, and medicine will be sent, freight paid, by BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

WAS EVERYTHING TO HIM.

Whisky Not Alone Meat and Drink, But Washing and Lodging.

Mrs. John A. Logan, who has succeeded Miss Clara Barton in the presidency of the Red Cross, was educated in Kentucky.

In condemning intemperance Mrs. Logan said recently.

"Alcohol vitiates the mind that the degradation it imposes on its victims hardly seems like degradation to them. The woes of these men are changed to blessings in their besotted brains.

"For instance," said Mrs. Logan, smiling, "there used to live in Kentucky an old man called Fawcett Jones. Fawcett drank to excess, and he used to declare that whisky was meat and drink to him. But one hot summer night he drank so much that he fell into a puddle on the way home, and in this puddle he lay snoring until dawn.

"A clergyman who had risen early found him with his head in the mud and his legs and body in the water, and the good man woke him up.

"'Ah,' he said, 'so whisky is meat and drink to you, is it, Fawcett?'

"Fawcett rose to his feet and began to wring out his clothes.

"'It certainly is,' he said, and washing and lodging, too, sir.'"

Emperor Menelik Flattered.

Sir John Harrington, who has been made minister plenipotentiary from King Edward's court to that of Menelik of Abyssinia, was appointed British agent in Abyssinia in 1898. He has done many things to establish cordial relations between the two countries. One of his great achievements was to persuade her late majesty to speak into a phonograph a message to Menelik and his empress. It was the only time she ever consented to such an experiment, and it was done then on the express understanding that when the message had once been spoken the record should be destroyed. Menelik was so excited when he heard the great queen's message in her own voice that he repeatedly stopped the machine in order to have a salute fired and his empress was so flattered to hear her own name mentioned that she called out her bodyguard as a mark of respect.

At the Chicago exposition there was no such thing as an auto.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The daily mileage of the trains of this country is 2,730,000.

Care of the Hair.

It is now generally agreed that many of the shampoos in use are injurious to the hair. The best treatment is frequent brushing and absolute cleanliness. Wash the hair in a lather of Ivory Soap and rinse thoroughly. Let the last water be cool, as it closes the pores of the skin and prevents colds.—ELEANOR R. PARKER.

There is one doctor to every 800 inhabitants in Germany.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900

Prussia has 2033 associations of stenographers, with 51,291 members.

The value of a snore in church has been assessed at $5.50 by a Pennsylvania justice who forced a dame to pay the costs of an assault and battery suit which she instituted against two ushers who awoke her when her snores had become pronounced enough to disturb the congregation of the church where was supposed to be worshiping.

In the United States last year the number killed by railroads was one out of 4,237,000, while in Great Britain it was one out of 47,793,000. The number injured in this country was one out of 157,000 as against one out of 1,540,700.

In the United Kingdom by the latest figures there are 22,386 miles of railway. In the United States 205,313 miles. But the passenger traffic in this country in 1903 was 694,891,535 persons as against 1,200,000,000 carried by the British roads.

TULANE UNIVERSITY of LA.

NEW ORLEANS.

Full courses in Languages, Sciences, Engineering, Law, Medicine. Splendid department for women in Newcomb College. Tulane makes leaders in all vocations. Its facilities for instruction in Engineering are unsurpassed. Unexcelled opportunities for the study of Sugar Chemistry. Many scholarships in the academic department. Expenses low. Board and accommodations in dormitories at low rates. Opportunities afforded academic students for self-help. Next session begins October 1st. Send for catalogue and illustrated circular. Address THE REGISTRAR, Gibson Hall.

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A UNITED STATES SENATOR

Used Pe-ru-na For Dyspepsia With Great Benefit.

HON. M. C. BUTLER, Ex-United States Senator From South Carolina.

EX-U. S. Senator M. C. Butler, from South Carolina, was Senator from that State for two terms. In a recent letter from Washington, D. C., he says:

"I can recommend Peruna for dyspepsia and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine besides a good tonic."—M. C. Butler.

Peruna is not simply a remedy for dyspepsia. Peruna is a catarrh remedy. Peruna cures dyspepsia because it is generally dependent upon catarrh of the stomach.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Nevada has a mile of railroad for each five citizens, but only eighty-seven hundredths of a mile for each 100 miles of area.

BAD BLOOD

"I had trouble with my bowels which made my blood impure. My face was covered with pimples which no external remedy could remove. I tried your Cascarets and great was my joy when the pimples disappeared after a month's steady use. I have recommended them to all my friends and quite a few have found relief."
C. J. Pusch, 967 Park Ave., New York City, N. Y.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back

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ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

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Send us your name and address. We want you to have a copy of this autobiography of the greatest living Negro for the purpose of introducing it in your community. It is a remarkable seller, big profit; agents are making from $4 to $10 per day. Will you introduce it by selling or getting us an agent? If so, send at once for a sample.

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SOUTHERN DENTAL COLLEGE, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
If you are interested in obtaining a dental education, write for free catalogue of full instruction.
ADDRESS DR. S. W. FOSTER, DEAN, 100 NORTH BUTLER STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Am. 33, 1904.

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Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed

To cure, or money refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.

Circuit Clerk

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., AUGUST 18, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 51

PARKER IS NOTIFIED

And Accepts the Democratic Nomination for the Presidency.

THE EXERCISES WERE SIMPLE.

The Day Was Rainy, but a Large Crowd Was Present at the Ceremony.

Judge Alton B. Parker was formally notified Wednesday of his nomination as the candidate of the democratic party for the presidency.

The ceremony occurred on the lawn of Rosemount, his country home, and in addition to the members of the notification committee and many prominent men of his party, hundreds of friends and neighbors assembled to witness the event.

The weather was not auspicious. The sky was overcast and threatened a downpour.

There was no wait in the ceremonies. As soon as the party reached the stand Representative Clark began his address.

Mr. Clark was enthusiastically cheered throughout his address, and at its close was accorded an ovation, which was merged into the reception extended to Judge Parker. During the speaking rain began to fall fitfully and many umbrellas were raised. Realizing that the ceremonies might be interfered with Representative Clark left out a portion of his speech as originally prepared.

Judge Parker, with bare head, stood on the platform throughout the speech, with utter disregard of the rain, which dampened him from head to foot. His composure was unruffled, and he smiled with the spectators at the witticisms with which Mr. Clark interspersed his address.

Before beginning his address of acceptance Judge Parker advised the crowd to get under the trees out of the rain.

"We don't mind the wet," was the spontaneous reply. Judge Parker began his address at 2:18 p. m. and concluded at 2:54. He was given tremendous and continuous applause.

Esopus, N. Y., August 10.—In reply to the speech of Hon. Champ Clarke, notifying him of the nomination, Judge Parker spoke as follows:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee:

I have resigned the office of chief judge of the court of appeals of this state in order that I may accept the responsibility that the great convention you represent has put upon me, without possible prejudice to the court to which I had the honor to belong, or to the eminent members of the judiciary of this state, of whom I may now say as a private citizen I am justly proud.

At the very threshold of this response and before dealing with other subjects, I must, in justice to myself and to relieve my sense of gratitude, express my profound appreciation of the confidence reposed in me by the convention. After nominating me and subsequently receiving a communication declaring that I regarded the gold standard as firmly and irrevocably established, a matter concerning wrich I felt it incumbent upon me to make known my attitude so that hereafter no man could justly say that his support had been secured through indirection or mistake, the convention reiterated its determination that I should be the standard bearer of the party in the present contest. This mark of trust and confidence I shall ever esteem as the highest honor that could be conferred upon me—an honor that whatever may be the fate of the campaign, the future can in no degree lessen or impair.

The admirable platform upon which the party appeals to the country for its confidence and support clearly states the principles which were so well condensed in the first inaugural address of President Jefferson, and points out with force and directness the course to be pursued through their proper application in order to insure needed reforms in both the legislative and administrative departments of the government. While unhesitating in its promise to correct abuses and to right wrongs wherever they appear or however caused; to investigate the several administrative departments of the government, the conduct of whose officials has created scandals, and to punish those who have been guilty of a breach of their trust; to oppose the granting of special privileges by which the few may profit at the expense of the many; to practice economy in the expenditure of the moneys of the people, and to that end to return once more to the methods of the founders of the republic by observing in disbursing the public funds the care and caution a prudent individual observes with respect to his own; still the spirit of the platform assures conservative, instead of rash action; the protection of the innocent as well as the punishment of the guilty; the encouragement of industry, economy and thrift; the protection of property and a guarantee of the enforcement for the benefit of all of man's inalienable rights, among which, as said in the Declaration of Independence, are "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." Liberty, as understood in this country, means not only the right of freedom from actual servitude, imprisonment or restraint, but the right of one to use his faculties in all lawful ways, to live and work where he will and to pursue any lawful trade or business. These essential rights of life, liberty and property are not only guaranteed to the citizen by the constitution of each of the several states, but the states are by the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States forbidden to deprive any person of any one of them without due process of law.

Occasionally, by reason of unnecessary or impatient agitation for reforms, or because the limitations placed upon the departments of government by the constitution are disregarded by officials desiring to accomplish that which to them seems good, whether the power exists in them or not, it becomes desirable to call attention to the fact that the people in whom all power resides, have seen fit, through the medium of the constitution, to limit the governmental powers conferred and to say to departments created by it: "Thus far shalt thou go and no farther." To secure the ends sought the people have by the constitution separated and distributed among the three departments of government—the executive, legislative and judicial—certain powers, and it is the duty of those administering each department so to act as to preserve, rather than to destroy, the potency of the co-ordinate branches of the government, and thus secure the exercise of all the powers, conferred by the people.

Thomas Jefferson, in a letter to William C. Jarvis, touching the perpetuity of our institution written many years after he had retired to private life said: "If the three powers of our government maintain their mutual independence of each other, it may last long, but not so if either can assume the authority of the other." It must be confessed that in the course of our history executives have employed powers not belonging to them; statues have been passed that were expressly forbidden by the constitution and statutes have been set aside as unconstitutional when it was difficult to point out the provisions said to be offended against in their enactment; all this has been done with a good purpose, no doubt, but in disregard, nevertheless, of the fact that ours is a government of laws, not of men, deriving its "just powers from the consent of the governed." If we would have our government continue during the ages to come, for the benefit of those who shall succeed us, we must ever be on our guard against the danger of usurpation of that authority which resides in the whole people, whether the usurpation be by officials representing one of the three great departments of government, or by a body of men acting without a commission from the people.

Impatience of the restraints of law, as well as of its delays, is becoming more and more manifest from day to day. Within the past few years many instances have been brought to our attention, where in different parts of our beloved country supposed criminals have been seized and punished by a mob, notwithstanding the fact that the constitution of each state guarantees to every person within its jurisdiction that his life, his liberty or his property shall not be taken from him without due process of law.

In a struggle between employers and employes, dynamite is said to have been used by the latter, resulting in the loss of life and the destruction of property. The perpetrators of this offense against the laws of God and man, and all others engaged in the conspiracy with them, should, after due trial and conviction, have had meted out to them the most rigorous punishment known to the law. This crime, added perhaps to others, led to the formation of a committee of citizens that, with the support of the military authority, deports from the state, without trial, persons suspected of belonging to the organization of which the perpetrators of the dynamite outrages were supposed to be members.

In both cases the reign of law gave way to the reign of force. These illustrations present some evidence of the failure of government to protect the citizen and his property, which not only justified the action of your convention in this regard, but made it its duty to call attention to the fact that constitutional guarantees are violated whenever any citizen is denied the right to labor, to acquire and to enjoy property, or to reside where his interests or inclination may determine; and the fulfilment of the assurance to rebuke and punish all denials of these rights, whether brought about by individuals or government agencies, should be enforced by every official and supported by every citizen. The essence of good government lies in strict observance of constitutional limitations, enforcement of law and order and rugged opposition to all encroachment upon the sovereignty of the people.

The foregoing suggestions but emphasize the distinction which exists between our own and many other forms of government. It has been well said, in substance, that there are but two powers in government, one the power of the sword, sustained by the hand that wields it, and the other the power of the law, sustained by an enlightened public sentiment. The difference in these powers is the difference between a republic—such as ours, based on law and a written constitution, supported by intelligence, virtue and patriotism—and a monarchy—sustained by force exerted by an individual, uncontrolled by laws other than those made or sanctioned by him; one represents constitutionalism, the other imperialism.

The present tariff law is unjust in its operation, excessive in many of its rates and so framed in particular instances as to exact inordinate profits from the people. So well understood has this view become that many prominent members of the republican party, and at least two of its state conventions, have dared to voice the general sentiment on that subject. That party seems, however, to be collectively able to harmonize only upon a plank that admits that revision may from time to time be necessary, but it is so phrased that it is expected to be satisfactory to those in favor of an increase of duty, to those who favor a reduction thereof, and to those opposed to any change whatever.

Judged by the record of performance, rather than that of promise, on the part of that party in the past, it would seem as if the outcome, in the event of its success, would be to gratify the latter class. With absolute control of both the legislative and executive departments of the government since March 4, 1897, there has been neither reduction nor an attempt at reduction in tariff duties. It is not unreasonable to assume, in the light of that record, that a future congress of that party will not undertake a revision of the tariff downward in the event that it shall receive an endorsement of its past course on that subject by the people. It is a fact and should be frankly conceded in the coming contest that we cannot hope to secure a majority in the senate during the next four years, and hence we shall be unable to secure any modification in the tariff save that to which the republican majority in the senate may consent. While, therefore, we are unable to give assurances of relief to the people from such excessive duties as burden them, it is due to them that we state our position to be in favor of a reasonable reduction of the tariff; that we believe that it is demanded by the best interests of both manufacturer and consumer, and that a wise and beneficent revision of the tariff can be accomplished as soon as both branches of congress and an executive in favor of it are elected, without creating that sense of uncertainty and instability that has on other occasions manifested itself. This can be achieved by providing that such a reasonable period shall intervene, between the date of the enactment of the statute making a revision and the date of its enforcement, as shall be deemed sufficient for the industry or business affected by such revision to adjust itself to the changes and new conditions imposed. So confident am I in the belief that the demand of the people for a reform of the tariff is just, that I indulge the hope that should a democratic house of representatives and a democratic executive be chosen by the people, even a republican senate may heed the warning and consent to give at least some measure of relief to the people.

The combinations, popularly called trusts, which aim to secure a monopoly of trade in the necessaries of life, as well as in those things that are employed upon the farm, in the factory and in many other fields of industry, have been encouraged and stimulated by excessive tariff duties. These operate to furnish a substantial market in the necessities of eighty millions of people, by practically excluding competition. With so large a market and highly remunerative prices continuing long after the line of possible competition would naturally be reached, the temptation of all engaged in the same business to combine so as to prevent competition at home and a resulting reduction of prices, has proved irresistible in a number of cases. All men must agree that the net result of enacting laws that foster such inequitable conditions is most unfortunate for the people as a whole, and it would seem as if all ought to agree that the effective remedy would be to appropriately modify the offending law. The growth of monopoly, of which complaint is justly made, cannot be laid at the doors of the courts of this country. The decisions of the supreme court of the United States, the court of appeals of this state and the courts of last resort in many other states warrant the assertion that the common law as developed affords a complete legal remedy against monopolies. The fact that they have multiplied in number and increased in power has been due, not to the failure of the courts to apply the law when properly moved by administrative officials or private individuals, but to the failure of officials charged with the duty of enforcing the law to take the necessary procedure to procure the judgments of the courts in the appropriate jurisdiction, coupled with the facts that the legislative departments of some of our state governments, as well as congress in the manner already referred to, have, by legislation, encouraged their propagation. What is needed—in addition to the passage of a statute revising the tariff duties to a reasonable basis—is not so much other and different laws, as officials having both the disposition and the courage to enforce existing law. While this is my view of the scope of the common law, if it should be made to appear that it is a mistaken one, then I favor such further legislation within constitutional limitations as will give the people a just and full measure of protection.

It is difficult to understand how any citizen of the United States, much less a descendant of Revolutionary stock, can tolerate the thought of permanently denying the right of self-government to the Filipinos. Can we hope to instill into the minds of our descendants reverence and devotion for a government by the people, while denying ultimately that right to the inhabitants of distant countries, whose territory we have acquired either by purchase or by force? Can we say to the Filipinos, "Your lives, your liberty and your property may be taken from you without due process of law for all time," and expect we will long glory in that feature of Magna Charta, which has become incorporated, in substance and effect, into the Constitution of every state, as well as into the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States? Can we hope for the respect of the civilized world while proudly guaranteeing to every citizen of the United States that no law shall be made or enforced which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, or deny to any person the equal protection of the laws, and at the same time not only deny similar rights to the inhabitants of the Philippines, but take away from them the right of trial by jury, and place their lives and the disposition of their property in the keeping of those whom we send to them to be their governors? We shall certainly rue it as a nation if we make any such attempt. Viewing the question even from the standpoint of national selfishness, there is no prospect that the twenty millions of dollars expended in the purchase of the islands and the six hundred and fifty millions said to have been disbursed will ever come back to us. The incident of war brought the Philippines into our possession and we are not at liberty to disregard the responsibility which thus came to us, but that responsibility will be best subserved by preparing the islanders as rapidly as possible for self-government and giving to them the assurance that it will come as soon as they are reasonably prepared for it. There need be no fear that the assertion so often made of late, that we have now become a world power, will then be without support. Ours is a world power, and as such it must be maintained, but I deny that it is at all recently that the United States has attained that eminence. Our country became a world power over a century ago, when having thrown off foreign domination, the people established a free government, the source of whose authority sprung, and was continuously to proceed, from the will of the people themselves. It grew as a world power as its sturdy citizens, to whose natural increase were added immigrants from the old world seeking to obtain here the liberty and prosperity denied them in their own countries, spread over the face of the land, reduced the prairies and forests to cultivation, built cities, constructed highways and railroads, till now a nation which at the formation of the government numbered only three millions in population, has become eighty millions, and from ocean to ocean and the lakes to the gulf, the country is the abode of a free and prosperous people, advanced in the highest degree in the learning and arts of civilization. It is the liberty, the advancement and the prosperity of its citizens, not any career of conquest, that make the country a world power. This condition we owe to the bounty of Providence, unfolded in the great natural resources of the country; to the wisdom of our fathers manifested in the form of government established by them, to the energy, industry, moral character and law-abiding spirit of the people themselves.

We are not a military people, bent on conquest, or engaged in extending our domains in foreign lands, or desirous of securing natural advantages, however great, by force; but a people loving peace, not only for ourselves, but for all the nations of the earth.

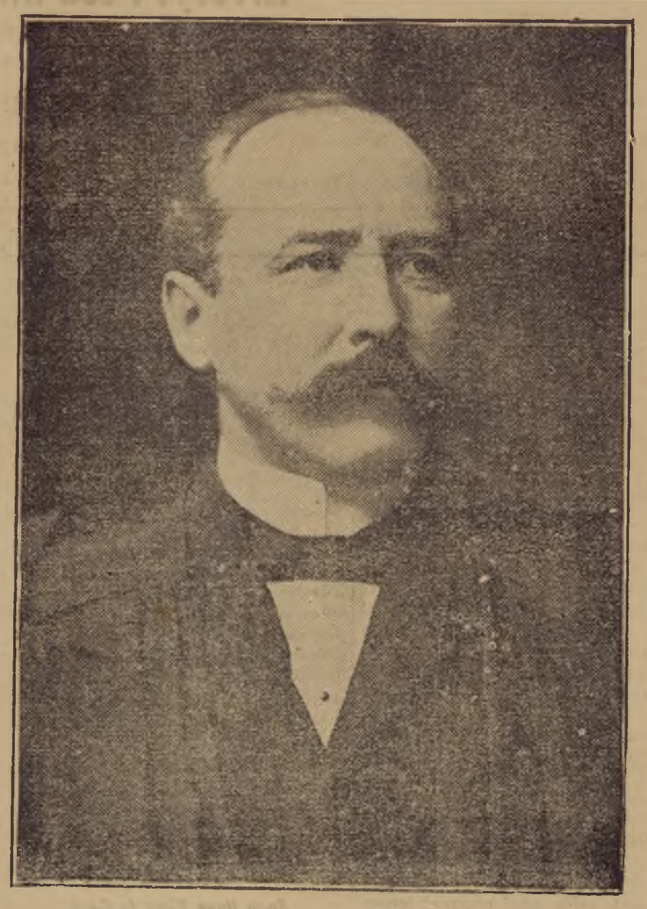
The display of great military armaments may please the eye and, for the moment, excite the pride of the citizen, but it cannot bring to the country the brains, brawn and muscle of a single immigrant, nor induce the investment here of a dollar of capital. Of course such armament as may be necessary for the security of the country and the protection of the rights of its citizens, at home or abroad, must be maintained. Any other course would be not only false economy but pusillanimous. I protest, however, against the feeling, now too prevalent, that by reason of the commanding position we have assumed in the world, we must take part in the disputes and broils of foreign counties; and that because we have grown great we should intervene in every important question that arises in other parts of the world. I also protest against the erection of any such military establishment as would be required to maintain the country in that attitude. We should confine our international activities solely to matters in which the rights of the country or of our citizens are directly involved. That is not a situation of isolation, but of independence.

The government of the United States was organized solely for the people of the United States. While it was contemplated that this country should become a refuge for the oppressed of every land, who might be fit to discharge the duties of our citizenship, and while we have always sympathized with the people of every nation in their struggles for self-government, the government was not created for a career of political or civilizing evangelization in foreign countries or among alien races. The most efficient work we can do in uplifting the people of other countries is by the presentation of a happy, prosperous, self-governing nation as an ideal to be emulated, a model to be followed. The general occupation of our citizens in the arts of peace, or the absence of large military armaments, tends to impair neither patriotism nor physical courage, and for the truth of this I refer the young men of today to the history of the Civil War. For fifty years, with the exception of the war with Mexico, this country had been at peace, with a standing army most of the time of less than ten thousand men. He who thinks that the nation had grown effeminiate during that period should read the casualty rolls of the armies on either sides at Shiloh, Antietam, Fredericksburg and Gettysburg, at Stone River and Chickamauga. I would be the last man to pluck a single laurel from the crown of any one of the military heroes to whom this country owes so much, but I insist that their most heroic deeds proceeded infinitely more from devotion to the country than from martial spirit.

As I have already proceeded at too great length, other questions suggested in the platform must await my letter of acceptance.

Mr. Chairman: In most graceful speech you have reminded me of the great responsibility, as well as the great honor of the nomination bestowed upon me by the convention you represent this day. Be assured that both are appreciated—so keenly appreciated that I am humbled in their presence.

I accept, gentlemen of the committee, the nomination, and if the action of the convention shall be endorsed by an election by the people, I will, God helping me, give to the discharge of the duties of that exalted office the best service of which I am capable and at the end of the term retire to private life. I shall not be a candidate for, nor shall I accept a renomination. Several reasons might be advanced for this position, but the controlling one with me is that I am fully persuaded that no incumbent of that office should ever be placed in a situation of possible temptation to consider what effect the action taken by him in an administrative matter of great importance might have upon his political fortunes. Questions of momentous consequence to all of the people have been in the past and will be in the future presented to the president for determination, and in approaching their consideration, as well as in weighing the facts and the arguments bearing upon them, he should be unembarrassed by any possible thought of the influence his decision may have upon anything whatever that may affect him personally. I make this statement, not in criticism of any of our presidents from Washington down who have either held the office for two terms or sought to succeed themselves; for strong arguments can be advanced in support of the re-election of a president. It is simply my judgment that the interests of this country are now so vast and the questions presented are frequently of such overpowering magnitude to the people that it is indispensable to the maintenance of a befitting attitude before the people, not only that the Chief Magistrate should be independent but that independence should be known of all men.



ALTON B. PARKER.

HEADLESS TELEGRAMS

Selma's first new bale of cotton reached the city Friday evening at an hour too late to offer it for sale. It was raised by A. A. Simms at Boguechitto and weighed 425 pounds. The bale was consigned to R. H. & W. C. Agee, and was auctioned off, being knocked down to the Mabry Securities company at 12 cents. The cotton classed strict low middling. But for the continuous rains a new bale would have reached Selma a week ago.

Rev. Dr. Francis Mitchell Grace, aged 73 years, one of the oldest residents of Jefferson county and a prominent Methodist minister, died Saturday morning at his home in Owenton. He was ill only about twenty-four hours and his death was very unexpected. He was professor of Latin and Greek at Owenton.

Ed McLendon was found guilty of assault with a pistol and was fined $500 by a jury in Cullman circuit court. He and his father, Henry McLendon, were charged with assualting William Felkins last fall. They demanded a severance and Henry McLendon will be tried at the next term of the court.

The Corona Coal and Iron company is mining and shipping more coal than at any other time in its history. The company is making extensive improvements at the new electric machine cutting mines, and will be ready in a few days to give employment to from 300 to 500 men.

Lieut. A. B. Butler, of the Frank Pettus field artillery, has been commissioned by General Brandon to raise a detachment of 30 men to be assigned to the Tuscaloosa company under Captain Collier and attend the drills and encampment at Manassas.

More than 400 plumbers, gas fitters, steam fitters and steam fitters' helpers have assembled in Birmingham and will be in daily session until Saturday evening. All of the states of the union and some parts of Canada and Cuba will be represented.

Dr. D. B. Watkins, of Natchez, Miss., who was recently thrown from his buggy and severely injured, is dead. Dr. Watkins was one of the most prominent physicians in the state and was formerly president of the state board of health.

The tax valuation of Jefferson county for the year 1904 will be about $56,250,000. The total valuation last year was $52,737,884. This shows an increase of about $3,500,000. Most of this comes from the big corporations in Birmingham.

It is reported that Virgil Griffin, for many years secretary of the Alabama railroad commission, and now holding the position, has gone to Panama to secure, if possible, the clerkship of the new court established there.

The Palmer-Norvell Coal company, now operating at Horse Creek, has leased a tract of land from the university about one mile west of Corona and will open up some new mines at Corona in a few days.

John McLaughlin, engineer, was killed in a head-on collision of two freight trains on the Atlantic Coast Line near Ozark Saturday morning. Six cars were derailed with no more serious injuries.

Judge A. D. Sayre, of the Montgomery court of equity, has refused to grant a divorce to Mrs. Sallia N. Randolph, wife of Francis C. Randolph, former probate judge of Montgomery county.

The ticket sales of the Montgomery union depot broke all records in July, reaching the total value of $56,890.42. This is $4,000 more than last year, and $2,000 more than was ever taken in before.

Boguechitto tribe is the youngest member of the Improved Order of Red Men of Alabama, the same having been instituted in Marion, Perry county, Saturday night.

Walter Ormond, a prominent planter of Belle factory, fatally shot himself in an attempt to commit suicide. He placed a pistol to his mouth and fired. Continued bad health was the cause.

The Commercial club of Cullman has perfected a permanent organization. Frank V. Tilford was made president, John Sutterer secretary, and B. M. Kinney treasurer.

The fifth Alabama state shooting tournament will be held at Birmingham Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. The indications are that about 100 shooters will be on the grounds.

The Jasper Tanning company has closed down for a while. It is not known when the company will resume operations, but it is thought in the fall.

The governor has appointed Foster K. Hale, Jr., to be temporary judge of the inferior criminal court of Mobile, during the illness of Judge J. E. Alford.

The Merrimac Coal company will open some new mines about one mile west of Corona and will begin opening the mines and building houses at once.

The Kennedy Stave and Cooperage company is operating on full time and has a sufficient number of orders on the books to keep it busy for several months. The products of the plant are barrels and half barrels. Most of its wood comes from Alabama. Recently a number of extensive improvements have been added to the plant and its capacity greatly increased.

The Keely institute at Birmingham has closed.

The two Ironaton furnaces, which have been shut down on account of the coal strike, will start up soon, since the Alabama Consolidated has signed the scale. It is planned to blow in one furnace next Monday, or as soon as coke can be secured, and the other one as soon as some needed repairs can be made.

Thirteen years ago the town of Dallas was founded and the fire that destroyed stores and dwellings there Saturday was the first in her history.

Senator Vest Dead.

After lingering for weeks between life and death, former Senator G. G. Vest passed peacefully away Tuesday. He had been so near death for the past three days that the end came without a struggle. He was conscious until about 2 a. m. Sunday morning, when he sank into a state of coma, from which he never aroused.

The remains will be taken to St. Louis for interment.

Cars Burned.

The plant of the American Refrigerator Transit company, St. Louis, was almost entirely destroyed by fire Tuesday, entailing a total loss of $300,000. The plant was valued at about $650,000, the most serious loss being the destruction of one hundred refrigerator cars worth about $1,500 each.

France is putting on the market an artificial cotton made from the wood of the fir tree.

At Gibraltar Tuesday, the United States battleship squadron, dressed ship and fired a salute in honor of coronation day, the second anniversary of the crowning of King Edward. Rear Admiral Sir Edward Chichester, who commanded the British cruiser Immortalite at Manila, during the Spanish-American war, cordially welcomed the American squadron to Gibraltar.

London boasts a grandmother only 34 years old.

On a Runaway Boat.

Four hours in a runaway ferry boat in a flooded river was the thrilling experience of four passengers who were rescued by Fireman Booth, of Montgomery, five miles below the city and seventeen miles from the starting point.

Tulane University has received $333,475 for its medical department from the estate of Alex Hutchinson of New York.

England has invited the Clyde ship builders to tender bids for two battleships of 16,500 tons and high speed. It is said that these vessels, in the matter of armament and armored protection, will eclipse anything yet attempted.

The Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron company will start up their Ironaton furnaces on Saturday, and about Monday or Tuesday of the coming week expect to have their Gadsden furnace in operation.

In Meridian, Miss., is in session the grand lodge of A. O. U. W. Its jurisdiction is six states.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Aug. 18, '04

Telephone No. 27.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices.
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM.

County.

Probate Judge.
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk.
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter.
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor.
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer.
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education.
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner.
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

Kelly Endorsed for Chancellor.

Columbiana, Ala., Aug 16, '04.

We, the undersigned, members of the Shelby County Bar, appreciating the pre-eminent fitness of Hon. R. B. Kelly for the position of Chancellor of the Northeastern Chancery Division which he has so ably filled for the past six years, hereby urge him to become a candidate for the Democratic nomination for said office to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the lamented H. J. Gillam, and we heartily recommend him to the people of said Chancery Division. Signed: W B. Browne, J. T. Leeper, W. W. Wallace, D R. McMillan, Jno. J. Haynes, J. I. Abercrombie.

B' Gosh, Sir!

"Judge Longshore further showed that all the charges brought against the populist administration were absolutely false."—Advocate.

How Handy Andy can have the consummate nerve to make the above absurd and absolutely false assertion can only be accounted for by its predetermination to willfully mislead and deceive the people, and that, too, in the face of court records.

The populist administration stands charged with placing illegal tax levies upon the people of Shelby county, and the Circuit Court of this county has so decided. Even Judge Longshore admits in his speeches that the Circuit Court held that the railroads could not be made pay but one-half of the special levy for roads. Why? Because the levy was in excess of Constitutional law, therefore illegal. The railroads paid only one-half of this levy against their property, but the common people of this county were made to pay all of it. Did Judge Longshore show that this charge against the populist administration was false and untrue? He gives his unsupported opinion that the levies were legal, yet the fact remains that the people have paid all this illegal levy, while the railroads, supported by a ruling of the Circuit Court, were compelled to pay but one-half of the levy. That is a discrimination by the populist administration against the common people, and in favor of the railroads.

The populist administration stands charged with having made repeated illegal levies by placing upon the people of this county levies to the amount of six and seven mills for county purposes, and this, too, in the face of Supreme Court decision which says that a levy for county purposes in excess of five mills is unconstitutional and therefore illegal. Upon this very decision the Commissioners' Court of Shelby county, and of which Judge Longshore is the presiding officer and legal advisor, refunded to the Southern Mineral Land Co. the excess and illegal tax collected from this company under the six mill tax levy (which the Supreme Court has held is illegal) made by the populist administration. Has any refund of this illegal tax been made to the common people—the poor people of Shelby county? Not a copper cent! Does Judge Longshore show, or attempt to show the above is not true? No! He just gives his opinion, unsupported by any law, that the levies are legal; and yet his inconsistency is shown when he told the Commissioners' Court that under the decision of the Supreme Court, referred to above, a refund of the excess tax collected from the Southern Mineral Land Co. would have to be made, and the Commissioners' minutes show the refund was made Did Judge Longshore show the above to be false or untrue? Not a bit of it.

The populist administration stands charged with levying and collecting taxes, time and again, from the people of Shelby county to build bridges which were never built nor contracted for. Did Judge Longshore show that this charge is false or untrue? He did not, nor can he.

The populist administration stands charged with having transferred over seven thousand dollars from the road fund to the general fund contrary to expressed law forbidding the same. (See State Examiner Gorman's report to the Governor.) Does Judge Longshore show that the above charge is false and untrue? He cannot. for the records are against him.

The populist administration stands charged, that notwithstanding the increase in assessed values in the county, the tax rate has almost doubled in the six years of its reign—going frein four mills under Democratic administration, to seven mills under populist administration—the highest rate ever known in the history of the county. Did Judge Longshore show that this charge is false and untrue? He did not, nor can he. The records are against him.

About the only thing Judge Longshore did show was the utter incompetency of the populist administration to administer the affairs of the county in a business like manner, and to the best interest of the people.

The Advocate is worried; it has every reason to be. Of course, Handy Andy does not appreciate this fact a little bit, but The Sentinel wants to admonish him to look up a nice, easy place upon which to fall on the 8th day of November, next: It's coming to him.

The Peoples Advocate, with malice aforethought, and which had been brewed, steeped and simmered in the cauldron of misrepresentation, and heated by the fire of prejudice, willfully and falsely accused democratic administrations in this county of paying a county officer more than the law allowed. The burden of self-righteousnes and immaculate purity of thought and truthfulness of expression is a great strain upon even its elastic conscience, and it has become so wabbly that is no longer a "middle-of-the-roader."

AN ADDRESS TO VOTERS.

To the Voters of Shelby County:

In the begginning of the present campaign, appeal is made to every voter to carefully weigh the issues presented, and reflect upon the grave responsibilities that are his in the consideration and performance of his patriotic duty.

Events of the past few years have removed every cause for, and have largely allayed the differences and feelings that have heretofore separated the white people, and at the same time they have demonstrated the absolute necessity for their standing together. This is one of the few counties in the State where a perfect reunion has not been completely effected, and the manifest desire now shown here for realignment is highly pleasing and encouraging.

The declaration of the Roosevelt administration for political and social equality of the races, emphasized by an exhibition as abhorrent and disgusting as the most bitter hatred of the white man could devise, should speed the day when every white Southern man, at least, without regard to past differences, shall boldly declare himself for White Man's Rule. The Democratic party of Alabama sounded the keynote of the campaign in the Nation, when it adopted for its motto, "White Supremacy." Let Shelby County not be found firing on this emblazoned banner.

The opposition ticket in this county was nominated in part, and approved in its entirety, by that wing of the Republican party whose nom de plume, "Black and Tans" marks them indelibly as upholders of the Black and Tan plank in their party's platform. In so far as a vote can be construed as an endorsement of "principles," a vote for that ticket must mean a preference for political and social equality, and a recurrence of the avalanche of black ballots of which we have just been happily relieved.

Fusion government in this county has proven a disastrous and inglorious failure. It has succeeded only in loading with debt and oppressive taxation, without parallel in the history of Shelby County. Your rate of taxation has, within the past six years, been almost doubled, while your assessed values have increased in like proportion. Repeated levies and collections have been made for the same purposes, and those purposes still unaccomplished. Questions of Constitutional right to demand such excessive taxes have been raised by a few of the largest taxpayers, some of which have been, and all of which may be, determined in their favor; thus throwing the entire burden of over-taxation upon the shoulders of the poor man, with crushing discrimination. Obligations beyond your ability, have been entered into, and put upon you without your knowledge, consent or desire. Contracts for special improvements made, beyond the amount of revenue authorized by the Constitution for such purposes, and your revenue derived from the general rate of taxation will not meet the running expenses of the County, and repay the money borrowed, upon which you must continue to pay interest. In short, the County has been rushing towards strangulation, with increasing speed.

These results have been brought about by errors, lack of foresight, want of consideration, over-estimation of resources, and defiance of laws and business principles, on the part of those entrusted with authority. Thoughtful men must—they will—pause and retrace their steps. Look not to the authors of these evils, for their remedy.

The Democratic party presents for your judgment and suffrages, nominees of acknowledged probity, proven qualifications and tried efficiency; men with full appreciation of their responsibility and obligation to the people; with deference to the law and the Constitution; who will act within their legally prescribed limits; whose induction into office would inspire a renewal of confidence in the integrity of our great County, and bring its affairs out of confusion into order; men backed and supported by principles, tried and true, which have been since our free government began—which are eternally right.

We appeal alike to your race pride, your political principles, your interest in the material welfare of the people, to restore in Shelby County, rational, conservative, safe, constitutional government and policies.

Very respectfully,
R. E. BOWDON,
Chairman Democratic Ex. Com. Shelby County.

THE DEADLY PARALLEL.

You Must Levy Before.	*You Cannot Levy Before.*
"If The Sentinel was not trying to prejudice the people it would have said there was a law COMPELLING the Commissioners' Court to levy taxes for building bridges before the bridges are built."—Advocate, July 28, 1904.	"You can't levy a tax for bridges under the State Constitution, until you first build the bridges and create a debt."—Extract from the speech made by Judge Longshore, at Dunnavant, Saturday, Aug. 12, 1904.

And there you are. The Advocate says a law compels that the levy be made before the bridges are built; Judge Longshore says you cannot levy a tax for bridges under the Constitution "until you first build the bridges and create the debt." It is a well known fact that Judge Longshore shapes the editorial expressions of the Advocate, but in the above that paper and the Judge seem to have their things mixed—gotton the wires of their think tanks crossed, as it were.

It is well known also, that tax levies have been placed upon the people of Shelby county, under the populist administration, for bridges which have never been built, nor even contracted for. Judge Longshore will not deny this is true. Yet, the Judge says under the Constitution you cannot levy a tax for bridges "until you first build the bridges and create the debt." What, then, is the deduction in relation to the tax levies which have been made for bridges which have never been built: That they were simply unconstitutional (admitted by Judge Longshore), therefore illegal, just as claimed by The Sentinel. Not being in accordance with Constitutional law the railroads are justified in contesting payment; but the poor people of this county have already paid these unconstitutional and illegal levies, and they are forever barred from recovering the same. Where does the blame lie? With the Constitution? No, for the levies were not in accordance with constitutional law. The blame must and does rest upon the populist administration, for under it the levy was made and collected from all but the railroads. In his speech at Dunnavant Judge Longshore in attempting to avoid and dodge Scylla, fell headlong into Charybdis. Judge Longshore is doing well, and before the campaign is over he will be ready to admit that the populist administration is out of joint.

Wrong, as Usual

By a distortion of facts, and following its usual course of attempting to prejudice the minds of those who do not think for themselves, the Advocate attempts to create the impression that while he was Probate Judge, D. R. McMillan discriminated against populist officials in making their bonds. In its tirade it starts out with an unqualified falsehood by saying that McMillan raised W. A. Tallant's bond from $20,000 (the amount of W. A. Thompson's bond as treasurer) to $27,000.

As W. A. Thompson's bond was $25,000 instead of $20,000, as claimed by the Advocate, Handy Andy has another guess coming to him. As to McMillan raising Mr. Tallant's bond to $27,000, let us see. Mr. Tallant, as County Treasurer, was required to give bond in the sum of $27,000 because the law required it, but McMillan did not fix the amount of that bond. Section 1428 of the Code provides that the County Treasurer's bond must be "in double the estimated amount of the annual revenue of the County to be determined by the Court of County Commissioners." The Court of County Commissioners, as the law requires, fixed Mr. Tallant's bond, and not McMillan.

The amount of County tax for that year was $16,574 89. Double this amount, (as the law requires the bond shall be) would be $31,149 78. The County Commissioners fixed the bond of W. A. Tallant at $27,000. It cannot fairly be considered as the Advocate contends.

In 1896, the bond of J. H. Robertson, Tax Collector, was fixed at $30,000. Section 3994 of the Code provides that the Tax Collector's bond shal be "in double the probable amount of the taxes (State and County) that may at any time be in his hands, to be determined for each County by the State Auditor." The State Auditor fixed the amount of Mr. Robertson's bond, and not McMillan. The State, County, special and poll tax for 1896 amounted, approximately, to $40,000. The amount of the bond of Tax Collector Robertson for that year, of $30,000, as fixed by the State Auditor, was low.

In 1900, when Mr. Robertson was re-elected, the present Probate Judge accepted a bond of $20,000 in lieu of the one for $30,000 which he had been required to give four years before by State Auditor. In 1903, when it became necessary for Mr. Robertson to make a new bond because of the withdrawal of his sureties on the old bond the present Probate Judge again accepted a bond from the Tax Collector for $20,000.

The Advocate propped up a straw man and the State Auditor and Commissioners' Court have knocked Handy Andy's campaign thunder into the middle of next month.

As to approving the bonds of Tax Collector and Treasurer, Judge McMillan only did his duty. It was only his purpose to require such bonds as were solvent. The Sentinel is informed by him that he gave the said officers the benefit of every dollar the sureties owned as shown by the tax books, and as soon as the aggregate amount reached the amount of the bond, he approved. The greater part of the sureties were small tax payers, and of necessity it took a goodly number of them to make the bond good. As an evidence that it was not his purpose to give Messrs. Tallant and Robertson any more trouble than was necessary, the bond of E. F. Vest, as sheriff, was approved on presentation, because of the fact that one of the sureties on his bond, George Kroell, alone made the bond perfectly good The other officers' bonds were approved promptly and without any trouble. Judge McMillan returned also to be strengthened the bonds of two prominent Democratic Justices of the Peace.

The law provides a remedy where a bond is good and solvent and an officer refuses to approve it, to compel him to do it. Judge Longshore was a lawyer, and the legal advisor of all these officers, and he should not have permitted them to be imposed upon as is contended they were.

Judge McMillan's efforts to require good bonds of these two officers will commend him favorably to the voters of the county, rather than reflect against him, the prejudicial sop and snivelings of the Advocate to the contrary notwithstanding. In its baby act it is an object of pity.

Contrast the action of McMillan with that of the populists in reference to the bond of the present Tax Collector in 1900. He was required to make a new bond. His bond was fixed only at $20,000—not by the State Auditor, but by Judge Longshore. Then again in 1903, when the same officer's sureties withdrew from his bond, Judge Longshore again approved his bond of $20,000 and accepted the same. The State and County tax in 1900 was approximately $52,000, and in 1903 the State and County tax was approximately $61,000.

Let the Handy Andy of the populist administration answer the question: Which officer was looking the closer after the interests of the people in the bond matter—Longshore or McMillan?

LYNCH.

Crops in this section are looking well.

John M. Dye made a trip to Kingdom last Wednesday.

A. F. Clinkscales, of Fourmile, was here last Saturday.

W. H. Farr made a business trip to Columbiana Thursday.

F. M. Hataway, of East Saginaw, was a visitor here Saturday.

John T. Lynch transacted business in Columbiana Saturday.

Rev. J. E. Sampley is conducting a series of meetings at Mt. Era this week.

We are glad to state that the condition of G. W. Dye is somewhat improved.

J. E. Dye and daughter, Miss Nellie, of Vincent, visited relatives here Friday.

Several of our young people attended the tent meeting at Ebenezer Sunday.

Rev. C. W. Walton, of Weldon, attended quarterly conference here Saturday.

Rev. M. R. Evans, of Thomasville, assisted in the meetings at Mt. Era for a few days.

W. H. Kirkley and family, of Wilsonville, visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

For the HOUSEKEEPER.

Complete Line of Reed's TIN WARE Warranted Not to Rust.

RUFUS LESTER

Carries a complete line of

Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries. Hats. Shoes, Hardware, Harness, Saddles, Whips. Furniture of Every Description.

A full line of

UNDERTAKERS' GOODS.

Prices and Goods to suit your purse and your taste.
All goods guaranteed to be as represented to patrons.
Your inspection of my goods is cordially solicited.

Come in and Talk it Over.

☞Country produce taken in exchange for goods at cash price.

A Political Contortionist.

Written for The Sentinel.

Some very amusing things occur at the joint discussions, and to the mind of a layman political contortion acts of Judge Longshore are not the least amusing. When addressing a crowd where there are but few, if any, Republicans the Great Expounder of free silver doctrine in Shelby county stands with both feet planted upon a block of the white metal and sings the praises of Tom Watson. But if there are a goodly number of Republicans present, as was the case at Dunnavant, he says to the free silver tempter, "Get thee behind me, Satan, for you are in bad odor here" Then he proceeds to throw bouquets at the Roosevelt administration, and fastened himself to the gold standard in the following:

"If we have plenty of gold, that is all I want. I am not so much for free silver as you might think."

It is not improbable that Judge Longshore is planning to follow the lead of a former populist leader in this county, G. B. Deans, who, after working the populist party here for all it was worth to him, deserted it and took a plunge into the Republican party because it promised him something. Judge Longshore says:

"The Democratic party always gives us less than it promises, while the Republican party always gives us more than it promises."

As the Demotratic party is promising nothing to Judge Longshore, and he, after trying to deliver the populist vote in this county to Roosevelt as he is pledged to do, he no doubt will cast aside the populist lemon from which he has sucked all the nourishment possible for his personal advancement. Mark the prediction of one who has known Judge Longshore for years. To weld himself still closer to the Republican party in which he hopes ultimatly to find a resting place, he says:

"On these great principles I stand where Blaine stood; I stand where Grant stood; I stand where Lincoln stood"

And in the light of the course of this great political contortionist in Shelby county politics no doubt the great men to whom he refers, were they permitted to come back to earth, would at once want Judge Longshore put in quarantine.

In an attack upon the Constitution he used the same expression which I am informed he used in his speech at Shelby:

"I will not support such a Constitution only so far as I am compelled by law so to do!"

And yet if through some misfortune Judge Longshore is re-elected he must hold up his right hand, in taking the oath of office, and swear that he will support the Constitution of the State of Alabama. I would ask the voters, the patriotic citizens of Shelby county can you afford to elect a man to the chief office of our county; to sit as the administrator of justice in our County Court, who has said he will not support the Constitution of the State unless compelled to do so by law? His past action proves his assertion to be true. That he has subordinated the laws of the Constitution is proven by his own acts and words. Tax levies have been put upon the people of this county to build bridges which have never been built, and for which no debt was ever created, and which the Constitution expressly stipulates must be done before a special levy can be made. Judge Longshore says the Probate Court holds these levies to be legal, and Judge Longshore is the Probate Court in its entirety. But in his speech at Dunnavant he executed a complete somersault which gives his official decree as Probate Judge on the tax levies a flat contradiction. In his speech, he said:

"You can't levy a tax for bridges under the State Constitution until you first build the bridges and create a debt."

In the above expression Judge Longshore admits that the levies heretofore made for bridges which have not been built were illegal, and that the money collected under those levies was wrested from the taxpayers of this county, many of whom are poor people, in direct violation of Constitutional law. The Judge would have been consistent with his actions if he had said: "I will not support the Constitution, law or no law."

VERITAS.

Wilsonville, August 15th.

Soon Have Time to Rest.

"It makes one tired to read the double column 'clap trap' argument of The Sentinel on what it terms 'the illegal tax levies.' Here The Sentinel is setting itself up as an encyclopedia of wisdom and writes the opinion of the circuit court many months before the court convenes."—An Advocate Wail.

Yes, it is growing more apparent with each succeeding issue of the Advocate that its editor(s) are becoming very tired, and more and more worried over the illegal tax levies for the people all over the county are aroused over the wholesale hold up.

As to The Sentinel's wisdom in the matter—it comes from decisions rendered some three years ago by both the Circuit Court of Shelby county, and the Supreme Court of Alabama. The common people of this county would be much better off today had the head-strong, self-willed populist administration paid a little attention to the court decisions referred to. Instead of doing so, it plunged headlong into the pockets of the poor people of Shelby county and in four tax levies unlawfully took therefrom between fifteen and twenty thousand dollars. It does not require any great stock of wisdom to read and understand plain English. Is the Advocate lacking in a talent which is in the possession of every ten-year-old school boy? If so, its editor(s) should enter the primary grade of the Columbiana public school which opens October 3rd. Tuition free to any child in Shelby county.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,

E. W. BURT, Proprietor.

Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers.

Your Patronage is Solicited.

Telephone 28. - - - - - - 'Bus Meets All Trains.

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—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware, JEWELRY, and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

Dr. W. P. HAMNER
DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
☞Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in certain mortgage deed given by T. W. Weaver and N. A Weaver, his wife, to Everett, Ridley, Ragan and Company, Atlanta, Ga., dated on the 5th day of February, 1903, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 68, page 39, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby County, State of Alabama, will be sold at auction for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Columbiana, Alabama, on the 29th day of August, 1904, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, towit: A part of the Densler lot situated in the town of Wilsonville, Ala., beginning at the northeast corner of C. A. Mason's lot, fronting on Main street, bounded on the north by property of Weldon & Holland, on the west by lands of J. F. Pope, on the south by the Mason property mentioned above, said to be fifty feet front and one hundred feet deep, said property is improved, said improvement being a one story frame building which is bargained and sold with the said lot. Also one resident lot, one acre more or less, situated on the Montgomery road in the town of Wilsonville, Ala, Fronts Montgomery road, bounded on the north by property of R. C. J. Gwin, on the south by C. A. Mason's property, on the west by property of Olie Polk. Said property is improved by a one story frame dwelling house consisting of four rooms more or less, situated in the NE¼ of SE¼ of Section 1, Township 21, Range 1, East. All of said property is located in Shelby County, Alabama.

This the 27th day of July, 1904.

EVERETT, RIDDLE, RAGAN & CO.
Mortgagees.

McMillan & Haynes
Attorneys. 49-6.

Boarding House

Mrs. J. B. Nelson having taken charge of the Huett House, is now prepared to accommodate permanent or transient boarders.

When You Need Anything in the GROCERY LINE, it will pay you to get our prices. Fresh Meats, Hams, Etc., kept on Ice, therefore always fresh and nice.

Have just Received a Shipment of Ralstons Breakfast Food, Health Oats.

FOR DELICIOUS

Cakes, Candies, Fruits, Vegetables, we can suit YOU!

SEPTEMBER FIRST

I will give away another of those

Handsome Dinner Sets

To One of Our Customers.

CALL FOR YOUR COUPONS.

J. R. WHITE.

GOODS SOLD

Are guaran'eed just as represented or your money refuned.

Accept our thanks for your past patronage and allow us to continue to serve you

J. R. WHITE.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

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One copy six months.....50

Telephone No. 27.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

H. S. Latham was up from Montevallo Friday.

J. F. Pope was down from Wilsonville last Thursday.

Pleas Shaw, of Montevallo, was in town last Friday.

Geo. D. Campbell spent Sunday afternoon at Shelby Springs.

Solicitor W. R. Oliver, of Calera, is attending court this week.

County Court brought a good many visitors to town this week.

Tom Norris returned Monday from a visit to the World's Fair.

P. L. Lucas, of Beat 4, is in attendance at county court this week.

W. H. Sturdivant, of Bamford, was in town last Friday and Saturday.

Henry Robertson returned Sunday from a visit to the World's Fair.

Dr. T. G. Nelson, of Abernant, was in the city a few hours last Saturday.

Miss Maude Preston, of Selma, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Liles.

Geo. E. Mason was an over Sunday visitor in town with his wife and little ones.

J. W. Garris, of Beat 2, was in town Saturday and made this office a pleasant call.

E. B. Nelson came down from Birmingham and visited with his family over Sunday.

W. S. Thompson, of Wilton, is in town this week, serving as a juror in county court.

Larkin Johnson, the negro murderer, is scheduled to hang two weeks from tomorrow.

Wales Wallace and Osce Bird were among the visitors to Shelby Springs Thursday night

Sam'l Wallace was a visitor to Birmingham last Saturday, returning Sunday afternoon.

Miss Carolyn Rowe, who has been visiting Mrs. Belle Wade at Clanton, returned home last week.

Judge J. L. Peters visited with his children in Montevallo over last Sunday, returning Monday.

Will Weaver and wife, of Birmingham, are in the city visiting Mr. Weavers mother for a few days.

Miss Johnnie Barnett, after a visit with relatives in Birmingham, returned home last Wednesday.

E. A. Turner, of Calcis, was in town last Monday, and honored The Sentinel office with a call.

Another hard rain visited this section Monday, accompanied by considerable thunder and lightning.

James Evans, of Wilsonville, was in town Monday and Tuesday, and paid The Sentinel a pleasant call.

Chester Browne was in Anniston visiting the family of John K. Milner for a short time, returning Monday.

Miss Esther Mason, who has been visiting relatives at Talladega Springs, returned home last Saturday.

Attorney J. J. Haynes was in Calera Wednesday of last week prosecuting a case in Justice Whatley's court.

That was a next door neighbor to a cloudburst last Thursday night. The rain came down in buckets full.

Miss Lillie Mae Liles and Miss Julia Frazer have gone to Anniston for a short visit with relatives and friends.

Work has commenced on the new jail, and we are told it will be pushed as rapidly as possible until completed.

Mrs. F. M. Hardman and daughter, Francis Elizabeth, of Bessemer, are visiting with Mrs. J. W. Harrell for a short time.

Miss Hattie Harrell, Emmett Harrell and Harris Scharber, of Birmingham, are visiting at the home of W. A. Thompson.

Miss Lottie Glazener, of New Orleans, visited last Friday and Saturday in Columbiana with Mr. and Mrs. J. T. McMillan.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Davis and Mrs. M. E. Parker are among the Columbiana sightseers at the World's Fair this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Mason will resume house keeping in their pretty little home on West College street on September 1st.

Misses Edna and Pernie Hallmark, who have been visiting relatives and friends at Shelby and Sylacauga, returned home last week.

A fine Lyceum Course has been arranged for Columbiana for the coming winter. The attractions are among the best to be had.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Erlick, Mrs. J. Stanfield and Master Milo Stanfield spent Wednesday at Shelby Springs with relatives and friends.

We will appreciate your job work. Good stock, good work and at fair prices. Satisfaction guaranteed, or don't take the work.

Rev. G. T. Harris returned from Oxford last Friday, after a short stay with his wife and children who are visiting at that place.

Miss Lucile Wilkinson, one of Montevallo's many pretty girls, was in the city for a short time last Saturday. She is a guest at Shelby Springs

J. F. Allen and R. W. Allen, the meat men of Montevallo, were in town Thursday of last week, on matters pertaining to their business.

A. G. Elkins, a prominent merchant of Demopolis, was in town last Friday. He was looking for a place in which to open up another store.

Mrs. Preston Frazer and daughter, Miss Julia Blair Frazer, and Mrs. Davidson, of Prattville, are in the city guests of Mrs. Alex Liles.

Sickness has been at the home of Joe P. Roberts for the past few days, but we are glad to learn that the afflicted ones are about well again.

During the absence of Mr. Lefkovits in New York, Prof. Dowell will assist the store force in the establishment of the Columbiana Mercantile Company.

Clarence Smith, who is now in the employ of J. F. Pope at Wilsonville, was down Sunday for a few hours. Clarence ordered The Sentinel sent to his address.

There were nine big loads of watermelons in town last Saturday. The sight was enough to make one wonder if there were so many melons in all the whole world.

Hosea Pearson, Justice of the Peace in Beat 2, was in town last Saturday to attend the election of four school trustees for the public schools of Shelby county.

Mrs. Gordon Dubose and children, of Ensley, are in the city for a visit with relatives. Mrs. DuBose has many friends in Columbiana all of whom are glad to see her.

R. G. Weldon, of the firm of Weldon & Co., Wilsonville, was in town Tuesday attending court, and while here called at The Sentinel office and renewed his subscription.

Major John W. Bolin, a prominent farmer of near Wilsonville, was in town Monday. He reports crops in his section as looking fine, but that there has been too much rain.

Robert O'Hara, after a visit of a week with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. C. W. O'Hara, returned to Birmingham Sunday to resume his duties as mail agent on the Central of Ga.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Erlick entertained last Sunday their aunt, Mrs. S. Meyer, and their cousin, Prof. Marcus Meyer, of Bessemer, who are sojourning for a time at Shelby Springs.

The Shelby Springs and Kingdom baseball teams crossed bats on the Columbiana diamond last Saturday, and the game resulted in a victory for Shelby Springs by a score of 19 to 10.

Columbiana was full of farmers last Saturday, and all with whom we talked say the out look for a good crop of everything that grows in the field is the best it has been for several years.

Mrs. L. N. Bowdon, of Calera, has been in the city for a week past called here by the serious illness of her brother, Master Paul Wilson. There is but little improvement in his condition.

Mrs. Sam'l Goldberg, of Talladega, who has been in the city for the past ten days visiting her sister, Mrs. Max Lefkovits, and brothers Messrs. Friedberger, returned to her home last Sunday.

J. H. Cross and daughter, and Miss Allen, of Shelby, were pleasant callers at The Sentinel office on Wednesday of last week. Miss Cross will attend the Girls' School at Montevallo again this year.

Miss Gertrude Roberts, of Birmingham, is in the city visiting relatives for a while. Miss Roberts will probably go to Boston this winter and take a post graduate course in some school of expression.

Dobson & Bynum, the Montgomery contractors who are to build the new jail, commenced operations in earnest last Monday morning. Mr. Bynum was a pleasant caller on The Sentinel last Saturday, and left an order with us for some job work.

Lost.—One day last week, a gold medal, upon which is the word "Scholarship." It is the property of Miss Mariana McGraw, and was won by Miss McGraw at school, and it is prized very highly. Finder will confer a favor by returning to Mrs. J. S. Pitts.

Eddie Barnett, the youngest telegraph operator on the Southern Railway, has charge of Agent Davis' work during that gentleman's absence at the World's Fair. Eddie is but fifteen years old, but is classed among first class agents when it comes to railroad work.

Miss Rosser Christian is camping with a party of friends at Sulphur Springs, near Jacksonville, after which she will go to White Plains to visit Miss Amy Scarbrough, and from there to Oxford to visit Miss Lena Christian. Miss Rosser will be gone for several weeks.

Master Joe Peters, of Montevallo, is in the city this week visiting his father, Judge J. L. Peters. Joe was an employe of The Sentinel for several months while we were in Montevallo, and is a young lad of whom his father has every reason to be proud. He came to see us Monday.

Rolla Carter returned to Marion last Saturday, after a pleasant visit with his mother in Shelby, and with friends here for the past two weeks. He is an employe of the Marion Standard, and thinks he is working for the best man on earth. We are free to say that Senator Greer is one of the most whole-souled men we ever knew.

Max Lefkovits, of the Columbiana Mercantile Co., left last Sunday morning for New York to buy the fall and winter stock for his firm. He informs The Sentinel that he expects to buy the largest stock ever brought to this section of the country. Mr. Lefkovits expects to be gone for several weeks, and will return by way of St. Louis and take a peep at the big Fair.

C. A. Killough, of Anniston, and Geo. W. Morgan, of Montevallo, were in Talladega yesterday looking over the field, contemplating going into the general merchandise business. Mr. Killough says he'd rather live in Talladega than any place on earth and wants to go in business here.—Talladega Mountain Home.

J. H. Abercrombie, of Woodlawn, has purchase the lot adjoining the Latham Drug Co. from J. R. White, and the next one to it from T. F. Atkison and will begin at once the erection of a brick building 40x90 feet. When finished Mr. Abercrombie will put in a stock of general merchandise. He hopes to be ready for business by the first of October.

F. E. Resler, of Birmingham, traveling land and industrial agent of the Southern Railway of this section of the State, was in town Monday of this week, and The Sentinel received a very pleasant call from him. Mr. Resler was here for the purpose of securing data about Columbiana for an article soon to appear in the Southern Field, the official organ of the Southern Railway.

Shelby county parentss can find no better school for their children than is found here in Columbiana. Tuition is free to any child in Shelby county, and board can be had at a very reasonable rate. Write to Mayor Browne or Prof. Dowell for any information regarding the school. It is time to be thinking about it. The Columbiana school opens on October 3rd, for the session of 1904-5.

In this issue will be found the advertisement of Gordon, the Tailor, who is putting his goods on the shelves this week, and will be ready for business next Saturday. Mr. Gordon will carry a complete line of gents' furnishing goods, and is prepared to furnish tailor made suits for both ladies and gentlemen on short notice. He guarantees his work to be first class, and his goods of the best grades. He invites your patronage.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott informs The Sentinel that he will remove to Tuscaloosa some time next month. With the exception of five months at Piedmont, Rev. W. I. Sinnott has been pastor of the Presbyterian church in this city for the past fifteen years, and in all those years has not missed a half dozen Sundays holding services in the church here on the first Sunday in each month. We doubt if there is a minister in Alabama can beat the record of Rev. Mr. Sinnott in the regularity of his services and constancy to his church and people here. All of Columbiana people will regret when he leaves here; he is a noble man; a good man, and one whom every person knowing him is better for having known him. His mother and the Misses Sinnott go with him, and they carry with them the best wishes of all our people.

School Trustees.

At an election held in this city last Saturday, Prof. C. H. Florey, of Harpersville, J. E. Ruffin, of Helena, W. S. McEwen, of Wilsonville, and H. W. Harrison, of Dogwood, were elected a board of trustees, who, together with the County Superintendent, will have charge of the public schools of Shelby county.

New Church Bell.

The new bell for the Methodist church arrived this week and is being placed in position. Including the frame it weighs seven hundred pounds.

This bell takes the place of the old one which has been on the church for the past forty-seven years, but which was cracked some time ago while being tolled for a funeral. The bell is thirty-four inches in diameter—ten inches larger than the old one.

Central Hotel sold.

T. S. Millsap, of Pell City, was in town last Friday and Saturday, and while here he purchased the Central Hotel property from Mrs. Weaver.

Mr. Millsap paid The Sentinel a pleasant call Saturday, and says he intends to refurnish and refit the hotel throughout, and make it a place of real comfort to patrons. He is an old hotel man, and is the owner of two other hotels.

Mr. Millsap has four daughters, and he gives as his reason for coming to Columbiana—a desire to school his girls. He says the Columbiana public school has the reputation of being one or the best public schools in the State of Alabama. He expects to take charge of the hotel on the first of September.

Wedding at Vincent.

Written for The Sentinel.

The marriage of Mr. Charles Von Trost, of San Antonio, Texas, and Miss Lulie Elliott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Elliott, of this place, last Wednesday evening at the Baptist church, was one of the most beautiful social affair that has ever been the writer's pleasure to witness.

The decorations wer artistic in design, profuse and rich, and were indicative of Parthenia's description of true love to the bandit king.

At an early hour an eager throng began to assemble, and long before the bridal party arrived the spacious house of God was filled with friends and who had come to see their school mate and life long associate given in marriage to the man of her choice. At 8:30 the bridal party arrived and the organ, under the skillful touch of Mrs. W. T. Kidd, pealed forth the wedding march, and to its measured time they marched slowly down the aisle. The happy twain, whose lives were now to be joined, paused before the flower decked altar where their pastor arose and in a voice well modulated to the gravity of the occasion, spoke the beautiful words that welded the life-links that bound them until "death do us part."

The attendants were Mr. G. C. Pitts and Miss Haynes, Jas. M. Kidd and Miss Annie Kidd, Dr. J. Harris and Miss Annie M. Kidd, Oscar McGraw and Miss Mary Kidd, Frank Nichols and Miss Ella Elliott. The bridesmaids were the picture of loveliness. The gentlemen were in full dress and presented a handsome appearance. After the ceremony the bridal cortege was driven to the home of the bride's parents where congratulations were extended and a reception tendered.

The bride is a young lady of amiable disposition, and is possessed of many of those graces which fit her for a help-meet indeed.

The groom is one of Childersburg's most highly respected young business men, being the trusted and efficient book-keeper for the well known firm of J. A. Nichols & Co., and comes from his native state with the highest recommendations.

We extend our sincere congratulations and wishes for their future happiness, and hope for them all the joys that so auspicious a union indicates. May the roses bloom ever in their pathway, and by its side flow the crystal waters of pure and holy love.

Tex.

Oce Bird made a trip to Talladega Monday.

Miss Janie Wallace, of Klein, is in the city a guest of her sister, Mrs. W. A. Parker.

Mrs. Lelia Cowlin, of Montgomery, is in the city visiting her parents, W. G. Parker and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bird, of Birmingham, are in the city visiting the parents of Mrs. Bird, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Nelson.

MONTEVALLO.

Miss Maggie Jemison is visiting with Mrs. E. T. Peters.

Mrs. Mary C. Davis is with friends in the community for a while.

Jovial Ben J. Large is shaking hands with his many friends here this week.

No. 2 baseball team went to Maylene, Saturday, and gained a notable victory. The score being 7 to 1.

Mrs. S. A. Woodward and daughter, Miss Maude, are visiting Montevallo, en route to points in Georgia.

Geo. R. Moore is building some neat cottages at Wilton, Montevallo's attractive and progressive suburb.

Mrs J. D. Farrington has purchased S. E. Bobo's house and lot and will occupy it as her home after September first.

Rev. J. S. DeLoach, of Oneonta, whose boyhood home was in Montevallo, was here last week, reveling in old memories.

Mechanics are all busy with various improvements about town, and it is impossible to find artisans to do odd jobs.

W. C. Cross, a brother to A. M. Cross, who has been absent many years in the West, and for some time supposed to be dead, is now visiting his relatives here and in the upper Cahaba Valley.

A party consisting of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Reynolds and Miss Alice Fellows; Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Rogan, Miss Katy Reynolds and L. N. Nabors left Monday, for the St. Louis exposition. Mrs. G. W. Shriner and Miss Mamie Meroney will also go this week.

Miss Lizzie Winston, stenographer for the Industrial School, who has been absent during vacation, has reported for duty. There is a general air of getting-ready-for-business about the school building. The problem now troubling Secretary Moore, is where to put all the girls who are applying.

The summer has been well employed at the Industrial School, making additions and improvements. The chapel has been enlarged and rearranged and new rooms built, while in the dormitory a water power elevator is being installed. The grounds are being terraced and sodded.

Election of County Trustees.

The chairmen of the Board of Trustees of the various school districts for the county of Shelby, met at the court house, in Columbiana, Saturday, August 13 1904, in answer to the call of Supt. John B. Farrell, as prescribed by law.

The county superintendent called the meeting to order at 10:30 o'clock a. m., stating the object of the meeting, it being to elect a county board of education. After reading the law authorizing such election and explaining the duties of the board to be elected, he admonished the people not to be influenced by any personal or political preferment, but that they should take into consideration the common good of the cause of education to be subserved by said board. John B. Farrell acting chairman, appointed A. D. Miller secretary of the meeting.

On motion of C. C. Seale, which was duly seconded and carried, it was resolved; That a representative from each Commissioner's District be elected to membership on this board, and that the districts be taken up separately for nominations and election.

Resolved urther: That when more than one name be put in nomination the vote be cast by ballot.

The chairman declared the meeting open for nominations:

District No. 1 was taken up and nominations made as follows: W. S. McEwen was nominated by C. M. Williams, Irwin Wingard by J. P. Harkins, G. H. Averyt by J. W. Garris, and W. E. Riddle by W. A. Lyons.

Messrs. Lucas and Harkins were appointed tellers, and after having taken up the ballot, W. S. McEwen, receiving a plurality vote, was declared duly elected.

District No 1 was taken up and nominations called for, resulting in the nomination of J. E. Ruffin by J. W. Ray and J. McAllen by W. H. Sturdivant. J. E. Ruffin having received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared duly elected.

On going into District No. 3, H. W. Harrison was nominated by N. T. Lucas and S. W. Ellenberg by R. M. Payne. H. W. Harrison received a majority of votes, was declared duly elected.

District No. 4 was then taken up and C. H. Florey's name was put in nomination by B. D. Miller. On motion nominations were closed, and on motion of B. D. Miller, the said C. H. Florey was elected by acclamation.

There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned.

B. D. Miller, Secretary.
Jno. B. Farrell, Chairm'n.

WILSONVILLE.

Solon Hughes, of Shrevesport, La., is visiting his father here.

Ugo Black, of Lineville, is visiting his brother, Dr. O. E. Black.

E. L. Ray and two daughters, Misses Mamie and Bessie, of Lewis, visited friends here last Sunday.

Miss Olive Densler returned Sunday from Cincinnati, O., where she has been studying music.

Misses Grace and Blanche Evans, of Longview, are visiting relatives here.

A. G. Weldon and family, of Shelby, visited relatives here Sunday.

The Misses Williams, of Vincent, are visiting relatives in town.

Mrs. Iris Taylor and two little daughters, Gladys and Jewel, are visiting relatives at Anniston and Boaz.

A party composed of J. F. Pope, Miss Sallie Elom, J. C. Jackson, and Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Jackson left Monday for a visit to the Worlds Fair at St. Louis.

Quite a little sensation was created in our town last week when it was announced that L. C. Callahan, prescription clerk at Black & Weldon's drug store, and Emma Weldon, the pretty 16-year-old daughter of J. H. Weldon, had eloped. They drove to Childersburg, there took the train for Rome, Ga., where they were married. They are spending a few days with the groom's father, after which they will return to this place. They have many friends here who wish them many joys and few troubles through life.

Clarence Smith is now behind the counters at J. F. Pope's.

Capt. J. W. Johnston, of your city was in town Monday.

Honest John.

HARPERSVILLE.

Cotton is shedding.

J. B. Burks is repairing his gin outfit.

The Methodist church received four new members Sunday.

Webb Martin, of Louisiana, visited his father's family last week.

Quarterly meeting was held at the Methodist church Saturday and Sunday, and Rev. Branscomb's sermon on Sunday was as good as we ever listened to.

Misses Della Thompson and Stella Posey left Tuesday to visit relatives in Collinsville, Texas, and in the Indian Territory, and will be gone several weeks.

Our cemetery has been cleaned off very nicely, and our people have shown by their acts that they have not forgotten their dead. Thanks to you, kind people, for responding so manly to our call.

Prof. V. T. Buchhill, of Lineville, [illegible] been elected Principal of our school, and has accepted. The school will begin the first Monday in October. Talk up the school. Have your chidren ready and let us make this one of the best schools in the history of Harpersville.

The Baptist meeting closed Saturday with six accessions—four by baptism and two by letter. Rev. J. C. Bentley, of Sylacauga, did the preaching, and it has been a long time since our people were favored with such a series of sermons as this man of God delivered. Long may he live to contend for the faith once delivered unto the saints.

Messrs. E. V. Caldwell, T. H. Borum, B. B. Posey, C. H. Florey and J. R. Bird have been elected delegates from the Baptist church here to the Coosa River Association which will convene with the Coosa Valley church near Cropwell, in St. Clair county, on Thursday before the third Sunday in September.

John Prescott, of Verbena, who attended the school here last season and has been spending the summer here, left for his home last Saturday, carrying the wishes of many friends for his future success. He expects to enter Howard College this fall and prepare himself for the ministry.

JAKE.

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J. W. Johnston.

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STATEMENT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS July 6th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$51,294.71	Capital paid in	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures	7,000.00	Deposits	26,013.58
Other Real Estate	3,000.00	Rediscounts	18,244.98
Cash and with other Banks	13,710.30	Undivided profits	2,036.14
	$61,294.71		$61,294.71

W. B. Browne, Pres. W. L. Farley, Cash. Miss E. E. Roberts Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of July, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

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FRANCES M. PETERSON, President

NOTIFICATION SPEECH

Delivered by the Hon. Champ Clark, of Missouri, at the Home of Judge Parker.

A CHARACTERISTIC ADDRESS

Interspersed With His Witticisms. Committee's Letter to the Nominee.

Esopus, N. Y., Aug. 10.—In notifying Judge Parker of his nomination for the presidency, Hon. Champ Clark, of Missouri, was spokesman for the notification committee.

Mr. Clark said:

Judge Parker—The most momentous political performance known among men is the quadrennial election of an American President. The supreme executive power of 80,000,000 free people changes hands with simplest ceremony and most perfect order. While the contest for votes is waged with earnestness and enthusiasm—sometimes with much heat and with bitterness—the ready acceptance of the result by the defeated is the surest augury of the perpetuity of our institutions.

Presidents come and Presidents go; but the great republic—freighted with the hopes of the human race for liberty—goes on forever.

All history proves that a government bottomed on popular suffrage is a government by party. Experience shows that he serves his party best who serves his country best. The names most fondly cherished are those of men who unselfishly devoted their time, their energies, their talent, their fortunes and their lives to the promotion of the public weal. Stronger incentive to high and patriotic endeavor no man hath than to stand through all the ages in that goodly company.

Out of the masterly debates and profound deliberations at the St. Louis convention emerged a reunited party, which goes forth conquering and to conquer. The flower of the democracy assembled there to consult on the state of the country and to take measures for restoring the government to the principles enunciated by the Fathers, from which it has drifted far in these latter days.

Every phase of the democratic opinion was represented and advocated by brave, honest and able champions in that great conclave of free and patriotic men. The St. Louis convention carried out on cut-and-dried program. its delegates were not mere automatons or marionettes, moving and talking when the strings were pulled by one man. Speech and action were absolutely free, and the great debates which took place there will constitute part of the permanent political literature of the country. No effort was made to gag or bridle any one. If a delegate had a pet idea which he wished to exploit, he was given an adequate and respectful hearing before either the platform committee or the entire convention. Every man had his say. To none was opportunity denied. Out of it all there grew such unity as encourages lovers of liberty and of pure government everywhere.

We enter this campaign with the strength which grows out of the union of a mighty party; with the enthusiasm born of truth; with the courage that emanates from a righteous cause; with the confidence befitting men animated by noble purposes and lofty patroitism.

Democratic principles are grounded in eternal truth. As formulated by the father of democracy, they are not for a day, but for all time, and are as applicable at this hour as when he proclaimed them in his first inaugural address, which has become a classic.

The necessity for putting them into practice is as pressing now as it was then. To once more make them the basis of our political action is the pleasant but arduous task assigned you by the democracy of the land.

To serve the whole American people, without discrimination, faithfully and well; to distribute the blessings of the federal government impartially to all our citizens; to lighten the burdens of government by reducing taxation to the minimum and by rigid economy in the public service; to administer the powers conferred by the constitution justly, wisely, fearlessly, vigorously and patriotically, without diminution or usurpation; to maintain freedom of thought, freedom of speech and freedom of the press; to promote the sacred cause of human freedom everywhere by the wholesomeness of our example; to vindicate and glorify the theory and the practice of representative government; to secure its blessings to our posterity for all time—these always have been, are, and forever must be the aims and purposes of democrats.

These aims and purposes of the democracy have been carefully, clearly and comprehensively set forth in the declaration of principles which was unanimously reported to the St. Louis convention in July last by the platform committee after more than sixteen hours spent in its consideration, in which every great live issue is frankly, boldly and fully discussed, and which was unanimously and enthusiastically adopted by the convention, composed of delegates from every constituency under our flag.

There was a splendid array of Presidential candidates before the St. Louis convention supported by loyal friends and ardent admirers. An unusually large number of men were placed in nomination for the greatly coveted honor.

You were chosen with such enthusiasm as foretells success. Having, on the only ballot, received the two thirds majority, indispensable by democratic usage, your nomination was made unanimous with the heartiest approval of all your illustrious competitors. "Absolute acquiescense in the decisions of the majority, the vital principle of republics" has ever been a cardinal tenet of democracy, and the signs of the times indicate that you will be supported at the polls by the democratic hosts with the same unanimity with which you were nominated.

The hope is not too extravagant for entertainment that in this campaign our candidates will have the support, not only of every democrat in the land, but also of every voter by whatever political name called who believes that the constitution of the United States is

HON. CHAMP CLARK OF MISSOURI

a living reality and that it is binding equally on high and low, great and small, public official and private citizen. They will also be supported, let us hope, by all men, without regard to political affiliations, who favor maintaining the lines of demarcation between the legislative, judicial and executive departments of the government, the separation of which has been generally conceded to be the wisest, most salutary and most difficult achievement of the masterful statesmen who framed the constitution. It is believed and hoped that, when President, you will use every legitimate influence at your command to restore and preserve the just and healthful equilibrium among the departments established by the constitution.

The most marked characteristics of the bulk of the American people are reverence for the constitution and obedience to law.

Your long and conspicuous career as a jurist in one of the highest courts in the world—the period which you have spent in expounding constitutions and statutes—causes your countrymen to believe that into that more exalted position to which they are about to call you, you will carry with you that profound respect for the constitution and the law which with you has become a confirmed mental habit and upon which depends the perpetuity of our system of government—the best ever devised by the wit of man—a system whose beneficent results have made us the most puissant nation on the whole face of the earth.

To preserve in its integrity and its full vigor this system which was bought with a great price is the grand mission of the democratic party whose head you have become.

Into your hands the great historic party of constitutional government has committed its standard with abiding faith in your courage, your integrity, your honor, your capacity and your patriotism, believing that under your leadership we will achieve a signal victory; hoping that your administration will be such a fortunate, such a happy epoch in our annals as to mark the beginning of a long era of democratic ascendency and that you will so discharge the duties of your high office as to rank in history with the greatest and best-beloved of American presidents.

The convention, according to democratic custom, appointed a committee—of which it did me the honor to make me chairman for which I am deeply grateful—to convey to you official information of your selection as the democratic nominee for president of the United States.

Speaking for the committee, with pleasure, I hand you this formal notification of your nomination together with a copy of the platform unanimously adopted by the convention. In its name and by its authority, I have the honor to request you to accept the nomination unanimously bestowed.

May the nomination find fruition in election. May the God of our Fathers guide, protect and bless you both as a candidate and as the chief magistrate of the republic.

At the conclusion of his speech, Mr. Clark handed Judge Parker the following:

Esopus, N. Y., Aug. 10, 1904.

"To the Hon. Alton B. Parker:

"Sir:—As the regularly appointed and duly accredited committee of the national convention of the democratic party, held at the city of St. Louis, Mo., on the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th days of July, 1904, we, the undersigned, have the honor, and it is our pleasure to convey to you as we now do, the official announcement of your unanimous nomination by that great and historic body of the people, as its candidate for the exalted office for the president of the United States, at the election to be held on November 8, 1904, a nomination manifestly wise and appropriate that already the country has indicated its approval of it, and the most convincing auguries are rapidly increasing of its formal endorsement by the American people.

"In requesting your acceptance of this nomination, we are, with assurances of our high esteem and sincerest good wishes.

"Yours respectfully,
CHAMP CLARK, of Misouri,
Chairman."

It was also signed by all other members of the notification committee.

COMPLETING MUSTER ROLL.

Of Confederate Soldiers—Camps Have Greatly Added to Information.

As is known, the United States war department is engaged in the effort to compile complete rosters of the troops from the several states in the union and confederate armies. This work was undertaken more than a year ago under an act of congress of February 25, 1903, as follows:

"That under the direction of the secretary of war the chief of the record and pension office shall compile, from such official records as are in the possession of the United States and from such other authentic records as may be obtained by loan from the various states and other official sources, a complete roster of the officers and enlisted men of the union and confederate armies."

In Alabama the task of collecting the data necessary for this roster has been committed to the department of archives and history. Director Thos. M. Owen has made extensive inquiries by personal appeal, by correspondence and through the press, and has had very general co-operation.

Building Houses.

It is announced that the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company will build a number of houses for their employes at No. 4 and No. 5 mines, Pratt division. These mines are in the vicinity of Wylam and Ensley, and the miners have been carried to their work from their homes and again on a train operated by the Birmingham Southern and paid for by the company. It is claimed that the building of the houses near the mines will obviate the running of this train and be a saving to the Tennessee company of something like $20,000 per annum.

The building of houses at the mines will be of injury to Pratt City, and as many of the miners own their homes at Pratt City, it will have considerable effect on them. However, President Bacon states that it is a business proposition and the idea mentioned will be carried out.

The Panama canal was practically begun in 1883 by the French company. They had completed about two-fifths of the length, when, because of fraudulent management, the company failed, and the work ceased in 1889.

Disobeyed Orders.

Friday night two freight trains on the Atlantic Coast Line met in a head-on collision at Elba Junction.

The trains were a local, east-bound, and a through passenger, west-bound. The wreck was caused by disregard of orders by the local engineer, who ran by the meeting point. The engines were locked tightly together, and Engineer McLaughlin was killed. A fireman and two brakemen were bruised.

Burned to Death.

Charles Pitts, a well-to-do colored farmer of DeKalb county, Georgia, with his wife, attended a meeting and before leaving home locked all their children, ranging from 2 to 10 years of age, in the cabin for safe keeping.

Some time during their absence a lamp, left burning, is supposed to have been knocked off, causing an explosion which set the house on fire, and caused the burning alive of the four children, who were powerless to escape.

Little Girl's Lucky Find.

While at an open air bazaar and fete in the Estrella gardens recently, the queen dowager of Portugal lost a gold bracelet set with diamonds, which she greatly prized as the gift of the late King Luiz on their wedding day. A close search of the grounds for the missing ornament met with no success.

It was found by a little girl who will now receive royal attention.

James McLaughlin, president of the Merchants' National bank of Nashville, Tenn., died after a protracted illness. Mr. McLaughlin was 70 years of age, and a native of Ireland.

There will be five twin locks of concrete masonry in the Panama canal, each lock 738 feet long and 82 feet wide, with a lifting capacity of 30 to 32 feet.

On August 1st there were 164 coke stacks in operation as against 188 one month before.

THE AFRICAN SPIDER TREE.

Extraordinary Plant Which Grows One Foot High in a Century.

One of the most curious plants in the world is one described by travelers recently returned from the Cape Negro colony, a little known region of Africa, and called the spider plant, says the Chicago Chronicle. These travelers often heard from the natives of a plant that was part spider, and that, growing, threw its legs about in continual struggles to escape. It was the good fortune of Dr. Welwitsch to discover the origin of the legend. Strolling along through a wind swept tableland country, he came upon a plant that rested low upon the ground, but had two enormous leaves that had twisted about it in the wind like serpents; in fact, it looked as the natives had said, like a gigantic spider.

Its stem was four feet across and but a foot high. It had but two leaves in reality, that were six or eight feet long, and split up by the wind, so that they resembled ribbons. This is probably the most extraordinary tree known. It grows for nearly, if not quite, a century, but never upward beyond a foot, simply expanding until it reaches the diameter given, looking in its adult state like a singular stool on the plain from ten to eighteen feet in circumference.

When the wind came rushing in from the sea, lifting the curious ribbon like leaves and tossing them about, it almost seemed to the discoverer that the strange plant had suddenly become imbued with life and was struggling to escape. When a description and picture of the plant were sent to England it was, like many other discoveries, discredited, but soon the plant itself was received, and now Welwitschia mirabilis is well known to botanists.

Level Best an Unworthy Aim.

Only by getting above our usual level can we make the progress we ought. The man who merely maintains the level to which his life has hitherto risen is, at the best, standing still—and that means falling behind. "I did my level best" is not enough. Our average ought to be constantly higher, and an average is never raised by being merely equaled. Only by beating our average can we raise our average. "Better than my best" is a worthier standard than "my level best."

Two Interesting Inscriptions.

In Russia, beside an old highway, is a bronze tablet bearing this inscription: "Napoleon Bonaparte passed eastward along this road in 1812 with an army of more than 600,000 men." And beside another road only a few miles distant is another tablet, on which these words are inscribed: "Napoleon Bonaparte passed westward along this road in 1813 with an army of less than 200,000 men." That's all.

Tame Reindeer.

The range of the tame reindeer has been widely extended in northern Asia by the tribes that number him among their valuable assets; and now he is in process of being widely introduced into Alaska. Civilization, therefore, has done much to extend the habitat of this animal to the South, but the domesticated reindeer has not been introduced into most of the great regions of the Arctic, where the wild animal roams at will.

A Business Term.

"Now, this is an old antique," explained the dealer.

The professor took off his glasses, smiled quizzically, and glancing at his wife to see if she was listening, said, "My dear man, that is tautological. If it is an antique, it must be old."

"In the dictionary, yes," conceded the dealer. "But we carry three grades—antiques, new antiques and old antiques."—Woman's Home Companion.

Washington's Wheat Crop.

The wheat farmers of Eastern Washington expect to harvest a crop of 30,000,000 bushels this season. They planted a larger area than ever before, and have a favorable season. Much of the harvesting is performed by modern machines, which head the grain and thresh it at the same time. Five men and thirty horses harvest twenty acres a day.

The Farmer With an Umbrella.

A farmer in Indiana rode up to the village store on a bright spring day. As he dismounted it was noticed by the crowd that he carried an umbrella, and after much fun was made over it he said: "Any fool knows enough to carry an umbrella when it's raining, but it takes a smart man to go prepared."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Killed by the Lights.

Seth Sinnot, of Saco, Me., found upon entering his parlor recently that the two lower lights in his window, which were sixteen by thirty-two, were broken in fragments. A dead partridge lay under the window. It is supposed that the bird hit the sash when flying at great speed and was killed by the shock.

Gypsies on their first appearance in England, about the beginning of the sixteenth century, were mistaken for Egyptians and so called by men of education, but the common people, finding some difficulty in mastering the name, rendered it "gypsies," and so the wandering people have ever since been called.

Owners of vicious dogs in Dresden have been informed by the postoffice that unless they remove them at once there will be no further deliveries of letters. This is done to save the cost of the leather leggings which the government had to provide for the postmen.

Westchester, Pa., boasts a Quaker who has spent $60,000 erecting gravestones to relatives and historic characters. Twelve monuments have been erected by him.

In order to preserve the features of those who have died it is proposed by a Russian to embalm corpses by casting around them a solid mass of glass.

Sheriff Injured.

While returning from a drive to Section Ferry, Jackson county, Sheriff D. O. Austin's team became frightened, caused by the breast yoke breaking, and ran away, throwing the sheriff out and dragging him under the carriage for several hundred yards.

Mr. Austin had his left arm broken in two places.

Dr. Adolph Lemaitre, a native of Madagascar, but a resident of the United States for many years, is in Meridian, for the purpose of conducting experiments to produce black cotton on the stalk by treating the roots of the plants with chemicals.

Word has been received that Prince Henry, of Prussia, his wife and eldest son will leave Germany in two weeks for a tour of the United States. The prince is coming in state and will be entertained in the most lavish manner during his stay.

ACHED IN EVERY BONE.

Chicago Society Woman, Who Was So Sick She Could Not Sleep or Eat, Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills.

Marion Knight, of 33 N. Ashland Ave., Chicago, Orator of the West Side Wednesday Club, says: "This winter when I started to use Doan's Kidney Pills I ached in every bone and had intense pains in the kidneys and pelvic organs. The urine was thick and cloudy, and I could barely eat enough to live. I felt a change for the better within a week. The second week I began eating heartily. I began to improve generally, and before seven weeks had passed I was well. I had spent hundreds of dollars for medicine that did not help me, but $6 worth of Doan's Kidney Pills restored me to perfect health."

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cts.

The world's best timekeeper is said to be the electric clock in the basement of the Berlin observatory, which was installed in 1865. It is encased in an airtight glass cylinder, and has frequently run for periods of two or three months with an average daily deviation of only 15-1,000 of a second. Yet astronomers are not satisfied even with this, and efforts are continually made to secure ideal conditions for a clock by keeping it not only in an airtight case, but in an underground vault where neither changes of temperature nor of barometric pressure shall ever affect it.

The most extraordinary pearl—or, rather, cluster of pearls—known as "the Southern Cross," is owned by a syndicate of Australians, who value it at $500,000. So far as is known, it occupies an absolutely unique position. It consists of nine pearls naturally grown together in so regular a manner as to form a perfect Latin cross.

Of the eight taverns in Bennington, Vt., that entertained man and beast prior to and after the revolution only one, what was known as Harmon tavern, is now standing. This was built about 1769 by Daniel Harmon, and for nearly a century it was kept by himself or some of his descendants. For fifty years it has not been occupied except as a storehouse. It was in this house that Gen. John Stark took his breakfast the morning of the battle of Bennington.

The Cherokee Advocate is one of the oldest and most remarkable newspapers in the United States. It is the official organ of the Cherokee nation, and is published at Tahlequah at the nation's expense. It is a weekly, half of which is printed in the Cherokee language. It is strictly non-partisan and forbidden by law to deal in politics. Its purpose is to perpetuate the Cherokee language.

Until forty years ago an English book was practically unknown in Japan. The only foreign literature studied was the Chinese, and the first language to be taught in the schools was the Dutch. Now, while English is the most common among the people and is studied by all high school pupils, German and French are favored generally by scholars and physicians.

In the employ of the United States in 1903 were 271,188 persons. Of these 25,810 hold positions in Washington. The total includes all who draw pay from the national government excepting elected officers. About one-half the number, 134,549, obtained their appointments under competitive conditions.

One hundred and fifty jinrikishas are in use at the world's fair to carry visitors over the grounds. They are propelled by native Japanese jampanis.

Peterborough cathedral has the oldest working clock in England. It was erected about 1320.

The most valued knife in the world is large enough to fit the pocket of a giant and contains seventy-five blades. Each of the larger blades is elaborately engraved. The hafts are of mother-of-pearl and carved. The knife is valued at $5,000.

That students of ancient and modern Spanish literature may take advantage of his exhaustive collection, Archer Huntington, son of the late Collis P. Huntington, will erect and endow an institution for the purpose in Audubon park.

A guillotine has been set up in the market place at Gothenberg, Sweden, and is in daily use killing poultry.

The Doctor Was Out.

She was a maid who had been with the doctor for years, and the habitual expressions of those years could not be easily laid aside.

When the doctor died she remained at the house. An old friend of the doctor, who had been abroad and had not heard of his death, called and was admitted.

"I would like to see Dr. H.," he said.

"I'm sorry," said the maid, "but the doctor is dead!"

Stricken by this dread intelligence, the visitor sat silent for some minutes.

After waiting some time the maid ventured timidly:

"Will you—will you—wait?"—Lippincott's.

Pure Food Demanded.

Uncle Sam is very particular to prevent, so far as it is possible, the importation of any food stuffs containing injurious ingredients. This is excellent work, indeed, but if home products should be submitted to the same careful scrutiny given foreign products the work would be even better. Adulteration prevails in almost every line of food products, and it does not meet the complaint to declare that the consumers never know the difference. Pure food is demanded and it should be made possible.—Wilmington, Del., News.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The most widely known English writer in Japan is Carlyle.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

License is paid in London on 7000 automobiles.

There were produced last year 100,461,337 barrels of petroleum.

It is not so much what you pay for, but what you get that needs close attention when buying funeral supplies, and so strongly impressed with this fact are those who know what they are doing that they insist on laying their friends away in "NATIONAL" caskets.

The waste by fire during the twenty-five years ended December 31 last has averaged $130,000,000 a year.

SPECIAL LOW RATES via SOUTHERN RAILWAY to San Francisco, Cal., Los Angeles, Cal., and return, account Triennial Conclave Knights Templar. Sovereign Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., Sept, 1904. Less than the one way standard rate has been authorized for the round trip account of the above occasions. Tickets will be on sale from Aug. 15 to Sept. 9, inclusive, limited to Oct. 23 for return. Diverse routes may be secured on this trip if desired, also side trips at additional cost.

In Cleveland is treasured a book containing some of the schoolboy compositions of Marcus A. Hanna, Edward O. Wolcott, James K. Jones, John D. Rockefeller and his wife, who was Celestia Spelman.

SPECIAL LOW RATES via SOUTHERN RAILWAY to Summer tourist rates to all summer resorts, also to Colorado and Utah resorts. For detailed information regarding the above trips, rates, sleeping car reservations, schedules, etc., call on nearest Southern Railway agent or address

Alcoholism is extremely rare in the Italian army. In 1901, the latest for which figures are available, only twenty-five cases were admitted to the hospitals.

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A Household Remedy
Cures SCROFULA, ULCERS, SALT RHEUM, ECZEMA, every form of malignant SKIN ERUPTION, besides being efficacious in toning up the system and restoring the constitution, when impaired from any cause. It is a fine Tonic, and its almost supernatural healing properties justify us in guaranteeing a cure of all blood diseases, if directions are followed.
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Greater demand for our graduates than we can supply. Address, DR. GEO. F. PAYNE, Dean, 43 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

RIPANS TABULES are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in a single year. Constipation, heartburn, sick headache, dizziness, bad breath, sore throat and every illness arising from a disordered stomach are relieved or cured by Ripans Tabules. One will generally give relief within twenty minutes. The five cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion. All druggists sell them.

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Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP
GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

$20.00 TO $40.00 PER WEEK

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Circulars free. HERTEL, JENKINS & CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed
To cure, or money refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.

Miss M. Cartledge gives some helpful advice to young girls. Her letter is but one of thousands which prove that nothing is so helpful to young girls who are just arriving at the period of womanhood as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly, for it is the only medicine I ever tried which cured me. I suffered much from my first menstrual period, I felt so weak and dizzy at times I could not pursue my studies with the usual interest. My thoughts became sluggish, I had headaches, backaches and sinking spells, also pains in the back and lower limbs. In fact, I was sick all over.

"Finally, after many other remedies had been tried, we were advised to get Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am pleased to say that after taking it only two weeks, a wonderful change for the better took place, and in a short time I was in perfect health. I felt buoyant, full of life, and found all work a pastime. I am indeed glad to tell my experience with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for it made a different girl of me. Yours very truly, MISS M. CARTLEDGE, 533 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga." — $5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

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Send us your name and address. We want you to have a copy of this autobiography of the greatest living Negro for the purpose of introducing it in your community. It is a remarkable seller, big profit; agents are making from $4 to $10 per day. Will you introduce it by selling or getting us an agent? If so, send at once for a sample.
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PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., AUGUST 25, 1904. VOL. 29. NO. 52

NOVIK RUN DOWN

Beached and Abandoned on the Korean Coast. Latest News of the War.

FIGHTING AT PORT ARTHUR.

Action of United States Torpedo Boat Chauncey at Shanghai Criticized.

Japanese Loan.

The first detailed news of the general assault on Port Arthur indicates that a tremendous conflict is raging and that victory is hanging in the balance.

The Japanese have swept the Russians from Pigeon Bay and captured the northernmost fort of the western line of inner defenses at Port Arthur. The Russian artillery prevents the Japanese occupying the fort on Pigeon Bay.

The belief is increasing that the Japanese do not intend to make a direct attack on General Kuropatkin's position at Liao Yang. The movements of the Japanese and other information indicate that they will try to force an engagement in the vicinity of Mukden.

Shanghai was thrown into excitement by the arrival of a Japanese torpedo boat. She passed Woo Song at full speed and started up the river Ju for Shanghai. The United States torpedo boat destroyer Chauncey slipped her cable and followed the Japanese destroyer.

The Japanese boat was cleared for action. She anchored off the Cosmopolitan dock, where the Russian cruiser Askold is undergoing repairs. The Chauncey came to anchor practically between the dock and the Japanese destroyer.

The dock where the Askold lies is owned by British interests. On one side of this dock is German and Dutch property and on the other side American property. There are eight American, one German, two British and four French warships here.

The intervention of the American squadron at Shanghai, in the Japanese operations against the Russian cruiser Askold, created considerable surprise in official and diplomatic circles in London.

An official said: If the report is not untrue the American officer must have had good reason for his action, such as the protection of the American interests, which would have been endangered by flying shells. Whatever reason actuated the American commander, if he really did as reported, it is certain that no complications will follow.

An official dispatch from Vladivostock shows that every officer on the Rossia and Cromoboi was either killed or wounded. Rear Admiral Jessen narrowly escaped the fate of Admiral Withoft. He was standing on the bridge of the Rossia when it was wrecked by a shell. The two Russian cruisers were literally riddled, their guns and engines being partly dismantled. The escape of the Russian vessels from Admiral Kamimura's four armored cruisers is regarded as a wonderful piece of luck. It is presumed that the pursuers of the Russian ships did not dare go far north, fearing that some of the vessels of the Port Arthur squadron would break through the straits of Korea.

A dispatch to the Japanese legation from Tokio announces that a reply was received from the commander of the Russian forces at Port Arthur refusing either to surrender to the besieging force of Japanese or to send out the non-combatants.

William Martin, United States consul at Nankin, China, is quoted to the effect that immense bodies of Chinese troops are now drilling in the central portion of the kingdom under the direction of Japanese officers well versed in the art of modern warfare. The soldiers have been supplied with the mauser type of rifles and the most up-to-date machine guns obtainable are now being purchased for their use.

Referring to the issue of a new loan in the form of state notes amounting to $50,000,000, the realization of which it says is already provided for, a Russian paper points out that the official return issued May 13th showed that upward of $150,000,000 was available for military purposes at the beginning of the war. Up to August 16th the military expenditure had absorbed only $128,725,500, and therefore the money obtained by the recent loan of $160,000,000, taken up by France, is not yet touched.

A Mississippi jury gave judgment for $30 against a railroad for killing a dog.

A report from Paris states that Russian revolutionaries declare that the Czarina's child was a girl, not a boy, and that the son of a peasant was substituted. The peasant woman, they say, was smuggled into the royal palace a few days before the Czarina's accouchment was expected. The czarinas' child, a girl, was given to the peasant woman and the peasant's child, a boy, was placed in the royal cradle

COUNTERFEITERS CAPTURED.

$30,000 in Bad Bills Recovered, Together with the Plates.

As a result of nearly two months work by the secret service department, four men were arrested at Atlanta charged with making and circulating counterfeit ten dollar bills of the "Buffalo" pattern; the plates from which the bills were printed were surrendered and about $30,000 of the bills were recovered.

The men under arrest are Oscar L. McMichal, a pressman in the local establishment of the La Hatte Printing Company; Clarence W. Rebb, a printer employed by the same firm; J. N. Little, an artisan, and P. S. Coffey. There is still one man to be arrested and it is believed he lives in St. Louis.

The spurious bills were printed at night in the La Hatte establishment, although the proprietor knew nothing of it until he was informed by the officers. He gave material assistance in preventing the men from escaping. Rebb confessed his part and his confession led to the arrest of the others.

From him it was learned where the money that had not been passed was to be found. The bills it is reported are fairly good, sufficently so to have been accepted by a number business houses, including one bank in this city. All the men were brought together and admitted their guilt. The inspector in a statement said that Little and Coffey met an engraver who is believed to have lived here, but who has moved to St. Louis. From him they bought the plates for $500, each paying one-half. Four plates were used, one for the front of the bill, one for the back, one for printing the numbers and the fourth for printing the seal.

CLAIMS HE ROBBED LOOMIS.

English Police Have a Prisoner, But His Story Is Not Believed.

A man giving the name of Franz Schneider surrendered himself to the Birmingham police accusing himself of stealing papers "from a person about Hampton, believed to be F. Kent Loomis."

The man's story is being investigated by the police, but the latter attach no credence thereto, it being pointed out that Mr. Loomis is not believed to have reached Southampton, and that no papers are reported to be missing.

The alleged confession, which is a vague account of how he and two other foreigners were hired by a man speaking with a Russian accent to steal important papers from a passenger arriving at Southampton on a German liner. Schneider says they waited at the pier and when the passenger reached the gang plank he was pointed out by their employer.

Schneider, according to one statement, abstracted from his pocket a large envelope containing papers bearing the seal of the United States government.

He gave the police the name of a man who is alleged to have employed him to secure the papers and also the names of two others said to be concerned in the theft. He now asserts that this employer was a Russian and says that after the robbery all four slept in a ware house, before leaving which he and his two associates received $25 each.

New Industries in Mississippi.

Bay Springs—Canning factory.

Columbus—$10,000 yarn and cordage mill; $25,000 plow factory.

Greenwood—$20,000 wood working plant (projected).

Macon—Telephone system.

Meridian—Stave and heading factory.

Nettleton—Brick works.

Newton—$5,000 canning factory.

Picayune—$5,000 milling company

Vicksburg—$75,000 oil mill; $50,000 oil refinery.

Floods in Arizona.

Seven lives at least were lost in the flood that swept through the town of Globe, Ariz., and surrounding country. The Gila Valley, Globe and Northern railroad tracks were washed out for a distance of three-quarters of a mile. Telegraphic communication with Globe is interupted.

New Railroad.

The charter of the Delta Southern Railroad company, a new corporation recently organized in Mississippi, has been favorably passed on by Attorney General Williams and is now filed in the governor's office awaiting his approval. This railroad will do business only in Mississippi, extending through the counties of Washington, Bolivar, Sharkey and Yazoo. The applicants ask five years for its completion, and the road will begin at Elizabeth in Washington county, run north to Kuhns in Bolivar county, and then in a southerly direction to its terminal at Campbellville in Yazoo county. Capital stock $50,000.

Soldiers Killed.

Two soldiers, members of the military of Durham, N. C., were instantly killed while returning from the national guard encampment near Moorehead City.

Their heads struck the covered bridge at Stoney creek. The bodies did not fall from the train.

The discovery of the accident was made by the dripping of blood past the windows.

DEATH AND DAMAGE.

Cyclone Strikes Minnesota's Twin Cities. Fifteen Persons Killed.

GREATEST LOSS IN THEATERS

Total Property Damage Estimated at $3,000,000—Path Eight Miles Long.

Five reported dead, twenty injured and property loss estimated to reach $2,000,000 are the results of a fierce tornado which swept down on St. Paul, Minn., about 9 o'clock Saturday night.

The Tivolo theater was demolished, the Empire theatre razed, the high bridge, an immense steel structure crossing the Mississippi river at a height of 200 feet was almost totally destroyed and 244 buildings are more or less damaged.

A report at midnight is that the House of Good Shepherd, a Catholic institution, was wrecked and twenty-five injured. All communication with outlying districts is cut off and it is impossible to say whether or not the damage there has been as great as that done in the city.

The property damaged at Minneapolis is said to have been nearly as great as at St. Paul. The storm was of short duration lasting not more than fifteen minutes.

The wind according to the government observer blew thirty miles an hour coming from the southwest. Buildings were unroofed and blown in, the interiors being flooded by the rain which came in great waves along with the wind. Electric wires were prostrated and many persons injured by contact with the current from electric light and trolley wires.

An excursion steamer towing a barge on the river below St. Paul is reported to have been wrecked. Relief parties in steam launches have been dispatched to the rescue.

Wm. Donaldson & Co., big department store in Minneapolis was badly damaged by the storm. The loss is said to be $300,000. Later reports from Minneapolis are to the effect that no one was killed but many were injured.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha round house building collapsed. Five engines and a steam wrecker were damaged. Numerous cars were blown from the track. Damage estimated at $20,000.

LATER—Fifteen people were killed in the fierce tornado which overwhelmed the twin cities and which wrought devastation in other parts of the state. The aggregate property loss is placed at $3,000,000. Of this St. Paul suffered to the extent of about $1,000,000. Minneapolis' damage estimated at $1,500,000, while in the outside districts it is feared that $500,000 will not cover the damage.

Both the Tivoli concert hall and Empire theater were fairly crowded with men watching the performance. Both theaters stood on the edge of the bluff overlooking the river, with the sides of the buildings open, and were wrecked. The full force of the tornado struck them.

DYNAMITE EXPLODED.

Two Persons Killed and Three Injured by Shock of Explosion.

Two persons were killed and three injured, two perhaps fatally at Minden, Mo., by the explosion of fifteen cases of dynimite piled on the Missouri Pacific depot platform being struck by a freight engine. The depot was completely demolished.

The engineer, fireman, station agent and his wife were either killed or fatally injured.

The dynamite was consigned to a mining company. It had been unloaded carelessly and had been on the platform for two hours when a southbound freight train struck a case that projected over the tracks. A terrific explosion followed. The depot was wrecked and a hole made in the ground large enough to bury a box car while the engine was dismantled and the track torn up for a distance of 200 feet.

Desperate Criminals Escape.

Two desperate convicts, Pearl and Horace Wallace escaped from Rankin convict farm, taking guns with them. They were sent up from Franklin county for twenty years and life, respectively for murder. A reward of $200 has been offered for their capture and sergeants with dogs are pursuing them through Pearl river swamp.

After a severe engagement with the protected cruisers Chitose and Tsushima the Russian cruiser Novik has been vanquished. The fight occurred Sunday, but the details are not yet known.

The Georgia railroad commission meets Friday to take up the matter of offering a reduction in railroad fares within Georgia to a maximum of 2 cents a mile.

The attendance at the world's fair for the past week almost equals that of the week previous, although the past week was not marked with so many attractions. The total number of admissions was 641,283, and the total for the previous week was 866,607.

GRADE CROSSING FATALITY.

Four Killed and Twenty-three Injured. Brakes Failed to Work.

Four people were killed, another fatally hurt, and twenty-three severely injured in a collision between an express train and a train of three trolley cars in Chicago. The train, according to some witnesses of the accident, was running at a high rate of speed. Others and the train crew declare that it was not going over twenty miles an hour.

The trolley train approached the crossing at a rapid rate of speed, just as the train came around a sharp curve to the west of the crossing.

Ryan put on the brakes with all his strength in the effort to stop his car, but the brakes refused to work, and with undiminished speed the motor car ran upon the tracks at the same time that the locomotive came up. The car struck the train between the engine and tender, the motor car was torn to splinters, the car immediately behind it was knocked over, smashed nearly to pieces and dragged along the track for 100 feet. The third car was not dragged from the tracks.

Motorman Ryan remained at his post to the last and was fatally hurt, his skull being fractured.

WILL BUILD LINK.

Southern to Complete Line Between Bessemer and Mobile Junction.

The engineers of the Southern railway are making preparations to begin active operations on the road to run from Mobile Junction to Bessemer. The right of way has been secured with the exception of two short tracts of land. The route has already been surveyed and the maps completed. The company intends to commence on the road in the near future, and rush the work until it is completed. The road will not be hard to build, as it passes over almost level ground, leaving very little grading to be done. When this is finished the Southern will have its own tracks all the way into Birmingham from Mobile. They have been using the Alabama Great Southern track since the Three B division of the Southern was built from Mobile Junction into Birmingham.

SHOT FROM AMBUSH.

Fatility In Mississippi Attributed to a Feud.

A special from Laurel, Miss., says that while W. C. Windham, E. Windham and J. T. Blakley were going home from Tallahala Swamp, about two miles from Bay Springs, Miss., they were fired upon by an assassin from ambush, and W. C. Windham was shot in the breast by a Winchester rifle bullet.

His horse ran about eighty yards, when Windham fell dead. The shooting is believed to be a result of the Ainsworth-Windham feud in Smith county, Sloan Ainsworth having recently been killed by one of the Windhams. There is no clue to the assassin

From Statesboro, Ga.

Captain R. M. Hitch, of Savannah, who was in command of the troops at Statesboro, will demand, so it is reported, a court of inquiry of his conduct, and that of his soldiers.

Captain Hitch in his official report alleged that Sheriff Kenrick and his deputies betrayed all his plans to the mob. The sheriff has entered a most emphatic denial of every charge, and in effect charges the military with neglect of duty. The matter is in a state of rest until the return of Governor Terrell from St. Louis.

BOOKS ARE RIGHT.

But Money is Due the State for Convict Hire.

The books and accounts of the state convict department have been examined by Examiner of Public Accounts George F. Sedberry, and reported correct in all particulars. The examiner found, however, that some of the lessees of the convicts of the state had not been prompt in settling their indebtedness to the state.

The convict department, he says, is using every diligent effort to secure a complete settlement. The largest debtor to the state is the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron company, which owes the state $3,033.40.

Some of the items in the account are in dispute between the board of inspectors and the Sloss company people. These differences are now being considered by the board and an early adjustment of the matter is hoped for.

There is a movement on foot at Corona to make a new county, taking in part of Fayette, Walker and Tuscaloosa.

Twelve locomotives are now being built at the Baldwin works for the Central of Georgia railway.

Coal mines in Missouri, Kansas and Oklahoma Territory are closed because of too much rain.

A democratic primary will be held in Montgomery county September 26, to select a nominee for treasurer of the county, to take the place of W. E. McGehee, who died two weeks ago.

Bids for the construction of Montgomery's new hotel will be opened September 15th. The building is to be a modern fireproof, seven-story building.

Pensacola is to have a new $100,000 wood working plant.

TORNADO AT ST. LOUIS

Kills Three Persons, Injures Many and Destroys Much Property.

IT CAME WITHOUT WARNING.

Crossed the Mississippi River and Injured Illinois Points and Shipping.

A tornado of extreme fury swept down upon the residence portion of North St. Louis Friday, resulting in the death of two persons, injury to probably fifty and damage to property estimated at $100,000.

A shower passed over St. Louis early in the day, but there had been no rain in North St Louis. The sky had cleared and the atmosphere had become very murky and hot when citizens in North St. Louis noticed a dark cloud approaching from the southwest.

Suddenly, without the slightest premonition, an arm seemed to shoot to the ground like a gigantic cable, twisting and turning. The end touched the ground at Nineteenth and Angelrodt streets, and with incredible swiftness and force swept east along Angelrodt for ten blocks, then turned north and swept three blocks along Broadway, when it jumped eight blocks northeast to the foot of Breman street and the river, where considerable property along the river front was destroyed.

The tornado then jumped to about the middle of the river and encountered a ferry boat, which was turned and tossed about, but was not sunk.

Leaving the ferry the capricious tornado once more jumped and struck the Illinois shore near Madison, where it demolished several dwellings, the Leiderkrans hall and blew down a portion of the Madison Cooper works, killing John Ellington. Severe damage was done also to the buildings in Venice and Granite City, which adjoin Madison, and a number of persons were injured.

The width of the tornado was about a block and a half and houses were unroofed, window panes were generally demolished, several large manufactories partially demolished and the streets littered high with debris.

A Broadway car was suddenly buried under six telegraph poles, which crashed into the top and wrecked the car. The passengers had a remarkable escape from injury and only the motorman received slight bruises.

Probably the heaviest loss suffered by a single concern was the destruction accomplished at the Neidringhaus rolling mill. The plant covers two squares. The big smokestack was blown down and half the plant was demolished, entailing damage estimated at $25,000. Six employes were injured in this place

A concert was in progress at Festival hall at the exposition grounds during the heavy thunder storm, when suddenly there was a flash of lightning and immediately all the lights went out. A panic was only prevented by a woman's voice taking up the strains of "America" and others joining in.

In the Chinese village on the Pike 360 Chinamen, just arrived, were being watched over by the immigration officers temporarily when the storm struck. The celestials became panic-stricken, and the officers were forced to draw revolvers to subdue the excitement. Lightning struck near by and one Chinaman was severely shocked, while another jumped from the roof of the building and broke his arm.

The tornado that swept across the river at Venice killed one person, injured ten others and caused considerable damage to property. The tornado was of short duration, but was remarkably destructive in force.

The tornado was seen jumping across the river, but almost before a word of alarm could be given it swept into Illinois north of Venice, turned, and the next moment was plowing its way through the streets.

A terrific thunder storm broke over St. Louis at night and rain fell in torrents, accompanied by a heavy wind. The weather bureau reported that .67 of an inch of rain fell within ten minutes and the velocity of the wind was 52 miles an hour.

New Industries in Alabama.

Andalusia—$35,000 light and water company.

Birmingham—Quarrying company; $500,000 gas furnace company.

Corona—Coal mines.

Huntsville—Rope and twine mill.

Louisville—Ginning and milling co.

Mobile—$15,000 candy factory.

Lightning struck the musicians' tent at the encampment of the state troops at Jackson, Tenn., instantly killing Professor William M. Schwalz.

Line Completed.

The work of constructing the Northern Alabama railroad, which is really a part of the Louisville and Nashville and built at its expense, is now completed. The main line extends from Boyles westward to the Warrior river, a distance of thirty-five miles and it has spur tracks aggregating fifteen miles.

This line was built at a cost of about $1,000,000.

SEEKS $3,000,000 DAMAGES.

George Rice Alleges That Standard Oil Company Ruined His Business.

George Rice, of Marietta, O., commenced suit in the United States circuit court for $3,000,000 damages against the Standard Oil company for the alleged ruining of his oil business by the defendant company.

Rice charges that the Standard Oil company compelled him to charge his customers exorbitant freight rates; that the company opened grocery stores to break down his competition, and in other ways succeeded in taking away from him 4,000 customers, an oil refining plant worth $750,000 and a business worth $50,000 a year.

This suit is brought under the interstate commerce act of 1890, and is similar in character to one entered in the court or chancery of New Jersey by Rice in which he seeks to compel the revocation of the company's charter under the laws of New Jersey. While the damages claimed are $3,000,000, the actual amount is $1,000,000.

MOB KILLS NEGRO

Who Had Shot the Town Marshal of Cordova.

City Marshal J. C. McNelson, of Cordova, while attempting an arrest was shot and almost instantly killed by Ed Avery, a negro. The negro was captured and placed in the city jail and a mob overpowered the city officers by breaking down the doors of the jail, secured the prisoner and killed him with bricks and pistols.

Mr. McNelson had been on the police force scarcely two months. He was reared at Cordova and was well known and liked by the entire community.

Town Marshal McNelson went to the house where the negro lived to collect 25 cents due the town of Cordova by the negro, and the negro shut the door in the marshal's face, whereupon he knocked again for admittance. He was answered by the negro opening the door and shooting him with a pistol.

TESTIMONY COMMENCED

The hearing of testimony in the Louisiana-Mississippi boundary dispute commenced Thursday. Louisiana is represented by Mr. Zacharie and others, while Mississippi is represented by Attorney General William Williams and ex-Attorney General Monroe McClurg. It is not likely that any more hearing of testimony in this case, which is one of the greatest ever launched in Mississippi and involves vast sums of money, will be held at Jackson, but there will be several more meetings yet, the next one taking place in Louisiana to last for two or three weeks.

Brighton's Progress.

Preparations are being made to begin work on the new water works system at Brighton. Arrangements will also be perfected in a few days with the Birmingham Railway, Light and Power company to furnish the town with electric light.

The new waterworks company was organized with a stock of $10,000, all of which is composed of home capital. Brighton was incorporated about three years ago and since that time the population has grown until it numbers over 1500.

The Brighton water works company will get its water from Parker Springs, an unusually bold spring near the city. The elevation is higher than most of the town and a fine pressure can be gotten without going to very much expense

Unrestricted Passports.

The United States government has again formally proposed to Russia the opening of negotiations for the unrestricted recognition of American passports. In accordance with the law of the empire, only foreign Jews, of specified classes—merchants having business connection in the country, etc.—are allowed to enter Russia, but quite a liberal policy has been pursued in making exceptions to the rule where legitimate reasons therefor are given. The exceptions, however, are seldom made in the cases of Russian Jews, who have been naturalized abroad. The inhibition is not against the United States alone, but extends to the Jews of every country.

Populists Notified.

Thomas E. Watson, of Georgia, the populist leader, and Thomas E. Nebetts, of Nebraska, the candidate for vice president, were formally notified of their nomination Thursday night at Cooper Union.

Mr. Watson opened with the statement that there was never a time when the plain people of America were more dissatisfied with the conditions which prevail in this republic.

After a formal notice that he would soon prepare a formal letter of acceptance, Mr. Watson gave up a great portion of his address to a discussion of the democratic and republican platforms and the candidacy of Judge Parker.

PLUMBERS ADJOURN.

Convention Goes to Toronto in 1905.

The fourteenth convention of the United Association of Journeymen Plumbers, Gas Fitters, Steam Fitters and Steam Fitters' Helpers adjourned Saturday afternoon after a session of nearly a week in Birmingham. Toronto, Canada, was selected as the next place of meeting.

FROM PORT ARTHUR

Russian Vessels Were Driven by Hot Fire from the Japanese Positions.

RECALLED GEN. STAKELBURG.

Continued Defeat Causes His Removal—Japan Makes Korean Investments.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says Emperor Nicholas has decided to recall General Stakelburg, who was defeated by the Japanese at Vafangow and Telissu in his attempt to relieve Port Arthur.

To cover the deficiency in the estimates created by the increased cost of labor and material, the Japanese government has decided to loan the Seoul-Fusan railway an additional $750,000. The loan runs for five years and bears no interest.

One of the acts of grace signalizing the birth of an heir to the Russian throne will be the total abolition of corporal punishment throughout Russia.

The Russian ships at Port Arthur made a sortie early Tuesday. They are now reported being pursued by the Japanese. A severe engagement is expected.

This movement is regarded as a confirmation of previous reports that the Japanese have occupied an important land position, the fire from which compelled the Russian vessels to leave the harbor. It is not certain that they returned to their former anchorage after the sortie.

A dispatch says that the big oil house at Port Arthur is blazing furiously and that the position of the besieged is such that the Japanese are urging them to surrender.

Russian anxiety regarding the fate of the ships of Rear Admiral Witthoft's squadron remaining unaccounted for is still unrelieved.

St. Petersburg continues to be entirely dependent on foreign sources for news, the Russian authorities claiming to be quite as much in the dark as the public. The admiralty neither confirms nor denies the report that a majority of the squadron returned to Port Arthur, although it does not fail to point out that only the most desperate situation after the sea fight could have compelled the vessels to return for refuge to that port.

There is a rumor afloat that the cruisers Diana and Pallada have reached Port Arthur, but the source of the report can not be traced and it receives little credence.

The opinion is growing that the heavy losses sustained by the Port Arthur fleet may completely alter the plans regarding the Baltic squadron, a division of which is cruising in the gulf of Finland ready to sail.

Advices from Port Arthur say that the Japanese during a bombardment occupied strongly fortified positions with a number of siege guns.

After two hours several of the Japanese guns were silenced. The Japanese, the advices say, are no longer trying to place their guns in the higher positions which are too easily reached by the fire from the fortress, but are busying themselves with mining operations against the defenses.

Although the export of woolen goods to Russia have fallen off for several months past the orders which have been received from Japan never have been so large. They are of such proportions as to keep the woolen mills busy for some months to come.

Count Kamimura is reported dead. He was regarded as the father of the Japanese navy.

It is reliably reported that the Russian cruiser Pallada was sunk on the night of the 10th of August.

Chilton county commissioners have inspected and received the bridge built across Yellow Leaf creek at Salem by Contractor Bean. The commissioners were requested to have the bridge built by several citizens who are desirous of getting rural mail delivery along the road.

Big Coke Contract.

The Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron company has made a contract with Mexican and western smelters for 35,000 tons of coke, and delivery of same begins at once. There was close competition for this contract by the Virginia coke companies, who have heretofore supplied the smelters.

The First National bank of Piedmont will begin business October 1, if the expectations of the officers are fulfilled.

W. P. Roberts has broken the record in his part of Mississippi for growing strawberries. He recently raised 6,012 quarts on one acre, and cleared $353 after paying all expenses.

By a vote of 65 to 1 the town of New Albany, Miss., has decided to issue $20,000 worth of bonds for the establishment of an electric light plant and water works system.

After listening to an address on better education by State Superintendent Whitfield a few days ago the stock-school held a meeting, organized, elected officers, adopted plans and raised a capital stock of $4,000 for a new country school building, whose charter will be applied for from Governor Vardaman in the near future.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Aug. 25, '04

Telephone No. 27.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice,
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON,
N. D. DENSON.
F. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judges,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commission,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. W. BERR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM.

County.

Probate Judge,
D. H. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk,
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collector,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

Where Does the Fault Lie?

Complaint comes to The Sentinel from some of its subscribers at Vincent that they rarely get this paper before Saturday, and sometimes not until Monday. Our county mail goes into the Columbiana postoffice in time to catch both mails on Thursday, and the Vincent package should reach that office Thursday night by the way of Childersburg. We have received information again this week that our readers in Vincent did not get The Sentinel until Saturday last week. As the paper was mailed here in plenty time to go into Thursday's up mail, we have filed complaint with the Department at Washington, and asked that the matter be investigated. We might say something as to the probable cause why our readers up there do not get their paper when they should, but we prefer to wait until we hear from the Department.

A government by "man damn-us" correctly describes the article we are now getting in Shelby county.

The attorneys of Shelby county would like to see Chancellor R. B. Kelly succeed himself. He has made a good, clean official.

Tom Watson, in his Lincoln speech, rips up the back those of his party who believe in fusing. Ah, there, Judge; your patron saint seems not to approve of your brand of populism.

The "brass tax" spoken of by the Advocate must be that collected for the bridges that were not built, reference being had to the "nerve" that was necessary to pull it out of the pockets of the people.

As one of the populist leaders is figuring on a job in a neighboring State, it is fair to conclude that he thinks he will be out of a job in this county after the November election. For one time he is right in his conclusions.

All the efforts of the populist bosses are now directed toward electing their candidate for Probate Judge, no matter if they sacrifice every other man on the ticket. That's characteristic of the populist leaders—self, and the people be durn d.

The Advocate works itself into a frenzy because it is charged with bearing false witness. Well, really, The Sentinel thought this fact so thoroughly and generally understood, and admitted, that we did not think a simple and incidental mention of the fact would cause Handy Andy to turn a fit.

Shelby county wants capital to open up its undeveloped wealth. According to Judge Longshore, this is not true. He said in his speech in Columbiana: "There are no rich men in Shelby county, and I hope to the good Lord we'll never have any." The coming of capital to this county means work for the poor man, the laborer, the miner, the mechanic, and plenty of work makes a happy, contented, prosperous people. Laboring men, do you approve of Judge Longshore's way of thinking?

While McMillan was Probate Judge no complaint was ever made that he did not attend to the duties of the office, and was not courteous and kind to the people of the county. He never was guilty of having said to a taxpayer of this county who had business with his office: "If you are not satisfied with the way this office is conducted, you can send your mortgages to some other county for record, or wait seven years until some other man is elected to the office." No charge was ever made against McMillan that he advised illegal tax levies, or ever attempted to go beyond the authority that the law gave him. He was always governed by the "thus saith the law." The people of Shelby county remember these things, and will not be slow in expressing themselves by their votes.

It Hardly Needs a Key.

The Sentinel, in a recent issue, referred to the metamorphosis of the County Treasurer into a purchasing agent for the money lenders; a "shifting of the key," so to speak (thanks, Handy Andy, for the very apt expression). Evidently the comment struck a sore spot somewhere, and the Handy Andy organ, last week, doles out a column of sympathetic avoidance for the Treasurer.

The Sentinel did not reflect upon the honesty of the Treasurer, much as the Advocate labors so hard and draws upon its elastic conscience to make appear; neither did The Sentinel impugn his motives, although it threw out a suggestion that his friends may have laid a pit fall for him. We would regret as much as anyone, if he all unwittingly, stumbled into it. A public officer who knows no law and bends to no Constitution until forced to do so, is a dangerous leader for a co-ordinate officer to follow. But to get back to the question, which the Advocate so discreetly shied around: The record, which formed the basis for The Sentinel's remarks is interesting reading. The present administration, we are told, proposes to stand by the record, albeit, we note that it reserves the privilege to amend nunc pro tunc, as the lawyers say, when the record is contrarywise.

At a special term of the Commissioners' Court, March 21, 1904, the following order was entered on the minutes:

"On motion it is ordered by the Court, that the County borrow Eight Thousand Dollars from the First National Bank of Ensley, Ala., for which the County will, on this date, issue to said Bank a warrant for Three Hundred Dollars as interest; said Bank to forward to the Treasurer, the money, and the Treasurer, AS AGENT OF SAID BANK, is to pay out the said money on LEGAL CLAIMS AGAINST THE COUNTY. The first installment of Two Thousand Dollars shall be forwarded to the Treasurer on April first, and upon that sum being expended and the warrants FORWARDED TO SAID BANK, Two Thousand Dollars more is to be sent, and upon the warrants for that amount being sent to said Bank, One Thousand Dollars more will be sent the Treasurer, and upon warrants therefor being sent to said Bank, the Bank will, on July 1st forward to the Treasurer Two Thousand Dollars, and upon the receipt of warrants will send the Treasurer One Thousand Dollars, making a total of Eight Thousand Dollars, and upon paying out of the last thousand the Treasurer will immediately send to said Bank the warrants therefor, and the Bank is to hold said warrants until January 1, 1905, upon which date the Treasurer will pay said Eight Thousand Dollars at said Bank."

Dickens, in transcribing the doings of the Circumlocution Office, never conceived of a more grotesque or painful example of "HOW NOT TO DO IT" than the above. If this does not present a clear case of whipping the devil around the stump; bear the unmistakable impress of hypocrisy and deception in its every feature; make the treasury a sham—a mere place for the "tables of the money changers," then no dependence can be put in language.

The Sentinel does not believe the Treasurer ought to have marked out for him so devious a way, just for the appearance of having money in the treasury and of paying claims against the County. It is, to say the least of it, a dangerous predicament for the Treasurer. According to the record the claims are not being really paid and discharged; but trafficed in; simply bought and sold. Let Handy Andy say something for the record maker, where the fault lies. Let him explain why the highest rates of taxation allowable under the Constitution—the highest ever paid in Shelby County, railroads always excepted—are insufficient to pay the running expenses of the County, and why such circuitous methods must be resorted to, to keep up appearances?

Evidence fast accummulates, as the tortuous tracks of the present administration are uncovered, that it does not deal fairly and openly with the people whose servant it is: that it is grossly inefficient, and that it deserves the defeat awaiting it in November.

That City Court Bill.

The populist leaders and bosses realize that their only hope to win in the November election is to stir up the prejudices of the people. They try very hard to make much out of nothing, and in the Advocate's treatment of even the little things it bases its arguments upon misrepresentations, falsehood and prejudice.

For instance: last week, it professes to publish the much talked of City Court Bill, which is the only argument it has to offer the people why Judge McMilan is not the man for Probate Judge. But following its usual course of deceiving the people where there appears a shadow of an opportunity to make a point for its bosses, it publishes only such portions of said bill as suits their purposes—to deceive. It takes occasion to publish Section 5, which provides that there shall be four regular terms in each year of ten weeks each, making in all forty weeks. And for no other purpose than to mislead the people, it leaves out Section 10, which provides that "there shall be four regular jury terms in said Court each year, to commence on the third Mondays in January, April, July and October, respectively; and said jury terms may continue until the business of the court on the jury shall have been disposed of, not to exceed, however, *TWO WEEKS AT ANY ONE JURY TERM.*"

The object of the Advocate and its bosses is to leave the impression with the people of the county that there will be forty weeks in which this court would have juries; and it shows their cause is weak when it suppresses the truth.

The provisions of Section 5 have been explained. It only means that the court shall be open for the trial of causes, and for the transaction of business, for forty weeks in the year, and during these forty weeks, and as a part thereof, the jury terms provided for in Section 10, are held. The balance of the time the Judge of the court simply keeps his office open, and there is no expense to the taxpayers.

The laws of Alabama requires that the Probate Court shall be open at all times for the transaction of business—fifty-two weeks instead of forty. There is no complaint as to this.

The attack of the Advocate on the said City Court Bill, and upon Judge McMillan, is the rankest of demagoguery, especially so when it is known that the boss of the whole gang, Judge Longshore, voted for several City Court Bills while he was in the legislature, which contained precisely the same features that are so much objected to by this most righteous (?) Boss. The Journal of the House (1882-83, page 429) shows that Judge Longshore DID vote for the City Court of Anniston; he also voted for the City Court of Gadsden; and he voted for the City Court of Decatur, and for several others. Each of the bills establishing those courts provide that the jury tax of four dollars shall be deposited, and also that the Judge of said court shall be appointed. When McMillan produced the House Journal showing that *LONGSHORE DID VOTE FOR THOSE BILLS* as charged, there was no way for this wily wiggler of whoo bub to get out of the uncomfortable hole into which the House Journal placed him except by exclaiming: "I didn't do it; I didn't do it." Under the condemning circumstances, the people will take Judge Longshore's protestations of "I didn't do it" with a considerable degree of allowance. But the records are against him; and the Judge, you know, was going to stand by the records in this campaign. With him it is evidently a convenient case of lapsus memoriæ.

Consistency is indeed a cardinal virtue, but this jewel does not belong to the make up of either Judge Longshore or his Handy Andy journal. If their utterances in this campaign may be taken as a standard from which to draw conclusions.

Of course, the people fully understand that these reckless plunges on the part of the Advocate and Judge Longshore are made for no other reason than to divert the minds of the people from the infamous illegal tax levies they have been subjected to by the populist administration.

JOINT DISCUSSION.

According to arrangements made by the joint committee from the different political parties, the following appointments have been agreed upon for joint discussions.

Highland, Thursday, Aug. 25.
Bridgeton, Friday, Aug. 26.
Harpersville, Wednesday, Aug. 31.
Vincent, Thursday, Sept. 1.
Rebobeth, Friday, Sept. 2.
Helena, Tuesday, Sept. 6.
Bamford, Wednesday, Sept. 7.
Gurnee, Thursday, Sept. 8, night, 7:30
Maylene, Friday, Sept. 8, night, 7:00
Montevallo, Tuesday, Sept. 13.
Calera, Wednesday, Sept. 14.
K Springs, Thursday, Sept. 15
Wilsonville, Saturday, Sept. 17

Speaking begins at 10 o'clock, a. m., except as otherwise stated in this notice. Everybod invited to attend these meetings.

You Cannot Levy Before.

"You can't levy a tax for bridges under the State Constitution, until you first build the bridges and create a debt."—Extract from the speech made by Judge Longshore, at Dunnavant, Saturday, Aug. 12, 1904.

Bosses and Ringsters.

Never was a party more completely handled by bossism and ringrule, than the hyphenated, double-tailed opposition to Democracy in Shelby county. There are, however, self-respecting and independent-thinking Republicans and populists in the county, calmly, grimly and determinedly waiting patiently for November, to register an emphatic and telling kick against being led, like so many political Fidos, to vote the wishes of the few men who pose as leaders. The plan was simply to get the offices for the favored few. Others were "cut out," or ruthlessly run over. Regardless of the wishes of the rank and file of the populist party, a self-appointed caucus arranged a division of the spoils with the Black and Tans. The prospective pie was cut, and a more generous slice than usual was handed out to the spotted brother—the Big Boss needed more strenuous assistance. The primary voters were denied the right to select nominees for several of the offices—that of Clerk among the number contrary to precedent, or expectation of the Republicans. Mr. Pearson announced for that office, as he doubtless thought he had a right to do. The bosses said Nay! and Mr. Pearson, knowing the power of the bosses, to save himself from humiliation, had to withdraw that a Black and Tan entry might be made.

A more forceful demonstration of the fact that the bosses diagramed and cut the patches of which the ticket was constructed, could not have been given than was done in Beat 9, where Mr. Holland was led into the shambles to be slaughtered, under instructions "saunt" from headquarters. An old citizen of the county, honored and respected by men of all parties, absolutely beaten and crushingly humiliated, in his own beat, by a stripling in politics, merely because the bosses decreed the office to the lower end of the county, presents a spectacle of unmitigated heartlessness and political brutality, that cannot be satisfactorily explained. It was no more nor less than the will of the bosses, wrought through their automatons, and had not the appearance, even, of an open and fair deal. Such methods will, assuredly, meet with deserved resentment.

Republicans and populists will have no opportunity to vote their principles. They are simply expected to boost into office, the court house caucus and the Black and Tan nominees, products of the ring within a ring.

Bad Case of Office Holding.

The Advocate has the termerity to say that McMillan has been running for Probate Judge ever since he has been in the county. This is but another illustration of the fact that the Handy Andy sheet is a total stranger to the truth; just how utterly false its statement is we show elsewhere in this issue.

But how about the Advocate's boss, Judge Longshore? The Sentinel is informed that he came to this county in 1884 or 1886, and at once began a hunt for office. He was a candidate for the Legislature in 1886, and was a member of that body for three or four terms. He was a candidate for congress, and then for Probate Judge. So, of the eighteen or twenty years Judge Longshore has been living in this county, at least twelve or fourteen of them he has been an office holder. But his days of office holding are near an end.

His Honor, Judge Longshore, has proven recreant to the trust imposed in him, and the people will say so by their vote in the November election.

It has cost the taxpayers of Shelby county, railroads always excepted, thousands of hard-earned dollars to pay the illegal tax levies placed upon them by the populist administration. That administration will be excused from further service after the November election.

The people of Shelby county have become involved in costly litigation beoause of the recklessness of the populist administration. Court records are the evidence.

Just Can't Tell the Truth.

"McMillan has been running for Probate Judge in this county "every" since he has been in the county. He did make out to get appointed to that office by the Governor, and with all his loving kindness while he was in the office, he couldn't get the people to elect him."—Advocate.

The white people of Shelby county are pretty thoroughly acquainted with Judge McMillan's career since he has been in this county. They do not need to be told that the above from the Advocate is willfully false. They know it.

It is general knowledge in Shelby county that McMillan came to this county in the early part of 1883. He never was a candidate for any office until 1892, when he was a candidate for Probate Judge before the Democratic primary election of that year, and was defeated by Hon. J. S. Leeper. He was appointed on November 5, 1895, to fill the unexpired term of Judge Leeper, who died before the expiration of his term. McMillan served as Probate Judge for three years. At the end of his term in 1898 he was nominated for the office by his party without opposition. It is too well known throughout this county to admit of mention here, that in the election of that year McMillan received an overwhelming majority of the white votes in that election. It is also well known that the negro vote, then nearly a thousand strong, was almost solid against McMillan, and Longshore was elected over McMillan by a majority of only 141. Even this would not have been but for the fact that three or four days before the election the populist leaders circulated a false report on McMillan that he was a stock law man, and if elected would declare a stock law in force throughout the county. The report was started just on the eve of election, and McMillan not having time to correct it, a great number of voters who would have supported him, either supported Longshore or did not vote at all.

The above is a true history of Judge McMillan's political career, and states correctly the number of times he has been a candidate for Probate Judge. Now, how about the Advocate's statement that he "has been running for Probate Judge ever since he has been in the county"? False, as usual. The Advocate is beyond redemption.

An Attack of Brain Fever.

"It is said a good populist in Beat 8, says the Democrats have patted him so much until he has got sores on his shoulders. After the election is over and the Democrats are beaten they won't know this man when he comes to town. Mark the prediction.—Advocate.

Really, after such a great strain upon the brain in producing the above brilliant(!) editorial(?) expression, we are are not in the least surprised to hear that the writer of it is threatened with an attack of brain fever. A little surgical operation in the way of trepanning might relieve his o'ertired brain of the pressure upon it by such deep thought and research. It's an extremely pitiful case, indeed it is, and some of his friends should invoke the law for the prevention of cruelty to animals. It is labor lost too, you know; for such rot has no influence with intelligent people.

Any cause that must be buoyed up by arousing the prejudices and passions of man is not worthy the support of honest people.

Every day from now until the election is over will add to the majority of the Democratic ticket. Democrats are enthusiastic over the bright outlook for success, from president down to constable.

The Advocate thinks the editor of The Sentinel can go back to Kansas after the election. No doubt but that Handy Andy would rather we would not wait until after the election. However, we will stay until the Advocate's boss counts the crossties back to Tallapoosa county, at least.

Time and again have the taxpayers of this county been compelled by the populist administration to pay tax levies for specifically named bridges which have never been built, and Judge Longshore admits the levies were not in accord with Constitutional law. And yet, he is asking for a re-election that his administration may, possibly, crack it to the taxpayers again.

The Advocate has a great deal to say about McMillan and a City Court bill. The House Journal of the Legislature records Longshore with having voted for the Anniston, Gadsden and Decatur City Court bills while he was in the Legislature. Of course this puts Longshore in an unpleasant position to say the least, for he makes a bitter attack upon McMillan in all his speeches. Longshore, however, denies voting for the City Court bills mentioned, notwithstanding the official record shows that he did vote for them. Now will the Advocate tell its readers something of an infamous road bill that a prominent populist leader wanted the present Representative of Shelby County to have enacted into a law? It is interesting. It might also tell its readers something about a bill championed in the Legislature by G. B. Deans, and which became a law, raising the ex-officio fees of the Probate Judge of Shelby County from $200.00 a year to $600.00 a year. Judge Longshore reluctantly admitted at Ebenezer that this was done with his knowledge and consent. In its immaculate purity and self-appointed championship of the people (the Lord help the people) will the Advocate tell its readers about these bills?

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

For the HOUSEKEEPER.

Complete Line of Reed's TIN WARE Warranted Not to Rust.

RUFUS LESTER

Carries a complete line of

Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Hats, Shoes, Hardware, Harness, Saddles, Whips. Furniture of Every Description.

A full line of

UNDERTAKERS' GOODS.

Prices and Goods to suit your purse and your taste.
All goods guaranteed to be as represented to patrons.
Your inspection of my goods is cordially solicited.

Come in and Talk it Over.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods at cash price.

SWEEP, SWEEP, SWEEP, SWEEP, SWEEP.

AUGUST - SWEEPING - SALE

—OF THE—

..COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO..

For the last seven days, the seven courteous salesmen, with SEVEN BIG BROOMS, have been sweeping everything in the Big Double Wholesale and Retail Stores of the Columbiana Mercantile Co. into great heaps and piles, where Mr. Erlick, with that unquenchable desire to see the goods roll and everybody get the most wonderful bargains of the season, is slaughtering the price of goods to the utter astonishment of not only the merchants and people of this town, but throughout the county. ARE THEY GOING TO BUST? Well, yes! Bust the very face off of trickery and competition, and give to each customer a guaranteed bargain. THE REASON for this great sacrifice of goods is explained in the following letter from Max Lefkovits, who is now in New York, buying the fall stock of goods:

New York City, N. Y.
Broadway Central Hotel.

Columbiana Mercantile Co., Columbiana, Ala.

Dear Boys:—Since arriving in New York, and partially viewed the most beautiful stocks of goods I ever saw, I have decided to buy the largest stock of goods ever shipped to Shelby County. The bargains I am buying will place us in a position to not only sell all the people as retail customers, but the merchants as well. The enormous trade given us during the past Spring by our genial customers, simply compels me to give them every advantage possible. The varied hues of the Silk and Woolen Dress Goods' line that that I have bought is the daintiest, softest and most fashionable I ever saw, also the Clothing and Gents' Furnishings in Parisian effects and blocks are all dandies. I am just now beginning to buy, and there is no telling how many cars of goods I'll buy before I am through. Now, boys, I am hunting fall bargains for our customers, and I want you to advertise our WHOLE STOCK at a BARGAIN. Don't reserve a thing, and don't look at PRICES nor COST MARKS; let 'em go.

Yours truly,
MAX LEFKOVITS.

We jump with pleasure to obey the above request, and for the next FIFTEEN DAYS, and FIFTEEN DAYS ONLY, beginning next

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 24,

We place our entire stock before you. Don't miss this 40 per cent of savings.

A FEW OF OUR BARGAINS:

Calicoes, Cotton Checks and Ginghams.
500 Yards Calico at 4½
480 Yards Checks at 5
350 Yards Ginghams at 5

Bleaching.
300 Yards—36-inch wide at 7½
400 Yards, white at 4½
1,500 Yards—4-4 wide, white at 5¼

Cosrets.
100 Standard Brands at 23c

Embroideries and Insertions.
500 Yards Embroideries and Insertions from 2¾c to 16c

Dress Goods.
Fine Twill Grenadenes at 22c
Fine Twill Grenadenes at 33c
Fine Parisian Worsted at 19c
Fine Parisian Worsted at 23c
EACH WAS 35 and 50 CENTS.

Buttons! Buttons!!
AT YOUR OWN PRICE.

Neckwear and Shirts.
Standard Collars 3 for 25c
Everything in above line 33⅓ % off.

Clothing! Clothing!!
Suits that were $22.00 now at ..... $ 14 00
Suits that were $15.00 now at 10 00
Suits that were $10.00 now at 7 82
Suits that were $ 5.00 now at 2 98
A FEW SUITS LEFT ONLY.

Boys' Clothing.
Suits from 98 cents to ..... $ 2 78

Shoes! Shoes!! Shoes!!!
Craddock's Terry Southland Belles at $ 1 29
Shoes at $2.25 now at 1 38
" " 2.75 " 1 59
" " 1.50 " 98
Mens' Shoes $1.50 Line now at 98
" " 2.00 " " 1 25
" " 3.50 " " 2 48
" " 5.00 " " 3 29

Slippers! Slippers!!
French, Cuban and Spring Heels at 50% on $1.00

Everything in the Grocery, Hardware and Furniture line, including also, Buggies (Rock Hill and Barnsville), Wagons, Harness, Matting, Rugs, Saddles, &c., will all go in this sale, as we expect to make a COMPLETE SWEEP. With many thanks for your business in the past, and earnestly soliciting it in the future, we remain,

Yours most truly to serve.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.

When You Need Anything in the GROCERY LINE, it will pay you to get our prices. Fresh Meats, Hams, Etc., kept on Ice, therefore always fresh and nice.

Have just Received a Shipment of Ralstons Breakfast Food, Health Oats.

FOR DELICIOUS

Cakes, Candies, Fruits, Vegetables, we can suit YOU!

SEPTEMBER FIRST

I will give away another of those

Handsome Dinner Sets

To One of Our Customers.

CALL FOR YOUR COUPONS.

J. R. WHITE.

GOODS SOLD

Are guaran'eed just as represented or your money refunded.

Accept our thanks for your past patronage and allow us to continue to serve you

J. R. WHITE.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months..... 50

Telephone No. 27.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

A. C. Henderson, of Maylene, was in town Tuesday for a few hours.

J. W. Mason and family spent Sunday afternoon at Shelby Springs.

J. R. Beavers, of Birmingham, was in the city Monday and Tuesday.

Walter A. Brown, of Birmingham, was in town last Thursday and Friday.

Talk Columbiana's public school; 'tis the finest in this section of the State.

Miss Fletcher Sturdivant, of Shelby, is in the city a guest of Miss Ethel Glenn.

J. H. Fulton, one of the thoroughbred Democrats of Saginaw, was in town Monday.

The moonlight nights of the past week have been unusually bright and pleasant.

L. N. Bowdon, of Calera, was in town Sunday, a guest at the home of Mrs. T. M. Wilson.

There are rumors of another brick block for Columbiana. Just watch us grow this year.

Wilson Milner, of Anniston, has been in the city for the past week visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. H. E. Latham has gone to Montevallo to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs J. E. Hendrick.

Miss Bessie Moore, one of Marion's many charming girls, is in the city a guest of Miss Edna Nelson.

W. W. Wingard, of Wilsonville, is spending his vacation with friends and relatives in Atlanta, Ga.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, was in town last Thursday. The Sentinel acknowledges a friendly call.

The many friends of Mrs. W. A. Parker are glad to know that she is able to be out again, after an illness of two months.

Columbiana is a hive of busy workmen just now. A number of new buildings are in course of erection and more to follow.

Beginning with Wednesday Sept nber 7th the Union prayer meeting will be held in the Baptist church for the month of September.

Mr. G. T. Harris and children, who have been visiting relatives in Oxford for the past month, are expected home tomorrow or Saturday.

Camp W. H. Forney will meet at Wilsonville next Saturday, August 27th. It is hoped that every member will come out to the meeting.

Mrs. W. D Wilson who has been a visitor at the home of Mrs. T. M. Wilson in this city for the past week, returned to her home in Ocampo Tuesday.

Miss Lizzie Sinnott, who has been visiting friends at Alpine, Talladega and Anniston for the past several weeks, returned to Columbiana last Monday.

Supt. of Education John B. Farrell has been on the sick list for the past week, and went out into the country Saturday to spend a few days with his mother.

Mrs. Gordon DuBose and interesting sons, who have been visiting relatives in Columbiana for the past week, returned to their home in Ensley today.

If there are any stray canines in town, they should at once be started on a trip to kingdom heaven. All others ought to wear a muzzle through the heated term.

Cut down down the weeds along the streets. This should be done not only from a sanitary point of view, but they are so unsightly. Make a war on the weeds now.

NOTICE.—Builders and Contractors should see the Cook-Dominy Co., Fitzgerald, Ga., for lumber and shinglies. Yours truly,
Aug. 25-3m COOK DOMINY CO.

John Leeper, a prominent merchant of Montevallo, was in the city over Sunday visiting relatives, Mr. Leeper lived in Columbiana at one time and has many friends here.

Prof. C. B. Florey, of Harpersville, was in town Monday and Tuesday, and while here paid The Sentinel a very pleasant call. Prof. Florey is a member of the Board of Registrars for this county.

Sandford Falkner, Shelby county's next Tax Assessor, was down from Vincent last Thursday. Mr. Falkner is a competent, worthy young man and has friends by the score all over Shelby county.

E. Bowdon, of Keystone, chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of Shelby county, was in town Monday on business. The Sentinel acknowledges a very pleasant call from Mr Bowdon.

Miss Gertrude Roberts, after a short visit to relatives in this city, returned to her home in Birmingham last Friday. Miss Roberts expects to leave for Boston for a short visit where she will attend school.

Miss Maud Preston, who has been the guest of Miss Lillie Mae Liles for the past two weeks, returned to her home in Selma last Friday. Miss Preston made numerous friends while visiting here, and who hope she will again grace our little city with her presence.

Master Will Milner has gone to Birmingham for a visit with relatives.

J. H. Abercrombie spent Sunday in Woodlawn, returning Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Jno. A. Edwards, after a very pleasant visit at the home of Mrs. M. E. Mason, has returned to her home in Birmingham.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Simon Friedberger has been quite ill for a week past.

Mrs. Margaret Edwards has gone to Sylacauga for a visit with relatives and friends.

C. W. Strain, the saw mill man, expects to make a visit to the World's Fair early next month.

L. M. Dyke, of Collinsville, arrived in the city yestdrday, and will spend a few days with relatives.

The friends of Mell Wilson will regret to learn that he is confined to his room with an attack of fever.

John P. Pearson was in Birmingham last Monday to attend the popullst convention. He returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. L. C Armstrong has gone to Birmingham for a short visit with relatives. She is expected home next Saturday.

Miss Ada O'Hara, of Wilsonville, is looking after the interest of the Columbiana Millinery Shop during Miss Florence Fallaw's trip to St. Louis, where she has gone to purchase the fall and winter stock for the firm.

Miss Ida O'Hara left for Bessemer on Tuesday morning where she will visit relatives and friends for a short time, after which she will go to Montgomery for a visit with her brother. She will be gone for several weeks.

H. K. Harrison, a prominent citizen and banker, of Brenham, Texas, is in the city, called here by the illness of his mother, Mrs. Lewis, who has been seriously ill at the White House for some time. She is reported as improving.

Master Paul Wilson, who has been very ill for the past month, has not improved any in the past week, but the fact that he is holding his own against the inroads of fever, makes the family very hopeful of his ultimate recovery.

Miss Gertrude Gordon and Harry Gordon have arrived from Birmingham and, with their father, will make their future home in Coumbiana. The good people of our little city extend a cordial welcome to Mr. Gordon and family.

LOST.—One day last week, a gold medal upon which is the word "Scholarship." It is the property of Miss Mariana McGraw, and was won by Miss McGraw at school, and it is prized very highly. Finder will confer a favor by returning same to Mrs. J. S. Pitts.

E. B Hatcher, a prominent farmer living between Harpersville and Vincent, was in town last Thursday. He made The Sentinel a pleasant call and renewed his subscription. Mr. Hatcher says his beat will give a nice majority for the Democratic ticket this fall.

As a medium through which to advertise their wares the merchants of Columbiana are beginning to realize that The Sentinel is a business bringer. If our patronage along that line continues to increase the management will be compelled to make the paper "all home print."

In this issue of The Sentinel will be found a change in the advertisement of Milner & Christian. This firm is now receiving its new stock of fall and winter goods, and Messrs. Milner and Christian cordially invite your inspection of the same. Courteous treatment, and prices just right. Drop in to see them.

C. C. DuBose was called to Indianapolis, Ind., on Monday by a telegram announcing a sudden and serious illness of his wife who, with her little girls, is visiting her parents in that city. The many friends of Mrs DuBose in this city trust that her illness will be of short duration, and that she will soon be restored to her usual good health.

The attention of our readers is called to the large advertisement of the Columbiana Mercantile Company in this issue. This firm is making a sweeping sale for the next two weeks in order to make room for the large stock which will be coming in in a few days. Read the advertisement; it may interest you and at the same time save you money.

The Shelby County Sunday School Association meeting at Shelby last Thursday and Friday was not as well attended as it should have been. Those present, however, report a very pleasant time, and say that the hospitality of Shelby was just what might be expected of the good people of that town. The next meeting of the Association will be held at Calera.

W. A. Thompson has gone into the bee business in rather an involuntary way. Bees have taken up quarters for the winter in the walls of his house, and are busy laying in their supplies against the coming cold weather. Mr. Thompson is already figuring on his crop of honey next year, and no accident preventing, hopes to supply the market to a certain extent. He is a little dubious about getting mixed up with them for they are in his sleeping apartment, and in a fight he is inclined to the belief they would be worse than a regiment of Japs.

Engagement Announced.

Mrs. J. B. Farrington, of Montevallo, announces the engagement of her daughter, Florence Agness, to Mr. Robert Hayes McConnell. The marriage will take place in September.

Probable Fatal Accident.

Cliff Parish, a sixteen-year-old boy from Montgomery, while attempting to board an L. & N. train at Calera one day last week, was thrown against a rock, receiving wounds from which he may not recover. He was sent to a hospital in Montgomery, and when last heard from his condition was critical. This is but another of the accidents which frequently follow an attempt to steal a ride on the cars.

MONTEVALLO.

S. E. Bobo and John K. Kroell took in the St. Louis Fair last week.

Miss Kathleen Shivers has returned from a visit to friends in Marion.

Miss Mamie Allen, of Birmingham, is visiting at Mrs. Henry Wilson's.

Mick Kuffner, Assistant Mine Inspector, was in Montevallo last Wednerday.

Miss Nora Hawkins, of Birmingham, is visiting relatives at Wilton and Montevollo.

Mrs. A. E. Vandergrift and Miss Imogene, and Mr. and Mrs. F. Corbett have been to St. Louis.

Messrs. T. J. and Lewis Williams are up from Selma to recuperate on Montevallo ozone.

Miss Bliss, from Avondale, has been with her friends, Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler, during the past week.

Mrs. K. F. Lane has purchased attorney J. M. Reynolds' place. Mr. Reynolds contemplates moving to Sylacauga.

A base ball team from Blocton Saturday had a good big defeat marked up against them. The score was 23 to 10.

Mrs. M. Woolley has returned from her trip to Monteagle. Miss Maude Allen stopped over in Birmingham for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. West gave a delightful "At Home" to Miss Florence Thompson, their guest from Atlanta, last Thursday evening.

More attention has been given to lawns in Montevallo this season than usual, and it marks a great improvement in the appearance of things. It is hopod that the efforts to beautify premises will continue to spread.

Several car loads of poles have been unloaded here for the Southern Bell Telephone line, which will run from Shelby via Montevallo, to Blocton, connecting intermediate points with the long distance line at Calera. It is supposed that a local exchange will be put in here.

Wedding at Calera.

Sunday morning, August 14th, the marriage of Mr. Miles A. Collins and Miss Stella Holcombe was solemnized, Judge T. W. Whatley officiating.

The bride is the lovely daughter of Frank Holcombe, a successful planter of that vicinity. The groom is a prominent young business man of Calera, having moved to that place several years ago from Clanton. These young people have the best wishes of a large circle of friends for their future happiness.

HARPERSVILLE.

Fodder pulling this week.
Turnips are up nicely.
Cotton is beginning to open.
Watermelons will soon be gone.
Earl Martin and wife, of Birmingham, visited T. J. Martin's family last week.

Miss Hannah and Sam Caldwell visited their uncle, Dr. Sam Welch, at Talladega, last week.

George East spent several days in Birmingham last week.

J. C. Jackson is moving his sawmill down onto Yellow Leaf near Morgan bridge, but he will not remove his planer.

Our people are highly pleased in the election of Prof. C. B. Florey as School Trustee for this district; a better selection could not have been made.

I have been informed that the rural delivery route for this place has been established and will start the 15th of next month. Four-fifths of the people are opposed to this, and the other fifth don't want it. The Department and Congressman Bowie have been informed of this fact, but they do not seem to pay any attention to it. One or two private individuals are to be benefitted, while the people are to be made to suffer. Harpersville is one of the oldest towns in the county. It has three churches, one school and nice public roads leading into it. If this office is discontinued it will force some of our people to go six or seven miles for their mail, provided they put up no boxes on the route which has been established; and then some of them live two or three miles from the route. Is there any fairness in this? We think not. The humblest man, though he be ever so poor, should have his rights and ought to be protected. We hope, however, the Department will consider the wishes of the people, and let our office remain as it is. Uncle Sam knows his business best, but it does seem to me that if he has so much money to spend that he could find a more charitable course than to spend it on a free delivery route from Vincent to Harpersville, where a people do not want it. These are facts and cannot be disputed truthfully, JAKE.

LESTER'S CHAPEL.

Scott and Charlie Nolan made a business trip to Columbiana Saturday.

Henry made a trade with Peavine, and the news will come in Peavine name.

J. B. and Marion Vick, of Walnut Grove are visiting their mother this week.

Misses Clara and Mary Nolan, of near Wilton, are visiting relatives here this week.

Franklin Ray and Rufus Spearman, of Fourmile are visiting in this community.

Protracted meeting is going on this week. The attendance is not what it should be, due probably to politics.

Idis and Ellis Walton spent Wednesday night with their grandfather.

Corn is good in this section. I think if the people would raise more corn and less cotton, they as well as the whole country would be better off.

H. C. McDonald and two brothers, of Wilton, Bert and Franklin Ray and Rufus Spearman gave John Nolan's family a call Saturday night.

PEAVINE.

VANDIVER NEWS.

Fodder pulling time is near at hand.

The speaking at this place last Saturday was interesting; a large crowd being present.

Dr. J. B. Ware made a flying trip to Calcis last Thursday.

N. G. Brasher and family visited relatives at Vincent last week.

J. L. Vandiver was a visitor to Calcis one day last week.

Ben Wallace and family, of Leeds, are visiting friends and relatives here.

R. E. Cosper, of Sterrett, came up for the speaking Saturday.

We are sorry to state that Miss Annie Salsar is down with pneumonia, but hope for her a speedy recovery.

J. M. Rich, who has been teaching school here, has resigned his job and gone to Birmingham to work in the postoffice there.

News being scarce, Uncle Ned will proceed to apply the brakes. UNCLE NED.

In Memory of Carle Adams.

On the 14th of August, the angel of death visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Evans at Shelby Springs, and claimed for its victim their three-months-old son. The doctor and friends did all in their power to sustain life, but God in His infinite wisdom saw best to take this little infant to enjoy that happy mansion which He has been preparing since the foundation of the earth. This was a sad scene, but how much more sad if there was no hope of meeting little Carle in the great beyond where storm after storm have passed away. We have the sweet assurance of that blissful rest over there; rest for such as are free from sin. Oh! what a consolation it is to know that this sweet little infant is resting in the bosom of the Lord. We realize that many have crossed over.

The remains of this infant were laid to rest in Mt. Tabor cemetery late in the afternoon of the 15th, the services being conducted by Rev. T. M. Nelson, of Columbiana, and the teachings of this good man of God should be taken to the heart of every one who were present. Our Heavely Father has given and has has taken away, so weep not, dear ones, for some sweet day we can go to it. We can hear it, "Calling, Sweetly Calling" to us, and our answer soon shall be, "We will be there." Oh! how happy it will be when we reach that unknown country out beyond the setting sun; where death and farewell never come. In that land of immortality and love where sorrow and grief are unknown.

This sweet little infant leaves a father, mother, sister and brother, and a host of relatives to mourn its death. At this juncture I am reminded of the rich man and who had a lovely flower garden: as he was passing along he plucked the loveliest flower in the yard, the workmen were uneasy at its disappearance, but soon learned that the owner had taken it. So it is with this infant: It was God's and He has only taken that which belonged to Him. May the Lord comfort the grieving ones in their sorrow. We extend heartfelt sympathy to them.

IRA C. DICKERSON.

Sterrett, Ala., Aug. 17, 1904.

For Sale.

A full blooded Jersey cow, third calf; gentle and kind. Good both for milk and butter. Apply to MRS. J. B. NELSON.

Notice.

Don't forget that on September 10th, the Columbiana Mercantile Company's doors will be closed on account of Jewish Holiday.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

To the Public.

The Sentinel is requested to say that the store of Leo Friedberger will be closed on September 10th, on account of Jewish Holiday

For Rent.

One store house. Call on or address
H. E. SMITH.
Wilsonville, Ala.

For Sale.

A good four room house, 33 acres of land attached, in fine cultivation, within gunshot of the best school in Shelby county. Apply to
J. W. JOHNSTON.

Boarding House

Mrs. J. B. Nelson having taken charge of the Huett House, is now prepared to accommodate permanent or transient boarders.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by T. W. Weaver and N. A Weaver, his wife, to Everett, Ridley, Ragan and Company, Atlanta, Ga., dated on the 5th day of February, 1903, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 63, page 39, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby County, State of Alabama, will be sold at auction for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Columbiana, Alabama, on the 29th day of August, 1904, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, towit: A part of the Densler lot situated in the town of Wilsonville, Ala., beginning at the northeast corner of C. A. Mason's lot, fronting on Main street, bounded on the north by property of Weldon & Holland, on the west by lands of J. F. Pope, on the south by the Mason property mentioned above, said to be fifty feet front and one hundred feet deep, said property is improved, said improvement being a one story frame building which is bargained and sold with the said lot. Also one resident lot, one acre more or less, situated on the Montgomery road in the town of Wilsonville, Ala, Fronts Montgomery road, bounded on the north by property of R. C. J. Gwin, on the south by C. A. Mason's property, on the west by property of Olie Polk. Said property is improved by a one story frame dwelling house consisting of four rooms more or less, situated in the NE¼ of SE¼ of Section 1, Township 21, Range 1, East. All of said property is located in Shelby County, Alabama.

This the 27th day of July, 1904.

EVERETT, RIDDLE, RAGAN & CO.
Mortgagees.

McMillan & Haynes
Attorneys, 48-5

NEW GOODS
FOR
FALL AND WINTER

The ladies will be delighted with our pretty line of

Dress Goods, Skirts, Laces,

AND TRIMMINGS.

Your inspection of these fabrics is most cordially invited, and your criticisms are courted. The designs this year are unusually pretty, and the fiber the best in the market.

IN OUR

Shoe Department

there is to be found

Beauty, Durability, Low Prices.

We can please you in all these virtues.

OUR CLOTHING
(FAMOUS SHIELD'S BRAND.)
DEPARTMENT
Is Most Complete in Every Detail.
Come to see it; you'll be pleased.
MILNER & CHRISTIAN

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.
Office upstiars in Bank Building.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO. - - ALABAMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM, : : : : : : : : ALA

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA

Dr. W. P. HAMNER,
DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

HILLMAN
TAILORS . . .
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S
. . TAILOR - MADE - SUITS . .
TO ORDER.
Cleaning, Repairing, Pressing and Dyeing
A complete line of
. . . Furnishing Goods . . .
Next door to Postoffice. GORDON, the Tailor.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,
E. W. BURT, Proprietor.
Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers.
Your Patronage is Solicited.
Telephone 28. - - - - - 'Bus Meets All Trains.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guarantee Co.
Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.
J. K. BROCKMAN, Gen'l Mgr.
Write for particulars. Birmingham, Ala.

ALABAMA
GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL,
MONTEVALLO, ALA.
LITERARY,
SCIENTIFIC,
COMMERCIAL,
INDUSTRIAL,
DOMESTIC,
PEDAGOGICAL,
MUSICAL,
ARTISTIC.
SESSION OPENS SEPT. 15th
Expenses $90.00.
Healthful Location--Faculty of 27 Teachers.
FOR CATALPGUE, ADDRESS.
FRANCES M. PETERSON, President.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS July 6th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$37,584.41	Capital paid in.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	26,013.59
Other Real Estate.....	3,000.00	Rediscounts.....	18,244.98
Cash and with other Banks	13,710.30	Undivided profits.....	2,036.14
	$61,294.71		$61,294.71

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of July, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1 00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

FARM AND FIELD AND GARDEN

A Garden Suggestion.

A good way to plant pole beans is with sweet corn says Country Life in America. Plant the beans in the same hill with the corn (after the corn is up); and the beans will clamber all over the corn-stalks after the ears are harvested. It saves the bother and expense of poles, and we think corn-stalks look better than bean poles.

The Squash Vine Borer.

The squash vine borer eats into the stem and does damage because it cannot be reached in the vines. The only remedy is to watch for them as they appear and destroy them. For the striped cucumber beetle kerosene emulsion, sprayed on the hills early in the morning is claimed to give good results, the ground to be also saturated so as to have the work thorough.

Forcing a Second Crop of Berries.

A Vermont farmer reports success in producing a second crop of strawberries last year by cutting off all the leaves and stems close to the ground after fruiting the first crop and applying a dressing of nitrate of soda. They blossomed again in September and produced a crop smaller in amount than the first one, but very profitable. The plan, however, could not be expected to work well except in cool, wet seasons.

Little Profit in Cooking Feed.

The utility in cooking feed for animals, and especially for pigs, was given most attention in the days previous to investigations by experiment stations. Cooking feed is no longer regarded as an economical practice for fattening animals. However, for breeding stock and sick animals, and for animals which it is desired to put into the very highest conditon, cooking may be practiced with good results, if expense is disregarded. Pigs so fed show marked thriftiness and health.

Care of Pastures.

Many pastures are ruined in the beginning by putting stock on the grass before the plants are well established. Trampling of the pasture by the feet of cattle does more harm than the eating of the grass. The first year of the pasture should be devoted entirely to its growth. When the grass reaches a height that permits of its being cut it is better to run the mower over it, cutting high. Fertilizers and manure should be used liberally, and should weeds make an appearance it will pay to pull them out, as under no circumstances should they be allowed to produce seed.

Middlings for Poultry.

Middlings (sometimes called "shorts" and "seconds" and also known as fine bran) should always be used as a portion of the soft food. A good proportion is ten pounds of ground oats, five pounds of bran and three pounds of middlings to which may be added a pound of bone meal, three pounds of ground meat and a quarter of a pound of salt. This makes an excellent food for laying hens and growing chicks, and not so fattening as an exclusive diet of cornmeal. It is a mixture that is almost complete in flesh-forming and bone making material and is not very expensive.

Cropbound.

A reader of Westminster, S. C., asks what will cure crop bound? Prevention is best of all remedies, and will save all work and worry. Exercise and grit will positively prevent all cases of crop bound, and as both are necessary to the health of the fowls, we can scarcely understand why crop bound should exist. Make the fowls work, and take their food slowly, and not gorge themselves at any time. Feed all grain so that the fowls will have to scratch for it, and even soft food should be given so that the fowls may not greedily devour it. Grit must be kept constantly before the fowls and nature will suggest the time for taking it. They will consume much of it, though but little at a time, but cannot possibly exist without it.—Home and Farm.

Clover Hay For Poultry.

One of the best green foods for poultry during the winter is clover hay, and when one can readily grow clover and knows how to cure it, it is a much cheaper crop to raise than vegetables for the purpose of supplying green food. Poultry thrive on it and it certainly increases the egg production. One plan is to cut the clover when it is in full bloom, doing the work late in the day when there is promise of fine weather for several days. The next morning the swath is gone over with the tedder and again later in the day so that all of it has a chance to become dry. It is then raked into small windrows and left for two or three hours when it is taken into the barn and packed in the tight mow, being left there with the doors of the barn closed to heat.

After it is heated another lot may be put in the mow to go through the same process. Almost every farmer has a way of his own of curing clover and any way which will give results is desirable, the object being to have bright hay to feed during the winter. Bear in mind that the hay must not be put under cover until it is dry enough, yet, on the other hand, it must not be so dry that the leaves and blossoms will be lost in handling.

Bleaching Celery.

We were living where we had quite a little garden plat and used a place that had been used for a wood pile to plant celery on. I raked aside the chips, then spaded the ground to about eight inches of depth. After breaking clods of earth I raked in stable manure and then marked the bed off in rows one foot apart, in June. As the ground frequently became quite dry we watered it by hand. We planted the self-bleaching celery, of which there are two varieties, the White Plume and Golden Self-bleaching, both of which are useful for early use. Plant late varieties if you intend to plant for market. I did not hill the celery to bleach it but when I saw the green color of the stalks was giving place to a yellow color I pinned newspapers around the tops. After being covered for a week or more I found the celery to be nicely bleached. Some tie matting around the stalks for the purpose of bleaching. The new system of bleaching, as it is called consists of setting the plants so close together that they will crowd each other and furnish their own shading from the sun's rays. Of course, with the late varieties and those other than the self-bleaching varieties the hilling will probably be the most satisfactory method of bleaching.—Cecil Abel Todd, in The Epitomist.

Embden Geese.

In the days of our forefathers geese were more commonly kept than at present. At least this was the case in Western Pennsylvania. The usual complement of poultry generally included a few geese. In favorable localities the flock would number from ten to twenty. Every thrifty wife had her feather beds, and often sold feathers each season to the local dealer, who, in turn, sent them to the city. But, owing to a change in taste and the country becoming more thickly settled, geese breeding is not as generally followed as in former years. This, in my opinion, is a mistake, says George Enty of Templeton, Pa., as there are few fowls that can be kept at as small cost as geese.

Embden geese are pure snowy white in plumage, with orange yellow legs and beaks and pearl eyes. They are very large, a pair often weighing fifty pounds or over. They grow rapidly and are easily restrained by a fence a couple of feet high. As layers they are fairly good, but not the best known. However, a good goose will lay twenty or more eggs in a season. For best results in hatching, the geese ought to be two or more years old. Four or five geese for each gander is a common allotment. The eggs will generally hatch well when geese are not made too fat during the winter. To avoid this make a large part of their rations cut clover, green vegetables and fruit.

Much water is not a necessity in goose keeping, although they appreciate a pond or stream once in awhile. They need plenty of pure water to drink and water enough to take a bath occasionally. These, with good pasturage and a very little grain food and fallen fruit will grow the goslings and have them in good shape for the fall market.

All geese are very hardy, and can stand almost any amount of cold or heat, but it is best to provide a building or shelter for them in bad weather and where weasels, minks and foxes are numerous the coop for the goslings' use should be rat proof.—New York Tribune.

Dairy Notes.

Now is a mighty good time to weed out the loafer cows.

Watch each cow to see that she eats her food up clean.

Better keep five cows on full feed than ten on scant fare.

If butter is worked too much it will have an oily and greasy look.

Make the most of the dairy wastes by feeding to young and growing stock.

Breed the heifers reasonably early and cultivate in them the habit of early maturity.

A cow in order to be a prolific yielder of milk, must be a nearty eater with good digestive powers.

Dairying, like any other business, is more successful when grown into gradually, as experience is gained.

A good herd of milk cows is a steady source of income, whether the product be sent to the market in the form of milk, cream or giltedge butter.

Insurance.

The repairs of the South Methodist Episcopal church, which was badly damaged several weeks ago by wind, have just been finished, and now the property is really better than it was before the storm. The building was insured against tornadoes, and when the adjuster made settlement is was agreed that the damage sustained was $1300, which sum was promptly paid over to the church officials by the company. The work of repairing was commenced at once thereafter, and after everything had been placed in statu quo it was found that there was just $300 of the insurance money remaining in the treasury of the church. The question then arose as to what should be done with the surplus fund. After much deliberation it was finally agreed that the money did not belong to the church, but to the insurance company. Whereupon the sum was paid back to the company.—Hobart (Okla.) News-Republican.

Our Daily Papers.

The first number of any American newspaper was Benjamin Harris's "Publick Occurrences both Foreign and Domestic," published in Boston on December 25, 1690. But the authorities suppressed it after the first issue. Fourteen years later on April 24, 1704, James Campbell, postmaster of Boston, issued the first number of the Boston News-Letter, a weekly newspaper, which lived for seventy-two years. The second American newspaper, the Gazette, was printed in Boston, and the third, the Weekly Mercury, in Philadelphia. The first New York newspaper, the New York Gazette, was established in 1725. Now there are more than 2000 daily newspapers and 15,000 semi-weeklies and weeklies published in the United States.—Kansas City Star.

A Huge House.

The largest dwelling house in the world is the Freihaus, in a suburb of Vienna, containing in all between 1200 and 1500 rooms, divided into upward of 400 separate apartments. The immense house, wherein a whole city lives, works, eats and sleeps, has 13 courts—five open and eight covered—and a garden within its walls.

The fleas of Peru are exasperatingsly annoying and insatiable. It is customary in that country for a group of human beings to have a lamb near them, to attract the fleas from themselves.

DEGENERATE MANCHU WARRIORS.

Hardy Courage of the Past Has Become Lazy Parasitism.

Three or four centuries ago the southern part of what is now known as Manchuria was occupied by Coreans and was a portion of their territory. It is not known how far north their rule extended, but there are traces of Corean architecture as far as Liaoyang, which is 120 miles from the present Korean boundaries. At this early period the Manchu element consisted of a few powerful tribes, who, though of the same general Mongolian stock, possessed many ethnological points sufficient to distinguish them from the great Chinese race which occupied China proper. The roving life in a wild country where young braves thought it no extraordinary achievement to kill with bow and arrow, single handed, the fierce northern tiger, developed the Manchu into a hardy, fearless warrior, with a love for courageous deeds.

The history of the Manchus is one of continued and rapid growth. From a small tribe their influence spread over the great plains of western Manchuria until they became a force which even great China deemed it advisable to conciliate. Their ambitions knew no limit, and early in the sixteenth century, they began an invasion of China. A century later, by methods which at times gave evidence of the most crafty and skilful diplomacy, and again were those of a cruel tyrant, the greatest empire that the world has known was acquired by a race of half savage nomads.

As the home of the Manchu dynasty, Manchuria, in the eyes of tho Emperor, deserved honored treatment, and the followers of the standard—there was scarcely a Manchu who had not seen service—were specially cared for. It was declared by special decree that all Manchus for time unending should belong to one of the eight banner corps and receive a small monthly stipend. The great home country should remain the exclusive property of all Manchus, and Chinese were forbidden to hold land in it. The Koreans had now been driven to the south and Manchuria extended virtually to the banks of the Yalu on the south and to the sea on the east.

The Manchu policy, which, in its conception, provided for the continuance and development of a great race of pure Manchus, who would always be at the beck and call of the Manchu dynasty, and would be a safeguard against the restoration of Chinese rule, brought on results quite the reverse of those desired. The Manchu found his small wage sufficient at first to provide food, and there was no longer the necessity to live the arduous life of a hunter or herdsman. In a generation or two the race had degenerated into a lazy band of parasites who in the absence of a strenuous life had lost all the cunning and warlike skill which had brought to them a great empire. They maintained a reputation for fierceness, however, and at the time of the late war with Japan it was predicted that the Japanese would find a match in the Manchu cavalry. The first engagement between the two dispelled forever this illusion.—The Century.

Willie's Sympathy.

The new clergyman was invited to dine with the family the other Sunday, and eight-year-old Willie, of course, made homself conspicuous during his stay. He seemed to be deeply impressed with the minister, and never let his eyes stray from him. He manifested as much interest as his elders in what was said, but regarded the minister with a somewhat sorrowful expression, which was altogether uncalled for, as he was of a jovial disposition and greatly amused his hearers. As the minister was about to leave Willie meekly approached him and sadly asked,—

"Why—why—how does it feel to be poor?"

"What do you mean Willie?" laughingly asked the minister, turning to the parents with an amused smile.

"Why, I heard papa say to mama that you was a mighty poor preacher," was Willie's startling declaration.

A Corner on Ice.

An extra piece of ice was wanted. An ice wagon was at a neighbor's door, but there was no small coin in the house wherewith to pay for the desired article.

"Well, never mind," said mamma; "you run out, Blanche, and get a nickel's worth, the man will trust you until tomorrow."

Now Blanche was not accustomed to dealing on credit, and did not take kindly to the idea, but was moving very slowly to do her mother's bidding when some words in large letters on the top of the wagon attracted her attention, and suggested an unanswerable objection.

"But he won't do it, mamma! Look there on the wagon! It says, 'Not in the Trust.'"—Margaret Sullivan Burke, in Lippincott's.

Where He Drew It.

Prof. E. G. Dexter of the University of Illinois, whose interesting investigations have proved football to be a harmless game, was popular on account of his geniality.

After a certain foot ball victory Prof. Dexter entertained one night a group of students at his residence.

A magnificent sword hung over the fire place of the library, and during a space of silence, Prof. Dexter took down this sword and brandished it impressively.

"Never will I forget," he exclaimed, "the day I drew this blade for the first time."

"Where did you draw it, sir?" a freshman asked, respectfully.

"At a raffle," said Professor Dexter.

A Peculiar Will.

In 1891 an old woman left to the British Lifeboat institution the sum of $2000, to be paid on the death of a favorite kitten which had survived her and which was to be provided for with the interest. In 1902 the cat disappeared and the courts have now decided to assume its death and let the institution have the money, on giving a bond to provide for the cat in case it should come back.

TORTURING PAIN.

Half This Man's Sufferings Would Have Killed Many a Person, But Doan's Cured Him.

A. C. Sprague, stock dealer, of Normal, Ill., writes: "For two whole years I was doing nothing but buying medicines to cure my kidneys. I do not think that any man ever suffered as I did and lived. The pain in my back was so bad that I could not sleep at night. I could not ride a horse, and sometimes was unable even to ride in a car. My condition was critical when I sent for Doan's Kidney Pills. I used three boxes and they cured me. Now I can go anywhere and do as much as anybody. I sleep well and feel no discomfort at all."

A. C. SPRAGUE.

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cts.

When a native lady enters a Japanese railway carriage she slips her feet from her tiny shoes, stands upon the seat and then demurely sits with her feet doubled beneath her. A moment later she lights a cigarette or her little pipe, which holds just tobacco enough to produce two good whiffs of smoke. When the ticket collector, attired in a blue uniform, enters the carriage he removes his cap and twice bows politely. He repeats the bow as he comes to each passenger to collect the tickets.

The warm wave over the west has spread all over the country between the Mississippi river and the Rocky mountains and also over the southern states. It was particularly severe in South Dakota, where maximum temperatures reached 100 degrees. In the cotton belt the average maximum was 90 degrees and above, except in the Atlanta district, where it was not so warm. The maximum at Birmingham was 90 degrees.

When a Japanese girl marries she is taught that she is to reverence and obey her husband's relatives, his mother and father, as she has reverenced and obeyed her own parents. She must be able to cook rice properly, and her being unable to do so is considered not in the light of mere ignorance, but almost as a mortal sin; a young wife ignorant of the proper fulfilling of this domestic duty would very likely be returned to her parents' home.

The cost of the coronation of King Edward VII, establishes a record for modern times. It was considered until recently a lordly and magnificent thing for the subjects of George IV. to spend $605,000. William IV. and Queen Adelaide were content with a modest $250,000. It is not easy to understand in what King Edward's $1,795,000 was sunk.

Last year Oscar Zeller, of Zossen, started on foot from Berlin for a trip around the world. His plan was to go via Mukden, Vladivostock and Japan to America. The war frustrated that plan, and he has now started for Bering straits, along the northernmost Siberian telegraph line. His success is considered very doubtful.

After destroying a large ant hill and collecting the numerous pupae for poultry food, sticky fly paper was laid before the door of a house in such a manner that the ants could not enter without crossing it. In the morning the poultry feed was gone and the fly paper covered with sand, dry grass and pine needles, over which the ants had passed "dry shod."

More than three hundred Massachusetts towns are to receive $20 each from the Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, to aid in establishing water troughs or fountains for animals, to which shall be attached an iron cup for the use of human beings, "and on or near which shall be inscribed or painted the words, 'Blessed are the merciful.'"

In France old shoes are bought up in large quantities by leather dealers and sold to factories. There they are taken apart and submitted to processes, which turn them into paste, from which the material is transformed into imitation leather, finally coming out in a form which very closely imitates the finest morocco.

In Russia the native insurance companies, which do the major portion of the country's business, insure the lives of single women and widows, but at a higher rate than those of men, and married women are only accepted in case their husbands are also insured.

Attila, the Hun, who conquered Rome, was buried "in the midst of a plain" in three coffins, one of gold, one of silver, the third and outer of iron, and surrounded with great treasure. The burial was by prisoners who were afterwards killed that the place might remain a secret.

All but one of the old vessels called "monitors," to distinguish their type, which have lain at League island for so many years, have been sold and taken away and are being broken up by their several purchasers and transformed into "old iron."

"The Holy City" was first sung by Mrs. Florence Maybrick. Stephen Adams, the writer, was really her brother-in-law. Michael Maybrick

Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, celebrated his seventy-fourth birthday August 18th.

IN THE BARREN LANDS.

Caspar Whitney's Experiences in an Unhospitable Region.

The Barren Lands, called by the Indians "Land of Little Sticks," are absolutely devoid, not only of trees, but even of brush, except for some stunted bushes to be found in occasional spots near the water's edge. These lands lie in British Columbia, near the Great Slave Lake. Mr. Casper Whitney, in describing a hunting trip through this region, in "Musk-Ox, Bison, Sheep and Goat," says that a venture into this north country, except in summer, means a struggle with both cold and famine. Yet the lack of food was not so hard to bear as the wind, and camping was a continual discomfort.

"One of the first lessons I learned," writes Mr. Whitney, "was to keep my face free from covering, and also as clean shaven as possible under such circumstances. It makes me smile now to remember the elaborate hood arrangement which was knitted for me in Canada, and which then seemed to me ore of the most important articles of my equipment. It covered the entire head, ears and neck, with openings only for the eyes and mouth, and in town I had viewed it as a great find, but I threw it away before I got within a thousand miles of the Barren Grounds.

"The reason is obvious. My breath turned the front of the hood into a sheet of ice before I had run three miles; and as there was no fire in the Barren Grounds to thaw it, of course it was an impossible thing to wear in that region. After other experiments, I found the simplest and most comfortable headgear to be my own long hair, which hung even with my jaw, bound about just above the ears with a handkerchief, and the open hood of my caribou skin capote drawn forward over all.

"The most trying hour in the twenty-four was at the camping time in the afternoon. The fire furnished no warmth; it was not built for that purpose; it was simply to boil the tea, and perhaps an idea of its size can be given by saying that by the time the snow in the kettle had melted into water and the water begun to boil the fire was exhausted.

"Having drunk the tea, we rolled up in our robes, lying side by side round the tepee, with feet toward the fire and head against the sledge, knees into the back of the man next to you, and with your snowshoes under your head, away from the dogs that would eat the lacing.

"Sleep never came until the dogs had finished fighting over us, for as soon as we were rolled into our robes the dogs poured into the tepee. There were twenty-eight dogs, and the lodge was about seven feet in diameter at its base. No hour in the day or night was more miserable than this, when these half-starved brutes fought over and on top of us before they finally settled down upon us.

"In extremely cold weather a dog curled up at your feet or back is not unpleasant; but to have one lying on your head, another on your shoulders or hips, or perhaps a third on your feet, and you lying on your side on rocky, uneven ground, is not a happy experience."

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The International Seamen's Union has 40,000 affiliated members.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Neuralgia is said to be successfully treated in Italy by the use of blue light.

One of the largest and most noticeable business signs seen anywhere is that of the National Casket Co. on their mammoth new factory at Nashville, Tenn., made on a wire frame with aluminum letters six feet high and one hundred feet long, which can be read from a long distance by day, and when reproduced in electric lights, can be read even further at night. This is the concern that is called on to furnish Caskets for the most prominent people everywhere, including among its recent orders, Caskets for Presidents William McKinley, Benjamin Harrison and the late lamented Gen. John B. Gordon, and yet whose goods can be had through the smallest undertaker in every town. From the fact that they are called on to furnish Caskets for the best citizens everywhere, there must be some merit in their claim that their goods are the best, and the South should be proud to have a branch of such a high class establishment within her borders.

An English inventor has replaced the ordinary grooving of a rifle barrel with lines of small ball bearings, along which the projectile slips. The inventor claims he gets 40 per cent greater velocity, penetration and range.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION

To Arkansas, Indian Territory, Kansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma and Texas, via the Queen & Crescent route. Tickets will be on sale at greatly reduced rates on August 23, September 13 and 27. Good 21 days from date of sale.

For information address A. B. Freeman, Birmingham, Ala., or J. C. Conn, D. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

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"I find Cascarets so good that I would not be without them. I was troubled a great deal with torpid liver and headache. Now since taking Cascarets Candy Cathartic I feel very much better I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as the best medicine I have ever seen."
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Miss Hapgood tells how she was cured of Fallopian and Ovarian Inflammation—and escaped an awful operation by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I suffered for four years with what the doctors called Salpingitis (inflammation of the fallopian tubes) and ovaritis, which are most distressing and painful ailments, affecting all the surrounding parts, undermining the constitution, and sapping the life forces. If you had seen me a year ago, before I began taking **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and had noticed the sunken eyes, sallow complexion, and general emaciated condition, and compared that person with me as I am today, robust, hearty and well, you would not wonder that I feel thankful to you and your wonderful medicine, which restored me to new life and health in five months, and saved me from an awful operation."—Miss Irene Hapgood, 1022 Sandwich St., Windsor, Ont.

Ovaritis or inflammation of the ovaries or fallopian tubes which adjoin the ovaries may result from sudden stopping of the monthly flow, from inflammation of the womb, and many other causes. The slightest indication of trouble with the ovaries, indicated by dull throbbing pain in the side, accompanied by heat and shooting pains, should claim your instant attention. It will not cure itself, and a hospital operation, with all its terrors, may easily result from neglect.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—**I can truly say that you have saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude to you in words.**

"Before I wrote to you telling how I felt, I had doctored for over two years steady and spent lots of money in medicine besides, but it all failed to do me any good. My menses did not appear in that time, and I suffered much pain. I would daily have fainting spells, headache, backache and bearing down pain, and was so weak that it was hard for me to do my work.

"I used your medicine and treatment as directed, and after taking three bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** menses appeared, my womb troubles left me, and I have been regular ever since. I used fourteen bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and **Blood Purifier** together, and am now restored to perfect health. Had it not been for you, I would have been in my grave.

"I will always recommend your wonderful remedies, and hope that these few lines may lead others who suffer as I did to try your remedies."—Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, R. R. No. 1, Manning, Iowa.

Such unquestionable testimony proves the power of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** over diseases of women.

Women should remember that they are privileged to consult Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., about their illness, entirely free.

$20.00 TO $40.00 PER WEEK

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Circulars free. HERTEL, JENKINS & CO., ATLANTA, GA.

The Coliseum at Rome seated 87,000. St. Peter's seats 58,000.

The Sanskrit alphabet has 45 letters;

New York state has given us six presidents and ten vice presidents.

B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

The Great Tested Remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Scrofula, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Ulcers, Eczema, Sores, Eruptions, Weakness, Nervousness, and all BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.

It is by far the best building up Tonic and Blood Purifier ever offered to the world. It makes new, rich blood, imparts renewed vitality, and possesses almost miraculous healing properties. Write for Book of Wonderful Cures, sent free on application.

If not kept by your local druggist, send $1.00 for a large bottle, or $5.00 for six bottles, and medicine will be sent, freight paid, by BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., SEPTEMBER 1, 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 1

KUROPATKIN IN HOPE

Abandons Advanced Positions And Concentrates His Troops at Liao Yang.

LINES ARE CLOSER DRAWN.

Russians Being Driven Out Gradually From Port Arthur's Defenses.

All the advices from Liao Yang show that General Kuropatkin is gradually drawing in his advanced positions to the inner ring of his defenses.

After three days of heavy fighting, the latter part of which was impeded by rain, the Russians were compelled to disable six guns. which it was impossible to take from high positions over the muddy roads, but during the fighting on the southern front they captured some Japanese guns. It is reported also that they destroyed some Japanese mountain batteries.

General Kuropatkin has not yet disclosed whether he intends to make a decisive fight at Liao Yang.

General Kuropatkin seems to be well satisfied with the situation. One dispatch describes him as being in high spirits and laughing and joking at a meeting of the St. George society at Liao Yang.

The Russian losses to date are said to be about 1,500. The Russian batteries inflicted heavy losses upon the Japanese.

Information which to a very great extent confirms previous reports of the conditions at Port Arthur has arrived.

The most important statement agreed to confirms the reports that the Russians have been driven from the fort immediately east of the railroad. This fort is located in the tail of the dragoon hills, along the summit of which the eastern defenses of Port Arthur are built.

When the Russian forces retired from Fort Itzeshen they entered Fort No. 15, to the north of Chaochankou. During the nights of August 18th and 19th, while it was raining, the Japanese attempted to storm Fort Atzshen, which is a strong position adjoining Itzeshen, toward the city, but they were repulsed with heavy losses. During the night of August 22d an heroic band of five hundred Japanese attempted to capture Fort No. 15, in the midst of a storm Almost the entire detachment was killed. The Chinese declared, however, that the Russians have evacuated Fort No. 15, but whether by reason of this assault or the Japanese artillery fire can not be learned. The Japanese are unable to occupy Fort No. 15.

Twenty thousand more Japanese soldiers reinforced the beseigers at Port Artnur last week.

Following an inspection made by government engineers, the Japanese government has issued a proclamation making complete preparation to develop gold fields recently discovered in the province of Iwate. The foreigners estimate that these fields will yield gold to the value of $500,000,000, and they are now preparing to start mining operations. It is estimated that the annual yield of the mines will be $15,000,000,000.

ALABAMA'S GRETNA GREEN.

Columbus, Ga., Enjoys That Reputation—Ministers Talk.

At Columbus, Ga., a lively discussion is going on as to the propriety of issuing marriage licenses to and marrying young runaway couples, most of them elopers from Alabama. Ministers in self-defense are taking a hand in the discussion.

For many years it has been a custom for runaway couples in east Alabama to come to Columbus, this being the nearest city in the adjoining state, and the city has acquired the reputation of being the Gretna Green of Alabama couples who desired to be married under circumstances other than prosaic. Often the girls are under age. The ordinary, who says that when a young couple are a long way from home, in a strange city, with no friends or relatives who may aid and advise them, if they wish to get married the best thing to do is to marry them. The honor of the young girl often demands that the license be issued, for if it is not she would be placed in a most embarrassing position. Couples often arrive on the night trains from Alabama.

Local ministers, in explaining why they marry young couples from Alabama and other points, give practically the same reason.

Fifty-five per cent of the divorced women in this country earn their own living, 32 per cent of the widows and 31 per cent of the single women do likewise, while but 6 per cent of the married women have anything to do with the financial end of the livelihood making. The figures would indicate, however, that 94 per cent of the married men earn the family bread.

CORBIN IN COMMAND.

Troops to the Number of 2,500 Are at Manassas.

Major General H. C. Corbin assumed command of the maneuver camps at Manassas, Thoroughfare and Gainesville Sunday. The Fourth artillery band welcomed him with "Tenting on the Old Camp Grounds." Mrs. Corbin accompanied the general.

General F. D. Grant, in command of division No. 1 at Manassas, and General J. F. Bell, in command of division No. 2 at Thoroughfare, as well as all brigade commanders from the two camps, paid their respects to General Corbin during the afternoon. Reports from the two division commanders were requested. The strength of the two main camps is at present between 2,000 and 2,500 men. During the coming week this force, which will be augmented somewhat daily and will be occupied in this time in the laying out of two camps in skeleton form for the reception of the larger number of regular army troops and state militia to arrive next Saturday and Sunday.

EXPLOSION OF GAS.

Fatal Furnace Accident at Lafollette, Tenn.—Two Killed.

An explosion of gas in an iron furnace of the Lafollette Coal and Iron company at Lafollette, Tenn., resulted in the death of two men and the serious injury of one other.

R. S. Kinkannon, aged 35, of Max Meadows, Va.; leaves wife and child.

Fred Walker, colored, of Middlesboro, Ky.

C. W. Berry, of Lafollette, was desperately burned and can not recover. He had been married only a week.

The property loss will be light.

Their Emblems.

So far no political party in the state has complied with section 62 of the general election law passed by the legislature of 1903 requiring fac similies or copies of emblems to be filed with the secretary of state. Each party is required to have an emblem and a copy of such must be filed within sixty days before any general election in which state officers are to be voted for.

Murder the Charge.

W. S. Morgan, a prominent citizen of Richland, Webster county, Georgia, was taken to Americus and put in jail, after a commitment trial on a charge of murder, growing out of the killing of Joseph Phillips by William Ellis, both negroes, at Preston, recently. Ellis has made a confession, wherein he declared he was hired to kill Phillips and named W. S. Morgan as one of the parties thus employing him.

Didn't Hear the Cars.

John Rapier, a well known deaf and dumb citizen of Fort Payne, was instantly killed by being struck by a freight train on the Alabama Great Southern railroad.

Mr. Rapier was crossing the track on a bicycle and did not near the coming train. The body was terribly mangled.

Little in Charge.

George K. Little has been appointed government engineer in charge of all the locks and improvements on the Warrior river. Mr. Little has had charge of the Tuscaloosa office since the death of Richard McCalla and O. E. Strehloe has had charge of the Demopolis office. Mr. Strehloe has resigned and the two offices have been put in charge of Mr. Little.

Collector Resigns.

A. C. Chisholm, who for twelve years has been tax collector of Lauderdale county, has resigned and T. E. Jones, the democratic nominee, has been appointed by Acting Governor Cunningham to fill the unexpired term.

West Alabama Cotton.

Cotton has begun to come into Eutaw. About 75 to 100 bales were received last week. The crop is not as good as was expected, but something like a 75 per cent crop will be made. Corn is very good the county over.

Election Ordered.

Tuscaloosa county commissioners have ordered an election to be held on Monday, September 19th for the purpose of determining whether or not a special tax shall be levied for the next twenty years for the support of

---

A correspondent declares that the Japanese minister of war has confidentially informed his colleagues that there is no hope of taking Port Arthur by direct assault, and that long operations will be necessary. Therefore, the minister has ordered the field marshal, Oyama, to avoid entailing heavy loss of life. This, the correspondent says, has been concealed from the public.

The English postmaster general is considering a penny-in-the-slot machine by which the purchaser will be enabled to obtain stamps at all hours.

Japan, it is said, will consider it a breach of China's neutrality if the Russian ships Askold and Grozovoi, now at Shanghai, are not speedily disarmed.

By Pneumatic Tube.

Chicago's pneumatic tube mail service was formally opened Wednesday. After the first batch of mail had been sent through the bore the system was formally turned over to the government and was accepted on behalf of the federal authorities by Postmaster General Payne. The system consists of nine miles of brass tube through which bays of mail are transported by compressed air to various stations. The system is said to be the largest thus far installed in the United States.

Watson Retired.

Rear Admiral John C. Watson Wednesday was placed on the retired list of the navy, having reached the age of 62 years. He entered the service in September, 1855, and during the war with Spain was placed in command of the eastern squadron which was fitted out for a cruise across the Atlantic to bombard the coast towns of Spain, but did not sail owing to the fact that the war closed. He was appointed from Kentucky, of which state he is a native

Money for Crops.

The annual movement of currency to the west for crop-moving purposes began Wednesday when the New York sub-treasury shipped by telegraphic transfer to Chicago the sum of $500,000. It is not unlikely that direct shipments aggregating half that amount were made by the local banking institutions. A transfer of $150,000 was made to New Orleans through the subtreasury.

Served Thirty Years.

Rev. J. W. Hilliard, for thirty years pastor of Mt. Zion church, Huntsville, has resigned the position and will enjoy a well-earned rest, his intention being to preach no more. He had probably the largest country congregation in northern Alabama.

Enlarging the Mill.

Ground was broken at Sylacauga for the new buildings at the Central cotton mills recently purchased by the Avondale mills. It is proposed to double the capacity of the mills here and the working force will be correspondingly increased.

Burned by Mortar.

While plastering some coke ovens at Bice's Coaling L. B. Stowers had his face painfully burned with hot mortar. The mortar filled his eyes and almost burned them out before he could get assistance. He is in a dangerous condition.

First Rural Route

Postoffice officials have been notified that Tuscaloosa county's first rural free delivery will be started September 15th. The route is to Taylorsville and covers an area of twenty-one square miles.

Date Changed.

At the suggestion of General Harrison, of the United Confederate Veterans, the date of holding the state reunion of veterans in Mobile has been changed to November 15th and 16th.

Jones Succeeds Chisholm.

Governor Cunningham has appointed T. E. Jones tax collector of Lauderdale county to succeed A. C. Chisholm, who resigned.

Examining the Books.

Two of the state examiners are engaged on the books of Jefferson county officials, and will be reinforced by another examiner in a day or two.

Appointed Adjutant.

Captain S. H. Roberts has been appointed one of the three battalion adjutants of the Second regiment Alabama national guard to attend the Manassas maneuvers in September.

Trains Will Stop.

Superintendent Starks, of the Louisville and Nashville road, has granted the request of the people at Bice's Coaling to have all local trains to stop at that place.

Fruit Crop.

The enormous fruit crop and the handsome price received for it by Thorsby fruit growers and truck association has induced the fruit growers to put out many thousands of trees this fall. Many new fields will be cleared up and planted in trees.

Sunday afternoon on the farm of Roy Osborne, in Limestone county, Charles Beddingfield, a negro farmer, was shot and killed by Steve Tribble, a white farmer living in the same neighborhood. The negro had a roguish hog that trespassed on Tribble's crop and the row started about this.

Six companies of the provisional regiment from Alabama to participate in the Manassas, Va., maneuvers will be mobilized in Montgomery and the other six companies will be concentrated in Birmingham.

Sues the City.

Allen Clay, of Girard, Ala., has filed suit against the city of Columbus, Ga., for $5,000 damages. He drove off a bridge, resulting in breaking two of his limbs, injuring him for life, killing his horse and wrecking his wagon. He alleges that it was the fault of the city in that the guard rail on the side of the bridge was not properly kept up.

The Georgia, Florida and Alabama railroad is to be extended from Tallahassee to Atlanta.

IN MAIN DEFENSES

Of Port Arthur the Japanese Soldiers are Swarming. Port Must Fall.

BATTLE EXPECTED AT LIAO YANG

Fighting Night and Day With Heavy Losses—Russians Evacuate Anshanshan.

The Russians retired from Anshanshan Saturday after a fight which commenced on the morning of Friday and continued in a desultory manner all day and night.

Arrangements for a battle had been completed by night time, when the order to retire was given on account of the situation to the east.

The order was received with disappointment by the troops. The retirement was made in an orderly manner

The plain between Anshanshan and Haicheng was covered with Japanese troops, who burned the bridge and shelled the railway station after the Russian retirement.

Sunday the Japanese drove the Russians back from the first line of defenses outside of Anshanshan. The fighting was confined to an artillery duel and lasted all day.

It is expected that a big battle will occur shortly near Liao Yang.

The fall of Port Arthur is imminent. The Japanese are withing the main defenses and their guns command the town. Desperate fighting occurs night and day and the losses on both sides are enormous.

The Russians are making furious counter attacks, but the Japanese are clinging to the position they have won at so great a cost.

A dispatch dated Saturday says:

Following is the position of Port Arthur:

The Japanese have captured all the outlying fortifications, but the Russians still hold the citadel on Antzshan, Golden Hill forts, and the forts on Tiger's Tail and Liao Ti mountain. The Japanese are in possession of the parade grounds and barracks under the Antzshan fort on the outskirts.

The fall of Port Arthur is believed to be imminent. It is believed that the garrison will make a desperate sortie before the end comes.

Numerous reliable reports through a dispatch carrier and other persons are to the effect that despite the extreme Japanese measures of the past fortnight to perfect a blockade of Port Arthur by means of sinking all junks near that place, the Russians inside of Port Arthur are considerably underestimated, as is also the resisting power of the fortress, which is likely to hold out for two months, and possibly until January, even under such a strength of assault as the Japanese are using.

Contrary to the belief that the Japanese have taken the outer forts at Port Arthur, it is now understood that the Russians up to August 15th were successfully defending a five-mile circular zone, and that although the old town was receiving an average of twenty-five Japanese shells daily, the restaurants and clubs, properly safeguarded, continued open and there was order throughout the town. The Japanese occasionally shell the new town, and often attempt to rush the outer trenches, sometimes arriving to within 100 yards of them, when they are unable to hold their own owing to the mortality in the ranks.

Round House Completed.

At Boyles the new round house, coal chute and sand house of the L. and N. have been completed.

Lumber Deal.

Edward Hines, of the Edward Hines Lumber company, of Chicago, has just completed the purchase of 50,000 acres of pine land in Mississippi. The land lies twenty miles north of Grove Port and is penetrated by four railroads. It is said that the consideration was something more than $1,000,000 cash.

Building Not Accepted.

Except in a provisional settlement the city of Selma and the contractors of the new municipal building have not come to a complete closing up of the affair. Mayor Atkins, Chairman Norris, of the building committee, and Architect Chamberlain went over the building and made a note of the defects and non-failures to come up to the requirements of the contract. These were served on the contractor and his reply as to offsets is awaited. It is probable that some arrangements may be made whereby the city will provisionally accept the building, holding back enough of the bonds to insure their compliance.

Money to Cuba.

One million dollars was shipped to Cuba from New York Saturday.

Canadian Wheat.

Western Canada's wheat yield this year is estimated at 65,000,000 bushels.

Hon. B. M. Miller, of Camden, who was nominated judge of the fourth judicial circuit, incurred in the primary and the race an expense of $1,152.96.

Went the Wrong Way.

With hardly a cloud in the sky and against a light east wind, George C. Tomlinson, of Syracuse, and Professor Carl Meyers, of Frankfort, N. Y., the contestants for the $5,000 prize offered by the Louisiana Purchase exposition to the aeronaut who comes the nearest to reaching the Washington monument at Washington, made successful ascension from the fair Saturday.

The balloons gently inclined toward the west as they ascended and then, suddenly striking a heavy current of air sweeping from the east, they simultaneously headed due west at considerable speed. Both were stocked with provisions sufficient for two days. Each balloonist carried with him carrier pigeons which will be released periodically en route and convey messages to the world's fair grounds.

Cut in a Fight.

In a saloon fight at Jacksonville, Ollie Williams was badly cut by Ben and Frank White. Williams received one four-inch gash in the left back and an ugly wound of about three inches was made on the left cheek Ben White, father of Frank White, was cut through the hand as a result of his interference.

The cause of the fight could not be ascertained, but it is generally ascribed to a standing grudge which has long existed between the White and Williams families.

Getting in Line.

Thomas L. Lipsey has been appointed coroner of Pickens county. It is rumored that there is dissatisfaction with the sheriff and that he may resign or fail to qualify for his extended term. It is thought that the citizens asked for a coroner for the reason that the incumbent of that office is the only man in a county who can take the place of the sheriff if it is necessary to designate some one to do his work. There has been no coroner in Pickens county in many years.

Launchman Burns Hand.

Mr. George Nicolls, who has charge of the government naphtha launch, had his hand badly burned while attempting to put out the flames caused by a leak in the tank. He was making a trip to lock 9 and had in tow two barges and a drudge boat occupied by a number of workmen. His hands were severely burned, and it was only through hard work that the launch was saved.

Cotton Crop.

Last of the week reports from the various sections of the state indicate that cotton is really suffering in many places because of rains. There has been almost daily precipitation and the crops of the low lands are cut off very much. The highlands have been more fortunate, the water running off so fast that it had not time to settle between the rows and produce rust and rot to the low hanging bolls.

Talladega's Books.

Assistant State Examiner W. F. Wilkinson has reported on the books of J. B. McMillan, treasurer of the State Deaf, Dumb and Blind school at Talladega, and of the officers of the county of Talladega. There was found no trouble of any kind, save one little error of bookkeeping in the accounts of the probate judge.

New Industries in Mississippi.

New Albany—$25,000 brick and tile works.

Starkville—Telephone company.

Hattiesburg—Wood alcohol factory.

Utica—Electric light plant; water works.

Louisiana Launched.

The battleship Louisiana, sister ship to the Connecticut, building at the Brooklyn navy yard, was successfully launched at the Newport News Shipbuilding yards Saturday. Miss Juniata LaLande, of New Orleans, was the sponsor, and broke a bottle of wine across the prow of the new fighter.

Soil Survey.

Montgomery, Wilcox and Pike counties are to have a soil survey. W. E. McLendon, who is now at Saginaw, Mich., will begin the survey in Montgomery county October 1st. These surveys are being made in many southern sections at this time, and are done under scientific conditions.

Clergy Arrested.

Excitement has been caused by the fact that some of the Italian clergy have been summoned to appear before the court which is investigating the theft of the ancient cope in 1892, stolen from the cathedral of Ascoli and sold to J. Pierpont Morgan.

Lost Both Legs.

Walter Kellier, of Anniston, was run over by some freight cars and both of his legs were cut off, one above and the other below the knee.

Cotton to Russia.

The first of Texas' cotton crop was shipped to Russia—500 bales.

Rural Routes.

The following rural free delivery is ordered established October 1st: Blue Springs, Barbour county, one route, area fifteen square miles, population 444; Clopton, Dale county, one route, area 20 square miles, population 494.

At Denver Next.

Denver has been selected as the meeting place in 1905 of the American Mining congress.

CROP PROGRESS.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Climate and Crop Bulletin of the Weather Bureau—Alabama Section—For Week Ending August 22, 1904.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

The week as a whole was moderately warm, comparatively dry and favorable for all maturing crops, though showers were fairly general on Tuesday and Sunday, being heavy in a few localities; high winds and hail slightly damaged crops in portions of Chilton and Randolph counties. Early cotton continues to deteriorate in middle and southern counties from effect of previous wet weather. In some fields it has shed most of its bolls, has stopped fruiting and rust is still prevalent, with some rot. Boll worms are damaging in a few localities. There is also some blight, rust and shedding in northern counties, but the crop as a whole continues promising in that portion of the state. Late cotton is improving slowly and continues to fruit tairly well, though still making too much stalk in some localities. Early cotton is opening slowly and picking will not be general for about ten days. Corn is maturing satisfactorily and promises a large yield, though wet weather has caused some lowland corn to rot. Early corn is being gathered in southern and some middle counties. Fodder pulling has been completed in some southern counties and is well under way in the middle district, with prospect of a good yield of this forage being secured, though considerable has been damaged by rain. All minor crops are doing well. The gathering of early sweet potatoes and peanuts continues in some localities, both making good yield. Wet weather has retarded haying, but grasses are growing well and pastures are excellent. More late Irish potatoes have been planted and more turnips sown. Early sown turnips are doing well. Pears and grapes are yielding fairly well, though damaged somewhat by rot.

Extracts from Reports of Crop Correspondents.

(County—Place.)

NORTHERN DISTRICT.

Blount, Oneonta: Cotton running too much to stalk and shedding; corn best in years, though little fodder pulled; gardens doing well.—Aquilla J. Ketchum.

Calhoun, Anniston: Generally favorable week for cotton, some bolls opening; all crops doing well; some fodder being saved.—P. M. Watson.

Cherokee, Mackey: Very favorable week for all crops, though reports of cotton shedding; corn best in years; turnips being sown.—B. F. Mackey.

Colbert, Tuscumbia: Cotton holding its fruit very well; fodder being pulled from early corn; turnips doing well.—J. L. Tompkins.

Cullman, Wenzel: Very favorable week for maturing corn and cotton; some fodder being pulled.—C B Livingston.

Franklin, Hargett Mills: Very dry; rust spreading in cotton very rapidly; late corn almost a failure; minor crops very promising.—F. J. Byars.

Lamar, Pharos: Rain needed; prospects for corn never better; cotton doing fairly well; sweet potatoes doing well.—W. H. Dougherty.

Marshall, Minorville: Corn and cotton doing very well, though there is some rust and shedding in cotton; turnip sowing general.—N. B. Lusk.

St. Clair, Ashville: Corn and cotton benefited by rains; considerable shedding in cotton, though this adverse condition not serious as yet.—Geo. R. Cather.

Walker, Carbon Hill: Rain generally needed; lowland corn doing fairly well; cotton shedding rapidly on uplands and none is open.—J. P. Myers.

Winston, Elk: Corn continues promising; cotton still shedding; minor crops doing well.—Fred M. Wilson

MIDDLE DISTRICT.

Bullock, Flora: Coton picking, which is hastened by rust, has commenced in many places; fodder being pulled rapidly.—J. E. Collins.

Chambers, Lafayette: Light showers; fodder being pulled and some corn cut and shocked; a few scattered bolls of cotton are open.—W. Andrews.

Chilton, Maplesville: Heaviest rain of the season on the 15th, with high wind and hail, damaging both corn and cotton; cotton shedding rapidly.—W. Y. Nix.

Choctaw, Yantley: Unfavorable weather for saving fodder, though it is being pulled rapidly; all crops grassy; peas excellent.—J. A. Davison.

Clay, Dean: Too much rain for cotton and lowland corn; cotton shedding and rusting; upland corn excellent; minor crops good.—L. T. Campbell.

Dallas, King's Landing: Corn good; cotton has deteriorated considerably since August 1st.—W. T. Alison.

Hale, Newbern: One rain during week; some fodder being pulled; cotton deteriorated considerably; pastures excellent.—J. Huggins, M. D.

Lee, Gold Hill: Cotton rusting and shedding; no good fodder or hay being saved.—W. T. Andrews.

Marengo, Magnolia: Cotton is opening, though rusting and shedding rapidly on sandy lands; minor crops promising.—Henry Slade.

Montgomery, Hope Hull: Cotton damaged considerably by recent excessive rains; some fodder being saved; sweet potatoes excellent.—J. W. Smith.

Perry, Uniontown: Cotton shedding very rapidly from effect of recent rains; boll worms damaging.—J. M. Richeson.

Pickens, Stone: Cotton considerably injured by recent rains, difficult to estimate damage now; a great deal of fodder ruined by rain.—T. H. G. Cook.

Randolph, Napoleon: Wet weather damaging crops considerably; some damage by hail on 15th; cotton rusting, blighting and shedding; corn promising.—L. W. Townsend.

Russell, Hooks: Cotton seriously damaged by recent excessive rains, causing it to turn yellow and shed; early corn yielding well.—T. L. Mitchell.

Shelby, Vincent: Favorable weather; some cotton opening, though there is some rusting and shedding; corn doing well.—B. H. Samuel.

Sumter, Ramsey: Cotton almost ruined by too much rain; corn and peas rotting in the field.—T. L. Jenkins.

Talladega, Sycamore: Some complaint of cotton rusting and shedding; all minor crops doing well.—J. Williams.

Tuscaloosa, Fosters: Some fodder being pulled; peas excellent; some cotton opening, though none picked; potatoes promising.—L. E. Hill.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Butler, Garland: Week dry; cotton beginning to open, though shedding rapidly; very little fodder gathered; minor crops doing well.—J. C. McClure.

Clarke, Glover: Cotton opening on uplands, lowland cotton damaged by recent heavy rains; fodder being pulled; sugar cane very promising.—J. T. Day.

Conecuh, Belleville: Comparatively dry week; cotton rusting and shedding rapidly, though considerable of the early planted is opening; late cotton poor.—William Newton.

Covington, River Falls: Cotton shedding considerably; late corn doing well; fodder being pulled from early corn; all minor crops promising.—A. F. Powell.

Crenshaw, Lapine: Cotton has deteriorated considerably; late corn doing well; fodder being pulled from early corn; all minor crops promising.—A. F. Powell.

Dale, Verona: Cotton has deteriorated considerably; no top crop forming; other crops doing well.—J. F. Sammons.

Geneva, Tillman: Early cotton very promising, while the late is doing fairly well; most of the fodder saved; minor crops doing well.—J. O. McEachern.

Houston, Lucy: Fodder pulling almost completed; cotton considerably damaged by recent rains; cane, pears and potatoes doing well.—A. L. Cresby.

Monroe, Jones Mills: Dry week; cotton opening and picking begun, though some complaint of rusting and shedding.—W. L. Middleton.

Wilcox, Alberta: Cotton continues to deteriorate, some being picked; fodder pulling almost completed; minor crops unpromising.—W. A. Menaroe

FRANK P. CHAFFEE,
Section Director, Montgomery, Ala.

SAFE ROBBED.

$3,000 in Securities Taken—Nitro-Glycerine Used.

Fruitton, a small station on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, 14 miles north of Florence, was visited by safe blowers Sunday morning. The burglars entered the store of Tom Pruitt by battering in the front doors, and succeeded in getting away with $100 in cash and $3,000 in notes and checks.

A quantity of nitro-glycerine was used to effect entrance into the safe, the iron door being blown a distance of forty feet across the store, where it struck the shelves and scattered their contents. It was doubled up and twisted. A piece of fuse and some wrapping paper were the only clews left by the burglars.

Colonel Machen Dead.

Colonel E. C. Machen, well known as a railroad builder, his latest work being the erection of the Brunswick and Birmingham, which was only a few days ago sold to the Atlantic and Birmingham, died Monday.

Parcels Post Convention.

President Amador and the French charge de affaires have signed a parcels post convention between Panama and France

Department of Mines.

At the session of the American Mining congress held at Portland, Ore., it was proposed to urge the formation of a department of mines and metallurgy.

Succeeds His Father.

The directors of the Dallas Manufacturing company, of Huntsville elected Archie L. Rison as treasurer and general manager to succeed his father, the late W. R. Rison.

Teachers' Institute.

A teachers' institute was held Saturday at Bethel Grove under the direction of J. F. Koonce, superintendent of education for Lauderdale county. There was a large attendance.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

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COLUMBIANA, ALA., Sept. 1, '04

Telephone No. 27.

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For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices.
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N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
F. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
HARRY J. GILLIAM.

County.

Probate Judge.
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk.
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter.
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor.
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer.
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education.
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner.
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

JOINT DISCUSSION.

According to arrangements made by the joint committee from the different political parties, the following appointments have been agreed upon for joint discussions.

Vincent, Thursday, Sept. 1.
Rehobeth, Friday, Sept. 2.
Helena, Tuesday, Sept. 6.
Bamford, Wednesday, Sept. 7.
Gurnee, Thursday, Sept. 8, night, 7:30
Maylene, Friday, Sept. 8, night, 7:00
Montevallo, Tuesday, Sept. 13.
Calera, Wednesday, Sept. 14.
K Springs, Thursday, Sept. 15
Wilsonville, Saturday, Sept. 17

Speaking begins at 10 o'clock, a. m., except as otherwise stated in this notice. Everybod invited to attend these meetings.

Parker, Peace and Prosperity.
Roosevelt, Rascality and Ruin!

The headless ticket without a tail that is asking for the support of the people in this county, will be breathless after November 8th.

The Roanoke Leader has recently been clothed in a new dress, and it presents a very handsome appearance. Editor Stevenson is making a good paper for his constituency.

The disaffection among the heretofore followers of the populist leaders cannot be healed, although the bosses are keeping the cowpaths hot day and night. The people are tired of ring rule, and are getting from under the lash of the populist leaders.

The populist leaders are treating the road machinery contract as a joke, but the taxpayers who have been drawn into litigation because of this "joke" do not consider it as such by any means. But it will be rather expensive to the populist leaders in November.

The people in Shelby county should remember they have been taxed time and again for bridges which have never been built. The tax levy is contrary to constitutional law, and the populist administration is deserving of condemnation for thus imposing upon the people.

Many of the counties in Alabama have voted a special tax for the benefit of their public schools. Shelby county cannot do this even if it desired so to do, because the populist administration has already gone beyond the constitutional limis, consequently the public schools of Shelby county are the sufferers.

A demagogue can make the unwary man believe his own mother is his worst enemy, and can whitewash the devil in such a clever manner that in some places he would pass for a saint. The populist leaders in this county are swimming in demagoguery, and are trying to work off the overflow on the people.

From all over the county comes the news that Democrats are growing more and more enthusiastic. A good majority this year means any easy victory for the Democrats in two years from now, when they will elect Sheriff and Representative, and that is a forezone conclusion.

Cannot Face the Issue.

Written for The Sentinel.

Under the tutelage of the ringsters of the populist party the Peoples Advocate is becoming almost as good a dodger as the Boss Buster whom it apes in sentiment and deception. It is unable to meet argument except by slur and deception, and because I read The Sentinel intimates that I am influenced by what I read. The fact is, I was reading the Advocate long before The Sentinel came to Columbiana, but if it will do the editor of the Advocate any good I can freely say that none of his writings influence anybody to any great extent; there is no beginning, no end, middle or bottom to anything that appears in his paper. Companionship with a blue back speller and a grammar for a year or two is what he needs most, for intelligent people will not stand for "brass tax," "hare rang" and "sich" like expressions.

The Advocate said a short time ago that the law compelled the commissioners to levy a tax for bridges before they are built. I heard Judge Longshore say that under the Constitution of Alabama a levy for bridges cannot be made until the bridges are built and the debt created. Now will the Advocate say that all of the bridges have been built that the people have paid tax for in the past two or three years? It cannot in truth say yes; the people know different. Then what has become of the money which the people paid for this purpose? It is not in the bridge fund, for if I remember correctly the last grand jury said there were but three cents in the bridge fund. It appears to me that some comprehensive explanation is due the taxpayers as to why they were taxed contrary to law to build bridges, why those bridges have never been built, and what has become of the money raised by those levies? These are matters taxpayers have a right to know of.

The commissioners purchased some time ago a thousand dollars' worth of fence wire. It is scattered all over one section of the county; part of it "strung" and part of it laying around in almost any old place. Some of it has been fastened to bushes and is no more effective than if none of this populist extravagance had never been purchased. As the matter now stands this expenditure of the money of the taxpayers was pure wastefulness. I mention this merely as another illustration of the utter incompetency of the present administration to economically attend to public affairs.

No such condition of county affairs ever existed when Democrats had the reins of government. Demagoguery, under the nom de guerre of "reform," has swept Shelby county like a sirocco fresh from the desert of Libyam, blighting the fair name and credit of Shelby county. Recent developments in the financial affairs of the county show some startling transactions. It has not been many months since a money lender said the credit of Shelby county was not good for ten thousand dollars! In half a dozen years the tax rate has gone from four to seven mills, and yet with all this great increase in taxes the county is compelled to borrow money to pay expenses! And all this in six years! And who is responsible for all this? What party has had the management of the county's affairs for the past six years? Disregard of constitutional law, and a lack of knowledge in the management of public affairs by the populist administralion has been the only cause, and the efforts of Judge Longshore to shift the responsibility are fruitless. VERITAS.

Wilsonville, Aug 29th.

Those Affidavits.

At the time of the joint discussion at Spring Creek (Beat 2), Judge McMillan was informed that a letter, which he was charged with having written Wm. Merrell, was being used against him. He was told that the letter he is charged with writing said he had been defeated (in the election six years ago) by the ignorant white voters and negroes.

In his speech at Spring Creek, McMillan said he would give ten dollars for the produc ion of any such letter, but for some reason best known, probably, to those who were circulating the story, the letter did not show up, and Judge McMillan says he has no recollection of writing any such a letter, and those who know Mr. McMillan know he is not given to making false statements.

In the last issue of the Advocate appeared affidavits from A. Z. and W. S. Merrell saying that their father did receive a letter from McMillan in which the latter said he had "been beaten for Probate Judge but that it was done by illiterate white and negroes," and that "this affidavit is made in defense of his father's word who is now passed away." There is nothing in the affidavits to show that the deceased Mr. Merrell had ever said he received such a letter from McMillan, and the object and purpose of these affidavits are plain on their very face. There is no issue between Judge McMillan and the dead, but the best evidence that he wrote the letter he is charged with writing is the production of the letter.

The face of the affidavits show that they are for no other purpose than to create prejudice, and to stir up strife and bitterness—the only foundation upon which the populist administration hopes for a re election—a weapon which has always been resorted to by these same populist leaders—the weapon of a party which cannot go before the people upon merit.

Messrs. Merrell may mean well in making those affidavits, but afterthought will show to them that they have been trapped into making a defense or their father's word, when it has never been established that he made any such an assertion about McMillan writing such a letter to him, or that McMillan has ever contradicted Wm. Merrell, deceased, in any wise, and The Sentinel believes the affidavits referred to will have just the opposite effect desired by the populist leaders.

It is just such prejudicial actions that has brought Shelby county into its unenviable condition, but they will not divert the minds of the people from the true issues in this campaign. Strife, passion, prejudice and villification are the weapons best handled by the populist leaders in this county, but with them they have duped the people of Shelby county for the last time.

Past Master in Dodging.

The populist administration stands charged with levying illegal taxes," etc.—The Sentinel.

"You have charged the populist administration with all manner o things and God only knows what you hatch up next."—Advocate.

And the above is a fair illustration of the manner in which the Advocate meets the charges that are brought against the populist administration. It cannot meet the charge with a denial supported by the truth, and to admit the truth would be an acknowledgement that in making the illegal levies the populist administration willfully violated constitutional law, and overrode the constitutional rights of the taxpayers of this country.

The court records point with condemnatory finger at the populist administration, for the courts have held that the levy of 1899 was illegal, being contrary to constitutional law, yet, notwithstanding this decision the populist administration continues to place these illegal levies upon the people. What else can be expected when the head of that administration says: *"I will not support the Constitution of Alabama only so far as the law compels me to."*

The above are the words of Judge Longshore uttered time and again in his speeches in this campaign. What kind of justice, if his constitutional rights were in jeopardy, could a man hope for in a court presided over by a Judge who says he will not support the Constitution of the State only so far as he is compelled by law? There would remain to him but one of two things to do: submit to the wrongs heaped upon him, or go to a higher court and invoke the law to COMPEL the Judge of the lower court to support the Constitution and give him his rights thereunder. That is the attitude in which Judge Longshore stands before the people of Shelby county today, and his inflammatory words should condemn him in the minds of all patriotic people. Constitutional law, the patriotism of the American people are the two things which prevent anarchy from devastating this country. When a man's patriotism is fired only when the law compels it, suspicion of such patriotism is pretty well founded.

The Sentinel believes that any man in any State who says he will not support the Constitution of his State only when compelled by law to do so is unworthy to hold any public office. Give such a leader a following which he would consider sufficient to accomplish it and the organic law of a State—aye, of a Nation, would be overthrown and ours would be a land of revolution, of rebellion and riot; it would be a land governed by the torch and the sword, and not by motives prompted by a desire to see justice meted to all alike.

These are some of the things that patriotic people of this county should consider when they vote in November, and they will.

A False Accusation Reacts,

To the Voters of Shelby County.

Last week, as I read that unprovoked insult which, through the columns of the Advocate, was thrust directly into the face of the State of Alabama, and more directly, if possible, into my face, as an officer of Shelby county, I am moved by a patriotic spirit to appear in the columns of the public press, in bold defense of myself, and in defense of the great State of Alabama, of which you all form a part.

Premeditatedly and maliciously some man, under the assumed name of "Plunket," asked the question "Why did so many teachers fail to get certificates in the July examination?" The answer to this question is easy and simple: They didn't make the grade. Young "Plunket" would lead you to believe that all Republicans and populists, regardless of qualifications, we e rejected by the State Board of Examiners, and that all Democrats were given certificates.

Now the young man who made this unjust charge against our great State must have been dreaming, for when he awakens to his sensibilities, and is reminded of the fact that he, too, was an applicant on that occasion, and doubtless knew the political sentiment of every member of his class, he knows his accusation is false on its face.

He says "not a single populist or Republican passed." Now let us see who got certificates, and who did not.

In this examination we had eight white applicants, five of whom represent Democratic families, two represent populists, and one Republican. Of these, three Democrats passed, and two failed: one populist passed, and one failed, and the Republican likewise failed, and he was not surprised, for he admitted in the beginning that he was not prepared. So far as the politics of the negroes is concerned, I know nothing about that. Really, he is not manipulating the politics of this county nowadays.

Young "Plunket" did me and justice to say there was something wrong in Montgomery, insinuating that I had reported to the Examining Board the political complexion of my class of applicants. This I have never done, nor even thought of doing.

I know that young "Plunket's" article does not express the sentiment of the populists concerning my administration. While they do not agree with me politically, they have frequently commended me for the impartial manner in which I have discharged my official duties. Instead of having prejudiced the minds of the people against me, he seems to have won for himself the contempt of those who have been his best friends. May the Lord help "Plunket" to repent of his sins, and confess his guilt both to God and to man.

JNO. B. FARRELL,
Supt. of Education.

VINCENT.

Many shouts still ring in my ears:
smiles from pink lips and bright eyes
sparkling with innocent glee still
haunt me. Rosy cheeks burning with
young life's blood, have closed their
bloom till another sun. The week's
toil only bears me away from fair
faces and glossy locks. Father Time's
fleet foot-fall comes with feathery
heel. The wasted week's sun sinks
to soar no more till labor gives up to
a holy day of rest. His golden rays
fall softly on an ocean of green leaves
bathed with glistening drops of but
one fled day, ready to offer snowy
locks to eager fingers and send down
their shade on empty burs

The maize has on his yellow shield;
the war must soon begin. His warriors many—the battle hot. His armor must be stripped from and as
trophies in the triumphal train borne
away in bundles.

Strown upon the mother's breast
the mower's knife leaves its dead. No
bones to moulder in the sun; no grave
their bodies fill; but entombed their
mounds shall slumber sweet till herbivorarum lows and neighs shall awaken them. Scorched vines, once green
where sweet melons grew, the twilight now finds bare. Lamenting
swine whose shares the rind with
cries demand their fare.

Boughs robbed of a summer's load
gives dewy night nimble limbs. Virile hands filched their riches, smuggled them for winter's chills. In
sealed cells the cellar holds them prisoners till a Christmass feast. But,
farewell, sweet evening—never no
more of thee! The river's shoal has
begun its wailing and its sighs gentle
breezes waft to me. Slumber is
trampling my eyes. "Great Nature"
her "second course" demands. The
katy-dids have begun their lays; the
crickets chirp me dreamy.

But one more word for Plunket, my
friend, my neighbor's son,
It seems that in a hard fought race
the prize he lost, not won.
I, too, was in that race, dear friend,
the goal I reached at last;
It was by honest strides, dear friend,
and not a Party Class.
The hours grew wee while my lamplight fell on pages full of toil.
The midnight bell rang its knell and
lower sank my oil.
Your words once captivee have
escaped you,
In armored host they challenge me;
But, be deaf, mine ears, you shall not
hear them,
Anger surely set them free.

DREAMER.

WILSONVILLE.

There is some sickness in and around our town we regret to report.

Mrs. Mary E. Riddle is very sick at the home of her daughter Mrs. Iris E. Taylor, in this city.

Rev. C. W. O'Hara, of Columbiana, filled the pulpit at the Baptist church Sunday, and from here Mr. and Mrs. O'Hara left for "New Prospect" to attend the Shelby Association which convened there Tuesday.

E. Williamson, of Talladega, was here among friends and relatives Sunday.

The carpenters who have been engaged in Talladega for several weeks returned home Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wilson, of Longview, visited relatives here several days last week.

Claud Ray is reported very sick with fever at his home near town, also his sister is said to be very sick.

Rev. O. P. Bentley and daughters, Misses Emma and Hattie, visited here Sunday and Monday, to the delig t of all.

William and S. G. Gwin, of Lamison and Maplesville, visited homefolks Sunday and Monday. The latter is among the youngest operators on the Southern Railroad.

The ginning outfit at this place has undergone repairs all summer, and now the ginners say they can gin 75 bales a day.

The cotton crop is reported as failing very fast due to drought, and then a great deal of rain. The corn crop, however, is very fine.

J. L. Riddle and son, W. E. Riddle, visited relatives here Sunday afternoon.

Clarence Smith, of J. F. Pope's, visited your city Sunday; the attraction you understand.

Bill Ray and son, Henry, of Weldon, visited in town Sunday.

Thomas Stamps and Miss Alma Stone eloped Sunday and drove to Weldon and were quietly married in the public road, J. E. Adams officiating. Our best wishes attend them.

W. J. Weldon and Miss Blanche Clark made a business trip to Birmingham the latter part of last week.

Miss Annie Boyer, after making a thorough canvas of the town, sold near one hundred copies of "The New York Boston Horror" and "Easy Steps for Little Feet." Miss Annie is a most active agent.

Mrs. J. H. Robinson, after a two weeks' visit to Cullman, returned home last week.

Mr. Editor, this being your first communication, we will try to cut it short, and write again should this appear in print. Your correspondent, Mr. Wingard, having gone to Atlanta to attend a business college, we decided some one should write, and thus this short letter this week.

Before we close please let us say that the Presbyterians held a successful meeting here last week, eight accessions, and on next Sunday the Methodists begin their meeting. Will be glad to have all Sentinel readers attend.

ROBIN REDBREAST.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

WORN FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

SHOES, SHOES!

I have just received

A NEW STOCK!

and they go at

CUT PRICES.

Groceries, Provisions, Feed Stuff, Corn, Oats, Hay. Fancy Notions. All kinds of soft drinks on ice.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

Saturday
September
10th.

MR. HAM

OF CINCINNATI,

Will be in Columbiana, at my store

Saturday, September 10th

To take your measure for that

NEW SUIT.

Mr. Ham represents the

Columbia Tailoring Co.

and carries over 400 samples.

RUFUS LESTER

This space reserved for

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,

Montevallo, Ala.

They will tell you about in about two weeks.

MRS. M. WOOLLEY,

Montevallo's Fashionable Milliner

Will tell you about the new styles, and her

New Millinery Stock

in a very short time.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
.....OF.....
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS July 6th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$37,584.41	Capital paid in.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	26,013.59
Other Real Estate.....	3,000.00	Rediscounts.....	18,244.98
Cash and with other Banks	13,710.30	Undivided profits.....	2,036.14
	$61,294.71		$61,294.71

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of July, 1904,
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1 00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM. : : : : : : : ALA

For Sale.

A full blooded Jersey cow, third calf; gentle and kind. Good both for milk and butter.
Apply to MRS J B NELSON

WERE THE LEVIES LEGAL?

The Sentinel has charged that the populist administration had levied and collected an illegal tax from the people of Shelby county, and Judge Longshore admits the truthfulness of the charge in the following extract from his speech at Dunnavant: **"You can't levy a tax for bridges under the State Constitution, until you first build the bridges, or create a debt."** For the past two years the people have been taxed for bridges which have not been built, and at the time the levies were made were not even contracted for. Will the Advocate tell its readers those levies were legal?

COMPULSORY PATRIOTISM!

In his speech at Shelby, Judge Longshore, in an attack upon the Constitution of Alabama, said: "I WILL NOT SUPPORT THAT CONSTITUTION ONLY SO FAR AS THE LAW COMPELS ME."

When You Need Anything in the GROCERY LINE, it will pay you to get our prices. Fresh Meats, Hams, Etc., kept on Ice, therefore always fresh and nice.

Have just Received a Shipment of Ralstons Breakfast Food, Health Oats.

FOR DELICIOUS

Cakes, Candies, Fruits, Vegetables, we can suit YOU!

SEPTEMBER FIRST

I will give away another of those

Handsome Dinner Sets

To One of Our Customers.

CALL FOR YOUR COUPONS.

J. R. WHITE.

GOODS SOLD

Are guaranteed just as represented or your money refuned.

Accept our thanks for your past patronage and allow us to continue to serve you

J. R. WHITE.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

Telephone No. 27.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

W. H. Farr, of Redlawn, was in town last Thursday.

Yes, this weather is sufficiently warm for all practical purposes.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, was in town Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Barnett were down to Shelby Springs last Sunday.

J. R. White was quite sick last Sunday, but is able to be a. the store again.

The recent rains have pushed the mosquito crop ahead a notch or two.

Mrs. W. C. Williams, of Shelby, was in town last Thursday visiting relatives,

Major John W. Bolin, near Wilsonville, was in town Monday for a few hours.

J. T. Leeper was visiting with friends in Montevallo last Friday and Saturday.

Claude Nelson, of Birmingham, was in town Sunday and Monday, visiting relatives.

Baseball fever seems to be on the wane in Columbiana. Too hot to play ball nohow.

Mrs. Simon Friedberger and children have gone on a visit to relatives in Wilcox county.

Oscar Lawley, of Birmingham, was in town several days last week for a visit to friends.

Don't knock against your town whatever else you may do. Knocking never built up a town.

Brasher Walls, of Birmingham, was visiting his brother Sam in town the fore part of the week.

Clean the decayed cabbage out of your garden, if there is any there; it breeds fever and a doctor's bill.

Mrs. Sam'l Erlick and children, of Bessemer, are in the city guests of Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Erlick.

The usual semi-monthly services were held at the Methodist church last Sunday morning and night.

Mrs. S. V. McCauley, of Montevallo, is in the city for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. H. E. Whitaker.

Horace Hammond was down from Birmingham Saturday and Sunday for a short visit with his mother.

Miss Keeto is making Columbiana her annual visit, and as usual is making life miserable for everybody.

Supt. John B. Farrell, who had been suffering with a slight attack of malarial fever last week, is all right again.

W. E. Riddle, our next commissioner from this district, was in town Saturday and made this office a pleasant call.

Mrs. I. W. Bailey, after a short visit with her mother, Mrs. Weaver, returned to her home in Calera last Sunday.

Tom Norris has gone to Marion Junction where he has accepted a position as telegraph operator with the Southern Railway.

Don't think that every criticism in the paper is directed against you because it happens to fit your case; there are others.

The Shelby ball team passed through Columbiana last Friday, en route to Montevallo to play a double header with that team.

Clarence Smith was down from Wilsonville Sunday visiting friends. Mr. Smith is well pleased with his position with J. F. Pope.

Will Harrell, who has been agent for the Southern at Flat Top for the past month, is at home for a visit with his wife and children.

L. N. Bowdon, of Calera, was a visitor at the home of Mrs. T. M. Wilson last Thursday. The serious illness of Master Paul called him here.

Miss Rosser Christian who has been visiting friends at White Plains, Anniston, Oxford and Shelby for the past few weeks, has returned home.

The cool weather of the past few days has made one think it is time to get the boys and girls ready to go to school. Columbiana is the place to send them.

H. M. Millstead is just finishing up one of the finest gins in this section of the country. Farmers should remember this when they begin picking their cotton.

Mrs. Tommy Dump, who grumbles a good deal because of the hot weather, should go in cold storage and not complain so much. Other people have troubles of their own.

Tommy Dump says contractors expect a man to work ten hours just as hard as if the job would last but half that time. Tommy is a chronic grumbler any way you take him.

The friends of Mrs. E. W. Burt are glad to know that she has almost recovered from injuries received by being thrown from a bus some three months ago. She is able to be out again.

John Merrell was up from Shelby last Thursday for a few hours. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call. Mr. Merrell left Auburn Tuesday where he will go to school the coming session.

Work on the new jail is progressing rapidly.

Amos Glaze, of near Vincent, was in town the fore part of the week.

Frank Robertson, of near Wilsonville, was in town Tuesday visiting parents.

J. T. Childers, of Pelham, was in town the fore part of the week on business.

The gallows upon which Larkin Johnson will hang on the 9th of this month, has been erected.

There is a change in the advertisement of Rufus Lester this week; better read it—might profit by it.

Look after the trash in your back yards and alleys; a little foresight may prevent fever in your family.

John Merrell, who was over from Shelby last Friday, says he saw a belled buzzard in a big tree between here and that place,

E. B. Nelson came home from Walker Co., last Saturday, and has been confined to the house ever since with a slight attack of fever.

Miss Stella Powell, of Childersburg, who is to teach in the Columbiana Graded School again this year, is in the city visiting friends.

Tommie Dump says the really only tight-fisted men in the country are those who spend one dollar with the assurance they will get two in return.

NOTICE—Builders and Contractors should write Cook-Dominy Co., Fitzgerald, Ga., for lumber and shingles. Yours truly.
Aug. 25-3m COOK-DOMINY CO.

Henry Latham went down to Montevallo last Sunday to spend a few days with his parents. Henry has been on the sick list for several days, and he will rest up for a short time.

Nothing so decreases a young man in the estimation of the people as to become known as an habitual loafer. The business man does not look among loafers when he wants a clerk. Remember this, boys.

Miss Florence Fallaw returned from St. Louis last Saturday where she had been buying the new fall and winter stock for the Columbian Milliner Shop. Miss Fallaw says the weather is cold in St. Louis.

Miss Bessie Moore, who has been a guest of Miss Edna Nelson for the past two weeks, returned to her home in Marion last Sunday. Miss Moore made many friends among the young people here during her visit.

Rev. Mr. Upshaw closed a very successful meeting at Bethel last week. The attendance was good, and a number of accessions to the church were had. Rev. J. W. Willis, of Montevallo, assisted in the meeting.

Mrs. M. Woolley, Montevallo's fashionable milliner, is in Louisville this week purchasing her fall and winter stock, and upon her return she will tell her customers through The Sentinel all about the new styles.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Davis returned from a visit to the World's Fair and with relatives in Ohio last Monday. Mr. Davis says the Fair is a big thing, but that the pavements are the hardest on the feet he ever walked upon.

The cabbage snake has become a terror to some housekeepers. It has been suggested that boiling the cabbage with plenty of old fashioned bacon will make the vegetable just as good as if his snakeship had never been in it.

Among the visitors at Shelby Springs Sunday afternoon from Columbiana were: Amos Elliott, Walter Richardson, Geo. D. Campbell, Master Percy Pitts and Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Erlick, and Mrs. Samuel Erlick, of Bessemer.

T. S. Millsap, formerly mayor of Pell City, has resigned his office and moved away. He has gone to Columbiana to go into the hotel business at that place. Mr. Millsap's large host of friends here regret to part with him. —Coosa Valleyan, Pell City.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Mason have again gone to housekeeping in their home in the west end. Prof. and Mrs. Dowell, who have been occupying it for the prst several months, have moved into one of Uncle Jeff Elliott's cottages in the north end.

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co., of Montevallo, have a reserved space in this issue of The Sentinel. Mr. Geo. W. Morgan is now in Cincinnati purchasing a fall and winter stock for the firm, and as soon as he returns will tell the people of Shelby county all about it. Watch this space.

The Girls' Industrial School at Montevallo opens on September 15th, and we are informed that the attendance promises to be even greater than last year. A great deal of work has been done on the buildings and the grounds this summer, and it is much more pleasant than heretofore.

The Sentinel received a pleasant call from Woodfin Shivers, of Montevallo, who came up to play ball with the Montevallo boys. Woodfin was employed in The Sentinel office in that city for several months. He will go to Marion next week to attend the Military Institute at that place to fit himself for the Military School at Annapolis.

Pretty Ball Game.

The Montevallo ball team came up Tuesday for two games with our home team.

The game Tuesday afternoon resulted in a victory for the visitors by a score of 6 to 4. It was a battle between the two batteries, and both of them did pretty work. Roberts for the home team struck out seventeen men, and Garner for the visitors struck out eight. Several Shelby boys played with both teams.

Will Averyt and Dr. Williams, of Shelby, umpired the games and gave good general satisfaction.

Yesterdays's game was a victory for the home team, score, 10 to 5. Tom Tinney was in the box for the home team.

These are the last games of the season with Montevallo, as a number of the boys in the will go away to school next week.

The batteries were Garner and Shivers for the visitors, and Roberts, Tinney and Albright for the local team.

McMahan Killed.

Just before we go to press we learn that Manager McMahan, of the Shelby Springs summer resort, was shot and killed yesterday morning by George Porter, of Calera. The Sentinel was unable to learn the particulars of the shooting.

Mrs. L. N. Bowdon, who has been at the home of her mother, Mrs. T. M. Wilson, for the past three weeks because of the serious illness of her brotners, Melvin and Paul, returned to her home in Calera Monday.

J. W. Bandy, of Montevallo, was in town Tuesday and yesterday, managing the Montevallo ball team. The team is composed of gentlemen, and they know how to play ball.

Rev. Mr. Hamner, of Waverly, is in the city visiting his brother Dr. Hamner.

Miss Kathryn Smith, of Alpine, is in the city a guest of Miss Lizzie Sinnott.

Claude Duran, of Montevallo, was in town Tuesday and yesterday.

MONTEVALLO.

Miss Anna Nabors, of Maylene, spent Sunday in Montevallo.

A baby boy has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bandy.

Miss Mary Peters went to Birmingham, Saturday, with Miss Lena North for a return visit.

Miss Cora Morgan, of Columbiana, returned home Monday after a short visit with the Misses Kroell.

Miss Myrtle Lawrence, who has been visiting here for a few days, returned to Woodlawn Sunday.

Miss Nellie Ozley, after a short visit with relatives and friends here, returned to her home in Bessemer Sunday night.

F. W. Bandy, of Savannah, Ga., and H. A. Bandy, of Birmingham, arrived in the city Sunday for a short visit with their mother, Mrs. M. J. Bandy.

Capt. and Mrs. H. C. Reynolds are in St. Louis enjoying the Fair. After a short stay there they will make a trip through California, Oregon and Washington, touching at Vancouver's Island.

Montevallo and Shelby lined up on the local diamond Friday afternoon. Rain stopped the very interesting game at the end of the third inning, when the score stood 1 to 0 in favor of Montevallo. Saturday morning Shelby took the first game, 9 to 2, and Montevallo the second, 6 to 1.

The first new bale of cotton appeared in Montevallo last Friday. It was raised by L. B. Carter, on Thomas Hand's farm in Chilton county, and weighed 530 pounds. C. L. Merones & Co. opened the bidding at 12 cents, and it was bought by George Kroell for 12¼, about two cents above the market. Montevallo expects to do a bigger cotton business this season than ever before.

HARPERSVILLE.

Mrs. Strock is at Cook Springs.

Our school will open up the first Monday in October.

Joe Florey and sister, Miss Minnie, are both sick with fever.

Col. Kidd and his son Jamie have gone to the World's Fair.

The cotton crop in this section is not any better than it was last year.

Mrs. Mallory, of Klien, is spending some time with E. V. Caldwell's family.

For some unknown reason Rev. O'Neal failed to fill his appointment at the Methodist church last Sunday.

Farm hands are very scarce up here. Have not you a few idle clerks you can spare to pull fodder and pick cotton?

Mrs. W. J. Ray, of Newton, Ala., who has been spending the summer here, returned to her home last Monday accompanied by Mr. Ray's sister, Miss Lena, who will spend the winter with them.

Our farmers saved quite a nice lot of fodder last week, and a great many are preparing to save big lot of hay, peavines and such like. The more roughage the less corn will be required, and this means not so much western corn will be bought another year. Raise your own corn; raise your own meat; elect Parker and the whole Democratic ticket and times will be better.

Please do not understand me as being opposed to the R. F. D. route. I am not, if all the people are to be benefitted, but where there is just a few who are to benefitted and majority are not I do not endorse it. I repeat again that Vincent and Harpersville route does not accommodate more than one-fifth of the people who live within its territory, and it should never be started.

In a recent letter from one of the parties who went to Texas from here some time ago, I find the following: "This is the prettiest country I ever saw; the land is so level, but I do not see that crops are any better here than they are at home. I did not go to church last Sunday because the wind was blowing so hard, and the sand flying so bad that it was almost impossible for anyone to be out."

JAKE.

Notice.

Don't forget that on September 10th, the Columbiana Mercantile Company's doors will be closed on account of Jewish Holiday.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

To the Public.

The Sentinel is requested to say that the store of Leo Friedberger will be closed on September 10th, on account of Jewish Holiday

For Rent.

One store house. Call on or address
H. E. SMITH.
Wilsonville, Ala.

For Sale.

A good four room house, 33 acres of land attached, in fine cultivation, within gunshot of the best school in Shelby county. Apply to
J. W. JOHNSTON.

Sunday School Association.

The Shelby County Sunday School Association met with the Shelby Baptist church, August 18th, at 11 o'clock.

The first on the program was a praise service conducted by J. F. Averyt.

At 1:30 the time having arrived arrived for the regular meeting Mr. A. H. Avery was elected to take charge in the absence of the President, The subject, "Problem of the Superintendent" was taken up.

"Order in School" was discussed by Miss Minnie Kennedy, A. H. Avery and Miss Agnes Averyt.

"How to Secure Accurate Records," by Judge Carthel. "How to Remedy Weak Points in the School," by Rev. G. T. Harris, followed.

After the enrollment of delegates, the Association adjourned until 2:30.

At the afternoon session the praise service was conducted by A. H. Avery.

The Home Department and the Sunday School Revival, which means a revival in Sunday School work akin to the revival to which we are accustomed in church work, were both taken up by Judge Carthel.

At 4:15 we had a most interesting and instructive talk upon Primary Methods by Miss Minnie Kennedy.

At 8:00 the praise service was conducted by J. S. Falkner.

A telegram was received from R. F. Lewis of Birmingham, District President, stating that he regretted that illness prevented his being present. At this time Prof. Dowell, the County President, took charge of the meeting. The rest of the session was devoted to Judge Carthel's exceedingly interesting account of the World's Sunday School Convention, and the journey through the Holy Land.

Pledges for State work were also taken, and as much was pledged as in past years from the schools represented. It was resolved to call upon schools not represented, but usually contributing, to give their usual amount which would give us as much as is asked of Shelby county.

On Friday morning the praise service was conducted by J. S. Falkner.

A Reasonable Year's Work, by Judge Carthel, gave us points to be gained in county work.

1. A County Association with annual meetings.
2. Beat Associations with annual or quarterly meetings in each beat.
3. Contribution to State and County work.

"How to Advertise our County Conventions" was ably discussed by J. S. Falkner.

"The Sunday School as a Developing Agent for the membership of our Churches, by J. F. Averyt. The speaker stressed the point that few members come into the churches from without the Sunday Schools.

"The Teacher During the Week," was discussed in a paper read by Mrs A. H. Averyt.

At the afternoon session the praise service was conducted by Judge Carthel.

The subject of Teacher Training was discussed by the Association in general, and many valuable points were given.

At 3:30 Miss Kennedy gave a model primary lesson, teaching the lesson of Elijah on Mt Carmel to a class mostly under the age of 10. This was one of the most interesting features of the Convention.

"Looking for Absentees, was discussed by J. J. Jackson and others.

The praise service at 8 o'clock was discussed by A. H. Avery.

Miss Lillian Yerby, of Florence, gave us additional facts and helps in the training of teachers, and Prof. S. Dowell gave the President's address.

Then the matter of Beat Associations was taken up. The Beat Association of Beat 1 was invited to meet with Shelby Methodist church August 28th.

The Convention accepted the invitation of the Calera Methodist Sunday School to meet with it in August, 1905.

The committee on nominations made the following report:

President, S. Dowell, Columbiana; Vice-President, A. H. Avery, Shelby; Treasurer, Henry Milner; J. S. Falkner: Vincent; Corresponding Secretary, Miss Agnes Averyt Shelby. Four members of Executive Committee to be appointed by the President.

J. F. AVERYT, W. E PRICE, Com.

The committee on resolutions made the following report:

Resolved 1. That our most sincere thanks be returned to the people of Shelby for their hospitality and kindness to us while in their midst.

2. That our county officers should make a greater effort to secure a good attendance at the county convention, and interest in county and State work.

J. S. FALKNER,
J. J. JACKSON, } Com.
MISS ETHEL GLENN.

After singing "God Be With You Till We Meet Again," the convention adjourned to meet in Calera in August, 1905.

SAGINAW.

Misses Willye and Jessie Bird, of East Lake, were guests of their aunt, Mrs S. H. Aldridge, several days last week.

There was quite an unexpected wedding two miles east of here last Sunday, when Frank Massey and Miss Lillie Allen were united in marriage.

R.E. Bowdon and J.H. Fulton made a business trip to Columbiana the fore part of last week.

After a stay of several days with homefolks, Arch Wells, of Sumpter, has returned to work

Miss Lillian Railey, a charming girl of Vincent, after spending a few days with relatives here, has returned home.

Miss Bessie Sims, of Trussville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Ed. Morris.

Miss Lillie May Fulton, who has been visiting relatives here, has returned to her home in Birmingham.

Offie Robinson and Frank Alexander attended divine worship at Spring Creek last Sunday.

Henry Walker made a trip down the road Sunday; no one seems to know just where he went, but it is thought he was headed for Wetumpka.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by T. W. Weaver and N. A Weaver, his wife, to Everett, Ridley, Ragan and Company, Atlanta, Ga., dated on the 5th day of February, 1903, and recorded in Mortgage Record No. 63, page 39, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Shelby County, State of Alabama, will be sold at auction for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Columbiana, Alabama, on the 29th day of August, 1904, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, towit: A part of the Densler lot situated in the town of Wilsonville, Ala., beginning at the northeast corner of C. A. Mason's lot, fronting on Main street, bounded on the north by property of Weldon & Holland, on the west by lands of J. F. Pope, on the south by the Mason property mentioned above, said to be fifty feet front and one hundred feet deep, said property is improved, said improvement being a one story frame building which is bargained and sold with the said lot. Also one resident lot, one acre more or less, situated on the Montgomery road in the town of Wilsonville, Ala, Fronts Montgomery road, bounded on the north by property of R. C. J. Gwin, on the south by C. A. Mason's property, on the west by property of Olie Polk. Said property is improved by a one story frame dwelling house consisting of four rooms more or less, situated in the NE¼ of SE¼ of Section 1, Township 21, Range 1, East. All of said property is located in Shelby County, Alabama.

This the 27th day of July, 1904.

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Mortgagees.

McMillan & Haynes
Attorneys, 48-5

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"FORGET IT."

Forget about the sun spots
And you'll find the sun is bright.
Forget about the darkness
And deny there is a night.

Forget the day is rainy,
Sure, to-morrow will be fine.
Just brush aside the clouds yourself
And make your own sunshine.
—Stephen Chalmers, in New York Times.

A Trying Predicament.

By H. D. G. PARSONS.

In the winter of 187—, when business was very dull, I unfortunately happened to be out of a situation. I had travelled through several western cities in quest of employment, but without success. At last I found myself in one of the hotels in Louisville, studying the state of my finances and prospects.

Having received a good education, I could keep a set of books with any man; few could excel me as a salesman. My lot seemed to be doubly unfortunate. Why was I not a mechanic? I could then have easily obtained what I wanted.

In the midst of my revery, a short, stout, nervous looking gentleman, who had been eyeing me for some time, asked me if I had been long in Louisville.

Being out of sorts with myself and every one else, I did not answer him with extreme politeness.

"You seem down-hearted," he continued, still gazing at me as if he not only wanted to know my business, but my height, size and wearing apparel; even my boots were closely scrutinized.

I evaded his question by remarking on the dull business season.

"Are you looking for work?"

"You have anticipated my wants correctly," I replied, in hopes of ending the conversation, as he did not look like a man who hired either clerks or bookkeepers.

"Are you a powerful man?" he said, continuing his examination. "If so I might hire you.

'There is not a man in the city I am afraid to grapple with," I replied eagerly, overjoyed at the sudden prospect of getting a situation.

"I think you will answer my purpose," he said, walking round me as if he were purchasing a horse.

Having finished the inspection, he took me aside and informed me in the strictest confidence, that he had a sick brother who required a nurse. From what he could see, I was competent to fill the berth.

"As to salary," he continued, "if you suit me, I will make it liberal; but one thing you must promise me."

I at once expressed my willingness to make the promise, if it would not, at any time, involve me in trouble.

He set my fears at rest at that point, as all he wanted was that while I was in his employ I would not make the world wiser as to what I was doing. There was nothing unreasonable in any employer's exacting such promise. I accepted his offer.

Bidding me follow him, we traversed several streets until we arrived in front of a large mansion in one of the principal thoroughfares. My guide using the latchkey, we entered the house without ceremony.

After dinner I was introduced to my charge, who was the exact counterpart in looks of his brother. I glanced from one to the other wondering how it was possible for two men to be so much alike.

"My name is William Harrison," said the brother who hired me, "and this is Mr. Charles Harrison."

"Twin brothers," I said, looking from one to the other.

"Yes, we are twins," said Mr. William. "Unfortunately, Charles is peculiar in his manner, and I wish you to look after him—in fact to be his constant companion."

"His constant companion," I repeated. What! Is he crazy?" I asked, aside of Mr. William.

"Yes, a little out of his head," he replied. "You must be careful not to let him get the upper hand of you in any way, and when he is violent, there is a straight jacket," he said, showing me the article on a sideboard.

"All right," I said. "Now, as I understand you, I must use this when I think proper to do so."

"Yes," he replied, "whenever you have occasion to. Of course you must use proper judgment, and not be too violent. I can see by your looks that you are a very powerful man—in fact, I pride myself on being so fortunate as to secure you."

He was right in his judgment as to my powers; I have met few men in my lifetime who equaled me in strength.

During our conversation, Mr. Charles sat still, without saying a word. I again compared them. The similarity of features, build, even their hair, which was gray, was remarkable; both wore their whiskers alike. It was the first time in my life I was puzzled in making a distinction whereby I could tell one man from another.

As a last resource, I was obliged to make a note of their different costumes, in order to know Mr. Charles apart from Mr. William.

What if I was to mistake (in my routine as keeper and nurse) one brother for the other? A dread of the fearful consequence that would follow came over me, and I can assure you it was some time before I could rest easy in mind.

Mr. William retired, leaving me with my charge. The change, at least, furnished the pressing requirements for the time. Unsuited though it was to my taste, I soon fell into the dull routine the life of a nurse to a madman furnishes, and, before a week was up I felt myself perfectly able to take any first-class position that offered as keeper of the unfortunate insane community.

Mr. Charles, at times, was violent and rough in his manner, but after I had given him a taste of the straight jacket a few times, he troubled me very little. Occasionally he would go down on his knees and plead love for an imaginary lady, then start up with a blustering air, and order me out of the room as if I had no business there. And really, I must say there was very little need of my staying by him all the time; but I was paid for it so I was obliged to obey.

They were both bachelors, having considerable property. Mr. Charles became insane a few years previous. His brother preferred taking charge of him instead of sending him to an asylum.

At times, Mr. William did not appear as rational as he should be, but it was his peculiar manner. I learned from the servants that he had been for years paying his addresses to a Miss Stebbins, an elderly maiden lady belonging to one of the first families of Louisville. She often visited the house. He would be very tender in his manner toward her, and would offer her his arm when they walked in the garden, but marriage, or any arrangement to that end, was never hinted at. He seemed to be content with paying the polite addresses due from an engaged swain to the object of his choice, and there it ended. It was evident that he was either too bashful to proceed with his suit beyond that mark, or else the lady objected to him and preferred single-blessedness to the duties and cares of married life.

The latter seemed improbable, as Miss Stebbins, when they promenaded on the piazza, hung lovingly on his arm, and threw such sweet glances at her escort that they betrayed her willingness to unite her fortunes with his. Then it was clear that the fault was on the part of Mr. William.

As the summer advanced Miss Stebbins came oftener. The greenhouse required rearranging before winter set in. The alterations were begun and carried out under her plans. Mr. William was a willing slave to her ideas; and as I watched him from my window receiving her suggestions about how the dome in the centre was to be built, I really believed that had she proposed carrying it up a hundred feet high, he would have had it done.

It was evidently coming to a climax. Mr. William intended getting married; if not to Miss Stebbins, certainly some lady would soon be mistress of his establishment.

At present, no other female appeared. The only conclusion therefore to be drawn was that Mr. William Harrison and Miss Clarinda Stebbins, both of the city of Louisville, were about to commit matrimony.

As for myself, during the hot weather having little to do, I was fast growing fat and lazy, and the financial prospect before me looked decidedly cheering. So well had I managed my charge, that Mr. William hired me by the year; an agreement was made out, which we both signed, that I was to continue in the capacity of nurse to his brother for the space of twelve months, beginning June the first, at a salary of one hundred and fifty dollars a month.

Immediately after we had made this permanent arrangement, Mr. William left Louisville for a few days and I was alone with Mr. Charles.

One fine afternoon he was taking his after dinner nap, which generally lasted for a couple of hours. I foolishly left him and went out for a walk. I was gone about an hour. When I returned to the house, a sight met my eyes that made my blood run cold. Mr. Charles was in the room, not his own, kneeling at the feet of a lady.

I always prided myself on being a gallant, and would never allow a lady to be insulted, much more to see her at the mercy of a madman. I rushed in and secured him.

"How dare you come in here and behave in this manner, you rascal?" he said, in his usual crazy manner.

"I'll show you," I replied, taking the straight jacket out of my pocket, where I always carried it, ready for instant use.

"Unhand me, sir, and go out of the room," he exclaimed, pointing to the door.

By this time the lady had fainted. Seeing her drooping head, as she sank on the lounge, was enough. I grappled with him, and in spite of all he could do, I quickly put the straight jacket on him, and he was incapable of doing any further harm.

Having secured my charge, I turned my attention to the lady. Taking the water pitcher, which always stood in the room, I sprinkled her face; when she revived, and looked at Mr. Charles chafing in the straight jacket, she gave an unearthly scream, and fainted in earnest that time. I thought she was dead.

What could I do? The servants were out, and I alone with a madman in a straight jacket, and a lady in hysterics. If ever mortal was in a more trying predicament, I should like to know it.

"Let me out of this, you villain!" he thundered.

"When I get ready," I replied, taking my knife and cutting open the lady's tight dress, to ease her. I fairly drenched her in water, to no purpose. I could scarcely distinguish her breathing. Taking a lump of ice from the pitcher, and holding it to her forehead, the chill revived her a little.

I was congratulating myself on having saved her life, when she looked at Mr. Charles.

"Oh, my darling!" she sobbed out, then, giving another shriek, off she went again.

I was in a worse fix than ever, with a crazy woman as well as a man to take care of. I believe, at that moment, if I had had another straight jacket in my pocket, it would have gone on her.

I rubbed her forehead with the ice, and chafed her hands whilst my knife had perfectly loosened her dress from neck to waist.

I was afraid she would die under my hands; then what should I do? I rang the bell for the servants, but they were out, so no help came from that quarter.

Going to the sideboard, I took some brandy and held it to her lips; my charge was raving all the time.

"If you don't stop your row, and let me attend this lady, I will gag you!" I said, threatening him.

The brandy had the desired effect. She started up and rushed to him. Her dress, which before was a perfect fit, now hung in shreds. She clasped him around the neck, declaring I should not kill him.

I gently disengaged her from him.

"Come," I said soothingly, "it pains me to see you so excited. Calm yourself; I will soon get some one to take charge of you."

Seating her on the lounge, I again rang the bell for help; visible signs of hysterics appeared; she was having a relapse. I shouted for some one to come. Judge of my astonishment when she began calling me a villain for serving her darling in that way.

"My good lady," I replied, "although you are old enough to be my mother, I beg to disagree with you; it is for his good."

How far I should have gone, or what other means I should have taken to quiet my two mad people, I really cannot say, had not one of the servants entered at that moment. She too gave a scream at our ludicrous appearance.

"What! are you mad as well?' I said. "Come here and help me out of this plight."

She came up to us. A word was enough to reveal to my blundering eyes the mistake I had made. It was Mr. William I had been handling. To take the straight jacket off him and retire to my room was the work of a moment. I locked the door after me.

The imprecations I overheard heaped on my head were certainly enough to frighten any man of moderate nerve. Miss Stebbins' new mauve silk was all cut to pieces; even her fancy corsets were ruined by my cutting them in two, not to mention a splendid sash of watered silk, costing I don't know how much, and the shock to her nerves was irreparable.

I found my charge, the real manaic, sleeping quietly in his bed. Leaving him to finish his nap, I began to ruminate on the chances of my going to the penitentiary. Just then I overheard Mr. William ordering the servant to fetch a policeman, when Miss Stebbins interrupted him.

"Do not send for the police," she said. "We shall have to go to court, and our love be made public in the eyes of the gaping world; the Clarances will torment my life out of me."

"I will get rid of him at once," said Mr. William. "The rascal! It was only the other day I hired him for a year. Come out!" he continued, knocking at the door of my room.

My overhearing their conversation had set my mind at rest on the jail question. Miss Stebbins being in high social standing, money could not have hired her to be cross-examined in a public court, and the result of my blundering interruption of their interesting tete-a-tete made known to her friends. She was quick-sighted enough to see that, in the midst of her trouble.

When I thought their passions had cooled a little, I opened the door, and at the sight which met my eyes it was impossible for me to repress a hearty laugh, which did not raise me any higher in their opinion.

Mr. William was wiping the perspiration off his face, and declaring to Miss Stebbins that the disagreeable affair should have no effect on their engagement, while she stood by holding her dress, the splendid mauve silk, in anything but graceful folds about her lovely person.

"Villain!" said Mr. William, "get out of the house!"

"Yes, scoundrel that you are!" said Miss Stebbins, getting decidedly passionate. "I'll teach you to cut my new mauve silk and sash all to pieces! And my French corsets have not escaped; you shall be hung for it!" she shrieked.

I stood still, unable to say a word in defence.

"What are you staring at?" said Mr William.

"I am going to stay my year out," I replied doggedly. "I shan't budge until the first of next June without my salary."

"Get rid of him," said Miss Stebbins, "or I leave Louisville."

Her word was law. He went to his room and returned in a few minutes with a check, which he handed me, saying:

"There, sir, now go, and never darken my door again."

I took the check, which was for my year's salary, and went out of the house and situation in five minutes. Eighteen hundred dollars are quite an item for the loss I sustained. I came to northern Ohio, started in business, and, in spite of Mr. Harrison's maledictions and the ruined mauve silk, I am doing well from the proceeds of my "trying predicament."—Waverley Magazine.

The World's Goods.

Irving Bacheller, author, tells with glee of a recent visit to the old farm up the state where he spent his boyhood days. The place was in a poor condition, the buildings being dilapidated and everything giving mute evidence of long neglect. On the porch of the ramshackle house sat an old man, bowed with the weight of years and a big mortgage on the farm. After exchanging greetings Mr. Bacheller said:

"Well, I fancy this place might have looked a little better if I had stayed here."

"Mebbe 'twould," replied the old man, with a sigh. "The old farm might have looked a bit spruce, but it's dollars to doughnuts that you wouldn't be wearin' sech good clothes as you've got on!"

Our Wages Are Higher.

Hungarians, Germans, Slovaks and Jews all emigrate from Hungary because the wages are higher in the United States than in Europe; on the other hand, a larger proportion than formerly return by direct instigation of relatives, who are constantly stimulated by the Hungarian press, in order to spend the higher American wages on cheaper European manufactures in their old age. While in the larger cities of Hungary food and rent are becoming nearly as dear as in the United States, they are not so high in the country places, to which most emigrants return.

COULDN'T LIFT TEN POUNDS.

Doan's Kidney Pills Brought Strength and Health to the Sufferer, Making Him Feel Twenty-Five Years Younger

J. B. CORTON.

J. B. Corton, farmer and lumberman, of Deppe, N. C., says: "I suffered for years with my back. It was so bad that I could not walk any distance nor ride in an easy buggy. I do not believe I could have raised ten pounds of weight from the ground, the pain was so severe. This was my condition when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. They quickly relieved me, and now I am never troubled as I was. My back is strong and I can walk or ride a long distance and feel just as strong as I did twenty-five years ago. I think so much of Doan's Kidney Pills that I have given a supply of the remedy to some of my neighbors, and they have also found good results. If you can sift anything from this rambling note that will be of any service to you, or to any one suffering from kidney trouble you are liberty to do so."

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cts.

Mr. Astor's Joke.

In a speech that William Waldorf Astor delivered before the London Clubmen's Benevolent Society he told of a costermonger who lay dying. Nevertheless, he expressed a desire for something to eat, and his wife asked him what he would like. "Well," said the costermonger, "I seem to smell a ham a-cookin' somewheres. I think I could eat a bit of that." "Oh, no, John, dear," said his wife; "you can't have that. That's for the funeral."—Argonaut.

The Japanese are considered to be among the very strongest people on earth. They are strong mentally and physically and practically they eat no meat at all. Their diet consists almost wholly of rice, steamed or boiled, while the better to do add fish, eggs, vegetables and fruit. For beverages they use weak tea without sugar or milk, and pure water, alcoholic stimulants being rarely indulged in.

Rueben Laycock, the atheist sage of Danville, Iowa, is dead. Just before his death he wrote his own funeral oration, setting forth his religious views at length, picked four girls of the village to sing at his funeral, and composed the music and wrote the words of two or three philosophical poems, setting forth his views of life, death and immortality.

The treasurer of the United States on May 6, 1903, redeemed two half-cent pieces. This is the first time in the history of the country that any such coins have been presented for redemption. It is more than a century since the first half-cent piece was coined, and it is nearly fifty years since the government discontinued minting them.

Until recently it was almost universally believed that petroleum was, like coal, derived from fossil vegetation or possibly from animals or fishes of some long past age. Now it is asserted by many scientific men that it may not be of organic origin, but may be due to subterranean chemical action.

Japanese postage stamps are rated as the most artistic in the world. There is a great demand for them in London at present. The stamps were issued in 1871. There are few rare ones, the highest price ever known to have been paid for one being $50.

Uncle Sam has on his pay roll about 10,000 boys from 14 to 19 years old, who are employed as special delivery messengers. Each boy gets 8 cents out of the 10 cents paid the government for a special delivery stamp.

The half-cent piece was the coin of the smallest denomination ever made by this country. It enjoys the distinction also of being the first coin issued and also the first whose denomination was discontinued.

Up to the present time practically no intelligent attention has been given to the cultivation of garden truck in Mexico, such as potatoes, sweet corn, peas, beans, tomatoes, asparagus, celery, cabbage, etc.

At West Point it has been decided that no fat cadet may go into the cavalry, because he must lack the agility of the idea horseman and must prove a burden to the steed.

In the last few weeks since the planting of trees on the government reserve in the Diamond river valley in Nebraska began 300,000 trees have been planted.

For some maladies physicians recommend yawning. They say that muscles are brought into play during a yawn that would otherwise never get any exercise at all.

In the "Petrified Forest" of Arizona there is a natural bridge across a narrow canyon, consisting of the petrified or agatized trunk of a tree, 111 feet in length.

Mrs. L. M. Blackford, of Detroit, Mich., was one of the passengers on the first successful railroad train which made its trial trip in the summer of 1830.

Sunnyside, Utah, is a town of 400 and not a woman lives there.

Madagascar has opened its first railway.

It Walked In.

Early in the morning L. H. Haney, landlord of the City hotel at Barnsboro, Cambria county, was aroused from his slumbers by a crash in his room. Opening his eyes, he was startled to see a big bear. The noise had aroused Mrs. Haney, and she screamed for help. Her husband sprang out of bed and seized a chair to protect himself and wife.

Bruin came toward them, and Haney swung the chair. Mrs. Haney was still screaming and the guests of the hotel were coming from their rooms. About this time the bear concluded that things were getting too interesting and he decided to leave. As he emerged from the landlord's room into the hall there was a rush to get out of the way. Arms were quickly obtained, and the bear driven off.

Perhaps the most remarkable bridges in the world are kettle bridges, of which Cossack soldiers are expert builders. The materials of which they are constructed are soldiers' lances and cooking kettles. Seven or eight lances are passed under the handles of a number of kettles and fastened together by means of ropes to form a raft. A sufficient number of these rafts, each of which will bear a weight of half a ton, are fastened together, and in the space of an hour a bridge is formed on which an army may cross with confidence and safety.

In the royal mausoleum at Frogmore near Windsor castle, repose the remains of Queen Victoria and her consort Prince Albert, in one tomb. When the prince died the queen had a recumbent statue of him made and placed upon the tomb. At the same time a statue of the queen was made, by the same sculptor, and when she died this was placed alongside of that of her husband, in the space that had been reserved for it. The queen is depicted in regal robes, wearing a jeweled crown and holding a scepter in her clasped hands.

A grandson of General John Kilby Smith, aide to Lafayette, is living in Westbrooke, Me., and possesses many valuable relics of his distinguished ancestors. Among them are the Bible carried by General Smith during eight years of service in the army, his diploma as a charter member of the Society of the Cincinnati, the horsehair bridle which he used upon his horse and other relics.

From Russian sources it is learned that streams of colonists are still pouring into Siberia to develop its agricultural resources, and on the shores of fifty rivers homes are rapidly being made. Farms as large as those of Illinois, Iowa, the Dakotas and Minnesota are cultivated. Siberian farmers are still backward in the use of agricultural machinery, although there is steady progress in that regard.

In a mountain near Elko, Nev., there is an inexhaustible supply of pure soap. One may enter the mine with a knife and cut as large a piece as he wants. It is beautifully mottled, and on being exposed to the air hardens somewhat. The mountain of clay is of fine texture, and it contains boracic acid, soda and borate of lime.

In the Japanese army every soldier carries with him a kettle made of ordinary thin Japanese paper. It is filled with water and then water is poured over it. It is hung over the fire and in ten minutes the water is boiling. The kettle can be used eight or ten times, and the cost of it is about two cents.

The largest tree in the Yosemite valley is slowly dying and there seems to be no way in which it can be saved. It has long been known to tourists as Grizzly King and is over 264 feet high, having a circumference of 91 feet at its base. Already it leans thirteen feet out of the perpendicular.

When Kruger went to Europe he took with him a famous diamond, which was said to have brought misfortune and death to all its possessors. Where the stone is now is not exactly known. Some say it is in the vatican and others that it is among the Austrian crown jewels.

An American insurance company has just refused to insure the life of the eighth husband of a woman who has "cashed in" seven previous policies. She is only thirty and none of her husbands have enjoyed more than two years of married life.

The first real efficient lucifer match must be put to the credit of John Walker, of Stockton-on-Tees, England, who in 1827 placed them on the market under the name of "congreves," in compliment to Sir William Congreve, the inventor of the war rocket.

In France last year there were issued 9674 literary works.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

English cotton workers are rushing to Canada.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

The penguin's wings are useful only under water.

A Story of the Pope.

"My life has been strangely ruled by the number nine," Pius X. is quoted as saying previous to being chosen Pope. "Nine years I was a schoolboy at Riese; nine years a student at Padua; nine years a curate at Tombolo; nine years a priest at Salzano; nine years a canon at Treviso; nine years a bishop at Mantua; now for nine years I have been a cardinal-patriarch at Venice. As Pope—as long as God wills; perhaps another nine years."

Mrs. Rosa Adams, niece of the late General Roger Hanson, C.S.A., wants every woman to know of the wonders accomplished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot tell you with pen and ink what good **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** did for me, suffering from the ills peculiar to the sex extreme lassitude and that all gone feeling. I would rise from my bed in the morning feeling more tired than when I went to bed, but before I used two bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** I began to feel the buoyancy of my younger days returning, became regular, could do more work and not feel tired than I had ever been able to do before, so I continued to use it until I was restored to perfect health. It is indeed a boon to sick women and I heartily recommend it. Yours very truly, MRS. ROSA ADAMS, 819 12th St., Louisville, Ky."—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO WOMEN.

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham. She will understand your case perfectly, and will treat you with kindness. Her advice is free, and the address is Lynn, Mass. No woman ever regretted having written her, and she has helped thousands.

The army crab of Cuba travels over land at night in hordes and will attack and devour sheep and calves which happen to be in their way.

Sleepers of mahogany are used on the Mexican Central railway and some of the bridges are of white marble.

An Austrian's invention for stopping a runaway horse is a check rein which shouts off the animal's air supply.

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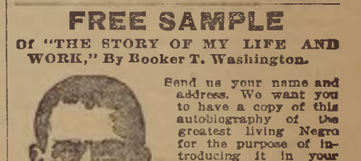

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COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., SEPTEMBER 8, 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 2

CROP PROGRESS.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Climate and Crop Bulletin of the Weather Bureau—Alabama Section—For Week Ending August 29, 1904.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

The week, as a whole, was favorable for growing and maturing crops, except in some middle and southeastern counties, where locally heavy to excessive rains occurred; elsewhere, the rainfall was in scattered, light to moderate showers, and rain would be beneficial in some northern and western counties; about the average warmth was received, though the last two nights were quite cool for the season. Cotton has continued to deteriorate quite generally in middle and southern counties from effects of rust and shedding, though these adverse conditions are on the decrease in some localities; in some places plants are still blighting and bolls rotting; there are a few reports of damage by boll worms, and several reports of damage by "black root" in central and southeastern counties; late cotton continues to fruit fairly well in some places, but in a number of fields it has stopped fruiting; in some northern counties damage from rust and shedding has increased, but the crop, as a whole, continues promising in that portion of the state; cotton is opening rapidly in southern and some middle counties, where picking is active; a little "top crop" is forming in some localities. While it is too early to estimate the prospective yield, it is now thought it will be a little above that of last year. Corn is maturing satisfactorily, except late corn needs rain in northwest counties, and has been damaged by excessive moisture on some lowlands; gathering of early corn continues, with a very good yield; fodder pulling is being pushed to completion, with a generally good yield, though more of this forage has been damaged where rains were heavy. The hay crop continues promising, though showers retarded cutting; all minor crops and fall gardens are generally satisfactory.

EXTRACTS FROM REPORTS OF CROP CORRESPONDENTS.

(County—Place.)

NORTHERN DIVISION.

Blount, Royal: Cotton full of rust, shedding is increasing, little top crop, and none opening.—P. A. Amhurson.

Calhoun, Duke: Rain needed; cotton doing fairly well, though some rust and shedding.—W. M. Curry.

Cherokee, Gaylesville: Favorable weather; shedding of cotton decreasing; late corn doing well.—Robert S. Hudson.

Cullman, Cullman: Cotton continues to shed, none opening, bolls small; fodder pulling not begun; rain needed.—James Kemp.

DeKalb, Round Mountain: Too much rain for all crops; cotton continues to shed, bolls small; corn maturing slowly.—A. F. Brock.

Etowah, Keener: Cotton doing fairly well; corn continues promising; all minor crops doing well.—F. M. Tabor.

Franklin, Churubusco: Rain needed; cotton shedding; late corn damaged by drought; fodder being pulled from early corn.—J. A. Benson.

Lauderdale, Cloverdale: Cotton fruiting fairly well, some shedding, but no rust; corn above an average.—H. L. Reeder.

Lawrence, Fern Bank: Cotton opening rapidly, some rusting and shedding; late corn unpromising.—G. S. Barksdale, M. D.

Morgan, Lacon: Generally dry week, causing cotton to shed; some blight, though very little rust.—D. N. Patterson.

Walker, Kansas: Shedding in cotton increasing, some blight and considerable rust; late cotton not fruiting.—A. H. Blackwell.

Winston, Mellville: All crops need rain; cotton shedding rapidly; corn doing well; good stands of turnips.—H. J. Wilson.

MIDDLE SECTION.

Autauga, Mulberry: Cotton yellow with rust, and shedding rapidly, some complaint of black root; no top crop; picking in progress.—A. B. Jones.

Bullock, Inverness: Rust and blight spreading rapidly, though shedding in cotton decreasing; late cotton fruiting nicely, picking begun.—H. McLean.

Chambers, Lafayette: Heavy rain 24th, damaging lowland corn; cotton opening slowly, some shedding, yield promises above an average.—W. Andrews.

Choctaw, Tullis: Latter part of week unfavorable, considerable forage being lost; cotton rusting; pastures and minor crops doing well.—J. A. Bell.

Chilton, Lomax: Cotton shedding rapidly, opening slowly, and none picked; late cotton not fruiting well; beneficial shower on 25th.—A. A. Jackson.

Clay, Barfield: Cotton shedding, some blight; late cotton not fruiting well, though average yield promised, none open.—Y. C. Barfield.

Coosa, Hissop: Rust and shedding in cotton increasing, some blight, and a good deal of black root; late cotton not fruiting well.—F. M. Darsey.

Dallas, Orrville: Cotton not growing, and shedding rapidly; some rust; yield will be less than last year's.—W. W. Berry.

Elmore, Coosada: Cotton deteriorated considerably; no top crop forming; some open and picking begun; other crops backward.—H. F. Anderson.

Greene, Boligee: Cotton has shedded fruit a great deal, and is badly damaged by boll worms in places; moderate rains would be beneficial.—E. F. Bouchelle.

Lee, Opelika: Too much rain for cotton, which has stopped blooming; rust spreading and shedding is increasing.—E. H. Floyd.

Lowndes, Letohatchie: Cotton still shedding rapidly, picking in progress; very little fodder saved; pastures improving.—T. L. S. Grace.

Montgomery, Myrtle: Continued showers, causing rust, shedding and general deterioration of cotton; corn promising; minor crops good.—H. H. Barnes.

Randolph, Pittman: Rains continue; cotton rusting, rotting and shedding; none open, and no top crop forming.—J. H. Pittman.

Sumter, Gainesville: Considerable rust and shedding in cotton, though it is blooming well, and opening on sandy lands.—S. T. Jones.

Talladega, Chandler Springs: Cotton shedding, some complaint of blight, none open; yield will be less than the average.—M. F. Chandler.

Tallapoosa, Camp Hill: Corn being cut and shocked, picking and ginning general; pears, cane and potatoes doing fairly well.—E. Y. Dent.

Butler, Forest Home: Cotton still rusting, shedding increasing, and some black root; late cotton doing fairly well; picking general.—J. P. Benson.

Clarke, Thomasville: Cotton opening rapidly and picking progressing, some fields yielding satisfactorily; potatoes, peas and minor crops doing well.—T. N. Davis.

Coffee, Brockton: Rust and shedding in cotton increasing; late cotton doing fairly well; early cotton opening.—W. D. Dawkins.

Conecuh, Brooklyn: Rust spreading in cotton, which continues to shed rapidly, some picked; minor crops doing well.—M. H. Saunders.

Dale, Ozark: Too much rain; cotton deteriorated considerably in last 20 days, some picking; corn promising; pastures excellent.—Daniel McNeal.

Mobile, Citronelle: Some damage by rain; some rust and shedding in cotton, though this crop, as a whole, is doing well.—R. H. Dickie.

Monroe, Turnbull: Too much rain, considerably damaging cotton; peas and potatoes doing well.—J. H. McCray.

Pike, Troy: Too much rain, checking all progress in cotton; rust and blight in most of the county.—J. Wood.

Wilcox, Catherine: Cotton opening rapidly, no blight, rust not spreading, and shedding decreasing, yield will probably be better than last year's.—W. L. Bruce.

(Note.—The "black root" mentioned above has been previously reported in these bulletins as "black rot" and "root rot.")

FRANK P. CHAFFEE,
Section Director,
Montgomery, Ala.

Killed in Vaccuo.

Advices from Tokio state that the Japanese government has abandoned the electric chair method of executing criminals, which was copied after that used in various parts of this country, in favor of a method which is considered more advanced and humane than that employed by any other nation. Under the new method death is dealt out by means of a "vacuum" chamber, in which life is extinguished in record time, and with a minimum of suffering, by the almost instantaneous exhaustion of air.

Death Rate Low.

The physicians on five of Mississippi's convict farms in the delta report to the board of control that during the month of August only four convicts have died.

Fruit Growers Incorporate

The present prospects for Cullman's fall crops of fruit and sweet potatoes are that they will be better this year than ever before. This section is already shipping three carloads of potatoes per day and the number will be increased before the end of the week.

Won't Have to Borrow.

Announcement is made semi-officially by members of the world's fair management that the $1,000,000 loan applied for more than a month ago to be used in case of emergency will not be needed. It is stated the revenue to the world's fair has exceeded expectation and the total daily receipts amount to about $75,000, with the expenditure of about $65,000 per day.

Acquitted of Dynamiting.

Henry Martin, charged with dynamiting and trespassing on the property of the Woodward Coal and Iron company, was acquitted of both charges.

It appears that the company failed to make out any charges against Martin in either of the counts.

Martin was charged with placing dynamite under the house of a non-union miner at Dolomite last Wednesday night.

ITS FALL ADMITTED

Port Arthur's Commander Telegraphs Czar Garrison Will Die Fighting

FOUR MORE NEW REGIMENTS.

Will Go Forward to Reinforce Kuropatkin. Troops Arrive at Mukden.

It is reported from a reliable source that Lieutenant-General Stoessel, commander of the Russian military forces at Port Arthur, has telegraphed to the emperor thanking him for the recent message of encouragement sent to the garrison of Port Arthur saying that the defenders of the fortress are ready and willing to lay down their lives, but adding that the garrison has already suffered severely and intimating that it is hardly possible to hold out for more than a month or six weeks.

Four more regiments will be raised in the Caucasus. The first contingent of the first army corps has arrived at Harbin. This corps was destined for Vladivostok, but upon urgent request of General Kuropatkin it will be diverted to Mukden.

From an excellent source it is stated that the ill fated battleship Orel which already has suffered two accidents will not be able to join the Baltic squadron. According to reports when her engine trials began it was discovered her engines had been practically wrecked by workmen introducing iron fillings into the valves and cylinders. It will probably require many months to repair the damage. This is the secret of the Orel's failure to go out on the trial trip with other ships last week.

An official dispatch from Liao Yang to the general staff reporting the continued Japanese advance on Sunday, confirms the report that General Routkovsky was killed during the rear guard engagements and adds Col. Von Reaben was also killed.

The total of the Russian losses on Sunday is not known, but 400 have passed through the first aid stations. The losses of the Japanese were considerable.

The Russian army has effected its retirement with transport and artillery on Liao Yang, and is now in position awaiting the advancing Japanese. In the attack on the Siaolindy position one Japanese battalion lost all of its officers.

The retirement of the Russian transport of four corps across the plain while the artillery and troops in the rear held off the Japanese afforded a magnificent spectacle. All along the extended lines there was a roar of batteries, the Russians working their guns with great coolness, and not retiring until the transport was in safety.

On the Japanese advancing to attack Anping the Russians evacuated the place, abandoning large quantities of stores.

It is roughly computed that the Russian force around Liao Yang consists of thirteen divisions.

In the fighting of August 26, the One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Sraisk regiment with a battery, executed a particularly successful flanking movement on the Japanese extreme right.

The Russians, unperceived, got in the rear of the Japanese, whole columns of whom were mowed down before they were able to extricate themselves.

Eye-witnesses agree in admiring the fanatical bravery of the Japanese. Many of the wounded committed suicide rather than fall into the hands of the Russians.

Russian losses in the fighting of August 25th and 26th, east and south of Liao Yang, were 3,000 killed or wounded. The great majority of the casualties were sustained in Anping. The withdrawal of the Russians from their front at Anshanshan and from their eastern position was made simultaneous for strategic reasons.

German military men are discussing the situation of General Kuropatkin with intense interest. They have information that the defences of Liao Yang are of extraordinary strength. The fortifying of the town was entrusted to General Melishtko, who enjoys the reputation of being a master of military engineering.

During the past two months he has fortified all the strategic positions around Liao Yang in a manner well-nigh impregnable. Triple lines of trenches crown every height where artillery could be effective. The entire line of fortifications is connected through passages for facilitating the re-inforcements of endangered points, while bomb-proof retreats covered with steel rails protect reserves.

All important points have telegraphic communications with headquarters.

Boll Worm Damages.

The damage being done to the cotton crop in Mississippi by the little pest known as the boll worm is causing the farmers much anxiety and worry. A number of planters from the northern portion of Rankin county report that many of the fields in that neighborhood have been completely ruined by this little worm, and that nearly every cotton crop has suffered more or less from this source.

TENNESSEE TOWN BURNED.

Total Loss Will Reach $60,000. Court House Gone.

For three hours a fierce fire raged in the little town of Hartsville, Tenn., Sunday- causing the greatest loss of any conflagration in its history. The total loss is estimated at about $60,000.

The handsome new court house, ten business houses, the principal hotel, two livery stables and five residences were destroyed, the fire making ruins of an area of four or five acres in the central part of the town. The insurance is very light on account of the high rates charged.

The town had a disastrous blaze several years ago, when a large loss was incurred by insurance companies. The court house was then destroyed, and other buildings in the same section devastated Sunday. The rates of insurance are from 3 to 6 per cent and the town has no facilities for fighting fires.

SOUTHERN BANKS.

Alabama Reports Six New Ones as Her Record for July.

There were fifty-seven new bank companies reported in the south during July, and later information shows that many other financial institutions are also proposed and will soon apply for incorporation or charter. For July, Texas reports nine, North Carolina 8, Alabama and Tennessee six each, Mississippi five, Georgia, Indian Territory, Kentucky and Virginia three each, Arkansas, Missouri, Oklahoma and South Carolina two each, and Florida, Louisiana and West Virginia one each. The total capital represented by these institutions is nearly $2,000,000. A list of those in Alabama is as follows:

Bank of Andalusia, Andalusia, incorporated, capital $50,000; Interstate bank, Florala, organized, $50,000; Oneonta Trust and Banking Company, Oneonta, incorporated, $25,000, First National bank, Headland approved, $25,000; Central Trust Company, Birmingham, incorporated, $50,000; Citizens' National Bank, Thomasville, organized, $25,000. Total capital, $225,000.

HOUSE DYNAMITED.

Negro Miner's Home at Adamsville Blown up. No one Injured.

Dynamite was exploded under a house at Adamsville, late Sunday night. The house was occupied by a negro working in the Murray mines at Blossburg, a short distance away, but neither he nor any member of his family was hurt. No statement is made as to the perpetrators of the deed.

It is understood that the dynamite was exploded so that the full force would not be felt. Further developments will follow.

THROUGH A MISTAKE.

Father and Son Seriously Wound Each Other in Shooting Scrape.

Dr. R. B. Austin and son, Will, of Zion, Miss., are suffering from wounds received by the unintentional shooting of each other. The doctor had some trouble with a negro workman on the place, and while he was in the house looking for a gun with which to run the man away, Will took a stand behind the negro's cabin without telling his father. Dr. Austin then approached the house from the front, and both father and son, taking each other for the negro, fired several times, with the result that they were painfully but not dangerously hurt.

FIRE AT DECATUR

Destroyes Several Stores and Injures Hotel. Were Weel Insured.

On Sunday night, fire at Decatur caused a loss of fully five thousand dollars to Bank street property. The fire originated in the colored saloon of Smith & Thompson. Losses: Three buildings owned by L. M. Falk, loss $1,500, insurance, $600; R. M. Purcell, restaurant, loss $1,000, partly covered by insurance; G. F. Barnesfield, grocery, loss $700, insurance $275; Dr. W. E. Sterrs, colored, drug store, loss by water $200, covered by insurance. Just before the fire occurred the Brooklyn hotel caught fire and the fire company responded. When they reached the scene this fire was out, but immediately the Bank street fire occurred and they responded promptly. Damage to Brooklyn hotel, $200. Origin of fires unknown.

Wood Alcohol Plant.

In a few weeks Mississippi will have in successful operation the only wood alcohol factory in the world using yellow pine in the distillery. The factory is being built by the Lignum Product Company, and when completed will employ about one hundred and fifty hands. Experiments have shown that the yellow pine makes an excellent article of alcohol, and the chances are that in a short while there will be more than one such factory in the piney woods section of Mississippi.

Reward Offered.

Governor Cuningham has offered a reward of $100 for the arrest and conviction of the perpetrators of the dynamite outrage at Dolomite.

Mississippi Contracts.

The secretary of the Mississippi prison board of control reports that the total population of the penitentiary at present is 1,041, a total net loss of nine men having been experienced during the month of August.

A NATURAL ROMAN CANDLE.

Something of the New Metal Radium and Its Wonderful Properties.

The new metal, radium, which has been so much talked and written about during the last few months, turns out to be a sort of natural Roman candle, since, in addition to giving light, it also shoots off bodies of two different sizes. The light itself from this mysterious substance is not like ordinary light. Even a small fragment sealed up in a glass tube shines with a weird glow like a firefly, but bright enough to read by. Moreover, if these rays fall on certain other substances, as, for example, diamonds, it causes them also to glow with a similar unearthly radiance; and like the "X rays," which enable one to see his own bones, they will go through a plank or a dictionary. We never use metallic radium, because it has never been entirely separated from other material. We haven't it to use. We are therefore compelled to be content with some salt (a mixture) of the metal. One experimenter consequently placed the least pinch of radium bromide in a glass tube, and screwed it tightly inside of a rubber thermometer-case. This he put in an iron box, with a silver soup-tureen and four sheets of copper above it, yet in some ways the rays got out. After all, I don't know that it is any more difficult to understand why this light goes through iron than why the light of a candle goes through glass.

But a piece of radium, in addition to giving off these peculiar rays, sends out such a shower of particles that it is like a sort of exploding battery of tiny rapid-fire guns. These, as I said at the beginning, are of two sizes. The smallest are the smallest particles known to science. Indeed, as they travel some two hundred times faster than a bullet from a rifle, they must needs be pretty small not to wipe out everything within range. The others are much larger, perhaps by a thousand times, and they do not travel so fast. But even these are so small that, after millions upon millions of them have been shot off, the most careful weighing with a balance for which a hair is a heavy weight cannot detect any loss. Now these smaller bodies are the mysterious "electrons" which as they stream against the walls of a Crookes tube, produce the X-rays. So they seem quite like old friends. The larger ones come still nearer home. They are like the minute particles of vapor which are always being sent off by any substance, such as water, or alcohol, or camphor, or ice, which is drying up or wasting away. But the remarkable thing about radium is that, while the gas which goes off into the air from these familiar substances is still water or alcohol or what not, the gas from radium is not radium at all, but helium.—From Edwin Tenney Brewster's "Radium" in St. Nicholas.

Champion Jumping Dogs.

Perhaps the most vigorous and agile dogs in the world are Russian wolfhounds. Built something like a greyhound, but with more muscular limbs and shaggy coats, they are capable of feats of agility duly astonishing.

In Barnum & Bailey's show there are six of these hounds, which have been trained to leap over and through barriers of great height. Two have acquired such proficiency that one leaps through a square hole scarcely large enough to permit the passage of his body. This hole is cut through the barrier about 12 feet from the bottom.

A black and white hound, however, surpasses this performance by leaping entirely over a 15-foot barrier, clearing it in some instances by at least a yard. The performance is directed by a woman, whose word "Go!" the hounds obey the alacrity of foot racers at the start of a 100-yard dash. A thick mat is spread on the ground just beyond the barrier, and the dogs are allowed to see and smell it before the first order to leap. Without this assurance of safety they could not be induced to leap—so, at least, the trainers say. The start is a run of about 50 feet, and the leap is made from a short incline covered with soft material to afford a footing for the dogs. There appears to be no spring in this device, which is from 18 inches to two feet in height at the highest part.

Typewriters for Blind.

Many inventions have been made to bridge the distance between those who have their sight and those who have not. But none has been more practical and successful than the production of a typewriter which can be manipulated by the blind. The letters on the keys are raised and the sensitive touch of the blind man can tell the character on a key as soon as he touches it. The ringing of the bell when the margin is reached works as well for him as for the man with sight, and the sense of touch makes the manipulation of the various keys for setting the paper a comparatively simple matter.

The Ideal.

"Madam, you've already overdrawn your account."

"What's that?"

"You haven't any more money in the bank."

"The idea! A fine bank, I think, to be out of money because of the little I've drawn! Well, I'll go somewhere else."

One of the favorite dishes of the natives of the Philippines is a dish called by them sinarapan. The largest specimens are half an inch long, the smallest one-fifth of an inch, and it takes 6000 to make a pound.

BATTLE OF LIAO YANG

Is Now Raging with 40,00 Men Engaged. Russian Guns Captured.

ARMIES ARE EVENLY BALANCED

Russians are Well Intrenched and Japanese Assaults Have Been Repeatedly Repulsed.

The great battle of Liao Yang, which began early Tuesday, which was the birthday of the mikado, raged throughout the day with increasing intensity, but no official details, beyond two brief telegrams given out in the afternoon, have been received.

Every confidence is expressed in General Kuropatkin's ability to meet the Japanese assault on ground of his own choosing, but St. Petersburg is hungrily awaiting further news of the progress of the fight. The Japanese forces engaged in this battle can only be estimated, but they are believed to number about 20,000.

General Kuropatkin is known to have six army corps, besides 147 squadrons of cavalry in which great confidence is reposed, bringing up the Russian total to about the same number that the Japanese have. How the armies compare with regard to artillery is not definitely known, though throughout the war the Japanese have shown great preference for this arm and skill in its use.

Reports from the front credit the Japanese with having about 1,200 guns and many mountain batteries, and it is known that they have recently shipped 24 heavy guns to Yinkow. Four of the guns already have been mentioned in the dispatches as being in action.

General Kuropatkin, in addition to his field batteries, has a number of very heavy guns emplaced at important positions at Liao Yang, where the Russians have been strongly fortifying for some time.

The Japanese claim to have captured two field batteries during the past two days. Russian official accounts admit the loss of only six guns.

It is stated that a Japanese battery was captured south of Anshanshan during the preliminary fighting and that several Japanese guns have been captured since then.

A dispatch says:

The Japanese artillery fire only ceased at 8 o'clock this evening. The casualties have not yet been ascertained.

The Russian corps repulsed a hot Japanese assault, the Japanese being hurled back by bayonet charges no less than six times.

Two Japanese companies which succeeded in occupying a position were mistaken for Russians and annihilated by Japanese artillery fire.

There has been an immense quantity of ammunition used throughout the day, especially on the southern front against the Russian third corps.

It is believed that the Russian loss so far has been not shrdlu un nnnn so far has not been very heavy, except to the regiments which sustained bayonet charges. All the men serving one Russian gun, except one, were killed by shrapnal. The survivor who was badly wounded, heroically brought his gun to headquarters and then refused to quit his place until the general peremptorily ordered him.

A dispatch from Mukden says that in the stubbornly fought battle which has been in progress near Liao Yang all attempts of the Japanese to turn the Russian flank have been repulsed. It is said at Mukden that the Japanese lost over ten guns, but details have not been received.

The news from Port Arthur up to August 26th was reassuring. The account of the battleship Sevastopol having gone out on August 28d to bombard the Japanese in Tahe bay does not mention that vessel as striking a mine.

The finance ministry has practically arranged with German bankers for a new loan of 500,000,000 roubles (approximately $250,000,000) at a higher rate of interest than that on the last loan. Only minor details remain to be settled, and the date of issue is not stated, but it is not likely that the loan will be floated until after the fall of Port Arthur.

River Gauges.

Weather Observer, L. A. Denson, announced that the government has approved and accepted the bids of contractors, for installing river gauges at points on the Pearl and Pascagoula rivers, and their tributaries. The guages are to be put in at once at Columbia, Hattiesburg, Merrill, Shubuta, Enterprise and Jackson and will vary in construction.

RATTLER IN HIS BED.

Henry Hall, a little Elba boy, was bitten on the finger by a rattle snake as he retired. He promptly cut the finger off. He lost much blood by the crude amputation, but it saved his life.

The North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II. broke her own best westward passage by two hours and twenty-six minutes, making the time of passage five days, twelve hours and forty-four minutes.

7,000 PERSONS.

Will Be Thrown Out of Employment at Pullman.

The great shops of the Pullman company are to shut down on September 1, and thousands of men employed in the various departments of the car-building corporation will be without work.

Thirty thousand people at Pullman and in the surrounding towns will be affected. When the Pullman company is working on full time, 7,000 persons are employed. During the last few months, owing to a lack of new orders, men have been laid off 300 and 400 at a time, until now the force does not aggregate more than 2,000.

These men are engaged in finishing the construction of cars already under way, and when these are ready for the rails the shops will be closed and the plant rendered idle.

The plant may remain closed for more than a month.

GRIFFIN COMES HOME.

Not Known Whether He Will be Selected Panama Secretary.

Letters received from Secretary Virgil Griffin, of the Alabama railroad commission, announces that he will be back from the canal zone, Panama.

It is not yet known whether Mr. Griffin will be selected as the clerk of the Panama judiciary or whether he will continue as secretary of the railroad commission. Secretary Griffin left Montgomery six weeks ago with Judge Osceola Kyle, who was appointed a member of the judiciary for the canal zone by the president. The intervening time Secretary Griffin has spent with Judge Kyle in his new home in Panama.

WITH AN AX

Prisoner Cuts His Way Out of Jail. Father Remained.

Ben White, who with his father, Frank White, was arrested at Jacksonville, Saturday for an assault with a knife upon Ollie Williams, succeeded in making his escape from the local prison.

White effected his escape by means of an axe which was slipped into his cell during the night by some unknown person and the local authorities are unable to discover a clue as to his whereabouts. Insisting on his innocence and having a firm faith in his acquittal by the court the elder White refused to go with his son. If young White is caught he will be removed to Anniston.

SULTAN'S BROTHER DEAD.

Declared Insane and Was in Solitary Confinement for 28 Years.

Former Sultan Murad V, of Turkey, died Monday, reports say of consumption.

It was reported in May that Murad V, the thirty-third sovereign of the house of Osman, was dying, and that his adherents all over Turkey, known as the young Turks, were secretly arming and awaited the signal to rise in insurrection.

Murad V was born in 1840, and ascended the throne after the murder of the Sultan Abdul Aziz, in 1876. In July of that year Murad was placed under the regency of his brother, the present Sultan Abdul Hammid V, and in August was dethroned. Outwardly this act was performed legally by the council of ministers, on the ground that he was insane. The real facts of the case, however, will probably never be known, but it has been claimed that Murad was a good deal more sane than his brother.

One of the greatest terrors of Abdul Hammid's existence was the fear that his brother might escape.

The confinement of Murad has been one of the cruelest character. Only his jailers were allowed to see him, and every precaution was taken to prevent any intelligence of what was going on in the outside world from reaching him.

DR. FARLEY ACQUITTED

Grand Jury Indicted Him After an Exoneration.

Dr. John R. Farley was acquited of the charge of murder in the first degree after a trial of two days in the circuit court. The jury was out twenty-seven minutes. The verdict was received with applause.

Dr. Farley killed Davis Johnson, a well known young man last Christmas. He was exonerated after a preliminary hearing. The probate court and the grand jury made a notable case of it by returning an indictment against the defendant charging first degree murder. Dr. Farley was in jail a week. He proved self defense.

It Was Brilliant.

A large meteor fell not very far east of Ellisville on Sunday night. It appeared very suddenly, like a huge ball of fire, and when seemingly close to the earth burst with a report similar to, though not quite so loud, as a cannon-cracker.

After Oil.

Near Hazel Green the New York-Alabama Oil company has a well which has been plugged, having a pressure of natural gas of 118 pounds to the inch, and a second well at a depth of 950 feet, has a strong pressure of gas and flattering prospects of oil. The purpose of the company is to strike oil if possible and if not the natural gas from several wells will be piped to Huntsville, a franchise having been secured several months ago.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Sept. 8, '04

Telephone No. 27.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice,
THOS. N. McCLELLAN.

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
W. W. WHITESIDES.

County.

Probate Judge,
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk,
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collector,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer,
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. R. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

JOINT DISCUSSION.

According to arrangements made by the joint committee from the different political parties, the following appointments have been agreed upon for joint discussions.

Vincent, Thursday, Sept. 1.
Rehobeth, Friday, Sept. 2.
Helena, Tuesday, Sept. 6.
Bamford, Wednesday, Sept. 7.
Gurnee, Thursday, Sept. 8, night, 7:30
Maylene, Friday, Sept. 8, night, 7:00
Montevallo, Tuesday, Sept. 13.
Calera, Wednesday, Sept. 14.
K. Springs, Thursday, Sept. 15.
Wilsonville, Saturday, Sept. 17.

Speaking begins at 10 o'clock, a. m., except as otherwise stated in this notice. Everybod invited to attend these meetings.

Falsehood, Deception and Prejudice.

The above frames up the sum total of all the populist leaders and the Handy Andy of the Advocate have to stand upon in this campaign. The utter disregard of the truth in their statements is a subject of public comment; the deception they have practiced upon the people in the management of county affairs is notoriously rotten, and to secure, if possible, an endorsement and re election they appeal, not to the sober, thoughtful judgment of the people, but endeavor to arouse the passions of men; attempt to array neighbor against neighbor and friend against friend; through strife and a wreckage of the friendly relations which exist in this county they hope to again ride into office no matter at what cost. They meet argument with vituperation expressed in the vilest of billingsgate; malign and villify honorable men, and in the most contemptible manner cry out in agony which seeps from consciences made restless as the defects in their administration come to light, and the unlawful methods adopted by which the people of this county have been held up for thousands of dollars through illegal tax levies. The populist leaders even have the effrontery to deny that any illegal tax levies have been made, and this, too, in the face of a judgment rendered against them in the Circuit Court of Shelby county. Even though a decision of the Supreme Court upon an identical case says the levy was without authority of law, yet Judge Longshore goes before the people of the county and says every tax levy under his administration has been a legal one. If such is the case, why did Judge Longshore say to the Commissioners' Court that the excess tax collected from the Southern Mineral Land Co. must be refunded, and it was refunded and Judge Longshore will not deny it. If the levy was a legal one why should any of the tax paid in by the Land Company be refunded? If it was an illegal levy, and the Supreme Court says it was, where is the justice in making the people pay it, when the rich land corporations and the railroads are relieved from paying by a judgment of both the Circuit and Supreme Courts? The action of the populist administration in these tax levies is simply a discrimination in favor of the railroads and against the people, for the populist administration goes right along levying and collecting the illegal tax from the people because each individual taxpayer is not financially able to employ attorneys and carry it to a court of JUSTICE, while the railroads did go into court and win.

The Advocate says The Sentinel "wrote the decree of the Circuit Court on the tax levies," and by the same token the statement is as false as the writer of it is wholly void of truth. The judgment of the court is already written, and it is based upon the Constitution of Alabama, the organic instrument which Mr. Longshore holds in such utter contempt that he says he "will not support it only so far as the law COMPELS me." That same Constitution says a levy for bridges cannot be made until you "first build the bridges, or create the debt." That expression of the law is within the understanding of any school boy, yet, notwithstanding this stipulation of Constitutional law, the populist administration levied a tax upon the people of this county in 1902 of $3,200 to build a bridge, "in conjunction with Jefferson county, across the Little Cahaba River." In 1903, this same populist administration again hits the taxpayers with another levy of $2,800 for this same bridge under another name (bridge at Parker's Mill). Here are tax levies upon the people aggregating $6,000, for a bridge that has never been built, which was not contracted for, and for which no debt had been created when the levies were made. Under the Constitution of Alabama were they legal? Will the Advocate tell its readers that the bridge levies of 1902 and 1903 were legal? It will probably say it is not a lawyer, not competent, etc. Well, according to the Constitution they were "not authorized by law," and because they were not authorized by law the railroads hooked up again with the populist administration. did not pay the tax, and have not paid it. The matter is now in the courts, and with the precedent established by the Supreme Court in June, 1901, and in the Circuit Court of Shelby county in March, 1902, both courts having held the levies in violation of the Constitution, it is only fair to conclude the courts will hold the same opinion again.

But the people are not yet done with this Parker's Mill bridge for which taxes have already been levied to the amount of $6,000. This year, 1904, there is a levy of $1,375 for this same bridge.

Judge Longshore evidently became wabbly on his interpretation of Constitutional law, so the administration employed a competent lawyer to draw up the levy and told the lawyer how it wanted it. The attorney said that under the Constitution such a levy would not stick. Longshore then told the lawyer, and, who, by the way is a Democrat, to make a levy that would stick—a tacit admission that the levies made under his advisement will not stick. In other words—the taxpayers, railroads excepted, have been so unmercifully and unjustly squeezed by the populist administration that the leaders must do something to counteract the storm of indignation that is sweeping them off their feet, so they are telling just any old thing, regardless of truth—anything that will divert the attention of the public from their own shortcomings. Prejudice is their chief weapon.

Judge Admits Tax Was Not Legal.

The Advocate says Judge Longshore did not say in his speech at Dunnavant that:

"You can't levy a tax for bridges under the State Constitution, until you first build the bridges and create a debt."

Well, as is usually the case, the Advocate is under a "misapprehension," to use a genteel term, for the above are the exact words of Judge Longshore at Dunnavant. But in giving what it claims Longshore did say, the Advocate places the Judge in an embarrassing position, and creates an opportunity for His Honor to do a little more of his "splanin." The Advocate says Judge Longshore used these words:

"You can't levy a tax for bridges under the State Constitution until you first CONTRACT to build the bridges and create a debt."

The Sentinel would like to ask the Advocate and Judge Longshore if Parker's Mill bridge was CONTRACTED for and the debt created when a tax levy of $3,200 was placed upon the people of this county to pay for that bridge in the year of our Lord. 1902? We would like to ask if Parker s Mill bridge was contracted for and the debt created when another levy of $2,800 for this same bridge was placed upon the people in Shelby county in 1903? A plain yes or no will answer either or both of these questions.

The truth of the matter is that Parker's Mill bridge was not contracted for when the levies 1902 and 1903 were made, and no debt was created for that bridge at the time the levies were made. The bridge wasn't contracted to be built until this year, and another levy of $1,375 is again placed upon the people of this county for this same bridge, making a total levy upon the people of Shelby county of $7,375 for Parker's Mill bridge alone. Judge Longshore says "under the State Constitution you must first contract to build the bridges and create a debt" before you can levy a bridge tax. In view of the fact that there was no contract in 1902 nor in 1903 for Parker's Mill bridge, will Judge Longshore say the levies of those years for that bridge are legal?

The Advocate and the Judge both have made a fumble, and "out of their own mouths" have they convicted themselves.

Can the Advocate find a plausible excuse for Judge Longshore reducing the bond of the Tax Collector in this county from $30,000 to $20,000 when that official had to make a new bond? The Code says the Tax Collector's bond must be "in double the probable amount of the taxes (State and County) that may at any time be in his hands, to be determined for each County by the State Auditor." The State Auditor fixed Mr. Robertson's bond at $30,000. When that gentleman was required to make a new bond why did Mr. Longshore accept and approve it when it was $10,000 iess than that fixed by the State Auditor as the law requires? The fact of the matter is: the populist administration has had little regard for any law except of its own making.

WERE THE LEVIES LEGAL?

The Sentinel has charged that the populist administration had levied and collected an illegal tax from the people of Shelby county, and Judge Longshore admits the truthfulness of the charge in the following extract from his speech at Dunnavant: **"You can't levy a tax for bridges under the State Constitution, until you first build the bridges, or create a debt."** For the past two years the people have been taxed for bridges which have not been built, and at the time the levies were made were not even contracted for. Will the Advocate tell its readers those levies were legal?

COMPULSORY PATRIOTISM!

In his speech at Shelby, Judge Longshore, in an attack upon the Constitution of Alabama, said: "I WILL NOT SUPPORT THAT CONSTITUTION ONLY SO FAR AS THE LAW COMPELS ME."

Petty Prejudice.

The Sentinel calls the attention of its readers to statements in this issue made by Hon. B. F. Wilson, of Selma, H. J. Falkner, of Dunnavant, and G. F. McGibony, of Shelby. Mr. Wilson was Solicitor of this Judicial Circuit, and Messrs. Falkner and McGibony were members of the Grand Jury at the Fall Term of the Circuit Court. 1899, at which time Judge McMillan is charged by the populist leaders, who are hard pushed for something to stand upon in this campaign, with having appeared before that body and saying that if a man was on one bond he was not good on another bond.

The charge of itself is so nonsensical that only those who wish to believe any story "saunt" forth by the populist bosses would for a minute believe that any man of reasonably fair intelligence would make such a statement.

The statement is made by the populist bosses for two purposes only, and one purpose is to create a prejudice against McMillan—to leave the impression with those who are looking for something to be impressed with, that McMillan discriminated against populist officials in making their bonds. The Commissioners fixed the amount of the Treasurer's bond, and the State Auditor fixed the amount of the Tax Collector's bond. All that McMillan had to do with it was to see that the sureties made the bond a solvent one; his actions were conscientious in the matter, and not prompted by malice as the populist bosses would have the people believe and that is all there is to it. The other reason is to divert the attention of the people from the unenviable actions of the populist administration.

Contrast the action of McMillan with that of Longshore when the latter accepted and approved the bond of the Tax Collector (when he had to make a new bond) for $10,000 less than the amount fixed by the State Auditor. Who was looking the more closely to the interest of the people in this bond matter, McMillan or Longshore?

The charge against McMillan is for the purpose than of creating a prejudice against him. We believe a large majority of the voters will commend McMillan for his course in protecting the taxpayers' interests in demanding that the bonds given should have sufficient surety to make them solvent.

McMillan carried out the spirit of the law, and with no inconvenience to those of whom bond was required, but there are those who pay little attention to law when it reads different from their own narrow views.

The Advocate says Longshore "was overwhelmingly elected to congress," but was counted out by the blackbelt counties. That is on a line with the same kind of argument(!) as when the Advocate designated the Democrats of Shelby county as being thieves and ballot box stuffers. According to the populist leaders and Advocate there are no honest men in the county except "we 'uns." Well, brother, this is a contest between white men; and your ticket will beaten by white men. Your black henchmen will not save your bacon this time.

HARPERSVILLE.

W. G. Crawford has bought a new buggy....Rev. M. Brashier attended meeting here Sunday....J. C. Jackson, of Wilsonville, was in the city on business Saturday.... Mrs. Florey returned home from South Alabama last week....H. L. Campbell has the confract for carrying the mail on the R. F. D. route via Harpersville....T. J. Martin made business trip to Falkville last week....Rev. O. P. Bentley preached a very interesting sermon at the Baptist church Sunday. His subject was "Hope."....When the rural mail route starts our clever mail contractor, Mr. Darling, who carries the mail from here to Vincent, will be out of employment. Mr. Darling is a straight forward, honest, clever gentleman, and all of our people would be glad if it could be so arranged that he could be made the rural carrier. ....W. J. and Edward Florey, of Vincent, spent the greater part of last week here with their brother Joe who is very sick with typhoid fever, but is some better at this writing....G. W. Wallis, sr., A.N. Waldrope and Thomas Colemar, three staunch Democrats of Creswell, were shaking hands here Saturday with their many friends . .

Solicitor and Grand Jurors Say:

SELMA, ALA., Aug. 15, 1904.

Hon. D. R. McMillan,
Columbiana, Ala.

My Dear Sir:—Yours of a recent date duly received. I was present at the Fall Term, 1898, Circuit Court for Shelby County, and as the law required, we investigated the bonds of the county officers.

My recollection is that we called you before the Grand Jury for the purpose of ascertaining from you as Probate Judge, the sufficiency of the sureties on the official bonds. I remember you were asked if a man could be on more than one bond, and you replied "that it depends on what the surety is worth—that if a man is worth considerably more, or much more than the amount of the first or even the second bond he might be on, then he could be surety on other bonds." You said it depended entirely on what the surety was worth—that he might be a good surety on several bonds, provided his estate was sufficient. And of course this is correct.

Some men are not good sureties on any bond, and some men are good sureties on several bonds. It is owing entirely as to what they are worth. This was the idea you expressed before the Grand Jury, and intimated that a millionaire might be a good surety on a number of bonds. Your friend,

B. F. WILSON,
Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit at the time in question.

Shelby, Ala., Aug. 13, 1904.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to certify that I was a member of the Grand Jury at the Fall Term, 1898, of the Circuit Court of Shelby County. I remember that D. R. McMillan, then Probate Judge, was called before the Grand Jury and asked whether a man who is surety on one bond is worth anything as surety on a second bond. My recollection is that his answer was in substance that it depended on what the surety was worth financially, and also the size of the bond; that a man of wealth might be a good and sufficient surety on several bonds, whereas a man of small means as surety on one large bond might be worth nothing on a second bond. He never said that a man who is a surety on one bond is not good on a second bond, regardless of what he is worth financially.

Respectfully,
G. F. McGIBONY.

Dunnavant, Ala., Aug. 15, '04.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to certify that I was a member of the Grand Jury at the Fall Term, 1898, of the Circuit Court of Shelby County. I remember that D. R. McMillan, then Probate Judge, was called before the Grand Jury and asked whether a man who is surety on one bond is worth anything as surety on a second bond. My recollection is that his answer was in substance that it depended on what the surety was worth financially, and also the size of the bond; that a man of wealth might be a good and sufficient surety on several bonds, whereas a man of small means as surety on one large bond might be worth nothing on a second bond. He never said that a man who is a surety on one bond is not good on a second bond, regardless of what he is worth financially.

Respectfully,
H. J. FALKNER.

L. M. Moore ground the corn into meal here Saturday. When you want good meal just bring your corn around and let Levi grind it, besides, if you want to talk politics he is ready....The woods are almost bare of muscadines and grape but the mosquitoes—there is no ending, and oh, my! how they do sing, buzz and bite....The Baptist negroes went to Locust Creek Sunday to do their baptizing, and I was told that quite a number went into the water... Quite a number of our people are making preparations to attend the Coosa River Association, which will convene with the Coosa Valley church on next Wednesday....This section of the country was visited by a fine rain Sunday, which was quite beneficial to most all kinds of crops, and no doubt it will lay the hot weather aside to some extent....The speaking here last week passed off very quietly, and a very large crowd was present. Everybody appeared in a good humor and the very best of order prevailed during the entire speaking. There are still a few would-be smart fellows who are always ready to yell and jeer at every little thing that happens and after it is over with they can't tell what was said or done. But this is fast passing away and the people are listening and thinking for themselves, and will vote for whom they please regardless of bosses and bossism. JAKE.

Is there another county in the State where the Probate Judge has permitted an accummulation of two hundred unrecorded mortgages? Such has been the condition in Shelby county within the past year.

SHOES, SHOES

SHOES, SHOES,

SHOES.

That is all I am talking about just now. I have the shoe to suit you and the price is right. Come to see what I have.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

Saturday September 10th.

MR. HAM
OF CINCINNATI,
Will be in Columbiana, at my store
Saturday, September 10th
——To take your measure for that——
NEW SUIT.
Mr. Ham represents the
Columbia Tailoring Co.
and carries over 400 samples.
RUFUS LESTER

This space reserved for
Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,
Montevallo, Ala.
They will tell you about in about two weeks.

MRS. M. WOOLLEY,
Montevallo's Fashionable Milliner
Will tell you about the new styles, and her
New Millinery Stock
in a very short time.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO. - - ALABAMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - ALA.

Dr. W. P. HAMNER,
DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
☞Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

For Sale.
A good four room house, 33 acres of land attached, in fine cultivation, within gunshot of the best school in Shelby county. Apply to
J. W. JOHNSTON.

For Rent.
One store house. Call on or address
H. E. SMITH,
Wilsonville, Ala.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
.....OF.....
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS July 6th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$37,584.41	Capital paid in.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	26,013.59
Other Real Estate.....	3.000.00	Rediscounts.....	18,244.98
Cash and with other Banks	13,710.30	Undivided profits.....	2,036.14
	$61,294.71		$61,294.71

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of July, 1904,
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.
Office upstiars in Bank Building.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING
BIRMINGHAM. : : : : : : : : ALA

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA. - - ALA.

. . IT IS MONEY IN YOUR POCKET . .

That is what you want, - - And that is Business

I can save you money in the Grocery line, taking into consideration QUALITY of goods purchased. Beautiful line of Stationery and School Supplies. Goods guarateed to be as represented or money refunded, Call to see us.

J. R. WHITE.

SHIELDS BRAND

FITS SHIELDS BRAND WEARS

WELL WELL

CLOTHING

Don't be talked into taking something "just as good." One trial of the "SHIELDS' BRAND" clothing will convince you that it is the best suit sold for the money.

—FOR SALE BY—

AVERYT & AVERYT

SHELBY, ALA.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00

One copy six months..... 50

Telephone No. 27.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

A. H Avery, of Shelby, spent a few hours in town Monday.

J. R. White talks to you in a new advertisement in this issue.

Commissioner R. J. Griffin, of Helena, was in town Monday.

Green Abbott, of Beat 2, was in the city a few hours last Monday.

Commissioner R. B Posey was down from Harpersville last Monday.

W. H. Duran, of Birmingham, was in the city Sunday and Monday.

J. E. Ruffin, a prominent merchant of Helena, was in town Monday.

Miss Margaret Browne is in Talladega for a short visit with friends.

A number of Columbiana's young people will go away to school next week.

Commissioner Pleas Shaw, of Aldrich, was in town Monday and a part of Tuesday.

O. E. Latham, proprietor of the Vanderbilt hotel at Calera, was in town a few hours Tuesday.

The candidates left for Helena Tuesday morning, and they will bombard that end of the county this week.

Miss Frances May Payne, one of Camp Hill's charming young girls, is a guest of Miss Lallage Longshore.

Birmingham, St. Andrews Bay and Columbus. That's the name of the new railroad that is coming to Columbiana.

A. M. Piper, of Montevallo, passed through the city last Sunday on his way to Wilsonville for a short visit with friends.

Mrs. S. V. McCauley, after a visit of a week with her daughter, Mrs. H. E. Whitaker, returned to her home in Montevallo.

To insure publication of communitions the current week, our correspondents should send their letters to us not later than Monday.

Miss Mae High, of Nashville, Tenn., arrived in the city this week and will take a position with the Hammond Millinery Co., as trimmer.

The habeas corpus hearing of George Porter, charged with the shooting of J. W. McMahan, comes up before Judge Longshore tomorrow.

In this issue will be found an advertisement of the Shields brand of clothing, and for which Averyt & Averyt are agents in Shelby.

J. N. Wyatt, Democratic candidate for commissioner from the third district, was in town last Saturday, and paid The Seutinel a pleasant call.

Howard Latham went down to Montevallo last Sunday afternoon for a short visit with his wife and his parents. He reports his brother Henry, who has been sick for some time, as being better.

Dr. C. T. Acker left for St. Louis last Saturday for a short visit to the World's Fair. J. W Bandy, of Montevallo, joined him at Birmingham.

NOTICE.—Builders and Contractors should write Cook-Dominy Co., Fitzgerald, Ga., for lumber and shingles. Yours truly.
Aug. 25-3m COOK-DOMINY CO.

Prof. S. Dowell left yesterday for Virginia where he will visit with relatives. Accompanied by his family he will return in about two weeks.

J. F. Norris, of the Advocate, and wife departed for St. Louis last Sunday to spend a week at the Fair. The Sentinel wishes for them a delightful time.

L. S. Cross, from near Harpersville, was in town Saturday and while here made this office a call. Mr. Cross thinks of locating in Columbiana for the purpose of schooling his children.

E. B. Nelson, who has been at home for a week on the sick list, was able to return to Walker county Friday where he is superintendent of a coal mining company.

With a new railroad, won't Columbiana be up and coming? From present indications this town is likely to have a new road within the next twelve months.

Dr. H. M. Wells, formerly pastor of the Methodist church at Montevallo, passed through the city last Sunday on his way to Anniston. Dr. Wells is now a superanuate and is living in Birmingham.

Walter Pitts and Harold C. Crane, of Birmingham, were in the city over Sunday, visitors at the home of John S. Pitts Both young men are employes in the printing establishment of Roberts & Sons.

Will Albright and Tom Tinney went to Prattville last week with the Shelby ball team for two games, Jim Robertson went along to see that the boys done their best. It took ten innings to decide one game and twelve innings for the other. Prattville winning both.

Hon. J. R. White attended the committee meeting of the Northeastern Chancery Division which met in Anniston last Wednesday. The committee nominated Hon. W. W. Whitesides for Chancellor to fill the vacancy on the ticket caused by the death of Hon. H. J. Gilliam.

The Sentinel received a message from Capt. and Mrs. H. C. Reynolds Sunday, who are at Bamff, Alta. Canada. in which they say: "We are enjoying the bracing air up here in the Rockies. Will leave tomorrow for Vancouver's Island, Tacoma, San Francisco, and then home."

Dr Brunk from Selma will make regular visits to Montevallo the first Thursday of each month, and to Columbiana the following Friday and Saturday, to see Eye, Ear and Throat cases. In Montevallo at Dr. Wilkinson's office, at White House in Columbiana. Next visit October 6th. 7th and 8th. S pt 8-1m.

Little Miss Lucile Mason, of Ashby, was in the city from Friday until Thursday visiting with Mrs. H. E. Whitaker. Lucile is blind, yet, notwithstanding the beautiful sunlight is shut out of her sight, she is one of happiest little mortals in the world. She will go to Talladega in a few days to attend the School for the Blind for the next year.

Several communications received this week are crowded out for want of room. We are making arrangements to print The Sentinel all at home, and then we hope to have room for our correspondents

Paul Wilson Dead.

Last Thursday, just as the clock was striking the hour of noon, Master Paul Wilson, aged 12 years and 11 days, son of Mrs. T M. Wilson, breathed his last.

For several weeks little Paul had been ill with an attack of malarial fever, and almost from the very first despite all that physicians could do, or that the best of nursing could accomplish, he continued to gradually grow worse until the end came as stated above. He was a fine little boy, the idol of his mother, sisters brother, and his death is a great loss to them and one which is most keenly felt In this the second great sorrow that has come to them in a few months, the family has the sincere sympathy of the entire community. Words of mortal are weak at such times, but let us hope that in time the griet of the mother, sister and brother will be softened, and that they may find comfort in the thought that "some sweet day" they will meet the loved ones who have gone before in the world bevond, and when the union then will be more joyous because of the sadness caused by the separation here.

The funeral occurred at the Methodist church in this place, Rev. G. T. Harris conducting the services, after which the beautiful white casket with its burden of precious clay was taken to Montevallo, and buried by the side of the father who had gone before some months ago. Quite a number of relatives and friends from this place and Calera accompanied the remains, and they were met at Montevallo by large number of people who offered whatever aid possible to comfort the living as well as to care for the dead.

The First Bale.

The first bale of cotton to come to the Columbiana market this season was marketed Tuesday by Messrs. Wingard and Lyons, and was bought by the Columbiana Mercantile Co for 12¼ cents. It weighed 586 pounds, and brought the producers the handsome sum of $73 25.

On the strength of the sale Mr. Wingard came up to this office and subscribed for The Sentinel.

The attention of our readers is called to the advertisement of the Columbiana Graded School which appears in this issue of The Sentinel. The school opens for the session of 1904 5 on Monday, October 3rd, and now is the time when parents should be making arrangements to send their children to this school. The tuition is absolutely free to any child of school age in Shelby county, and board can be had at from $8 to $10 per month. The faculty is made up of instructors who have schooled and prepared themselves for teaching, and they are among the best educators in Alabama. There is every indication that the coming session will even surpass the very succesful one of last year, and parents should make preparations to have their children enter on opening day. Any information regarding the school will be most cheerfully furnished by addressing Supt. S. Dowell, or Mayor W. B. Browne, President of the Board.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott delivered a most interesting sermon at the Presbyterian church last Sunday night, and which every Knight of Pythias in Columbiana would have been glad to hear. Among the illustrations he used in his sermon, which showed the great friendship Christ has for all humanity, was the beautiful story of Damon and Py hias. It is regretted by all that Rev. Mr. Sinnott and his family are soon to leave us—going to Tuscaloosa to live.

NOTICE

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 15th. 16th and 17th of September, the Hammond Millinery Company will have their opening of Fall and Winter stock. Everyone cordially invited to come and inspect their line, than which there is none prettier, more stylish nor complete.

Sheriff Cox will arrive in the city with Lark Johnson today, who is to hang tomorrow for murder of John Lawley in March, 1903. Johnson has been confined in the Jefferson county jail since his conviction.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bird, who have been visiting relatives in the city for the past two weeks, will return to their home in Birmingham today.

Mrs. Floyd M. Wilkins was down from Wilsonville Tuesday and yesterday for a short visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Nelson.

The stores of the Columbiana Mercantile Co., will be closed on on the 10th and 17th of September, on account of Jewish holidays.

Max Lefkovits, who has been in New York for the past two weeks buying goods for his firm, returned home Tuesday.

J. W. Johnston is talking shoes to the public through his advertisement in The Sentinel this week.

J. F. Pope, a prominent merchant of Wilsonville, was in town a few hours last Tuesday.

Clarence Smith was down from Wilsonville for a short visit with his sister Tuesday.

WILSONVILLE.

Miss Blanche Clark returned from Atlanta Sunday.

Mrs. E. W. Holland is visiting relatives in Childersburg.

Miss Lizzie Varner is a guest of Col. W. T. Smith and family.

O. O. Tinney, of Atlanta, is visiting homefolks this week.

Mrs. L. M. Burgess, of Anniston, visited relatives here last week.

Those who fail to attend the services are missing a gospel feast.

John M Davis, of Five Points, is a guest of his sister, Mrs. Riddle at the hotel.

The cotton crop is opening fast and soon we'll have cotton and cash circulating.

H. E. Smith, of this place, is on the road again in the interest of the Helm Portrait Co., of Woodlawn.

We are glad to note that Mrs. J. L. Riddle, who has been quite sick at the hotel, is improving nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Jackson and son, Pierre, of Tallapoosa, Ga., are visitting relatives here this week.

Miss Sammie Taylor has accepted a position with J. F. Pope as trimmer in the millinery department

Miss Olive Densler left Sunday afternoon for Talladega, where she will visit her sister, Mrs E Williamson

Misses Minnie Weldon and Vera Jackson will leave in a short time for Marion where they will attend the Judson Institute.

Hermie Stoudemire returned from South Alabama last week. Hermie has been engaged as telegraph operator for the Southern Railway, but was compelled to resign his position because of poor health.

A series of meetings began at the Methodist church Sunday morning. The pastor, Rev. G. W. Hamilton, is assisted by Rev. H. M. Stevenson, pastor of First M. E church at Alexander City. Rev. Mr. Stevenson is a fine pulpit orator and has given us some most excellent sermons.

ROBIN REDBREAST.

Grateful Hearts.

I thank the dear people of Columbiana who, through the severe illness of my little darling, patiently wrought such faithful and untiring service. Favors like these are never forgotten, and I ask God's choicest of blessings upon them all.

The sympathy of our friends at Calera and Montevallo was also appreciated and it is comforting to know that dispersed here and there are loved ones who lament with us during our great affliction.

JENNY L. WILSON.

Sad Ode.

Ah, hearts that pine on this sun-molten sphere,
There's never no grief like Death's solemn drear;
It comes with regret, and a sorrow is met,
And even our souls at Providence fret.

How choice seem the angels with envy they call.
And soon—far too soon the loveliest fall;
Our hearts all but break when the fairest they take
And left is our souls to sorrow and ache.

Yet bright was his life—so void of all sin,
And a soul pure and righteous gladly entered in;
And a father was there, and what can compare
To the Heavenly meeting of "Redeemed" saints fair?

'Twill be lonely—so lonely since he had to go,
But rejoice that in Heaven no sorrow he'll know:
Tho' It's hard to restrain from this gnawing pain.
But It's comforting to know we'll meet him again.

Covet not Heaven of its beautiful treasure,
But bear all this trouble with a kind of pleasure:
For it was all best, and may be a test
That will bring our tired souls an eternal rest.

A SORROWING SISTER.

While there was a strong desire in this county, and especially with the members of the bar, to see R. B. Kelly nominated for Chancellor, the same cordial support will be given Mr. Whitesides, the nominee, as would have gone to Mr. Kelly had he been the choice of the committee. Mr. Whitesides is capable in every way, and he will make a good Chancellor.

NEW GOODS FOR FALL AND WINTER

The ladies will be delighted with our pretty line of

Dress Goods, Skirts, Laces,

AND TRIMMINGS.

Your inspection of these fabrics is most cordially invited, and your criticisms are courted. The designs this year are unusually pretty, and the fiber the best in the market.

IN OUR

.. Shoe Department ..

there is to be found

Beauty, Durability, Low Prices.

We can please you in all these virtues.

OUR CLOTHING

(FAMOUS SHIELD'S BRAND.)

DEPARTMENT

Is Most Complete in Every Detail.

Come to see it; you'll be pleased.

MILNER & CHRISTIAN

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers In—

Watches, Clocks, Silverware,

JEWELRY,

and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

HILLMAN

TAILORS...

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S

..TAILOR - MADE - SUITS..

TO ORDER.

Cleaning, Repairing, Pressing and Dyeing

A complete line of

. . . Furnishing Goods . . .

Next door to Postoffice.

GORDON, the Tailor.

COLUMBIANA

GRADED SCHOOL,

Opens Monday, October 3rd,

TUITION FREE . . .

TO ANY CHILD IN SHELBY COUNTY.

FACULTY:

SUPERINTENDENT,	PROF. S. DOWELL
7th and 8th Grade,	MISS STELLA POWELL
5th and 6th Grade,	MISS ESTHER MASON
3rd and 4th Grade,	To be supplied
1st and 2nd Grade,	MISS EDNA NELSON

Gradnates from this school can enter the Freshman Class in the State University, or the Sophomore Class in the State Colleges withont any further examination.

Board for pupils can be procured at from $8 to $10 per month. The school is surrounded and governed by christian influence. For information relative to the school, address

Supt. S. Dowell, or Mayor W. B. Browne, Pres. of Board

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,

E. W. BURT, Proprietor.

Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers.

Your Patronage is Solicited.

Telephone 28. - - - - - 'Bus Meets All Trains.

BIRMINGHAM

Title and Guarantee Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, Gen'l Mgr.

Write for purticulars. **Birmingham, Ala.**

ALABAMA

GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

MONTEVALLO, ALA.

LITERARY,
SCIENTIFIC,
COMMERCIAL,
INDUSTRIAL,
DOMESTIC;
PEDAGOGICAL,
MUSICAL,
ARTISTIC.

SESSION OPENS SEPT. 15th

Expenses $90.00.

Healthfull Location--Faculty of 27 Teachers.

FOR CATALPGUE, ADDRESS,

FRANCES M. PETERSON, President.

FROM MISERY TO HEALTH.

A Prominent Club Woman of Kansas City Writes to Thank Doan's Kidney Pills For a Quick Cure.

Miss Nellie Davis, of 1216 Michigan avenue, Kansas City, Mo., society leader and club woman, writes: "I cannot say too much in praise of Doan's Kidney Pills, for they effected a complete cure in a very short time when I was suffering from kidney troubles brought on by a cold. I had severe pains in the back and sick headaches, and felt miserable all over. A few boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills made me a well woman, without an ache or pain, and I feel compelled to recommend this reliable remedy."

(Signed) NELLIE DAVIS.

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

In one square mile of London city there are forty-seven churches with a seating capacity for 20,000 people. The forty-seven ministers draw $217,000 a year and the cost of maintaining the churches is $313,000; there are fewer than seventy-five people attending each church.

The ancient schooner Polly, said to be the oldest American-built vessel now afloat and in commission, was towed up the Merrimac river on Sunday to Amesbury, where she was constructed 99 years ago, and will be one of the attractions for the Old Home week celebration.

An old Massachusetts law makes it a misdemeanor to display a picture of George Washington under certain circumstances.

The salmon fisheries of the Northern Pacific, around about Vancouver particularly, are a failure this season.

TULANE UNIVERSITY of LA.

NEW ORLEANS.

Full courses in Languages, Sciences, Engineering, Law, Medicine. Splendid department for women in Newcomb College. Tulane makes leaders in all vocations. Its facilities for instruction in Engineering are unsurpassed. Unexcelled opportunities for the study of Sugar Chemistry. Many scholarships in the academic department. Expenses low. Board and accommodations in dormitories at low rates. Opportunities afforded academic students for self-help. Next session begins October 1st. Send for catalogue and illustrated circular. Address THE REGISTRAR, Gibson Hall.

Use our machinery! It is the strongest. It takes the least power. Carries the heaviest tools. Drills much faster. Lasts longer and **makes the owner more money** than any other Drilling Machine on earth. Machines made for drilling any depth or diameter, and for Horse, Steam or Gasoline Power.

LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, OHIO.

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA

ESTABLISHED 1831.

John W. Abercrombie, LL. D., Pres.

Forty officers of government and instruction. Regular enrollment for last session, 432. Summer School enrollment, 351. Total, 783.

Excellent laboratory facilities. Good library. Well equipped gymnasium. Steam laundry. Electric lights. Spring water. Good board.

Graduate and undergraduate courses in thirteen academic schools. Professional courses in Engineering, Law, Medicine and Pharmacy.

So many superior advantages can not be had elsewhere at smaller cost.

Tuition in academic department free to Alabamians.

Next session opens Wednesday, September 7. For catalogue address,

G. H. JONES, Secretary.
University, Ala.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Bryant & Stratton

Business, Shorthand and Typewriting College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free.

Atlanta College of Pharmacy.

Greater demand for our graduates than we can supply. Address, DR. GEO. F. PAYNE, Dean, 43 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Am. 37, 1904.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Makaroff's Culture.

Admiral Makaroff was something more than the typical cultured Russian, says the Westminster Gazette. One might talk with him almost without suspecting that he was a foreigner, so easy was his command of English. His longest stay of late years in England was during the building of the ice-breaker Yermak, which he designed and which he saw constructed at Newcastle-on-Tyne, giving personal superintendence to every detail. Admiral Makaroff was an enthusiast in regard to that vessel. He believed that she was the forerunner of a type by means of which the secrets of the Frozen North will ultimately be given to the world, and he talked with light dancing in his eyes of what the ice-breaker might ultimately be expected to achieve.

The captain of a steamer which arrived in Philadelphia the other day declares that while he was several hundred miles off the Jersey coast a pigeon flew down out of the sky and lighted on the topmast. The bird remained on its perch 24 hours and then flew away again.

It cost 30 cents a gallon to produce California wines; the French make the same quality of goods in Algiers for 12 cents. All of California produces but 23,000,000 gallons of wine per year; Bordeaux alone produces nearly a billion gallons.

Storks fly many hundreds of miles at the rate of 100 per hour; bees fly short distances at the rate of 150 miles an hour.

Marchiman, the god of war in Japan, strange to say, loves a dove, a bird symbolical in the west of peace, not war.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

To insure accuracy naval chronometers are kept on ice.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Poisonous mollusks purify the water in which they live.

Russia's grain crop this year is larger than it has been for many seasons; her wheat and many other grains in the eastern part of European possessions alone will aggregate nearly a billion bushels.

INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION FIRE Engineers, Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 13-16, 1904. Account Meeting International Association of Fire Engineers at Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 13-16, the Southern Railway will sell tickets from all points on its line at the very low rate of one fare plus twenty-five cents for the round trip, minimum rate fifty cents. Tickets will be sold Sept. 11-12 with final limit Sept. 20, 1904. Original purchasers of tickets may secure an extension of limit until Sept. 30, 1904, upon the payment of fifty cents deposit fee provided deposit is made not later than Sept. 20 and not earlier than Sept. 11. Write any agent of the Southern Railway for full particulars. C. A. BENSCOTER, A. G. P. A.

A specie of natural soap tree is found in Japan, China and India. By using water of alcohol the saponaceous ingredient of the fruit is extracted. The soap possessing no alkaline qualities is claimed to be superior to the ordinary soap of commerce.

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BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.

It is by far the best building up Tonic and Blood Purifier ever offered to the world. It makes new, rich blood, imparts renewed vitality, and possesses almost miraculous healing properties. Write for Book of Wonderful Cures, sent free on application.

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Edward A. Marx, Albany, N. Y.

Best For The Bowels **Cascarets** CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

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SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago, Ill.

WHAT WOULD YOU DO?

Supposin' 'at you had fished all day
An' you hadn't got a bite,
Supposin' th' shadders wuz gettin' long
An' it was a-comin' night;
Supposin' 'at then you tho't of your friends
Who would laff and jeer at you;
What would you do in a case like that,
What do you s'pose you'd do?

Wal, we'll say 'at you'd give it up
An' doggedly row ashore,
Declarin' 'at fate wuz ag'in you so
It was useless to try no more;
But supposin' you see a man on the bank
With some bass, say a dozen or two,
An' supposin' he'd sell 'em to you fur a song,
What do you s'pose you'd do?

Wouldn't you kind o' smile at him,
An' ca'tiously look about,
Before you reached deep down in your clothes
To haul your wallet out?
An' wouldn't you lower your voice to say,
"This, you know's, 'twixt me an' you"?
Isn't that just th' way you'd act?
Isn't that what you'd do?

An' then when down thro' th' streets of the town
Your admirin' friends, as they'd pass,
Would stop to congratulate you an' ask
Fur th' secret of catching bass,
Wouldn't you tell 'em fishing wuz kind of a knack
'At wuz only acquired by a few?
Isn't that what you'd say now?
Isn't that what you'd do?

—National Sportsman.

JUST FOR FUN

"Is Jenks one of the early settlers?" "No. He has owed me $10 for as many years."—Detroit Free Press.

Fuddy—I hear somebody has discovered the microbe of senility. Duddy—It must be a mean old thing.

"What was it Franklin said? 'If you'd have a thing well done—'" "Tell your cook you like it rare," interrupted Subbubs. — Philadelphia Press.

Kuropatkin—"I wait the Japanese advance with confidence." The Czar—"But why wait?" Kuropatkin—"How otherwise can I show my confidence?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Editor—We will pay you either at the rate of one dollar per word or five thousand dollars per idea, as you elect. Distinguished Author—The former is—er—the better way, I think.—Puck.

Grimes—A woman's wearing of an engagement ring is a queer custom, when you come to think about it. Grant—It is a left-handed way of telling the world she is going to be married.

"Mrs. Gettum is going to give a stocking shower for her daughter. That's practical, isn't it?" "No." "Why not?" "Because after a shower there is no use for the hose."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Shinestand Customer—Why do you charge only a nickel for a shine, my lad? Shinestand Kid—So that th' guy wid only a dime t' spend will have a nickel left fer a tip—see?—Baltimore American.

Lawyer—Then, too, there will be the court-crier's fee. Fair Litigant (breach of promise)—Oh, I shall do my own crying. I should never think of trusting anybody else to do that. Goodness, no!—Puck.

"Father," said the small boy, "what is an investigation?" "An investigation, my son, is usually an effort to locate the responsibilities for a disaster after it's too late to make any difference."—Washington Star.

Mrs. McCall—Is Mrs. Gassaway at home? The Servant—Faith, she is not, ma'am, be great good luck; but ye'd best l'ave yer card an' skedaddle away fur she's like to be in anny minyute now.—Philadelphia Press.

Long-Tailed Dog—Don't you get tired of everlastingly wagging that little stump of yours? Stump-Tailed Dog—No; it feels just as if the tail was all there, and I get just as much fun out of the exercise as you do, with a good deal less work.—Chicago Tribune.

"Did you encourage your daughter's literary ambition?" "Decidedly," answered the matter-of-fact woman. "If she has the gossiping instinct it is bound to come out, and she'd better be making up stories about imaginary people than about the neighbors."—Washington Star.

Bessie—Harry is a dear boy, and I have made up my mind to marry him. Kitty—You've changed your mind all of a sudden. Bessie—Yes; last night he told me his mother was, probably, the poorest cook that ever lived. After that, you know, I couldn't help feeling drawn toward him. I'm sure we shall live very happily together."

Badger—Should think you'd be afraid somebody would shoot you when you asked "Is your life insured?" A man might mistake your meaning, you know, and think you had dropped in to murder him. Browser—I never had anybody offer to shoot me; but on several occasions I have only escaped being kicked out by presence of mind and nimble heels.

"Dear me!" exclaimed Myrtilla, as she returned from the book shops, "summer fiction is so very expensive." "I get all the summer fiction I can read," replied the wise young man, "and it costs me only a quarter." "Gracious! How is it possible?" "Oh, I write twenty-five postal cards to the same number of beach and mountain resorts, requesting them to send me their descriptive booklets."—Chicago Daily News.

Marconic Verse.

Marconic verse is verse written in more than one language or one language twisted to appear like another. For example, a long poem on wine, datin gfrom early in the sixteenth century, begins:

The best tree, if ye take intent,
Inter ligna fructifera,
Is the vine tree by good argument,
Dulcia ferens pondera.

Another example of the second kind mentioned is Dean Swift's imitation Latin poem beginning "Mollis abuti, hasan acuti," which in English reads, "Molly's a beauty, has an acute eye."—Progress.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

He that is down need fear no fall.—Bunyan.

Strong reasons make strong actions.—Shakespeare.

Pity is best taught by fellowship in woe.—Coleridge.

A beautiful face is a silent commendation.—Bacon.

Jest not with the two-edged sword of God's Word.—Fuller.

A man's best friends are his 10 fingers.—Robert Collyer.

The men who make history have not time to write it.—Metternich.

When the heart is won, the understanding is easily convinced.—C. Simmons.

Let us learn upon earth those things which can prepare us for heaven.—Jerome.

He who can conceal his joys is greater than he who can hide his griefs.—Lavater.

The highest manhood resides in disposition, not in mere intellect.—H. W. Beecher.

The motto of chivalry is also the motto of wisdom; to serve all, but love only one.—Balzac.

No man can be provident of his time who is not prudent in the choice of his company.—Jeremy Taylor.

If we had no failings ourselves we should not take so much pleasure in finding out those of others.—Rochefoucauld.

A solemn and religious regard to spiritual and eternal things is an indispensable element of all true greatness.—Daniel Webster.

IN THE PRESS BOX.

Where Professional Scorers and Reporters Keep Track of Our National Game.

At the grounds where the professional clubs play baseball, you may have noticed a small boxlike structure perched on the roof of the grand stand. Its position directly back of home plate and on a line with the pitcher is the best possible for a view of the game, and if you are lucky enough to be invited up by some of those who have a right there, you will be surprised to find how much better you can watch what is going on than from a seat nearer the ground.

This little house with the wire netting over the front to guard against foul flies is called the press or scorers' box. The young men who sit there have need of every facility for observing the game, because afterward they must present an absolutely accurate record of it. If the contesting nines belong to an important league and play in a large city there will be an official scorer for each club, besides reporters from each of the daily newspapers. The scorers have to record every move of the game and, when it is over, present to the managers of their clubs a complete set of figures, from which everybody who understands the sport can tell exactly what each player has done—how well or how poorly he has played.

Watch a scorer at work. Before him is an open book with the names of one club written down the left-hand side of one page and those of the opposing team inscribed on the page opposite. After each name is a line of checker board squares, curiously marked off, and at the end of these on the right of each page are several perpendicular columns headed A B, R, 1 B, S B, S H, P O, A and E for the summary. These stand for, respectively times at bat, runs, the times a player has reached first base, stolen bases, sacrifice hits, put-out, assists and errors. The symbols used by professional scorers are comparatively few and easy to remember, and any one familiar with the game ought to be able to use them after half an hour's study followed by a little practice.—From Allan P. Ames's "How to Keep a Baseball Score" in St. Nicholas.

Drove Away Hungry Lynx.

As Roland Scribner of Stafford, Vt., was out fishing the other day in a stream within sight of the house, he happened to glance behind him and saw a lynx coming toward him from the woods, growling and snarling, his mouth open. The boy waited until the animal got within a few feet of him, and as it crouched to spring, dealt it several blows with his fishing rod, whereupon the lynx turned and ran back into the woods.

Literal.

Mistress—Dear me, Mary! Have you broken another dish?

Maid—"T'want no fault of mine, mum; it was accordin' to orders.

Mistress—According to orders! What do you mean?

Maid—T'other day you told me when the butcher came to drop everything and attend to him. It happened when he came yesterday. I had one of them big chiny dishes in my hand.

The Spice of Life.

A white Russian priest must be married, but he cannot marry a second time. If his wife died he must enter a monastery. Hence, says a writer in the World's Work, the Russians tell many stories of the extraordinary means to which the priests resort in guarding the health of their wives. If the priest's consodt sneezes, a mild panic ensues in the household.

Irrigation in Idaho.

The valleys of the Payette and Bois rivers, in southern Idaho, are soon to be the scene of a stupendous irrigation work by the government. The project is to reclaim 372,000 acres of land.

A bureau which Miles Standish brought from England in the Mayflower is owned by Mrs. Charlotte Hobart Vawter of Hobart place, Indianapolis.

The Oldest Car in America.

The car that stands in the roundhouse at Plainville, Mass., is the oldets railroad coach in the United States and as such makes a pathetic appeal to all people who remember the earliest days of railroading. It recalls the days when it was admired by all the countryside as it rolled over the rails between Boston and Providence at a pace which to-day would be regarded as almost funereal. To-day it stands neglected and many years, and enmeshed by countless cobwebs—a rusty, useless old thing in a remote corner of the roundhouse.

To the younger generation it seems almost incredible that this primitive vehicle could possibly have been the predecessor of the magnificent Pullman of to-day. Its outlines suggest a stage coach rather than a railroad car, and the jolting of the crude structure was but little broken by the delicate-looking springs beneath it.

The roof of this venerable conveyance was used to accommodate passengers on days when travel was "heavy" or the weather fine. Time has made many ravages on this old coach, and to keep it from further injury it has been necessary to nail boards across the sides and over the wheels that mar the quaint effect.

The amount of railway mileage to each thousand square miles of territory in different countries has been computed by officials of the German empire as follows: Belgium, 22; United Kingdom, 11.03; Germany, 10.85; Prussia, 10.49; Switzerland, 9.04; Holland and Luxemberg, 9.01; France, 8.08; United States, 6.64; Austria-Hungary, 5.02.

In Winnipeg there were 240 people in 1871; today there are nearly 70,000. There were buildings erected there last year to the value of $5,000,000; during the first half of this year $6,000,000 worth of building was done. Incidentally Manitoba's wheat, from which Winnepeg derives certain signorage, will yield 53,000,000 bushels this year.

Emperior William recently had conducted before him, and in secrecy, a series of experiments with a new war kite equipped with a newly perfected system of wireless telegraphy. The inventor is a German-American professor living for the present in Havre.

There are few fences in Japan, ground is too valuable; they plant mulberry trees as dividing lines; there are 190,000 acres of these productive fences, besides 570,000 acres of mulberry farms. The Jap uses every inch of land.

The Berlin Cremation Society has sent a petition containing 9,500 signatures to the Pope, praying that the last rites of the Roman Catholic Church shall no longer be denied to persons wishing their remains to be cremated.

In the possession of Prince Borghese some time ago were six slabs of marble which could be bent at will. The peculiarity is believed to be due to the effect of fire. They were excavated at Mondragon, near Naples, and have a grain like Carrara marble.

Ex-King Prempeh of Ashantee, admired Joseph Chamberlain to such an extent that he ordered for himself a complete suit of clothes and monocle like those worn by the ex-colonial secretary.

New York, that is Manhattan and Bronx, consumes 270,000,000 gallons of Croton water a day and it needs and is planning to get 160,000,000 gallons more.

Taking an hundred as the basis of nourishment in foods, whole wheat bread contains 90, corn meal and beans 87, rice 86, oatmeal 84, cheese 66, and meats only 33.

There are standing orders for over 100,000 servants in the city of New York. The authorities of Ellis island are beseiged by people wish to procure immigrants for domestic service.

Black Snakes Guard Southern Homes.

It is true that the rattle snake and the black snake are mortal enemies, and the black snake is the victor in their battles, breaking the neck of his adversary before the rattler has time to strike. The black snakes of this country are as harmless as frogs. On many of the large plantations in the south they are tamed and kept as a protection from their enemy, as the warm climate prevents keeping the houses closed so as to keep them out.

Disproved Old Superstition.

The performance of a Canaan, N. H., hen which hatched thirteen chickens from a setting of thirteen eggs recently may be considered remarkable considering the fact that she was set upon this unlucky number of eggs on Friday, May 13, with one or two other unfavorable conditions prevailing.

Their First Time in a Bed.

When the people got back to the H. H. Coe farmhouse near Ottawa, Kan., after the flood had somewhat receded, they found two hogs and three dogs comfortably occupying one of the beds upstairs.

Immense Stalk of Rhubarb.

Asa G. Bunker of Ashville, Me., has gathered a rhubarb stalk from his garden that measures 60 inches in length, 39 inches across the leaf, 7 inches around the butt and weighed 3¾ pounds.

Bamboo sprouts shoot upward at the rate of three feet a day under favorable circumstances.

Miss M. Cartledge gives some helpful advice to young girls. Her letter is but one of thousands which prove that nothing is so helpful to young girls who are just arriving at the period of womanhood as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot praise **Lydia E. Pinkam's Vegetable Compound** too highly, for it is the only medicine I ever tried which cured me. I suffered much from my first menstrual period, I felt so weak and dizzy at times I could not pursue my studies with the usual interest. My thoughts became sluggish, I had headaches, backaches and sinking spells, also pains in the back and lower limbs. In fact, I was sick all over.

"Finally, after many other remedies had been tried, we were advised to get **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and I am pleased to say that after taking it only two weeks, a wonderful change for the better took place, and in a short time I was in perfect health. I felt buoyant, full of life, and found all work a pastime. I am indeed glad to tell my experience with **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, for it made a different girl of me. Yours very truly, MISS M. CARTLEDGE, 533 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga."

At such a time, the grandest aid to nature is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It prepares the young system for the necessary changes, and is the surest and most reliable cure for woman's ills of every nature. Mrs. Pinkham invites all young women who are ill to write her for free advice. Address, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

Mrs. Estes, of New York City, says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to you because I believe all young girls ought to know how much good your medicine will do them. I did dressmaking for years before I was married, and if it had not been for **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, I do not believe I could have stood the strain. There is no other work that is such a strain on the system. Oh, how my back used to ache from the bending over! I would feel as though I would have to scream out from the pain, and the sitting still made me so terribly tired and weak, and my head throbbed like an engine. I never could eat after work, I was so worn out. Then I was irregular, and had such frightful cramps every month they would simply double me up with pain, and I would have to give up working and lie down. But **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** changed me into a strong, well woman. Yours very truly, MRS. MARTHA ESTES, 513 West 125th St., N. Y. City."

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of female troubles cured. Sold by druggists everywhere. Refuse all substitutions. Remember every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham, if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

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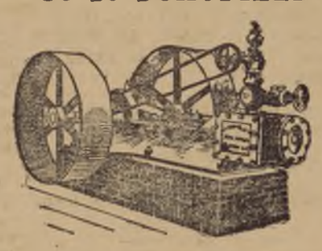

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COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., SEPTEMBER 15, 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 3

DISCONNECTED RAILS

Cause Fatal Railroad Wreck on Seaboard Air Line in North Carolina.

SEVEN KILLED; 35 INJURED.

Train Went Through a Trestle and An Engine Following Crashed Into the Wrecked Cars.

Seven persons were killed and many injured in a wreck on the Seaboard Air Line at Catawba Junction, S. C. A passenger train, five cars and a sleeper, went through a high trestle over a small stream. An extra freight train following the passenger piled on top of the wreckage a few minutes later. The dead so far as known are:

Engineer Barksdale and Trainman Ferguson, of the freight; Ed Robertson, colored fireman, and four women who were in the passenger train.

The train had crossed a bridge over the Catawba river and was on a trestle when it fell in. The train with the exception of the Pullman car fell 25 feet to the ground.

The locomotive had crossed the place in the track where it was subsequently discovered, according to a a report from an officer of the road that some person had disconnected the rail connections at the trestle. The train broke in two. The engine toppled over the embankment south of the trestle, while the rest of the train appears to have gone through the trestle to the ground about 25 feet below. This was followed by the light engine, which fell through the broken trestle, presumably falling on the Pullman, which was the rear car of the train.

50,000 LOSS

Said to be Conservative Estimate of Liao Yang Mortality.

A correspondent who has returned to Mukden with the Russian rear guard, after having accompanied the army the whole time since the battle of Liao Yang, says the losses on both sides were enormous. As a moderate estimate he places them at 50,000.

When the Russians left Liao Yang the town was strewn with corpses of the slain. The Japanese shell fire continued until September 4th, when the bridges over the Taitse were destroyed.

The Russians admit that their positions at Liao Yang were too extended for their army to hold.

The greater portion of the Russian forces crossed the Taitse during the night of September 2d and engaged General Kuroki with two corps. The sideration at the navy tederaptnm m fighting on the first day was favorable to the Russians, but the conditions changed at night. The Russian infantry suffered heavily from shrapnel and rifle fire.

The condition of the road rendered the retreat slow and troops and horses were tired out. The Japanese seemed to lack enterprise and failed to recognize the serious situation of the Russians, the morale of their troops having been severely tried.

A Japanese army of 40,000 men is reported to be west of Mukden and it is considered likely in view of the conditions of the two armies that hostilities may be indefinitely prolonged until the Japanese are able to push on and force the Russians to give battle.

New Cars.

In Mississippi the Mobile and Ohio railroad has added 1,900 new freight cars to its equipment this year and will have a large amount of new passenger rolling stock in a short time.

New Sights for Guns.

While the battleships of the north Atlantic fleet are in dock this month it is hoped the work of re-sighting their guns may be begun. The bureau of ordnance has asked for bids for from three to four hundred 3-inch sights. The sights for the larger guns have not yet been made.

Geographers' Congress.

The first session of the eighth International Geographical congress was called to order Thursday in the auditorium of the George Washington university by Commander R. E. Peary, United States army, president of the congress. Dr. Charles D. Walcott, director of the geological survey, welcomed the congress to America on behalf of the president.

The Jury Prays.

Opening with prayer, the grand jury called together to investigate the lynching of Horace Maples, the Huntsville negro murderer, began taking evidence.

Crushed by Monument.

While kneeling beside a grave in N. Y. Yetta Beikowitz, 18 years old, was crushed to death by the family monument, a heavy granite shaft, which toppled over.

Investigation led to the belief that the foundation of the monument might have been undermined by the digging of a grave near by, and two of the grave diggers were arrested.

MONEY RECEIVED

And Payment of Mississippi Warrants is Resumed.

Temporary financial relief has been received at the treasury, and the state will be able to keep the wolf from the door for a few days, at least, and in the meantime the officials are still devoutly hoping, but almost against hope, that the Chicago syndicate will yet see its way clear to take up the half million dollar bond issue.

The depleted vaults were relieved by Insurance Commissioner Cole, who paid over $10,000 derived from fees and collected in his department. Several county tax collectors have also made settlements for privilege taxes collected, and Treasurer Miller is once more able to meet outstanding warrants.

The officials are not yet able to figure out how they are going to pay the school fund and pension appropriations, amounting to nearly a million dollars, unless the half million dollar bond issue is sold. County superintendents of education are becoming anxious over the school fund distribution, which has been delayed more than three months, and report that many of the districts are badly in need of money, for the school terms will open within the next few days.

RESIDENCE BURNED.

Fire Believed to Have Been of Incendiary Origin.

Fire, believed to have been of incendiary origin, totally destroyed the residence of Attorney R. L. Leatherwood. The loss is about $6,000, which includes the building and contents. The house was unoccupied, as Mr. Leatherwood is away fromBirmingham and his wife was stopping at the home of a neighbor. The loss included the home and office library of Mr. Leatherwood, which he valued at $2,000.

Mrs. Leatherwood does not consider the destruction of the home as the result of threats on their property. She says that no threats have been made to burn the property, but that she had received four anonymous threats over her telephone at the home upon the life of her husband.

PRIZE MONEY

Divided Among the Men Who Whipped Montojo at Manila.

The treasury department has begun sending checks to the officers and men of Admiral Dewey's fleet in payment of the awards of prize money made for the victory of the American fleet at Manila bay. It is expected that all the 2,000 officers and men who were in the battle of Manila bay will get their checks within six or seven weeks.

The check to Admiral Dewey is for $18,511. The next largest sum was to Mrs. Gridley, whose husband commanded the largest ship in the battle—the Olympia. This is for $9,413. The pay is proportioned to the size and armament of the ships that took part in the engagement.

The total amount to be divided is $370,336. The smallest amount to any member of the crews is $69.

Bite Communicates Insanity.

Apparent proof that insanity may be communicated like hydrophobia is shown in a case which is attracting attention among physicians at Bellevue hospital, New York city. A trained nurse was bitten by an insane patient nearly a year ago. Since then the wound frequently has given great pain and never completely healed. About two months ago she began to show signs of mental disturbance. These grew longer, and finally her friends had the young woman removed from her home in the hospital. She now suffers severe convulsions resembling the manifestations of rabies, while the mental delusions are almost continuous.

Diplomatic Relations.

Mexico will shortly establish a legation at Pekin. Don Carlos Lera, now Mexican minister to Japan, will also be minister to China. The establishment of the legation is not connected with any special object, but is for general purposes, mainly to promote mercantile agencies.

At Bull Run.

The final day of maneuvers begun at midnight, when the forces under General Bell, the aggressor in the movement against Washington, were pushed forward toward the lines of defense.

General Corbin brought the maneuvers to a close at 9 o'clock Friday morning. At that time General Bell, with his brown army, had advanced across Stone bridge, pushing General Grant back, and also had swung a large part of his force from the left wing to the entire right flank of General Grant, and put them across Bull Run at Sudley Springs.

Asiatic Torpedo Squadron.

The proposition to send to the Asiatic station a torpedo boat flotilla as an adjunct to the flotilla of destroyers sent out in the spring is under consideration at the navy department. Lieutenant Commander Lloyd H. Chandler, who was sent to Japan to study torpedo boat development, has advised the department of his arrival in this country.

THIRTY ARE INJURED

And Three Men Killed In Rock Island Railroad Wreck in Illinois.

SIX COACHES WERE DEMOLISHED

Some of the Injured Still Imprisoned Under the Wreckage—Collided With a Freight.

The Kansas City fast passenger train on the Chicago, Rock Island Pacific railroad was wrecked one-half mile east of Tiskitawana and more than thirty persons were badly injured, three of whom have since died. Others are penned under the wrecked passenger coaches and as yet have not been rescued.

The passenger train collided with the rear end of a freight train that had broken in two. The engineer escaped injury, and the fireman was seriously hurt. Half a dozen passengers were thrown in every direction, eight landing in a corn field at one side of the track.

FIGHTING AT MUKDEN.

St. Petersburg Believes the Russian Army Safe.

A great battle is going on before Mukden. The first and seventeenth corps are engaged against Kuroki. General Kuropatkin, with the bulk of his troops, is moving toward Tichling.

Russia's general staff is not displaying great anxiety over the reports that General Kuropatkin is in serious danger of being cut off, but if they had any information from the front Wednesday they have not revealed it. The members decline to say, even if they know, whether General Kuropatkin proposes taking his army north of Mukden.

Kuropatkin's movements after all must depend chiefly upon the tactics of the Japanese with whom lies the initiative. If the Japanese continue to press north in the hope of cutting off the Russians and bringing them to bay, then Kuropatkin will be obliged to move north.

The bulk of both armies are already terribly exhausted, and if they again come into grip the result will depend largely upon which of them is able to throw the most fresh reserves into the fight. If there is a race northward, it is apparent that the greatest danger will come at the narrow defile of Tiehling, north of Mukden.

JUDGE GRAY ARBITRATES.

Eastern Miners Contending Against Collections from Their Wages.

Judge Gray, who was chairman of the anthracite coal commission, as umpire heard argument by the members of the board of conciliation on the question of the rights of operators to collect money from employes with which to pay check weighmen and dock bosses unless a legal assignment of the amount is made by the employe.

The miners claim when a majority of the employes vote for the employment of check weighmen and docking bosses, the wages are to be deducted from the pay of all. This, the miners claim, is in accordance with the decision of the strike commission and is substantiated by Umpire Wright.

During Mr. Warriner's presentation of the operators' position, Judge Gray interrupted several times with interrogations. The judge desired to know whether the operators collected from the miners' wages the pay of any one else connected with the mines. Judge Gray cited as an example the physicians and blacksmiths. Mr. Warriner contended that the pay of the doctor was collected by the operators on an assignment made by the miners and they also collected when requested by legal assignment payments for clergymen. The miners insisted their pay was collected without an assignment and whether the miners had made use of the blacksmith or not.

A New Fighter.

A trial of the new sheathed cruiser Chattanooga's engines has begun at the New York yards. Commander Alexander Sharpe, Jr., who has been detailed to command, and some of the other officers were on board preparing to put the vessel into commission later in the month.

The Chattanooga is a sister ship to the Denver, which was put into commission in May.

Mississippi Busted.

The Mississippi state treasury went broke Wednesday morning and payment on warrants was suspended. Only one dollar and fifty-six cents was on hand.

No Negroes Registered.

Tuscaloosa's board of registration has concluded its tour of the county except for the trip to Cowden's. Since the registration began on July 1, 473 names have been registered, not one of these being a negro.

Schools Open.

Attalla's public schools opened Monday with an attendance of 239.

COTTON REPORT

Shows Slight Decrease in Total Bales. Higher Prices Received.

Secretary Hester's annual report has been issued in full. He puts the cotton crop of 1903-04 at 10,011,374 bales, a decrease of 716,185 under that of 1902-03.

He says that compared with last year, in round figures, Texas, including Indian Territory, has increased 45,000 bales. The group known as other gulf states, consisting of Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi, Tennessee, Oklahoma, Utah and Kansas, has lost 430,000 and the group of Atlantic states, Alabama, Georgia, Florida, North Carolina, South Carolina, Kentucky and Virginia, has fallen off 332,000.

Mr. Hester's report on the cotton crop of the different states is given as follows in thousands of bales:

Alabama 1,000 against 1,500 last year.
Georgia 1,325, against 1,470.
Florida 55, against 55.
Louisiana 824, against 884.
Mississippi 1,387, against 1,404.
Tennessee, etc., 451, against 509.
Total crop 10,011, against 10,728.

He puts the average commercial value of the crop at $61.68 against $44.52 last year.

He puts the spindles in the south at 8,615,369, an increase of 367,094 These include 685,268 in new mills not yet completed. The net gain in the number of southern mills over last year has been twenty-two, making the total now 762. Of these 671 have been in operation during the year, fifty-seven are idle and thirty-four in course of erection.

The use of foreign cotton in American mills, Mr. Hester says, has again materially decreased, the total mostly of Egyptian, amounting to the equivalent in American weights of 94,729 against 144,242 last year and 180,802 the year before. Of this year's total northern mills consumed 85,390 and southern mills 9,339. The value of the foreign cotton consumed in this country amounts to over eight millions of dollars.

Referring to the progress of the cotton manufacturing industry of the south, Mr. Hester says the growth of the spindle continues, but not to the extent of the few years immediately preceding. A number of mills in the not completed list last year have been put in operation, and these, with material additions to many of the old concerns, have increased the total spindles in active mills 762,044, while there are in course of erection 34 new mills, which when completed will contain 685,682 spindles.

MOB MEMBERS

Are Asked to Resign from Statesboro, Ga., Methodist Church.

The Methodist Episcopal church of Statesboro, Ga., has passed a resolution calling upon every participant in the lynching of Reed and Cato last month to resign membership in the church unless "a public confession of wrong be made with expression of penitence and contrition."

The resolutions denounce the burning of the negroes in very strong language, and state that the church wishes to be put on record as opposed to mob violence, calling it a "shameless violation of law."

Rev. Whitley Langston, who, at the court of inquiry gave names of several participants in the mobbing, and who has been strongly concerned in the affair generally, is upheld and commended for his "Christian conduct."

MURDERED FOR MONEY.

Pedler Attacked Near Huntsville on Site of Former Assault.

With his head smashed almost beyond recognition, the body of an old pedler named Waldrop was found on the public highway near Belle factory, ten miles from Huntsville.

The body was found during the night in a dark place in the road and the team driven by the murdered man was found a short distance beyond. The old man sold a wagon load of country produce Tuesday and started for his home with the money realized from the sale. It is believed that Waldrop was held up and was offering resistance and a fight ensued. Waldrop was held up and robbed at the identical spot about a year ago.

A suspect was later jailed and Wednesday night a mob attacked the jail, and in attempting to smoke out the prisoners fired the building. The fire department was driven off by shots, the negro was captured, confessed, implicating two other negroes and a white man and was then hanged in the court house yard.

Married Again.

Ex-Governor Robert L. Taylor, of Tennessee, and Miss Mamie St. John, a beautiful young lady of Chilhowie, Va., were married Wednesday at the home of the bride. Miss St. John is distantly related to ex-Governor Taylor. Mr. Taylor was only a few months ago divorced from his second wife.

North Pole Expedition.

The Norwegian steamer Viniocola, arrived at Hammerport, Norway, reports that she met the Zeigler relief expedition steamer Frithjof August 17th in latitude 79 north and longitude 52 east. The Frithjof up to that time had been unable to reach Franz Josefiand.

The Frithjof sailed August 5th for Franz Josefiand with coal for the America.

REINFORCEMENTS

Will be Sent Forward from St. Petersburg. Baltic Fleet Delayed.

CONFIDENCE IN KUROPATKIN

Still Expressed by His Countrymen. Troops are in Good Spirits. Telegraph Interrupted.

It is stated that by the end of October the Fourth, Eighth and Thirteenth army corps, totaling 192,000 men, will reach the front. Before the end of September 1100 guns will have been dispatched to General Kuropatkin.

A Russian correspondent telegraphs the following:

Our retreat is being carried out under heavy pressure and with the Japanese at our heels. The task is additionally difficult owing to the terrible condition of the roads and the rivers, which are flooded.

The fighting has now been almost continuous since August 24, and how much longer it will last it is impossible to say, as the initiative is in the hands of the Japanese.

The number of lives sacrificed and the loss of supplies by burning, bridges blown up, etc., can only be explained when we once more have concentrated, and this will occupy some days.

The emperor has received the following dispatch from General Kuropatkin, dated September 5:

The army is advancing northward. It has extricated itself from the dangerous position in which it was placed, being threatened by the enemy and having a narrow front.

The enemy throughout the day cannonaded our rear guard, especially its left flank, but without much effect.

We lost about one hundred men.

There has been no news from General Kuropatkin since Monday afternoon. This is attributed to the interruption of direct communications with the commander in chief owing to the transfer of the telegraph office to Mukden, where messages have to be sent by courier.

The utmost confidence prevails at the war office that the Russian army is slowly but surely affecting the retreat without serious risk of being cut off. Nevertheless, anxiety is felt throughout the nation and the feeling is shared by the emperor.

According to an unconfirmed report, the Baltic fleet will not be able to sail before November owing to the discovery of considerable defects in some of the vessels which recently underwent their trial trips.

ARMY PRISONER

Makes His Escape While Sentries Laugh at His Costume.

Private Frank Reese, an army prisoner serving one year on Governor's island for desertion, escaped in an unusual manner. Reese was a model prisoner, and had acquired the confidence of the quartermaster of the island, who left for Manassas, Va., to take part in the meneuvers. A company of coast artillery not familiar with the prisoners was detailed to the post in place of the troops sent south so that Reese's flight was greatly facilitated. When the captain went away he gave the prisoner a key to his house and ordered him to take care of things.

After Reese disappeared a search of the captain's quarters showed that the prisoner had gone away in a peculiar disguise. He had donned a dress coat and shirt, a big red necktie and riding breeches. This novel outfit he topped off with a silk hat and boldly walked to the landing place and took the next boat to New York. His odd costume caused much amusement.

BUSINESS MEN'S LEAGUE.

Decatur Merchants Have Formed an Organization Wwhich mahm mofoln Business Men's League.

Decatur merchants have formed an organization which has been given the name of the "Business Men's League." The charter membership included about thirty of the leading business men of the city. The officers elected were: President, James Edwards; secretary, Walter J. Nesbit.

The league will meet again next Tuesday night, at which time the organization will be perfected and then the league will get down to business in earnest.

Strike May End.

It is reported from Chicago that in anticipation of an agreement about 1,000 strikers in the packers' strike have returned to work.

Americans Win in Swimming.

The closing events of the Olympic swimming tournament were held Wednesday. Fancy diving, one-fourth mile, breast stroke half mile championship, 440 yards championship and the team relay race made up the programme.

American swimmers have won a majority of the points, due partly to the fact that there are more American entries than foreigners.

VERMONT'S ELECTION

Shows Republican Gains Over the Figures of 1900.

Returns indicate that the republicans in Vermont's state election elected the head of their ticket by a plurality equal if not greater than that returned for William W. Stickney when he was elected governor in 1900. Stickney, however, received the support of many gold democrats and the republicans generally did not look for more than 28,000 plurality this year. Stickney had 31,282 plurality. This year Bell, the republican candidate, has 33,128 over Porter at last count. Compared with the figures of the election of 1900, the vote shows a republican gain of 1 per cent and a democratic loss of 5 per cent.

COTTON CROP.

Conditions are Worse—Too Much Moisture Causes Rust.

The weather bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions says:

Heavy rains proved detrimental during the week in portions of the Carolinas, Florida and Alabama, while the northern portion of the central gulf states, Tennessee, the Ohio valley, need moisture.

As a whole the corn crop has advanced satisfactorily, especially over the southwestern portion of the corn belt. In Arkansas, Tennessee and portions of the Ohio valley and middle Atlantic states late corn needs rain.

A quite general deterioration in the condition of cotton is indicated, although improvement is reported from limited areas, principally in the central districts. Rust and shedding is very generally prevalent. Drought proved detrimental in Tennessee and drought and heat in Oklahoma and Texas, although rains too late to be beneficial have fallen recently over a large part of the last named state, where boll weevils are destroying practically new fruit except in the north central counties. Damages by boll weevil in Louisiana are restricted to a few small areas. Cotton is opening rapidly throughout the cotton belt and picking is general, except in the northern portions.

The weather has been very favorable for cutting and housing tobacco, a good crop of which is being secured in Ohio and the middle Atlantic states.

GOV. JEFF DAVIS

Re-elected to the Highest Office in Gift of Arkansas.

Sufficient returns from the state election in Arkansas have been received to indicate the election of Governor Davis to a third term by a plurality of 20,000. Several other states officers were voted for, but all the other democratic candidates had an open field, Davis alone having opposition.

GRANDSON OF JEFFERSON

Foully Murdered in Florida—Shot from Behind.

Hon. N. W. Eppes, of Bradfordville, Fla., was assassinated in the public road two miles from home and eight miles from Tallahassee.

He was riding alone in a buggy and was shot from behind, the charge entering the spinal column, tearing away the base of the brain and killing him instantly. Mr. Eppes was aged about sixty years.

He was a great-grandson of Thomas Jefferson and served in the confederate army. A wife, four daughters and one son survive him.

Our Mineral Resources.

The annual report of mineral resources of the United States for 1902, recently issued, shows an increase and activity in mineral industries. During the year 1902, for the third time, the total value of the commercial, mineral products of the United States reached the enormous sum of $1,260,639,415, which, as compared with $1,086,584,851 in 1901, shows a gain of 16.02 per cent.

As heretofore, iron and coal are the most important of our mineral products. Nearly all the important metals increased in both output and value.

Stole Cash Register.

Some one stole the cash register belonging to Pappageorge, who runs a restaurant in Bessemer, and carried it across the street and robbed it of its contents, leaving it in the gutter. The place was open at the time of the robbery, but the proprietor was asleep. The thief had nothing to do but to pick the register up and walk off. Fortunately the register had just been checked up, and all of the cash taken out but some change amounting to about $5.

Cruiser Will Disarm.

The French minister formally notified the Japanese government that the cruiser Diana will disarm at Saigon, French Indo-China, where she sought refuge August 20th after taking part in the battle of August 10th off Port Arthur.

Navy Additions.

The board of construction has approved the plans and specifications for the armored cruisers North Carolina and Montana, and the battleship New Hampshire, which were authorized by the last congress, and as soon as they have been approved by Secretary Morton they will be published. The armored cruisers, save in their interior arrangements, follow closely the lines of the Tennessee class and the New Hampshire the Louisiana

PLAYED POLICEMAN.

Had a Loaded Gun and Didn't Know It. Brother Shot.

Near the Carelton cotton mills two little white boys, aged 12 and 14 years, and the sons of Mr. Joe Frith, were playing policemen. One of the boys had a shotgun and he told his brother he would be the officer to capture him. The other little fellow ran and the other pulled down on him with the shotgun, badly wounding his brother in the arm. It is feared amputation will be necessary. The little fellow with the gun did not know that it was loaded.

OPINION RENDERED

By Attorney General Upon Terms of Judges and Justices.

In an opinion rendered at the request of Acting Governor Cunningham Attorney General Massey Wilson held that the justices of peace whose offices were abolished to make way for an inferior court would not hold office until November as is the case in many instances with other officials. The attorney general says:

"The legislature having provided a court for the transaction of the business formerly done by the justices, I do not think that it could be said that the legislature wanted to continue them in office until the November election."

A second opinion by the attorney general held that judges of probate would continue in their offices until their successors had been elected and qualified. These officers will not have to give any new bonds until November 3d, and only then until their successors will have had time to qualify.

Knights Templar.

Ten thousand sir knights marched for miles through the gaily decorated city of San Francisco Tuesday. In the procession were forty bands. The commander of the parade was Sir Charles L. Field, grand captain general of California and his chief of staff, E. Sir Geodirak. In this section were two carriages, the first carrying Most Eminent Sir Bates Stoddard, grand master of the grand encampment of Knights Templar of the United States of America, and Most Eminent the Earl of Fuston, grand master of the priory of England and Wales. The latter was the center toward which all eyes were focused, the throngs seeming to be eager to catch a glimpse of the noble gentleman who represented King Edward of England.

Tuscumbia's New Gas Company.

The North Alabama Gas company, controlled by a Chicago syndicate, and owning the franchise in Florence, was granted a franchise for a gas plant in Tuscumbia. The company had a representative at the council session, who asked for a thirty-year franchise The company now owns the gas plant at Florence and hopes to secure a concession from the city of Sheffield at an early date. The company agrees to begin the work of construction within the next sixty days and to have the plant completed and in operation within nine months from the date of the franchise.

Relighted.

The Tennessee company relighted 150 of its coke evens at Robertstown Monday. The other 150 will be started this week. It is stated that preparations are under way to start one of the iron furnaces this week. The resumption of work at these plants means employment to several hundred men.

School at Gordo.

Citizens of Gordo have by a special act of the legislature organized a school district giving the board of trustees a right to levy an incidental fee of $2 for each resident student of the district between the ages of 7 and 21 years. Last year this school had an attendance of 192, but not less than 225 are expected this session, which opens on September 12.

ALMOST SWAM CHANNEL.

Burgess, the French swimming champion, who Tuesday made an ineffectual attempt to swim the English channel, started again Wednesday. He left the water at 5:45 p. m., when within two miles of the French coast, failing in his attempt, but establishing a remarkable speed record.

Steel Billets Lower.

It is reported that steel billets were reduced Wednesday in price from $23 to $19 a ton and the report was generally credited in steel circles.

New Colliers.

Formal announcement is made at the navy department that the colliers authorized by the last congress will be built, one at the navy yard, New York, and the other at the navy yard, Mare Island.

Cheerfulness is a small virtue, it is true, but it sheds such a brightness around us in this life that neither dark clouds nor rain can dispel its happy influence.

The race of man would perish did they cease to aid each other. From the time that the mother binds the child's head till the moment that some kind assistant wipes the death damp from the brow of the dying we can not exist without mutual help. All, therefore, that need aid have a right to ask it from their fellow mortals. No one who holds the power of granting can refuse without guilt.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Sept. 15, '04

Telephone No. 27.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN

Associate Justices.
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District.
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
W. W. WHITESIDES.

County.

Probate Judge.
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk.
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter.
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor.
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer.
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner.
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

JOINT DISCUSSION.

According to arrangements made by the joint committee from the different political parties, the following appointments have been agreed upon for joint discussions.

K. Springs, Thursday, Sept. 15
Wilsonville, Saturday, Sept. 17.

Speaking begins at 10 o'clock, a. m., except as otherwise stated in this notice. Everybod invited to attend these meetings.

Within the past week Democrats from nearly every beat in the county have been in our office, and all are enthusiastic over the prospect of Democratic success.

Word comes from Montevallo the meeting there on Tuesday was enthusiastically Democratic. The majority for the Democratic ticket in that beat will be close to 100.

Just pass it along the line that the Democratic ticket is a winner with a nice majority this fall, and every Democrat in the county is working to give that majority the biggest kind of a boost.

From present indications Democrats are determined to make the majority for their ticket at least five hundred. Don't mark it down unless you want to rub out and raise the figures, for that is what you will probably have to do.

The Democratic ticket is gaining new adherents all over the county, and there is a friendly rivalry between Democratic committeemen as to which beat will show the greatest per cent. in the increase over the vote of two years ago.

The discussions held at Helena, Bamford and Gurnee, last week, were well attended, and at Bamford an excellent dinner had been prepared and which all thoroughly enjoyed. The people came to listen, and gave attentive hearing to each speaker. The Democrats are very much gratified at the result of these meetings.

With the knowledge and consent of Judge Longshore, a bill was worked through the Legislature by G. B. Deans, who was Representative at the time, raising the ex-officio fees of Probate Judge in this county from $200 to $600 without regard to service. Judge Longshore admitted in his speech at Ebenezer that the bill was passed with his knowledge and consent, and said the onerous duties placed upon him in the distribution of pension warrants to soldiers entitled him to it. It resolves itself into a salary, then, of $600 for distributing pension warrants to the old soldiers in this county. We wonder how many old Confederate soldiers in Shelby county get one-twentieth the amount of this salary in a year as a pension from the State to help him over the rough places in his old age?

Dr. Brunk from Selma will make regular visits to Montevallo the first Thursday of each month, and to Columbiana the following Friday and Saturday, to see Eye, Ear and Throat cases. In Montevallo at Dr. Wilkinson's office, at White House in Columbiana. Next visit October 6th, 7th and 8th. Sept 8-1m.

The People Pay, the Railroads Don't.

"The people of Shelby county at large have received the benefit of their taxes since the populist administration has been in power, and this is more than can be truthfully said of the Democratic administration. When did the Democrats build steel bridges and good roads? Never; the taxes for years and years since the organization of the county have been collected, and what benefit did the people receive from them? We answer, absolutely nothing"—Advocate.

Here is another attempt to mislead and deceive the people. Never under a Democratic administration was there a law for special tax levies for bridges and roads, and the Advocate knows it. But under the illegal levies the populist administration has placed upon the people, using the road law as a subterfuge behind which to entrench itself, thousands of dollars have been wrongfully and unlawfully wrested from the people of this county. The railroads refused to pay the levies; the populist administration tried to run a bluff on the railroads and brought suit in the circuit court to compel payment. The judgment of the court (see record in Circuit Clerk's office) was in favor of the railroads—they did not have to pay the tax for the very simple reason that the levy was an illegal one. The people of the county, however, were pinched by the populist administration for the illegal tax for the simple reason that they were financially unable to carry it into court and get justice. Here is a usurpation of power by the populist administration against the weak. In the many years the Democrats had control of the county's affairs was there ever a single instance when an illegal tax was levied upon and collected from the people.

Under Democratic administrations the same rate of taxation was levied upon the railroads as upon the people, and never was there a single instance of the railroads refusing to pay their taxes, for the very simple reason that the levies made by Democratic admistrations were constitutional and legal. On the other hand the railroads have refused to pay and have not paid four of the six levies made by the populist administration because they were in excess of the limit prescribed by the Constitution of Alabama, but you, dear people, were compelled to pay every one of those levies. This, too, from an administration that poses as the benefactor of the common people as against corporations. Wonder what the people think of this benefactor business as demonstrated by the populist administration? Thus far it has been a bluff at the railroads, and a hold up of the common people for their hard-earned money.

In 1892 and in 1893, the tax rate in Shelby county, under Democratic administration, was three mills, and never under Democratic administrations was the tax rate over over four mills. Compare this with the seven mill rate levied upon you by the populist administration, and this, too, with an increase in taxable values of a million or a million and a half dollars. That's reform movement with a vengeance, and the people bearing the burden.

Never under Democratic administrations were the provisions of the Constitution transcended or violated, while the populist administration has respected no law except that of its own making, and its frequent violation of Constitutional law has increased the burdens of the taxpayers. Section 3986 of the Code says:

"It shall be the duty of the court of county commissioners, at the term commencing on the first Monday in June, to levy the amount of taxes required for the expenses of the county for the current year, not to exceed one-half of one per cent. (five mills) on the taxable property, and the amount of other subjects of taxation in the county, as assessed for revenue to the state, as shown by the book of assessments after it has been corrected."

The populist administration put a levy of 6 mills upon the people in 1899; a levy of 6 mills each for the years 1901 and 1902, and for the year 1903 the populist administration squeezed the people of the county a little harder and pinched the people with a tax rate of SEVEN mills; the people paid all these levies—the railroads have paid none of them. That's the manner in which the populist admistration has buncoed the people.

The Legislature of 1898-9 passed an Act authorizing and requiring a levy of not less than one nor more than two mills on the dollar "to aid in the maintainance of and construction of public roads in this county, which levy SHALL BE A PART OF THAT WHICH IS AUTHORIZED BY THE CONSTITUTION FOR COUNTY PURPOSES." The Constitution says not in excess of five mills for county purposes. The populist administration levied six mills. Under the same law a similar levy was made in Franklin county. It was carried to the Supreme Court and that body held the levy to be an illegal one. This decision was recognized by the populist administration when it ordered a refund to the Southern Mineral Land Co. of the illegal tax collected from that corporation. No refund was made, however, to the common people. Why? Because, ignorant of the fact that the levy was an illegal one, or not being able to carry it to a court of justice, they did not pay under protest. Thus were they compelled to pay illegal tax by the populist administration that poses as a friend of the common people. Never was a trust more infamously betrayed!

What followed? With a decision of the Supreme Court staring it in the face even the populist administration decided that a tax levy similar to preceding ones might cause a revolt among the people, so a levy "for bridges and causeways" was tacked on to the levy for county purposes. Here again the populist administration transcended Constitutional law for there is no constitutional provision for "bridges and causeways," unless the bridges are first specified and the cost of each, and the "bridges built, or the debt created" therefore. The populist administration complied with none of these constitutional provisions. So the next year the administration tries another experiment in making the levy, and specifies particular bridges and the cost but failed to show that the "bridges were built, the debt created," or that they had been contracted for. This was another transcendancy of Constitutional law, and for three years the populist administration taxed the people of this county for bridges that have never been built, for which no debt had been created, nor had they even been contracted for. And for one of these bridges alone tax levies have been placed upon the people to the amount of $7,375, and this amount for a bridge that the minutes of the Commissioners' Court says "to cost $3,200." The Advocate and the populist leaders will tell you the above is a decree of the courts written by The Sentinel, but it is only plain constitutional law which anyone may read if he desires, and even Judge Longshore admits in his speeches that "YOU CANNOT LEVY A TAX FOR BRIDGES UNDER THE STATE CONSTITUTION UNTIL YOU FIRST BUILD THE BRIDGES AND CREATE THE DEBT." In view of the fact that the people were taxed for Parker's Mill bridge in 1902 and 1903, when no debt had been created for it, or contract made for its erection, the above declaration of Judge Longshore is an admission that the levies were contrary to law.

Now, then; figure up the total valuation of your property as assessed for the years 1899, 1901, 1902 and 1903; from the total amount take one-half cent from every dollar and you will know much illegal tax you have been made to pay by the populist administration, and the railroads have paid none of it.

The Spring Creek Difficulty.

The Sentinel would, probably, have never again referred to the unpleasantness which occurred at the Spring Creek joint discussion but for the distorted account of it in the Advocate two weeks ago, in its endeavor to counteract public sentiment caused by the affair, which is not at all creditable to the populist leaders. When The Sentinel referred to it at the time, after learning that Sheriff Cox had apologized to Judge McMillan, we did so only to show that the position taken by the Democrats as to a joint discussion was the correct one; that it would bring on strife and difficulty. The position taken by the Democrats was the correct one as is proven by the affair at Spring Creek. The fact that the sheriff, the chief peace officer of the county, was the aggressor, is what pinches the populist leaders, and the condemnatory feeling of the people all over the county placed the populist in such an unenviable position that a month after the affair occurred the Advocate endeavors to quell the feeling that is condemning the action.

The Sentinel said that "Mr. Cox climbed upon the platform in a belligerent manner." This statement is corroborated by populists and Democrats alike, and we may add still further that Mr. Sewell, a Republican, followed the sheriff and tried to dissuade him from doing anything further, and taking him by the arm pursuaded him to leave the platform. This statement is also corroborated by populists and Democrats alike.

The Sentinel also said Sheriff Cox had invited Mr. McMillan into his office and apologized for the manner in which he had treated the latter. This is admitted by the Advocate. If The Sentinel had had any desire to elaborate upon the affair in the first account of it, we might have said that if Sheriff Cox thought he was due an apology to Judge McMillan (and he must have thought so or he would not have apologized) it should have been made in as public a manner as the affront was offered; that would have been the just and proper manner in which the amende honorable should have been made.

The apology was made in the sheriff's office where Mr. Cox invited Judge McMillan, and no one was present except the two gentlemen in question. As Mr. Cox closed the door, he said to Judge McMillan:

"I reckon I owe you an apology; I don't know whether you will accept it or not."

"Why, certainly; that is all one gentleman can exact of another, Bob," replied McMillan.

"Yes," said the sheriff, "I reckon I done you wrong, by going upon the stand. I suppose when you denied it, and I told you, 'you did,' I should have turned round and walked off."

This is the conversation between McMillan and Cox, in relation to the matter, and we not believe either of the gentlemen will say to the contrary.

The Advocate did not refer to the affair at the time it occurred. Why it did not do so is very readily seen. And it made no attempt at an "explanation" until more than a month has elapsed. The whole matter is deplored by the good people of Beat 2, regardless of party affiliation, and the distorted interpretation of it at this late day by the Advocate will do its cause no good—in fact, its twisting of the true happenings there on that day will not meet the endorsement of its own party following.

WERE THE LEVIES LEGAL?

The Sentinel has charged that the populist administration had levied and collected an illegal tax from the people of Shelby county, and Judge Longshore admits the truthfulness of the charge in the following extract from his speech at Dunnavant: **"You can't levy a tax for bridges under the State Constitution, until you first build the bridges, or create a debt."** For the past two years the people have been taxed for bridges which have not been built, and at the time the levies were made were not even contracted for. Will the Advocate tell its readers those levies were legal?

COMPULSORY PATRIOTISM!

In his speech at Shelby, Judge Longshore, in an attack upon the Constitution of Alabama, said: "I WILL NOT SUPPORT THAT CONSTITUTION ONLY SO FAR AS THE LAW COMPELS ME."

To Stay at Home.

"The majority for the populist ticket will not be less than three hundred mark this."—Advocate.

The Advocate is again whistling to keep up its courage. It needs bracing, for on the morning after the election it will be found that the three hundred majority which the Advocate now claims for its ticket will have fallen short about six or seven hundred. Handy Andy is squirming now, but on November 9th the Advocate will be throwing all kinds of fits, and the populist leaders will find that the multifarious strings they are now pulling were not greased quite enough to have them slide safely across.

From Superintendent Farrell.

To the Voters of Shelby County.

It is with a superlative degree of reluctance that I again appear in the columns of the public press. But in justice to myself, and to my friends who have so kindly entrusted me with the educational supervision of Shelby County, I am forced to respond to "Young Plunkett's" false attack upon my official record, which appeared in last week's issue of the Peoples Advocate.

In his first accusation he charged that in the recent State Examination all populists and Republicans failed to get certificates, and that all Democratic applicants were given certificates, insinuating that I was responsible for it. To this accusation I took the facts and figures in the case and proved to every sane man who read my article that every word of his accusation was false, false, false beyond compare.

And still, in the face of the facts which cannot be denied, he comes again to the Advocate, claiming every word he said to be true. Furthermore he disclaims any intention to excite the prejudices of the people against me as Superintendent of Education. Now, it is not mine to examine the heart of man; so I do not know whether it was blackness of heart, or weakness of intellect that called forth those false accusations. But when we scan his lengthy articles in the Advocate and enumerate the many grammatical errors and disconnected sentences which he suffers to go to the public press, we join with him who said, "man is wonderfully and strangely made," realizing that about "Young Plunkett's" well shaped head there is an inward weakness. In his efforts to ridicule, due of course to the shallowness of the upper story, he sometimes compliments him whom he would ridicule.

He says he supposes "everybody read the article to The Sentinel signed by Jno. B. Farrell." In answer to that proposition permit me to say that I did not expect it to spread so rapidly that it would reach the homes of all, even in Shelby county, within one week's time; but there is consolation in the thought that truth will grow and spread like the green Bay tree, when falsehood will fall abruptly to the ground.

"Plunkett" admits that I have always treated him fairly and squarely, but when I ask him why he takes such an unjust stand against me, his reply is: "I want you to know that I am not working for the Democratic party." So you can readily see what the inference is.

I had hoped that I would not be forced to bring "Plunkett's" real name into publicity. But for the satisfaction of my friends of all political persuasions, and to remove any probable suspicion that might be resting upon any of the good boys about Coalville, I now, reluctantly, give the name of none other than Henry Gilbert, my neighbor boy.

May God bless Henry, and help him to yet build upon the solid rock, "Truth."

JNO. B. FARRELL,
Supt. of Education.

Special Party to World's Fair.

Leave on L. & N. Sept. 20th and arrive at St. Louis at 1:36 p. m., Sept. 21st, returning leave St. Louis at 4:15 on Sept. 29th arrive at home on Sept. 30th.

The best way to see the Fair and enjoy the trip to and from St. Louis is to go with a party and be with your friends and have company and you will see more and have much better time.

Will have Pullman sleepers direct to St. Louis and return. Party will be select and no objectionable people desired or allowed with party. Write the undersigned at once for reservation in this car as the first applying will have the selection of space in the car and get what they want. For further particulars call on or write and L. & N. agent or the undersigned.

W. E. KNOX, Supt., Anniston, Ala. T. C. WILLIAMS, T. P. A., Anniston, Ala.

SHOES, SHOES

SHOES, SHOES,

SHOES.

That is all I am talking about just now. I have the shoe to suit you and the price is right. Come to see what I have.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

A New Line of REED'S Rustless Tinware.

BOYS

Have you seen that single barrel, self ejecting shell shot gun at my store? It's a beauty, and the price only $4.50

Stock of New Buggies will soon arrive.

Bed Springs! Bed Springs!

RUFUS LESTER

NEW CLOTHING

Boys, Young Men and Old Men.

HAVE YOU seen our new stock? Even if you are not ready to buy now, come in and see the goods and styles. The tendency of the weaves this year is towards the smooth finish, and they are very pretty.

THE PRICE is right in every instance, in keeping with the reputation we have made of giving the best goods for the least money. Come to see us.

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,
Montevallo, Ala.

MRS. M. WOOLLEY,
Montevallo's Fashionable Milliner
Will tell you about the new styles, and her
New Millinery Stock
in a very short time.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO, - - ALABBMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA.

Dr. W. P. HAMNER,
DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

For Sale.

A good four room house, 33 acres of land attached, in fine cultivation, within gunshot of the best school in Shelby county. Apply to
J. W. JOHNSTON.

For Rent.

One store house. Call on or address
H. E. SMITH,
Wilsonville, Ala.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS July 6th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$37,584.41	Capital paid in	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures	7,000.00	Deposits	26,013.59
Other Real Estate	3,000.00	Rediscounts	18,244.98
Cash and with other Banks	13,710.30	Undivided profits	2,036.14
	$61,294.71		$61,294.71

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of July, 1904,
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.
Office upstiars in Bank Building.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM, : : : : : : : ALA

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

. . IT IS MONEY IN YOUR POCKET . .

That is what you want, - - And that is Business

I can save you money in the Grocery line, taking into consideration QUALITY of goods purchased. Beautiful line of Stationery and School Supplies. Goods guarateed to be as represented or money refunded, Call to see us.

J. R. WHITE.

SHIELDS BRAND

FITS SHIELDS BRAND WEARS WELL WELL

CLOTHING

Don't be talked into taking something "just as good." One trial of the "SHIELDS' BRAND" clothing will convince you that it is the best suit sold for the money.

—FOR SALE BY—

AVERYT & AVERYT

SHELBY, ALA.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months..... 50

Telephone No. 27.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Circuit court convenes on October 3rd.

Old papers for sale at this office for twenty cents per hundred.

☞ A pretty line of belts just received at the Columbiana Milliner Shop.

Dr. C. T. Acker returned on Monday from a visit of ten days to the World's Fair.

George Mason came home Friday for an over Sunday visit with his wife and children

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Norris returned last Sunday from a week's visit at the World's Fair.

Major John W. Rolin, one of the wheel horse Democrats of Beat 9, was in town last Friday.

☞ Ladies, call at the Columbiana Milliner Shop and see that pretty line of collars just received.

Justice T. H. Whatley, of Calera, was up last Friday to hear the habeas corpus proceedings.

A. P. Longshore, jr., has gone to East Lake where he will enter Howard College for the coming year.

Mrs. T. M. Roberts has returned to Anniston after a visit of some time with relatives in Columbiana.

The attention of our readers is called to the change in the advertisement of Rufus Lester in this issue.

☞ A new and good line of Ladies, Misses and Children's hose just received at the Columbiana Milliner Shop.

Contractor W. W. Albright is losing no time on the Abercrombie building, but is rapidly pushing the carpenter work.

Mrs. T. M. Wilson and son Mel have gone to Calera where they will visit with Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Bowdon for a few days.

Chester Browne has gone to Auburn where he will be a student for another year. He is one of Columbiana's brighest boys.

If property owners would cut down the weeds in front of their homes there would be a much more pleasing effect to the eye.

When you bring your cotton to town just remember the printer, and drop a dollar in his missionary box for a year's subscription.

"The Old Maids Convention" is being talked of by some of the ladies of the town. The Sentinel hopes they will conclude to put it on.

☞ The Columbiana Milliner Shop has recently added a new line of dress goods to the stock, and the ladies are invited to call and examine it.

A red lantern should be placed in front of the Abercrombie building at night. As it is there is danger of meeting with an ugly fall in the darkness,

Pierce Mason left Monday for Greensboro where he will resume his studies in the Southern University. It is possible he may finish this year.

NOTICE—Builders and Contractors should write Cook-Dominy Co., Fitzgerald, Ga., for lumber and shingles. Yours truly.
Aug. 25-3m COOK-DOMINY CO.

☞ The Columbiana Milliner Shop has received its new line of fall millinery, and the ladies should inspect it before they purchase their fall hats. Good goods at reasonable prices.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott and family left Tuesday for Tuscaloosa where they will reside for some months at least. The best wishes of all our people go with this excellent family. Mr Sinnott says Columbiana is still his home.

The candidates were in Montevallo Tuesday, and in Calera yesterday and will be in Wilsonville next Saturday. The joint discussion closes with the speaking at Maylene, the date of which is to be hereafter determined.

White & Davis have recently gone to considerable expense in improving the telephone service of our exchange, and it is now one of the very best. The entire system has been placed on a metallic circuit. Patrons of the exchange really appreciate the efforts of Messrs. White & Davis to make the service of the very best.

The fame of Fish Lake as a resort for the followers of Isaac Walton is spreading. This week W. B. Reynolds, wife and daughter, arrived from Birmingham, Ala., and registered at the Dominion Hotel. Mr Reynolds is now up at Fish Lake listening to the music of the "speckled beauties of the reel."—Kamloops Standard, British Columbia.

Conductor Jim Vest, of Wilton, was in town last Friday.

N. N. Mosteller, of Farmer, was in town last Friday.

J. W. Garris, of near Shelby, was in town a few hours last Friday.

Henry Wilson, of Longview, was among the visitors in Columbiana last Friday.

S. E. Bobo, agent for the Southern at Montevallo, was in town last Friday for a few hours.

C. T. Ingram, one of the good Democrats of Beat 4, was in town last Friday for a few hours.

Mrs. H. E. Whitaker went down to Montevallo yesterday for a few days visit with her mother.

G. E. Abbott, of near Shelby, was in town last Friday to hear the habeas corpus proceedings.

Rev. T. M. Nelson, of this place, filled his regular appointment at New Prospect church last Sunday.

George Kroell and son John, of Montevallo, were doing business in Columbiana on Wednesday of last week.

R. M. Hollis, of Sterrett, was in town last Friday. He and his family were visiting at the home of George Barnett Friday and Saturday.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, is in the city on business connected with Chancery Court. He made The Sentinel a pleasant call yesterday.

The four pretty little daughters of C. L. Mooney, of Montevallo, were guests at the home of Mrs. M. E. Parker several days last week and over Sunday.

Miss Lena Williams, of Woodlawn, who is visiting her brother, Dr. Williams, at Shelby, was in the city a few hours Monday. She was accompanied back to Shelby by Miss Rosser Christian.

Geo. E. Peter, the genial coal operator at Maylene, was in our town Monday, and paid The Sentinel a pleasant call. Mr. Peter is one of the stanuch Democrats of Shelby county, and predicts the election of the Democratic ticket in November.

Misses Zemma and Clara Pitts departed yesterday for Rome, Ga., where they will again be pupils at Shorter College for another year. The young ladies are favorites among our young people, and their departure is regretted by their numerous friends.

In this issue of The Sentinel, Morgan Bro's Mercantile Company, of Montevallo, tells the public something of their new stock of clothing. It might be a saving to you of money to call on them and see what they have. Good goods at fair prices is what they are offering you.

Miss Carrie Rowe was elected by the Board of Education last Monday night to teach the third and fouth grades in the public school. For several meetings the vote had been a tie—Browne, Nelson and Glenn voting for Miss Loulah Wilson, and Cox, Longshore and Pitts voting for Miss Carrie Rowe. Monday night E. B. Nelson was absent from the city and in the vote Miss Rowe had one majority.

A Pretty Montevallo Wedding.

One of the prettiest home weddings was that of Miss Florence Agnes Farrington, of Montevallo, and Mr. Robert H. McConnell, of Athens, at the home of the bride's mother on last Wednesday evening at half past six o'clock.

The parlor had been beautifully decorated in palm and ferns and the soft candle light added much to the effectiveness of such a graceful arrangement, making the scene one indeed worthy of a bride.

Owing to the recent death of the bride's father, the marriage was a very quiet one, only the relatives and a few near friends being present. The only attendants were Miss Ethel Farrington, sister of the bride as maid of honor, and Mr. W. A. Bulware, of Athens, the groom's best man.

Miss Maggie Allen at the piano rendered Mendelssohn's wedding march as the bridal party came down the hall and entered the parlor. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Willis, pastor of the Baptist church, and was made quite beautiful in a few well chosen words. After the ceremony congratulations were offered and the guests spent a very pleasant hour, light refreshments being served.

The bride carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses and was simply attired in a pretty dress of white mousseline, which was changed immediately after the ceremony for a traveling suit of gray.

Mr. and Mrs. McConnell left on the evening train for Birmingham. After a few days at Blount they will be at home in Athens, where the groom resides. The bride is a young woman of rare excellence of character. To know her is to love her. She has many warm friends who regret her departure, but rejoice in her new found happiness. Mr. McConnell is a prominent young business man of Athens and also a man of very sterling worth. He has many friends there who will welcome his bride to her new home.

We wish for them all the happiness that can possibly be centered in two lives that are rightfully wedded together.

JOHNSON PAYS THE PENALTY OF CRIME.

He Was Executed in Jail Yard Last Friday.

Larkin Johnson, a negro convicted of murder, was hung in this city last Friday at 12:16. The execution was witnessed by but a few; for half an hour before, the negro was given an opportunity to bid his friends goodbye.

He walked to the scaffold alone, and just before mounting it he had his photograph taken, after which, accompanied by Sheriff Cox, Deputy Norris, Jailor Farley and wo negro preachers, he marched up the steps where the preachers prayed and sang with him. On being asked by the sheriff if he had anything to say, Johnson made one step to the front of the scaffold, and said:

"None of you fellows down there on the ground have the nerve to have this rope put around his neck, unless he is born of God. Four witnesses swore against me over in that court house for the State, but I will be a witness to condemn them in glory. When my body drops through this door I know my soul will go straight to heaven and when the sun shines tomorrow my soul will shine even brighter for I will be with Jesus. I committed the crime for which I am to hang, but it was done in the heat of passion, for there was no desire in my heart to hurt any one. I hope to meet you all in heaven."

As Johnson finished, he stepped back and his limbs and hands were tied. Deputy Norris placed the noose over his head and put on the black cap. As he finished he stepped to one side and said "ready," and Sheriff Cox then sprung the trap. It is said Johnson's neck was broken, and he was pronounced dead in twenty minutes. The body was claimed by relatives and taken to Montevallo for burial.

The crime for which Johnson was hanged was for the killing of John Lawley, an old ex-Confederate soldier living near Montevallo, on March 2, 1903. Johnson was hunting on Mr. Lawley's farm, and was ordered off. He

said he would not go until he got ready, when Mr. Lawley said he would put him off, and started toward the negro when the latter shot him down. Johnson escaped, and was captured a year later in the Indian Territory.

Those who lived near old Mr. Lawley's home will not soon forget the pic ure presente l a few moments after he was shot.

With bared heads a little group of friends stood about two central figures—the wounded and dying man with his head pillowed within the arms of his aged wife. With a smile upon his face, a great love-light beamed from his fast dimming eyes as he looked into the face of her who had walked by his side for nearly a half century. She tried to be brave; her trembling fingers pushed back from his forehead, upon which had already gathered the dew of death, a stray lock of gray hair, and as that awful pallor, the forerunner of dissolution, crept over his countenance, words of endearment came from the lips of her whose hair had become frosted by the winters of more than three score years.

It was a scene to move a heart of stone, and it is not wondered at that the fountains of a great sympathy and pity opened up and tears chased each other quickly down the cheeks of the brave men who stood near. "Goodbye" came from the cold yet smiling lips of the dying man, and the echo of that last word was caught up by the angels of heaven—even the leaves on the nearby trees seemed to be whispering goodbye to one who would know them no more; one long sigh, and the beating heart was stilled—the soul of noble John Lawley had gone to meet his God. When the end came a great sob convulsed the form of his bereft wife as if her very heart-strings had been rudely torn from their fastenings. Tenderly, oh, how tenderly, they carried the dead man to the home from which he had come so strong and vigorous only a short time before. Many a battle had he fought during the civil war—an honorable, fearless soldier—and then to come home, live for years among neighbors and friends who loved him for his goodness of heart—only to be shot down at last by a cruel, vicious negro. Cruel, indeed, is fate sometime.

Miss Lillie Mae Liles will leave next Tuesday for Tuskegee where she will be a pupil in the Alabama Conference College for the next year. Miss Liles is one of Columbiana's charming girls of the younger set, and her presence will be missed for the next few months by her friends.

J. T. Heard, from the Birmingham district, will on the first of October, open up a complete line of gents' furnishings goods in the Lester building, formerly occupied by the Mason drug store. He says he will have one of the most complete lines in this section of Alabama.

Out on Bail.

As a result of the habeas corpus proceedings before Judge Longshore last Friday and Saturday, wherein Geo. Porter was charged with the killing of J. W. McMahon, of Shelby Springs, the judge decided that Mr. Porter be released on bond, and said he would fix the bond at whatever amount the attorneys agreed upon. The attorneys refused to agree upon a sum, and Judge Longshore fixed it at $2,000. The bond was made and approved in a few minutes, and the prisoner was released subject to the action of the grand jury.

Messrs. Browne & Leeper and Collier appeared for the defendant, and Solicitor W. R. Oliver prosecuted.

City Tax Collector's Notice.

The City taxes for the year 1904, will be due and payable on September 15th, 1904, and the same will become delinquent on November 15th, 1904.

S. W. NELSON,
City Tax Collector.

Notice.

Don't forget that on September 19th, the Columbiana Mercantile Company's doors will be closed on account of Jewish Holiday.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

Our merchants are busy unpacking and marking up their new stock of fall and winter goods. From the amount of goods coming in one is lead to believe that our merchants intend to have something doing about their establishments from now on.

Parents, no better training school can be found in this section of Alabama for your boys than the Columbiana Graded School. When they finish the course here they are fully prepared to enter the Freshman class in the State University without further examination.

W. E. Holcombe lost his little two-year-old daughter last Friday and she was buried Saturday at Good Hope. Rev. G. T. Harris conducting the service. Mr. Holcombe has been unfortunate in the past year—death having claimed three members of his family within that time—having first lost his wife, then a daughter eleven years old, and his baby girl last Friday. He has the deep sympathy of his neighbors and friends.

Death of Mrs. C. C. DuBose.

DuBose, Mrs. Annie—Died Sept. 1, 1904, at the residence of her father William W. Robberson on the National road west of the city, Mrs. DuBose was the wife of C. C. DuBose, of Columbiana, Ala. The funeral will be from West Washington Street M. E. Church at 9 a. m., Saturday Sept. 3. Interment at Crown Hill. Friends invited to attend services at the church; private at residence because of sickness.

The above notice from the Indiana olis Star, will be read with deep regret by all of Columbiana's people.

About three weeks ago, Mrs. DuBose, accompanied by her three little girls, departed for Indianapolis to visit her father. She was apparently in the best of health when she left Columbiana, but was taken seriously ill just after her arrival at the home of her father. A telegram was at once sent to her husband, C. C. DuBose, and who left on the next train after its receipt, but we are told that at no time did Mrs. DuBose recognize her husband. Death came on the first of September, as stated above.

The calendar had marked but forty-two years in the life of the deceased, and while to those who loved her best it seemed all too short, but "that life is long which answers life's great end." In her home life Mrs. DuBose was a loving wife and a most affectionate mother. She carried sunshine with her wherever she went; her life was a living testimonial to christian humility; she won all for her friends whom her heart had touched and she will ever speak to them through the memories she has left behind. She was a member of the First Presbyterian church of this city, and her church life is reflected in the life of her three little girls.

In that far away northern city, tender and kindly hands bore the remains of the devoted wife and mother to a resting place among the sleeping dead "the tribute left for love's sad giving." May the sweet christian love which characterized her life dispel the gloom that o'ershadows the home to which in her lifetime she contributed so much to make a happy one.

The deceased leaves a husband and three sweet little daughters to mourn her death, and to them in their great sorrow and grief is extended the sympathetic hand of a large circle of friends whose hearts weep with them in their sore bereavement.

It is heard with regret that little Carrie, the youngest daughter, is critically ill, and has not yet been informed of the death of her mother.

Teacher's Institute.

Shelby County Teachers' Institute will meet in Montevallo Thursday and Friday, September 29th and 30th.

At 10:30 a. m.—Devotional exercises will be conducted by Dr. F. M. Peterson.
Welcome address.—J. Alex Moore.
Response.—W. C. Evans.
The main end to be accomplished by the Teacher—Miss Mattie Scott.
Organization and enrollment.
Adjournment.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.—1:45.

The relation of common school to the college.—J. W. Ellenberg and Supt. R. H. Pratt.
Teaching good manners to the different grades.—Miss Bertie Allen.
Educational possibilities for the country child in Alabama.—J. C. Glenn.
Should the study of Art be introduced into the country schools.—Miss Stella Posey.
Methods of teaching Physiology.—James M. Baldwin and R. G. Baldwin.

THURSDAY 8:00 P. M.

Entertainment.—By the A. G. I. School.

FRIDAY 9:00 A. M.

Moral culture of children in the home and in the school.—Miss Stella Powell.
The Demands for industrial training.—Dr. F. M. Peterson.
Hindrance to progress in common schools—Prof. S. J. Strock.
Methods of teaching history and geography—W. S. McEwen.
The teacher as a moral factor in his community.—Miss Kittie Averyt.
Queries.—By the Institute.
Address.—Supt. I. W. Hill.
Adjournment.

Dr. Peterson has kindly invited, not only the teachers of Shelby county, but those of our sister counties, Chilton and Bibb, to meet in his city on the above named date; and it is earnestly hoped every teacher will make a sacrifice if needs be to attend this meeting. This meeting closes the scholastic year 1903-4, and if you have not attended an Institute this year, this is your chance. The people of Montevallo will entertain the Institute, thus giving us, not only a profitable but a pleasant visit to one of the most beautiful little cities in the State of Alabama.

JOHN B. FARRELL,
Supt. of Education.

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The ladies will be delighted with our pretty line of

Dress Goods, Skirts, Laces,

AND TRIMMINGS.

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FACULTY:

SUPERINTENDENT,	PROF. S. DOWELL
7th and 8th Grade,	MISS STELLA POWELL
5th and 6th Grade,	MISS ESTHER MASON
3rd and 4th Grade,	MISS CARRIE ROWE
1st and 2nd Grade,	MISS EDNA NELSON

Graduates from this school can enter the Freshman Class in the State University, or the Sophomore Class in the State Colleges without any further examination.

Board for pupils can be procured at from $8 to $10 per month. The school is surrounded and governed by christian influence. For information relative to the school, address Supt. S. Dowell, or Mayor W. B. Browne, Pres. of Board

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THE DOLLS AT SCHOOL.

The family of dolls were silently contemplating their young mistress at her nursery tea when Miss Franchon, the Parisian beauty, began rolling her eyes at the Young-Brave-of-the-Wabash, as the Indian doll was called. The Young Brave returned the glances with interest, and Miss Fanchon whispered:

"Do you know, I think she seems disconsolate to-night!"

When the dolls said "she," they always meant Mary Marcella, their little mistress, so the Young-Brave-of-the-Wabash looked over at Mary Marcella and grunted as intelligibly as a brave might do.

"An affair of the heart?" questioned the sentimental German gentleman doll, who reclined in an attitude of careless ease on the hearth rug.

"He, he, he," laughed the Dinah doll, whose duty it was to sit beside the infant in long clothes.

Just then Marcella finished her tea and came over to where the dolls were gathered. "I suppose I must begin packing you away," she said, looking sadly at the dolls, "for to-morrow will be the last day." She picked up Miss Fanchon tenderly, and two large, round tears rolled down her cheeks.

"Yes," she continued, "I must pack you away forever, for I am going to boarding school, and one is not supposed to take dolls to boarding school."

The speechless agony with which the dolls suffered at the revelation will perhaps never be understood. Dinah fell out of her chair in a faint, the infant uttered a shriek, and Fanchon forgot for once to roll her eyes and shut them instead.

But the India rubber doll took no part in their demonstrations, for he had rolled into the passage on an exploring expedition and was just in the path of Marcella's papa and his guests when they passed on their way to the laboratory, where Marcella's papa worked out all manner of wonderful things, which were so far ahead of the times that he forgot all about the present. Although he stumbled over the rubber doll, he would have passed it by had it not squeaked loudly and bounced very high when the professor took his foot away.

Even a professor cannot help being a trifle disturbed at such a demonstration.

"This must be one of Marcella's dolls," he said, as he picked the rubber doll up, and the remark seemed to recall something to his mind, for he added rather abruptly to the younger professor who was with him:

"My little daughter, you know, she's going away to boarding school in a day or two. I'll leave this in the nursery." He was so much aroused by the rubber doll, which continued to squeak, even after it had been picked up, that he actually noticed, while he was handing the doll to Mary Marcella, that she had been crying.

"Why, what is the matter?" he asked, and he looked in a puzzled way at the large packing case and the dolls on the hearth rug. "Are you packing your dolls to take to boarding school?"

"No," said Marcella, bravely; "they are not going. Great-Aunt Caroline says that one is not expected to take dolls to a boarding school. They make one's room so disorderly."

"But, perhaps," suggested Marcella's papa, who was about as clever about dolls as about anything else when he was once aroused to a sense of their paramount importance, "boarding schools have changed since Aunt Caroline's day. I am quite certain the one which you are going to will not object to dolls."

And when, a few days later, Marcella and her belongings were received at the boarding school, her papa was particularly anxious about a peculiar looking hamper and an even more peculiar looking frame box, out of which there emerged the entire family of dolls and a most commodius doll mansion, which exactly fitted into a corner of Mary Marcella's small dormitory division, and in which, at her papa's request, a particularly elegant apartment was reserved for the rubber doll.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

WREN DISCIPLINE.

Hidden in the grass, I tried to solve the secret of the father's petulant actions. Each time the patient mother returned he grew more restless and violent in his language. Soon I saw his wife whirl joyously by with an unusually large white grub—surely a prize for any bird. But, alas! for all her prowess, her spouse darted at her as if in madness, while she, trembling in terror, retreated down the limb and through the bushes. For a few moments it seemed as if the wren household was to be wrecked. I was tempted to take the mother's part against such cruel treatment as she quivered through the fern on fluttering wing toward me, but at that moment, as if thoroughly subdued, she yielded up the bug to the father. This was the bone of contention. A domestic battle had been fought and he had won. The scolding ceased. Both seemed satisfied. Mounting to the tree top, the little mother poured forth such a flood of sweet song as rarely strikes human ear. From that moment she seemed a different wren, released from all care and worry. Her entire time was spent in search for bugs. Each return was heralded by a high-sounding trill from the tree top, and her husband whirled out of the tangled vines to take the morsel she carried.

But what of his actions? He had either gone crazy or he was a most selfish little tyrant, for he flew about the alder stump, calling now in a softer tone to his children within, and finally swallowed the grub himself. Two or three times he did this, until I was so disgusted I could hardly endure him. If he were hungry, why could he not skirmish for his own bugs?

While I was chiding him for his infamous action, the mother appeared with a large moth, which he readily took. Among the alder limbs the father flew, and finally up to the nest hole, out of which was issuing such a series of hungry screams as no parent with the least bit of devotion could resist. Hardly could I believe my eyes, for the little knave just went to the door, where each hungry nestling could get a good view of the morsel, then, as if scolding the little ones for being so noisy and hungry, he hopped back down the tree into the bushes.

This was indeed cause for a family revolt. The brown nestling nearest the door grew so bold with hunger that he forgot his fear and plunged headlong down, catching in the branches below where the father perched. And the precocious youngster got the large moth as a reward for his bravery.

Not till then did it dawn upon me that there was a reason for the father's queer actions. The wrenlets were old enough to leave the nest. Outside in the warm sunshine they could be fed more easily and they would grow more rapidly, and they could be taught the ways of woodcraft. In half an hour, one after another, the little wrens had been persuaded, even compelled, to leave the narrow confines of the nest and launch out into the big world.

What a task the father had brought upon himself. Surely the old woman in the shoe never had a more trying time. The fretful father darted away to punish one of the wrenlets for not remaining quiet; he scurried here to scold another for wandering too far, or whirled away to whip a third for not keeping low in the underbrush, away from the hawk's watchful eyes. —From William Lovell Finley's "Rearing a Wren Family," in St. Nicholas.

THE OBSTINATE FLAME.

Of course you know what a "blower" is. The meaning that we have in mind is not to be found in the dictionary, but you are doubtless familiar with the term boaster, which is the same thing.

The next time you encounter him tell him that you don't believe he can blow out a candle placed only a foot from his experienced mouth without any other obstacle than his own breath between them.

If he accepts the challenge, seat him comfortably at the table, place the lighted candle in front of him, and putting to his lips a large tin funnel, with the centre of its mouth opposite and

THE FLAME DEFIES THE BLOWER.

near the flame, and tell him to blow through that.

He may blow until he becomes black in the face without extinguishing the candle. The harder he blows the more it doesn't go out.

After he has given it up say, "It is easy enough when you know how," put the funnel to your lips and blow out the candle. How? Simply by bringing the rim instead of the centre near the flame.

When you blow through a funnel your breath spreads and follows the conical surface, leaving a region of dead calm in the centre. Your friend blew all around the flame without touching it, but you extinguish it with a puff.

There are a good many queer things about air currents that would never have been thought of if they had not been found out by experience. This is one of them.

CENTRAL AMERICAN STAMPS.

The stamps of Central American republics have always been favorites with young collectors. The bright colors and newly engraved specimens have made the pages of albums appear very attractive. The sets of stamps issued by some of these countries have been quite numerous, so that there has been little difficulty in securing a representative collection of the various issues. Such countries as Salvador have furnished also a large number of provisional stamps made by the use of different surchages. The regular issues have been printed in many instances in the United States, while the provisionals have been manufactured on a printing press in the country where the stamps have been issued. It thus happens that some of these stamps are not discovered by those making notes of new issues for the stamp papers, and they, therefore, may not be found listed in the catalogues. Collectors who have opportunities to secure large numbers of Central American stamps are fortunate, as they frequently succeed in finding new and scarce varieties.—From the St. Nicholas Stamp Page.

American Wages.

Wages in the United States on the average are more than twice those in Belgium, three times those of Denmark, France, Germany, Italy and Spain, and one and one-half those in England and Scotland.

APPLE PIE.

Let others praise the red, red rose,
Whose haunting scent none may forget,
But almost anybody knows
The apple pie is sweeter yet.
Let others sing the damsel fair
Who thralls them with bewitching art—
But apple pie drives off my care
And trips the highway to my heart.
And if it's cold—
Say one day old—
I want all of it I can hold!

When apple pie has held the shelf
Until it's cool and crisp and firm,
I'll eat a whole big one myself
And never murmur—not a murm'!
Why, when it's sliced it fairly smiles,
And chuckles when its honeyed juice
In tantalizing drips beguiles
The craving that it has set loose.
O, if it's cold—
Say one day old—
I want all of it I can hold!

I think I'd give away my crown,
Were I a man of royal birth,
To eat, while holding upside down,
The last piece of it on this earth!
Why, every summer smile and song
Is held within an apple pie—
And that's the place where they belong,
All peace and dulcetness! O, my!
When it is cold—
Say one day old—
I want all of it I can hold!
—W. D. Nesbit, in Ainslee's.

JUST FOR FUN

"How do you like my painting?" "Oh, the colors are exquisite! What a pity we can't have such tints in nature."—Life.

"Brown owe on the royalties of his books, doe 't he?" "Yes; soup three times a week and a toothpick on Sunday."—Atlanta Constitution.

Mac—Fancy meeting you out in the this rain. Ducksie—Oh, I like it. Mac—Then you must be a raindear. Ducksie—If I am you must be a rain-beau.—New Yorker.

"Can you lend me a twenty, old chap? I'm going on my vacation and need it badly." "Wait till you get it back, old fel—you'll need it worse then!"—Puck.

"Don't worry over it. If there is any bad news coming you'll receive it soon enough. Bad news travels fast, you know." "Yes, if it isn't held up in St. Petersburg.—Kansas City World.

Rector—I am so glad to see you are such a constant attendant at church, Patrick. Patrick—Oh, I enj'ys it, sorr. I sits me down and lays me legs up and thinks o' nothing.—Yale Record.

Slimly—What a feeble horse! Why do you keep such a cripple? Mr. Manygals—Young feller, that's the hoss I use for chasin' my darters when they elope with fellers."—Chicago News.

"Mrs. Teaser would make a great baseball catcher." "What makes you think so?" "Why, the other night she caught her husband stealing home and put him out."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"I suppose in order to be a poet one must have a great deal of imagination." "He must if he thinks he is ever going to achieve distinction by writing poetry."—Chicago Record-Herald.

"Doctor," queried the inquisitive person, "do you believe that the cigarette habit causes weak minds?" "Not necessarily," replied the M. D. "As a rule it merely indicates them."—Chicago News.

Teacher—What is it that our Christian people should spread through the world? Tommie—I don't know, ma'am." "What is it we send to the heathen through our missionaries?" "Pennies, ma'am."—Yonkers Statesman.

"I often wonder just what she thinks of me," said the young married man. "It's easy to find out," said the elderly married man. "Just sit down on her hat, and she will tell you what she thinks of you in less than a minute."—Tit-Bits.

"Oh, I'm not afraid," said the self-confident youth. "When I interview your father I'll make him toe the mark." "I don't doubt it,' rejoined the knowing maid, "for papa has had some experience at toeing marks before."—Chicago News.

Rebecca—You see, I met Martha, and she is so hard to get away from. Rachel—How funny! I've heard her say the same thing about you. Rebecca—Well, that beats everything! I've heard her say it about you, too.—Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.

"We need a drawer or something to put these cuts away in," said the foreman of the country weekly. "Haven't got any drawer now that's not in use," replied the editor. "But, hold on! Yes, we have. Take the cash drawer."—Philadelphia Ledger.

"It was his first trip to sea," said the first sailor; "and when we were goin' down the bay we worked off a lot of old yarns on him." "He swallowed them o' course," said the other. "Yes, but only temporarily. We struck rough water purty son."

"You know Jones, who was reputed so rich? Well, he died the other day, and the only thing he left was an old Dutch clock." "Well, there's one good thing about it; it won't be much trouble to wind up his estate!"—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

"Your friend looked at the lines in my palm the other evening," said Miss Elderly, "and he said it was a great pleasure to read such a hand as mine." "Yes," assented Miss Paraffine, "George is a great hand to read ancient history."—Indianapolis Sun.

For Martyr Missionaries.

A fund of $1500 is being raised to provide perpetual care for the graves of the Presbyterian missionaries who were martyred at Pao-Ting-Fu, in the Boxer outbreak of 1900.

A Hint.

He—The most difficult thing in the case of a young man is to make up his mind to start right.

She—Why don't you make up yours to start right now!

A full-blooded Pima Indian is employed in the office of a New York life insurance company.

HAD TO GIVE UP.

Suffered Agonies From Kidney Disorders Until Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills.

George W. Renoff, of 1953 North Eleventh street, Philadelphia, Pa., a

man of good reputation and standing, writes: "Five years ago I was suffering so with my back and kidneys that I often had to lay off. The kidney secretions were unnatural, my legs and stomach were swollen, and I had no appetite. When doctors failed to help me I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and improved until my back was strong and my appetite returned. During the four years since I stopped using them I have enjoyed excellent health. The cure was permanent."

(Signed) GEORGE W. RENOFF.

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

It is said that the word "tip" goes back a couple of centuries to the coffee houses of England for its origin. At the doors of eating rooms there hung brass-bound boxes engraved with the phrase "To Insure Promptness," and into the slit in the top customers were expected to drop coins for the waiter. The initial letters of that phrase came in time to be used as a word.

Between the mountains of Persia and India is a tribe among whom an extraordinary custom prevails. All a single woman has to do when she wishes to change her state is to send a servant to pin a handkerchief to the hat of a man on whom her fancy lights, and he is obliged to marry her unless he can show that he is too poor to purchase her at the price her father requires.

It is said that General Kuroki's father was a Polish nobleman named Kurowski, who, after the revolution of 1831, fled from Russia, and after being in the Dutch service in Borneo, settled down in Japan, where he married a Japanese woman. On his deathbed, Oshima adds, the father of General Kuroki charged his son to avenge the wrongs of Poland upon Russia.

In a curious collection of ancient Welsh laws, dated 943 A. D., appears the following sentence, from which it would appear that cats were rather scarce at that time. "The worth of a kitten until it shall open its eyes is one legal penny; from that time till it shall kill mice, two legal pennies; after it shall kill mice, four legal pennies, and so it shall always remain."

The annual report of the cotton crop of the United States, shows the cotton receipts at all United States ports for the year to be 7,252,222 bales, against 7,724,104 last year. The total crop of the United States, including exports and cotton used for domestic and Canadian consumption for 1903-04 amounted to 10,011,374 bales, against 10,727,559 for last year.

The Japanese generals who are directing the campaign against the Russians are by no means youthful. Marquis Yamagata (field marshal) is 66 years old, Marquis Oyama (field marshal) is 64, Count Nodzu is 63, Count Katsura (premier) is 57, Viscount Sakuma is 59, Baron Kuroki (first army) is 60, Baron Oku (second army) is 58.

Barrett Wendel, professor at Harvard university, has been engaged to give a series of lectures on American literature, manners, customs and institutions, during the first semester of the next scholastic year, beginning probably in November, at the University of Paris. This is the first lectureship of the sort to be established.

The Egyptians wrapped their dead in garments coated with asphaltum of a fine and pure quality. This asphaltum as the centuries passed impregnated the tissues of the dead. It turned them into the best of paint material. Being exceedingly expensive, it is used only by portrait painters in depicting brown hair.

The coming dinner in London to the memory of Cervantes promises to be a literary event of unusual interest The tercentenary of the publication of "Don Quixote"—to be celebrated in Madrid with so much eclat—takes place in January, 1905, and the London gathering will be held during that month.

Swedish restaurant keepers of the old-fashioned sort charge less for a woman's meal than a man's on the theory that she is physically unable to eat so much. A married couple traveling together are debited at many hotels as one person and a half

Consul General E. C. Bellows, writing from Yokohama, Japan, says in regard to the rice industry in Japan that the area devoted to rice cultivation constitutes little more than two-fifths of the total area of arable land, or about 6,000,000 acres.

The first meeting of the English and French archers since the wars of the Middle Ages took place at Le Touquet, near Etaples, July 16th, the French being the victors in the international match.

Curiosity is rampant in Ohio, where a bust of Lincoln casts shadows which closely represent McKinley and Garfield, the other two martyred presidents.

Cassava starch, also known as tapioca, is the chief element of the gum on the back of postage stamps.

THE BARBER'S SHEARS.

Chat With an Expert on One of the Important Tools of His Trade.

Mr. Glimmerton took notice of the fact that in the course of trimming his hair and beard the barber used three different sized pairs of shears.

"And why so many?" he asked.

"Why," said the barger, "simply for greater convenience in the work. I could do it all with the same pair of shears, but I can do it easier and better with three pairs of shears, each best suited for the particular part of the work to be done with it.

"Now, these heavy shears," he continued, as he held up the largest pair, "I use for the rough work; that is, the heavy work on the top of the head where the hair is thickest, and where the shape of the head makes the work all plain sailing.

"There such shears can be used to advantage; but for the back of the head, and around the neck and the ears, where there are more and shorter curves to cover, smaller shears are better and also handier to use. And then in trimming the beard I use smaller shears still.

"These shears with which I am now trimming your beard, I have had for fourteen years, using them continuously, all the time, and for some years now on beards alone. They were an inch longer in the blades when I first got them, but they have lost that in repeated grindings. But they are perfect shears for my use, and I would not part with them, half worn out as they are, for twice what they originally cost.

"How much do barbers' shears cost? Two dollars a pair, and they are not very large, either. So you see barbers' shears are rather costly. They must be of the finest material and perfectly made and adjusted in order to make them serviceable and adapted to their work. But, expensive as they are, and supposed to be all good and fine, they may really differ greatly in quality or character. They vary as much, in fact, as razors do.

"Of two pairs of shears of the same make and grade and same shape and size bought at the same time, one pair might turn out perfect shears and the other not nearly so good. One pair might need to be ground every two weeks, and the other might cut perfectly for a month or more before needing grinding.

"So on the score of economy, as well as because of their greater comfort and convenience in use, a good pair of shears over the shears that get dull and must often be put out of commission for repairs, is something highly to be prized. The good shears, less often ground, last longer to begin with, and then it costs less to keep them in order.

"The barber keeps his own razors in order himself, but when his shears need grinding he must send them to a grinder, and, to put it in figures, it costs twenty cents for the grinding of a pair of shears. So the difference in the cost of upkeep between two pairs of shears, one good and the other poor, may amount to dollars in the course of a year; certainly a consideration of importance.

"And so, taking everything together, the barber—who becomes attached to the tools of his trade, just as the men of any other craft or calling become attached to theirs—may easily come to have for a good pair of shears, that he has long been accustomed to, a feeling of decided attachment, as I have, for instance, for this pair that I have had since I began in the business, the pair with which I am now trimming your beard."—New York Sun.

The great steamship Minnesota, which was building for more than three years, is now en route from New York to the Pacific coast. The Minnesota was built for the Great Northern Steamship Company. She will run between Seattle and Yokohama via Honolulu. She is the largest cargo carrier in the world and the largest steamship ever constructed in America. The contents of more than one hundred freight trains of twenty cars each can be stored in the Minnesota's cargo space. As a transport she can carry ten regiments.

A Jewish year book just issued for the period from September 10, 1904, to September 29, 1905, the Jewish year 5665, contains statistics showing that the Hebrew population of the world is now 10,932,777. Of this number Russia has 5,189,401; Austria-Hungary, 2,076,378, and the United States, 1,253,218. Germany comes next with 586,948, and then Turkey with 466,351. About 500,000 are residents of New York city.

Among the odd habits of rooks is the way that members of the same rookery have of intermarrying generation after generation. The males always choose their wives from their near neighbors, and if one should be so bold as to bring home to his rookery a bride from a distance the other rooks will invariably refuse to receive her and will force the pair to build some way off

English gardeners are said to pay as much as $25 a hundred for toads for colonizing purposes.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The number of Chinese outside of China is estimated at over 7,040,000.

H. H. Green's Sons, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Holland to-day has 250 daily papers, as compared with only five in 1840.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thomas Robbins, Maple St., Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900

The finest ostrich feathers are produced in Abyssinia.

There is now over $321,000,000 in the hands of the British government awaiting lawful claimants.

The letter of Miss Merkley, whose picture is printed above, proves beyond question that thousands of cases of inflammation of the ovaries and womb are annually cured by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—Gradual loss of strength and nerve force told me something was radically wrong with me. I had severe shooting pains through the pelvic organs, cramps and extreme irritation compelled me to seek medical advice. The doctor said that I had ovarian trouble and ulceration, and advised an operation. I strongly objected to this and decided to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I soon found that my judgment was correct, and that all the good things said about this medicine were true, and day by day I felt less pain and increased appetite. The ulceration soon healed, and the other complications disappeared, and in eleven weeks I was once more strong and vigorous and perfectly well.

"My heartiest thanks are sent to you for the great good you have done me."—Sincerely yours, Miss Margaret Merkley, 275 Third St., Milwaukee, Wis.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

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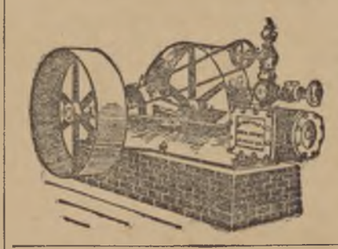

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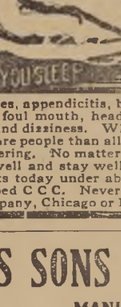

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COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., SEPTEMBER 22, 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 4

THE CASE A MYSTERY

Miss Bessie Roberts Dies from Her Injuries. Murder and Robbery Suspected.

HER BODY FOUND UNDER HOUSE

Laudanum Bottle Found Near by, but Suicide is not Suspected—Was Horribly Beaten.

Miss Bessie Roberts, a young woman who was found bruised and unconscious beneath a vacant house on Sixth street in Anniston,. died after she had been identified by her brother and sister.

Miss Roberts never regained consciousness and a deep mystery surrounds the whole affair. She had been horribly beaten and bruised and had lain under the house in a semi-conscious state for three days and nights.

It is believed that she was beaten and robbed while passing near the house Monday and was then dragged beneath the house. This theory is sustained somewhat by the bruises, which almost covered her body, by the absence of three rings which she was known to have worn and the absence of the purse she carried. She had left her brother's home Monday afternoon to go to her aunt's and had not been seen since.

Miss Roberts was a member of one of the oldest and most respected families and was a greatly beloved young woman. She was a sister of T. Gaines Roberts, naval constructor who is in charge of the government works at New Orleans, and of Conductor Oscar Roberts, of the Louisville and Nashville railway.

The suicide theory has been advanced, but little faith is placed in it, as she was of a very happy disposition and had no known cause for worry of any kind. A post mortem will be held.

The discovery was made by some children playing near. Bruises on her body indicated that she was assaulted and struck with a club or other blunt instrument, that the body was thrown over the fence into the back yard and that in a dazed condition she crawled under the house for protection.

Miss Roberts had been away from home since Monday evening. It is known that she was standing at the transfer station waiting for a car on that evening. It is supposed that the assault was made at that time and that she remained under the house Tuesday and Wednesday.

When the body was found the matter was at once reported to the police, who took her in charge. It was several hours before she was identified.

After she was discovered under the house an examination of the premises revealed a small bottle which had contained laudanum lying on the rafters near where she was lying. Physicians who have investigated the case, however, say there are no indications of her having taken laudanum, the bruises on the body indicating it was these which rendered her unconscious.

Cotton Ginned in Two States.

The census bureau has issued a report of the quantity of cotton ginned from the growth of 1904 prior to September 1, 1904. During that period Alabama ginned 26,456 commercial bales, 24,900 square bales and 1,556 round bales.

In the same period last year 1314 commercial bales were ginned. The number of active ginneries in the state this year is 1018 as compared with 243 last year prior to September. This year Mississippi ginned 2,703 square bales and 102 round bales.

Counties Show Increase.

Fifty-two of the seventy-six counties in Mississippi show an aggregate increase on their personal assessment rolls this years of $11,000,000, and the total increae for the state will be in excess of $15,000,000. Adams is the only county that has shown a decrease.

New Mines.

It is understood that Brewer and Jones have secured the contract from the Seaboard Air Line railroad to build the necessary spur tracks into the Black Creek and Cahaba coal fields. Coal is now being mined at Colonel H. F. Debardeleben's new mines near the forks of the Cahaba river and Black creek. It is also understood that the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company will soon open up coal mines on Snake branch and that the Southern Railway company and the Central of Georgia railroad, as well as the Seaboard Air Line railroad will build spur tracks to these new openings.

Teacher Resigns.

Something of a sensation followed the announcement that Professor L. P. Liles, principal of the Pratt City high school, had resigned, and that, too, on the very eve of the opening of the schools. Superintendent McNeill, who is authority for the announcement, had little to say with reference to this unexpected action of the high school principal, other than that the school board would meet at once, formally accept the resignation and take steps to secure a successor.

WORKING UNDERGROUND.

Japanese Said to be Tunneling at Port Arthur.

A telegram from Harbin says the following report has been received from Port Arthur: "Our garrison is in good spirits and there is no prospect of provisions failing. Port Arthur is prepared to make a long, obstinate defense.

"The Japanese are strongly fortifying their positions near the Kinchou isthmus and are entrenching before Port Arthur."

Rations at Port Arthur are said to be down to five weeks' store.

The Japanese troops between September 8 and September 10 captured a fort situated on a high hill two miles east of Golden Hill by assault. The fighting was not severe. The Japanese were able to remain in force because the quality of the powder used at Golden Hill was so poor that many shells fell short and others failed to explode. It is reported that the Japanese are tunneling under the Russian forts with the intention of blowing them up.

The house formerly occupied by Viceroy Alexieff was hit by a shell recently and partially wrecked.

Ammunition is growing scarcer, but there is plenty of bread. The price of flour is now nine roubles.

Another shell struck a destroyer which was lying in dock undergoing repairs, knocking it into kindling wood and killing seven sailors. This shell came from the Japanese fleet, which comes in much closer than formerly, daily throwing a few shells.

WILL RAISE THEIR OWN COTTON

European Nations Realize Value of Crop of United States.

The recent great cotton corner in America apparently has caused a permanent fright in Europe where all of the cotton using and manufacturing nations have set themselves to the task of producing their own cotton and relying no further than absolutely necessary on the American product.

Consul General Skinner at Marseilles is the last of several officers in Europe to call attention to this important movement which he does in the shape of a separate report to the department of commerce and labor.

He says that an association has been formed in France for the purpose of arousing and securing support for the projected development of the French colonial fields. This association has visited all the commercial cities and has pointed to the danger that the American cotton supply will be cut off by consumption by the United States of its entire cotton crop. This country now produces 75 per cent of the world's cotton. The association is seeking particularly to development cotton growth in the French colonies, in the Soudan and Madagascar.

Report on Troy School.

Assistant State Examiner W. F. Wilkinson has filed a report on the books and accounts and the general conduct of the State Normal college at Troy. He finds everything in excellent condition, finances in correct shape and outlook for the school bright. The time embraced in the examination is from May, 1901, to September 12, 1904. Among other things the examiner says that "This is the first year since 1901 that the college has been out of debt. There is a balance in bank of $1,449.31 to its credit. The affairs of the college are now in excellent shape and reflect great credit upon the administration."

Rowland to Report.

General Stephen D. Lee, president of the board of trustees of the Mississippi department of archives and history, has called a meeting of the board to assemble in Jackson on the 8th of October to receive the annual report of Director Rowland and to map out the work of the department for the coming year.

Zuber & McLarkey, of Ensley, have been awarded the contract for the construction of the new waterworks for Bessemer. The work is to be finished by December 24. The company will lay pipes from Hawkins Springs and will build a reservoir on Red Mountain. The reservoir will be of concrete and will have a capacity of five million gallons of water.

Mayo Disqualified.

Sheriff W. D. Mayo, of Clay county, has disqualified himself for the duties of his office and Governor Cunningham will appoint his successor within a few days.

Probate Judge S. J. Gay, of Clay county, certified to Governor Cunningham that Sheriff Mayo had failed to qualify by making bond for the extended term, thereby vacating his office. All bonds of sheriffs for extended terms, under the law, must be filed by September 10, and Sheriff Mayo is the first officer, as far as is known, who has lost his office by reason of his failure to comply with the law.

Fatally Hurt.

E. H. Hosey, night watchman for the Bessemer Foundry and Machine company, was found in the foundry near some scaffolding with his skull fractured and unconscious. He was carried to his home, where he was given medical attention, but died in a short while. It is not known just how he was hurt, as no one saw him when it happened, but it is thought he fell on the scaffold and struck his head. Mr. Hosey was 65 years old and leaves a widow and children.

DEEPER WATER

For Mobile Bay Desired by Commercial Bodies.

There will be a meeting in the early part of October of the committees appointed by the commercial bodies of the state to work for deeper water on the bar of Mobile harbor.

Judge H. Austell, chairman of the committee appointed by the Mobile chamber of commerce suggests the selection of a Birmingham man as chairman of this central committee, but says the chairman must be willing to go to Washington and work with Judge Austell and others.

EIGHT DROWNED.

Vessel Sunk in Delaware River—Were in Life Boat.

Eight men were drowned by the sinking of the tug Israel W. Durham in the Delaware river, opposite Wilmington during a heavy storm.

The rescued clung to the pilot house of the tug which became detached and floated away. They were rescued by the crew of a sand schooner.

The eight men who were lost clambered into the life boat, which, after being cast off from the tug, filled and sank with all its occupants. The other two men went down with the tug, but came to the surface again and clung to the wreckage.

COURT OF INQUIRY

Ordered for Huntsville's Military Company.

Acting Governor Cunningham has ordered a military court of inquiry to investigate the conduct of the Huntsville militia in connection with the recent lynching of the negro Horace Maples at that place.

The acting governor received a report from Captain R. L. Hay of the Huntsville company, in response to the demand from the chief executive and commander-in-chief of the national guard, for a complete statement of the conduct of the militia on the occasion of the lynching of the Maples negro. This report of Captain Hay was not made public, but it is understood that it does not conform to the statements made in the report of Sheriff A. D. Rogers, of Madison county. It is said that both reports contain the names of nearly every person who participated in the lynching.

It is believed at the capitol that the determination of Governor Cunningham to order a court of inquiry to investigate the conduct of Captain Hay and his company was based on the two reports received by the governor, the one from Captain Hay and the other from Sheriff Rogers.

Is It the Genuine Weevil?

The farmers of Cahaba valley are exercised over the appearance of a black weevil in their cotton fields, which are cutting up the cotton blooms and boring into the young bolls of cotton. Mr. L. O. Collins, of Leeds, an old Black Belt cotton planter, has made an examination of the cotton plants in this locality and is of the opinion that this pest is none other than the regular Texas boll weevil, which has played havoc with the cotton crop of the west in the last years.

Railroad Progress.

The Seaboard Air Line railroad is now running a work train from Irondale east as far as the Cahaba river. The big iron and steel bridge is now being built across the river near the old Revis mill place.

Two other iron bridges will soon be put in, one over Big Black and the other over East Black creeks. The two tunnels, one at the Roper Gap and the other at the Hardwick Gap, are being rushed to completion, and by the first of the new year will witness the running of trains over the route from Atlanta to Birmingham.

Ginneries in Operation.

The census bureau report shows 7567 ginneries operated this season prior to September 1, while the number operated to the corresponding date in 1903 was 2176. The report points out that in comparing the statistics of the two years due allowance must be made for the different conditions of the two seasons. The total commercial bales which would number but 374,821 if the round bales were counted as half bales, comprise 358,796 square bales, 31,187 round bales and 431 sea island crop bales.

Reappointed.

Governor Cunningham reappointed all the constables and justices of the peace in Talladega county to serve until November. They had vacated their offices by failure to file new bonds.

Extra Session.

It is announced that the supreme court will convene in extra session for the consideration of the Lusk judiciary act on September 29th. It was found impossible to get the court together sooner because of the absence of members on their vacations.

Drank Carbolic Acid.

While in a fit of despondency Henry Tyler, of Tuscaloosa, ended his life by taking a dose of carbolic acid. He died before the matter was discovered.

Spencer Charrington, a member of the English parliament, who is 86 years old, was recently given a handsome silver goblet by the prime minister, in commemoration of his attendance throughout an all-night sitting of the house of commons.

A CEMENT PRODUCER

Alabama Ranks High. Field Covers Much of the State and is Rich in Its Deposits.

GEOLOGIST SMITH'S REPORT

He Says That Raw Material All Over the State Will be Utilized.

Although until 1902 Alabama did not figure among the cement producing states of the union, it boasts an extensive series of limestones capable of furnishing excellent raw material for the manufacture of Portland cement, while the shales and clays necessary to complete the mixture are found in every county in the state. The cement resources of this state are discussed by Dr. Eugene A. Smith, state geologist, in a paper that is included in Bulletin 225 of the United States geological survey, entitled "Contributions to Economic Geology, 1903." The bulletin is published for gratuitious distribution.

Between northern Alabama and central and southern Alabama there is a marked geologic as well as geographic distinction, and Dr. Smith accordingly discusses the two portions of the state separately.

The raw materials for the manufacture of Portland cement are found in northern Alabama. These materials have not yet been utilized for this purpose in Alabama, but similar ones have been so employed in other states, and there is no reason to doubt that the future will witness their utilization in Alabama.

Dr. Smith gives a detailed account of outcrops of limestone of suitable quality for cement manufacture that occur at various points in the northern part of the state. A similar minute description is given of suitable clay beds found in the coal measures in the same parts.

In central and southern Alabama the raw materials suitable for the manufacture of Portland cement are purer limestones and clays. The limestones that are suitable for use as cement materials occur mainly at two horizons—the Selma chalk, or rotten limestone, and the St. Stephens formation. The clays available are residual clays derived from the decomposition of these two limestone formations, the stratified clays of the grand gulf formation and the alluvial clays that are found in the river and creek bottoms. It is further possible that later investigation may show that some of the other stratified clays are suitable for cement making.

Inasmuch as material that is well adapted to the manufacture of cement can be had in practically unlimited quantity all along the outcrop of the purer limestones, the location of plants for the manufacture of this product will be determined by other considerations than the quality of the rock. Chief among these will be facilities for transportation, cheapness of fuel and the price of labor. Examinations have heretofore been confined to those localities which appear to be most favorable in these respects, and especially to such as are on navigable streams or on north-south railroad lines or on both. Mr. Smith enumerates available sites and discusses their respective merits.

IT WAS NOT ROBBERY.

Some Other Motive Must be Found for Murder of Miss Roberts.

The death of Miss Bessie Roberts, of Anniston, is involved in deeper mystery than ever.

All along it has been thought that the young woman was murdered for robbery, but with the finding of her purse and rings it seems that robbery was not the intent of the murderer. The purse was found in the alley in the rear of the dwelling under which the wounded young lady was found, and this came in possession of the police along with the rings she wore.

The rings had been in the possession of a negress who assisted in bathing Miss Roberts when she was taken to the city hall.

It has developed that a negress saw the young woman and an apparently drunken man three blocks from the place of the finding of the body. This was on Monday evening and the police followed the course over which she was thought to have passed and found many who saw the couple about the same time.

It is thought that the young lady quarreled with some former sweetheart from her home in Texas and he beat her while in a drunken condition

The strikes in the mines of Colorado have been the means of dropping nearly $30,000,000 of that state's and other people's money.

Lieut. Turc, of the French "Military Marine," has invented a new type of ship which does not roll or pitch. The hull is entirely submerged like a submarine, and it supports two vertical walls, on which are built the decks, or ship proper, with engines and living accommodations.

From June 12 to 18, 1905, is the period set for the session of the International Botanical Congress of Vienna.

HIGGINS FOR GOVERNOR

New York Republicans Nominate Their State Ticket.

M. LINN BRUCE IN SECOND PLACE

After a Short Convention at Saratoga the Party Adopts Its Platform—Synopsis of the Resolutions—The Career of the Gubernatorial Candidate — The Proceedings in Brief.

Saratoga, N. Y. — The Republican State Convention, meeting in the convention hall at Saratoga, adjourned after unanimously nominating the following State ticket:

For Governor—Frank W. Higgins, of Cattaraugus.

For Lieutenant-Governor — M. Linn Bruce, of New York.

For Secretary of State — John F. O'Brien, of Clinton.

For Attorney-General — Julius M. Mayer, of New York.

For Controller—Otto Kelsey, of Livingston.

For State Treasurer—John G. Wallenmeier, of Erie.

For State Engineer and Surveyor—Henry A. Van Alstyne, of Columbia.

For Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals—Edgar M. Cullen (Democrat), of Kings.

For Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals—William E. Werner (Republican), of Monroe.

Timothy L. Woodruff withdrew as a candidate for Governor just as the roll of delegates was to be called and after the nominating speeches had been made.

The platform indorses the administrations of President Roosevelt and Governor Odell, and approves the declaration of principles adopted by the Republican National Convention.

It was nearly noon when J. Sloat Fassett, the temporary chairman, called the convention to order, and, after dispatching routine business, made way for the nomination and election of Senator George R. Malby, of St. Lawrence County, as permanent chairman. Escorted by Congressman Sereno E. Payne and Senator John Raines, the chairman went to the platform and at once proceeded to his speech, which was well received, and when at its climax Senator Malby mentioned the name of the President there was a demonstration.

Then John A. Sleicher, of New York, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, read the platform prepared by Edward Lauterbach.

After the report of the committee had been adopted, nominations for Governor were declared in order by Chairman Malby, and Assemblyman Arthur C. Wade, of Chautauqua, made the nominating speech for Senator Higgins.

William A. Prendergast, of Brooklyn, then presented the name of former Lieutenant-Governor Woodruff.

Assemblyman James T. Rogers, Republican leader in the lower house of the Legislature, then took the platform to second Woodruff's nomination. W. W. Niles, of New York, followed Mr. Rogers and seconded the nomination of Lieutenant-Governor Higgins. F. R. Hazard, of Syracuse, also seconded the nomination of Mr. Higgins. Mr. Hazard was the first speaker to speak from his place in the delegation.

Chairman Malby then announced the roll call, but Mr. Woodruff interrupted. He announced that he would withdraw from the candidacy and would commit the Kings County delegation to greater effort than ever before for the success of the ticket. He moved that the secretary cast one ballot for the selection of Mr. Higgins as a candidate for Governor. The motion was carried, and Secretary Fox obeyed it.

"Hail to the Chief" was played by the band, and the delegates rose and gave three cheers for Higgins.

Abe Gruber nominated M. Linn Bruce for Lieutenant-Governor. "I second the nomination of Mr. Bruce!" roared a delegate from Delaware County, where Mr. Bruce was born, and Secretary Fox, on motion of Senator Raines, cast a single ballot, which nominated Mr. Bruce by acclamation.

Senator Depew nominated John F. O'Brien for Secretary of State. Mr. O'Brien's nomination was made by acclamation, and so were all the others as follows:

Otto Kelsey was nominated by Representative James W. Wadsworth, of Geneseo, for the office of Controller; John G. Wallenmeier was nominated for State Treasurer by Deputy State Controller Timmerman, of Buffalo; Julius M. Mayer was nominated for Attorney-General by Assemblyman Josiah T. Newcomb; Henry A. Van Alstyne was nominated for State Engineer and Surveyor by William P. Rudd, of Albany.

There was not even the semblance of a speech in nominating Chief Judge Edgar M. Cullen for that place. Senator Raines merely moved that the Secretary cast the ballot of the convention for Chief Judge Cullen. On motion of James G. Cutler, of Rochester, similar action was taken in nominating William E. Werner as Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals.

The State committee was authorized by the convention to fill all vacancies in its ranks and to provide for all State nominations that may be necessary next year. The nominees of the convention will be formally notified of their selection by a committee made up of one member from each Congress district, with Senator Malby as chairman. The convention then at 2.30 p. m. adjourned.

Mayor and Sheriff Indicted.

The Grand Jury at Huntsville, Ala., indicted the Mayor and Sheriff for dereliction of duty in not preventing the lynching of Horace Maples, and ten of the mob of lynchers. Great excitement prevailed, and militia was ordered to Huntsville from Birmingham.

Later Maine Reports.

Later reports of the election show that Maine gave 27,000 Republican plurality, Democrats making gains in both branches of the Legislature.

The Platform in Brief.

The platform adopted, although brief, was not of such record-breaking brevity as had been announced, consisting of more than 1000 instead of 600 words.

After referring to the fifty years of the Republican party's life, congratulating the country on the results of the recent elections, indorsing President Roosevelt and approving the National platform adopted in Chicago, it deals with State issues as follows:

"We commend the firm reason, abiding common sense and strict integrity, unmoved by assaults from enemies or pleas from friends, with which Governor Odell has conducted the affairs of this State and safeguarded with zealous care its vast and complicated interests.

"We believe in the policy of raising revenues for State maintenance by indirect taxation. The effective measures of the Republican party in this direction constitute the greatest step taken in the history of our commonwealth for the relief of taxpayers. If any taxes heretofore levied, especially such as affect the savings of the people, appear to be unjust or unnecessary, we favor such revision of the tax laws as will correct such condition.

"The people of the State have decreed that the canals shall be improved, and we reaffirm the position heretofore taken by the party in regard to good roads, for the construction of which the State has already paid or appropriated over $3,250,000.

"We believe in increasing the effectiveness of the school system, greater appropriations for common schools and the extension of free tuition in high schools, and we favor the still further building up of the State's educational facilities wherever practicable.

"We claim credit for the legislation which unified the State Educational Departments and completely removed State educational activities from the field of politics.

"We believe in maintaining the laws for safeguarding the interests of labor as well as of capital, and in extending such laws whenever additional safeguards may be necessary.

"We believe in the further purchase and preservation of forest lands in the Adirondack and Catskill parks by the State and adequate appropriations therefor. We congratulate the people of this commonwealth on the satisfactory condition of the State treasury. National as well as State policies are involved in the outcome of our State election, and we commend to every citizen the faithful performance of his patriotic duty."

Frank Wayland Higgins, for two years Lieutenant-Governor, and before that State Senator for nine years, was born at Rushford, Allegany County, N. Y., August 18, 1856. His father was a successful business man and his grandfather a physician. The education of the youth was secured at Rushford Academy and the Riverview Military Academy, in Poughkeepsie, from which he was graduated in 1873. After a year of commercial college training and another year spent in travel at the age of nineteen he embarked in business for himself in Stanton, Mich., and became interested in mines and timber lands. While there he was married in 1878 to Miss Kate C. Noble, of Sparta, Mich. The following year he returned to New York State, took charge of the extensive grocery business of Higgins, Blodgett & Co., in Olean, N. Y., of which his father was senior partner. It was in 1893 that he was first elected a State Senator in the old Thirty-second District, comprising Cattaraugus, Allegany and Chautauqua counties. In 1902 Senator Higgins was nominated by the Republican convention in Saratoga to succeed Timothy L. Woodruff as Lieutenant-Governor, and was elected. Lieutenant-Governor Higgins has a fine home in Olean, N. Y. His business interests include the management of pine lands in Wisconsin, iron lands in the Mesaba region, lumber tracts in Oregon, shares in the banks and electric light company of Olean, an interest in glass works there and in steamers on the great lakes. He had the reputation at Albany of being the best dressed man in the Senate.

HEIR TO ITALY'S THRONE.

The Long Desired Son Born to King Victor—Will Be Named Humbert.

London, England.—A dispatch to a news agency from Rome says that the Queen was accouched of the long desired son and heir to the throne.

The young Prince will be named Humbert.

Victor Emmanuel III, succeeded to the throne on the death of his father, King Humbert I., on July 29, 1900. He was married in 1896 to Princess Helena of Montenegro. Two daughters have been born to them, the Princess Yolande, on June 1, 1901, and the Princess Mufalda, November 19, 1902.

BRITISH SHIPS HELD UP.

Two Stopped and Searched by the Russian Warship Terek Near Gibraltar.

London, England.—The Russian warship Terek stopped the British steamship Treherbert near Gibraltar and searched her.

Lloyd's agent in the Dardanelles telegraphs that the Terek also stopped and searched the British steamship Margit Groedel.

DEMOCRATS NAME BLACK.

Candidate is Nominated by Acclamation—Platform Adopted.

Trenton, N. J.—Charles C. Black, of Hudson County, a member of the State Board of Taxation, was nominated by acclamation as the Democratic candidate for Governor.

The platform makes a vigorous attack on the State and national administrations of the Republicans.

Lay Off Seven Thousand Men.

The immense Pullman car works at Pullman, Ill., are shut down and practically every one of the company's 7000 employes is idle. The workmen were told to take their tools with them when they left the works, and from this infer that a long period of idleness confronts them.

Buried at Liaoyang.

Field Marshal Oyama reported the total number of Russians buried at Liaoyang as 3100.

KILLED IN FLORIDA FEUD

Bloody Battle in Front of a House at Night.

First Engagement Was on a Train—Both Parties Are Followers in Private War—Troops Called Out.

Baxter, Fla. — The Duncan-Altman feud, which began in a fight on a train the other day, led to a battle in which two more men were killed and over half a dozen were wounded.

The State authorities sent Wilson's Battery, of Jacksonville, to the scene of hostilities. It arrived at 5 o'clock, and has gone into camp.

The battle resulted from an attack on the house of William Duncan, which has been garrisoned nightly by a posse since the outbreak of the disorder. In the number was Deputy Sheriff Thrift.

Suddenly and without warning there were as many as twenty-five shots from rifles and pistols fired at the house. The deputy called on his posse to assist him, and as they came from the house there was another volley of shots.

Thrift was standing in front of the house. He was shot and lived but a few moments.

The others returned the fire and killed Eli Dowling, a member of the Altman faction. The mob withdrew to the home of the Altmans, where they are ready to resist any attempt at arrest.

More than a half dozen were wounded, but their names cannot be obtained.

It was, in response to an appeal by law abiding citizens that Wilson's Battery was sent here, arriving on a special train about 5 o'clock. The troops have cordoned their camp with sentries.

The Altman faction is hostile to the troops, saying the soldiers have been sent here to uphold the Duncans. Governor Jennings is not in the State, and the troops were sent here by the Speaker of the House, Cromwell Gibson, who is Acting Governor in the absence of Jennings.

Shortly before dark Sheriff Herndon and his posse brought in seven prisoners of the Altman faction. These men are stretched out on the floor of a shanty under guard of the Live Oak Rifles, the Wilson Battery of Artillery and the Sheriff's posse.

There are eleven others of the Altman feudists. The men who were sent to see them have just returned and report that they have agreed to surrender themselves, and will come in voluntarily and give themselves up.

The Duncans, who are large turpentine operators, and the Altmans, who maintain a general store at Baxter, have been in a quarrel for months. The majority of the people in this section of Baxter County took sides with the Altmans, as the Duncans had made enemies in their turpentine operations.

Although the quarrel was a bitter one no overt act occurred until the Duncans with a number of their negro employes boarded an excursion train on the Georgia Southern and Florida. The Altmans and several of their friends were on board and a quarrel soon arose.

The Altmans stabbed a Duncan negro to death, and when the Duncans interfered the Altmans killed James Duncan. The fight became general, and the train was turned into a shambles.

This riot occurred just over the Georgia line, and for that reason Sheriff Herndon, of Baker County, refused to arrest the alleged slayers of Duncan and the negro. Since then Baxter and the surrounding county have been divided into two hostile camps.

CONSUL REMOVED FROM OFFICE.

Roosevelt Acts on Charges and Recalls Consul McWade.

Oyster Bay, N. Y.—President Roosevelt ordered the indictment of McWade, United States Consul at Canton, China, on general charges of extortion and of issuing fraudulent certificates to Chinese immigrants.

Complaints and charges against McWade have been reaching the State Department for about a year. Several months ago Secretary Hay sent Assistant Secretary Pierce to the Orient to investigate. On his return Mr. Pierce made a report unfavorable to McWade.

A temporary successor will be appointed immediately.

WILL PAY OUT $31,000,000.

Royal Bank of Canada Cuba's Agent in Paying Soldiers.

New York City.—It was announced in Wall Street that the Royal Bank of Canada in Havana has been selected by the Cuban Government to disburse $31,000,000, recently raised by a bond issue, to the soldiers of the revolution. It is said that about $10,000,000 of the claims have passed into the hands of speculators in the United States.

The disbursement will be made in Havana, Santiago and other Cuban cities.

The recent heavy shipments of gold from the United States to Cuba were to provide the bank with funds to meet the warrants.

To Pay Cuban Claims.

President Palma has set October 1 for the beginning of the payment of one-half of the claims of the Cuban revolutionary forces.

To Increase German Army.

The German Government will ask the Reichstag to increase the army, probably by 30,000 or 40,000 men.

British Ship Strikes Mine.

A British sailing vessel, supposed to be the Lucia, struck a mine at Port Arthur, and only one person was rescued. It is thought probable that she was engaged in trying to run the blockade.

Five Children Burned to Death.

Five children were burned to death and their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Sapp, mortally injured in Rolly, Adair County, Kentucky. The fire destroyed the Sapp home.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Sept. 22, '04

Telephone No. 27.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN

Associate Justices.
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
W. W. WHITESIDES.

County.

Probate Judge.
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk.
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor.
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer.
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education.
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner.
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

Have You Registered?

The Board of Registrars will be in Columbiana all of next week for the purpose of registering those who have not registered. This is your opportunity, if you are qualified.

Compare the Men.

Judge Longshore's reflection upon Hon. E. S. Lyman, in his speech at Gurnee, will not make the Judge any votes in the coming election by any means. On the other hand it will cost Judge Longshore more than one vote. In all of his speeches thus far in the campaign in none of them has Judge Longshore referred to the anti-boycott bill passed by the last Legislature except in his speech at Gurnee, and he did it there for no other purpose than to curry favor with the miners at Gurnee. He charged Mr. Lyman with having voted for that bill, and tried to make a mountain of iniquity out of it. But his position is so inconsistent in this matter that posing at Gurnee as a great friend of organized labor is the rankest of demagoguery on the part of Judge Longshore. In the court house caucus, when the hyphenated ticket was formulated, a coal operator in this county who has been fighting the miners' union for nearly three years was one of the counsellors and dictators in that caucus. When the name of a Republican in the south end of the county, and who, we are told, is a member of the miners' union, was mentioned for Clerk on the mixed ticket, this coal operator said no, and no it stood. Judge Longshore was also a conferee in that caucus and acquiesced in all that was done. He will sit in conference with one who is doing all he can to disrupt the miners' union, and then go before an audience composed chiefly of miners, pose as their friend, and belittle a man who voted as his conscience dictated.

Mr. Lyman is man whose every day life, whose honor and integrity and whose every action shows his belief in right to triumph over wrong has won the highest regard and deepest respect of all who know him, and when one impugns his motives it is strongly resented. Ed. Lyman voted as his conscience dictated on the anti-boycott bill and he has never denied his vote as recorded. He has the courage of his convictions at all times. The House Journal records Judge Longshore with having voted for the Anniston, Gadsden and Decatur City Court bills. Does he stand by that House Record? Oh, no! He denies the whole business. Why? Because his chief argument why McMillan should not be elected is because the latter worked with others to establish a city court in Shelby county. Judge McMillan does not deny this, but he did not vote for any City Court bill. The House Journal, however, records Judge Longshore with having voted, while in the Legislature, for three City Court bills with exactly the same provisions as the one that was desired for this place. The Judge does not like to be told of his votes on these City Court bills, as they show his position now to be anything but consistent.

Another Jolly.

"Not only in Shelby county are the populist gang ground but the party's flourishing and growing throughout the United States, and State tickets will be elected in many states of the Union on November 8."—Advocate.

The above is just another little jolly on the part of the Advocate to keep up its courage.

Yes, there will be a number of State tickets elected in November, but every man with ordinary common sense knows that the populist party will not be part nor parcel thereof. That party has no more hopes of electing a State ticket than it has of electing Tom Watson to the presidency. Besides, you know, the populist leaders here, while in the court house caucus, pledged the vote of their party in this county to Roosevelt. Such things will leak out, you know.

Tom Watson on Roesevelt.

"With the convictions which I hold, Roosevelt represents the thing that I would fight from morning to night every opportunity I got, every day of my life from now until the folding of these hands across my bereast."—Extract from Tom Watson's speech, made at Nashville, Sept. 8, 1904.

The Wily Fisherman.

Montevallo, Sept. 14th.

Mr. Sentinel:—The Prohibitionists, as usual, are not having much to say say in this campaign; but I think it not amiss, in view of the humor of the thing, to say something about Judge Longshore's angling for them in Montevallo, yesterday. He opened his speech by lauding the Prohibitionists to the skies. He took the position that the Prohibition ticket ought to be elected; that it represented the moral sentiment of this great country, and it would be the best thing for the country if they could get control, etc.; but unfortunately, although they were right, and represented the only pure, moral politics of the country, they are too weak as a party to accomplish anything just yet, and would have to educate the people up to their high plane.

One could not help thinking that, if they were numerically strong enough, he would be seeking office on their platform. Now, the Judge was plainly fishing for the few prohibition voters in his audience; but he ought to have known that they are not suckers. They vote from principle and not with the crowd. They have no use for the man who merely wants to get on the biggest side, and that for his own selfish purposes. Besides, they no more believe in dispensaries, such as Judge Longshore helped to get established, and the maintainance of which he continues to advocate in Columbiana, then they do in bar-rooms and grogeries. Then, too, they have some recollection that McMillan opposed it. In connection with the position of the two men in this matter, I am reminded of the biblical injunction: "By their acts shall ye know them."

No; Judge Longshore threw the wrong bait, and the fish have shied.

Yours truly,
PROHIB.

After the Banner.

Vincent, Sept. 19, 1904.

Editor Sentinel, Columbiana:

For a number of years Beat 4 has been the banner Democratic beat in Shelby county, but this year the Democrats of Beat 16 are going to try and take the banner away from our friends in Beat 4. We are going to run our majority above a hundred, and if we do this the Democrats of the county will turn their eyes to Beat 16 as the one entitled to the banner. Just watch us on November 8th.

JEFFERSONIAN.

Judge Longshore gives it out that the Democrats in this county will carry Beats 3, 4, 6 and 16; "these four and no more." The Judge always has been rather extravagant in his statements, and in November it will be found that he is talking now to build up his waning hopes.

Roosevelt is going into South Africa with his Big Stick because the self-respecting white people refuse to recognize the negro as a social equal. The pugnacity of the chief executive at Washington will bring war upon this country yet.

The Advocate, in its issue of last week, calls the Democrats of Shelby county thieves and rogues. Of course the Democrats of this county will appreciate the epithets applied to them by the populist leaders mouthpiece.

The Republican rally at the Jefferson theater last night was notable for the presence of the large number of negroes in the balcony, and the absence of Lily Whites from any part of the house.—Birmingham News.

NOTICE

To teachers of Shelby county:

In last week's issue of the county papers, you doubtless noticed the program of an Institute to be held in Montevallo on the last two days of this month. We now find it is impracticable to hold said meeting on the above named date, owing to certain existing conditions over which we have no control, and we beg leave to recall such program for the present, giving you the assurance that it will appear again at a later date.

JNO B. FARRELL,
Supt. of Education.

MONTEVALLO.

Mrs. E. G. Givhan visited Birmingh'm Monday evening.

Mrs. M. Woolley will have her millinery opening on Sept 29 and 30.

Mrs. H. E. Whitaker visited her mother, Mrs. McCauley, last week.

Miss Ada Dill has accepted a position in the store of Davies & Jeter.

Mrs. D. L. Wilkinson gave a delightful entertainment Friday night, in honor of her visitor, Miss Overton.

Cotton moves in slowly. Farmers are improving the fine weather picking. The crop will be short of earlier expectations.

Montevallo is confronted with the necessity of larger churches to accommodate the school accessions to the congregations.

Miss Berta Allen, with Miss Pettus as assistant, opened the public school on the 12th. Miss Erma Ellis began a private school last Monday.

H D Latham: who came here from Columbiana with a case of fever, is having a desperate fight with it: but reports from his bedside are encouraging.

Political speaking here last week was not very largely attended: but very much enjoyed by those who heard it. McMillan's telling arguments made a decided impression, and Longshore's jokes, stale though they are, were smilable. Montevallo will vie with Vincent for the Democratic banner in November, and but for the inroads on her territory in the carving out of Beat 19 she would unquestionably take it.

The opening of the Girls' Industrial School last Thursday was very interesting. There were a greater number of students than ever before. Some new faces appear in the faculty The many admirers of Miss E. M. Haley are rejoiced to see her in her old place. The dormitory and many boarding houses are filled: and the beginning of the ninth year of Alabama's greatest school is most auspicious Misses Overton and Simpson, former teachers, were much appreciated visitors to the school. They have each sought employment elsewhere this year. The school will probably enroll five hundred pupils during the term.

CALERA.

Awful dry and hot.

P. Baer has another boy at his home.

Services at the Cumberland church Sunday.

Eggs worth 20c per dozen, and very few to be had at that price.

Calera has imported a new marshal and he seems to be very faithful.

Esq. John Ozley has been quite sick for two weeks, but better now.

F H. Hardy and family, of Newala, were on a visit to Mr. Hardy's mother, Sunday.

Farmers in this community report a very sorry cotton crop, but good corn, peas, potatoes, etc.

Tipton Gunn left for Howard College this week to take up his studies in that grand old institution. Tip will graduate this session.

The Calera High School is well attended so far, and Prof. Glenn and Miss O'Hara are getting along finely with instructions to the pupils.

J. W. Ozley and his excellent wife of Longview, came down Sunday morning to visit their son J. B., who is confined to his bed with bilious fever, returning in the afternoon.

The opposing candidates were here Wednesday and discussed the issues of the campaign, and I couldn't see that a vote was changed, yet we are glad they came and had their say. Both sides made good speeches. In shifting their faults from one to the other "Browne" seemed to be responsible for all the bad, and themselves for all the good deeds. The greatest mystery to the hearers is—how is Longshore going to take the oath of office, if elected, when he says he "will not support the Constitution only so far as the law compels" him. Very little enthusiasm was aroused.

UNCLE SAM.

HARPERSVILLE.

Messrs. D. and Tom Ray, of near Birmingham, visited their father's family last Saturday....Jim Kidd, jr. has gone back to Tuscaloosa to enter college....Three of the Waits boys, of Birmingham, visited their sister, Mrs. Darby Saturday night and Sunday. .. Our school will open Oct. 3rd, and it promises to be one of the best in the history of Harpersville.....William Martin, one of Kelley's Creek best citizens is very sick at this writing. We wish for him a speedy recovery..... Miss Pearl Russell, of Pratt City, came over a few days ago to be ready to enter school....Misses Della Thompson and Stella Posey have returned from their Texas trip, and are highly pleased with what they saw... The R F. D. route has started. There will be about 40 families that it will accommodate and about 200 that it will be a curse to ...Your "scrib" attended the Baptist Association at Coosa Valley church in St. Clair county last week, and permit me to say that it was a success in every respect. Rev. O. A. Bentley, of Vincent, was moderator; Dr. Calaway. D. D., of Talladega, clerk, and J. F. Pope, of Wilsonville, treasurer. The introductory sermon was preached by Rev. R A. Kidd, of Vincent, and the missionary by Dr. Calaway, of Talladega. The next association will be held at Sylacauga....W. A. Gorman, a young man just in the prime of life died very suddenly at his home in Vincent last Wednesday morning just after the sun had shown itself in the eastern hills. It is very sad that a young person who bid fair to such a useful life as Will Gorman did should be cut down in death, but God's ways are not ours and we should not murmur, but bow to His will. To the bereaved family we extend our sympathy in this their sad hour of bereavement. He was buried here Thursday with masonic honors, while the funeral services were conducted by Rev. T. K. Roberts....Mrs. J. J. Burks a very estimable lady died at her home on Kelley's creek last Monday night after several months of suffering. She was a member of the Macedonia Baptist church, and was buried there Tuesday. Rev. R. A, Kidd conducted the burial services. We have known Mrs. Burks longer than we have anybody. She having raised the writer of this sketch from infancy until he got in teens, and it is sad, sad indeed to part with one whom we loved so well. No doubt she has gone to that Heaven above where parting is no more and the weary are forever at rest.

"JAKE."

J. S Jones, one of the farmers of Beat 6, was in town Monday for a short time. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call.

WILSONVILLE.

Miss Ada O'Hara has accepted a position with the Columbiana Milliner Shop.

The city was full of people Saturday; some were trading, and some listening to the speakers.

Miss Katie Gwin leaves today for Tuskegee where she has a position in the school there as matron.

Mr. Pope's new brick store is about complete and this adds very much to the looks of this establishment.

Miss Helen Boyer, after two months visit with relatives in Kentucky, has returned to the delight of her many friends.

Several bales of cotton are selling here daily, and while the price is steady and the crop short, the farmers are rushing it in.

Miss Robbie Wallace, of Klein, was visiting here last week. Miss Robbie will leave in a few days for Tuscaloosa where she will attend the Alabama Central Female College.

Several our people have gone to the Fair at St Louis and returned safe, and this afternoon Messrs. A. L. Jackson, E. Deramus and Jno. R. Black will leave, and we hope they will return safe and without accident to any.

The Wilsonville High School opened last week with 42 pupils, Prof. J. W. Tumlin, principal, and Miss Maud Cornelius, assistant. With hearty co-operation of the patrons of the school, I feel sure we will have a prosperous school year. Prof. Tumlin is a man of ability and capacity, and with Miss Cornelius, who taught here last session and is known to the people, we feel confident that fine work will be done.

The political speaking here, Saturday, passed off very quietly. Both parties allowed peace and quietude to prevail. While there was good speaking on each side, and each seemed satisfied with the outlook for their own, but McMillan told them of their diversity of opinion by saying that some would vote for Tom Watson and some would vote the ticket headed by Roosevelt, and consequently who knows where their platform is found? and what principles they advocate? This wound up the campaign and both sides went home to await the result. However, we are satisfied the tide has turned in our direction, and we mean to continue to respect our opposing friends duly, while we feel that it is enough for them to lose their offices. Therefore we should not allow ourselves to disrespect any of them.

Mr. and Mrs. W: R Jordan, of Roanoke, were visiting Rev. G. W. Hamilton and family last week.

ROBIN REDBREAST.

Card of Thanks.

Editor of The Sentinel:

Will you please allow me space in your paper to thank the good people of my surrounding community, and also of Vincent, for the valuable assistance and good attention rendered in the lingering illness and recent death of my beloved wife. I assure you that in my deep sorrow I shall remember your many deeds of kindness, and may the Lord bless one and all of you.

Respectfully,
J. J. BURKS.

Vincent, Sept. 19, 1904.

Receiver's Sale.

J. C. Hendrix, et. al. vs. Mary J. Eyclesheimer } In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Alabama.

Under and by virtue of an amended order and decree of sale made and entered by the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Alabama, in the above stated cause, on to-wit: the 16th day of September, 1904, I. J. M. Duncan, Receiver for the Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, at the mines of said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Company, near Dogwood, Shelby county, Ala., on Tuesday, the 18th day of October, 1904, at 12 o'clock noon, for cash, or its equivalent in claims against said Montevallo Dogwood Coal Company which have been allowed in said cause, and cash sufficient to pay the pro rata of claims not held by such purchaser at said sale if any, and the costs of court, including expenses of receivership, the following described property to-wit: All and singular the property and assets of said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Company, to-wit: All its rights, title, interest and equities in and to the southeast quarter of southwest quarter, of section 29, township 21, range 3 west in Shelby county, Ala., the same being that acquired by and vested in the said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Company, as transferee and assignee of a bond for title, executed by Fannie E. Harrison, et als to Dogwood Coal Co., on to-wit: the 16th day of April, 1901: also all the rights, title, interests, estate and equities of said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., in and to northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 32; and the southwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 29, and 24 acres in and along the north side of the south east quarter of southeast quarter of section 29, all in township 21, range 3 west, in said Shelby county, Ala., not including any part of said southeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 29, heretofore sold by Mary Wooten to W. Z. Lovelady, and which said 24 acres is to be hereafter surveyed for accurate description—the said interest, etc., being that acquired by and vested in said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., by virtue of an agreement to convey the same executed to said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., by Mary Wooten, on to-wit: the 4th day of February, 1902; also all the improvements and personal property belonging to said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., viz: 2480 feet 16-lb. steel rail; 1 Cameron steam pump; 1 boiler, with hoisting engines and attachments; 1 pr. coal scales; 1 scale room; 1 office building; 1 blacksmith shop; 1 supply house; 1 2-room dwelling; 1 coal tipple; 1 water tank; 8 tram cars; 500 ft. ¾ inch steel rope; 1 pair chain tongs; 1 Stilson pipe wrench; 20 miners' picks; 32 mule shoes; 5 gallons miners oil; ¾ barrel black oil; ¼ barrel red oil; 3 augur twists; 15 blasting barrels; 4 scrapes; 3 coal shovels; ½ keg T rail spikes; 100 lbs. wire nails; 1 set pipe stocks and dies; 1 pipe cutter; 1 foot adz; 3 hammers; 1 sledge hammer; 1 spike hammer; 1 2-horse wagon; 128 brass checks; 1 steam jet; 3 side oil cans; 17 rolls blasting paper; 4 steel wedges; 1 box pipe fittings; 2 shovel handles; 2 measuring pots; 1 grind stone; 1 anvil; 1 Bellows; 1 vise; 1 desk; 1 iron safe; 1 hand hammer; 1 shoeing hammer; 2 pair blacksmith tongs; 1 drawing knife; 1 cross cut saw; 1 hand saw; 1 set screw plates; 1 brace and bit; 1 signal gong; 450 feet ¾ inch steam pipe; 450 feet 2 inch pipe; 80 feet 2½ inch pipe; 40 feet 3 inch pipe; 1 work bench and vise and 3 coal forks.

J. M. DUNCAN, Receiver for Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co.
Postoffice address Blocton, Ala.

Special Party to World's Fair.

Leave on L. & N. Sept. 20th and arrive at St. Louis at 1:36 p. m., Sept. 21st, returning leave St. Louis at 4:15 on Sept. 29th arrive at home on Sept. 30th.

The best way to see the Fair and enjoy the trip to and from St. Louis is to go with a party and be with your friends and have company and you will see more and have much better time.

Will have Pullman sleepers direct to St. Louis and return. Party will be select and no objectionable people desired or allowed with party. Write the undersigned at once for reservation in this car as the first applying will have the selection of space in the car and get what they want. For further particulars call on or write and L. & N. agent or the undersigned.

W. E. KNOX, Supt. T. C. WILLIAMS, T. P. A.
Anniston, Ala. Anniston, Ala.

SHOES, SHOES

SHOES, SHOES,

SHOES.

That is all I am talking about just now. I have the shoe to suit you and the price is right. Come to see what I have.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

A New Line of REED'S Rustless Tinware.

I have just received a full line of

Hawkes' Spectacles.

Tell you about it next week.

RUFUS LESTER

NEW CLOTHING

Boys, Young Men and Old Men.

HAVE YOU seen our new stock? Even if you are not ready to buy now, come in and see the goods and styles. The tendency of the weaves this year is towards the smooth finish, and they are very pretty.

THE PRICE is right in every instance, in keeping with the reputation we have made of giving the best goods for the least money. Come to see us.

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,
Montevallo, Ala.

MRS. M. WOOLLEY,
Montevallo's Fashionable Milliner

Invites the Ladies of Montevallo to attend the opening of her new millinery stock, Thursday and Friday,

September 29 and 30

She will have on display all the Latest Styles, Shapes and Designs in Pretty Millinery.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO, - - ALABAMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - ALA.

Dr. W. P. HAMNER,
DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

For Sale.

A good four room house, 33 acres of land attached, in fine cultivation, within gunshot of the best school in Shelby county. Apply to
J. W. JOHNSTON.

For Rent.

One store house. Call on or address
H. E. SMITH.
Wilsonville, Ala.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS July 6th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$37,584.41	Capital paid in.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	26,013.59
Other Real Estate.....	3,000.00	Rediscounts.....	18,244.98
Cash and with other Banks	13,710.30	Undivided profits.....	2,036.14
	$61,294.71		$61,294.71

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of July, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1 00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.
Office upstiars in Bank Building.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM, : : : : : : : : ALA

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor In Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

. . IT IS MONEY IN YOUR POCKET . .

That is what you want, - - And that is Business

I can save you money in the Grocery line, taking into consideration QUALITY of goods purchased. Beautiful line of Stationery and School Supplies. Goods guarateed to be as represented or money refunded, Call to see us.

J. R. WHITE.

SHIELDS BRAND CLOTHING

FITS WELL — SHIELDS BRAND — WEARS WELL

Don't be talked into taking something "just as good." One trial of the "SHIELDS' BRAND" clothing will convince you that it is the best suit sold for the money.

—FOR SALE BY—

AVERYT & AVERYT

SHELBY, ALA.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00

One copy six months.....50

Telephone No. 27.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

I. Gordon was in Birmingham several days last week.

George E. Mason was at home over Sunday with his family.

Miss Stella Baker, of Shelby Springs was in town a few hours Tuesday.

George D. Campbell visited with friends in Wilsonville over Sunday.

☞ A pretty line of belts just received at the Columbiana Milliner Shop.

When you have read this issue of your copy of The Sentinel pass it along to your neighbor.

The family of J. H. Abercrombie are now settled in the Sinnott property on Main street.

Some of our out of town correspondence did not reach us in time for publication last week.

☞ Ladies, call at the Columbiana Milliner Shop and see that pretty line of collars just received.

E. B. Nelson came home from Walker county last Friday for a few days' visit with his family.

W. J. Weathers and W. E. Millender, of near Vincent, made The Sentinel a pleasant call Monday.

John Porter, of Coleanor, was called here last Sunday by the illness of his mother, Mrs. E. Porter.

The town has been billed during the past week for a circus which will hold forth at Calera on the 30th.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Erlick visited friends and relatives in Bessemer over Sunday, returning Tuesday.

☞ The Columbiana Milliner Shop has recently added a new line of dress goods to the stock, and the ladies are invited to call and examine it.

The Abercrombie brick block is nearing completion, and Mr. Abercrombie has purchased a part of his stock.

W. W. Wallace visited with friends at Oxford and Anniston several days last week, returning home Sunday.

Mrs. E. Porter has been quite sick the past week with an attack of fever, but we learn that she is improving.

☞ A new and good line of Ladies, Misses and Children's hose just received at the Columbiana Milliner Shop.

Circuit Clerk J. P. Pearson spent several days on his farm near Bridgeton last week, returning home Sunday.

☞ The Columbiana Milliner Shop has received its new line of fall millinery, and the ladies should inspect it before they purchase their fall hats. Good goods at reasonable prices.

Mrs. F. M. Johnson, of Bessemer, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Cromwell the fore part of the week.

The store of the Columbiana Mercantile Co., and Friedbergers were closed Monday because of a Jewish holiday.

Harry Gordon, who has been sick with fever at the Central Hotel for the past several weeks, is improving, and it is hoped he will soon be as well as usual.

R. E. Bowdon, superintendent of the Keystone Lime Works at Keystone, was in town a few hours last Thursay.

Jasper Holcombe, of Calera, was in town last Thursday. Mr. Holcombe is one of the prosperous merchants of that place.

Cotton has been coming to town pretty regularly the past week. Good prices are being paid by the Columbiana buyers.

There were a number of young people on the down train last Sunday en route to school at the different colleges in the State.

A. B. Milner, mail agent on the L & N. between Nashville and Montgomery, was in town last Saturday and Sunday visiting relatives.

Columbiana friends of Henry Latham will regret to learn that he is dangerously ill at the home of his parents in Montevallo, with an attack of typhoid fever.

Rev. N. T. Lucas and W. R. Lucas, two prosperous farmers of Beat 4, were in town on business Thursday. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call from these gentlemen.

☞ Miss High, our trimmer, can give you the advantage of her month in the work rooms of one of the best houses in the South. Give her a trial order. Hammond Millinery Co.

Rev. Mr. Upshaw filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church last Sunday. He intended beginning a protracted meeting last Sunday, but it is postponed indefinitely.

Mrs. J. T. Acker, of Montevallo, came up last Sunday for a short visit with her son, Dr. Acker, who has been ill with an attack of fever. We are glad to know that he is much better.

The genial L. M. Dyke was down from Collinsville last Monday and Tuesday. Mr. Dyke is very well pleased with his location at Collinsville and says that his bank is doing a fine business.

Mrs T. M. Wilson and son Mel, who went down to Calera last week for a visit with relatives, did not remain but one day owing to a return attack of fever to Mel. We are glad to know he is improving.

Miss Margaret Baker, the youngest daughter of Mrs. J. W. McMahon, of Shelby Springs, left yesterday for Marion, where she goes to enter the Judson Institute. Miss Margaret is a favorite with the young people of the Springs.

Miss Kate Gwin, of Willsonville, passed through our city Monday, on her way to Tuskegee where she has the position of assistant matron in the Alabama Conference College. She was accompanid to Calera by her sister, Miss Nellie.

The millinery display of the Hammond Millinery Co. last Friday and Saturday is a credit to the ladies who are in charge. Some of the hat creations this season are enough to stagger the ordinary man, both in shapeless shapes and in price.

Prof. W. R. Hale, of Ganadarque, was in the city Monday for a few hours. Prof. Hale has just closed a successful term of school at Camp Branch, and will probably leave for East Lake in a few days and enter Howard College at that place.

City Tax Collector's Notice.

The City taxes for the year 1904, will be due and payable on September 15th, 1904, and the same will become delinquent on November 15th, 1904.

S. W. NELSON,
City Tax Collector.

Kindergarten School.

The Sentinel learns that Miss Loulah Wilson will open a kindergarten school at the home of her mother, beginning October 3rd. She already has a number of pupils, and more promised.

Miss Wilson will teach from 8:30 in the morning until noon, and the tuition will be $1 00 per month for each pupil. She is a splendid teacher, and parents will find that a primary schooling under her care will fit their children for the public schools so that they may enter classes that they could not at first do without an early training.

Our people should not let their efforts lag in trying to secure the new passenger train on the Southern between Talladega and Birmingham by the way of Columbiana. Such a train is greatly needed by the people along the line of the road between these points, and The Sentinel believes that we keep on digging about it that it will come. The Commercial Club, of Birmingham, is bending every effort to bring this about, and our people should lend every aid possible. Securing such a train means that one could go to Birmingham and transact business and return home the same day, while at the present time it takes the best part of two days. The demand for the train is unanimous all along the line, and The Sentinel believes the Southern will also see that the train is almost an absolute necessity. Besides, we believe that from a business standpoint the railroad will find it a paying one.

Judge D. R. McMillan received a telegram last Friday night announcing the death of his brother at Pine Barren, Fla., the day before. As the funeral occurred on Friday Mr. McMillan was unable to attend. The deceased was at one time a resident of Columbiana, and is well known to the people of this place, and his death is regretted by all who knew him. Judge McMillan has the sympathy of friends here because of this sorrow.

☞ We have all the newest things in millinery and show you something new each week. Come and see.
Hammond Millinery Co.

C. C DuBose and daughter, Miss Gertrude, returned from Indianapolis, Ind. It was a sad home-coming to them, as death had taken from them a loving wife and mother within the past few days. We understand they will return to Indiana in a few weeks, and the little girls will make their home with the parents of their mother, and will be put in school. Mr. DuBose will continue to work insurance in this section of Alabama.

Dr Brunk from Selma will make regular visits to Montevallo the first Thursday of each month, and to Columbiana the following Friday and Saturday, to see Eye, Ear and Throat cases. In Montevallo at Dr. Wilkinson's office, at White House in Columbiana. Next visit October 6th. 7th and 8th. S pt 8-1m.

NOTICE—Builders and Contractors should write Cook-Dominy Co., Fitzgerald, Ga., for lumber and shingles. Yours truly,
Aug. 25-3m COOK-DOMINY CO.

The Sentinel was honored last week by a pleasant call from Chancellor R. B. Kelly. At the close of this term of Chancery Court the docket is nearer cleaned up than it has been for a good many years, and its condition speaks well for Chancellor Kelly and Register White. There are no better court officers in this section.

☞ Don't forget that the Hammond Millinery Co. have hats from 75 cents to $16.00. All prices to suit all people

James Scott and daughter, Miss Ora, of Leeds, came down to Columbiana last Friday for a short visit at home o W. R. A. Milner. Mr. Scott returned home Monday, but Miss Ora will visit here for some time—possibly to remain through the winter and attend the Columbiana Graded School,

Mrs. George Mason goes to Leeds today for a visit with relatives.

In Memory of Little Pattie Holcombe.

A loving one from earth is gone,
A voice we loved is stilled;
A place is vacant in our home,
Which never can be filled.

But Christ said, "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven." It pleased our Heavenly Father to pluck the fairest bud on earth to bloom for Himself in heaven.

On September 9th, 1904, the death angel came came to the home of W. E. Holcombe and bore away his darling baby, little Pattie. She suffered from fever for four weeks, and all was done for her that loving hands and medical skill could do, but she was too pure in her sweet innocence to stay in this dark world of sin and danger. She was born October 30, 1902. While we know it is heart breaking to the dear ones left behind, it is sweet to know that she is safe in the arms of Jesus enjoying the happy reunion with mother and sister, who had been waiting for her but one short year. Although it is sweet to return to God with no sin at its hand, it makes the heart bleed when the silent messenger crosses our thresh-hold and takes our loved ones.

Dear child, thou hast missed much sorrow and pain and disappointment by staying here only a little while—just long enough to teach us to love thee and call us to a better land.

Sleep on, dear child, in beauty,
Sleep on in innocence;
Sleep on, thou blessed angel,
'Tis God has called you hence.
And he will surely wake thee,
And bid His angel rise,
When I again shall meet thee,
With loved ones in the skies.

A FRIEND.

Resolutions of Condolence.

Columbiana, Ala., Sept. 12, '04.
Shelby Lodge, No 50, K. of P.

Whereas, On Sept. 1, 1904, news reached our community of the death of Mrs. C. C DuBose, at Indianapolis, Ind., the wife of our brother, C. C. DuBose, and

Whereas, This brother is now deprived of his beloved companion, and

Whereas, The members of Shelby Lodge, No. 50, in their deep sorrow for this brother, desire to express their feeling in this respect, be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of this Lodge that we extend to our esteemed Brother and his family our profound sympathy and condolence in this their sad hour of grief, and that a copy of this resolution be spread upon the minutes, a copy sent to our brother and the Advocate and The Sentinel for publication.

OSCE BIRD)
W. A PARKER, - Com.
JNO. S. PITTS,)

Kind Words.

The following kind words come from Rev. Thos. Fred Williams, of Indianapolis, Ind., former pastor of the late MRS. C C. DuBose:

Mrs. Annie DuBose was born Nov. 17, 1861 and died at her father's home near Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 1, 1904, aged 42 years and 14 days. At the age of seventeen she was converted and joined the Maywood M. E church under the pastorate of Rev. Helsey, living a faithful, consistent, christian life through all succeeding years.

After her marriage with Mr. C. C. DuBose, she moved South and united with the Presbyterian church to which her husband belongs. She was the mother of five children, two of which have gone before. Her one sister, four brothers, father and mother, husband and three daughters, and a large number of relatives and friends remain to mourn her demise.

In the words of divine utterance, "She both done what she could." Christian graces were thus dominant in her life, and her fondest ambition was "to be like Him," fulfilling to the highest degree the function of wife and mother. Her death was like the going down of a beautiful summer's sun—quiet, peaceful, and serene. Before leaving for Paradise she smiled, then God "kissed her soul away," and she departed to immortal mysteries where all tears are wiped away and the saints are "forever with the Lord." Thus ended a most beautiful christian life, the emulation of which would make us all better men and women.

Mrs. W. B. Callahan arrived in the city last Sunday for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Nelson. Mr. Callahan has removed from Memphis to Charlotte, N. C., and Mrs. Callahan came home to stay until her husband gets their home arranged in Charlotte.

By reference to the advertisement of Mrs M. Woolley, the fashionable milliner of Montevallo, it will be seen that she will have her opening display of fine millinery on the 29th and 30th of this month, and she cordially invites all to come and see what she has.

Horses, Mules, Horses

Mr, Edward P. Halstead, Veterinary Surgeon and Animal Medicine Specialist, from Hereford, England, and who has located at Demopolis, Alabama, begs to inform the public generally, that he will attend Columbiana, Ala., at Mr. W. A. Parker's Stable on Monday and Tuesday, October 3d and 4th, for the treatment of lame and sick horses and mules. Terms moderate, highest references.

NEW GOODS FOR FALL AND WINTER

The ladies will be delighted with our pretty line of

Dress Goods, Skirts, Laces,

AND TRIMMINGS.

Your inspection of these fabrics is most cordially invited, and your criticisms are courted. The designs this year are unusually pretty, and the fiber the best in the market.

IN OUR

.. Shoe Department ..

there is to be found

Beauty, Durability, Low Prices.

We can please you in all these virtues.

OUR CLOTHING

(FAMOUS SHIELD'S BRAND.)

DEPARTMENT

Is Most Complete in Every Detail.

Come to see it; you'll be pleased.

MILNER & CHRISTIAN

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers In—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

HILLMAN

TAILORS . . .

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S

.. TAILOR - MADE - SUITS ..

TO ORDER.

Cleaning, Repairing, Pressing and Dyeing

A complete line of

. . . Furnishing Goods . . .

Next door to Postoffice.

GORDON, the Tailor.

COLUMBIANA

GRADED SCHOOL.

Opens Monday, October 3rd,

TUITION FREE . . .

TO ANY CHILD IN SHELBY COUNTY.

FACULTY:

SUPERINTENDENT,	PROF. S. DOWELL
7th and 8th Grade,	MISS STELLA POWELL
5th and 6th Grade,	MISS ESTHER MASON
3rd and 4th Grade,	MISS CARRIE ROWE
1st and 2nd Grade,	MISS EDNA NELSON

Graduates from this school can enter the Freshman Class in the State University, or the Sophomore Class in the State Colleges without any further examination.

Board for pupils can be procured at from $8 to $10 per month. The school is surrounded and governed by christian influence. For information relative to the school, address

Supt. S. Dowell, or Mayor W. B. Browne, Pres. of Board

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,

E. W. BURT, Proprietor.

Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers

Your Patronage is Solicited.

Telephone 28. - - - - - - Bus Meets All Trains

BIRMINGHAM

Title and Guarantee Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, Gen'l Mgr.

Write for particulars. Birmingham, Ala.

ALABAMA

GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL,

MONTEVALLO, ALA.

LITERARY,
SCIENTIFIC,
COMMERCIAL,
INDUSTRIAL,
DOMESTIC;
PEDAGOGICAL,

SESSION OPENS SEPT. 15th

Expenses $90.00.

Healthfull Location--Faculty of 27 Teachers

FOR CATALPGUE, ADDRESS.

FRANCES M. PETERSON, President

VILLAGE TYPES—THE SPINSTER.

Her name it was Lucinda Brown,
The prettiest in all the town—
  At least 'twas so reported when
    She won the prize at the glass show.
  Perhaps her graces blinded men
    Some thirty years or more ago.

Her features they were regular,
Her satin cheeks bore ne'er a mark.
  Ah! then they used to rhapsodize,
    Those poet singers of the parts,
  Who praised her beauty to the skies—
    While Cindy only smashed their
      hearts.

Demurely she glanced over all
The swains who came at beck and call.
  She'd buggy-ride with them all day,
    Or lean with them upon the gate.
  When they talked business she'd stay
    Their fervor with: "It's growing
      late."

Her mien, so said, it was a thing
To win the rapture of a king.
  Her dainty head, in equipoise
    Upon her sloping shoulders, won
  The ardency of all the boys—
    But Cindy only called it fun.

The sweetest old maid in the town—
Her name is still Lucinda Brown.
  She courts the sunny side the street
    Where little children romp and play,
  And in their laughter gay and sweet
    She hears the songs of yesterday.
—Horace Seymour Keller, in the New York Sun.

A CASE OF KIDNAPPING.

Dora pushed back her sunbonnet, and looked up, with a furtive admiration, at the stalwart figure giving the finishing touches to the huge load of hay.

"Ethel had to help about dinner and couldn't get away, but she made me come. She said it was too bad for you to have no company for the last load."

"I am sorry you were compelled to come," he replied, a little stiffly.

"Oh, I wanted to; I wouldn't have missed it for anything. I was never on a load of hay. But mercy, how shall I ever get up there?"

He glowed at her warmth, but with a brief "I'll help you up," he slid to the ground, placed a short ladder against the load, preceded her, and reached for her hands.

With little shrieks of alarm, and declarations that she never could do it, Dora at last gained the top of the ladder and put her hands in his. His heart leaped fiercely, and he paled a little under his tan, but made no sign of the tumult her touch aroused within him.

But she was as well aware of it as he, and with malicious intent, clung to him in affected fright, noting, with pleasure, his suppressed agitation. It was a short ride from the field to the hay barn; besides, he had the horses to attend to, so there would be no chance for him to go beyond the limit she had set for him, and ask the question she had been fencing for weeks. She was not sure that she was ready to be bound; but she was certain that she did not want to give him a negative answer; she wished to postpone it; besides, there were "others," and she being a born coquette, was enjoying herself and did not want a definite change.

With much skill she had played him and evaded his efforts to obtain an opportunity to bring matters to a crisis. She meant him no harm; she reasoned that a little suspense would perhaps do him good, and she loved the excitement of the game and reveled in the narrow escapes she contrived to experience.

"This is the last of the hay, now there is nothing to prevent you joining our tennis party this afternoon," she said, cuddling down in the hay at his feet, while he stood easily and firmly, guiding the team through the gate into the road.

"If you will be my partner," he replied, sitting down beside her, letting the horses, now they were through, go their own gait.

"But I've promised Harry Payne; and Jessie Carpenter plays much better than I—besides, she is always trying to get you," she insinuated, demurely.

"Hang Harry Payne, and Jessie, too, for that matter! See here, Dora——"

"Oh, there's Ethel on the porch waving to us," she interrupted hurriedly. "Harvest home! Harvest home!" she shrieked as they passed the house, scrambling to her feet, with one hand on his shoulder. The wagon lurched, and she dropped down again, flushed and laughing, and began scattering hay over him. He did not respond, but sat with averted face.

"Crosspatch," she said, lightly. "He wants his dinner, so he does! Well, it will not be long now. Dinner is to be unusually early on account of our party; the men are going to the house."

He was still silent, and she pouted. Suddenly she shrieked again: "Why, Nat Brunner! you've passed the gate—it's away back there! Didn't you see it?"

"I didn't want to see it," he said, shortly.

"What do you mean?" she cried.

"I mean that you're not going to get away from me this time till I've had my say!

"I won't listen! I won't listen!" She thrust back her bonnet and put both hands over her ears.

He drove on quietly, with no attempt to coax or compel her attention, down a long hill, up the other side and around a corner.

"It's all right, boys," he said to the horses, as they turned their heads, with an inquiring look, when the noon whistle blew at the village. "Its all right," and they plodded along soberly, perhaps reflecting on the unreasonableness of a master who set off to a market from a hard forenoon in the field, without dinner.

Dora sat, obstinately stopping her ears, and watched the long mile slip by, then another, and he showed no sign of relenting. Once he turned, saying politely, "I am afraid the sun is making it rather uncomfortable for you. I am sorry I have no umbrella."

Though she did not hear, of course, she scowled an answer.

They made several turns, and she noted, hopefully, that they seemed going in the direction of the farm. He was giving it up? Not so! To her consternation, they finally came out in the broad road, headed for the village.

"You're just scotching me," she complained.

"Well, you've scotched me often enough," he growled.

Being so near the noon hour they had seen few people, but now, down the road a crowded wagonette whirled toward, the tennis party from the village. She jerked her bonnet over her face and tumbled flat on the hay, moaning:

"Oh, I wouldn't have them see me for a million dollars!"

When they had passed, with gay banter at him for deserting them, she straightened up with blazing cheeks and the fire of battle in her eyes.

"It's the silliest, the most ridiculous thing I ever heard of! And you're the meanest, meanest man alive! I should think you'd hate yourself to death!"

"I don't aspire to great wisdom or perfection," he returned, serenely, driving on.

"You know how I've looked forward to this afternoon, and what plans we've made for it!"

"If you hadn't systematically disarranged so many of my plans I might be more considerate of yours."

"It's so contemptible, your trapping me like this!"

"You came voluntarily. I've a right to market my hay when I please."

"You don't mean—" But they were entering the village, and she crouched down again out of sight. He did not stop, and when they had left the last house behind, she began, piteously:

"I was never so hungry in my life! I'm positively faint!"

"You know how to sympathize with the poor, then," he suggested.

"You don't care how much you make me suffer, and you profess to—" She broke off in some confusion, conscious that she was too near the brink.

"Yes, I profess to love you," he finished for her. "I've never tried to hide it—and I suppose, after all, there is little need of words. I ought to have understood without having it said. You've shown me plain enough that it is useless, and yet—"he halted, meditatively. Some intuition within him declared that she was not so indifferent as she had assumed to be.

"No," he continued, "I will have it in words! Dora, you know I love you devotedly, with all my heart; will you be my wife?" He turned to her with a deep tenderness in his face and shining in his serious eyes.

"Cousins can't marry," she evaded.

"My step-mother's niece isn't a very close cousin," he commented. "But I ought to thank you," he went on, presently, with a rather wan smile, "You might have been more harsh in your refusal of me.

He turned the horse about, saying, "You will not be very late at the game." Then he turned his back in a stolid silence. If he suffered, she should not see it.

The minutes passed slowly as the horses jogged along the hot, dusty highway. The sun poured down its scorching rays. Nat sat at his post like a graven image, oblivious alike to the blistering heat and the presence of his pretty and unwilling passenger.

The silence was suddenly broken by a storm of sobs from Dora. He writhed anxiously, until he could bear it no longer, and burst out:

"Don't cry, Dora, darling! I'm a brute, a perfect beast! I don't know how to treat a girl, even when I love her so—you did right to refuse me!"

"But—but—I haven't refused—y—you! I—I said cousins co—couldn't marry—I didn't say—"

"Dora," he spoke sternly. "You must not play with me any longer, I can't bear it."

"I'm not playing now. But if you—you don't want to understand—or if you—you think I'm going to say 'Yes!' any pl—plainer—"

She sobbed the rest on his shoulder. —Louise G. Strong in the Housekeeper.

A Dog With a Grudge.

Eureka is a small dog, very much devoted to her master. Occasionally her master takes an early train for New York, returning at night. On such occasions "Reke" sits on a box at the window, and watches him out of sight; and, when the whistle blows for the evening train, she takes her place again to watch for his return.

One evening he did not come; but, seeing another gentleman coming up from the station in the dusk, she mistook him for her master, and, whining for the door to be opened, she ran out, wagging her tail and manifested her joy in every known way until she had nearly reached the stranger.

When she perceived her mistake, she turned with an expression of extreme disgust and ran back, head and tail lowered, and looking as sheepish as possible.

When he laughed at her, she withdrew to a corner and lay there for the rest of the evening.

Since then she never allows that gentleman to pass without barking at him; and once, when he came to the the house on business she made such a time that she had to be put out. Evidently she thought he had insulted her.

Clever Clippings.

It might be a good idea to post placards over writing desks reading: "Love Letters Are Sure to Be Published Some Day."

People who are said to have a gift for apt repartee sometimes impress others that they are working at a trade.

It is a short time, sometimes, from honeyed nothings to nothing honeyed.

Some people seem to think that politeness consists of eternally begging your pardon.

Pity may be akin to love, but it depends altogether on what excites the pity.

While most of us sympathize with Adam, we cannot forget that the lawn mower was an unknown quantity in his time.

Those Boston Girls.

Kitty—Mrs. Manning evidently considers her husband a wonder.

Bessie—Why shouldn't she? Any man must be a wonder who would marry such a woman as she.—Boston Transcript.

NEW INDUSTRY OF RAT CATCHING.

Killing Contests Have Made Business Profitable to Professional Catchers.

Since the rat-killing contest originated in Indianapolis a few months ago a new industry has arisen which is profitably shared in by many. The management of the contests offer 5 cents a head for each rat delivered to them, but by far the greater number they get are free of charge or for the catching.

"Rats are very sly fellows," said rat catcher Harvey Oliver, "and we sometimes have to use some very peculiar ways to catch them after we have caught one of their number.

"Now this trap," said he, pointing to one he held in his hand, "has 18 in it, but they would have been very hard to catch had I not sacked them all at once. I use the wire cage traps almost entirely.

"The bait problem is one of the most serious that I have to deal with, and it was some time before I found out why I did not catch rats at some places when I knew that the place was almost alive with them. Bait must be used that the rats have not been accustomed to eating and something that has a very loud smell.

"It would not do to take a trap baited with cheese to a grocery store, for as a rule the rats get all of that they want. I find that fish are the best that can be had for almost all places because it has such a loud smell and the rats do not have very many chances of getting it.

"They are just as greedy as human beings along the eating line and will take some great risks to get something that looks like it would be good for them to eat. These risks, however, nearly always prove detrimental to the rats, for as a rule they find themselves in a trap waiting to be taken to the room where they are kept until time for the contest.

"Did you know that a rat will not bite you so long as he cannot see the light? Well, that is true. You reach your hand up a hole where a rat is and if he does not see the light you can easily catch him. But the minute he sees the light then you had better put your hands in your pocket, and if you happen to have him in a tight place you had better look out, for the rat will fight you till the last.

"After I catch these rats I take them to the house, where I have an iron cage for them. I sometimes have as many as five in there at one time. The rats soon get tame if we do not have a contest in which to use them.

"In these contests the rats sometimes use some very clever means as a defense to save their lives. As a rule they will all fight for one another and jump at the dog's throat, where they will hang until shaken off. I feed the rats about the same as they get when they are free. It is great fun to bag the rats, but I catch the most of them with traps. There are many things that are of great interest about rats that few people know.

"Rats do most of their sleeping in the daytime, but generally in some other place than their nest. They are very quick, but do not run near as fast as they look to be going."

A crowd soon collected around Mr. Oliver which grew deeply interested in his discussion of rats. At the time of the conversation he had over fifty rats with him which he had caught during the night.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

Experiences in the Russian Army.

I was gradually falling asleep when suppressed sobs struck my ear. The beastly drunk sergeant-major was the disturber of the quiet in the barracks. He approached some of the sleeping young soldiers, woke them rudely, and asked them:

"Who is our present secretary (minister) of war? What is his name, surname, full title?"

Woe to those who did not answer promptly and correctly. They received a sound lashing with the buckled end of a heavy soldier's belt.

"What does this mean?" asked I of my friend Ivan Ivanoff. "Is that allowed in our squad?"

"Allowed! Of course it is contrary to all laws and regulations. But our sergeant-major is a personal favorite of the chief of our regiment, and may do what he pleases with impunity. It is like this: The recruits punished by the sergeant-major are poor devils who failed to pay the customary tribute when entering the squad. The sergeant-major is a brutal and greedy fellow half-crazed with drink. He feels dry and wants to get some money."

"How high is the tribute paid by the recruits to the sergeant-major?"

"Not less than three rubles, at any rate. Yes, bitter is the life of a young soldier," concluded my friend, meditatively.—Isadore Ladoff, in Harper's Weekly.

Acetylene Signalling Apparatus.

The Texas militia has been recently equipped with an acetylene apparatus for the purpose of transmitting messages. This is a greatly improved heliograph system, and is said to be in use by the Japanese in the present campaign, with great success. The Galveston News says: "The new instruments are field acetylene signal lanterns. These are powerful at night but only blaze in response to manipulations of a key, the same as on a telegraph instrument. The jets of light, before the improved reflectors, flash and dot in telegraph code, responding to the key the same as a sender and receiver in a telegraph office. This can be read for 15 miles. A telegraph operator uses this lamp the same as he would his key in wire service. The flames being acetylene, and quick, the signal service is almost as fast as regular telegraphy. The heliograph is from a strong mirror, the telegraph code again being used. A shield in front of the glass is used for making dots and dashes."

To Avoid Malaria.

In making out the summer's itinerary, avoid places that abound in mosquitoes or malarial patients. Not only do mosquitoes bring poison from swamps and cesspools, but they can carry the disease from one person to another. If you cannot visit the place to make a personal reconnaisance, write some disinterested party for the desired information.

A QUICK RECOVERY.

A Prominent Officer of the Rebeccas Writes to Thank Doan's Kidney Pills For It.

Mrs. C. E. Bumgardner, a local officer of the Rebeccas, of Topeka, Kans., Room 10, 812 Kansas avenue, writes: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills during the past year, for kidney trouble and kindred ailments. I was suffering from pains in the back and headaches, but found after the use of one box of the remedy that the troubles gradually disappeared, so that before I had finished a second package I was well. I, therefore, heartily endorse your remedy."
(Signed) MRS. C. E. BUMGARDNER.

A FREE TRIAL—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

WISE WORDS.

Whoever blushes seems to be good.—Menander.

How blessings brighten as they take their flight.—Young.

God is over all and heaven above thee.—Gerald Massey.

Stand up bravely to afflictions, and aquit thyself like a man.—T. a Kempis.

A sharp tongue is the only edged tool that grows keener with constant use.—Irving.

You cannot retrace the path of life, but you can start anew from the place where you stand.

Our birth is nothing but our death begun, as tapers waste the moment they take fire.—Young.

The selfish, loving only themselves, are loved by no one, so selfishness is moral suicide.—De Gaston.

A man must be both stupid and uncharitable who believes there is no virtue or truth but on his own side.—Addison.

Your life is the only one; if misdirected and lost, you have no other in which to remedy the error.—Henry Drummond.

Set yourself earnestly to see what you were made to do, and then set yourself earnestly to do it.—Phillips Brooks.

My advice is to consult the lives of other men as one would a looking glass and from thence fetch examples for our own imitation.—Terence.

Get holy principles, and thou shalt get the pinions of an angel, which shall bear thee above all clouds and storms of earth into the sunshine and calm of eternity.—Dr. Thomas.

The Czar's Daily Life.

Some interesting details of the Czar's daily life are furnished by the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Lokalanzeiger. Rising at 6 a. m., His Majesty partakes of an English breakfast, consisting of tea, bacon and eggs, bread and butter and marmalade prepared by an English cook. His Majesty and the Czarina favor everything English, including the British style of living and bringing up children. After breakfast the Czar smokes a very strong Havana cigar and indulges in tobacco incessantly for the rest of the day, although his doctors have warned him that it is most injurious to his health. At 7 o'clock he commences his duties for the day and examines an average of 500 documents. An English lunch it served at midday, and English only is spoken at this meal, so that the conversation is not understood by the servants. Dinner follows and is succeeded by cards, the Czar's favorite game being the Russian wint, at which His Majesty is said to stake large sums. Bedtime comes about 11 o'clock. The Czarina frequently reads an English novel or the Times aloud to her husband.—London Mail.

Japanese Man Power.

The present war in the East is probably the only instance of a great campaign between civilized nations in which one of the combatants has relied almost entirely on man power, instead of horse power, for transport, the whole of the supplies of each Japanese division of infantry being carried by as many coolies, or porters, as there are fighting men. The Japanese porters are mainly men whose physique is not judged to be good enough to entitle them to fight in the line of battle, though according to modern European notions theirs would be considered rather the more arduous task of the two. But the Japanese have shown up till now that their choice of means has generally been correct, and it is not likely that they have made a mistake in this case.

They know their own people, and for centuries human transport has been the occupation of a large class of their unskilled labor. The litter, or rickshaw, has been adopted, in imitation of their method, even in Simla, the governing city of India. By a simple mechanical contrivance they have also greatly facilitated the work of bearing burdens. A bamboo is carried on a kind of pad over the shoulder, and the load, carefully balanced, is suspended to each end. The carrier thus avoids one of the greatest sources of fatigue, namely, the effect of picking up the burden when it has been laid down to rest, for by merely raising the bamboo and putting his whole body under it, he lifts it with the least possible effort.—London Spectator.

Street Railway Waiting Rooms.

The Montreal (Canada) Street Railway Company has recently erected a number of pretentious waiting rooms in different parts of the city. One of them is a two-story brick structure, where there are a ticket office and conveniences for passengers.

As an original stockholder of the Pennsylvania Railroad, Col. William Davis, of Huntingdon, N. Y., uses a pass issued without limit, in 1850.

TONS OF BRIGHT GEMS

The Total of Diamonds in the World Approximates 85,000,000 Carats.

It is estimated that the total world production of diamonds up to date approximates 85,000,000 carats. As we are not in the habit of weighing our diamonds by the ton, we are in some doubt concerning the proper system of computation, whether troy of avoirdupois, long ton or short ton. According to the system used by those who do weigh their diamonds in ton quantities, the result would be in the neighborhood of twenty or twenty-five tons of sparklers now appearing as factors in the joys and the miseries of a world which has substituted diamonds for the beads and the wampum of its ancestors.

The regions contributing to this supply and the percentage of their contribution appear as follows: South Africa, 81.5 per cent; Brazil, 18 per cent., and the remaining five per cent. divided among Borneo, India, New South Wales and British Guiana, with North America and Russia supplying specimens. The last two of these countries have furnished just enough to equip an opera box for a single evening. The deep obligation of society to South Africa is apparent. The price of diamonds have been heavily advanced during the last year or two, but it is simply appalling to think what the price would have been without the South African supply. Society, American, English and Continental, should daily thank heaven for Kimberley and Jagersfontein.

We are unable to give the cubic measurement of the total collection, but so far as weight is concerned it would make a load for a medium sized freight car.—Baltimore American.

Walter Schumann, consul at Mainz, Germany, writes: Osmon, a new fuel, is made from peat. The peat contains 90 per cent of water, of which 20 to 25 per cent is removed by an electric current. The peat is then further dried and passed through a machine which breaks it up and forms it into nut-shaped pieces. Osmon is free from sulphur and burns without slag or smoke.

An endurance swimming match from the Brooklyn bridge to Coney Island, under the supervision of the United States volunteer life-saving corps, has resulted in victory for a man with one leg. The winner was Charles Seigfried, of Bayridge, who negotiated the distance in five hours and forty-eight minutes. Two young women were close behind him at the finish.

A Seattle firm has received an order from Rampart, Alaska, for a mowing machine and a horse hayrake. This is said to be the first order of the kind that has ever come from western Alaska and appears to offer proof that the Land of the Midnight Sun has other resources than gold and fish.

A harp belonging to the guillotined Queen Marie Antoinette has been placed on exhibition in the museum of the Paris conservatory. It is a superb instrument, inlaid with gold and encrusted with diamonds, made in 1780 by the famous Naderman.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The most widely known English writer in Japan is Carlyle.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

License is paid in London on 7000 automobiles.

The Queen of England has a favorite teapot of which she is very fond It is in the shape of a barrel of wine, with a stout old Dutchman sitting astride. His cap serves for the lid, and a gold tap lets out the beverage

CONSTIPATION

"For over nine years I suffered with chronic constipation and during this time I had to take an injection of warm water once every 24 hours before I could have an action on my bowels. Happily I tried Cascarets, and today I am a well man. During the nine years before I used Cascarets I suffered untold misery with internal piles. Thanks to you I am free from all that this morning. You can use this in behalf of suffering humanity."
B. F. Fisher, Roanoke, Ill.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 603
ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

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BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
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Sweating, Blistering Itching, Tired Feet
CURED IN ONE NIGHT BY
ROYAL FOOT WASH.
Removes odors of feet, arm pits, etc. Stops chafing. 25c at druggists or postpaid from EATON DRUG CO., Atlanta, Ga. Money back if not satisfied. Write for sample. A 25c bottle will be sent for 10c to any one sending names of five persons afflicted as above.

Dropsy CURED
Gives Quick Relief.
Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer
Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

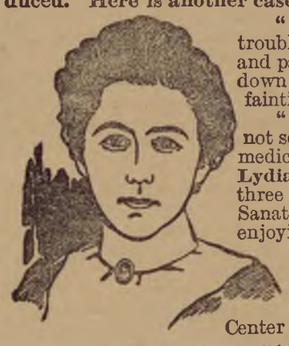
Am. 39, 1904.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

A prominent club woman, Mrs. Danforth, of St. Joseph, Mich., tells how she was cured of falling of the womb and its accompanying pains and misery by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Life looks dark indeed when a woman feels that her strength is fading away and she has no hopes of ever being restored. Such was my feeling a few months ago when I was advised that my poor health was caused by prolapsus or falling of the womb. The words sounded like a knell to me, I felt that my sun had set; but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound came to me as an elixir of life; it restored the lost forces and built me up until my good health returned to me. For four months I took the medicine daily and each dose added health and strength. I am so thankful for the help I obtained through its use."—MRS. FLORENCE DANFORTH, 1007 Miles Ave., St. Joseph, Mich.

A medicine that has restored so many women to health and can produce proof of the fact must be regarded with respect. This is the record of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which cannot be equalled by any other medicine the world has ever produced. Here is another case:—


"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For years I was troubled with falling of the womb, irregular and painful menstruation, leucorrhœa, bearing-down pains, backache, headache, dizzy and fainting spells, and stomach trouble.

"I doctored for about five years but did not seem to improve. I began the use of your medicine, and have taken seven bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, three of Blood Purifier, and also used the Sanative Wash and Liver Pills, and am now enjoying good health, and have gained in flesh. I thank you very much for what you have done for me, and heartily recommend your medicine to all suffering women."—MISS EMMA SNYDER, 218 East Center St., Marion, Ohio.

"FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO WOMEN."

Women would save time and much sickness if they would write to Mrs. Pinkham for advice as soon as any distressing symptoms appear. It is free, and has put thousands of women on the right road to recovery.

Mrs. Pinkham never violates the confidence thus entrusted to her, and although she publishes thousands of testimonials from women who have been benefited by her advice and medicine, never in all her experience has she published such a letter without the full consent, and often by special request of the writer.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

J. S. SCHOFIELD'S SONS COMPANY
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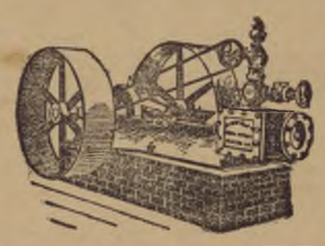
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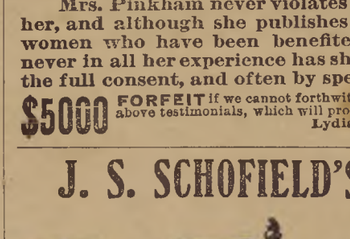
Heavy Castings
Wrought Iron and Steel Work
Tanks, Stacks and Stand Pipes
Heavy Pipe Work a Specialty
Address Machinery Department
MACON, GEORGIA.

Jasper Gomers, while waiting for a car at midnight, sat down on a barrel of tar and fell asleep. When he awoke he found the tar had softened and he had slowly sunk down into the sticky stuff until his feet, arms and head only were outside. He was chopped out with an ax.

Pipe dealers say that the meerschaum is a "dead one." No smoker nowdays appears to covet the once-prized article requiring patience and care and skill in the coloring. Women seem to be the principal purchasers, when they get the idea that they are doing the fine thing by a husband or a sweetheart.

Up to 1829 the bells of the parish church of Chesterfield, England, were rung each year in celebration of the races. Then an unsportsmanlike vicar put an end to the practice

One of the Hamburg liners was used as a hotel ship in the harbor of Kiel during the recent races. The rates for meals and lodging were from $5 to $10 a day.



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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
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Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed
To cure, or money refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.

Circuit Clerk

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., SEPTEMBER 29, 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 5

CREW RESPONSIBLE

For Slocomb Disaster Says Board of Inspectors. Their Report.

APPARATUS INSUFFICIENT.

Officers' Licenses Revoked—Greatest Blame Laid to Deck Hands' Incompetency.

A lengthy report has just been made public of an investigation by the local board of steamboat inspectors into the General Slocum steamer disaster, which occurred in the East river last June and cost nearly 1,000 lives. The report concludes by announcing the revocation of the licenses of officers aboard the Slocum, as follows: William H. Van Schaick, master and pilot; Edward Vanwart, pilot, and Benjamin F. Conklin, chief engineer.

Briefly summarized, the principal points of the board's report are:

"That the fire was discovered at the upper end of the Sunken Meadows and that North Brother island was the nearest available point to beach the steamer.

"That the life preserving appliances in the vessel were inadequate, but had the Slocum been supplied with double the number, not another life would have been saved, because of the ignorance and incompetence of the crew.

"That there was an absolute lack of discipline of the crew because of the negligence of the master and of the pilot.

"That fire drills had been neglected, and that had the crew been trained, as the law requires, such a disaster would have been almost inconceivable.

"That one of the crew, in his ignorance, added to the incipient flames by throwing thereon an empty bag which had contained charcoal.

"That the chief engineer was grossly negligent when notified of the fire, in that he did not see that the hose had been connected and the water turned on."

Other Reports Coming.

The investigation began July 6th and was delayed by the injuries of Captain Van Schaick, which confined him to the hospital. Under the law the board only took up the conduct of the vessel's licensed officers. The other phases of the disaster were investigated by a special commission appointed on request of President Roosevelt.

This commission has not yet made public its report.

"A few minutes after the master was made aware that the Slocum was on fire he gave orders to the pilot to beach the vessel on the North Brother island. That order was obeyed and the steamer was beached probably within three minutes.

"In the face of the evidence we can not in justice arrive at any conclusion on this point other than the unfavorable criticism passed upon Captain Van Schaick for not having beached his steamer at some other point than where he did was wholly unmerited."

The great mortality, according to their view, was due to the impossibility of equipping 1,500 persons, mostly children, in a few minutes and not to the age of the preservers.

Blames Crew.

"The evidence before us indicates an absolute lack of discipline on the part of the crew," the report continues. "Because of the negligence of the master of the steamer and of the pilot, who under the law is next to the master in charge, to observe the provisions which require them in the discipline and use of the fire pumps and all other apparatus for the safety of life on board such vessel, and to see that all the equipments required by law are in complete working order for immediate use."

The money in actual circulation has been increased $112,000,000 since January 1.

Riggins Acquitted.

The first of the Huntsville alleged lynchers indicted by the grand jury last week was acquitted in the circuit court.

Thomas M. Riggins, the hotel man who has lain in jail a week, is now free, the state having failed to make out a case against him. The jury returned the verdict from the box.

There was a rumor to the effect that two of the jurors on this case had expressed themselves in sympathy with the mob on the night of the lynching and had perjured themselves to get on the jury. Solicitor Pettus had his attention called to the rumor and intended to make a full investigation, but the matter may be dropped since the trial passed as it did.

No True Bills.

Dallas' grand jury returned twenty true bills and stated that they had examined cases against fourteen persons whose names were given and not finding sufficient evidence against them, had not found indictments. In the list of fourteen names were those of B. F. Cherry, M. M. Ransom and D. C. Stanfil, the three white men, special constables in whose charge was the negro Edmund Bell when he was taken away and lynched.

JEWELS RETURNED.

Had Been Stolen About a Month Ago.

About one month ago the jewelry store of C. B. Sargent, of Cullman, was broken into and robbed of about $200 worth of watches and other jewelry. Officers have been unable to find the guilty parties and the matter was about forgotten, when Mr. Sargent received his jewelry in a cigar box expressed from St. Louis.

It was a great surprise to Mr. Sargent, who, of course, did not expect ever to recover the goods. In the box was an unsigned note stating that two men or boys were in Cullman on the night of the burglary and entered the store, taking the goods. They claimed to have repented of the act, and as they were at work, did not need to steal, had decided to return the stolen property. All the goods stolen were returned except five rings.

One or two arrests have been made on suspicion, but the parties have been released on satisfactory showing.

INFERNAL MACHINE

Laid to Destroy Home of President of Sloss Company.

An improvised infernal machine with a lighted fuse attached was found on the porch of the residence of J. C. Maben, president of the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron company, by a passerby who succeeded in cutting the fuse and preventing an explosion.

The machine consisted of a pint milk bottle containing powdered dynamite, and the fuse which led to the can was lighted and was burning rapidly when discovered.

The man who discovered the machine waked Mr. Maben and notified him of his narrow escape. He told Mr. Maben a white man, about six feet tall and wearing a heavy moustache, ran past him and disappeared.

There was sufficient dynamite in the jar to have wrecked the entire house, and probably killed every occupant.

TWENTY MULES BURNED.

Standard Oil Company Has Heavy Loss by Fire.

Fire destroyed the Standard Oil company's barn and twenty-odd mules Thursday night at Birmingham. But for the work of the fire department the large oil storage building would have been burned.

The origin of the fire is unknown. A negro discovered the flames in the front part of the barn. He gave the alarm and the firemen responded promptly.

An effort was made to save the mules, but the flames were fierce, and the doors of the barn could not be opened in time to get the poor creatures out.

The local management stated that the loss by the fire would amount to about $10,000.

NEW KNITTING MILL

Has Sold Its Entire Output for a Year.

R. L. Adams is making preparations for the establishment of a $10,000 knitting mill at Gadsden. Mr. Adams has purchased the old ice plant and has had it remodeled, and is now installing the machinery.

He expects to have the plant running in a few months, and for the first year the mill will turn out only one kind of knit undershirt. Mr. Adams says the mill will have a capacity of 200 dozen shirts per day, and the entire output for a year has been sold

BABY BOY DESERTED.

Twenty-One Dresses Left with Him. Investigation.

A baby boy was left at the door of T. P. Henderson, a farmer, at Brushy Pond. The waif is a male child and apparently of tolerably well-to-do parents, as it was provided with plenty of nice clothing. There were twenty-one nice dresses with the little fellow.

Coal Deposits.

Valuable coal deposits have been discovered near Walter, in the southeast corner of Cullman county, which will be developed at an early date.

POWDER EXPLOSION

Kills One Workman and Fatally Injures Another.

A special from Jellico, Tenn., says: A terrible explosion occurred at the Jellico Powder company's works. Lee Hill was killed and Sam Harvey is thought to be fatally wounded.

The accident occurred in the building known as the "corning department" and the structure with its contents was completely demolished. The clothing was burned from Hill's body and his form was burned almost to a crisp. Harvey was also very severely burned.

The cause of the disaster is unknown.

Stealing Cotton.

Farmers living in the vicinity of Columbus, Ga., are complaining that thieves are picking their cotton by night, taking advantage of the fine moonlight nights.

Secretary R. E. L. Niel, of the democratic committee of the fourth circuit, has forwarded to the secretary of state the certificate of nomination of Hon. B. M. Miller for judge of the fourth circuit.

GROUND TO DEATH

Between Ore Car and Mine Wall.

An accident occurred at the ore mines of the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Company at Gadsden which resulted in the death of John Eunis, a miner. Mr. Eunis was at work and started out, and when within 200 yards of the entry he met a mule pulling an empty train of cars and driven by a boy.

Eunis stepped to one side to allow the mule and cars to pass, but the space was too small between the cars and wall for a man to pass, consequently the side planks on the car struck Eunis and ground him between the wall and car. Eunis called to the mule to stop, which frightened it, and the mule began to run, and Eunis was dragged for some distance, breaking several ribs and his right arm and bruising him up in a horrible manner and producing internal injury, which resulted in his death in a few hours after the accident. He leaves a family.

ROBBED OF $500.

Tuscaloosa Woman Has Her Chatelain Bag Snatched In Cincinnati.

Mrs. E. B. Kay, of the University of Alabama, was robbed in a Pullman coach in the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton yards at Cincinnati by an unidentified young man. Mrs. Kay was seated in the coach looking dreamily out of the window when a young man deliberately brushed her elbow from the window ledge and reaching into the car snatched her chatelain bag from where it lay on the seat opposite her

The train started at that moment and the man escaped. In the bag were $500, two railroad tickets from Wapakoneta, O., to Tuscaloosa, Ala., and all of Mrs. Kay's trunk checks, keys and other small valuables.

Foreign Get-Rich-Quick Schemes.

In the course of their routine reports, some of the American consuls have recently had occasion to admonish their people at home against investment in alluring enterprises projected in the countries in which the consuls are located until they have made thorough personal investigation of all the alleged facts contained in the prospectuses. The result has been to bring on the department a flood of indignant remonstrances from a number of promoters of various schemes, mostly located in the tropics, whereby fortunes are guaranteed in return for small investments.

Unwilling to do an injustice to any enterprises of real merit, the department has caused inquiry to be made in most of these cases and has ascertained that the warnings sent out by the consuls are invariably fully warranted.

New Colored School.

Negroes have purchased the large two-story house known as the Giesler place at Greensboro for the purpose of establishing an industrial school. The house and lot are both admirably suited for that purpose, there being about eight acres included in the purchase, and the house contains ten large rooms. The school is to be known as the West Alabama Industrial institute and will open October 1st.

May Change Practice Grounds.

It has been suggested to the navy department that Florida bay would be an advantageous place to hold the regular annual target practice of the North Atlantic squadron and the proposition is under consideration. It is expected strong pressure will be brought to bear to hold the target practice again at Pensacola, where it was held last March.

Justice Convicted.

At Scottsboro J. M. Price, whose trial in the circuit court there has taken up the past three days, has been adjudged guilty and given a sentence of $50 and costs. Price, who was a justice of the peace in the precinct in which he lived, was indicted by the grand jury at the last session of court, charging him with criminally assaulting little Ella Skelton, a 13-year-old girl of Trenton, that had been placed under his care.

Mississippi Coal.

It is reported that a good vein of coal has been discovered on the lands of the Messrs. Hopper, near DeKalb, in Kemper county. T. E. Hopper has been using the coal in his blacksmith forge and has had it analyzed by the state chemist, who has pronounced it coal of the finest quality.

College Opens.

At Jacksonville the beginning of the twenty-second session of the State Normal school Tuesday morning was auspicious.

Over 400 students were enrolled last year and the prospects are that the attendance this year will exceed that of any previous year in the history of the institution. At the present writing 380 students have matriculated.

No Mormons Wanted.

Count Tissea, the Hungarian minister of the interior, has rendered a decision prohibiting Mormon propaganda within Austria, upon the ground that such a movement is undesirable both from the standpoint of policy and religion.

A German traveler claims to have discovered in the forests of Borneo a people who still wear the tail of our primitive ancestors.

SCHOOL CHILDREN

Killed in a Horrible Disaster. Weak Floor Precipitates Them into a Vaul.t

THE SCHOOL HOUSE A MORGUE.

Buildings Pronounced Secure Only Two Weeks Ago—Distressing Scenes.

During recess of the public school at Pleasant Ridge, Ohio, a number of children lost their lives. When school recessed there was a playful rush into the outhouse, which gave way, precipitating about twenty children into the vault.

At 11:30 a. m. nine bodies had been recovered. At that hour an estimate of those missing placed the number of those who had fallen into the vault at twenty-five. It was said the joists under the flooring gave way and precipitated all who were inside at the time.

The population of the village soon surrounded the school grounds, and people were flocking into the town from the surrounding country. The excitement was intensified by complaints of parents against the school officers, who said the building and grounds were inspected before the opening of school two weeks ago. Doctors attended such children as were rescued alive.

A distressing scene was witnessed as the search for the bodies was continued

BLOOMING MILL ACCIDENT.

Results in Death of Two Men Scalded by Steam.

An accident in the blooming mill department of the Ensley steel works resulted in the loss of two lives. Cyrus Leck, Jr., a young man about 19 years old, was burned so badly by escaping steam that he died. The other man who lost his life was a negro named John Thomas, who has been an employe of the steel works for a number of years.

Thomas was not employed in the immediate vicinity of the place where the accident occurred, but was passing through the building, and it is claimed by several who were present at the time that the negro lost his life in a futile attempt to rescue Cyrus Leck. The men were terribly burned and scalded all over their bodies, and both of them were internally burned from having to inhale the terrific blast of steam before they were rescued. The accident happened without a moment's warning, and after the excitement was over it was discovered that a connection near the bottom of an upright boiler had blown out, which allowed an immense amount of steam to escape.

Told Tales Out of School.

At Florence, Judge E. B Almon, of the circuit court, sprung a great sensation when he called the grand jury into court and charged them with divulging the secrets of the jury room. He said he had intended receiving the report of the foreman Saturday last and discharging the jury, but when he reached Florence, he had found the streets full of rumors to the effect that two members of the grand jury had held a meeting with outsiders who had prepared a typewritten report on matters before the jury. He called their attention to the oath they had taken and said if the rumors were true they should be indicted. He said he had at first intended investigating the matter himself, but on mature consideration had decided to refer it to the grand jurors themselves.

Free Thinkers.

The congress of Free Thinkers decided to meet in Paris in 1905 and in 1906 at Beunos Ayres for North and South Americans and Barcelona for Europeans, although the Spaniards in attendance at the present congress expressed the fear that the Madrid government will forbid the meeting.

Saw His Father Killed.

William Cummins, Sr., an old man 70 years of age, was struck by a switch engine on the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway at Huntsville. He was knocked down an embankment and so badly injured that he died a few hours later.

William Cummins, Jr., the old gentleman's son, is a brakeman and was on the engine. He saw his father and realized that he could not hear the engine approaching from behind, as he was very deaf, but the son could not stop the engine before it struck Mr. Cummins. The old man sustained internal injuries. He is survived by a widow.

Miners Refuse Terms.

The miners of district No. 19, United Mine Workers, have voted against the acceptance of the operators' proposal to reduce the wage scale about 7 per cent. The official count of the vote is 1,649 votes against acceptance and 569 1-2 votes in favor of acceptance. Of the subordinate unions in the district thirty voted against acceptance and twelve in favor.

Mississippi has had 569 killings in the last eight months.

ARCHBISHOP'S TRAIN

Collided with Engine—Bad Wreck, but No Fatalities.

A special train conveying the archbishop of Canterbury from Bar Harbor, Me., to Washington, was wrecked on the Boston and Albany division of the New York Central road. The archbishop was not injured, although considerably shaken up.

J. P. Morgan, of New York, who was also on the train, accompanying the archbishop, was shaken up, but not hurt.

The special was running sixty miles per hour, and was just passing the station at East Brookfield, Mass., when a detached locomotive which had been drawing a train on the North Brookfield branch ran upon the main line for some reason unexplained. The engineer of the special sighted a danger signal, but on account of the high speed of the train and the slippery condition of the rails due to the mist of the early morning, he found it impossible to do more than slightly reduce the speed of the locomotive. The engineer of the branch engine heard the onrush of the special, but he had no time to move out of the way.

The archbishop's train struck the North Brookfield engine with a terrific crash and demolished it. The other locomotive was thrown from the rails and landed across the east-bound track near the wreck of the North Brookfield engine. The cars did not leave the track.

PRESIDENT'S TRAIN

Meets with Accident—Was Running Slowly at the Time.

The president's train was delayed Thursday by an accident to the driving wheel of the locomotive as it entered the tunnel at Baltimore.

The train was proceeding at a very slow rate of speed when the accident occurred or the result might have been more serious. In some unaccountable manner the tire of a driving wheel broke and curled off. One end of it protruded upward and jammed through the boiler of the engine, causing an almost immediate snutting off of the steam.

The cause of the tire breaking, according to the railway officials, was quite inexplicable. The engine had been attached to the train just before leaving Philadelphia, and had been thoroughly tested and found to be in first-class condition. The accident, the railway officials say, is one of those which happen in spite of every precaution.

The accident is said to be the first which has happened to a train on which President Roosevelt has traveled during his administration.

LANE IS PRESIDENT.

Alabama Commercial and Industrial Association Meets.

With the election of officers the Alabama Commercial and Industrial association adjourned to meet next year at Decatur. Decatur was opposed by Selma for the next place of meeting, but on a vote Decatur secured the meeting by a large majority.

The officers elected were as follows: President, Charles P. Lane, Huntsville; vice presidents, first district, John Crafts, Mobile; second district, E. Burnett, Montgomery; third district, Charles Henderson, Troy; fourth district, blank; sixth district, R. P. Hobson, Greensboro; seventh district, C. P. Smith, Gadsden; eighth district, J. H. Edwards, Decatur; ninth district, E. J. Hudnall, Pratt City.

Before adjournment resolutions were adopted by the association indorsing good roads, compulsory education, deepening the channel of Mobile bay to 35 feet, the making of the Alabama river navigable from Mobile to the head waters and asking aid of congressmen in securing appropriations and for law and order occasioned by the recent outbreaks of mob violence.

Every commercial body in the state was represented at the association.

Signal Corps.

A new military company is being organized in Birmingham. It is to be a signal corps. A signal corps is practically the only branch of the service not represented in the Alabama national guard.

Chief Joseph Dead.

The death of Chief Joseph, of the Nez Perces, closes the career of one of the greatest figures in the early days of Indian campaigning in Montana.

Chief Joseph sprang into prominence as a result of a raid made by the Nez Perces under him in 1877 when, with about 300 of his followers, he went upon the warpath, massacreing the settlers in Willowa valley.

Chief Joseph's last battle was in the Bear Paw mountain, where he was trapped by General Nelson A. Miles. It was this battle that brought General Miles prominently before the public.

New Banks.

The comptroller of the currency has approved the application to organize the First National bank of Alexander City, with $35,000 capital; also, the application to organize the First National bank of Sylacauga, with $25,000 capital

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Residence Burns.

The residence of A. M. McGehee, one mile from Seale, burned Thursday. Practically all the furniture was lost.

CROP PROGRESS.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Climate and Crop Bulletin of the Weather Bureau—Alabama Section—For Week Ending Sept. 1, 1904.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

The drouth continues practically unbroken and all crops are suffering for rain over the entire state, except in a few northern counties, where local showers fell during the week. The days have been quite warm, but the nights were rather cool, light frosts being reported from Walker county on the night of the 16th. Cotton continues to rust and shed badly, and boll worms are still damaging in middle counties, with some few reports of caterpillars in middle and southern portions of the state. There is very little top crop forming, and late cotton has stopped fruiting through lack of moisture. It is opening rapidly and picking is being pushed, but labor is scarce. About one-half of the crop has been picked in southern counties, making a light yield. While the present prospect is that the cotton crop in this state will be below the average, but quite as good as that of last year. The gathering of early corn continues with a very good yield, while late corn needs rain. Considerable fodder and hay have been saved in excellent condition. Pastures, gardens and all minor crops need rain.

EXTRACTS FROM REPORTS OF CROP CORRESPONDENTS.

(County—Place.)

NORTHERN DISTRICT.

Calhoun, Weaver: Favorable weather for saving cotton and hay; cotton opening rapidly; no top crop; potatoes good.—D. F. Weaver

Cherokee, Weeda: Week favorable; cotton opening rapidly, picking progressing slowly, promising an average yield, though rust still spreading.—I. N. Estes.

DeKalb, Collinsville: Very dry; cotton still rusting and shedding, very little picked, no top crop, promising yield below the average.—F. P. Newman.

Etowah, Walnut Grove: Cotton rusting, shedding and opening slowly; fodder and hay being saved in good condition; corn fairly good.—A. P. Thompson.

Franklin, Burleson: All crops damaged by continued drouth; cotton promises yield far below the average.—A. L. Osborn.

Lamar, Moscow: Weather more favorable for cotton, no top crop, promising yield below the average; potatoes doing well.—J. A. Armstrong.

Lauderdale, Rogersville: No rust and shedding decreasing in cotton, picking progressing rapidly, no top crop, late cotton poor.—J. A. Pate.

Madison, Deposit: Still dry; cotton picking general, much shedding, little top crop, light yield promised; corn less promising than previously reported.—T. M. Bayless.

Marion, Winfield: Cotton about ceased fruiting, no top crop, picking general, some being marketed; all vegetation damaged by continued drouth.—W. J. Tull.

Morgan, Stringer: Drouth continues; cotton opening rapidly, picking commenced, no top crop, promising yield below last year's; minor crops poor.—J. C. Tanner.

St. Claire, Steele: Rust and shedding in cotton increasing, promising yield below last year's; all will be open in about twenty days.—Fred Smith.

Walker, Loss Creek: Rain needed; cotton ceased fruiting, opening rapidly, none picked, promising yield far below average; fodder pulling progressing.—R. A. Romine.

MIDDLE DISTRICT.

Autauga, Haynes: Cotton rusting and shedding badly, considerable open, picking progressing rapidly, no top crop, prospective yield below the average.—W. N. Gaines.

Bibb, Brierfield: Rust and shedding in cotton increasing, considerable open, prospective yield below last year's, late not opening.—Frank Fitch.

Bullock, Suspension: Week dry; rust in cotton increasing, picking progressing rapidly, little top crop, average yield of early planted promised.—H. B. Walker.

Chambers, Oak Bowery: Cotton deteriorating rapidly, no top crop on early, prospective yield of late far below average; turnips a failure.—J. D. Harris.

Chilton, Maplesville: Late crops need rain; favorable weather for saving fodder, hay and cotton; no corn gathered.—W. Y. Nix.

Choctaw, Yantley: Very dry; considerable cotton open and picking progressing, promising yield below last year's.—J. A. Davison.

Clay, Goodwater: Favorable weather for saving hay and fodder, though too dry for cotton, which promises yield below the average.—R. C. Meacam.

Dallas, Plantersville: Rust and blight damaging all cotton, the early nearly all picked, yield light, late not promising; minor crops need rain.—J. A. Fulford.

Elmore, Spigners: Cotton opening rapidly, promising yield slightly below the average; potatoes and minor crops need rain.—W. P. Clark.

Green, Tishabee: Rust and shedding in cotton continues, picking progressing slowly, prospective yield far below last year's. —G. H. David.

Marengo, Moss: Rust in cotton and shedding of small bolls prevalent, no top crop; very little corn being gathered.—J. B. Lewis.

Perry, Walthalls: Considerable shedding in cotton, picking progressing slowly; no top crop; prospective yield below the average.—R. A. Hardie.

Pickens, Ethelsville: Cotton damaged by drouth, picking progressing slowly; no top crop; prospective yield below the average; corn promises yield below the average.—H. C. Moorhead.

Randolph, Wildwood: Cotton not so promising as previously reported, no top crop; nearly all fodder pulled; sorghum being ground.—H. D. Landers.

Russell, Hyram: Rust and shedding in cotton increasing, very little top crop, late poor; prospective yield about the same as last year's.—John E. Bush.

Sumter, Sumterville: Cotton has shed most of its squares, opening rapidly, picking progressing fairly well, prospective yield far below the average.—Godfrey Bros.

Talladega, Talladega: Rust and shedding in cotton increasing, promising yield far below the average, too dry for late cotton.—H. M. Burt.

Tuscaloosa, Olmstead Station: Considerable cotton open, prospective yield about the same as last year's.—C. B. Olmstead.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Baldwin, Magnolia Springs: Favorable week for haying; late sweet potatoes doing well; corn about gathered; rice yielding well.—H. P. Krueger.

Barbour, Mt. Andrew: Rust and shedding in cotton general, some top crop, late doing fairly well, picking progressing, promising yield about same as last year's.—S. J. Lambard.

Conecuh, Belleville: Favorable week for gathering cotton, opening rapidly, promising yield about the same as last year's.—W. M. Newton.

Houston, Lucy: Cotton continues to shed, nearly all open, picking well under way, late not fruiting, promising yield below the average.—A. L. Crosby.

Mobile, Spring Hill: Week favorable; crops doing well.—G. P. Bryan, S. J.

Monroe, Turnbull: Cotton nearly all open, though leaves badly damaged by caterpillars; peas, potatoes and turnips need rain.—J. H. McCray.

Pike, Milo: No rain; considerable cotton picked, no top crop, promising yield below last year's; corn light, too dry for potatoes.—J. M. Warren.

Wilcox, Alberta: Nearly all cotton open, picking progressing, promising yield below last year's, late unpromising; potatoes poor.—W. A. Menafee.

THOMAS CRAWFORD,
Observer, Temporarily in Charge.

COTTON PICKING.

Is Now General—Shedding is Reported—Dry Weather Hurtful.

The weather bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions says:

While the weather conditions of the week ending September 19th were generally favorable for gathering crops in nearly all districts, low night temperatures in the more northerly portions have delayed the maturity of late crops. Frosts occurred as far south as Oklahoma and Tennessee, but little or no damage resulted.

Late corn is maturing rapidly in the western portion of the belt, but the crop is ripening slowly in the eastern and central sections.

Complaints of shedding are still received from the eastern section and the northern portion of the western section of the cotton belt, but reports of rust are not so general. Except in North Carolina the staple is opening rapidly in all districts, in some localities prematurely, and picking is general, although delayed by rain in portions of Texas, from which state as well as from Georgia scarcity of pickers is reported.

Dry weatner is causing injury to late cotton generally in the central and eastern sections, and a light or no top crop is indicated in the central and caterpillars are causing injury in Oklahoma, Louisiana, Alabama and South Carolina. In Texas the boll weevils continue as damaging in southwestern, coast, central, eastern and a number of northern counties as the advancement of the season permits.

Army Marriages.

That no army officer be permitted to marry until he has first secured the permission of the secretary of war and satisfied that official that his income will support himself and his family, and that he is entirely free from debt, is the recommendation made by Henry G. Corbin, adjutant general commanding the Atlantic division and department of the east, which was issued at the war department.

Decatur Library.

The new Carnegie library is almost completed and work is well under way on the new brick Presbyterian church which will cost upward of $10,000.

Payment on Friars' Lands.

The first payment of $2,000,000 on account of the purchase of the friar lands in the Philippines has been authorized by the war department. There has been on deposit in New York since last December the fund of $7,236,000 realized from the sale of bonds authorized to be issued in purchase of the friar lands, and a draft for the first payment will be made on the Bank of England.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

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DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District.
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
W. W. WHITESIDES.

County.

Probate Judge.
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk.
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collector.
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer.
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education.
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner.
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

The Advocate continues to "hare rang," but the populist administration has lost its rabbit foot.

"Plunkett" should do all his writing by proxy. The phraseology, by proxy, is a little better than his usual matter.

All Democrats are now at work to make the majority for their ticket so big that the opposition will wonder what struck 'em.

Three City Court bills received Judge Longshore's supporting vote while he was in the Legislature. The Judge says it's a no-such-a-thing, but the House Journal has his vote recorded "aye" all right enough.

The populist leaders have never been able to explain why the tax rate in Shelby county jumped in one year from a four mill tax rate under Democratic administration, to a seven mill rate under the populist maladministration?

The Advocate is getting desperate. That is not to be wondered at, when it knows its ticket is losing ground every day. Poor Handy Andy; it is hard to be cut off from the public pap upon which he has been living lo these many years.

The correspondence(?) from Beat 9, in the Advocate last week, bears the familiar earmarks, "hare rang" and all, of one of the many editorial(!) writers on that sheet. The people know that "Honest John" in the sky parlor had a finger in the pie.

Dissolution Notice.—On November 9th, the partnership now existing between the populist bosses and the black and tans, will be dissolved because of mutual disagreement. As there will be no assets, the appointment of a receiver will be dispensed with.

The "trial order" plea, in relation to the road machinery, which Judge Longshore hugs so closely to his bosom will not go down with people who believe in abiding by a contract. The road machinery, next to the illegal tax levies made by the populist administration, is causing considerable worry to the populist bosses.

The Advocate's triumvirate of editorial(!) writers would not recognize the truth if they were to meet it in the middle of the road. Its slam at that old, gray-haired and crippled ex-Confederate soldier, W. R. A. Milner, is so glaringly false that even some of its own following condemn it. However, that expression is in keeping with the campaign of deception, prejudice and falsehood that sheet has strictly adhered to all through this campaign.

Time after time has the populist administration taxed the people of Shelby county for bridges which have never been built. Neither were they contracted for nor the debt created for them which the Constitution requires must be done before the levies are made; and when Judge Longshore admits is true. The people have been made to pay all these unlawful, illegal and infamous tax levies, while the railroads, the rich corporations, sit in the easy chair and watch the common people pay tribute to populist usurpation. The railroads don't pay, you know. Such discrimination against the people—the wage earner, the merchant, the farmer, the doctor—smacks of the sentiment once expressed by Vanderbilt: "The people be damned!" The railroads like it because they do not have to pay; the common people are compelled to pay whether they like it or not. That's an illustration of "equal rights to all, and special privileges to none," as demonstrated by the populist administration in this county.

A Monumental Prevaricator.

To keep in line with its course of misrepresentation, deception, falsehoods, etcetera, which the Advocate has persistently followed during this campaign; it worked off the following last week—a mighty effort during its throes of approaching disruption and dissolution:

"Every charge that D. R. McMillan and The Sentinel made against the populist during the canvass has proven to be false and without foundation. The people see that the Democratic party is trying to bluff its way through."

Ananias is out-classed all round when the Advocate winds up its prevaricating machine, and it is a close second to its political advisers.

The Circuit Court of Shelby county says the tax levies made by the populist administration were without authority of law, therefore illegal. The same court excused the railroads from paying that illegal tax. The Advocate says this court decision is "false and without foundation."

A decision of the Supreme Court of Alabama rendered in 1902, says that a levy for county purposes in excess of five mills is contrary to Constitutional provision, without authority of law and therefore illegal. The populist administration levied six mills. According to the Advocate the decisien of the Supreme Co rt is "false and without foundation." Yet under this same Supreme Court decision Judge Longshore instructed the Commissioners' Court to refund the excess tax collected from one of the large corporations in this this county. In all his speeches in this campaign Judge Longshore has contended that all tax levies under populist administration are legal. If what the Judge says be true, why, then, was a refund of taxes made to a rich land corporation? Was it a discrimination against the people in favor of the corporations? Under the same Supreme Court decision the railroads refused to pay the tax, and they have not paid it. Yet, the Advocate says the charge of illegal tax levies made against the populist administration "has proven to be false and without foundation." Great is the Advocate—as a prevaricator.

Contrary to Constitutional law the people of this county have been taxed for bridges that have never been built, never been co.tracted for, nor ever was the debt created for them. Judge Longshore admits that these specific bridge tax levies were illegal when he proclaimed from the stump time and again, that "you can't levy a tax for bridges under the State Constitution until you first build the bridges, or create the debt." Upon the same subject the Advocate whipsaws Judge Longshore's statement in the following:

"If the Sentinel was not trying to prejudice the people it would have said that there was a law *compelling* the Commissioners' Court to levy taxes for building bridges *before* the bridges are built."

We challenge the Advocate to produce any such law It cannot do it, for there is no such law. One of the charges against the populist administration is that it levied a special tax for bridges in direct violation of the organic law of the State, yet the Advocate says it is "false and without foundation," and in making such a statment it repudiates the minutes of the Commissioners' Court. Great is the Advocate—as a prevaricator.

The populist administration contracted for road machinery to the amount of nearly eight thousand dollars, and although Judge Longshore vehemently denies this yet the contract signed by that gentleman as Probate Judge is the best evidence. It is the contract against the Judge's denial. He calls it a "trial order," yet there is nothing in the contract about a "trial order"—it is simply a straight out purchase on the one condition: that the machinery will do work as guaranteed, and this is admitted by the administration. In its last issue the Advocate attempts to mislead the people when it says "time for filing complaint has expired." In other words the Advocate would lead the people to believe that suit cannot be brought for the collection of this claim because the time has expired in which to bring suit. This is not true. Suit can be brought in either the United States Court or the Circuit Court within three years from date of contract. Great is the Advocate—as a prevaricator.

Judge Longshore has tried to make a great deal of capital in the campaign by saying McMillan worked for the establishment of an "infamous" City Court in this county, and yet the House Journal records Judge Longshore with having voted for three "infamous" City Court bills while he was in the Legislature. The Judge says "I didn't do it. I didn't do it," but the records are against him, and you know, Judge Longshore said he was going to stand by the records in this campaign, but his record in the Legislature on City Court bills places him in such a ridiculous and inconsistent attitude just now that it gets next to him. Again it is the record of the House Journal against Judge Longshore's unsupported denial. The Advocate says the charge is "false and without foundation. Great is the Advocate—as a prevaricator.

The populist administration has almost doubled the tax rate from what it was under Democratic administrations, and this, too, with an increased valuation of over a million dollars. The Advocate says it is "false and without foundation." Great is the Advocate—as a prevaricator.

The above facts are some of the things the populist administration is charged with, and every one of them is substantiated by the records or the judgments of the courts. The Advocate says "every charge against the populist has proven to be false and without foundation." Great is the Advocate—as a prevaricator.

Pay Your Poll Tax.

Next week the Tax Collector will start on his first round, and The Sentinel would admonish all to pay their poll tax. The payment must be voluntary on the part of each, and the Tax Collector lays himself liable to fine and imprisonment if he asks or prompts you to pay it. For the benefit of our readers we quote Section 105 of the election law in relation to the payment of poll tax:

"Any person who shall pay the poll tax of another or advance him money for that purpose in order to influence his vote shall be guilty of bribery, and upon conviction thereof shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than one nor more than five years."

A person who offers to vote who is in possession of a poll tax receipt for which he has not paid, or which has been furnished him by another, is liable to imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Strange, Isn't It?

Sterrett, Ala., Sept. 26, '04.
Editor Sentinel, Columbiana.

It is beyond the comprehension of ordinary mortal how any white man with Southern blood in his veins can support the Republican party, or any part or tittle thereof, with the present black stain upon it. I am a Republican from principle but I am not for nor in sympathy with that element in the party which places itself upon a plane of equality with the negro, either socially or politically. And when the people of the South are confronted with such a condition (and it confronts them now) no self-respecting white man, no white man who has any regard for the sanctity of his home, for the safe-guard of his wife and daughters, or those of his neighbors, can nor will support any party or men who have thrust those conditions into the faces of the peop'e of the South. But one thing remains for him to do and that is to align himself with the party which in this State has hoisted the banner of "White Supremacy" until such time as the Republican party rids itself of a chief who dines with a negro, thus recognizing him as a social equal. When the Republican party rids itself of this contamination it will have become decent once more.

There is in Shelby county a wing of the Republican party which endorses every act of Mr. Roosevelt—a nation's leader who has fallen to the plane of social equality with the negro. This black and tan element has formed a fusion with the Peoples party in this county and have divided the ticket with them. Every Peoples party man who endorses that fusion also endorses the negro social equality acts of Mr. Roosevelt, and publish to the world that he believes in recognizing the negro as a social equal. He may deny this, but it is a fact nevertheless. The man who votes for the fusion ticket endorses the action of Mr Roosevelt when he deprived the white people of Indianola, Miss., of a postoffice for many months because they objected to a negro woman being their postmaster. I have in my possession a copy of the Congressional Record containing speeches and evidence before the United States Senate on the Indianola postoffice affair, and it is enough to make the blood boil in the veins of every Southern born white man. The man who votes the fusion ticket in this county endorses that scene in the Republican convention in Chicago when a little white girl, too young, too pure, too innocent to understand tne foul, degrading insult offered her, was placed upon the stand and hand with a kinky-headed negro marched back and forth before that great crowd of people, making a vivid illustration of Mr. Roosevelt's social equality yearnings for and with the negro. Is there a white man in this county who would see his little girl thus publicly degraded?

Again I say, the black and tan wing of the Republican party in this county endorse Mr. Roosevelt, and the Peoples party in this county does the same thing when it endorses the black and tan candidates upon the fusion ticket and asks the people to vote it. White men who believe in white supremacy; white men who are opposed to social recognition of the negro; white men who would hold in abeyance the inroads of an evil which otherwise must drag down the white race, will vote with the party next November which has adopted for its motto "White Supremacy."

REPUBLICAN,
Without any Negro Annex.

Practice What You Preach.

The Advocate, in its last issue, publishes the national platform of the Peoples Party, and of which the following is a part:

"As to those trusts and monopolies which are not public utilities or natural monopolies, we demand that those special privileges which they now enjoy and which alone enable them to exist, should be immediately withdrawn."

In view of the fact that the populist administration in this county has been extending "special privileges" to the railroads by levying an illegal tax upon the common people, and which the railroads do not pay, the above extract from the Peoples party platform places the populist leaders in this county in such an unenviable and ridiculous position that they deserve the condemnation of all men who believe in equal rights and justice to all.

The Advocate says The Sentinel shows a "littleness" in again referring to the Spring Creek affair. Well, brother, "littleness" does not express the manner in which you attempted to sugar-coat an action of which you and your dictators should be ashamed.

HARPERSVILLE.

Dentist John Stone, of Easonville, was in our community last week operating on teeth....The cotton crop will all soon be opened, gathered and sold, probably before the waive notes and mortgages are due ...The two Misses Bentley, of Vincent, were around last week telling their friends goodbye, as they expected to leave the next day for that grand old school of learning, the Judson....Our jovial farmer and ex-mail carrier, Mr Darling, says he is actually going to make two more bales of cotton this year than he will need....Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Martin moved last week to Falkville, North Alabama, where they expect to reside in the future. We regret very much to see these good people leave Harpersville, but hope they will be pleased with their new home. Mr Martin had lived here forty years or more, mercha dising most all of that time. He was foremost in church, politics and everything that came up which he thought would be best for his community and the people generally, and we always regret very much to see such men leave us. It seems that the whole country is in a moving way ....Mr. William Martin, aged about 60 years, died at his home on Kelley's Creek last Wednesday morning. He had lived within half a mile of the place he was born nearly all his life. He made a gallant soldier during the civil war, and if I mistake not was wounded a time or two. We have often heard him tell of the great battles that he was engaged in during that memorable time. He was a good citizen and neighbor: always ready and willing to accommodate. He was a member of the Rehobeth Methodist church, and his home was always a home for his preacher and his friends. To the bereaved wife and children we extend our sympathy. They have lost a kind husband and father; the community a good citizen, and the Democratic party a faithful number. Peace to his ashes. JAKE.

Notice.

We, the undersigned, endorse and recommend the Shelby County Division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia, as being the safest, cheapest and best insurance offered. The people should encourage and patronize a home institution.

W. L. Farley,
H. B. Lane, M.D.,
Prof. C. H. Florey,
J. L. Peters,
C. T. Acker, M.D.,
D. R. McMillan,
C. W. O'Hara.

Several agents are at work. From present indications the above Division will have one thousand members in the near future.

T. A. LEATHERS,
Division Agent.

THE
COLUMBIANA
LAND COMPANY

Buys and sells on commission real estate in town and country. Any person desiring to buy or sell real estate in Shelby county will find it to their advantage to communicate with this company. We pay all expenses of advertising, &c., and make no charge unless a sale is effected. We have listed several desirable pieces of property. Prompt attention given to all enquiries. Office up-stairs at rear of Browne & Leeper's office. Address Lock Box 232,

Columbiana, Ala.

Receiver's Sale.

J. C. Hendrix, et. al. vs. Mary J. Eyclesheimer } In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Alabama.

Under and by virtue of an amended order and decree of sale made and entered by the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Alabama, in the above stated cause, on to-wit: the 16th day of September, 1904, I, J. M. Duncan, Receiver for the Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, at the mines of said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Company, near Dogwood, Shelby county, Ala., on Tuesday, the 18th day of October, 1904, at 12 o'clock noon, for cash, or its equivalent in claims against said Montevallo Dogwood Coal Company which have been allowed in said cause, and cash sufficient to pay the pro rata of claims not held by such purchaser at said sale if any, and the costs of court, including expenses of receivership, the following described property to-wit: All and singular the property and assets of said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Company, to-wit: All its rights, title, interest and equities in and to the southeast quarter of southwest quarter, of section 29, township 21, range 3 west in Shelby county, Ala., the same being that acquired by and vested in the said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Company, as transferee and assignee of a bond for title, executed by Fannie E. Harrison, et als to Dogwood Coal Co., on to-wit: the 16th day of April, 1901: also all the rights, title, interests, estate and equities of said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., in and to northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 32; and the southwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 29, and 24 acres in and along the north side of the south east quarter of southeast quarter of section 29, all in township 21, range 3 west, in said Shelby county, Ala., not including any part of said southeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 29, heretofore sold by Mary Wooten to W. Z. Lovelady, and which said 24 acres is to be hereafter surveyed for accurate description—the said interest, etc., being that acquired by and vested in said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., by virtue of an agreement to convey the same executed to said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., by Mary Wooten, on to-wit: the 4th day of February, 1902; also all the improvements and personal property belonging to said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., viz: 2480 feet 16-lb. steel rail; 1 Cameron steam pump; 1 boiler, with hoisting engine and attachments; 1 pr. coal scales; 1 scale room; 1 office building; 1 blacksmith shop; 1 supply house; 1 2-room dwelling; 1 coal tipple; 1 water tank; 8 tram cars; 500 ft. ¾ inch steel rope; 1 pair chain tongs; 1 Stillson pipe wrench; 20 miners' picks; 32 mule shoes; 5 gallons miners oil; ½ barrel black oil; ½ barrel red oil; 3 augur twists; 15 blasting barrels; 4 scrapes; 3 coal shovels; ½ keg T rail spikes; 100 lbs. wire nails; 1 set pipe stocks and dies; 1 pipe cutter; 1 foot adz; 3 hammers; 1 sledge hammer; 1 spike hammer; 1 2-horse wagon; 128 brase checks; 1 steam jet; 3 side oil cans; 17 rolls blasting paper; 4 steel wedges; 1 box pipe fittings; 2 shovel handles; 2 measuring pots; 1 grind stone; 1 anvil; 1 bellows; 1 vise; 1 desk; 1 iron safe; 1 hand hammer; 1 shoeing hammer; 2 pair blacksmith tongs; 1 drawing knife; 1 cross cut saw; 1 hand saw; 1 set screw plates; 1 brace and bit; 1 signal gong; 450 feet ¾ inch steam pipe; 450 feet 2 inch pipe; 80 feet 2½ inch pipe; 40 feet 3 inch pipe; 1 work bench and vise and 3 coal forks.

J. M. DUNCAN, Receiver for
Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co.
Postoffice address Bloctou, Ala.

SHOES, SHOES

SHOES, SHOES,

SHOES.

That is all I am talking about just now. I have the shoe to suit you and the price is right. Come to see what I have.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

PURE
Apple
Vinegar
PURE

The Hawkes' Spectacles are recognized the country over as being the best in the market. I have a complete line of these goods, and would lise to show them to you.

RUFUS LESTER

NEW CLOTHING

Boys, Young Men and Old Men.

HAVE YOU seen our new stock? Even if you are not ready to buy now, come in and see the goods and styles. The tendency of the weaves this year is towards the smooth finish, and they are very pretty.

THE PRICE is right in every instance, in keeping with the reputation we have made of giving the best goods for the least money. Come to see us.

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,

Montevallo, Ala.

MRS. M. WOOLLEY,

Montevallo's Fashionable Milliner

Invites the Ladies of Montevallo to attend the opening of her new millinery stock, Thursday and Friday,

September 29 and 30

She will have on display all the Latest Styles, Shapes and Designs in Pretty Millinery.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO, - - ALABBMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA.

Dr. W. P. HAMNER,
DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office north front room, second floor, Liles Building.

For Sale.

A good four room house, 33 acres of land attached, in fine cultivation, within gunshot of the best school in Shelby county. Apply to

J. W. JOHNSTON.

For Rent.

One store house. Call on or address
H. E SMITH.
Wilsonville, Ala.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION
.....OF.....
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS July 6th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$37,584.41	Capital paid in.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	26,013.59
Other Real Estate.....	3.000.00	Rediscounts.....	18.244.98
Cash and with other Banks	13,710.30	Undivided profits.....	2.036.14
	$61,294.71		$61,294.71

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of July, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.
Office upstiars in Bank Building.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM, : : : : : : : : ALA

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA

. . IT IS MONEY IN YOUR POCKET . .

That is what you want, - - And that is Business

I can save you money in the Grocery line, taking into consideration QUALITY of goods purchased. Beautiful line of Stationery and School Supplies. Goods guarateed to be as represented or money refunded, Call to see us.

J. R. WHITE.

SHIELDS BRAND

FITS SHIELDS BRAND WEARS WELL WELL

CLOTHING

Don't be talked into taking something "just as good." One trial of the "SHIELDS' BRAND" clothing will convince you that it is the best suit sold for the money.

—FOR SALE BY—

AVERYT & AVERYT

SHELBY, ALA.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

Telephone No. 17.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Frank Robertson, of Beat 9, was in town Monday.

S. H. Wallace was a Klein visitor in town last Saturday.

Solicitor W. R. Oliver, of Calera, was in town several days last week.

A. H. Avery, Superintendent of the Shelby Iron Works, was in town a few hours last Friday.

Clarence H. Smith was down from Wilsonville last Sunday for a short visit with friends.

Rev. C. W. O'Hara has recently purchased the residence of C. C. DuBose and has taken possession.

Prof. and Mrs. S. Dowell returned last Sunday from a few weeks' visit with relatives in Virginia.

W. W. Millender, of near Harpersville, was in town Monday a few hours. He paid this office a call.

J. S. Falkner, of Vincent, Democratic candidate for Tax Assessor, was in town a few days last week.

Cool weather has brought out the wool hat, and the straw one has been laid on the shelf for a future season.

Misses Nannie and Nellie Johnson, of Rock Run, were the guests of Miss McGibony last Saturday and Sunday.

And now for a successful school year for the Columbiana Graded school. It will open up in good shape next Monday.

J. E. Adams, of Weldon, the Democratic nominee for Tax Collector, was in Columbiana a few hours last Saturday.

Do you use spectacles? If so, read Rufus Lester's advertisement in this issue He tells you about the Hawkes' spectacles.

Arthur Armstrong, who has a clerical position in Childersburg, was at home Sunday for a short visit with his mother.

Beginning with next Wednesday night the Union prayer meeting will be held in the Presbyterian church for the month of October.

The Centreville Press says the jails of the country are kept up, while the schools are allowed to decay and rot. Now we wonder—but that's another story.

Miss Minnie McGibony, who is a student at Wheeler's Business College in Birmingham, was down last Saturday and Sunday for a short visit with homefolks.

T. J. Smith, foreman of the jail building spent Saturday and Sunday in Birmingham with his sister. Mr Smith says it has been nineteen years since he and his sister had met.

Miss Margaret Browne has gone to Montgomery where she will take a post graduate course in the Collins-Chamberlain school. Miss Browne graduated from the Montgomery High School last year.

Circuit Court convenes Monday.

The friends of Henry Latham will be glad to learn that he is improving, even though slowly.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Nelson, at Shelby Springs, a girl on Monday of last week—the 22nd.

Dr. C. Wilson, of Birmingham, was called to Columbiana Tuesday because of the serious illness of Mrs. J. R. White.

Prof C. H Florey, of Harpersville, is in town this week. He is a member of the Board of Registrars which is in session.

Mrs. S. J. Hebson, of Sylacauga, arrived in the city on Monday for a weeks' visit with her daughter, Mrs. Joe P. Roberts.

As we go to press today we learn of the marriage early this (Wednesday) morning of Mr. Alphonse Verchot and Miss Bessie Robertson. Particulars next week.

Miss Edna Nelson tendered her resignation, Monday, as a member of the Columbiana Graded School faculty, and the Board met on the same day and elected Miss Loulah Wilson to fill the vacancy.

Miss Val Christian, of Atlanta, Ga., visited her cousin, Miss Rosser Christian a part of last week and left Tuesday for Birmingham for a short visit with relatives before returning home. Miss Rosser accompanied her.

W. G. Parker, who has the contract for the Abercrombie store room, has put up one of the most substantial buildings in the city for Mr. Abercrombie. It will be ready for occupancy about the 15th of October.

In this issue will be found the advertisement of the Columbiana Land Company. If you have a piece of property for sale, or if you want to buy property, call on this firm. Office upstair, rear Browne & Leeper's office.

A vexatious error occurred in The Sentinel last week, in which we said Mrs. Callahan was visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Nelson, when we should have said Mrs. Haygood. The Sentinel was misinformed as to the name.

Mrs T. M. Roberts came down from Anniston on Monday, called here by the serious illness of her daughter, Mrs. J. R. White. The Sentinel is pleased to be able to state that Mrs. White is some better, but still a very sick woman.

Mrs. Ella Campbell, of Atlanta, Ga., visited her aunt, Mrs. Christian a few days last week, and left Tuesday for Birmingham for a visit with relatives before returning home. Mrs. Campbell is a sister-in-law of Geo. D. Campbell of this place.

J. R. Mitchell, a prominent farmer, of Beat 9, came in and subscribed for The Sentinel last Saturday. Mr. Mitchell is one of the substantial farmers of the county, and says he will raise between thirty-five and forty bales of cotton this season.

A change in the advertisement of Milner & Christian in this issue of The Sentinel may be of interest to our readers. People who are located on the rural routes recently established out of Columbiana will be interested in something this firm has to say.

E. W. D. Shirley, one of the farmer friends of The Sentinel, was in the city Saturday, and while here came in and had his subsciption pushed up to 1905. Mr. Shirley informs us that a little boy babe came to his home on Tuesday of last week, and that he is a thoroughbred Democrat.

Death of W. A. Spear.

It is with the deepest feeling of sorrow that The Sentinel chronicles the death of Hon. W. A. Spear, which occurred at Ashland, Sunday, September 18, 1904.

Mr. Spear was quite well known to the people of Shelby county, having taught school for several years past at Wilsonville, where he made an enviable reputation as an educator and a man of sterling worth. In the spring of 1903, he returned to his native county—Clay, to enter upon the study of law, and while pursuing his studies there the Democratic party of that county made him its chairman. A few days later he was called upon to resign this place to accept the Democratic nomination for Superintendent of Education, and had he lived he would have been overwhelmingly elected in November.

The deceased was a young man, and from all indications had a brilliant future. He leaves a wife and three little boys to mourn his death.

The Shelby County Musical Convention.

The Semi-Annual session of this convention will be held at Mt. Chapel church (Calvary, Ala.), on the first Saturday and Sunday in October, commencing on Saturday at 2 p m A full attendance is desired "How to Increase the Musical Interest in the Church, Sunday School and Home," will be discussed by the convention. All ministers of the gospel, Sunday school worker, singing teacher, organists, singing classes and all lovers of good music are cordially invited to be present. Music teachers are required to report their work in the song field. Come and bring your song books.

W. H. FARR, Secretary. JOHN M. DYE, President.

Hon. Sydney J. Bowie, Congressman from this district and nominee of the Democrats for re election, was in town for a few hours Tuesday Mr. Bowie is among the most popular of Alabama's delegation in Congress, and his re-election this fall will be by a larger majority than he ever before received. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call from Mr. Bowie.

Miss Ada Finley spent Sunday afternoon at Shelby with friends.

WILSONVILLE.

George Smith and family, of Covington, Ga., are visiting at the home of his father, Col. W. T. Smith .... Leon and Elgin Pope left Wednesday for Marion, where they will attend the M. M. I. this year....Mr. Lanier, of Kymulga, visited friends here Sunday....Dr. H. A. Griffith, of North Alabama, visited friends here Friday and Saturday....Misses Minnie Weldon and Vera Jackson left Wednesday for Marion, to enter the Judson Institute....G. Kytle and family are visiting relatives here this week..... The citizens of Wilsonville and surrounding community were very much pained to hear of the death of Prof. W. A. Spear, of Ashland, Ala. Prof. Spear taught school here for 3 years. He came here a stranger, but left us, honored and loved by all who knew him. He was indeed, a perfect gentleman, a loyal cltizen, and a true christian. This truly is one of the great mysteries that God holds from us in taking away from earth, so soon in life, one so full of intelligence and refinement with such bright prospects to make his name famous upon the pages of his country as a true christian and loyal citizen....Mrs. Jno W. Tumblin arrived in the city Sunday, p. m., and joined her husband. Prof. and Mrs. Tumblin are at home to their friends at the hotel.....Messrs. Simpson and Nivens of the Southern Railroad visited friends and relatives here Sunday....Rev. O. P. Bentley, of Vincent, filled his appointment here Sunday and Sunday night, but Bro. J. H. Pope, of Talladega, filled the sacred stand Sunday a.m., and preached to an attentive congregation....E. Williamson and little son, of Talladega, visited in the city Monday afternoon.....The many friends of Claude and Miss Bernie Ray are glad to see them out again after a continued illness with fever....Mrs. Tyler Wilby, after a short visit with her father, Major J. W. Bolin, returned to Atlanta, Monday.

ROBIN REDBREAST.

CALERA.

Services at the Presbyterian church Sunday....No rain yet, and the wells failing ...Esq. J. B. Ozley, who has been sick for three weeks, is able to be up... No serious case of sickness in town now. Good record for a town of Calera's size at this time of year .. Politics quiet, but Democrats are hopeful for the ticket....Mrs Mollie Wilson, nee Gardner, of Bibb county, and her interesting little daughter, stopped over several hours Sunday, the guest of Mrs. Gist.....Mrs. Minnie Gist, of Washington, D. C., who has been on a visit to friends and relatives for the past two months, left for her home on Saturday last, accompanied by her two little daughters, Pearl and Lillian...The Odd Fellows of Calera and vicinity, of whom there are quite a number, are talking of organizing a lodge at this place in the near future... ..Cotton is selling at fairly good prices in this market. A number of bales were sold here last week....Henry Sanders, section foreman on the 3-B's road, was visiting in Calera Sunday. He was accompanied by his wife and son. They were the guests of D. B. Atkins....Several real estate deals, we understand, have been made in Calera the past week.....L. N. Bowdon and family were visitors to his brother, Hon. R. E. Bowdon, at Hardyville over Sunday.....J. S. Falkner, Democratic nominee for Tax Assessor, was in Calera Monday.

UNCLE SAM.

Millinery Opening.

The Columbiana Millinery Shop will have its formal opening for the display of fall and winter millinery on Friday and Saturday of this week. Miss Florence Fallaw, the milliner in charge, cordially invites the ladies of Columbiana and surrounding vicinity to call and see a display of the very latest styles and shapes in millinery Whether or not you are an intended purchaser Miss Fallaw will be glad to see you.

If you do not get an invitation to the opening, it is purely an oversight.

New Firm.

J. T. Heard has recently located in Columbiana, and has opened up a stock of Dry Goods, Gents' Furnishings and Shoes. Mr. Heard will be glad for all to call and see his stock, and get acquainted Fair and honest treatment to all is his motto. Mr. J. T McMillan has been employed by Mr. Heard as salesman.

PROGRAM

Beat Sunday School Association, Beat 16, to be Held in the Methodist Church, Vincent, Oct. 9, 1904.

MORNING SESSION.

10:00 a. m.—Devotional exercises. Rev. C. C. O'Neal.
10:30—Need of parents.—How to secure their attendance. C. H. Florey.
10:45—How can the teacher secure home tudy on the part of the scholars. J.E Holmes.
11:00—Power of example in and out of the Sunday School. S. Dowell.
11:30—Enrollment of delegates. Appointment of committees.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2:00 p. m.—Devotional exercises, M. E. Vincent.
2:15—Reports from the schools.
2:30—Why am I in the Sunday school work and what am I here for? — Mrs. D. E Posey.
2:45—The primary work. Miss Minnie Kennedy, of Opelika.
3:15—The weak points in our work. S. Hodge.
3:30—Selection of next place of meeting.

By MRS. S. T. DARNELL, Chairman Program Committee. J. S. FALKNER, Pres. S. HODGE, Secretary.

Dr Brunk from Selma will make regular visits to Montevallo the first Thursday of each month, and to Columbiana the fallowing Friday and Saturday, to see Eye, Ear and Throat cases. In Montevallo at Dr. Wilkinson's office, at White House in Columbiana. Next visit October 6th. 7th and 8th. S pt 8-1m.

City Tax Collector's Notice.

The City taxes for the year 1904, will be due and payable on September 15th, 1904, and the same will become delinquent on November 15th, 1904.

S. W. NELSON, City Tax Collector.

WANTED.—Quickly, a few persons to represent long established wholesale house among retail merchants and agents. Local territory of few counties. $18 salary and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Commission extra. Permanent engagement. Business successful. Previous experience not essential. Enclose self addressed envelope. Address SUPERINTENDENT TRAVELERS. 325 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Strayed or Stolen.

One light sorrel mare mule, about 10 years old; weight about 1000 pounds, with black stripe along back; strayed from Mossboro, Shelby county, Ala., about August 22, 1904. Liberal reward for return of mule or for information leading to recovery. Address P. O. Box 873, Birmingham, Ala.

Horses, Mules, Horses

Mr, Edward P. Halstead, Veterinary Surgeon and Animal Medicine Specialist, from Hereford, England, and who has located at Demopolis, Alabama, begs to inform the public generally, that he will attend Columbiana, Ala., at Mr. W. A. Parker's Stable on Monday and Tuesday, October 3d and 4th, for the treatment of lame and sick horses and mules. Terms moderate, highest references.

OVERCOATS

Latest Styles and Best Qualities.

CLOTHING!

(Famous Shield's Brand.)

Cold weather is coming on the run, and so will you be soon, for summer clothes must lay by soon for heavier garb.

Prices Right

U. S. MAIL RURAL FREE DELIVERY BOXES, just what you need and wha you must have if you are to get your mail by these routes We have them in several styles which have been approved by the Post Office Department.

To the Farmers we say

Do Not Sell Your Cotton!

until you have called to see us.

It Might be Money in Your Pocket.

MILNER & CHRISTIAN

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

HILLMAN

TAILORS . . .

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S

..TAILOR - MADE - SUITS..

TO ORDER.

Cleaning, Repairing, Pressing and Dyeing

A complete line of

. . . Furnishing Goods . . .

Next door to Postoffice.

GORDON, the Tailor.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

E. W. BURT, Proprietor.

Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers

Your Patronage is Solicited

Telephone 38. - - - - - 'Bus Meets All Trains

COLUMBIANA

GRADED SCHOOL,

Opens Monday, October 3rd,

TUITION FREE . . .

TO ANY CHILD IN SHELBY COUNTY.

FACULTY:

SUPERINTENDENT,	PROF. S. DOWELL
7th and 8th Grade,	MISS STELLA POWELL
5th and 6th Grade,	MISS ESTHER MASON
3rd and 4th Grade,	MISS CARRIE ROWE
1st and 2nd Grade,	MISS LOULAH WILSON

Graduates from this school can enter the Freshman Class in the State University, or the Sophomore Class in the State Colleges without any further examination.

Board for pupils can be procured at from $8 to $10 per month. The school is surrounded and governed by christian influence. For information relative to the school, address

Supt. S. Dowell, or Mayor W. B. Browne, Pres. of Board

BIRMINGHAM

Title and Guarantee Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles

J. K. BROCKMAN, Gen'l Mgr.

Write for particulars. Birmingham, Ala

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Rear Admiral Hichborn Recommends Pe-ru-na

Philip Hichborn, Rear Admiral United States Navy, writes from Washington, D. C., as follows:

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No remedy ever yet devised has received such unstinted eulogy from so many renowned statesmen and military men as Peruna.

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Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Sunshine is so rare in England that the government takes care to measure it. The official summing up for 1903 as regards sunshine shows that all districts in the British isles, with one exception, fell short of the average. Commonly the islands in the English channel have a large share of sunshine, but last year they were 135 sunny hours short.

In certain localities in Europe and Asia the people still adhere to the curious custom of salting new-born babies. The method varies with the different nationalities of the people using it. The mothers think it gives health and strength and keeps evil spirits away.

Particulars were given in several London papers recently of sheep, when killed, being found with gold coated teeth owing to their having cropped short grass in gold bearing districts of Australia.

One of the most poisonous substances known—prussic acid—is an extract from peach stones.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Missionaries are at work in 247 of the walled cities of China.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Among the Japanese one divorce takes place for every four marriages.

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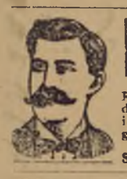

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ORCHARD and GARDEN

The Milk Veins.

The milk veins found along the stomach of the cow should be very tortuous. They wind about on the belly and pass into the body through orifices in the rear of the fore flank. Their duty is to convey the venus blood to the lungs for purification. Hence, the larger the vein and the greater its ramifications, the better indication it is that the circulation of the blood through the udder is very large; and naturally, the larger the circulation of the blood the greater will be the milk production; because milk after all is really a product of the blood.—American Cultivator.

The Southdown Sheep.

The Southdown sheep still stands at the head of all the mutton breeds for quality of flesh, but some breeders favor Shropshire, because it is larger than the Southdown and shears more wool. The matter of wool should not be considered at all in the mutton breeds. While the Shropshire is a breed that is not easily excelled, yet the Southdown can subsist where the Shropshire would not thrive, and they can also be kept in larger flocks than any of the breeds except the Merinos. For improving the mutton qualities of common flocks the Southdown is claimed to be superior to all others.

Improving the Meadow.

There are many meadows yearly turned into pastures which might be saved for hay yields several years longer with a little care at the right time. One of the best ways of doing this at small expense is to plow the meadow early in August after manuring it well, and here is a way of utilizing manure one is storing under the shed, and which is going to waste, and sow rye in early September at the rate of two bushels an acre.

In April or as early as possible, plow under the rye, smooth and sow with grass seed, using a mixture best suited to your section or using a mixture of timothy, red top and clover, which is excellent in most sections, and will not contain enough clover to injure it for sale as prime mixed hay.—Indianapolis News.

The Colt the Coming Horse.

It should be remembered that if the colt is neglected in food or management there will be no good coming horse. Sometimes the mare is not a good nurse, and which case the milk may be supplemented with warm fresh cows' milk, diluted one-third with water. And a small amount of bran or oil, meal may be added occasionally to keep the digestive organs in a healthier condition, supply more bone and muscle-forming food, and give a sleeker finish to the colt. Oats should be added to the ration as soon as the foal is old enough to eat them. By teaching the foal to eat grain early it can be weaned much more easily. Plenty of good clean water should be at hand at all times. A little attention in these things will make a horse twice as valuable when put on the market or in the field.—Indiana Farmer.

Exhibiting Crops.

Any farmer who will religiously follow his county fairs from year to year will observe the opportunities there to make a reputation if he can grow one particular crop better than another. As everyone knows, one soil worker is an expert potato grower, another raises prize swine, another understands corn better than other crops, and so on.

Let each one take a specimen of that which he can grow best to the county fair and exhibit. Possibly he may not win a prize, but he will have a chance to see what others are doing and thus ascertain his own shortcomings. Again, his exhibit may attract the attention of some one who wants just the product he produces and a profitable business is worked up.

The educational advantages of the county fair ought not to be overlooked and the family should be taken to every one that can be reached at a moderate cost. Get out into the world and see what other farmers are doing; one will find them willing to talk and one may get enough good ideas at a single fair to pay for the expense of attendance 20 times over. Bear this item in mind as the fairs begin next month and in September.

Give the Boys Poultry.

As usual there is loud complaint from farmers that the children brought up on the farm are getting uneasy and want to try their wings elsewhere. This is not to be wondered at when these young people hear and read of what is going on in the world. The monotony of country life seems unbearable to them, especially when from the farm they obtain only plenty of hard work, the food they eat and the clothes they wear. True, one may say that is about all any one gets out of life, but if we can plan some way by which the younger people can make a start for themselves they will be much more contented.

Poultry offers a way of trying out the feeling of the young folks at small expense. Give them a chance to raise poultry and have the proceeds for their own use and in a year or two they will have become reconciled to country life and be willing to make it their future or they will have shown their utter lack of adaptation for it, in which case the best thing for them and for the parent is to let them leave the farm and take up the work for which they are better fitted, but don't lose your grasp on the young people without first giving them a chance to do for themselves on the farm and show what is in them.

The Seeds Readily Take Root.

On nearly every farm there are several acres of ground deemed hardly worth reclaiming, yet much of this soil is sufficiently strong to make a fair growth of trees with little or no expense. One hardly realizes how readily the native trees grow until something calls his attention to it. The writer has had much to do with growing trees in the nursery, yet until this summer did not realize how readily the seed of the well known sugar maple sprouts. A number of pods were blown from a nearby maple and broken apart by a small boy of an investigating turn of mind. After satisfying his curiosity, the pods were thrown lightly aside.

Some of the seed came in contact with the soil and last week four miniature maple trees some five inches high were found growing nicely.

In sections of the country are located nurserymen who make a business of supplying small seedlings of native trees and at a price so low it is a shame that there is not a grove of trees on every farm in this country. The time is not far distant when there will be a great cry over the forestless sections of the country and we will probably import the lumber necessary to build houses and make furniture when by a little planting each year this disaster would be avoided. Do your share, reader, in increasing the wood supply of the country; even the farm wood lot will help in the grand aggregate.

Wheat for Fattening Pigs.

There are a number of states, notably in the west, where corn cannot be grown, but where wheat thrives. Considering the comparatively low price that prevails and has prevailed for a number of years for wheat, can this grain be successfully fed hogs? A number of farmers have asked this question, and recently an experiment was performed at the Oregon experiment station for the purpose of ascertaining the value of wheat as a pig feed. Oregon is a state where corn cannot be grown except in favored sections, and I have seen corn thrown to hogs there and the swine would run from it. It was indeed like "casting pearls before swine." But wheat. Well, the results of the experiment was such as to settle fully the question of whether wheat could produce pork equal in quality to corn-fed pork. The fat of wheat-fed hogs is very heavy and thick, and firm in texture. The lean meat is very juicy, and light in color. As to the rates of grain produced, the results will compare very favorably with any experiment ever performed by corn feeding. Some farmers mix oats, with wheat, chopping the two, and feeding it to the pigs in this way. It has been found that it is not advisable to do this. Pigs do not like the coarse hulls which are present in such abundance in chopped oats. Chopped wheat alone proves to be a splendid feed for hogs. On an average, and when fed judiciously there are 13 pounds of gain for each bushel of wheat fed. From this it can easily be seen that the western farmer who is obliged to sell his wheat for 38 or even 55 cents a bushel, could much better feed it to his hogs. Pigs should be fed slops from the kitchen for a while previous to the beginning of the wheat ration. They should not be allowed to run at large, but should be confined to a pen connected with a small lot, to which the pigs can have daily access. Each ration should be weighed out and allowed to soak till the next time for feeding. A handful of salt should be added each feed, and a double handful of charcoal fed twice each week. The breed of pigs used in the particular experiment referred to above, were Poland Chinas and Berkshires, the Berkshires predominating. The hogs were slaughtered when they reached the age of 11 months. Dennis H. Stovall, the Epitomist.

Radium in Spring Water.

Some of Prof. Curie's more recent experiments with radium have dealt with its presence in mineral waters. To an English interviewer the scientist said: "My experiments leave no room for doubt. There are certainly radio-active principles in these waters. But as I am not a doctor, it would be rash of me to say they have a curative virtue. However, in view of the facts we have to go upon, it seems highly probable that they have."

It is a very old medical opinion that the waters of certain famous springs must be taken on the spot or their curative virtues are lessened. Analysis is unable to give any explanation of the potent virtues of Carlsbad waters.

The discovery of radium in several springs offers a new and most interesting explanation of the hitherto mysterious and curative activity, which vanishes when they have been some time bottled. Taking samples of the radio-active springs, Profs. Curie and Laborde found that after bottling their activity fell by a half in four days, and eventually vanished altogether.

The Wise Cat.

"Labor saving inventions never do any real harm to laboring men and women," said Professor S. P. Langley, the scientist and aeronaut. "They who bemoan the appearance of labor saving devices are unwise."

Professor Langley smiled.

"Such unphilosophical persons," he resumed, "should learn a lesson from the stable cat. Have you heard of the stable cat? It sat on the horse's back.

"'Dear, dear,' the horse wailed. 'Now that automobiles are coming into such favor, I fear I shan't be wanted.'

"'Nonsense, said the stable cat. Don't carry on so, brother. The mouse trap didn't do away with me, did it?'"—New York Tribune.

Quinine in India.

The inhabitants of malarious regions in India can now purchase quinine at practically cost price. It is put up in small packages by the government and sold at the rate of one cent for ten grains.

BOY FIEND POMEROY.

He Has Read Steadily For Twenty-five Years in His Prison Cell.

If Jesse Pomeroy, the boy murderer in Charlestown prison, the juvenile fiend incarnate of 1876 be released from custody to-day he would come forth one of the most thoroughly read men of his age in Boston or in the world, so far as English literature is concerned. Since September 17, 1876, the date he entered prison, until now, he has spent almost the whole of his time, when not sleeping or eating, in reading. He has had access to the prison library, and has perused everything from the lightest novel up to the choicest classic.

When condemned to life imprisonment he was extremely illiterate. Although a pervert, he possessed a brain which was otherwise above the average.

His thinking faculties were sharp, shrewd and quick. Over twenty-four years spent in a prison cell has not dimmed them. To-day, at the age of forty-one, he is just as active mentally as he was when as a youth he concocted the crimes which startled the country.

"He does no work whatever except that which is necessary to keep his cell clean," said Warden Bridges. "Most prisoners doing solitary want employment. They make unique canes and curios to keep their minds employed, but Pomeroy is different. All he wants is books, and he devours them with the greatest avidity.

"Life-time prisoners who are not condemned to solitary confinement usually die before they have spent a quarter of a century in prison, and the average convict becomes mentally queer after eight or ten years behind the bars.

"Pomeroy is a phenomenon. He is to-day hale, hearty and of sound mind, barring his homicidal mania. He is quiet and tractable, but we always keep a sharp eye on him, for he is deep and crafty.

"He eats and sleeps well. The majority of people imagine that he is confined in a little four by eight cell, but that is a mistake. His quarters are commodious, well furnished and supplied with two windows."

Pomeroy confidently expects to receive a pardon, and frequently talks to his guards about it when his food is passed in to him.—Boston Post.

One of the street decorations in San Francisco during the Masonic meeting was a bell formed of 7,000 electric lights, strung from a crown of steel to a great ring, the crown and ring also being studded with incandescent bulbs. It was suspended fifty feet in the air over the street. The top was 175 feet from the ground and the ring was 150 feet in circumference. Shining down from the inside of the crown was a plate on which were a crown and cross and the motto, "In Hoc Signo Vinces," done in multicolored lights. The bell, which is said to have been the greatest piece of electrical illuminative work ever constructed, weighed six and one-half tons.

The eight largest diamonds in the world are what are known as crown jewels. Some of them are in an uncut state, and others are carefully cut and finished, so that there is a wide difference in their value. The Kohinoor, the smallest in weight, has been thus reduced by cutting, and is much the most valuable of the lot and has been estimated at less than $500,000. The list is as follows: The Braganza, part of the Portugal jewels, weighs 1880 carats; Kohinoor, belonging to the English crown, 103 carats; Star of Brazil, 125 carats; Austrian Kaiser, 139 carats; Russian Czar, 193 carats; Rajah of Borneo, 367 carats.

The Manu group of islands has been ceded to the United States by the king of Manu and his chiefs. This is the result of the fair rule of Tutuila by the Manu chiefs refused to cede the islands when the group was divided among the three powers. The Manu group are small islands, about seventy-five miles east of Tutuila. The population is less than 1,500.

In Armenia children are not allowed to play with dolls. It is feared that if this were permitted the little ones would learn to worship them as idols.

Many old houses in Holland have a special door, which is never opened save on two occasions—when there is a marriage or a death in the family.

The custom of marrying girls when they are mere children of 9 or 10 years is increasing rather than decreasing in Bengal and other parts of India. The resulting racial degradation is becoming so obvious that laws have been passed in several regions forbidding the marriage of girls under fourteen.

It is said that whenever Andrew Carnegie has in mind the gift of another library he first asks his wife's advice. If she approves, the donation is made. Mrs. Carnegie was Miss Louise Whitfield, of New York, and she married the iron king in 1887. They have one child, Margaret.

Keeping a tobacco shop in France is a position greatly coveted by gentlewomen in reduced circumstances. The sale of tobacco being a state monopoly the government generally bestows the right to keep a bureau de tabac on the widows and daughters of officers and government officials.

Charles E. Bliss, 26, a painter from Peru, Ind., where his father is a Seventh Day Adventist preacher, committed suicide by swallowing carbolic acid. At the coroner's inquest a woman testified that she and Bliss played a game of cards, the stake being his life against hers. Bliss lost.

There is a shortage reported in the cranberry crop this year.

To Prevent Tuberculosis in Germany.

The German Department of the Interior has issued a set of instructions conveying compulsory precautions to be taken against the spread of tuberculosis in the empire. The instructions consist of seven articles, providing that doctors, under all circumstances where their patients have lung or larynx tuberculosis, must give written notice to the police as soon as the case in question has been diagnosed; that immediately after the death of a person from this form of the disease the room he used and his effects must be thoroughly disinfected; professional women who lay out the dead must report at once in writing to the police authorities whether the disease was of the lungs or larynx; and that keepers of hotels, lodging houses, asylums or other public institutions shall report immediately the appearance of the disease in the establishment under their control. Non-compliance with these regulations is subject to a fine of $35.70 or six weeks' imprisonment.—Medical News.

An All-British Pacific Cable.

The new all-British Pacific cable has been definitely decided upon, and a tender of $8,985,000 for furnishing and laying the same accepted. The cable will be 7000 miles in all. The longest link, approximately 3500 miles, will be the longest single section in the world. The route taken by this new cable from Canada to Queensland, will be via Fanning Island, Fiji and Norfolk Islands, but the exact route will be kept secret in order to enhance the difficulty of cable-cutters in war time. As a matter of fact the cable is being laid with the idea of affording greater security to Great Britain and her colonies in times of war by ensuring uninterrupted cable communication by means of a cable touching only at British ports. It will be laid largely in deep water, and is to be completed before the end of 1902.

Mississippi appropriates $200,000 annually to her veterans, and South Carolina gives a like sum each year. The appropriation in Louisiana is but $75,000 a year, in Arkansas it is $55,000. Texas votes to the veterans $250,000 a year. Florida sets aside a tax of one mill to the pension fund. Tennessee pensions her old soldiers and maintains a soldiers' home.

The gambling propensities of the Russians are indicated by the fact that more than $1,500,000 is spent in Russia for playing cards. The Tsaritsa Maria charitable institutions have a monopoly of the manufacture and they make a large profit, as the production costs only about $250,000.

M. Dubois, of Paris, shows that it is possible by means of Roentgen rays to examine the living oyster without in any way injuring it and to ascertain whether or not it contains a pearl. If it contains only a tiny pearl the oyster is returned and is allowed to live until the disease has developed a large pearl.

Near Manantoddy, India, a man, while sitting in his compound with a striped blanket wrapped around his body, was mistaken for a tiger by another man, an inmate of his own house, and shot dead on the spot.

Mexican scientists have proved that a huge cypress tree, standing in Chepultepec, with a trunk 118 feet and 10 inches in circumference, is about 6,200 years old.

In 1903 Georgia paid to her pensioners $857,415. Since 1865 she has paid them over eight million dollars. There are over fifteen thousand enrolled pensioners.

The most frequented lake in Europe is the Lake of Lucerne; last year 20 steamboats plied on it and carried 1,529,000 passengers and over one thousand tons of baggage and freight.

A diamond ring valued at $150, which was lost in Great Barrington, Mass., fourteen years ago, was unearthed by chickens vigorously scratching in the soil recently.

Until lately the automobile made slow progress in Australia, but this season a decided increase in the number in use has taken place.

The home of the Oraibi branch of the Moqui Indians is a mesa 500 feet high, upon which the old Indians practice the snake dance and other favorite ceremonies of the tribe.

The canine population of Ireland is not far short of half a million, according to a return just issued.

Kissing of sacred pictures has been stopped in Mexico to avoid spreading of contagious diseases.

In the past thirty years Italy has sent more than 2,000,000 persons to the United States.

A score of people in Paris fish in the river for corks as a means of livelihood.

A Louisville, Ky., girl stepped on a needle. A year and a half later it was cut out of her shoulder.

Sir Thomas Lipton is to be the guest of President Francis at St. Louis.

Between English and French physicians there is a dispute as to whether perfumes are disinfectants.

Senator M. A. Hanna left an estate valued at $2,914,500.

The Sandwich islanders estimate the beauty of women by their weight.

Chinese will work nineteen hours a day without complaining.

WORDS OF WISDOM.

Example is more efficacious than precept.—Johnson.

Nothing is more disgraceful than insincerity.—Cicero.

To those whose god is honor, disgrace alone is sin.—A. W. Hare.

Courtesy is a duty public servants owe to the humblest member of society.—Lord Lytton.

The highest order that was ever instituted on earth is the order of faith.—Henry Ward Beecher.

There is no great achievement that is not the result of patient working and waiting.—J. G. Holland.

The silence of a friend commonly amounts to treachery. His not daring to say anything in our behalf implies but a tacit censure.—Hazlitt.

The flower of civilization is the finished man, the man of sense, of grace, of accomplishment, of social power—the gentleman.—Emerson.

There is a healthful hardiness about real dignity that never dreads contact and communion with others, however humble.—Washington Irving.

Thirty or forty years ago what one may call the public supply of toothpicks was unknown. Every gentleman carried one in his pocket, of gold or silver if he could afford it, one made of a goose quill if he could not afford the other, but it was not the practice to use it until after one had left the table.

Boston university has issued a circular inviting opinions on a proposal to hold an international conference for the purpose of adopting a "universal alphabet" by which to indicate the pronunciation of words in the leading European languages.

School boys with chestnut hair, it is said, are likely to be more clever than any others and will generally be found at the head of the class, and in like manner girls with fair hair are likely to be far more studious and bright than girls with dark hair.

THE STRAIN OF WORK.

Best of Backs Give Out Under the Burden of Daily Toil.

Lieutenant George G. Warren, of No. 3 Chemical, Washington, D. C., says: "It's an honest fact that Doan's Kidney Pills did me a great lot of good, and if it were not true I would not recommend them. It was the strain of lifting that brought on kidney trouble and weakened my back, but since using Doan's Kidney Pills I have lifted 600 pounds and felt no bad effects. I have not felt the trouble come back since, although I had suffered for five or six years, and other remedies had not helped me at all."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

King Alfonso XIII of Spain visited a large estate with the sole intention of witnessing the workings of various sorts of agricultural machinery, most of which came from America.

In Lapland the crime which is punished most severely, next to murder, is the marrying of a girl against the express wish of her parents.

Since the use of wire fences has become so extensive the number of cattle killed each year by lightning has greatly increased.

Miss Rose Peterson, Secretary Parkdale Tennis Club, Chicago, from experience advises all young girls who have pains and sickness peculiar to their sex, to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

How many beautiful young girls develop into worn, listless and hopeless women, simply because sufficient attention has not been paid to their physical development. No woman is exempt from physical weakness and periodic pain, and young girls just budding into womanhood should be carefully guided physically as well as morally. Another woman,

Miss Hannah E. Mershon, Collingswood, N.J., says:

"I thought I would write and tell you that, by following your kind advice, I feel like a new person. I was always thin and delicate, and so weak that I could hardly do anything. Menstruation was irregular.

"I tried a bottle of your **Vegetable Compound** and began to feel better right away. I continued its use, and am now well and strong, and menstruate regularly. I cannot say enough for what your medicine did for me." —*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will cure any woman in the land who suffers from womb troubles, inflammation of the ovaries, and kidney troubles.

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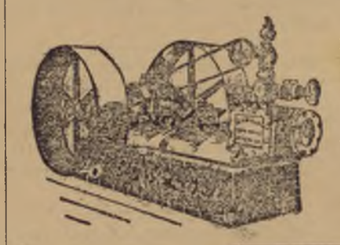

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Superior in Fit, Comfort and Wear.
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B. S. McCUE, Dept. Coll., U.S. Int. Revenue, Richmond, Va.
W. L. Douglas uses Corona Colt skin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest Patent Leather made.
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COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., OCTOBER 6, 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 6

CROP PROGRESS.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Climate and Crop Bulletin of the Weather Bureau—Alabama Section—For Week Ending September 26, 1904.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

While the weather conditions of the past week were generally favorable for gathering crops, dry weather continues in middle and southeastern counties, injuring late cotton, late corn and minor crops, but elsewhere over the state fairly well distributed and beneficial showers fell, being locally heavy with high winds, damaging crops in Calhoun county on the 22d. Complaints of cotton shedding and rusting are still received, but not so general as previously reported; it continues to open rapidly and picking is active, though pickers are scarce in some localities, the top crop will be light, and the indications are if the weather continues favorable, that the staple will be picked earlier than usual, with a yield quite as good as that of last year. Early corn is being gathered slowly, on account of cotton picking taking preference, with a very good yield, but late corn is deteriorated through lack of moisture in middle and southeastern counties. Sorghum and sugar cane is being ground with satisfactory yields. Pastures, gardens and all minor crops have improved, where rains were received. The saving of hay continues with an excellent yield.

EXTRACTS FROM REPORTS OF CROP CORRESPONDENTS.

(County—Place.)

NORTHERN DISTRICT.

Blount, Snead: Cotton shedding rapidly, considerable open, picking progressing slowly, little top crop, late almost a failure.—C. C. Sulser.

Calhoun, Anniston: Heavy rain and high wind 22d, damaging cotton and late corn; cotton being picked rapidly; laborers scarce.—P. M. Watson.

Cherokee, Mackey: Light shower 22d; pastures need rain; cotton picking general, promising light yield.—B. F. Mackey.

Cleburne, Abel: Cotton continues to shed from dry weather, little top crop; corn not eared well on account of previous wet weather.—E. H. Taylor.

Fayette, Pilgrim: Very dry weather continues; considerable cotton picked, promising light yield; some corn gathered with good yield.—V. Savage.

Lamar, Vernon: Showers 22d, though still dry in most localities; corn excellent; cotton being picked rapidly, though rust and shedding not decreasing.—J. A. McCollum.

Lauderdale, Cloverdale: Cotton opening rapidly, picking begun, little top crop; corn fairly good; much fodder and hay saved; rain on 20th.—H. L. Reeder.

Lawrence, Hillsboro: Good rain; corn very good; cotton promises yield below an average; gardens and pastures damaged considerably by previous drought.—I. L. James.

Limestone, Athens: Local rains though too late to benefit cotton, picking progressing, prospective yield promises to be below that of last year.—W. H. Dougherty.

Marshall, Sidney: Weather dry; rust and shedding in cotton, opening rapidly, some being picked, no top crop.—J. W. Cowen.

St. Claire, Asheville: Cotton opening very rapidly, the top crop and late corn damaged by continued drought; turnip crop light.—G. R. Cather.

Winston, Mellville: Cotton picking general with light yield, no top crop; apples rotting.—H. J. Wilson.

MIDDLE DISTRICT.

Autauga, Wadsworth: Cotton opening rapidly, being picked rapidly, no top crop; minor crops need rain.—W. W. Wadsworth.

Bullock, Inverness: Cotton opening rapidly, picking progressing, no top crop, prospective yield about the same as last year's.—H. McLean.

Chambers, Lafayette: Good rain 22d, cotton has opened rapidly, picking backward; minor crops very promising.—W. Andrews.

Chilton, Stanton: Most of cotton open and picked, prospective yield far below an average; little corn gathered; minor crops need rain.—W. O. Perry.

Choctaw, Tullis: Hail storm east of here 22d, doing much damage; most of cotton open; pastures good; minor crops promising.—J. A. Bell.

Clay, Pyriton: Rain 22d, benefiting turnips and potatoes; cotton opening rapidly, picking general, much shedding, promising an average yield.—J. S. Headrick.

Coosa, Batson: Week dry; all crops damaged by continued drought; sorghum and turnips yielding well.—Ira Bailey.

Dallas, Tyler: No rain; most of cotton open; no corn gathered, though good yield promised; minor crops deteriorating from dry weather.—D. B. Edwards.

Elmore, Coosada: Cotton about all open, no top crop, considerable picked; late crops need rain.—H. F. Anderson.

Green, Boligee: Week favorable for picking cotton; no prospects of top crop on cotton.—E. F. Bouchelle.

Hale, Gallion: Favorable weather for picking cotton, about all will be open and picked by November 1st; late corn poor.—J. T. Collins.

Montgomery, Hope Hull: Most all cotton open and being picked rapidly, no top crop; some corn being gathered, yielding well.—J. W. Smith.

Perry, Uniontown: Cotton damaged by drought, picking progressing slowly, prospective yield about the same as last year's.—J. M. Richeson.

Randolph, Napoleon: Week favorable with light shower; cotton opening and being picked, promising yield about the same as last year's.—L. W. Townsend.

Russell, Heard: Nearly all cotton open, some farmers up with picking; minor crops damaged by dry weather.—John E. Bush.

Shelby, Vincent: Cotton being picked and ginned rapidly, promising yield about the same as last year's.—B. H. Samuel.

Sumter, Ramsey: Weather dry; most of cotton open, picking progressing slowly, one picking will get about all; minor crops damaged by drought.—T. L. Jenkins.

Talladega, Fayetteville: Weather dry; cotton opening rapidly, all will be gathered by November 1st; hay being saved in good condition.—W. M. Watters.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Butler, Garland: Dry weather continues; cotton opening very rapidly; no top crop; hay being gathered; minor crops need rain.—J. C. McClure.

Coffee, Enterprise: Cotton being picked rapidly, promising yield about the same as last year's; some corn gathered; all fall crops need rain.—B. W. Fleming.

Conecuh, Brooklyn: Cotton picking progressing slowly, promising yield below last year's.—M. H. Saunders.

Clarke, Whatley: No rain, damaging fall crops; cotton picking well advanced; some corn gathered; much hay saved.—J. A. Hill.

Crenshaw, Honoraville: Cotton picking progressing rapidly; all will soon be open, no top crop.—P. F. Roper.

Escambia, Pollard: Cotton being picked, promising yield below last year's; sweet potatoes fairly good.—J. W. Kelly.

Mobile, Grand Bay: Some rain; hay being cut and corn housed; sweet potatoes and cane excellent; turnips and peas doing well.—J. Schnadelbach.

Monroe, Jones Mills: Week dry; cotton about all open, laborers scarce; little corn gathered; minor crops need rain.—W. L. Middleton.

Pike, Olustee Creek: Drought continues, damaging minor crops; cotton about all open and will be gathered earlier than usual.—J. M. Carter.

Washington, Deer Park: Week dry; haying and cotton picking progressing rapidly; minor crops would be benefited by rain.—H. H. Best.

THOMAS CRAWFORD,
Observer, Temporarily in Charge.

FRANK DUNCAN CAUGHT.

Noted Robber and Assassin in Jail at St. Augustine, Fla.

After two years and eight months of liberty, Frank Duncan, the pal of Frank Miller, safe blowers, who escaped from jail at Birmingham, has been captured.

His arrest occurred in Florida about ten days ago, following the blowing of a safe and the theft of its contents.

Frank Duncan, according to information, has been in Florida for some little time. He is said to have been making his home in a remote section of Florida, living in a little cabin. His wife has been with him in Florida. They are said to have been passing as sister and brother.

Recently he is said to have robbed a safe in the vicinity of Palatka, Fla., securing some money and other valuables.

The fact of the robbery was quickly discovered and the officers struck the trail while it was yet warm. They followed the fleeing robber until he was brought to bay and finally overpowered and captured him with the booty on his person.

New Coal Company.

Declaration of incorporation of the Blount Mountain Coal company are filed. The capital stock is $50,000. The principal place of business is Birmingham.

Sentenced for Life.

The Shelton jury at Florence returned a verdict of guilty and fixed the punishment at the penitentiary for life. This is the first time in six years that a verdict of guilty has been returned in Lauderdale county, when the charge was murder in the first degree. The defendant killed his uncle near Lexington.

The boy's father visited his son after he was put in jail and returning home shot himself, dying the next day.

Lamar County Books.

Of the six officials of Lamar county reported on by Assistant Examiner of Public Accounts W. F. Wilkinson, three were given clean sheets and three were reported as having made more or less important errors. Incidentally the examiner called attention to the gratifying increase of assessments in Lamar county as showing a decided growth and prosperity. This increase, the examiner says, for the last year will amount to $117,752.

UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Supreme Court's Verdict Concerning the Test Case on the Lusk Bill.

MUDDLE IN MADISON COUNTY

Cases Against Lynchers May be Invalid—Jefferson County Affected.

What is commonly known as the Lusk law, an act which redistricted the judiciary system of the state and which was passed at the last session of the legislature, has been declared unconstitutional by the supreme court of Alabama. As a result leading lawyers say the judiciary system of the state is in the worst tangle experienced since the admission of Alabama into the union in the year of 1819.

Citizens have been nominated to offices which do not exist, under this decision, and pressure will be brought to bear upon Acting Governor Cunningham to call an extraordinary session of the legislature at once to remedy the trouble before it sinks hopelessly into the mire of legal complications.

The decision of the court reads:

"Board of Revenue of Jefferson County et al. vs. Edward C. Crow, appeal from Jefferson court; affirmed."

The court holds "that the journal of the house does not show that the house concurred in the amendment adopted by the senate as required by section 64 of the constitution, and that therefore the bill as signed by the speaker of the house and president of the senate and approved by the governor, was not constitutionally passed by the two houses."

The supreme court will hand down an opinion at a future date, but will presumably announce its findings early so that time would be had for the finding of any remedy deemed advisable before the judges are elected in November.

The journals of the senate and house show that the Lusk bill passed the house and was sent to the senate. The senate committee reported back with a substitute for the Lusk bill, and this was adopted by the senate. The senate then added two amendments to the substitute and sent the bill back to the house. The house refused to concur in the amendments, and a conference committee was appointed. The conference finally decided that the senate should recede from the amendments, and this report was adopted by the house. In some manner, however, the house failed to pass the substitute as passed by the senate and consequently the bill that passed the senate did not pass the house. This is the point in detail on which the decision was reached by the supreme court.

The most serious trouble arising from the decision is the peculiar conditions which surround the court now engaged in hearing the cases of alleged lynchers at Huntsville. Under the decision the law by which Judge Paul Speake and Solicitor Erle Pettus were appointed is invalid and they have been conducting a court which is legally not a court.

Under these conditions the indictments found against the alleged lynchers will not hold, and all of the work of that court will have to be done over with Madison in the eighth judicial circuit as it was before the Lusk bill was passed.

The matter now rests with Governor Cunningham. If he calls an extra session and the Lusk bill is regularly passed and made a law all of the present nominations will stand and the acts of the courts which have already met can be validated. Otherwise the circuits will be the same as they were

One Inch from His Heart.

Ed Carleton, a white man, was stabbed within one inch of his heart at Helena by another white man whose name is said to be Joe Phillips. An operation was performed. He is considered out of danger and will probably recover.

TONGUE BROKE,

Resulting in a Runaway That May Prove Fatal.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Hartwig and an adopted son were seriously injured while on their way to town by the horses they were driving becoming frightened and running away. Both of Mrs. Hartwig's jaws were broken and a gash cut on the head. She also sustained serious internal injuries. She is expected to die.

Mr. Hartwig and the adopted son were seriously hurt, but not fatally. The runaway was caused by the carriage tongue breaking while going down a steep grade.

New Industries in Alabama.

Enterprise—Naval stores company.

Florida—Electric light plant; water works; woodworking plant.

Mobile—$10,000 cold storage plant.

Morris—$10,000 development company.

Sheffield—Gas plant.

Queen Victoria never exercised her right of veto.

LYNCHING CASES

At Huntsville Disposed of for Some Time.

The seven lynching cases on the docket of the circuit court at Huntsville have all been disposed of for the present. The jury on the murder case of James H. Mitchell was unable to agree, standing eleven for acquittal and one for conviction, and on no ballot was the standing changed. This one juryman was the only one in 72 jurors who favored the conviction of an alleged lyncher.

Mitchell will have to spend several months in jail until the February term of court, application for bail having been refused. It is the opinion of those who heard the evidence that the old man would have been acquitted had he not talked so much.

Tom Winkle, charged with arson, was acquitted, his jury remaining out only a few minutes.

About one hundred and fifty talesmen were examined and a jury formed for the trial of the case of James Armstrong, charged with murder, when it was found that an important witness for the state had disappeared. The state asked for a continuance, and it was granted. Efforts were made to induce the judge to allow Armstrong to make bond, but Judge Speake refused. However, he agreed to give Armstrong a trial at the civil term of court in November. There were six trials of alleged lynchers in ten days. Five were acquitted and there was one mistrial. There are eighteen unserved warrants for alleged lynchers in the hands of the sheriff, and it is probable that many of them, seeing the result of these trials, will return home, surrender and stand trial at the next term of court.

WRECKED IN THE GULF,

And Cast Away on an Island for Days.

Captain Frank Lighton, a collector for the Smithsonian institution, Washington, was brought into Biloxi, Miss., from Chandleur island, Mississippi sound, where he had been cast away since Thursday night last.

Captain Lighton was out in his sloop Hero looking for specimens, and was some miles in the open gulf when he encountered a terrific gale, in which his sloop was overturned, and he was thrown into the sea to battle for his life against a gulf stream. He succeeded in reaching a skiff which he was towing and first tried to reach a schooner about a mile out to sea, but the weather getting so thick and the waves running so high, the night coming on, lost sight of the schooner, and he made for Chandleur island.

May Change Course.

From indications it appears that there is a strong probability that the bed of the Rio Grande will be shown when the waters have receded to be occupying the bed of the Arroyo Colorado, which ages ago was its original bed.

Should this be true, the people of Texas, who would be bereft of the river, would suffer greatly. The city of Brownsville would be cut off from the river, the miles of irrigation ditches and canals dug would be rendered worthless and property values dependent upon the Rio Grande's flow would be materially cut down.

Tennessee River Low.

Reports from towns along the Tennessee river are to the effect that unless there is a rise in the water in the next few days there will be great losses sustained by shippers. Many steamboats are tied up and those that are running have to pick their way carefully through the deeper channel.

The Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway has been compelled to lighten the cargoes of its transfer boats between Hobbs island and Guntersville and even now nearly twice the schedule time between the two points is consumed in the trip.

New Industries in Georgia.

Washington—Ice factory.

Savannah—Cotton compress.

Cartersville—$25,000 cotton mill.

Cordele—Implement works; $75,000 oil mill, gin and fertilizer plant.

Monroe—Water works and electric light plant (projected).

Higdon Resigns.

Colonel E. L. Higdon, of the Third regiment, A. N. G., tendered his resignation to Acting Governor Cunningham, for the sake of harmony in the regiment. He says his action was the result of several days' consideration of the situation. He states that he now sees an opportunity to resign and allow the regiment to have a complete set of officers.

The resignation is without condition, Colonel Higdon not even requesting to be placed on the retired list, although he says he considers that his seventeen years in the national guard entitles him to this honor.

Comes South.

Record for railway mileage moves from Illinois to Texas, which now has more steam railway mileage than any other state. Texas now has 11,563 miles, while Illinois has 11,517 miles, including the elevated roads of Chicago.

Cmmander Peary's new Arctic ship is being built at Bucksport, Maine.

NEW WARSHIP IS LAUNCHED

Battleship Connecticut Christened at New York Navy Yard.

30,000 SPECTATORS PRESENT

Grand-Daughter of President Lincoln's Secretary of the Navy Was the Sponsor—Rear-Admiral Barker the Officer in Command—Fourth Ship of Her Name to Serve Uncle Sam.

New York City.—Despite the ugly rumors of attempts to tamper with her cradle, the battleship Connecticut was successfully launched, gliding with silken ease down smooth, untrammelled ways. Fully thirty thousand persons in the shipyard and as many more from outside saw the ponderous mass of fighting steel sweep down into the water of the Wallabout Channel, at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, at exactly 11.18 a. m.

As early as eight o'clock the vast crowd began to stream into the navy yard, special details of marines and yard policemen being stationed near every entrance and along the roadways leading to the scene. By 10.45 o'clock, fifteen minutes before the hour set for the launching, the throng had become fairly settled, and made a spectacle not lightly to be forgotten. Dressed rainbow-wise, the Connecticut, red lead hued from keel to gunwale, a section of main bridge and a stumpy aft turret alone showing above her hull, lay stern on toward the river, resting on her ways. On her starboard quarter lay the Kearsarge, flying the red pennant of Rear-Admiral Barker, the blue jackets laying aloft to her signal yards and manning her fighting tops as thick as swarming bees.

Over on the Hancock, on the Kentucky and the Texas further thousands gazed and waited. Two hundred feet away from the Connecticut the big Cob Dock showed black with living humanity, and within the inclosure was the same dense throng.

By the time the patrol fleet of tugs and cutters had cleaned the navy yard waters of all moving craft it was 10.55 a. m.

Then suddenly from the waiting war ships six bells sounded. Then across the water a bo'sun's whistle began to blow, and the excitement mounted. Then upon the narrow walkway directly under the Connecticut's bow, just where the forefoot rose to the ram Naval Constructor Baxter was seen to raise a megaphone. A moment later he called "Stand by!"

At that a hush fell on the crowd. From somewhere a muffled bell began to whir. On the sound men sprang to the keel blocks, bled the sand bags and knocked the blocks away.

For the fraction of a second the watchers saw the red lead hulk hang, then quiver as if she felt a thrill of life. "She moves!" the cry ran from mouth to mouth. In less than twenty-four seconds she was in the water, and a new battleship had been added to Uncle Sam's fleet.

Those on the stand alone knew that Miss Welles, the sponser, who is the grand-daughter of President Lincoln's Secretary of the Navy, had failed to name the vessel or crash the champagne bottle across her bow.

The bottle swung from a decorated lanyard attached to a slender boom. Just how it happened that Miss Welles failed at the critical moment to do her part was not made clear.

Quartermaster Byrnes stepped into the breach and saved the day. He took the lanyard short and swung the bottle down. It shivered into fragments, and the frothing champagne streamed down over the steel plates as the vessel cleared the ways and shot out into the channel.

After the launching Secretary Morton with his party attended an informal luncheon at the officers' pavilion, Rear-Admirals Rodgers and Barker making brief speeches. Afterward Secretary Morton, with Colonel John J. McCook and Miss Ellen Miller Gould, paid a brief visit to the Naval Y. M. C. A.

The Connecticut is a sister ship of the Louisiana, and both vessels were authorized by an act of Congress in 1902. The Connecticut was built in a Government yard and under Government supervision, while the Louisiana was built by a private shipbuilding firm at Newport News, Va.

This is the fourth United States naval vessel to bear the name of Connecticut. The first served in the Revolutionary War on Lake Champlain. The second was in the little Franco-American naval shindy of 1798-1801. The third served in the Civil War.

COLOMBIAN SENATE ANGRY.

Opposition to Resumption of Amicable Relations With This Country.

Bogota, Colombia.—President Reyes is meeting with much opposition in the Colombian Senate to the resumption of amicable relations with the United States.

Forts Recaptured.

Three supplementary forts at Port Arthur, captured by the Japanese in the attack which began on September 19, are said to have been abandoned under Russian fire.

Another Arctic Expedition.

The Duke of Orleans has asked permission of the Norwegian Government to hire the Fram for an Arctic expedition next year.

Noted Philanthropist Dead.

Louis Fleischmann, the well-known New York City baker and philanthropist, died from paralysis.

Power House Wrecked.

A power house at Alexandria Bay was wrecked by an explosion of gasolene.

Archbishop Makes Plea.

The Archbishop of Canterbury made a plea for church unity before upward of 20,000 people in Washington, D. C.

SENATOR HOAR IS DEAD

Passes Out After Long Illness at Worcester, Mass.

Was Senior United States Senator From Massachusetts For Many Years—Supposed to Have Left Little Money.

Worcester, Mass. — George Frisbie Hoar, senior United States Senator from Massachusetts, died at his home in this city at 1.35 o'clock in the morning. The end followed a period of unconsciousness that had continued for three days, and came so gently that only the attending physicians were aware of the exact moment of death.

The attending physicians despaired of the Senator's life six weeks ago, but such was the vitality exhibited by their distinguished patient that even they were surprised, and the public was at times led to cherish a faith in an ultimate recovery.

However, all hope was abandoned after a last unsuccessful attempt to administer medicine and nourishment. Brief lucid intervals were followed by longer durations of unconsciousness, until the venerable statesman sank into a state of coma from which all efforts to rouse him proved futile.

Of the entire representation in the United States Senate it is probable there is not one member who is not richer in this world's goods to-day than was the venerable Senator from Massachusetts. It is not likely that his estate will be appraised at more than $20,000. During his long public life he never could afford to own or even rent a house in Washington, D. C., and was one of the few Senators who made his home in a boarding house. He never possessed the faculty of accumulating wealth. He opposed his own party vigorously when he thought the party was wrong and he was right, and in the evening of his days he was an opponent of the most popular policy which that party ever had advocated. He was a classicist and a scholar, a litterateur and a writer as incisive with his pen as he was in his speech, and his "Autobiography of Seventy Years," published when he was seventy-eight years old, is a monument to his lucidity of thought, clearness of expression and vigor of utterance.

The Senator from Massachusetts was born in Concord, Mass., August 29, 1826, and received his preliminary education in the old Concord Academy. He was graduated from Harvard in the class of 1846, and after a law course, was graduated at the Dane Law School, Harvard University, and began the practice of his profession in Worcester. The first elective office he held was in 1851, when he became a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives. He went to the State Senate in 1857, and then to the National House of Representatives in the Forty-first Congress, and was re-elected to the three succeeding Congresses. In 1877 the Legislature sent him to the United States Senate to succeed George S. Boutwell, and he was re-elected in the succeeding terms.

TO BUILD A MONO-RAIL ROAD.

Between Baltimore and Washington—Speed of 100 Miles an Hour.

Baltimore, Md.—Representatives of a New York City syndicate have made a deal with E. L. Tunis, of Windsor Hills, the holder of a patent upon a mono-rail system, for the purchase of the patent by the American Mono-rail Company.

Among those present at the conference were J. Coleman Drayton, John H. Ostrup, A. Norvale, Henry A. Seymour and George L. Upshur, of New York City, and Henry L. Williams, Ruxton Ridgely, E. L. Tunis and H. H. Tunis, of Baltimore, Md.

The contract has been given for the completion within two months of a five-mile track for testing purposes from Baltimore to a point on the Patapsco River. A new car, based on the Tunis model, to be entirely of steel, is in process of construction. It is said for this method of locomotion that a speed of 100 miles an hour can be maintained with safety. The motive power is electricity.

The ultimate object of the company is the construction of a quick line from this city to Washington.

CZAR GOES TO ODESSA.

To Review and Address the Troops Going to the Front.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—The Czar left here for Odessa, where he is to review and address troops on the eve of their departure for the Far East. He was accompanied by his brother, the Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch.

ADMIRAL RECALLED.

Bezobrazoff, Second in Command at Vladivostok, Called Home.

Paris, France.—A dispatch to the Petit Parisien from St. Petersburg says that Vice-Admiral Bezobrazoff, second in command under Admiral Skrydloff of the Russian squadron at Vladivostok, has been recalled.

Japan's Sick and Wounded.

Unofficial estimates place the number of sick and wounded soldiers in Japan at 45,000.

Lafcadio Hearn Dead.

Lafcadio Hearn, a well-known author, died in Tokio.

Approve of Peace Conference.

The Institute of International Law, at a session at Edinburgh, Scotland, adopted a resolution expressing approval of President Roosevelt's plan for a conference at The Hague.

More Russian Ships.

It was reported from Toulon that Russia had given orders to a French firm for the construction of destroyers, and was negotiating for the building of four cruisers.

BRITISH DIPLOMAT FINED

Third Secretary Gurney's Plea of Immunity Was Disregarded.

LOCAL JUSTICE APOLOGIZES

For Speeding His Automobile Through the Streets of Lee, Mass., Member of the British Embassy Was Arrested and Fined by Justice Phelps—His Recall is Possible.

Lenox, Mass.—Hugh Gurney, Third Secretary to Sir Mortimer Durand, the British Ambassador, who has been spending the summer here, was fined for contempt of court and for violating the speed law relating to automobiles, by Special Justice H. C. Phelps, in the Lee District Court. Mr. Gurney was charged with running an automobile through the streets of Stockbridge at a greater speed than ten miles an hour.

Mr. Gurney, when arraigned in court, positively refused to plead, holding that as he was the Third Secretary to his Britannic Majesty's Ambassador he could not be arrested or held for the offense charged. Special Justice Phelps said he did not recognize "international law" in his court, and informed the defendant that he must enter a plea.

Despite this statement Mr. Gurney continued in his refusal. Then a fine of $25 was imposed for contempt of court, and another fine of $25 for violation of a town ordinance.

Mr. Gurney did not have in his possession sufficient money to pay the fine, and was paroled in the charge of the officer, Deputy Sheriff Noble, of Stockbridge, who had made the arrest. The officer accompanied Mr. Gurney to Lenox, where the money was secured.

Mr. Gurney immediately notified the State Department, in Washington, of the act of the Massachusetts courts, and the President was notified.

Justice Phelps said that he found nothing in the Massachusetts common law which exempted any one from breaking the laws of the State, and he acted accordingly.

Boston, Mass.—Governor Bates held a conference with Assistant United States District Attorney Nash and Justice Phelps, as a result of which an apology made by Justice Phelps has been forwarded to Washington, D. C., and the fine paid by the Third Assistant Secretary of the British Embassy has been returned to him.

At the same time it is understood that the Governor of Massachusetts, while acknowledging the violation of the statute to safeguard international courtesy, is determined to maintain the dignity of the Commonwealth, and to this end, accompanying the apology from Justice Phelps was a suggestion from the Governor to the United States authorities that the British Government be requested to recall Mr. Gurney on the ground that in speeding his automobile faster than local laws permit he failed to comport himself with the dignity befitting his office.

Washington, D. C.—Secretary Moody was advised by a dispatch from the United States District Attorney at Boston, Mass., that all the papers in the case of Third Secretary Gurney had been forwarded by mail.

It is not known whether the Massachusetts authorities have asked the recall of the Secretary, but in case Governor Bates has made any such request it will get no further than the State Department, which will act on its prerogative in deciding whether there has been a breach of international courtesy or not.

HERRICK LEAVES THE BENCH.

Sits For the Last Time as a Supreme Court Justice—Bids Adieu to the Bar.

Albany, N. Y.—Justice D. Cady Herrick for the last time sat on the bench as Supreme Court Justice, when he opened the regular trial term here. Just before adjournment he bid the bar adieu as a Justice. The court room was crowded with members of the bar of all political faiths, and William P. Rudd, who is mentioned as the Republican successor of Justice Herrick, responded in fitting terms. At Justice Herrick's request neither his nor the remarks of Mr. Rudd were reported by members of the press.

Justice Herrick will resign just as soon as he announces decisions in cases pending before him, which will be in about a week.

SLAYS WIFE, KILLS HIMSELF.

Couple Separated, and the Woman Spurned the Man.

Raleigh, N. C.—Louis F. Carmichael, a carpenter, aged sixty-four years, killed his wife, aged fifty years; seriously wounded his twelve-year-old step-daughter and committed suicide at Kernersville, Forsyth County.

Carmichael and his wife separated several weeks ago. He went to her home near the passenger depot and told her that if she did not consent to live with him again he would kill her before night.

Those who talked with Carmichael a short while before the crime was committed say he was sober, and insanity is suggested.

Gives $1,000,000 to Public.

By the will of Mrs. Sarah Potter, of Boston, Mass., public bequests of over $1,000,000 are provided, including $250,000 to the city of New Bedford, where she was born, to buy books for the public library.

Collision on Hudson River.

After collision between a Jersey Central ferryboat, the Lakewood, and a railroad float, at Cortlandt street slip, New York City, passengers leaped to the deck of the float and climbed to the pier.

Grand Duke Nicholas to Command.

The selection of Grand Duke Nicholas as Russian commander-in-chief is regarded as practically assured. It is said that the general staff will act as a board of military direction.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

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DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN

Associate Justices,
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. R. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District.
S. J. ROWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
W. W. WHITESIDES.

County.

Probate Judge.
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk.
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collecter,
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor,
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer.
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner,
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

THE CHARGES PROVEN

Against the Populist Leaders by Court Judgments, Records and Constitutional Law.

The Populist Administration Has Delegated to Itself Powers not Warranted by Law, and the Constitutional Rights of the People are Trampled Upon Most Outrageously.

"The joint canvass in the county clearly showed up the falsehoods of the Democratic party. The charges made by The Sentinel have every one been shown up to be falsehoods of the first water, and the reaction of these infamous falsehoods have proven helpful to our cause."—Advocate.

And if there was ever a more willful, premeditated false statement put into type we have never seen it. How the Advocate can hope to retain the good will of self-respecting people by such perversion of truth, and its utter disregard of records, court judgments and law (each of which convicts that paper and the little coteric of populist bosses of practicing a most shameful deception upon the people in order to uphold a record that is rotten) is beyond comprehension.

The Sentinel says, and will prove to the satisfaction of anyone who is not prejudice blind, that the populist administration has placed upon and collected from the people of Shelby county illegal tax levies, and for which there is no shadow of law upon which to stand, and that the courts have so decided.

Let us first glance at the road law behind which the populist administration seeks to hide when charged with making illegal levies, and see if the administration has not delegated to itself powers which the Constitution of Alabama absolutely forbids; which the Circuit Court of Shelby county says was unlawful, and which the Supreme Court of Alabama says is illegal.

In the session of the Legislature of 1898-9, there was enacted a road law for St. Clair, Cherokee, Franklin and Shelby counties, and which was approved in December, 1898. Section 17 of that law reads as follows:

"Be it further enacted, That the County Commissioners of said counties shall levy a special tax of not less than one-tenth (one mill) nor more than one-fifth (two mills) of one per cent. on all taxable property of St. Clair, Cherokee, Franklin and Shelby counties, to be assessed and collected as other taxes, and when paid into the county treasury, *it shall be kept separate from other funds and used ONLY for the purposes indicated in the Act, which special tax SHALL BE A PART OF THAT WHICH IS AUTHORIZED BY THE CONSTITUTION FOR COUNTY PURPOSES.*"

In direct violation of the above law the populist administration transferred nearly eight thousand dollars (raised by special tax) from the road fund to the general fund. Will the Advocate or the populist bosses say this charge is false? They dare not, for the sworn statement of State Examiner Gorman to the Governor says it is true, and it is a matter of public record.

In 1899, the populist administration made a levy of six mills, which was contrary to and a violation of the Constitution, Article XI of which says: "No county in this State shall be authorized to levy a larger rate of taxation, in any one year, on the value of the taxable property therein, then one-half of one per centum (five mills.)" The same section further provides that to pay any debt created for the erection of necessary public buildings or bridges, "any county may levy and collect such special taxes as may be authorized by law." The law says that this "special tax shall be a part of that which is authorized by the Constitution for county purposes," and the Constitution says "no larger rate, in any one year, than one-half of one per centum (five mills) for county purposes." Does not the law uphold the Sentinel that the levy was an illegal one. The Advocate will tell you that the above is a decree written by The Sentinel. Let's see about that:

Court Judgments and Decisions.

The railroads refused to pay that part of the tax which was in excess of the constitutional provision, claiming that the levy was an illegal one. Suit was brought in the Circuit Court of Shelby County to compel the railroads to pay. A hearing was had in March term, 1902, Judge Pelham presiding, and the judgment of the court was in favor of the railroads—that the levy was unconstitutional, therefore illegal. The Sentinel has said the railroads did not pay the illegal tax, and that the courts upheld them in their refusal, but that the common people were compelled by the populist administration to pay the illegal tax. The Advocate must admit the truthfulness of The Sentinel's statement, or deny that the Circuit Court of this county gave such judgment. The populist administration could have appealed to the Supreme Court, but it did not. Why? Because in the November term of the Supreme Court of that year (1902), that court rendered a decision on a like case appealed from Franklin county, where a levy of six mills was made under the same special road law by the Commissioners of Franklin county. That decision reads as follows:

Supreme Court of Alabama.—Frederick vs. Northern Alabama Railway Co.

1. Special road tax; levy of special and general tax by county can not exceed constitutional limit.—Under the provisions of the act "to better provide for the working of the public roads of St. Clair, Cherokee, Franklin and Shelby counties," approved December 13, 1898. (Acts of 1898-99, p. 199), which authorized the levy of a special tax of not less than one-tenth or more than one-fifth one per centum on all the taxable property of said counties, "which special tax shall be a part of that which is authorized by the constitution for county purposes," the commissioners court of each of said counties is without authority to levy a special tax in addition to the regular county taxes for county purposes, if the latter tax rate is fixed at the rate of one-half of one per centum, which is the full constitutional limit; and therefore, where in one of said counties the commissioners court levied a regular tax rate for county purposes of one half of one per centum for the year 1899, and, in addition thereto, for the same year, levied a special tax of one-tenth of one per centum on the value of the taxable property in said county, the levy of the special tax was unthorized by the constitutional provision fixing the limit of regular county tax rate for county purposes.

The opinion is by Justice J. Haralson of the Supreme Court, and from that opinion we copy his words:

"Section 5, or Article XI of the Constitution limits the tax rate of counties, providing, that "No county in this State shall be authorized to levy a larger rate of taxation, in any one year, on the value of the taxable property therein, than one-half of one per centum" (five mills). The section further provides, that to pay any debt created for the erection of necessary public buildings or bridges, any county may levy and collect such special taxes as may be AUTHORIZED BY LAW.

"The language of said Section 17 (special road law), is, that this "special tax shall be a part of that which is authorized by the Constitution for county purposes." It is thus made to appear, that this special tax of one-tenth of one per centum (1 mill), WAS IN EXCESS OF THE ONE-HALF OF ONE PER CENTUM (5 mills) AUTHORIZED BY THE CONSTITUTION FOR COUNTY PURPOSES, and in addition thereto, said special tax of one-tenth of one per centum (1 mill), was levied and collected making a sixty instead of a fifty per centum on plaintiff's property in the same year for county purposes—opposed alike to the provisions of said section of the Constitution and of said act of the Legislature. When the Commissioners levied a tax of one-half of one per centum (5 mills), as they did for county purposes, their power in this respect was completely exhausted, and there remained to them no room for or authority to levy and collect said special tax."

That is the reason the populist administration did not appeal from the judgment of the Circuit Court of this county—a decision of the Supreme Court had already been given covering the circumstances here, and under that decision Judge Longshore told the Commissioners' Court, of which he is the presiding officer and counsellor, that the excess, or illegal, tax collected from the Southern Mineral Land Co. under that six mill levy would have to be refunded—an admission on his part that the levy was an unlawful one. The law compelled him. See?

Illegal Tax Levies Continued.

That the populist administration continued to impose illegal tax levies upon the people is proven by the laws of Alabama. In 1901 the administration decided the program must be changed, and this is the way it reads on the Commissioners' minutes:

"It is further ordered that a special tax of one mill on each dollar's worth of taxable property be, and the same is hereby levied, to build bridges and causeways in this county."

In this levy the populist administration again exceeded its authority. The Constitution says for debts created for the erection of necessary public buildings or bridges. There is nothing in the levy above to show that any debt had been created for which the levy was made. Even Judge Longshore admits this is true, for in his speech at Dunnavant, August 12, 1904, and other places, he said:

"You can't levy a tax for bridges under the State Constitution, until you first build the bridges and create the debt."

Such being a fact and the law, how can Judge Longshore justify the levy for "bridges and causeways" in 1901 when some bridges for which it was claimed the levy was made had not been built, for which no debt had been created, nor had they even been contracted for. The populist administration went right along making levies which even Judge Longshore says was contrary to Constitutional law. In 1902 and 1903 the people of Shelby county were levied to the amount of $6,000 to build the Parker's Mill bridge (the cost of which, according to the Commissioners' minutes, was to be $3,200) and at the time the levies were made Parker's Mill bridge had not been built, the debt for the same had not been created, nor was it contracted for until the year 1904, when $1,300 more was tacked onto the $6,000 already levied to build it. The people were taxed also for Buck Creek and Beaver Dam bridges in the same manner, neither of which was built, the debt created, nor contract made. Will the Advocate and Judge Longshore say these levies were legal? And by way of parenthesis we may add, the railroads have never paid a cent of this illegal tax—the common people have paid it. The position of the Advocate and the populist administration on these tax levies is in line with Judge Longshore's public declaration that "I will not support the State Constitution only so far as the law compels me." In totally ignoring Constitutional law together with Judge Longshore's declaration that he will not support the Constitution, The Sentinel would ask: is such doctrine—is such an administration—are such leaders worthy to be followed? Has not the populist administration been a menace to good government? Has it not trampled upon and taken from the people rights and privileges guaranteed them by the Constitution?

Longshore Votes for Three City Courts

Judge Longshore has made an attack upon Judge McMillan all over this county for trying, with others, to secure a City Court for this county,—"an infamous thing," Judge Longshore calls it. The position of Judge Longshore in this matter is inconsistent and contrary to his course while in the Legislature. Take up the House Journal of the session of 1888-89, turn to page 420, and you will find there recorded that Judge Longshore voted for the Anniston City Court bill and he also voted for the City Court bills of Gadsden and Decatur. Longshore flies into a rage when told of his votes for these "infamous" bills, and shouts "I didn't do it, I didn't do it!" but the House Journal says he did. Take the character of the two men on the City Court business: Judge McMillan, with no thought of deceiving the people, admits he gave his assistance to secure a City Court for this county. Judge Longshore voted for three City Court bills while in the Legislature, yet he goes before the people and denies it. Demagoguery doesn't express such an action!

The populist administration has contracted for road machinery to the amount of nearly Eight Thousand Dollars, and in support of this statement we give to our readers a copy of the contract for the machinery, and which is signed by A. P. Longshore, Judge of Probate of Shelby County:

ROCK CRUSHER ORDER

$7,471.50. April 9, 1903.

Good Roads Machinery Co.,
Kennett Square, Pa.

Please ship to A. P. Longshore, at Columbiana, County of Shelby, State of Alabama, on or before the first day of June, 1903, by order attached marked "A," on the following conditions, viz: That on the arrival of said Rock Crusher, or rock crushing outfit, at the above R. R. Station, the undersigned hereby agree to pay the freight charges, set up the crusher, and there work it under the direction of the Good Roads Machinery Co's agent unless otherwise agreed. When, if the crusher does work as warranted on the back of this order, the undersigned hereby agree to pay the Good Roads Machinery Co. or order, Seven Thousand, Four hundred and seventy-one and fifty one-hundredths dollars, in cash or note bearing interest at the of 6 per cent. per annum from date of trial, payable at Columbiana Savings Bank at Columbiana. If the Crusher does not do work as warranted, then the Good Roads Machinery Co. agree to receive back the crusher at the R. R. Station from which it was taken and cancel this CONTRACT. It is understood that this contract embodies the entire understanding, is not subject to countermand, and is not to be effected by any verbal agreement.

(Seal.) A. P. LONGSHORE.
Judge of Probate of Shelby County.

The above contract Judge Longshore says is only a "trial order" and is not at all binding. The Sentinel asks the taxpayers to read the last sentence of the contract and see whether or not it is binding. The only provision in the contract is that the Rock Crusher shall "do work as warranted." That it does and did do work as warranted Judge Longshore admits in a letter to the agent, and also wrote a letter commending the machinery as being the best he had ever seen. In his speeches Judge Longshore made a school boy explanation(?) of his statement, that it was the only machinery of the kind he had ever seen. Before this road machinery contract became public the Judge stated time and again that he had never signed any papers in connection with the much talked of road machinery, thereby trying to deceive the people. When the contract was produced, he says it is a "trial order"—yet he said he had never signed any papers in connection with the road machinery. That it was purchased the contract is the best evidence. Judge Longshore attempts to repudiate that contract now, just as he repudiates his vote in the Legislature where he voted for three "infamous" City Court bills; just as he repudiates the Constitution of his State.

Who Has Misrepresented the Facts?

We leave it with an intelligent people whether or not The Sentinel has proven its charges against the populist administration. Where do the false statements rest—on The Sentinel, or upon the Advocate and the populist bosses? Every charge The Sentinel has made (but one) against the administration is substantiated by law and the records. The one referred to was when The Sentinel said the Democrats had turned over to the populists sixteen thousand dollars when the latter came into power. This The Sentinel found to be incorrect, and a correction was made in just as public a manner as was the charge.

The Sentinel believes that on the 8th of November the people will repudiate an administration that has heaped upon them such gross injustice and indignities—an administration which discriminates against the common people in favor of the railroads.

The Bosses Dictate.

Those who assume to be the dictators of the populist party in this county met in this city Monday night and nominated the black and tan Republicans on the fusion ticket as populist candidates and they will be placed on the populist ticket. There was a feeling against the black and tans among a number of populists, and especially among those who had wanted a straight populist ticket nominated in the first place, and it is said the bosses hope to draw the middle-of-the-road faction to support the ticket by white washing the black and tans.

One populist, who had favored a straight party ticket, was heard to say that this action of the dictators would cut no figure, that the ticket remained just as it was before the white washing process, and that those who had opposed the ticket because of its black and tan element, and for other reasons, would continue to do so. The white washing process will not change the attitude of the lily white Republicans in the least.

There are many populists who will not endorse this last action of the dictators.

LONGSHORE'S BUGABOO EXPLODED!

During the joint canvass Judge Longshore made it a strenous point to attack the new Constitution, and that its provisions disfranchised white men in this county while negroes had registered. He cited to a man in Beat 9, John Jarvis, whom the registrars had refused to register because Jarvis told them he could not read or write. Great capital did the Judge try to make out of it. But another chapter was added to this incident last week, when Mr. Jarvis came to Columbiana, signed his name in a legible hand in the presence of the board, made oath he was qualified and was registered. It is believed all over the county that this was a scheme of the populist leaders to prejudice the people against the Democrats, and Judge McMillan predicted that Jarvis would again apply for registration; that he did so, and was registered is a verification of Judge McMillan's prediction. What do the fair-minded people of Shelby county think of such a deception and misrepresentation of circumstances?

SOUND SENSE.

From Collier's Weekly (Rep.)

That the South is solid, and that the anti-Republican feeling is stronger than when McKinley died, are conditions easily understood and sympathized with by Northerners who have sufficient imaginations to project themselves out of their own environment. No wonder there is but one issue, and no wonder the South cannot vote for the party of reconstruction outrages, force bills, bloody shirts, and negro exploitation. Who is going to consider tariff problems when his wife and daughter are in danger? Who is going to put currency and imperialism ahead of the survival of his own race? The Republican party earned glory by freeing the slaves and giving the final answer to a disrupting question. It deserves obloquy for the narrowness, tactlessness and political chicanery with which it has handled negroes and the Southerners ever since. Our latest editorial on the Southern spirit has been met with straightforwardness and sincerity. "I am what you might call a 'stalwart' Democrat," writes one Southerner, "and intensely partisan, but I am also an American in its broad sense, and though I fought under the 'stars and bars,' I love the flag of my country and everything for which it now stands. I am a Democrat because the party stands for the entire nation and does not believe in sectional legislation that shows passion and hate, and tends to arouse one section against another. It is time for the immortal words, 'Let us have peace,' to influence and control all sections, even though the President seems to be a man of war both at home and abroad." It is, indeed, time for those words to control all sections. A vast work is to be done before terrible conditions are cured.

There is food for thought in the above for every true Southern white man.

Mrs. A. T. Rowe and daughters, Misses Carolyn and Dinnie Mae, returned last Friday from Carrollton, Ga., where they have been visiting relatives and friends for some weeks.

J. T. Childers, of Pelham, who was in town yesterday, is among the new subscribers to The Sentinel this week.

SHOES, SHOES

SHOES, SHOES,

SHOES.

That is all I am talking about just now. I have the shoe to suit you and the price is right. Come to see what I have.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

PURE Apple Vinegar PURE

This is the "DUXBACK" Greatest Discovery Of the 20th Century in Connection with UMBRELLAS

It will make your umbrella absolutely warer-proof. Come in see it demonstrated. It will do just as is promised for it. It is a proven success, and not an experiment.

RUFUS LESTER

NEW CLOTHING

Boys, Young Men and Old Men.

HAVE YOU seen our new stock? Even if you are not ready to buy now, come in and see the goods and styles. The tendency of the weaves this year is towards the smooth finish, and they are very pretty.

THE PRICE is right in every instance, in keeping with the reputation we have made of giving the best goods for the least money. Come to see us.

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,

Montevallo, Ala.

Receiver's Sale.

J. C. Hendrix, et. al., vs. Mary J. Eyclesheimer } In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Alabama.

Under and by virtue of an amended order and decree of sale made and entered by the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Alabama, in the above stated cause, on to-wit: the 16th day of September, 1904, I, J. M. Duncan, Receiver for the Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, at the mines of said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Company, near Dogwood, Shelby county, Ala., on Tuesday, the 18th day of October, 1904, at 12 o'clock noon, for cash, or its equivalent in claims against said Montevallo Dogwood Coal Company which have been allowed in said cause, and cash sufficient to pay the pro rata of claims not held by such purchaser at said sale if any, and the costs of court, including expenses of receivership, the following described property to-wit: All and singular the property and assets of said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Company, to-wit: All its rights, title, interest and equities in and to the southeast quarter of southwest quarter, of section 29, township 21, range 3 west in Shelby county, Ala., the same being that acquired by and vested in the said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Company, as transferee and assignee of a bond for title, executed by Fannie E. Harrison, et als to Dogwood Coal Co., on to-wit: the 16th day of April, 1901; also all the rights, title, interests, estate and equities of said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., in and to northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 32; and the southwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 29, and 24 acres in and along the north side of the south east quarter of southeast quarter of section 29, all in township 21, range 3 west, in said Shelby county, Ala., not including any part of said southeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 29, heretofore sold by Mary Wooten to W. Z. Loveladay, and which said 24 acres is to be hereafter surveyed for accurate description—the said interest, etc., being that acquired by and vested in said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., by virtue of an agreement to convey the same executed to said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., by Mary Wooten, on to-wit: the 4th day of February, 1902; also all the improvements and personal property belonging to said Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co., viz: 2480 feet 16-lb. steel rail; 1 Cameron steam pump; 1 boiler, with hoisting engine and attachments; 1 pr. coal scales; 1 scale room; 1 office building; 1 blacksmith shop; 1 supply house; 1 2-room dwelling; 1 coal tipple; 1 water tank; 8 tram cars; 500 ft. ¾ inch steel rope; 1 pair chain tongs; 1 Stillson pipe wrench; 20 miners' picks; 32 mule shoes; 5 gallons miners oil; ¾ barrel black oil; ½ barrel rod oil; 3 augur twists; 15 blasting barrels; 4 scrapes; 3 coal shovels; ½ keg T rail spikes; 100 lbs. wire nails; 1 set pipe stocks and dies; 1 pipe cutter; 1 foot adz; 3 hammers; 1 sledge hammer; 1 spike hammer; 1 2-horse wagon; 128 brass checks; 1 steam jet; 3 side oil cans; 17 rolls blasting paper; 4 steel wedges; 1 box pipe fittings; 2 shovel handles; 2 measuring pots; 1 grind stone; 1 anvil; 1 Bellows; 1 vise; 1 desk; 1 iron safe; 1 hand hammer; 1 shoeing hammer; 2 pair blacksmith tongs; 1 drawing knife; 1 cross cut saw; 1 hand saw; 1 set screw plates; 1 brace and bit; 1 signal gong; 450 feet 2½ inch steam pipe; 450 feet 2 inch pipe; 80 feet 2½ inch pipe; 40 feet 3 inch pipe; 1 work bench and vise and 3 coal forks.

J. M. DUNCAN, Receiver for Montevallo-Dogwood Coal Co.
Postoffice address Bloceton, Ala.

R. O. Camp, an old Confederate veteran and loyal Democrat of Wilton, is in the city for a few days. Mr. Camp was a pleasant caller at The Sentinel office.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS July 6th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$37,584.41	Capital paid in	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures	7,000.00	Deposits	26,013.59
Other Real Estate	3,000.00	Rediscounts	18,244.98
Cash and with other Banks	13,710.30	Undivided profits	2,036.14
	$61,294.71		$61,294.71

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of July, 1904,
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

Notice.

We, the undersigned, endorse and recommend the Shelby County Division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia, as being the safest, cheapest and best insurance offered. The people should encourage and patronize a home institution.

W. L. Farley,
H. B. Lane, M.D.,
Prof. C. H. Florey,
J. L. Peters,
C. T. Acker, M.D.,
D. R. McMillan,
C. W. O'Hara.

Several agents are at work. From present indications the above Division will have one thousand members in the near future.

T. A. LEATHERS,
Division Agent.

Rev. S. R. Lester was down from Birmingham for a short visit with relatives Monday.

P. J. Kroell, of Montevallo, was in the city yesterday on business.

Hon. W. F. Thetford, of Montgomery in in the city attending court and and visiting friends.

M. R. Marshal, a merchant of Gurnee, is in town, and has left a good order at this office for commercial stationery.

THE COLUMBIANA LAND COMPANY

Buys and sells on commission real estate in town and country. Any person desiring to buy or sell real estate in Shelby county will find it to their advantage to communicate with this company. We pay all expenses of advertising, &c., and make no charge unless a sale is effected. We have listed several desirable pieces of property. Prompt attention given to all enquiries. Office up-stairs at rear of Browne & Leeper's office. Address Lock Box 232,

Columbiana, Ala.

No. 100. Eight desirable resident lots 100 by 300 feet, in Columbiana, half mile south of court house, on Shelby street. Terms to suit purchaser; part cash, balance in installments.

No. 101. Good four room house and 32 acres of land in fine cultivation. Only a short distance from Columbiana Graded School. A bargain for some one.

. . IT IS MONEY IN YOUR POCKET . .

That is what you want, - - And that is Business

I can save you money in the Grocery line, taking into consideration QUALITY of goods purchased. Beautiful line of Stationery and School Supplies. Goods guarateed to be as represented or money refunded, Call to see us.

J. R. WHITE.

SHIELDS BRAND

FITS SHIELDS BRAND WEARS

WELL WELL

CLOTHING

Don't be talked into taking something "just as good." One trial of the "SHIELDS' BRAND" clothing will convince you that it is the best suit sold for the money.

—FOR SALE BY—

AVERYT & AVERYT

SHELBY, ALA.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00

One copy six months.....50

Telephone No. 17.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Major John Bolin, of Beat 9, was in town Saturday.

Tom Lester, of Beat 8, was in town last Saturday.

Sevier Wilson, of Longview, has been attending court this week.

Henry Wilson, of Longview, was in town the fore part of the week.

J. F. Pope, of Wilsonville, was in town the latter part of last week.

Miss Lucy Smith, of Alpine, is in the city visiting friends for a short time.

J. W. Johnston was doing business in Birmingham two or three days last week.

J. P. Pearson was in Birmingham last Thursday to hear Tom Watson speak.

Sam Wallace was a visitor to Birmingham last Saturday on a business mission.

The dust of the past week has been simply awful. A good rain is needed badly.

G. F. Harper, of Montevallo, is attending court and is a member of the grand jury.

Dr. J. H. Gunn, of Calera, Shelby county's health officer, was in the city last Saturday.

J. H. Davis, jr., of Montevallo, was in town the fore part of the week—on business in court.

Dr. C. T. Acker and family now occupy one of Uncle Jeff Billiott's cottages in the North end.

Henry Chapman is building a cottage on College street, and contractor Saxon is doing the work.

Mrs. Weaver and Mrs. Brooks returned last Saturday from a visit at Calera with Mrs. I. W. Bailey.

T. J. Weaver, who hus been on the sick list for the past two or three weeks, is about as well as usual.

Judge A. P. Longshore was in Birmingham last Wednesday and Thursday on a business mission.

Mrs. Max Lefkovits went up to Talladega last Sunday to visit relatives and friends for a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Lane, of Sylacauga, are in the city at the bedside of their sister, Mrs. J. R. White.

C. P. McLane, of Saginaw, is attending court this week. He paid The Sentinel a pleasant call Monday.

Mrs. Wood was in Longview last Friday and Saturday on business connected with her millinery, establishment.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, has been attending court this week. Mr. Lyman says Beat 4 will send up her usual Democratic majority in the November election, and it may go a little better than usual.

E. A. Turner, of Calcis, is attending court this week.

J. R Beavers, o Birmingham, is in town this week attending court.

Circuit court convened Monday, with Judge John Pelham presiding.

Chester Browne, who is attending school at Auburn, is at home for a few days.

Hon. Sydney J. Bowie was in town shaking hands with friends the fore part of the week.

Miss Gertrude Roberts, of Birmingham, is in the city, called here by the fatal illness of Mrs J. R. White.

L. B. Foust, of Saginaw, was in the city the fore part of the week, and while here made this office a pleasant call.

John Fulton, a prominent Democrat of Saginaw, was in town on last Thursday, and favored this office with a call.

Mrs. George Mason and children have returned from a visit of a few days with friends and relatives at Leeds.

NOTICE.—Builders and Contractors should write Cook-Dominy Co., Fitzgerald, Ga., for lumber and shingles. Yours truly.
Aug. 25-3m COOK-DOMINY CO.

The Columbiana Land Co. has some choice lots which it is advertising in this issue. These lots are a bargain for some one.

J. E. Ruffin, a prominent merchant of Helena, and an all round good Democrat, was in town on Thursday of last week.

Miss Stella Powell, of Childersburg, who is a teacher in our public school this year, is making her home with Mrs. Henry Milner.

Col. Thos. Bulger, of Dadeville, is attending court here this week. He has many friends here who are always glad to see him.

Mrs. Iris E. Taylor and two daughters, Gladys and Jewel, of Wilsonville, were in Columbiana last Saturday the guests of Toliver Taylor.

Rev. and Mrs. T. K. Roberts, of Anniston, arrived in the city Monday, called here by the serious illness of their sister, Mrs. J. R. White.

Minor and Ernest Hendrick, of Montevallo, are among the out of town students who have entered the Columbiana Graded School for this session.

E. W. Holland, of the firm of Weldon & Holland, Wilsonville, is in the city attending court. Mr Holland made our office a pleasant call on Monday.

W. P. McConaughy, of Montevallo, is serving as a grand juror this term of court. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call from Mr. McConaughy on Monday.

A telegram was received by Mrs. Alice Liles yesterday announcing the marriage of Miss Mary Liles to Mr. J. W. Pettyjohn in Birmingham. No particulars.

If you have any real estate to sell, or you wish to buy, see the Columbiana Land Co. That firm may have a buyer for you, or the piece of property that you have been looking for.

R. E. Bowdon, of Keystone, chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, was in town Thursday of last week. There has been several cases of smallpox among the negroes at his lime kiln, but Mr. Bowdon says the disease is now a thing of the past.

Beautiful Gates Ajar.

A deep feeling of sadness swept over our community last Tuesday night, when it was learned that Mrs. J. R White, who had been a victim of typhoid fever, had closed her eyes in death. For two weeks she had battled nobly for a return to health, and her efforts were augmented by all the aid that physicians and good nursing could render. But it was not to be, and at 8:30 Tuesday night, surrounded by those whom she had so dearly loved in her lifetime, she passed into the great unseen.

Willie Prince Roberts was born in Jefferson county thirty-seven years ago. She afterwards came to Columbiana with her parents, and eighteen years ago was married to Mr. J. R. White of this place, and has lived here ever since that time. The fruit of that union has been four daughters, three of whom are now living. She united with the Methodist church when quite a little girl, and her whole life has been that of a devoted christian woman. No woman in our little city has, probably, been more universally loved than Mrs. White. Hers was a noble character, sympathetic in disposition and kindly in manner to all.

The funeral occurred yesterday from the M E. Church at 3 o'clock, the services being conducted by Rev G. T. Harris, pastor of the deceased, and Dr. Branscomb, of Talla lega, and the large number of friends present attested her worth to this community, and the great loss it had incurred in her death, and the beautiful flowers that were so profuse over and about the casket were tributes from those who had loved the good woman who had been taken from them.

She will cheer no more nor brighten the social and religious circle of our little city; in the sick room no more will be found her comforting presence, and today loving ones are weeping and sigh for the "tender touch of a loving hand, and the sound of a voice that is still." Mrs. White illustrated in her every day life those christian graces and virtues which bloom alike under brighest skies and darkest clouds. As a daughter, wife, mother, neighbor and friend she was most dearly loved, and the little world—this community—that has known her for so many years is the better for her having lived in it. She has gone the way that all must go. Whether we today are rejoicing in the vigor of youth, or exulting in the strength of matural manhood or womanhood, or bending beneath the burdens of age, we must admit as did David when he was being hunted by the emissaries of King Saul. "As the Lord liveth, and as my soul liveth, there is but a step between me and death." We can build no wall of defense which will bar its approach, and in spite of all our effort death is constantly robbing us of friends, neighbors and loved ones. Only time can heal the wounds thus afflicted, but to live a life as did Mrs White takes away much of the sting caused by its visitation.

To the devoted, patient and thoughtful husband, and to the little daughters who are now passing through their first great sorrow, to the mother, the sisters and brothers, our heart goes out in its fullness of sympathy, and although the memory of her who has been taken from them will never grow dim, yet how earnestly and hopefully we trust that time may, in a measure, soften their sorrow and ease the great throbs of these aching hearts which have been so sadly torn

Mrs. Jas. McGowen received a letter last Saturday from Longview, Texas, announcing the death of Mrs. John Morrison, who moved to that place from Columbiana some years ago. Mrs. Morrison was a Miss Holland before her marriage, and was a sister to E. W. Holland, of Wilsonville, and of Mrs. Huston, whose death recently occurred. The deceased was a good christian woman, and was a member of the Presbyterian church. She leaves a husband and two children to mourn her death.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Bailey, of Calera, came up Monday morning, Mr Bailey to serve as a juror in court and Mrs Bailey to visit her mother, Mrs. Weaver. Mr. Bailey was excused by Judge Pelham and returned to Calera Tuesday, while his wife will remain for a short time. While here Mr. Bailey called and pushed his subscription to The Sentinel ahead for another year.

Eddie Barnett, the accommodating operator who has been with Agent W. F. Davis for a long time, has gone to Stanton as relief operator for a while. Although burdened with a great bodily affliction Eddie is one of the most pleasant, self-satisfied little fellows one will meet in a long time. He is the youngest operator in the employ of the Southern Railway.

On the first day of October of this year the Girls' Industrial School at Montevallo had 406 pupils enrolled as against 386 at the same time last year. Many improvements have been made about the buildings and grounds the past vacation, and there is promise of many more during the next year.

The display of handsome millinery at the Columbiana Milliner Shop last Friday and Saturday was a pretty one, and Miss Fallaw is to be congratulated upon the success of the opening. The interior of the store was nicely decorated in the national colors.

The Fourth Quarterly Conference for Columbiana circuit will be held in Methodist church at Columbiana on October 10th, at 10:30 a. m. The public is invited.

Miss Mary Liles departed for St. Louis on Tuesday for a visit at the World's Fair. Her nephew, Grover Liles, expects to return with her.

The new Methodist church at Farmer will be dedicated on October 9th, at 7 p. m. Rev. L. C. Branscomb will preach the dedication sermon.

Miss Gertrude Gordon returned from Calera last Sunday where she had been visiting friends and relatives for a short time.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich, of Aldrich, was in town Monday and attended the conference of the Populist-Republican leaders.

There will be no evening service at the Methodist church next Sunday. The morning service will be as usual.

MONTEVALLO.

Geo. W. Morgan is wearing a smile which reaches from ear to ear, and all because a fine boy babe has arrived at his home. That's enough to make any man smile.....Capt. and Mrs. H. C. Reynolds, who have been touring for several weeks through British Columbia, Washington and California have returned home. They report a most delightful trip.....Henry Latham, who has been battling with fever for several weeks seems to have gotten the upper hand of the enemy, and improving.....W. P. McConaughy and G. F. Harper are in Columbiana this week, serving on the grand jury.....Mrs. H. E. Whitaker is down from Columbiana for a visit with her mother, Mrs. S. V. McCauley ....Howard Latham was down from Columbiana last Sunday visiting his wife at the home of her father, J. E. Hendrick.....Mr. and Mrs S. E. Bobo have a very sick child.

Notice of Sale of Coal Land, Coal Mines and Equipment.

IRVING I. GARDNER, Et. al., Complainants, vs. Montevallo Coal and Railway Co., a corporation. Defendant.	In the Circuit Court of the U. S. for the Southern Division of the Northern District of Ala. In Equity.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern Division of the Northern District of Alabama rendered by Thomas G. Jones, Judge in the above styled case, September 29th, 1904, the undersigned, Charles J. Allison, as Special Master in said case will sell in front of the Court House door in Columbiana, Ala., on Monday, October 31, 1904, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash all of the property of the Montevallo Coal and Railway Co., a corporation, both real and personal, described as follows:

S½ of the SE¼, sec. 36, tp. 21 s. r 4 w.	80 acres
E½ of the ne¼, sec. 1, tp. 22 s. r 4 w.	80 acres.
Ne¼ of the se¼, sec. 1, tp. 22 s. r 4 w.	40 acres.
N½ of the nw¼, sec. 6, tp. 22 s. r 3 w.	80 acres.
Nw¼ of the ne¼, sec. 6, tp. 22 s. r 3 w.	40 acres.
Se¼ of the nw¼, sec. 6, tp. 22 s. r 3 w.	40 acres.
N½ of the sw¼, sec. 6, tp. 22 s, r 3 w.	80 acres.
	440 acres.
In right of Southern Railway	30 acres.
Total	470 acres.

all of said lands being situated in Shelby county, Ala. Also all mining equipment, machinery and fixtures upon said land, consisting of two 35 horse power boilers, 1 60-horse power boiler, 1 80-horse power boiler, 1 65-horse power double hoisting Engine, 1 hoisting drum, 1 Riley pump No. 6, 1 Blake pump No. 9, 1 Knowles pump No. 4, 1 Pullen boiler feeder, 12 old tram cars, 1 tram car track about one and one half miles long laid with 25 and 30 pounds rails, 1 Fairbanks 3 ton tipple scale, 1 Hall's fire proof iron safe, 1 lot of miners tools and implements, and also a chose in action consisting of a promisory note in favor of Montevallo Coal and Railway Co., against E. M. Ives of Meriden, Conn., of date February 2d, 1900, and past due for $2,300 (unsecured) all of which property both real and personal is particularly and fully described in the report of J. R. Carter Referee, filed in the above styled case October 31st, 1903, in the office of the clerk of the U. S. Circuit Court in Birmingham, Alabama.

Under the terms of said decree under which this sale is made every bidder is required at the time of making his bid to deposit with the Special Master $2,500 in cash, or securities acceptable to the Special Master for making his bid good if the same shall be acceptable, and the successful bidder shall have one day after the sale to pay the full amount of his bid and failing to do so, the amount of his deposit shall be forfeited.

CHARLES J. ALLISON,
Special Master.

Oct. 6-3t.

OVERCOATS

Latest Styles
and
Best Qualities.

CLOTHING!

(Famous Shield's Brand.)

Cold weather is coming on the run, and so will you be soon, for summer clothes must lay by soon for heavier garb.

Prices Right

U. S. MAIL RURAL FREE DELIVERY BOXES, just what you need and what you must have if you are to get your mail by these routes We have them in several styles which have been approved by the Post Office Department.

To the Farmers we say

Do Not Sell Your Cotton!

until you have called to see us.

It Might be Money in Your Pocket.

MILNER & CHRISTIAN

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

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WANTED. Quickly, a few persons to represent long established wholesale house among retail merchants and agents. Local territory of few counties. $18 salary and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Commission extra. Permanent engagement. Business successful. Previous experience not essential. Enclose self addressed envelope. Address SUPERINTENDENT TRAVELERS, 325 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Strayed or Stolen.

One light sorrel mare mule, about 10 years old; weight about 1000 pounds, with black stripe along back; strayed from Mossboro, Shelby county, Ala., about August 22, 1904. Liberal reward for return of mule or for information leading to recovery. Address P. O. Box 873, Birmingham, Ala.

Dr Brunk from Selma will make regular visits to Montevallo the first Thursday of each month, and to Columbiana the following Friday and Saturday, to see Eye, Ear and Throat cases. In Montevallo at Dr. Wilson's office, at White House in Columbiana. Next visit October 6th, 7th and 8th. 8-pd-8-10p.

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..TAILOR - MADE - SUITS..
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Cleaning, Repairing, Pressing and Dyeing
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Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers
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LIVERY, FEED,
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SALE STABLES,
COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA.

Mrs. Hughson, of Chicago, whose letter follows, is another woman in high position who owes her health to the use of

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered for several years with general weakness and bearing-down pains, caused by womb trouble. My appetite was fitful, and I would lie awake for hours, and could not sleep, until I seemed more weary in the morning than when I retired. After reading one of your advertisements I decided to try the merits of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and I am so glad I did. No one can describe the good it did me. I took three bottles faithfully, and besides building up my general health, it drove all disease and poison out of my body, and made me feel as spry and active as a young girl. Mrs. Pinkham's medicines are certainly all they are claimed to be."—MRS. M. E. HUGHSON, 347 East Ohio St., Chicago, Ill.

Mrs. Pinkham Tells How Ordinary Tasks Produce Displacements.

Apparently trifling incidents in woman's daily life frequently produce displacements of the womb. A slip on the stairs, lifting during menstruation, standing at a counter, running a sewing machine, or attending to the most ordinary tasks may result in displacement, and a train of serious evils is started.

The first indication of such trouble should be the signal for quick action. Don't let the condition become chronic through neglect or a mistaken idea that you can overcome it by exercise or leaving it alone.

More than a million women have regained health by the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

If the slightest trouble appears which you do not understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for her advice, and a few timely words from her will show you the right thing to do. This advice costs you nothing, but it may mean life or happiness or both.

Mrs. Lelah Stowell, 177 Wellington St., Kingston, Ont., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—You are indeed a godsend to women, and if they all knew what you could do for them, there would be no need of their dragging out miserable lives in agony.

"I suffered for years with bearing-down pains, womb trouble, nervousness, and excruciating headache, but a few bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** made life look new and promising to me. I am light and happy, and I do not know what sickness is, and I now enjoy the best of health."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound can always be relied upon to restore health to women who thus suffer. It is a sovereign cure for the worst forms of female complaints,—that bearing-down feeling, weak back, falling and displacement of the womb, inflammation of the ovaries, and all troubles of the uterus or womb. It dissolves and expels tumors from the uterus in the early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. It subdues excitability, nervous prostration, and tones up the entire female system. Its record of cures is the greatest in the world, and should be relied upon with confidence.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

FARMERS!
ATTENTION!
NO LINIMENT WAS EVER MADE THAT EQUALS
SLOAN'S LINIMENT
FOR HORSES AND OTHER STOCK AND ALL FAMILY USES
It Kills Pain and Kills Germs
DR. EARL S. SLOAN, 615 ALBANY ST., BOSTON, MASS.

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Take-Down Repeating Shotguns

Don't spend from $50 to $200 for a gun, when for so much less money you can buy a Winchester Take-Down Repeating Shotgun, which will outshoot and outlast the highest-priced double-barreled gun, besides being as safe, reliable and handy. Your dealer can show you one. They are sold everywhere.

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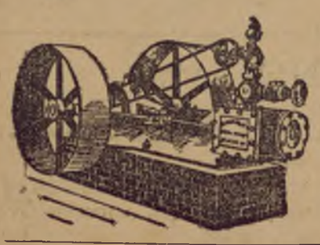

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Heavy Pipe Work a Specialty

Address Machinery Department

MACON, GEORGIA.

Am. 41, 1904.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

From Mt. Genevieve, a peak in Gilpin county, Col., a person can see into four states and one territory.

AN AMERICAN YOUTH.

A Famous Son Who Won the Cecil Rhodes Scholarship.

New York has cause for self-congratulation in the representative that the State has chosen for the Cecil Rhodes scholarship at Oxford in the person of Warren Ellis Schutt, Cornell, 1905. The sturdy Ithacan will be as splendid a type of American manhood as will be sent abroad to the English university by any State in the Union. Schutt's career is thoroughly interesting. He is the son of a prosperous farmer who lives six miles from Ithaca. Young Schutt got his primary education at a country school near his home, and then won a four-year scholarship in the Ithaca High School in a competitive examination. Instead of moving into Ithaca to live, or even driving to and from school with one of his father's teams, as he might easily have done, Schutt walked to and from the high school each morning and night. In this way he prepared for Cornell University. His first year in college he continued to walk to and from his home. His scholarship continued to be of the same high standard as in the high school, and he took all the prizes and scholarships to which he was eligible, ending up with the Cecil Rhodes scholarship at Oxford University. In his sophomore year for the first time Schutt entered college athletics. There the trainer took him under his care and developed him into the greatest cross-country runner in the country. It was here his twelve miles of daily walking to and from his home counted in Schutt's favor in the physical condition of the athlete. He ran in Cornell's victorious cross-country teams against Harvard, Yale, Princeton and Pennsylvania. On the track team he captured the two-mile intercollegiate run and lowered the time. Last May he duplicated the feat and was subsequently elected captain of Cornell's 1905 track team. This position he will, of course, resign upon his going to England. He is only twenty years old, stands more than six feet in height and weighs more than 165 pounds.—Illustrated Sporting News.

The Venetian courts have been trying to ascertain whether Prince Carlo Vincenzo Giovanni, who is known to have been alive in 1703, is dead yet. The disposal of a claim to more than $1,000,000 is at issue. So far no death certificate in the case has been producible, but a priest has offered to swear that the prince is no longer alive, and his deposition will be accepted.

In pensions women are in the lead. Mrs. Garfield and Mrs. McKinley receive $5,000 a year each. Mrs. Philip H. Sheridan receives $2,500, while the pensions of Mrs. Logan, Mrs. McClellan and Mrs. Frank Blair are each $2,000. Eighteen widows of generals and admirals receive $1,200 a year.

The making of shoes for dogs has now developed into quite a big industry, and is especially flourishing in Labrador. The dogs attached to sledges travel at great speed over the rough ice, and some protection for the feet is necessary. The shoes are made of sealskin.

The returns in London for the quarter ending June 30 show a decrease of revenue of $12,500,000. A large meeting under the presidency of a dignitary of the Church of England, therefore pointed out to the chancellor of the exchequer that it would be advisable to tax cats half a crown a head.

To show the progress made in shipbuilding in Japan it is shown that of the new steamers put in commission in 1902, 67 were built at home and 10 purchased abroad. Of the sailing ships same year 137 were built at home and none purchased abroad.

Announcement is made that Rear Admiral Schley will shortly publish his autobiography under the title, "Forty-five Years Under the Flag." About one-third of the book will be devoted to the Spanish war.

The raffesia flower of Sumatra weighs fifteen pounds. The cup, free of its contents, will hold twelve pints of water. The odor, however, is that of tainted beef

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The man who first made steel pens got $1 apiece for them.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

One-tenth of the world is still unexplored.

Dyeing is as easy as washing when PUTNAM'S FADELESS DYES are used.

Tobacco exports are decreasing.

China's Medical School.

The Dowager Empress of China has given a sum of money for the establishment of an institution for teaching medicine, the management to be confided to the missionaries.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

His Just Deserts.

A Chicago railway ticket scalper must serve eighteen months in the House of Correction for fraudulently representing himself to be a clergyman to obtain half-rate tickets.

Waked Up All Kinds of Snakes.

Snakes are unusually plentiful in the Middletown Valley this year, if the report of Farmer George Cramer is reliable, for he tells the champion story of the season. He lives at Catoctin Switch, in the southern part of the valley, and says that while he was mowing clover a few days ago a large blacksnake jumped up from the grass and landed on the machine. He stopped the machine and killed the reptile, which measured five and a half feet.

Later in the day he picked up a bunch of hay to give to one of the horses, when he felt something move in his hand. Investigation revealed the fact that he had picked up a rattlesnake in the hay. He dropped it pretty quick and killed it. But this is not all. Toward evening, while hauling the hay from the field to the barn, he heard a peculiar noise back of his head while seated on the saddle horse. Upon glancing around, his face came almost in contact with a large copperhead snake that was sticking out of the load of hay. He stopped the team and killed the intruder.

While cutting the hay during the day he killed two blacksnakes and three copperheads.

Mr. Joseph Huffer, south of Middletown, has so far this season killed twelve large blacksnakes on his farm. Mrs. Christopher Ringgold, of the same vicinity, killed a six-foot blacksnake in her henhouse.—Baltimore Sun.

The Coffee Smokers.

Two old men in blue uniforms, veterans attending the soldiers' reunion, sat on a bench in Boston Common.

"What was your hardest week during the war?" said the first veteran.

"My hardest week," the other answered, "was the one when I had no tobacco. I'll never forget that."

He paused to light a cigar. Then he went on:

"Do you know what we all smoked during that week? Why, sir, we all smoked coffee. We ground up our coffee coarse, and smoked it in our pipes."

The other veteran looked interested.

"How did it taste?" he said.

"Taste? Why, it tasted about like you'd think it would."

"Smelt good, I bet you."

"Yes, smelt all right."

"Any bad effect from it?"

"Gorry, yes. Took the skin off all our tongues."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

A Whopper From Pennsylvania.

While picking huckleberries on the mountains near Hagerman's Run, near Williamsport, on Sunday, D. W. Mack and son, Lewis, of South Williamsport, walked into a den of about thirty rattlesnakes. An exciting fight followed, the two men using stones and clubs. Seventeen of the snakes were killed, the others seeking safety in the crevices of the rocks.

During the battle Mr. Mack, who held an open jack knife in his hand, ribbed a gash ten inches long in a snake's body, and a mink, which had been swallowed by the reptile, crawled through the hole and tried to get away, but was so nearly dead from the squeezing it had received and confinement in the reptile's body that it could not get far, and Mr. Mack killed it with a blow of his club.—Wellsboro Agitator.

Guatemala's Big Coffee Crop.

When the volcanic eruptions in Guatemala last year covered the coffee fincas it was believed that the industry was ruined and that Guatemala had received a blow from which recovery would be slow. Many planters abandoned their ash covered plantations and believed themselves ruined. But the activity of the volcanoes was followed by heavy and long continued rains, which washed away a great deal of the ashes and incorporated more of them with the soil. The rain also seemed to bleach the ashes and extract from it a liquid fertilizer which proved of great benefit to the coffee trees. The result is a crop nearly as large again as last year's. Hereafter when the volcanoes of Guatemala erupt and spout ashes the only unfortunate coffee planters will be those whose fincas are outside of the showers.—London Globe.

A small boy with an insatiable thirst for knowledge came over from Baltimore in the same car with me day before yesterday. He talked all the way over, and everything he said had a "why, ma," in it. Ma was worn to a frizzle when the train reached Washington.

"Come on," said she. "Thank goodness we're home. No, don't go that way. Come this way."

"I want to go out of that end of the car," said the boy.

"You can't," snapped ma. "This is the end to go out of."

"Why, ma?" asked the boy. "Why, ma? Don't the car step at both ends?"—Washington Post.

Inspecting Our Roads.

R. Peacock, an Egyptian railroad man from Assiout, is visiting this country. He is locomotive superintendent of the Egyptian State Railways, and has come here at the request of his Government to inspect the American railways with a view to introducing some of the modern American methods of transportation into his country.

The czarina of Russia smokes cigarettes now and then, and on her desk there are always a couple of golden engraved cigarette cases, a silver ash tray and a malachite match holder.

Switzerland entertains through the year 3,000,000 visitors, who spend $30,000,000. Italy, the Riveria and Spain between them, attract an expenditure of $60,000,000.

New York's police department says women who smoke in automobiles will not be interfered with.

DESTRUCTION OF CORK FORESTS.

It Goes on in Italy at an Alarming Rate and No Check Seems Possible.

The cork industry, which is quite an important one, will receive a fresh impetus, a new process having been discovered by which large pieces can be made out of small ones so that cork waste can be utilized in large quantities. This is all the more important as the price of cork increases steadily, both on account of the growing demand and the lessened supply of the raw material.

Formerly Italy was a large producer of cork, but a great part of the splendid cork-oak forests has already been destroyed. In some provinces—as, for instance, in Calabria—the trees have been felled and used for charcoal making; in other provinces they have been cut down on account of their high potash contents.

Larger forests of cork-oak trees are still existing in Spain, Portugal, France, Algeria and Tunis. None are found in Asia Minor and only rarely in Greece and European Turkey, although the climates seem to be favorable for their growth. The area covered by these forests is estimated at 300,000 hectares (741,300 acres) in Portugal, 250,000 hectares (617,750 acres) in Spain, 280,000 hectares (691,880 acres) in Algeria, and only 80,000 hectares (197,750 acres) remain in Italy.

While Spain still furnishes 32,800 tons of cork annually, the production of Italy has decreased to 4000 tons. The value of the Spanish exports of cork amounts to $6,000,000 per year, against less than $250,000 for Italy. Only Sicily and Sardinia are still producing cork to any considerable extent in Italy, while the former great oak forests of Calabria are almost totally destroyed. It seems incomprehensible that this destruction has been permitted. The trees easily reach an age of 200 years. They yield cork in their thirteenth year and continue to do so every seven years. Seventy-five years ago the English demand for cork was supplied exclusively from Italy. The destruction of the remaining forests goes on uninterruptedly, and nobody seems to try to prevent it or to plant new forests in spite of the fact that Italy possess the most favorable climate and soil for the cork oak, the most favorable conditions for its growth being found in the volcanic soil of the peninsula.

Substitutes for Wit.

Chinese school teachers do not strengthen the brains of children with algebra and calculus, but stuff them with Confucian morals, says a writer in the Chicago Record-Herald. He further declares that in China he found no wit or imagination, but tells the following incidents, which prove that the Chinaman has good unconscious substitutes for one or the other:

One day in Shanghai, when I was feeling sick, I called a Chinaman to me and said, "John, do you have good doctors in China?"

"Good doctors!" he exclaimed. "China have best doctors in wo'ld."

"Eudon, over there," I said, pointing to a house covered with a doctor's signs, "do you call him a good doctor?"

"Eudon goo doctor!" he exclaimed. "He great! He best doctor in China. He save my life once!"

"You don't say so!" I said. "How was it?"

"Me velly sick," he said, confidentially. "Me callee Doctor Han Kou. Givee some medicine. Get velly, velly sick! Me call Doctor Sam Sing. Givee more medicine. Me grow worse. Going to die! Blimeby call Doctor Eudon. He no got time, no come. He savee my life!"

In Chefoo my wife engaged a Chinese cook. When he came she asked his name. Shaking hands with himself and smiling, he said, "My namee Yong Hang Ho."

"Oh, that's too long!" said my wife. "I can't remember all that. I call you John."

"All light," he said, smiling. "What your namee?"

"My name," said my wife, slowly, is Mrs. Melville D. Landon."

"Hi," cried John. "Too long namee! Can't 'member all lot. Callee you Charley."

The Shoe Shampoo.

Willie is a precocious youth of about three summers. He was out with the boys the other evening, and among his dissipations was the indulgence in a shoeshine in a real up-to-date shoeblack's chair. Next he got his hair cut, and when the barber asked him if he wanted a shampoo he replied: "Suttinly, I want all the fixin's."

Recently when his father came home Willie had a chair in place and was ready to do business like a professional shoeblack. He addressed his father as follows: "Say, dad! get into de chair and I'll give your shoes a shampoo."

He got his words a trifle mixed, but there was one feature of the business he had down to the queen's taste To humor him his father got into the chair and the boy went through the shoe shining operation in pantomime, wich was so true to nature that every one laughed. The operation over, the youngster called out in a brisk tone: "Next! Five cents, please!" at the same time holding out his hand for the coin. He got it and immediately closed his shop until he could spend the nickel.—Albany Journal.

Snide Lights on Literature.

Robinson Crusoe had just discovered the footprints in the sand.

"If these were feminine," he mused, with the dry humor born of long and solitary confinement, "I might call 'em miss-prints."

Whereat the goat, who had just butted in, laughed vociferously.

Macbeth was raving.

"Macbeth," he cried, "does murder sleep."

"You're murdering mine," said Lady Macbeth, "and if you don't hush I'll start a murderfest myself."

And Mac had to keep quiet.—Chicago Journal.

The population of London has increased 11 percent in 14 years.

The Lawyer and the Painter.

Last summer at a dinner at Delmonico's Senator Depew told the following very laughable story: A certain lawyer who was noted for his success on cross-examination found his match several years ago in a long-suffering witness. He had plied the witness with question after question, and finally asked him how long he had work at his business of painting. The witness said, "I've worked at it off and on, but for the last twenty years I've worked at it steady."

"How long off and on have you worked at it?"

"Fifty-five years," was the reply.

"How old are you?" asked the lawyer.

"Fifty-five," answered the witness.

"Then you have been a painter from birth?" asked the lawyer.

"No, sir," responded the witness.

"Then why did you say you have worked at your trade for fifty-five years?" inquired the lawyer.

"I have worked at it off and on fifty-five years," said the witness. "Twenty-five years on, and thirty years off."

The Same Mosquitoes.

Charles Oliver Iselin, the well-known New York yachtsman, last summer at the yacht club very neatly called the turn on an overly fresh young man. "Talking about mosquitoes," said the young man, "I shall never forget the swarm of them that overtook my yacht just off Newport last summer. I tell you, gentlemen, those mosquitoes were as big as sparrows. Why, ten minutes after they came down on us they had carried away every inch of sail on the yacht."

"Phew!" exclaimed the yachtsmen.

"It's true," cried the young man; "it's true."

"Yes," interrupted Mr. Iselin; "I can vouch for every word of it."

"How can you do that—you weren't there!" exclaimed the young man.

"I know I wasn't, but I ran into the same bunch of mosquitoes the next day at Bar Harbor," said Mr. Iselin.

"How do you know that they were the same mosquitoes?" inquired the young man.

"Because," said Mr. Iselin, "they all wore canvas overalls."

Surakarta is the paradise of umbrellas. They are carried proudly over the heads of every official and every nobleman, but invariably are shut at the approach of a person of higher rank, and inside the kraton no umbrella may be carried open, except that of the employer himself.

The records of the criminal department in Japan show a striking contrast to those of American and European cities. Last year out of a total of 148,239 convictions in the criminal courts only 3,323 were for what are called "crimes"—that is, penal offenses.

Gold mining is not a conspicuous industry in Great Britain, but a mine in North Wales has lately filed a report showing a total of $165,000 extracted in six months, with a net profit of over $120,000. But there are not many mines of even this moderate richness.

E. C. Cummings, near Norristown, Pa., claims to have the largest number of birds of any pigeon grower in the world. He now has 10,000. The entire plant covers sixteen acres and represents an investment of $25,000. Five hundred squabs are sold weekly.

During the fiscal year closed June 30 last the revenue from 6,707,471,863 cigars was $20,122,415.59, which is a falling off in revenue of $236,756.01 and a decline in cigar production for the last year of 78,918,670 cigars.

Fourteen thousand one hundred dollars is an item the United States pays every year to support its foreign prisons. These are four in number and located at Bangkok, Shanghai, Yokohama and Turkey.

Captain Hamlet states that the destruction wrought by the party of Japanese poachers on Lisiansky island to bird life was something appalling. He estimates that they killed at least 300,000 birds.

Sadyk Bey Ouchaky Zade, a Turk from Smyrna, has applied for membership in the New York stock exchange. He is a heavy dealer in cotton in Asia Minor and Egypt.

At Knaresborough castle, in Yorkshire, is a dropping well, in which, if pieces of wood, sprigs of trees or flowers are dropped they are petrified or turned to stone.

The Parisians have so much faith in the Pasteur institute for hydrophobia that they do not put muzzles on their dogs even in midsummer.

The habit of chewing tobacco is dying out in certain localities, but the smokers are becoming a larger band every year.

Official figures have not been given out as to the exact cost of the Bull Run maneuvers, but it is understood that they will approximate $500,000.

Ten million gallons of water go over Niagara Falls every minute.

THOUGHT SHE WOULD DIE.

Mrs. S. W. Marine, of Colorado Springs, Began to Fear the Worst — Doan's Kidney Pills Saved Her.

Mrs. Sarah Marine, of 428 St. Urain street, Colorado Springs, Col., President of the Glen Eyrie Club, writes: "I suffered for three years with severe back ache. The doctors told me my kidneys were affected and prescribed medicines for me, but I found that it was only a waste of time and money to take them, and began to fear that I would never get well. A friend advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills. Within a week after I began using them I was so much better that I decided to keep up the treatment, and when I had used a little over two boxes I was entirely well. I have now enjoyed the best of health for more than four months, and words can but poorly express my gratitude."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Several weeks ago Horace Scudder moved from Beatrice, Neb., to Colorado. At a place about 600 miles from his old home his dog disappeared. Now he has turned up in Beatrice, very worn and weary, having evidently traveled 600 miles on foot.

The tiger will sit with only its head out of the water on a blazing hot day. They will also nearly immerse themselves when they come down to drink at night, and leave a long, dripping trail on the sand behind when they emerge.

In some parts of Africa dates form the main food of the natives, their huts are composed chiefly of the leaves, the fiber of the leaf-stalks is employed in rope making and from the sap is obtained an intoxicating drink.

The bishop of London has received a subscription of $25 from an undertaker who described the gift as a thank offering "because trade has been so brisk of late."

Sparks from a passing railway engine set fire to the grass in the cemetery at Leuftenberg, Germany; 180 wooden tombstones were destroyed by the fire.

The pope is to purchase an automobile for his personal use in taking his daily rides through the vatican gardens.

It has been found that watches and clocks can not withstand the effect of great heights with perfect immunity any more than a human being can.

Oriental merchants do not bargain for precious stones by word of mouth, but by signs.

DYSPEPSIA

"Having taken your wonderful "Cascarets" for three months and being entirely cured of stomach catarrh and dyspepsia, I think a word of praise is due to "Cascarets" for their wonderful composition. I have taken numerous other so-called remedies but without avail and I find that Cascarets relieve more in a day than all the others I have taken would in a year."
James McGune, 128 Mercer St., Jersey City, N. J.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

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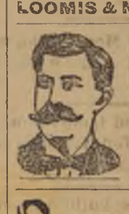

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Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

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Business, Shorthand and Typewriting College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free.

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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
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Men's and Women's Sizes

GOLD WATCHES

Free If you want to know how to get them without any cost—without any work, write to

BLACH'S
1912-1914 First Ave.,
Birmingham,

For a copy of their Fall and Winter Big Value Book of Men's and Boys' Apparel which contains full particulars.

Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed

To cure, or money refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., OCTOBER 27 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 9

WHERE THE TROUBLE LIES.

I think as many thoughts as most.
And some of them are really great.
I do not say the thing to boast—
I only care the fact to state.
Yet other men accumulate
No end of wealth with something pat
I could have done, but left too late.
Well, then, I wish I'd thought of that.

I might have known that stocks would rise.
The indications were that way—
It was a thing beyond surmise,
To buy a lot was bound to pay.
I noticed, too, the other day,
They rose sky high, but I was flat
Enough to miss the chance—oh, say,
I wish that I had thought of that.

Why can't I think of things in time!
My failure fills me with disgust.
It always seems to me that I'm
Behind and getting all the dust.
Had it not been for this, I must
Have been long since a plutocrat;
Each good thing missed, I find, is just
Because I did not think of that.
—Chicago News.

Margaret.

MARGARET HUNGERFORD stood under the shadow of a gallery in St. Matthew's Church and watched the man to whom she had been engaged six months before come down the aisle with the woman who had superseded her upon his arm.

A year ago she had joyously invested this man with qualities whose nobleness existed only in the intensity of her own ideals. He had rewarded her by losing his head under the flattery of a pair of shallow blue eyes.

Margaret had stood aloof, almost as an outsider, and watched the thing from its very beginning—watched it with a slow death within herself which was as the hard departure of youth.

Never by the lifting of a hand did she seek to stay what she saw. Then came the day when Darrel asked to be released.

She realized with a quick glance into the future that here was an experience which time might not gloss over. It left her a woman of clear vision, with no vestige of the inconsequent glamour of girlhood.

Yes, as she walked from the church, when the bridal party had dispersed, a deep thankfulness filled her heart. Her life was yet her own. The bitterness she had felt was more for the rude tearing away of the sheltering visions of girlhood than for any deeper hurt.

"Now," she said, and threw back her strong shoulders while she descended the church steps as though she would thus throw off forever this phase of her life, "new work."

And work it was for three years, as day by day, in her nurse's dress, she trod the ward of a hospital. It was also what the pruning of a careful gardener is to a vine.

Under it Margaret's somewhat angular figure grew into a graciousness of womanhood seldom seen. Then she met Paul Gerhardt, and life blossomed for her with a resplendence of joy which at times held her dumb.

She stood one evening by the bed in a private room looking down upon the woman who lay there. The patient had just been brought from the operating room and given into Margaret's care.

On the whiteness of the pillow the fair, damp strands of hair showed strangely familiar in spite of the wasted features beneath. Margaret waited with locked hands for the heavy eyelids to lift themselves. Then she looked up suddenly and saw Darrel in the doorway, and knew.

His anxiety for his wife, if such it could be called, was swallowed up in his amazement at Margaret. That the former was perfunctory the nurse saw at a glance.

And in the eyes of Eleanor Darrel—when the effect of the ether had passed—there burned a fearful eagerness. Even the surprise of finding herself in the care of the woman she believed she had wronged was immersed in it.

Margaret saw that what little strength her patient had was dissipated in the effort to drag one word of real concern from her husband, and followed Darrel from the room.

Darrel's eyes narrowed to pin points as he watched her. Suddenly he caught a fold of her apron, crushing its fine whiteness in his hand.

"Margaret"—his voice was husky—"I see now—what a mistake——"

She looked at him dully, with knitting brows. It was hard at a bound to bring her mind to this. Then, as she would have avoided unnecessary contagion, she drew her apron from his grasp.

"Mistake!" her eyes pierced the shifting ones and held them. "Mistake! You did but one wise thing in all your weak, vacillating life, as far as I know, and it was when you married Eleanor!"

His eyes writhed under hers, but she would not release them.

"Why," she went on, "she loves you in spite of the fact that she knows you as you are. To me it seems incredible, it is incredible. She must be nearer the divine than we are."

Her look went beyond him to the door of the sick room, and he breathed more freely. Now it came back.

"What I knew what He had saved me from how do you suppose I thank Him now, when I know what He has saved me for? Within a month I am to be the wife of Paul Gerhardt."

The great oculist's name was familiar enough for Darrel. It was a pity that Gerhardt himself, bending at that moment over a pair of sightless eyes, could not have lifted his head and looked into those of the woman he loved.

The man who did look into them wondered if, after all, and in spite of Margaret's beauty, he had not had a narrow escape. Strenuousness was the one thing in life to be avoided. His thoughts turned to his wife with a sense of relief.

"Henry!" The nurse conquered her aversion enough to touch his arm. "Ever since the operation your wife has yearned—hungered for some sign that you really cared."

His weak under lip protruded itself sullenly. It was the look which his wife knew best on his face. To Margaret it was revealingly new.

"Go in now," she said quietly, "and give her what she has been craving for."

He shifted from one foot to the other in hesitating uncertainty. Then, as it was always easier for him to yield than to resist, he moved slowly back along the corridor.

His wife's eyes went quickly from one face to the other as they re-entered the room. Darrel took a chair beside her.

"You must hurry up and get well," he said awkwardly, patting the white hand which lay on the counterpane.

She scarcely seemed to breathe while she waited, her eyes fixed on his face. Still he hesitated, feeling Margaret's compelling eyes upon him.

"The house—does not seem—like home without you—little girl."

The very utterance of the words moved him, for Darrel was easily moved emotionally.

Slowly, in faint waves, the color rose to Eleanor Darrel's temples, seeming to force the moisture into her eyes as it came. Margaret thought involuntarily of parched ground when a healing rain has fallen upon it.

The wife's fingers were clinging like weak tendrils around her husband's.

Darrel looked around for Margaret, but she had left the room, feeling her way blindly out. Then he stooped, laying his face against the white one near his own.

Margaret's face as she ran down the hospital steps that evening to the man who stood waiting for her at his horses' heads was a benediction. Gerhardt turned to it afresh as he gathered up the reins in his strong hand.

"I don't know that I like you to look like that," he said, smiling, "when I am not the cause. It makes me jealous."

The eyes which raised themselves to his were glowing with the wonder of faith which has become certainty.—St. Louis Star.

An Eskimo Salmon-Trap.

The Eskimos along the Yukon River have an odd method of catching salmon, which is described by Mr. Jeremiah Lynch in "Three Years in the Klondike."

The Eskimos take boards a foot wide and an inch thick, and nail them together lengthwise in a triangular spout, a little wider than a good-sized salmon. This is submerged in five feet of water a foot from the surface and twenty yards from the shore.

The salmon, swimming along the side of the shore against the strong current, go straight into this simple trap and cannot get back, and those in the rear press on those in front.

We saw eighteen large salmon taken from one of these spouts in a few minutes, and the Indians said they caught scores every day while the runs continued.

At an old Russian settlement we observed how the natives live and prepare for the winter. The fish were running plentifully, and every Indian, even to the little children, was busy bringing them up from the bank, opening them and hanging them on the trees, or temporary scaffolds, or tops of huts and cabins, in every conceivable place where a salmon could be put to dry out of reach of the dogs.

The run lasts about six weeks, and in that interval the natives must provide food for their families and dogs until next season. Very few wild animals exist on this lower Yukon, and with the addition of geese and ducks, salmon is the only food that the country provides for its inhabitants. No grain is cultivated. The Indians buy flour and light supplies from the traders, paying in dogs and furs, for they trap all through the long winter.

Telephone Girls of Europe.

A London correspondent who has a London-Paris-Milan wire in his room writes that in his opinion the telephone girl is not quite an angel. He finds the London telephone girls slow and indifferent, the French intractable and impertinent. When the Whittaker Wright trial was proceeding he found himself late with some news and rushed to the telephone. Absolute silence followed his frantic ringing, until he almost pulled the telephone from the wall. After twenty minutes or so a sweet voice said: "Number, please?" "But," he protested, "I have been ringing for half an hour!" "Oh, really! I am so sorry. I was drinking my tea!"

In Paris the girls are absent-minded and usually make the connection badly, but have invariably an excuse and will not hear remonstrances.

The Italian telephone girl by the side of her London and Paris sisters shines indeed. She is obliged to repeat the number wanted, and so seldom makes a wrong connection, she is prompt, and not exceptionally pert, but she is lazy, and will often tell you that the person you want does not reply when she has made no effort to ring him up.—Rome Secolo.

Ground ivy and mustard can be destroyed through sprinkling with a solution of copperas (sulphate of iron).

WEINSEIMER CONVICTED

Ex-President of Building Trades Alliance Guilty of Extortion.

END OF AN IMPORTANT TRIAL

Jury Was Out Over Six Hours When the Verdict Was Finally Rendered—Prisoner's Wife in Court at the Time—Weinseimer Appeared to Weaken Physically at the End.

New York City.—The jury which had tried Philip Weinseimer, ex-President of the Building Trades Alliance, on the charge of extorting $2700 from George T. Essig, a plumbing contractor, on the Chatsworth apartment house, at Seventy-second street and Riverside Drive, rendered a verdict of guilty at 11.59 at night, after being out six hours and a quarter. Weinseimer was remanded to the Tombs until sentence will be pronounced.

When the jury came in Weinseimer stood outside the railing. Judge Newburger asked the foreman if a verdict had been agreed upon. Weinseimer was half smiling at this time, but the smile left his face as the foreman announced that a verdict had been reached, and then replied to a second question:

"Guilty, as charged in the indictment."

Weinseimer trembled when the words were pronounced, and grasped the railing as if to steady himself. He gave a quick glance at the jury and then at his counsel. The jury was then polled and discharged. Weinseimer's pedigree was next taken. He answered the questions in tones so low as to be almost inaudible, and the clerk had to bend his head to hear them.

The wait during the evening was one of anxiety for both counsel for the defense and Assistant District Attorney Rand. When the jury desired supper at 6.30, and afterward spent so long a time without coming to a decision, counsel for the defense were jubilant. They sent for Weinseimer about 10 o'clock, and he was sitting in the rear of the courtroom when the jury filed in with the verdict. Mrs. Weinseimer was in court during the evening.

Only one ballot was taken by the jury previous to supper. The jury was at supper nearly two hours, and up to after 11 o'clock only one other ballot had been taken. A majority were always for conviction, it is said, the jury standing nine to three until the last ballot, when the three were won over to a conviction.

In summing up, Mr. Raines, for the defense, declared that the charge against Weinseimer had been fostered by Charles L. Eidlitz, President of the Building Trades Employers' Association, in conjunction with George Johnson and other members of the Johnson-Kahn Company, building contractors, who put up the Chatsworth. Because of this fact Mr. Raines declared the charges had been tainted when they were presented to the District Attorney's office.

Mr. Rand followed Mr. Raines and denied the story of the alleged plot against Weinseimer, declaring that the employers had acted like any other honest men who had become sick and tired of the way in which Weinseimer had been grafting on both capital and labor.

Judge Newburger took only a few minutes in charging the jury. He said that no overt act need be committed, or any particular form of words used to inspire fear, according to the statute. The jury must determine from the evidence, he said, whether any money had been paid, but it was immaterial where Essig obtained the money he alleged he paid to Weinseimer.

RUSSIA BUYING RAIDERS.

Reported to Have Secured Several South American Warships.

London, England.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Telegraph revives in a new form the story that Russia is obtaining South American warships. He says that judging from the status of the officials who affirm the statement it must be true.

It is to the effect that Russia has induced three of the South American republics to depart from strict neutrality and to sell warships, which will be used to prey on American and British trade with Japan.

Chile and Argentina have each sold three cruisers and Brazil one. The financial arrangements connected with the purchases were made through banks in Berlin and other capitals where Russia keeps gold deposits. The actual payments are to be made in London to a citizen of a neutral State.

TO RAISE NEW ARMY.

Rome Hears That the Czar Will Send 600,000 More Men.

Rome, Italy.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Giornale di Roma says that, after a consultation between the Czar and General Gripenberg, it was decided to mobilize 600,000 more troops, and to abandon Manchuria for the present.

Sakharoff Takes Village.

General Sakharoff sent a dispatch telling of the capture of a village east of Shakhe, and adding that the Japanese were concentrating against the Russian centre.

Martin Female College Burned.

Fire destroyed Martin Female College at Pulaski, Tenn., entailing a loss of $40,000, with $30,000 insurance. The occupants all escaped without accident.

Baltic Fleet Sails North.

The battleships of the Baltic fleet sailed north from Danish waters, presumably starting for the Far East.

Diphtheria in Brooklyn.

An epidemic of diphtheria broke out in the Brooklyn (N. Y.) public schools.

YOUNG MOTHER IS SLAIN

Shot by Assailant of Her Honor After Desperate Struggle.

Mrs. Frank Rasinger, of Shiloh, N. J., Found Dead by Her Young Husband With Their Baby.

Bridgeton, N. J.—With her baby, nine months old, nestling on her breast, Mrs. Frank Rasinger, twenty-four years old, was found dead in her home in Shiloh, near here, by her husband. A charge of heavy bird shot had been fired at a range of a few feet into her left side, just below the heart. Death had been instantaneous, a circular wound two inches in diameter reaching nearly through the body.

A posse of farmers began scouring the country for the murderer, their wrath increased by the emphatic statement of Rasinger that his wife was attacked before she was killed. There was every indication of a desperate struggle in the house, and it is thought that after the young mother had been overpowered she was murdered to keep her from making known the identity of her assailant. The shot was fired from Rasinger's double barreled gun, which had been standing in a corner of the kitchen, each barrel containing a charge of No. 4 shot.

Rasinger left his wife at the house with their baby at 1 p. m. She was ironing in the kitchen, but walked a short distance from the house with him, and, kissing him good-bye, returned to her work. He went to a remote part of his farm to examine some cattle and was returning when he heard the report of a shot in the direction of the house. He has told the police he thought the sound was that of a door banging. When he entered the kitchen he found his wife dead on the floor, her head close to his feet. Apparently she had been shot down when trying to flee into the open. The baby had its arms around her neck and was crying piteously. It had upset its cradle and crawled across the floor. Its hands were stained by its mother's blood and the front of its little white frock was crimson.

Rasinger was so overcome by the discovery that he delayed in looking for the murderer. When he did give the alarm no sign of the mysterious criminal was to be found. Escape from the farmstead was easy, as big areas of the surrounding country are covered thickly with timber. As soon as the news of the murder had spread through the little community the posse was organized and a thorough search begun. All towns through which the murderer might pass were informed of the crime and close watch was maintained at all these points. Rasinger went with the posse.

Mrs. Rasinger was a daughter of Ananias Wentzell, of Seeley. She was married about two years ago and had been happy.

KILLED BY MEXICAN BANDITS.

Soldiers Battle With Brigands Near Mexico City.

Mexico City, Mexico.—Three killed and fifteen more or less seriously wounded was the result of an outrage by brigands and a subsequent battle between them and a party of soldiers near here.

Crazed by drink, the three bandits, Flores, Saledo and Herrera, went to the residence of Vincento Godinez, at Santa Julia, a northern suburb of this city, and called for Godinez. When he came out, accompanied by Laurino Frias, a servant, the bandits opened fire upon them. Frias was instantly killed and Godinez badly wounded.

When news of the tragedy reached the authorities of the city, twelve rurales were at once dispatched to a plantation, whither it was learned the desperadoes had fled. A pitched battle ensued, in which nearly every soldier in the squadron was wounded and two were killed.

SENATOR ASKED TO RESIGN.

Arkansas Official Accused of Immorality Denounced by Citizens.

Little Rock, Ark.—A mass meeting of citizens of Perry County was held at Perryville to take action against State Senator Albert W. Rison, against whom charges have been preferred by his older brother, R. E. Rison. A committee reported, stating that the charges have been fully investigated and found to be true.

With the evidence offered was a copy of the divorce complaint of R. E. Rison against his wife. A resolution was unanimously adopted requesting Senator Rison to resign his seat in the State Senate, and if he refuses to do so, a committee was appointed to prefer charges against him and endeavor to have the State Senate expel him. The Senator says he will not resign.

SENATOR PROCTOR RE-ELECTED

Democrats in Vermont House Voted For John H. Senter.

Montpelier, Vt. — Senator Redfield Proctor was re-elected to the United States Senate by the Vermont Legislature. The election will be officially confirmed when the two branches meet in joint session.

In the upper branch of the Legislature every vote cast was for Senator Proctor, but in the House the Democrats supported their candidate, John H. Senter, of this city. Of the 236 votes cast, 205 were for Senator Proctor and 31 for Mr. Senter.

South Dakota Beats North Carolina.

The United States Supreme Court made its decree against North Carolina final in the suit brought by South Dakota to have certain repudiated bonds of the former State declared valid.

Port Arthur Ships in Danger.

Advices from Tokio say that the Russian warships at Port Arthur were suffering severely from the Japanese fire, but that no attempt at a sortie has been made.

LUNATIC RAN WILD IN SHOP

After Pursuing Many, Patrick Harrigan Cut His Throat.

DYING, HE FOUGHT HARD

Elderly Widower, Suddenly Becoming Insane in a Brooklyn, N. Y. Shop, Dashed Through the Building Armed With a Razor—Panic Among Girls as He Slashed at His Neck.

New York City.—Becoming suddenly insane in the brass finishing shop of Staats & Dillmeier, at 36-40 South First street, Brooklyn, Patrick Harrigan, a widower, sixty years old, after trying with a razor to wound his fellow employes and terrorizing everybody in the building, cut his throat. Notwithstanding the fact that his injuries were fatal, he fought Policeman Fallon, of the Bedford avenue station, like a tiger and cut the policeman's left hand.

Harrigan's wife died a year ago and it is said he never recovered from the blow. He kept house with his sixteen-year-old son. Some time ago he lost a job in a brass finishing plant through a strike, and he has since hung around Staats & Dillmeier's shop in an effort to get employment. William Dillmeier, a member of the firm, took pity on the man and gave him a job as brass moulder. Harrigan's mind did not appear to be on his work, but Dillmeier said nothing to him. At 7 o'clock in the morning Harrigan reported for work and was at his bench until 10 o'clock.

Then he suddenly screamed, and, drawing a razor, ran at the other workmen, slashing at them with the steel. They outran him and escaped without injury. Schneider Brothers, shoe manufacturers, and J. Albert, a manufacturer of cut glass, are in the same building. Harrigan ran up to Schneider Brothers' place, where forty girls were at work. In their presence he cut his throat. The girls became panic stricken and rushed frantically down the stairs to the street. A number of them fell and were trampled on.

Meanwhile Harrigan had entered Albert's shop and terrified the employes there. All this time he was hacking at his throat. All the people in the building ran into the street and left the madman in complete possession.

Policeman Fallon was attracted by the tumult. Fallon drew his club and entered the building. Harrigan was behind a door and he made a savage attack upon the policeman. Fallon used his club, and although he struck the maniac again and again, the crazy man seemed to be possessed of superhuman strength and succeeded in wounding Fallon.

Harrigan finally broke away from the policeman and ran up an iron stairway. Fallon followed. On the second landing they had another desperate fight and both rolled down the stairs. Harrigan arose and staggered into the yard, where he fell on a pile of ashes. Fallon then disarmed the man and quickly sent for an ambulance to the Eastern District Hospital. Dr. Cameron found Harrigan dying and took him at once to the hospital.

The Rev. Father O'Brien, of Sts. Peter and Paul's Church, was summoned and he administered the last rites of the Roman Catholic Church to Harrigan.

Some of the women who had been chased out of the building were afraid to return to work and went home.

FOUR DAYS IN LOCKED CLOSET.

Woman Who Left Home While Delirious Found in Critical Condition.

New York City.—Locked in a dark closet of a building at 1 Thatford avenue, East New York, Mrs. Ray Singer was found half starved and blue from cold by Mrs. Rachel Levy, a tenant. She had been there four days without food or water.

Mrs. Singer, who has been ill, eluded her nurse and escaped from her home at 40 Thatford avenue, while delirious. Though her absence was discovered in a few minutes, the young woman seemed completely to have vanished. Her husband appealed to the police of the Liberty avenue station, which is only a stone's throw from the house in which she was found, and the police sent out a general alarm for her, while Singer with friends continued the search for her daily without result.

For a few days the tenants of the house at 1 Thatford avenue have heard strange noises in the building, but thought little of it and made no effort to trace them. Finally, however, Mrs. Levy, while passing through the lower hallway, heard scratching and cries coming from the closet, which is rarely used. She was frightened and, running into the street, called several men, who burst open the door.

On the floor they found Mrs. Singer, emaciated and moaning. She was in a state of collapse and a doctor was called.

Russian Troops Withdraw.

The withdrawal of Russian troops from the German frontier has again given rise to reports that Emperor William has guaranteed the security of this part of the empire.

Italian Socialists' Manifesto.

Italian Socialists issued a manifesto setting forth their platform in the campaign. A number of bishops have appealed to the Pope to permit Catholics to vote.

Italy's Coming Election.

Italy's general election will take place on November 13. The Government's platform includes better education, State control of railroads, reform in taxation and conversion of the national debt.

Jumps From Bridge.

Paul Godard, of a distinguished French family, despondent over money matters, leaped to death from the new Williamsburg bridge, over the East River, New York.

WRECKED SHIP IS SAVED

Waterlogged Syanara Worked 180 Miles Off Carolinas—Men Saved.

Sailors Build Fire of Wood and Fat and Then Flash a Light by Raising Covers—Brought to New York by Clyde Liner.

New York City.—Five men, who constituted the crew of the British three-masted schooner Syanara, of Barbados, who for seven days battled the Atlantic off the coast of South Carolina, were brought to this port by the Clyde liner Apache from Jacksonville and Charleston. The men were rescued about 3.30 o'clock in the morning, an improvised flarelight from the forecastle stove having attracted the attention of the officer on the bridge of the Apache.

The Syanara's flarelight bids fair to go down in marine history in a class all by itself. When the vessel became waterlogged and her rigging had been swept away, Captain Morehouse discovered that he had no flarelights on board. He accordingly had the forecastle stove removed to the deck and filled it with grease and wood. Every once in a while one of the crew would remove the lid of the stove and then quickly replace it.

It was a week ago that the Syanara ran into the gale that was to prove her master. The wind freshened early that morning, and by night was blowing at a hurricane rate. The starboard deck load stanchions gave way first. Next the port stanchions went, and with them the deck load. The seams forward then opened, and in less than two hours the Syanara's hold was full of water.

For four days the storm raged with unabating fury, and then when darkness came the Syanara was level with the water, her decks awash, and not a shred of her sails remained in place. At this time the craft was 250 miles off the South Carolina coast, and Captain Morehouse realized that his only chance of rescue lay in getting back into the track of the coastwise trade.

Accordingly, George Rudolph, the mate; Seaman Nyberg and Jack London, a negro, set to work to rig a jury sail. To do this they took the foretaysail boom and lashed it to the break of the forecastle. Then they made a square sail of part of the mainsail, and with this managed to work what remained of the vessel to within seventy miles of the coast. Then it was that the Apache found them.

WEDDED IN SMALLPOX WARD.

Magistrate, Four Miles Away, Used 'Phone to Unite Patient and Fiancee.

Philadelphia, Pa.—A marriage by telephone was performed by Magistrate Mecleary. Mrs. Eva Lyons became the wife of Frederick Mehren, a victim of smallpox, standing at the man's bedside in the Municipal Hospital. Seated at the telephone in his office, almost four miles from the wedding party, Magistrate Mecleary asked the required questions and heard the answers from the sick room.

William I. Morgan, superintendent at the hospital, repeated the Magistrate's words, and the sick man, propped up in bed and watched by Dr. Royer and a nurse, listened intently and replied in a feeble voice. The young woman, however, talked through the telephone directly.

Mehren was in a critical condition, and his bride, once having entered the smallpox ward must remain there fourteen days, in which time she will be constantly exposed to the disease. Before entering the hospital she was vaccinated.

TIBET INVADERS SNOWBOUND.

Road Obliterated and Expedition May Not Reach Home This Year.

Pari-Jong, Tibet.—The headquarters of the British Tibet force, consisting of two companies of mounted infantry, the Eighth Gurkhas, and the Fortieth Pathans, was snowbound at Pari (a fortress near Boutan).

The column marched through Pari-Jong Pass in the midst of a blinding snowstorm, during which it went into camp. Two men died during the night.

The snow was drifting and the road has been obliterated.

RANCHMEN IN PITCHED BATTLE

Seven Hundred Sheep Driven Over a Cliff and Killed.

Big Pine, Wyo.—Ranchers arriving here from the vicinity of Gray's River report a pitched battle between the sheep and cattle forces between the river and Piney Creek.

Seven hundred sheep, the property of the Butterfield ranch, were driven over a high cliff and killed.

CUBAN POLITICIANS TO PRISON.

Heavy Sentence For Frauds in Santiago Province.

Havana, Cuba.—The Audiencia, of Santiago Province, has condemned the members of the Provincial Board of Canvassers to fourteen years and eight months' imprisonment for fraud in the recent elections.

Seven Lives Lost at Sea.

Seven lives were lost by the foundering of a vessel off the Florida coast during a hurricane.

Dr. Bryce is Honored.

Dr. James Bryce received the LL.D. degree from Columbia.

Two Appeals Granted.

The Court of Appeals, at Albany, N. Y., granted a new trial to Police Captain Moynihan, of New York City, who was dismissed from the force in 1902. The court also affirmed the right of public school authorities to exclude children who refused to be vaccinted.

The Emperor Unveils Statue.

Emperor William unveiled the statue of his father at the Museum of Art, in Berlin, and referred to the impressionist school.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

WASHINGTON.

President Roosevelt removed from office Robert S. Rodie, Supervising Inspector of the Steamboat Inspection Service.

While Attorney-General Moody was taking his customary morning exercise on horseback he was thrown near the White House, and had a narrow escape from serious injury. His horse fell with him, but Mr. Moody suffered only a few bruises.

Robert Woods Bliss, United States Consul at Venice, was appointed Second Secretary of Embassy at St. Petersburg.

Montgomery Schuyler, Jr., secretary of the Legation at St. Petersburg, has been made First Secretary of Legation and Consul-General at Bangkok, Siam. Paul Nash, who is succeeded by Mr. Schuyler, has been appointed United States Consul at Venice, succeeding Mr. Bliss.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

Judge Robinson, of the First Circuit Court, in Honolulu, has sentenced E. S. Boyd, former Land Commissioner of Hawaii, to ten years' imprisonment at hard labor. Boyd was indicted last April on the charge of embezzling public funds. Pending an appeal Boyd has been admitted to bail.

Lieutenant Pritchard, of the Philippine army, son of ex-Senator Peter C. Pritchard, went insane and killed Lieutenant Deen and then killed himself.

A white man throughout the Philippines is as safe in traveling or living as in Arizona or Colorado or Montana. He may go about with perfect freedom.

The Union party, of Porto Rico, has nominated Julio Larrinaga for the office of Commissioner to the United States.

DOMESTIC.

Annual reports on the various Rock Island systems were issued.

Philip Weinseimer took the stand in his trial for extortion in New York City. Mr. Rand, for the prosecution, attempted to show that the labor leader had banked $80,000 on a $1200 salary.

Miss Miriam Grant, daughter of Ulysses S. Grant, Jr., was married to Lieutenant Ulysses S. Macy, U. S. N., in Grace Church chantry, in New York City.

Firemen say that the fire in the tenements at Nos. 15 and 17 Moore street, Brooklyn, N. Y., in which six persons lost their lives, was started by thieves for purposes of plunder.

The House of Bishops at the Protestant Episcopal Convention in Boston, Mass., approved of the amendment of the divorce canon forbidding clergymen to officiate at the marriage of any person who has been divorced.

Charles Pfefferman and Cora Kipling were found dead in the Pfefferman apartment in New York City after Mrs. Pfefferman had quarreled with her husband and gone away. The man and woman had been shot and the gas was turned on in every room.

One man was killed and the lives of many others were endangered in an elevated road accident in New York City.

Two New Jersey duck hunters were swept to sea in a leaky rowboat and tossed about thirty-six hours.

The paymaster of a contractor on the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg Railroad was wounded and robbed of $13,000 near Dubois, Pa.

The Department of Commerce and Labor has stationed 200 mounted inspectors on the Mexican border to stop suspected immigrants from entering the United States by way of Texas.

W. L. Douglas accepted the Democratic nomination for Governor of Massachusetts.

Paul Schmidt, a youth of nineteen, whose parents in New York City are highly respected, confessed to the murder of William Taylor at Sherman, Conn. He was surprised in a robbery and beat his discoverer to death.

Run over by a street car at Montgomery, Ala., C. J. Cassimus, a wealthy retired merchant, was killed, his body being fearfully mangled.

Burglars blew open the postoffice safe at Wabash, Minn., securing about $700 in cash and $700 in stamps.

Italian Day was observed at the St. Louis Exposition, the exercises being commemorative of the landing of Columbus.

There was considerable rioting in Chicago, Ill., in connection with the strike of the baggage wagon drivers.

Impeachment proceedings were filed at Montgomery, Ala., against Sheriff A. D. Rogers, of Madison County, he being charged with neglect of duty.

Edward Van Wart, pilot of the General Slocum when she was destroyed by fire, had his license restored to him.

General Chaffee issued an order calling attention to the law forbidding army officers to receive gifts from subordinates, and announcing that it would be enforced hereafter.

Edwin O. Quigley, once a wealthy broker, of New York, was released from Sing Sing prison, after serving nine years, eight months and fifteen days for forging bonds in 1895.

FOREIGN.

M. Santos-Dumont, a special cable dispatch said, is building a new steerable balloon with which he intends to make a week's voyage in the air.

Through his personal representative King Leopold of Belgium presented to President Roosevelt the Belgian reply to the charges of atrocities in the Congo Free State.

Mexico proposed to issue a $40,000,000 gold loan, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent.

The Infanta Maria, Princess of the Asturias, King Alfonso's sister, died in childbirth.

The Minister of War of Italy has warned the military authorities of the danger of subversive propaganda of revolt, inspired, he alleges, by the extreme party.

General Kuropatkin, according to dispatches received from Mukden, has gained ground southward, resuming the offensive against the Japanese.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Oct. 27, '04

Telephone No. 17.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State.

For Chief Justice.
THOS. N. McCLELLAN

Associate Justices.
J. C. ANDERSON.
N. D. DENSON.
J. R. DOWDELL.
J. HARALSON.
R. T. SIMPSON.
J. E. TYSON.

Supernumary Judge,
A. H. ALSTON.

President Railroad Commisson,
B. B. COMER.

For Congress Fourth District,
S. J. BOWIE.

Judge 7th Judicial Circuit,
JOHN PELHAM.

Solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit,
B. H. BURR.

Chancellor Northeastern Division,
W. W. WHITESIDES.

County.

Probate Judge,
D. R. McMILLAN.

Circuit Clerk,
W. R. A. MILNER.

Tax Collector.
J. E. ADAMS.

Tax Assessor.
J. S. FALKNER.

For Treasurer.
WALTER E. LESTER.

Supt. of Education,
JNO. B. FARRELL.

Commissioner 1st District,
W. E. RIDDLE.

Commissioner 3rd District,
J. N. WYATT.

For Coroner.
GEO. D. CAMPBELL.

Public Speaking.

Hon. Sydney J. Bowie and Hon. J. Fritz Thompson will address the voters of Shelby County at the following times and places:

Pelham, 10 a. m. Oct. 27.
Saginaw. 7 p.m. " "
Montevallo, 10 a. m. Oct. 28.
Ebenezer, 10 a. m. Oct. 29.

Speaking will begin at all places, at 10 o'clock, not otheswise designated. All are cordially invited to attend these meetings, and a special invitation is extended the ladies.

R. E. BOWDON,
Chm. Democratic Ex. Com.

JOINT DISCUSSION.

Judge McMillan and Judge Longshore will discuss political issues in Dogwood on Tuesday, November 1st, at 10 o'clock a. m, and at night on the same date at Maylene at 7:30 p m.

Card From Judge McMillan.

Editor Sentinel.

In Judge A. P. Longshore's letter published in the Advocate of last week, in answer to The Sentinel's criticism of his proposed road law, he states that I was in the mass meeting in February, 1903, which appointed him and others a committee to prepare the road law bill, and that I made a talk on good roads, and otherwise participated in the meeting. This is incorrect. I was not not in said meeting, and so stated to Judge Longshore, last week, before his said letter in the Advocate was published. Why he made the statement after I disclaimed being present at said meeting I do not understand. I was present in a mass meeting in December, 1900,, held in the Court House, called for the purpose of agreeing upon some amendments to the Sturdivant road law. This meeting appointed a committee to prepare said amendments and submit to the meeting, on January 10, 1901, to which date an adjournment was taken. This was while Hon. G. B. Deans was in the Legislature from this county. I remember distinctly making a talk in the meeting either in December, 1900, or in January, 1901. Putting the case mildly, in a spirit of charity, the Judge evidently has the dates of these two meetings confused, and the confusion in his mind must have grown out of the fact that I was in the meeting in 1900, and made a talk on good roads.

Respectfully,
D. R. McMILLAN.

WARNING.

The Sentinel wishes to warn the voters in this county against believing any stories circulated about candidates on the eve of election—when too late to be answered. Such stories carry falsehood on their face, as, if time were given to answer, they could be refuted.

It will be remembered that an infamous stock law story was sprung upon Judge McMillan six years ago on the eve of election, and it entered largely into his defeat. It was afterwards proven to be absolutely false. The Sentinel could have turned loose Judge Longshore's proposed road law too late for him to answer it. But we preferred the honorable way. Again we say, put no credence in campaign stories circulated at too late an hour to be answered.

If the Washington "accident" is elected in November it is the expressed determination of the Republicans to cut down the South's representation in Congress. Is there a true Southern white man in Shelby county who wants that done? If you don't, you'll vote against anything that is tainted with Republicanism.

If a business man employs a clerk, a bookkeeper, or a cashier, sentiment does not enter into the transaction at all; competency is the thing considered. Taxpayers, elect competent officials to look after and preside over the business affairs of the county. Read the recent grand jury report.

The late grand jury says Shelby county is in debt $16,000, NOT including the new jail debt of $11,000. Add to that the expenses of the present four weeks' term of court, and the long list of claims allowed at the last meeting of the Commissioners' Court. Is debt Democratic?

JUDGE LONGSHORE TRIES TO DODGE.

Judge Longshore tries his hand at explanation, again, in last week's Advocate, and the effort is even weaker than that in which he labored to show that an agreement to purchase is not a contract.

The Sentinel had called attention to the proposed road law, drafted by Judge Longshore, and sent by him to be enacted by the last Legislature, and pointed out, in some respects, its iniquities, but without attempting to touch them all. Last week, The Sentinel published the proposed bill, in full, and it speaks for itself. Judge Longshore knew we had "the ink" on him, and his explanation is in the nature of a confession and avoidance. He could not deny the preparation of the bill, so he exerts himself to put the responsibility on the "other fellow.' It won't work, Judge! You do not state, and you cannot show, that in the preparation of the bill you conferred with your colleagues on the committee, or that you submitted it to them. On the contrary, your statement, in black and white, is that the bill was prepared "by myself."

Judge Longshore asserts that The Sentinel "attempts to deceive the people, and make them believe that I prepared the bill of my own will." There is no room for charging deception. The Sentinel simply stated facts, and the Judge has not, and cannot, gainsay them. The facts are that the Judge prepared the bill himself, without any assistance, and that he did not show his committee the courtesy to even submit for their consideration, the result of his labors. Can he say, in the light of these facts, that he was not exercising his own will? that he was coerced?

If Judge Longshore prepared the bill himself and alone—he admits that he did—and if he did not "fight" the license tax feature—and he asserts that he did not—and if he took the sole responsibility of forwarding the bill for enactment, with all the obnoxious provisions in it, without any consultation with the other members of the committee—and if this is not practically admitted it is capable of indubitable proof—then is it a "deliberate falsehood" to conclude and state that he wanted the bill enacted? Did he, with such deliberation and self-satisfaction, concoct a law that he did NOT want enacted? All the legal and moral principles of the doctrine of estoppel are against you, Judge, on such a proposition.

The Judge is "a most amoosin' fellow" when he gets in the explanatory mood. His estimate and opinion of the mental grasp of the taxpayers and voters is, indeed, infinitesimally small, if he expects the following to go down: "I did not advocate the tax on vehicles, and did not fight it. I simply read the letter, and quite a number of farmers present favored the tax, and it was argued that a farmer would be willing to pay a license of ten cents a year, in order to make saw-mill drays pay five dollars a year, as it was recognized that the saw-mill drays, coal wagons, etc., cut up the roads." Now, the bill, as "prepared" by himself, did not say one word about saw-mill drays or coal wagons, nor does it fix a license of ten cents for the farmer's wagon and five dollars for th saw-mill man's dray; but this is the language of Judge Longshore's proposed law:

BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, THAT SAID COMMISSIONERS' COURT ARE HEREBY AUTHORIZED AND EMPOWERED TO LEVY A LICENSE TAX UPON ALL HORSES, MULES, OXEN AND VEHICLES OF ALL KINDS USED IN TRAVELING ON THE PUBLIC ROADS."

The fact of the business is, that few saw-mill drays and coal wagons are used in "traveling on the public roads"; they are generally found in the pine woods, remote from public roads. It is principally the farmers' horses, mules, oxen and vehicles that are so used on the public roads, and there is no way of getting around this stubborn fact. Judge Longshore, Chairman (if we mistake not), "Assistant Secretary." and "Committee on Preparation" — the "Whole Thing"—made no attempt to give assurance in said bill that the license tax would be limited in any case to ten cents—or any old sum, or that the fee for issuing the licenses provided for, which is his own peculiar perquisite, by the way, would fall below fifty cents, as provided by general law for such service. As a lawyer, Judge Longshore was bound to know that there could have been no discrimination in such vehicle tax, against one class of vehicles and in favor of another; except, that, as the law was "prepared," the saw-mill drays and coal wagons might have escaped altogether, as being vehicles not "used for traveling on the public roads," just as railroad coaches would have escaped. In the same painfully serio-ludicrous way, the Judge says: "The farmers, many of whom were young men and had no vehicle or horse (think of it! a farmer without vehicle, horse or ox(?)!) had to work the road, and the object of the Mass Meeting was to make those who used the roads work them." Plump! we come back to the bald proposition that the owners of vehicles, and horses, and mules, and oxen, must dance to the music of the rock crusher; and who can resist the conclusion that the Judge approved it, for he "writ it" himself.

Further, he says: "The following statement by The Sentinel is untrue, and the writer knew it when he penned it: 'This Bill, prepared by Judge Longshore fairly bristles with taxation schemes and bond issues, etc.' The Mass Meeting endorsed the Bill (When?) and I drafted it. THERE IS NOT A SECTION IN THE BILL THAT PROPOSED A TAX UPON VEHICLES, LAND OR ANYTHING ELSE. The Bill ONLY authorized the Commissioners' Court to levy a license if they saw proper." Gee whiz! For reckless juggling with the truth we cite the public to Judge Longshore. Let's see if there is anything at all that this Bill did NOT propose to tax!

Section 1 provides for the levy of a special tax of 20 cents on the hundred dollars in value of all the taxable property of the County, which includes land, live stock, vehicles, and every species of property that is taxable for the State. This is an ad valorem property tax.

Section 6 provides for six days' work—no less—by every person liable to road duty; or else the payment of Three Dollars annually. This is a Sweat and Muscle tax.

Section 9 provides for the famous license tax for horses, mules, oxen and vehicles, upon the value of which the unfortunate owners would already have been taxed under Section 1. This is a Buck-and-Ball tax.

Section 10 provides for a penalty of double the amount of the license against anyone who failed to take out the license. This is a Blood and Carnage tax.

The general law allows the Probate Judge a fee of 50 cents for issuing each license required by law. This is a Paternal tax, going to the Daddy of the law.

Section 11 provides for the issuance of $100,000.00 of bonds. This is a Posterity tax, payable by your grandchildren.

Section 14 makes it the DUTY of the Court to levy and collect such property tax as may be authorized by the Constitution for the construction of roads, and payment of principle and interest of said "proposed" bonded indebtedness. This is a Great-Grand-Child tax.

If this is not bristling with taxation schemes and bond issues, then it is something infinitely worse. Pull the bristles out, and the hide comes off the whole thing. And yet, Judge Longshore goes before the people over his own signature and says **"there is not a section in the Bill that proposed a tax upon vehicles, land or anything else."** Who makes the false statement: The Sentinel, or the reckless Judge. Perhaps he has some other word for bristle? We respectfully pass it up to the resourceful Judge: When is a bristle not a bristle, and in such a case what does it become?

Judge Longshore was furnished with a copy of the Bill, as he said he wanted to publish "the whole thing." Did he do it? Nay! His "explanation" wouldn't chime with it worth a cent. Now, what did he do? He published the last three of the 17 sections. Why did he do this? Simply to try to create the impression that the operation of the law was left to a vote of the people. Read the Bill and see for yourself if the dodge is a good one. The sole proposition to be voted on is "For Macadamize," or "Against Macadamize." The power attempted to be given the Commissioners' Court to levy oppressive taxes is in no manner dependent on a vote of the people.

In Judge Longshore's pitiful struggle to shift his burden, he attempts to bring Judge McMillan into participation; but the extent of this is stated to be that McMillan "was present and made a short speech on good roads." The fact of the matter is, Judge McMillan was not present in that meeting. (See his card in this issue.) Judge Longshore names the silent members of his committee; but he does not and cannot show that they had anything to do with the Bill, which was, and remains the handiwork of the Judge "himself," which he, again comically, confesses thus: "The committee never did ALL get together at the SAME time." We are also informed that they did not all get tegether at different times, nor, collectively, or separately, get together at any time, on this great road law.

Another remarkable statement of the Judge, as showing how careless he can allow himself to become of the facts, and we are done—for the present. In his "explanation," the Judge says: "and just before the Legislature adjourned, I PREPARED THE BILL and sent it to Mr. Lyman." The Legislature convened on the 12th of January. The letter transmitting the Bill to Mr. Lyman bears date February 12th, when only twenty-five of the sixty working days of the Legislature had elapsed, and the Legislature did not finally adjourn until the 3rd day of October following, after an extensive recess.

There is no escape from the fact, Judge, that you had the proposition all to yourself. You were the "only pebble" so to speak, and of it you made a "terrible mess," which same, also, is your attempted explanation. So long!

FROM BRIDGETON.

Bridgeton, Ala., Oct. 24, 1904.

Editor Sentinel, Columbiana.

I am not given to writing for the newspapers, nor am I a defender of the Democratic party, for I expect to vote for Watson. But I was a little amused when I read in the Peoples Advocate that the farmers and laboring class had no representation on the Democratic ticket. As I read, my mind reverted to a meeting held in Columbiana when the only farmer of the three populist officials was told he would not be supported for re-election as his place was to be given to a black and tan republican. This, too, after he had announced himself a candidate. I refer to my friend and old neighbor, John P. Pearson, Circuit Clerk, a man whom Judge Alston said is as good a clerk as he ever saw in any court. Why was not Judge Longshore or John Pitts, farmers (of politics) pushed aside? For the simple reason that Longshore and Pitts favored fusion with the black and tan republicans—were willing to push aside an honest populist for the support of the black and tans. John Pearson, like myself and others, believe that fusion is dishonest, just as Tom Watson does, and on November 8th these would-be party bosses will learn the e are populists in Shelby county who have honest party convictions.

Compare the report of State Examiner on Pearson's books and Longshore's books, and then see what the grand jury says of the books of these two officials, and yet Pearson had to stand aside to make room for a black and tan Republican!

A WATSON POPULIST.

ADVOCATE DEFENDS ROOSEVELT.

The Advocate, controlled and edited by Longshore, in issue of October 13th, in two editorials, defends Roosevelt and those who vote for him. Longshore's mouthpiece in one breath defending the man who has defamed Confederate soldiers, Southern character, populists, laboring men and farmers, and in the next breath asking these men to vote for Longshore is a parody on political impudence. In a speech in Washington, after he became President, Roosevelt said:

"The Confederate soldier was an anarchist, and a menace to good government—a man who was bent on destruction."

In his book on the Life of Benton, Roosevelt declares:

"Through the Southern character runs a strain of coarse and brutal barbarism."

In the following, Roosevelt gives his estimation of the farmer and the laborer, in his "Ranch Life and Hunting Trail":

"The cowboys of the West are brutally disputed, but they are much better fellows and pleasanter companions than small farmers or agricultural laborers; nor are the mechanics and workmen of a great city to be mentioned in the same breath."

In a speech in New York, in October, 1896, Roosevelt said:

"Mr. Bryan and his adherents have appealed to the basest set in the land, the farmers."

Again, in his "American Ideals," Roosevelt says:

"The men who object to what they style government by injunction are, as regards the the essential principles of government, in hearty sympathy with their remote skin-clad ancestors who lived in caves, fought one another with stone-headed axes, and ate the mammoth and woolly rhinoceros. They are interesting as representing a geological survival, but they are dangerous whenever there is the least chance of their making the principles of this ages buried past living factors in our present life. They are not in sympaty with men of good minds and sound civic morality."

In the same book, speaking of the populists, Roosevelt says:

"Refinement and comfort they are apt to consider quite as objectionable as immorality. A taste for learning and cultivated friends and a tendency to bathe frequently cause them the deepest suspicion. Though they often make war on vice, they prefer making war on prosperity and refinement."

And again, in his pamphlet on the campaign of 1896, Roosevelt says:

"Thrift, industry, and business energy are qualities which are quite incompatible with true populistic feeling. Payment of debts, like the suppression of riots, is abhorrent to the populistic mind. Such conduct strikes the populist as immoral."

Roosevelt has expressed his contempt for Southern people; he has expressed contempt for the farmer; he has expressed contempt for the laborer; he has expressed contempt for the Confederate soldier; he has expressed contempt for the populists. This is the kind of a man the Advocate defends. This is the kind of a man the Republican candidates in this county endorse and are supporting by their allegiance to his party, and the populist candidates are doing the same thing by being on the same ticket in party fusion, a coalition which Longshore and other populist leaders manipulated against the express wish of the middle-of-the-road populists. Roosevelt is the man who is trying to force upon the Southern people social and political equality with the negro. This is the man who wined and dined at his own family table a negro. This is the man who turned down a white Republican in our own county, who has spent his time and money in trying to keep the party alive, and instead has given the federal patronage in Alabama over to the dictation of Booker Washington. In other words, a white man in Alabama, seeking an appointment under Roosevelt must first receive the endorsement of a negro. Never before has such an insult been offered the Southern white man. A notorious illustration of where Roosevelt makes the white men in Alabama subservient to the will and caprice of the negro.

The above are ample reasons why Theodore Roosevelt nor any of his following should not receive a single vote in Shelby county; ample reasons why the Democratic ticket, which stands for white supremacy and a white man's government as against negro dictation and domination, should receive the support of every white man in Shelby county.

Going the Pace!

The following is what the Advocate, in an issue of last April, had to say about the indebtedness of Shelby county:

"The facts are, as we learn from the Treasurer, that every dollar the county owes has been paid, except one thousand dollars that is not due until Jan. 1, 1905. Judge Longshore stated to the Calera mass meeting that the taxes due last fall would put the county out of debt, and his statement has been verified."

On the above statement the Advocate is in the hole whichever way it jumps. If the county owed but a thousand dollars in April then the populist administration has plunged the county into debt since that time at the rate of $3,000 per month, for the grand jury of two weeks ago reported the county in debt $16,000, not counting the new jail debt of $11,000. At that rate the expense of running the county would be $36,000 per year.

On the other hand, if the county owed more than the thousand dollars claimed, the Advocate and the populist bosses are guilty of willfully deceiving the people as to the true financial condition of the county. But they have done that so often that it has become habitual with them.

Whatever way they fix it, they are in a very unenviable predicament, to say the least of the matter.

Six years ago Judge Longshore defeated Judge McMillan by a majority of about 150. In that election Longshore received a large majority of the negro vote, leaving McMillan with a comfortable majority of the white vote cast at that time. This statement was made at the time by the Chronicle and was not denied. The conditions being at this time much more favorable to Judge McMillan in his relations to the white voters, the query very naturally arises where is the Longshore ticket going to get the votes to elect it, with the seven or eight hundred negro votes eliminated. On the other hand, it was claimed in the former race that a large number of white voters refused to vote at all on account of the fusion between the populists and Republicans, the latter being dominated by the negroes in their conventions and at the polls. Admitting this claim to be true, the same reasons exist for these same straight middle-of-the-road populists and white Republicans to withhold their support from the Longshore ticket in the present campaign. The same fusion exists and the Republican part of the ticket was named by the same methods and by the same crowd of black and tans. How can they expect to win in the coming election?

Kerslap, Dab!

"There is not another county in the State with the same amount of business that is nearer correct than Shelby county. Take Mobile county for instance, the Tax Collector there is said to be short $11,000, and he is a democrat."—Advocate.

And while you are about it, there's Probate Judge Whatley, of Clay county, a populist, if you please, who robbed the State of thousands of dollars by signing the names of Confederate soldiers, who had been in their graves for years, to pension warrants and appropriated the money to his own use. When exposure came Whatley went straight up or straight down, the good Lord only knows what route he took, but to this date he has not been apprehended. And, by the way, this same Judge Whatley stumped Shelby county two years ago in the interest of the populist ticket in this county.

The above extract from the Advocate has reference to State Examiner Wilkinson's report on Shelby county officials. The Examiner made no report on Shelby county's indebtedness, for the simple reason the State has no interest in the matter. The grand jury, under oath, reports the county's indebtedness to be $16,000, not including the new jail debt of $11,000.

The State Examiner made no report on the Treasurer's books of this county because the State has no interest there. The grand jury makes a sworn-to report on the Treasurer's books. Read the report.

The last tax levy under Judge McMillan's administration was four mills. The grand jury report following that tax levy reports no indebtedness on the county and nearly nine thousand dollars cash in the hands of the treasurer. Under a populist administration and a tax rate of seven mills the grand jury (two weeks ago, reported the county in debt $16,000, not including the new jail debt of $11,000. Voter, it's up to you to change such a condition of affairs.

A straight middle-of-the-road populist was turned down for circuit clerk by the bosses to make room for a nominee of the black and tan Republican postmasters' caucus, who represents less than a hundred voters. Verily, Longshore needs votes badly.

According to the Advocate and Judge Longshore the populist administration has pushed Shelby county into debt $15,000 since April, this year. That's going some!

One candidate on the fusion ticket says he cannot make a living if he is not elected, and yet, this same candidate is a partner in a mercantile establishment at Helena.

Men who have made a success of their own private business, are the men who will successfully administer the affairs of a county.

Roosevelt endorses social and political equality with the negro; the black and tan element in Shelby county endorse Roosevelt, and the populist bosses and dictators endorse the black and tans—and there you are.

If the past six years reign of populist administration in this county is a fair illustration of its ability, the quicker the voters retire it the better for the prosperity and welfare of our county.

SHOES IS MY HOBBY . . .

I have just received a complete line of all kinds of shoes in Gents' and Ladies' Rubber Goods.

I also keep a complete stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries. A lot of Texas Rust Proof Oats just received. Highest price paid for Cotton on account. Nice line of Gents' Furnishing Goods. Thanking you for patronage in the past, and hoping for a continuation of the same I am, as ever your friend,

J. W. JOHNSTON.

PURE Apple Vinegar PURE

"Duxback" TRADE MARK

This is the

"DUXBACK"

Greatest Discovery

Of the 20th Century in Connection with

UMBRELLAS

It will make your umbrella absolutely warer-proof. Come in see it demonstrated. It will do just as is promised for it. It is a proven success, and not an experiment.

RUFUS LESTER

NEW CLOTHING

Boys, Young Men and Old Men.

HAVE YOU seen our new stock? Even if you are not ready to buy now, come in and see the goods and styles. The tendency of the weaves this year is towards the smooth finish, and they are very pretty.

THE PRICE is right in every instance, in keeping with the reputation we have made of giving the best goods for the least money. Come to see us.

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,

Montevallo, Ala.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
.....OF.....
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS July 6th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	$37,584.41	Capital paid in.....	$15,000.00
Bank Bldg and Fixtures...	7,000.00	Deposits.....	26,013.59
Other Real Estate.....	3,000.00	Rediscounts.....	18,244.98
Cash and with other Banks	13,710.30	Undivided profits.....	2,036.14
	$61,294.71		$61,294.71

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 6th day of July, 1904,
J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1 00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

FURNITURE STORE.

I desire to inform the public that have opened up and have now a complete stock of Furniture on hand. Have just received a big lot of

RUGS--ALL SIZES

and the prices are right; too. Look over the following list and see what I offer you: Bed room suites, toilet sets, lace curtains, curtain poles and window shades, washstande, odd dressers, iron bedsteads, bedsprings, Perfection mattresses, all kinds of qveensware, ranges, heaters and cook stoves. Special attention called to my line of

Beautiful Reed Rockers.

F. W. ROGAN,
MONTEVALLO,

PLAIN COMMON SENSE TALK.

Having purchased the mercantile business of Mr. J. R. White, we desire to say to the public that it will be our endeavor to keep the business up to the same high standard maintained by our predecessor, and by fair and honest dealing merit the patronage of all. Anything in the grocery line, we keep only the best.

Come to see us. Everything we sell is guaranteed as represented. . .

ROBERTS & ROBERTSON.

SHIELDS BRAND

FITS WELL — SHIELDS BRAND — WEARS WELL

CLOTHING

Don't be talked into taking something "just as good." One trial of the "SHIELDS' BRAND" clothing will convince you that it is the best suit sold for the money.

—FOR SALE BY—

AVERYT & AVERYT

SHELBY, ALA.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Copy one year.....$1.00
Copy six months.....50

Telephone No. 17.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Mrs. Frank Norris is visiting her parents near Longview.

Pleas Shaw, of Beat, 4, was in town the fore part of the week.

Green E. Abbott, of Shelby, was in town a few hours Tuesday.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, is attending court this week.

Judge John Pelham visited at his home in Anniston over Sunday.

W. B. McMath, of Montevallo, is in the city this week attending court.

R. M. Hollis, of near Sterrett, was in town last Friday for a few hours.

E. W. Chapman, of Montevallo, was in the city the fore part of the week.

Ed. Piper, of Montevallo, is attending Circuit Court this week as a witness.

State Senator W. R. Oliver, of Calera, was in town a day or two last week.

Bad colds seem to have caught a good many of our people in the past few days.

Mrs. Geo. Kroell and Miss Mary, of Montevallo, are in the city guests of Mrs. Phillip Erlick.

We call attention of our readers to the change in the advertisement of J. W. Johnson in this issue.

Miss Rosser Christian, who has been visiting relatives and friends in Birmingham, has returned home.

Uncle Newton Eddings, city marshal of Montevallo, was in town several days last week attending court

E. B. Nelson, who has charge of a coal mine up in Walker county, was at home over Sunday visiting his family.

Irwin Wingard, of beat 9, was a pleasant caller the latter part of the week, and renewed his subscription to The Sentinel.

J. M. Kifer, of Shelby, was a pleasant caller at The Sentinel office last Thursday, and renewed his subscription to this paper.

Jack Frost has made his appearance several times in the past week, and played whaley with the tomato vines and other vegatation.

J. S. Walton, of near Weldon, was in town last Monday, and while here pushed up his subscription to The Sentinel another year.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Milner, last Friday at the home of Mrs. M. E. Mason, a girl. They are receiving the congratulations of their friends.

Owing to the lateness of the train from Anniston last Monday, Congressman Bowie did not get to fill his appointment in Columbiana on that day. He says, however, that he will come to this city on a later date before election. He spoke in Shelby on Monday night to a large and enthusiastic audience.

Mrs Theis, of Stockton, accompanied by her children, is in the city, visiting her brother and sister, Judge D R. McMillan and Mrs. Hardy Nelson.

R. E. Bowdon, of Keystone, chairman of the Democratic County Executive Committee, was in town Monday. Mr. Bowdon is a cousin of Congressman Bowie.

NOTICE.—Builders and Contractors should write Cook-Dominy Co., Fitzgerald, Ga., for lumber and shingles. Yours truly.
Aug. 25-3m COOK-DOMINY CO.

Quite a number from this place went down to Shelby on Monday night to hear Hon. Sydney J. Bowie address the people on the political issues of the present campaign.

F. W. Gist, who is employed in the government printing office in Washington, and who is private secretary to Congressman Sydney J. Bowie, is in Calera on a visit to his father. Mr. Gist was in town the fore part of the week, and paid The Sentinel a pleasant call.

In Memory of My Sister, (Mrs. J. R. White.)

"There lives and dwells in Mansions far
Beyond the ken of erring mortals,
A soul whose virtues, like a star
Resplendent, shine beyond their portals.

"The joys and griefs of childhood born,
She shared with all a sister's fervor,
My joys were jewels in her crown,
My griefs, her clouds of sadness ever."

There comes to us all sometime, someway, sorrow, that for the moment, seem to pluck from our hearts, our very life's blood, and we feel a longing for a Haven of Refuge where we may be forever free from such bitter pangs. So when God in his infinite wisdom reached out his hand and took from us our darling sister, it seemed impossible to grasp the meaning of such an affliction. Who but those who live in daily touch and harmony with a loved one, can really know the trueness and purity of such a character? Passing over the sweet days of childhood, we come to our association in latter years, when each thought for the future and every plan or ambitious dream were shared together, each looking to the other with a most peculiar trust, and after twenty years of daily companionship, is it strange that there should come to us an indescribable sense of loneliness and longings? Who was first, in the dark hours that come to every one, to share my burdens, and point me to ONE who doeth all things well? My sister. Who enjoyed with me every blessing that God bestowed, and shared every anticipation and realization? My sister.

Has eveything come to naught? will the dream be merely dreams? am I to walk alone? No! I feel as of yore, a sacred influence near me, and as I try in a way, to carry out the life work before me, there will be a guiding PRESENCE near me, and I will not feel all alone. Oh! my loved ones, let us carry on the good work she begun; let us live as she lived, so that we TOO, may be ready when the summons come. We will yearn for our dear one, it is but human; we will miss her at morn—and at eve; we will miss her in the cold winter's day; we will miss her in the spring time; but most of ALL we will miss her among the flowers, that she loved with an inexpressable fondness; the likeness was so great, pure and sweet, a comfort and pleasure to all. Farewell! dear sister; we cannot murmur when God has spoken. Some day we will meet you with our loved ones in the Beautiful Beyond where our dreams will not be in vain, but as real as Heaven.

"And when the sunset gates unbar,
Shall I not see thee waiting stand,
And white against the evening star,
The welcome of thy beckoning hand?"

SALLIE LILLIE.

BOWIE AT SHELBY.

Congressman Sydney J. Bowie, our representative in Congress, addressed the people of Shelby on Monday night last, and for an hour and forty minutes was given the closest attention by those present.

The meeting was held in the school house, and every seat in the building was occupied, while many stood up in the rear of the room. Mr. Bowie was introduced to the audience by J. F. Averyt in a few well chosen remarks. There were a large number of ladies present, and that they endorsed what Mr. Bowie said was evinced by their applause and the waving of their handkerchiefs frequently during the course of his speech.

Mr. Bowie devoted a few minutes to local politics, and then took up the administration of affairs by the "ac cident" now holding forth in Washington, and in forcible tones and a production of the facts showed clearly to his hearers that a continued administration of Roosevelt was a menace to good government, as he had at numerous times trampled upon the laws of the Constitution of the United States, and especially did he emphasize this fact when referring to the Idianola, Miss., postoffice affair. He also showed that the administration of Mr. Roosevelt was one of oppression to the Southern people, and one which no self-respecting Southern white man should endorse or support. His analysis of Alabama's election law, and the benefits to be derived from the new Constitution by our people was one that every voter in the county should have heard. In a review of the administration upon its negro political and social equality tendency, it was clearly demonstrated that Roosevelt was largely responsible for the troubles between the races in the past year or two because of his determination to thrust the negro into the face of the Southern people upon every occasion possible. He took up the black and tan movement in this State, and gave it a most artistic skinning—showing how a large number of self-respecting white Republicans had made an effort to organize a clean, respectable Republican party in this State, but that Roosevelt had sat down upon the movement most emphatically—that the leaders of that movement must recant their resolution to organize a white Republican party—a respectable Republican party, or that no Federal patronage would be given. He was glad, too, that there were white Republicans in this State who refused to obey the commands of the political despot at Washington, and that today they hold themselves aloof from the black and tan movement. Not satisfied with thus humiliating white men he appointed a negro Booker T. Washington, as one of his referees in this State to dispense the Federal patronage due Alabama; demanded that negroes be permitted to enter the Republican conventions in this State as delegates; demanded that the negroes be allowed representation from Alabama to the National Republican Convention, and the result was that six negro delegates were sent from Alabama to the Republican Convention of 1904, and one of these six negroes was given a place on the platform committee to represent the white people of Alabama. Mr. Bowie closed by referring to the fact that there are two negroes on the Roosevelt electoral ticket in Alabama, and that any man who votes the Republican ticket in this State must vote for those two negroes.

At the close of his speech Mr Bowie was given and ovation by his large audience.

John M. Dye, of Beat 7, was in town on Monday, and honored this office with a call. The recent death of Mr. Dye, Sen., has caused a feeling of deep sorrow in the community in which he lived, and all regret his demise. He was an ex-Confederate soldier, a good husband, a kind father and a respected neighbor. He had lived in this county since before the war between the States.

What has become of the effort being made to have the Southern run a train between Talladega and Birmingham, via Columbiana, going down in the morning and back in the evening? This train would be of great advantage to all the towns between Talladega and Birmingham.

Rev. John Milner, who has been in Michigan for several weeks for the benefit or his health, returned home Friday. The many friends of Mr. Milner will be glad to know that he is much improved by his trip.

Card of Thanks.

Editor Sentinel:—We take this method of expressing our most profound gratitude to our friends and neighbors of Lynch, Ala., for their kindness during the late illness and death of our husband and father. May our Heavenly Father, in His infinite goodness, ever guide and protect them and at last reward them with an inheritance in that heavenly mansion not made with hands.

Mrs Nancy L. Dye and Family.

No wonder Judge Longshore is knocking on the new Constitution and says he will not support it unless compelled to by law. He was elected six years ago by a majority of the negro vote. The new Constitution took away the bulk of his support, and, naturally, he does not like it. That Constitution has not disfranchised a single white man in this county, and now that there is no negro vote to ratify fusion Longshore will learn what white men think of his past performances in making deals with black and tans and negro politicians.

Notice.

We, the undersigned, endorse and recommend the Shelby County Division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia, as being the safest, cheapest and best insurance offered. The people should encourage and patronize a home institution.

W. L. Farley,
H. B. Lane, M.D.,
Prof. C. H. Florey,
J. L. Peters,
C. T. Acker, M.D.,
D. R McMillan,
C. W. O'Hara.

Several agents are at work. From present indications the above Division will have one thousand members in the near future.

T. A. LEATHERS,
Division Agent.

Dissolution Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between H. S. Latham and J. H. Mason, in Columbiana, Ala., under the firm name and style of LATHAM DRUG CO. was dissolved by mutual consent on 15th day of October, 1904. All debts owing the said partnership are to be received by the said H. S Latham, and all demands on said partnership are to be presented to him for payment. H. S. LATHAM.
J. H. MASON

Columbiana, Ala., Oct. 17, 1904.

Notice.

The State of Alabama, } PROBATE COURT.
Shelby county.

Whereas C. C. DuBose, Guardian of Gertrude DuBose, Edith DuBose and Carrie DuBose has filed his application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, belonging to the estate of said minors, for the purpose of maintainance and education and support of said minors, and the 14th day of November, 1904, has been appointed for the hearing of said application. Notice is hereby given that all persons in interest can appear on said 14th day of November, 1904, to contest said application, if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this the 17th day of October, 1904.

A. P. LONGSHORE.
Oct. 20-3t. Judge of Probate.

Non-Residence Notice.

State of Alabama, Shelby county.

Siluria Cotton Mill Co., a corporation. Comp. vs. McIntosh, Seymour & Co a copartnership. Defendant. | In Chancery Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of E. S. Lyman that the defendant McIntosh, Seymour & Co., are non residents of the State of Alabama and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendants are over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Columbiana Sentinel a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four weeks requiring them the said McIntosh, Seymour & Co., a co-partnership, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 20th day of November, A. D. 1904, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against them.

Done at office, in Columbiana, Ala., this 14th day of October, A. D. 1904.

J. R. WHITE.
Oct. 20 4t Register.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

In pursuance of and in accordance with the terms and directions of a commission issued and addressed to the undersigned by the Hon. A. P. Longshore, Judge of Probate court of Shelby county, bearing date the 24th day of May, 1904, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction in front of the court house door of said county in Columbiana, on Monday, the 7th day of November, 1904, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The southeast fractional quarter, section 24, township 22, range 2, west; and the west half of the southwest quarter of fraction D section 19, township 22, range 1 west, being 124 3-100 acres more or less. Also lots C, D and F, section 18, township 22, south, range 1 west, being 151 43-100 acres more or less. In all 275 acres more or less; which said lands is to be sold under the decree of said court for the purpose of a division between and among the several joint owners thereof who are as follows, to-wit: Sarah A. Hyde, Jos. L. McGaughy, Samuel F. McGaughy, George W. McGaughy, John T. McGaughy, Ida C. Woolley, and the following named children of Martha L. Bradford, deceased, to-wit: Harrison, Samuel, Norman, Early and Ida Bradford and Lucy McCutcheon (alias Lucy Gentry) and Ellen Ray

Oct. 10-3t. W. P. THOMAS. Commissioner.

THE
COLUMBIANA LAND COMPANY

Buys and sells on commission real estate in town and country. Any person desiring to buy or sell real estate in Shelby county will find it to their advantage to communicate with this company. We pay all expenses of advertising, &c., and make no charge unless a sale is effected. We have listed several desirable pieces of property. Prompt attention given to all enquiries. Office up-stairs at rear of Browne & Leeper's office. Address Lock Box 232,

Columbiana, Ala.

No. 100. Eight desirable resident lots 100 by 500 feet, in Columbiana, half mile south of court house, on Sheby street. Terms to suit purchaser; part cash, balance in installments.

No. 101. Good four room house and 32 acres of land in fine cultivation. Only a short distance from Columbiana Graded School. A bargain for some one.

OVERCOATS

Latest Styles and Best Qualities.

CLOTHING!

(Famous Shield's Brand.)

Cold weather is coming on the run, and so will you be soon, for summer clothes must lay by soon for heavier garb.

Prices Right

U. S. MAIL

RURAL FREE DELIVERY BOXES, just what you need and what you must have if you are to get your mail by these routes We have them in several styles which have been approved by the Post Office Department.

To the Farmers we say

Do Not Sell Your Cotton!

until you have called to see us.

It Might be Money in Your Pocket.

MILNER & CHRISTIAN

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department. Your work solicited.

HILLMAN TAILORS . . .

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S

..TAILOR - MADE - SUITS..

TO ORDER.

Cleaning, Repairing, Pressing and Dyeing

A complete line of

. . . Furnishing Goods . . .

Next door to Postoffice. GORDON, the Tailor.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.
Office upstairs in Bank Building.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM. : : : : : : : : ALA

WANTED.—Quickly, a few persons to represent long established wholesale house among retail merchants and agents. Local territory of few counties. $18 salary and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Commission extra. Permanent engagement. Business successful. Previous experience not essential. Enclose self addressed envelope. Address SUPERINTENDENT TRAVELERS, 325 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Strayed or Stolen.

One light sorrel mare mule, about 10 years old; weight about 1000 pounds, with black stripe along back; strayed from Mossboro, Shelby county, Ala., about August 22, 1904. [illegible] for return of mule or for [illegible] leading to recovery. Address P. O. Box 873, Birmingham, Ala.

Dr. Brunk from Selma will make regular visits to Montevallo the first Thursday of each month, and to Columbiana the following Friday and Saturday, to see Eye, Ear and Throat cases. In Montevallo at Dr. Wilkinson's office, at Dr. W. P. Hamner's office in Columbiana. Next visit November 3d, 4th and 5th.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,

E. W. BURT, Proprietor.

Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers.

Your Patronage is Solicited.

Telephone 28. - - - - - - 'Bus Meets All Trains.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guarantee Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, Gen'l Mgr.

Write for particulars. Birmingham, Ala.

L. L. PETERS
Attorney at Law
Chancery.
COLUMBIANA, - - ALA.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO, - - ALABAMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles

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COLUMBIANA. - - - ALA.
Office north front room, second floor, Tyler Building.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - ALA.

NOTE.—The following article has been widely published and is one of the most remarkable illustrations of the value of careful marshalling and analysis of facts in presenting a subject to the public.

LEVELERS.

The Mission of Whisky, Tobacco and Coffee.

The Creator made all things, we believe.

If so, He must have made these.

We know what He made food and water for, and air and sunshine, but why Whisky, Tobacco and Coffee?

They are here sure enough and each performing its work.

There must be some great plan behind it all; the thoughtful man seeks to understand something of that plan and thereby to judge these articles for their true worth.

Let us not say "bad" or "good" without taking testimony.

There are times and conditions when it certainly seems to the casual observer that these stimulant narcotics are real blessings.

Right there is the ambush that conceals a "killing" enemy.

One can slip into the habit of either whisky, tobacco or coffee easy enough, but to "untangle" is often a fearful struggle.

It seems plain that there are circumstances when the narcotic effect of these poisons is for the moment beneficial, but the fearful argument against them is that seldom ever does one find a steady user of either whisky, coffee or tobacco free from disease of some kind.

Certainly powerful elements in their effect on the human race.

It is a matter of daily history testified to by literally millions of people, that Whisky, Tobacco and Coffee are smiling, promising, beguiling friends on the start, but always false as hell itself in the end. Once they get firm hold enough to show their strength, they insist upon governing and drive the victim steadily towards ill health in some form; if permitted to continue to rule, they will not let up until physical and mental ruin sets in.

A man under that spell (and "under the spell" is correct), of any one of these drugs, frequently assures himself and his friends, "Why, I can leave off any time I want to. I did quit for a week just to show I could." It is a sure mark of the slave when one gets to that stage. He wiggled through a week fighting every day to break the spell, was finally whipped, and began his slavery all over again.

The slave (Coffee slave as well as Tobacco and Whisky) daily reviews his condition, sees perfectly plain the steady encroachments of disease, how the nerves get weaker day by day and demand the drug that seems to smile and offer relief for a few minutes and then leave the diseased condition plainer to view than ever and growing worse. Many times the Coffee slave realizes that he is between two fires. He feels bad if he leaves off, and a little worse if he drinks and allows the effect to wear off.

So it goes on from day to day. Every night the struggling victim promises himself that he will break the habit and next day when he feels a little bad (as he is quite sure to), breaks, not the habit, but his own resolution. It is nearly always a tough fight, with disaster ahead sure if the habit wins.

There have been hundreds of thousands of people driven to their graves through disease brought on by coffee drinking alone, and it is quite certain that more human misery is caused by coffee and tobacco than by whisky, for the two first are more widely used, and more hidden and insidious in the effect on nerves, heart and other vital organs, and are thus unsuspected until much of the dangerous work is done.

Now, Reader, what is your opinion as to the real use the Creator has for these things? Take a look at the question from this point of view.

There is a law of Nature and of Nature's God that things slowly evolve from lower planes to higher, a sturdy, steady and dignified advance toward more perfect things in both the Physical and Spiritual world. The ponderous tread of evolutionary development is fixed by the Infinite and will not be quickened out of natural law by any of man's methods.

Therefore we see many illustrations showing how nature checks too rapid advance. Illinois raises phenomenal crops of corn for two or three years. If she continued to do so every year her farmers would advance in wealth far beyond those of other sections or countries. So Nature interposes a bar every three or four years and brings on a "bad year."

Here we see the leveling influence at work.

A man is prosperous in his business for a number of years and grows rich. Then Nature sets the "leveling influence" at work on him. Some of his investments lose, he becomes luxurious and lazy. Perhaps it is whisky, tobacco, coffee, women, gambling, or some other form. The intent and purpose is to level him. Keep him from evolving too far ahead of the masses.

A nation becomes prosperous and great like ancient Rome. If no leveling influence set in she would dominate the world perhaps for all time. But Dame Nature sets her army of "levelers" at work. Luxury, over eating and drinking, licentiousness, waste and extravagance, indulgences of all kinds, then comes the wreck. Sure, Sure, Sure.

The law of the unit is the law of the mass. Man goes through the same process. Weakness (in childhood), gradual growth of strength, energy, thrift, probity, prosperity, wealth, comfort, ease, relaxation, self-indulgence, luxury, idleness, waste, debauchery, disease, and the wreck follows. The "levelers" are in the bushes along the pathway of every successful man and woman and they bag the majority.

Only now and then can a man stand out against these "levelers" and hold his fortune, fame and health to the end.

So the Creator has use for Whisky, Tobacco and Coffee to level down the successful ones and those who show signs of being successful, and keep them back in the race, so that the great "field" (the masses) may not be left too far behind.

And yet we must admit that same all wise Creator has placed it in the power of man to stand upright, clothed in the armor of a clean cut, steady mind and say unto himself, "I decline to exchange my birthright for a mess of potage.

"I will not deaden my senses, weaken my grip on affairs and keep myself cheap, common and behind in fortune and fame by drugging with whisky, tobacco or coffee; life is too short. It is hard enough to win the good things, without any sort of handicap, so a man is certainly a 'fool trader' when he trades strength, health, money, and the good things that come with power, for the half-asleep condition of the 'drugger' with the certainty of sickness and disease ahead."

It is a matter each individual must decide for himself. He can be a leader and semi-god if he will, or he can go along through life a drugged clown, a cheap "hewer of wood or carrier of water."

Certain it is that while the Great Father of us all does not seem to "mind" if some of His children are foolish and stupid, He seems to select others (perhaps those He intends for some special work) and allows them to be threshed and castigated most fearfully by these "levelers."

If a man tries flirting with these levelers awhile, and gets a few slaps as a hint, he had better take the hint or a good solid blow will follow.

When a man tries to live upright, clean, thrifty, sober, and undrugged, manifesting as near as he knows what the Creator intends he should, happiness, health and peace seem to come to him. Does it pay?

This article was written to set people thinking, to rouse the "God within," for every highly organized man and woman has times when they feel a something calling from within for them to press to the front and "be about the Father's business;" don't mistake it; the spark of the Infinite is there and it pays in every way, health, happiness, peace, and even worldly prosperity, to break off the habits and strip clean for the work cut out for us.

It has been the business of the writer to provide a practical and easy way for people to break away from the coffee habit and be assured of a return to health and all of the good things that brings, provided the abuse has not gone too far, and even then the cases where the body has been rebuilt on a basis of strength and health run into the thousands.

It is an easy and comfortable step to stop coffee instantly by having well-made Postum Food Coffee served rich and hot with good cream, for the color and flavor is there, but none of the caffeine or other nerve destroying elements of ordinary coffee.

On the contrary, the most powerful rebuilding elements furnished by Nature are in Postum and they quickly set about repairing the damage. Seldom is it more than two days after the change is made before the old stomach or bowel troubles or complaints of kidneys, heart, head or nerves show unmistakable evidence of getting better and ten days' time changes things wonderfully.

Literally millions of brain working Americans to-day use Postum, having found the value and common sense in the change.

C. W. POST.

Initialed Hosiery.

The pronunciamento of collegians that Oxford shoes should be the vogue throughout the year will doubtless meet the approval of a majority of young men who favor adopting the pace set by college boys in the realm of fashion. More low shoes are sold to-day than has been the case in many years.

There is no denying the fact that in considerable degree wealthy students are responsible for establishing styles in masculine apparel. Initialed half-hose are now considered the proper caper, and especially en regle for wear with Oxfords. Handwork is preferred on the silk embroidered letters or monograms. White stitching on black ground makes the most effective combination. An extensive assortment in tone treatments and designs is shown by retail haberdashers catering to fine trade.—New York Press.

Chinese Burial Customs.

When a rich and important Chinaman dies his funeral is conducted with much pomp and splendor. His friends and relatives, instead of sending wreaths, send innumerable banners. These are made of white silk, with inscriptions beautifully worked in black velvet, and express the senders' good wishes to the deceased, himself or to members of his family for many generations. On the day of the funeral these banners are carried by hired men, who are all dressed alike for the occasion. After the funeral, which lasts several hours at the cemetery, is over the banners are all brought back, and eventually grace the rooms of the late Chinaman's house.

The Carnegie Steel company has issued a circular to heads of departments instructing them to employ no man over 35 years old in some branches of the system, and none over 40 years old in any branch. The Pennsylvania Railroad company, has also made 35 years the deadline.

A new satellite has been discovered or, rather, rediscovered. Saturn's ninth satellite, called Phoebe, which was first noticed in 1898, and has since been lost to the astronomical world, has recently been found again on some photographic negatives.

Dr. Helsprecht, the Assyrian explorer, tells us that in about one hundred years we will have a fairly accurate account of the affairs in the Euphrates valley some 600 years before Christ.

There are 60,000 water wheels in use in this country, yielding 1,300,000-horse power. Of this 250,000 horse power is developed in New England.

There are in Tennyson's works 460 quotations or allusions to the Bible.

The United States spends annually

It is rumored that an attempt is being made to start the fashion of bracelets for men.

THE FEAST OF THE WHALE.

An Incident of the Social Life Among the Eskimos of Arctic Alaska.

The principal occupation of these Eskimos (of Arctic Alaska) during the spring is the hunting of the bow-head whale in the leads, or open water, and among the floe ice of the Arctic ocean. The taking of a whale is always a time of great rejoicing with these people, for it means not only an abundance of food and fuel, but a large amount of valuable trading material.

After the whaling season is over, the boats which have been used in the chase are gathered on the leads between the pack and shore ice, which is often some miles from shore, at the foot of some road that has been cut through the rough ice from the land to the water. The most successful boat's crew, with their umiak (a whaling boat covered with skins), takes the lead, followed by the other boats in the order of their success. The harpoons, floats, paddles and everything pertaining to the chase of the whale are placed in their respective positions. The umiak is then placed on a flat ivory runnered sled and lashed firmly in place. The owner, who is called omelic (head man), stands on the ice at the right hand side of the bow; the boat steerer stands at the stern and the paddlers stand at their respective places along the sides of the boat. When all is ready, the omelic gives the word to go forward, and each of the crew slips over his shoulder a broad breast strap of sealskin, which is attached to a short line made fast to the thwarts of the boat. When all is ready, the boat is pulled forward a few lengths, and the next boat in order goes through the same form, moving on in its turn, until all the umiaks are strung out in a long line on the grounded ice, ready for their return to land.

At a signal from the head boat, all move forward, chanting weird songs of the goodness and power of the whale; for one of the superstitions of these people is that whenever working on any object to be used in whaling, or doing anything connected with whaling, they must constantly extol the merits of this great animal.

Long before the boats reach shore the entire population left in the village—men, women, children and dogs—congregate on the beach to welcome the homecomers. When the first boat nears land it is brought to a halt a few feet from the shore line, and its talisman, which is always carried in a little pouch in the bow, and may be a wolf's head, the head of a raven, iron pyrites or any odd thing, is lifted out by the omelic and held in his right hand toward the shore, where stands the chief medicine man of the tribe who pours over it a little fresh water to refresh it and thank it for the benefits given, if the boat has secured a whale; or, if the boat has not been lucky, to appease any slight that may have been put upon the talisman, in the hope that it will give them better luck in the future.

After reaching shore, a day or possibly two may be given for preparation, and then the great feast begins. Each successful boat owner, beginning with the one whose boat secured the most whales, gives a feast, to which he invites all the members of the tribe and any other people who may be in the village. First a wind break of umiaks, sails or skins is built to act as a shelter against the chilly blasts of the polar winds. It is placed in the form of a large circle, if enough material can be secured, in the centre of which a walrus hide is placed on the ground; and to its four corners are tied long ropes, which are passed over tripods placed about 25 feet from the skin. The ends of the ropes are then drawn tight, and made fast with stout stakes driven into the ground, thus raising the skin about four feet. The skin thus becomes a platform some eight or 10 feet square, which serves as a sort of movable stage on which the young women dance.

The feast usually begins at the time when the sun reaches a due western point, about 6 o'clock in the afternoon; for during the 80 days of summer at Otkeavic the sun never sets, and being without timepieces, the Eskimos mark their time by the position of the sun while it is visible, and by the moon and stars when the sun has gone for the long Arctic night. These feasts sometimes last 24 hours. —From Edward A. McIlhenny's "The Nelicatar of Arctic Alaska" in the Century.

A Philistine.

A few years ago a lady whose soul had been attuned to lofty ideals by communion with the poets, historians, philosophers and tragedians of Greece, wrote her name in the guestbook at Delphi and beneath she spoke in terms of praise of the entertainment of mine host of Delphi and added that she accounted as an epoch in her life the fact that she had been permitted to look upon one of the holy places of the earth. The person who entered his name below hers was a Mr. S——, of America, who travelled with a dragoman as his mouthpiece. Beneath his name the American wrote: "The above is O. K. as to grub, but am still in search of the holy features." The Orient is not for Philistines of the type of Mr. S.—Harper's Magazine.

Spinning Bee in Maine.

The Martha Washington Benevolent society of Deer Isle met at Sunset the other day for its annual spinning bee. Old-fashioned spinning wheels were in actual use. Among the exhibits was a quilt presented to the society for the benefit of the library, made by Aunt Salome Sellers, who is now nearly 104 years old.—Kennebec Journal.

A "Foreign" Opera.

London may soon see Macaulay's New Zealander sitting on its bridges. It is to have a Maori comic opera by a New Zealand composer, with a libretto by an Australian journalist. The piece will be called "Tapu," and 24 native Maori dancers wil take part in it.

Big Irrigation Congress.

Two thousand delegates are to meet at Cripple Creek, Colorado, next month as an irrigation congress, to influence the government to put forth earnest efforts towards the reclamation of a vast amount of arid land in the far west.

A VOICE FROM THE PULPIT.

Rev. Jacob D. Van Doren, of 57 Sixth street, Fond Du Lac, Wis., Presbyterian clergyman, says: "I had attacks of kidney disorders which kept me in the house for days at a time, unable to do anything. What I suffered can hardly be told. Complications set in, the particulars of which I will be pleased to give in a personal interview to any one who requires information. This I can conscientiously say, Doan's Kidney Pills caused a general improvement in my health. They brought great relief by lessening the pain and correcting the action of the kidney secretions."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Fighting "En Deshabille."

It is reported from Laio-Yang, says the Westminster Gazette, that owing to the heat the soldiers often fight in their underclothes. The most remarkable instance of fighting en deshabille is the famous Battle of the Shirts, which took place in 1544 on the shores of Loch Lochy, in the Highlands of Scotland, between a band of Frasers and MacDonalds. The day was so hot that the combatants threw off not only their plaids, but the rest of their clothes, and went at it in their shirts. Even then the heat was unbearable, and many, wearied with the big two-handed swords, rushed into the cool waters of the loch and fought there with their dirks. Lord Lovat, whose desperate valor earned for him the name of "Cruaidh Choscar" (the hardy slaughterer), and his son were killed. In fact, it is said that only four of the Frasers came out of the fight alive, and not many more of the MacDonalds, who, however, secured the victory.

Women Who Shun Men.

On a small island in the Greek archipelago there is a colony which is composed entirely of women. It is a sort of religious order which considers it a disgrace for one of its members to even look at a man. When a fisherman approaches the island, the women pull the cowls of their cassocks over their heads and turn their backs. Provisions are never imported, as the women, strict vegetarians, grow their own products. Only the matron, who is annually elected head of the colony, is ever allowed to leave the island. The others remain there all their lives, taking their turn at tilling the soil, washing and housekeeping.

A Record Commodore.

Captain Clay, commodore officer of the London and Northwestern Railway Company's fleet of steamships running between Holyhead and Ireland, who has just retired, has crossed the Irish Sea nearly 20,000 times as commander and has navigated the railway company's vessels about 1,500,000 miles and carried nearly 1,250,000 passengers.

An Italian named Luciano Butti has perfected a photographic apparatus capable of registering the incredible number of 2,000 photographic impressions per second. The most minute and least rapid and casual movements of birds and insects on the wing which have hitherto defied science, can, it is claimed, be registered with accuracy, thus opening a new world of natural observation to ornithologists. The films used cost 2 pounds per second for the 2,000 impressions.

The Krag carbine will soon be discarded by the cavalry and the national board will seek to obtain possession of them for distribution to the military schools at the rate of about ten pieces to each school where army officers are detailed as instructors.

Dr. Koenig, of Germany, has announced that he has succeeded in solving the problem of colored photography.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

In Paris last year 6628 persons were cremated.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

The earliest money was in the form of animal's skins.

Rocks.

The man of substance was proud to be mentioned in connection with so high an office, but he would not be a candidate.

"This rock," he exclaimed, pointing to a great granite bowlder, "shall fly from its firm base as soon as mine——"

Here the committee of notification withdrew, perceiving that their mission was hopeless.—Puck.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists; price, 75c. per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Labor-Saving Hand Organs.

Labor-saving devices have got to the hand organs at last, says the New York Sun. In one of the latest, instead of the organ man turning the crank, he presses a button. The music plays on till he releases his finger. The music is sweeter than that of other organs and it can be heard blocks away.

WOMEN INDIAN BARBERS.

Some Peculiar Customs of the Far Eastern Land.

In India, where a man's trade is almost always determined by that of his father, the village barbers form a class apart. They always marry in caste; their wives, like themselves, are descended from countless generations of barbers.

These women shave and cut hair as skillfully as their husbands, fathers and brothers. Most customers steer clear of them, however, for they have a way of leaving men whom they do not like half shaved, and then driving them through the streets of the village with jeers and mockery. It is a terrible disgrace in India to be seen only half shaved. The poor villager covers his face with his turban and goes home filled with sorrow and shame.

The barbers' wives are most in request as nurses, and are useful in attending sick children. When children suffer from any kind of throat complaint, such as bronchitis or a cough, the barber's wife can be depended upon to cure it. She rubs the child's throat with some mixture made of herbs, applying it with her fingers. It is a rough treatment, but singularly effective.

The barber's wife has regular customers in all the Brahmin widows of the village, who must have their heads shaved twice a month or so, in token of their mourning. The mother or widow sister of a barber always takes up the profession of midwife. Very frequently she is an angel of death in that capacity, being both cruel and ignorant. Medical missions and zenana work are, however, driving her out of the business nowadays in many parts of India.—New York Press.

Adjacent to the rivers in some parts of California is a vast acreage of tule—a kind of reed The United States steamboat inspectors have found that tule makes better material for life-preservers than cork, and it is exceedingly cheap.

The most frequented lake in Europe is the lake of Lucerne; last year twenty steamboats plied on it and carried 1,529,000 passengers and over one thousand tons of baggage and freight.

Japan's Mikado is a tall man for a Japanese—5 feet 6 inches. The tallest royal personage is King Leopold, 6 feet 6 inches, which places him next to Peter the Great, who measured 6 feet 8 1-2 inches.

London reports that her quick-lunch stands are suffering because the Chicago strike put up the price of roast beef.

FIBROID TUMORS CURED.

Mrs. Hayes' First Letter Appealing to Mrs. Pinkham for Help:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been under Boston doctors' treatment for a long time without any relief. They tell me I have a fibroid tumor. I cannot sit down without great pain, and the soreness extends up my spine. I have bearing-down pains both back and front. My abdomen is swollen, and I have had flowing spells for three years. My appetite is not good. I cannot walk or be on my feet for any length of time.

"The symptoms of Fibroid Tumor given in your little book accurately describe my case, so I write to you for advice."—(Signed) MRS. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St. (Roxbury), Boston, Mass.

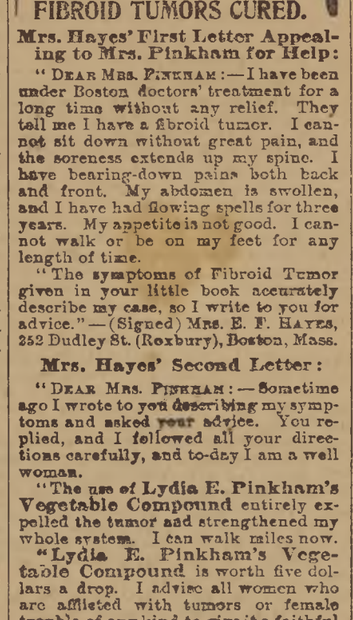
Mrs. Hayes' Second Letter:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Sometime ago I wrote to you describing my symptoms and asked your advice. You replied, and I followed all your directions carefully, and to-day I am a well woman.

"The use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound entirely expelled the tumor and strengthened my whole system. I can walk miles now.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is worth five dollars a drop. I advise all women who are afflicted with tumors or female trouble of any kind to give it a faithful trial."—(Signed) MRS. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St. (Roxbury), Boston, Mass.

—$5000 forfeit if original of above letters proving genuineness cannot be produced



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10-K Gold filled Regular Price 10c. | 14-K Gold filled Regular Price 15c. | Sterling Silver. Regular Price 25c.

We want you to have our big, Handsome Free Catalogue, with its Free Gold Watch offer, so will send the famous Guaranteed "King" Collar Buttons at these prices if you order them before Nov. 10th. Add 1c postage for each Button ordered.. State if for sleeve, front or back of neck.

BLACH'S 1912 1914 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM ALABAMA.

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CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

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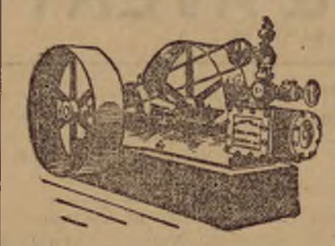

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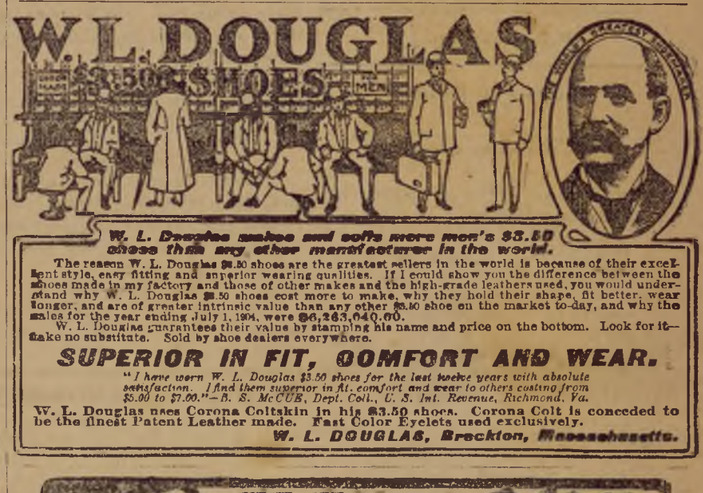
MACON, GEORGIA.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOES



W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

The reason W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world is because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes and the high-grade leathers used, you would understand why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day, and why the sales for the year ending July 1, 1904, were $6,263,640.00.

W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it—take no substitute. Sold by shoe dealers everywhere.

SUPERIOR IN FIT, COMFORT AND WEAR.

"I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for the last twelve years with absolute satisfaction. I find them superior in fit, comfort and wear to others costing from $5.00 to $7.00."—S. S. McCUE, Dept. Coll., U. S. Int. Revenue, Richmond, Va.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Colt skin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest Patent Leather made. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Massachusetts.

FREE TO BOYS
A COMPLETE FOOTBALL OUTFIT,
WORTH $3.00
Consisting of a pair of Intercollegiate football pants, sweater, jersey, one quality worsted belt, and handsome heavy pair of stockings—a splendid outfit.
BOYS, we give you free this Handsome Football Outfit for selling only thirty-two of our fine quality handkerchiefs at 10c. each.
WRITE US TODAY FOR HANDKERCHIEFS—QUICK, EASY SELLERS—SEND NO MONEY. WE TRUST YOU WITH THE HANDKERCHIEFS TO SELL.
When sold send us the money and you will receive at once the complete football outfit FREE. WE PREPAY ALL EXPRESS CHARGES. Send your name and address at once.
Le Moyne Handkerchief Co., 12 East 14th St., N.Y.
YOU WILL BE DELIGHTED WITH IT
OTHER PREMIUMS.
All Wool Sweaters, Roller Skates, Fountain Pens, Hearing Gloves, Watches, etc.
FREE TO GIRLS
Two Beautiful Dolls.
A HANDSOME SUNDAY DOLL AND A VERY FINE EVERY DAY DOLLY.
OUR SUNDAY DOLL is a big beauty, elaborately dressed, brave head, curly hair, pearly teeth, jointed body, sleeping eyes, dressed in silk or satin and lace, large, elegant hat, shoes and stockings to match—a perfect doll baby.
OUR EVERY DAY DOLL is a large dolly, bisque head, flowing hair—a real nice every day dolly.
EXTRA PRESENTS. A beautiful Japanese doll fan for half a dozen dainty doll handkerchiefs.
GIRLS, we give you the entire doll outfit for selling only twenty-four of our fine quality handkerchiefs at 10c. each.
SEND NO MONEY. WE TRUST YOU WITH THE HANDKERCHIEFS TO SELL. When sold send us the money, and you will receive at once the complete elegant doll outfit. WE PAY ALL EXPRESS CHARGES. Send your name and address at once.
OTHER PREMIUMS.
Wool Sweaters, School Umbrellas, Roller Skates, Fountain Pens, Manicure Sets, etc.
Le Moyne Handkerchief Co., 12 East 14th St., New York.

Elephants and parrots have been known to live over a century.

DIVIDENDS.

I have gilt-edge dividend-paying stocks that I desire to trade for real estate. These stocks will bear the closest investigation and, at a conservative estimate, will pay from 12 to 20 per cent. on the par value annually. For further information write to DR. W. A. SANDERS, Dan and Sol Block, Racine, Wis.

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Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

MONARCH STUMP PULLER. Will pull a foot stump without help. Guaranteed to stand a strain of 250,000 lbs. Catalogue and discounts address MONARCH GRUBBER CO., Lone Tree, Ia.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

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Reliable Frick Engines, Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.

BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH.

Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors, Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.

Am. 44, 1904.

No More Blind Horses For Specific Ophthalmia Moon Blindness & other Sore Eyes. Barry Co., Iowa City, Ia., have a sure cure

Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed

To cure, or money refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., NOVEMBER 10 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 11

FIRES IN ALABAMA.

Central Part of the State Suffered Heavily. Losses Reach $50,000.

COTTON LOST IN TWO OF THEM.

Montgomery, Faunsdale and Benton Visited.—Some Insurance Was Carried.

Fire broke out in the rear of the Alabama stables in Montgomery and soon ignited 1,000 bales of cotton in the warehouse of the Roman Cotton company entailing a loss of $30,000. One of the horses running from the stable knocked down E. O. Marion, a gunsmith, and trampled on him, inflicting serious and probably fatal injuries.

When the fire broke out negroes ran into the stable to release the horses, and forty or fifty of them dashed out into the streets running like mad. They raced away in every direction. In a few moments several ran back and tried to get into the stable and were only kept out by hard work.

The loss at Faunsdale is estimated at between $15,000 and $20,000, five stores being burned, including the dispensary. The fire originated in a negro restaurant, evidently from a defective flue, and was quickly communicated to adjoining buildings, among which was the brick store house of G. H. McKee, just completed a few weeks ago. The amount of insurance carried on the rest of the property is not known, but Mr. McKee is said to have carried no insurance whatever, and the heaviest loss perhaps falls upon him.

The railroad station house at Benton, on the Western Railway of Alabama, was totally destroyed by fire. A car of cotton sitting on the track near the depot suddenly burst into flames and from it the depot caught fire and was completely consumed. The building was an old frame one, but was substantially built. The car of cotton, consisting of about thirty-five bales, was destroyed, as well as the depot.

LATER.

E. O. Marion, who was run over by a frightened horse during the fire in a cotton ware house at Montgomery, died Sunday as a result of his injuries.

BOND FOR AIRSHIP.

Furnished by the World's Fair Company.

The $16,000 bond required by the custom house authorities has been furnished by the exposition company and the flight of the French airship will be made free from any hindrances along this line.

This was done because Mr. Francis had been informed that his ship, being a duitable exhibit in bond, it could not be taken out of bond at the fair grounds unless a bond was filed. As its ascension at the fair might result in its fying without the bounds of the exposition site, Mr. Gallenkamp ruled that the ascension could not be permitted unless bond had been furnished.

Southern Steel Ingots.

The Birmingham Steel and Iron company, which has been in operation only a few months, has purchased the ingot equipment of the old Henderson steel plant at North Birmingham, and will manufacture small steel ingots for the southern trade.

The plant will work day and night, making steel castings in the day and ingots at night.

Customers who have purchased their steel ingots from the north stated that they would rather have their orders filled in the south, if possible.

For New Cars.

The Gulf and Ship Island and the Southern railroads have both filed equipment mortgages with the state of Mississippi to secure the purchase of 250 box and fruit cars for the one and 3,000 similar cars for the other.

Mobile and West Alabama.

The Mobile and West Alabama Railroad company is reported in capital shape. The contract for constructing the road has been let and $500,000 has been collected to begin the work. Engineers have completed a survey as far as Bessemer. The new road will penetrate the Blue Creek district, and may be able to take the place of the Birmingham, Huntsville and Gulf road.

Steamers Sunk at Port Arthur.

Delayed advices forwarded from Port Arthur between Nov. 2 and 4, say that two steamers of about 3,500 tons each, anchored in the west harbor, were sunk by the Japanese guns.

Attempted Hold Up.

According to the crew of the Philadelphia and New York express train on the Pennsylvania railroad, which left Washington at 6:50 Sunday night, two unsuccessful attempts were made to hold up the train at Havre de Grace and Perryville by two men, one of whom was a negro. The men escaped.

It is believed the men boarded the train at Baltimore.

BETTER PAY FOR MUSICIANS.

Recommended By Gen. Elliott, Commanding the Marine Corps.

Brigadier General Elliott, commandant of the marine corps, is trying to secure better pay for the members of the marine band. This is rendered necessary, it is claimed, because of the opposition of the musical unions, who have by their opposition prevented the band from securing any outside engagements upon which they formerly depended to equalize their earnings with those of civil life. General Elliott suggests that the leader be given the pay and allowances of a captain in the corps, the second leader the pay and allowance of a second lieutenant, and the first and second class musicians be paid $100 and $75 a month respectively. It is thought by many if the change in pay is not made that many of the best musicians now in the band will not re-inlist at the end of their term and it will be difficult to supply the vacancies with limited pay that is now allowed.

IRON FURNACES.

And Something of the Iron Business in Alabama.

Contracts for the second quarter of 1905 are being booked at $13 on a No. 2 foundry basis.

Pig metal stocks in Alabama amount to less than 100,000 tons. Of the 26 furnaces in Jefferson county, only 14 are in blast. The Tennessee's No. 4, which was started up a few weeks ago, was banked because of scarcity of coke, the Ensley stacks consuming more than usual. No. 4 will probably resume operations this week.

The Sloss-Sheffield's No. 1 city furnace, which has just been rebuilt, will be ready for the torch soon.

The Tennessee company's five Ensley furnaces are doing splendid work. They made a record last month. President Bacon reports that the company's coal production is now about 50 per cent. of normal. He is having thirty new houses built at No. 5, and thirty at No. 7, Pratt, and expects to build forty more.

ORDER OF EASTERN STAR

Concludes Fourth Annual Session.—At Ensley in 1905.

At New Decatur the grand chapter of Alabama of the Order of the Eastern Star, in its fourth annual session completed its work Friday. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Worthy grand matron, Mrs. Hannah D. Chaffee, of Montgomery; worthy grand patron, H. A. Killen, of Greenhill; associate grand matron, Mrs. Mary Camps, of Wylam; assistant grand patron, Dr. W. M. Cunningham, of Corona; grand secretary, Mrs. Elizabeth Salter, of Birmingham; grand treasurer, Mrs. Sue Cunningham, of Ensley.

The next annual meeting will be held at Ensley. The new officers were installed.

WEST PRATT COAL CO.

New Owners Will Make Marked Improvement in the Properties.

The West Pratt Coal company has been purchased by Henry B. Gray, W. H. Soper and associates. The purchase price is said to be about $100,000.

The West Pratt coal properties are located in Walker county and belong to that group that have been recognized as independent in operation. The property was first opened and development began by the Stoberts, a stock company being later organized to manage the property. The daily output has been in the neighborhood of 800 tons.

The property is situated on the Frisco system. Considerable improvement was recently made and the new owners will go further in their developments. The output will be materially increased.

Three white men, John Pruitt, Wiley Pruitt and Will Fox, are in jail at Anniston charged with robbing a mail pouch at Lincoln last Thursday. The robbery was discovered as soon as the pouch was received on the train bound for Atlanta, and reported to the officials, who have had them arrested on circumstantial evidence.

Russell's Books.

Examiner J. T. Gorman has filed his report on the officials of Russell county. All the officials were complimented for the neatness of their books and the correctness of their accounts. The tax valuation in the county has increased $34.718 over last year, but the examiner says that the property is given in at about 50 per cent. of its actual value. He also stated that there were three corporations that owed the state $190 licenses.

A. P. Longshore, probate judge of Shelby county, who was found due the state $55.12, has paid the money into the state treasury.

Wright to Make Tour.

Governor Wright, of the Philippines, will leave Nov. 12 for a twenty day tour of inspection in Jolo and Mindanao.

Navigation Resumed.

It is announced that regular steamboat service will be resumed on the Alabama and Tombigbee rivers, the recent suspension being occasioned by low water.

PLOT TO WRECK SHIPS.

Intercepted Message and Balloons the Subject of Controversy.

Not yet has there been received official confirmation of the sensational report that an intercepted dispatch from the Japanese minister at The Hague would be produced in the court of inquiry into the recent North sea incident to prove the existence of a plot to destroy the Russian Baltic fleet.

There is, however, said to be good grounds for believing the report to be true, and that there are many indications that the Russian government has been long in possession of strong evidence of a Japanese plan to intercept all of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's warships. It also developed that Emperor Nicholas during an audience with British Ambassador Hardinge last Sunday, declared in the most positive terms that there were Japanese torpedo boats in the North Sea.

Apparently Denmark was impressed by the same belief.

Another remarkable story is current to the effect that two balloons were seen hovering over the Skagerack when the Russian fleet entered the North sea.

RAILROAD EXTENSION

Another Line is Working Toward Atlanta.

The Georgia, Florida and Alabama railroad is making active arrangements to extend its road northward from Cuthbert to Columbus and Atlanta. For several days an engineering corps has been in the field north of Cuthbert, looking at the different routes.

A deed for $1,100,000 is being recorded in Randolph county to secure an issue of bonds to make this extension.

The route indicated in the paper is from Cuthbert to Richland, and thence to Columbus and Atlanta or from Cuthbert to Lumpkin and thence to Columbus, or to build a line from Cuthbert to both of these places. Another route is from Cuthbert near Springvale and thence to the Chattahoochee river valley, and up this valley to Columbus, leaving Lumpkin and Richland to the west.

COTTON GIN BURNED.

No Insurance and Several Farmers Lose Their Cotton.

The steam cotton gin of John A. McWilliams, in Tuscumbia, including engine and boiler, was completely destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of approximately $5,000. Beside the gin plant, valued at $3,000, twenty bales of cotton and 2,000 bushels of cotton seed were consumed.

The burned cotton was the property of numerous farmers in the vicinity, the cotton having been ginned and baled and left on the yard subject to their disposal There was no insurance on any part of the property destroyed, the owner of the plant neglecting to renew the insurance which had expired only a few days ago.

The origin of the fire is thought to have been in the engine room of the building.

Delayed Pensions.

Some of the pensioners who will come in this year for money from the old soldiers' fund are getting impatient and want to know why the warrants are delayed. The explanation is this: For several years the names of the pensioners have been written in a big book, and that book became entirely full this year and every name had to be copied into a new book. This could not be done until after the state board of pension examiners met and passed on the lists, which was the last of August.

Since that time two men have been working night and day to get the names transcribed. There were 15,500 of them, and they had to be placed in alphabetical order. Only two men could work at it. The old soldiers will get their money before the last of November.

New Industries in Alabama.

Bessemer—Planing mill; stove foundry.

Camden—$25,000 naval stores company.

Duncanville—Cotton gin.

Georgiana—Saw mill.

Mobile—Ice and cold storage plant.

Montgomery—Ice factory.

Will Enlarge Plant.

It is understood that the United States Cast Iron, Pipe and Foundry company will shortly begin making considerable improvements and enlarging on its plant in Bessemer. It is also reported that the improvements will represent an expenditure of something like $200,000.

The company has now perfected arrangements to secure sufficient pig iron to keep the plant operating on full time.

Reserves Called.

The Japanese reservists residing in the Philippines have been called to the colors. Their number is estimated at 600.

Commerce and Labor Budget.

Acting Secretary Murray, of the department of commerce and labor, made public the estimates of appropriations for the department for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1905 The estimates aggregate $14,339,529, being $549,425 less than the estimates for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1904. The estimates for the fiscal year of 1906 exceed the appropriations for the current fiscal year by $4,218,444.

PLANS ARE ACCEPTED.

Russia Agrees to Settlement Conference and Details are Arranged.

COMMISSION TO MEET IN PARIS.

Something of the Russian Claims of a Torpedo Boat Attack.—Other War News.

Russia has accepted the telegraphic draft of the Anglo-Russian convention for the commission of inquiry into the North Sea incident, submitted to Russia Wednesday, and the final exchanges will be ratified in London. The convention covers six articles. The commission will sit in Paris and will consist of five members, Russian, British, American and French, the representatives of the four nations to choose a fifth member. Broad outlines for the inquiry are laid down by the convention, but the commission will have wide latitude in determining all the relevant facts. Although the convention is agreed to, it is believed that some minor factors connected with the subject, the exact nature of which cannot be ascertained, are still undecided.

The letter from Vigo represents practically the substance of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's detailed report submitted to Emperor Nicholas.

Four points of the Russian case are as follows:

Information which reached Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky as he was leaving Danish waters showed that suspicious vessels were in the North Sea, navigating first under one flag and then under another.

The transport Kamtchatka's report by wireless telegraphy some time before the incident occurred, that she had seen two torpedo boats.

Later the receipt of a suspicious wireless message signed "Kamtchatka," asking for the exact latitude and longitude of the squadron, a message which it was afterwards ascertained was never sent by the Kamtchatka.

The appearance of two torpedo boats alongside the squadron, which could not have been Russian, as all the Russian torpedo boats were then in the English channel.

The fact that only seven torpedo boats are now with the squadron, whereas eight left Libau, is explained by the fact that one of them broke down before the squadron left Danish waters and was towed back to Libau by the Russian ice breaker Ermak.

It is expected that the commission will assemble in about a fortnight. Satisfaction prevails at the foreign office at the agreement reached, and hope is expressed that the American admiral to be selected by the United States to sit on the commission will prove an impartial judge of the facts submitted.

It is reported the Japanese have occupied Wantai hill, sunk several transports and have set fire to a battleship at Port Arthur. There is no confirmation of the report. Wantai hill is one of the extensive semi-circle of forts defending Port Arthur. It is situated in about the center of the semi-circle between the Antse mountain forts and Sungchow fort, which is situated on an adjoining hill. The capture of Wantai hill means the dividing of the eastern fortified ridge. The Japanese had previously and unsuccessfully attacked Wantai hill, particularly during the latter part of August.

It is reported that the Baltic fleet fired on the Danish torpedo boat Sabjaren while off Langeland Island. The torpedo boat was not hit. The government is said to be attempting to conceal the incident, fearing complications with Russia.

Medal for Carnegie.

Andrew Carnegie acquired a new medal last week, the guest at the dinner of the Iron and Steel Institute. The medal awarded was the Bessemer gold metal and the presentation was made by Sir James Kitson in recognition of Mr. Carnegie's service to the iron and steel trade of the world.

COMPLAINT AND PROTEST

Presented by Panama to the United States Government.

The full text of the complaint and protest made by the republic of Panama against the present administration of affairs in the canal zone has reached Washington in the form of a letter written by Senor Abaldia, the Panama minister to us, to Secretary of State Hay. In the letter Abaldia lays particular stress on the charges that General Davis, governor of the canal zone, has been guilty of unwarranted usurpation of authority and violation of the provision of the Hay-Varilla treaty. Various instances are cited.

Representative Resigns.

J. F. Thompson, the nominee for solicitor of the Fourth circuit, has written the governor resigning as a member of the house of representatives.

Studying Our Systems.

Fernandi Benendel, mayor of the City of Mexico, with his wife and two children is touring the United States making a study of our municipal governments.

FIRE AT TIFTON, GA.

Results in Loss of a quarter of a Million.

Tifton, Ga., suffered the most disastrous conflagration in the history of the city Friday. The loss is estimated at approximately $250,000. There were no casualties. The burned district includes the Slack building, owned and occupied by S. G. Slack & Co., hardware; Dr. G. W. Julians, the second floor of which was occupied by the Gress Manufacturing company; H. H. Hetler Lumber company; the Ensign Lumber company; Dr. O. L. Chestnut, dentist, and Fullwood & Boatwright, lawyers; the Regent hotel; Brown's photograph gallery; C. B. Holmes, residence; Bowen & Tift building occupied by the Tifton Drug company; E. P. Browne, merchandise; H. Kent & Son, furniture; C. W. Rickerson & Son, groceries; Postal Telegraph company; Tifton telephone exchange; Hall & Eve, lawyers; Warren, real estate; E. L. Vickers, naval stores; Tifton opera house and several sleeping apartments.

FROM STEAM TO ELECTRICITY.

Railroads' Change of Motive Power Means Much to Industry.

Apparently authoritative announcement is made that the New York Central railroad is about to change the motive power on the West Shore, a distance of 432 miles. Electricity is to be substituted for steam. To make the change will cost at the lowest calculation $25,000,000, and the amount may be considerably in excess of that figure. If the move proves to be economical then all the railroads in the country will have to follow suit, and that means practical rebuilding. The iron and steel interests and the electrical companies hail the movement with intense satisfaction. They say it means ten or fifteen years of employment for every mill and electrical machinery factory in America—work at high pressure and without intermission.

Oil in Indian Territory.

The management of the Republic Iron and Steel company is devoting considerable attention to its oil territory in Indiana and Ohio. The corporation is in receipt of an income of close to $1,000,000 a year from this source. It is to the Indian Territory, however, that oil specialists are now looking for greatest development. In that part of the country the petroleum prophets agree that before the exploitation is over the field will be disclosed as the largest ever discovered in the United States, excelling the old Pennsylvania oil region as well as that of California. The Standard Oil company is building a pipe line from the Indian Territory field to Atlantic tidewater.

Killed Divorcee.

In East Nashville Mrs. Lillie Blazer was shot and almost instantly killed by Alfred Blazer, from whom she had secured a divorce Monday.

Mrs. Blazer was in the kitchen of her home with James Agee, a boarder, when Blazer suddenly entered and attacked Agee, beating him up badly and probably fracturing his skull. The woman ran screaming into the yard and Blazer gave purusit, firing three shots, one of which struck her in the head. She died without making a statement. Blazer escaped.

Crushed Between Cars.

S. S. Sandberry, car inspector for the Louisville and Nashville railroad, was instantly killed at Selma by having his head caught between two cars. The train for Myrtlewood had just pulled out of the Louisville and Nashville station when the front coach became detached from the rest of the train and the airbrake disjointed. Mr. Sandberry ran up and began examining the air brake, when the second half of the train, left on a grade, rolled noiselessly down upon him, catching him between the cars and breaking his neck.

Cargo Burning.

The Norwegian steamer Guernsey, from Savannah, Ga., Oct. 15, arrived at Bremen with her cargo in the afterhold, about 3,000 bales of cotton, burning. The fire broke out a fortnight ago. The captain thinks the fire is now practically extinguished.

Congressional Trip.

Members of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce have arranged to make a trip to the Panama canal zone, starting from New York on the 14th inst., for the purpose of acquiring information as a basis of legislation. The transport Sumner will be placed at their disposal for the tour and they will go direct from New York to Colon.

Another Tunnel.

Definite plans for another tunnel under the Hudson river have been made by the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad, and a company for the construction of the tunnel has been incorporated.

Trust Cuts Price.

In Illinois the announcement that the basis price of whiskey had again dropped from $1.24 to $1.23, making a fall by successive stages of 5 cents in about two months, caused a sensation among independent dealers. Independents say they are convinced that the trust has begun a war of extermination.

Well informed whiskey men say the price may go still lower.

THE PEARLS OF CEYLON.

FISHING FOR THEM A MONOPOLY OF THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

Tricks of the Arab Divers—Purchase By Auction is Made by East India Merchants—Life in a Fishing Town—Bazaars of Pearltown.

"The Pearls of the East" come in these days mainly from the fisheries of Ceylon. It is a primitive industry, although it is carried on under the monopoly of the British government, which, after paying the fishers their share, makes 1,000,000 rupees a year, gross, says the San Francisco Chronicle.

"Few that dive for the pearl of the deep but are crushed in the kraken's laws," sang George Meredith; and from this it has been inferred that diving for pearls is a dangerous occupation. The struggle of the pearl diver with the shark has been a favorite theme for the authors of dime novels and sensation stories. The fact is that the occupation is attended with no more than the ordinary risks of life—that it is a vocation less dangerous, on the whole, than deep water sailing.

The banks where the pearl oysters live are fifteen miles off the coast. They are fished only a part of the year. Last season, for example, the work lasted about two and a half months. The fleet, on a certain day set by the government officials, starts together. It consists usually of about 100 boats, each carrying from twenty to thirty expert native divers. A government boat, carrying the British superintendent, is in command; and from this the officials are expected to maintain a sharp lookout to see that no oysters are opened. The fishing is done within prescribed limits, marked in advance by lines of buoys, topped by red flags. There is a severe penalty for fishing outside of these limits.

Arrived at the banks, the boats drop their painted lateen sails, take anchorage, and the divers begin their work. Best of all these divers for efficiency are the Arab divers. Once they held a monopoly of the trade. But they are not trustworthy, and for holding out pearls they have more dodges than a politician. Moreover, being half wild, they are impatient of discipline and prone to mutiny. For this reason they are being crowded out by the divers of Keelakarai, a little town on the coast of India. These people, although they do not compare with the Arabs for expertness, are more tractable, honest, and amenable to discipline, and hence are being engaged in larger numbers every year.

The Keelakarai people have a regular method of going at their work. Each man fastens two baskets to his waist and is let down by a rope, to which a heavy stone is attached. Arrived at the bottom, he makes haste to fill his baskets while the supply of air in his lungs holds out. When the basket is full, or when his ability to hold his breath gives out, he gives the rope a pull and is hauled to the surface. Each dive occupies about two minutes, the time varying, of course, with the endurance and lung capacity of the diver.

While some of the Arabs use the same methods, the best of them scorn ropes and stones and dive without assistance, bringing up more shells in a day than the Keelakarai men. These master divers take the plunge head first and go down and up by their own efforts. Splendid fellows are these Arab divers. No men of the tropics are so hardy, and their physical development is superb.

The fishing lasts for about six hours. By that time the divers, what with the hard work of storing air in their lungs for their work below, are exhausted. Sharp at noon a gun from the government launch gives the signal to hoist sail and return. One or two government launches scurry from boat to boat all the way home to guard against attempts to open the oysters. Formerly there was a government guard on each boat, but this practice is going out, because as the present superintendent humorously remarks, "the guards add to the number of thieves on board.'

Under full sail the fleet sweeps into port again. The preponderance of the lateen sail makes this scene resemble the coming of the fishing fleet into San Francisco harbor, only multiplied by ten. There is indescribed confusion, a thousand tongues clamor together, screaming, yelling, tugging, carrying, hurring. All is noise and animation. On the loose, sandy beach 1,000 naked mandaks are groaning under loaded baskets and hurrying to the inclosure; angry guards are gesticulating; detectives rushing from group to group. An amused and amazed handful of English men and women look on, and over all a gorgeous horizon. It is the gorgeous East all over, but the gilt wears off the ginger bread a good deal when one is on the spot.

The oysters, still under the official eye, are piled up in thatched huts, which are dignified by the name of storehouses. Here one-third of the still unopened shells are handed over to the divers as their share. The remainder goes to the government. After the tropic sun has set the government agent, overlord of the fishery and everything therewith connected, puts up the government share at public auction in lots of 1,000. The buyers, mostly native merchants from India, plunge heavily, after buying as many of 1,000,000. The largest number ever offered for sale in one night was 1,867,000 and the smallest 400,000. Of course, this is largely a gamble. No one knows until he opens his purchase whether he has bought a fortune or a few worthless shells and insignificant oysters.

Curious is a fishing town in the time of the pearl market. A month before the fishery commenced it was open ground covered with a miserable brownish grass, but the fishery brought its thousands and tens of thousands of ephemeral population—trade merchants, divers, boatmen, cunning artificers in wood and stone, jewellers, peddlers, hawkers, bazaar-keepers, and men of every occupation, trade, class, religion, race, and creed, from the diversified population of the great Indian continent. With their advent sprang up bazaars, liquor shops, eating houses and resorts for business or pleasure. Side by side with the brass rings and trinkets of cheap Brummagem from the West are displayed all the marvels of oriental handiwork, all the fruits of Eastern ingenuity and cunning, Eastern trickery and fraud. Pearltown boasts 1,000 bazaars in all directions, and in and among them have arisen a network of streets, undesignated, unmapped, but created out of the exigencies of the situation—squalid, dirty, dusty, unswept, stinking streets strewn about with offal, and lined on both sides by shanties and hovels, in which half-clad men sit stolid, imperturbable; gloating over handfuls of pearls. Turn where you will, it is the unfathomable, the changeless, the gorgeous East, filth and squalor, dust and grime, and dirt, vile smells and viler flies, and in it all—part and parcel of it, life and soul of it—these gems, priceless gems.

A TINY COUNTRY.

Liechtenstein is in the "After-Dinner-Coffee Size" Class.

What one might call an "after-dinner-coffee size" country is the principality of Liechtenstein, a tiny land between the Austrian province of Tyrol and the Rhine, recently described by a writer in Harper's Magazine. Its area is about sixty-one square miles of territory, and its population less than ten thousand. Although practically a part of Austria, it has been more or less independent for nearly three centuries, and was, according to a local pleasantry, forgotten by Bismarck when he reorganized Europe after the Prussian wars with France and Austria.

Once Liechtenstein had a standing army. In full force, armed and equipped, it marched away to join the Austrian forces in the war with Prussia, and had it arrived in time might have turned the scale, for although it consisted of but eighty men, with a captain and a trumpeter, it was a whole army in itself, and very brave. Fortunately, the country was mountainous and the roads bad, and when the army arrived at the camp of the Austrians the war was over.

That was its last appearance in public. The Liechtensteiners had grown weary of supporting the onerous military burden imposed upon the principality by these eighty idle men, and sent a weighty and respectful protest to the Prince, who discontinued the army. So there is now no military service, no national debt, no direct taxes. The Prince is very rich, and pays much of the expense of his little country instead of taxing it to support him. He issues coins with his head on them, and stamps of the same design. That is a pleasure in itself worth supporting a small country for, and he is the only member of the Austrian nobility who enjoys such distinction.

His little capital, Vaduz, is but a modest city, and the Prince visits it but seldom. He wears an Austrian title as well as that of Liechtenstein, and sits in the Austrian House of Lords. But from Vienna he can call up his own country by long-distance telephone, and its serves him all the purposes of a suburban village to which to retire for rest from his duties as an Austrian nobeman.

The Man Who Knew.

Many stories are told of judicial ignorance, but here is a good one of a Chief Justice who did not affect ignorance upon the bench, and who in consequence succeeded in clearing up a scandal which was beating counsel and witnesses. Sir John Jervis had before him a young man who had been mercilessly pilaged by a gang of scoundrels. Jervis tore aside the network of sophistries woven round the case by counsel for the blacklegs, and skillfully elucidated the cryptogram employed to keep a record in their note-books showing transactions with the "pigeon." Then a pack of cards was put in, for whose fairness the detective vouched.

Jervis took them and in his summing up said, "Gentlemen, I will engage to tell you without looking at the faces the name of every card in this pack." He was as good as his word. The backs of the cards were figured with wreaths and flowers, with dots and line all over. In the right-hand corner of each was a small flower. The kings had so many dots each, the knaves so many, the ace and queen their due number. So that you had but to look at the back to see as plainly what he had as if the cards were laid face uppermost upon the table.

Lord Justice's Shops.

Lord Justice Vaughn Williams, of England, owns many flourishing butcher shops in the kingdom. This opens a broad field for speculating as to just what judicial action he might take were a few labor strikes of the modern American type brought before him for violent interference with the meat output and the right of other laborers to work.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Nov. 10 '04

Telephone No. 17.

"It's all over" for a time.

Pretty near got our breath!

Green River seems to have been a good campaigner.

Kind o' staggered us, but we're right side up with care.

Some people like it mixed, but we prefer to take it straight.

We are "wid ye" for another trial. Now is the time to subscribe.

We're not whipped; just bruised in spots. But they are not sore, however.

If we must eat crow, we'll stave it off until Thanksgiving and mix it with turkey.

Did you hear from Ohio? Well, it has gone Republican, too. Are you surprised?

The railroads should do something for past favors. Or are they entirely soulless.

Beat 16 has the Democratic flag sure enough. It rolls up a majority of 86 for the ticket.

The fusion supporters in Beat 2 evidently shook the bushes down there on election day.

Heflin, the indiscreet, is elected by a big majority in the Fifth, and Burnett is an easy winner in the Seventh.

Six years hence is not so very far away, yet even in that short a time empire can be pushed into bankruptcy.

A man is just as much a thief if he steals to the value of five cents, as he would be if he stole twenty-five dollars.

Booker T. will soon decide who are to receive rewards of merit in Alabama from the Big Stick in Washington.

Excepting the solid South, the Republicans carried everything, including China, Russia, Katamazoo and Timbuctoo.

Now that the election is over, The Sentinel would like to hear from its correspondents throughout the county.

If the dispatches in the metropolitan papers are to be believed, last Tuesday was a sure enough Republican day.

A rise in the price of coal oil is about due. Campaign contributions must be paid even if extorted from the people.

The next thing in order should be a dinner by Roosevelt, with Booker T. Washington occupying the seat of honor.

The latest report is that the Fiji islands have gone Republican. The Big Stick and Booker T. must have been in close touch.

The Democrats are not disappointed that Pennsylvania sends up its measly Republican majority. It was expected.

A telegram of congratulation to Roosevelt from Parker shows the sterling character of the latter as a man and gentleman

Word should be sent to the Big Stick in Washington. Through the Tuskegee "gemlen of cullah" the faithful might get something.

"Maryland, My Maryland," has gone wrong. By going Republican it followed the example set by poor dog Tray, and fell into bad company.

Another black and tan primer will now be issued from Booker Washington's school, and those who expect any favors from Roosevelt must stand for the Tuskegee censor.

Congressman Bowie is re-elected by a big majority, any opposition to him, outside of Shelby county, being almost unknown. There is little likelihood of his ever being displaced.

The Sentinel takes its hat off to the Democrats of Wilsonville for the great effort they made on election day. They closed up their places of business and gave their time to the cause of Democracy.

THE ELECTION.

The whole world, including Russia, China, the Fiji islands and Booker Washington's school, has gone Republican, the Solid South excepted, thus showing that the people of the South still retain their self-respect so far as an endorsement of Roosevelt and his social equality theory with the negro is concerned. Parker stood for a fair and honorable administration of the country's affairs; opposed the manipulation of administration by the trusts; showed conclusively that the enormous contributions from the trusts to the Republican campaign fund was purely a barter and sale transaction, and he had the courage to say so. For this manly, fearless declaration, and for holding aloft the banner of American honor, all the great power of the trusts and corporations in every Northern State was bro't to bear against him and his defeat was accomplished.

In Shelby county the election was warmly contested, and while the result is not yet known, the fusionists are claiming the election of their ticket by a majority of anywhere from one to a million or two. The Sentinel makes no prediction as to the actual result, but will give the official count, which will be made tomorrow, in the next issue, at which time we may have more to say of the matter.

DONE US A JOB.

The Democrats—a part of us at least—were up against it good and hard last Tuesday. The fusion element lambasted us without the least mercy; whollopped us body and breeches, up one side and down the other, crosswise, sidewise, endwise and otherwise. The fusionists were thicker about the polls than the "cullud" population at a nigger picnic, and even called on the poorhouse colony to reinforce their strength. They ran right over us just because we could not get out of the way. They tramped upon us, then picked us up, shook us, and then sat down upon us hard. Their majority, they say, from one to a million (including the United States and Africa) or might just as well be. The face of the returns show that the entire fusion ticket is elected, but—well, that is another story.

For another six years, possibly, Judge Longshore will stand at the county commissary and issue meager and unpalateable lunches made up of illegal tax levies, and a light desert made up of double and triple assessments for bridges, and if you don't like the mess of pottage, the sheriff will get in behind you and there you are.

Are we whipped? Not a bit of it. You see, it isn't always the under fellow who howls. One of the fusion pushers, who will soon be an "ex," says the writer of this hasn't sense enough to know when he is whipped, but, then you know, the face of a rumor, and especially when it comes from a source with a split in it, will not always stand investigation. Once one is one, but twice three is not thirteen.

Last Saturday, Mrs. J. T. Pealmann, a white woman and a leader in Chicago society, gave a luncheon in "honor" of a Virginia negro woman. Seven white women and three other negresses made up the party, while a white girl was the serving maid. Good Lord! Is this what is coming?—Nashville American.

The Birmingham Ledger thinks there is little hope of a decent Republican party in Alabama because as it argues, enough Democrats will not go over to it to make it respectable either in numbers or character. That is not exactly a fair argument. There are thousands of Republicans in Alabama who are honest in their Republicanism. They always vote with their party in national elections but will not affiliate in home matters with the sort of party that controls Republican politics in this State. With a party which would be something better and higher than a pie-hunting aggregation of negro sympathizers there would be a real decent Republican party in in Alabama without depending on accessions from Democrats. As to whether that time will ever come or not is another and different matter.—Montgomery Advertiser.

It too early to obtain full and accurate figures on the complexion of the House of Representatives, but enough is known to show decided gains for the Republicans in that branch of the government. A Republican majority of one hundred in the House is regarded as possible, whereas the present Republican majority is thirty-four. The Republicans already have a good margin in the Senate.—Birmingham News.

Even though the fusion crowd claim a victory, which is not conceded, the Democratic candidates are not bitter and denunciatory like some of the opposition, but, as all through the campaign, they are gentlemen

The result Tuesday, is an object lesson to many who did not pay their poll tax. Better pay up when the tax collector comes around and be ready to vote two years hence.

W. L. Douglas, the famous shoe manufacturer, and who is a Democrat, was elected governor of Massachusetts, a Republican State. It pays to advertise.

The telegraphic dispatches continue to rub it in, and say the Republican victory "is the most complete in the history of the country. $ $ $

The Democrats of Shelby county are proud of the canvass and fight put up by their candidates. Honorable men, all of them.

May be things will be different and better in the future. They cannot get much worse than they are at present.

Turn your attention to boosting Columbiana and Shelby county.

There is an old saw which says "he laughs best who laughs last."

We are up with a second breath, and ready for it again.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effec June 19, 1904.

*No. 22	*No. 16	STATIONS.	*No. 15	*No. 21.
7.00pm	5.55am	lv . Mobile . ar	0.55pm	8.10am
1.10am	5.50pm	lv . Selma . lv	4.35pm	2.05am
5.30am	10.05pm	ar Birmingham lv	6.20am	0.35pm
9.45am	.....	ar Chatt'n'ga lv	.....	6.30pm
1.1 pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	.....	2.10pm
5.4 pm	.....	ar . Bristol . lv	.....	9.50am
6.00pm	.....	ar . Asheville lv	.....	9.20am
1.50am	.....	ar Lynchburg lv	.....	3.00am
6.52am	.....	ar Wash'gt'n lv	.....	10.00pm
12.43pm	.....	ar . N. York . lv	.....	3.25pm

Nos. 22 and 21 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville, Birmingham and New York. Cafe car serves meals en route

No *18	STATIONS.	No. *17
7.3 am	lv . . . . Tuscaloosa . . . . ar	9.25pm
9.10am	lv . . . . Akron . . . . ar	7.3 pm
9.50am	. . . . Greensboro	6.44pm
10.37am	. . . . Marion	5.46pm
11.45am	ar . . . . Selma lv	4.3 pm

Nos 23&24	No. *16	STATIONS.	No. *15	Nos *19&21
.....	7.30pm	lv. New O'l'n's. ar	8.45am	8.10pm
1.4 pm	7. 0am	lv. Meridian. ar	8.05pm	2.40 m
3.32 pm	9.37am	. . Demopolis. . .	6.15pm	12.50pm
4.25pm	10.25am	ar. . Uniont'n. lv	5.25pm	11.56 m
5.10 pm	11 0am	. . Marion Jct. .	4.49pm	11.20am
5.32pm	11. 5am	ar . Selma . lv	4.25pm	10.45am
.....	12.05pm	lv . Selma . ar	4.15pm	.....
.....	2.05pm	. . Montevallo. .	2.05pm	.....
.....	2 2 pm	. . . . Calera. . . .	1.52pm	.....
.....	2.42 m	. . Columbiana. .	1.32pm	.....
*2.45 m	3.15pm	. . Childersburg.	12.50pm	8.40pm
7.22am	3.55pm	. . Talladega. . .	12.22pm	8.50pm
8.25am	4.45pm	. . . . Anniston. .	11.32am	7.50pm
8.48am	5.1 pm	. . Jacksonville. .	11.06am	7.17pm
9.08am	5.35pm	. . . . Piedmont. .	10.45am	6.53pm
9.58am	6.28pm	. . Cave Springs. .	9.58am	5.59pm
*10.3 AM	7.05pm	ar. . . . Rome	9.20am	5.30pm
7.59pm	11.3 pm	ar. . Atlanta . lv	5.30am	7.55am

STATIONS.	o *26	No. *38	No. *36	No. *28
Lv Birmingham	....	6.10am	5.15pm	11.3 pm
Pell City	.....	7.2 am	6.30pm	12.52am
Anniston	4.0 am	8.20am	7.33pm	2.00am
Heflin	4.45 m	9.0 am	8.23pm	2.48am
Edwardsville	4.57 m	9.13am	8.35pm	3.00am
Fruithurst	5.19 am	.....	8.46pm	3.10am
Tallapoosa	5.34am	9.40am	9.07pm	3.31 m
Bremen	6.0 am	.....	9.3 1pm	3.47am
Douglasville	7.10am	.....	10.20pm	4.35am
Lithia Springs	7.25am	.....	10.33pm	4.45am
Atlanta	8.2 am	11.55am	11.20pm	5.30am

STATIONS.	No. *5	No. *37	No. *27	No *25
Lv Atlanta	6.10am	4.15pm	11.35pm	6.15pm
Lithia Springs	6.57am	5.00pm	12.22am	7.22pm
Douglasville	7.10am	.....	12.32am	7.37 m
Bremen	7.58a	6.15pm	1.24am	8.40pm
Tallapoosa	8.18 m	6.34pm	1.42am	9.07pm
Fruithurst	8.38am	.....	2.01am	9.27pm
Edwardsville	8.50am	7.0 pm	2.11am	9.39pm
Heflin	9.0 am	.....	2.23am	9.50pm
Anniston	9.42am	7.50pm	3.05am	10.30pm
Pell City	10.38am	8.52p	4.07am	.....
Birmingham	11.35am	10.05PM	5.20 am	.....

STATIONS.	No. 36	No. 38
Lv Birmingham	5.15pm	6.10am
Lv Anniston	7.38pm	8.20am
Lv Atlanta	11.50pm	12.15pm
Ar Macon	2.10am	2.40pm
Ar Jesup	6.40am	.....
Ar Jacksonville	9.35am	.....
Ar Brunswick	8.30am	.....

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Atlanta and Atlanta to Jacksonville and Brunswick.

No. 38 carries Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to Atlanta and Atlanta to Macon.

STATIONS.	No. 15
Lv Rome	7.20pm
Ar Chattanooga	10.15pm
Ar Knoxville	1.40am
Ar Hot Springs	4.38am
Ar Asheville . . (Cent Time)	5.55am
Ar Salisbury . . (East Time)	11.25am
Ar Greensboro	12.51pm
Ar Washington	9.30pm
Ar New York	5.43am

No. 15 carries Pullman Sleeping car Rome to Chattanooga, Chattanooga to Salisbury and Salisbury to New York without change.

STATIONS.	No. 2	No 4.
Lv Chattanooga	9.55am	10.40pm
Ar Cincinnati	7.40pm	8.15am
Ar Louisville	8.10pm	8.50am
Ar St. Louis	7.32pm	4.56pm

No. 4 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati and St Louis Dining Car.

No. 2 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

STATIONS.	No. 40	No. 38	No. 36
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	5.15pm
Lv Atlanta (Eastern)	1.45pm	1.00pm	1.00am
Ar Charlotte	10.05pm	8.13pm	9.20am
Ar Danville	2.04am	12.01am	1.20pm
Ar Lynchburg	4.10am	1.55am	3.54pm
Ar Charlottesville	6.10am	3.37am	5.50pm
Ar Washington	9.50am	6.42am	9.30pm
Ar Baltimore	12.05pm	7.52am	11.17pm
Ar Philadelphia	2.20pm	10.18am	2.56am
Ar New York	4.53pm	12.43pm	5.43am

No. 38 "Washington & Southwestern Limited" Solid Vestibule train Atlanta to New York, carrying Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Club car Atlanta to Washington.

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

*Daily. tDaily Except Sunday.

J. N. HARRISON, D. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
R. B. CREAGH, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
C. H. ACKERT, G. M., Washington, D. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, P. T. M., Washington, D. C.
W. H. TAYLOE, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.
C. A. BENSCOTER, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

FURNITURE STORE.

I desire to inform the public that have opened up and have now a complete stock of Furniture on hand. Have just received a big lot of

RUGS--ALL SIZES

and the prices are right; too. Look over the following list and see what I offer you: Bed room suites, toilet sets, lace curtains, curtain poles and window shades, washstande, odd dressers, iron bedsteads, bedsprings, Perfection mattresses, all kinds of qveensware, ranges, heaters and cook stoves. Special attention called to my line of

Beautiful Reed Rockers.

F. W. ROGAN,
MONTEVALLO.

THE PEOPLES STORE

Now is the time to buy a

SUIT OF CLOTHES

Beginning Nov. 10, 1904.

A grand Clearance Sale. Everything in Clothing will be sold at New York cost. We are in the market for your trade, and have the goods and low prices. Come to see us and be convinced of our statements. We mean business.

R. W. CALLAWAY, Manager.
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

SHOES IS MY HOBBY . . .

I have just received a complete line of all kinds of shoes in Gents' and Ladies' Rubber Goods.

I also keep a complete stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries. A lot of Texas Rust Proof Oats just received. Highest price paid for Cotton on account. Nice line of Gents' Furnishing Goods. Thanking you for patronage in the past, and hoping for a continuation of the same I am, as ever your friend,

J. W. JOHNSTON.

PURE Apple Vinegar PURE

This is the "DUXBACK" Greatest Discovery Of the 20th Century in Connection with

UMBRELLAS

It will make your umbrella absolutely warer-proof. Come in see it demonstrated. It will do just as is promised for it. It is a proven success, and not an experiment.

RUFUS LESTER

NEW CLOTHING

Boys, Young Men and Old Men.

HAVE YOU seen our new stock? Even if you are not ready to buy now, come in and see the goods and styles. The tendency of the weaves this year is towards the smooth finish, and they are very pretty.

THE PRICE is right in every instance, in keeping with the reputation we have made of giving the best goods for the least money. Come to see us.

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,
Montevallo, Ala.

Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby county— } PROBATE COURT.

Whereas C. C. DuBose, Guardian of Gertrude DuBose, Edith DuBose and Carrie DuBose has filed his application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, he owning to the estate of said minors, for the purpose of maintainance and education and support of said minors, and the 14th day of November, 1904, has been appointed for the hearing of said application. Notice is hereby given that all persons in interest can appear on said 14th day of November, 1904, to contest said application, if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this the 17th day of October, 1904.

A. P. LONGSHORE,
Judge of Probate.

Oct. 20-3t,

Non-Residence Notice.

State of Alabama, Shelby county.

Siluria Cotton Mill Co., a corporation. Comp. vs. McIntosh, Seymour & Co a copartnership. Defendant. | In Chancery Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of E. S. Lyman that the defendant McIntosh, Seymour & Co., are non residents of the State of Alabama and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendants are over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Columbiana Sentinel a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four weeks requiring them the said McIntosh, Seymour & Co., a co-partnership, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 24th day of November, A. D., 1904, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against them.

Done at office, in Columbiana, Ala., this 14th day of October, A. D. 1904.

J. R. WHITE,
Register.

Oct. 20-4t.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

In pursuance of and in accordance with the terms and directions of a commission issued and addressed to the undersigned by the Hon. A. P Longshore, Judge of Probate court of Shelby county, bearing date the 24th day of May, 1904, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction in front of the court house door of said county in Columbiana, on Monday, the 7th day of November, 1904, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The southeast fractional quarter, section 24, township 22, range 2, west; and the west half of the southwest quarter of fraction D section 19, township 22, range 1 west, being 124 3-100 acres more or less. Also lots C, D and F, section 19, township 22, south, range 1 west, being 151 43-100 acres more or less. In all 275 acres more or less; which said lands is to be sold under the decree of said court for the purpose of a division between and among the several joint owners thereof who are as follows, to-wit: Sarah A. Hyde, Jos. L. McGaughy, Samuel F. McGaughy, George W. McGaughy, John T. McGaughy, Ida C. Woolley, and the following named children of Martha L. Bradford, deceased, to-wit: Harrison, Samuel, Norman, Early and Ida Bradford and Lucy McCutcheon (alias Lucy Gentry) and Ellen Ray

Oct. 10-3t. W. P. THOMAS, Commissioner.

Above sale postponed to November 21, 1904.

The school children are getting to be partisan as well as the older people. All in a good natured way.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION .....OF..... COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS Oct. 31st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$ 50.741 32	Capital stock paid in	$ 15,000 00
Overdrafts	1.189 57	Undivided profits, less current expenses	3.016 54
Banking House	5.000 00	Individual deposits subject to check	31.939 55
Furniture and Fixtures	2.000 00	Time deposits	3.241 58
Other Real Estate	3.000 00	Notes and bills rediscounted	34.293 79
Due from banks and bankers in this State	8.488 66		
Due from banks and bankers in other States	2.303 87	Total	$ 87.491 46
Currency	1.140 00		
Gold	125 00		
Silver, Nickels and Pennies	778 78		
Checks and cash items	4.011 46		
Total	$ 87.491 46		

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 7th day of November, 1904,
J. T. LEEPER, Notary Public.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Merchants' and Planters' Bank, of Montevallo, Ala., located at Montevallo, Ala., at the close of business Oct. 31, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$ 34.879 46	Capital Stock paid in	$ 15,001 11
Overdrafts	273 33	Undivided Profits, less Current expenses and Taxes Paid	1.274 69
Banking House	1.700 00	Due Unpaid Dividends	1.200 00
Furniture and Fixtures	799 00	Individual Deposits subject to Check	32.170 70
Due from Banks and Bankers in this State	4.766 30	Cashier's checks	40 15
Due from Banks and Bankers in other States	4.383 94		
Currency	2.500 00		
Gold	200 00		
Silver, Nickels and Pennies	184 62		
Total	$ 49,686 65	Total	$ 49.686 65

State of Alabama, } Before me came Wm. Lyman, Cashier, Merchants' and
County of Shelby, } Planters' Bank, of Montevallo, Ala., who being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is a true condition of said Bank, as shown by the books on file in said Bank.

WM. LYMAN, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 3d day of November 1904.
W. P. MCCONAUGHY, Notary Public.

Tax Collector Robertson was in Wilsonville last Saturday.

We would like for correspondents to mail their letters to reach us not later than Tuesday noon.

The Republicans appear to have hogged the whole thing. Nothing like doing a job, even if it does cost money by the barrel. It may be right, and it may be wrong; it cuts no figure with some

PLAIN COMMON SENSE TALK.

Having purchased the mercantile business of Mr. J. R. White, we desire to say to the public that it will be our endeavor to keep the business up to the same high standard maintained by our predecessor, and by fair and honest dealing merit the patronage of all. Anything in the grocery line, we keep only the best.

Come to see us. Everything we sell is guaranteed as represented. . .

ROBERTS & ROBERTSON.

SHIELDS BRAND

FITS WELL — SHIELDS BRAND — WEARS WELL

CLOTHING

Don't be talked into taking something "just as good." One trial of the "SHIELDS' BRAND" clothing will convince you that it is the best suit sold for the money.

—FOR SALE BY—

AVERYT & AVERYT

SHELBY, ALA.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00

One copy six months..... 50

Telephone No. 17.

"Betsy Hamilton" tomorrow night.

Charlie Fields, of Calera, was in town Wednesday.

J. F. Averyt, of Shelby, was in town Tuesday night.

Miss Ethel Glenn visited friends at Wilsonville last week.

P. L. Lucas, of Dry Valley, was here yesterday for a few hours.

Sam Harrell, of Shelby, was in town a few hours Tuesday night.

Sam Wallace, of Klien, has been in the city for the past few days.

I. S. Chancellor and son Walter, of Creswell, were in town yesterday.

Jim Fulton, of Saginaw, was in town Tuesday, to hear the result of the election.

Commissioner R. B. Posey, of Harpersville, was town Tuesday for a few hours.

Postmaster Abercrombie went to Birmingham Tuesday afternoon to hear the election.

Dr. B. H. Smothers, of Beat 9, was in town Tuesday to learn the result of the election.

Dr. Chas. Acker was in Montevallo, on Tuesday visiting his parents for a few hours.

Better fill up your coal and wood house—a cold wave is reported as being due next Sunday.

Philip Erllick was a visitor to Bessemer yesterday, and will be gone two or three days.

W. E. Millender, one of the good old Democrats from near Harpersville, was in town yesterday.

Mrs. A. Friedberger, of Talladega, is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. Max Lefkovits.

Mrs. S. V. McCauley, of Montevallo, is in the city for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. H. E. Whitaker.

R. M. Hollis, of near Sterrett, was in town yesterday, having come to bring the returns from his beat.

T. M. Dennis, of near Pelham, was in town Tuesday, and while here joined our list of new subscribers.

Turkey will surrender to the United States on Thursday, November 24th. Are you prepared for the occasion.

Mrs. Simon Friedberger and children, who have been visiting in Wilcox county for some time have returned home.

Green Abbott was up from Beat 2 Tuesday night. When we asked him about the election he said there was nothing doing.

J. E. Adams, of Weldon, is in town today. Mr. Adams says "nothing doing" in politics out his way.

Clarence Smith, of Wilsonville, one of the young Democrats of the county was in the city Tuesday and cast his first vote.

Dr. W. P. Hamner has removed his dental office to his residence near the Louisville and Nashville station. His phone is 47.

Lewis Sessions, who is attending school here, went to Montevallo last Tuesday and cast his first vote—straight Democratic, too,

Tommy Dump says it was all a mistake—he did not get to vote and he don't like it a bit. Now he says he will organize a party of his own.

Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Bowdon and Mrs. Margaret Bowdon, of Calera, were in the city last Sunday visiting at the home of Mrs. Jennie Wilson.

Take the children to hear "Betsey Hamilton" at the Academy tomorrow night. They will enjoy her dialect stories just as well as you will.

The many friends of Henry Latham will be pleased to learn that he is about well again after a long seige with typhoid fever, and that it will not be long until he returns to Columbiana.

J. H. Abercrombie is now receiving the goods for his new store, and will put them on the shelves just as fast as possible. He has one of the finest store rooms in this section of the State.

Uncle Ben Cardwell, of near Shelby, was in town yesterday and made this office a pleasant call. He is eighty two years old, and says he does not expect to live to vote in another presidential election. The Sentinel trusts he may live to vote in several presidential elections yet to come.

In this issue of The Sentinel will found the advertisement of The Peoples' Store, of which R. W. Callaway is manager. A cordial invitation is extended the public to call and see the line of good goods which The Peoples' Store has to offer. Mr. Callaway will be glad to have you call and get acquainted anyway.

J. H. Shirley, father of E. D. W. Shirley near Nelson, was in town several days during the past week visiting friends, and made The Sentinel office a pleasant call yesterday. Mr. Shirley is one of Shelby county's oldest and best citizens, and makes his home with his son, although he visits a daughter in Chilton county a great deal.

A distressing and fatal accident occurred on the Coosa river in the southeastern past of the county last Monday night. A young Swede whose name we did not learn, came down from Bessemer for a day's fish, and while on the river fell from a boat and was drowned. The body was found after dragging the river for several hours with grapnels, and his body shipped to his home in Bessemer. G. E. Abbott, of Beat 2, gives us the information.

Quietly Married.

On November 2d, in the presence of a few friends at the Hotel Hillman, in Birmingham, Mr. John H. Walker and Mrs. Maggie Pope Smith, of Shelby, were quietly married. After the ceremony the wedding party adjourned to the Hillman cafe where a sumptous dinner was served.

The bride is well known and loved by a large circle of friends Mr. Walker is Superintendent of the Shelby Iron Company at Shelby. The newly wedded couple are at home at the Dannamora in Shelby.

Mr. and Mrs. Walker have numerous friends in Columbiana who extend them best wishes for a happy and prosperous future.

To Our Readers.

Many of our readers who receive their mail through the Columbiana office complained that they did not get their copy of last week's paper until Monday of this week. The editor of The Sentinel delivered his mail for this office to the postoffice at 8 o'clock last Saturday morning, and it should have been distributed before dinner at least. Parties called for their paper Saturday as late as 4 o'clock and were told that there was none there for them.

"Betsey Hamilton" Coming.

At the Academy tomorrow (Friday) night, "Betsey Hamilton" the noted dialect reader will appear, and if you go to hear her you will be entertained. She is greeted with crowded houses wherever she goes and no doubt a large audience will be present tomorrow night.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott preached his last sermon at the Presbyterian church, as its pastor, last Sunday. He had sent his resignation to the Presbytery, and we understand it was accepted. For fifteen years Mr. Sinnott has been the pastor of the Presbyterian church at this place, with the exception of about eight months. He has been faithful to his trust, and no man goes away from Columbiana with the best wishes of more friends than does Mr. Sinnott. To know him is to love him for his goodness of heart, and his kind, genial disposition. In Mr. Sinnott and family, Tuscaloosa gain people in whom they can place every confidence.

In this issue of The Sentinel appear the statements of the Columbiana Savings Bank, and the Merchants' & Planters' Bank, of Montevallo. The statements show these two institutions to be in an excellent condition, and as both are comparatively young in the banking world the officers in charge are to be congratulated on the great success which is attending them. They are both substantial, and the people of the county and especially patrons of them are proud of these two institutions.

W. B. McMath, of Montevallo, was in the city Tuesday, being returning officer from Beat 4. Mr. McMath informs The Sentinel that he has accepted a position with the Swift Packing Co. at Savannah, Ga., and will leave in a few days for his new work. Mr. McMath is well known in Columbiana, and his friends will be glad to know of him securing a position with such a substantial company as the Swift.

The town has been full of visitors for the past few days. The election is what did it, and our merchants, too, have had something to do with bringing them in.

Our merchants are as busy as bees, politics are now a thing of the past. Two years from now, the thing will be grinding again.

If you want good job work, bring it to The Sentinel. If you want any other kind, take it to some other shop.

Do not fail to go out and hear "Betsey Hamilton" at the Academy Friday night. Take the little folks, too.

Two weeks from today is Thanksgiving. The Sentinel is thankful he escaped alive last Tuesday.

Resolutions of Respect.

Mrs. Willie White.

Whereas, We, the Ladies Foreign Missionary Society of the Methodist Church, of Columbiana, Ala., are called upon to record the decease of one of our most valued members; and whilst to us, her surviving friends, death was a sad messenger, it is comforting to realize that it came to this true handmaiden of our Lord only as a glad summons "to cease from her labors and enter into rest;" and

Whereas, Being painfully sensible of our loss, and desiring to express our high appreciation of her untiring work in our organization, therefore, be it

Resolved 1. That in the death of our sister, Mrs. Willie White, we have lost a beloved co-laborer whose years of faithful services had endeared her to our hearts, one whose sweet counsel, cheerful co-operation and fervent prayers we sadly miss.

2. That we thank God for the beautiful exemplification of our holy religion in her useful, unselfish life, and her lovely christian character, and that we will hold in loving remembrance her steadfast loyalty to her duty, her perseverance, strong faith and earnest consecration.

3. That we hereby extend our warmest sympathy to her deeply afflicted husband and his sorrowing daughters and other relatives, and pray that they may find consolation through Jesus Christ "who hath abolished death and brought life and immortality to light through the gospel."

4. That this preamble and resolutions be spread upon the minutes, published in our local papers and the Alabama Christian Advocate and the Woman's Foreign Missionary Advocate, also a copy be sent to the bereaved family.

MRS. G. T. HARRIS,
MRS. E. CHRISTIAN,
MRS. T. J. WEAVER,
Committee.

Columbiana, Ala., Oct. 9, 1904.

Promiscuous shooting of pistols in the city should be stopped. Several shots were fired on the main street Tuesday night, and so carelessly, too, that the parties evidently did not care where the leaden missives stopped.

Shelby County Division.

Protection at Home for Widows and Orphans. Cost members last year only $5.45 per $1,000.

Officers: Dr. B. H. Smothers, President, Wilsonville; W. L. Farley, Cashier Columbiana Saving Bank, Secretary and Treasurer.

Directors. Dr. O. E. Black, Dr. B. H. Smothers, J. F. Averyt, N. W. Abbott, E. S. Horton, W. B. Morgan, M. W. Hornsby, Dr. H. B. Lane, Dr. J. C. Walker, Dr. C. C. Oliver, Dr. Horton.

We, the undersigned, endorse and recommend the Shelby County Division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia, as being the safest, cheapest and best insurance offered. The people should encourage and patronize a home institution.

W. L. Farley, H. B. Lane, M. D., Prof. C. H. Florey, J. L. Peters, C. T. Acker, M.D., D. R. McMillan, C. W. O'Hara, M. L. Wooten, C. J. Rabson, Jas. N. Thornton, T. M. Nelson, J. F. Averyt, Dr. B. H. Smothers.

Several agents are at work. From present indications the above Division will have one thousand members in the near future.

Reliable men wanted to represent this popular company. Apply to

T. A. LEATHERS,
Division Agent.

THE

COLUMBIANA LAND COMPANY

Buys and sells on commission real estate in town and country. Any person desiring to buy or sell real estate in Shelby county will find it to their advantage to communicate with this company. We pay all expenses of advertising, &c., and make no charge unless a sale is effected. We have listed several desirable pieces of property. Prompt attention given to all enquiries. Office up-stairs at rear of Browne & Leeper's office. Address Lock Box 232,

Columbiana, Ala.

No. 100. Eight desirable resident lots 100 by 500 feet, in Columbiana, half mile south of court house, on Shelby street. Terms to suit purchaser; part cash, balance in installments.

No. 101. Good four room house and 32 acres of land in fine cultivation. Only a short distance from Columbiana Graded School. A bargain for some one.

OVERCOATS

Latest Styles and Best Qualities.

CLOTHING!

(Famous Shield's Brand.)

Cold weather is coming on the run, and so will you be soon, for summer clothes must lay by soon for heavier garb.

Ladies Skirts and Jackets.

Dinner Set Free With evey 25 cent cash purchase we give you a ticket giving you a chance to get a 42-piece, hand-painted iron stone China Dinner Set absolutely Free. Henry Davis was given the last set.

To the Farmers we say

Do Not Sell Your Cotton!

until you have called to see us.

It Might be Money in Your Pocket.

MILNER & CHRISTIAN

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—

Watches, Clocks, Silverware,

JEWELRY,

and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES

McMILLAN & HAYNES.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.

Office upstiars in Bank Building.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.

BROWNE & LEEPER

Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,

COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.

ARTHUR L. BROWN

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

LYON-TERRY BUILDING.

BIRMINGHAM, : : : : : : : : ALA

WANTED.—Quickly, a few persons to represent long established wholesale house among retail merchants and agents. Local territory of few counties. $18 salary and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Commission extra. Permanent engagement. Business successful. Previous experience not essential. Enclose self addressed envelope. Address SUPERINTENDENT TRAVELERS, 325 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Strayed or Stolen.

One light sorrel mare mule, about 10 years old; weight about 1000 pounds, with black stripe along back; strayed from Mossboro, Shelby county, Ala., about August 22, 1904. Liberal reward for return of mule or for information leading to recovery. Address P. O. Box 873, Birmingham, Ala.

Dr Brunk from Selma will make regular visits to Montevallo the first Thursday of each month, and to Columbiana the following Friday and Saturday, to see Eye, Ear and Throat cases. In Montevallo at Dr. Wilkinson's office, at Dr. W. P. Hamner's office in Columbiana. Next visit No-

HILLMAN

TAILORS . . .

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S

TAILOR - MADE - SUITS.

TO ORDER.

Cleaning, Repairing, Pressing and Dyeing

A complete line of

. . . Furnishing Goods . . .

Next door to Postoffice.

GORDON, the Tailor.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,

E. W. BURT, Proprietor.

Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers.

Your Patronage is Solicited.

Telephone 28. - - - - - - 'Bus Meets All Trains.

BIRMINGHAM

Title and Guarantee Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, Gen'l Mg'r.

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J. L. PETERS.

Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.

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DENTIST.

COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

Office at residence near L. & N. Depot. Phone No. 47.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,

Attorney and Counsellor AT LAW,

MONTEVALLO, - - ALABAMA

Special facilities for making Abstract Titles.

W. A. PARKER'S

LIVERY, FEED,

—AND—

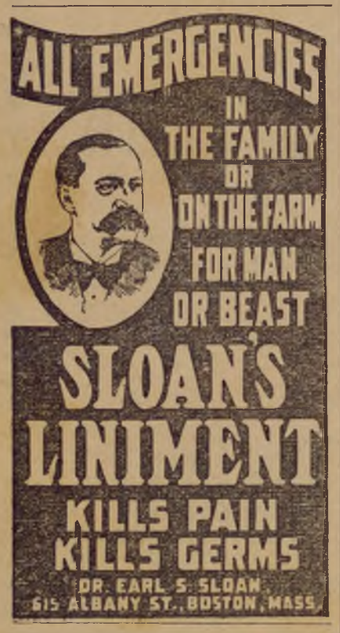
SALE STABLES.

COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA.

Miss Whittaker, a prominent club woman of Savannah, Ga., tells how she was entirely cured of ovarian troubles by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I heartily recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** as a Uterine Tonic and Regulator. I suffered for four years with irregularities and Uterine troubles. No one but those who have experienced this dreadful agony can form any idea of the physical and mental misery those endure who are thus afflicted. Your **Vegetable Compound** cured me within three months. I was fully restored to health and strength, and now my periods are regular and painless. What a blessing it is to be able to obtain such a remedy when so many doctors fail to help you. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** is better than any doctor or medicine I ever had. Very truly yours, MISS EASY WHITTAKER, 604 39th St., W. Savannah, Ga." — *$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

The testimonials which we are constantly publishing from grateful women prove beyond a doubt the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to conquer female diseases.



Birmingham the Coming Pittsburg

A FEW years ago lots in Pittsburg which sold for a few hundred dollars are now selling at fabulous prices. Birmingham is now following in her footsteps, she makes the Iron, she makes the Steel, she makes the finished product from a Corless Engine to a wire nail.

The growth of every city, town and hamlet in every state south of Mason & Dixon's Line means a corresponding growth to Birmingham.

This means that every suburb of Birmingham is reaping and will continue to reap the benefit of this great expansion.

Now is the time to get in on the ground floor on IVANHOE LOTS. Only a few minutes ride on electric car from the center of Birmingham—high, dry and beautiful. Prices range from $85 to $160. Terms: $5.00 cash and $5.00 per month. No interest. Titles perfect.

☞Send $5.00 and let us select you a good lot. You cannot lose on a proposition like this.

W. H. THARPE & CO.
Birmingham, Ala.
2025 3rd Ave.
REFERENCE: Jefferson County Savings Bank.

ROMANCE AND REALITY.

For soul's mate her fancy had painted
A hero, with soft, silken curls,
Melting eyes, and pure brow, with a sainted,
Soft halo of love, like a girl's;
And the fates had accorded a "hubby"
That most of such qualities lacked—
A bald-headed, red-bristled, chubby,
And coarse mass of matter-of-fact.

For household her romance had builded
A proud palace-hall by the wave,
With music and flowers, and gilded
In and out, with the world for a slave;
And reality sealed her amazement
With apartments up five flights, or so,
With a shoemaker's shop in the basement,
And ash-barrels flanking the row.

In place of the music, and singing,
And dancing, that were to have been,
At the tub she stands washing and wringing,
Or she jogs at the sewing-machine;
And instead of the seraph-faced cupids
That her dream's wedded life were to crown,
Three or four little meddlesome stupids
Tug and clutch at her calico gown.

And think you she mourns for the vision
That romance so airily wove?
Not at all; for her home is elysian
With the soft human magic of love.
When the real true man was presented,
A small voice, that her romance had not,
Whispered down to her heart, and, contented,
She gave up herself to his lot.

For, dream as we may, the conditions
For which we have languidly yearned
Are soon lost in the solid fruitions
Which faith and strong purpose have earned.
Love makes its own world for the humble,
Which may well be a heaven on earth,
In whose beams all our fantasies crumble
When a wife's palace-hall is the hearth.

Now and then a regret for old fancies
May cause a shy tear-drop to swell,
Make her sing about helmets and lances,
Or pound the piano a spell;
But a kiss from the good man, or, maybe,
A light, eager step at the door,
Or a full-throated summons from baby
Will content with the real restore.
—New York Weekly.

A CLEVER CAPTURE.

By "THE CAPTAIN."

"Take care of it, Hugh."

"All right, sir. Good morning."

Randall put on his hat, and passing through the bank, took his way into the town with £11,000 under his charge.

He was frequently employed in the execution of such transactions as the present between his uncle's bank and the other banks. On reaching his destination he marched up to that portion of the bank counter which was appropriated to such business transactions.

The elderly and precise clerk who occupied the high stool on the opposite site of the counter was almost shaken out of his propriety by Hugh's start and confused exclamation, as, after searching vainly in the depth of his pockets for the precious notes, the fact dawned upon him that they were gone, unmistakably gone.

"What's the matter, Mr. Hugh? What is it?" was repeated more than once before his scattered senses were recalled and then the query was only met by another, and one which, alas! was not to be so easily answered.

"What am I to do?" were the words which he at last stammered out.

He returned in a most crestfallen condition, as fast as a hansom cab could carry him, to the room which he had left so complacently less than an hour before.

Once in possession of the facts of the loss, Mr. Randall's views instantly shaped themselves into the definite form of "the police station."

He and his uncle were ushered into the inspector's presence. The examination—which, indeed, elicited little else—being ended, an ominous silence ensued, broken after a few minutes by the inspector, who ejaculated. "I have your man!"

Further explanation put them in possession of the fact that a celebrated detective was at the moment in the police station itself, having come down from London in the course of an investigation in which he was engaged.

Mr. Taplin soon added his presence to the council of war, and the story of the loss was gone over with him.

The detective was not one of the people who carry on all their mental processes outside their heads, and a silence fell on the whole party for several minutes, during which, with amazing rapidity of thought, he laid his schemes, the first step in which was to visit the post office just before the bags were made up.

In accordance with the detective's directions, the registered letters were spread out before them.

As he bent over the letters, Hugh saw a flush of pleasure in the grey eye as it rested on an envelope addressed, in a scrawling hand, to

MRS. G. HOPKINS,
19 P—— street,
Harwich.

The detective just laid one finger on it, turned to Hugh, and said, with an emphasis which carried weight with it:

"Your money is in that letter, or it's gone beyond our reach. You must come to Harwich with me tonight."

A few hours later the two were shooting along the line on their way to Harwich.

The curtain next rises upon a trio passing along the streets of Harwich. This trio consisted of our two friends and the postman in whose beat P—— street was posted.

All hope of seeing the money had faded from Hugh's mind again and again; but his heart beat faster than usual as they turned into the dingy looking street, and by the time they reached the door of No. 19 it was beating like a sledgehammer.

The double knock was quickly answered and when the door opened it disclosed a rather showy looking woman. Mr. Taplin stood back, just hidden from her sight, but in the quiet of the dull street every word came distinctly through the frosty morning air.

"Registered letter. 'Mrs. G. Hopkins.' Can she sign the paper?"

Then the answer:

"I am Mrs. Hopkins. Give it here."

In accordance with his orders, the postman produced only the paper, while apparently searching in his pouch for the letter. Mrs. Hopkins walked away, and after a few moments of suspense the anxious listeners heard her footsteps as she returned with the signed paper, and handed it to the postman, who then placed the letter in her hand.

In another moment Mr. Taplin was in the narrow passage, and had snatched the letter from its owner's hand. As Hugh pressed up to his side he tore open the seal, and the rustling notes lay in his hand! The unhappy woman had realized something of what had taken place, and, with a faint cry of "It's all up with us!" fell back against the wall. The detective supported her into the shabby parlor, and laid her on the black horsehair sofa. With a mutered, "Are there no womankind in the house?" he left the room, and Hugh heard the firm step sounding through the passage, and the clear voice calling at the top of the stairs:

"Here, Betty—Susan—whatever your name is, where are you?"

A slatternly maid-of-all-work answered the summons, in no small amazement at the sight of two strange gentlemen, and to her charge Mr. Taplin left her mistress, while he and Hugh assured themselves of the identity and completeness of the notes.

Mrs. Hopkins soon recovered sufficiently to pour out a flood of tears and bewildered lamentations, but with calm patience the detective at length drew from her the facts which he needed.

"Ah!" sh cried, bitterly, "he told me he would make our fortune this time, and I should have plenty then. He drank everything he made before, the wretch, and left me here in this miserable hole. But I'll be revenged on him yet!"

As they left the room, when Mr. Taphad made such arrangements as suited his good will and pleasure, he desired Hugh to look at a photograph hanging in a frame over the chimney-piece, and no sooner were they in the street than Hugh beheld issuing from Mr. Taplin's pocket book the duplicate of the carte.

"That's the man," observed Mr. Taplin at last, with a ring of triumph even in his calm voice, "after whom I came down to your parts. Strange, now, isn't it? That was a little matter which took place weeks ago, and we were altogether off the scent. Well, we get a new track early this week, and I went down believing, if I caught my bird anywhere, it would be there. Then your business turned up, and, like a flash, it crossed my mind that in finding out the one I should be carrying on the work I came after. I knew enough of the fellow I was after to be pretty sure that if your notes were in his hands, they would either come here on their way to the Continent or go direct to America. When I saw 'Mrs. Hopkins' I was as sure as that I was a living man that the money was there, for I knew 'Hopkins' was one of my man's aliases."

And so Hugh Randall went home again, not grudging his hundred mile journey, inasmuch as he carried with him £11,000—but not in his coat pocket.—New York News.

The "Made-Up" Woman.

A very pretty subject for discussion has been opened up by the assertion of a lady novelist that the made-up woman invariably reigns supreme despite the rulings of moralists and the prevalent superstition that the sweet, gentle woman who is neat in her dress and nothing more is really man's ideal. That virtue is literally its own reward in such cases is the substance of the lady novelist's attack.

Certainly clothes alone will not give a plain or an unpleasant woman the advantage over one whose wardrobe is demode, if the latter have beauty and grace, for it is possible to recall many instances where the family governess or the vicar's daughter has scored over a veritable bevy of faultlessly dressed women. Still, on the whole, perhaps, it is safer for every woman to make the best effort she can to enhance such charms as she may possess and to simulate them as artistically as she can when nature has not been liberal.

Beauty unadorned may and often does have a very good chance, but when by no manner of means can beauty be claimed, even in unadorned fashion, then assuredly it is decidedly risky, and one might almost say undutiful to one's neighbor, not to seek artificiality's artful aid. No woman with the slightest self-respect would go about toothless or bald; she would assuredly expect if she did that the "faked woman" would triumph over her. And if she is justified and indeed compelled by the laws of decency to supply dental and hirsute deficiencies, why should not a woman who is pallid, inclined to wrinkles, small eyed or of indifferent figure similarly improve herself?

The Experiment Failed.

Mr. Appleby had read somewhere that a judicious planting of old files in the exposed parts of one's garden would protest it from the depredations of chickens. He decided to give the plan a trial.

By visits to all the carpenter and blacksmith shops he succeeded in getting a large collection of old files. These he placed just below the surface of the ground in his garden, with special reference to the spots where an old hen and chickens belonging to his next-door neighbor had been doing the most damage.

A few days later one of his friends, who knew of his plan, met him, and asked him how it had succeeded.

"For several days I was a good deal encouraged," said Mr. Appleby. "They didn't seem to know what was the matter with the garden. Then all at once they began to do more mischief with the growing plants than ever before. I watched that old hen, and after a day or two I caught her. She was sharpening her bill on the files!"—Youth's Companion.

A Love Letter 3500 Years Old.

In the British Museum is a love letter to an Egyptian princess 3500 years old and inscribed on a brick. What must the court have looked like during a breach of promise case in those days?

QUICK RESULTS.

W. J. Hill, of Concord, N. C., Justice of the Peace, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills proved a very efficient remedy in my case. I used them for disordered kidneys and backache, from which I had experienced a great deal of trouble and pain. The kidney secretions were very irregular, dark colored and full of sediment. The Pills cleared it all up and I have not had an ache in my back since taking the last dose. My health generally is improved a great deal."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box.

Wisdom While You Wait.

If the streets were paved with gold there would still be objections raised to the dust.

Misery loves company, perhaps, but society at large does not reciprocate the affection.

The pen-and-ink artist may be classed among those who draw the color line.

An old woman sometimes evolves into a new woman.

Brevity may be the soul of wit, but there is nothing humorous in a short answer.

Lazy people like to imagine all the world's a stage so they may ride.

The most brilliant jewel among gems is a sunny disposition.

A man's own tongue betrays him as frequently as he is betrayed by the tongues of others.

The self-made man is not always a well-made man.

Frost is a good thing so long as it is impersonal.

An immaculate shirtfront frequently poses in lieu of a spotless reputation.

A cocoanut is not always what it is cracked up to be.

Some men who boast of holding the key to the situation seem compelled to knock.

Many a young woman with golden hair wouldn't dare face the assayer's test.

Inches do not constitute the only measure of smallness.

Vanity causes strong men to appear weak.—Collier's Weekly.

WISE WORDS.

A solid fame is better than a sounding one.

Freedom only leaves a man free to climb up.

The frosts of age do not cool the fires of true love.

The work of God's Word proves it to be His work.

Truth will come fully where you let it come freely.

Love is the evidence of having learned of Him.

A stingy man's gifts always have strings on them.

A man's prospects do not depend on his pretensions.

Sincerity is the one secret of success in the search for God.

This life would be impossible without the possibility of another life.

You cannot flee from the wrath to come until you forsake the sin you love.

Radium and the Diamond.

In the course of some experiments concerning the effect of the emanations from radium upon diamonds, Sir William Crookes made a curious discovery. When a diamond was placed in the path of the radiations it was converted from the carbon crystal into the common form of graphite, while in addition its color was quite changed. As a result of this strange metamorphosis Sir William Crookes suggests that the radium rays may prove of great commercial value to the jeweler since by this meanes diamonds which are of an indifferent and defective color may be appreciably increqased in their commercial value by treatment under the radium rays. He also observed that the prolonged action of the radium also increased the intensity of the pale-colored gems.

England's Veteran Cricketer.

England's oldest cricketer, Mr. Herbert Jenner-Fust, is dead at the age of ninety-eight years. He played for Eton twenty-two years ago, and for Cambridge University from 1825 to 1827, being captain in the last year. At the age of ninety-three he bowled for his village eleven and batted for eleven runs. He practiced in Doctors Commons till the court was abolished, and then lived as a country 'squire.

An Able Officer.

Lieutenant Vogelsang, who commanded the turret on the battleship Wisconsin, which attained the highest merit of any twelve or thirteen-inch electrical turret, winning the prize for that class of turret in the last annual target practice, has been commended by the Navy Department for the zeal and ability displayed as a turret officer.

The government fish commission has been making investigations about the suitability of fish skins for clothing. It has been found that salmon skins make excellent leather and have been used for boots by the Eskimos for years. These people also use tanned codfish skins for coats and waterproof garments.

The development of the dairy industry in the United States is scarcely realized. In 1898 the butter haul over the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad was 400,000 pounds. Last year it was nearly 14,000,000.

Illinois has seven state tickets in the field.

BENEDICT ARNOLD RELIC FOUND.

A Mute But Eloquent Reminder of the Well-Known Traitor.

Those of us interested in early American history, whether absorbed at school or acquired by maturer reading, recall Benedict Arnold, his brilliancy and treason, perhaps more vividly than almost any prominent figure of the Revolution, says the Lewiston Journal.

The students of those times recall that Washington sent him with 1100 soldiers on the ill-fated expedition to Quebec in 1775 by the way of the Kennebec River through the forests of Maine. Two miles below Gardiner, in Colburn's yard, his command halted long enough to construct 200 bateaux with which he proposed to transport troops and supplies through the Northern waters.

A week ago J. Rafter and Abbot Lord, Gardiner business men that fish the river for sport, brought up in their great sturgeon net, directly opposite where the bateaux were built, an anchor, or grapnel, which is undoubtedly a genuine Arnold relic. The stalk is some four feet long and carries five curved arms welded to its base. It was evidently fashioned of wrought iron, over an anvil.

These anchors were thrown out ahead of the bateaux, by which means they were pulled through rapids and swift water. For 129 years the anchor remained in the waters of the Kennebec, to now come to light, a mute but eloquent reminder of the man who betrayed his country.

According to an old English law passed hundreds of years ago and never officially repealed, although it has naturally become a dead letter, King Edward VII is the legal guardian of every young person in his kingdom under 21 years of age no longer provided with a father.

The following figures are given of horse power produced by water power electric installation: United States, 527,467; Canada, 228,225; Italy, 210,000; France, 161,343, and Switzerland, 133,302. The installation of water power is yet in its infancy.

The most common form of color blindness is an inability to distinguish red. Last year thirty-four officers and would-be officers of the British mercantile marine service failed on their color tests, twenty-three being red blind and the remainder unable to distinguish green.

From ragpicker to United States senator is a pretty big jump, and yet that is just what the new senator from Massachusetts has made. When Murray Crane was 17 years old he left the public schools to take a place in the mill, beginning at the lowest place, that of a ragpicker

Sadyk Bey Ouchaky Zade, a Turk from Smyrna, has applied for membership to the New York stock exchange.

Part of the communion service used in Grace church, Philadelphia, was presented by Queen Anne.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Rheumatism can be thoroughly eradicated by a plentiful diet of ripe fruit.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Mexico has little trouble in finding soldiers. They are recruited from prisons.

Photo Public Workmen.

European inspectors take snapshots of men engaged on public work. The photos, in some cases, are more eloquent than any report could be. One showed a group of thirty men on a road-paving job. Two of the thirty were at work.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

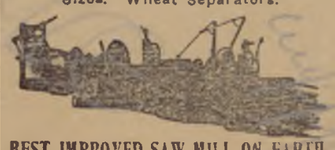
by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The New Megaphone.

The day of the brass megaphone is over. The latest thing in a megaphone mouthpiece is one built like a big morning glory, and colored accordingly, red, white or blue. They are very showy and dealers expect a big sale for them.

Avery & Company
SUCCESSORS TO
AVERY & McMILLAN,
51-53 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.
—ALL KINDS OF—
MACHINERY
Reliable Frick Engines. Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.



BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH.
Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors. Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.
Am. 46, 1904.

McMore Blind Horses For Specific Ophthalmia Moon Blindness & other Sore Eyes, Barry Co., Iowa City, Ia., have a sure cure

UNCLE SAM—"A Remedy That Has Such Endorsements Should Be in Every Home."

PE-RU-NA'S
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COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., NOVEMBER 17 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 12

DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSMEN

Are Returned from Every District in Alabama by a Good Majority.

PARKER'S MAJORITY ESTIMATED AT 75,000

In Many Counties the Vote was Light. Returns are Slow in Coming In. Comer Polls a Large Vote.

Alabama gave the democratic national ticket a good majority and elected nine democrats to congress.

Returns are too incomplete to estimate the majority for Parker and Davis, but such reports as have been received indicate that a large vote was cast in most places, and that the majority in the state will range above 50,000.

Autauga.

Parker carries the county by a large majority. Heflin receives solid democratic vote. Special school tax almost unanimously carried. About 75 per cent of vote was cast.

Blount.

Kelton, probate judge, 70; Davidson, republican, 56; Hood, Kelton 21, Davidson 16; Chepultepec, Kelton 57, Davidson 30. Kelton's majority 16. Six years ago Davidson's majority in these beats was 90, which indicates Kelton's election by 200.

Baldwin.

The election was quiet. Baldwin county voted democratic ticket about four to one for Parker, but few precincts heard from. Contest for county commissioner in the second district seems in favor of McMillan, the incumbent.

Calhoun.

Election day passed off quietly here. There was no contest in Calhoun county for county offices, but a larger vote was polled than in 1900. S. J. Bowie for congress carried Anniston by 500 majority over Kitchens, republican. Indications are that Kitchens will carry but one county, and that by a small majority, while Bowie carries five by large majorities, re-electing him to congress. Returns are slow coming in from rural districts on account of large number of names on the tickets.

Cherokee.

Returns so far indicate a majority for Burnett of 500. For judge and solicitor, Haralson and Hunt have 600 majority. The entire county ticket will be elected.

Chilton.

Indications are that Chilton county, in the Fourth district, usually populist, has gone democratic, though both sides claim it. Thorsby shows democratic gain, Cooper also shows democratic gain.

Clay.

Clay county goes democratic for the first time in twelve years. Heflin gets five hundred majority there.

Cleburne.

A full vote was polled in nearly all beats heard from. In the race for probate judge, J. B. Barker, opposition candidate, has a small majority in the latest reports. The opposition ticket may be elected in the county.

Heflin polled 174 votes, giving Carruth, democrat, 153.

Colbert.

Colbert county gives the democratic ticket, headed by O. G. Simpson for probate judge, a majority estimated at 900, with the exception of G. M. Drisdale, who ran about 300 behind the ticket. Parker's majority is estimated at 900 and Richardson for congress the same.

Coosa.

Election passed off quietly throughout the entire county. Reports from precinct 18 in the county give Judge of Probate J. A. Crawford 50 votes over A. D. Bentley, independent. Reports from precincts to hear from can't possibly change results, but will perhaps increase democratic majority. All the balance of the ticket is in effect the same as for judge of probate.

Columbia.

Vote light, 151 polled. Parker 110, Roosevelt 41. State and county ticket: Solid vote in contest for probate judge of Houston county. Leslie will carry beat over Crawford by small majority.

Courtland.

About one hundred votes were polled at this place, of which the democratic ticket will receive 90 per cent. Impossible to get returns from county precincts before tomorrow.

Cullman.

Indications from precincts heard from give the democratic ticket a good majority, with the exception of possibly one man. John L. Burnett is getting a heavy vote. Reports from the country will not be in until Wednesday morning.

Dallas.

Returns so far reached in Dallas county indicate a full vote having been polled. In Selma, 819 votes were polled, of which the republicans received 17, the populists 11 and the socialists 11. . Only two precincts in the county have been heard from, and they gave a solid vote for the democratic ticket.

DeKalb.

Democrats claim election of entire county ticket. Haralson and Hunts carry this county

Etowah.

Etowah county goes democratic overwhelmingly. Every county officer is elected by 500 majority.

Fayette.

Returns from sixteen of twenty precincts are as follows: Probate judge, J. R. Collins (democrat), 620; Thomas E. Goodwin (fusionist), 778; circuit clerk, D. O. McConnell (democrat), 709; F. A. Brotherton (fusionist), 350; tax assessor, R. A. Couch (democrat), 503; G. W. Coggin (fusionist), 814; tax collector, R. P. Caine (democrat), 745; A. J. McCleb fusionist), 644; treasurer, W. F. Smith (democrat), 793; J. H. Willingham (fusionist), 511; county superintendent of education, J. T. Lucas (democrat), 657; Walter Barnard (fusionist), 580. The other returns will change the result very little.

Franklin.

Partial returns show that democrats have carried Franklin county by a majority of about 100, electing their entire county ticket. Burnett for congress will probably lead the ticket a few votes.

Jackson.

A very light vote was polled in the county. Out of 4,300 registered voters in the county there were only about 3,000 polled. All of the precincts have not been heard from owing to the fact that for the first time since the war the democratic county ticket had no opposition, therefore little interest was taken in the election. Only 288 votes were polled at Scotsboro.

Parker 250, Roosevelt 25. For congress, Richardson 275, Roberts 18. Parker's probable majority in the county 2,500, and Richardson's about the same for congress. The vote here for circuit judge is Haralson 278, Nicholson 10.

Jefferson.

The election passed off quietly in Birmingham. It is estimated that between 2,900 and 3,000 votes were polled at the four voting places in Birmingham, a large majority for Parker. The largest vote cast at one box was 799 at the court house. More negroes voted than had been expected. It is estimated that one hundred negro votes were cast in Birmingham.

B. B. Comer, the democratic nominee for president of the railroad commission, carried Jefferson county by an overwhelming majority.

Not a single challenge was reported. The managers did not compare the poll tax nor the registration lists whenever a voter applied.

There was no organized opposition to the re-election of Oscar W. Underwood for member of congress from the ninth district.

Lauderdale.

About half of the registered vote of Lauderdale county was cast. Unofficial returns give Parker 1,400, Roosevelt 360. In 1900 this county gave McKinley a small majority. Judge William Richardson for congressman from the eighth district had practically no opposition.

Lee.

About 1,200 votes were polled in the county, and Parker's majority will be something over 1,000.

The following county officers, the nominees of the democratic primary, were elected without opposition: Probate judge, J. B. Lyons; circuit clerk, J. I. Meadows; tax collector, W. M. Bass; tax assessor, H. C. Johnson; county treasurer, T. J. Stevens; county superintendent of education, D. M. Banks; commissioners, C. E. Jackson and W. C. Davis. The election was very quiet.

Madison.

The complete returns from Madison county show the vote as follows: Parker, 2075; Roosevelt, 125; for congress, Richardson, 2,075 ;Roberts, 125. The county democratic ticket had no opposition.

The republican ticket got not more than 10 per cent of the votes polled in Madison county. Estimated result: Parker 2,250, Roosevelt 250. For congress: Richardson, 2,250, Roberts 250. The vote was unusually light.

Marion.

Marion box polled 230 votes out of a total strength of 360. Republicans get 4 out of 7 of negro votes cast. Total vote of county estimated at 800; virtually solid democratic. Total strength of county about 1,550. For local taxation for public schools, Marion box, for 169; against 49.

Millport.

Result of election: 77 and 2; Bankhead 57, Crumpton 2. County officers practically the same. Special school tax 6 to 1.

Montgomery.

Out of a total vote of nearly 2,000 in the seven city beats, including Highland Park, Roosevelt received only 47 votes, Judge Parker's majority reaching the great total of 1,895 votes.

Morgan.

Returns are coming in slow. The precincts heard from indicate that Parker's vote will be 2,500, Roosevelt's 500. County ticket elected without opposition, as was also circuit judge and chancellor.

The election passed off quietly in the Decaturs. There were no fights nor drunkenness. But little interest was manifested by the political parties.

Estimates at this election place Richardson's, democrat, majority over Roberts, republican, at 7,000.

Randolph.

Randolph county gives 492 majority for the county democratic ticket. Returns are incomplete for the national and state tickets, but Heflin will have a majority of about 750 over Walker.

Sumter.

Livingston: Parker 140; Roosevelt 2; Epes, Parker 60, Roosevelt 3; Bluffport, Parker 18, Roosevelt 2. Majority in Sumter for Parker about 1,500. Congressional ticket the same.

Talladega.

About fifteen hundred votes were polled in this county, less than three hundred republican. Bowie leads the ticket.

Tuscaloosa.

There were 500 votes polled here today, more than at the county primary in July. Parker 448, Roosevelt 52. J. H. Bankhead's majority for congress and Judge Sprott's for judge of the sixth district will probably reach 1,600. Parker's majority is estimated at 1,700.

Germany wants to increase its army 30,000 or 40,000 men. Thus doth the project of disarmament progress.

A Chicago (Ill.) dressmaker says a society girl can dress for $2500 a year. A good many girls manage to worry along on less.

Five Georgia mules were recently killed by lightning. This disproves the prevalent belief that lightning cannot kill a Georgia mule.

A Pennsylvanian offers $25 reward for the return of his wife. Some people think as much as their wives as they would of human beings.

The apple crop is reported to equal nearly a whole barrel for every man, woman and child in the United States. Just think of the pies that will make?

The principal countries found on the maps of the school children when they returned from their vacations were Uruguay, Paraguay and Manchuria.

There will probably be no great wave of sympathy for the young man who committed suicide with $100 in his pocket because he didn't see how he could have a good time on a holiday without spending part of it.

Prince Peter Sviatopolk-Mirsky is said to be the antithesis of his predecessor, von Plehve. Let us hope he will not be assassinated, for his name is unpronounceable and almost unwritable, declares the Birmingham (Ala.) Age Herald.

It is pleasant to read of the sentence of a man and woman who recently attempted to defraud a Massachusetts street car line by a fictitious accident, declares the Massachusetts Ploughman. There is trouble enough in this world without making it to order.

As I have often said, I wonder that monarchs cannot officially meet without each arraying himself in the uniform of the other, asks a writer in London (Eng.) Truth. If I were to call on a Turk I should not put on a fez and expect him to cover his head with a hat. Why, indeed, monarchs should wear uniforms except when taking part at reviews I do not know. They are the heads of state which are composed of civilians who pay a certain number of persons to be soldiers, or who oblige all to serve as soldiers for a fixed period. Wry, too, an English citizen who is asked to attend the Leveeof his Sovereign—supposing that he has no uniform—as is the case with many—should be called upon to array himself in the dress of a bygone age of velvet and frills, with a sword by his side, is also a thing that surpasses my understanding. The poor man manages to look as ridiculous as some stout civilian deputy-lieutenant strapped up in the uniform of a colonel.

Grippenberg—Paralysis.

There is a persistent but unconfirmed rumor here that General Grippenberg, commander of the Russian second army, has been stricken with apoplexy at Vilna. It is said that he had a stroke two years ago.

Columbia Uninjured.

The navy department received a telegram stating that the cruiser Columbia, which went aground near Pensacola, Fla., has been floated uninjured.

ALABAMA SCHOOLS

State Superintendent of Education Hill Submits His Annual Report.

REVENUE FOR 1904, $1,041,560.97.

This Does Not Include Poll Taxes. School Tax Elections to Be Held Will Swell the Fund.

In his annual report made to Acting Governor Cunningham, State Superintendent of Education I. W. Hill touches upon all phases of the school question, and discusses all the machinery.

In part it reads as follows:

The provisions of the present constitution, which provide for a special tax for school purposes, is a great improvement over the old plan of raising revenues. Under the former constitution it meant a fight at every session of the legislature to procure an appropriation for the common schools. The constitutional provision guarantees a permanent school fund, and this fund will not only be increased by every raise in the tax valuation of the state, but the legislature has the power, when the finances of the state will permit, to make an especial appropriation for the schools. The amount from the special tax reported to this office on October 1 by the state auditor is $879,246.33. This, with the sixteenth section and other interest funds, gives for school purposes this year the grand total of $1,041,560.97. This does not include the poll tax nor the many large appropriations made by cities and towns for the support of schools.

The constitution allows counties, under certain conditions to levy a one-mill tax for the support of the schools of the county. It is pleasing to note that a good number of counties have ordered elections to be held for the purpose of levying this tax. Jefferson, Walker, Talledega, Marion and Tuscaloosa have already levied this tax. Not a single county in which an election has been held up to this day has failed to levy the tax.

While the county tax will be of the greatest assistance to the schools of the various counties in which it is levied, there is still further need for revenue. There is only one way in which the rural schools can be put on a basis commensurate with their needs and this is by allowing a local tax by districts. The present school fund can be used for but one purpose—the paying of teachers. Not a cent can be used for school buildings or for equipments or for defraying the actual incidental expenses of the schools. If allowed local taxation by districts, the funds raised could be used, if the district authorities saw fit, for building and improving the school houses and for other purposes which are absolutely necessary in order to have an efficient public school system.

For years there has been a complaint that the school census of the state was padded. As a matter of fact, under the old plan of taking the census in a great many sections, an actual enumeration was never made. Township trustees, too busy with personal matters, to attend to the taking of the census without compensation, simply made estimates. It is safe to say that these estimates were never too small. Seeing the evil which was naturally arising from this incorrect census, I, this year, acting on the advice of the attorney-general, ordered the census to be taken giving the name, age, parent or guardian and address of each child. I am pleased to state that I am of the opinion that the school census taken in August of this year is the most correct school census ever taken in Alabama.

The last legislature passed a law which we call the re-districting law. The object of this law was to provide for the formation of school districts with regard to centers of population and natural barriers. Until this law went into effect, school districts, with the exception of a few which had been created by special legislative enactment, had as their boundaries arbitrary township lines. The redistricting board, under this law, consisted of the county superintendent of each county, a member of the court of county of commissioners or board of revenue, and the county surveyor. This board was required to redistrict the county so as to form school districts in such a manner that no child would be more than two and one-half miles from a school house. This work was done in all the counties of the state except Escambia, Mobile and Baldwin. These counties had already been districted under provisions of special or local school laws.

The law provided that the qualified electors in each district so laid out should meet at a specified time and elect three trustees who should be householders and freeholders and residents of the district for which they were elected. The district board was required to meet and elect a president and secretary. The various district presidents met at the various court houses at the time specified by the law and elected a county board of education. This county board of education consists of the superintendent of education, who is an ex-officio member and executive officer, and four citizens selected from the county.

The county board of education has complete control of the schools of the county.

There is a law on the statute books requiring that teachers' institutes be held in every county of the state. The great majority of the counties hold from three to four institutes a year. These institutes, while they do a great good, are not meeting the purposes for which they were intended. In most instances, the institutes are held on Fridays and Saturdays during the school year and the teachers are worn out by the school room duties. In my opinion, it would be better to have several large institutes in different parts of the state, composed of the teachers in several counties, and employ for conducting such institutes, expert conductors. The institutes should be held during the school term, and the teachers should be allowed to draw their regular pay while attending the institutes. Moreover, every teacher should be required to attend who has not a valid excuse.

In my investigation of educational work in other states, I have found that great benefit has been derived from requiring teachers to meet monthly in what is called reading circles. A light course of study of a general nature is prescribed, and the county teachers are required to meet once a month for the purpose of discussing the lessons which have been prescribed for the previous month.

A change for the better was made when the legislature provided for the monthly payment of teachers. Under the old plan teachers were paid quarterly. In a great majority of instances their salaries were small and their necessities required them to hypothecate their claims at an exorbitant rate of interests.

The average Alabama school house is not only a disgrace to the community in which it stands, but a disgrace to the state. As a usual thing, these school houses have been built without any regard to scientific arrangement, proper lighting and all of the things that go to make up a comfortable school house. Knowing that the redistricting of the state would require a great number of school houses, at the last meeting of the Alabama Educational association, I suggested that an appropriation be made for having made designs for school buildings from one to eight rooms. The association made the appropriation and a committee was appointed to secure the plans. The plans were made and the Alabama Polytechnic institute kindly furnished a thousand blue prints. These blue prints have been put into the hands of every county superintendent of the state and this office is sending them to any district board upon request. There is a healthy sentiment in the state in favor of better school houses.

The last legislature passed a law providing for the selecting and use of a uniform form series of text-books in the public schools of the state.

The books adopted were to be put in the schools on the first of September, 1903. As the contracts were made in July, and the publishers had to manufacture a great many of the books, there was slight trouble in the early part of the year in procuring the necessary text-books. That difficulty has been remedied, however, and I am inclined to feel that the plan is working smoothly.

After watching for two years from the standpoint of superintendent of education, the operations of the state law for the examination of teachers, I am more than ever before convinced of the wisdom of such a statute. Under this law, the standard of the teaching force has been raised at least fifty per sent. Until the passage of this law only a few of the more enthusiastic teachers gave any attention to the study of their profession. Under the present law, if a teacher expects to keep abreast of the times, and to hold desirable positions he must do as other professional men and women do—study.

As an evidence of the remarkable effect of this law, the state is absolutely unable to supply the demand for first and second grade teachers. A few years ago, I am informed, requests would come to the state department asking for teachers. The grade of the certificate held by the teacher was not taken into question. Now 99 out of every 100 requests that reach the office demand a first or second grade teacher.

A serious defect in the law, and one that should, if possible, be remedied, is the provision which attempts to prevent the examination questions from getting into the hands of applicants before the day of examination.

The state schools, including the State University, the Alabama Polytechnic institute, the normal schools, the Girls' Industrial school, and the nine district agricultural schools are nearly all in a flourishing condition. The last term of the university and of the Alabama Polytechnic institute, were the best in the history, and I am informed that, for the present scholastic year they have opened with greatly increased attendance.

The increased appropriation given to the normal schools by the last legislature has put them on a better financial basis and has enabled them to more nearly accomplish the work for which they were intended.

The Girls' Industrial school at Montevallo is doing, as far as possible, the work for which it was established. The lack of funds and of accommodations naturally hampered the school in its work.

The Institute for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind, located at Talladega, deserves consideration not only on account of the object for which it is intended, but on account of the superior work which it is doing.

A long step towards providing the state with competent teachers was taken in the establishment of a summer school at the University of Alabama The first school held under this law was a distinct success, and the experience had by those in charge will contribute to the further success of the schools in the future. I am informed that more than three hundred and sixty enthusiastic teachers attended this school for six weeks.

During the summer there was conducted at the Alabama Polytechnic institute a very successful school for farmers. There were in attendance nearly 400 farmers who attended the session regularly for ten days. The very best talent that could be procured in the United States lectured to the farmers on various subjects connected with their profession.

Gone to Supreme Court.

The case testing the constitutionality of the Greater Ensley act will come before the supreme court at its next session beginning Nov. 14. The bill was passed by the last legislature and almost since it became effective has been vigorously opposed by the citizens of West Ensley. The case was heard by both Judges Senn and Ferguson, of the Birmingham city court, and was decided in favor of the city.

Will Bore Again.

The New York-Alabama Oil company is moving its outfit at Hazle Green to a point a few hundred yards from well No. 3, and will drill another well. A government geologist recently examined the lands in that locality and advised the company to continue operations. So confident are these speculators that they will eventually find oil, they have bought another drill outfit and will sink two wells at a time in future.

Hay Will Remain.

President Roosevelt makes the announcement that John Hay will continue as secretary of state during the four years beginning March 4 next.

"You may positively state," were his words. "that Mr. Hay will continue as secretary of state up to the 4th of March, 1909."

The president was asked regarding other possible cabinet changes, but indicated that there was nothing to be said at present.

ONE DUELLIST DEAD.

The Other Fatally Injured—Mob Threatens the Injured One.

Fred Tharpe, a contractor, is dead, and Frank Christian, contractor and painter, is dying in a hospital as the result of a fierce duel with knives at Macon, Ga. Tharp's daughter married Rafe Plunket, who was a stepson of Christian and his partner in business. Some time ago Plunket accidentally shot and killed himself. Since his death there has been some discussion between Tharpe and Christian as to the manner in which he was shot, and also on account of some family trouble. The fatal dispute was because of these matters.

Tharpe drew a knife and cut Christian across the stomach, whereupon the latter brought his own knife into play, caught his assailant by the hair and cut his throat. Tharpe died instantly and Christian cannot live.

The coroner's jury returned a verdict in the case, finding that the killing was justifiable homicide. A crowd of friends of Tharpe have marched to the hospital where his slayer lies wounded.

At 1 o'clock a mob composed of several hundred of the dead man's friends formed, and marching to the hospital, where Christian lies wounded, demanded to see him.

Dr. Elder, the surgeon in charge, asked if they were friends of Christian, and upon receiving a hot reply in the negative he drew his revolver and informed them that he would kill the first man who attempted to enter the hospital.

CHARTER REVOKED.

Chicago Federation Expelled by President Gompers.

Formal notice that the charter of the Chicago Federation of Labor had been revoked, and that the organization was expelled from the American Federation of Labor, was given to Secretary Nickels by telegraph. The telegram was signed by President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, and was dated at Denver, where the members of the executive council of the federation made a stop on their way to San Francisco convention.

Street Car Collision.

Two cars on the Powderly-Bessemer line had a collision in West End, and one man was slightly injured as a result. The two cars were damaged, one of them seriously and the other only slightly.

The accident occurred while one of the cars was backing into a switch which it had passed. The other car ran into it.

FATAL WRECK.

Eleven persons were killed, several injured, two seriously, in a head-on collision between a Union Pacific passenger train, and a freight train, west of Azusa, Wyo.

YARDS FOR REPAIRS.

Private Concerns Can Build War Vessels Cheaper Than Government.

Although recognizing the desirability of having some of the government yards equipped for building naval vessels of the largest size, Rear Admiral W. L. Capps, chief constructor of the navy, in his annual report says that "the repairing and overhauling of the fleet must at all times remain the most important work of the navy yards and in times of war their resources will be taxed to the utmost in performing such work. The navy is increasing so rapidly that ample work will be provided for the navy yards by the 'repairs and refits' alone.

Of the work on the battleship Connecticut, building at the New York yards, the chief constructor says that despite every effort to reduce the cost of this, the first battleship to be constructed in a government navy yard, to the most economical basis, "it can hardly be hoped that the work will be done as cheaply as when performed in private shipbuilding yards, whose rates of pay for nine hours' work are, in many cases, less than those being paid for eight hours' work at the navy yard in New York."

ANNUAL REPORT

Issued by the Auditor of the Postoffice Department.

The annual report of the auditor for the postoffice department shows that the fiscal business transacted through the postal and money order branches of the department during the last year was:

Revenue of the postal service, $143,582,624.

Expenditures of the postal service, $152,362,116.

Total amount of money orders issued:

Domestic, $383,452,373; foreign, $37,875,265.

Total amount of money orders paid:

Domestic, 385,100,020; foreign, $6,714,846.

The deficit in the postal revenues, therefore, was $8,579,492.

New Machine Shops.

The new machine shops of Strickland Bros. at Tuscaloosa is nearing completion, and will be in operation in a few days. The building is of brick, being 50x200 feet, and has a spur track from the Mobile and Ohio. It is being fitted up with the latest improved machinery and also has a fifteen-ton electric crane.

Over Thirty Thousand.

A corrected casualty list of the ten day battle of the Shakhe river issued by the war office places the total killed or wounded at 33,250, of whom 900 were officers. The first returns, it is explained, contained duplications, and some of the men were so slightly wounded that they returned to their ranks in a few days.

Coming Home.

Telegrams received from Bishop Charles B. Galloway announce his safe arrival at Vancouver, and that he will arrive in Jackson, Miss., in about a week. The bishop has been holding conferences in Japan, China and other oriental countries the past three or four months.

Orphanage.

The trustees of the Methodist orphanage, which it is expected to be moved from Water Valley to Jackson, Miss., and for which the required bonus of $10,000 was raised in a few days, have been to Jackson looking over the field with a view to the selection of a site.

Austria Pleased.

Emperor Francis Joseph has telegraphed to President Roosevelt his congratulations on the latter's electoral victory.

Hand Injured.

Erle Townsend, a young man about 23 years of age, happened to a very painful accident at Sylvan. He was engaged in adjusting a rip-saw and in some way his hand got too near the saw and was pulled in, and before he could extract it several of his fingers were cut off and his hand badly lacerated.

Japanese Colony Going to Florida.

Five Japanese, the advance guard of a colony of forty or fifty families, are on the way to Dade, Fla., where they intend to cultivate 67,000 acres of land. The colony will raise silk, cotton, tobacco and pineapples and experiment with them.

Mrs. Cleveland Acted.

Mrs. Grover Cleveland performed the ceremony of laying the cornerstone of the new building of the Hebrew technical school for girls in New York. Former President Cleveland acted as presiding officer of the exercises and delivered an address.

New Mileage.

The year now drawing to a close will show between 180 and 200 miles of new railroad completed in Mississippi, which is the largest amount ever constructed within an annual period in the history of the state.

New Court Houses.

There is now being spent on new court houses in Mississippi no less than a half million dollars.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Entered as second class matter, Apr. 13, 1904 at the postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Nov. 17, '04

Telephone No. 17.

Let Shelby county be first with our people, and the world afterwards.

A good many were worried how to scratch their ticket, who have yet to learn how to scratch for a living.

Watson says if Parker and Roosevelt had gotton out of his way he would have been elected president. May be so.

The business men of Shelby county will find The Sentinel the best advertising medium. And but one price to all.

The Sentinel is proud of its rapidly growing subscription list. We have added twelve new names during the past week.

Turkeys cost so much this year that every housewife is recalling that last year she entertained, and that it is not now her turn.

Crumpacker says he is now going after the South's representation in congress, and will try to have it reduced one-third.

The dispatches say the president is in exhuberant spirits. Well, we know of no reason why he should look like he hadn't a friend in the world.

The Russian soldier, as a rule, is so dirty that people say he smells bad. The Japs say that after a Russian soldier has been dead a week he smells better than he did when alive.

Good cooks are so scarce in this country that students attending the Nebraska State University are learning cooking, intending to become "hired girls." Then the women who earn their living can marry them and the problem will be solved.

We are glad the women of Alabama do not vote. The women in Colorado vote on every old proposition, and are having their pictures "took" in dresses cut short at the top, giving them a strong resemblance to a lot of antiquated chorus girls. Yes, we are glad the women in Alabama do not vote.

There is no law to compel a man to pay for a paper he never ordered or subscribed for. The best way to do is to refuse to take from the postoffice a paper you have not ordered. We would like to have every man in Shelby county on our list, but The Sentinel must be ordered by you before it will be sent.

Editor Frank Crichton, of the Clanton Banner, is able to be at his office again after an illness of several months. Although confined to his room, yet his pen was used in the cause of Democracy, and its effect was seen in the result of the election—victory for part of his ticket. Here's to you, Frank.

From our earliest childhood we have always been led to believe that the preachers are a pretty good class of people to be associated with in any kind of a movement, while the lawyers, doctors and merchants are not a bad class, even though some little demagogue may try to make you think otherwise.

Among all the Democrats in this county none are more deserving than Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo. Laying aside whatever disappointment he may have had at not receiving the nomination for Probate Judge, he worked earnestly and faithfully for the ticket of his party from the time it was nominated in April until the polls closed on the 8th of November. Just how faithful and true he was probably no one knows so well as the editor of The Sentinel. He is a true Democrat, a conscientious, upright man, and The Sentinel is ready to support him for whatever office he may aspire to. We have known him for six years, but we have come to know him better in the past few months than in all the years before.

WARNING.

The states of Massachusetts, Colorado, Minnesota and Missouri, says the Birmingham Ledger, elected democratic governors while giving their national votes to Mr. Roosevelt. Several other states have democratic governors. When things get too bad even for Pennsylvania, it elects a democratic governor to purify the departments.

Then, too, the people did not intend by Tuesday's election to give the republicans an unlimited lease on life. They turned down the administration good and hard in Wisconsin and elected the man under the President's frown.

These incidents mean that the people wanted to show that they can do as they please at the ballot box. That they can give their votes to a democrat as well as to a republican. That they can elect a republican president and a democratic governor at the same time. They intended to indicate that there should be some isles of safety even in a landslide. That even in the most conservative state a democrat can be placed in the executive chair. They spread these warning signals all over the whole country.

The republicans are given four more years of power, but there are reservations, and the reservations are intended to warn the republicans that the voters were not blindly following the party, but were voting with a purpose.

VINCENT.

Miss Ada Nolan, of Woodlawn, who has been spending a week with her sister, Mrs. O. P. Bentley, has returned home....Dr. Bell and wife, of Woodlawn, visited in town last week....Miss Rosa Lyde, of Birmingham, visited her mother, Mrs. E. C. Lyde, Saturday and Sunday....At the last meeting of the council of the town, Mr. Cunningham was elected city marshal....Mr. Berkely, of Birmingham, and Julian Fulenwider, of this place, spent several days last week on Coosa river, hunting and fishing.

IMPROVE RIVERS.

A convention was held in Montgomery on Monday of this week looking to the improvement of the Alabama rivers.

Among the prominent speakers present was Congressman Bowie. The feature of his remarks was the remarkable statement that the neglect of the Alabama River by various congresses was mainly due to the neglect of the people thro' whose lands the river flows. Conventions had been held time and again, he said, to memorialize congress to improve Mobile Bay, to improve the Warrior and the Coosa rivers, but for the first time in the history of the greatest of all Alabama rivers, a convention was being held for its improvement.

Mr. Bowie reviewed the scant work done by the government on the Alabama River, and said there was no willful spite on the part of Congress against the river, but on the other hand, its condition was a result of the neglect of the people.

The Sentinel refrains from making any comment upon some of the methods practiced in the late election, until after the meeting, next week, of the Democratic Executive Committee at which time it will be determined what course to pursue in relation to fraudulent votes which were cast, the evidence of which is now in hand.

In State Superintendent Hill's recent report on the public schools of Alabama, he says that in 1903 there was a school population of 707,269, whereas for 1904 there are 689,051, a decrease in one year of 28,218. He gives as the reason for this apparent decrease, that there had been a padding of lists in almost every county heretofore, but that the school census of this year is by actual count. The school fund for the present school year amounts to $1,041,560.97. Mr. Hill reports all the State schools as being in excellent condition.

If all reports are to be accepted, more men have been killed and wounded than the Russian and Japanese armies actually number in the war in Manchuria, and more ships have been sunk in and about Port Arthur than the navies of the two nations ever have been able to muster. The pen of the war correspondent appears to be about as mighty as the sword when it comes to staggering humanity.

The many friends of Governor Jelks will be glad to know that he will be home about the first of the new year.

If you have any property to sell list it with the Columbiana Land Company. No charge unless a sale is made.

We would like for correspondents to mail their letters to reach us not later than Tuesday noon

Official Election Returns, Election Held Nov. 8.

BEATS.	John N. Wyatt.	Pleasant Shaw.	Walter E. Riddle.	J. E. Dykes	G. D. Campbell.	J. F. Atchison.	John B. Parrell.	J. O. Dorough.	Walter E. Lester.	W. E. Harrison.	J. E. Adams.	W. A. Brasher.	J. Sanford Falkner.	John S. Pitts.	W. R. A. Milner.	John R. Dyke.	D. R. McMillan.	A. P. Longshore.	John W. Kitchens.	Sydney J. Bowie.
Columbiana, Beat 1, box 1	94	103	65																	
Shelby, Beat 1, box 2																				
Spring Creek, Beat 2	54	101	9																	
Calera, Beat 3																				
Montevallo, Beat 4																				
Hanford, Beat 5																				
Helena, Beat 6																				
Saginaw, Beat 7																				
Martin's Mill, Beat 9, Box 1																				
Blue Springs, Beat 9, box 2																				
Harpersville, Beat 10, box 1																				
Creswell, Beat 10, box 2																				
Welden, Beat 11																				
Highland, Beat 12																				
Bold Springs, Beat 13																				
Bear Creek, Beat 14																				
Sterrett, Beat 15																				
Vincent, Beat 16																				
Pelham, Beat 17																				
Dunnavant, Beat 18																				
Mayfield, Beat 19, box 1																				
Gurnee, Beat 19, box 2																				
Total Votes	303	327	370	383	1151	1158	1175	1246	1143	1285	1165	1231	1125	1319	1189	1221	1191	1256	789	1160

SHOES IS MY HOBBY . . .

I have just received a complete line of all kinds of shoes in Gents' and Ladies' Rubber Goods.

I also keep a complete stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries. A lot of Texas Rust Proof Oats just received. Highest price paid for Cotton on account. Nice line of Gents' Furnishing Goods. Thanking you for patronage in the past, and hoping for a continuation of the same I am, as ever your friend,

J. W. JOHNSTON.

PURE Apple Vinegar PURE

"Duxback" TRADE MARK

This is the "DUXBACK" Greatest Discovery Of the 20th Century in Connection with **UMBRELLAS**

It will make your umbrella absolutely warer-proof. Come in see it demonstrated. It will do just as is promised for it. It is a proven success, and not an experiment.

RUFUS LESTER

NEW CLOTHING

Boys, Young Men and Old Men.

HAVE YOU seen our new stock? Even if you are not ready to buy now, come in and see the goods and styles. The tendency of the weaves this year is towards the smooth finish, and they are very pretty.

THE PRICE is right in every instance, in keeping with the reputation we have made of giving the best goods for the least money. Come to see us.

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,

Montevallo, Ala.

THE PEOPLES STORE

Now is the time to buy a

SUIT OF CLOTHES

Beginning Nov. 10, 1904.

A grand Clearance Sale. Everything in Clothing will be sold at New York cost. We are in the market for your trade, and have the goods and low prices. Come to see us and be convinced of our statements. We mean business.

R. W. CALLAWAY, Manager.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Dr Brunk from Selma will make regular visits to Montevallo the first Thursday of each month, and to Columbiana the following Friday and Saturday, to see Eye, Ear and Throat cases. In Montevallo at Dr. Wilkinson's office, at Dr. W. P. Hamner's office in Columbiana. Next visit November 3d, 4th and 5th. S pt 8-tf.

The force of clerks in the store of the Columbiana Mercantile Co., has been very busy for the past few days marking up a big stock of new goods. Watch for their big advertisement in The Sentinel.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,

E. W. BURT, Proprietor.

Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers.

Your Patronage is Solicited.

Telephone 28. - - - - - 'Bus Meets All Trains.

When you bring your cotton to town, just remember the printer and pay up your subscription. Not that the printer ever needs money, but he likes to rattle a dollar or two in his pocket occasionally.

Merchants can sell their goods if they tell the people what they have. The Sentinel is a good medium through which to talk.

Legal blanks for sale at The Sentinel office.

"The Melancholy Days."

"The melancholy days have come," writes the poet, but why they should be called melancholy is beyond the ken of ordinary man for truly no days in the year are more resplendent with glory, lending an inspiration for sweetest and at the same time, saddest reflection. With rarest aroma is the air filled with the fragrance of the harvested clover blooms and the old fashioned ragweed. Here and there the dew-kissed leaves are turning to gray and gold and crimson hue—the artistic work of an early frost. Occasionally one finds a late flower blooming along the roadway, and only a little while ago I saw one or two violets looking more bright and beautiful because of the surrounding decay. As the shades of night begin to fall the partridge whistles for his mate which has gone astray or fallen a victim to some sportsman's aim. Away off yonder in the distant wood another sound is heard—'tis a whip-poor-will—and while not at all unpleasant to the ear, yet there is a plaint about it that reminds one of a requiem o'er the death of the green leaves and the flowers. At twilight the chirping of crickets is heard—the little insects having been driven by chill autumn air to the warmth under the cabin floor, or near to the hearth about the wide open fireplace with its cheerful blaze.

To me these melancholy days hold a latent charm. They bring back to me my boyhood days, when with other boys—just as the boys do now—we scampered to the woods and hills on cool, frosty nights, and with baying hounds we sought the coon and the 'possum. The husking bee was one of our jolliest affairs—generally within some great barn—and the red ears of corn were sought with ardor and glee, and when some sweet lass stripped the husks away from one of these the plump, red grains were not more crimson than her rosy cheeks as she thought of the forfeit she must pay.

Just why these days should be called "the melancholy days" I am at a loss to understand, but it appears to me a misnomer. At no time in the year do the birds sing more sweet, and their is a soothing enchantment in the soft cooing of the doves, like unto a lullaby from the mother to her young babe. The sun appears brighter; the light of the moon is a soft, mellowy silver; the gay and variegated hues of the foliage on the trees more beautiful; the chimes of bells have a softer tone, and the sunsets appear as a great cluster of opalescent fires. Nature is at her best, and methinks Eden's garden could not have been more entrancing and beautiful. "Elwood Keeno."

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effect June 19, 1904.

No. 22	No. 16	STATIONS.	No. 15	No. 21
7.00pm	5.35am	lv Mobile ar	10.35pm	8.10am
1.10am	5.50pm	lv Selma lv	4.35pm	2.05am
5.30am	10.05pm	ar Birmingham lv	6.20am	10.35pm
9.40am	.....	ar Chat'n'ga lv	.....	6.30pm
1.1-pm	.....	ar Knoxville lv	.....	2.10pm
5.4-pm	.....	ar Bristol lv	.....	9.50am
8.00pm	.....	ar Asheville lv	.....	9.20am
7.-0pm	.....	ar Lynchburg lv	.....	3.00am
6.-..m	.....	ar Washington lv	.....	10.00pm
1.-3pm	.....	ar N. York lv	.....	3.25pm

Nos. 22 and 15 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville, Birmingham and New York. Cafe car serves meals en route.

No. 25	STATIONS.	No. 17
7.3 am	lv Tuscaloosa ar	9.25pm
9.10am	lv Akron ar	7.10pm
9.50am	Greensboro	6.44pm
10.37am	Marion	5.46pm
11.45am	ar Selma lv	4.30pm
[illegible]	No. 16	STATIONS.	No. 15	[illegible]
.....	7.30pm	v New O'l's ar	8.45am	8.10pm
1.4 pm	7.50am	lv. Meridian ar	8.05pm	2.40am
3.32pm	9.37am	Demopolis	6.15pm	12.50pm
4.25pm	10.23am	ar. Union't'n lv	5.25pm	11.56am
5.10pm	11.05am	Marion Jct.	4.49pm	11.20am
5.32pm	11.-5am	ar Selma lv	4.25pm	10.45am
.....	12.05pm	lv Selma ar	4.15pm	.....
.....	2.05pm	Montevallo	2.0-pm	.....
.....	2.20pm	Calera	1.52pm	.....
.....	2.42pm	Columbiana	1.32pm	.....
*6.45am	3.18pm	Childersburg	12.59pm	9.40pm
7.22am	3.53pm	Talladega	12.22pm	8.50pm
8.25am	4.45pm	Anniston	11.32am	7.50pm
8.48am	5.1- pm	Jacksonville	11.06am	7.17pm
9.08am	5.35pm	Piedmont	10.46am	6.53pm
9.58am	6.28pm	Cave Springs	9.58am	5.59pm
*10.3[illegible]	7.05pm	ar Rome lv	9.20am	5.20pm
7.59pm	11.3 pm	ar Atlanta lv	5.30am	7.55am

STATIONS.	No. *26	No. *38	No. *36	No. *[illegible]
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	5.15pm	11.3-pm
Pell City	.....	7.2-am	6.30pm	12.52am
Anniston	4.0 am	8.20am	7.38pm	2.00am
Heflin	4.45 m	9.0.am	8.23pm	2.48am
Edwardsville	4.57.m	9.13am	8.35pm	3.00am
Fruithurst	5.09am	.....	8.46pm	3.10am
Tallapoosa	5.34am	9.40am	9.07pm	3.30am
Bremen	6.0 am	.....	9.34pm	3.47am
Douglasville	7.10am	.....	10.20pm	4.35am
Lithia Springs	7.25am	.....	10.33pm	4.45am
Atlanta	8.20am	11.-5am	11.20pm	5.30am

STATIONS.	No. *35	No. *37	No. *97	No. *25
Lv Atlanta	6.10am	4.15pm	11.35pm	6.15pm
Lithia Springs	6.57am	5.00pm	12.20am	7.22pm
Douglasville	7.10am	.....	12.32am	7.37pm
Bremen	7.58a	6.15pm	1.24am	8.40pm
Tallapoosa	8.18am	6.34pm	1.42am	9.07pm
Fruithurst	8.38am	.....	2.01am	9.27pm
Edwardsville	8.50am	7.0pm	2.14am	9.39pm
Heflin	9.0-am	.....	2.23am	9.50pm
Anniston	9.42am	7.50pm	3.05am	10.30pm
Pell City	10.38am	8.52pm	4.07am	.....
Birmingham	11.45am	10.05pm	5.20am	.....

STATIONS.	No. 36	No. 38
Lv Birmingham	5.15pm	6.10am
Lv Anniston	7.38pm	8.20am
Lv Atlanta	11.-0pm	12.15pm
Ar Macon	2.10am	2.40pm
Ar Jesup	6.40am	.....
Ar Jacksonville	9.35am	.....
Ar Brunswick	8.30am	.....

No 36 carries Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Birmingham to Atlanta and Atlanta to Jacksonville and Brunswick.

No. 38 carries Pullman Sleeping car Birmingham to Atlanta and Atlanta to Macon.

STATIONS.	No. 15
Lv Rome	7.20pm
Ar Chattanooga	10.15pm
Ar Knoxville	1.40am
Ar Hot Springs	4.38am
Ar Asheville (Cent Time)	5.55am
Ar Salisbury (East Time)	11.25am
Ar Greensboro	12.51pm
Ar Washington	9.30pm
Ar New York	5.43am

No. 15 carries Pullman Sleeping car Rome to Chattanooga, Chattanooga to Salisbury and Salisbury to New York without change.

STATIONS.	No. 2	No. 4.
Lv Chattanooga	9.55am	10.40pm
Ar Cincinnati	7.40pm	8.15am
Ar Louisville	8.10pm	8.50am
Ar St. Louis	7.35am	4.56pm

No. 4 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati and St Louis Dining Car.

No. 2 Pullman Sleeping cars Chattanooga to Cincinnati.

STATIONS.	No. 40	No. 38	No. 36
Lv Birmingham	.....	6.10am	5.15pm
Lv Atlanta (East. time)	1.45pm	1.00pm	1.00am
Ar Charlotte	10.05pm	8.13pm	9.20am
Ar Danville	2.04am	12.01am	1.20pm
Ar Lynchburg	4.19am	1.55am	3.54pm
Ar Charlottesville	6.10am	3.37am	5.50pm
Ar Washington	9.50am	6.42am	9.30pm
Ar Baltimore	12.05pm	7.52am	11.17pm
Ar Philadelphia	2.20pm	10.15am	2.56am
Ar New York	4.53pm	12.43pm	5.43am

No. 38 "Washington & Southwestern Limited" Solid Vestibule train Atlanta to New York, carries Sleeping car Birmingham to New York. Dining car serves meals en route. Pullman Library Observation car Atlanta to New York. Pullman Club car Atlanta to Washington.

No. 36 carries Pullman Drawing room Sleeping car Birmingham to Richmond and Atlanta to New York. Dining car Spartanburg to Washington.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

J. N. HARRISON, D. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
R. B. CREAGH, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.
C. H. ACKERT, C. M., Washington, D. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, P. T. M., Washington, D. C.
W. H. TAYLOE, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.
C. A. BENSCOTER, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

D. R. McMILLAN. J. J. HAYNES
McMILLAN & HAYNES.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.
Office upstairs in Bank Building.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors in Chancery,
COLUMBIANA, - - - - ALA.

J. L. PETERS,
Attorney-At-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
COLUMBIANA. - - ALA.

EDWARD S. LYMAN,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
MONTEVALLO, - - ALABAMA
Special facilities for making Abstract Titles

ARTHUR L. BROWN
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LYON-TERRY BUILDING.
BIRMINGHAM, : : : : : : : : ALA

Dr. W. P. HAMNER,
DENTIST.
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.
Office at residence near L. & N. Depot. Phons No. 47.

W. A. PARKER'S
LIVERY, FEED,
—AND—
SALE STABLES.
COLUMBIANA - - - - - ALA.

WANTED.—Quickly, a few persons to represent long established wholesale house among retail merchants and agents. Local territory of few counties. $18 salary and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Commission extra. Permanent engagement. Business successful. Previous experience not essential. Enclose self addressed envelope. Address SUPERINTENDENT TRAVELERS, 325 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

In pursuance of and in accordance with the terms and directions of a commission issued and addressed to the undersigned by the Hon. A. P Longshore, Judge of Probate court of Shelby county, bearing date the 24th day of May, 1904, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction in front of the court house door of said county in Columbiana, on Monday, the 7th day of November, 1904, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The southeast fractional quarter, section 25, township 22, range 2, west; and the west half of the southwest quarter of fraction D section 19, township 22, range 1 west, being 124 5-100 acres more or less. Also lots C, D and E section 30, township 22, south, range 1 west, being lot 43-100 acres more or less. In all 275 acres more or less; which said lands is to be sold under the decree of said court for the purpose of a division between and among the several joint owners thereof who are as follows, to-wit: Sarah A. Hyde, Jos. L. McGaughy, Samuel F. McGaughy, George W. McGaughy, John T. McGaughy, Ida C. Woolley, and the following named children of Martha L. Bradford, deceased, to-wit: Harrison, Samuel, Norman, Early and Ida Bradford and Lucy McCutcheon (alias Lucy Gentry) and Ellen Ray

Oct. 10-3t. W. P. THOMAS, Commissioner.

Above sale postponed to November 21, 1904.

PLAIN COMMON SENSE TALK.

Having purchased the mercantile business of Mr. J. R. White, we desire to say to the public that it will be our endeavor to keep the business up to the same high standard maintained by our predecessor, and by fair and honest dealing merit the patronage of all. Anything in the grocery line, we keep only the best.

Come to see us. Everything we sell is guaranteed as represented. . .

ROBERTS & ROBERTSON.

SHIELDS BRAND CLOTHING

FITS WELL — SHIELDS BRAND — WEARS WELL

Don't be talked into taking something "just as good." One trial of the "SHIELDS' BRAND" clothing will convince you that it is the best suit sold for the money.

—FOR SALE BY—

AVERYT & AVERYT

SHELBY, ALA.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months..... 50

Telephone No. 17.

Dr. and Mrs. W. C. Williams, of Shelby, were in town Monday.

Sam Wallace is visiting his mother in Klien for a few days.

Which would you rather people would do: Cuss, or look grieved?

Miss May High spent last Sunday in Montgomery with her brother.

Clarence Smith was down from Wilsonville last Sunday between trains.

Judge J. L. Peters visited with his children in Montevallo Friday and Saturday.

The successful business man is the one who knows what the people will not buy.

Judge D. R McMillan was a visitor to Birmingham Tuesday on legal business.

Mrs. M. T. Wood was a visitor to Birmingham last Sunday, returning home Tuesday.

G. D. Baldwin, of Beat 2, was in town Tuesday, and paid The Sentinel a pleasant call.

Before calling a man a liar it is best to size up his physique; it might save you trouble.

Dr. J. H. Gunn, of Calera, Shelby county's health officer, was in town a few hours Tuesday.

Mrs. Tommy Dump says her husband is so lazy that he eats only to keep from starving to death.

After the undertaker gets through with a man there is never any danger of his coming to life again.

When a man wants to sharpen a knife he hunts up a whetstone; but a woman just takes a few swipes on a crock.

These frosty mornings make a fire feel very comfortable. Ice has formed several nights during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam'l Goldberg, of Talladega, are in the city visiting their sister Mrs. Max Lefkovits, for a few days.

There is a change in the advertisement of I. Gordon, the tailor, in this issue. Better read it, you may be interested.

Howard Latham will go to Montevallo next Sunday for a short visit with his wife at the home of J. E. Hendrick.

A. C. Galloway is among the number who have renewed their subscription to The Sentinel during the past week.

Mrs. H. M. Roberts went down to Montevallo last Sunday for a short visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E W. Chapman.

Mrs. Wm. Crossett, Mrs. C. F. Avery and Miss Lula Wade, of Shelby, were visiting friends here the fore part of the week.

Patronize the merchants who advertise in The Sentinel; they will treat you right, and guarantee their goods to be as represented.

Mrs. Tommy Dump says that for once her husband came home sober on election night, and now she wants an election every day.

Miss Mae Bell, who was the guest of Miss Gertrude Glazener several days last week, returned to her home in Vincent last Sunday.

A Calhoun county woman says she has raised a beet weighing 14 pounds. There was a bigger "beat" than that in Shelby county last week.

Mrs. S. V. McCauley, after a visit of a week with her daughter, Mrs H. E. Whitaker, returned to her home in Montevallo last Sunday.

What has become of the old fashioned mother who used to put mustard plasters on her children for all aches and pains to which they are heir?

Some of our local sportmen have been camping on the trail of birds for the past week. We are told there are a good many partridges in this section.

Last Saturday was one of those cold, measley rainy days—just after election when a fellow was feeling bad enough without any other grievance, too.

R. G. Weldon, of Wilsonville, was in town Monday and paid The Sentinel a pleasant call. The Sentinel had done some commercial work for the Weldon Company.

C. C. DuBose has gone to Indianapolis for a short visit, and will return in a few days accompanied by his three daughters, who will make their home with Mrs. E. W. Burt.

The Sunday schools have been increased in membership in the past few weeks because of the number of out of town young people who are attending the Columbiana Graded School.

Thos. Adkinson has purchased the stock of goods formerly owned by D. C. Glenn, and will add to it considerably within the next few weeks. The Sentinel wishes for Mr. Adkinson success in his new venture.

Some of our merchants are getting in their holiday goods, and old Santa Claus promises to rule the roost next month. The Sentinel invites the merchants to tell the people about their goods through its colums.

R. E. Bowdon has gone to Ohio on a business mission. A letter from him to The Sentinel, written at Cincinnati, says it is colder than gee whiz, and that the Republicans are so thick that they want the Democrats to get off the earth.

D. C. Glenn and family will remove to Louisiana early in December. Mr. Glenn has been a resident of Columbiana for the past five or six years, coming here from Shelby, and it is with regret that our people see him and his family leave. May they find their new home in Louisiana all they expect it to be.

Owing to the increase in our advertising patronage, The Sentinel will probably run 8 pages through the month of December. Merchants who are not advertising, should prepare to tell the people what they have to offer for the holiday trade.

P. F. Whorton, of Aldrich, was a pleasant caller at The Sentinel office on Monday. Mr. Whortod was one of the working Democrats in beat 4 during the last campaign, and he tells some interesting stories about the manipulation of that beat.

Rev. G. T. Harris will attend the North Alabama Conference of the Methodist church which meets in Talladega next week. Mr. Harris is loved by all the people here, and especially so by his congregation, and it is hoped he will be returned here for another year.

Rev. M. E. Butt, of Childersburg, was in the city over last Sunday a guest of Rev. G. T. Harris. A quarter of a century ago, Rev. Mr. Butt was pastor of the Methodist church in this city, but he is now a superannuate of the North Alabama Conference. He preached a very interesting sermon at the Methodist church last Sunday morning.

Wedding at Montevallo.

The following account of a wedding at Montevallo is taken from the Age-Herald of the 10th, inst.:

A wedding of more than local interest occurred here Tuesday afternoon. Miss Sallie Miles was united in marriage to Mr. Farmer Scals of Selma. The ceremony was performed at the residence of Mr. G. F. Harper, the brother of the bride, at 4 o'clock, in the presence of over a hundred guests. Dr. J. W. Willis was the officiating clergyman. The bride wore a gown of cream crepe de chine, with real lace trimmings. Her going-away gown was a dark blue tailor-suit. They left on the 5:30 train for Selma, where they will go at once to housekeeping. The presents comprized many valuable gifts of silver and cut glass.

Miss Grace Walker's Loss.

Miss Grace Walker, of this city, was unfortunate in having a residence destroyed by fire at Jacksonville last Thursday. The building was occupied by a Mr. Lively who lost all his household goods. The fire originated, it is said, from a defective flue.

Miss Walker informs The Sentinel there was no insurance, caused by the neglect of an agent to whom her father had written some time ago. The numerous friends of Miss Walker in this city sympathize with her in her loss.

Acid Iron Mineral

Quickly relieves an permanently cures indigestion and all other stomach troubles. Has no equal for diseases peculiar to women. Price only 50c. Try it. For sale by Williams Bros.

Robert O'Hara, who is in the railway mail service, running between Birmingham and Macon on the Central of Georgia railroad, was in the city several days last week visiting his parents, Rev. and Mrs. C. W. O'Hara. Mr. O'Hara is a Columbiana boy and his numerous friends here are always glad to see him.

A fair audience greeted Betsy Hamilton at the Academy last Friday night. She was here under the auspices of the ladies of the Baptist church. Her little stories of the people of the piney woods, and in the dialect of those people are interesting and pleasing.

Will Harrell and J. H. Mason are in Birmingham, and we understand they are figuring on an electric light plant for Columbiana.

Simon Friedberger has moved into one of James W. Mason's new cottages in the north end of town.

T. S. Millsap, proprietor of the Central Hotel, went over to Pell City last week to vote.

Dr. C. C. Oliver, mayor of Calera, was in town last Friday for a few hours.

State Senator W. R. Oliver, of Calera, was in town a day or two last week.

Rev. F. A. Liles has returned from a short visit to relatives and friends at Marion.

Rev. Mr. Upshaw will fill his regular appointment at the Baptist church next Sunday, morning and night.

There has been considerable burning of trash in the city for the past few days. Good idea; keep up the good work.

There is talk of another two-story brick building in town. B t it will probably not be built until early in the spring.

There is a change in the advertisement of Milner & Christian, and they call your attention to a car load of new wire fencing they have just received.

The Rev. Mr. Ponder, of Prattville, is a guest at the home of E. B. Nelson for a few days. Mr. Ponder is well known here, and his friends are glad to see him always.

Our advertising columns show what the merchants think of The Sentinel as an advertising medium. We have six more columns of advertising to run through the month of December, necessitating an eight page paper during that time.

Henry Latham, who has been sick at the home of his father in Montevallo for the past three months, has almost fully recovered his former good health, and will return to Columbiana next week and take his place behind the counters of the Latham Drug Co.

W. C. T. U.

There will be a temperance meeting at the Baptist church next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock for the purpose of organizing a Young People's Union, and we hope the young people will interest themselves in this matter, and turn out enmasse.

Shelby County Division.

Protection at Home for Widows and Orphans. Cost members last year only $5.45 per $1,000.

Officers: Dr. B. H. Smothers, President, Wilsonville; W. L. Farley, Cashier Columbiana Saving Bank, Secretary and Treasurer.

Directors. Dr. O. E. Black, Dr. B. H. Smothers, J. F. Averyt, N. W. Abbott, E. S. Horton, W. B. Morgan, M. W. Hornsby, Dr. H. B. Lane, Dr. J. C. Walker, Dr. C. C. Oliver, Dr. Horton.

We, the undersigned, endorse and recommend the Shelby County Division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia, as being the safest, cheapest and best insurance offered. The people should encourage and patronize a home institution.

W. L. Farley, H. B. Lane, M. D., Prof. C. H. Florey, J. L. Peters, C. T. Acker, M.D., D. R. McMillan, C. W. O'Hara, M. L. Wooten, C. J. Rabson, Jas. N. Thornton, T. M. Nelson, J. F. Averyt, Dr. B. H. Smothers.

Several agents are at work. From present indications the above Division will have one thousand members in the near future.

Reliable men wanted to represent this popular company. Apply to

T. A. LEATHERS,
Division Agent.

Non-Residence Notice.

State of Alabama, Shelby county.

Siluria Cotton Mill Co., a corporation. Comp. vs. McIntosh, Seymour & Co a copartnership. Defendant. | In Chancery Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of E. S. Lyman that the defendant McIntosh, Seymour & Co., are non residents of the State of Alabama and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendants are over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Columbiana Sentinel a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four weeks requiring them the said McIntosh, Seymour & Co., a co-partnership, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 20th day of November, A. D. 1904, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against them.

Done at office, in Columbiana, Ala., this 14th day of October, A. D. 1904.

J. R. WHITE,
Register.

Oct. 20-4t

Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby county. } PROBATE COURT.

Whereas C. C. DuBose, Guard an of Gertrude DuBose, Edith DuBose and Carrie DuBose has filed his application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, belonging to the estate of said minors, for the purpose of maintainance and education and support of said minors, and the 14th day of November, 1904, has been appointed for the hearing of said application. Notice is hereby given that all persons in interest can appear on said 14th day of November, 1904, to contest said application, if they think proper.

Witness my hand, this the 17th day of October, 1904.

A. P. LONGSHORE,
Judge of Probate.

Oct. 20-3t.

Walter E. Lester, of Beat 8, was in town yesterday.

OVERCOATS

Latest Styles and Best Qualities.

CLOTHING!

(Famous Shield's Brand.)

Cold weather is coming on the run, and so will you be soon, for summer clothes must lay by soon for heavier garb.

Ladies Skirts and Jackets.

Dinner Set Free With evey 25 cent cash purchase we give you a ticket giving you a chance to get a 42-piece, hand-painted iron stone China Dinner Set absolutely Free. Henry Davis was given the last set.

We have just received

A Car of Elwood Wire Fencing,

26 to 52 inches in width.

MILNER & CHRISTIAN

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

THE

COLUMBIANA LAND COMPANY

Buys and sells on commission real estate in town and country. Any person desiring to buy or sell real estate in Shelby county will find it to their advantage to communicate with this company. We pay all expenses of advertising, &c., and make no charge unless a sale is effected. We have listed several desirable pieces of property. Prompt attention given to all enquiries. Office up-stairs at rear of Browne & Leeper's office. Address Lock Box 222

Columbiana, Ala.

No. 100. Eight desirable resident lots 100 by 500 feet, in Columbiana, half mile south of court house, on Shelby street. Terms to suit purchaser; part cash, balance in installments.

No. 101. Good four room house and 32 acres of land in fine cultivation. Only a short distance from Columbiana Graded School. A bargain for some one.

SNOW, SNOW . . .

Everybody is aware that the winter snow is coming and all will

Wear an Overcoat.

Why not have the old one fixed up, or order a new one? I am here to give the people a chance. I do the work right and guarantee every piece turned out.

All the Work Done at Home,

And a large number of our citizens testify to my workmanship.

Phone 49
P. O. Box, 222.

I. GORDON, the Tailor.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS Oct. 31st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$ 50,741 32	Capital stock paid in	$ 15,000 00
Overdrafts	1,189 57	Undivided profits, less current expenses	3,016 54
Banking House	5,000 00	Individual deposits subject to check	31,939 55
Furniture and Fixtures	2,000 00	Time deposits	3,241 56
Other Real Estate	3,000 00	Notes and bills rediscounted	34,293 79
Due from banks and bankers in this State	8,488 66	Total	$ 87,491 46
Due from banks and bankers in other States	5,493 67		
Currency	6,783 00		
Gold	155 00		
Silver, Nickels and Pennies	718 78		
Checks and cash items	4,011 46		
Total	$ 87,491 46		

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 7th day of November, 1904,

J. T. LEEPER, Notary Public.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1 00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM Title and Guarantee Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, Gen'l Mgr.

Write for particulars. Birmingham, Ala.

ANOTHER LIFE SAVED.

Mrs. G. W. Fooks, of Salisbury, Md., wife of G. W. Fooks, Sheriff of Wicomico County, says: "I suffered with kidney complaint for eight years. It came on me gradually. I felt tired and weak, was short of breath and was troubled with bloating after eating, and my limbs were badly swollen. One doctor told me it would finally turn to Bright's disease. I was laid up at one time for three weeks. I had not taken Doan's Kidney Pills more than three days when the distressing aching across my back disappeared, and I was soon entirely cured."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

WISE WORDS.

Laziness always lays the blame on luck.

God's designs promise us more than our desires.

If woman lost us Paradise, she alone can restore it.—J. G. Whittier.

I am always content with that which happens, for I think that what God chooses is better than what I choose. —Epictetus.

Intellect may give keenness of discernment; Love alone gives largeness to the nature, some share in the comprehensiveness of God.—John Hamilton Thom.

Without thought, grave, deliberate, self-conscious thought, life will run shallow in every channel. Every active duty needs to build foundations downward through habits of quiet thought.

It is an excellent plan to have some place to go to be quiet when things vex or grieve us. There are a good many hard times in this life of ours, but we can always bear them if we ask help in the right way.—Miss Alcott.

Let love not visit you as a transient guest, but be the constant temper of your soul. Let it pant in your heart, let it sparkle in your eyes, let it shine in all your actions and let there be in your tongue the law of kindness.

The percentage of the wooded areas of European countries, as compared with their total areas is: Finland, 51.2; Sweden, 49.3; Russia, 40.4; Germany, 26.1; Turkey, 23.4; Norway, 22. The other European countries have less than 20 per cent. of woodland.

Dr. J. Samuel McCue, ex-mayor of Charlottesville, convicted of murder in the first degree, carries upward of $70,000 life insurance. Insurance men want to know whether the companies are liable in the event of McCue's execution.

In China spurious coin may be lawfully manufactured when it is intended to be placed in the coffins of the dead. The Chinese believe that these bad coins make the dead just as happy as good coins would.

Pope Pius has decided to purchase a motor car for use in the shady groves of the Vatican gardens in place of the traditional light carriage drawn by funereal looking horses.

Moira Mathew Spencer, a first cousin, it is said, of Herbert Spencer, the English philosopher, was found dead at his residence in San Francisco.

It is estimated that the carbonic acid exhaled yearly by the people of New York city is about 450,000 tons, but that this is less than 3 per cent. of that from fuel combustion.

Several Japanese messengers are mounted on bicycles.

TILL NOON.

The Simple Dish That Keeps One Vigorous and Well Fed.

When the doctor takes his own medicine and the grocer eats the food he recommends some confidence comes to the observer.

A grocer, of Ossian, Ind., had a practical experience with food worth anyone's attention.

He says: "Six years ago I became so weak from stomach and bowel trouble that I was finally compelled to give up all work in my store, and, in fact, all sorts of work for about four years. The last year I was confined to the bed nearly all of the time, and much of the time unable to retain food of any sort on my stomach. My bowels were badly constipated continually, and I lost in weight from 165 pounds down to 88 pounds.

"When at the bottom of the ladder I changed treatment entirely and started in on Grape-Nuts and cream for nourishment. I used absolutely nothing but this for about three months. I slowly improved until I got out of bed and began to move about.

"I have been improving regularly and now in the past two years have been working about fifteen hours a day in the store and never felt better in my life.

"During these two years I have never missed a breakfast of Grape-Nuts and cream, and often have it two meals a day, but the entire breakfast is always made of Grape-Nuts and cream alone.

"Since commencing the use of Grape-Nuts I have never used anything to stimulate the action of the bowels, a thing I had to do for years, but this food keeps me regular and in fine shape, and I am growing stronger and heavier every day.

"My customers, naturally, have been interested and I am compelled to answer a great many questions about Grape-Nuts.

"Some people would think that a simple dish of Grape-Nuts and cream would not carry one through to the noonday meal, but it will and in the most vigorous fashion."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

GEN. KUROKI KILLED

The Secret of His Death Has Been Kept Since October 4 ---Over a Month.

NODZU SUCCEEDS TO COMMAND.

Splinter From Russian Shell at Liao Yang Struck Kuroki—News From the Front.

Nemirovich Danchenko, a Russian war correspondent, telegraphing from Mukden Sunday, says the reports of the death of General Kuroki are confirmed. According to his version, a splinter of a shell struck General Kuroki, tearing out a portion of his breast and abdomen. He died on October 4 at Liao Yang, and his body was sent to Japan.

A rumor is persistently circulated that a kinsman of the mikado, Siaosandi, literally "little third prince," has been appointed to succeed General Kuroki, but the actual command of the army is entrusted to General Nodzu, who is reviewing operations.

"For the last week," says Danchenko, "we have not advanced at any point on the whole southwestern front, even a few versts further than we stood on October 5. On the contrary, at several places we have been obliged to retire several versts, but the present lines of defense must be consideded permanent, in view of the strong fortifications constructed. The Japanese positions at several points are only 800 paces distant from ours, and must be considered to be definitely occupied by the enemy.

The latter's fortifications are acknowledged by all competent persons to be skillfully constructed. Their trenches in many places are so cleverly concealed, as not to be noticeable a short distance away, the earth removed being carefully thrown in front of the trenches. The general position causes a great tension on both sides.

"At army headquarters no news has been received from Port Arthur, but the absence of reports during the last few days makes it evident that the movement of one or the other Russian armies will be dependent upon the course of events there.

"On November 11 scouts on our right flank attempted to pierce the line of the Japanese fortifications, but were met with a stubborn resistance, and finding the enemy strongly reinforced, retired."

Rear Admiral Greve, the newly appointed commander of the port of Vladivostok, has arrived.

It is denied that the French press in Italy is again trying to interest the powers of intervention with a view of ending the Russo-Japanese war, and it is remarked again that any such action would be impossible until the belligerents were disposed to accept the good offices of one or more powers.

It is understood that arrangements have been completed for the floating of a loan of $250,000 in Berlin, of which German banks have underwritten three-quarters and Holland banks the remainder.

General Baron Kaulbars, recently appointed to command the third Russian army, has gone to Odessa, from which place he will proceed to the Far East November 25.

Soon to Be Lighted.

The Sheffield Steel and Iron company, controlled by a New York syndicate, is rushing the work on one of its four furnaces and will have it ready for the torch by the middle of next week.

Electric Lights.

Florence's electric lights were turned on Friday for the first time.

LOTTERY SCHEME.

The Chinese government is formulating a scheme of state lotteries for the purpose of wiping out the indemnities granted to railroad corporations. The prizes will aggregate $30,000,000 in gold.

WILL MAKE NO STOPS.

It is announced at the white house that the president on his approaching trip to St. Louis, would make no stops at other cities, either going or returning.

To Honor Kruger.

It is understood that King Edward has ordered that royal salutes be fired upon the arrival of the body of the late President Kruger at Capetown and Pretoria.

Wireless Messages.

As the result of a scientific experiment at a balloon ascension from the aeronautic concourse on the world's fair grounds the practicability and accuracy with which wireless messages could be received both as to altitude and distance were satisfactorily tested. More than twenty messages were transmitted from the world's fair wireless tower and received by the operator in the aerial craft.

Grippenberg to Command.

In sending General Grippenberg to command the new Russian army in the far east the czar has practically taken the chief command awdy from General Kuropatkin. While both generals have equal rank, General Grippenberg is several numbers the senior of Kuropatkin on the list of generals. As a result, when the two combine forces Grippenberg will actually command by seniority.

ANNUAL ARMY REPORT.

There Are About 70,000 United States Soldiers Enlisted.

The annual report of Gen. F. C. Ainsworth, the military secretary of the army, the first issued from his office since its creation by congress at its last session, gives the total strength of the army at the close of the last fiscal year 3,871 officers and 58,946 enlisted men. The loss of officers from death, dismissal, retirement and other causes was 155. The number of enlisted men lost by death was 456.

A reduction in the number of malarial fever cases at West Point is attributed to an attack made on the mosquitoes.

The average cost of subsisting cadets was stated to be 64.3 cents, against 53.9 cents the previous year.

"This increase in cost," the report recites, "was partly due to the unusually high prices of all food supplies and partly to the maintenance of an extra table during the active athletic season and to the visits of instructions made by the classes during the year."

Of the 27,380 recruits enlisted during the past fiscal year 3,662 were foreign born. Complaints as to the number of unsatisfactory recruits are said to have been unusually numerous

Speaking of the militia it is said very satisfactory progress has been made toward bringing the organized militia, respecting armament, equipment and discipline, up to the standard of the regular army. A total of 6,966 officers and 83,102 enlisted men of the militia organizations were present at the inspections.

In referring to the act of congress providing for a roster of officers and enlisted men of the Union and Confederate armies, the report says the responses of the governors addressed inviting their co-operation have been such as to assure the department that they fully appreciate the importance of the work and will co-operate heartily with the department in its efforts to give to the Confederate soldier the place that is due him in the proposed compilation.

On Half Time.

The Gadsden saw mill of the Queen City Lumber company, which has been idle for several months on account of the low stage of Coosa river, logmen being unable to raft logs, has started up on half time and will run this way until the river rises sufficiently to float down more logs. The stave mill in connection with the saw mill is running full time. The planing mill of the Kyle Lumber company at Alabama City, has also started up again after an enforced idleness of some two months, caused by the low water.

New Jersey Launched.

The battleship New Jersey, built for the United States government by the Fore River Ship Building company, was successfully launched Thursday in the presence of a large number of guests, including Governor Franklin Murphy, of New Jersey; Governor John L. Bates, of Massachusetts, and former Secretary of the Navy John D. Long. The battleship was christened by Mrs. William B. Kinney, daughter of Governor Murphy.

Medals Stolen.

A thief entered the Birmingham Athletic club and stole forty-two gold medals and two razors. Nearly all the medals were the property of Ed Warren and Sid B. Jones, and were trophies of victories on the track and field and gymnasium. Some of them were set with jewels. Their intrinsic value is about $500.

Going to World's Fair.

President Roosevelt has promised to attend the Louisiana Purchase Exposition on Saturday, the 26th of November.

Wyoming Injured.

Secretary Morton received a telegram from the commander of the monitor Wyoming saying that when she grounded in a heavy fog leaving Puget Sound, her starboard strake and several frames were injured and compartments were flooded. It will be impossible to determine the extent of the damage until she has been docked.

Judge Advocate General.

Major General George P. Harrison, commander of the Alabama division, United Confederate Veterans, has appointed Captain Daniel Coleman, of Huntsville, as judge advocate general with the rank of lieutenant colonel. Captain Coleman is commander of Egbert Jones camp of Huntsville.

The Same Members.

For the first time in a number of years Mississippi makes no change in the personnel of its delegation in the lower house of congress, all the members of the present delegation being returned.

Soil Survey.

The party of the United States geological survey who have been encamped at Tuscaloosa just back of the University of Alabama buildings for the past week, who have completed the soil survey of the Brookwood quadrangle, have moved to Cottendale, where they are now encamped on another quadrangle. While located near the University of Alabama they compared notes with Dr. Eugene A. Smith, state geologist.

Japanese Loan.

Half of the new $60,000,000 Japanese loan to be offered in this market will be payable, interest and principal here at the fixed rate of exchange $4.87 per pound sterling. Assurance has been given the syndicate managers that the Japanese government will permit the proceeds of the loan to remain on deposit in New York banks "subject to the requirements of the Japanese government."

RAT TWO FEET LONG.

It Gives a Philadelphia Policeman a Hard Fight.

While patroling his beat on Germantown avenue, near Bristol road, in the northwestern part of the city, Policeman Nice, of the Twenty-third District, saw a large object creeping stealthily from under a doorstep. In the dim light he was unable to make out the form and would have passed it by but for the many rumors that recently have been circulating in the neighborhood regarding a strange animal, so he determined to investigate.

Of late weird tales of scares have been told the police. The animal which caused all the disturbance had been variously described as a wolf, fox, escaped zoological monstrosity and by the less timid as merely a vicious dog.

Seizing his club, Nice boldly approached the animal, which suddenly made a lunge at him, just missing him. Then commenced such a battle royal as Nice declares he does not wish to go through again. Despite the vicious defense the animal put up, the policeman's club was finally effective and the creature lay dead at Nice's feet.

Examination showed that the body was that of a huge rat, measuring nearly two feet in length, the tail alone being over a foot long, and the teeth were large and sharp. To verify his statement of the battle, Nice picked up the carcass and took it to the Park and Lehigh avenues station house, where it is now on exhibition.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The highest railroad bridge in the world is in Peru.

Blanke Coffee Wins Everything.

St. Louis, Nov. 14.—World's Fair gives C. F. Blanke Tea and Coffee Co. highest award, grand prize and gold medal on coffee, also five additional highest awards on Grant Cabin Tea, Quaker Ceylon Tea, China Tea, Shidzuokaken Japan and Formosan Teas, making greatest number grand prizes ever awarded one firm.

There are 44,000 hotels in the United States.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

The only country in Europe without any railway is Montenegro.

French is Popular.

According to the report of the National Union of Teachers, French is the most popular language among students. In other subjects bookkeeping comes first in favor, followed by shorthand, arithmetic and typewriting.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Speaker to Retire.

Mr. Gully, who has entered his seventieth year, will probably retire from the Speakership of the House of Commons before another birthday comes around as a viscount and with a pension of £2000 per annum.

The late German landscape painter, Peter Becker, was so completely absorbed in the middle ages that he even wore medieval clothes and lived in a medieval house.

The board of education at Washington, Pa., has been forced to take drastic steps to prevent cigarette smoking by pupils of the public schools, many of whom are girls.

The Chinese government is to receive 300 pounds a thousand for all the Chinese coolies shipped to the South African mines.

King Edward, of England, was 63 Wednesday.

Astor Got Rich Buying Property.

Your attention is called to an advertisement of a new subdivision of town lots, "known as Ivanhoe," near the city of Birmingham. Ivanhoe is within a few minutes street car ride of the court house. Birmingham is growing so rapidly that its confines are being pushed out on all sides, more especially in a westerly direction where all the great industries are located. Ivanhoe lots are being sold at a price and on terms which mean a substantial and profit within the near future.

Farmers and merchants throughout the state, as well as near by citizens, have investigated the merits of these lots and have been among the first purchasers. The property is high, dry and healthy and is destined to be one of the most flourishing suburbs of the MAGIC CITY.

Why So Formal?

A member of the Metropolitan Club of Washington tells this story on General Miles:

The General was engaged in conversation with a number of friends in the billiard room of the Metropolitan when a man having a vary slight acquaintance with General Miles approached. The man evidently had been drinking, for as he stepped beside the General he slapped him on the back and in a loud tone exclaimed:

"Well, Miles, old man, how are you?"

For an instant a frown shadowed the face of the officer; but it soon gave way to a quizzical look, so he replied to the offender:

"Don't be so formal, old chap! Why don't you call me Nelse?"—New York Press.

Miss Gannon, Sec'y Detroit Amateur Art Association, tells young women what to do to avoid pain and suffering caused by female troubles.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I can conscientiously recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to those of my sisters suffering with female weakness and the troubles which so often befall women. I suffered for months with general weakness, and felt so weary that I had hard work to keep up. I had shooting pains, and was utterly miserable. In my distress I was advised to use **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and it was a red letter day to me when I took the first dose, for at that time my restoration began. In six weeks I was a changed woman, perfectly well in every respect. I felt so elated and happy that I want all women who suffer to get well as I did."—MISS GUILA GANNON, 359 Jones St., Detroit, Mich., Secretary Amateur Art Association.

It is clearly shown in this young lady's letter that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will certainly cure the sufferings of women; and when one considers that Miss Gannon's letter is only one of the countless hundreds which we are continually publishing in the newspapers of this country, the great virtue of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine must be admitted by all; and for the absolute cure of all kinds of female ills no substitute can possibly take its place. Women should bear this important fact in mind when they go into a drug store, and be sure not to accept anything that is claimed to be "just as good" as **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** for no other medicine for female ills has made so many actual cures.

How Another Sufferer Was Cured.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot praise your wonderful remedies enough, for they have done me more good than all the doctors I have had. For the last eight years and more I suffered with female troubles, was very weak, could not do my housework, also had nervous prostration. Some days I would remain unconscious for a whole day and night. My neighbors thought I could never recover, but, thanks to your medicine, I now feel like a different woman.

"I feel very grateful to you and will recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to all. It has now been four years since I had the last spell of nervous prostration. I only weighed ninety-eight pounds at that time; now I weigh one hundred and twenty-three.

"I consider your Vegetable Compound the finest remedy made. Thanking you many times for the benefit I received from your medicine, I remain, Yours truly, MRS. J. H. FARMER, 2809 Elliott Ave., St. Louis, Mo."

Remember Mrs. Pinkham's advice is free and all sick women are foolish if they do not ask for it. She speaks from the widest experience, and has helped multitudes of women.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

Alfred De Rothschild, one of the famous banking family, has a private circus at Halton house, England. The ring, about 100 yards in diameter, is surrounded by trees, and some times it is covered by canvas.

Write Quick FOR A Big Bargain

To better advertise the **South's Leading Business College,** four scholarships are offered young persons of this county at less than cost. WRITE TODAY.

GA-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

PIMPLES

"I tried all kinds of blood remedies which failed to do me any good but I have found the right thing at last. My face was full of pimples and blackheads. After taking Cascarets they all left. I am continuing the use of them and recommending them to my friends. I feel fine when I rise in the morning. Hope to have a chance to recommend Cascarets."
Fred C. Witten, 76 Elm St., Newark, N. J.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 595
ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.
Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Am. 47, 1904.

If afflicted with Weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Best on Earth
Gantt's Planters and Distributors
WE GUARANTEE THEM.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
Write for Prices and Catalogue.
GANTT MFG. CO., Macon, Ga.

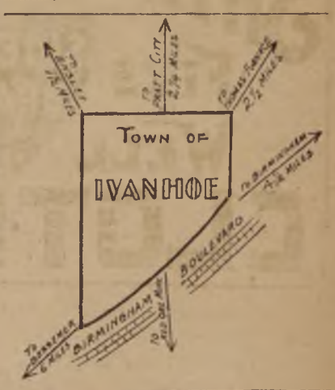
Bryant & Stratton
Business, Shorthand and Typewriting College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Birmingham the Coming Pittsburg

A FEW years ago lots in Pittsburg which sold for a few hundred dollars are now selling at fabulous prices. Birmingham is now following in her footsteps, she makes the Iron, she makes the Steel, she makes the finished product from a Corless Engine to a wire nail.

The growth of every city, town and hamlet in every state south of Mason & Dixon's Line means a corresponding growth to Birmingham.



This means that every suburb of Birmingham is reaping and will continue to reap the benefit of this great expansion.

Now is the time to get in on the ground floor on IVANHOE LOTS. Only a few minutes ride on electric car from the center of Birmingham—high, dry and beautiful. Prices range from $85 to $160. Terms: $5.00 cash and $5.00 per month. No interest. Titles perfect.

☞ Send $5.00 and let us select you a good lot. You cannot lose on a proposition like this.

W. H. THARPE & CO.
Birmingham, Ala.
2025 3rd Ave.
REFERENCE: Jefferson County Savings Bank.

TEXAS CHEAP

QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE

A. G. S. R. R.

$13.50 One Way,
$20.00 Round Trip, Final Limit 21 Days,

To points east of and including Dalhart, Amarillo, Colorado, San Angelo, San Antonio, Galveston, Matagordo, Corpus Christi, Rockport, Alice and Kerrville.

To points in Texas west of destinations shown above, tickets will be sold at the rate of

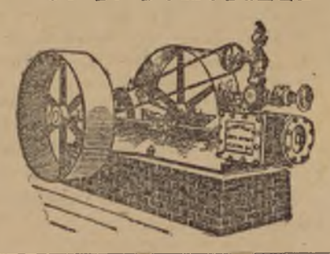
$16.00
one way.

Tickets on sale Nov. 10th and 22nd.

For further information call on or address
A. B. FREEMAN,
1925 First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

J. S. SCHOFIELD'S SONS COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS



High Pressure Return Tubular Boilers
Morison Internally Fired Boilers
High Grade Slide Valve Engines
Transmission Machinery
Heavy Castings
Wrought Iron and Steel Work
Tanks, Stacks and Stand Pipes

Heavy Pipe Work a Specialty
Address Machinery Department
MACON, GEORGIA.

Stop Wasting Money

When you buy Clothing, Shoes, Hats and Furnishings for Men and Boys. J. Blach & Sons are specialists in these goods, and unless we can save you from 15 to 40 per cent. we don't want your business.

BY MAIL
You get quick shipments, and on purchases of $5 or more we pay all charges. Get Big FREE Catalogue with Gold Watch Offer.

J. BLACH & SONS TRADE MARK REGISTERED FAIR & SQUARE

IN PERSON
If you come to Birmingham ask any body where BLACH'S are—they all know the greatest and only strictly spot cash clothing house in the city.

1912-1914 First Avenue
Birmingham, - - Alabama.

Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed

To cure, or money refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.

Circuit Clerk

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., NOVEMBER 24 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 13

OFFICIAL RETURNS

Figures Showing the Results of the Election of Nov. 8th. Hobson's Majority 50.000

DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY 50,892.

Returns Not Complete on Congressional Races, But Democrats Elected All Candidates.

The following figures show the official returns in Alabama from the recent election:

Democratic electors.. 79,857
Republican electors.. 29,474
Populist electors.. 5,040
Prohibition electors 612
Socialist electors.. 839

The votes for congressmen were:

Fourth District—Bowie, (dem.), 7,089; Kitchens, (rep.) 2,201; majority, 4,886.

Fifth District—Heflin, (dem.) 10,105; Walker (rep.) 3,095; majority, 7,010.

Sixth District—Bankhead (dem.) 8,873; Crompton rep.-pop.) 2,718; majority, 6,155.

Seventh District—Burnett (dem.) Powell (pop.-rep.) Totals to come.

Eighth District—Richardson (dem.) 9,898; Roberts, (rep.-pop.) 1,846; majority, 8,052.

Ninth District—Underwood, (dem.) 9,615; Blakemore, (rep.-pop.) 1,775; Waldhorst, (soc.) 377; majority, 7,463.

Ninth udicial Circuit, Judges—Haralson, (dem.) 9,442; Nicholson, (pop.-rep.) 4,952; solicitors, Hunt, (dem.) 7,317; Sloan, (pop-rep.(4,596.

FIRE AT WORLD'S FAIR

Destroys Missouri Building—Two Persons Overcome—Valuables Lost.

The Missouri state building was destroyed by fire, resulting from an explosion of the hot water heater in the basement.

The flames shot up through the rotunda, and the north wing of the cupelo were a mass of flames within ten minutes after the explosion. The principal loss is in the contents of the building. It contained thousands of dollars' worth of furnisings, the most valuable of which were portraits of all former Missouri governors.

The fire was spectacular. Sparks were carried over the United States government building, and as far as the liberal arts palace. Bucket brigades were hurried to the roofs of these buildings to prevent ignition.

Mr. T. Davis, president of the Missouri world's fair commission, was in the building when the explosion occurred.

"The fire seemed to rise in an instant," he said. "I seized a few things and ran through the building sounding the alarm. The buildings with all its furnishings cost in the neighborhood of $224,000. There was not one dollar of insurance. If we had endeavored to sell the building we could not probably have raised more than $50,000."

Mrs. Bell Small, one of the hostesses, rushed into her apartments in the building to seclure some valuables. A fireman found her lying on the floor overcome with smoke.

J. P. Nixon, of Lebanon, Mo., an attache of the building was overcome by smoke while securing some property.

After the flames were under control and had been sufficiently extinguished to admit the firemen entering the building, the south wall fell and buried Lloyd Randolph, driver of a fire engine, and Frank O'Connor, another fireman. Several escaped by a small margin.

Battle With Mosquitos.

The French steamship Provincia from Sabine Pass, Texas, for Hamburg, has her captain disabled, her first mate so ill he was sent to a hospital and several of her crew suffering severely on account of an encounter with a huge swarm of mosquitos which settled upon the Provincia's deck while the ship was in the gulf.

Captain Courtade's right arm is useless, and Mate Vincontelle, in addition to hundreds of of mosquito bites, is suffering from a bronchial disorder.

The crew of the ship fought the insects for hours with smoke and improvised fans. Almost every man on board has a swollen face and lacerated arms.

Forest Fires Raging.

Forest fires which originated in the vicinity of South Park, ten miles south of Louisville, have spread to an alarming extent, and the entire population of the neighborhood, including women and children, has been pressed into service to fight the flames.

The United States mails carry in a year 8,500,000,000 pieces of matter, at a cost of $150,000,000 and if the rural delivery service, which now serves one-seventh of our people at an expense of $22,000,000, were eliminated, the postoffice would be self-supporting.

The practice of naming horses after eminent persons is common in England and France, but in Russia it is considered disrespectful.

KNEW HE WAS A BIGAMIST.

Wife Makes Statement Saying That Her Husband Had Two Wives For Sixteen Years.

Mrs. Matilda Conklin, the first wife of Dr. Conklin, who died suddenly in Farmington, Ill., last election day, made a statement in which she declares for the past sixteeen years the doctor has lived in an open state of bigamy.

She says that during this time both his families in Farmington and Peoria were aware of his relations with others. Mrs. Conklin says that she was married to Dr. Conklin forty years ago and that sixteen years ago her husband married a woman named Herron in Farmington. Since that time Dr. Conklin has contributed to the support of his family in Peoria and at numerous times seen his children by his first wife. Mrs. Conklin declares that she is his only legal wife and she will fight for the estate.

FIGHTING AT MUKDEN.

Baltic Fleet to Go to Vladivostok Instead of Port Arthur.

It is reported that a battle between the two armies before Mukden is in full swing. The Russians, according to General Kuropatkin's report, are pressing the Japanese left, while a very significant movement of the Japanese is reported at Sintsintin, forty-five miles east of Mukden.

A special correspondent says the battle has begun, and that the thunder of the guns is unceasing.

In the absence of all reliable news the expectations regarding Port Arthur being captured have so far subsided that the possibility of the garrison making a last stand against time at the Golden Hill and Tiger's Tail is dismissed.

Russian officers say the Russian second Pacific squadron will not be handicapped should Port Arthur fall. The squadron will go to Vladivostok even in the event of Port Arthur's holding out, because there is better accommodation at Vladivostok. Small hopes are entertained for the relief of Port Arthur.

FIRE AT EUFAULA.

Destroys Harding Block—Loss Estimated at $110,000.

The entire Harding block, one of the chief sections of Eufaula, was totally destroyed by fire Saturday night. The flames originated in the Pecree Furniture company. With almost incredible rapidity they spread and in the course of a few moments the entire block was a seething mass of flames. The losses are estimated at about $110,000, half covered by insurance.

The destroyed buildings are: The Darling undertaking establishment, Crawford's bowling alleys, Fay's grocery, Fay livery stables, the armory of the Eufaula guards and the Pecree Furniture company.

MISSING PURSE

Causes Filingo f Two Suits in Limestone County.

At Athens J. A. Roads has brought charges against Morris Hull, his friend, for the alleged theft of his pocketbook containing some $200. Several days ago, while driving Hull, Roads lost his pocketbook and money. Roads says that he knew that Hull took the pocketbook from his trousers pocket, but believed he was playing a practical joke. When the book was demanded, however, Hull denied any knowledge of it. In counteraction of the charges of Roads, Hull has filed suit for damages against his accuser.

Run Over and Killed.

Jimmie Frank Gorum, son of James Gorum, living near Opelika, was accidentally run over by a wagon and killed. The boy ran out of the school yard as his father was driving past, Lon Jemison, a cousin, driving immediately behind.

The lad attempted to catch on to his father's wagon, but was waved off by Mr. Gorum. He paused in the road and the mules trampled him down, and the wagon following passed over his body, crushing out his life.

Parker's Appointments.

Former Judge Alton B. Parker was Thursday appointed a member of two commissions to acquire dock and wharfage rights for New York—on the East river. The appointment was made by Justice O'Gorman in the supreme court.

Statue of Frederick the Great.

Hailed by a military blare of twenty trumpets, the bronze statue of Frederick the Great, presented to the American people by Emperor William was unveiled Saturday afternoon by the Baroness Speck Von Sternburg, the wife of the German ambassador. The ceremony was marked by great miles of display. The statue was presented on behalf of the emperor by his personal envoy, the German ambassador, who made a brief address.

As personal gifts from the Mikado, Prince Fushimi sent to Mrs. Roosevelt and Mrs. Hay, wife of the secretary of state, teak-wood chests, mounted in solid silver, each containing priceless silks, embroideries, fans, carvings, etc.

Booker T. Washington has contributed $25 to the fund for the erection of a monument to the memory of Gen. John B. Gordon.

UNCONSTITUTIONAL

That is What Circuit Judge Decided Concerning the Dispensary Law.

APPEAL TO SUPREME COURT.

Uniontown Case May Create a Precedent That Will Affect Entire State.

Judge Daniel Partridge of the circuit court has been hearing arguments in the quo warranto proceedings brought by E. H. R. Glass, Jr., of Uniontown, against the municipality of Uniontown requiring the latter to show by what right of law it conducted a dispensary.

The city, of course, set up that it was operating by right of law passed by the last legislature, and Mr. Glass, through his attorneys, attacked the constitutionality of the local law, setting up that sufficient notice had not been given as required by the constitution. The consolidated court bill of Jefferson was cited as a precedent, the insufficiency of notice being that the substance of the bill passed was not set out.

Contrary to this the municipality set up that the supreme court had defined the meaning of the word dispensary, and when it was cited that the bill would provide for a dispensary the substance of the measure was immediately conveyed to every mind.

Judge Partridge held that the local law was unconstitutional, and therefore the city of Uniontown had no lawful right to conduct a dispensary. An appeal will be taken to the supreme court, now in session, and pending the decision of that tribunal bond will be given and the dispensary continued in operation.

The legal fight between Uniontown and Mr. Glass has grown out of the latter disposing of liquor in the city and having been arrested and fined in the mayor's court.

He appealed to the circuit court on the latter charge, and was dismissed by Judge Partridge owing to there being no law on the city statutes against his conducting the saloon. There are pending indictments against him in the circuit court which will be nullified should the supreme court affirm the decision of Judge Partridge, declaring the local dispensary law unconstitutional.

Kennedy's Staff.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. B. Kennedy, commanding officer of the third regiment, Alabama National guard, has announced his staff.

The order naming the staff is as follows:

Headquarters, Third Alabama Regiment, A. N. G.
Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 19, 1904.
General Orders No. 4—

The following staff appointments are hereby announced by the commanding officer, Third infantry, A. N. G.:

Major and surgeon—Eugene Nortington.

Captain and adjutant—Houston Smith, Oxford.

Captain and quartermaster—Arthur Welborn, Anniston.

Captain and commissary—Lacey Edmundson, Bessemer.

Captain and chief of ordnance—W. W. Smith, Decatur.

Captain and guard instructor—Earle Evans, Woodlawn.

Captain and inspector rifle practice—Cecil Lacey, Jasper.

Captain and assistant surgeon—Fred Boyd, Talladega.

Captain and assistant surgeon—M. J. Williams, Oxford.

Double Track.

West of Birmingham on the Southern railroad considerable double track is being constructed in the mining district.

The Southern is receiving new freight cars at the rate of forty a day, an order for 5,500 having been placed some time ago. Of this number ordered, 1,000 are to be steel cars.

Conant Appointed.

Luther Conant, Jr., of New York, has been appointed a special examiner in the bureau of corporations, department of commerce and labor. Mr. Conant has been for some years financial editor of the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, of New York.

Postoffice Items.

A rural route has been ordered established December 15 at Coffee Springs, Geneva county, serving 432 people and 108 houses.

Postmasters appointed—Coal City, St. Clair county, Charles R. Fay; Maybrick, Etowah county, Mollie Gramling; Sepulga, Conecuh county, Thos. A. Jones.

Stock Show.

The eighth annual exhibition of the Alabama Poultry and Pet Stock association, to be held at Birmingham on December 6, 7, 8 and 9, promises well.

Arrangements are already being made for the shipment of many chickens, pigeons, rabbits and other pets to Birmingham. The Commercial club has secured a rate of one and one-third cents per mile for persons coming to the exhibit, but so far no rate has been secured for fowls.

ALABAMA BANKS.

Statement Showing Their Condition On October 31st.

The following figures are given out and show a complete summary of the resources and liabilities of the state banks of Alabama, made up from reports made to the treasurer for business at the close of the day of October 31, last:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$18,614,228.76
Overdrafts	836,416.37
Bonds and stocks	1,162,621.14
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	1,247,635.47
Due from banks and bankers	5,693,516.84
Cash	2,311,245.76
Other items	517,678.00
Total	$30,283,342.34

LIABILITIES.

Capital paid in	$ 5,964,400.00
Surplus and undivided profits	2,946,245.27
Due to banks and bankers	935,625.02
Deposits	18,812,049.90
Dediscounts	859,140.93
Bills payable	756,766.24
Other items	9,114.98
Total	$30,283,342.34

SOLDIERS' CLOTHING.

Widows or Corporations to Be Given the Work?

Gen. G. W. Davis, judge advocate general of the army, submitted an opinion to Acting Secretary Oliver in regard to the legal points involved in the controversy over the award of the contract for making soldier's clothing at the Schyulkill arsenal, near Philadelphia, and the opinion was immediately forwarded to President Roosevelt for his information and guidance. The main question involved is whether the quartermaster general of the army is authorized to give this work to certain seamstresses in Philadelphia, widows and orphans of soldiers and sailors at the rate of 75 cents for each pair of trousers when the same work can be done by contract for 37 1-2 cents per pair, in view of the general statutes that such work shall be open to general competition and given to the lowest responsible bidder.

The opinion of General Davis has not yet been made public, but it is understood he holds that the materials should be purchased as other materials by advertisements and bids, but the manufacture of the article may be as the secretary of war in his discretion decides.

Fatal Row.

Tom Pace, a well known citizen of Sheffield, a man with a wife and six children, and an employe of one the furnaces, was shot and killed. Cal Byrd, a stranger, who resides in the Iuka, Miss., neighborhood, said to have done the shooting, made his escape. The tragedy occurred at a saloon and there were no eye-witnesses to it. The two men were in the rear part of the saloon and the barkeeper heard two shots fired, saw Pace fall. Byrd rushed to the door in which the bartender was standing, and commanded him to let him out or he would kill him.

Negro College.

It has been formerly announced that on Tuesday afternoon, November 29th, work will begin on the $200,000 negro college to be erected at Mason City by the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education society. The society now has the funds in hand and it is expected that the work will be rapidly pushed to completion.

Bank of Cuba.

The Bank of Cuba has filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state. The capital stock is $25,000, with $15,000 paid in. The place of business is Cuba, Sumter county.

Fatal Trolley Wreck.

At Chattanooga, Tenn., in a head-on collision on the Rapid Transit electric car line one man was killed and five persons were seriously injured

The officials of the company say that the collision was due to the dense fog prevailing at the time the accident occurred.

Child Burned.

The thee-year-old daughter of J. S. Norred, of Pineapple, came very near burning to death.

She was under the house and called to an older sister to come an extinguish the flames. Upon reaching her the older sister found the little one's clothing all ablaze. The family can not account for the fire unless the child had a match playing with it. The doctors think she will recover.

Another Judge Wanted.

Members of the Bar Association of Birmingham have adopted resolutions which call upon congress to pass a bill providing for an additional United States district judge in Alabama.

New Settlers.

More homeseekers from Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Illinois and other middle states are visiting county this season than before. The county has been well advertised and an excellent class of people have been moving in here.

Big Building.

President Murray, of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, announces that his company will build a two million dollar office building in Baltimore.

GAS EXPLOSION

In Chicago Destroys Life and Property. Windows and Walls Wrecked Nearby

EIGHT ARE DEAD

And Several Injured By Gas Explosion in Chicago.

Many lives are believed to have been lost and a number of men were probably fatally injured in the explosion of five small purifying tanks. There were from twelve to twenty explosions.

It is reported that a brick building containing five tanks and twenty workmen completely collapsed burying the men and crushing them to death.

The explosions were so forceful that for a radius of half a mile windows were broken and walls of buildings thrown out of plumb. For fear that the explosions might continue and cause the explosion of the two big tanks which hold millions of feet of gas, no one would venture near the ruins of the plants.

Persons living in the vicinity deserted their homes and storekeepers left their stores, all fleeing with what valuables they could seize.

To prevent the explosion of the gas in the mammoth tanks, Superintendent Ralph Wells ordered the waste pipes opened. These pipes run outside of the plant and in a short time the big tanks were discharging the gas into the air. This was a dangerous undertaking, but it was chanced and proving successful, prevented a larger destruction of property.

JUBILEE EXPOSITION.

Movement Started to Hold One in Chattanooga in 1905.

At Chattanooga announcement is made of a formal movement to hold there in 1915 a world's fair to be known as the semi-centennial peace jubilee exposition, commemorating the end of the war between the states It is stated that assurances of aid from the government and various organizations has been secured. The announcement explaining the nature of the exposition has this to say:

"Chattanooga is the geographical center of the scenes of the civil war; it was the most stragetical point, and is immediately surrounded by some of the greatest battlefields of that war. With the great national interest that centers here, the United States government would no doubt contribute generously to such an exposition. It has had for years in contemplation the erection of a peace memorial arch at Chicago, which is to surpass anything of the kind in the world. This could be finished and dedicated in 1915."

Making Iron.

After being banked temporarily for several weeks on account of scarcity of labor and coke, furnace No. 4 of the Tennessee company at Robertstown was relighted Thursday. This makes two of the furnaces of the Bessemer division that are in operation and preparations are under way to relight Nos. 1 and 2 in the next few days.

Says They Are Forgeries.

Notes aggregating $12,000, on which appears the name, as maker and indorser, of Mrs. Fannie McCue, for whose murder former Mayor Samuel J. McCue, of Charlottesville, Va., is now under sentence of death, are due, and have been presented to the administrator of the estate, who informed the holder that the signatures were not made by Mrs McCue

Cases Dismissed.

Cases of forty-three men who had been charged with complicity in the Independence depot explosion and the Victor riot of June 6 last, have been dismissed.

Since the election about fifty men who had been deported have returned to the district and have not been molested.

Call For Government Deposits.

Secretary Shaw has announced a call upon national banks holding government deposits to the amount of 25 per cent of their holdings, 10 per cent to be paid on or before January 15th next, and 15 per cent on or before March 15th next. This the secretary estimates will bring into the treasury about $25,000,000.

Negro Library.

Andrew Carnegie has recognized the color line in an offer to Atlanta of $10,000 for a negro library on condition that the city give a site and $1,060 a year for its support. The city council is now considering the matter.

Church Burned.

At Indianapolis, Ind., the Meridian Street Methodist church was destroyed by fire Friday. Loss $75,000. Vice-President-elect Fairbanks and Senator Beveridge were trustees of the church.

For School Tax.

Marshall county voted for the additional tax for the public schools Superintendent Hill is working hard to have all the counties adopt it.

RUSSIAN NAVY.

To Be Completely Rehabilitated.—Ship Building Interests Will Profit.

America is likely to profit both directly and indirectly from the execution of the large naval program which Russia is now elaborating.

The vital importance of the sea power has been Russia's bitterest lesson of the war, and the government is determined that the maintenance of the empire's position in the future as a first-class power will be impossible without an adequate navy.

If the losses the Pacific fleet has already sustained should be followed by disaster to Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron it will be necessary not only to rebuild the whole navy, but to increase its strength. Vickers Sons & Maxim and Armstrong, Whitworth & Son, limited, of England, have already made advances, but owing to the anti-English sentiment British firms are not meeting with a cordial reception. The disposition is to turn toward France. Germany and the United States, and a great plant at Libau or on the banks of the Neva, directed by American brains, and possibly an association of French and German enterprises, is one of the possibilities of the near future.

SYNOD ADJOURNS.

Will Build College at Once—Next Session at Montgomery.

The Alabama Synod of the Presbyterian church adjourned Friday after selecting Montgomery as the next place of meeting. The directors of the Synodical college which will be located at Anniston, were instructed to begin the erection of a $30,000 building at once. The board of directors of the college is as follows:

Dr. J. W. Stagg, Birmingham, chairman; Dr. D. N. McLaughlin, Anniston; Judge T. W. Coleman, Eutaw; Col. Caldwell Bradshaw, Birmingham; Hon. Frank P. Glass, Montgomery; T. C. Carmichael, Dothan; Hon. John B. Knox, Anniston; Capt. J. M. Elliott, Gadsden; Capt. W. P. Weatherly, Anniston; Rev. Neal Anderson, Montgomery; Rev. W. E. McIlwain, president ex-officio member.

Selma was released from subscription to the fund to amount of $5,000.

Fee System Scored.

Dr. Shirley Bragg, physician member of the state convict board, in his report to President Carmichael, says:

"The fee system, so far as the convict is concerned, is a blot upon the fair name of the state. Men, women and children alike are made to feel its withering blight. It does not spare the old man tottering on the verge of the grave nor does it respect the child scarcely old enough to leave its mother's care. Perhaps some day this will be changed and the county convict placed on the same plane with the state convict."

The county convict system is condemned. Many old decrepid men are sent to the convict camp he says that should be in poor houses, but neighborhoods must be rid of beggars and officials have their fees if it takes the last drop of blood from suffering humanity.

The conditions of the state convicts are reported good with the death rate low.

Duncan Petition Denied.

The supreme court denied the petition of ex parte Frank Duncan for writ of error, because there was filed with the papers no transcript of the record of the Jefferson county court. Duncan, who is under sentence of death, November 25 being the day set for his execution for the killing of a Birmingham policeman, made the plea before the criminal court of Jefferson county that certain errors had been made and he seeks a new trial as a result of these shortcomings alleged to exist, and also by reason of failure to have his case properly looked into when he escaped.

Cockrell to Succeed.

A reliable report says that the president will appoint Senator Cockrell, of Missouri, to the civil service commission to succeed the present democratic member, General John C. Black, who will be made pension commissioner.

Senator Cockrell was the only democrat who voted to confirm the nomination of General Leonard Wood.

Tear Down Chinatown.

With a capital stock of $25,000,000 a San Francisco company has been incorporated for the purpose of building a model oriental city on the bay shore at South San Francisco and moving the Chinese quarters to that place, and further to transform the present district known as Chinatown into a residence neighborhood.

Creosote Works Burned.

Wednesday night the Hattiesburg, Miss. Creosote works was completely wiped out by fire in spite of all efforts to save it. The loss was $20,000; $5,000 insurance. The fire was discovered too late for the department to be of much use.

Judge Randolph Free.

Ex-Probate Judge F. C. Randolph, of Montgomery, was acquitted in one case and the solicitor nol prossed the other five.

This makes Judge Randolph a free man. He was indicted on the charge of embezzling about $30,000 from the state and county, but he had made a settlement in full with both.

There were thirteen indictments against him, but the others were nol prossed several days ago.

A RAILROAD REVOLUTION.

It May Be Brought About Through the Automobile.

The bicycle paved the way for the automobile and the automobile threatens to effect a revolution in the transportation methods on land and sea. The motor boat is the fad of the moment, and these tiny craft will be seen by the thousands darting over the smoother waters of the inland lakes and rivers and the more protected bodies along the coast. Now it is announced that a well known engine and motor manufacturing firm of Europe has for several years been experimenting with a vehicle designed for railroad purposes. It is announced that they have succeeded to the point of putting out several vehicles for actual use on the tracks, and in the course of a few weeks it is expected to demonstrate that these vehicles may be made use of by railroad companies, with a great economy over that of engines. This announcement is made in a recent report of United States Consul Gowdy at Paris. He says the experiments of the firm referred to have taken practical form, and the system is now in use on two tramway lines in Paris and has been used on a short line in Wurttemberg (Germany) for some time past. It will in a few weeks be tried on a more extensive scale on the Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean railway, and if successful, may revolutionize railway travel.

The advantages of such a system are obvious. The fastest express train does not ever average more than 55 miles an hour, and this speed could not be greatly surpassed without increasing the weight of the engine and consequently causing extra wear and tear of the road. An express locomotive of the present day weighs about 110 tons, and a great part of this weight could be saved. It should be mentioned that automobiles have accomplished 80 miles per hour on the high road, and could, of course, far exceed that speed on steel rails.

Another great advantage is that trains would not have to stop in the course of a long run to take in water or fuel. The longest run made by any English train without stoppage is rather less than 200 miles, but an automobile could easily go four or five times that distance.

In a few weeks' time cars of this kind will be running on some of the branch lines of the Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean railway. The cars will not be coupled together, as the French regulations discountenance that, but each will have its own motor and carry from 30 to 40 passengers with about 2 1-2 tons of baggage. The speed will be restricted to 30 miles an hour.

Arrangements are also made to run a line of cars between Antwerp and Brussels at a rate of 75 miles an hour, and even this high speed could be exceeded if desired.

The cost of such a car as has been mentioned above would not exceed $10,000, machinery and all. No stoker is required, as the petroleum is pumped to the burners mechanically. The motion is devoid of jerking, jolting or shaking, and the inventors assert that the train could be stopped in 200 yards, even when traveling at over 70 miles an hour. The only danger to be guarded against is that of fire from overheating.

The announcement has already been made in these columns of the introduction of these motor cars on some of the English railways, being used principally as feeders for the main line, and, as far as known, they have filled the demands admirably. It has enabled the railroad company to establish regular service connecting the smaller towns located away from the line, without the necessity of going to the expense of building a roadbed and maintaining a line for a traffic which may not be a profitable one for many years, if at all.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

The oldest graduates of Yale and Harvard are ministers.

All the soldiers in the army of Argentina are forced to play football. It is said to train them to bear the hardships of battle.

There are about 45,000 hotels in this country, representing a capital of $6,000,000,000, and giving employment to 3,500,000 people.

A Japanese bride gives her wedding presents to her parents as a slight recompense for the trouble they have taken in bringing her up.

In Laland the crime which is punished most severely next to murder is the marrying of a girl against the express wish of her parents.

In England the annual consumption of southern fruit amounts to 15 pounds per head. In Germany it averages not quite three pounds per head.

In Armenia children are not allowed to play with dolls. It is feared that if this were permitted the little ones would learn to worship them as idols.

The criminal code of China has been revised and "slicing to death" has been done away with. It is said that all forms of torture will soon be abolished.

A Chelsea (England) hospital is mourning the loss of a bequest of $6000 through a legal informality. The testator signed his will in his bedroom, and the witnesses thoughtlessly carried it into another room before signing it, thus making the document invalid.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Entered as second class matter, Apr. 13, 1904 at the postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Nov. 24, '04

Telephone No. 17.

NOTICE.

Until further notice, Mr. Sam'l Wallace is authorized to solicit business for The Sentinel, receipt for supscriptions paid, and transact such other business for this paper as may come his way Any courtesies shown Mr. Wallace will be appreciated by the management of The Sentinel.

Christmas is but a little more than four weeks away.

This is the day you should be thankful whether you want to be or not.

Turkey (in America) capitulates today. Are you invited to the surrender?

An awkward man in society is generally a thoroughbred when it comes to business.

You know the red cartoons in the big Sunday papers? Well, they say some people like them.

The Athens Democrat says that Shelby is the only county in the State that is still floundering in darkness.

What impresses a visitor in the country most is the little time the host and hostess have for listening to the lark.

After you have been with some people five minutes, you are as full of secrets as an old cusion is full of pins.

The new version is that the prodigal son is not worth the price of a calf. He's getting worthless, sure enough.

Eufaula had a hundred thousand dollar fire last Sunday which destroyed several of the largest dry goods stores, together with their stocks.

Roosevelt's advisers are looking for something to break loose, he has been so quiet the past few days. None of them can get next to the big stick man.

The Centerville Press expresses the hope that Roosevelt will give this country a "straight hair" administration. Do not bank too heavily on it, brother.

If you have holiday goods, or any other kind of merchandise to sell, The Sentinel is the best medium through which to solicit the patronage of the public.

Talk for your town and county when away from home. It will be sowing seed in fertile ground, with the harvest to come, possibly, when we are not looking for it.

Next week The Sentinel will go to its readers in 8-page form. Increased business in our advertising department demands that we enlarge the paper for a time, at least.

There are but two parties represented in congress—Republican and Democratic. Nary a populist, socialist, fusionist or any other kind of an ist is on your Uncle Samuel's congressional register.

Again is the president determined to press the negro Crum's appointment, and yet he says he wants to deal fairly with the people of the South. His idea of fairness is off color and narrow contracted.

The Chefooo club is the latest. Every one who willfully lies or exaggerates is eligible to membership. The organizer passed Columbiana as he couldn't find a sufficient number of eligibles to get a charter.

Judge Parker was given a ten thousand-dollar retainer fee the morning after the election. He has been given also two commissions which will pay $5,000 each per year for five years. Parker is all right.

Calera is making a commendable effort to land a good factory there. The effort might well be emulated by our own town. The Sentinel hopes to see Calera land its prize. Even though a factory may be small, it means an increase in population and more money in circulation.

Had you noticed it? De Jedge done had his pictur took; yes, and printed in a paper, too. And in a double header, too.

The organization of a Commercial Club would be the about the proper thing for Columbiana now. Get ready for the new year, and make up our minds to push our town and county for all there is in it. Push!

It is the popular thing just now to blame General Stoessel, who refuses to surrender Port Arthur. Stoessel will be shot if he surrenders, and he will be shot if he don't; what would you do if you stood in his shoes?

No wonder the Birmingham papers are raising sand about the passenger station in that city being inadequate because the city has outgrown it. One day last week the writer was in Birmingham, and when it came time to board our train, the shed was jammed with people from the ticket windows to the gates, and when we got thro' the crowd we looked and felt like we had been in the middle of a rush in a foot ball game. Birmingham is growing; has grown beyond its present passenger station several sizes, and the railroads should come across with a new one that will insure comfort and accommodation to the traveling public. Talk about a jam at the ticket wagon of a circus; it doesn't compare with the rush for the gates at train time in the Birmingham passenger station. Here's hoping that prosperous city will have a new passenger station in the near future deserving of the name.

A communication in this issue from Wilsonville will be of interest to readers of The Sentinel. "Veritas" does not mince his words in the least, but calls things by their right name. When the leader of a party, or a newspaper admits that a cause which it champions is opposed by the preachers and the business interest of a community or county it is an admission that that movement is none too worthy. Take the influence of the preachers from a community and you establish a menace to all that is moral and good; vice and disregard for law and order will become rampant, and every man become a law unto himself. Jeopardize the business interest of a community and it is the stepping stone to oppression, and a making of the weak subservient to the will of the strong, no matter how unjust that will may be. Preachers may not always be right, but their lead, as a rule, is pretty safe to follow in all things.

When you can't think of any one else to cuss out, just give it to the newspaper man; he's used to it, and won't mind.

The newspaper man is always glad when a subscriber pays up. Try it once, and see a smile creep across his countenance.

AS OTHERS SEE.

Editor Sentinel, Columbiana.

Will you allow me space in your paper, in which to make "a few remarks" in relation to a communication which appeared in the Peoples Advocate last week over the name of A. P. Longshore?

If ever there was anything written that is more of a travesty upon truth and honesty, or that more thoroughly reeks with demagoguery and prejudice than this letter of Mr. Longshore's I have never seen it. With the cloud of suspicion and doubt as to him being honestly and fairly elected which hangs over the transaction, Mr. Longshore would have appeared before the people of this county in a much better light if he had kept his mouth closed and sealed, for so flagrant was the violation of the election laws that I was vividly reminded of some of the darkest and most damnable methods practiced during the reconstruction period. And yet Mr. Longshore cries out in that self-righteous style in which he prides himself, but which is in reality a cloak of hypocrisy, that "the people should rule, and not the bosses." I challenge him or any of those who consorted with him, to point anywhere in history to a more shameful triumph of boss rule over the will of the people than the recent burlesque on a fair and honest election recently held in this county. Laws trampled upon with an impunity that is not only wrong but a disgrace to our county. All through the campaign this summer and fall honorable, upright men of our county were slandered and villified by the Longshore following, even going so far as to say that some of Shelby county's best men had met in our town and plotted and planned to murder. Ask one or two of the newly elected(!) officers if they did not tell this slanderous falsehood time and again?

Mr. Longshore says the doctors, the preachers, the merchants and the lawyers were arrayed against the "co-operatives"—an attempt on his part to create a feeling of distrust and prejudice between the classes named by him, and the laborer and the farmer. Mr. Longshore did not include the bankers in the list of those against the "co-operative" ticket because one of that class is a populite, has charge of the sheriff's mess room for the prisoners of the county, and he was for the "co-operative" ticket heart and soul. Mr. Longshore, in his usual way, tries to leave the impression that no farmers or laboring men supported the Democratic ticket. If that be true this county is well supplied with doctors, preachers, merchants and lawyers, for the official count gives the Democratic ticket 1194 votes. Such argument as is advanced by Mr. Longshore is the argument of the demagogue, the argument of the man who has nothing to expect when the truth is told, the man who could not win upon merit, but puts all his hope for success upon an appeal to passion and prejudice, and not to justice and right.

In his "manifesto" Mr. Longshore even tries to array the farmers against the business men of our town in the following sentence: "The merchants of Wilsonville went so far as to close their stores in order to do more effectual work against a ticket composed almost exclusively of farmers." Nobody would make such a statement in the face of the facts but a demagogue. The candidate for Probate Judge is a lawyer, and retired merchant; the tax assessor is not a farmer, but another retired merchant; the county treasurer is no farmer, but he is a merchant. Thus we find three of Mr. Longshore's "farmer" candidates not farmers at all, but merchants, lawyers and retired merchants. All our merchants did just what I believe they would do again—worked to defeat an administration which has doubled their taxes and plunged the county into thousands of dollars indebtedness. The merchants here did what every taxpayer in Shelby county ought to have done—tried to defeat those who have so shamefully betrayed a confidence once imposed in them, and Mr. Longshore's evident intention to array the farmers against our merchants shows the littleness of the man.

"The wealth of this country is being concentrated in the hands of the few. * * All the vast wealth of the mines and all the industries of the land, less the amount that is necessary to feed and clothe the laborer, goes into the hands of the men who never did an honest days work in their lives. This all wrong, those who produce the wealth should have their just share of it, and the platform of the popalist party is the only one that demands such a distribution of the wealth of the country." Here again we hear Mr. Longshore, the demagogue, raising his voice like a modern Moses. Posing as a friend of the common people, and professing great faith in the principles of the populist party, what did he do in the last campaign? Trampled under his feet the principles of a party which is emphatically opposed to the trusts and the money power, lifts up the banner of the Republican party, the breeder of trusts, the enemy of honest labor, the implacable foe of the South and Southern institutions, and all this for the sake of being re elected to office. This is the kind of principles advanced by Mr. Longshore, demagogue. The poor man of this county has labored under burdensome taxation in the past six years, and if he thinks it is going to be any better in the next six, let him turn to the Book of Books and there read: "And there will be troublous times in the latter days," and find any comfort if he can.

VERITAS.

Wilsonville, Nov. 21st.

Turkeys are a mighty scarce arin the Columbiana market just now; yes, and eggs, too.

If you have a bountiful dinner today, share it with some one who is not so fortunate. Yours will taste much better.

There is a certain unfortunate and melancholy gentleman of whom you have all heard. His name is Dennis. With some people Mr. Donnis would be a congenial and cheerfnl companion.

Mrs. R. F. Thiess and children, who have been visiting at the home of Judge D. R. McMillan and H. S. Nelson for several weeks, returned to their home in Stockton yesterday. Mrs. Thiess is a sister of Judge McMillan and Mrs. Nelson.

Our advertising columns show what the merchants think of The Sentinel as an advertising medium. We have six more columns of advertising to run through the month of December, necessitating an eight page paper during that time.

The parents of attorney John J. Haynes celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary at Lineville one day last week. Mr. and Mrs. Haynes, sen., visited here some months ago, and they are well remembered by our people.

Visit the dry goods stores any afternoon, see the shoppers there, and you will laugh at the stories of hard times some people tell. We often wonder what the women do with all the stuff they buy at the dry goods stores? No man knows.

Do you know, girls, that the fuzz on your face is as necessary to the softening of your features as the down is to the perfection of a peach? At least that is what Edward Bok says in the Ladies' Home Journal, but if any one else said it, he would get the hoot-hoot.

The Sentinel believes that if the matter was gone at in the right manner, an up town telegraph office could be secured for Columbiana. That the telephone exchange is a great convenience in the absence of an uptown office, is true, but Agent Davis nor his assistants can always spare the time to take a message over the phone to be sent by telegraph. Why not look into the matter?

SHOES IS MY HOBBY . . .

I have just received a complete line of all kinds of shoes in Gents' and Ladies' Rubber Goods.

I also keep a complete stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries. A lot of Texas Rust Proof Oats just received. Highest price paid for Cotton on account. Nice line of Gents' Furnishing Goods. Thanking you for patronage in the past, and hoping for a continuation of the same I am, as ever your friend,

J. W. JOHNSTON.

PURE Apple Vinegar PURE

"Duxback" TRADE MARK

This is the "DUXBACK" Greatest Discovery Of the 20th Century in Connection with UMBRELLAS

It will make your umbrella absolutely warer-proof. Come in see it demonstrated. It will do just as is promised for it. It is a proven success, and not an experiment.

RUFUS LESTER

NEW CLOTHING

Boys, Young Men and Old Men.

HAVE YOU seen our new stock? Even if you are not ready to buy now, come in and see the goods and styles. The tendency of the weaves this year is towards the smooth finish, and they are very pretty.

THE PRICE is right in every instance, in keeping with the reputation we have made of giving the best goods for the least money. Come to see us.

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,

Montevallo, Ala.

THE PEOPLES STORE

Now is the time to buy a

SUIT OF CLOTHES

Beginning Nov. 10, 1904.

A grand Clearance Sale. Everything in Clothing will be sold at New York cost. We are in the market for your trade, and have the goods and low prices. Come to see us and be convinced of our statements. We mean business.

R. W. CALLAWAY, Manager.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

SANTA CLAUS IN TOWN!

AT OUR DRUGSTORE.

Silverware, Jewelry, Toys, Albums, Vases, Dolls, Cups, and Saucers, Toilet Setts, Books for Old and Young, Novelties, Anything for Christmas.

And until after the glad Christmas time, Santa's headquarters will be at our place of business. He has stocked us up with everything and anything you want for the children, the young people and for the aged—just what you want.

Our Holiday Goods are New

nothing shabby or old—all fresh and new. We are ready for Christmas, because we have made ready for you, and we would like to show what we have, and we guarantee the prices to be right. The place to buy is at our store. We have the goods you want for Christmas presents, for papa, mama, son, daughter, sister, wife and husband,

LATHAM DRUG CO.

Dr Brunk from Selma will make regular visits to Montevallo the first Thursday of each month, and to Columbiana the following Friday and Saturday, to see Eye, Ear and Throat cases. In Montevallo at Dr. Wilkinson's office, at Dr. W. P. Hamner's office in Columbiana. Next visit November 3d, 4th and 5th. S pt 8-tf.

The force of clerks in the store of the Columbiana Mercantile Co., has been very busy for the past few days marking up a big stock of new goods. Watch for their big advertisement in The Sentinel.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,

E. W. BURT, Proprietor.

Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers.

Your Patronage is Solicited.

Telephone 28. - - - - - 'Bus Meets All Trains.

When you bring your cotton to town, just remember the printer and pay up your subscription. Not that the printer ever needs money, but he likes to rattle a dollar or two in his pocket occasionally.

Merchants can sell their goods if they tell the people what they have. The Sentinel is a good medium through which to talk.

Legal blanks for sale at The Sentinel office.

PLAIN COMMON SENSE GALK.

Having purchased the mercantile business of Mr. J. R. White, we desire to say to the public that it will be our endeavor to keep the business up to the same high standard maintained by our predecessor, and by fair and honest dealing merit the patronage of all. Anything in the grocery line, we keep only the best.

Come to see us. Everything we sell is guaranteed as represented. . .

ROBERTS & ROBERTSON.

SHIELDS BRAND

FITS WELL — SHIELDS BRAND — WEARS WELL

CLOTHING

Don't be talked into taking something "just as good." One trial of the "SHIELDS' BRAND" clothing will convince you that it is the best suit sold for the money.

—FOR SALE BY—

AVERYT & AVERYT

SHELBY, ALA.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months..... 50

Telephone No. 17.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

County court is in session this week.

W. E Merrell, of Shelby, was in town a few hours Monday.

Geo. D. Campbell made trip to Shelby Springs last Sunday.

W. D. Lacey, from beat 19, is in the city this week, a juror in the county court.

Harry Roberts and Henry Chapman visited with relatives in Montevallo last Sunday.

Several of our subscribers have paid us their subscription during past week. There is room for more.

Supt. Walker, of the Shelby Iron Works, accompanied by Mrs. Walker, was in town a few hours Saturday.

If you are going to have holiday goods, tell your friends and customers about what you have through The Sentinel.

Mrs. John S. Pitts was a visitor to Birmingham last Wednesday to hear Henry Walthall in "Under Southern Skies."

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Pope, of Wilsonville, heard Henry Walthall in "Under Southern Skies" in Birmingham last Thursday.

Henry Latham has returned from Montevallo, and is behind the counters of the Latham Drug Co. again. Henry shows the effects of his long illness.

A heavy rain fell all of Monday night. It came in a good time, as it will have a tendency to fill the wells before the winter sets in good and hard.

J. R. White is a delegate from the Methodist church in this city to the North Alabama Conference which is in session in Talladega this week.

Rev. G. T. Harris, pastor of the Methodist church in this city, and Rev. J. G. Walker are attending the North Alabama Conference in Talladega this week.

R. E. Woolley, one of the staunch Democrats of beat 4 and living near Montevallo, was in town Monday for a few hours and made this office a pleasant call.

The many friends of Mrs. Ellie Christian regret that she is very low with pneumonia at the home of her father, W. R A. Milner. She is reported better today.

John Alexander, rural mail carrier on route No. 1 out of Montevallo, was in town last Thursday, and while here called on The Sentinel and renewed his subscription for another year.

Rufus Lester, who has been attending the World's Fair for the past ten days, returned home Monday. Mr. Lester says he would not have missed the trip for anything.

Uncle Ben Cunningham and a Mr. Butler, of Beat 4, are in the city attending county court. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call from these gentlemen on Monday.

A most delightful evening awaits those who may attennd the entertainment of the Harvard Musical Club which is to appear at the Academy on Friday night, December 2d. Of course, you're going; everybody is.

C. C. DuBose will put his two older daughters in the Girls' School at Montevallo, while the youngest one will make her home with Mrs. L. M. Dyke, at Attalla, instead of with Mrs. E. W. Burt as stated in The Sentinel last week.

In this issue will be found the advertisement of Thos. F. Atkinson, who recently purchased the store of D. C. Glenn. Mr. Atkinson asks a share of your patronage and will give you good goods and a square deal every time.

Dr. C. T. Acker, who been in St. Louis for past week or ten days, a witness in a lawsuit, returned home Sunday. J. W. Bandy, of Montevallo, who was in the World's Fair city on the same business, also returned home.

Rev. Mr. Upshaw, who has been pastor of the Baptist church in this city for some time, tendered his resignation last Sunday. He goes to Fort Deposit where he has a larger field of work. Rev. Mr. Upshaw is an excellent man, a good preacher, and he carries with him the best wishes of all Columbiana people who have come to know him during his pastorate in this city.

The attention of Sentinel readers is called to the large advertisement of the Latham Drug Co. in this issue. This company has purchased a large and elaborate stock of holiday goods, and they invite your inspection of the same. Take the little people in to see what the boys have, and at the same time decide on what you want to have laid aside for Christmas for some friend.

The following from the Birmingham News will be of interest to our Montevallo readers: "Announcement is made of the approaching marriage of Miss Mary Frances Bibb, of Montevallo, and Mr. Edgar L. Allen, of this city, on Tuesday, the 22nd of November. Miss Bibb is a member of the faculty of the Montevallo school, and Mr. Allen is a prominent young lawyer of this city. A farewell reception will be tendered Miss Bibb on the afternoon of her wedding day."

Uncle Sam Gist, of Calera, an old patriarch in the newspaper business, was in Columbiana Tuesday looking after some pension warrants for old soldiers' widows who live in and near Calera.

A wreck on the Southern at Nelson's switch last Thursday delayed the passenger trains several hours. Aside from demolishing one car, no damage was done.

Miss Minnie McGibony, of near Nelson, visited friends in the city Tuesday.

E. B. Nelson came down from Walker county last Friday for a few days' visit with his family.

The press throughout the country speaks very highly of the Harvard Musical Club which is to appear at the Academy Friday evening, December 2d.

Miss Driscoll Vincent, of Vincent, who has been a guest of Miss Louise Reynolds for the past few days, returned to her home in Vincent last Sunday.

Mrs. E. J. Harris, of Mumford, was in the city several days last week, visiting at the home of Rev. G. T. Harris. She went down to Montevallo Friday to visit a daughter who is attending school there.

The Sentinel is in receipt of late St Louis papers kindly sent by R. E Bowdon, Superintendent of the Keystone Lime Company, who has been visiting the World's Fair. He returned home Monday of this week.

W. W. Wallace, Jas. N. Robertson, O. O. Bird and R. W. Callaway were visitors to Birmingham last Wednesday to hear Henry Walthall in "Under Southern Skies." Mr. Walthall is a first cousin to Mr. Wallace, is a Shelby county boy, and has many friends here who would have been glad to have seen him in the pretty Southern play.

C. L. O'Neal, of Calera, one of the lime manufacturers of this county and a most excellent man, was in town Tuesday, and while here called and renewed his subscription to The Sentinel. It will be remembered that Mr. O'Neal lost his saw mill by fire some months ago at Varnons but he has rebuilt it and is in better condition than ever before.

The Sentinel is informed that Rev. Joseph Dunglinson will be called by the Presbyterian congregation of this city for their pastor to supply the vacancy caused by the resignation of Rev. W. I. Sinnott. Rev. Mr. Dunglinson has preached in Columbiana several times, and the people here formed a strong liking for him, and they will be glad to learn that he is to be the new pastor of the Presbyterian church.

New County Solicitor.

District Solicitor Bordon H. Burr has appointed J. T. Leeper solicitor for Shelby county, and he received his commission last Monday.

Mr. Leeper is the junior member of the firm of Browne & Leeper, of this city, and is one of the prominent young lawyers of this section of the State. As a practitioner Mr. Leeper has been very successful, and we feel sure that success will attend him as prosecutor for the State in this county. His friends are congratulating him upon his appointment, believing he will serve with credit to himself and to the county.

The Sentinel is informed that Mr. Browne, the senior member of the firm, will not defend in the county court during the time that Mr. Leeper serves as solicitor.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Avery, of Shelby, were in town a few hours last Saturday.

The Harvard Musical Club will be at the Academy, in Columbiana, on Friday evening. December 2d. Bear the date in mind, and be there, for this is one of the finest attractions of the Lyceum course.

The Sentinel enters a protest against the Birmingham papers claiming Henry Walthall as a Birmingham boy. Mr. Walthall was born and reared in this county, within a few miles of Columbiana, and this town is not one of the many suburbs of the Magic City by any means. We do not care to take from Birmingham anything which belongs to it, but we also claim the right to retain our own.

Dr. C. T. Acker, of this city, and J. W. Bandy, of Montevallo, have been in St. Louis for the past ten days, witnesses against the St. Louis Street Railway Company in a suit brought for damages against that corporation. When these gentlemen were in St. Louis some months ago, they witnessed the ejection from a street car of an old man who had paid his fare but whom the conductor said had not. A policeman threw the old man from the train, and otherwise maltreated him. Dr. Acker and Mr. Bandy stood by the side of the old man and saw him pay his fare, and told the conductor as much, but he would not believe them. The difficultiy took place, and the old gentleman, who by the way is a retired merchant of St. Louis, brought suit for damages.

Teacher Wanted.

A teacher is wanted for school District No. 5, in Shelby county, known as Kingdom District. For further information apply to

E. L. CRUMPTON,
J. T. ACKER,
J. A. HOLMES.
Trustees.

Columbiana, Ala., R. F. D. No. 1.

For Rent.

I have for rent a 2-horse farm—standing rent or part of the crop. There is a good four room house on the place. Located two miles from Columbiana on the Tuscaloosa road.

E. B. NELSON,
Columbiana, Ala.

Shelby County Division.

Protection at Home for Widows and Orphans. Cost members last year only $5.45 per $1,000.

Officers: Dr. B. H. Smothers, President, Wilsonville; W. L. Farley, Cashier Columbiana Saving Bank, Secretary and Treasurer.

Directors. Dr. O. E. Black, Dr. B. H. Smothers, J. F. Averyt, N. W. Abbott, E. S. Horton, W. B. Morgan, M. W. Hornsby, Dr. H. B. Lane, Dr. J. C. Walker, Dr. C. C. Oliver, Dr. Horton.

We, the undersigned, endorse and recommend the Shelby County Division of the Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia, as being the safest, cheapest and best insurance offered. The people should encourage and patronize a home institution.

W. L. Farley, H. B. Lane, M. D., Prof. C. H. Florey, J. L. Peters, C. T. Acker, M.D., D. R. McMillan, C. W. O'Hara, M. L. Wooten, C. J. Rabson, Jas. N. Thornton, T. M. Nelson, J. F. Averyt, Dr. B. H. Smothers.

Several agents are at work. From present indications the above Division will have one thousand members in the near future.

Reliable men wanted to represent this popular company. Apply to

T. A. LEATHERS,
Division Agent.

OVERCOATS

Latest Styles and Best Qualities.

CLOTHING!

(Famous Shield's Brand.)

Cold weather is coming on the run, and so will you be soon, for summer clothes must lay by soon for heavier garb.

Ladies Skirts and Jackets.

Dinner Set Free With evey 25 cent cash purchase we give you a ticket giving you a chance to get a 42--piece, hand-painted iron stone China Dinner Set absolutely Free. Henry Davis was given the last set.

We have just received

A Car of Elwood Wire Fencing,

26 to 52 inches in width.

MILNER & CHRISTIAN

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

SNOW, SNOW . . .

Everybody is aware that the winter snow is coming and all will

Wear an Overcoat.

Why not have the old one fixed up, or order a new one? I am here to give the people a chance. I do the work right and guarantee every piece turned out.

All the Work Done at Home,

And a large number of our citizens testify to my workmanship.

Phone 49
P. O. Box, 222.

I. GORDON, the Tailor.

THE

COLUMBIANA LAND COMPANY

Buys and sells on commission real estate in town and country. Any person desiring to buy or sell real estate in Shelby county will find it to their advantage to communicate with this company. We pay all expenses of advertising, &c., and make no charge unless a sale is effected. We have listed several desirable pieces of property. Prompt attention given to all enquiries. Office up-stairs at rear of Browne & Leeper's office. Address Lock Box 232,

Columbiana, Ala.

No. 100. Eight desirable resident lots 100 by 500 feet, in Columbiana, half mile south of court-house, on Sheby street. Terms to suit purchaser; part cash, balance in installments.

No. 101. Good four room house and 32 acres of land in fine cultivation. Only a short distance from Columbiana Graded School. A bargain for some one.

JUST A WORD!

I am now located at the old stand of D. C. Glenn, in Columbiana, and I am putting in a full line of Staple and Fancy Groceries, and will sell at the very lowest price possible for CASH. The best goods for the money is what you are looking for. I have them. I have purchased an excellent stock of

GOOD SHOES

at a very low cost, and am closing them out at wholesale price. I can save you money, and money saved is money made. Come to see me, and get my prices before buying.

THOS. F. ATKINSON.

Walter E. Lester, of Beat 8, was in town yesterday.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS OCT. 31st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$ 51,750	Capital stock paid in	$ 15,000 00
Overdrafts	1,189 57	Undivided profits, less current expenses	3,016 54
Banking House	5,000 00	Individual deposits subject to check	31,639 55
Furniture and Fixtures	2,000 00	Time deposits	3,241 58
Other Real Estate	3,000 00	Notes and bills rediscounted	34,293 79
Due from banks and bankers in this State	8,488 65		
Due from banks and bankers in other States	5,403 67	Total	$ 87,491 46
Currency	6,783 00		
Gold	155 00		
Silver, Nickels and Pennies	718 78		
Checks and cash items	4,011 46		
Total	$ 87,491 46		

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 7th day of November, 1904,

J. T. LEEPER, Notary Public.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guarantee Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

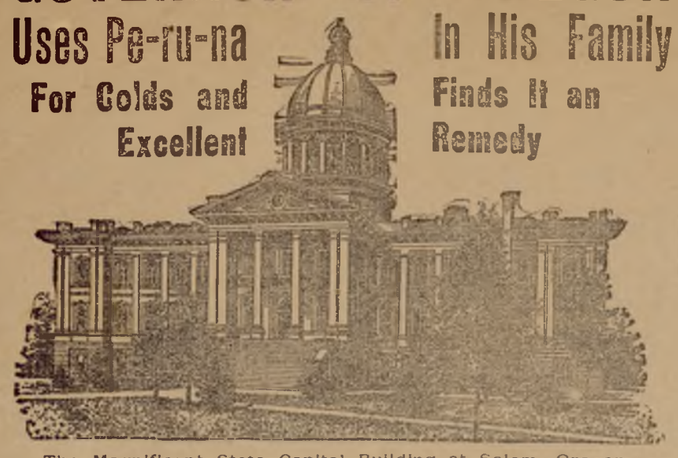
J. K. BROCKMAN, Gen'l Mgr.

Write for particulars. Birmingham, Ala.

GOVERNOR OF OREGON

Uses Pe-ru-na In His Family

For Colds and Excellent Finds It an Remedy



The Magnificent State Capitol Building at Salem, Oregon.

PRAISE FROM THE EX-GOVERNOR OF OREGON.

PERUNA is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Letters of congratulation and commendation testifying to the merits of Peruna as a catarrh remedy are pouring in from every State of the Union.

Dr. Hartman is receiving hundreds of such letters daily. All classes write these letters, from the highest to the lowest.

The outdoor laborer, the indoor artisan, the clerk, the editor, the statesman, the preacher—all agree that Peruna is the catarrh remedy of the age.

The stage and rostrum, recognizing catarrh as their greatest enemy, are especially enthusiastic in their praise and testimony.

Any man who wishes perfect health must be entirely free from catarrh. Catarrh is well-nigh universal; almost omnipresent.

Peruna is the only absolute safeguard known. A cold is the beginning of catarrh. To prevent colds, to cure colds, is to cheat catarrh of its victims.

Peruna not only cures catarrh, but prevents it. Every household should be supplied with this great remedy for coughs, colds and so forth.

The ex-Governor of Oregon is an ardent admirer of Peruna. He keeps it continually in the house.

In a letter to The Peruna Medicine Co. he says:

STATE OF OREGON, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

Dear Sirs:—I have had occasion to use your Peruna medicine in my family for colds, and it proved to be an excellent remedy. I have not had occasion to use it for other ailments.

Yours very truly,
W. M. Lord.

It will be noticed that the ex-Governor says he has not had occasion to use Peruna for other ailments. The reason for this is, most other ailments begin with a cold.

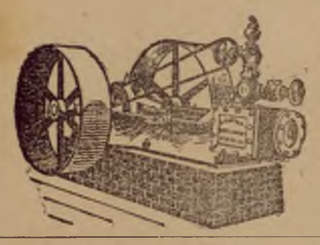
Using Peruna to promptly cure colds, he protects his family against other ailments.

This is exactly what every other family in the United States should do—keep Peruna in the house. Use it for coughs, colds, la grippe and other climatic affections of winter, and there will be no other ailments in the house.

Such families should provide themselves with a copy of Dr. Hartman's free book, entitled "Chronic Catarrh."

Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio. All correspondence held strictly confidential.

J. S. SCHOFIELD'S SONS COMPANY



MANUFACTURERS

High Pressure Return Tubular Boilers
Morison Internally Fired Boilers
High Grade Slide Valve Engines
Transmission Machinery
Heavy Castings
Wrought Iron and Steel Work
Tanks, Stacks and Stand Pipes

Heavy Pipe Work a Specialty

Address Machinery Department

MACON, GEORGIA.

Write Quick FOR A Big Bargain

To better advertise the South's Leading Business College, four scholarships are offered young persons of this county at less than cost. WRITE TODAY.

GA-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

The treaty between Tibet and England was written on an enormous sheet of paper, as the Tibetans, for superstitious reasons, objected to signing any document that occupied more than one sheet.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The Chinese still make the best india ink.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

An immense flower market is to be built in New York City.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900

Our railways handle about $12,000,000 worth of grain a year

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion; never fails. Sold by Druggists. Mail orders promptly filled by Dr. E. Detchon, Crawfordsville, Ind. $1.

Motor cars for desert traveling will arrive at Khartoum.

SLOANS LINIMENT
50¢ AND $1.00 CURES HOG CHOLERA
SEND FOR CIRCULAR WITH DIRECTIONS
DR. EARL S. SLOAN & CO. ALBANY ST. BOSTON, MASS.

Avery & Company

SUCCESSORS TO
AVERY & McMILLAN,
51-53 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.
—ALL KINDS OF—
MACHINERY

Reliable Frick Engines. Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.

BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH.

Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors. Full line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for free Catalogue.

Am. 48, 1904.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Pleased His Caller.

Yesterday evening, as the shadows had begun to lengthen and indicate the close of another day, a woman, driving a prancing steed hitched to a rubber-tired buggy, came to our office. "I am Mrs. J. B. Snodgrass," she said, "and I notice that you said in your paper that I was posing as a clairvoyant." "Don't remember just what was said," we replied. Picking up the paper, the woman of fast horses and pretty hounds pointed out the article that had made her angry. We had to own up to the corn. "I want you to understand that my husband is a drummer running out of Wichita. He supports me, and I do not have to be a clairvoyant to earn a living. The Chanute papers have lied about me repeatedly. I have ridden astride all my life, and I intend to do so in the future. As for my hounds, I will say that I have had as many as fifteen at one time, and, furthermore, I race them, and I also race horses. I am a great woman for out-of-door sports." We told her we thought she drove a nice horse, and she seemed pleased and went away.—Coffeyville (Kan.) Record.

Life Worth Living Now.

The hustling borough of Belleville is not asleep. A new water line is the latest improvement. Belleville is now ready to receive congratulations on this added improvement. Think of the difference between drinking pure, sparkling, soft water and filthy well or stale cistern water; think of the difference between having the water always at hand, ready to come forth at a turn of the spigot, and walking a block or two to wear out your neighbor's pump; think of the difference between having your wife lay awake at night in order that she may rout you out at two minutes past 3 o'clock on Monday morning to carry wash water from your neighbor's pump, and the pleasure of snoozing on until daylight while your thrifty better half lets the water run into those once hated tubs; think of the pleasure it gives you to know that your town is rapidly moving onward and keeping up with the outside world; truly, Belleville deserves congratulation.—Belleville (Pa.) Times.

In ten years the total value of the mineral products of the United States increased from $527,097,279 to $1,419,721,569.

General Bull, of Alton, Kans., once took all the inhabitants of his town to a circus.

A Suicidal Record.

The chief medical examiner of the Royal Arcanum reports that 103 members committed suicide during 1903. Among the supposed causes were: Domestic trouble, sixteen; financial difficulties, twenty-six; ill health, thirty-one; loss of employment, ten.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Tagging Fishes.

The United States Fish Commission has contracted the small boys' habit of tagging fishes. Metal tags are fastened to marine fishes, which are let loose in the ocean with the idea of identifying them in case they are caught at any future time.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

Only the home can found a state.—Joseph Cooke.

It is the wise head that makes the still tongue.—W. J. Lucas.

It's a good thing to know what to say and when not to say it.

Drunkenness is nothing else but a mere voluntary madness.—Seneca.

Some men mistake an attack of payrollism for a spasm of patriotism.

A coxcomb is ugly all over with the affectation of the fine gentleman.—Johnson.

Covetousness swells the principal to no purpose, and lessens the use to all purposes.—Jeremy Taylor.

We can help make people bright by our keenness, but we can never accomplish anything toward making people good except by our tenderness.—C. H. Parkhurst, D.D.

Who is the happiest of men? He who values the merits of others and in their pleasure takes joy, even as though it were his own.—J. S. Blackie.

PREHISTORIC SAFETY PINS.

Said to Have Been Invented in the Bronze Age.

Mr. R. C. Bosanquet, director of the British school at Athens, described in a recent address delivered in London this year's excavations at Heleia (Palaikastro) and Praisos, in eastern Crete, the discoveries including terra cotta figures of goddesses, delicately carved ivory, statuettes, with figures of conventional crocodiles, betraying indirect Egyptian influence, also seals of ivory and steatite, a miniature gold bird, daggers, sickles, beaked jugs, bronze implements, beads and vases, and a steatite libation table engraved with Minoan linear script. At Praisos a temple on the summit seems to have been thrown over the cliff, presumably when the Hierapytnians destroyed the town about the third or fourth century before our era, the inscriptions showing that it was probably the temple of Dictaean Zens mentioned by Strabo. A later cemetery, containing larnax burials, yielded bronze implements, beads and vases like those in the palance magazines. Mr. Bosanquet also described numerous architectural inscriptions found during the researches at Praisos, the most important one being in the ancient Eteocretan language, hitherto known only from one or two inscriptions, and being in Greek characters of the third or fourth century before our era.

In the same section Professor Oscar Montelius (Stockholm) spoke of the Geometric Period in Greece, and mentioned that the safety-pin (fibula) was invented in the later Bronze Age, and also that the Geometric style was not derived from the countries north of Greece, all the ornaments characteristic of this style being earlier in Greece than in other parts of Europe. The Geometric Period began in the twelfth century B. C.

Professor Valdemar Schmidt did coursed of the latest discoveries in prehistoric science in Denmark, and said that trumpets of the Bronze Age found in Denmark are even now played annually in public on St. John's Day. It has been discovered lately what kinds of corn, wheat and barley were used in the prehistoric days of Denmark by impressions of grains found on pottery made, probably, on what had previously been a threshing-floor.

Japan the Cherry-Blossom Land.

In America we have our own cherry blossoms only in cultivated orchards, where they are admired more for what they promise than for what they are, but in Japan it is different. Here the cherry trees are purely ornamental, and they bear no fruit. They are planted everywhere and grow wild where they are not planted. The hills, covered with the deep green of the pines, are mottled everywhere with the lighter green of the cherry leaves, and in the springtime Japan is indeed the land of the cherry blossom. All along the Katsuragawa (gawa is Japanese for river) there are beautiful little houses which the people rent and live in just during the cherry season, and they must be happy indeed under the serene blue sky, where the noise of the swift little river murmuring over its rocky bed is the only sound to break the sweet silence. To the foot of Arashiyama, where we stopped, the people came by thousands from Kioto and surrounding villages to drink tea in the little white tea-houses nestling in the leafage, and to worship the beautiful flower that is to them the best expression of their national life.—Eleanor Franklin's Japan Letter in Leslie's Weekly.

The Boy and the Flag.

The board of education of Orange, N. J., is considering the question of allowing boys in the public schools to raise the flag each morning as a reward for good behavior. At present the janitor has the job. As janitors are models of deportment, nothing is gained by allowing them to raise the flag. On the other hand, what could make a boy more inclined to subdue the old man Adam in him than the prospect of being allowed to raise the flag over the school building? The Orange educators think that the plan would foster patriotism. At any rate, it might serve to discourage deviltry in ingenious youth. Still, it is possible to suspect and there are grounds for the suspicion that in case of war, the "baddest" boys would be among the first to volunteer. Let goodness have all due honor, but the fighting bad boy is often very useful to his country.—Everybody's Magazine.

Evidently a Mistake.

Him—I envy Jack De Borem. He takes life so easy.

Her—You must be mistaken as to his taking life easy.

Him—Why do you think so?

Her—He tried to talk me to death last night.—Chicago News.

A score of people in Paris fish in the river for corks as a means of livelihood. One Parisian earns a living by skimming the Seine of the grease he finds on the surface.

A London physician says blonde women are more subject to heart disease than brunettes.

In 1820 James Monroe received 231 electoral votes to one cast for John Quincy Adams, a majority of 230.

Great interest has been aroused in Pueblo, Colo., over the announcement that a gold mine has been discovered almost within the city limits.

Emperor William is having a statue of Admiral Koligny erected before the palace as one of his ancestors. The unveiling will take place in December.

The house in Portland, Me., where Longfellow was born is now a tenement in the poorer part of the city, mostly inhabited by Irish.

The wife of Admiral Uriu is a Vassar girl, and on her return to the east, after her graduation, the Japanese government expressed its appreciation of the many courtesies shown by presenting to the college a pair of magnificent Japanese vases. They stand two feet high, and are of bronze, ornamented with delicate flowers of beaten gold.

"The Prison of Ten Thousand" is the name given to the fortress monastery of Mar Saba on the Dead sea. Not many years ago there were actually 10,000 monks living in this retreat, and even today there are more than 1,000 left. The monastery is one of the oldest in the world, having been founded some 1,300 years ago by Euthymius, who lived there in a cave. The Empress Eudoxia formed a romantic attachment for this anchorite, and built near by a tower, which still exists, from which she might watch him, for, true to his vows, Euthymius utterly refused ever to see or speak to a woman. Now the tower is inhabited by a watchman, who keeps constant guard against the incursions of prowling Arabs. Many of the inmates go mad from the horror and desolation of their surroundings. No woman is permitted to come within sight of Mar Saba.

"WHACKS"

And What They Mean.

When Old Mother Nature gives you a "whack" remember "there's a reason" so try and say "thank you" then set about finding what you have done to demand the rebuke, and try and get back into line, for that's the happy place after all.

Curious how many highly organized people fail to appreciate and heed the first little, gentle "whacks" of the good old Dame, but go right along with the habit whatever it may be, that causes her disapproval. Whiskey, Tobacco, Coffee, Tea or other unnatural treatment of the body, until serious illness sets in or some chronic disease.

Some people seem to get on very well with those things for awhile, and Mother Nature apparently cares but little what they do.

Perhaps she has no particular plans for them and thinks it little use to waste time in their training.

There are people, however, who seem to be selected by Nature to "do things." The Old Mother expects them to carry out some department of her great work. A portion of these selected ones oft and again seek to stimulate and then deaden the tool (the body) by some one or more of the drugs—Whiskey, Tobacco, Coffee, Tea, Morphine, etc.

You know all of these throw down the same class of alkaloids in Chemical analysis. They stimulate and then depress. They take from man or woman the power to do his or her best work.

After these people have drugged for a time, they get a hint, or mild "whack" to remind them that they have work to do, a mission to perform, and should be about the business, but are loafing along the wayside and become unfitted for the fame and fortune that waits for them if they but stick to the course and keep the body clear of obstructions so it can carry out the behests of the mind.

Sickness is a call to "come up higher." These hints come in various forms. It may be stomach trouble or bowels, heart, eyes, kidneys or general nervous prostration. You may depend upon it when a "whack" comes it's a warning to quit some abuse and do the right and fair thing with the body.

Perhaps it is Coffee drinking that offends. That is one of the greatest causes of human disorder among Americans.

Now then if Mother Nature is gentle with you and only gives light, little "whacks" at first to attract attention, don't abuse her consideration, or she will soon hit you harder, sure.

And you may also be sure she will hit you very, very hard if you insist on following the way you have been going.

It seems hard work to give up a habit, and we try all sorts of plans to charge our ill feelings to some other cause than the real one.

Coffee drinkers when ill will attribute the trouble to bad food, malaria, overwork and what not, but they keep on being sick and gradually getting worse until they are finally forced to quit entirely, even the "only one cup a day." Then they begin to get better, and unless they have gone long enough to set up some fixed organic disease, they generally get entirely well.

It is easy to quit coffee at once and for all, by having well made Postum, with its rich, deep, seal brown color which comes to the beautiful golden brown when good cream is added, and the crisp snap of good, mild Java is there if the Postum has been boiled long enough to bring it out.

It pays to be well and happy for good old Mother Nature then sends us her blessings of many and various kinds and helps us to gain fame and fortune.

Strip off the handicaps, leave out the deadening habits, heed Mother Nature's hints, quit being a loser and become a winner. She will help you sure if you cut out the things that keep you back.

"There's a reason" and a profound one.

Look in each package for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

TOWER OF LONDON.

Famous Building Is Older Than Any European Palace.

Possibly few persons are aware that in comparison with the tower the palaces and prisons throughout Europe are modern creations. Hepworth Dixon establishes this fact clearly in his admirable history. The oldest bit of palace in Europe—that of the west front of the Burg in Vienna—is the time of Henry VIII. The Kremlin in Moscow, the Doge's palace in Venice, are of the fourteenth century. The seraglio in Stamboul was built by Mahomet II. The oldest part of the vatican was commenced by Borgia, whose name it bears. The old Louvre was begun in the reign of Henry VIII.; the Tuilleries in that of Elizabeth. In the time of our civil war Versailles was yet a swamp.

The 16th century claims the Escurial; the 18th, San Souci. Jerusalem's Serail is a Turkish edifice; the palaces of Athens, Cairo, Teheran, are all of modern date. So it is, too, with the prisons. With the sole exception of St. Angelo in Rome all are of modern date as compared with that one from which Ralph Flambard escaped in the year 1100, the date of the first crusade.

The crown jewels in the tower are worth, it may be supposed, some £3,000,000. Everything of state regalia is there, with one notable exception. The Koh-i-Nor is represented by a crystal. Queen Alexandra wears the original, on great occasions, as part of her personal jewels. The tower has been the sovereign's strong room for the storing of treasure ever since tower dwelling monarchs were. The old jewel house itself was built simultaneously with the royal mint, when that establishment was within the tower walls.

The only attempt to steal the treasure is historic. It was the feat of that picturesque villain, Col. Blood. He had ingratiated himself with the deputy keeper of the jewels, had gone so far as to propose a match between his ward and the daughter of the official. All went smoothly. The bogus swain turned up to be inspected; with him three others and the colonel. They beat and gagged the old man, secured the crown, orb and scepter, and were just making off, when, by the strangest coincidence, the son of the jewel keeper arrived from Flanders.

The scene which followed would do credit to the dramatist. The colonel, disguised as a clergyman, had the crown concealed beneath his cassock, and added his voice to the hue and cry, "Stop the villain," he roared. He had reached his horse before the imposture was discovered. When they made for him he turned and fired in the face of the men nearest him. The pistol missed fire, and the crown was saved; but not uninjured. Trampled in the mud, its jewels were all knocked out, and many of them lost. An apprentice found the great pearl, a scavenger the biggest diamond. "Well, it was a gallant deed; it was to gain a crown," was all Blood had to say as they carried him a prisoner to the dungeons.

But no ill befell him for this and other treason. He had played for high stakes before, had attempted to surprise Dublin Castle and capture the Duke of Ormonde, and that failing, had coolly laid his plans to seize and hang him when he returned to London. The outcome of all was that, confessing to having plotted to take his sovereign's life, he was granted a pension, and lived and died in the odor of sanctity at court.

All this took place in the Martin tower, which is haunted to this day, you are desired to believe. The ghost is that of Harry Percy, ninth earl of Northumberland, who spent 14 years of his life a prisoner there. The wizard earl, they called him. For his companions he had Raleigh, working on his mystic preparation which he hoped would produce an elixir of life; and Heriot Allen, Torperley, his Magi, as they were known. This little coterie discovered sun spots before the alert eye of Galileo had detected their existence, and was the first to detect the satellites of Jupiter. When, at the end of his long imprisonment, the earl returned to his home, he founded a library from which half the learning of following years had its inspiration. Only a sun dial, fixed by Heriot's own hands, remains to commemorate that remarkable fellowship which did so much for the glory of English science.—St. James Gazette.

Great Shavers.

The feature at the industrial exposition last night was a shaving contest for a gold medal valued at $10. The contest was one continued from last Thursday night. There were three entries, Sam Rubenstein, C. B. Miller and Roy Jenks.

When the barbers and the victims who were ready to sacrifice themselves on the tonsorial altar mounted the platform a deep hush fell upon the crowd. It was followed by wild applause as the first of the contestants emerged from a cloud of lather and flying whiskers and the victim bobbed up smiling serenely. Then the other two had their try at the shaving, and the judges, after a consultation with the timekeeper announced that the medal was awarded to Sam Rubenstein for completing his work in a skilful manner in twenty-six seconds. Roy Jenks shaved his man in thirty seconds and C. B. Miller in thirty-four seconds.—St. Paul Pioneer-Press.

Smart Women in Maine.

Somerset county is bragging a bit on its smart women. An East Skowhegan correspondent started the ball a-rolling and other towns are reporting. For instance, one of Larone's smart women ran the mowing machine to cut 35 tons of hay, did all the raking, helped load and unload and did the housework for a family of five, which includes a young child, and is very much alive today. And from Brown's Corner: Mrs. John Richards has assisted in doing the housework for 13 in the family and did all the baking on four farms, and when her husband cut the hay on the fourth farm she did the housework all alone for 21 men and did the raking.—Lewiston Journal.

Women who work, whether in the house, store, office or factory, very rarely have the ability to stand the strain. The case of Miss Frankie Orser, of Boston, Mass., is interesting to all women, and adds further proof that woman's great friend in need is **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered misery for several years. My back ached and I had bearing down pains, and frequent headaches. I would often wake from a restful sleep in such pain and misery that it would be hours before I could close my eyes again. I dreaded the long nights and weary days. I could do no work. I consulted different physicians hoping to get relief, but, finding that their medicines did not cure me, I tried **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** as it was highly recomended to me. I am glad that I did so, for I soon found that it was the medicine for my case. Very soon I was rid of every ache and pain and restored to perfect health. I feel splendid, have a fine appetite, and have gained in weight a lot."—MISS FRANKIE ORSER, 14 Warrenton St., Boston, Mass.

Surely you cannot wish to remain weak, sick and discouraged, and exhausted with each day's work. Some derangement of the feminine organs is reponsible for this exhaustion, following any kind of work or effort. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you just as it has thousands of other women.

The case of Mrs. Lennox, which follows, proves this.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Last winter I broke down suddenly and had to seek the advice of a doctor. I felt sore all over, with a pounding in my head, and a dizziness which I had never experienced before. I had a miserable appetite, nothing tasted good, and gradually my health broke down completely. The doctor said I had female weakness, but, although I took his medicine faithfully, I found no relief.

"After two months I decided to try what a change would do for me, and as **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** was strongly recommended to me I decided to try it. Within three days I felt better, my appetite returned, and I could sleep. In another week I was able to sit up part of the day, and in ten days more I was well. My strength had returned, I gained fourteen pounds, and felt better and stronger than I had for years. I gratefully acknowledge its merits. Very sincerely yours, MRS. BERT E. LENNOX, 120 East 4th St., Dixon, Ill."

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOES

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

The reason W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world is because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes and the high-grade leathers used, you would understand why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day, and why the sales for the year ending July 1, 1904, were $4,263,040.00.

W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it—take no substitute. Sold by shoe dealers everywhere.

SUPERIOR IN FIT, COMFORT AND WEAR.

"I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for the last twelve years with absolute satisfaction. I find them superior in fit, comfort and wear to others costing from $5.00 to $7.00."—H. S. MCCUE, Dept. Coll., U. S. Int. Revenue, Richmond, Va.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest Patent Leather made. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Massachusetts.

BLACH'S

CHRISTMAS GIFTS FOR MEN and BOYS

If you want a book that describes Christmas Gifts most dear to the hearts of men and boys--a handsome Big Value Book of wearables--Write to J. Blach & Sons, 1912-14 First avenue, Birmingham, Ala., and say you want the Free Book. This is the only clothing mail order house that pays delivery charges.

BLACH'S

Honduras is complaining of a dearth of candy.

No More Blind Horses For Specific Ophthalmia Moon Blindness & other Sore Eyes, Barry Co., Iowa City, Ia., have a sure cure

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., DECEMBER 1 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 11

IN THE FAR EAST

Great Attack on Port Arthur Progressing. Definite Results Expected Hourly.

TRENCHES 20 PACES APART.

In the Silence of the Night Voices of Opposing Armies Can Be Distinguished.

Tokio—The general attack on Port Arthur is progressing but the results are unknown. Generals Nakamura and Salto, leading specially trained bodies of swordsmen, charged into the Russian lines and engaged the Russians in a hand-to-hand and bloody encounter. The result of the charges has not been learned.

Mukden—At Tinshinpu, of which the northern half is in Russian hands and the southern is held by Japanese, the trenches are twenty paces apart, and it is possible in the silence of the night to distinguish the voices of the Japanese.

Use Old Style Guns.

Fidaytown, six miles east of Shakhe—Since November 23, there have been light engagements day and night. On November 24 Japanese artillery began firing on Norgorod Hill, using old style cast iron shells with copper bands. Scratches on these shells, Russian artillerymen say, indicate that they were fired from worn out guns.

It is evident that the Japanese are exerting every effort to increase the number of their guns, and in view of their lack of quick firing artillery, they are bringing up guns of old construction. This is confirmed by statements made by Chinese that large numbers of worn out cannon are in Liao Yang. On November 24, an artillery duel took place. The Japanese bombarded Poutiloff (Lone Tree) Hill, the Russians replying but not vigorously.

Japs Use Pocket Stoves.

Field Headquarters, General Kuroki's Army—A light snow storm left two inches of snow on the ground. Along the tops of the hills where is located in many places the advanced lines of General Kuroki's army, the snow is deeper. The soldiers are living in earthen burrows, and shelters constructed of cornstalks and are able to keep warm through the freezing nights.

It is impossible to build camp fires in the trenches and bivouac within sight of the enemy. For warmth the soldiers depend on charcoal fires in "shibachis" pocket stoves. Some supplies of charcoal was brought from Japan, but most of it has been purchased in Manchuria. The army has employed many coolies cutting trees and making charcoal since early last summer, forseeing the present need of it.

Preparing for Great Struggle.

Mukden—The lapse of six weeks without fighting on any large scale, confirming the belief that the opposing armies have rested for the winter together with the unexpected demonstration of force which the Russians have been able to make since the depletion of their army as the result of the fighting on the Shakhe emphasizes conclusively the failure of the Japanese and their most plausible plans for earliest occupation of Manchuria.

This outcome taken in connection with the general situation appears to guarantee that with the opening of spring there will begin a contest far more terrible than any yet fought and points to the termination of the war in the next campaign. It is still possible that there will be a general attack during the winter, but the weather is now broken and uncertain and seemingly renders it impossible for the troops of either army to abandon their present shelters.

Gradual alterations have taken place in the different departments of the Russian army since the abolition of the viceroyalty as Alexieff's partners have returned to Europe with him.

The hostilities are characterized by individual efforts of a most daring and dangerous character. One outcome of the close relations between the Russians and Japanese along the Shakhe river is the occasional blowing up of houses by the opposing outposts and the snipping of their occupants.

The Chinese authorities have taken preliminary steps to bring grain into the north and to store it for the use of the starving farmers and villagers. This action was brought about by the destitution which is prevalent for some twenty miles behind the Russian army.

Gen. Lew Wallace is 73 and dying of live to see 100

Paul Kruger's Will Shows Large Fortune.

New York—Paul Kruger, the late president of the Transvaal republic, left a fortune estimated by the Amsterdam correspondent of the World at $3,750,000. He had bequeathed $125,000 to the various societies in Holland and sums to all the funds opened after the South African war for the support of the widows and orphans. Bequests hlso were made for the maintenance of the Dutch language.

NO JURISDICTION.

Impeachment Proceedings Are Quashed Because it Was Shown Court Had No Power to Act.

Montgomery, Ala.—The action of the supreme court on Saturday in striking from the records of that court the impeachment proceedings brought by the attorney general against Sheriff A. D. Rodgers, of Madison county, brings to light another oversight on the part of the last legislature in not carrying into effect the provisions of the constitution which authorized the attorney general to institute impeachment proceedings against the sheriffs by filing his information with the supreme court. The attorneys for Sheriff Rodgers moved to quash the proceedings on three grounds: First, that the governor did not have the power to order the attorney general to institute the proceedings. Second, that the attorney general did not have the power to institute the proceedings, and third, that the supreme court did not have jurisdiction. The attorneys asked that the information be stricken from the record and the court did so.

Jefferson Comes Up Monday.

The supreme court Saturday adjourned until Monday, when the Sixth division will be taken up. This division is composed of the following counties: Blount, Cullman, Fayette, Jefferson, Lamar, Pickens, Marion, Tuscaloosa. The next division to be taken up will be the third, which is composed of the following counties: Autauga, Butler, Conecuh, Escambia, Lowndes and Montgomery.

Examination in Chilton.

State Examiner of Public Accounts J. T. Gorman has returned from Chilton county, where he went to examine the accounts of the officials of that county.

Appointments.

The following appointments were made by the governor Saturday: Notaries public—T. F. Caput, of Ensley; E. H. Glenn, Seale; Robert A. Morris, Birmingham; H. L. Oberkiarch, Mobile; S. O. Smith, Cottonwood.

Attend Test.

Among the state house officials that attended the test of the Lowry cotton picker Saturday afternoon on Mr. McLemore's plantation were: Governor Cunningham, J. K. Jackson, J. C. Adams, Gen. R. F. Ligon, Capt. W. M. Seldon, Walter Brassell, Dr. Shirley Bragg, G. F. Sedberry, Joel Miller.

WILL NOT CONTEST.

This Announcement Is Made By B. W. Walker, Whom He Defeated. Question May Be Raised.

Mr. B. W. Walker, the republican candidate for congress from the Fifth district of Alabama, will not contest the seating of Mr. Thomas Heflin, the successful democratic candidate, as has been rumored.

Mr. J. O. Thompson, chairman of the state republican executive committee, in speaking of the report that Mr. Walker would enter a contest, said this morning:

"Mr. Walker will not make a contest. The republicans of the Fifth district made a very active canvass and many republican votes were secured in places where no republican votes had previously been cast. The gains were substantial and the republicans are satisfied with the showing made. However, there is no doubt but Mr. Heflin secured a large majority of the people of the district. For these reasons no contest will be entered by Mr. Walker."

Question May Be Raised.

Continuing, Mr. Thompson said: "If there is any question raised as to the seating of Mr. Heflin, and I am sure the question will be raised, it will not be through Mr. Walker, and if Mr. Heflin is denied a seat, it will not be that a republican may occupy it. On the other hand, if Mr. Heflin is unseated, then there will be a vacancy in the Fifth district and another election will be in order."

"Will an effort be made to prevent Mr. Heflin from serving the term to which he was elected?" was asked.

"I am positive of it," was the reply.

The effort to prevent Mr. Heflin serving his term, as indicated by Mr. Thompson, grows out of the utterances of Mr. Heflin in his congressional race.

Good Iron Orders.
Englishmen Will Visit the South.

New York.—It is probable that the Lancashire Cotton association will accept an invitation extended by the municipalities, cotton exchanges and chambers of commerce to visit the southern states of America, according to a Times dispatch from London.

Some objection is made to the invitation on the ground that the New England and Southern manufacturers' associations are not concerned in it. It has also been urged by some Lancashire manufacturers that the invitation is in the interest of American growers and in opposition to the British Cotton Growers' association. This suggestion, however, does not seem to have great support.

The "Don" Quixotes still survive. British fishing smacks are no more like Japanese torpedo boats than windmills are like giants.

There are so many new fashions this season that it will take three or four meetings of the missionary society to try out all of them, declares the Bristol (Vt.) Courier.

COTTON CONVENTION.

Governors of the Cotton Ctates Will Each Appoint One Hundred Delegates.

Shreveport—In order to systematically defend the cotton crop and the industries dependent upon it, a national cotton convention has been called to meet in Shreveport, December 12th, 13th, 14th, and 15th, 1904. The governors of the cotton states are each appointing one hundred delegates. The various cotton exchanges and associations throughout the country have been asked to send representatives, and no pains will be spared to make this national cotton convention a medium through which a definite campaign against the weevil will be organized, and the nation's greatest crop protected.

The weevil has this past season, spread by natural migration, as much as 50 miles north and east into previously uninfested territory, and in a few years will, if unchecked, extend its invasions to the northern and eastern limits of the cotton belt. To delay an intelligent and united action aganst ths foe, will mean financial embarrassment to the cotton farmers and to the industries they support.

World's Visible Supply of Cotton.

New Orleans—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, made up from special cable and telegraphic advices, compares the figures of this week with last week, last year and the year before.

It shows an increase for the week just closed of 215,896, against an increase of 156,063 last year and an increase of 78,490 year before last.

The total visible is 3,874,078, against 3,658,182 last week, 3,342,996 last year and 3,259,754 year before last.

Of this the total of American cotton is 3,326,078, against 3,129,182 last week, 2,847,996 last year and 2,780,754 year before last and of all other kinds including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 548,000, against 529,000 last week, 495,000 last year and 479,000 year before last.

The total world's visible supply of cotton, as above, shows an increase compared with last week of 215,896 an increase compared with last year of 531,082, and an increase compared with year before last of 614,324.

Of the world's visible supply of cotton, as above, there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and continental Europe 1,892,000, against 1,687,000 last year and 1,420,000 year before last; in Egypt 149,000, against 150,000 last year and 152,000 year before last; in India 187,000, against 130,000 last year and 138,000 year before last, and in the United States 1,646,000, against 1,376,000 last year and 1,550,000 year before last.

West Point Defeats Navy.

The Annapolis eleven failed to score in the gridiron battle held in this city Saturday, West Point winning by a score of 11 to 0.

An immense crowd witnessed the game. This was the last big game of the season.

From the standpoint of foreign exchange the cotton crop is much the most important crop raised in this country. Notwithstanding the large increase in the consumption of cotton in the United States—the cotton spindles in this country having increased from 19,008,000 to over 22,300,000 in the last three years—close to 65 per cent of the cotton crop raised in this country every year is exported. The average annual percentage of the domestic product exported from 1879 to 1883 was over 67 per cent. The average amount exported from 1899 to 1903 was 64.53 per cent. These figures show that while the consumption of cotton in the United States is rapidly increasing, the largest part of the crop is still exported.

The value of our cotton exports is very much greater than the wheat and corn exports. The agricultural department estimated that of the 670,000,000 bushel wheat crop of 1902 there was exported 202,900,000 bushels. Even at 90 cents a bushel—a higher price than was received—the total value of the wheat exports in 1902 was only $182,000,000. The wheat exports in 1903 were very much smaller. Should the cotton crop prove to be larger than 11,000,000 bales, or the price average more than 10 cents a pound, the value of the cotton exports will be correspondingly larger. It is perfectly safe to say that the value of the cotton exports this year will amount to something like 2 1-2 times as much as the value of the wheat exports.

The decline in the foreign exchange market which occurs regularly every fall, and the imports of gold from Europe which are almost always made at that season of the year, is largely due to the enormous amount of cotton bills which come into the market during September, October and November. During these three months last year something like $300,000,000 of cotton bills came into the market.

Tall Building is Opposed.

The proposition to build a twelve-story office building on the space now occupied by the fountain in the public square at Montgomery has aroused the women of the city, and they made a warm protest at a meeting of the council committee Saturday. There is almost general opposition to putting the building on this spot.

REORGANIZATION NOT NECESSARY

Democrats in Congress Say All Such Talk is Premature.

DON'T KNOW WHERE THEY ARE.

Former Leader Richardson Thinks Nothing Can Be Done at Present.

Washington, D. C.—It is hard to find among the democratic senators and members of the house who have arrived in Washington a single one in favor of the proposed "reorganization" of the democratic party. Practically every member scouts the idea and many declare it extremely ridiculous.

"Before we do anthing at all," said Representative Livingston, of Georgia, "we had better sit down, light some good long cigars and try to find out where we are at. I don't think we know exactly what has happened yet, except that we were snowed under unmercifully. It is entirely too early to undertake anything like reorganization."

Senators McCreary, of Kentucky, and Daniel, of Virginia, share the general opinion that democrats should go right ahead as if nothing had happened and that the events to transpire in the next four years will determine the issues in the next campaign and incidentally the fate of the democratic party. Old-line democrats point out the fact that the party has recuperated from defeats as severe as the recent landslide and say cheerfully that the pendulum may swing to the other extreme four years hence.

Representative James M. Richardson, of Tennessee, former floor leader of the democrats in the house, is of the opinion that all talk of reorganizing the democratic party is premature, and in fact, uncalled for. "What we want to do first," said Mr. Richardson, "is to ascertain why we were defeated. In order to do this we must wait until the popular vote in the presidential election is tabulated, and we can then analyze it. It is my present opinion that the defeat of the democratic party was due largely to democrats staying at home and not voting. Then, too, we lost some votes to Watson and Debs. It is too early yet to talk about future policies. The events of the next four years will largely determine the campaign issues.

"It now looks like the only hope the democrats have is that the republicans will fall of their own weight. Political history shows that this has happened and we democrats can only hope that it will happen again."

Poultry Exhibit.

Tuscumbia, Ala.—The catalogue of the sixth annual exhibit of the North Alabama Poultry and Pet Stock association was issued yesterday containing a list of the premiums offered by the association in the approaching show. The exhibition will begin on the day after Christmas and will continue until the last day of the year. The prospects are very favorable and the officers of the association believe that this will be the largest show of the kind ever held here. Poultry fanciers in all sections of Alabama and many neighboring states have expressed intention of entering some of their poultry and the class will no doubt be higher than in any previous exhibition here. F. J. Marshall, of Atlanta, has been engaged as judge.

Young Woman Admitted to Bar of Alabama.

Miss Octye Lee Womack, of Gadsden, has been admitted to the Bar. Miss Womack passed a very satisfactory examination.

Mexican matches are frequently two-headed.

Frank Duncan Executed.

Frank Duncan, the murderer of Officer Kirkley and desperado, was executed in the yard of the county jail at Birmingham Friday.

Duncan maintained he was innocent to the end. His last words were "May God forgive me for what I have done."

He went to the scaffold calmly, game, with almost exaggerated nerve. There was no struggle, his neck was broken by the fall and the subsequent life consisted only of spasmodic heart beats.

This ends the story of one of the worst characters with which Alabama has ever had to deal.

Mantle of Snow Covers Armies.

Mukden.—The Jananese November 24th again made a preliminary bombardment of Poutiloff hill under the cover of which they attacked but were repulsed. There were encounters at other places along the front, but they were in the nature of small brushes and mostly took place at night. Yesterday there was al ight fall of snow and the surrounding country now has all the appearance of winter.

SAW FAIR IN ONE DAY.

Visited Every Building

St. Louis, Mo.—Never have more perfect conditions prevailed since the opening of the World's Fair than those that marked Saturday, which was devoted to a tour through the exposition by President Roosevelt, accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Alice Roosevelt and members of the president's party. It was strictly a day of pleasure and not the slightest incident arose to mar the perfect enjoyment of the occasion.

The heralded announcement that the chief executive would visit the exposition drew tremenduous throngs and to guard him from possible danger that might menace him, secret service men, soldiers and police guards abounded, but they had very little to do in preserving order. The sentiment seemed to be unanimous in the minds of the thousands of spectators that President Roosevelt was the guest of each one and each did his best to preserve order. The consequence was that those in authority had only to designate their wishes and instantly the crowds parted, passageways were cleared and hindrances quickly removed that every moment of the president's limited time might be occupied in seeing the exposition.

"Ths is marvelous," he said. "It is beyond description and exceeds my fondest expectations. I have had the best time I ever had in my life and I have seen more than I ever expected to see in one day's time."

From 10 o'clock in the forenoon until 6 in the evening the distinguished visitors followed an arranged schedule, hurried from one building to the next, from one part of the grounds to another and overlooking nothing of interest. From the start until the end of the tour Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Alice accompanied the president and fatigue was forgotten in the enjoyment of the day.

Sees Filipino Village.

The rest of the day was spent in the Filipino exposition reservation. Guards had cleared the area of visitors and the entire place was given over to inspection by the presidential party.

During the hour and a half spent in the Filipino section every portion was inspected. In the Igorrote village Chief Antonio who has been to Washington and met the president, presented him with an album containing forty photographs of Igorrotes. A class of the natives then sang "America" in the English tongue, having learned it since they came to the exposition.

At the Ienao Moro village the natives presented a beaten silver dish and a set of silver bottles to the president, who, in accepting, said:

"I thank you very much for this gift. My aim is to help you increase your happiness and prosperity, and I am very glad to meet you on this side of the water."

Atlanta and Birmingham Knit By Another Band of Steel.

The last rail that forms the connecting link of the Seaboard Air Line between Birmingham and Atlanta was laid Saturday. Roper tunnel was the secene of this interesting performance. The tunnel is situated about twenty-seven miles from Birmingham. There were no formal exercises at the laying of the last rail, but a great deal of interest attached to the ceremony, as it was significant of a closer union between Atlanta and Birmingham, the two most remarkable cities, unquestionably, of the South.

It is announced that a regular schedule for freight trains will be inaugurated on December 1, and that a few weeks later passenger service will be established. Mr. L. B. Parsons, division superintendent, and General Superintendent Hughes, of the Seaboard Air Line, are in Birmingham, and arrangements will be perfected for the handling of traffic upon this division.

Thousands Seeking the Land of Liberty.

New York—The largest number of steerage passengers with two exceptionsever brought to this port in one vessel, came in today on the steamer Main from Bremen. There were 2,551 names on the steerage list.

Must Remain Allies.

Paris—In the chamber of deputies today Foreign Minister Delcasse protested against the criticism of the Franco-Russian in the report of the committee on Foreign budget which contains a number of allusions unfavorable to Russia. Referring to this M. Delcasse said:

"Neither has the alliance been more necessarry and benficial. Never has there arisen a better occasion for proclaiming France's unwavering fidelity to the alliance which has so powerfully safeguarded the mutual interests of the two countries."

This is significant of the firm attitude of the government against the socialist revolution in Russia.

Roosevelt Will Visit Alabama.

President Roosevelt will visit Alabama in March. Just after his inauguration he will make a Southern tour, and probably take in tht states of Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas.

Michigan has produced some tall men, but now breaks her record by announcing that she has a 20-year-old youth who is 7 feet 3 inches tall and

Cotton Manufacturing in the South.

The development of cotton manufacturing in the south during the last five or ten years has attracted the world's attention, and justly so, but while studying what has been done we should remember that, notwithstanding the remarkable progress in the building of cotton mills, Massachusetts alone has more spindles than the entire south. There are about 110,000,000 spindles in the world, and three-fourths of all the cotton used by them comes from the cotton fields of the south, but, great as has been our progrss, we still have only about 8,250,000 spindles. The growth of this industry during the last few years has been fully as rapid as is safe. Because we raise the cotton it is not to be supposed that we can for many years, if ever, manufacture all of our own raw product into the finished goods. Neither the capital nor the labor is available. It is true that, theoretically, the south ought to manufacture all of its cotton, but, on the other hand, when we have developed our mill industry to the point that we consume at home the 10,000,000 then be growing probably 20,000,000 bales or more.

We can continue to build cotton mills for many years to come without over-doing the business, provided judgment is used in the character of goods manufactured, provided ample capital is secured for the construction of all mills and their operation, and that they be built in sections where sufficient operatives can be had. Some serious mistakes have been made in the south in undertaking to build mills in localities which are not fitted for cotton manufacturing. Other mistakes have been made in building mills without sufficient working capital, but as a whole, the industry has made solid, substantial progress, and is now of world-wide influence.

We have $200,000,000 invested in cotton mills, but to build mills enough to consume our present production would require ten times that, or $2,000,000,000. This is the possibility which the future holds out to us.

Expects Many Sportsmen.

Secretary Kirkpatrick, of the Alabama Field Trials club, of Huntsville, is encouraged in the belief that the next annual field trials of the club, which will be held on the preserve near Huntsville, will be well attended by sportsmen from all sections. Nominations for the Alabama derby and the all-age stake have closed, seventeen dogs having been entered for the first and nine for the second event. These events are confined strictly to Alabama owned dogs which have won no prizes.

The free for all to which the club guarantees a purse of $300 added money, opened to all dogs, is an attractive proposition to sportsmen in all parts of the country, and entries have been received from points as far as Iowa and Virginia.

The club preserve is composed of about five thousand acres on which no hunters are allowed until after the field trials each season. Birds are unusually plentiful and excellent sport is expected.

New York—Ample employment for the furnaces and mills is now, says the Iron Age, practically assured for the winter which is usually faced by the industry with doubts. The buying movement has spread in all directions ond has assumed somewhat surprising portions. Consumers and manufacturers in the general trade are providing for replacing their depleted stocks, this being reflected particularly in the raw materials like pig iron and in the finished goods, like wire, bars, tubes, sheets and cast iron pipe. The railroads, absence of whose orders was so keenly felt during the past year are purchasing generally in many cases attempting to take care of their requirements for the whole of the coming year.

Russian Ships at Suez.

The Russian battleships Sissoi Veliky, flagship of Rear Admiral Voelkersam, and the Navarin, arrived at Suez Sunday from Port Said.

The rest of the division followed at short intervals, and the whole of the division is now anchored in the Suez roads. The transit of the canal was effected in the most satisfactory manner and without incident.

It is Admiral Voelkersam's present intention that the whole division shall sail at once. In the meanwhile seven torpedo boat destroyers have moved outside the three mile limit, the authorities having warned them that their twenty-four hours expired at 4:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

No coaling will be allowed here. Only water and provisions can be taken on board.

Fair Attendance Reaches 18,317,457.

The department of admissions of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis Saturday issued a statement of attendance for the week ending Nov. 26, showing a total of 699,552. The grand total since the fair opened is 18,317,457.

Fashion insists that the tall, slim woman will be popular this season. She is always popular in a crowded street car, declares the Washington Post.

Mr. Peary is said to be anxious to be off to the frozen north in order to escape the query: "Well, when you have found the pole what are you going to do with it?"

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

A throat dry with praying is rare to be found among us.—S. Rutherford.

"A prudent man never butts into danger for the purpose of advertising his bravery."

The seeds of repentance are sown in youth by pleasure, but the harvest is reaped in age by pain.—Colton.

I am always content with that which happens for I think that what God chooses is better than what I choose.—Epictetus.

A beautiful woman is a practical poem, planting tenderness, hope and eloquence in all whom she approaches.—Emerson.

All love is of God and will endure. We need not fear that our friend whom we have loved so much here will leave us there.—J. F. Clarke.

Oliver Wendell Holmes is credited with saying there are two classes of people in the world. One who go ahead and do something, and another who are always complaining that it is not done in a different way.

It is an excellent plant to have some place to go to be quiet when things vex or grieve us. There are a good many hard times in this life of ours, but we can always bear them if we ask help in the right way.—Miss Alcott.

MUSICAL POSTAL CARDS.

New Development of Prevailing Craze for Coming Season.

A striking novelty in picture-post cards is about to be placed on the market by a French syndicate.

To an ordinary pictorial card is affixed a very thin transparent gelatine disk, on which is impressed a gramophone musical record. A hole is pierced through the centre of the disk, and the post-card can be placed on an ordinary "talking machine" and played in the usual way.

The musical post-card opens up an entirely new field for the craze. Photograpas of great singers and composers will be accompanied by extracts from their works, pictures of national flags by the anthems of the different countries, and so on in endless variety. Candidates for political honors, instead of sending merely their photograph to constituents will be able to accompany them with the phonographic records of an election address.

The additional cost as compared with ordinary cards is very slight. The disk, being perfectly transparent does not in any way interfere with the picture beneath.

As a novel advertising medium the new cards are certain to be popular. French champagne firms are already having pictorial cards printed which will literally sing the praises of their wares.—London Mail.

Trolley Bid for Theatrical Business.

One of the latest developments of the rural trolley system is the making of bids for the transportation of theatrical companies. Through New York state and in New England the trolley companies have been extremely active in this new field of late, particularly between cities and towns where the distances are not so great that the members of a company would be unduly fatigued by the length of the ride. The agent of a company supporting a "star" that was playing in Albany recently was approached by the manager of a trolley company with a proposal that his line would carry the entire company to Schenectady, their next "stand," at the rate of two persons for five cents. In addition to this low rate the trolley line oered the "star" the use of the director's arlor car and also two "flat" cars to carry the scenery. As the run only took three hours the deal was arranged on the spot. The regular railway fare for each person for the same distance was 28 cents with no parlor car thrown in.—New York Press.

Son of a Samurai.

Admiral Togo was third son of Togo Kichiaemon, a samurai of the clan of Satsuma, and the father gave him the name of Heihachiro. He was born at Kogoshima on the 14th day of the 10th moon of the year of grace 1857. The gracious period of Meiji (which by interpretation means the era of enlightened reign) began in 1868, A. D. That was also the birth date of the new Nippon. After the sacred tradition of a samurai family, his mother took him to the shrine of a guardian deity and placed him upon the altar as the offering to his country and to the sword, that he might defend the land of the gods. Like many another boy of samurai family, his military training dates back far beyond his memory.—From Adachi Kinnosuke's "Togo, the Man and the Admiral" in the Century.

"We End!"

Formerly in Devonshire the reapers, when they had finished, would weave a ring of wheat. Holding to this, the harvesters would form a circle and shout together: "We een!" (we end), after which one bore the ring to the house, and had the privilege of kissing the first maid he met. That curious practice has passed, and others as gentle with it. Nevertheless, there is still the harvest dinner, where the squire, be he gentleman or noble, sits down with his "hands" and drinks from the same ale-jug. That custom shows no sign of decay.—Everybody's Magazine.

Garment of Evil Doers.

"Night," remarked the home missionary, "is a cloak for sin."

"Yes; sort of fall overcoat, as it were," rejoined the unregenerated party.—Chicago Daily News.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

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NOTICE.

Until further notice, Mr. Sam'l Wallace is authorized to solicit business for The Sentinel, receipt for supscriptions paid, and transact such other business for this paper as may come his way Any courtesies shown Mr. Wallace will be appreciated by the management of The Sentinel.

From Judge McMillan.

Editor Sentinel:—

I desire through the medium of your paper to acknowledge my gratitude to my many friends in the county who worked so faithfully for my success and that of the Democratic ticket in the recent election. To be sure, no one enjoys being defeated where he has been a candidate for a political office, and I must confess to, at least that degree of disappointment at my defeat which is ordinarily felt by a defeated candidate. But this feeling of disappointment is made easy to bear when I remember the character of the men who endorsed my candidacy and worked for my election.

Our opponents tell us, with an evident feeling of pride, that in the election on November 8th, the doctors, the lawyers, the merchants and the preachers were arrayed against the common people, and that the result was a triumph of the common people over the classes named. I doubt not but that there are some few in all of these classes who are unworthy, and are not even respected by the classes to which they belong; but it is my pleasure to know, personally, the greater portion of the merchants, doctors, lawyers and preachers in the county. I know them to be among the very best and most substantial citizens in the county. They are in close touch with that class denominated "the common people"—in fact constitute a very important part of that class. If by "common people," as used by our opponents, is meant the farming and laboring classes, then I venture to say that fully nine-tenths of the 1194 votes cast for me, was of this class of voters. Then I am proud to know that the other one-tenth included the lawyers, the doctors, the merchants, and last and most important of all, the preachers. I feel quite sure that these classes have at heart the best interest of the whole people of the county, both from a material and a moral standpoint. I don't see how any good man of even average intelligence could for a moment be made to believe that the preachers of the county were antagonistic to the common people and their best interests. I thank God that my course of conduct and the principles I espoused were such as to merit the approval and receive the support of the preachers, and nothing would convince me sooner of my error in any course of conduct, and cause me to abandon it, than to know that it was disapproved and opposed by the ministers of God. I do not intend, in giving expression to above sentiments, to reflect on any good man, who, from the standpoint of principle and good citizenship, believed it to be a duty he owed himself, his county and his God, to support my opponent. I trust I may not be misquoted, or misconstrued on this point. I am not now a candidate, and there is no ground for impugning my motives or questioning my sincerity. In view of this, I desire to say that I have the best interest of the whole people at heart. In my love for the people of my county, and the interest I feel in them, I know no classes. Our interests are all in common, and we should all stand together for the general good, and for the upbuilding of the material interests of our county, and for the social and moral elevation of her citizens. When any man or set of men indulge in expressions of superior love for "the people," "the common people," etc., it is at once recognized by the best and most intelligent of these same classes, as demagoguery of the deepest dye, and the ones so giving expression to these sentiments are characterized as demagogues of the first water.

I desire to say that after the election is well over, and the dust of the battle of ballots has cleared away, I cherish no enmities and harbor no illfeeling to any. While some things were done and said against me by some few of the leaders of the opposition, which were wrong, grossly wrong and unfair, yet, during the whole campaign, I was treated by all classes of the citizenship of our county with marked respect and consideration. In my canvass of the county, in my private and public utterances I endeavored to treat all concerned fairly and justly. I honestly believed I was right in my position on the main questions at issue. I advocated with firmness my views. I condemned the course of the administration in the county in unmistakable terms, but always in a spirit of kindness. Recognizing always the legal right of the opposition to form a fusion, yet from time to time I condemned this course as devoid of principle, and characterized it as a sacrifice of principle on the altar of expediency.

I am frequently asked to give my opinion as to the cause of the defeat of the Democratic ticket in the county. I do not care to enter into a discussion of this question, except so far as may aid my party in the future. Of one thing I am quite sure, there was a spirit of overconfidence on the part of the supporters of the Democratic ticket. This, as effect follows cause, induced inactivity on the part of Democrats. Democrats did not work. Our opponents displayed an energy and diligence worthy of a better cause. They worked night and day for six years before the election—never losing an opportunity to put in work when there was any hope to effect anything for their future political success. They were diligent to see that every man who would vote the fusion ticket, or who could be induced to vote it, should pay his poll tax, and where he would not pay it himself, it was paid for him. Democrats overlooked the question of poll tax to a great extent. There were great numbers of Democrats in the county disqualified to vote on account of having failed to pay poll tax and register. Then I am quite sure that great numbers voted the fusion ticket who were not qualified voters. But I shall not go further into this subject. I trust that Democrats will profit by their experience in this campaign, and will look after having every one pay his poll tax and qualify in every respect to participate in the future elections in the county. Until our most influential Democrats awake to the necessity of active work for success of the party in the county, Shelby county may continue for many years in the hands of our political enemy.

D. R. McMillan.

SCORES FEE SYSTEM,

Dr. Shirley Bragg, the physician member of the Board of State Convicts, in his report to President Carmichael, says:

"The fee system, so far as the convict is concerned, is a blot upon the fair name of the State. Men, women and children alike are made to feel its withering blight. It does not spare the old man tottering on the verge of the grave, nor does it respect the child scarcely old enough to leave its mother's care. Perhaps some day this will be changed and the county convict placed on the same plane with the State convict."

The county convict system is condemned by Dr. Bragg. Many old, decrepid men are sent to the convict camp, he says, who should be in the poor houses, but neighborhoods must be rid of beggars and officials have their fees if it takes the last drop of blood from unfortunate, suffering humanity.

The condition of the State Convicts is reported good with the death rate low. Many convicts are received in poor condition and are sent to the hospital where they either die or serve out their sentence. After expressing hope for the abolition of the county convict system, Dr. Bragg says:

"The poor unfortunate county convict remains as for years. His sufferings know no change. He is a victim of the infamous fee system. The convict board is powerless to help him. In many instances he is the victim of circumstances (which is taken advantage of by officers to get a fee) and a living monument of a system fostered by the State."

According to the annual report of State Auditor Sowell, the State for the fiscal year ending on September 30th, paid out to the sheriffs in the State the sum of $92,926.50 for feeding prisoners.

The report shows that the cotton growing counties with a very few exceptions drew less from the State this year than last, showing that the men arrested in those counties were released on bond pending their trial, which did away with considerable cost to the State in the matter of feed bills. In other counties where men are arrested they are at once prevailed upon to plead guilty as "the cheapest way out" of the matter, and then the sheriff starts another feed bill. Oftentimes when men are convicted they are given a jail sentence, and this means 30 cents a day to the sheriff for feeding each prisoner thus sentenced. It is an expensive system to the State as the following will show:

The State paid the sheriff of Mobile county this year, $10,063.50.

For feeding prisoners the sheriff of Jefferson county received this year $21,599.93.

Twenty-five counties this year had an increase in their feed bills.

Dr. Bragg says he intends to push a bill through the legislature recommending some change in the fee system, and is promised support from all over the State.

Smallpox at Montevallo.

From a special to last Sunday's Age-Herald, we learn that there are four cases of smallpox in the Girls' Industrial School at Montevallo. The statement is given out, however, that the cases are of a very mild form and that but little, if any, danger is apprended for the other pupils.

The cases have been isolated, and every precaution taken to prevent a spread of the disease. But few of the girls have gone home.

MONTEVALLO.

Hon. J. L. Peters has been visiting with relatives in Montevallo for the past few days.

Mrs. Edgar Allen, nee Miss F. M. Bibb, of Birmingham, is with her friends here for a short visit.

J. S. Harris has accepted a position with the L. & N. as locomotive engineer, and has begun his regular run.

The Methodists and all others alike, are pleased to learn that Rev. H. E. Wheeler was reassigned to Montevallo station.

Rev. H. B. Ralls, of Gordo, formerly pastor here, stopped on his return from Conference, to visit his daughters in school, and meet his many friends again.

Rev. Luther Eddings, the young preacher, son of Ezekiel Eddings, of the Ebenezer community, was commissioned by the Conference to supply the appointment in Cambridge Circuit, Decatur District.

Miss Mary L. Simpson, former teacher of elocution in the Industrial School, assisted by Miss Kate Sampey, gave a recital at the college chapel Saturday evening of the 19th, which was greatly enjoyed.

It was cotton week in Montevallo last week. So unprecedented was the rush, that the bank was delayed in getting money needed by the merchants to pay for it. The warehouse ran over, aad bales are stacked all around it, awaiting cars for shipment.

Rev. P. L. Abernathy, formerly pastor of the M. E. church, ran down from Conference Sunday, and preached to his old congregation. He has many friends here who are always glad to see and hear him. Mrs. Abernathy, formerly a teacher in the Industrial School, met him here, and is with her friends.

Public Thanksgiving services were held at the chapel of the Industrial School. Rev. J. W. Shoaff, pastor of the Dexter Ave. M. E. church, Montgomery, preached a very eloquent and instructive sermon. The Faculty and girls of the school packed and shipped the usual boxes for the different Orphan Schools of the State.

The Masonic Conference, which was in session here three days last week, was very enjoyable and profitable to the members of that Fraternity who attended. It was instructed by Grand Lecturer, A M. Scott Montevallo greatly enjoyed the communion with the visiting Masons. The Order will doubtless be greatly benefitted by these conferences. The next one will be held at Helena about the first of August.

A. Shaw a farmer from Providence neighborhood over in Chilton county, has been missing since last Saturday, and no trace can be found of him. He sold his cotton here Friday, for which he took a check on the bank. The next day he returned and got his cash, which amounted to about $70.00, and he has not been seen since he stepped out of the bank. It is thought by those who know him best that he followed a sudden impulse to visit his old home over in Georgia.

Dr. D. L. Wilkinson, school physician, after calling in County Health Officer Gunn, made due announcement of the presence of smallpox in the school, and all patrons were notified. The disease is of a very mild form, so mild as to leave a doubt as to its identity in the opinion of the physicians. Six, so far, have taken it; but quickly recover. Every precaution possible is taken to keep it from spreading, and it is thought will not be epidemic. Very few of the girls were ordered home, and it is not thought the operation of the School will be interfered with.

J. R. White, who was a delegate to the North Alabama Conference from the Methodist church of this city, came home last Thursday, and says that it was one of the most interesting meetings he ever attended.

The members of the Methodist congregation in this city are glad to know that Rev. G. T. Harris has been returned to Columbiana for another year. He is a good man, and all are glad to have him here.

A number of young people were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Pitts on Tuesday night, complimentary to Miss Ada Belle Reynolds, who has been a guest at their home for a few days.

There are several cases of scarlet fever in town, but we are told the fever is of a mild nature and that there is no cause for alarm. Mrs. J. W. M. Page and two children are among the afflicted.

Chester Browne, who is a student at Auburn, is at home for a few days visiting his parents.

With Our Advertisers,

The Sentinel takes pleasure in commending to our readers the advertisers whose announcements appear in its columns. Among the new ones which appear this week is the third of a page of the

Columbiana Mercantile Company,

This firm has on now a bargain sale, and if you do not get some of them it is your own fault. Their large store is filled with everything that is necessary to the existence of life, and to make the stock move quickly they have cut the prices to the lowest possible mark, consistent with good and safe business methods. They have a faithful, efficient and accommodating corps of clerks, and Messrs. Lefkovits and Erlick will be pleased to have you call and see what they have. They are receiving new goods all the time, and rare opportunity is offered the bargain hunter in the sale now on. Among our new advertising patrons is the firm of

J. H. Wilder & Bro.

This firm has two nice mercantile establishments—one at Vincent, and another at Harpersville, each a credit to the community in which it is located. You can buy anything at either of their stores from a cambric needle to a threshing machine. Their stocks are large, well selected, and you will not be found grumbling at the price that is made to you. The Messrs. Wilder are especially well known thro' the northern part of the county, and are popularly known because each is characterized with a genial cordiality which leaves its impress. By the way, talk to them about what you want for Christmas.

Latham Drug Company

Is offering a pretty line of holiday goods, and to step into their store is like taking a trip into fairyland. The stock is beautiful to say the least of it—all new and just from the manufacturers. Nothing in the stock that is trashy, and at the same time nothing for which an extravagant price is asked. Those who are in charge cordially invite you to come and see what they have in stock for the holidays.

Among the substantial business firms of Shelby county is the

Morgan Bros. Mercantile Company

of Montevallo. For nearly five years has this firm been almost a constant advertiser in The Sentinel. The Morgan Bros. believe in the use of printer's ink and think it a business bringer. Morgan Bros. Mercantile Co. carry one of the largest stocks of general merchandise to be found in Shelby county; not of a spasmodic nature, but big all the time. Mr. Morgan who is in charge, has associated with him a corps of accommodating clerks, and whose experience enables the shopper to readily determine as to what particular article is needed, and the public finds it a real pleasure to deal at this store.

Milner & Christian.

Among the oldest and most reliable business firms in this county is that of Milner & Christian. Not only do they carry a large and full stook of general merchandise, but a full and complete line of shelf and heavy hardware, stoves and agricultural implements. They are kind and accommodating, and to these commendable traits is largely due the healthy trade they enjoy. They try to please their patrons, do as they promise, and guarantee their goods to be as represented. They are glad to see their friends any time.

J. W. Johnston

Who is there in Shelby county who does not know J. W. Johnston, the grocer and shoe man? He has been in business so long in Columbiana that is difficult to remember just how long he has been here. He carries all the time a full and complete line of staple and fancy groceries, provisions and feed. He prides himself on keeping a stock of fine and serviceable shoes which he sells at a close margin, giving his customers the benefit of cash buying and discounts. Whatever you buy of Johnston is just as represented, this you can always rely upon. He has prepared for you in a Christmas way and will be glad to see you.

Roberts & Robertson.

These two young men have been in business but a short time, yet they must be reckoned with when it comes to supplying the public with groceries, fruit and fine cigars. They have one of the neatest stores in this section of the country. They have fresh goods coming in all the time, and their trade is such that goods do not have time to get stale before they are sold. They hustle for the business and ought to succeed for they endeavor to please every customer.

Rufus Lester

offers to the public some choice bargains in shoes, clothing, notions tinware, furniture and groceries. He will be prepared for you, too, with some choice holiday goods, and you should not fail to drop in and see him.

At the Peoples Store Mr. Callaway will take pleasure in fitting you with a nice suit of clothes or a good pair of shoes. He also carries a nice line of gents' furnishings, and the prices are right.

Do you want to make yourself a Christmas present? If so, go to I. Gordon, the tailor, and get him to build you a suit of clothes, or an overcoat. He is a past master in the art of making nice clothes, neat clothes, the kind that will fit and please you.

T. J. Weaver is getting in his holiday goods, and next week will tell you something of what he has. In the meantime he can supply you with anything in the jewelry line, put your face on paper, or if you have a sick watch he can repair it on short notice.

Milner & Christian have something to say about plows in this issue. If you are in the market for a plow you should see them.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat

SHOES IS MY HOBBY . . .

I have just received a complete line of all kinds of shoes in Gents' and Ladies' Rubber Goods.

I also keep a complete stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries. A lot of Texas Rust Proof Oats just received. Highest price paid for Cotton on account. Nice line of Gents' Furnishing Goods. Thanking you for patronage in the past, and hoping for a continuation of the same I am, as ever your friend,

J. W. JOHNSTON.

PURE Apple Vinegar PURE

"Duxback" TRADE MARK

This is the "DUXBACK" Greatest Discovery Of the 20th Century in Connection with

UMBRELLAS

It will make your umbrella absolutely warer-proof. Come in see it demonstrated. It will do just as is promised for it. It is a proven success, and not an experiment.

RUFUS LESTER

NEW CLOTHING

Boys, Young Men and Old Men.

HAVE YOU seen our new stock? Even if you are not ready to buy now, come in and see the goods and styles. The tendency of the weaves this year is towards the smooth finish, and they are very pretty.

THE PRICE is right in every instance, in keeping with the reputation we have made of giving the best goods for the least money. Come to see us.

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,

Montevallo, Ala.

THE PEOPLES STORE

Now is the time to buy a

SUIT OF CLOTHES

Beginning Nov. 10, 1904.

A grand Clearance Sale. Everything in Clothing will be sold at New York cost. We are in the market for your trade, and have the goods and low prices. Come to see us and be convinced of our statements. We mean business.

R. W. CALLAWAY, Manager.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,

E. W. BURT, Proprietor.

Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers.

Your Patronage is Solicited.

Telephone 28. - - - - - 'Bus Meets All Trains.

PLAIN COMMON SENSE TALK.

Having purchased the mercantile business of Mr. J. R. White, we desire to say to the public that it will be our endeavor to keep the business up to the same high standard maintained by our predecessor, and by fair and honest dealing merit the patronage of all. Anything in the grocery line, we keep only the best.

Come to see us. Everything we sell is guaranteed as represented. . .

ROBERTS & ROBERTSON.

SHIELDS BRAND

FITS WELL — SHIELDS BRAND — WEARS WELL

CLOTHING

Don't be talked into taking something "just as good." One trial of the "SHIELDS' BRAND" clothing will convince you that it is the best suit sold for the money.

—FOR SALE BY—

AVERYT & AVERYT

SHELBY, ALA.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

Telephone No. 17.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Harvard Musical Club at the Academy tomorrow night.

Sam Harrell, of Shelby, was in town a few hours Monday.

Dr. J. H. Gunn was up from Calera last Friday a few hours.

The genial J. F. Aveyt, of Shelby, was in town a few hours last Friday.

The only man we know of who overworks himself is the chronic kicker.

J. F. Pope, a prominent merchant of Wilsonville, was in town last Friday.

G. F. Harper, of Montevallo, was in town Saturday and made The Sentinel a pleasant call.

☞ These cool days a hot drink is just what you want. Go to the Latham Drug Co. for it.

The man who sells coal now is in about the same place the iceman was three months ago.

☞ For a delicious hot drink, go to Latham Drug Co. You will find there just what you want.

L. H. Cosper and R. W. Hollis, two of the good Democrats of Sterrett, were in town last Friday.

If you did not get to visit the World's Fair you are out of it—its gates close to the public to day.

☞ Get a hot drink at the Latham Drug Co.'s store, and feel like a new person. They are fine.

The new jail will soon be ready for some prisoner to try and break out. But that is all he will do—just try.

A. P. R. Dahl, county surveyor, and whose home is in Calera, was in town attending county court last week.

The girl in brown is numerous on the streets just now. Brown appears to be the popular shade this season.

L. N. Bowdon, of the firm of Holcombe & Bowdon, Calera, was in town last Thursday a witness in county court.

☞ Have you tried the new hot drinks at the Latham Drug Co.'s store? If not, you don't know what you are missing.

Mrs. L. N. Bowdon, of Calera, is expected in the city tomorrow for a visit with her mother, Mrs. Jennie L. Wilson.

Agent H. C. Martin, of the L. & N. and the Southern at Calera, was in town last Thursday, and paid The Sentinel a pleasant call.

Do not forget that the Harvard Musical Club will be at the Academy tomorrow (Friday) night.

Miss Lewetta B. Shipley, of Pittsburg, Pa., is in the city, a guest of Mrs. M. T. Wood.

W. E. Millender, of beat 10, was town several days last week, He was attending county court.

A. P. Longshore, jr., who is attending Howard College this year, was at home for Thanksgiving.

Commissioner R. B. Posey was down from Harpersville last week attending Commissioners' court.

After you have read your copy of The Sentinel hand it to a nighbor; he might become a subscriber, too.

Commissioner Dock Shaw, of beat 4, was in attendance on the commissioners' meeting last week.

But yesterday the leaves were green,
Today we find them red and brown.
Tomorrow, when the winds are keen,
They will decay and flutter down.

Commissioner R. J. Griffin, of Helena, was in town last week attending a meeting of the commissioners.

Deputy Sheriff Henry Norris took three prisoners to Pratt City Tuesday where they will work out sentences in the coal mines.

The sweet potato crop seems plentiful, persimmons can be found in abundance, and 'possums can be had for the walk after them.

Miss Edna Nelson is visiting with friends at Marion, and will visit relatives at Montgomery and Prattville before returning home.

Beginning with next Wednesday night the union prayer meeting will be at the Presbyterian church during the month of December.

Rev. L. C. Branscombe, who has been presiding elder of this district, will this year serve the Methodist people at Talladega as their pastor.

We are always busy, but not too busy to do your job work. Good stock, fair prices, and a guarantee to please you, or don't take the work.

Everybody knows him—the man who makes you feel worse after you have wasted a few minutes talking to him. He's a gloom spreader.

Some people say the right thing at the right time, others the right thing at the wrong time, and many there are who say the wrong thing all the time.

Miss Ada Belle Reynolds, one of Goodwater's charming girls, is in the city visiting her sister. Miss Louise Reynolds. She returned home yesterday.

Miss Essie Mason was a visitor to Birmingham last Thursday, returning home Saturday. Her grand mother Mrs. Mary Edwards, returned with Miss Essie.

Miss Olive Nelson, who is a student at the Girl's Industrial School at Montevallo, returned home last week and will spend the holiday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Nelson.

If the improvements to be made during the next year in and about Columbiana, all materialize, it will cause some of our excitable citizens to think we are on a boom.

The Merchants' and Planters' National Bank is a new institution at Sylacauga, with a capital of $50,000. J. W. Brown is president, and H. K. Stockley, cashier.

Dr. Chandler, of Vincent, was in town last Friday on professional business.

Joe and Harry Roberts and Mell Wilson took to the woods Thanksgiving day, and bagged thirty-four partridges and a number of squirrels. Pretty good for one day.

Rev. J. W. Johnston is the presiding elder of this district for the coming year. The Sentinel has not learned where he comes from.

J G. Harris, a justice of the peace in beat 4, was in town one day last week purchasing a lot of blanks for his court. The Sentinel acknowledges a pleasant call.

It is said that no man has any right to look uglier than he must. Most of us don't, but nature put up a job on some men so that clothes won't help matters. to any appreciable extent.

Rev. Joseph Dunglinson, the new pastor of the Presbyterian congregation in this city, will preach his first sermon at that church next Sunday. All are cordially invited to come out and hear him.

The friends of O. O. Bird are glad to know that he has been appointed deputy in the office of the Circuit Clerk. Mr. Bird is succeeded by his brother, Joe Bird, as deputy in the Judge of Probate's office.

Dr. W. S. DuBose will go to Ensley in a few days to visit his son, Gordon DuBose for a few days. The doctor has been having a time with one of his knees since receiving an ugly fall early in the summer.

The Methodist preachers who attended the North Alabama Conference in Talladega last week, struck it right, for they were there for Thanksgiving. My, how the turkeys and "yaller-legged" chickens must have suffered that day.

Prof. Glenn, superintendent of the public schools of Calera, and one of the registrars of Shelby county, was in town a day or two last week. Prof. Glenn reports his school as being in fine shape, and a larger attendance than last year.

The Sentinel received a pleasant call from W. D. Lacey, of Beat 19, one day last week. Mr. Lacey was here as juror in the county court. He handed The Sentinel man a hundred cents, and said to "keep sending The Sentinel right along."

A number of Columbiana people who know M. L. Smith, a merchant of Sylacauga, will regret to learn that he has gone into bankruptcy. His assets are reported at about $30,000, with liabilities of $50,000. D. L. Mallory, of Talladega, has been appointed receiver.

Rev. and Mrs. J. T. Morris, who have been attending the North Alabama Conference at Talladega, are in the city visiting their sister, Mrs. Jennie L. Wilson. Rev. Mr. Morris bas been pastor of the Woodlawn Methodist church for the past year, and the Conference sent him back for another.

Hon. W. Y. Titcomb, of Anniston, is in the city a guest of Judge D. R. McMillan for a few days. Mr. Titcomb is on his way to Montgomery to attend the Masonic Grand Lodge. He was a teacher of Judge McMillan a good many years ago, and the two gentlemen are enjoying their visit with each other.

Two young people from near Calera, applied at the Probate Judge's office last Monday for a license to get married, but on learning that the bride was under age the license was refused them. They consulted a number to see if there was not some way to overcome the obstacle, but as there was none they returned to their homes and concluded to wait until time had added another year or two to the bride's age.

Masonic Conference.

The district conference of Shelby county Masons, says a correspondent to the Age-Herald, met in Montevallo last Thursday and Friday to receive instructions from the grand lecturer, A. M. Scott, of Headland. There were five sessions held, and the meeting adjourned Saturday morning to meet in Helena in August. It was a fine meeting, and all the deliberations were characterized by good feeling. The old members were revived and the new ones strengthened. The following officers were elected:

R. V. Ray, W. M., Helena.
F. M. Peterson, S. W. Montevallo
R. G. Weldon, J.W., Wilsonville.
Henry Milner, Sec'y and Treasurer, Columbiana.
W. H. Moss, S. D., Calera.
W. A. Hammond, J. D., Vincent.
A. H. Avery, S. S., Shelby.
W. P. McConaughy, J.S., Aldrich.
Rev. O. P. Bentley, Chaplain, Vincent.
J. F. Hutchinson, Tyler, Vincent.

A Pretty Store.

One of the prettiest store rooms in this section of Alabama is the one recently finished in this city by J. H. Abercrombie, who came to Columbiana a few months ago from Woodlawn.

The room is 40x90 feet, finished in hard pine ceiling and and plaster paris finished walls—pure white. The store was opened to the public last Saturday, and while Mr. Abercrombie has not yet received all his goods, yet the large floor space is pretty well occupied, and the shelves on either side are filled. The stock comprises everything usually kept in a stock of general merchandise, and is all new. Associated with Mr. Abercrombie in the store is his son Will A. They are experienced merchants, and will cater to the public with honest goods, fair prices and a cordial, courteous treatment which will at once make you feel at home. The Sentinel bespeaks for the new store a share in the patronage of this city and the

Nearly a Blaze.

The residence of Wright Tinney, half a mile south of town, had a narrow escape from destruction by fire on Monday, at about the noon hour. It is thought a spark from the kitchen chimney caught in the shingles, and which the wind had fanned into a blaze. But for the timely discovery of the fire in its incipiency nothing could have saved the house.

Ready hands inplenty were soon on the scene, and while some attacked the fire, others removed the furnishings. The damage is not great, but Mr. Tinney will have to put a new roof onhis kitchen.

Notice.

The pension warants for the old Confederate soldars and widows are now ready forlelivery; but the warrant cannot b delivered to any one but the pensioner, except on a written order.

A. P. LONGSHORE,
Jdge of Probate.

Edwin, the prety little eighteen-months old boy oDr. and Mrs. C. T. Acker, died lat Tuesday afternoon. The childwas taken suddenly ill about non Monday, and grew rapidly wore, having a number of convulsios. The remains were taken to Montevallo yesterday for intermen In their sorrow the parents have le deep sympathy of all in this ommunity. The report that little Edwin was a victim of scarlet fev is erroneous.

A number of ying people gathered at the WhiteHouse last Saturday night, anput in the evening very pleasant with music and readings. Miss Louise Reynolds performed at the piano, and Miss Loulah Wilson ve a number of readings.

Sam Wallace, ho has been in the city for the pt week, returned to his home inKlein yesterday. During the nextew weeks Mr. Wallace will do sne work for The Sentinel throughe north part of the county.

Miss Mary Ro, of Dadeville, was in the city over Sunday, a guest of her fied, Miss Florence Fallaw. Miss Rwe was on her way to New Oeans for an extended visit.

Arthur Armstrong, who is employed in Aldersburg, was at home Sunday for a short visit with his mother, Mrs. L. C. Armstrong.

O. K. Cree one of the prosperous young farmers of this community, is among ur new subscribers this week.

The old soldiewill find a notice in this issue fromJudge Longshore relative to their ension warrants.

A gossip, man woman, can do more to tear up town than any other half a dozen pests.

VULCAN "Best Chilled" PLOWS

Made by The Vulcan Plow Co., EVANSVILLE, IND.

Well Finished, Strong, Durable, Light Draft.

Rib Strengthened Mold, Full Chilled Shinpiece, Interlocked Point, Land and Standard. Point has Face Chill, Wide Edge Chill, Long Snoot Chill, Patented Extension and is the STRONGEST and MOST DURABLE Chilled Point made.

Remember; Price is Soon Forgotten; Quality Never.

FOR SALE BY

Dinner Set Free

With evey 25 cent cash purchase we give you a ticket giving you a chance to get a 42--piece, hand-painted iron stone China Dinner Set absolutely Free. Henry Davis was given the last set.

We have just received

A Car of Elwood Wire Fencing,

26 to 52 inches in width.

MILNER & CHRISTIAN

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

SNOW, SNOW . . .

Everybody is aware that the winter snow is coming and all will

Wear an Overcoat.

Why not have the old one fixed up, or order a new one? I am here to give the people a chance. I do the work right and guarantee every piece turned out.

All the Work Done at Home,

And a large number of our citizens testify to my workmanship.

Phone 49
P. O. Box, 222.

I. GORDON, the Tailor.

Non-Resident Notice.

State of Alabama, Shelby county.

J. C. Jackson & Sons, a partnership composed of Jasper C. Jackson, Henry A. Jackson and Arlen L. Jackson, Complainants. vs. J. G. Foote, Defendant. } In Chancery. Sixth District Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of W. B. Browne that the defendant J. G. Foote is a nonresident of the State of Alabama, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant J. G. Foote is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Columbiana Sentinel, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said J. G. Foote to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 31st day of December, A. D., 1904, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana, Ala. this 30th day of November, A. D. 1904.

J. K. BROCK, Register.

Dec. 1-4t

For Rent.

I have for rent my residence property now standing vacant on the corner of [illegible] This is a good four room house, and is one of the best locations in the place. Located two miles from Columbiana on the Tuscaloosa road.

E. B. NELSON,
Columbiana, Ala.

Uncle Jeff Elliott, one of the old citizens of Columbiana and a good old Democrat, dropped a hundred cents into the missionary box of The Sentinel on Monday, and said to send it along for another year.

The people of Columbiana will be interested in knowing that Rev. T. K. Roberts, who has been stationed at Anniston, will go to Oxford station for the coming year.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION OF COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS Oct. 31st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$ 50,741 32	Capital stock paid in	$ 15,000 00
Overdrafts	1,189 32	Undivided profits, less current expenses	3,016 54
Banking House	5,000 00	Individual deposits subject to check	31,939 55
Furniture and Fixtures	2,000 00	Time deposits	3,241 78
Other Real Estate	3,000 00	Notes and bills rediscounted	34,293 79
Due from banks and bankers in this State	8,488 66		
Due from banks and bankers in other States	5,403 62		
Currency	4,783 00		
Gold	155 00		
Silver, Nickels and Pennies	718 78		
Checks and cash items	4,011 46		
Total	$ 87,491 46	Total	$ 87,491 46

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. Mrs. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 7th day of November, 1904,

J. T. LEEPER, Notary Public.

The Columbiana Savings Bank is a regular banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM Title and Guarantee Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, Gen'l Mgr.

Write for particulars. Birmingham, Ala.

London has a high school which makes a specialty of teaching the students to use the two hands indiscriminately. It has over two hundred pupils.

The original manuscript of "Ben Hur" was recommended for return to the author by three of the "readers" of the publishing houses to which it was submitted.

The New Hybridized Eden **WATERMELON**

WHY THE BEST?

Combines by successive cross-fertilization the merits of leading varieties; firm rind, the best shipper; glossy appearance, the best seller, commanding premium 25 per cent. over all other varieties; great productiveness. Write for price of seed, and how to grow over eight tho isand 30 to 40-pound luscious melons of this variety on plot of land 210 feet square (one acre), land being of medium fertility.

L. A. STONEY, Allendale, S. C.

Reference:—Chas. B. Farmer, Banker, Allendale, S. C.; C. F. Calhoun, President Bank of Barnwell, Barnwell, S. C.

GOOD POTATOES BRING FANCY PRICES

To grow a large crop of good potatoes, the soil must contain plenty of Potash.

Tomatoes, melons, cabbage, turnips, lettuce—in fact, all vegetables remove large quantities of Potash from the soil. Supply

Potash

liberally by the use of fertilizers containing *not less than* 10 per cent. actual Potash. Better and more profitable yields are sure to follow.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but contain valuable information to farmers. Sent free for the asking. Write now.

GERMAN KALI WORKS
New York—93 Nassau Street, or
Atlanta, Ga.—22½ South Broad St.

Write Quick FOR A Big Bargain

To better advertise the South's Leading Business College, four scholarships are offered young persons of this county at less than cost. WRITE TODAY.

GA-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

BAD BREATH

"For months I had great trouble with my stomach and used all kinds of medicines. My tongue has been actually as green as grass, my breath having a bad odor. Two weeks ago a friend recommended Cascarets and after using them I can willingly and cheerfully say that they have entirely cured me. I therefore let you know that I shall recommend them to any one suffering from such troubles."
Chas. H. Malpun, 109 Rivington St., New York, N.Y.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 598
ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

Best on Earth
Gantt's Planters and Distributors
WE GUARANTEE THEM.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
Write for Prices and Catalogue.
GANTT MFG. CO., Macon, Ga.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.
Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Bryant & Stratton
Business, Shorthand and Typewriting College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free.

Florodora Cotton.
THE LEADING VARIETY ON EARTH.

Early, most prolific, fibre long and strong, commanding 3 to 6c per pound over common cotton; not sea island, therefore delinted on saw gin; grows anywhere. Mr. T. E. Hardman, of Mansfield, Ga., in 90 days from planting, grew from seed bought of me, stalks averaging 1500 squares and bolls, stalks being 7 feet, 5 inches high, 12 feet 4 inches through and 87 feet around. Price of seed given on application.

L. A. STONEY, Allendale, S. C.

Reference:—Chas. B. Farmer, Banker, Allendale, S. C.; C. F. Calhoun, President Bank of Barnwell, Barnwell, S. C.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

Am. 49, 1904.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use
Thompson's Eye Water.

Household Matters

Creeping Rugs.

Creeping rugs for the little ones who are just beginning to creep are novelties which appeal to the mother heart. They are made of a material like Turkish toweling, backed with canvas, are washable, and large enough to furnish a moderately active baby with a fair afternoon's promenade.

Peach Foam.

Peach foam is suggested as a novelty in invalid cookery. It is made by taking half a cupful of powdered sugar, the white of an egg and one cupful of peach pulp. Beat with a silver spoon in a large bowl for thirty minutes, and the result is—or should be—a velvety cream. The same authority gives grape foam, which consists simply of the white of one egg beaten stiff and added to two tablespoonfuls of grape juice. Add a little scraped ice and sprinkle with powdered sugar.

Refrigerator Hints.

Keep the ice compartment full of ice. The more ice the greater the economy.

Ice saving schemes are absurd, defeating the purpose of the refrigerator.

It is the food that is to be kept instead of the ice. Keeping ice in the sick room or at a picnic is another matter.

Overripe fruits and vegetables are a menace to the health if left in the refrigerator.

A cellar or other damp spot is no place for the refrigerator; on the other hand it should not be put out of doors unprotected.

If much ice is used on the table and for other purposes an authority advises a storage box for extra ice.

It should be sponged out often with warm water in which a little soda has been dissolved, and the drain should not be neglected.

Should ants get into a refrigerator a saucer of tartar emetic mixed with sugar and water should be placed there. It will drive them away.

Do not think of covering the shelves with cloth or paper any more than you do the ice. There must be good circulation, with consequent melting of ice, to preserve the food therein.—New Haven Register.

A Man's Rule For Coffee.

"The coffee at any breakfast table," says a veteran New York hotel manager, "is one of the most important elements of a satisfactory meal.

"Coffee should never be decanted. The pot must be fitted with a cover that lifts off, and not one which swings back. It must also have a cover for the spout. Make your own filter from a piece of not too fine white flannel sewn into a bag terminating in a point, which must be long enough to reach to fit snugly over the top. Have your coffee (two-thirds Java, one-third Mocha, or any mixture you prefer) ground as fine as powder. It will require all your blandishment to get your grocer to do this, but the secret of the excellence of this way of making coffee depends upon the fineness with which it is ground. Fill your pot with boiling water to heat it, pour it out, fit on the flannel bag, a heaping teaspoon for each person, and 'one for the pot,' and pour on one large cup of boiling water for each spoonful of coffee. The water must be absolutely boiling and it must be poured slowly. Let it stand several minutes on the back of the range; lift out the bag and send it to the table. I will not say 'have hot milk.' For the perfect coffee you must have thick, sweet, rich cream; put in the sugar, then the cream, fill up the cup from the steaming vessel and you have that coffee which makes the politician wise."—Good Housekeeping.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Macaroni should be kept in an air-tight receptacle and when cooked plunged into boiling salted water.

Buttermilk is excellent for cleaning sponges. Steep the sponge in milk for some hours, then squeeze it out and wash it in cold water. Lemon juice is also good.

A little orange or lemon juice put on the blacking brush after it has been dipped in the blacking of polishing cream will give a brilliant shine to the boots or shoes.

The latest in yacht pillow covers consists of two squares of goatskin, laced around the four sides with silk cord and decorated at each corner with cluster of loop ends.

To rid a room of flies it is a good plan to heat a poker and lay it on a lump of camphor, which will give off fumes most objectionable not only to flies, but to other insects also.

To purify water, tie a small piece of undyed flannel into the tap, leaving it rather loose, and it will be found to absorb all impurities from the water. Renew the flannel from time to time.

Water in which potatoes have been boiled is very effective in keeping silver bright. It can be bottled for use, and if required to be kept a long time a tenth part of methylated spirits will do this.

Fruit jars, tea and coffee pots, stewing pans, in fact all kitchen utensils with covers, should be left open in the intervals of using. The same rule applies to the wash boiler and bread or cake box.

Wet umbrellas should be stood on their handles to dry. This allows the water to run out of them, instead of into the part where the ribs and the silk meet, thus causing the metal to rust and the silk to rot.

Many mothers will find the trouble of having adjustable paper covers over the books brought into the home from public libraries. In these days of microbe fear such a course insures peace of mind, even if nothing else is gained.

To clean the coffee pot fill it with water, put in a piece of borax and a piece of hard soap, and set on the stove, letting it boil for half an hour. It will be as bright as new and should be submitted to this treatment frequently.

Little Things Worth Knowing

The earliest money was in the form of animals' skins.

One of the oldest known living animals on earth is a tortoise in New Zealand that weighs 970 pounds. It is known to be over 300 years old.

Eagles sometimes rise to the height of 6000 feet, and larks, crows, storks and buzzards often get up 2000 feet. But the average bird seldom goes 1000 feet above the earth.

The total number of horses at Paris decreased 1000 last year, because of the great increase in the use of automobiles. There are more automobiles in Paris than any other city in the world.

The Attorney-General of Kansas has decided that a pupil in the public schools cannot be compelled by a teacher to tell tales on another pupil. That is a great question that has long required settling.

It is asserted by a sculptor that the human foot is becoming smaller. The masculine foot of twenty centuries ago was twelve inches long. The average man's foot of to-day is easily fitted with a No. 8½ shoe, which is not more than ten and seven-sixteenths of an inch in length.

South Australia is said to be suffering with a great invasion of mice. The cause is the recent bad weather, which caused more or less of a failure of the wheat crop, and the farmers allowed much grain to remain in the fields. This fell to the ground in time and so furnished food for the mice.

A REMARKABLE WATCH.

Purchased by Mary Queen of Scots While Visiting Blois.

The descendants of Mary Setoun, one of the four maids of honor to Mary Queen of Scots, have in their possession a curious watch, which was given by that Queen to her favorite. The watch, which is in the shape of a miniature skull, is about two inches and a half in diameter. It is supposed to have been purchased by Mary herself when on a visit to Blois with her husband, the Dauphin of France, as it has the name of a celebrated Blois manufacturer engraved on it.

The entire skull is curiously engraved. On the forehead there is a picture of Death, with the usual scythe and hour glass and sand glass. He is depicted as standing between a palace and a hovel, to show that he is no respecter of persons, and underneath is the familiar quotation from Horace, "Pallida mors aequo pulsat pede pauperum tabernas Regumque turres." At the back of the skull is another representation, this one being of Time devouring everything. Time also carries a scythe, and beside him is the emblem of eternity—the serpent with its tail in its mouth.

The upper section of the skull is divided into two pictures. On one side is the crucifixion, with the Marys kneeling at the foot of the cross, and on the other side are Adam and Eve surrounded by animals in the Garden of Eden.

Below these pictures, running right round the skull, there is an openwork band to allow the sound of the striking of the watch to be heard. The openwork is a series of designs cut to represent the various emblems of the crucifixion, such as scourges, the cross, swords, spears, the lantern used in the garden, and so forth. All of the carvings have appropriate Latin quotations.

By reversing the skull and holding the upper part in the palm of the hand and lifting the under jaw on its hinges the watch may be opened, and on the plate inside is a representation of the stable at Bethlehem, with the shepherds and their flocks in the distance.

The works of the watch are in the brains of the skull, the dial plate being where the roof of the mouth would be in a real skull. This is of silver and gold, with elaborate scrolls, while the hours are marked in large Roman letters. The works are remarkably complete, even to a large silver bell with a musical sound, which holds the works in the skull when the watch is closed.

This curious old watch is still in perfect order and when wound every day keeps accurate time. It is too large to be worn and was probably intended for a desk or private altar.—Kansas City Journal.

Not a Scrap Left.

The editor of a flourishing journal in a California town recently called at the "home of the bride's parents" the day after the wedding. He was desirous of telling his readers all about the event, and wished to give the young couple a good "send-off" as well. The bride's mother met him.

"Good morning, Mrs. Jones!" said the editor. "I have called to get some of the details of the wedding."

"Goodness!" replied Mrs. Jones, in dismay. "They're all gone. You ought to have come last night. They ate every scrap!"—San Francisco Bulletin.

Music in Missouri.

Talk about sharpening musical criticism to a needle point! A skylight fell with a crash in the festival hall at the St. Louis Exposition, and musical experts declare solemnly that the accident was due to harsh notes played on the great organ by the unskilled musician, explaining that "the severe vibratory force of the poor playing jarred the glass loose." Then the glass did not fall from the shock of its Concord of divine harmony.—Atlanta Constitution.

Thing Worth Remembering.

Do not forget that it is necessary to be disagreeable if it isn't necessary with the other man. In order to disagree

If we took as great kind things as we do to say ones, life would be one long, mankind cal May.—Success.

STONES OF MEDICAL VALUE.

Many Minerals Have Strange Legendary Therapeutic Qualities.

The sacred, magical and curative properties of certain stones—large and small—appear to have ranked among the items of the Pseudodoxia epidemica, among all races and nations, and throughout all recorded ages. The colossal monolith and the small "graven image" of stones are well known examples of the first of these properties. Among the prominent specimens of the second may be noted the items of popular mediaeval belief, that a diamond placed under the pillow would notify the conjugal infidelity of a wife; that the wearing of a sapphire was a preservative against all enchantments; that the fume of an agate would effectually avert the approach of a tempest; that the wearing of a chrysoprase would "make one out of love with gold;" and that the carrying about of an amethyst surely preserved the owner from being "overtaken" by drunkenness—an item of belief to which the etymology of its name is due. To a kindred form of credulity must be ascribed the wondrous properties which were ascribed to China dishes, when first imported to Europe from the Celestial empire. It was confidently said of these by Scaliger and others "that they admit no poyson, that they strike fire, that they will grow hot no higher than the liquor in them ariseth." With regard to the curative powers of various stones, we may seasonably quote the remark of the celebrated author of the "Religio Medici:" "He must have more heads than Janus, that makes out half of those vertues ascribed into stones, and their not onely medicall, but Magicall properties, which are to be found in authors of great name. In Psellus, Serapion, Evax, Albertus, Aleazar Marbodeus; in Maiolus, Rueus, Myllus and many other." And the same author goes on to state some of his own opinions in this connection: "That Lapis Lazull hath in it a purgative faculty we know, that Bezoar is Antidotall, Lapis Judaicus Diureticall, Corall, Antiepilepticall, we will not deny, that Cornelians, Jaspis, Heliopropes and blood stones, may be of vertue to those intentions they are implied; experience and visible effects will make us doubt." And just now the fact of the persistence of such forms of belief is forcibly brought home to us by the announcement—in a diurnal (lay) contemporary—of the unquestioning faith which is placed in the efficacy of "madstones" by a large proportion of our own fellow citizens. There are even now many of those precious talismans in this country; and "the believers in their efficacy always know where the nearest one is kept." One of them had long been the property of an Ohio negro, and was placed after the death of its owner in the State library at Columbus. There it was recently applied to the wound caused by the bite of a supposedly rabid dog. The dog recovered, and the woman to whom it was applied died of blood poisoning caused by the unclean contact. We are also informed that such a stone was kept in the Virginia state penitentiary for years, and was open to all comers for application to the bite of a mad dog, or other allied wound. One such (perhaps the same) was at a later date sold by auction for $89. Still more famous was that brought from Russia in 1887 by a physician of that country who settled in Nevada. It had previously been exploited in that country for at least a century and a half—a fact supported by documentary evidence. The document was written in native Russian; and, as nobody concerned could read it, everybody implicitly believed what they were told of it. The owner offered the stone for sale for $1500, and a joint stock company was formed for the purchase. A thousand shareholders advanced $ each, and the balance was made up by a farmer who became its keeper when the purchase was completed. Its fame still flourishes, and it is said that an offer of $3000 has been refused for it.—American Medicine.

Making the eople Pay.

One of New Yor's tailors, famous now for a score of years, made a fortune by his claim o being the most expensive man in he business. He always managed tocharge more than any of his rivals nd was proud of that distinction, which he never failed to impress n his customers, who presumably ere indifferent to expense.

Now a new hotels going to struggle for the same st of reputation.

"I shall not chae more than from 10 to 15 percent nre than the other hotels of the samelass as mine," the proprietor said, "nd I don't think Americans will obct to paying it. I have always foun that the wealthy people are indiffent to price so long as they feel theare getting their money's worth. $I don't mind telling how much morthan the other hotels I shall charge

Switch That Beme Notable Elm.

A magnificent e tree on the Walter Wellington este, in the eastern part of Lexingto dates from 1732, and was planteby the father of Jonathan Harrimn, who was a small drummer b in the revolutionary war.

The boy's fathewas a farmer and sold his produce isalem. On returning home from mkel one day, the horse was very wryand lagging in his gait, so to urg hh along Farmer Harington pluchd small sapling elm from the roaside o encourage a swifter gait. When got home the sapling was so strat and evidently alive he p it in the ground. The switch hasecome the great tree that attracts tice for its size and fine proportions om every sightseer who comes to is historic town.—Boston Transcrit.

Food of the ture.

"Man will eat 20 000 more loods in the year 2000 tahe eats now," said a chemist. "Movement is on foot among the wel's governments to increase the varies of our foods, and every week fr somewhere or othe a new vegeta or fruit or nut is adeed to the inational bill of fare."

DOG COULD NEVER FORGIVE.

Always Attacked Trolley Men Because a Car Cut Off His Toes.

Because he could not forgive trolley employes after a car had cut off three of his toes, Bruno, a splendid St. Bernard dog, belonging to Mayor Charles A. Bookwalter, of Indianapolis, Ind., had to be chloroformed. His hostility to street car conductors and motormen was his only fault, but that phase of his character caused so many threats of damage suits that Mayor Bookwalter decided that he could not afford to keep him.

Several years ago while in the street in front of his master's house the dog was struck by a street car. His foot was caught under the wheel and he came out of the accident minus three toes. This was the beginning of his antipathy to street car men, and it grew upon him till no employe was safe if Bruno saw him off his car.

Mayor Bookwalter lives on North Illinois street. Near his residence is a place where the conductors and motormen change cars, and as many of them reach the point before their cars arrive, there are always several in the street. Up to a few months ago Bruno contented himself with attacking his supposed enemies when they passed the mayor's house off their cars. But recently he began to lie around the relieving station and before his presence was suspected he would have one of the men by the leg.

Complaints were made, and the mayor sent the dog to his farm, but Bruno wouldn't stay. No motormen nor conductods came that way, and he was lonesome. So he came back, and when sent away a second time, again returned. He was always found waiting around for an opportunity to get a street car man by the leg. So Bruno was sent on a journey from which he will never return.

"He was a great dog," said Mr. Bookwalter, "but he was made for an 80-acre field and not for a town lot. I am satisfied that his only motive for attacking street car men was to get even for the loss of those toes. He felt the deformity keenly, and was never the same dog after he was injured. Any child could play with him, and I never knew him to attack a stranger, but the sight of a street car conductor or motorman seemed to awaken in him a spirit of revenge which was never manifested under any other circumstances.—Philadelphia Record.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Jews whose language is Spanish abound in the East.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

It is suggested that bees be used as carriers of military dispatches.

Icebergs are the product of Greenland glaciers and are formed by the thousand in the far northern fiords. As the glaciers sweep into the sea they "calve" or throw off mighty blocks, and these are what we know as icebergs.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The carcass of an elephant in the Ghent Zoological Gardens, which had been killed, was bought by a local pork butcher, who transformed it into Frankfurter sausages. He was able to manufacture no fewer than 3800 pounds of sausages, which sold like hot cakes.

To be a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband should be a woman's constant study. Mrs. Brown and Mrs. Potts tell their stories for the benefit of all wives and mothers.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** will make every mother well, strong, healthy and happy. I dragged through nine years of miserable existence, worn out with pain and weariness. I then noticed a statement of a woman troubled as I was, and the wonderful results she had had from your Vegetable Compound, and decided to try what it would do for me, and used it for three months. At the end of that time I was a different woman, the neighbors remarked it, and my husband fell in love with me all over again. It seemed like a new existence. I had been suffering with inflammation and falling of the womb, but your medicine cured that and built up my entire system, till I was indeed like a new woman.—Sincerely yours, MRS. CHAS. F. BROWN, 21 Cedar Terrace, Hot Springs, Ark., Vice President Mothers' Club."

Suffering women should not fail to profit by Mrs. Brown's experiences; just as surely as she was cured of the troubles enumerated in her letter, just so surely will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure other women who suffer from womb troubles, inflammation of the ovaries, kidney troubles, nervous excitability, and nervous prostration. Read the story of Mrs. Potts to all mothers:—

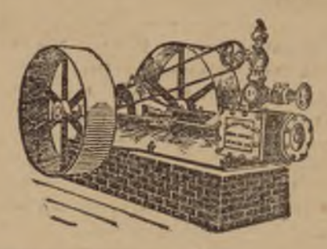
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—During the early part of my married life I was very delicate in health. I had two miscarriages, and both my husband and I felt very badly as we were anxious to have children. A neighbor who had been using **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** advised me to try it, and I decided to do so. I soon felt that my appetite was increasing, the headaches gradually decreased and finally disappeared, and my general health improved. I felt as if new blood coursed through my veins, the sluggish tired feeling disappeared, and I became strong and well.

"Within a year after I became the mother of a strong healthy child, the joy of our home. You certainly have a splendid remedy, and I wish every mother knew of it.—Sincerely yours, MRS. ANNA POTTS, 510 Park Ave., Hot Springs, Ark."

If you feel that there is anything at all unusual or puzzling about your case, or if you wish confidential advice of the most experienced, write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and you will be advised free of charge. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has cured and is curing thousands of cases of female troubles—curing them inexpensively and absolutely. Remember this when you go to your druggist. Insist upon getting

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

J. S. SCHOFIELD'S SONS COMPANY



MANUFACTURERS
High Pressure Return Tubular Boilers
Morison Internally Fired Boilers
High Grade Slide Valve Engines
Transmission Machinery
Heavy Castings
Wrought Iron and Steel Work
Tanks, Stacks and Stand Pipes
Heavy Pipe Work a Specialty
Address Machinery Department
MACON, GEORGIA.

Every Coupon Counts for a present with GOOD LUCK Baking Powder

Buy Good Luck Baking Powder. In so doing you get the *most* of the *purest* baking powder at the *smallest cost.* Furthermore, if you will save the coupons that you will find plainly printed *on the label* of each can, you can get the beautiful premiums we are now offering. Cut out these coupons. They are valuable. It takes but a few of them to obtain some of the numerous useful gifts on the premium list.

A little book inside of every can explains all about the premiums. It shows a picture of each gift and tells just how many coupons are required to get them. Don't fail to save the coupons. Take a delight in your baking and secure some of the charming premiums.

GOOD LUCK Baking Powder

was established in 1892. The sales have so increased to date, that to-day we are shipping Good Luck Baking Powder in carload lots to every section of the country. The cause of this enormous popularity is plain. In Good Luck, housekeepers get not only a positively pure baking powder of great leavening force, but at a price a little less than they have been accustomed to pay for some other kind that was not as satisfactory in results.

When buying Good Luck think of its *purity* and consider the *good results* obtained from its use. Remember every Good Luck coupon counts for a present. If your grocer doesn't keep Good Luck, send us his name and we will see that you are supplied.

THE SOUTHERN MANUFACTURING CO.,
Richmond, Va.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Mo.

Circuit Clerk

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., DECEMBER 8 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 15

12,162,000 BALES

Government Reports Show a Total Production of 12,162,000 Square Bales.

ESTIMATE A BIG SURPRISE.

Cotton Dropped $2.50 a Bale in Two Minutes.—Panic Followed the Publishing of Report.

New York.—Cotton dropped $2.50 a bale in less than two minutes Saturday. Brokers in the pit acted like maniacs in their efforts to avert ruin. The whole market was panic stricken.

The United States government had estimated the crop at 12,162,000 bales.

Such an enormous harvest had never been dreamed of before by the most pessimistic. The wildest scenes were enacted and but for the fact that the ginners' reports had sounded a warning to the bulls ruin would have been widespread. The close was very weak and at the lowest figure.

Theodore Price, the leader of the bears, who lost a fortune fighting Sully during the latter's triumphant campaign, recovered it in a few minutes and added to it largely before the gong stopped the pandemonium. Sully, who has been trying to engineer another bull campaign, was obliterated as a factor in the market.

The government's report was received at the exchange at 11:15 a. m. It was read from the rostrum immediately afterward.

Being Saturday only three-quarters of an hour remained until closing time. Everybody wanted to sell at once. Prices fell from 48 to 62 points almost in a flash. It was the greatest and swiftest collapse since the memorable announcement of Sully's failure in the midst of the bull campaign he had started.

Inquiry among cotton houses after the close of the exchange did not develop any apprehension of trouble as a result of the quick slump.

Every Care Was Taken to Guard Crop Report.

Washington.—In the preparation and issuance of the cotton report, Secretary Wilson gave a demonstration of the precautions taken to avoid advance information leaking out.

Representatives Burgess, of Texas, and Ransdal, of Louisiana, were invited by the secretary to witness the preparation of the estimate. The party was locked in the private office of the statistician and the reports from all the cotton districts were taken into the room. The doors were locked from the outside, and the secretary then gave orders for the opening of the report. The estimate of the crop for the year 1904-1905 was then prepared and sent out before any person in the room was permitted to leave or communicate with any person from the outside.

"In this manner the cotton estimates are invariably made," said Secretary Wilson, "and all human ingenuity is used to prevent leaking of information."

Is Panama Independent.

Outside of the canal zone and entirely independent of the United States is the republic of Panama, which has just been welcomed into the fellowship of nations on our initiative. Since the relations between Panama and Colombia are still unsettled, why did the former find it advisable to reduce her army to a peace footing of twenty-five men with two cities to keep in order? If a standing army is necessary to the preservation of law and order even in a state of profound peace, why should a threatened country open herself to attack from a declared enemy at the threshold? If Colombia marched to the attack or declared war, must we defend this baby nation "outside of the canal zone" as well as within it? In that case, where is the pretense that Panama is independent? Where is the showing that she is able to maintain a government? The lack of money cannot be the plea advanced, for we have furnished that.

One Hundred Hurt in Wreck.

Kansas City.—Missouri Pacific passenger train No. 1, due here at 5:15 Saturday evening from St. Louis, was wrecked two miles east of Holden, Mo., Saturday afternoon.

It is reported that nearly a hundred persons were injured.

It is believed that no one was killed.

A relief train has started from Kansas City for the scene.

The list of killed and wounded in football games during the season just closed, as compiled by the Chicago Record-Herald, amounts to 13 killed and 296 wounded.

The women of savage tribes have not infrequently a wardrobe consisting of furs which would be worth from $5,000 to $10,000. Grundeman, the explorer, relates how one fair Greenlander wore a dress of sealskin with a hood of that costly fur, the silver fox. The garment was lined with fur of the young seal otter, and there was a fronge of wolverine tails. About $600 is probably the average worth of the dress of Indian women on the Columbia and Fraser rivers.

COTTON CONVENTION.

The cotton convention at New Orleans should be a useful and profitable gathering of men who know how to raise cotton, how to market cotton, how to spin cotton, how to weave cotton, and how to utilize the staple. One difficulty about such conventions is that nearly all the talking is done by men who are theorists and not by the practical men.

An effort will be made to correct this evil at New Orleans. There will be talks on the cotton weevil, and while these talks will not amount to anything, they will be interesting. Texas has an offer of $50,000 reward for any remedy that will stamp out the weevil, and theories are rather ridiculous when there is good money for one that will work.

English cotton spinners will be at the convention and they will learn things to their advantage and to ours. We have an idea that this convention and others to come and the personal acquaintance made will tend to eliminate New York as the cotton market and make New Orleans and Galveston the cotton markets of the world. If the English buyers make their connections with New Orleans and Galveston, and there is direct shipment to Liverpool, it will leave New York only a part of the rich trade that has been worth so many millions to that city.

If New Orleans becomes the cotton market, it will mean a constant pressure for higher prices, instead of a constant pressure for low prices. It will mean that New England will, like old England, have to pay the price asked by the south, instead of fixing the price and announcing it to us. That is what is hoped in part from the coming convention at New Orleans.

Things Have Changed.

Not until February of 1812 did the people of Kentucky know that Madison was elected president in the previous November.

In 1834 one of the leading railroads of the United States printed on its time table: "The locomotive will leave the depot every day at 10 o'clock if the weather is fair."

When Benjamin Franklin first thought of starting a newspaper in Philadelphia, many of his friends advised against it, because there was a paper published in Boston. Some of them doubted that the country would be able to support two newspapers.

One hundred years ago the fastest land travel in the world was on the Great North road, in England, after it had been put into its best condition. There the York mail coach tore along at the rate of 90 miles a day, and many persons confidently predicted Divine vengeance on such unseemingly haste.

Anniston Booming.

Anniston, Ala.—The plant of the Illinois Car and Equipment Company, which has been idle since the failure of the Southern Car and Foundry Company, is probably sold to the Illinois Car Company and the Standard Press Steel Company, who will soon put it in full operation. These companies claim that they must have full use of their tracks on Tenth street and be allowed to enclose its grounds to Eleventh street. This will necessitate the building of a viaduct on Tenth street, immediately in front of the plant, a little over a block. The money for this bridge is now being raised among the business men of Anniston by popular subscription. Already a goodly sum has been raised.

The building of the viaduct will result in the extension of the street railway, via this bridge into Glenn Addie, giving the people better street car facilities. The viaduct will have passageways for street cars, wagons and pedestrians. The resumption of work at the big car plant, the building of the viaduct and the extension of the street car line means much to Anniston.

Steel Plant Breaks Record.

Ensley, Ala.—As predicted, the steel plant for the month of November broke all previous records in the output of steel. Heretofore the month of October held the record with 20,000 tons. November completely smashed that record by turning out 21,600 tons. This was the largest tonnage that this important industry has ever turned out in one month.

Jamaica To Raise Cotton.

Kingston, Jamaica.—There was a conference here of men prominent in the cotton industry. Experts sent out by the British cotton growing association advised Jamaica planters to cultivate cotton, as there is a good opportunity offering.

As a result of experiments made in some of the hospitals in Paris, it is stated that vaccination performed under a red light leaves no scar and causes less pain. The patient is vaccinated in a room where the only light is an incandestcent lamp with a red globe.

Since June 1, one million Irish immigrants have come into this country, and the impending famine this winter in the Green Isle is sending large numbers on every steamer. Secretary McCool, of the New York Irish Society, says: Ireland will be depopulated if immigration continues as it has during the present year."

He who stops to help a tottering brother over the rough places arrives quicker than he who rushes headlong down the lane of life.

JAPANESE CONFIDENT

Capture of 203 Meter Hill Gives Nogi Command of Entire Harbor.

SIEGE GUNS CAN SWEEP CITY.

Russians Fighting Without Hope.—Japan Wild With Joy Over Situation.

The official announcement comes from Tokio that the Japanese have occupied the summet of 203-Meter Hill. This important position has been the object of severe and continuous fighting, and cable reports from time to time have indicated that many men have been sacrificed in the effort to capture it. Two hundred and thirty-three Meter Hill is a dominating point in the range which lies to the westward of the town of Port Arthur, and according to reports it commands artillery range of the harbor and a portion of the main town. Its approximate distance from the citadel or main defenses is three to four miles. Reports from both Tokio and St. Petersburg indicate that isolated engagements of a more or less severe nature are occurring along the front of the Manchusian armies, but it is not apparent that the main forces are engaged.

Tokio.—General Nogi's telegram announcing the storming and capturing of Two hundred and three Meter Hill was received with cheers by the Japanese people. It vevives the hope of an early capture of Port Arthur proper.

Prepared to Meet Fleet.

Cheefoo.—Japanese preparedness for an encounter with the Russian second Pacific squadron was evidenced by the officers of the French steamer Bink Thuau, which left Japan Nov. 30, and arrived here Saturday. Near Sasebo they saw the Japanese battleship Mikansa unscarred and evidently fully repaired and painted. Forty miles south of the Shan Tung promontory the officers of the Bink Thuan sighted the Japanese battleship Asahi similarly rehabilitated. She was steaming north.

The repair work of the Japanese fleet has been progressing with great secrecy and at Port Dalny.

The torpedo boat and torpedo boat destroyer flotilla is reported to have been maintained in good shape. The boats are mostly at the Japaneses naval base and at Port Dalny.

Russians Will Not Surrender.

Paris.—The Russian ambassador has declared to a reporter of the Figaro that fighting along the Shakhe river will probably continue all winter, and that under no circumstances will General Kuropatkin retreat another inch. He is daily receiving reinforcements, and is even now strong enough to attack the enemy, but prefers to give his exhausted soldiers as long a rest as possible and await the new supplies and winter clothing which are coming in by trainloads every day. Russia has no lack of money, having just succeeded in borrowing $260,000,000 from Germany and a Dutch bank.

Big Timber Purchase.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Joseph O'Brien, of Albany, N. Y., has purchased 38,500 acres of valuable timber land in Madison county, North Carolina, near the Tennessee line. The property was sold by order of court to satisfy an involuntary bankruptcy proceeding. A mortgage of $223,000 is assumed, and a cash bonus of $25,000 is paid. This is regarded as one of the most valuable tracts in these mountains. Edgar H. Betts, of Troy, N. Y., was the largest creditor, his claim being $101,901.08.

High Price for Meat.

Chicago.—The big steer, "Clear Lake Jute II.," winner of the international grand championship at the live stock show in progress here, was sold to a New York firm for $36 per hundred pounds.

River Too Low For Navigation.

Chattanooga, Tenn.—The stage of the river here will not yet permit of the running of boats from this point. The river is about two feet below the navigation point. The Tennessee River Navigation Company has, however, inaugurated a schedule for the winter, so that boats will be run as soon as the river will permit. The river saw mills are still idle.

The situation at Port Arthur recalls the old saying, "Man is never, but always to be blessed," in that the stronghold "is never, but just about to be taken."

Ohio Parched By Drought.

Columbus, O.—Reports from all over the state show that young wheat is badly damaged by the drought. It has been stunted in its growth and with winter at hand the farmers and grain dealers say the outlook is the most discouraging for years. In Licking county farmers are compelled to drive stock miles to water.

Squadron Goes to Trinidad.

Bahia, Brazil.—The South Atlantic squadron sailed today for Trinidad.

WORLD'S FAIR CLOSED.

St. Louis.—The Louisiana Purchase Exposition has ended. The stupendous and magnificient exposition, the interest of which has extended into every portion of the civilized world, has run its course, and now passes into history as probably having comprised the most representative collection of the resources, industries, art, peoples and customs of the world ever assembled. From the inception of the project to hold the exposition until the gates were thrown open and the world was invited to enter, occupied a period of seven years. The duration of the exposition has been seven months, and during that time nothing has occurred to throw a dampening effect on the interest or to detract from the exposition in any way. The best order has been maintained throughout, and there have been but few fires, but all of small moment with the exception of the destruction of the House of Hoo Hoo, and the partial destruction of the Missouri building recently. No loss of life has occurred during the exposition from accidents. St. Louis has preferred her most gracious hospitality to the world, and it has been accepted.

The opinion has been expressed at all times, on all sides, and without reserve that the Louisiana Purchase Exposition has been a success.

The man probably most prominently known in connection with the world's fair is the president, David R. Francis, and it was deemed fitting that the final day should be designated as Francis Day" in his honor.

Russia's Horses.

"One of the things the observant stranger may note in the streets of St. Petersburg and Moscow is the excellence of the horses. Not only the chargers of the army officers and the carriage horses of the rich, but cart horses, cab horses, droschky horses, even car horses and bus horses, seem to be of good breed and in fine condition. The horses wear little harness, which fashion is admirably designed to show off a handsome animal, and they are driven with very light snaffle bits; although the Russian horses seem full of spirit, these simple bits control them, for they are thoroughly broken. You seldom see a whip on a private carriage or a hackney cab in Russia. The horses have intelligent eyes and seem to be better trained than ours; but that is not saying much, for we have more thousands of miles of railways in the United States and more thousands of horses that take fright at the thousands of railway trains than any country in the world.

The czar's stables at Peterhof are very plain buildngs, but they are filled with handsome horses which is better than handsome stables filled with poor horses. It was well worth the visit to see those rows of fine animals standing in their stalls, with their sleek, black coats and long tails.

Rockefeller Has Troubles.

William Rockefeller's gamekeepers on his vast forest preserve in the neighborhood of Saranac, N. Y., are earning their pay these days. The natives thereabouts resent the appearance of these guards, several of whom have been fired upon recently. One of them resigned after having a bullet pass through his coat sleeve as he was patrolling his lonely beat in the forest. The "snipers" use smokeless powedr and all efforts to locate them have failed. Mr. Rockefeller owns 53,000 acres of fine forest land in the vicinity named, but the natives can not be made to see that with the real estate he bought the deer. Nor can they understand how he owns the fish which were put into the streams at public expense. They have shot and fished on the land as far back as the oldest inhabitant can remember, and see no reason why the arrival of Mr. Rockefeller among them should change their custom. Hence the placing of the guards, of whom there is a small army.

To Kill Out Boll Weevil.

Montgomery, Ala.—Dr. J. A. B. Lovett, president of the Ninth District Agricultural school, in a letter to the Montgomery Advertiser, offers a new idea for the extermination of the boll weevil. He would rotate the crops, with force by the government, if necessary.

BIG POULTRY SHOW.

Entries from All Over the Country.—One Bird Worth $500.

Birmingham, Ala.—The Alabama Poultry and Stock Association convenes in this city Tuesday and will be in session for four consecutive days. The exhibition will have many attractions. There are 1,350 entries for exhibits of chickens, rabbits, and other day. The chicken exhibit of the middle states and the great west will not only be interesting but of practical instruction as well.

The star attraction is a white Wyandotte cock from the famous Biltmore farm. This fowl is alone worth $500.

Fire Protection for Jasper.

Jasper, Ala.—The city council has just closed a deal with P. O. Hebert, of Atlanta, representing the Fabric Fire Hose Company, of New York, for several hundred feet of hose, two hose carts and all the necessary apparatus for the equipment of an up-to-date voluntary fire department.

Rain Falls in Kentucky.

Lexington, K.—A steady rain today broke the longest drouth in central Kentucky in half a century.

THE AGRICULTURE REPORT

Yield in 1904 Was Nearly Five Billion Dollars.

THE ENORMOUS CORN CROP

The Cotton Yield Was Valued at $600,000,000—Potatoes, Rice, Barley, Oats and Other Products Reached Their Highest Point of Production—Live Stock and Poultry Make Records.

Washington, D. C.—The annual report of the Secretary of Agriculture just transmitted to the President enumerates some of the more important features of the year's work. Among them are extensive co-operation with agricultural stations; the taking of preliminary steps to conduct feeding and breeding experiments; the war waged against the cotton boll weevil and against cattle mange; plans for education of engineers in road building; the production of a hardy orange, a hybrid of the Florida orange and the Japanese trifoliata; valuable research in successful shipping of fruit abroad; the value of nitrogen-fixing bacteria; successful introduction of plants suited to light rainfall areas; establishment of pure food standards; the extension of agricultural education in primary and secondary schools; the extension of instruction to our island possessions to enable them to supply the country with $200,000,000 worth of domestic products, now imported from abroad.

The report then discusses the place of agriculture in the country's industrial life. The corn crop of 1904 yields a farm value greater than ever before. The farmers' could from the proceeds of this single crop pay the national debt, the interest thereon for one year, and still have enough left to pay a considerable portion of the Government's yearly expenses. The cotton crop, valued for lint and seed at $600,000,000, comes second, while hay and wheat contend for the third place. Combined, these two crops will about equal in value the corn crop.

Notwithstanding that the wheat crop shows a lower production than any year since 1900, the farm value is the highest since 1881. Potatoes and barley reached their highest production in 1904. Save in 1902 the oat crop was never so large by 60,000,000 bushels. The present crop of rice promises a yield of 900,000,000 pounds, 300,000,000 more than ever before.

Horses and mules reach the highest point this year, with an aggregate value exceeding $1,354,000,000. On the other hand, cattle, sheep and hogs all show a slight decline.

The steady advance in poultry leads to some astounding figures. The farmers' hens now produce one and two-thirds billions of dozen of eggs and at the high average price of the year the hens during their busy season lay enough eggs in a single month to pay the year's interest on the national debt.

After a careful estimate of the value of the products of the farm during 1904, made within the census scope, it is safe to place the amount at $4,900,000,000, after excluding the value of farm crops fed to live stock in order to avoid duplication of values. This is 9.65 per cent. above the product of 1903, and 31.28 per cent. above that of the census year 1899.

Some comparisons are necessary to the realization of such an unthinkable value, aggregating nearly $5,000,000,000. The farmers of this country have in two years produced wealth exceeding the output of all the gold mines of the entire world since Columbus discovered America. This year's product is more than six times the amount of the capital stock of all national banks, it lacks but three-fourths of a billion dollars of the value of the manufacturers of 1900, less the cost of the materials used; it is three times the gross earnings from the operations of the railways, and four times the value of all minerals produced in this country.

The year 1904 keeps well up to the average of exports of farm products during the five years 1899-1903, amounting to more than $850,000,000, while the average for the five years was nearly $865,000,000. During the last fifteen years the balance of trade in favor of this country, all articles considered, exceeded $4,384,000,000, but taking farm products alone these showed a balance in our favor of more than $5,300,000,000.

Reviewing the increase in farm capital, the Secretary estimates it conservatively at $2,000,000,000 within four years—this without recognizing the marked increase in the value of land during the last two years. The most startling figures shown as illustrating the farmers' prosperity are those presented by deposits in banks in typical agricultural States. The Secretary selects for this illustration Iowa, Kansas and Mississippi. Taking all kinds of banks—National, State, private and savings—the deposits increased from June 30, 1896, to October 31, 1904, in Iowa, 164 per cent.; in Kansas, 219 per cent.; in Mississippi, 301 per cent., and in the United States, 91 per cent.

For Russian Autocracy.

Prince Mestchersky said that "without autocracy Russia would cease to be Russia."

Stockyard Strike Over.

The strike of the cattle butchers at the stockyards in Chicago, Ill., collapsed.

A decision of the New York State Court of Appeals says street railways must provide transfers between lines. This upholds the protest of the public against paying double fare to Coney Island.

Prouzitelny at Brest.

The Russian destroyer Prouzitelny arrived with a hole in her hull at Brest. M. Pelletan, the French Minister of Marine, gave permission to make repairs.

SECRETARY TAFT REPORTS

The Annual Message of the Department Made Public.

The Present Standing of Our Regular Army and Its Future Outlook—Statistics of the Financial End of the Service.

Washington, D. C.—Secretary of War William H. Taft, in his annual report just made public, says that the actual strength of the regular army on October 15 was 3744 officers and 54,439 enlisted men. In 1903 it was 3631 officers and 55,500 men. Of the present army 779 officers and 11,583 men are stationed in the Philippines and the remainder are at various points in the United States, Porto Rico, Hawaii, Alaska and China. The force in Porto Rico consists of five officers and five men. The Secretary recommends that Congress make provision for additional officers of the line.

The enlistments for the year ending June 30, exclusive of hospital corps and Philippine scouts, were 27,380, of which 6372 were re-enlistments.

During the past year the troops have not been in action except for a few encounters with the savage Moros in the Philippines, rendered necessary by "their defiance of the law in Mindanao and Jolo." In one of these actions a detachment of infantry was ambushed, resulting in the loss of two officers and thirteen enlisted men out of thirty-nine men engaged.

The army death rate last year was only 9.30 per 1000, as compared with 15.94 for the previous year. "It is no exaggeration," the report adds, "that the troops of the United States are the best fed, best clothed and best sheltered troops in the world."

The present system of coast defenses is now considerably more than half completed. Thirty-one localities have been partially protected, and twenty-five of the principal harbors now have mounted in fortifications and ready for use heavy guns and mortars sufficient to furnish an effective defense against any possible naval attack. Since the inauguration of the present system of coast defenses the total appropriations made by Congress for the work have been approximately, $110,000,000, and is it estimated that it will take $65,000,000 more to complete the work.

Provision has already been made for emplacing 334 heavy guns, including twenty-six temporary emplacements, and 587 rapid fire guns, one being temporary, and 376 twelve inch mortars. During the fiscal year one twelve-inch gun, four ten-inch, seven rapid fire and twenty-two mortars have been mounted.

Owing to the lessons of the Russo-Japanese war, it is stated in the report, the value of torpedo defenses has been greatly emphasized. The cost of completing the torpedo defenses now projected will be $3,819,420, but this will mean that the system will be valueless unless there is a trained personnel of 5139 officers and men created to operate the system. This will cost about $5,000,000 more. Additional appropriations of $5,000,000 will, of course, the report says, be required annually thereafter for pay of the personnel.

It is pointed out that Congress, at its last session, appropriated $1,318,920 for beginning the work of fortifying insular possessions, and that much has been done in the way of fortifying the Philippines, Porto Rico and Hawaii, but that Congress will be asked at its next session for $2,611,056 more for continuing the work.

Secretary Taft deprecates any attempt to abolish the General Staff. He thinks that the War College also is doing a good work.

He points out that it cost $86,314.43 to prevent deposits in New York Harbor last fiscal year.

Secretary Taft favors an appropriation of $2,000,000 to promote the efficiency of the militia. "The Military Secretary," the report adds, "estimates that about seventy-five per cent. of the full strength of the militia would respond to a call for service under the Federal Government."

The army estimate for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, is $72,705,156.37.

Concerning the tariff in Philippine products imported into the United States, Secretary Taft urges that a bill be passed allowing free admission of all Philippine products except tobacco and sugar, and that there be imposed upon all importations of sugar and tobacco a duty equal to twenty-five percent. of the rates now imposed under the Dingley law upon the importations from foreign countries.

"The Philippine Government," the report adds, "is the result of an effort on the part of this nation to assist the Philippine people to stand upon their feet. It is a national experiment. The taxation by States, counties and municipalities of this country of bonds issued in the furtherance of that experiment is a burden upon it and an obstruction to its success. Therefore, the National Government, through Congress, may very well declare such bonds to be exempt from State, county and municipal taxation and keep well within its constitutional powers."

Escape From Prison.

Two soldiers who escaped from Governor's Island, New York Harbor, got away after changing their clothes on the ferryboat which took them from a skiff.

Taft at Panama.

Secretary Taft reached Panama and declared that the United States has no other design upon the Isthmus than to build a canal.

Congressman Daniel L. D. Granger, the Democratic candidate in the First Congressional District of Rhode Island, after a fortnight's recounting of ballots by the State Returning Board, was declared re-elected to his seat in Congress by 133 votes. The Board threw out 3593 defective ballots.

Japs Are Outnumbered.

Russians defending Mukden are believed to outnumber the Japanese there two to one.

AGAINST EIGHT HOUR LAW

New York Court of Appeals Declares It Unconstitutional.

DECISION AFTER YEARS OF DEBATE

The Eight Hour "Labor Law," as It Has Been Known, and That Has Been in Courts For Long Time, Decided by Final Test Case of Contractor's Suit—Judge Haight Dissents.

Albany, N. Y.—By a decision in the action of the People ex rel. Cossey, appellant, vs. Controller Grout, of New York, the Court of Appeals declared unconstitutional chapter 415 of the Laws of 1897 (the labor law), which prohibits a contractor from employing his men more than eight hours a day on city, county, or State work.

Since its enactment in 1897 this statute has been almost continually before the courts. Other phases have been passed upon, but this is the first time that the Court of Appeals has expressed its views flatly on the eight-hour provision.

The action was brought by Harry Cossey to compel payment by the City of New York of $28,215 for six scows manufactured for the Street Cleaning Department. Payment was refused on the ground that he had violated the terms of his contract in employing his men over eight hours a day. Cossey did not deny this, but contended that the law was unconstitutional. The Court of Appeals reverses the lower courts and grants the appellant's application, though not entirely on the arguments advanced by his counsel.

With Judge Haight alone dissenting, the court arrives at this conclusion, but by different routes. Judges O'Brien, Martin and Vann hold that the law is unconstitutional in that it deprives an individual of property without due process of law. Chief Judge Cullen, with Judge Werner concurring, bases his opinion as to the law's unconstitutionality on the result in the Rogers case, making their decision one of precedent.

Chief Judge Cullen takes the ground that the principle involved is precisely similar to that in the action of the People ex rel. Rogers vs. Coler. The latter was the earliest case that arose under the labor law, and in deciding the courts held that the statute was unconstitutional in so far as it involved the "prevailing rate of wages." Judge Cullen says, comparing the two cases:

"This difference in circumstances would not justify a distinction in principle, and therefore the decision in the Rogers case must control the disposition of the present case unless the Rogers case has been overthrown by subsequent cases in this court or in the Supreme Court of the United States."

The rest of his opinion is devoted to a discussion of the other cases under the labor law, from which he decides that the conclusion in the Rogers case stands and applies in the action under discussion.

In his conclusion the Chief Judge says:

"I fear that the many outrages of labor organizations or of some of their members have not only excited just indignation, but at times have frightened courts into plain legal inconsistencies and into the enunciation of doctrines which, if asserted in litigations arising under any other subject than labor legislation, would meet scant courtesy or consideration. * * *

"The decision about to be made can therefore stand only on one ground, the unconstitutional interference of the Legislature with the right of the municipality. That proposition having been explicitly decided in the Rogers case, I feel it my duty to follow it, regardless of my own opinion on the question."

Judge O'Brien says:

"One of the grounds upon which the Rogers case rests is that the statute there considered and now before us deprived the contractor of his property without due process of law, and the learned Chief Judge, as I understand the opinion, asserts that this ground has been entirely swept away by the case of Atkins vs. Kansas, in which the United States Supreme Court affirmed the conviction of a contractor for violating the eight-hour law of that State.

"I do not concur in that view. In my opinion, the Kansas case does not decide or sweep away what we held in the Rogers case and should hold in this case, namely, that the statute in question violates the Constitution of the State, in that it deprives the relator in this case, as it did in the Rogers case, of his property without due process of law."

In his dissenting opinion Judge Haight holds that the constitutionality of the law can be sustained by the fact that it is a police regulation in the interest of public health and morality.

MANY MUTINEERS KILLED.

Outbreak in the Odess Naval Barracks Results in Many Deaths.

London, Eng.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Morning Post says that the recent mutiny among the seamen in the naval barracks at Odessa was due to local causes and was not connected with the general unrest in Russia. Twenty-five of the mutineers were killed and many were wounded when the pickets fired on them.

To Resume Smoot Inquiry.

It was decided to resume the Senator Smoot inquiry on December 12.

The widow of Dr. Francis L. Morhard, of Richmond, S. L., was awarded $40,000 damages against the Richmond Light and Power Company for his death, due to imperfect insulation of lighting wires in his home.

France's Deputy Appointed.

Admiral Fournier has been appointed by France to serve on the international commisison which is to sit in the North Sea case; the members are expected to begin sessions soon.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Entered as second class matter, Apr. 13, 1904 at the postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Dec. 8, '04

Telephone No. 17.

Poll tax time!

Pay your poll tax!

Pay your poll tax on or before February 1st.

If you are in arrears for poll tax. pay it on or before February 1st.

Once upon a time, heaven came down and kissed the earth, and the result was—Alabama, and near its center is Shelby county.

Birmingham is talking of another hotel. It's just possible that progressive city has hotelmania. This is not an official diagnosis, however.

Let every Democrat in Shelby county, who is liable, pay all of his poll tax for 1901, 1902, 1903, and 1904, and pay it on or before February 1, 1905.

"Mere grand jury examination of county books is not the slightest protection," says the Birmingham Ledger. Now, we wonder if—but guess not.

It is said the Smoot case is to receive another airing in congress. Smoot admits he has violated the law prohibiting polygamy, and he ought to be sent back home.

When a newspaper calls men, no matter what their politics may be, "cattle," people are prone to think there is something wrong with the thought incubator behind the paper. Is it appreciated by any class of readers?

According to the Selma Journal our governor is a great preacher, a good physician and surgeon, and is able to preside over the grand lodges of Masonry and Pythianism. And the Journal might have added, he is a good governor.

Can Bryan still be a candidate for the presidency? In Nebraska, a few days ago, he made a speech in which he said the song "Kathleen Mavourneen," appealed to him, especially the lines, "it may be four years; it may be forever."

The press of Birmingham has a great deal to say about the Birmingham district, and it has a jnst right so to do. Now, we're going to have a Columbiana district. and if the Birmingham district will be good, we may annex it—after awhile.

The Montgomery Journal defends Governor Vardaman's discourteous message touching on the President of the United States. The Journal may think the Mississippi governor was right, but his message was a display of very bad taste, to say the least of it.

In Everybodys Magazine for December, in an article entitled "Frenzied Finance," the writer, a Mr. Lawson, says: "The Massachusetts legislature is bought and sold as are sausages and fish at the markets and wharves." Republicans bought and sold? Tut, tut!

Five dollars and a smile is what some of the women of Denver paid for a vote. Yes, we are glad the women of Alabama are not in politics. The five dollars for a vote might be overcome, but all the dollars in the world would not overcome the smiles of an Alabama woman.

Big Christmas Edition.

The Montgomery Advertiser is arranging for a special Christmas number to be issued on December 11th. It is the effort of the management of the Advertiser to make this Christmas edition the superior of any ever before issued from a Southern newspaper office. An attractive feature is made up by a number of contributions from Alabama writers. The paper will contain 100 pages, and if you wish a copy send 5 cents with your full name and postoffice address to the Advertiser, Montgomery.

How about your poll tax? Better pay it right now; you might forget it, you know.

The Farmer is King.

The Secretary of Agriculture has made his report. The corn crop of 1904 yields a farm value greater than ever before. The farmers could from the proceeds of this one crop pay the national debt, the the interest thereon for one year. and still have enough left to pay a considerable portion of the government's yearly expenses.

The cotton crop, valued for lint and seed at $600,000,000, comes second, while hay and wheat contend for third place. Combined, these two crops will just about equal in value the corn crop. Notwithstanding the wheat crop shows a lower production than any year since 1900, the farm value is higher than any year since 1881. Potatoes and barley reached their highest production in 1904; except in 1902 the oat crop was never so great by 60,000.000 bushels. The present crop of rice promises a yield of 900,000,000 pounds—300,000,000 more than ever before. Horses and mules reach the high est point this year, with an aggregate value exceeding $1,354,000,000. On the other hand, cattle, sheep and hogs all show a slight decline. The steady advance in poultry leads to some astonishing figures. The farmers' hens now produce one and two-third billion dozens of eggs, and at the high average price of the year the hens during their busy season lay enough eggs in a single month to pay a year's interest on the national debt.

After a careful estimate of the immense value of the products of the farm during 1904, made within the census scope, it is safe to place the amount at $4,900,000,000 after excluding the value of farm crops fed to live stock in order to avoid duplication of values. This is 9.65 per cent above the product of 1903, and 31.28 per cent above that of the census year, 1899. Some comparisons are necessary to the realization of such an unthinkable value, aggregating nearly $5,000,000,000. The farmers of this country have in two years produced wealth exceeding the output of all the gold mines of the entire world since Columbus discovered America. This year's pro duct is over six times the amount of the capital stock of all national banks. It lacks but $750,000,000 of the values of manuractures of 1900, less the cost of materials used; it is three times the gross earnings from the operations of the railways, and four times the value of all materials produced in this country. Reviewing the increase in farm capital, the Secretary estimates it conservatively at $2,000,000,000 within four years—this without recognizing the marked increase in the value of land during the past two years. The most startling figures shown as illustrating the farmers' prosperity are those presented by deposits in the banks in the typical agricultural states. The Secretary selects for this illustration Iowa, Kansas and Mississippi. Taking all kinds of banks—national, state, private, and savings, the deposits increased from June 30, 1896, to Octobrr 31, 1904, in Iowa, 164 per cent; in Kansas 219 per cent, and in Mississippi 301 per cent—in the United States 91 per cent. A similar favorable comparison may be made as to the number of depositors.

Truly, the farmer is king in the financial world.

"Cattle," Eh?

"It is reported that several of the leading democrats are wanting to sell out and leave the county since the election, we hope they will succeed, such cattle ought to be turned out to grass, this county would be better off without them."—Peoples Advocate.

The Democrats of Shelby county will fully appreciate the above. This week a delegation of people left this county for Louisiana. We are told that a majority of this party is made up of populists, at least two-thirds. We suppose they go with the hope of bettering their condition. But because they are populists, Democrats or Republicans, and are leaving this county, would The Sentinel, or any other paper, be justified in calling them "cattle," and that the county would better off without them? Not a bit of it. We have a better opinion of Shelby county people, be they populist, Democrat or Republican.

Yesterday, John B. Farrell, who has been County Superintendent for the past two years, turned over his office to his successor, J. O. Dorough. The public schools of Shelby county have grown under Mr. Farrell's administration, and we trust his successor may make as good a showing at the close of his term of office. Mr. Farrell has been faithful to his trust, and has won the esteem of all the teachers.

MONTEVALLO.

Rev. J. Willis, pastor of the Baptist church is in the Lone Star State for a few weeks, assisting in a meeting. During his absence, Dr. F. M. Peterson and Rev. Mr. Harris have occupied his pulpit.

The ladies of the Methodist church have established a Womans Exchange, which is open Mondays and Saturdays, and with which they are doing a good business. Beginning next Saturday, Miss Adelaide Mahan, of Brierfield, will exhibit at the Exchange her collec- of sketches and drawings, which she is offering for sale. Miss Mahan is quite a talented artist, and a visit to her exhibit will be very entertaining.

Dr. W. H. Sanders, State Health Officer, was here Sunday looking over the situation at the School. He reports that the form of smallpox is very mild; that all precautions have been taken, and the prospects good that it will be confined to the six patients reported. Many of the girls have expressed a desire to take the disease in this mild form, and no one seems to be afraid of it.

The Baptist ladies are having their annual Bazaar, at the L-tham Hotel, this week, and have supplied the seekers for Xmas presents a golden opportunity to satisfy their desires.

J. W. Alexander, the popular mail carrier on Rural Delivery route 1, met with a painful accident last Wednesday. Near Elliotsville his horse became frightened and unmanageable. In jumping out of his buggy, he fractured his leg just above the ankle. The limb was set by Dr. Walker, and Mr. Alexander was brought home. His suffering has been intense; but he is over the worst and will soon be out again.

The street fair with us this week and we have a conglomeration of fakes, confetti and red mud.

The School cook arose during the small hours one day last week, and was wending his way to the dormitory to "work over" his bread, when he came in contact with a ghost. In the language of the pickaniny, he "fa'rly bu'nt wind," and was so "flustrated" he could not kneed the dough when he got to the kitchen. Residents along his route were unseasonably alarmed by his shouts of "Lord have mercy on me!" The "ghost" proved to be a gentleman in his night dress attempting to drive a trespassing cow from his yard.

Mr. Shaw, whose French leave was mentioned last week, is reported to have been seen making his way towards Calera and Georgia, after he left town. There is no longer any doubt that he went to his former home. Why he did not signify his purposes to his family is not known.

The "hello man" has up the poles between this point and Calera. We'll soon be in speaking distance of the rest of the world.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Masonic Conference, recently held in Montevallo:

To the Worshipful Master and Wardens of the Shelby County Masonic Conference:

We gratefully recognize the blessing of Almighty God in permitting us to assemble once again in masonic conference.

We hereby express our appreciation of the presence of Brother Angus M. Scott, whose untiring efforts to instruct us have been a blessing to us, and we pray God's blessing to rest upon him, and to give him many long years of usefulness.

We extend our sincere thanks to Brothers J. Alex. Moore and Francis M. Peterson, and all the officers and members of Central Lodge, No. 70, as well as to the citizens of Montevallo, for their cordial hospitality extended to us.

We go away with a high conception of the duties and principles of Masonry, and resolve to incorporate them into our daily lives.

JOHN HUGHES,
RUFUS LESTER,
Committee.

A large congregation attended services at the Presbyterian church last Sunday morning. President McIlwane, of the new Presbyterian Synodical College which is to be built in Anniston, preached a most interesting sermon, and Rev. Joseph Dunglinson, the pastor, preached at night. The rain at night kept many away from the service who desired to hear Rev. Dunglinson, but those who did go speak in high terms of the new pastor. Monday Dr. McIlwane put in a few hours among our people soliciting subscriptions for the college of which he has been elected president. An effort is being made to raise $100,000 by the time the school is ready to open, Contributions are divided into five equal annual payments, thus giving plenty of time to pay any obligation made.

The two little children of J. H. Mason, who are sick with fever. are improving.

An Outrage.

Information reached this place, Tuesday, of a most brutal outrage upon the person of James Vick, who lives near Wilsonville.

As the story was told to us, a letter (we did not learn to whom addressed) was received through the Wilsonvile postoffice saying the body of Jim Vick was tied to a tree on the opposite side of the Coosa river at Mardis' Ferry. Parties at once visited the place and found the unfortunate man. At first it was thought he was dead, but upon examination it was found he was alive, although in a precarious condition. He was at once removed to a house, and a more thorough examination showed he had been beaten in a terrible manner, one blow on the head probably fracturing the skull. He had regained partial consciousness yesterday, but not enough so to be able to give a coherent account of how he came to be in such a plight. He complained of his eyes, and it was found that something had been thrown into them, possibly ruining the sight of both. He is said to be in a critical condition.

The outrage is a most brutal one and it is hoped the perpetrators may be apprehended and severely dealt with.

Register White Reappointed.

The many friends of Hon. J. R. White will be glad to know that he has been reappointed Register in Chancery for this county by Chancellor W. W. Whitesides. Mr. White had the endorsement of the entire membership of the Shelby county bar. He has made an efficient Register—kind, accommodating and courteous to all who have had business with his office. His appointment is for six years.

It is also a pleasure to know that Mr. White is in better health than he has been in a long time, and that this is so all of his friends are glad to know.

Harvard Musical Club.

One of the most delightful entertainments ever given in Columbiana was that of the Harvard Musical Club last Saturday night. There isn't a weak member in the quartette of entertainers, but each member had a place to fill on the program, rounding it out full and complete.

The musical numbers, and especially the work of Mr. Cutter, were delightfully pleasing. The rendition of "Norma," from the grand opera of that name, by Mr. Adams on the French horn, was one of the best of the evening. The orchestra work is far above the average. and the versatility of the Club is shown in the last number, "A Night On the Fly"-sending the audience home in a splendid humor and well pleased.

A change in date, and the inclement weather kept many away, but those who heard the Harvard Club will be glad to have them visit Columbiana again.

Honor Roll for November.

The following is the honor roll of the Columbiana Graded School for the month of November:

First Grade.—Hubert Brooks, Clarice Christian, Estelle Glenn, Willie Howell, Zachie Howell, Olive Millstead, Blueford Nelson, Mabel Smith, Marion Saxon,

Second Grade.—Emma Browne, Charles Christian, Robert Holcomb, Fay Mason, George Mason, Alma Nelson.

Third Grade.—Joe Albright, Roy Finley, Joe Hallmark, Littie Mae Haynes, Leslie Longshore, Aline Millsap, Walter Nelson.

Fourth Grade.—Robert McGibony, Frank McGibony, Lawrence Nelson.

Fifth Grade.—Pearl Gilbert, Alice Longshore, Margaret McMillan, William Milner, Edwin Nelson.

Sixth Grade.—Edward Atchison, Elna Elliott, May Gilbert, Celia McMillan, Lois Porter.

Seventh Grade.—Braddie Brown, Walter Gilbert, Willie Gilbert, Thomas Horton, Willie Longshore, Mary McMillan.

Eighth Grade.—James Broadhead, Emma Hicks, Nena Millstead, Clarence Walton, Melville Wilson.

Ninth Grade.—Beatrice Abercrombie, Myra Browne, Dinnie Rowe, John Strickland, Mildred White.

Tenth Grade.—Annie Longshore, Towles Smith.

Prof. W. Y. Titcomb, of Anniston, who was a guest of Judge D. R. McMillan several days last week, went to Motgomery Saturday to attend the Masonic Grand Lodge. Prof. Titcomb is secretary of foreign correspondence of that order, and is kept busy all the year round in attending to the duties of his office.

SHOES IS MY HOBBY . . .

I have just received a complete line of all kinds of shoes in Gents' and Ladies' Rubber Goods.

I also keep a complete stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries. A lot of Texas Rust Proof Oats just received. Highest price paid for Cotton on account. Nice line of Gents' Furnishing Goods. Thanking you for patronage in the past, and hoping for a continuation of the same I am, as ever your friend,

J. W. JOHNSTON.

PURE Apple Vinegar PURE

"Duxback" TRADE MARK

This is the "DUXBACK" Greatest Discovery Of the 20th Century in Connection with UMBRELLAS

It will make your umbrella absolutely warer-proof. Come in see it demonstrated. It will do just as is promised for it. It is a proven success, and not an experiment.

RUFUS LESTER

NEW CLOTHING

Boys, Young Men and Old Men.

HAVE YOU seen our new stock? Even if you are not ready to buy now, come in and see the goods and styles. The tendency of the weaves this year is towards the smooth finish, and they are very pretty.

THE PRICE is right in every instance, in keeping with the reputation we have made of giving the best goods for the least money. Come to see us.

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,

Montevallo, Ala.

NEW STORE--NEW STOCK

BRIGHT, FRESH, ATTRACTIVE.

Consisting of Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Notions, Groceries, Hardware.

Our Complete Line of

HEAVY WINTER GOODS

Is to be closed out at greatly reduced prices to make room for other goods coming in. We invite your inspection of this line. Every piece is new and really a good bargain. We want your patronage; we have the goods and at prices that will command your attention. Uniformity of treatment, and a desire to please all is our sincere endeavor. We have in stock many useful articles adapted to the Christmas trade. We have a fine line of

BROWN SHOES--BEST IN THE WORLD.

J. H. ABERCROMBIE & SON.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Horace Walton, who recently entered the employ of the Southern Railroad as a flagman, was unfortunate in having his hand pinched while making a coupling in Anniston last Thursday. It was a close call to losing his hand, and it will be some time before he will be able to return to work. The surgeon wanted to amputate one of his fingers, but Horace said no.

Do you owe the printer for the paper you are reading? If you do, don't you think you ought to pay up?

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,

E. W. BURT, Proprietor.

Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers.

Your Patronage is Solicited.

Telephone 28. - - - - - 'Bus Meets All Trains.

The street fair appears to be doing a pretty good businss this week. Take the little folks.

Don't forget to pay the printer his just dae. He works hard for what he gets.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

Our store is running over with them. When we gave Santa Claus our order, we remembered the young, the middle aged and the old.

TOYS, TOYS!

The greatest assortment of toys ever shown in Columbiana can now be seen at our store—a new, clean and pretty assortment. We have just what you want—Santa told us.

BEAUTIFUL DOLLS.

Your little girl has been dreaming and talking of the doll she is sure Santa Claus is going to bring her. Do not disappoint her. We have a beautiful assortment to choose from.

FINE CANDIES.

Good, pure confectionery is the only kind you want your children to eat. We have no other kind for holiday trade. It costs no more than the impure, and is so much better.

FIREWORKS, WHIZ-Z-Z!

It wouldn't be Christmas without fireworks, and we have a fine line. They will not last long—too good.

CHOICE FRUIT.

Our holiday stock would not be complete without fruit—we are supplied all the time with the choicest.

CHEWING GUM.

Do you know of our chewing gum proposition? If not, ask about it.

WATER SETS.

You could give your wife nothing that would please her so well as one of those pretty water sets which we have in our Christmas stock. Fine!

Of course, we want your grocery trade. We keep only the best of grades in everything.

Roberts & Robertson

Well Finished, Strong, Durable, Light Draft.

Rib Strengthened Mold, Full Chilled Shinpiece, Interlocked Point, Land and Standard. Point has Face Chill, Wide Edge Chill, Long Snoot Chill, Patented Extension and is the STRONGEST and MOST DURABLE Chilled Point made.

Remember; Price is Soon Forgotten; Quality Never.

FOR SALE BY

Dinner Set Free With evey 25 cent cash purchase we give you a ticket giving you a chance to get a 42--piece, hand-painted iron stone China Dinner Set absolutely Free. Henry Davis was given the last set.

We have just received

A Car of Elwood Wire Fencing,

26 to 52 inches in width.

MILNER & CHRISTIAN

SHIELDS BRAND

FITS WELL — SHIELDS BRAND — WEARS WELL

CLOTHING

Don't be talked into taking something "just as good." One trial of the "SHIELDS' BRAND" clothing will convince you that it is the best suit sold for the money.

—FOR SALE BY—

AVERYT & AVERYT

SHELBY, ALA.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Per copy one year.....$1.00
Per copy six months..... 50

Telephone No. 17.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Sam Wallace is visiting in Birmingham for a few days.

J. F. Pope, of Wilsonville, was in town last Thursday a few hours.

☞ These cool days a hot drink is just what you want. Go to the Latham Drug Co. for it.

Mrs. W. A. Parker is in Klein on a visit to her mother, Mrs. Wallace.

Clarence Smith was down from Wilsonville last Sunday, returning home Monday morning.

☞ For a delicious hot drink, go to Latham Drug Co. You will find there just what you want.

Several couples were up from Shelby last Saturday night to hear the Harvard Musical Club.

W. B. Browne is in Montgomery, attending the meeting of the Democratic electors of Alabama.

☞ Get a hot drink at the Latham Drug Co.'s store, and feel like a new person. They are fine.

John Minor, sen., from near Calvary, was a caller Monday, and renewed his subscription to The Sentinel.

☞ Have you tried the new hot drinks at the Latham Drug Co.'s store.

The street fair is attracting the little folks; and the big folks go along to care for the little ones, course.

Miss Lewetta Shipley, who has been the guest of Mrs. M. T. Wood for the past week, departed last Saturday for her home in Pittsburg, Pa.

Miss May High, who has been in the employ of the Hammond Millinery Co. for the past three months, departed for her home in Nashville last Monday.

Prof. Dowell informs The Sentinel that the total enrollment at the Columbiana Graded school to date is 189. A number of new pupils were enrolled yesterday.

The Hammond Millinery Co has removed its stock of goods into the Liles block, upstairs over Milner & Christian's hardware store, in the rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Hamner.

Miss Kathryn Smith, who has been attending school in Columbus, Miss., is visiting Miss Lizzie Sinnott in Tuscaloosa, and is expected in Columbiana in a few days to visit friends.

Quite a colony of people left on Monday for Louisiana where they go to make their future home. Shelby counts regrets to lose any of her people, but all wish them abundant success in their new home.

Miss Cora Martin, of Tennessee, lectured to a small audience in the court house last Sunday afternoon upon the subject of temperance. Many were deterred from going because of the rain. It is said Miss Martin handled her subject well.

W. J. Horsley has been appointed local agent for the Birmingham Title and Guaranty Co. in this city, and accompanied by his wife Mr. Horsley is now in Columbiana. The Sentinel received a pleasant call from the gentleman last Saturday.

The Sentinel has during the past week printed a lot of stationary and rate cards for the Wilsonville Telephone Company.

The Sentinel has received the following: "You are cordially invited to attend an exhibition and sale of sketches and paintings in oil, water color, pastel and black and white, by Miss Adelaide E. Mahan, at the rooms of the Woman's Exchange, Montevallo, December 10, 12 and 13." Miss Mahan lives in Brierfield, but has recently returned from New York and Novia Scotia where she has been for three years a pupil under the best artists in this country.

Will R. Averyt, formerly of Shelby, has opened a meat market in the Lester building, next to Henry Chapman's barber shop. It is Mr. Averyt's intention to keep fresh meats of all kinds, and as his shop is neat as a pin, there is little doubt that he will have a nice patronage. Mr. Averyt is a fine young man and our people are glad to have him locate in Columbiana.

It is with pleasure The Sentinel directs the attention of the bargain hunter to its advertising columns. You seldom go to a man's house unless he invites you; the same rule applies to the mercnant. If he wants your patronage he generally invites you with printer's ink. Patronize our advertisers and tell them you saw their advertisement in The Sentinel.

C. C. DuBose returned from Indianapolis last week. It had been the intention of Mr. DuBose to bring his little girls back to Columbiana when he left here, but they have been going to school in Indiana, and he thought it best to leave them with their grand parents this winter. He says they are all in the very best of health.

There was a gloomy outlook for the street fair the fore part of this week, the weather was so bad, but it has cleared off, and the attendance has been quite large. The fair attractions are under the management of gentlemen, and there is nothing to jar the sensibilities of anyone. Montevallo has a street fair also this week.

There are a number of pretty show windows in town, generally containing a display of holiday goods. The goods displayed show a taste in purchasing, and a little advertising from those who are not using printer's ink, might help to swell each day's receipts.

The Sentinel man was stumped one day last week when a bright little urchin, who attends the Columbiana Graded school, asked: "What becomes of the wind when it don't blow?" Our only way out of the matter was to tell him to ask Prof. Dowell.

Mrs. Howard Latham returned from Montevallo Tuesday, where she has been visiting her parents for the past three months. Mr. and Mrs. Latham are housekeeping in the Lester cottage on West College street.

J. W. Garris, of near Shelby, was in town yesterday.

How would you like to be the man in the balloon?

Leo Friedberger was a visitor to Birmingham Sunday.

Hosea Pearson, of Farmer, was in town a few hours yesterday.

Geo. D. Campbell will visit with relatives in Atlanta during the holidays.

Judge J. L. Peters visited with his children in Montevallo Sunday and Monday.

Miss Edna Nelson returned yesterday from a visit with friends in Eutaw and Marion.

Major John Bolin, one of the prosperous farmers of beat 9, was in town last Saturday.

Mrs. J. W. M. Page and children are slowly recovering from a serious spell of sickness.

The many friends of Mrs. Ellie Christian are glad to know she is convalescing after a serious sickness.

Miss Cora Morgan, who has been visiting the Misses Kroell in Montevallo for a short time, has returned home.

James McGowan, another good friend of The Sentinel, came in and renewed his subscription for another year, this week.

Rufus Lester has gone to Montgomery to attend the Masonic Grand Lodge which is in session in that city this week.

Just after we had printed the first pages of this issue, in which we suggested the making of some street crossings of cinder and slag, lo, and the suggestion was followed out. Was it telepathy?

The Latham Drug Co. is going to give away that fine doll which may now be seen in their show window. Read the change in the advertisement and you will know just how they are going to do it

Hammond Millinery Company has moved its millinery parlors upstairs over Milner & Christian's store, where it is better prepared to give you attention than ever before.

Roberts & Robertson have a new advertisement this week in which they talk "Christmas Gifts." A beautiful display of holiday goods may be seen at their store, and Harry and Jim will be glad to see you. Take the little folks, too.

Here is your opportunity to get a Victor talking machine. Read the new advertisement of T. J. Weaver & Co. in this issue and learn all about it. This firm has displayed a varied line of holiday goods which you are cordially invited to inspect.

J. H. Abercrombie & Son make a bid for a share of the patronage of the public through the medium of The Sentinel this week. Read their advertisement and go to see them. They have a nice stock of new goods and will treat you right.

Most of those pupils who stayed at home for a few days thinking some of the pupils had taken scarlet fever, have nearly all returned, so we are informed by Prof. Dowell. There is no doubt that among all the sick there is not a single case of genuine scarlet fever. The Sentinel is informed that it is more like scarletina than anything else. If this be true every parent in Columbiana will breathe a sigh of relief.

Nor the next Thirty Days our entire line of ready to wear goods to go at cost. See us over Milner & Christian's store.

Hammond Millinery Co.

The Sentinel is requested to say that Dr. Montague, president of Howard College, will preach at the Baptist church in this city on Sunday December 18th. Dr. Montague is an able minister, and our people will be glad to hear this distinguished divine. The Baptist congregation has not yet called a pastor to succeed Rev. Mr. Upshaw, and until they do their pulpit will be supplied on their regular Sunday—the third one in each month. All are cordially invited to go and hear Dr. Montague.

Notice.

The pension warrants for the old Confederate soldiers and widows are now ready for delivery, but the warrant cannot be delivered to any one but the pensioner, except on a written order.

A. P LONGSHORE
Judge of Probate.

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—
Watches, Clocks, Silverware,
JEWELRY,
and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage executed by the Northern Coal Company to the Alabama and Mississippi Coal Co. on November 30th, 1901, and recorded in Mortgage Book No. 55, page 496, in Probate office of Shelby county, Alabama, and which mortgage and indebtedness therein were transferred to the undersigned, W. M. Spencer, trustee, the said undersigned, owner of said mortgage and indebtedness will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the court house door at Columbiana, Shelby county, Ala., during the legal hours of sale, on Monday, the 9th day of January, 1905, the following described property, lying in said Shelby county, Ala., to wit: The south east quarter of the south west quarter and the west half of the south west quarter, all in section thirty-two, township twenty, range three west, and also the south west quarter of the north west quarter of section thirty-two, township twenty range three west, except the right of way heretofore conveyed to the Echols Coal Co., also, except the land conveyed by Columbus Benton and wife to one Ruffin and Echols Coal Co., containing about one acre in said forty, on which said acre the slope of the Echols Coal Co. mines is situated on top of the hill, the south west corner of said acre tract is about three hundred feet east of the south west corner of the said forty acre tract, and it also conveys the right of way and privileges to cross the right of way above referred to with a wagon or tram road which right and privilege was conveyed to Columbus Benton by the Echols Coal Co. by deed dated May 2, 1895, and conveyed by said Benton and wife to Lula E Cook, together with all the improvements, buildings and appurtenances thereunto belonging, including engines, boilers, pumps, tram cars, rails, merchandise and all other property, whether fixtures or not, and used in and about the operation of said mines, all of said lands and property are situated in Shelby county, Alabama.

This sale is made to satisfy the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, and the costs of the sale, including a reasonable attorneys' fee. This Nov. 30th, 1904.

W. M. SPENCER, Trustee.
Owner and Transferee of said Mortgage and Debt.

By R. H. Pearson, }
W. M. Spencer, } Attorneys. Dec.8-3t

Sheriff Sale.

By virtue of a Fi Fa issued from the city court of Birmingham, Jefferson county, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell, in front of the court house door in the town of Columbiana, Ala., on the 2nd day of January, 1905, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, all the right, title and interest, equity of redemption, or otherwise, the Northern Coal Co. has in and to the following described property, to-wit:

The south east quarter of south west quarter, and west half of south west quarter, all in section 32, township 26, range 3 west, also the south west quarter of the north west quarter of section 33, township 20, range 3 w.; except the right of way conveyed to the Echols Coal Company, also except the land conveyed by Columbus Benton and wife to one Ruffin and Echols Coal Co., being about one acre, said forty on which the slope of said Echols Coal Co. mines is situated, the south west corner of said acre being about three hundred feet east of the south west corner of said forty acre tract, and also it conveys the right of way and privilege to cross the right of way above referred to, with wagon and tram road, and which said right and privilege was conveyed to Columbus Benton by the said Echols Coal Co., and the same conveyed by C. Benton and wife to Lula E. Cook, together with all improvements, buildings and appurtenances hereto belonging, including engines, boilers, pumps, tram cars, rails and all other property, whether fixtures or not, used in and about the operation of the said mines, all the above property lying in Shelby county, Alabama.

Levied upon as the property of Northern Coal Company, to satisfy said Fi. Fa. in my hands in favor of Birmingham Dry Goods Co.

This 2nd day of December, 1904.

Dec. 8-3t. R. F. COX, Sheriff.

SNOW, SNOW . . .

Everybody is aware that the winter snow is coming and all will

Wear an Overcoat.

Why not have the old one fixed up, or order a new one? I am here to give the people a chance. I do the work right and guarantee every piece turned out.

All the Work Done at Home,

And a large number of our citizens testify to my workmanship.

Phone 49
P. O. Box, 222.

I. GORDON, the Tailor.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS Oct. 31st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$ 59,741 32	Capital stock paid in	$ 15,000 00
Overdrafts	1,189 57	Undivided profits, less current expenses	3,916 54
Banking House	3,000 00	Individual deposits subject to check	31,939 55
Furniture and Fixtures	2,000 00	Time deposits	3,241 58
Other Real Estate	3,000 00	Notes and bills rediscounted	34,293 79
Due from banks and bankers in this State	8,488 66		
Due from banks and bankers in other States	5,403 67		
Currency	2,783 00		
Gold	135 00		
Silver, Nickels and Pennies	718 78		
Checks and cash items	4,011 46		
Total	$ 87,491 46	Total	$ 87,491 46

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 7th day of November, 1904,

J. T. LEEPER, Notary Public.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM
Title and Guarantee Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, Gen'l Mgr.

W. J. HORSLEY, Local Agent, Columbiana, Ala.

Notice of Guardian Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order of [illegible] P. Longshore, [illegible] Probate Court of Shelby county, I will sell at public outcry, in front of the court house in Columbiana in Shelby county, on Monday the 26th day of December 1904, between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the following described real estate, belonging to the estate of Gertrude, Edith and Carrie Dubose, minors, to-wit: One house and lot in town of Columbiana, fronting on the street running west from public well on Main street land known as West College street having a frontage on said street of 114 feet, said lot bounded on the north by said street and on the west by street alley between said lot and the lot known as the Cadwell lot on the south by the ditch between said lot and the J. J. Parker lot, and running east along said ditch 150 feet to the lot owned by by J. L. Peters, thence in a northern direction 77 feet to the lot formerly owned by James Evans, thence west along said lot 40 feet, thence north along said Evans lot to the street, all in Shelby county, Alabama. Terms of sale cash.

C. C. DUBOSE.
Dec. 8-3t. Guardian.

Do you read The Sentinel, and have you paid for it?

Mrs. E. Portor has gone over to Piper to visit her son John and his family.

Only twenty-three more days of leap year. Girls!

The Sentinel trusts that all its subscribers, who are in arrears, will pay up by January 1st. If you don't owe anything this does not mean you.

The printer wants a Christmas time. He won't get it unless you pay up.

EVERY WALK IN LIFE.

A. A. Boyce, a farmer, living three and a half miles from Trenton, Mo., says: "A severe cold settled in my kidneys and developed so quickly that I was obliged to lay off work on account of the aching in my back and sides. For a time I was unable to walk at all, and every make-shift I tried and all the medicine I took had not the slightest effect. My back continued to grow weaker until I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, and I must say I was more than surprised and gratified to notice the back ache disappearing gradually until it finally stopped."

Doan's Kidney Pills sold by all dealers or mailed on receipt of price, 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Not a "Dead-game Sportess."

A notable sporting event came off at York 100 years ago. The wife of Colonel Thornton, a well-known citizen, had backed herself to race against Mr. Flint for 500 guineas a side. The crowd was estimated at 100,000, ten times as many as had been present even to see Eclipse first and the rest nowhere. For three miles Mrs. Thornton led, but her horse had "much the shorter stake of the two," and Mr. Flint then forged ahead, and Mrs. Thornton gave up in mercy to her horse. She was much less tender to Mr. Flint. A few days later the York Herald contained a letter from her accusing him of lack of gallantry in refusing to allow a gentleman to ride round with her, so as to be handy for the rescue if her saddle slipped round, as it had done a few days before; in saying, "Keep that side, ma'am," gruffly to her at the starting point, and beating her as badly as he could. She defiantly challenged him again for the next year.—London Chronicle.

Wise Paul.

Paul Revere had just made his famous ride.

"I'm so glad I didn't use an automobile," he helated.

"Why not?" asked the friend.

"I would have been arrested for fast riding."—Chicago News.

Kindness is catching.
One sin bears many seeds.

Write Quick FOR A Big Bargain

To better advertise the South's Leading Business College, four scholarships are offered young persons of this county at less than cost. WRITE TODAY.

GA-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

The Re-Built and Enlarged Edition of
WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY
CONTAINS
25,000 NEW WORDS, Etc.
New Gazetteer of the World
New Biographical Dictionary
2380 Quarto Pages.
New Plates. 5000 Illustrations.
Should be in Every Home, School, and Office

Rev. Lyman Abbott, D.D., Editor of The Outlook, says: Webster has always been *the favorite* in our household, and I have seen no reason to transfer my allegiance to any of his competitors.

FREE, "A Test in Pronunciation," instructive and entertaining. Also illustrated pamphlets.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass.

NoMoreBlindHorses For Specific Ophthalmia Moon Blindness & other Sore Eyes. Barry Co., Iowa City, Ia., have a sure cure

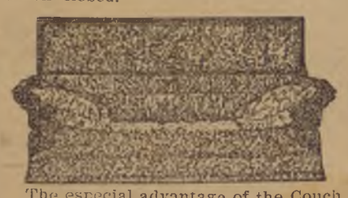
A NEW-STYLE CASKET.

An Innovation Which Does Away With the Uncomfortable-Appearing Coffin.

It is not so much what you pay for, nor what you pay, but what you get that needs your attention in the selection of a casket, for the genius of the twentieth century has been just as busy in the way of funeral furnishings as in other line, until today the styles of caskets are quite different from what they were fifty years ago and changing every day.

This is especially true in Metallic Caskets, the old style heavy cast iron goods having given away to the more up-to-date copper linings which are neatly fitted into the best grades of varnished or cloth covered work.

One of the latest designs as recently brought out by the National Casket Co., is what is designated as a Couch Casket, which has the appearance of a comfortable couch when open, yet retains all the requisite outlines of the best styles in regular casket work when closed.



The especial advantage of the Couch Casket is found in its relief from that stiffness usually noted in all other designs, and impressing the minds of the friends as well as that of the family with a feeling of peace and restfulness not known before.

If it is desired to retain all of the preservation qualities as found in the copper linings, the Couch Casket can be enclosed in a metal lined outside box, which will then answer the double purpose of preserving both the casket as well as the remains.

All undertakers in the south should be in a position to furnish these latest improved goods, as the National Casket Co's. large plant at Nashville, Tenn., has been especially fitted up for furnishing them on short notice, and large sales already proves that their efforts are being appreciated by the best class of people everywhere.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

No one can do anything tomorrow.—Maltbie D. Babcock.

"The man who profits by his own mistakes counts clear gains."

Character, good or bad, has a tendency to perpetuate itself.—Prof. Van Dyke.

The realization of God's presence is the one soverign remedy against temptation.—Fenelon.

"There are too many people singing 'I want to be an angel' who would be too lazy to groom their own wings if they had them."

Our love must make long marches, and our prayers must have a wide sweep. We must embrace the whole world in our intercessions.—C. H. Spurgeon.

You can help your fellowmen. You must help your fellowmen. But the only way you can help them is by being the noblest and best man that it is possible for you to be.—Phillips Brooks.

To be good company for ourselves, we must store our minds well, fill them with happy and pure thoughts, with pleasant memories of the past and reasonable hopes for the future.—Selected.

The noblest workers of this world bequeath us nothing so great as the image of themselves. Their task, be it ever so glorious, is historical and transient; but the majesty of their spirit is essential and eternal.—George Brown.

MEXICAN CHIVALRY.

Shrewish and Sodden Hag Defferentially Treated by a Cop.

She was an old hag. Her face was wrinkled with the scars of dissipation, and her claw-like fingers would have been envied by the one whose lot it is to play the witch's part. Her gray hair fell over her shoulders in a wet and stringly tangle, while the few rags she wore completed the picture of misfortune. She was drunk and foully abusive, but the policeman who found her on Independencia street saw beneath all disguises the evidence that she was a woman, and that to him was enough to guarantee her the courtilest protection he could give and yet perform his duty.

He placed her under arrest and told her to accompany him to the Sixth comissaria. She refused to go, probably not so much because it meant going to jail as because she was unable to comprehend why he should want her to go any place. As he argued with her a small crowd collected, and the infuriated old woman cursed and spit at the bystanders for their curiosity. Some suggested to the officer that he forcibly take her to the station. But in the wrinkles that filled her face and the long bony fingers and stooped form he recognized the evidences of a life in which much toil must have been mingled with the vices to which she was evidently now the slave. He refused, and for ten minutes argued with the woman, but his only responses were curses and threats.

Then this uniformed representative of the law with a club at his side and a revolver in his belt, and a strength enough to carry her the block that separated them from the station, paid tribute to the sex of this crazed creature of the streets. He told her he had appointment up the street, but that unless she would accompany him it would be impossible for him to keep it. This seemed to appeal to her, and she took the offered arm of the man she had accepted as an escort, and the two marched slowly down the street.—Mexican Herald.

The Diamonds of St. Petersburg.

St. Petersburg society is brilliant, not only by reason of the diamonds and beauty of its women, but also owing to the splendid uniforms and blazing decorations of its men. The ladies wore such diamonds as are only seen at exhibitions or in the windows of a fashionable jeweller. The diamonds of St. Petersburg are famous, for not only do they frequently measure half an inch across, but their diameter is as frequently the same. Your representative was dazzled by a succession of solid stones whose weight could only be reckoned in avoirdupois.

The jewels one sees at Covent Garden are slim and puny baubles by comparison. St. Petersburg seems to buy its diamonds by the pound, and the wealth "of Ormuz and of Ind" scintillates in the ears and round the slender throats of its fair women.—London Mail.

The Champion Meat Eaters.

Despite the fact that the census reports show Americans are steadily drifting toward vegetarianism, we are still the greatest meat eaters in the world. Our meat still costs us every year $100,000,000 more than our vegetables (including imported vegetable foods). In the aggregate we Americans pay every year about $2,250,000,000 for food, or about $30 a year (for the raw food) for each person.

In addition to the foregoing it may interest you to know that among the meat foods the egg bill ($143,300,000) is greater than that for any other item except cattle ($432,600,000) and sheep ($170,000,000); and that the bill for milk, butter and cheese ($122,000,000) is nearly four times as large as that for fish, oysters, and all other sea foods.—Pearson's.

A Wonderful Jewel.

The most extraordinary pearl—or, rather, cluster of pearls—known as "The Southern Cross"—is owned by a syndicate of Australian gentlemen, who value it at $50,000. So far as is known it occupies an absolutely unique position. It consists of nine pearls naturally grown together in so regular a manner as to form a perfect Latin cross. The pearl was discovered by a pearl fisher at Roebourne, West Australia. The first owner regarded it with so much superstition that he buried it, but it was discovered in 1874, and five years later was placed on exhibition in Australia.

Newton is the most common of town names in England. It occurs either alone or with some afix no less than 22 times.

SAHARA'S STRANGE CITY.

Arauan Exists Solely on Account of Its Supply of Water.

France's growing influence in the Sahara has just been illustrated in a remarkable manner. The inhabitants of the famous town of Arauan sent their leading men to France, voluntarily offering to place their town under the government of France. They asked that officals be sent ther to establish French rule.

The French had not been within many miles of the place. Only two white men had ever seen it. One of them was Major Laing, who passed through Arauan in 1820, and a day or two later was murdered near the town.

The other was an Austrian explorer, Lenz, who visited Arauan in 1880 and wrote the only description of it that we possess. He found that the sheik who ruled Arauan had in his possession the papers and other property of the murdered Laing, but would not part with them. There is little doubt that France will now secure them and that the mystery of the later adventures of this daring explorer will be cleared up.

There is no other town in the Sahara like Arauan. It cannot be called an oasis, for it is in the midst of the wildest sand waste in the great desert, and scarcely a blade of grass grows there.

There is enough vegetation to feed a few sheep and camels, but the people seldom have any fodder to sell, and yet there is good reason why about one hundred houses have stood here for generations among the great sand dunes that tower around them.

From the flat roofs of the houses nothing can be seen but the pale yellow sand hills. It would be inconceivable that human beings could live in such a place if we did not know that the town has an extraordinarily large quantity of water.

Arauan occupies a depression in the desert, and though water is obtained only by digging very deep wells it is in inexhaustible supply. The town is on the caravan route from Timbuktu, and at Arauan one branch of the road leads to Algeria and the other to Morocco.

No caravan is so large that it cannot be supplied there with all the water it needs. It is the one commodity of the place. The inhabitants make their living by selling it.

There are two reasons why the people have not been able, even with boundless water resources, to create an island of verdure in the midst of the frightful sand waste. In the first place the water is drawn only from very deep wells and the labor of arising it would make it impossible to cultivate any large area.

Then the sand is very deep and only in a few small areas can soil be reached on which crops can be grown. Water will not make grass and olive trees grow where their roots would penetrate no kind of earth save minute fragments of quartz.

So the supplies for the people of Arauan have always been brought from Timbuktu, 130 miles to the south. Water pays for everything they possess excepting the clay of which their houses are built, and this they obtain when they dig their deep wells, for the excavations extend through the sandy surface to clay beds.

The fact that the people would starve if Timbuktu were not their granary doubtless explains the voluntary submission of this desert folk to the French. Timbuktu is now the capital of a large district in the French western Sudan. The natives have water, but the only sources of their food supply are in the hands of white men.

This is the reason why these isolated and fanatical people have gone to the whites to beg for friendship and protection.—New York Sun.

Thieving has become so prevalent in Standford University that President Jordan has issued an appeal to the whole student body to assist him in running down the criminals.

Red blood is always better than blue vision
None are so poor as those who do not love people.

HAPPY CHILDHOOD.

Right Food Makes Happy Children Because They Are Healthy.

Sometimes milk does not agree with children or adults. The same thing is true of other articles of food. What agrees with one sometimes does not agree with others.

But food can be so prepared that it will agree with the weakest stomach. As an illustration—anyone, no matter how weak the stomach, can eat, relish and digest a nice hot cup of Postum coffee with a spoonful or two of Grape-Nuts poured in, and such a combination contains nourishment to carry one a number of hours, for almost every particle of it will be digested and taken up by the system and be made use of.

A lady writes from the land of the Magnolia and the mocking bird way down in Alabama and says: "I was led to drink Postum because coffee gave me sour stomach and made me nervous. Again Postum was recommended by two well known physicians for my children, and I feel especially grateful for the benefit derived.

"Milk does not agree with either child, so to the eldest, aged four and one-half years, I give Postum with plenty of sweet cream. It agrees with her splendidly, regulating her bowels perfectly, although she is of a constipated habit.

"For the youngest, aged two and one-half years, I use one-half Postum and one-half skimmed milk. I have not given any medicine since the children began using Postum, and they enjoy every drop of it.

"A neighbor of mine is giving Postum to her baby lately weaned, with splendid results. The little fellow is thriving famously." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum agrees perfectly with children and supplies adults with the hot, invigorating beverage in place of coffee. Literally thousands of Americans have been helped out of stomach and nervous diseases by leaving off coffee and using Postum Food Coffee. Look in package for the little book, "The Road to Wellville."

A VERY CROOKED RAILWAY.

Steepest, Narrowest and Most Tortuous in the World.

Between the mining towns of Clifton and Metcalf, Ari., there runs the steepest, narrowest and most tortuous railroad in the world.

Passengers, as well as long trains of ore, are raced down dizzy grades, dragged up steep inclines, swung around sweeping curves, and carried in perfect safety in a snakelike course over one of the most picturesque bits of mountain land in the country.

The compact and sturdy little engines which draw the precious metal from the mines in one town to the smelters in another or which puff and steam up to the front or back doors of the homes of mine owners and "workers," there to await the mistress of the house as she prepares to take the entime family to market or make an afternoon call, run on a 20-inch gauge.

It will be readily seen how narrow is this railroad which winds up to the very peaks of high mountains, hangs suspended over deep canons, and bores its glittering way through miles of solid rock, when the 20 inches are put side by side with the standard 4 feet 8 1-2 inches.

From the mines to the smelting works it is pretty much down grade. The plucky little engine, with its train of eighteen or twenty heavily loaded ore cars, each guarded by a miner in picturesque garb, who takes this opportunity to secure a little fresh air and sunlight, hugs the mountains for miles at a stretch, then suddenly swings into a desolate valley and tears along a river bank until it is forced to climb a slight incline to a bridge which stretches over a yawning canon. There are three of these bridges from Metcalf mines to Clifton smelting works, and the trestle work ranges from 125 to 135 feet in height.

From mines to smelter is twenty miles, so circuitous is the route; the trains tear down the mountain sides at the rate of 60 miles an hour with power at the lowest possible gauge. Heavy brakes are used on each ore car and the locomotive, although a powerful little puller, is seldom called into service on this downward trip, which is made for sixteen of the twenty miles with brakes on full.

Automatic dumping cars are used, and in 54 minutes from the time the train starts from a mine with its load it is ready to start on its backward trip empty. Up, up, up, the train climbs, the ascent never being less than twenty degrees, it reaches in sections such heights that the brain turns dizzy at the mere thought. From a station in the valley, in the little village of Metcalf, the cars seem to be clawing the mountain sides in a perfectly perpendicular line, and as the lanterns swing out when the train takes a loop the traveler seeing it for the first time would be readily excused for naming it some new mountain terror.

The trip back to the mines consumes nearly four hours, for the little engine, which was literally pushed down the mountains by the weight of its train, is now obliged to pull the empty cars up grades which test its timbre to the fullest.

An idea of how winding is the route will be gained when it is known that Clifton is but five miles from Metcalf as the crow flies, but as the railroad is obliged to wind its way it is a trifle over twenty miles. To get the circuit even within this limit whole mountains of solid rock have been tunneled.

For nearly one mile the Morenci railroad carries its trains through inky blackness. Jagged rocks are overhead and on each side. A passageway was literally hewn and hacked through these rock mountains, for it was deemed dangerous to use dynamite in many places, as the nature of the secret gas pockets therein were unknown. Two and a half years it took to complete this tunnel, but when it was finished it cut nearly five miles off the route.—Chicago Chronicle.

Inventor of Picture Postal Cards.

The German press has announced the death of one who claimed to have first had the idea, in 1872, of reproducing pictures and portraits on the backs of postcards. But France now comes forward with a previous title, dating from the year 1870. A small bookseller of the town of Sille-le-Guillaume, in the Sarthe department, litographed on the back of a number of postcards a design, which found a ready sale among the Mobile Guards of the camp at Conlie. Several of these cards still exist.

The design consisted of two allegorical piles of arms, and the inscription was "War of 1870, Conlie Camp. Souvenir of the National Defense. The Brittany Army." Then followed three lines upon which the Mobile Guard could write his name and a message. It was an easy way for the country folk in camp to let their families know that they were well; and although M. Besnardeu, the bookseller, sold many of these cards, he could certainly never imagined what an industry the manufacture of picture postcards was destined to become 35 years later.—London Standard.

Postal Employes.

Some interesting statistics have recently been published by the Universal Postal union as to the number of postal employes in the different countries composing the union. Germany heads thelist with 242,000, the United States comes next with 239,000 and Great Britain is third with 184,000. None of the other states in the postal union possess 100,000 postal employes. France has 81,000, Austria 59,000, Russia 57,962, Japan 57,965. Every other country falls below 50,000.

The Ruling Passion.

A young woman reporter for the Monroe City News got married recently and kept the wedding a secret for a week. Then, it is said, she needed news and printed the story.—Kansas City Star.

The great number of recent railway accidents in Spain is ascribed to the rapacity of the companies, which in their eagerness to declare large dividends neglect improvements and repairs.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Korean girls over seven are all taught at home.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The man who first made steel pens got $1 each for them.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails. Sold by all druggists, $1. Mail orders promptly filled by Dr. E. Detchon, Crawfordsville, Ind.

Of the 467 savings banks in Japan only one is foreign.

On the occasion of the hundredth anniversary of the death of Schiller (May 9, 1905,) the Swiss Government intends to give every pupil in the public schools a copy of that poet's play, "William Tell." The sum of $20.000 has been set aside for this purpose.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A man brought up at St. Albans as an incorrigible rogue was proved to have married his aunt. His children are, therefore, his first cousins and he is his own uncle. His grandmother and her mother-in-law are the same person. Apparently the judge sympathized with him, for he was discharged.

Street Car Company Party to Divorce Suit.

Myron E. Ross and the Metropolitan Street Railway company are made joint defendants in a divorce suit filed in the circuit court yesterday by Pearl L. Ross. This odd case arose out of a judgment that was obtained by Myron Ross of $2000 against the street railway company, and which it is the wish of the wife to share. The divorce was filed pending the result of the damage suit, and it was refiled in order to embody the judgment feature for alimony.—Kansas City Times.

When the transformation of cities by electric power and light is completed we may expect the air to be practically as pure as that of the country.

Mrs. Elizabeth H. Thompson, of Lillydale, N.Y., Grand Worthy Wise Templar, and Member of W.C.T.U., tells how she recovered by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am one of the many of your grateful friends who have been cured through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and who can to-day thank you for the fine health I enjoy. When I was thirty-five years old, I suffered severe backache and frequent bearing-down pains; in fact, I had womb trouble. I was very anxious to get well, and reading of the cures your Compound had made, I decided to try it. I took only six bottles, but it built me up and cured me entirely of my troubles.

"My family and relatives were naturally as gratified as I was. My niece had heart trouble and nervous prostration, and was considered incurable. She took your Vegetable Compound and it cured her in a short time, and she became well and strong, and her home to her great joy and her husband's delight was blessed with a baby. I know of a number of others who have been cured of different kinds of female trouble, and am satisfied that your Compound is the best medicine for sick women."—MRS. ELIZABETH H. THOMPSON, Box 105, Lillydale, N.Y.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuinness cannot be produced.*

Potash

is necessary for cotton to produce high yields and good fibre.

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SLOAN'S LINIMENT
FOR HORSES AND OTHER STOCK AND ALL FAMILY USES
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CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

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W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

The reason W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world is because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes and the high-grade leathers used, you would understand why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day, and why the sales for the year ending July 1, 1904, were $6,263,040.00.

W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it—take no substitute. Sold by shoe dealers everywhere.

SUPERIOR IN FIT, COMFORT AND WEAR.

"I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for the last twelve years with absolute satisfaction. I find them superior in fit, comfort and wear to others costing from $5.00 to $7.00."—B. S. McCUE, Dept. Coll., U. S. Int. Revenue, Richmond, Va.

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W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Massachusetts.

J. S. SCHOFIELD'S SONS COMPANY

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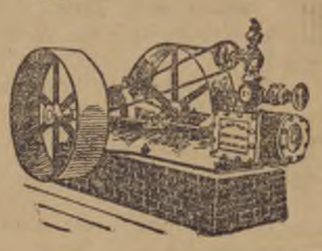

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RIPANS TABULES are the best pepsin medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in a single year. Constipation, heartburn, sick headache, dizziness, bad breath, sore throat and every ill arising from a disordered stomach are relieved or cured by Ripans Tabules. One will generally give relief within twenty minutes. The five cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion. All druggists sell them.

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COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., DECEMBER 15 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 16

COTTON SITUATION

President Jordan issues an appeal. All sections stirred to action

FARMERS URGED TO HOLD COTTON.

All Producers Urged to Attend National Cotton Convention—Mass Meetings Being Held.

Montgomery, Ala.—That there is to be concerted action on the part of leading cotton growers in the south looking toward the restoration of prices for the staple is proved by the agitation now in progress in every section of the south.

Commissioner of Agriculture R. R. Poole received a telegram from Greenville, Tex., signed by E. S. Pettus and N. C. Murray, telling of a mass meeting of cotton representatives from Texas, Oklahoma Territory and Indian Territory to be held on December 17th in Greenville. At this big mass meeting important resolutions will be drawn urging planters in other states to hold their cotton, assuring the people that Texas would hold on to its residue crop.

Commissioner Poole has also received a communication from H. M. Burt, of Talladega, who suggests most earnestly that he urge the cotton planters of Alabama to hold their remaining crop until the price goes back to ten cents. Mr. Burt said:

The bears are determined to rob the people of their labor and will do so if we only permit it."

Jordan's Appeal.

A lengthy appeal to the south, including merchants, bankers and planters, sent out by Harvie Jordan, of Monticello, Ga., president of the Southern Cotton Growers' Association, has gained wide circulation.

"The bearish bureau report issued from the department of agriculture on December 3d, indicating a crop of 12,162,000 bales, gave the speculators the opportunity they had been praying for," says President Jordan in his appeal, "and in less than thirty minutes nearly $30,000,000 in value was struck from the pockets of southern farmers.

"Every dollar's loss on cotton sold at present prices will go into the pockets of these speculators, and it remains for the present owners and holders of at least 5,000,000 bales of this crop to say whether this unrighteous hold-up and high-handed robbery shall be quietly submitted to."

President Jordan declares that the bureau report just issued is in excess of this year's cotton yield and attaches no confidence in the ginners report.

"I now call upon every producer who is holding cotton, and who can possibly do so, to attend the National Cotton convention to be held in Shreveport, La., December 12, 13, 14 and 15." Continuing, the president of the association says: "there to take definite action looking to the holding of the balance of the crop until prices advance."

At this convention it will be the sense of the leaders that next year's cotton acreage should be reduced 25 per cent and the crop be cut down to about 10,000,000 bales.

Suggestion to Burn All the Surplus Cotton.

Courtland, Ala.—The people of Lawrence county, and particularly that section adjacent to Courtland, are as patriotic as any on earth and are willing to contribute their full share to the general prosperity of the south. The government report on the cotton crop found a great many of them with hundreds of bales of cotton on hand and not all of their debts paid. When the report came out, as is now a matter of history, the price of the staple, on which the south relied for a livelihood, dropped below the cost of production.

With the view of discussing ways and means of reducing the ruin, a few of the representative men of this community met and promulgated the plans and resolutions set out below. The originators of these suggestions do not know that they will accomplish the desired end, but they are all willing to sacrifice their holdings to a large extent to alleviate the common misfortune. The address is as follows:

"To Newspapers, Cotton Exchanges, Merchants and Cotton Growers:

"We believe that the government estimate of the cotton crop is too large by 750,000 bales, but should we be mistaken what plan is best to dispose of the surplus? With the co-operation of cotton growers, merchants and cotton exchanges of the cotton belt, why can not a plan by all interested be formed to voluntarily contribute from each cotton growing state a sufficient number of bales of cotton, based on the production of each state, to make 1,000,000 bales, this to be burned or otherwise destroyed under the supervision of the Cotton Exchange, Board of Trade or corporate authorities of the town or community in which it is grown? If this plan is feasible we, the undersigned citizens of Courtland, Lawrence county, Alabama, obligate ourselves to contribute our pro rata share of cotton, be it fifty bales or more, as a starter to reduce this surplus and obtain a fair price for the balance of the crop."

The gentlemen who have signed the above are representative business men of this community.

Texas Growers Will Hold.

New Orleans.—Some strength was given to the cotton market today by a telegram to W. P. Brown, from President Peters, of the Texas Cotton Growers' Association, and other prominent Texas cotton men. The telegram said that a mass meeting of cotton planters had been called in every county in Texas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma to take place December 17th to devise ways and means to hold cotton. It was added that Texas would hold hers.

It was considered not improbable that a meeting of the planters and country bankers in all the southern states growing cotton would be held here about the date of the Texas meeting to consider means to meet the conditions imposed by the report of the bureau of agriculture.

North Carolina Loyal.

Raleigh, N. C.—Some of the best informed cotton men in North Carolina say positively that the growers here will hold all of their crop they can. They are now preparing to store cotton, and can, of course, secure advances upon it. A proposition is made in one of the leading papers in the state that the cotton growers shall unite, put only 20 per cent of their crops on the market, making a solemn pledge to this effect and also pledge themselves to reduce acreage next season 20 per cent. It is urged that these pledges be filed with the state commissioner of agriculture. Some persons have contended that the farmers will not work together and can not be all gotton in line, but that some will try to overreach each other. In reply it is pointed out that they did all unite in refusing to use cotton bagging made by the trusts and so put the latter out of business. It is further shown that the North Carolina tobacco growers united this year and reduced their acreage from 20 to 50 per cent in accordance with agreement. The farmers think 10 cents per pound is the fair and correct price for their cotton and the action suggested is in the line obtaining that figure.

A Georgia Man's Opinion.

Macon, Ga.—A new theory has been advanced for the recent slumps in the market price of cotton. William McEwen Johnston, the cotton mill operator of this city, attributes the decline in part to the predictions of a large crop made by certain cotton men of the north, enforced by misrepresentative statements of the condition of affairs down south.

Mr. Johnston says such men as Theodore H. Price, of New York, are influenced by selfish motives in circulating certain reports in the shape of letters and statements through the press with regard to such an enormous cotton crop for this year. Quoting from T. H. Price's cotton letter of Wednesday, where he predicts that this year's cotton crop will be 13,000,000 bales, Mr. Johnston suggests that the men who make such estimates are themselves interested in the market price of cotton from a financial standpoint; that they wish to produce a bearish effect on the market so as to be able to buy low and sell high.

To substantiate his view Mr. Johnston permits the newspapers to publish a letter received from a friend in Texas, whom he knows to be undoubtedly reliable. The letter contains the following:

"T. H. Price sent down here a week or more ago to have some one to have some photographs taken of cotton being picked, if it did not cost over $25, and sent to him at once. They found one field (only a corner of it) and they put some negroes in it and then went to picking, and I suppose Price exhibited this and beared the market—a clear misrepresentation of the condition of things here."

To further show that this was in truth the intention of Price when he sent to Texas for the photographs, Mr. Johnston cites Price's cotton letter of Wednesday, in which he says:

"I am supplied with photographs of a number of fields in the south which I shall shortly publish, and which gives indisputable evidence of the fact that a large amount of cotton is still unpicked." Backed by the letter of his friend in Texas, Mr. Johnston declares that if these photographs are exhibited they will grossly misrepresent the actual conditions down south, giving color, as they will, to cotton predictions continually made by Price—thereby producing more decided slumps in the market price of cotton than have heretofore been the order of the day.

Iron is Booming.

There is a strong demand still for pig iron in the Birmingham district, and some nice sales are being made. The quotations remain firm at from $13.50 to $13.75 for No. 2 foundry. One of the larger interests in the district announces that the sales from day to day this month have been greater than the make from day to day. In other words, the sales with this company so far in December aggregate more than the production.

Japan's Credit.

From the New York Times.

Uncle Sam smiles on the Jap as a borrower and will discount his paper with pleasure. The little brown Oriental's credit is good everywhere, even in Moscow, where the capitalists have quite a snug lot of Japanese securities stored away, rated as gilt-edged even in the financial schedules of those who are at war with them.

State Treasurer Reports.

Montgomery, Ala.—State Treasurer J. Craig Smith gave out his annual report to the governor, which is for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1904. The report comprises all receipts and disbursements by this department during the fiscal year, also a condensed statement of the bonded debt of the state, with a numerical list of coupon bonds, exchanged and superseded by registered bonds.

According to his report there was a balance on hand at the close of business, September 30, 1904, $1,191,624.43. There was a balance on hand on September 30, 1903, of $994,056.56. Receipts from October 1, 1903, to September 30, 1894, were $3,201,339.71. The disbursements for the fiscal year were $3,003,771.84. The general fund amounted to $1,858,143.80. In the general fund is included the money received from the convict bureau for hire of convicts, which amounted to $495,109.54, insurance department $85,854.30, department of agriculture $72,143.66, licenses, general, $308,000.37, from state taxes of 1903, $709,051.66, tax on record of mortgages, $59,321.99, and several other smaller items.

For the education fund there was received $1,017,797.49. Poll taxes paid $125,932.29 of this. The total bonded indebtedness of the state is $9,357,600. There are $185,400 worth of bonds that have been barred by the statute of limitation. The annual interest on the standing bonds amount to $448,680.

Alabama Officials Clash.

Washington—Two Alabama officials came to blows in the office of the assistant secretary of the treasury. William F. Tebbetts, collector of customs at Mobile, was the slightly injured party, and J. O. Thompson collector of internal revenue, administered the blow. Mr. Thompson, Postmaster Hughes and Mr. J. B. Cobbs, president of the Alabama National bank, dropped into the office of Secretary Armstrong to pay their respects. Mr. Tebbetts was at the time engaged in conversation with the secretary, and in response to a salutation Thompson gave to the secretary and Mr. Tebbetts the latter failed to respond, but left the desk and took a seat on a nearby sofa. It is claimed by friends of Thompson that he paid no attention to Tebbetts' action, believing that it had not been noticed by the secretary. Tebbetts, however, is reported to have risen from his place and walked deliberately between the secretary and Thompson over to Cobbs and Hughes, whom he greeted ver ycordially, ignoring Thompson. The slight offered Thompson then became apparent to all present, and the Birmingham collector at once resented it.

"I can not be insulted in this manner," Mr. Thompson is reported as saying to Tebbetts, "and you are an infamous scoundrel, sir."

Tebbetts walked over to where Secretary Armstrong was standing and is said to have replied, "You are an infamous scoundrel."

The words had hardly left Tebbetts' mouth before Thompson's fist landed on his face and the secretary's office was in an uproar. The blow struck by Thompson was not a very severe one, and Tebbetts managed to stand up under it.

Oil in Alabama.

Decatur, Ala.—The reports printed in the daily press all over the country to the effect that Major John W. Otley had made a rich find of oil at Humble, Tex., has awakened much interest throughout north Alabama from the fact that in 1901 the United States government sent Major Otley to north Alabama to make a geological survey of this section.

In his report of the oil fields of north Alabama, Major Otley has this to say:

"The points recently examined were the most pronounced I have ever met with, and I unhesitatingly pronounce these fields in Morgan, Lawrence, Franklin and Colbert counties equal to any fields east of the Mississippi basin."

Major Otley's opinion of oil fields has proven to be correct in every particular in those sections where a thorough test has been made. It was Major Otley who located the great oil fields at Beaumont, Tex., a few years ago for Captain A. F. Lucas. It is the belief of the people here that oil in paying quanties for this region can be found here.

Speaking further of this locality as an oil field, Major Otley said: "The north Alabama oil fields are located in the Hartselle, Decatur, Russellville and Moulton valley sections of north Alabama. This field is an extension of the great Appalachian oil belt which extends from Canada to the gulf of Mexico. The development of this section of north Alabama will undoubtedly prove a very rich field in both illuminating and lubricating oil.

Wells are now being drilled near Huntsville, Ala., in Madison county, near Athens, Ala., in Limestone county, and at several points in southern Tennessee near the Alabama line.

Central Contracts for Cars.

Macon, Ga.—A special to the Telegraph from Waycross, Ga., says that the Atlantic Car and Manufacturing Company of Waycross yesterday closed contracts with the Central of Georgia railroad for the construction of 500 freight cars to be delivered early next year. This contract will mean the employment of 400 workmen at the car factory for at least three months.

NEW CAPITOL NEEDED

Alabama's Famous Old State House is now inadequate for present requirements.

BOND ISSUE PROPOSED.

Last Legislature Appropriated $150,000 for Repairs—This Amount Not Sufficient.

Montgomery, Ala.—Alabama's need of a modern building for the transaction of the business of the commonwealth is so apparent that he who even walks along the street may read and appreciate it. It was so plain to the last session of the legislature that $150,000 was appropriated with which to repair the old building now used as a capitol. Not an officer of the state but is brought face to face with the necessity a dozen painful times a day. Quarters are cramped and crowded, books and records are, from the lack of filing space, left exposed to the dirt and atmosphere, and much of the furniture in use was bought many decades ago. One thing or another has delayed the commencement of work on repairs authorized in the already mentioned appropriation until it is beginning to be believed that the problem of making the present old structure at all comfortable with the money available is too great for the capitol improvement commission to solve. With this comes the query: "Why improve at all?" and the consequent interrogation, "Why not build a capitol in keeping with the importance of the state, and adequate to all the present and constantly growing demands of the many and varied business interests?" This question was put to a member of the commission this week. "That may yet be the outcome," he replied. Why should Mississippi, with nothing but its farming and lumber interests, be more able to own and enjoy a million dollar capitol built on modern and convenient plans than Alabama, the iron price maker of the world, owner of scores of furnaces and the only practical steel and steel rail-making industries of the south?

Why Not Build?

Why not build a modern capitol? The question is asked often enough to be noticeable, but the idea is by no means generally discussed, or for that matter, popular, so far as can be ascertained. But why not? Birmingham could furnish the iron and steel for the frame work, Montgomery the timber and high-grade lumbers, Talladega county the marble, Franklin the stone, Mobile the fine imported goods for its furnishings, and the whole state join in many other things needed to complete the needs of such a structure. The old building could be utilized and so put to service as to preserve its sacred memories and retain its beloved surroundings. Nowhere in the whole world is there a prettier site for a beautiful architectural pile than Capitol Hill, and no street in Washington even is capable of being made more beautiful than historic Dexter avenue, by which the capitol is reached from the city proper. With the land now being sued for by the state on condemnatory proceedings, the very highest conception of architectural beauty and lawn and garden symmetry could be exemplified. With the old building in use in memory of its having sheltered the infant confederacy at its birth, the splendid monument to keep ever green the glorious deeds of Alabama's sons in the struggle to maintain the new nation, and a magnificent temple to emphasize the modern spirit and push and enterprise, Alabama coul dand would stand squarely up in the front line with the great states of Uncle Sam's united family. This may not be done, and likely will not soon, but every person who loves the grand old commonwealth and wishes it to be seen and known of the whole world for what it surely is in the modern thought and industry of the nation, would rejoice in such a consummation.

Some idea of the expansion of our Pacific commerce is shown in the statement that on one day during the past week there were shipped from Tacoma, Wash., 30,000 tons of cargo, chiefly army supplies for Japan, of the value of $1,500,000. The freight included locomotives, cars, structural steel, tobacco, electrical supplies, 3,500 bales of cotton, 10,000 barrels of salmon and 50,000 barrels of flour, besides a large amount of miscellaneous articles. Large quantities of steel rails are also being shipped to Japan, four cargoes of them having been forwarded within a few weeks. The shipment of cotton from a point so remote from the field of its production illustrates what a saving of freight will be effected by the Panama canal.

Bubonic Plague in Brazil.

New York—Four cases of bubonic plague are reported in Para according to a Herald dispatch from Rio Janeiro, Brazil.

Washington, D. C.—Mr. Roosevelt has practically given up the idea of calling an extra session of congress in the spring for consideration of tariff revision. He will, however, in all probability call a session for this purpose in October.

Must Pay Up.

The present state administration is conducted on the principle of "pay what thou owest." If peaceably, all right, but, after a contest in the Governor Cunningham and Attorney courts, if necessary. Just now, Acting General Wilson are suing for two big sums, one against the Continental Trust Company, of Baltimore, for $75,000 mortgage tax record fees, and the other against the Fidelity Deposit Company, of Baltimore, for $12,000 alleged shortage in the accounts of John Case, former tax collector of Mobile county. It is confidently believed that both amounts are justly due, and will be secured. The idea of following out business methods is not altogether a new one in Alabama, however. Governor Jelks and his predecessors having set good example along this line. It is interesting to note that if these two sums are collected they should net the state about $85,000, which would pay salaries to even two governors for eight and one-half years, and be quite a feather in the official headgear of the officials now conducting the litigations.

New Bond Issue.

Another question just now under consideration is the refunding of the state debt, which may or may not be taken up by the acting governor, who is making a study of the situation in all its features.

Of the $9,537,600 of the debt, $9,903,600 will be due in 1906, part in January and part in June. Governor Jelks, who is ill in New Mexico, wishes this matter put off until he can get back to his desk if possible, and as it is said now that he is improving so rapidly as to promise return by the early part of the new year, he may be able to take the duty in hand. It is regarded as certain that whoever negotiates the refunding, a good contract can be made, as the state is rich in not only its industries and lands, but income as well. Many have suggested that the people of the state be allowed to subscribe to a new issue on a popular plan. The impression is, however, that the new issue will be exchanged for the old in the regular way, and a low rate will be secured.

Confederate S. and S. Monument.

Birmingham—The sub bases for the Confederate soldiers and sailors' monument in Capitol park are being hewn by Archer & Clapp, of Birmingham. The chiseling of the shaft is in progress. The contracts were let some weeks ago, and the work is being rushed as rapidly as possible in order that the monument may be ready for unveiling on April 26th, Memorial day.

The base for the monument has been built for years, and a cannon captured during the Spanish-American war has occupied it since 1898. Now the stone cutters are building two sub bases which are to go on the old base.

The old base cost Pelham chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, about $1,000, and the two sub bases and the shaft are to cost about $2,000, all of the money for which is subject to the check of the chapter and is drawing interest at one of the banks.

The monument is to be forty-two feet and is to be of Alabama marble, a beautiful grade of which is being used. The two sub bases will be about six feet each and the shaft will be thirty feet. It is to be in three sections, joined together by wreaths of laurel.

The shaft will be very imposing. The lower base is about fourteen feet square and the shaft tapers to sometning over one foot at the top.

New Steamship Company.

Mobile—There is great interest here in the inauguration of the boats of the American Fruit and Steamship Company, which will begin shipments to Mobile from Puerto Cortez on January 1st. The company has a capital of $5,000,000 with a great deal of Alabama money interested. At the present time the company owns plantations with capacity of 5,000 bunches of bananas a week, which will be increased to 7,000 by the first of the year. The headquarters of the company will be in Mobile. The president of the company is William E. Mason, former United States senator from Illinois.

Alabamians in Washington.

Washington, D. C.—The committee appointed by the Alabama River Convention, recently held at Montgomery, is here to present arguments to the rivers and harbors committee for the improvement of the Alabama river to give a six foot channel from Wetumpka to Mobile.

The Alabamians here today on this mission are: W. F. Vandiver, of Montgomery; John Quill, of Mobile; Winthorne Woolsey, W. R. Peacock and E. C. Melvin, of Selma; Dr. F. B. McCoskey, of Wetumpka, and W. F. Black, of Montgomery, secretary. Those expected are C. F. Moritz and W. M. Teague, of Montgomery, and F. L. Tate, of Wetumpka.

Final Estimates of Acreage.

Washington—The final estimates of the total acreage, production and farm values of the principal crops for 1904 will be issued on December 28th at 4 p. m.

Vulcan Going to Portland.

Birmingham—At a meeting of the Commercial Club it was decided to send "The Iron Man" Vulcan to the Portland, Oregon, exposition in 1905. They have refused to sell the statue.

New Railroad to Selma.

Birmingham—The question of the building of an air line railroad from Birmingham to Selma is being revived, and Col. F. M. Abbott, of Selma, has been in the city during the week to promote the interests of the proposed road.

The distance from Birmingham to Selma is only sixty-seven miles, and with the construction of the line the Birmingham district would be in immediate touch with water transportation. The Alabama river at Selma is practically navigable the year round, coal could be handled by the system and if an air line road were constructed from this city to Selma export traffic men assert that iron and coal could be handled, by the system of having the cars dump their freight upon the docks at something like the mere cost of drayage on the present system.

Rumors are to the effect that both the Southern and Louisville and Nashville are backing the scheme to construct the new road.

Investigating Alabama Land.

Washington—The United States geological survey is extending its topographic work to embrace the region adjacent to the Tombigee river, both in Alabama and Mississippi, and is giving special attention to the cement rock and other mineral resources of that district. As the water supply is of interest in connection with navigation, M. R. Hall, who is in charge of the hydrographic work in that area, has been directed to investigate the conditions at Epes Landing, Ala., and to establish a gauging station at that point, if conditions are favorable. A gauging station is now maintained by the survey at Columbus, Miss., while two stations are located on the Black Warrior river, above Demopolis.

Fatal Hunting Accident.

Dalton, Ga.—John Cash shot and accidentally killed his 14-year-old son, Alex, near Dalton. They were out rabbit hunting, and in attempting to shoot at a rabbit the gun was accidentally discharged by the father, the contents taking effect in his son's back. Death was almost instantaneous.

Turkey Again in Trouble.

Vienna—The Austrian government, it is understood, intends to send a fleet to Turkish waters to support the demands presented to the Porte by the Austrian ambassador for the dismissal and punishment within three days of the officials who forcibly detained the Austrian mails at Scutari recently. This ultimatum was presented to the Porte Monday.

Kuroki Loses Another Son.

Tokio—In the fighting of November 30th the second son of General Kuroki was killed at 203 Meter Hill. His eldest son was killed in the battle of Panshan Hill.

Big Money Running Blockade.

San Francisco—H. Frankel, of Shanghai, who arrived on the steamship Siberia, says that the blockade runners are making fortunes carrying supplies of food and money from Shanghai to the Russians at Port Arthur. One steamer ran in 300,000 rifles and 8,500 head of cattle in October last and cleared $280,000.

Another National Cemetery.

Washington—Representative Brownlow, of Tennessee, introduced a bill in the house Monday authorizing the secretary of war to accept the tract of land near Greenville, Tenn., where lies the remains of Andrew Johnson, late president of the United States, which was donated under the will of Martha J. Patterson and from the heirs of W. B. Bachman, all descendants of the former president. This tract contains not over ten acres.

Upon the presentation of a good and perfect title to the land the secretary of war is authorized to accept the same and establish thereon a national cemetery of the fourth class.

First Campaign Emblem.

So far as known, the first campaign emblem was a finger ring of copper. It was worn by the adherents of John Quincy Adams in 1825, when he ran for president, and was inscribed "John Quincy Adams, 1825." Tintypes and medallions were among the insignia of the 1360 campaign.

World's Fair Figures.

St. Louis, Mo.—A statement of the total admissions to the world's fair from April 1 to December 1, inclusive, gives the attendance at 18,740,073. The figures for the closing day are 202,101.

Dr. Barbee Dead.

Nashville, Tenn.—Dr. James D. Barbee, one of the most distinguished Methodist divines in the south, and a leader in Southern Methodism, is dead at his home in this city, aged 72. Dr. Barbee was a native of Alabama, and was for a number of years one of the agents of the Southern Methodist Publishing House.

$24,000,000 for Good Roads.

Washington—Senator Latimer, from the committee on agriculture and forestry, has reported favorably his bill for national aid to good roads. The bill provides an appropriation of $24,000,000 to be divided among the states according to population. The states are to do the work of constructing and improving the roads and pay one-half of the cost, the government paying the other half.

HURT BY GUN CONCUSSION

Artillery Soldiers at Fort Wetherell Hurled to the Ground.

Ten-Inch Rifle Exploded Prematurely and Twenty-four Soldiers and Officers Were Stunned by the Concussion.

Newport, R. I.—Lifting a ten-inch gun from its carriage and hurling it back on its trunnions, a 570-pound shell exploded prematurely in the chamber of a gun in Fort Wetherell, at Narragansett Bay, threw the entire gun crew, which included Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Willard of the engineers and Lieutenant Frank W. Rawlston of the coast artillery, to the ground and sent the metal shell hurtling through the top of the parapet and out to sea.

Fears were had at first that both the officers had been blinded and perhaps made deaf by the explosion, but sight and hearing returned to them and they are suffering only from bruises and cuts about their faces. Both were taken to the post hospital, however. The soldiers who were with them were more fortunate and suffered only from the falls they had. The accident, it is said, is the first in Fort Wetherell.

A detachment of the Ninety-seventh Coast Artillery was at rifle practice under command of Colonel Willard and Lieutenant Rawlston. Several shots had been fired before this last shell was placed in the gun. The breech had been closed, locking in the great weight of metal and its explosive charge, and the men were about to place in position the gear which takes up the recoil when for some reason not yet explained the charge was fired. The officers were standing nearly directly in rear of the gun and the men were working beside it, when with a terrifying roar the shell was ejected from the steel barrel and the massive tubular piece vaulted backward as if alive, springing clear of its carriage, which it tossed from it like a pebble. The muzzle of the weapon was deflected downward and the shell tore its way through the wall of masonry, wrecking it, and passed out into the ocean.

Every man near the gun was thrown from his feet, but the soldiers were the first to recover themselves. They found their officers stunned beside the gun carriage and picked them, bleeding from head and face, from the ground. The concussion had been overwhelming, and that together with the fall had left the officers unconscious. It was some time before they recovered their senses, and then they were taken to the hospital. Colonel Willard was able to walk to his quarters after his injuries had been treated.

When the men examined the damage which had been done, they found the top of the parapet had been torn away for twelve feet or more, that the gun carriage had been wrecked, and the platform on which it had stood had been destroyed. The gun itself was badly battered, and it may be that the mechanism of the breech has been damaged irreparably.

HUGH McLAUGHLIN DEAD.

Veteran Politician, of Kings County, N. Y., Passes Away at His Home.

New York City.—Hugh McLaughlin, long the leader of the Kings County Democracy, died suddenly of heart disease at 11.15 o'clock at night while disrobing in his bedroom at his residence, 163 Remsen street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. McLaughlin dined with his family earlier in the evening, and said at the time that he was "feeling bully." Leaving his home soon after 7 o'clock he went as was his nightly custom to the rooms of the Exempt Firemen's Association in Borough Hall, and had a setto with dominoes with some of his old cronies.

While retiring that night Mr. McLaughlin complained of feeling ill. His wife, seeing his face was very pale, despatched a servant to summon Dr. Joseph A. Kene, the family physician. Dr. Kene on arriving at the house found Mr. McLaughlin stretched out on the bed half conscious. He died shortly after.

Mr. McLaughlin was without question the most powerful county leader in the nation in the early days of his control, before age began to make inroads on his mental and physical vigor. He suffered keenly the loss of the leadership a year ago, and those who knew him best observed that he had been failing steadily.

Mr. McLaughlin was probably one of the wealthiest men in the State, and his fortune is estimated at from $8,000,000 to $10,000,000. It consisted of large blocks of telephone, elevated railroad and gas and electric light stocks and securities. His real estate holdings are said to be worth several millions.

A GERMAN SUBMARINE.

Remarkable Feats Performed by Boat Built at Kiel.

Berlin.—The Germania Works at Kiel have built a submergible torpedo boat, which has met a number of tests successfully, maneuvring readily above and below the surface, and diving and rising very quickly. She descended off the bow of a battleship, and rose up on her opposite quarter, maneuvred for two hours submerged, and won a game of hide-and-seek with a swift steamer detailed to follow her. The Admiralty, nevertheless, is continuing experiments with other types of submarine boats.

Alleged Embezzler Caught.

W. J. Mendum, of Portsmouth, N. H., who had been sought by detectives for more than a year, and who is charged with embezzlement to the amount of $20,000 from his father's estate, gave himself up.

Panama Troubles Over.

The differences between the United States and Panama have been definitely settled by an executive order, signed by President Amador, and for President Roosevelt by Secretary Taft.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Dec. 15, '04

Telephone No. 17.

SOUVENIR EDITION.

In January we expect to begin work on a special souvenir edition of The Sentinel. It will be in magazine form, and about the size of the Ladies' Home Journal. We hope to have every town, and every industry in the county represented in the edition. It will be nicely illustrated, and we expect to issue 2,500 or 3,000 copies, and we shall try to put a copy in every home in Shelby county.

Poll tax time!

Pay your poll tax!

Congress is overshadowed by the Chadwick case.

Pay your poll tax on or before February 1st.

If you are in arrears for poll tax. pay it on or before February 1st.

The grand total of the attendance for the 187 days of the world's fair was 18,741,073.

The editor of the Cullman Democrat wants Mrs. Chadwick to tell him how she did it.

Only about one-third as many people attended the St. Louis fair as visited the Paris show.

Venezuela is the latest to court a war cloud. She is mistreating American citizens over there.

General Nelson A. Miles has been made adjutant general of Massachusetts by Governor-elect Douglas.

Birmingham wants a bonded warehouse in which to store cotton. It's dollars to doughnuts she gets it, too.

Now that the world's fair is over the frost which hovered over some St. Louis people is, doubtless, beginning to melt away.

Religion is at a low ebb in California. In six counties there is not a church, and mining camps are without ministers.

Build good school houses, and compulsory education is bound to follow, and believe it would be a good thing for Alabama.

In their fight on Tibbetts, the collector at Mobile, the president's referees in Alabama have found out they are not so many.

The finance minister of Norway asked for $2,500,000 for a war fund, which was voted. The action, in time of peace, is unusual.

In a recent very popular novel, the pale moon figures twenty-two times in one chapter, and it isn't a chapter with a love scene in it, either.

The State convict board has announced that the office of State Mine Inspector has been abolished, thus saving the State about $2,500 per annum.

It may be an indication that we are old fashioned, but at this season of the year we do not think the chrysanthemum the onlyest only flower.

Already candidates are bobbing up for sheriff of Jefferson county. Well, as the office pays in fees at least five figures a year, it is worth the effort.

President Roosevelt says he is in favor of tariff revision. There are a whole lot of people in this country from Missouri, and will have to be "shown."

The latest fad is, if you are going to make a present, you must also enclose it in a fancy stocking of your own making. That lets us out; we could never do it.

This sounds funny: For several years, naval officers have been allowed extra pay when at sea! Might as well allow a wood chopper extra pay when chopping wood.

Geo. B. Ward, Democratic nominee for mayor of Birmingham, and who is now a member of the finance committee of the city council, has offered a resolution to reduce the mayor's salary from $3,000 per year to $2,500. Such a mayor will save Birmingham a good many dollars.

Vulcan, the iron man, is not not coming back to Birmingham—that is, not right away. He is to be taken to the big show at Portland, Ore., before his return to Alabama.

A Missouri woman has come into possession of a copper claim in New Mexico valued at $100,000. It is the old fairy story of reward for doing a kindness to a stranger ten years ago.

The Dothan Siftings wants Vardaman and Roosevelt to fight a duel—one on either side of the Mississippi, and the weapons to be anvils. That ought to be strenuous enough for Mr. Roosevelt.

Mrs. Chadwick has put all other grafters on the top shelf, and way back, too. To borrow hundreds of thousands of dollars was an easy matter with her, but she carried the pitcher to the well just once too often.

The Republicans kept the price of cotton away up yonder until after election. They buncoed millions of voters with the cry of "prosperity," and now the farmer is being buncoed out of a fair price for his cotton.

Features of President's Message.

Cautions congress against extravagance.

Deals with relations of the government to labor and capital.

Approves labor unions.

Advocates a stringent employers' liability law.

Urges passage of laws governing operation of railroads, among which is one making block signal system compulsory, and one limiting the hours of service of the employes.

Declares the government cannot countenance the "closed shop" in its business.

Federal employes must not organize to extort higher wages.

Promises special message on Colorado labor situation.

Corporations must be dealt with by the general government.

Promises a special report on the beef industry.

A complete stop must be put to system of rebates.

Management of the pension bureau is commended.

Substitution of salaries for fees in the consular office.

A national quarantine law.

Every silver dollar should be made redeemable in gold.

Encouragement of the merchant marine.

Naturalization laws should be revised.

Recommends a federal election law.

Alaska should have a delegate in congress.

Should be no halt in the upbuilding of the American navy.

A low tariff rate for the Philippines.

No mention of the tariff.

When away from home say a good word for your town; show that you are proud of it, and that you are glad you live in it. Don't be a knocker; nothing will kill a town so quick as to knock against it. Boost it all the time.

Fifteen football players were killed during the season that has just closed. The number of people killed in hunting in the same length of time is 25. It only remains now to count up the number of people who are to be burned while playing Santa Claus.

"I think Parker and McMillan must have been elected," said a prominent farmer while in town last Friday. "Our populist and Republican friends told us if Parker and McMillan were elected that the price of cotton would go away down, and it sure is away down now."

There will be city elections in Shelby county; may be stock law elections, or elections on local option taxation for educational purposes, some time during the year 1905. You cannot vote in such elections unless you have paid all poll tax since the year 1900, and it must be paid before Feb. 1, 1905. Have you paid yours?

Merchants and farmers in and around Scottsboro propose burning a million bales of cotton, thus reducing the supply with the hope of raising the price, and they offer to pro rate shares of fifty bales each with the planters of Alabama, Indian Territory, Texas and Oklahoma. Farmers of Mississippi and Georgia have already organized to hold their crop for ten cents.

There may be some satisfaction in knocking vigorously at everything that doesn't just suit you, but you pay dearly for the satisfaction just the same. On the other hand, you can do nothing that will bring you greater returns on the investment than to put out a few words of judicious praise now and then. It's just as easy to find things to praise as it is to discover things to roar about, if you once get the habit, and it will bring to you good will instead of contempt. Better to wear the smile that never comes off, than to be out of sorts forever and a day.

Did you ever hear the mother say what she would like to have for a Christmas present? She will wish that Mary had a new coat; or that Johnny could have one of those newest fangled guns—how she wished she could buy it for him; the older son who is in the high school ought to have a bicycle for exercise, and in the course of a week she will have expressed a desire to buy something for every member of the family, but never will she give a clue or a hint of anything she desires for herself. That is the mother all the time. Her wants and desires are all for the family.

A Fine Paper.

The Christmas edition of the Montgomery Advertiser, issued last Sunday was a great paper, and Grandma and those who are members of her household covered themselves all over with glory. Besides containing considerable historical matter, there were a number of short stories by Alabama writers—all of them good. The edition, too, was loaded with advertising matter. The Advertiser is to be congratulated upon its fine edition.

DOWN AND OUT.

The harvest is past, the summer is ended, and cotton is going down!

The year 1904 will long be remembered by the American people as a time when the Lord smiled graciously upon the agricultural fields of the "Sunny Southland," sending the rains upon the just and the unjust. As we gazed upon the fields of growing corn in the "good old summer time," they presented the appearance of a great cloud in the distance. Later in the season, our eyes were turned to the cotton fields, away down here in "Dixie," which looked like great white sheets let down from heaven.

Oftentimes we were entertained by the music of some happy farmer, as he tuned his voice to the music of "fifteen cent cotton," which the election of Roosevelt and Longshore would surely guarantee, as the story went.

The harvest truly is great, but where, oh, where is the price!

Let us profit by this experience.

Now, aside from 15-cent cotton, Roosevelt and Longshore, there is something of far greater importance: the education of our citizen ship.

For the past two years I have superintended the cause of education in Shelby county, and I have had the pleasure to see that great cause blossom like the rose in springtime, and spread out like a green bay tree. Our funds have been increased; our school terms lengthened, and teachers' salaries have been augmented. Old rustic school houses have been torn down and new, comfortable ones builded. We have created a sentiment in favor of local taxation for the benefit of public schools, and the movement to bring it into Shelby county is taking hold of her most patriotic citizens. I am now retiring from official duty, and the work begun, will fall into the hands of another.

During my term of office, the teachers have been very courteous and kind to me. Our dealings, one with the other, have been of the most pleasant nature. Even those who were not under my supervision have ably and gladly assisted us in building up our Institute work.

I shall always remember very fondly the teachers of Shelby county, and pray that God's richest blessings may crown their noble efforts.

JNO. B. FARRELL,
Retiring Supt.

MONTEVALLO.

Mrs W. F. Davis, of Columbiana, is visiting relatives here.

Dr. F. M. Peterson has been attending the "Alabama Conference" at Selma.

The smallpox at the Dormitory has evidently had its day, We hear nothing of it now

Your correspondent regrets to chronicle the illness of Mr. George W. Shriner, the popular warehouse man.

Mr. John S. Storrs, of Cincinnati, is on a visit to his mother and sistor, and enjoying a week's recreation and boyhood scenes.

The street fair was not overcrowded with visitors. Everything was orderly conducted. It pulled stakes and left us Sunday, in true Arab style.

Rev. J. W. Willis has returned from a delightful trip to Texes. He was charmed with the trip, the country and the people; but avows that he is better pleased with old Alabama than ever.

The farmers of this community are all on the bull side of the cotton market, and are determined to hold out for ten cents. They don't have to sell and won't do it till they get their own price. So there you have it.

Mr. John Cunningham, a highly respected farmer and citizen of Dogwood, is quite ill, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs Newton. Some years ago he was injured by being thrown from a wagon, and it is thought his present trouble originated then.

Miss Mahan's exhibition of pictures at the Woman's Exchange, was very creditable to her talent and industry. The catalogue contained nearly a hundred pieces of her work, covering many subjects. Some of the old homesteads of the community were particularly charming, and the old world scenes and flower pieces were superb.

Do you read The Sentinel, and have you paid for it?

How about your poll tax? Better pay it right now; you might forget it, you know.

The printer wants a Christmas time. He won't get it unless youpay up.

SHOES IS MY HOBBY . . .

I have just received a complete line of all kinds of shoes in Gents' and Ladies' Rubber Goods.

I also keep a complete stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries. A lot of Texas Rust Proof Oats just received. Highest price paid for Cotton on account. Nice line of Gents' Furnishing Goods. Thanking you for patronage in the past, and hoping for a continuation of the same I am, as ever your friend,

J. W. JOHNSTON.

. FURNITURE .

PLENTY OF IT.

BOYS, Get one of those shot guns from me for Christmas . . . .

If you desire a

BEAUTIFUL TRUNK,

see what I have, they're fine.

RUFUS LESTER.

NEW CLOTHING

Boys, Young Men and Old Men.

HAVE YOU seen our new stock? Even if you are not ready to buy now, come in and see the goods and styles. The tendency of the weaves this year is towards the smooth finish, and they are very pretty.

THE PRICE is right in every instance, in keeping with the reputation we have made of giving the best goods for the least money. Come to see us.

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,

Montevallo, Ala.

BUSINESS

ANNOUNGEMENT.

ON JANUARY 1, 1905,

We will open to the public, in the H. S. Latham Store House in Montevallo, Ala., a full and complete line of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Shoes and Hardware,

that will be up to date in every respect. We cordially invite any and all who wish to buy the best in any of these lines to call on us.

To Satisfy Your Wants

Will be our aim. We will, at all times carry in these four lines, both in Staples and Fancies, complete and up to the highest standard possible. Remember the date, January 1, 1905, and then come to see us. We want to meet you and become acquainted.

YOURS TO COMMAND,

DENSON and DAWSON,

MONTEVALLO, ALA.

NEW STORE--NEW STOCK

BRIGHT, FRESH, ATTRACTIVE.

Consisting of Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Notions, Groceries, Hardware.

Our Complete Line of

HEAVY WINTER GOODS

Is to be closed out at greatly reduced prices to make room for other goods coming in. We invite your inspection of this line. Every piece is new and really a good bargain. We want your patronage; we have the goods and at prices that will command your attention. Uniformity of treatment, and a desire to please all is our sincere endeavor. We have in stock many useful articles adapted to the Christmas trade. We have a fine line of

BROWN SHOES--BEST IN THE WORLD.

J. H. ABERCROMBIE & SON.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

All records in the way of production at the steel plant and blast furnace at Ensley, belonging to the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway Compay, were smashed last month. The production of ingots at the steel plant during the month of November amounted to 21,487 tons. The pig iron production at the blast furnace to 28,100 tons. The officials of the Tennessee Company are elated over the heavy production.—Birmingham News.

The first train over Seaboard Airline arrived in Birmingham Monday last from Atlanta.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,

E. W. BURT, Proprietor.

Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers.

Your Patronage is Solicited.

Telephone 28. - - - - - 'Bus Meets All Trains.

John G. Selks, aged fifty years, was run over and killed by a Louisville and Nashville extra special freight at Glencoe, five miles east of Gadsden.

The South is losing no sleep o' nights over the talk of cutting down the South's representation, according to the direction of Dr. Crumpacker.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

Our store is running over with them. When we gave Santa Claus our order, we remembered the young, the middle aged and the old.

TOYS, TOYS!

The greatest assortment of toys ever shown in Columbiana can now be seen at our store—a new, clean and pretty assortment. We have just what you want—Santa told us.

BEAUTIFUL DOLLS.

Your little girl has been dreaming and talking of the doll she is sure Santa Claus is going to bring her. Do not disappoint her. We have a beautiful assortment to choose from.

FINE CANDIES.

Good, pure confectionery is the only kind you want your children to eat. We have no other kind for holiday trade. It costs no more than the impure, and is so much better.

FIREWORKS, WHIZ-Z-Z!

It wouldn't be Christmas without fireworks, and we have a fine line. They will not last long—too good.

CHOICE FRUIT.

Our holiday stock would not be complete without fruit—we are supplied all the time with the choicest.

CHEWING GUM.

Do you know of our chewing gum proposition? If not, ask about it.

WATER SETS.

You could give your wife nothing that would please her so well as one of those pretty water sets which we have in our Christmas stock. Fine!

Of course, we want your grocery trade. We keep only the best of grades in everything.

Roberts & Robertson

If you expect to have friends to visit you during the holidays, tell us of them.

Cotton continues to play between six and seven, and not very much of it is coming to town.

We will appreciate it if you will tell our advertisers you saw their advertisement in The Sentinel.

There is a change in the advertisement of Averyt & Averyt in this issue. They talk to you about overcoats.

All of the school children are looking forward to the short holiday vacation with a great deal of anticipation.

The Sentinel will take a rest during the holidays—also give the readers a rest. There will be no paper that week.

We hope every town in Shelby county will be represented in the souvenir edition which we expect to begin on next month. We want to make as good a showing of the county as possible. All should be interested.

We are told that the new jail is now complete. It is one of the best in the State, and it is a fine looking building. Shelby county will not have to send any of her prisoners to some other jail for safe keeping—we have one at home.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, is in town. He is here looking up data for a history of Montevallo and the community surrounding it which he is now preparing. Mr. Lyman is an interesting writer, and we predict his book will be of great interest to those who have lived in that end of the county for years.

Miss Janie Wallace, of Klein, was in the city a few hours last Thursday en route to Birmingham for a short visit. Miss Janie has been employed to teach school in the Kingdom neighberhood, and is to begin the term after the holidays. She is a good teacher and will give her patrons excellent satisfaction.

In this issue will be found a new advertisement of a new firm soon to open up for business in Montevallo. Messrs. Denson & Dawson, recently of Maplesville, will open up in that town on January first with a big stock of general merchandise. They solicit a share of the business of that town and vicinity.

D. C. Glenn and family departed Monday for their new home in Blackwell, La., where Mr. Glenn has a position as salesman in a mercantile establishment. Before going Mr. Glenn came up and renewed his subscription to The Sentinel for another year. We commend these good people to the people in their new home.

Jim Wilson, a bad negro, was on a drunk last Saturday night, and resisted city marshal Nelson when the officer tried to arrest him. The negro broke away from the officer and started to run when marshal Nelson took a shot at him, but owing to the darkness missed the fleeing negro. About midnight he was rounded up by Sheriff Cox, Deputy Norris and Marshal Nelson, and he is now in jail with the charge of resisting an officer against him. Wilson is in a fair way to go to the mines, where it is said he has served a term or two.

Coming Recital.

The Sentinel learns that some time in January, Miss Louise Reynolds and Miss Loulah Wilson are to give a recital in the Academy; the program to consist of piano selections and readings.

Those of our people who have heard these two young women, will not be disappointed in the program to be given at the recital in January. Miss Reynolds is an accomplished musician, her music having a fascination about it that all pianists long for, but few acquire. Miss Wilson is a most pleasing reader, and any selection she gives always interests and entertains. The date has not yet been decided upon.

Hammond Millinery Company has moved its millinery parlors upstairs over Milner & Christian's store, where it is better prepared to give you attention than ever before.

Preparing History of Montevallo.

The following is from the Montgomery Advertiser of Dec. 1st:

"Hon. E. S. Lyman, a member of the legislature from Shelby county, has been in Montgomery during the annual meeting of the Grand Lodge A. F. and A. M., and spent many hours in the halls of the State Department of Archives and History in the development of his history of Montevallo.

"Mr. Lyman's work when completed will include among other interesting facts a history of the original land grants made to the schools in the State at the time the enabling act was passed for the admission of Alabama into the Union. The grant to be treated in particular is what was originally known as Wilson's Hill and since 1822 has been called Montevallo.

"In the Department Mr. Lyman was fortunate in finding in manuscript the minutes of the Board of Trustees of the University of Alabama from 1822 to 1833. These are regarded as very valuable.

"The early exploitations of Rev. Ebenezer Hearne, a Methodist preacher, and pioneer of Montevallo.

"Mr. Lyman would appreciate any records bearing upon his research."

Death Near Wilsonville.

Mrs. Wingard, aged about seventy years, died at the home of her son, Irwin Wingard, near Wilsonville, last Monday afternoon. She war buried near Weldon, at the Union cemetery on Tuesday, and the funeral was largely attended.

The deceased was a good christian woman and her death is mourned not only by relatives, but by a large number of friends as well. She was always cheerful and bright, solicitous of the welfare of those about her, and as she passed down the sunset slope of life into the twilight of the misty beyond, those who knew her know that she she has gone to a reward awaiting the good and the just.

H. S. Latham, of Montevallo, was in town last Thursday, and made The Sentinel a pleasant call. Uncle Henty says he does not want to hear anything about the election.

Hon. J.G.Oakley, or Brierfield, was in Columbiana last Friday and Saturday. Mr. Oakley is chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of Bibb county.

Dr. A. B. Horton, of Weldon, was in town yesterday for a few hours, and while here paid The Sentinel a pleasant call.

E. W. Chapman, of Montevallo, is in town visiting his children.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

Well Finished, Strong, Durable, Light Draft.

Rib Strengthened Mold, Full Chilled Shinpiece, Interlocked Point, Land and Standard. Point has Face Chill, Wide Edge Chill, Long Snoot Chill, Patented Extension and is the STRONGEST and MOST DURABLE Chilled Point made.

Remember; Price is Soon Forgotten; Quality Never.

FOR SALE BY

Dinner Set Free With evey 25 cent cash purchase we give you a ticket giving you a chance to get a 42--piece, hand-painted iron stone China Dinner Set absolutely Free. Henry Davis was given the last set.

We have just received

A Car of Elwood Wire Fencing,

26 to 52 inches in width.

MILNER & CHRISTIAN

SHIELDS BRAND

FITS WELL — WEARS WELL

CLOTHING

FOR A CHRISTMAS PRESENT.

A suit of clothes or an overcoat will fill the bill. Buy the best—"it costs no more." Every coat has a "Shields" label on collar.

—FOR SALE BY—

AVERYT & AVERYT

SHELBY, ALA.

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—

Watches, Clocks, Silverware,

JEWELRY,

and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

SNOW, SNOW . . .

Everybody is aware that the winter snow is coming and all will

Wear an Overcoat.

Why not have the old one fixed up, or order a new one? I am here to give the people a chance. I do the work right and guarantee every piece turned out.

All the Work Done at Home,

And a large number of our citizens testify to my workmanship.

Phone 49
P. O. Box, 222.

I. GORDON, the Tailor.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

Telephone No. 17.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be,
I tell it as 'twas told to me."

J. F. Pope was down from Wilsonville a few hours Monday.

Miss Gertrude Gordon is home from a visit with friends in Birmingham.

Miss Maude Cornelius, of Wilsonville, was in the city a few hours last Saturday.

☞ Remember, the place to get your Christmas candies is of Roberts & Robertson.

Harry Roberts was out gunning a while Monday and brought home twenty birds.

Mrs. Iris E. Taylor, of Wilsonville, spent a few hours in the city last Saturday.

☞ Have you tried the new hot drinks at the Latham Drug Co.'s store.

J. F. Norris, of the Advocate, wrs doing business in Birmingham last Thursday.

Miss Emmie Abercrombie has gone to Birmingham for a short visit with friends.

☞ Toys, toys, toys of every description, and plenty of them at Roberts & Robertson's.

Will Riddle and Thomas Taylor, of Wilsonville, were visitors to the city Saturday evening.

☞ It won't be Christmas unless you get some of those fireworks of Roberts & Robertson. A big assortment to chose from.

☞ These cool days a hot drink is just what you want. Go to the Latham Drug Co. for it.

Attorney W. F. Thetford, of Montgomery, has been in town for several days past on legal business.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Cary, of Keystone, were guests last Sunday at the home of Rev. H. M. Milstead.

☞ For a delicious hot drink, go to Latham Drug Co. You will find there just what you want.

Rufus Lester is home from the Masonic Grand Lodge meeting in Montgomery, and reports a grand time.

The work of cleaning up the streets during the past week is to be commended. Let the good work go on.

If you owe the printer for your paper he will be glad to write you a receipt. Now is a good time to pay him.

☞ Roberts & Robertson are well supplied with good fruit for the Christmas trade. Better get a supply now.

There is a change in the advertisement of Rufus Lester in this issue. Better read it; it might interest you.

J. N. Robertson and O. O. Bird were visitors to Birmingham last Thursday. Guess the boys went to see the show.

☞ Get a hot drink at the Latham Drug Co.'s store, and feel like a new person. They are fine.

Hon. Cecil Browne, a prominent attorney of Talladega, was in town Tuesday and yesterday visiting his brother, Mayor W. B. Browne.

J. B. Morrow, one of the good Democratic formers of near Coalville, was in town Monday, and while here came in and ordered The Sentinel sent to his address for the year 1905.

J. T. Childers, who has been living near Pelham, has removed to Hosey, Miss., and ordered The Sentinel sent to him at that place.

Quarterly meeting will be held in the Methodist church at Shelby, next Saturday and Sunday, and the new Presiding Elder will preach.

Make the printer a Christmas present of what you owe him on subscription. It would make him feel good, and you will feel better.

Mrs. L. G. Pettyjohn, of Birmingham, is in the city, for a short visit with relatives. She ordered The Sentinel sent to her address in Birmingham.

This section has been having a touch of cold weather for the past few days. Just a reminder of what is coming next month, according to the weather man.

Presiding Elder J. W. Johnson, will preach in the Methodist church here tomorrow (Friday) night, and an invitation is extended to all to come out and hear him.

President Montague, of Howard College, will preach at the Baptist church in this city next Sunday. All are cordially invited to come out and hear this able man.

☞ The finest assortment of dolls ever brought to Columbiana is at Roberts & Robertson's Every size, any price, and every description. Don't forget your little girl.

Grover Liles, who has been in St. Louis for several months, returned home last week. Grover says it was getting too cold for him up there, and is only too glad to get back to Alabama.

R. D. O'Hara, who has been employed as telegraph operator at Garden City for some time, is at home for a short visit with his parents. He has been transferred to a station below Selma.

The friends of Mrs. C. T. Acker will regret that her illness is of so serious a nature that she has been taken to an infirmary in Birmingham for treatment. It is hoped by all that she may soon recover.

The street fair has gone to Troy, and the spieler will tell his tale of woe to the people of that town this week. Few street fairs leave a better impression with our people than the one that was here last week.

Christmas shoppers are busy, and the stores are being well patronized. Spend your money with the home merchant whenever he has what you want. The mail order houses in the cities do not help to make your town or county.

For the next Thirty Days our entire line of ready to wear goods to go at cost. See us over Milner & Christian's store.

Hammond Millinery Co.

Down They Go.

The Columbiana Mercantile Co. has just received a big lot of fine

JACKETS.

This lot was late coming in, so we have put them on sale at half price

$20 00	jacket for	$10 00
15 00	" "	7 50
10 00	" "	5 00
8 00	" "	4 00
6 00	" "	3 00
4 00	" "	2 00

Misses Jackets.

$8 00	kind at	$4 00
6 00	"	3 00
4 00	"	2 00
2 00	"	1 00

Don't miss this sale whatever else you do, for winter is coming on.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Store.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
OF
COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS Oct. 31st, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$ 36,741 46
Overdrafts	1,180 57
Banking House	5,000 00
Furniture and Fixtures	2,000 00
Other Real Estate	3,000 00
Due from banks and bankers in this State	8,488 66
Due from banks and bankers in other States	5,403 67
Currency	6,783 00
Gold	155 00
Silver, Nickels and Pennies	718 78
Checks and cash items	4,011 46
Total	$ 87,491 46

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 15,000 00
Undivided profits, less current expenses	3,016 54
Individual deposits subject to check	31,939 55
Time deposits	3,241 58
Notes and bills rediscounted	34,293 79
Total	$ 87,491 46

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 7th day of November, 1904,

J. T. LEEPER, Notary Public.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1 00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM

Title and Guarantee Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificate of Titles, Titles Guaranteed, General Title Business. Best Equipments. Superior Work. Prepared for a thorough investigation of your Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, Gen'l Mgr.

W. J. HORSLEY, Local Agent, Columbiana: Ala.

THE OLD FOLKS AT HOME

Are Never Without Pe-ru-na in the Home for Catarrhal Diseases.

Under date of January 10, 1897, Dr. Hartman received the following letter:

"My wife has been a sufferer from a complication of diseases for the past twenty-five years. Her case has baffled the skill of some of the most noted physicians. One of her worst troubles was chronic constipation of several years' standing. She was also passing through that most critical period in the life of a woman—change of life.

"In June, 1895, I wrote to you about her case. You advised a course of Peruna and Manalin, which we at once commenced, and have to say it completely cured her.

"About the same time I wrote you about my own case of catarrh, which had been of twenty-five years' standing. At times I was almost past going. *I commenced to use Peruna according to your instructions and continued its use for about a year, and it has completely cured me. Your remedies do all that you claim for them, and even more."—John O. Atkinson.*

In a letter dated January 1, 1900, Mr. Atkinson says, after five years' experience with Peruna:

"I will ever continue to speak a good word for Peruna. I am still cured of catarrh."—John O. Atkinson, Independence, Mo., Box 272.

Mrs. Alla Schwandt, Sanborn, Minn., writes:

"I have been troubled with rheumatism and catarrh for twenty-five years. Could not sleep day or night. After having used Peruna I can sleep and nothing bothers me now. If I ever am affected with any kind of sickness Peruna will be the medicine I shall use. My son was cured of catarrh of the larynx by Peruna."—Mrs. Alla Schwandt.

Why Old People Are Especially Liable to Systemic Catarrh.

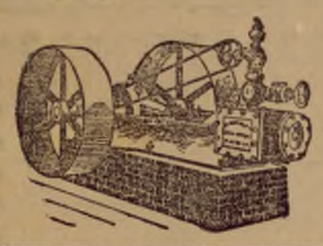
When old age comes on, catarrhal diseases come also. Systemic catarrh is almost universal in old people.

This explains why Peruna has become so indispensable to old people. Peruna is their safeguard. Peruna is the only remedy yet devised that entirely meets these cases. Nothing but an effective systemic remedy can cure them.

A reward of $10,000 has been deposited in the Market Exchange Bank, Columbus, Ohio, as a guarantee that the above testimonials are genuine; that we hold in our possession authentic letters certifying to the same. During many years' advertising we have never used, in part or in whole, a single spurious testimonial. Every one of our testimonials are genuine and in the words of the one whose name is appended.

Ask Your Druggist for Free Peruna Almanac for 1905.

J. S. SCHOFIELD'S SONS COMPANY



MANUFACTURERS

High Pressure Return Tubular Boilers
Morison Internally Fired Boilers
High Grade Slide Valve Engines
Transmission Machinery
Heavy Castings
Wrought Iron and Steel Work
Tanks, Stacks and Stand Pipes

Heavy Pipe Work a Specialty

Address Machinery Department

MACON, GEORGIA.

INSOMNIA

"I have been using Cascarets for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as doing all they are represented."
Thos. Gillard, Elgin, Ill.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 597

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

LOW RATES TO TEXAS, A. G. S. R. R.

$13.50 one way from Birmingham, to all points in Texas east of and including Dalhart, Amarillo, Fort Worth, Dallas, Brownwood, Brady, San Angelo, Waco, San Antonio, Houston, Galveston, Corpus Christi, Rockport, Alice and Kerrville. Dates of sale: Dec. 13 and 27. Twelve hours quickest time. Trains leave 10:20 a. m., and 10:25 p. m. For further information call on or write, A. B. Freeman, Traveling Passenger Agent, H. F. Latimer, City Passenger Agent, 1925 First Ave, Birmingham, Ala.

WINTER TOURIST RATES,

via the Southern Railway. Excursion tickets are now on sale by the Southern Railway to all the popular winter resorts of Florida. For folder entitled "Winter Homes in the South," giving full information regarding hotel rates, also for information regarding passenger rates and schedules, apply to J. N. Harrison, District Passenger Agent, Morris Hotel Building.

The Way He Said It.

The young wife sat weeping bitterly. Her best friend stole softly in and put her arms about her, saying:

"What's the matter, Dolly?"

"Oh, I am so miserable," she wailed.

"Well, what has caused it?"

"I—I—I asked Tootsey this m-m-morning if he w-w-would marry again if I d-d-d-died, and he—"

"What! Did he tell you he would?"

"N-n-no, that's what's the matter. He j-just looked at me as if I had accused him of b-b-being crazy, and said in the awfullest way: 'Well, I should say not!' And Oh, Kitty, it was the way he said it—boo-hoo-hoo!"—Baltimore American.

COMPLETELY RESTORED.

Mrs. P. Brunzel, wife of P. Brunzel, stock dealer, residence 3111 Grand avenue, Everett, Wash., says: "For fifteen years I suffered with terrible pain in my back. I did not know what it was to enjoy a night's rest and arose in the morning feeling tired and unrefreshed. My suffering sometimes was simply indescribable. When I finished the first box of Doan's Kidney Pills I felt like a different woman. I continued until I had taken five boxes. Doan's Kidney Pills act very effectively, very promptly, relieve the aching pains and all other annoying difficulties."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

Story on Senator Vest.

Stories about the late Senator Vest are now being published by nearly all Missouri papers. There is one I do not think has ever been presented. Vest was the attorney for the plaintiff in a case wherein the defendant was almost bankrupted by a verdict against him. Vest had severely criticised the defendant in his speech to the jury, and the latter was very bitter, even making threats against the attorney. Time passed on and Vest was a candidate for the legislature. He was driving along one day in a wild part of Cooper county, and just as he was passing a house by the roadside, a man stepped out and said: "Here, you, hold on, there; I have something to say to you."

"I recognized my old enemy of the lawsuit two years before," said Vest, "and I never came nearer cutting and running in my life than I did then, for I supposed the man intended to attack me. But I knew if I did run it would get out on me, and my chances of being elected would vanish. The man came ambling up to my buggy and said:

"'See here, you are the man that came near ruining me in that lawsuit two years ago, and now I am going to hire you to ruin another feller for me, so that I can get square with the world.'

"No one can imagine the relief I felt at this turn of the affair, and after hearing the man's story I knew he had a good case, and agreed to take it for him. We won, and the man gained several thousand dollars, and I was elected to the legislature, and I am frank to admit that I never came nearer running like a scared dog than I did on that occasion. The man has been one of my strongest friends and supporters ever since."—Springfield (Mo.) Leader.

He has made no great gains who has never lost anything.

Living for one's land is greater far than dying for it.

ALABAMA'S HARVEST SONG.

By Walter Harper.

Let us sing a song of plenty;
From the mountains to Mobile,
Alabama barns are flooded
And with plenty there is weal.
At the fireside many faces;
In the fields are songs of peace.
There are songs of glad thanksgiving
From the mountain to the seas.

There are pumpkins and potatoes,
Corn and fodder in the cribs;
There is bacon in the smoke-house;
Hams and sausage, sides and ribs,
Goobers curing on the shed-roof;
Pop-corn strung upon the wall;
Turnipsbanked up in the cellar,
And there's jam enough for all.

Let us sing a song of plenty,
Glad thanksgiving and of peace,
For the harvest has been gracious,
And the farmer is at ease.
He has money in his pocket
And in the bank for rainy days.
And the city shares the bounty
Of these happy harvest days.

FARM FIELD AND GARDEN

Salting Stock.

No one knows how much the larger percent of stock suffers for the want of salt regularly. In order that you may not forget to salt them, follow this plan. Plant a post in a corner of each field containing stock. On top of the post nail a little box, in the bottom near the post and in the lid of which bore some gimlet holes. Now fill the box with salt and it will run down the post into little cups that you may cut with a chisel. This is only for small herds.

To Lay Corn By.

Corn should be cultivated until it is almost ripe, provided it is cultivated properly, and especially in dry seasons. But cultivation should be on the surface. Now try this plan and see how much it will benefit your corn in dry weather. Take a mowing machine wheel, about six inches less in diameter than the width of your planter, hitch a horse to it and drag flat once between the rows. If the ground is in good condition you will find this will be very hard on young weeds and very good for the corn.—Lewis S. Alter, in The Epitomist.

Advantage of Cut Fodder.

A rather notable test has been made by the Wisconsin experiment station with feeding cut and uncut fodder, and the effect upon milk production. The feeding of the whole or uncut fodder, as stated by Hoard's Dairyman, was as follows:

"A given quantity of milk was produced by feeding 1333 pounds of whole stalks, whereas to produce the same quantity of milk under similar conditions required only 721 pounds of cut fodder—but little over half the amount of material."

This is a very marked difference and it should attract attention of feeders.

Cold Storage Experience.

Where you wish to carry apples for any length of time, I should say that the advantage was all on the side of cold storage. One trouble we found in cold storage with our fruit has been that on taking it out it is not highly colored. Our fruit has all been put in storage in rather green condition, as much so as we can.

We commence picking about the first of October, putting them at once in cold storage, and continue until about the twentieth, sometimes until the first of November. Before that fruit is shipped there is a great contrast with that which is kept in ordinary storage because of not being as highly colored. But there is no comparison in export trade. Those apples that seemed as hard as bricks last spring and looked inferior to some in cold storage, though in some respects better, in the course of transportation and the heat they had to endure in the steamer, colored up, and, our agents say, went on the market in prime condition. So that one wants to be careful in exporting not to export too late in the season.—C. M. Hcoker in The Massachusetts Ploughman.

Clearing the Fields.

Before commencing fall plowing the fields should be gone over, and if there are any obstructions that will be in the way of good and thorough work, they should, as far as possible and practicable, be removed.

On farms where stones abound it often takes a long time to get them all removed or out of the way of good cultivation, while some are too formidable to undertake to do anything with.

It is often on the best land that these obstructions are found, and it is a praiseworthy undertaking to get them out of the way. Powder and dynamite will readily break in pieces many of these large rocks that would otherwise have to remain.

A farmer should never plow under a crop of small loose stones. Remove them every time before plowing if any are on the surface, and after where turned up by the plow.

On stony farms there will be one difficulty in getting two crops—of stones—by plowing twice in a season. Those who have good farms, free from these obstructions, are indeed fortunate and know little of the hard and often discouraging work required to clear a stony field and render it suitable for easy and good cultivation.

On some farms there are still left the remains of a once vigorous pine forest growth, in the shape of immense stumps that seem to defy the action of the elements, and persist in remaining in their original beds "safe and sound" for generations. These must be about as difficult to remove as the rocks on a stony field, but it is a work that should be done where the land is of sufficient value to warrant the cost.—E. R. Towle, in the Massachusetts Ploughman.

Harvesting the Potato Crop.

Throughout New England the potato blight was prevalent again in 1904, and complaint came from nearly every direction that the crop was rotting. This seemed to be the case even where potatoes were sprayed. Upon the farm of Connecticut agricultural college, the potatoes were sprayed six times with bordeaux, a 6-row sprayer being used in the work. In spite of this, they have blighted, and the vines are now dead.

We still have faith in bordeaux, but believe that it must be applied in a much more thorough way than it can be with an automatic potato sprayer. We have three rows of potatoes which have been carefully sprayed by hand throughout the season. At each spraying care was taken to see that the liquid covered every part of the vines. These potatoes are still green and show no signs of blight whatever. Hand spraying is too expensive for general practice in potato raising.

The question of immediate importance is, what shall we do with the potatoes now in the ground? Shall we dig them at once and sell them, shall we dig them and store them, or shall we leave them in ground until as late as possible, and then dig? To dig them at the present time will not prevent their rotting.

The potatoes already affected with blight will rot even though they are dug and put in storage, and it is far more economical for the farmer to let them rot in the ground and thus save the expense of digging and sorting. If the potatoes are left in the ground until the middle of October, those which are affected with the rot will very largely have disappeared, and those which are left will be the healthy and sound ones. The expense of harvesting will be diminished at least by half.

If no cellar can be secured in which to store the potatoes they can be stored in the field. Late in November, when the ground is freezing slightly every night, is the time to bank the potatoes. While the ground is frozen so that there is a crust of an inch or two of frozen earth on the surface, a layer of straw six to eight inches thick should be spread on this frozen earth. Upon the straw the potatoes should be piled, with not more than 50 busheds in a pile. Straw then should be covered over the potatoes, after which a layer of dirt should be put on. This dirt covering at first need not be more than four to six inches in thickness, but as the cold increases care should be taken that the potatoes are covered heavily so that no danger from freezing will result.—L. A. Clinton in N. E. Homestead.

Be Careful of the Manure.

The Ohio experiment station estimates that about ten million tons of manure is produced in that state each winter, and that most of this quantity is allowed to lie from three to nine months in open yards before being taken to the fields.

We have previously quoted experiments showing that under such exposure manure will shrink practically one-half in weight. Not only is there this great loss in quantity where the manure is left exposed for a long time before being taken to the field, but the Ohio experiment station has been conducting some experiments which indicate that what is left has a less fertilizing value per ton than when it was fresh.

It has been very generally supposed that a much greater immediate effect would be obtained from well-rotted manure than from an equal amount of green manure, but these experiments, based on seven years' trials, seem to contradict this opinion.

The trials were made with a three-year rotation of corn, wheat and clover, using three sets of plots, so that each crop was represented each year. The same quantity of manure, eight tons per acre every third year, was applied in each case, and as regards any difference in quality that might have arisen from the character of the feed used the advantage is stated to have been in favor of the yard manure. The crops were valued at a third of a dollar per bushel for corn, two-thirds of a dollar for wheat, three dollars per ton for corn stover, two dollars per ton for straw and six and two-thirds dollars a ton for clover hay. On this basis the average annual increase for the stall manure over the yard manure amounted to $5.15 per acre.

This difference in quality, according to the above results, would alone amount to some $19,000,000 annually for the state of Ohio. Add to this the loss from shrinkage in quality due to exposure and we have a result that is appalling.

We presume there are few states in the middle and western portions of our country where any greater attention is given to the care of the manure than is given the matter in Ohio. The loss that the whole country sustains from this source is beyond conception. Add to this the manure that is burned, dumped into ravines to get it out of the way, or washed away through the yards being located on steep banks near streams, and the wonder is that our lands continue to produce as well as they do.

What a legacy for future generations we are preparing by our wasteful methods! This robbery of their heritage reminds us of a recent occurrence in Iowa where a banker robbed a bank of money belonging to depositors. The son learned of the defalcation but kept it to himself, hoping to retrieve the fortunes of the bank and make good the loss of its creditors. After years of patient effort he gave up in despair and went and drowned himself. The impoverished soil, like the impoverished bank, will prove an uphill road for those who come after.—Prairie Farmer.

Goat With a Charmed Life.

A well known suburbanite who had been greatly troubled by the depredations of a neighbor's goat was driven to desperation one day when he learned that the animal had consumed a favorite red flannel coat of his. Determined on the goat's destruction, he employed an unscrupulous small boy who lived in the neighborhood to secure him to the railroad track just before the daily express was due. Some days afterward a friend inquired with interest if the goat had been effectually disposed of.

"Not on your life, was the disgusted answer; "that goat had a charmed life. He coughed up that red golf coat of mine and flagged the train."—Harper's Weekly.

To Take His Own Medicine.

George E. Hallett, owner and one of the occupants of a fashionable row of apartment houses in Des Moines, Iowa, operated under the "no baby" rule, was recently compelled to vacate his own home because of the arrival of the stork. Mr. Hallett has relentlessly driven family after family of renters out of his flats, as one clause of all leases signed by him provides "that the contract becomes null and void upon the birth of a child to the party of the second part."

Mrs. Hallett the other day presented her husband with a girl, and the family moved to the residence of Mrs. Hallett's parents the next day.

Would Know Soon Enough.

"Oh, what shall I do!" wailed the heroine, clasping her little hands together.

"It won't make any difference what you do," growled the heavy villain, sotto voice. "The dramatic critics will tell you tomorrow morning you didn't do it right.—Chicago Tribune.

WAR WILL FOLLOW.

England and Russia keep nagging at each other in Central Asia, and there will be a war unless they can agree upon spheres of influence. England's conquest of Thibet does not please Russia. Russia's constant pushing of her railroads toward the British frontier does not please England. With two displeased antagonists it ought not to take long to get up a fight.

Russia seems to be expecting it. She is building a navy that will force England to keep more ships at home to guard her own ports. Lewis Nixon with 8,000 men is to put Russia on a water footing that England cannot match, and then we shall see things. There will be war that is war, or a peace that will put on end to wars. We will not need to build ships any faster than at present. The European nations will destory each other and their debt ridden people will decay as Asia decayed after the days of her great wars that destroyed her great commerce.

There is no need for the United States to exhaust herself to build and maintain an armament that will lead us down the road over which all nations before us have gone and on which we now see the rapid decline of England as she follows Spain.

In captivity elephants always stand up when they sleep, but when in the jungle, in their own land and home they lie down. The reason given for the difference between the elephant in captivity and in freedom is that the animal never acquires complete confidence in his keepers and always longs for liberty.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Automobile trains are to be run on wagon roads in German East Africa as feeders to the railway lines.

The Peruna Almanac in 8,000,000 Homes.

The Peruna Lucky Day Almanac has become a fixture in over eight million homes. It can be obtained from all druggists free. Be sure to inquire early. The 1905 Almanac is already published, and the supply will soon be exhausted. Do not put it off. Get one to-day.

In the museum at Turin are some war cartoons 3000 years old.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Almost seven per cent. of the cost of operating a railway is for coal.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails. Sold by all druggists, $1. Mail orders promptly filled by Dr. E. Detchon, Crawfordsville, Ind.

For an orchid $3260 was recently paid.

In Bohemia.

New Yorker—"Oh, yes, I'm a thoroughbred Bohemian! My artistic nature requires atmosphere. There is so much in that, you know."

Cousin-from-out-of-town — "Yes, I suppose so. I never was in but one Bohemian place, and I thought there was a good deal in that atmosphere—it was principally tobacco smoke!"—Detroit Free Press.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY. }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. SEAL. A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co. Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Chronic Case.

"Oh, he's never satisfied with a job. He's kicking about the one he's got now."

"Why, I understood it was a cinch. He told me he had absolutely nothing to do."

"Yes, but he's kicking because he has to do it."—Philadelphia Press.

Eve's Apple.

A botanical friend showed me not long since what he said was the apple that must have tempted Eve in what was surely a tropical fruit garden. It was a little bit of an Oriental crab, about a third of an inch in diameter, and, of course, it was bitterly sour! My philosophizing friend pointed out that, of course, the fruits in Eden were the natural "wild" fruits, and he was wondering whether the fall of mankind would not have been accelerated if the attracting tree had been hung with a fair crop of the golden Bellflower, or of crimson-striped Wealthy or Winesap!—Country Life in America.

A poor man does not need to be a poor sort of a man.

Mrs. Anderson, a prominent society woman of Jacksonville, Fla., daughter of Recorder of Deeds, West, who witnessed her signature to the following letter, praises **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—There are but few wives and mothers who have not at times endured agonies and such pain as only women know. I wish such women knew the value of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** It is a remarkable medicine, different in action from any I ever knew and thoroughly reliable.

"I have seen cases where women doctored for years without permanent benefit, who were cured in less than three months after taking your Vegetable Compound, while others who were chronic and incurable came out cured, happy, and in perfect health after a thorough treatment with this medicine. I have never used it myself without gaining great benefit. A few doses restores my strength and appetite, and tones up the entire system. Your medicine has been tried and found true, hence I fully endorse it."—MRS. R. A. ANDERSON, 225 Washington St., Jacksonville, Fla.

Mrs. Reed, 2425 E. Cumberland St., Philadelphia, Pa., says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to write and tell you the good I have received from **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"I have been a great sufferer with female trouble, trying different doctors and medicines with no benefit. Two years ago I went under an operation, and it left me in a very weak condition. I had stomach trouble, backache, headache, palpitation of the heart, and was very nervous; in fact, I ached all over. I find yours is the only medicine that reaches such troubles, and would cheerfully recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to all suffering women."

When women are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles.

The experience and testimony of some of the most noted women of America go to prove, beyond a question, that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will correct all such trouble at once by removing the cause and restoring the organs to a healthy and normal condition. If in doubt, write Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass, as thousands do. Her advice is free and helpful.

No other medicine for women in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. Refuse to buy any substitute.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

The first Japanese newspaper was published in 1863 and contained news translated from Dutch newspapers. Today Japan has over 1,500 papers, and several of them are in English.

Better Fruits—Better Profits

Better peaches, apples, pears and berries are produced when Potash is liberally applied to the soil. To insure a full crop, of choicest quality, use a fertilizer containing not less than **10 per cent. actual**

Potash

Send for our practical books of information; they are not advertising pamphlets, booming special fertilizers, but are authoritative treatises. Sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS
New York—93 Nassau St., or
Atlanta, Ga.—
2½ South Broad Street.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

Best on Earth

Gantt's Planters and Distributors

WE GUARANTEE THEM.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
Write for Prices and Catalogue.

GANTT MFG. CO., Macon, Ga.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Bowman Station

Business, Shorthand and Typewriting College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free.

Am. 51, 1904.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

GOOD LUCK

Baking Powder PREMIUMS

The next time you need Baking Powder be sure to ask your grocer for the **Good Luck** brand. You will get the greatest satisfaction from Good Luck Baking Powder because of its positive purity, great leavening force and the reasonable price at which it is sold. Furthermore, by using Good Luck you can get beautiful **free** premiums. The gilt clock shown above is one of the presents you can get by saving Good Luck coupons. There is a coupon *on the label* of each can. Cut them out, save them and get the numerous useful gifts. A little book inside of each can illustrates and explains all about the premiums, and tells how to get them free. So great is the demand for

GOOD LUCK Baking Powder

that we are shipping it in carload and trainload lots to all parts of the country. Don't forget in buying "Good Luck" you get the *most* of the *best* at the *lowest cost*. Start to-day with a pound can (10c.), enjoy your baking and get the beautiful premiums.

If your grocer doesn't sell "Good Luck" send us his name and we will see that you are supplied.

This is the Coupon found on every can.

THE SOUTHERN MFG. CO., Richmond, Virginia.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. COLUMBIANA, ALA., DECEMBER 22 1904. VOL. 30. NO. 17

Little Hans' Christmas Tree

Translated from the Swedish of Jenny Brown

UPON the hill, a short distance from the hut stood a lonely pine tree, that father had promised to cut down on Christmas eve. It was so beautiful, where it stood, and stretched its dark green branches out over the white snow. Hans walked round and round it and looked at it from all sides. It had grown so even, and was just high enough to find room under the low roof of the hut. In his imagination the little six-year-old saw it in all its beauty, with gilt paper stars, ginger bread hearts, rosy-cheeked apples and lighted candles.

"Poor as I am, Hans," father had said, "you shall have a Christmas tree, and fine it shall be, that I promise you."

And how the little child's heart palpitated with pleasure and expectation! Father had gone into town and was not expected to return before noon. Would he be long in bringing back all the beautiful things he was to buy at the same time he was getting the other Christmas things for mother? Time and again Hans went out on the doorsteps and looked down the long, snowy road. At length father was seen in the distance. Hans started to meet him, and was permitted to carry the package father said was his.

But how tired and pale father looked. He did not feel well, he said, but Hans must not worry over that. It was only a result of the hard labor that he now began to feel. It would soon pass away. And Hans believed that, too. "Mother, father has come," cried Hans, and pushed the door wide open.

The noonday meal was ready. But father could not eat anything, and laid himself down on the wooden bench and complained of pains in his chest. Mother laid aside the bag of rice and the coffee and sugar father had brought home. Father was ill! He had to admit it; he was suffering more pain than he would tell. Mother compelled him to go to bed and prepared a flannel saturated with turpentine that she spread on the chest. It was too bad that he should be taken sick, and on Christmas eve, but there was no help for it. In his rejoicing over the beautiful things for the Christmas tree, little Hans for a few moments did not think of father. But when he looked to the bed where father was lying, moaning with pain, Hans did as mother had done. He pushed aside the beautiful Christmas tree things and knelt down by the bed.

"Poor father!" and with his little hands he stroked the bearded cheeks.

"Don't worry, my boy; you shall have your Christmas tree. Speak to Neighbor Jerker, and he will help you."

This was all well and good, but father was ill, and the Christmas pleasure spoiled. And such a Christmas that they had expected! Last year they had no means to provide for a Christmas tree or any extra pleasure.

"I am going to the doctor," said mother, as she tied the shawl over her head.

"You stay with father, Hans; I will hurry back soon."

The doctor did not live very far away. He did not like to be disturbed on Christmas eve, but he wrote out a prescription after finding out from the woman what the symptoms were. To visit the sick man was not to be expected of the doctor on Christmas eve.

"Give him this every two hours and the pain will soon pass away. If'm, well, as it is Christmas eve, I will only charge fifty ore"—he had the right to demand a crown, but he felt charitable, and the poor woman's last silver piece landed in the doctor's pocket. He did not inquire if she had any money left for the medicine, and she did not care to tell him that it was her last piece of money, and that father had spent his last crown for the things to decorate little Hans' Christmas tree. She also had her pride, and she knew what remarks would be made. Poor men's children have no right to pleasure or luxuries. The gingerbread and candies and apples would be considered an awful waste and extravagance. To the doctor's children it would have looked a poor pleasure, but for her own little boy it was a sinful luxury. How different God provided for the people in this world, was the poor woman's thought, as, heavy hearted, she walked home with the prescription in her hand. Had the poor no right to have about his Christmas tree, and he had promised them that they should see it in all its beauty and splendor on Christmas eve. Now he would affect indifference and pretend that he did not care for a Christmas tree, but would sell it in town so father could get money for medicine.

Jerker, the eldest of the neighbor's children, cut down the tree. Hans was crying, but stoutly swallowed his tears and made Jerker promise him to tell his mother that Hans had gone to town to buy a Christmas present. The mother was very much surprised. Where could Hans have got the money. She could not understand it. Jerker did not know. He only told her what Hans had told him, and that he would not return before evening, and they must not worry about him.

* * *

How cold little Hans felt, and how that little heart of his felt heavy and sorrowful. Young as he was, he had already learned a lesson from life's story—the lesson of self-denial. He felt cold, his coat was short and threadbare, the shoes in poor condition and his mittens full of holes. But he knew that Christmas eve would bring him a new pair of mittens. From his bed in the hut at night he had seen mother knitting a pair of mittens that were too small for father. So, surely, they must be for him.

But with all his sorrow there was a warm glow at his heart. Was he not wealthy? He had sold his Christmas tree for two large silver crowns. Had bought the medicine for father and had a large silver crown left as a Christmas gift for mother. God had helped him. Had not mother said that God watches over little children, and had he not sent a wealthy lady that had given him two large silver crowns for his tree, notwithstanding he had been told it was not worth fifty ore?

A little golden-haired girl had met him in the beautiful richly furnished room where he had brought the tree. It was placed on a table, and the little girl was greatly pleased over the tree. He wondered if the little girl had known why he had sold his tree, and that all of his Christmas pleasure was lost, would she have been just as highly pleased? He followed her with

THE DAY BEFORE CHRISTMAS.

a heart that could feel and suffer? "The doctor gave me this prescription," said mother, "and the turpentine cloth was to remain, and you will soon be well, father."

"Oh, I don't believe the medicine will do me any good, and we will just let it alone."

The mother understood, and she could not keep back her tears. Father had no money left for the medicine. "Don't cry, mother, don't cry," exclaimed little Hans, as he tried to pull the mother down to him by her dress. "Father should not have bought the things for the Christmas tree, then he could have got the medicine. I understand that well enough," remarked little Hans, with a precocious mien.

"No, no, Hans, it would not have helped me," interrupted father from his place in the bed. "But thank you for your kind heart. You shall have your Christmas tree as I promised you."

Little Hans went out of the hut and ran to his tree on the hill. He walked around it, and the tears came in his eyes. But he wiped them away with the back of his hand. No, he must not cry; he must not feel or show any sorrow over the sacrifice that would bring gladness and blessing to the home. He put his hands in his pockets and tried to look glad and free from care when he entered the neighbor's hut. The children had for weeks heard him brag of his eyes as she ran round the large room and clapped her small hands, full of pleasure. She handed him a large sugar cake and filled his pockets with apples and nuts and raisins. She had so much. A table in the room had several large dishes filled with more beautiful things than he ever had seen before. And the kind lady gave him two shining silver crowns. But before he left the room his eyes went back to the tree. He would never see it again. It was as if he had separated from a dear friend—from a playfellow. He sat down on the staircase and tears streamed from his eyes. His mother's words rang in his ears: "Poor men's children must learn to practice self-denial."

* * *

But now Hans was glad again as he ran through the snow as fast as his little feet could carry him, pulling the sleigh after him. He felt cold and tired. It was dark and the stars shone in the heavens. He knew them all. Father had told him all about them, and he thought of the little Christ child, and how the whole Christian world celebrated Christmas with trees and candles and Christmas gifts. But little Hans had neither the one nor the other. True, the forest was full of Christmas trees, but it was not his, the one that had grown on the hill near his home, and over which he had rejoiced so much. But it was gone; another child had his tree. He thought of his tree as a living being, and that it felt the separation as much as he.

But now he was home. Father slept and mother was at the hearth preparing the evening meal.

"Hans, where have you been?" inquired mother.

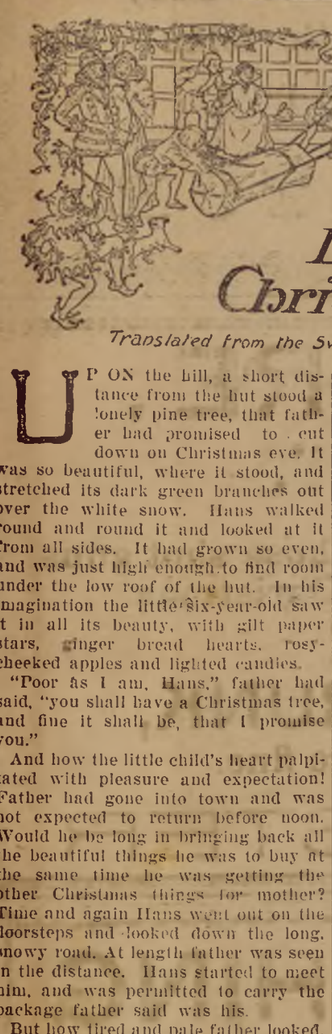
"Into town, mother, and I have a Christmas present for father."

"You? Where did you get it? Have you money, Hans?" inquired the mother in her astonishment as Hans placed the bottle of medicine on the table. "Where did you get it, boy?"

Hans inclined his head, and smilingly pushed his mother toward the window. He drew away the curtain and pointed to the hill. Mother could look out in the starlight night and at once noticed that the tree was gone. Yes, she saw plainly that little Hans' Christmas tree was not there. She understood it all; she could read it in the big blue eyes that sparkled up toward her. She lifted the child in her arms and pressed him toward her, too deeply moved to find words for her feelings. But she felt so happy, so proud that this was her child, and the poor mother in all her poverty and humility would not have exchanged her lot for a queen's coronet.

"Mother, I have a Christmas present for you also," whispered Hans, and placed the silver crown in her hand.

Hans had renounced much, had denied himself all, and therefore his gift was above ordinary value.



'Twas the night before Christmas,
In each little house
The children were waiting
As still as a mouse
To hear the puff puff
And the pish, chugg and squeal
Of good old St. Nicholas'
Automobile!

—Illustrated Bits.

CHRISTMAS IN DAWSON CITY.

Klondike Ike—"Wot did yer find in yer stockin' this mornin'?"
Chilkoot Pete—"Frost-bitten toes."

A Funny Dream.

I had a funny dream last night,
As strange as strange could be
I dreamed that I was Santa Claus
And Santa Claus was me.
And when I came to Santa's house,
(Where we live now, you know)
I took out near a hundred things
And laid them in a row;
A bicycle with bevel-gear,
A gun that shoots real shot;
A pair of skates, a new canoe,
Were some things that I brought.
And then I said, "For fear I've missed
A little thing or two,
I'll leave this pocketbook well filled,
That's just what I will do."
Of course it only was a dream,
But still I think 'twould be
Just great if I was Santa Claus
And Santa Claus was me.

—Johnstone Murray.

A Christmas Cross.

No fir-tree in the forest dark
But humbly bears its cross;
No human heart in God's wide world
But mourns its bitter loss.

Yet Christmas-tide can clothe the fir
In splendors all unguessed,
And bring to every suffering heart
Its joy, its peace, its rest.

God rest you, then, my gentle friend,
And take your cross away,
Or clothe it with a radiance new,
On this glad Christmas Day.

—Willis Boyd Allen, in Youth's Companion.

CHRISTMAS GIFT.

AN ARTISTIC PLANT STAND.

Gran'mother's Talk.

Gran'mother says, while she's sittin' there,
At the fireside, in her old armchair:
"Ain't any Christmas now, my dear,
Like the ones of long ago!
When I was a girl there was more of light
An' song in the world a Christmas night;
The green just blossomed over the white
In the Christmas long ago."

She talks that way, 'cause she's old, you know,
An' her hair is whiter than whitest snow,
An' she thinks that her time is come to go
To a Christmas in the skies.
But my arms around her neck I throw,
An' say: "Gran'mother, in the long ago,
Did you have anybody to love you so?"
An' she smiles, an' wipes her eyes.

—F. L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

PORT ARTHUR GUN SWEPT

The Entire Harbor Cleaned of Shipping by Metre Hill Fire.

BATTLESHIP SEVASTOPOL SUNK

Little Action in the North—General Kaulbars Joins General Kuropatkin in Council of War—Eight Russians Escape From Port Arthur to Chefoo Where They Arrived Nearly Frozen.

Tokio, Japan. The Third Army headquarters confirmed the report that the battleship Sevastopol was down both at the bow and the stern, and to all appearances was damaged beyond repair. The warship was on the westerly side of the Tiger's Tail cliffs, where the water is shallow. One of her funnels has been blown to pieces. The harbor ironclad Otvachni is sunk by the stern, and an army transport which was in the inner bay near the Sevastopol is no longer visible. There is now no warship afloat in Port Arthur Harbor except the torpedo boat destroyers, which are hidden in one of the necks of the Tiger's peninsula.

Additional naval guns have been landed at Pigeon Bay and drawn to the peaks of the chain of table lands called 203-Metre Hill. They have been bombarding the new town of Port Arthur, and the remaining Government buildings were in flames. When this work has been accomplished the guns will be turned on the Russian fortifications built on the crests south of Ruling and Kekwan mountains, the last remaining defenses north of Port Arthur proper. A supplementary report of the Japanese Third Army announces the total losses in the month of November at 14,262, of which the dead number 3711.

Mukden.—Before dawn the Japanese centre east of the railroad and south of the Sha River began a general artillery fire on the Russian defenses to the north. At 8 o'clock in the morning the engagement was general on a line three miles wide, but little damage was done. The Japanese centre has been quiet for thirty-six days and just the purpose of the artillery fire was unknown. No movement was made by the enemy's infantry and the Japanese left army did not leave its entrenchments west of the Great Mandarin road.

General Kaulbars, commander of the Third Army, arrived from Harbin and was received by Generals Sakharoff and Bildering with a guard of honor, headed by music. The General then continued his journey to Chansiatun, where he had a conference with General Kuropatkin. There was an unconfirmed report that a column of the Japanese left army with some guns has made the neighborhood of Simintin, about thirty miles west of Mukden. All the wells are frozen up, and it is necessary for the commanders of both armies to obtain their supply of water from the Hun and Sha rivers.

Chefoo.—Eight Russians arrived in a sailboat from Port Arthur. They were nearly frozen when they made this port. While they came in plain clothes, it is understood that they are officers of high rank from the warships, who are to make their way to some point and meet the Baltic fleet. They carried dispatches for the Czar. They declined to say anything beyond announcing that in the last two weeks three steamers, with ammunition and provisions, had run the blockade of Port Arthur.

MIRSKY FORBIDS A DEBATE.

St. Petersburg City Councillors Denounce the Interior Minister.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—An adjourned meeting of the St. Petersburg City Council was held for the purpose of discussing the advisability of indorsing the demand of the Moscow Municipality for constitutional reforms.

The President of the Council announced that, owing to unforeseen circumstances which he could not disclose, the debate could not proceed.

The announcement occasioned a noisy scene. Many councillors angrily protested and left the chamber.

Later they held a private meeting at which Minister of the Interior Sviatopolk-Mirsky was denounced for prohibiting the debate.

GIVES $100,000 TO COLLEGE.

Donation by Ralph Voorhees of New Jersey to Tennessee Institution.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Maryville (Tenn.) College has received a donation of $100,000 from the blind philanthropist, Ralph Voorhees, of New Jersey.

Dr. Samuel T. Wilson, President of the college, received the check, but kept the donation a secret until chapel exercises.

Fifteen thousands dollars are to be spent in building a chapel and assembly hall, and $85,000 will go into the endowment fund.

TO RUSH WORK ON ST. MARK'S.

Italian Government Orders Immediate Repairs to Venice Church.

Rome, Italy.—The Government has ordered the immediate execution of those repairs to St. Mark's at Venice which are of an urgent character.

The Government directs that everything necessary be done to prevent any damage to the Basilica.

State Canvassers Meet.

The Board of State Canvassers met at Albany, N. Y., and canvassed the returns certified by the several county boards; it was found that President Roosevelt's plurality was 175,552, and Governor-elect Higgins', 80,360.

Halifax Navy Yard to Close.

It was reported from Halifax that the British Government had ordered the navy yard to be closed, and that the property might be made a terminal of the Grand Trunk Pacific.

KILLED ON BATTLESHIP

United States War Vessel Massachusetts Sustains Injuries.

Three Steamfitters Instantly Killed by Explosion and Four Others Were Severely Injured—Heroism of Officer.

Philadelphia, Pa.—A terrific explosion on the battleship Massachusetts at League Island Navy Yard caused the instant death of three men, whose bodies were fearfully mangled, fatal injuries to a fourth and severe scalds to three others. One of the injured men, the chief engineer of the vessel, was injured in an attempt to save the lives of the victims, who were imprisoned in the engine room, where the explosion took place. The explosion closed the automatic doors, making escape impossible.

The dead are Edward J. Bubb, No. 2654 Beech street; Andrew Hamilton, of No. 1531 East Hewson street; Chas. Ripzel, of No. 527 West Second street, Chester, all boilermakers. The clothing of all the men was torn from them and they were scalded by steam and hot water.

Lieutenant W. C. Cole, U. S. N., chief engineer of the battleship, scalded about the arms and body and severely cut and bruised, was sent to the naval hospital.

The men were employed by a steam fitter, who was installing a new boiler in the Massachusetts. The work was practically completed, and a force of five men were putting the finishing touches to the job. They were working on what is known as boiler C, on the starboard side of the big battleship, and had placed the cover on the manhole. They were screwing the lid into position, when the gasket, or washer, gave way. There was a terrific explosion, which resounded throughout the entire yard and caused the great ship to quiver.

In an instant the boiler room filled with steam, and the hot water from the boiler poured out in torrents. Those who were able dashed for the doors, but, to their dismay, found egress closed, as the force of the explosion had blown the automatic doors so tightly into their sockets that it was impossible to move them.

Lieutenant Cole, as chief engineer of the Massachusetts, had supervision of the work. He was standing near the boiler room when the accident occurred. He sprang for the doors, and found them securely wedged. Knowing the peril of those within, the lieutenant enlisted the aid of those nearest him, and forced an entrance. He found himself confronted by a scalding cloud of steam, and in the darkness struck his head against the iron walls of the compartment. He finally stumbled over the body of one of the victims, and it was dragged out.

Any further attempt at rescue was halted by the flood of water, so the order was given to turn a stream of cold water into the boiler room. When the temperature had been reduced to a safe degree a rescue party carried out the remaining dead and injured.

The ship itself sustained no damage beyond the broken gasket.

Commandant Dickens at once ordered an inquiry to be set on foot to determine the responsibility for the gasket's breaking.

HE TRADED OFF HIS WIFE.

She Wouldn't Go—Husband in Jail, Other Man in Peril.

Middlesborough, Ky.—Joseph Beasley, living not far from Roxbury, tired of his wife and traded her off to John Samuels, a neighbor, for an accordeon.

Mrs. Beasley refused to acquiesce and Samuels tied her hands and feet, put her into his wagon, and took her home. Mrs. Beasley escaped and swore out a warrant for both men. Beasley was found playing his musical instrument, but threw it aside to fight the officers.

Samuels says he will sue Beasley. Mrs. Beasley is now in charge of the Beasley home and Beasley is in jail as he cannot pay a fine for desertion. Samuels is charged with assault.

The accordeon was worth perhaps seventy-five cents.

GRIGGS' DAUGHTER ROBBED.

Returns From City to Find Wedding Gifts Worth $1000 Gone.

Paterson, N. J.—Mrs. Lelia Huntoon, daughter of former Attorney-General John W. Griggs, spent the day in New York City shopping.

When she returned home in the evening she found that burglars had broken into her home and carried off silverware worth about $1000. Most of the articles taken were wedding gifts.

Mr. Huntoon was absent from the city on business, thus leaving the house alone.

STEAMER BUCKINGHAM LOST.

Schooners Sent to Carry Crew and Passengers to Colon.

Colon.—The British steamer Buckingham, from Baltimore, having on board a cargo for the United Fruit Company at Bocas del Toro, Panama, struck on Roncador Bank at 3 a. m. and is a total wreck.

For Central's New Terminal.

The New York Central Railroad bought the Grand Central Palace and another block in New York City for its new terminal, paying $2,500,000. The amusement hall, second largest in the city, will be torn down.

Summerfield Begins Term.

The New York Court of Appeals affirmed the conviction of Larry Summerfield, who was found guilty of trying to defraud the public. The convicted man was speedily taken up to Sing Sing and there imprisoned.

Killed by Open Switch.

The engineer and fireman on the southbound Atlantic Coast Line train were killed near Overman's Siding, N. C., by the train running into an open switch.

MRS. CHADWICK AT HOME

The Now Famous Woman Arrives in Cleveland, Ohio, Under Guard.

HOW SHE USED CARNEGIE'S NAME

Under Five Indictments Already—Has an Indebtedness Approaching One Million Dollars—One of the Most Sensational Cases This Country Has Ever Known.

Cleveland, Ohio.—Five times indicted by the United States Government at the exact minute that her train rolled into the station, Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick came home to Cleveland. She was greeted with jeers, hoots and hisses by the crowds that gathered in the depot when her train arrived, and howled at by hundreds gathered in front of the Federal Building. The last sound that reached her from the outside world, as she passed into the stuffy, ill-smelling office of Sheriff Barry in the county jail, was the hoot of derision from the people massed in front of the doorway. She made no attempt to give bail, and after a brief stop in the office of the clerk of the United States Court was taken to jail. She was held in cell 14 in the woman's department of the jail, and her luxurious home in Euclid avenue, of which the furnishings alone are valued at $200,000, was occupied by her maid.

Two of the formal indictments voted against Mrs. Chadwick are based, one, upon the Carnegie note for $250,000, which was made payable at the office of Andrew Carnegie in New York City, and another upon the Carnegie note for $500,000, which was payable at the National Bank of Commerce in New York. Under each indictment are two counts, one charging forgery, the other, uttering forged papers.

Some weeks ago the Wade Park Bank of Cleveland became insolvent through the financial mishaps of Mrs. Chadwick. Mr. Reynolds, the President of the bank, told the following story of his relations with Mrs. Chadwick:

Mr. Reynolds said he had known Mrs. Chadwick seven or eight years and Dr. Chadwick, the woman's husband, all his life. Regarding the $5,000,000 note bearing the name of Andrew Carnegie, he said:

"Mrs. Chadwick called me to her house—I think it was March 5, 1903—and said she wished to intrust to me some securities. She said she had been advised to place them in the possession of a third party, and she wanted me to take care of them."

This package was opened by Attorney Squire. The package was produced in court and Mr. Reynolds identified the Carnegie note, the mortgage deed and the copies of an alleged trust agreement.

Continuing, the witness said:

"She then handed a paper to sign." As near as he could remember, it said: "I certify that I hold in trust for Mrs. Cassie Chadwick securities and a note for $5,000,000."

This note, the woman said, was given her by Andrew Carnegie, the steel magnate, she claiming to be the illegitimate daughter of Mr. Carnegie.

This package containing these supposedly valuable securities was never opened by Mr. Reynolds, he taking Mrs. Chadwick's word as to the truth of the contents.

Subsequently she came to Mr. Reynolds and on the strength of these supposedly good securities would obtain loans of thousands of dollars. Many other financiers were used in the same manner.

Mr. Carnegie has stated that he never signed any notes, that he never had had any dealings with Mrs. Chadwick.

At least two banks have taken official cognizance of the case and Federal officers have taken it upon themselves to investigate the validity of notes aggregating more than a million dollars which bear the name of Andrew Carnegie, the ironmaster.

Mrs. Chadwick was arrested in New York City and placed in the Tombs. Finally she waived all formalities and under the escort of Federal officers proceeded to Cleveland.

WOMEN IN FIERCE RIOT.

Church Procession and Republicans Clash in Spain—Mob Fired On.

Madrid, Spain.—The Feast of the Virgin was marked by a riotous scene at Valencia.

A procession of 6000 women bearing lighted tapers to the Cathedral came in conflict with a Republican demonstration and a general fight ensued.

The gendarmes were unable to disperse the combatants by charging, and fired several rounds from their carbines into the mob.

Many persons, including women, were wounded.

BULGARIANS INVADE TURKEY.

Large Numbers of Revolutionaries Crossing Macedonian Frontier.

London, England.—Bulgarian bands are crossing the Macedonian frontier in large numbers and others are forming.

Boris Sarafoff is directing the movement. Since the revolutionary outbreak of last year no bands had left Bulgaria.

The Tibetan Losses.

The losses of the British expedition to Tibet under Colonel Younghusband numbered nearly 1100 men.

To Succeed Engineer Parsons.

George S. Rice, it was learned, will succeed William Barclay Parsons as chief engineer of the New York City Rapid Transit Commission.

Gift to Chicago University.

J. D. Rockefeller's Christmas gift to the University of Chicago is about $3,000,000 for a school of engineering.

Rescued From Barge.

Twelve men were rescued from the sinking bark Garibaldi, near Bermuda.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

By H. E. WHITAKER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Entered as second class matter. Apr. 13, 1904 at the postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Office over Columbiana Savings Bank.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., Dec. 22, '04

Telephone No. 17.

NO PAPER NEXT WEEK.

There will be no issue of The Sentinel next week. The management of the paper trusts that all may have a delightful time during the holiday period.

COUNTY LOSES SUITS AGAINST RAILROADS.

The people of Shelby county will be interested in the following letter written by Judge John Pelham, as it touches upon a matter which was a very much alive wire during the recent campaign:

Anniston, Ala., Dec. 1, 1904.

Mr. L. E. Jeffries,
Attorney Southern Ry Co.,
Selma, Ala.

Dear Sir:—I enclose herewith the Court files in the cases Nos, 7261, 7221, and 7374, the State for the use of Shelby Couoty vs. Southern Railway Company.

After thoroughly considering and investigating the matters under consideration, I have arrived at the conclusion that the levies, orders or decrees of the County Commissioners cannot be sustained for the reason that no debt or liability had been created or was existing against said county.

It is probably a correct contention on your part that this should affirmatively appear from the levy, order or decree of the Commissioners, and that your demurrers will reach it, but I am not so sure upon this proposition and I prefer that the order of the Court should show that the demurrers were overruled, that pleas were filed and that proof was offered showing that no debt or liability existed against the county for the erection of bridges, public buildings or causeways; or that this fact appear in the agreed state of facts.

I will thank you to prepare orders and judgments in accordance with this opinion, allowing the plaintiff thirty days in which to present bill of exceptions, and forward to me and I will send them to the Clerk with an order to enter them of record, as agreed.

You can return the files of papers direct to the Clerk.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) JNO. PELHAM,
Judge.

The county sued the Southern Railway for taxes under the levy of 1901-2-3 made in this county. The railroad refused payment, claiming the levy was unconstitutional and without authority of law. Judge Pelham, in the above letter, thinks the position of the railroads the correct one, and he holds that the levy made by the Commissioners' Court cannot be sustained.

The contention of The Sentinel through the campaign that the tax levies for the years mentioned above were illegal appears to have been correct, and is sustained by the Court. Again do the railroads ride on a free ticket, but the people, the common people, if you please, have been compelled to pay the illegal tax. That's darn poor justice to the common people.

There is some excitement in London over the claim that Father Ignatius, and Anglican monk, can raise the dead. We don't believe he can do anything of the kind, but if he was to get two or three drinks ahead he might raise Cain.

A suggestion from Dr. J. H. Gunn, in a letter in this issue of The Sentinel, we believe will meet the approval of everybody in the county. A good history of the county would be invalnable, and E. S. Lyman can write just such a history.

After two days of strenuous labor, listening to the president's message and attending a banquet or two, congress voted for a two weeks' holiday as soon as it is possible to get away. Congress is getting to be full of living jokes.

A lot of brass collared fellows in Washington have been sporting fine equipages, topped with footmen in shining harness, and paying for it all with government funds. And the people pay the freight.

According to the views of one member of congress the American people have money to burn. He wants the salary of the president increased to $200,000 a year. Geewhilikins!

The Smoot case is playing a star part in this session of congress. It is playing a close second in the public eye to Mrs. Chadwick's swindling operations, too.

Minneapolis had a three-million dollar fire a few days ago. That is a Christmas present that is not appreciated.

The attention of the farmers of Shelby county is directed to a letter published in this issue of The Sentinel from Commissioner Poole. He wants every town in the State to hold a mass meeting on the 10th day of January to discuss the cotton situation.

And now comes a member of congress who wants to raise the president's salary to $200,000 a year, and the salaries of members of congress to $10,000 a year. Just to spend the people's money we suppose.

CHRISTMAS MEMORIES.

The editor sat in his splint-bottom chair,
Smoking his pipe of clay;
Picturing scenes in the curling smoke,
Of Caristmases passed away.

* * *

Yes, away back yonder I seem to catch the mellow tones of sweet chimed Christmas bells, and I can almost feel the cold northern winds as they drove the fleecy-like clouds across the leaden sky of the December days. Through the intricate, winding ways of Time, scenes come back until this low-ceiled room with its broad hearth seems filled with the faces of those whom I had known in my boyhood days, and in fancy I can hear sheir glad laughter the infectious glee of which brightens this happy, joyous Christmas time. Through the dim mist of the years that are gone I can see a whole row of little stockings—yes, and some not so little—as they hang about the mantel-piece of a deep-mouthed old fireplace, and I can almost hear the gleeful prattle of the white-gowned little tots as they scamper off to their beds, vowing again and again they would watch for old Santa as he came down the broad chimney. They wondered what he would bring them. A thousand fancies fill their little heads, but they have made up their minds to like whatever it may be. (You've all been along that line). But the tired little eyes grow more tired with the watching; the eyelids just won't stay apart however hard they try, and they—slept!

* * *

And Christmas morn! My! such a scampering as there was! Ah, who are they who do not remember like times in their own childhood days? The whole household was made to ring with happy, joyous laughter, and the treasures left from Santa Claus' sack were bro't forth and displayed! Hully Gee! It was a sight! Skates for Tom, a doll for Nell, a sled for Jack, fairy books for Kate, a drum for George, a real train of cars for Frank, a tin whistle and rattle box for baby Esther, and a basket of oranges, apples and candy for all. Was there ever such a Christmas before, or since? It was a time to make the heart throbs beat more quickly, and there was a love in one's thoughts for all mankind.

* * *

And a little later when the glad Christmas bells rang out their peals of joy, the good mother came and bundled and wrapped us up to keep out the pinching, biting cold, and we went to the little old white church around the corner, where the man of God told us of the shepherds, who, while watching their flocks upon the plains of faraway Judea, saw the bright and beautiful Star in the East which told them that the Christ-child had come into the world. Two thousand years ago that babe defenseless lay in a manger, surrounded by lowing cattle, while over its head hovered an angel band singing the first glad Christmas anthem—"Peace on earth, good will to all men." But for this, the darkness in this old world of ours would be the deeper, and pain and trouble the much harder to bear.

* * *

The editor sat in his splint-bottom chair,
No fire in his pipe of clay;
But his heart is warm to all mankind,
On this glad Christmas day.

* * *

May the readers of The Sentinel—all others included, have a joyous, happy time this Christmas holiday. "Elwood Keene."

GOOD SUGGESTION.

Editor Sentinel, Columbiana.

In the Montgomery and Birmingham papers of this week, I see that the Hon. Edward S. Lyman, of Montevallo, has commenced writing a history of his home town. It is regretted that Mr. Lyman has not undertaken to write the history of the entire county, for since the death of the lamented Dr. Teague no one in our county or the State of Alabama for that matter is so well fitted for such an undertaking. Let us urge Mr. Lyman to take up that work, and if necessary, he should be aided by an appropriation from the county treasury, or funds raised by popular subscription.

The work should be undertaken before the many worthy citizens who knew the county in its early days pass away.

The first settlements in the county were at Montevallo. Harpersville and Pelham, the latter known then as Peavine, and Montevallo as Wilson's Hill, and around these places no doubt many historical facts could now be collected that would be of great value to the historian, and of interest to the people who live and have lived in the county.

In conclusion, I would like to call the attention of your readers to a number of young men raised in our county who have succeeded in other States, but the list would be too long, and I will only mention the fact that several years ago, at one time there were two members of Congress from different States (Texas and Tennessee) who were born in the town of Montevallo. Respectfully,

J. H. GUNN.

Calera, Ala., Dec. 17, 1904.

Senator Platt will, almost certainly, see his pet bill of the session get securely stuffed into a pigeon hole for some time. Men of any brains and common sense will fight it, or will will see that it does not come to a fight. It is not the sort of thing which can or will ever redound to the benefit or the prestige of the narrow-minded, bigoted man who has fostered it; it is not that kind which will ever have the strength or the force to carry its own meaning forward.—Mobile Herald.

Let every Democrat see after having his neighbor Democrat pay his poll tax, and urge upon every one to look carefully into the fact as to whether or not he owes poll tax for the years 1901, 1902, 1903 and 1904. If he does, ask him to pay it.

There is a doubt in the minds of some members of congress that the information furnished by the government on the cotton yield is incorrect, and the papers have been called for.

There is no hopeful signs in the cotton market for the farmer. He is the victim of the bunco steerers of Wall street, which is backed up by the Republican party.

It seem to be the general opinion that Mrs. Chadwick will escape punishment. In fact, a great many people admire her because she swindled a lot of bankers.

Father Time, like some other men we have heard of, is not kind to the women. One wrinkle looks worse on a woman than a dozen on a man.

The Bessemer Weekly issued a pretty Christmas edition laet week. Editor Judson believes in doing things right if done at all.

Chas. Swayne, a federal judge of Florida, has been impeached by the lower house of congress, and it is now up to the senate.

The contest for governor of Colorado is developing a pretty rocky state of affairs in the Rocky mountain dominion.

Notice to Teachers.

The State examination for teachers will be held at Columbiana, January 2–4, 1905. All who enter the examination must be there at 10 o'clock, a. m., Monday.

J. O. DOROUGH,
Supt. of Education.

Child Thrown From Horse.

A special telegram to the Age-Herald from Montevallo, under date of December 18th, says:

Little Esther Peter, the 10-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Peter, who live about two miles from here, was thrown from a horse late yesterday afternoon and painfully injured. She was riding near the house, when the horse became frightened and began to run. She was thrown off while the horse was running, and fell on her head with full force.

Some of the laborers on the place, who saw the fall, picked her up in an unconscious condition and carried her home. She did not regain consciousness until this morning, and at last accounts was suffering very much. No fractures were sustained, but she was very much bruised, and her head is paining her very much.

To Build School House.

The following is from the Age-Herald of the 13th, inst.:

Calera, Dec. 13.—A petition was circulated among the free holders and patrons of the public school, petitioning the city council to call an election for the purpose of issuing bonds on the city to the amount of $5,000 for the construction of a up-to-date school building.

At a regular meeting held last Wednesday, December 7, this was unanimously passed upon, and an election was ordered to be held on the 9th day of January, 1905. For that purpose an executive and building committee was also elected, composed of the following members: Prof. Glenn, Dr. J. H. Gunn, Mr. L. G. Privett and Mr. Abe Stine.

The youngest daughter of Mayor and Mrs. W. B. Browne has been quite sick for the past week with scarlet fever, but it is gratifying to state that she is improving, and that there is no apprehension of a spread of the fever. A yellow flag has been floating from Mr. Browne's gate all the week, a warning to all that there is scarlet fever in the house.

J. S. Falkner writes The Sentinel that he is now store-keeper for the Bessemer Fire Brick Co., at Bessemer, and that he wants his paper sent to him at that place. Mr. Falkner's employers will find him capable and trustworthy in every way, and his friends in this county will be glad to know that he has secured a lucrative position.

Poll tax time!

Pay your poll tax!

Non-Resident Notice.

State of Alabama. Shelby county.

J. C. Jackson & Sons, a partnership composed of Jasper C. Jackson, Henry A. Jackson and Arlen L. Jackson, Complainants. vs. J. G. Foote, Defendant. } In Chancery. Sixth District Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of W. B. Browne that the defendant J. G. Foote is a nonresident of the State of Alabama, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant J. G. Foote is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Columbiana Sentinel, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said J. G. Foote to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 31st day of December, A. D., 1904, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana, Ala., this 30th day of November, A.D. 1904.

J. R. WHITE,
Register.

Dec. 1-4t

BUSINESS

ANNOUNGEMENT.

ON JANUARY 1, 1905,

We will open to the public, in the H. S. Latham Store House in Montevallo, Ala., a full and complete line of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Shoes and Hardware,

that will be up to date in every respect. We cordially invite any and all who wish to buy the best in any of these lines to call on us.

To Satisfy Your Wants

Will be our aim. We will, at all times carry in these four lines, both in Staples and Fancies, complete and up to the highest standard possible. Remember the date, January 1, 1905, and then come to see us. We want to meet you and become acquainted.

YOURS TO COMMAND,

DENSON and DAWSON,

MONTEVALLO, ALA.

CHRISTMAS GOODS FOR EVERYBODY.

I am not talking very much about them, but if you are looking for Christmas goods, come to see me. I have a nice line of Candy Fruit, Toys--just what little folks want. Prices to suit your purse.

J. W. JOHNSTON.

. FURNITURE .

PLENTY OF IT.

BOYS, Get one of those shot guns from me for Christmas . . . .

If you desire a

BEAUTIFUL TRUNK,

see what I have, they're fine.

RUFUS LESTER.

NEW CLOTHING

Boys, Young Men and Old Men.

HAVE YOU seen our new stock? Even if you are not ready to buy now, come in and see the goods and styles. The tendency of the weaves this year is towards the smooth finish, and they are very pretty.

THE PRICE is right in every instance, in keeping with the reputation we have made of giving the best goods for the least money. Come to see us.

Morgan Bro's Mercantile Co.,

Montevallo, Ala.

NEW STORE--NEW STOCK

BRIGHT, FRESH, ATTRACTIVE.

Consisting of Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Notions, Groceries, Hardware.

Our Complete Line of

HEAVY WINTER GOODS

Is to be closed out at greatly reduced prices to make room for other goods coming in. We invite your inspection of this line. Every piece is new and really a good bargain. We want your patronage; we have the goods and at prices that will command your attention. Uniformity of treatment, and a desire to please all is our sincere endeavor. We have in stock many useful articles adapted to the Christmas trade. We have a fine line of

BROWN SHOES--BEST IN THE WORLD.

J. H. ABERCROMBIE & SON.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Another evidence of the financial stability of the South is the fact that a decline of two cents in the price of cotton has not caused any embarrassment to the bankers of the South.—Huntsville News.

It is thought that Judge Parker will be quite as happy listening to the troubles of his clients as he would have been feeding office seekers on fudge.—Edwardsville Standard News.

"Part of the intellectual North is studying the South through the telescope," says the Spartanburg Herald. Yes, but too many of them put the big end of the instrument to their eyes.—Montgomery Advertiser. That's the way of the world, and especially the Northern world just now.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables,

E. W. BURT, Proprietor.

Good Horses, Good Carriages, Careful Drivers.

Your Patronage is Solicited.

Telephone 28. - - - - - 'Bus Meets All Trains.

Pay your poll tax on or before February 1st,

CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

Our store is running over with them. When we gave Santa Claus our order, we remembered the young, the middle aged and the old.

TOYS, TOYS!

The greatest assortment of toys ever shown in Columbiana can now be seen at our store—a new, clean and pretty assortment. We have just what you want—Santa told us.

BEAUTIFUL DOLLS.

Your little girl has been dreaming and talking of the doll she is sure Santa Claus is going to bring her. Do not disappoint her. We have a beautiful assortment to choose from.

FINE CANDIES.

Good, pure confectionery is the only kind you want your children to eat. We have no other kind for holiday trade. It costs no more than the impure, and is so much better.

FIREWORKS, WHIZ-Z-Z!

It wouldn't be Christmas without fireworks, and we have a fine line. They will not last long—too good.

CHOICE FRUIT.

Our holiday stock would not be complete without fruit—we are supplied all the time with the choicest.

CHEWING GUM.

Do you know of our chewing gum proposition? If not, ask about it.

WATER SETS.

You could give your wife nothing that would please her so well as one of those pretty water sets which we have in our Christmas stock. Fine!

Of course, we want your grocery trade. We keep only the best of grades in everything.

Roberts & Robertson

SHIELDS BRAND CLOTHING

FITS WELL — SHIELDS BRAND — WEARS WELL

FOR A CHRISTMAS PRESENT.

A suit of clothes or an overcoat will fill the bill. Buy the best—"it costs no more." Every coat has a "Shields" label on collar.

——FOR SALE BY——

AVERYT & AVERYT

SHELBY, ALA.

COLUMBIANA SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....$1.00
One copy six months.....50

Telephone No. 17.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

"I know not how true the tale may be, I tell it as 'twas told to me."

Sam Walls is visiting relatives in Birmingham for a few days.

Mrs. LeCroy visited in South Alabama several days last week.

Major John W. Bolin, of near Wilsonville, was in town Friday.

☞ Have you tried the new hot drinks at the Latham Drug Co.'s store.

Judge D. R. McMillan was transacting business in Birmingham last Friday.

W. W. Wallace returned Sunday from a short visit at Klein with his mother.

John S. Pitts was in Childersburg and Birmingham last Friday on business.

Miss Louise Reynolds visited with friends in Wilsonville last Saturday.

☞ Remember, the place to get your Christmas candies is of Roberts & Robertson.

Miss Ollie Seales, of Shelby, was in the city last Sunday, a guest of Miss Bertie Barnett.

Misses Helen and Annie Boyer, of Wilsonville, were in town last Saturday, Christmas shopping.

☞ Toys, toys, toys of every description, and plenty of them at Roberts & Robertson's.

Commissioner Shaw, of beat 4, was in town Friday to attend a meeting of the commissioners.

Miss Louise Reynolds will go to her home in Goodwater this week to remain through the holidays.

George Mason has come in off of the road, and will visit his family until after the first of the new year.

☞ These cool days a hot drink is just what you want. Go to the Latham Drug Co. for it.

Miss Stella Powell has gone to her home in Childersburg to visit until after the holiday vacation.

Ollie Goer and Horace Holcomb, of Calera, were in the city last Sunday visiting friends for a few hours.

☞ Get a hot drink at the Latham Drug Co.'s store, and feel like a new person. They are fine.

A merry, merry Christmas, and a happy New Year is what The Sentinel trusts will be the portion of all.

Commissioner R. J. Griffin, of Helena, was in town Friday to attend a meeting of the Commissioners' court.

Miss Annie Finley, of Prattville, is in the city for a visit with her aunt, Mrs. E. B. Nelson, through the holidays.

☞ Roberts & Robertson are well supplied with good fruit for the Christmas trade. Better get a supply now.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Norris will visit with Mrs Norris' parents near Longview during the Christmas holidays.

Miss Maud Hebson, of Sylacauga, is in the city for a visit with her sister, Mr. J. P. Roberts, until after the holidays.

☞ For a delicious hot drink, go to Latham Drug Co. You will find there just what you want.

From the way a certain young lady has been making cakes for the past week, the indications are that a wedding is on the way.

Miss Lallage Longshore, who is at the Judson again this year, will be at home to spend the holidays with her parents.

C. C. DuBose was in Montgomery last Friday on business connected with the insurance company for which he is agent.

☞ It won't be Christmas unless you get some of those fireworks of Roberts & Robertson. A big assortment to chose from.

The editor of The Sentinel and his wife will spend Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Vest and Mrs. McCauley in Woodlawn.

While there will be no issue of The Sentinel next week, the office will be open every day. Come in and pay your subscription.

Mrs. W. A. Parker, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Wallace, at Klein for the past two weeks, returned home last Sunday.

Read the advertisement of J. W. Johnston in this issue. He talks Christmas goods to you, and would like you to call and see him.

Mrs. H. S. Latham, of Montevallo, was in the city several days last week visiting her children. She returned home Sunday.

Miss Lizzie Upshaw, of Goodwater, and Miss Maude Bell, of Lineville, will visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Haynes during the the holidays

Pierce Mason, who is a student at the Southern University, Greensboro, will be at home to spend the holidays with his mother and sisters.

☞ The finest assortment of dolls ever brought to Columbiana is at Roberts & Robertson's. Every size, any price, and every description. Don't forget your little girl.

Misses Clara and Zemma Pitts, who are attending school at Shorter College, Rome, are expected home today to remain until after the holidays.

W. L. Chistian, who is in the employ of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Cincinnati, is in the city for a visit with his mother, brother and sister.

Mrs. Jennie L. Wilson and daughter, Miss Loulah, and son Mel, will go to Calera tomorrow to visit until after Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Bowdon.

There will be regular services at the Methodist church next Sunday, and Rev. G. T. Harris will preach morning and night. All are cordially invited to attend.

Dr. Morgan, of Shelby Springs, was a caller last Thursday and he says if we do not shorten the stairs or move down on the ground floor he is not coming to see us again soon. But he'll come to see us the next time he comes to town.

When The Sentinel comes to you again it will be 1905.

Rev. S. R. Lester, of Birmingham, is in the city visiting relatives.

Farmers say it is so dry that axes are coming off the handles. That is dry some.

In your gladness during the holiday time do not forget those who are less fortunate.

Mrs. E. Porter, who has been visiting her son John at Piper, is expected home tomorrow.

If a person appears hungry at a party you can make up your mind he ate no supper at home that night.

Little Miss Lois Porter, who is attending school here, has gone home to Piper to stay until after the holidays.

Are you getting ready to swear off? The time to do so is just about due. Revive the same resolves you made last New Years.

Dolls, Dolls, Dolls.

Dolls of every description, color and nation can be found at the store of Roberts & Robertson. Our show window will give you an idea of the big stock we have on hand. A big doll will please your little girl more than anything else.

The office of The Sentinel will be open every day next week for the transaction of business. That will be a good time for you to come and pay up your subscription.

Commissioner R. B. Posey was in town Friday from Harpersville. He came to attend the Commissioners' meeting to pass upon the new jail which has been completed.

A sweet baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Chapman last Thursday. Mother and daughter are getting along nicely, and Henry will recover his equilibrium after a while.

Christmas Tree.

The Sunday schools of Columbiana have joined hands, and will have a big Christmas tree at the Court House on next Saturday night. Bring your presents early in the day so that the committee can arrange them on the tree.

Presiding Elder Johnson preached an excellent sermon at the Methodist church last Friday night, but owing to the stormy weather the congregation was not what it would otherwise have been.

C. C. DuBose received a letter from his daughters Gertrude and Edith last Saturday, and they tell him that there are four inches of snow on the ground at Indianapolis, and cold, cold, cold!

Hammond Millinery Company has moved its millinery parlors upstairs over Milner & Christian's store, where it is better prepared to give you attention than ever before.

Mrs. J. P. Roberts and children have returned from a visit with relatives in Sylacauga, but Mrs. Roberts would not come until Joe had written her that if there are any fever microbes on the place he had not been able to find one, not even with a microscope.

Sold Out.

The 5-cent domestic which we have been advertising in our big sale, is all sold out. We have something else that will suit you just as well.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

For the next Thirty Days our entire line of ready to wear goods to go at cost. See us over Milner & Christian's store.

Hammond Millinery Co.

Down They Go.

The Columbiana Mercantile Co. has just received a big lot of fine

JACKETS.

This lot was late coming in, so we have put them on sale at half price

$20 00	jacket for	$10 00
15 00	" "	7 50
10 00	" "	5 00
8 00	" "	4 00
6 00	" "	3 00
4 00	" "	2 00

Misses Jackets.

$8 00	kind at	$4 00
6 00	"	3 00
4 00	"	2 00
2 00	"	1 00

Don't miss this sale whatever else you do, for winter is coming on.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Store.

Well Finished, Strong, Durable, Light Draft.

Rib Strengthened Mold, Full Chilled Shinpiece, Interlocked Point, Land and Standard. Point has Face Chill, Wide Edge Chill, Long Snoot Chill, Patented Extension and is the STRONGEST and MOST DURABLE Chilled Point made.

Remember; Price is Soon Forgotten; Quality Never.

FOR SALE BY

MILNER & CHRISTIAN.

Dinner Set Free With evey 25 cent cash purchase we give you a ticket giving you a chance to get a 42--piece, hand-painted iron stone China Dinner Set absolutely Free. Pickens Miner was given t e last set.

No. 1760

Has drawn the last set, and if not called for it will be given to holder of No. 886. Please examine your tickets right now.

EVERYTHING

IN OUR ENTIRE

STOCK OF GOODS

Will be sold at greatly reduced prices until January 1st. Look alive; first come, first served

MILNER & CHRISTIAN

T. J. Weaver & Co.,

—Dealers in—

Watches, Clocks, Silverware,

JEWELRY,

and Novelty Goods.

Call and see us in our Repairing Department.
Your work solicited.

Geo. D. Campbell, an employee of The Sentinel, leaves today for Atlanta, where he will spend the holidays with his brothers and sisters.

Mrs. Tommy Dump says if she don't get a Christmas present next Saturday night, some physician will have a hurry call to revive her husband.

The editors on some of the big city dailies seem to be all right during the week, but in Sunday issues some of them get close to the bug house.

It is said a Columbiana boy whose income is limited, doesn't know whether to quarrel with his girl or send her for a Christmas present a book another girl gave him a year ago.

Mrs. Santa Claus writes: "For the grease spots on the carpets by the candles on the trees, lay down brown wrapping paper on the floor and press with a hot iron." It keeps the good woman busy trying to undo the mischief wrought by her husband.

Milner & Christian have on a big reduction sale to run until January 1st, presenting an opportunity to get some great bargains. By the way, the holder of ticket No. 1760 has a set of dishes awaiting presentation of his claim. It's a nice Christmas present, too.

The Board of Education decided to give the Graded School two weeks' vacation, and that is the reason that there is no school this week. The school will open again on the 2nd of January. The Sentinel wishes a most delightful holiday to teachers and pupils, believing that the short rest will do all of them good.

H Pearson, of Farmer, was in town Tuesday, and while here paid The Sentinel a pleasant call. Mr. Pearson informs us that the people of his community have an application in for the establishment of a rural free delivery route out of Shelby, and if they get it the post-office of Farmer will be abandoned.

A daily mail route is to be established between Columbiana and Shelby, and the goverament is now advertising for bids to carry the mail between the two points. This route will be of great convenience, for under the present order of things it takes four days to get an answer to a letter written to Shelby—a distance of six miles.

Rev. Mr. Partridge, a theological student of Howard College, preached two excellent sermons in the Baptist church in this city last Sunday. The appointment was for President Montague of Howard, but he was unable to come, and Mr. Partridge came in his stead. All who heard him were not in the least disappointed.

SNOW, SNOW . . .

Everybody is aware that the winter snow is coming and all will

Wear an Overcoat.

Why not have the old one fixed up, or order a new one? I am here to give the people a chance. I do the work right and guarantee every piece turned out.

All the Work Done at Home,

And a large number of our citizens testify to my workmanship.

Phone 49
P. O. Box, 222.

I. GORDON, the Tailor.

STATEMEMT OF CONDITION

—OF—

COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK,

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS Oct. 31st, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$ 50,741 32	Capital stock paid in	$ 15,000 00
Overdrafts	1,189 37	Undivided profits, less current expenses	3,016 54
Banking House	5,000 00	Individual deposits subject to check	31,039 55
Furniture and Fixtures	2,000 00	Time deposits	3,741 58
Other Real Estate	3,000 00	Notes and bills rediscounted	34,293 79
Due from banks and bankers in this State	8,488 66		
Due from banks and bankers in other States	5,403 67		
Currency	6,783 00		
Gold	155 00		
Silver, Nickels and Pennies	718 78		
Checks and cash items	4,011 46		
Total	$ 87,491 46	Total	$ 87,491 46

W. B. BROWNE, Pres. W. L. FARLEY, Cash. MRS. E. E. ROBERTS Ass't Cash

I, W. L. Farley, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 7th day of November, 1904,

J. T. LEEPER, Notary Public.

This bank does a general banking and loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as city banks offer. Deposits received from $1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

BIRMINGHAM Title and Guarantee Co.

Abstracts of Titles, Certificates of Titles, Guaranteed Titles, General Title Business, Best Equipment, Superior Work, Prepared for thorough investigation of Titles.

J. K. BROCKMAN, Gen'l Mgr.

W. J. HORSLEY, Local Agent, **Columbiana: Ala.**

SOUVENIR EDITION.

In January we expect to begin work on a special souvenir edition of The Sentinel. It will be in magazine form, and about the size of the Ladies' Home Journal. We hope to have every town, and every industry in the county represented in the edition. It will be nicely illustrated, and we expect to issue 2,500 or 3,000 copies, and we shall try to put a copy in every home in Shelby county

HOPE FOR THE SICK.

MRS. HENRIETTA MARSH.

A VICTIM OF LA GRIPPE.

Mrs. Henrietta A. S. Marsh, 709 W. 16th St., Los Angeles, Cal., President Woman's Benevolent Ass'n, writes:

"I suffered with la grippe for seven weeks, and nothing I could do or take helped me until I tried Peruna.

"I felt at once that I had at last secured the right medicine and I kept steadily improving. Within three weeks I was fully restored, and I am glad that I gave that truly great remedy a trial. I will never be without it again."

In a letter dated August 31, 1904, Mrs. Marsh says: "I have never yet heard the efficacy of Peruna questioned. We still use it. I traveled through Kentucky and Tennessee three years ago, where I found Peruna doing its good work. Much of it is being used here also."—Henrietta A. S. Marsh.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Ask Your Druggist for Free Peruna Almanac for 1905.

PREVENT TEETH FROM DECAY!
Write for Information FREE.
DR. C. VAUGHAN, Washington, D. C.

Old Time Magazine.

A complete set of the Pennsylvania magazine for the years of 1775 and 1776, edited by Thomas Payne and containing one of the earliest prints ever published of the battle of Bunker Hill, has just been sold at auction for $200.

Conditions Unchanged.

London.—Conditions at Port Arthur remain unchanged. The Japs have the upper hand and are entrenching themselves in safe and comfortable quarters.

The hands of a clock are always in front, yet they may be behind time.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The sardine famine off the coast of Brittany, which has extended over several years, promises to be relieved by unusual catches this year.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

A Swiss clockmaker has devised a watch which calls out the hours by means of a minute phonographic attachment.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails. Sold by all druggists, $1. Mail orders promptly filled by Dr. E. Detchon, Crawfordsville, Ind.

Governor Ferguson, of Oklahoma, has been immortalized by an epigram.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on box. 25c.

Paris, like London, is deserting the theatres for the music halls.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION RATES

via the Southern Railway. For Christmas holidays the Southern Railway will sell tickets from all stations at the very low rate of one and one third fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold on December 23rd, 24th, 25th and 31st, 1904, and January 1st, 1905, limited returning January 4th, 1905. Students rates: Tickets will also be sold to students of schools and colleges, upon presentation of certificates signed by Principals or Presidents thereof, December 17th to 26th, inclusive, with final limit January 8th, 1905. For full information and tickets, apply to any agent of the Southern Railway. J. N. Harrison, District Passenger Agent, or R. S. Creagh, Traveling Passenger Agent, Birmingham, Ala.

Too Much For Him.

A bachelor one day set the table in his lonely abode with plates for himself and an imaginary wife and five children. He then sat down to dine, and as he helped himself to food he put the same quantity on each of the other plates and surveyed the prospect, at the same time computing the cost. He is still a bachelor.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O
Sold by druggists, price, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

Taught by Experience.

"My experience with signs," says Farmer Singletree, "is that in gen'ral they're either misleadin' or superflu's. When I was to the exposition I see signs readin', 'Look out for pickpockets.' After a few days' truck with 'em I came to the conclusion that they was fully able to look out for themselves."—Cleveland Leader.

A Guaranteed Cure For Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists will refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Niagara is worth $1,000,000,000 as a source of electrical power.

LOW RATES TO TEXAS, A. G. S. R. R. To all points in Texas west of and including Dalhart, Amarillo, Fort Worth, Dallas, Brownwood, Brady, San Angelo, Waco, San Antonio, Houston, Galveston, Corpus Christi, Rockport, Alice and Brownsville. On sale Dec. 13 and 27. Twelve hours' stop-over at Shreveport. Trains leave 10:20 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. For further information call on or write A. H. Freeman, Traveling Passenger Agent, B. F. Lockett, City Passenger Agent, 1st First Ave. Birmingham, Ala.

WHAT PROFITETH.

Of what doth signity moment?
If what is done has no intent—
To injure, wrong or e'en molest,
To stab with sword or e'en with jest.

Whence cometh wrong?
Whence cometh right?
Who feels the prong,
Who heeds the might?

BETTER LA E THAN NEVER.

By C. B. THAYER.

James Barton was sixty years old when he first met Miss Lavinia Arnold, a fine-looking spinster of fifty-five, and he fell in love at sight.

"Can it be possible," he asked himself, wonderingly, "that such an experience has come to me at my ripe age? It certainly is very piquant, but I must not make a fool of myself."

Then he wrote the lady a letter, expressed as follows:

Dear Miss Arnold:—I have seen you only once, and hope you will not consider me presuming if I ask you, without further acquaintance, to be my wife. You see I am sixty years old, and there is not much time to lose. I am sure we could make each other happy. Then why continue single, when there is an undoubted prospect of greater enjoyment in a united life? May I call upon you this evening and receive my answer? Hoping it will be favorable, I am,

Yours faithfully,
JAMES BARTON.

To say that Miss Lavinia was surprised hardly expresses the state of mind in which she read her lover's very business-like epistle.

"He does not indulge in any sentimental nonsense, any way," she thought. "I could stand that. But how absurd! Sixty and fifty-five. I wonder what John will say. He would think me demented to go and get married now, although women older than I am do it. Pshaw! It is all nonsense!"

It was not long before the aspirant's letter was thus answered:

Dear Sir:—I shall be most happy to see you this evening, although I cannot promise unreservedly to give the favorable reply you express yourself as anxious to receive. I am not unwilling to talk it over, however, if you would like to do so. Yours sincerely,
LAVINIA ARNOLD.

The gentleman smiled as he finished reading this concise response, and did not seem discouraged.

Miss Lavinia was very particular about her appearance that evening, and she really looked remarkably well. It did not seem so very absurd to her, after all, that she should have a lover, although, of course, her brother John might think differently.

She received her visitor in a dignified, gracious way that added a great deal to the impression she had produced upon his mind and heart.

"Now, Miss Arnold," he said, after a little while, "please tell me what objections you have to my suit."

"Not one personally," she replied.

"Then why did you write in that way?"

"Mr. Burton, you are sixty years old and I am fifty-five."

"That only makes it wiser to arrange matters as quickly as possible."

"But John would think I had lost my senses."

"He is not the one most interested in the arrangement. Must we necessarily consult him?"

"Yes, indeed. I have made his home comfortable for many years. I could not leave him, you see."

"You need not do that; we can all live together."

"Every one would laugh at us."

"Let them; we can laugh, too. Now, you see, Miss Lavinia, you have not advanced a single reasonable objection, therefore, I consider that we are engaged from this very moment."

She looked at him for a minute, and then burst into a laugh that was very pleasant to hear.

"You are the most precipitate man I ever saw," she declared.

"John," Miss Arnold said next morning, "I have something to tell you."

"What is it?"

"I am going to be married."

"What?"

And her brother stared at her as if fearing she had lost her senses.

"John," she remonstrated, "do not look at me as if I were an embodied earthquake.

"That is just the way I feel. But of course you are only jesting?"

"Marriage is too serious an affair for jesting."

"Yes, indeed. But I thought you had good sense."

"Thank you."

"Who is the other——"

"I am engaged to James Barton, who wishes to be married right away."

"I suppose so," was the dry response. "But what am I to do?"

"Just what you are doing now. He will not separate us."

"He is very considerate."

John soon became reconciled to the marriage, however, liking his new brother-in-law exceedingly; and they all seemed very happy. But finally the latter surprised his wife one day.

"Lavinia," he said, "supposing we marry John."

"We never can do it in this world, dear," she replied. "I really think he would rather encounter a mad dog than a marriageable woman."

"Let us try, anyway."

"What do you propose to do?"

"Send for my cousin Fanny Gould. She is the sweetest woman in the world (excepting one). Only she is always shy—frightened if a man looked at her twice."

"Then how can we bring her and John together?"

"A little finesse will be necessary."

"A good deal, I fear. But I will help all I can."

Consequently, the unsuspecting John and innocent Fanny are introduced to each other one summer day, to their mutual consternation and astonishment.

The two avoided each other as systematically as if fearing some dreadful infection, notwithstanding the occult arts of the married pair.

Then Mr. Barton said one night:

"John, I must be excused from cribbage this evening, but Cousin Fanny is fond of playing."

"No, no!" she exclaimed, in evident trepidation; "Mr. Arnold would not care to play with me."

"Mr. Arnold would be most happy to do so," he declared, with a sudden gallantry very becoming with a man—and that man a bachelor, and a very handsome bachelor, too.

Although they continued to play cribbage together in the evening, that gentle spinster still avoided the gentleman at other times most conscientiously. He saw it, too, and was more annoyed than he would have admitted, even to himself.

One day when strolling through the garden, he found her seated in a pretty summer house, and she started to run away, like a frightened school girl.

"Am I such an ogre," he inquired, "that you are always so alarmed at my approach?"

"I am not one bit alarmed," she declared, seating herself again very demurely.

He followed her example, and talked for some time of commonplace affairs.

Then he surprised her.

"My sister and your cousin," he said, "made fools of themselves, and seem very happy in consequence. Why should not we be happy in the same way?"

Instead of fainting, as might be expected, she seemed to gain courage.

"Is that an offer?" she inquired.

"If you wish to accept it as such. Is it 'Yes' or 'No'?"

"It is 'Yes,'" she replied without a quaver.

"Thank you"—and placing his arm around her still slender form, he kissed her. "I do not blame James or Lavinia," he said, kissing her again.—New York News.

SELLING A FARM.

The Trick By Which Corrigan Got His Own Price.

"There are many a ways of bringing a hesitating buyer up to the mark," said Lawyer John E. Kehoe; "but the way my friend and client, Tom Corrigan of Du Page county, managed to sell his farm was about as unique as any.

"Tom was tired of farming in that particular section. He wanted to sell and get out, and his neighbor, Silas Barker, whose farm lay across the road from him, wanted just as badly to buy and get in. But Silas was a great hand at a bargain, and he kept waiting for Tom to come down to a price that would please him. This Tom was not inclined to do. The pair occasionally met and casually referred to the matter, one trying to conceal that he was anxious to sell and the other that he was burning to buy, but they never seemed to come any nearer an agreement.

"'Well, Mr. Barker,' said Tom at length, 'I think I've a good buyer in view now for this farm of mine. Still, you being a neighbor, I'm willing to give you the preference.'

"'What's your price today?' asked Silas.

"'It's $500 more than it was last time,' replied Tom.

"'I guess not,' said Barker.

"Next day Silas saw Tom conducting a Roman Catholic priest over the farm as if showing him its various points and advantages. On inquiry he got a whisper from a friend of Tom's that the latter was negotiating with Father Madigan, who wanted the place for a cemetery.

"For a cemetery! Right at his door, too! A cemetery, with hearses and carriages full of mourners, unloading almost at his very threshold every day, and bristling rows of tomostones to look out upon every night. This would be a sad upset to his cherished dream of amalgamating the two farms and owning one of the finest pieces of land in Du Page county.

"Very soon he sought out Tom Corrigan. 'Is it true that you're going to sell your farm to a priest?'

"'That's my own business, Mr. Barker,' said Tom.

"'And is it true that it's going to be made into a cemetery?'

"'Faith, then, 'tis little I know or care what the buyer intends to make of it, so long as I get a good price for it.'

"'Tom Corrigan, what's the price of your farm today?'

"'It's $1000 more than it was yesterday,' answered Tom.

"'Well, then,' said Barker, 'I'll take it at that price.'

"And he took it. Now, the priest had no notion of booming Corrigan's real estate with his innocent visit, so he was angry. But he was not so thoroughly disgusted as was Silas Barker when the latter discovered the trick by which Corrigan had got his own price for his farm."—Chicago News.

English as She Is Writ.

A contributor to "Tit-Bits" is reminded of an advertisement he saw a year or two ago in a newspaper of Berne, Switzerland. It ran:

"The——— Hotel is a favorite resort of those who are fond of solitude. Those who are in search of loneliness are, in fact, constantly flocking to this hotel from the fore quarters of the globe."

But this sample of English must yield the palm to the following notices, the first of which was posted in the bedrooms of a large hotel in the Juras, while the other was addressed by the proprietor of an Alpine hotel to his clients:

"Strange gentlemen will to please not dress for dinner, as this costume flutters the hearts of the maid folk, and no work is accomplished."

"Misters the venerable voyagers are earnestly requested not to take the clothes of the bed to see the sun rise, for the color changes."

Sorry He Spoke.

"I hope when we are married you won't be towing that poodle along the street," growled the suitor.

"Of course not," responded the pretty girl, sweetly.

"I'm glad to hear it."

"No, I'll let you tow it."—Chicago News.

The longest pontoon bridge in the world is at Calcutta, India, and is a permanent structure.

THE HICKORY NUT.

A little brown baby, round and wee,
With kind winds to rock him, slept high in a tree.
And he grew and he grew till, oh, dreadful to say!
He tumbled right out of his cradle one day,
Down, down from the tree-top, a terrible fall!
But the queer little fellow was not hurt at all;
And sound and sweet he lies in the grass,
And there you will find him whenever you pass.

—Minneapolis Journal Junior.

A LOCUST'S BREATHING.

Hold a locust between your fingers and watch the breathing movements of the body. Prof. Packard says: "There were sixty-five contractions in a minute in a locust which had been held between the fingers about ten minutes." How does that compare with the number of breaths you take each minute? Insects of swiftest flight breathe most rapidly.—From Nature and Science in St. Nicholas.

STRAWBERRY FISHING.

"Mollie, Uncle Herman's field is just like the sea," said Millie as a gentle little summer breeze swept over the tall grass flecked with daisies, and made it bend in rippling curves like the green sea waves with their whitecaps of foam.

"So it is," said Mollie; "let's play fishing in it."

"But there are no fishes, because it's not a truly sea, only just grass."

"But we'll catch play fishes," answered Mollie; "and, oh, I know what they'll be—strawberries."

So the two children made safe little dives down under the green grass waves. With happy calls, they told of every sweet, ripe, rosy strawberry fish that they caught. There were plenty of fish. By and by they wandered into the very high grass. Millie stood up. She could not see over it and began to cry:

"We're lost, we're lost and can't find our way out."

"Never mind," said Mollie, "I think I can find the way."

So off they started. They must have walked a very long distance, it seemed to Mollie, but the grass was still over their heads.

Somebody walking along the road saw two pink and white sunbonnets bobbing about in the grass.

"Hello, girlies!" he called. "What are you doing over there?"

"It's Uncle Herman," cried Mollie, racing toward the direction from which the sound came.

"We were strawberry fishing, and got lost," said Mollie as Uncle Herman lifted her over the rail fence.—Adapted from the Mayflower.

BOYS ON A BURNING SHIP.

Five hundred boys from different workhouses in London were put to school to be trained as sailors on board the training ship Goliath. This great ship suddenly caught fire about 8 o'clock one winter morning. It was hardly daylight. In three minutes the ship was on fire from one end to the other, and the fire bell rang to call the boys each to his post.

What did they do? Did they cry, or scream, or fly about in confusion? No; each ran to his proper place. The boys had been trained to do it, and no one forgot himself, nor lost his presence of mind, but all behaved like men. Then, when it was found impossible to save the ship, those who could swim, at the command of the captain, jumped into the water and swam for their lives. Some, at the captain's command, got into a boat, and when the sheets of clouds of flame and smoke came out of the ship at them, the smaller boys for a moment were frightened and wanted to push away. But there was one among them, a little mate (his name was William Bolton), a quiet boy, much beloved by his comrades, who had the sense and the courage to say: "No, we must stay and help those who are still in the ship." He kept the barge alongside of the Goliath as long as possible, and was thus the means of saving more than 100 lives.

And there were others that were still in the ship while the flames went on spreading, and they were standing by the captain who had been so kind to them all, and whom they loved so much. In that dreadful moment they thought more of him than of themselves, and one threw his arms around his neck and said, "You'll be burned, Captain;" and another said, "Save yourself, Captain!" But the captain said, "No, boys! that is not the way at sea."

He meant that the way at sea is to prepare for danger beforehand, to meet it manfully when it comes, and to look at the safety not of oneself, but of others.—Little Christian.

MAKING A TOOL CABINET.

A very convenient tool cabinet that will hang against the wall may be made with two doors of nearly equal size, so that there will be four instead of two surfaces against which to hang tools. The body of the chest is thirty inches high, twenty inches wide, and nine inches deep, outside measure. It is made of wood three-quarters of an inch in thickness, fastened together with screws and glue, and varnished to improve its appearance. One side of the cabinet is but three inches and a half wide, and to this side the inner door is made fast with hinges, so it will swing in against a stop molding on the opposite side.

A small bolt on the door will fasten it in place when shut in, and on both sides of this door hooks and pegs can be arranged on which to hang tools. Inside the back of the cabinet hooks and pegs can be arranged also, for saws, squares and other flat tools. The outer door is provided with a wide strip to take the place of the lacking part of that side of the cabinet, and when the doors are closed in and locked the appearance of the chest will be uniform.

With a little careful planning and figuring it will not be a difficult matter to construct this cabinet and the doors so that they will fit snugly and close easily. The doors will keep their shape better if made from narrow matched boards and held together at the ends with battens or strips nailed across the ends of the boards. Two-inch wrought butts will be heavy enough for the hinges of the doors. Provide a cabinet lock at the edge of the outer door.

On the inside of the outer door some tool pegs can be arranged, and near the bottom a bit rack is made with a leather strap formed into loops as described for the tool rack. Under each loop a hole is bored in a strip of wood into which the square end of the bits will fit, so they will stand vertically and appear in an orderly row; for chisels a similar set of pockets can be made of wood.—From Joseph H. Adams' "The Practical Boy," in St. Nicholas.

A "ROUNDABOUT" TRICK.

Give another boy a broomstick or a somewhat longer stick and tell him to grasp it with both hands near one end, plant the other end firmly in an angle between the wall and the floor and then pass entirely under the stick, from one side to the other, between his hands and the wall.

If he attempts this apparently easy feat without knowing how it should be done, he will be almost sure to do one of three things. He will stop and give the thing up, or let go the stick and tumble on his nose, or, possibly, hold on and come down to the floor, stick and all, because his knees have given away or his feet have slipped. This is because he, quite naturally, tries to pass under the stick with his face toward the wall.

THE START OF THE TRICK.

After he and the others have failed in one way or another and have declared the feat impossible, show them how easy it is by doing it yourself.

But you must stand with your back toward the wall and with your feet rather far apart and well braced, and, of course, you must bend backward as your head and body go under the stick. Your feet and the end of the stick form a broad triangle, and if the stick is long enough and firmly grasped there is little danger of either falling or failing.

The end of the stick should not be very round and smooth, and you should always hold it and caution the others to hold it, exactly perpendicular to the line where the wall meets the floor, without the least slant to right or left, which might make it slip sidewise.—New York Evening Mail.

PASSING UNDER THE BROOM.

The Hygienic Value of Sunday.

Sunday is not only a religious, but a hygienic institution. It is beneficient in its uses, morally and physically. How workers should best spend the Sunday is still a moot question, but that it should be a time of soul refreshment and recreation, a moment, as Miss Corelli expresses it, "for standing and taking breath on the threshold of another week," a season for thought, for intellectual enjoyment, for the solace of nature and the admiration of its wonders and beauty, no sensible person will be likely to deny. Whether motoring or card playing is the best way to attain these ends must be left to each individual's judgment.—Lady Violet Greville, in the London Graphic.

A Clever Editor.

"Can you tell me what sort of weather we may expect next month?" wrote a subscriber to the editor of a paper; and the editor replied as follows: "It is my belief that the weather next month will be very much like your subscription." The inquirer wondered for an hour what the editor was driving at, when he happened to think of the word "unsettled." He sent in the required amount next day.

Mrs. Rosa Adams, niece of the late General Roger Hanson, C. S. A., wants every woman to know of the wonders accomplished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot tell you with pen and ink what good **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** did for me, suffering from the ills peculiar to the sex, extreme lassitude and that all gone feeling. I would rise from my bed in the morning feeling more tired than when I went to bed, but before I had used two bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, I began to feel the buoyancy of my younger days returning, became regular, could do more work and not feel tired than I had ever been able to do before, so I continued to use it until I was restored to perfect health. It is indeed a boon to sick women and I heartily recommend it. Yours very truly, MRS. ROSA ADAMS, 819 12th St., Louisville, Ky."

Any women who are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, general debility, and nervous prostration, should know there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. No other medicine for women has received such wide-spread and unqualified indorsement. No other medicine has such a record of female cures.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am very pleased to recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** for womb and ovarian difficulties from which I have been a sufferer for years. It was the only medicine which was at all beneficial, and within a week after I started to use it, there was a great change in my feelings and looks. I used it for a little over three months, and at the end of that time I suffered no pain at the menstrual period, nor was I troubled with those distressing pains which compelled me to go to bed, and I have not had a headache since. This is nearly a year ago. I always keep a bottle on hand, and take a few doses every week, for I find that it tones up the system and keeps me feeling strong, and I never have that tired out feeling any more.

"I certainly think that every woman ought to try this grand medicine, for it would prove its worth. Yours very truly, MISS ELSIE DANFORTH, 203 De Soto St., Memphis, Tenn."

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO WOMEN

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham. She will understand your case perfectly, and will treat you with kindness. Her advice is free, and the address is Lynn, Mass. No woman ever regretted having written her, and she has helped thousands.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THAT WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

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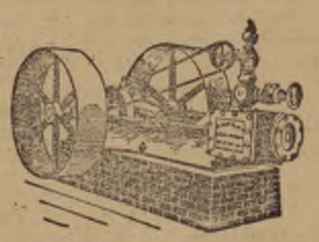
MANUFACTURERS



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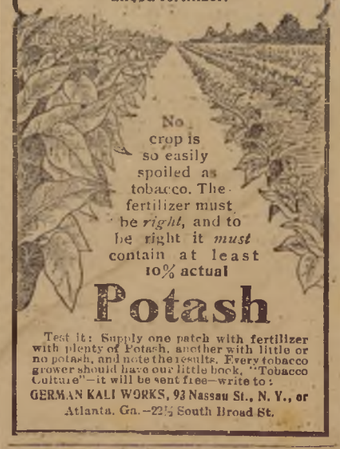
A Tobacco Grower's Profit
is dependent upon a properly balanced fertilizer.



No crop is so easily spoiled as tobacco. The fertilizer must be *right*, and to be right it *must* contain at least 10% actual
Potash
Test it: Supply one patch with fertilizer with plenty of Potash, another with little or no potash, and note the results. Every tobacco grower should have our little book, "Tobacco Culture"—it will be sent free—write to:
GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., N. Y., or Atlanta, Ga.—22½ South Broad St.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.
Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

FACTS
FOR SICK WOMEN TO CONSIDER.

FIRST.—The medicine that holds the record for the largest number of absolute cures of female ills is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It regulates and cures diseases of the female organism as nothing else can.

SECOND.—The great volume of unsolicited and grateful testimonials on file at the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., many of which are from time to time published by permission, give absolute evidence of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Mrs. Pinkham's advice.

THIRD.—Every ailing woman in the United States is asked to accept the following invitation. It is free, will bring you health, and may save your life.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation.

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. From symptoms given, your trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of the vast volume of experience Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

Am. 52, 1904.

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